

County of Surry, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



**Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2015**

Cover: Built in 1665 by Arthur Allen, Bacon's Castle in Surry County is the only surviving example of Jacobean architecture in North America and the oldest existing brick dwelling in Virginia. Once known as Arthur Allen's Brick House, it received the name "Bacon's Castle" for the fortified role it played in Nathaniel Bacon's rebellion in 1676. Bacon's Castle celebrated its 350th anniversary in 2015. Photo by: Pat Bernshausen

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2015

Prepared by:
Terri E. Hale
Director of Finance & IT

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Board of Supervisors

Judy S. Lyttle, Chairperson

John M. Seward
Giron R. Wooden, Sr.

Kenneth R. Holmes
Ernest L. Blount

Social Services Board

Juanita Parker, Chairperson

Linda B. Ellis
Honorable Kenneth R. Holmes
Earlene Sprouse

Allen T. Parson
Marie B. Pierce

County School Board

Dr. Marion H. Wilkins, Chairperson

Laura P. Ruffin
Audrey D. Byrd

Harold L. Jones
Elsie M. Dennis

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Commonwealth's Attorney
Commissioner of the Revenue
Treasurer
Sheriff
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Social Services
County Administrator
Judge of the General District Court
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court
County Attorney

W. Allan Sharrett
Gail P. Clayton
Gerald G. Poindexter
Deborah J. Nee
Mary H. Shaw
Alvin W. Clayton, Sr.
Lloyd A. Hamlin
Valerie E. Pierce
Tyrone W. Franklin
Bruce A. Clark, Jr.
Carson E. Saunders, Jr.
William H. Hefty

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Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
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Presented to

**County of Surry
Virginia**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

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"The Countrie it selfe, I must
confesse is a very pleasant land,
rich in commodities; and fertile in
soyle..."

Samuel Argall, ca. 1609

Surry County County Administrator's Office

P. O. Box 65
45 School Street
Surry, Virginia 23883

Terri E. Hale

Director of Finance & IT

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Fax: (757) 294-5204

Email: thale@surrycountyva.gov

December 4, 2015

The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Surry, Virginia

Members of the Board:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Surry County (the "County") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure the protection of County assets. In developing and evaluating the County's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

In addition to these internal accounting controls, the County also maintains budgetary controls. These budgetary controls ensure compliance with provisions embodied in the adopted budget appropriated by the Board of Supervisors. All subsidiary funds are included in the appropriated budget.

As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the County is also responsible for maintaining internal controls that comply with applicable laws and regulations. The audit for fiscal year ended

June 30, 2015 has been completed and no material internal control weaknesses or material violations of laws and regulations have been identified.

The County adopts an annual budget by July 1st each year as required by §15.2-2503, *Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended*. When necessary, the Board of Supervisors approves amendments to the adopted budget in accordance with §15.2-2507, *Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended*. The budget is implemented through Board-approved appropriations, with supplemental appropriations made as required. The Board of Supervisors has the authority, except for expenditures for mandated programs, to appropriate amounts greater than or less than the adopted budget.

Section 15.2-2511 of the *Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended* requires that local governments have their financial records audited annually as of the end of the fiscal year by independent certified public accountants. The independent audit provides reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are free of material misstatement. Robinson, Farmer Cox Associates (RFCA) is contracted to perform this service and have issued an unqualified opinion on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial Section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A). It can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government and its Services

Formed in 1652, the County of Surry is strategically located in southeastern Virginia, 10 miles south of Williamsburg, 50 miles southeast of Richmond and 40 miles northwest of Norfolk. The County covers 306 square miles and has a July 2014 estimated population of 6,967. The greater portion of the County's land area remains rural, and residential growth has not greatly rebounded from the economic slowdown. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors elected by districts. The Board has overall administrative and legislative responsibilities including levying taxes, appropriating funds, approving and enforcing the County's Comprehensive Plan, making and enforcing ordinances and establishing policies. The County Administrator is appointed to implement the policy decisions of the Board and to direct the day to day activities of the County. In addition to the Board, elected constitutional officers in the County government include the Clerk of Circuit Court, Commissioner of the Revenue, Commonwealth's Attorney, Sheriff and Treasurer. The operation of the public school system is vested in a five-member elected School Board. The Board of Supervisors makes monthly appropriations to the School Board based upon the adopted budget. Since the School Board is fiscally dependent on the County, the financial statements of Surry County Public Schools are included as a component unit of the County in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14.

The County provides a range of municipal services including education, public safety (sheriff, animal control, building inspections, emergency services, volunteer fire departments and paid/volunteer rescue services), parks, recreation & cultural activities, public works, health and welfare

administration, planning & community development and general administrative services. In January 2015 the County accepted ownership of the Town of Dendron's water system. Therefore, the County now provides sewer and water services to approximately 155 residential and commercial customers in the Town of Dendron and 3 commercial customers in the Town of Surry. The operation of the utilities systems is an enterprise fund, which means that it should be self-supporting, and is accounted for separately from the County's general operating fund.

Local Economy

The County's unemployment rate has significantly decreased to 6.0% in June 2015 from the high of 9.0% in 2010. The rate is usually consistent with the U.S. rate and slightly higher than the Virginia rate. Unemployment is split evenly between women and men. The largest sector of those unemployed is in the areas of administrative and support.

While approximately 65% of County businesses are small, with 4 or less employees, almost a quarter of all employees work for 9 larger area firms. These larger employers include a nuclear power plant, state & local government, construction and manufacturing. The majority of recent new hires have been in construction.

Fifty-seven percent of the County's workforce is between the ages of 45 and 64. Thirty-five percent of the workforce is between the ages of 25 and 44. Growth occupations appear to be in the areas of personal care aides, emergency medical technicians/paramedics and marketing analysts. Declining occupations appear to be in the areas of postal carriers, record clerks and machine operators.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The County employs a financial advisor as necessary to assist in planning for long-term financial and capital needs of the County. The Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) is the County's strategy for investing in facilities, equipment and other sizeable improvements. Current capital projects are funded through a combination of committed fund balance, debt proceeds and grant funds. Revenue bonds are primarily used to fund water and sewer improvements. Debt service payments are budgeted in the County's annual operating budget, including that of the School Board Component Unit

Financial policies relative to debt as a percentage of assessed value and general fund expenditures help guide the Board's policymaking decisions on financing capital projects. The County has adopted a policy that states that the net debt ratio as a percentage of assessed value shall not exceed 3%. The General fund balance represents available current financial resources, although the Board's current policy allows the use of only up to 25% of this amount. Uses of the unrestricted fund balance are carefully evaluated to ensure that cash flow requirements are met and an overall sound financial position is maintained.

Multi-Year Initiatives and Capital Projects

Water System: In January 2015 the County accepted ownership of the Town of Dendron's water system. The town could no longer afford to maintain and upgrade the system as needed. The County's plan includes correcting current deficiencies, primarily replacing the hydro-pneumatic tanks,

2 and 3 inch water lines and fire hydrants. System expansion will serve existing and new development. The project is estimated to cost approximately \$2.1M and be complete late in 2017.

Rescue Squad Building: The County is building a new rescue squad building on County-owned property adjacent to the Government Center. The existing building is owned by the rescue squad; it is dilapidated and not an option for renovation and/or expansion. The new facility, estimated to cost \$1.7M, will be approximately 8,000 square feet and include 4 vehicle bays, 2 bunk rooms, a multi-purpose room, a decontamination room and fitness area. Construction should be complete in the fall of 2017.

Visitors Center: The County is renovating the original circuit court clerk's office on Church Street to serve as a visitors center. Constructed around 1826, the building housed the county's records until 1895. After that time it has housed many local organizations and county offices, including the Surry Calvary, the Surry Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, the formerly named welfare office and the planning department. Most recently it housed the Surry County Tourism Bureau and the Surry County Chamber of Commerce. This project, estimated to cost \$300,000, encompasses the repair/replacement of the roof, the replacement of deteriorating mortar, stone window sills, wood windows & bricks, and site work. The project should be complete by the end of 2015.

Marina/Park: In October 2013 the County purchased a marina permanently closed because of hurricane damage. Until this time there had been no public water access, even though the County is bordered by the James River. The first phase of the project, the rebuilding of the boat ramp, slips and docks, was completed in November 2014 and provides citizens a convenient access to one of Virginia's most beautiful rivers. Subsequent phases include the construction and renovation of a restaurant, bed & breakfast, additional vehicle & trailer parking, restroom & shower facility and nature center & trails.

Library Branch: In September 2013 the County purchased a vacated bank branch building and renovated it to house the Surry Branch of the Blackwater Regional Library. In addition to an expanded collection of books & periodicals and extended hours, the new branch has children and teen rooms, a computer lab and a community/meeting room. The loss of the bank branch to cut backs was turned into a positive for the citizens with the August 2014 opening of the new branch library.

Broadband Initiative: In 2011 the County was approved for a \$940,000 grant from the Virginia Department of Housing & Community Development (VDHCD) to support broadband infrastructure development. Approximately 23,000 linear feet of fiber has been installed at 13 facilities in and around the Town of Surry and the Surry West Industrial Park. The network will provide service at speed far in excess of Federal Communications Commission (FCC) minimums and services typically available in urban areas. The grant period was extended until December 31, 2015 to support permitting activities related to the construction of a 350' tower located off Commerce Drive within the Surry West Industrial Center after challenges delayed the construction of a similar structure at the Government Center. Upon completion of the tower, all contractual grant obligations will be satisfied and we will immediately secure lessees to offer internet subscription-based services Countywide.

Sanitation Authority: The County has initiated discussions with its 3 incorporated towns to create a sanitation authority, which would oversee operation, maintenance and upgrade of individual aging systems. Currently 2 of the 3 towns individually own its municipal water and/or sewer systems. The creation of an authority would save public dollars through regionalism and cooperative procurement while implementing timely upgrades to those systems. The discussions are ongoing.

Development plans/ordinances: The County began updating the land use-related policies and procedures first adopted in 1975. The new zoning ordinance became effective in March 2013. Subsequent revisions to the site plan, subdivision plan, flood zone and erosion and sediment control ordinances commenced in the 2014 calendar year utilizing consultant support and a steering committee of business and residential constituents appointed by the Board of Supervisors. This effort is ongoing with the support of the Hampton Roads Planning District Commission. A spring 2016 completion is anticipated.

Capital Projects

The County has substantially completed a majority of the capital projects initiated in previous fiscal years. These projects included the courthouse construction & government center renovations, the acquisition of public safety equipment & fire station renovation, the high school construction & renovation project and the Elberon Heights Community Improvement Project. As noted earlier, the broadband development initiative has been a multi-year project and should be complete near the end of 2015.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the dedicated services of the Finance Department staff, as well as the Commissioner of the Revenue, Treasurer and their staffs. We would like to express our appreciation to these departments and to the many other County departments who provided assistance to Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates in preparation of a favorable financial report. We also give credit to the Board of Supervisors for their support, guidance and establishment of policies that further enhance sound financial management practices and operations.



Tyrone W. Franklin
County Administrator
Technology



Terri E. Hale
Director of Finance & Information

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Surry
Surry, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Surry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Surry, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - and Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding progress on pages 4-11, 79, and 80-85 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Surry, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in

accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2015, on our consideration of County of Surry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Surry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. F. Clark", followed by a long horizontal line.

