COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CITY OF SALEM, VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Regional ASAP Policy Board and Regional Community Criminal Justice Board Court-Community Corrections Program Salem, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Court-Community Corrections Program (the "Program") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Program's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Report on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Court-Community Corrections Program, as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis, the defined benefit pension plan schedules required by GASB 68, and the other postemployment benefit schedules required by GASB 75 that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2020 on our consideration of the Program's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Program's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia December 9, 2020

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		ernmental tivities		iness-type ctivities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	871,530	\$	788,787	\$	1,660,317
Receivables		-		138		138
Due from other governmental units		43,303		-		43,303
Capital assets:						
Depreciable, net		4,146		-		4,146
Total assets		918,979		788,925		1,707,904
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pension		139,050		56,602		195,652
Deferred outflows related to PEB				6,465		
Total deferred outflows of resources		12,498 151,548	-	63,067		18,963 214,615
rotal deletted outllows of resources		131,346		03,007		214,015
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		55,212		5,266		60,478
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		22,030		7,479		29,509
Due to City of Salem		19,900		6,388		26,288
Long-term liabilities due in less than one year:		,		2,222		,
Compensated absences		34,604		16,107		50,711
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year:		.,		. 0, . 0 .		30,
Compensated absences		4,475		_		4,475
Net pension liability		672,953		546,832		1,219,785
Net OPEB liability		397,919		246,406		644,325
Total liabilities		,207,093		828,478		2,035,571
, otal liabilities		,201,000		020, 110		2,000,011
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pension		24,597		10,031		34,628
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		75,952		50,151		126,103
Total deferred inflows of resources		100,549		60,182		160,731
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		4,146		_		4,146
Restricted for program activities		817,691		_		817,691
Unrestricted (deficit)		,058,952)		(36,668)		(1,095,620)
Total net position		(237,115)	\$	(36,668)	\$	(273,783)
Total not position	Ψ	(201,110)	Ψ	(30,000)	Ψ	(210,100)

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

							Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net	Revenu	ie and Ch	nange	s in Net
				Program Revenues	Rever	nes			Position	tion	1	
					0	Operating						
			ပ်	Charges for	ত	Grants and	Gove	Governmental	Business-type	ss-type		
Functions/Programs	Ш	Expenses	ינט	Services	Co	Contributions	Ac	Activities	Activities	rities		Total
Governmental activities:												
Community Corrections Program	↔	553,655	ઝ	38,822	s	527,152	s	12,319			s	12,319
Pre-Trial Services Program		341,805				332,921		(8,884)				(8,884)
Drug Court		212,320		15,839		209,870		13,389				13,389
Total governmental activities		1,107,780		54,661		1,069,943		16,824		_		16,824
Business-type activities:												
Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program		470,168		548,405		•			\$	78,237		78,237
Total business-type activities		470,168		548,405						78,237		78,237
Total	S	1,577,948	မှ	990'809	` ⇔	1,069,943	↔	16,824	\$	78,237	s	95,061
ď	or or	. 00100701										
Ď	<u>a</u> <u>a</u>	General revenues.		•								•
	Onres	Jnrestricted investment earnings	stmen	t earnings						3,008		3,008
	Other									22		25
	Tota	Total general revenues	venue	Se						3,033		3,033
	ਹ	Change in net position	t posit	ion				16,824	~	81,270		98,094
		Net position	ı (defic	Net position (deficit), beginning	б		_	(253,939)	Ë	(117,938)		(371,877)
	_	Net position (deficit), ending	ı (defic	cit), ending			\$	(237,115)	\$	(36,668)	S	(273,783)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