Richmond, Virginia
November 11, 2015

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Surry County, Virginia MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the County of Surry, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Readers are encouraged to consider this information in conjunction with that in the letter of transmittal.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the County using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies (as required under governmental reporting, GASB Statement No. 34). Government wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which include all the government's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, revenues and expenses using the accrual basis of accounting. All of the current year's transactions are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, the County is divided into three categories:

- *Governmental activities* include most of the County's basic services, including but not limited to, public safety, general government & judicial administration, public works, health and welfare, community development and parks & recreation. These activities are financed by local tax revenue; other local revenue; state revenues, including grants; and federal revenues, primarily for welfare administration and public assistance.
- *Business-type activities* include user fees charged to customers to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The County's Utilities Fund is included here.
- *Component units* consist of the school operating fund (including the cafeteria fund) and economic development fund. The County is financially accountable for these component units and provides operating support from local tax revenue.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's more significant funds. Funds are used to monitor specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Some are required by state law; others are established to control and manage funds allocated for specific purposes. All of the County's funds can be divided into two categories: *governmental funds* and *proprietary funds*.

Surry County, Virginia
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental funds account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of the method of accounting. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the focus of governmental funds is more narrow than that of the government-wide financial statements, reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balances.

The County maintains budgetary control over its operating funds. Budgetary controls ensure legal compliance to the appropriations. To demonstrate compliance with the budget, a budgetary comparison statement is provided for the General Fund to include variance information. The County's major governmental funds include the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to provide for the delivery of goods and services to the general public similar to private sector business. The Utilities Fund provides a centralized source for water and sewer services to County residents.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data included in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes also contain required supplementary information including budgetary comparison schedules and combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit that includes the School Fund and the Cafeteria Fund. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements. The Economic Development Authority Fund is also reported as a component unit.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to basic financial statements and notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules.

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Surry County, Virginia
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The *Statement of Net Position* serves as a useful indicator over time of financial position. The County's governmental assets and deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2015 exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19.7 million, while business assets exceeded its liabilities by \$5.1 million. The following table provides comparative information on the County's net position as of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015.

County of Surry, Virginia's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current and other assets	\$ 22,962,702	\$ 17,794,078	\$ 4,267	\$ 4,386	\$ 22,966,969	\$ 17,798,464
Capital assets	20,719,114	20,228,522	5,828,090	6,037,264	26,547,204	26,265,786
Total assets	<u>\$ 43,681,816</u>	<u>\$ 38,022,600</u>	<u>\$ 5,832,357</u>	<u>\$ 6,041,650</u>	<u>\$ 49,514,173</u>	<u>\$ 44,064,250</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 367,994	-	-	-	\$ 367,994	-
Total deferred outflows of revenue	<u>\$ 367,994</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 367,994</u>	<u>-</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 539,938	\$ 697,788	\$ 30,291	\$ 35,423	\$ 570,229	\$ 733,211
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	1,344,875	864,370	64,871	62,841	1,409,746	927,211
Due in more than one year	21,483,098	17,091,393	597,742	662,611	22,080,840	17,754,004
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 23,367,911</u>	<u>\$ 18,653,551</u>	<u>\$ 692,904</u>	<u>\$ 760,875</u>	<u>\$ 24,060,815</u>	<u>\$ 19,414,426</u>
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$ 20,609	\$ 21,887	-	-	\$ 20,609	\$ 21,887
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	937,575	-	-	-	937,575	-
Total deferred inflow of resources	<u>\$ 958,184</u>	<u>\$ 21,887</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 958,184</u>	<u>\$ 21,887</u>
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,683,229	\$ 4,482,211	\$ 5,165,477	\$ 5,311,812	\$ 9,848,706	\$ 9,794,023
Unrestricted	15,040,486	14,864,951	(26,024)	(31,037)	15,014,462	14,833,914
Total net position	<u>\$ 19,723,715</u>	<u>\$ 19,347,162</u>	<u>\$ 5,139,453</u>	<u>\$ 5,280,775</u>	<u>\$ 24,863,168</u>	<u>\$ 24,627,937</u>

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations.

Unrestricted net position of governmental activities account for \$15.0 million or 76.3% of the County's total governmental net position and are used to meet the County's ongoing obligations. The remaining governmental assets are investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, systems, machinery & equipment and infrastructure), less accumulated depreciation and any debt used to acquire those assets outstanding at year-end. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens, so they are not available for future spending.

Surry County, Virginia
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

County of Surry, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 238,230	\$ 244,453	\$ 197,263	\$ 69,420	\$ 435,493	\$ 313,873
Operating grants and contributions	2,535,110	2,407,463	-	-	2,535,110	2,407,463
Capital grants and contributions	20,805	59,671	-	-	20,805	59,671
General revenues:						
General property taxes	20,966,352	21,177,468	-	-	20,966,352	21,177,468
Other local taxes	644,424	755,736	-	-	644,424	755,736
Grants and other contributions not restricted	771,419	769,925	-	-	771,419	769,925
Other general revenues	149,131	182,297			149,131	182,297
Transfers	(150,793)	(265,653)	150,793	265,653	-	-
Total revenues	\$ 25,174,678	\$ 25,331,360	\$ 348,056	\$ 335,073	\$ 25,522,734	\$ 25,666,433
Expenses:						
General government administration	\$ 1,991,967	\$ 1,584,521	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,991,967	\$ 1,584,521
Judicial administration	748,445	766,927	-	-	748,445	766,927
Public safety	3,328,127	3,193,870	-	-	3,328,127	3,193,870
Public works	87,783	1,153,265	489,378	498,727	577,161	1,651,992
Health and welfare	2,441,740	2,457,024	-	-	2,441,740	2,457,024
Education	12,149,458	11,525,579	-	-	12,149,458	11,525,579
Parks, recreation, and cultural	576,999	899,221	-	-	576,999	899,221
Community development	533,375	491,679	-	-	533,375	491,679
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,024,436	674,932	-	-	1,024,436	674,932
Total expenses	\$ 22,882,330	\$ 22,747,018	\$ 489,378	\$ 498,727	\$ 23,371,708	\$ 23,245,745
Change in net position	\$ 2,292,348	\$ 2,584,342	\$ (141,322)	\$ (163,654)	\$ 2,151,026	\$ 2,420,688
Beginning of year	17,431,367	16,762,820	5,280,775	5,444,429	22,712,142	22,207,249
End of year	\$ 19,723,715	\$ 19,347,162	\$ 5,139,453	\$ 5,280,775	\$ 24,863,168	\$ 24,627,937

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations. Therefore, beginning net position for 2015 as displayed above does not agree to ending net position for 2014.

Surry County, Virginia
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The *Statement of Activities* illustrates the general revenue sources that support the various governmental operations. Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$2,292,348 from \$17.4 million to \$19.7 million at June 30, 2015. Key factors associated with the increase in net position include:

- Revenue in excess of \$800,000 of that budgeted in (primarily) real property and public service corporation taxes;
- Functional expenses, primarily in education, public safety, health & welfare and administration, \$1.2M less than appropriated.

The net position of the County's business-type activities decreased from \$5.3 million in FY2014 to \$5.1 million. This is primarily attributed to the depreciation of infrastructure. The County's General Fund provided \$150,793 in operating support for the Utilities Fund in FY15. The table on the preceding page shows the revenues and expenses of the governmental and business-type activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

The County of Surry uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with statutory budgetary requirements. The following is a financial analysis of the County's governmental funds.

The County's total revenues from the General Fund were \$25.3 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. General Fund revenue decreased slightly by .4%, or \$104,249, in FY15. General property taxes, the largest source of revenue, were \$21.1 million, including public service corporation taxes (\$13.2 million), real estate taxes (\$6.5 million) and personal property taxes (\$1.3 million). Approximately 83% of the County's revenue from governmental activities is derived from property taxes, as shown below in the table of Revenue Classified by Source.

Other local taxes is comprised primarily of local sales tax, business and vehicle licenses, utility consumption taxes and recordation tax. The second largest local revenue source, other local taxes totaled \$644,424 in FY15. This represented only a minimal increase of \$13,065, or 0.2% increase over the previous year.

	Revenue Classified by Source - General Fund					
	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014		Increase/(Decrease)	
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Change
General Property Taxes	\$21,119,861	83.33%	\$21,140,727	83.07%	(20,866.00)	34.41%
Other Local Taxes	644,424	2.54%	755,736	2.97%	(111,312.00)	3.52%
Permits, Fees & Regulatory Licenses	59,555	0.23%	48,034	0.19%	11,521.00	1.62%
Fines & Forfeitures	30,963	0.12%	49,826	0.20%	(18,863.00)	0.13%
Revenue from Use of Money & Property	89,248	0.35%	89,333	0.35%	(85.00)	-2.33%
Charges for Services	137,504	0.54%	132,954	0.52%	4,550.00	2.83%
Miscellaneous & Recovered Costs	55,782	0.22%	57,351	0.23%	(1,569.00)	7.14%
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth	2,216,990	8.75%	2,192,903	8.62%	24,087.00	13.45%
Federal	989,539	3.90%	981,251	3.86%	8,288.00	39.22%
Total Revenues	\$25,343,866	100.00%	\$25,448,115	100.00%	(104,249.00)	100.00%

Intergovernmental revenues allocated by the state and federal governments totaled \$3.2 million during FY15, which reflects an increase of \$32,375 or 1.0%. Revenue from the commonwealth for non-categorical aid increased slightly by 0.6%, or \$4,757, in FY15. Non-categorical aid is not earmarked for a specific program and may be used for the general operation of the local government. The bulk of non-categorical aid is the state reimbursement for personal property tax relief of \$677,907. Shared expenses (the state share of the operation of the constitutional offices and electoral board/registrar) increased by \$3,688, or .4%, while the other categorical aid consisting of welfare administration and federal & state grants increased by \$15,642, or 2.7%.

Surry County, Virginia
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Governmental Funds Expenditure Analysis

The following table of Expenses by Function compares current year to prior year amounts. The accompanying analysis provides additional information on the County's expenses by function that changed significantly over the prior year.

	Expenses by Function - General Fund					
	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014		Increase/(Decrease)	
	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Change
General Government Administration	\$1,411,117	3.92%	\$1,388,887	6.21%	\$22,230	2.30%
Judicial Administration	436,324	1.21%	434,476	1.94%	\$1,848	4.63%
Public Safety	3,019,206	8.40%	2,901,306	12.98%	\$117,900	-3.68%
Public Works	1,164,473	3.24%	1,067,715	4.78%	\$96,758	8.60%
Health & Welfare	2,417,346	6.72%	2,423,793	10.84%	(\$6,447)	0.05%
Education	11,758,980	32.70%	11,355,588	50.80%	\$403,392	-3.49%
Parks, Recreation & Cultural	688,660	1.92%	669,741	3.00%	\$18,919	24.47%
Community Development	518,254	1.44%	461,533	2.06%	\$56,721	2.88%
Capital Projects	12,500	0.03%	0	-	\$12,500	-
Debt Service: Principal Retirement	13,339,050	37.10%	959,102	4.29%	\$12,379,948	3.97%
Debt Service: Interest Retirement	1,190,219	3.31%	693,440	3.10%	\$496,779	-4.66%
Total Expenses	\$35,956,129	100.00%	\$22,355,581	100.00%	(\$237,921)	35.07%

The County's total General Fund expenses of \$36.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 covered a wide range of services, with 40.4% or \$14.5 million for debt service (see note in next paragraph), 32.7% or \$11.8 million for education (payments to the School System, a component unit), 8.4% or \$3.0 million for public safety, 6.7% or \$2.4 million for health and welfare services and 3.9% or \$1.4 million related to general government administration. The remaining 7.8% include expenses for public works, parks & recreation, community development and judicial administration.

During FY15 the County issued debt of \$18.1 million through the Virginia Resources Authority. Of this amount, \$12.7 million paid off the Series 2006 and 2007 debt for the schools and Government Center renovations and construction, resulting in a significant interest savings. The remaining \$5.4 million is restricted to four capital projects: Dendron water improvements, rescue squad building construction, Gray's Point Park/Marina improvements and the visitors center. Because of this one-time payoff of existing debt, expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 would be significantly skewed when compared to FY14 expenses. Therefore, excluding this payoff, expenses for FY15 increased by 4.0% or \$904,965 from the previous year.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. Primarily, the County's ending fund balance at June 30th is used to fund financial obligations of the County from July 1st through December 5th of each year, when the County receives its largest influx of revenue in the form of general property taxes. Prior to December 5th only minimal revenues such as federal and state reimbursements, fees for services, permits and fines are routinely received. Therefore, not all of the \$15.0 million in unrestricted funds is available for spending at the County's discretion. In short, the County depends on its fund balance, or reserves for cash flow at certain times during the fiscal year.

The County's current financial policy has established a committed fund balance of 25% of General Fund appropriated expenses. At June 30, 2015 the committed fund balance was \$5,889,072, or 31.9%, and the unassigned fund balance was \$12,593,041, or 68.1% of the total fund balance.

Surry County, Virginia
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Capital Projects Fund consists of the non-operating expenses and reflects the capital needs of the County. Capital expenses are not recurring operating expenses, but one-time significant expenses for the construction of buildings & infrastructure or the purchase of large equipment & vehicles.

The FY15 capital expenses totaled \$2,233,037, including these projects:

- The marina project -- \$764,970, or 34.3;
- New fire truck -- \$434,798, or 19.5%;
- High school HVAC infrastructure -- \$280,478, or 12.6%;
- VDOT revenue sharing project -- \$250,000, or 11.2%;
- Visitors center -- \$122,480, or 5.5%;
- Rescue squad building -- \$91,264, or 4.1%;
- Administrative expenses related to debt issuance -- \$86,397, or 3.9%;
- Surry branch library expansion -- \$75,853, or 3.4%;
- Broadband technology initiative -- \$34,768, or 1.6%;
- Miscellaneous other projects -- \$92,029, or 3.9%.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Surry County has consistently taken a conservative approach to financial management, staying well within budgetary limits for expenses during the fiscal year. FY15 had General Fund operating expenses of \$1,273,787 below the revised budget. The County's budget was amended during the year to reflect grants, carryover of unspent appropriations from FY14 and other unanticipated revenues. The difference between the original adopted budget and the amended budget was \$13,130,810, due to the early payoff of the 2006 and 2007 SunTrust debt issues.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2015 totaled \$20.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net increase of \$490,592, due primarily to the acquisition of a new fire truck and depreciation of existing assets. The investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, buildings, infrastructure and machinery & equipment. Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

Long-Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$18.8 million, excluding bond premiums, compensated absences, and landfill post-closure liability. Of this amount, \$15.8 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources through revenue bonds and lease revenue bonds.

The amount of debt outstanding related to School Board activities is \$2.6 million of the total outstanding general obligation bonds of the governmental activities.

During the current fiscal year, the County's total debt increased by \$5,892,320, excluding compensated absences and landfill post-closure liability.

Additional information on the County of Surry, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Surry County, Virginia
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 was 6.0%, a decrease of 0.8% from the same period last year. Generally, the County's unemployment rate remains slightly above the state's average.
- The FY15 operating budget for all funds is \$50.7 million (including transfers to other funds), an increase of 2.1% from the FY14 budget.
- Tax rates for future periods are dependent on the effects of fluctuations in the assessed valuations of real property.
- For 2015, the real property tax rate remains at \$0.73 per \$100 of assessed value.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide all those with an interest in the County's finances with a general overview of the finances and to demonstrate the County's stewardship of public funds. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, Post Office Box 65, Surry, Virginia 23883.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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County of Surry, Virginia
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type	Total	Component Units	
	Activities	Activities		School Board	IDA
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,096,513	\$ -	\$ 17,096,513	\$ 1,222,096	\$ 100,846
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable	597,209	-	597,209	-	-
Accounts receivable	32,631	4,267	36,898	60,850	-
Due from other governmental units	677,075	-	677,075	514,693	-
Restricted assets:					
Temporarily restricted:					
Bond construction escrow	4,559,274	-	4,559,274	-	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Land and land improvements	1,801,163	3,636	1,804,799	158,330	-
Buildings and system	17,101,802	5,747,574	22,849,376	6,817,419	-
Equipment	1,559,005	76,880	1,635,885	1,577,990	-
Infrastructure	257,144	-	257,144	-	-
Total assets	\$ 43,681,816	\$ 5,832,357	\$ 49,514,173	\$ 10,351,378	\$ 100,846
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 367,994	\$ -	\$ 367,994	\$ 1,230,654	\$ -
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 367,994	\$ -	\$ 367,994	\$ 1,230,654	\$ -
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 298,592	\$ 28,028	\$ 326,620	\$ 103,292	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	1,335,201	-
Accrued interest payable	241,346	2,263	243,609	-	-
Due to other governmental units	-	-	-	405,292	-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,344,875	64,871	1,409,746	7,269	-
Due in more than one year	21,483,098	597,742	22,080,840	14,134,648	-
Total liabilities	\$ 23,367,911	\$ 692,904	\$ 24,060,815	\$ 15,985,702	\$ -
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$ 20,609	\$ -	\$ 20,609	\$ -	\$ -
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	937,575	-	937,575	2,666,282	-
Total deferred inflow of resources	\$ 958,184	\$ -	\$ 958,184	\$ 2,666,282	\$ -
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,683,229	\$ 5,165,477	\$ 9,848,706	\$ 8,553,739	\$ -
Unrestricted	15,040,486	(26,024)	15,014,462	(15,623,691)	100,846
Total net position	\$ 19,723,715	\$ 5,139,453	\$ 24,863,168	\$ (7,069,952)	\$ 100,846

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
Program Revenues					Primary Government			Component Units	
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	Governmental	Business-type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	School Board	IDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
Governmental activities:									
General government administration	\$ 1,991,967	\$ 295	\$ 161,572	\$ -	\$ (1,830,100)		\$ (1,830,100)		
Judicial administration	748,445	69,629	254,359	-	(424,457)		(424,457)		
Public safety	3,328,127	59,880	707,525	-	(2,560,722)		(2,560,722)		
Public works	87,783	45,556	6,357	-	(35,870)		(35,870)		
Health and welfare	2,441,740	-	1,227,967	-	(1,213,773)		(1,213,773)		
Education	12,149,458	-	-	-	(12,149,458)		(12,149,458)		
Parks, recreation, and cultural	576,999	52,662	177,330	-	(347,007)		(347,007)		
Community development	533,375	10,208	-	20,805	(502,362)		(502,362)		
Interest on long-term debt	1,024,436	-	-	-	(1,024,436)		(1,024,436)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 22,882,330	\$ 238,230	\$ 2,535,110	\$ 20,805	\$ (20,088,185)		\$ (20,088,185)		
Business-type activities:									
Water and sewer	\$ 489,378	\$ 197,263	\$ -	\$ -		\$ (292,115)	\$ (292,115)		
Total business-type activities	\$ 489,378	\$ 197,263	\$ -	\$ -		\$ (292,115)	\$ (292,115)		
Total primary government	\$ 23,371,708	\$ 435,493	\$ 2,535,110	\$ 20,805			\$ (20,380,300)		
COMPONENT UNITS:									
School Board	\$ 16,546,783	\$ 149,781	\$ 3,843,656	\$ -				\$ (12,553,346)	\$ -
Industrial Development Authority	-	-	-	-				-	-
Total component unit	\$ 16,546,783	\$ 149,781	\$ 3,843,656	\$ -				\$ (12,553,346)	\$ -
General revenues:									
General property taxes					\$ 20,966,352	\$ -	\$ 20,966,352	\$ -	\$ -
Other local taxes:									
Local sales and use taxes					362,117	-	362,117	-	-
Motor vehicle licenses					132,674	-	132,674	-	-
Other local taxes					149,633	-	149,633	-	-
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property					94,049	-	94,049	395	50
Miscellaneous					55,082	-	55,082	86,350	-
Payments from Surry County					-	-	-	11,867,565	-
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs					771,419	-	771,419	-	-
Transfers					(150,793)	150,793	-	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers					\$ 22,380,533	\$ 150,793	\$ 22,531,326	\$ 11,954,310	\$ 50
Change in net position					\$ 2,292,348	\$ (141,322)	\$ 2,151,026	\$ (599,036)	\$ 50
Net position- beginning, as restated					17,431,367	5,280,775	22,712,142	(6,470,916)	100,796
Net position - ending					\$ 19,723,715	\$ 5,139,453	\$ 24,863,168	\$ (7,069,952)	\$ 100,846

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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County of Surry, Virginia
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2015

	<u>General</u>	<u>County Capital Projects</u>	<u>Other Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,796,500	\$ -	\$ 300,013	\$ 17,096,513
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				
Taxes receivable	597,209	-	-	597,209
Accounts receivable	26,504	-	6,127	32,631
Due from other funds	1,151,061	-		1,151,061
Due from other governmental units	676,735	340	-	677,075
Restricted assets:				
Temporarily restricted:				
Bond construction funds	-	4,559,274	-	4,559,274
Total assets	<u>\$ 19,248,009</u>	<u>\$ 4,559,614</u>	<u>\$ 306,140</u>	<u>\$ 24,113,763</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 233,649	\$ 64,943	\$ -	\$ 298,592
Due to other funds	-	1,151,061		1,151,061
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 233,649</u>	<u>\$ 1,216,004</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,449,653</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$ 532,247	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 532,247
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 532,247</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 532,247</u>
Fund balances:				
Committed	\$ 5,889,072	\$ 3,343,610	\$ 276,737	\$ 9,509,419
Assigned	-	-	29,403	29,403
Unassigned	12,593,041	-	-	12,593,041
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 18,482,113</u>	<u>\$ 3,343,610</u>	<u>\$ 306,140</u>	<u>\$ 22,131,863</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 19,248,009</u>	<u>\$ 4,559,614</u>	<u>\$ 306,140</u>	<u>\$ 24,113,763</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds \$ 22,131,863

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,
are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets, cost	\$ 34,023,550	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(13,304,436)</u>	20,719,114

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,
therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 511,638	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	<u>(937,575)</u>	(425,937)

Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net
pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 367,994

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of
items supporting this adjustment:

General obligation bonds	\$ (2,355,000)	
Revenue bond	(15,795,000)	
Bond issuance premiums	(2,445,159)	
Net pension liability	(1,106,311)	
Compensated absences	(244,628)	
Landfill postclosure care	(881,875)	
Accrued interest payable	<u>(241,346)</u>	(23,069,319)