400570	Co	ommunity orrections Program	S	re-Trial services trogram		Drug Court	Gov	Total /ernmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units	\$	661,150 -	\$	65,963 -	\$	144,417 43,303	\$	871,530 43,303	
Total assets	\$	661,150	\$	65,963	\$	187,720	\$	914,833	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued payroll and related liabilities Due to City of Salem Total liabilities	\$	35,905 13,640 10,878 60,423	\$	5,139 7,114 8,201 20,454	\$	14,168 1,276 821 16,265	\$	55,212 22,030 19,900 97,142	
FUND BALANCES Restricted for program activities		600,727		45,509		171,455		817,691	
Total fund balances		600,727		45,509		171,455		817,691	
Total liabilities and fund balances	I liabilities and fund balances						\$	914,833	
RECONCILIATION TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Total fund balance of governmental funds									
Capital assets used in governmental activities a in the governmental funds.	re not	financial re	sourc	es and, the	refor	e, are not		4,146	
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in therefore, are not reported in the governmentation		•	and,						
Compensated absences								(39,079)	
Financial statement elements related to pension therefore, are not reported in the governmentation			o futu	ire periods	and,				
Deferred outflows of resources related to per Deferred inflows of resources related to pen Net pension liability								139,050 (24,597) (672,953)	
Financial statement elements related to OPEB at therefore, are not reported in the governmentation.			uture	periods an	d,				
Deferred outflows of resources related to OI Deferred inflows of resources related to OPI Net OPEB liability								12,498 (75,952) (397,919)	
Net position of governmental activities							\$	(237,115)	

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		ommunity orrections		Pre-Trial Services	Drug		Go	Total vernmental
	F	Program	F	Program		Court		Funds
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	38,822	\$	-	\$	15,839	\$	54,661
Intergovernmental		527,152		332,921		209,870		1,069,943
Total revenues		565,974		332,921		225,709		1,124,604
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries		260,716		181,572		51,328		493,616
Fringe benefits		134,572		93,607		12,186		240,365
Rent		62,953		25,000		´-		87,953
Utilities		4,820		3,816		_		8,636
Equipment		23,094		10,155		-		33,249
Supplies		14,571		2,649		461		17,681
Telephone		6,057		2,049		-		8,106
Postage		3,897		1,527		-		5,424
Printing		2,064		830		-		2,894
Travel and training		5,261		1,535		234		7,030
Vehicle maintenance		706		-		-		706
Dues and subscriptions		200		100		-		300
Meetings		375		-		1,543		1,918
Drug testing		8,468		3,594		773		12,835
Treatment services		-		-		148,532		148,532
Insurance		2,323		-		-		2,323
Fiscal agent fees		4,201		4,239		130		8,570
Other costs		5,101		2,248				7,349
Total expenditures		539,379		332,921		215,187		1,087,487
Excess of revenues over expenditures		26,595		-		10,522		37,117
Final halances, having to a		F74 400		45 500		400.000		700 574
Fund balances, beginning	Φ.	574,132	Ф.	45,509	Φ.	160,933	Φ.	780,574
Fund balances, ending	\$	600,727	\$	45,509	\$	171,455	\$	817,691

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS' STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net changes in fund balances of governmental funds	\$	37,117
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate the cost of those assets over the life of the assets.		
Depreciation expense		(1,036)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences		7,165
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Employer pension contributions Pension expense	(67,647 126,653)
Governmental funds report employer OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned is reported as OPEB expense.		
Employer OPEB contributions OPEB expense		46,919 (14,335)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	16,824

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2020

	,	Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	788,787
Receivables		138
Total assets		788,925
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pension		56,602
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		6,465
Total deferred outflows of resources		63,067
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		5,266
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		7,479
Due to City of Salem		6,388
Long-term liabilities due in less than one year:		
Compensated absences		16,107
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability		546,832
Net OPEB liability		246,406
Total liabilities		828,478
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pension		10,031
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		50,151
Total deferred inflows of resources		60,182
NET POSITION		/a.a /
Unrestricted (deficit)		(36,668)
Total net position	\$	(36,668)

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

OPERATING REVENUES	Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program
Charges for services	\$ 548,405
Other	25
Total operating revenues	548,430
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries	246,344
Fringe benefits	107,664
Rent	39,224
Utilities	3,539
Equipment	8,061
Supplies	4,329
Telephone	5,407
Postage	48
Printing	3,162
Travel and training	1,623
Vehicle maintenance	581
Dues and subscriptions	400
Meetings	172
Drug testing	1,513
Educational programs	34,049
Insurance	4,011
Fiscal agent fees	8,601
Other costs	1,440
Total operating expenses Operating income	470,168 78,262
Operating income	
NONOPERATING REVENUES	
Interest income	3,008_
Total nonoperating revenues	3,008
Change in net position	81,270
Net position, beginning	(117,938)
Net position, ending	\$ (36,668)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from offenders	\$	549,093
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(108,826)
Payments to employees		(362,643)
Payments to City of Salem		(10,891)
Other receipts		25
Net cash provided by operating activities		66,758
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received		3,008
Net cash provided by investing activities		3,008
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		719,021
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$	788,787
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERAT	ING A	CTIVITIES
Operating income	\$	78,262
	Ψ	10,202
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		
		04.470
Pension expense, net of employer contributions		24,170
OPEB expense, net of employer contributions		(18,836)
Decrease in assets:		
Receivables		688
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,267)
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		(10,551)
Due to City of Salem		(2,290)
Compensated absences		(3,418)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	66,758