Net position of governmental activities		<u><u>\$ 19,723,715</u></u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>General</u>	<u>County Capital Projects</u>	<u>Other Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 21,119,861	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,119,861
Other local taxes	644,424	-	-	644,424
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	59,555	-	-	59,555
Fines and forfeitures	30,963	-	-	30,963
Revenue from the use of money and property	89,248	4,746	55	94,049
Charges for services	137,504	-	10,208	147,712
Miscellaneous	55,082	-	-	55,082
Recovered costs	700	-	-	700
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	2,216,990	100,000	-	2,316,990
Federal	989,539	20,805	-	1,010,344
Total revenues	<u>\$ 25,343,866</u>	<u>\$ 125,551</u>	<u>\$ 10,263</u>	<u>\$ 25,479,680</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	\$ 1,411,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,411,117
Judicial administration	436,324	-	-	436,324
Public safety	3,019,206	-	12,141	3,031,347
Public works	1,164,473	-	-	1,164,473
Health and welfare	2,417,346	-	-	2,417,346
Education	11,758,980	-	-	11,758,980
Parks, recreation, and cultural	688,660	-	-	688,660
Community development	518,254	-	-	518,254
Capital projects	12,500	2,233,037	-	2,245,537
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	13,339,050	-	-	13,339,050
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,190,219	-	-	1,190,219
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 35,956,129</u>	<u>\$ 2,233,037</u>	<u>\$ 12,141</u>	<u>\$ 38,201,307</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ (10,612,263)</u>	<u>\$ (2,107,486)</u>	<u>\$ (1,878)</u>	<u>\$ (12,721,627)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	\$ (150,793)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (150,793)
Issuance of bonds	12,876,040	5,440,077	-	18,316,117
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ 12,725,247</u>	<u>\$ 5,440,077</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 18,165,324</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,112,984	\$ 3,332,591	\$ (1,878)	\$ 5,443,697
Fund balances - beginning	16,369,129	11,019	308,018	16,688,166
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ 18,482,113</u>	<u>\$ 3,343,610</u>	<u>\$ 306,140</u>	<u>\$ 22,131,863</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
To the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 5,443,697

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded the depreciation expense in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital asset additions	\$ 1,516,177	
Depreciation expense	(1,088,816)	
Activity related to joint tenancy assets of Component Unit and Primary Government	63,231	490,592

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes	\$ (153,509)	
Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability	(937,575)	(1,091,084)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Principal retired on school general obligation bonds	\$ 110,000	
Principal retired on revenue bond	1,029,050	
Principal retired on bank loans	12,200,000	
Issuance of revenue bond payable	(18,316,117)	
Bond premium amortization	128,219	
Decrease (increase) in landfill postclosure care	1,093,405	(3,755,443)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Decrease (increase) in compensated absences	\$ (10,456)	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liability	1,191,545	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	(14,067)	
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable	37,564	1,204,586

Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,292,348	
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Water and <u>Sewer</u>
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 4,267
Total current assets	<u>\$ 4,267</u>
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	\$ 3,636
Utility plant in service	7,898,176
Machinery and equipment	177,200
Accumulated depreciation	(2,250,922)
Total net capital assets	<u>\$ 5,828,090</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$ 5,828,090</u>
 Total assets	 <u>\$ 5,832,357</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 28,028
Accrued interest payable	2,263
Bonds payable - current portion	64,871
Total current liabilities	<u>\$ 95,162</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$ 597,742
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$ 597,742</u>
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 692,904</u>
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,165,477
Unrestricted	<u>(26,024)</u>
 Total net position	 <u><u>\$ 5,139,453</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Water and <u>Sewer</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Water and sewer revenues	\$ 197,263
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 197,263</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other supplies and expenses	\$ 253,829
Depreciation	209,174
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 463,003</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (265,740)</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest expense	\$ (26,375)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>\$ (26,375)</u>
Income before transfers	<u>\$ (292,115)</u>
Transfers in	<u>\$ 150,793</u>
Change in net position	\$ (141,322)
Total net position- beginning	5,280,775
Total net position - ending	<u><u>\$ 5,139,453</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund <u>Water and Sewer</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 197,382
Payments to suppliers	(258,961)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>\$ (61,579)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Transfers from other funds	\$ 150,793
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	<u>\$ 150,793</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal payments on bonds	\$ (62,839)
Interest expense	(26,375)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	<u>\$ (89,214)</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (265,740)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Depreciation	209,174
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	119
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(5,132)
Total adjustments	<u>\$ 204,161</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u><u>\$ (61,579)</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Surry, Virginia
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2015

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 71,587
Total assets	<u>\$ 71,587</u>
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 38,017
Amounts held for others	33,570
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 71,587</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Surry, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Surry, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Statement Presentation

The County's financial report is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Statement of Activities - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and 3) capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Surry (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2015.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Surry County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The Surry County Industrial Development Authority is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of five members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, as the County is involved in the day-to-day operations of the IDA, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

Excluded from the County's Annual Financial Report

District 19 Community Services Board

The District 19 Community Services Board is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the participating jurisdictions which include the Cities of Colonial Heights, Emporia, Hopewell, Petersburg and the Counties of Surry, Greensville, Prince George and Sussex. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Surry County contributed \$59,236 to the District 19 Community Services Board for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Riverside Regional Jail

The Riverside Regional Jail is considered a jointly governed organization and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The governing body of this organization is appointed by respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. The governing board has the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements, except for Agency funds as they have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type and have no measurement focus but use the accrual basis of accounting for asset and liability recognition. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General and County Capital Project Funds as major governmental funds.

General Fund - is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County also reports the County Capital Projects Fund as a major fund.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds (Continued)

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds: Indoor Plumbing, Sheriff DEA Task Force and Economic Development. These funds are merged for financial statement purposes.

Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds) - Account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds which consists of the Special Welfare Fund, the Crater AAA Fund, and the Emergency Food and Shelter Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

- 2. Proprietary Funds** - accounts for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The County's Enterprise Funds consist of the Water and Sewer Fund, which account for the operations of sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the water distribution system, as well as, construction of water and sewer systems.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with an original maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

F. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit with maturity dates less than 90 days and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “advances to/from other funds” (i.e. noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$136,356 at June 30, 2015 and is comprised of property taxes of \$100,139 and water and sewer charges of \$36,217.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	<u>Real Property</u>	<u>Personal Property</u>
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset’s life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Buildings and Improvements	40
Infrastructure	40
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	5-20
Buses	10

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of *Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to received sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as “terminal leave” prior to retirement.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Fund Equity

The County presents fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance - amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Fund Equity (Continued)

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the County strives to maintain a committed fund balance to be used for ongoing expenditure obligations of approximately 25% of the actual budgeted operating expenditures.

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

	General Fund	County Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Fund Balances:				
Committed:				
Ongoing expenditure obligations	\$ 5,889,072	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,889,072
Capital Improvements	-	3,343,610	-	3,343,610
DEA Task Force	-	-	58,076	58,076
Economic Development	-	-	218,661	218,661
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 5,889,072	\$ 3,343,610	\$ 276,737	\$ 9,509,419
Assigned:				
Indoor plumbing	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,403	\$ 29,403
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,403	\$ 29,403
Unassigned	\$ 12,593,041	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,593,041
Total Fund Balances	\$ 18,482,113	\$ 3,343,610	\$ 306,140	\$ 22,131,863

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset or liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Q. Adoption of Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of these Statements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a restatement of net position, reference Note 17.

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Expenditures and Appropriations

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any funds at June 30, 2015.

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale. The County's investment policy has an emphasis on safety and liquidity of investments. The County's policy is to invest where funds are readily available with little risk of penalties for early withdrawal.

<u>Locality's Rated Debt Investments' Values</u>	
<u>Rated Debt Investments</u>	<u>Fair Quality Ratings</u>
	<u>AAAm</u>
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 16,872,167
Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Pool	<u>4,559,274</u>
Total	<u>\$ 21,431,441</u>

External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities Exchange Commission.

The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As the LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2015, the County has receivables due from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Other Local Governments:		
Surry County School Board	\$ 405,292	\$ -
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	49,615	-
Rolling stock tax	25	-
State Sales Tax	-	177,013
Constitutional officer reimbursements	68,136	-
Recordation tax	4,069	-
Communications tax	8,411	-
Comprehensive services act	13,431	-
Wireless funds	8,778	-
Welfare	28,072	-
Victim-witness grant	1,628	-
Tourism grant	16,524	-
Technology	-	216,698
Federal Government:		
Community development block grant	340	-
Edward Byrne JAG grant	861	-
School fund grants	-	120,982
Welfare	71,893	-
Total due from other governments	<u>\$ 677,075</u>	<u>\$ 514,693</u>

At June 30, 2015, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:		
County of Surry	\$ <u> -</u>	\$ <u>405,292</u>

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
As of June 30, 2015

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
<i>Primary Government:</i>				
<i>Governmental Activities:</i>				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 846,937	\$ 954,226	\$ -	\$ 1,801,163
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 846,937	\$ 954,226	\$ -	\$ 1,801,163
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 19,875,195	\$ 17,556	\$ -	\$ 19,892,751
Equipment	5,049,285	544,395	-	5,593,680
Infrastructure	277,137	-	-	277,137
Jointly owned assets	6,285,401	-	(173,418)	6,458,819
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 31,487,018	\$ 561,951	\$ (173,418)	\$ 32,222,387
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 4,643,379	\$ 502,570	\$ -	\$ 5,145,949
Equipment	3,628,588	406,087	-	4,034,675
Infrastructure	13,065	6,928	-	19,993
Jointly owned assets	3,820,401	173,231	(110,187)	4,103,819
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 12,105,433	\$ 1,088,816	\$ (110,187)	\$ 13,304,436
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 19,381,585	\$ (526,865)	\$ (63,231)	\$ 18,917,951
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,228,522	\$ 427,361	\$ (63,231)	\$ 20,719,114

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
As of June 30, 2015

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
<i>Component Unit-School Board:</i>				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 158,330	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 158,330
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 158,330	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 158,330
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Equipment	\$ 5,020,501	\$ 66,416	\$ -	\$ 5,086,917
Building improvement	184,686	-	-	184,686
Jointly owned assets	18,478,890	-	173,418	18,305,472
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 23,684,077	\$ 66,416	\$ 173,418	\$ 23,577,075
Accumulated depreciation:				
Equipment	\$ 3,256,021	\$ 252,906	\$ -	\$ 3,508,927
Building improvement	37,150	4,617	-	41,767
Jointly owned assets	11,231,864	509,295	110,187	11,630,972
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 14,525,035	\$ 766,818	\$ 110,187	\$ 15,181,666
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 9,159,042	\$ (700,402)	\$ 63,231	\$ 8,395,409
Component unit school board capital assets, net	\$ 9,317,372	\$ (700,402)	\$ 63,231	\$ 8,553,739

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 71,664
Judicial administration	330,796
Public safety	378,468
Public works	37,464
Health and welfare	26,154
Education	173,231
Parks, recreation and cultural	42,407
Community development	<u>28,632</u>
Total Governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,088,816</u>
Business-type activities	<u>\$ 209,174</u>
Component Unit School Board	<u>\$ 766,818</u>

Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the Code of Virginia, 1950, as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments “on-behalf” of school boards was reported in the school board’s discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a “tenancy in common” with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Surry, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2015, is that school financed assets in the amount of \$2,355,000 are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
As of June 30, 2015

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

A summary of proprietary fund property, plant, and equipment at June 30, 2015 follows:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
<i>Business-type activities:</i>				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 3,636	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,636
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 3,636	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,636
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Utility Plant in Service	\$ 7,898,176	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,898,176
Equipment	177,200	-	-	177,200
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 8,075,376	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,075,376
Accumulated depreciation:				
Utility Plant in Service	\$ 1,953,148	\$ 197,454	\$ -	\$ 2,150,602
Equipment	88,600	11,720	-	100,320
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,041,748	\$ 209,174	\$ -	\$ 2,250,922
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 6,033,628	\$ (209,174)	\$ -	\$ 5,824,454
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,037,264	\$ (209,174)	\$ -	\$ 5,828,090

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
As of June 30, 2015

Note 6—Interfund Transfers and Obligations:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 150,793
Water and Sewer Fund	<u>150,793</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 150,793</u>	<u>\$ 150,793</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorizations.

Details of the Primary Government's interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Interfund Receivables</u>	<u>Interfund Payables</u>
Primary Government:		
General Fund	\$ 1,151,061	\$ -
County Capital Projects Fund	<u>-</u>	<u>1,151,061</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,151,061</u>	<u>\$ 1,151,061</u>

Outstanding balances between the funds result mainly from time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occurs, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long Term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Primary Government:

	Restated Balance at July 1, 2014	Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Incurred by County:					
Compensated absences					
(payloadable by General Fund)	\$ 234,172	\$ 33,873	\$ 23,417	\$ 244,628	\$ 24,463
Bank loans	12,200,000	-	12,200,000	-	-
Lease revenue bonds	1,029,050	15,795,000	1,029,050	15,795,000	930,000
Bond premium	-	2,521,117	124,735	2,396,382	271,928
Net pension liability	2,297,856	1,474,304	2,665,849	1,106,311	-
Landfill postclosure care	1,975,280	-	1,093,405	881,875	-
Total incurred by County	<u>\$ 17,736,358</u>	<u>\$ 19,824,294</u>	<u>\$ 17,136,456</u>	<u>\$ 20,424,196</u>	<u>\$ 1,226,391</u>
Incurred by School Board:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 2,465,000	\$ -	\$ 110,000	\$ 2,355,000	\$ 115,000
Bond premium	52,261	-	3,484	48,777	3,484
Total incurred by School Board	<u>\$ 2,517,261</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 113,484</u>	<u>\$ 2,403,777</u>	<u>\$ 118,484</u>
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 20,253,619</u>	<u>\$ 19,824,294</u>	<u>\$ 17,249,940</u>	<u>\$ 22,827,973</u>	<u>\$ 1,344,875</u>
Business-type Activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 725,452	\$ -	\$ 62,839	\$ 662,613	\$ 64,871
Total Business-type Activities	<u>\$ 725,452</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 62,839</u>	<u>\$ 662,613</u>	<u>\$ 64,871</u>
Total Primary Government Obligations	<u>\$ 20,979,071</u>	<u>\$ 19,824,294</u>	<u>\$ 17,312,779</u>	<u>\$ 23,490,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,409,746</u>

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	County Obligations		School Obligations	
	Lease Revenue Bonds		General Obligation Bonds	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 930,000	\$ 727,763	\$ 115,000	\$ 119,572
2017	960,000	699,207	125,000	114,028
2018	995,000	659,235	130,000	107,525
2019	920,000	610,163	135,000	100,768
2020	845,000	564,935	145,000	93,446
2021	890,000	523,575	150,000	85,555
2022	930,000	480,037	160,000	77,262
2023	975,000	431,222	170,000	68,435
2024	1,030,000	379,844	180,000	59,072
2025	1,075,000	325,903	185,000	49,309
2026	1,140,000	269,144	200,000	39,010
2027	1,195,000	211,085	210,000	28,305
2028	1,250,000	152,057	220,000	17,340
2029	740,000	104,038	230,000	5,865
2030	285,000	81,322	-	-
2031	295,000	69,310	-	-
2032	310,000	54,682	-	-
2033	325,000	39,335	-	-
2034	345,000	23,166	-	-
2035	360,000	7,425	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 15,795,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,413,448</u>	<u>\$ 2,355,000</u>	<u>\$ 965,492</u>

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COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

Year Ending June 30,	Enterprise Fund Obligations	
	Revenue Bonds	
	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 64,871	\$ 24,344
2017	66,969	22,247
2018	69,136	20,080
2019	71,375	17,841
2020	73,689	15,527
2021	11,825	13,615
2022	12,353	13,087
2023	12,905	12,535
2024	13,481	11,959
2025	14,082	11,358
2026	14,711	10,729
2027	15,368	10,072
2028	16,054	9,386
2029	16,770	8,670
2030	17,519	7,921
2031	18,301	7,139
2032	19,118	6,322
2033	19,971	5,469
2034	20,863	4,577
2035	21,794	3,646
2036	22,767	2,673
2037	23,783	1,657
2038	24,908	595
Total	<u>\$ 662,613</u>	<u>\$ 241,449</u>

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Total Amount</u>
<u><i>Incurred by County:</i></u>	
<u>Lease Revenue Bond:</u>	
\$15,795,000 lease revenue bond issued November 18, 2014, payable in various annual installments through April 1, 2035, interest payable semi-annually at 3.028%-5.125%.	<u>\$ 15,795,000</u>
Bond issuance premium	<u>\$ 2,396,382</u>
Landfill postclosure care (Note 14)	<u>\$ 881,875</u>
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 1,106,311</u>
Compensated absences (payable by General Fund)	<u>\$ 244,628</u>
Total incurred by County	<u>\$ 20,424,196</u>
<u><i>Incurred by School Board:</i></u>	
<u>General Obligation Bonds:</u>	
\$2,950,000 School Bond issued December 11, 2008 payable in various annual installments through January 15, 2029, interest payable semi-annually ranging from 4.10% to 5.35%.	<u>\$ 2,355,000</u>
Total General Obligation Bonds	<u>\$ 2,355,000</u>
Bond issuance premium	<u>\$ 48,777</u>
Total incurred by School Board	<u>\$ 2,403,777</u>
Total Long-Term Obligations, Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 22,827,973</u>

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

	<u>Total Amount</u>
<u>Business-type Activities</u>	
<u>Enterprise Fund:</u>	
<u>Revenue Bonds:</u>	
\$937,575 Water System Revenue Bond issued through the Virginia Resources Authority, payable in semi-annual installments of \$31,888 (principal and interest) through June 1, 2020, interest payable semi-annually at 3.00%	\$ 294,075
\$470,000 Sewer System Revenue Bond issued through the U.S. Department of Agriculture, payable in monthly installments of \$2,158 (principal and interest) through March 1, 2038, interest payable at 4.500%	368,538
Total Revenue Bonds	<u>\$ 662,613</u>
Total Long-Term Obligations, Business-type Activities	<u>\$ 662,613</u>
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	<u><u>\$ 23,490,586</u></u>

Component Unit - School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Restated Balance at July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Component Unit-School Board:					
Compensated absences (payable by School Fund)	\$ 86,312	\$ 8,631	\$ 22,258	\$ 72,685	\$ 7,269
Net pension liability	16,670,625	1,452,004	4,153,378	13,969,251	-
Net OPEB Obligation (payable by School Fund)	85,653	49,128	34,800	99,981	-
Total Component Unit-School Board	<u>\$ 16,842,590</u>	<u>\$ 1,509,763</u>	<u>\$ 4,210,436</u>	<u>\$ 14,141,917</u>	<u>\$ 7,269</u>

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 8—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue totaling \$532,247 is comprised of the following:

Unavailable Property Tax Revenue - Property tax revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$511,638 at June 30, 2015.

Deferred Prepaid Property Taxes - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$20,609 at June 30, 2015.

Note 9—Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its discretely presented component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 10—Litigation:

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County that would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

Note 11—Risk Management:

The County, the Component Unit School Board, and the Component Unit IDA are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County and the School Board are members of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and School Board pay Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 11—Risk Management: (Continued)

The County and School Board also participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with Virginia Municipal League and public officials liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County and School Board pay an annual premium to the pools for general insurance through member premiums. The County and School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

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Note 12—Pension Plan:**Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members")</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p> <p>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p> <p>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. <p>*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.</p>	<p>Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.</p>	<p>*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.</p>
<p>Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p>	<p>Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>	<p>Vesting Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Vesting <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	<p>Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.)</u> Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. <p>Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.</p>
<p>Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.</p>
<p>Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.</p>
<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.</p> <p>For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p>Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement</p> <p>The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.</p> <p>For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement</p> <p>The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement</p> <p><u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 2.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. <p>The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. 	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.</p> <p>Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>
<p>Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p>

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Plan Description (Continued)**

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40	69
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	4	4
Non-vested inactive members	12	12
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	18	17
Total inactive members	34	33
Active members	88	53
Total covered employees	162	155

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 9.43% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$367,994 and \$382,061 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.55% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$120,832 and \$114,008 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
		*Expected arithmetic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$ 15,586,877	\$ 13,289,021	\$ 2,297,856
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 391,145	\$ -	\$ 391,145
Interest	1,071,965	-	1,071,965
Contributions - employer	-	382,061	(382,061)
Contributions - employee	-	181,266	(181,266)
Net investment income	-	2,102,412	(2,102,412)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(546,185)	(546,185)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(11,194)	11,194
Other changes	-	110	(110)
Net changes	\$ 916,925	\$ 2,108,470	\$ (1,191,545)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ 16,503,802	\$ 15,397,491	\$ 1,106,311

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
As of June 30, 2015

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)		
	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$ 5,741,852	\$ 4,568,227	\$ 1,173,625
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 103,206	\$ -	\$ 103,206
Interest	390,886	-	390,886
Contributions - employer	-	114,008	(114,008)
Contributions - employee	-	49,896	(49,896)
Net investment income	-	708,437	(708,437)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(315,519)	(315,519)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(3,912)	3,912
Other changes	-	37	(37)
Net changes	\$ 178,573	\$ 552,947	\$ (374,374)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ 5,920,425	\$ 5,121,174	\$ 799,251

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,212,869	\$ 1,106,311	\$ (654,513)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,491,075	\$ 799,251	\$ 218,798

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
As of June 30, 2015

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$128,091 and \$54,916 respectively. At June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ 937,575	\$ -	\$ 315,282
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	367,994	-	120,832	-
Total	<u>\$ 367,994</u>	<u>\$ 937,575</u>	<u>\$ 120,832</u>	<u>\$ 315,282</u>

\$367,994 and \$120,832 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2016	\$ (234,394)	\$ (78,821)
2017	(234,394)	(78,821)
2018	(234,394)	(78,821)
2019	(234,393)	(78,819)
Thereafter	-	-

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,109,822 and \$930,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$13,170,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was 0.10898% as compared to 0.11249% at June 30, 2013.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)
As of June 30, 2015

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$954,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ 1,955,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	396,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,109,822</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,109,822</u>	<u>\$ 2,351,000</u>

\$1,109,822 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	
2016	\$ (577,000)
2017	(577,000)
2018	(577,000)
2019	(577,000)
Thereafter	(43,000)

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)****Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
		*Expected arithmetic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)**Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)****Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	19,339,000 \$	13,170,000 \$	8,091,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 13—Surety Bonds:

	<u>Amount</u>
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:	
Commonwealth Funds	
Gail P. Clayton, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 380,000
Mary H. Shaw, Treasurer	300,000
Deborah J. Nee, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Alvin W. Clayton, Sheriff	30,000
The Continental Insurance Company-Surety:	
All Social Services Employees-blanket bond	100,000

Note 14—Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

The \$881,875 reported as landfill postclosure liability at June 30, 2015, represents the estimated liability for postclosure monitoring. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2015 over a remaining period of 21 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. As of June 30, 2015, 100% of the landfill's total capacity has been used to date. The landfill was closed and capped in 1998.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

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*Note 15—Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:***A. Plan Description**

The Surry County Public Schools allow retirees that retire with a combined age and years of service that total at least 85 to remain on the health insurance plan. Health benefits include medical, dental and vision. The retiree is responsible for 100% of the premium. Benefits are for the life of the retiree and spouse as long as its continuous coverage. The spouse can continue coverage after the death of the retiree.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board's retirees pay 100% of the premiums directly to Anthem BCBS. The Schools currently have no retirees on their plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*. The School Board have elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in accordance with GASB 45 parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the School Board. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	School Board
	<hr/>
Annual required contribution	\$ 49,300
Interest on net OPEB obligation	3,050
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(3,222)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ <hr/> 49,128
Contributions made	(34,800)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	<hr/> 14,328
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	85,653
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ <hr/> <hr/> 99,981

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 15—Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Obligation</u>
Schools:			
6/30/2015	\$ 49,128	70.84%	\$ 99,981
6/30/2014	49,146	84.04%	85,653
6/30/2013	30,587	82.11%	77,807

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$496,800, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$8,968,600, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 5.54 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Note 15—Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS pension valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.