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Financial Reporting Entity

The Court-Community Corrections Program provides offender-based services to the 23rd and 25th Judicial Circuit and District Courts. The Executive Director of the Court-Community Corrections Program administers the following programs and reports to the identified governing Regional Board.

The Regional Alcohol Safety Action Program Policy Board governs the following program:

• The Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program, which is supported primarily by revenue from driving under the influence offenders for alcohol education and treatment.

The Community Criminal Justice Board provides oversight for the following programs:

- The Community Corrections Program, which is supported primarily by revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide community corrections programs to nonviolent offenders pursuant to the guidelines of the Department of Criminal Justice Services.
- The *Pre-Trial Services Program*, which is supported primarily by revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide pre-trial alternatives for the 23rd Judicial Circuit Court.
- The *Drug Court*, which is supported primarily by revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide pre-trial alternatives for the 23rd Judicial Circuit Court.

The City of Salem, Virginia (City) serves as fiscal agent for the Regional Boards, and the Director of Finance of the City serves as the Treasurer of the Regional Boards.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all activities of the Regional Boards. *Governmental activities*, which are supported by fees and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents both governmental and business-type activities on the accrual basis of accounting, which incorporates long-term assets and long-term obligations.

The **Statement of Activities** demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Other items not reported among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements

These statements are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The emphasis is on major governmental and proprietary funds. The operation of each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues, and expenditures/expenses, as appropriate.

Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the basic financial statements into two broad fund categories as follows:

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental Funds account for expendable financial resources, other than proprietary fund types. The following are major governmental funds: Community Corrections Program, Pre-Trial Services Program, and Drug Court.

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Enterprise funds account for the financing of services to the public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recovered in the form of charges to users of such services. The following is a major enterprise fund: Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues, except for revenues from charges for services, are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Revenues from charges for services are recorded when collected. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility and time requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Grant revenues are considered measureable when the legal and contractual requirements have been met and available if collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues from charges for services are considered to be measureable and available only when cash is received. Any other revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Regional Boards consider other revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, compensated absences, pension and other postemployment benefit expenditures as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

As a result of the different measurement focus and basis of accounting used in preparing the government-wide statements versus the governmental funds' financial statements, a reconciliation between the government-wide and fund financial statements is necessary. The reconciliations are presented following the governmental funds' financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic financial resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. These statements distinguish operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues include charges to offenders for services. Operating expenses include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets reported in the government-wide financial statements consist of items of office equipment with initial individual costs in excess of \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of five or more years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Office equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five years.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements that present net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements that present net position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These items represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Compensated Absences

The Regional Boards have policies that allow for the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of paid leave and extended illness leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. An expenditure and liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

Pensions

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and the additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Plan

The Regional Boards participate in a defined benefit healthcare plan (Retiree Health Plan) administered and sponsored by the City. In connection with the City's funding of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligations, the City participates in the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust (OPEB Trust Fund). The City's policy is to fully fund actuarially determined OPEB costs, which include both normal costs and amortization of unfunded accrued liability. The OPEB Trust Fund assets and investments are recorded at fair value. The OPEB Trust Fund's Board of Trustees establishes investment objectives and risk tolerance and asset allocation policies based on the investment policy, market and economic conditions and generally prevailing prudent investment practices.

Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance

The VRS Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability for the plan, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and the additions to/deductions from net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position may be divided into three components:

- **Net investment in capital assets** consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding, which was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted consists of assets where there are limitations imposed on their use through the
 enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors,
 grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

At June 30, 2020, the Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$36,668. This deficit is anticipated to be recovered through future revenue.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is potentially divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Regional Boards are bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes prepaid items and items that are not expected to be converted to cash.
- **Restricted** Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.
- **Committed** Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Regional Boards, using its highest level of decision making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the same highest level of action is taken to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned Amounts the Regional Boards intend to use for a specified purpose; intent can be
 expressed by the governing body or by the Regional Boards, which have been designated this
 authority.
- **Unassigned** Amounts that are available for any purpose.

The Regional Boards establish and remove fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. Assigned fund balance is established by the Regional Boards through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction or for other purposes).

The Regional Boards apply restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing its financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred flows of resources, the disclosure of contingent liabilities, and reported revenues, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and, depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year is as follows:

	Be	ginning					E	inding
	В	alance	Ind	creases	Dec	reases	В	alance
Community Corrections Program		_						
Office equipment	\$	5,182	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,182
Accumulated depreciation		-		(1,036)		-		(1,036)
Capital assets, net	\$	5,182	\$	(1,036)	\$	-	\$	4,146
Drug Court								
Office equipment	\$	1,195	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,195
Accumulated depreciation		(1,195)				-		(1,195)
Capital assets, net	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Grand total capital assets, net	\$	5,182	\$	(1,036)	\$	-	\$	4,146

4. Due to City of Salem, Virginia

As of June 30, 2020, the Community Criminal Justice Board has a balance due to the City in the amount of \$19,900 and the Regional Alcohol Safety Action Program Policy Board has a balance due to the City in the amount of \$6,388. These balances consist of charges for OPEB trust fund contributions, technology charges, credit card payments, and employee disability insurance.

5. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	eginning Balance	ln	creases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities							
Compensated absences	\$ 46,244	\$	38,974	\$	(46,139)	\$ 39,079	\$ 34,604
Net pension liability	548,289		229,556		(104,892)	672,953	-
Net OPEB liability	396,268		127,700		(126,049)	397,919	-
	\$ 990,801	\$	396,230	\$	(277,080)	\$ 1,109,951	\$ 34,604
Business-type Activities							
Compensated absences	\$ 19,525	\$	14,332	\$	(17,750)	\$ 16,107	\$ 16,107
Net pension liability	499,980		96,130		(49,278)	546,832	-
Net OPEB liability	250,018		76,725		(80,337)	246,406	-
	\$ 769,523	\$	187,187	\$	(147,365)	\$ 809,345	\$ 16,107

6. Risk Management

The risk management programs of the Regional Boards are as follows:

Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation insurance is provided through the Virginia Risk Sharing Association (VRSA) for the Regional Boards through association with the City. Benefits are those afforded through the Commonwealth of Virginia as outlined in *Code of Virginia* §65.2-100. Premiums are based on covered payroll, job rates, and claims experience. Total premiums for the current year were \$12,237.

General Liability and Other

The Regional Boards provide property and general liability insurance through VRSA. General liability and automotive liability have a \$1,000,000 limit per occurrence. Property is covered per statement of values. Coverage for public officials' liability insurance is through VaRISK 2 and volunteer accident medical insurance is provided by Special Markets Insurance Consultants. Total premiums for the current year were \$6,334.

Healthcare

The Regional Boards' employees receive health coverage through their association with the City. The City's professionally administered self-insurance program provides health coverage for employees on a cost-reimbursement basis. All active and retired employees pay a premium equivalent for participation. The City is obligated for claims payments under the program. A stop loss insurance contract executed with an insurance carrier covers claims in excess of \$200,000 per covered individual and approximately \$9,795,000 in the aggregate.

Dental

The Regional Boards' employees receive dental coverage through their association with the City. The City's professionally administered self-insurance program provides dental coverage for employees on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City began offering dental coverage through the self-insurance program on January 1, 2020. All active and retired employees pay a premium equivalent for participation. The City is obligated for claims payments under the program.

7. Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Regional Boards are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS or System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The Regional Boards participate in VRS through the City. The Regional Boards account for and report their participation in the City's VRS plan by applying the requirements for a cost-sharing multiple employer plan.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan, as well as additional plan description information, can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which may be obtained from the City's Director of Finance at 114 North Broad Street, Salem, Virginia 24153.

7. Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The City's, and thus the Regional Boards', contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 16.26% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$95,129 and \$110,966 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were adjusted to reflect actual amounts as shown on the VRS actuarial report rather than estimated amounts used in the prior year's annual financial report.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For political subdivisions, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards reported a liability of \$1,219,785 for their proportionate share of the net pension liability of the City plan. The Regional Boards' proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Regional Boards' salary expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total salary expense of the City Plan's participants. The Regional Boards' proportion of the net pension liability was 2.52% and 2.99% at measurement dates June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions, Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, and Discount Rate

Certain matters, such as actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, discount rate applied to the actuarially determined liabilities, and changes in net pension liability are integral to understand the basis for the Regional Boards' net pension liability. The specific information related to these matters can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Regional Boards using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1%	% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount (6.75%)	19	% Increase (7.75%)
Regional Boards' proportionate share of City's net pension liability	\$	1,943,204	\$ 1,219,785	\$	641,022

7. Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards recognized pension expense of \$178,305 under the VRS retirement plan. At June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows o	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	15,907	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		84,616		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		34,628
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		95,129		-
Total	\$	195,652	\$	34,628

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 70,334
2022	(6,927)
2023	(471)
2024	 2,959
	\$ 65,895

Pension Plan Data

Additional information about the VRS plan may be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which may be obtained from the Director of Finance, City of Salem, 114 North Broad Street, Salem, Virginia 24153.

8. Other Postemployment Benefits – Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

The Regional Boards participate in a defined benefit healthcare plan (Retiree Health Plan) administered and sponsored by the City. Full-time employees retiring directly from the Regional Boards must have at least 15 years of service, unless approved for VRS disability, to participate in the Retiree Health Plan. In addition, they must be eligible for retirement under VRS.

8. Other Postemployment Benefits – Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The Regional Boards participate in the Retiree Health Plan through the City. The Regional Boards account for and report their participation in the City's Retiree Health Plan by applying the requirements for a cost-sharing multiple employer plan. As of June 30, 2020, 14 active and 14 retired employees of the Regional Boards were covered by the benefits terms of the Retiree Health Plan.

Additional plan description information can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which may be obtained from the City's Director of Finance at 114 North Broad Street, Salem, Virginia 24153.

Contributions

The Retiree Health Plan is funded through member and employer contributions on a pay-as-you-go basis. Retirees of the Regional Boards receiving benefits contribute a minimum of 4% to 27%, 18% to 36%, 43% to 60%, 43% to 60%, and 43% to 60% of the health insurance premium rate for retiree only, retiree + one minor child, retiree & spouse, retiree + children, and family coverage, respectively. The actual contribution within each range depends on the health plan selected by the retiree. During the current year, retired members of the Regional Boards contributed \$41,770 of the total premiums through their required monthly contributions of between \$73.16 and \$416.84, depending on the type of coverage and years of service.

The Regional Boards contributed \$54,440 in pay-as-you-go contributions to the Retiree Health Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020. In addition, the Regional Boards contributed \$17,600 to the City OPEB Trust Fund. It is the intent of the City, and thus the Regional Boards, to fully fund the Actuarially Determined Contributions each year.

Net OPEB Liability

Under the Retiree Health Plan, the City's, and thus the Regional Boards', net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards reported a liability of \$583,054 for their proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Retiree Health Plan. The Regional Boards' proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Regional Boards' number of plan participants at June 30, 2020 relative to the total number of participants in the Retiree Health Plan. The Regional Boards' proportion of the net OPEB liability was 3.48% and 3.85% at June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions, Plan Investments, Rate of Return, and Discount Rate

Certain matters, such as actuarial assumptions, plan investments, annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, discount rate applied to the actuarially determined liabilities, and changes in net OPEB liability are integral to understand the basis for the Regional Boards' net OPEB liability. The specific information related to these matters can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Regional Boards using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	 Decrease (5.50%)	[Current Discount (6.50%)	-	% Increase (7.50%)
Regional Boards' proportionate share of City's net OPEB liability	\$ 668,778	\$	583,054	\$	508,424

8. Other Postemployment Benefits - Retiree Health Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Cost Trent Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Regional Boards calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rate, as can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>1%</u>	Decrease	Current end Rate	1%	Increase
Regional Boards' proportionate share of					
City's net OPEB liability	\$	533,348	\$ 583,054	\$	640,121

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards recognized OPEB expense of \$23,040. At June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows of In		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	56,388
Changes in assumptions		-		64,568
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		8,595		-
Total	\$	8,595	\$	120,956

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)</u>

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ (21,767)
2022	(21,767)
2023	(20,789)
2024	(21,949)
2025	(23,717)
Thereafter	 (2,372)
	\$ (112,361)

Retiree Health Plan Data

Additional information about the Retiree Health Plan may be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which may be obtained from the Director of Finance, City of Salem, 114 North Broad Street, Salem, Virginia 24153.

9. Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Regional Boards are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS or System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for other public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The Regional Boards participate in the VRS Group Life Insurance Program through the City. The Regional Boards account for and report their participation in the City's VRS Group Life Insurance Program plan by applying the requirements for a cost-sharing multiple employer plan.

Specific information for the Group Life Insurance Program plan, including eligibility, coverage and benefits, as well as additional plan description information, can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which may be obtained from the City's Director of Finance at 114 North Broad Street, Salem, Virginia 24153.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2020 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. The rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Regional Boards were \$3,212 and \$3,686 for the years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Net OPEB Liability

Under the Group Life Insurance Program, the Regional Boards reported a liability of \$61,271 for their proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.12131% compared to 0.11921% at June 30, 2018. The Regional Boards' proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the Regional Boards' salary expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total salary expense of the City Plan's participants. The Regional Boards' proportion of the net OPEB liability was 2.52% and 2.99% at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

9. Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions, Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, and Discount Rate

Certain matters, such as actuarial assumptions, long term expected rate of return on plan investments, discount rate applied to the actuarially determined liabilities, and changes in net OPEB liability are integral to understand the basis for the Regional Boards' net OPEB liability. The specific information related to these matters can be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Regional Boards' proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current 1% Decrease Discount (5.75%) (6.75%)		1% Increase (7.75%)			
Regional Boards' proportionate share of City's net OPEB liability	\$	80,493	\$	61,271	\$	45,682

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards recognized Group Life Insurance OPEB expense of \$794. Since there was a chance in proportionate share between measurement dates for the Group Life Insurance Program, a portion of the OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion. At June 30, 2020, the Regional Boards reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows of Inflov		eferred lows of sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,309	\$	645
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		1,020
Changes in assumptions		3,141		1,501
Changes in proportion		706		1,981
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,212		-
Total	\$	10,368	\$	5,147

9. Other Postemployment Benefits - Group Life Insurance (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	_	
2021	\$	(179)
2022		(178)
2023		254
2024		746
2025		1,037
Thereafter		329
	\$	2,009

Group Life Insurance Plan Data

Additional detailed information concerning the VRS Group Life Insurance plan may be found in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which may be obtained from the City of Salem, Director of Finance, 114 North Broad Street, Salem, Virginia 24153.

10. Related Party Transactions

The Regional Boards pay fiscal agent fees to the City for accounting, technology and other related services under a contract that has been renewed through June 30, 2020. Total fees paid are as follows:

Governmental Funds	
Community Corrections Program	\$ 4,201
Pre-Trial Services Program	4,239
Drug Court	 130
	\$ 8,570
Proprietary Fund	
Roanoke Valley Alcohol Safety Action Program	\$ 8,601
	\$ 8,601

11. Lease Commitments

The Regional Boards entered several non-cancelable operating leases for office space and equipment. Total lease payments for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$130,863.

Minimum future rental payments for these leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending	Amount
June 30, 2021	130,863
June 30, 2022	22,513
June 30, 2023	4,424
	\$ 157,800

12. Restricted Net Positions and Fund Balances

The fund balances of the Community Corrections Program, the Pre-Trial Services Program, and the Drug Court represent the cumulative excess of revenues over expenditures. The granting agency may request the return of any unused support. As a result, the Programs' net position and fund balances, net of nonspendable amounts, if applicable, have been restricted.

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COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Regional ASAP Policy Board and Regional Community Criminal Justice Board Court-Community Corrections Program Salem, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities*, *Boards, and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Court-Community Corrections Program (the "Program"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Program's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Program's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Program's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Program's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia December 9, 2020

COURT-COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS PROGRAM SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2020

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the Program's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia:

Cash and Investment Laws Local Retirement Systems Procurement Laws Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act