Mortality-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the RP-2000 Combined Healthy mortality tables for males and females projected to 2010 using Scale AA.

Coverage elections-The actuary assumed that 30% of eligible retirees will elect coverage and that 30% of retirees who elect coverage will cover a spouse.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 4.0% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2013 was thirty years.

Trend Rates-The actuary used the medical trend rates consistent with information from the Getzen Trend Model. The trend rate for 2013 was 6.30% and the annual inflation rate was 3.50%.

Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015

Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

(i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the Code of Virginia. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 12.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$83,823, and \$88,264 and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 17—Restatement of Beginning Net Position

The following adjustments were made to beginning net position:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Component-Unit School Board</u>
Net position as previously reported	\$ 19,347,162	\$ 9,155,701
Implementation of GASB 68:		
Deferred outflows of resources	382,061	1,044,008
Net pension liability	<u>(2,297,856)</u>	<u>(16,670,625)</u>
Net position as restated	<u>\$ 17,431,367</u>	<u>\$ (6,470,916)</u>

Note 18— Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68*, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans*. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension*, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, as amended, and No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans*, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Note 18— Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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County of Surry, Virginia
General Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 20,298,503	\$ 20,298,503	\$ 21,119,861	\$ 821,358
Other local taxes	781,500	781,500	644,424	(137,076)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	41,500	41,500	59,555	18,055
Fines and forfeitures	50,000	50,000	30,963	(19,037)
Revenue from the use of money and property	88,926	88,926	89,248	322
Charges for services	115,774	139,956	137,504	(2,452)
Miscellaneous	13,550	28,050	55,082	27,032
Recovered costs	700	700	700	-
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	2,252,294	2,221,033	2,216,990	(4,043)
Federal	841,359	875,652	989,539	113,887
Total revenues	\$ 24,484,106	\$ 24,525,820	\$ 25,343,866	\$ 818,046
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	\$ 1,749,428	\$ 1,568,716	\$ 1,411,117	\$ 157,599
Judicial administration	444,905	445,189	436,324	8,865
Public safety	3,360,245	3,385,353	3,019,206	366,147
Public works	1,119,537	1,164,473	1,164,473	-
Health and welfare	2,690,434	2,675,940	2,417,346	258,594
Education	12,003,915	12,254,557	11,758,980	495,577
Parks, recreation, and cultural	587,610	688,660	688,660	-
Community development	539,905	555,361	518,254	37,107
Capital projects	-	12,500	12,500	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	950,953	13,826,993	13,339,050	487,943
Interest and other fiscal charges	652,174	652,174	1,190,219	(538,045)
Total expenditures	\$ 24,099,106	\$ 37,229,916	\$ 35,956,129	\$ 1,273,787
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 385,000	\$ (12,704,096)	\$ (10,612,263)	\$ 2,091,833
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	\$ (385,000)	\$ (422,586)	\$ (150,793)	\$ 271,793
Issuance of bonds	-	12,876,040	12,876,040	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (385,000)	\$ 12,453,454	\$ 12,725,247	\$ 271,793
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (250,642)	\$ 2,112,984	\$ 2,363,626
Fund balances - beginning	-	250,642	16,369,129	16,118,487
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,482,113	\$ 18,482,113

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Healthcare Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Payroll ((b-a)/c)
School Board:						
1/1/2009	\$ -	\$ 341,700	\$ 341,700	0.00%	\$ 8,304,100	4.11%
1/1/2011	-	280,700	280,700	0.00%	8,886,400	3.16%
1/1/2013	-	496,800	496,800	0.00%	8,968,600	5.54%

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Primary Government
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 391,145
Interest	1,071,965
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(546,185)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 916,925
Total pension liability - beginning	15,586,877
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 16,503,802
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 382,061
Contributions - employee	181,266
Net investment income	2,102,412
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(546,185)
Administrative expense	(11,194)
Other	110
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 2,108,470
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	13,289,021
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 15,397,491
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,106,311
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.30%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,694,732
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	29.94%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 103,206
Interest	390,886
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(315,519)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 178,573
Total pension liability - beginning	5,741,852
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 5,920,425
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 114,008
Contributions - employee	49,896
Net investment income	708,437
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(315,519)
Administrative expense	(3,912)
Other	37
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 552,947
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,568,227
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 5,121,174
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 799,251
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.50%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 995,270
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	80.30%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015*

	<u>2015</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.10898%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 13,170,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	7,653,944
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	172.07%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

County of Surry, Virginia
 Schedule of Employer Contributions
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
Primary Government					
2015	\$ 367,994	\$ 367,994	\$ -	\$ 3,902,373	9.43%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)					
2015	\$ 120,832	\$ 120,832	\$ -	\$ 962,804	12.55%
Component Unit School Board (professional)					
2015	\$ 1,109,822	\$ 1,109,822	\$ -	\$ 7,653,944	14.50%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Surry, Virginia
Notes to Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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**COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES**

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County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
County Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,746	\$ 4,746
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	700,000	700,000	100,000	(600,000)
Federal	400,000	400,000	20,805	(379,195)
Total revenues	<u>\$ 1,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 125,551</u>	<u>\$ (974,449)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Capital projects	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 2,233,037	\$ 4,016,963
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 6,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,233,037</u>	<u>\$ 4,016,963</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ (5,150,000)</u>	<u>\$ (5,150,000)</u>	<u>\$ (2,107,486)</u>	<u>\$ 3,042,514</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of bonds	\$ 4,250,000	\$ 4,250,000	\$ 5,440,077	\$ 1,190,077
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ 4,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,440,077</u>	<u>\$ 1,190,077</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ (900,000)	\$ (900,000)	\$ 3,332,591	\$ 4,232,591
Fund balances - beginning	900,000	900,000	11,019	(888,981)
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,343,610</u>	<u>\$ 3,343,610</u>

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ -
Charges for services	10,500	10,500	10,208	(292)
Miscellaneous	900	900	-	(900)
Total revenues	<u>\$ 11,455</u>	<u>\$ 11,455</u>	<u>\$ 10,263</u>	<u>\$ (1,192)</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 12,141	\$ 12,859
Community development	91,415	91,415	-	91,415
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 116,415</u>	<u>\$ 116,415</u>	<u>\$ 12,141</u>	<u>\$ 104,274</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>\$ (104,960)</u>	<u>\$ (104,960)</u>	<u>\$ (1,878)</u>	<u>\$ 103,082</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ -	\$ (80,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>\$ 80,000</u>	<u>\$ 80,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (80,000)</u>
Net change in fund balances	\$ (24,960)	\$ (24,960)	\$ (1,878)	\$ 23,082
Fund balances - beginning	24,960	24,960	308,018	283,058
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 306,140</u>	<u>\$ 306,140</u>

County of Surry, Virginia
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2015

	Agency Funds			
	<u>Special Welfare</u>	<u>Crater AAA</u>	<u>Emergency Food and Shelter</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,017	\$ 33,431	\$ 139	\$ 71,587
Total assets	<u>\$ 38,017</u>	<u>\$ 33,431</u>	<u>\$ 139</u>	<u>\$ 71,587</u>
LIABILITIES				
Amounts held for others	\$ -	\$ 33,431	\$ 139	\$ 33,570
Amounts held for social services clients	38,017	-	-	38,017
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 38,017</u>	<u>\$ 33,431</u>	<u>\$ 139</u>	<u>\$ 71,587</u>

County of Surry, Virginia

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>Balance Beginning of Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance End of Year</u>
Special Welfare Fund:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>38,272</u>	\$ <u>19</u>	\$ <u>274</u>	\$ <u>38,017</u>
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ <u>38,272</u>	\$ <u>19</u>	\$ <u>274</u>	\$ <u>38,017</u>
Crater AAA Fund:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>12,051</u>	\$ <u>39,272</u>	\$ <u>17,892</u>	\$ <u>33,431</u>
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	\$ <u>12,051</u>	\$ <u>39,272</u>	\$ <u>17,892</u>	\$ <u>33,431</u>
Emergency Food and Shelter Fund:				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>138</u>	\$ <u>1</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>139</u>
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	\$ <u>138</u>	\$ <u>1</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>139</u>
Totals -- All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>50,461</u>	\$ <u>39,292</u>	\$ <u>18,166</u>	\$ <u>71,587</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>50,461</u>	\$ <u>39,292</u>	\$ <u>18,166</u>	\$ <u>71,587</u>
Liabilities:				
Amounts held for others	\$ <u>12,189</u>	\$ <u>39,273</u>	\$ <u>17,892</u>	\$ <u>33,570</u>
Amounts held for social services clients	38,272	19	274	38,017
Total liabilities	\$ <u>50,461</u>	\$ <u>39,292</u>	\$ <u>18,166</u>	\$ <u>71,587</u>

*DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT
SCHOOL BOARD*

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County of Surry, Virginia
Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2015

	School Operating <u>Fund</u>	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,236,153	\$ -	\$ 1,236,153
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Accounts receivable	60,850	-	60,850
Due from other governmental units	499,709	14,984	514,693
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,796,712</u>	<u>\$ 14,984</u>	<u>\$ 1,811,696</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 97,025	\$ 6,267	\$ 103,292
Accrued liabilities	1,294,395	40,806	1,335,201
Reconciled overdraft payable	-	14,057	14,057
Due to other governmental units	405,292	-	405,292
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 1,796,712</u>	<u>\$ 61,130</u>	<u>\$ 1,857,842</u>
Fund balances:			
Committed:			
School Cafeteria Fund	\$ -	\$ (46,146)	\$ (46,146)
Total fund balances	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (46,146)</u>	<u>\$ (46,146)</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,796,712</u>	<u>\$ 14,984</u>	<u>\$ 1,811,696</u>

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balances per above \$ (46,146)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets cost	\$ 23,735,405	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(15,181,666)</u>	8,553,739

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Items related to measurement of net pension liability		(2,666,282)
---	--	-------------

Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		1,230,654
--	--	-----------

Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Compensated absences	\$ (72,685)	
Net pension liability	(13,969,251)	
Net OPEB obligation	<u>(99,981)</u>	(14,141,917)

Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ (7,069,952)</u>
---	--	-----------------------

County of Surry, Virginia
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	School Operating <u>Fund</u>	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES			
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 395	\$ -	\$ 395
Charges for services	-	149,781	149,781
Miscellaneous	86,350	-	86,350
Intergovernmental:			
Local government	11,757,565	-	11,757,565
Commonwealth	2,822,911	7,755	2,830,666
Federal	672,297	340,693	1,012,990
Total revenues	<u>\$ 15,339,518</u>	<u>\$ 498,229</u>	<u>\$ 15,837,747</u>
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Education	\$ 15,339,518	\$ 554,669	\$ 15,894,187
Total expenditures	<u>\$ 15,339,518</u>	<u>\$ 554,669</u>	<u>\$ 15,894,187</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ (56,440)	\$ (56,440)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ (56,440)	\$ (56,440)
Fund balances - beginning	-	10,294	10,294
Fund balances - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (46,146)</u>	<u>\$ (46,146)</u>

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above \$ (56,440)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded the capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital outlay	\$ 66,416	
Depreciation expense	(766,818)	
Activity related to joint tenancy assets of Component Unit and Primary Government	<u>(63,231)</u>	(763,633)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension liability (2,666,282)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(Increase) decrease in Net OPEB obligation	\$ (14,328)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	186,646	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	2,701,374	
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	<u>13,627</u>	2,887,319

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (599,036)

County of Surry, Virginia
 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
 Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	School Operating Fund			School Cafeteria Fund		
	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual
REVENUES						
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 395	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	275,000	275,000	149,781
Miscellaneous	100,000	100,000	86,350	-	-	-
Intergovernmental:						
Local government	11,962,465	12,213,107	11,757,565	37,535	37,535	-
Commonwealth	2,729,668	2,759,668	2,822,911	8,119	8,119	7,755
Federal	538,711	710,635	672,297	275,000	297,886	340,693
Total revenues	\$ 15,330,844	\$ 15,783,410	\$ 15,339,518	\$ 595,654	\$ 618,540	\$ 498,229
						\$ (120,311)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$ 15,330,844	\$ 15,783,410	\$ 15,339,518	\$ 443,892	\$ 618,540	\$ 554,669
Total expenditures	\$ 15,330,844	\$ 15,783,410	\$ 15,339,518	\$ 443,892	\$ 618,540	\$ 554,669
						\$ 63,871
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (56,440)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (56,440)
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	-	-	-	10,294
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (46,146)

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*DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY*

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County of Surry, Virginia

Statement of Net Position

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

June 30, 2015

ASSETS

Current assets:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	<u>100,846</u>
Total current assets	\$	<u>100,846</u>
Total assets	\$	<u>100,846</u>

NET POSITION

Unrestricted	\$	<u>100,846</u>
Total net position	\$	<u><u>100,846</u></u>

County of Surry, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

Interest income	\$	<u>50</u>
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	<u>50</u>
Change in net position	\$	50
Total net position - beginning		100,796
Total net position - ending	\$	<u><u>100,846</u></u>

County of Surry, Virginia

Statement of Cash Flows
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Interest income	\$	<u>50</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	<u>50</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	50
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		<u>100,796</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	<u><u>100,846</u></u>

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SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

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County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Schedule 1
Page 1 of 6

<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 6,211,535	\$ 6,211,535	\$ 6,483,723	\$ 272,188
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	12,608,245	12,608,245	13,192,605	584,360
Personal property taxes	1,283,723	1,283,723	1,280,544	(3,179)
Penalties	65,000	65,000	51,138	(13,862)
Interest	130,000	130,000	111,851	(18,149)
Total general property taxes	\$ 20,298,503	\$ 20,298,503	\$ 21,119,861	\$ 821,358
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 362,117	\$ (137,883)
Consumption tax	19,000	19,000	20,195	1,195
Business license taxes	81,000	81,000	87,047	6,047
Motor vehicle licenses	131,500	131,500	132,674	1,174
Taxes on recordation and wills	50,000	50,000	42,391	(7,609)
Total other local taxes	\$ 781,500	\$ 781,500	\$ 644,424	\$ (137,076)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,235	\$ 35
Building permits	26,800	26,800	45,882	19,082
Permits and other licenses	10,500	10,500	9,438	(1,062)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$ 41,500	\$ 41,500	\$ 59,555	\$ 18,055
Fines and forfeitures:				
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 30,963	\$ (19,037)
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	\$ 20,050	\$ 20,050	\$ 21,002	\$ 952
Revenue from use of property	68,876	68,876	68,246	(630)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 88,926	\$ 88,926	\$ 89,248	\$ 322
Charges for services:				
Sheriff fees	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 325	\$ 25
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney	1,000	1,000	1,846	846
Charges for Treasurer	300	300	295	(5)
Courthouse maintenance fees	3,200	3,200	2,495	(705)
Charges for other court services	32,974	32,974	34,325	1,351
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	50,000	50,000	45,556	(4,444)
Charges for farmers market vendor fees	-	-	480	480
Charges for parks and recreation	28,000	52,182	52,182	-
Total charges for services	\$ 115,774	\$ 139,956	\$ 137,504	\$ (2,452)
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 13,550	\$ 28,050	\$ 55,082	\$ 27,032

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
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For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)				
Recovered costs:				
Care of animals	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 160	\$ 60
Court ordered restitution	600	600	540	(60)
Total recovered costs	<u>\$ 700</u>	<u>\$ 700</u>	<u>\$ 700</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
 Total revenue from local sources	 <u>\$ 21,390,453</u>	 <u>\$ 21,429,135</u>	 <u>\$ 22,137,337</u>	 <u>\$ 708,202</u>
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Rolling stock tax	\$ 20	\$ 20	\$ 25	\$ 5
Mobile home titling tax	9,000	9,000	11,798	2,798
Taxes on deeds	13,000	13,000	14,744	1,744
Communications tax	47,000	47,000	51,240	4,240
State recordation tax	17,800	17,800	15,399	(2,401)
Personal property tax relief funds	677,907	677,907	677,907	-
Total noncategorical aid	<u>\$ 764,727</u>	<u>\$ 764,727</u>	<u>\$ 771,113</u>	<u>\$ 6,386</u>
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 70,720	\$ 70,720	\$ 71,671	\$ 951
Sheriff	450,497	450,497	450,622	125
Commissioner of revenue	64,109	64,109	65,289	1,180
Treasurer	67,226	67,226	68,384	1,158
Registrar/electoral board	25,000	25,000	27,700	2,700
Clerk of the circuit court	141,216	141,216	161,961	20,745
Total shared expenses	<u>\$ 818,768</u>	<u>\$ 818,768</u>	<u>\$ 845,627</u>	<u>\$ 26,859</u>
Other categorical aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 384,446	\$ 384,446	\$ 297,680	\$ (86,766)
Fire programs fund	17,500	17,500	20,000	2,500
Comprehensive services act	107,630	75,012	61,483	(13,529)
Wireless funds	105,000	105,000	109,224	4,224
Emergency medical services	8,000	8,000	7,814	(186)
Victim-witness grant	16,085	16,085	20,727	4,642
Animal friendly plates	138	138	199	61
Radio emergency preparedness grant	25,000	25,000	30,000	5,000

County of Surry, Virginia
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<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)				
Categorical aid: (Continued)				
Other categorical aid: (Continued)				
Tourism grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,766	\$ 46,766
Litter control	5,000	6,357	6,357	-
Total other categorical aid	\$ 668,799	\$ 637,538	\$ 600,250	\$ (37,288)
Total categorical aid	\$ 1,487,567	\$ 1,456,306	\$ 1,445,877	\$ (10,429)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 2,252,294	\$ 2,221,033	\$ 2,216,990	\$ (4,043)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 306	\$ 6
Categorical aid:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 750,667	\$ 750,667	\$ 868,804	\$ 118,137
ISTEA grant	-	22,034	22,034	-
Disaster recovery	-	-	4,662	4,662
Edward Byrne JAG grant	-	-	2,602	2,602
Workforce development	86,892	85,000	82,601	(2,399)
BMP historical database	-	13,564	3,950	(9,614)
Summer feeding program	3,500	4,087	4,580	493
Total categorical aid	\$ 841,059	\$ 875,352	\$ 989,233	\$ 113,881
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 841,359	\$ 875,652	\$ 989,539	\$ 113,887
Total General Fund	\$ 24,484,106	\$ 24,525,820	\$ 25,343,866	\$ 818,046
Special Revenue Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ -
Charges for services:				
Administrative fees	\$ 10,500	\$ 10,500	\$ 10,208	\$ (292)

County of Surry, Virginia
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<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)				
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)				
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 900	\$ 900	\$ -	\$ (900)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 11,455	\$ 11,455	\$ 10,263	\$ (1,192)
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$ 11,455	\$ 11,455	\$ 10,263	\$ (1,192)
County Capital Projects Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,746	\$ 4,746
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,746	\$ 4,746
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
CDBG broadband funds	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ -	\$ (700,000)
VDGIF grant	-	-	100,000	100,000
Total categorical aid	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 100,000	\$ (600,000)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 100,000	\$ (600,000)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Community development block grant	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 20,805	\$ (379,195)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 20,805	\$ (379,195)
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 125,551	\$ (974,449)
Total Primary Government	\$ 25,595,561	\$ 25,637,275	\$ 25,479,680	\$ (157,595)

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
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<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property:				
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 395	\$ 395
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 395	\$ 395
Miscellaneous revenue:				
Miscellaneous	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 86,350	\$ (13,650)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 86,745	\$ (13,255)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenues from local governments:				
Contribution from County of Surry	\$ 11,962,465	\$ 12,213,107	\$ 11,757,565	\$ (455,542)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Share of state sales tax	\$ 998,437	\$ 998,437	\$ 1,006,473	\$ 8,036
Basic school aid	888,509	888,509	827,761	(60,748)
Remedial summer education	8,211	8,211	8,114	(97)
GED funding	7,859	7,859	7,859	-
Gifted and talented	8,178	8,178	7,730	(448)
Adult education	2,280	2,280	-	(2,280)
Special education	163,038	163,038	154,112	(8,926)
Textbook payment	16,742	16,742	15,826	(916)
Remedial education	37,236	37,236	35,197	(2,039)
Vocational education	79,804	79,804	75,596	(4,208)
Early reading intervention	3,805	3,805	3,805	-
School fringes	188,964	188,964	177,303	(11,661)
Technology	128,000	128,000	256,000	128,000
Mentor teacher program	736	736	452	(284)
At risk payments	44,785	44,785	42,301	(2,484)
Primary class size	45,495	45,495	40,391	(5,104)
SQL algebra readiness	5,201	5,201	4,566	(635)
At risk four-year olds	102,000	102,000	108,000	6,000
Special foster care	-	-	20,337	20,337
Other state funds	388	30,388	31,088	700
Total categorical aid	\$ 2,729,668	\$ 2,759,668	\$ 2,822,911	\$ 63,243
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 2,729,668	\$ 2,759,668	\$ 2,822,911	\$ 63,243

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual
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<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)				
School Operating Fund: (Continued)				
Intergovernmental: (Continued)				
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Title I	\$ 179,500	\$ 179,500	\$ 176,087	\$ (3,413)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	222,290	222,290	230,656	8,366
Vocational education	17,835	17,835	18,706	871
Title VI-B, special education pre-school	4,086	4,086	4,555	469
JROTC	62,000	62,000	80,926	18,926
Twenty-first Century Grant	-	160,924	110,885	(50,039)
Title II, Part A	53,000	53,000	50,482	(2,518)
Other federal funds	-	11,000	-	\$ (11,000)
Total categorical aid	\$ 538,711	\$ 710,635	\$ 672,297	\$ (38,338)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 538,711	\$ 710,635	\$ 672,297	\$ (38,338)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 15,330,844	\$ 15,783,410	\$ 15,339,518	\$ (443,892)
Special Revenue Fund:				
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Charges for services:				
Cafeteria sales	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 149,781	\$ (125,219)
Total charges for services	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 149,781	\$ (125,219)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 149,781	\$ (125,219)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenues from local governments:				
Contribution from County of Surry, Virginia	\$ 37,535	\$ 37,535	\$ -	\$ (37,535)
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 37,535	\$ 37,535	\$ -	\$ (37,535)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
School food program	\$ 8,119	\$ 8,119	\$ 7,755	\$ (364)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
School food program	\$ 275,000	\$ 275,000	\$ 309,269	\$ 34,269
Summer feeding	-	-	7,223	7,223
Commodities	-	22,886	24,201	1,315
Total categorical aid	\$ 275,000	\$ 297,886	\$ 340,693	\$ 42,807
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 275,000	\$ 297,886	\$ 340,693	\$ 42,807
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 595,654	\$ 618,540	\$ 498,229	\$ (120,311)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 15,926,498	\$ 16,401,950	\$ 15,837,747	\$ (564,203)

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
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<u>Fund, Function, Activity and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund:				
General government administration:				
Legislative:				
Board of supervisors	\$ 300,053	\$ 165,557	\$ 78,472	\$ 87,085
General and financial administration:				
County administrator	\$ 427,356	\$ 370,365	\$ 332,708	\$ 37,657
Legal services	83,000	83,000	82,890	110
Commissioner of revenue	192,022	192,022	189,528	2,494
Treasurer	273,153	273,153	271,883	1,270
Finance department	179,216	179,216	172,476	6,740
Information technology	144,450	155,225	155,225	-
Other general and financial administration	43,000	43,000	35,900	7,100
Total general and financial administration	\$ 1,342,197	\$ 1,295,981	\$ 1,240,610	\$ 55,371
Board of elections:				
Electoral board and officials	\$ 107,178	\$ 107,178	\$ 92,035	\$ 15,143
Total general government administration	\$ 1,749,428	\$ 1,568,716	\$ 1,411,117	\$ 157,599
Judicial administration:				
Courts:				
Circuit court	\$ 11,606	\$ 11,606	\$ 9,860	\$ 1,746
General district court	14,192	14,476	14,476	-
Special magistrates	725	725	443	282
Southside legal aid	7,261	7,261	7,261	-
Victim Witness	28,187	28,187	24,857	3,330
Clerk of the circuit court	249,277	249,277	248,180	1,097
Total courts	\$ 311,248	\$ 311,532	\$ 305,077	\$ 6,455
Commonwealth's attorney:				
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 133,657	\$ 133,657	\$ 131,247	\$ 2,410
Total judicial administration	\$ 444,905	\$ 445,189	\$ 436,324	\$ 8,865
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Sheriff	\$ 1,583,169	\$ 1,597,669	\$ 1,526,655	\$ 71,014
Virginia juvenile crime control act	28,607	28,607	26,256	2,351
Riverside Criminal justice	14,585	14,585	14,585	-
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 1,626,361	\$ 1,640,861	\$ 1,567,496	\$ 73,365
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire department/rescue services	\$ 611,824	\$ 611,824	\$ 607,623	\$ 4,201
Correction and detention:				
Confinement and care of prisoners	\$ 304,063	\$ 304,063	\$ 261,797	\$ 42,266

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
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For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Schedule 2
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<u>Fund, Function, Activity and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Public safety: (Continued)				
Inspections:				
Building	\$ 185,691	\$ 185,691	\$ 115,842	\$ 69,849
Other protection:				
Animal control	\$ 193,317	\$ 193,317	\$ 175,741	\$ 17,576
Emergency services	392,333	392,333	233,443	158,890
E-911 communications	46,656	57,264	57,264	-
Total other protection	\$ 632,306	\$ 642,914	\$ 466,448	\$ 176,466
Total public safety	\$ 3,360,245	\$ 3,385,353	\$ 3,019,206	\$ 366,147
Public works:				
Sanitation and waste removal:				
Sanitation	\$ 531,690	\$ 552,750	\$ 552,750	\$ -
Litter control	5,612	6,357	6,357	-
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$ 537,302	\$ 559,107	\$ 559,107	\$ -
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:				
General properties	\$ 582,235	\$ 605,366	\$ 605,366	\$ -
Total public works	\$ 1,119,537	\$ 1,164,473	\$ 1,164,473	\$ -
Health and welfare:				
Health:				
Supplement of local health department	\$ 209,664	\$ 209,664	\$ 209,664	\$ -
Mental health and mental retardation:				
Community services board	\$ 59,236	\$ 59,236	\$ 59,236	\$ -
Welfare:				
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 1,889,069	\$ 1,889,069	\$ 1,655,031	\$ 234,038
Area agency on aging	3,799	3,799	1,033	2,766
SGE adult activity services	640	640	-	640
Comprehensive services act	187,630	167,528	153,999	13,529
SSG improvement association	29,604	29,604	29,604	-
Workforce development	86,892	92,500	88,376	4,124
Office on youth	184,721	184,721	184,346	375
Geneive shelter	3,600	3,600	3,600	-
Surry free clinic	7,500	7,500	7,500	-
Other welfare contributions	28,079	28,079	24,957	3,122
Total welfare	\$ 2,421,534	\$ 2,407,040	\$ 2,148,446	\$ 258,594
Total health and welfare	\$ 2,690,434	\$ 2,675,940	\$ 2,417,346	\$ 258,594

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
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<u>Fund, Function, Activity and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)				
Education:				
Other instructional costs:				
Contributions to Community Colleges	\$ 3,915	\$ 3,915	\$ 1,415	\$ 2,500
Contribution to County School Board	12,000,000	12,250,642	11,757,565	493,077
Total education	\$ 12,003,915	\$ 12,254,557	\$ 11,758,980	\$ 495,577
Parks, recreation, and cultural:				
Parks and recreation:				
Recreation center	\$ 408,245	\$ 486,865	\$ 486,865	\$ -
Williamsburg area transit	36,750	36,750	36,750	-
Historic landmarks	-	22,034	22,034	-
Total parks and recreation	\$ 444,995	\$ 545,649	\$ 545,649	\$ -
Library:				
Contribution to regional library	\$ 142,615	\$ 143,011	\$ 143,011	\$ -
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$ 587,610	\$ 688,660	\$ 688,660	\$ -
Community development:				
Planning and community development:				
Planning and zoning	\$ 363,622	\$ 365,514	\$ 346,017	\$ 19,497
Zoning board	3,000	3,000	2,584	416
Highway transportation safety commission	1,000	1,000	927	73
Planning district commission	10,750	10,750	3,785	6,965
Economic development	60,029	73,593	73,593	-
Habitat for humanity	5,500	5,500	5,500	-
Other planning and community development	6,750	6,750	2,600	4,150
Total planning and community development	\$ 450,651	\$ 466,107	\$ 435,006	\$ 31,101
Environmental management:				
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ -
Cooperative extension program:				
Extension office	\$ 79,254	\$ 79,254	\$ 73,248	\$ 6,006
Total community development	\$ 539,905	\$ 555,361	\$ 518,254	\$ 37,107
Capital projects:				
Subdivision ordinance amendments	\$ -	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,500	\$ -
Total capital projects	\$ -	\$ 12,500	\$ 12,500	\$ -
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	\$ 950,953	\$ 13,826,993	\$ 13,339,050	\$ 487,943
Interest and other fiscal charges	652,174	652,174	1,190,219	(538,045)
Total debt service	\$ 1,603,127	\$ 14,479,167	\$ 14,529,269	\$ (50,102)
Total General Fund	\$ 24,099,106	\$ 37,229,916	\$ 35,956,129	\$ 1,273,787

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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<u>Fund, Function, Activity and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Fund:				
Public Safety:				
Other Protection:				
DEA task force	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 12,141	\$ 12,859
Total public safety	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 12,141	\$ 12,859
Community development				
Indoor plumbing program	\$ 11,415	\$ 11,415	\$ -	\$ 11,415
Economic development	80,000	80,000	-	80,000
Total community development	\$ 91,415	\$ 91,415	\$ -	\$ 91,415
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$ 116,415	\$ 116,415	\$ 12,141	\$ 104,274
County Capital Projects Fund:				
Capital projects:				
Broadband technology initiative	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 34,767	\$ 465,233
Health department parking lot	-	-	31,030	(31,030)
Lebanon road project	-	-	17,296	(17,296)
Library expansion	-	-	75,853	(75,853)
Facility stabilization	75,000	75,000	-	75,000
Restroom upgrades	-	-	32,531	(32,531)
VDOT revenue sharing	-	-	250,000	(250,000)
Marina project	1,000,000	1,000,000	764,970	235,030
Water upgrades	1,500,000	1,500,000	3,103	1,496,897
Sewer expansion	750,000	750,000	3,891	746,109
County capital projects	1,925,000	1,925,000	739,118	1,185,882
School capital projects	500,000	500,000	280,478	219,522
Total capital projects	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 2,233,037	\$ 4,016,963
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 6,250,000	\$ 2,233,037	\$ 4,016,963
Total Primary Government	\$ 30,465,521	\$ 43,596,331	\$ 38,201,307	\$ 5,395,024

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
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<u>Fund, Function, Activity and Element</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:				
School Operating Fund:				
Education:				
Operating Costs:				
Administration, health, and attendance	\$ 878,085	\$ 883,085	\$ 867,149	\$ 15,936
Instruction costs	10,883,640	10,800,564	10,695,185	105,379
Districtwide technology	657,087	687,087	680,490	6,597
Pupil transportation	1,056,177	1,106,819	991,023	115,796
Operation and maintenance of school plant	1,855,855	2,305,855	2,105,671	200,184
Total operating costs	<u>\$ 15,330,844</u>	<u>\$ 15,783,410</u>	<u>\$ 15,339,518</u>	<u>\$ 443,892</u>
Total education	<u>\$ 15,330,844</u>	<u>\$ 15,783,410</u>	<u>\$ 15,339,518</u>	<u>\$ 443,892</u>
Total School Operating Fund	<u>\$ 15,330,844</u>	<u>\$ 15,783,410</u>	<u>\$ 15,339,518</u>	<u>\$ 443,892</u>
Special Revenue Fund:				
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Education:				
School food services:				
School food services	\$ 595,654	\$ 595,654	\$ 530,468	\$ 65,186
Commodities	-	22,886	24,201	(1,315)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	<u>\$ 595,654</u>	<u>\$ 618,540</u>	<u>\$ 554,669</u>	<u>\$ 63,871</u>
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	<u>\$ 15,926,498</u>	<u>\$ 16,401,950</u>	<u>\$ 15,894,187</u>	<u>\$ 507,763</u>

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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Statistical Section

Contents

Tables

Financial Trends

These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

1 - 4

Revenue Capacity

These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.

5-8

Debt Capacity

These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.

9-10

Demographic and Economic Information

These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.

11-12

Operating Information

These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relate to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

13-15

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,421,199	\$ 6,659,548	\$ 5,262,920	\$ 1,240,925
Unrestricted	8,454,431	7,804,588	7,395,194	10,625,829
Total governmental activities net position	<u>\$ 14,875,630</u>	<u>\$ 14,464,136</u>	<u>\$ 12,658,114</u>	<u>\$ 11,866,754</u>
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,198,566	\$ 5,959,957	\$ 6,069,662	\$ 5,967,613
Unrestricted	(8,899)	(8,702)	(2,014)	25,604
Total business-type activities net position	<u>\$ 3,189,667</u>	<u>\$ 5,951,255</u>	<u>\$ 6,067,648</u>	<u>\$ 5,993,217</u>
Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,619,765	\$ 12,619,505	\$ 11,332,582	\$ 7,208,538
Restricted	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	8,445,532	7,795,886	7,393,180	10,651,433
Total Primary government net position	<u>\$ 18,065,297</u>	<u>\$ 20,415,391</u>	<u>\$ 18,725,762</u>	<u>\$ 17,859,971</u>

Table 1

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ 2,320,769	\$ 2,422,090	\$ 2,631,382	\$ 3,321,023	\$ 4,482,211	\$ 4,678,557
9,117,385	9,928,451	11,782,612	13,441,797	14,864,951	15,045,158
\$ 11,438,154	\$ 12,350,541	\$ 14,413,994	\$ 16,762,820	\$ 19,347,162	\$ 19,723,715
\$ 5,867,567	\$ 5,762,362	\$ 5,610,317	\$ 5,460,113	\$ 5,311,812	\$ 5,165,477
(41,263)	(20,563)	(18,810)	(15,684)	(31,037)	(26,024)
\$ 5,826,304	\$ 5,741,799	\$ 5,591,507	\$ 5,444,429	\$ 5,280,775	\$ 5,139,453
\$ 8,188,336	\$ 8,184,452	\$ 8,241,699	\$ 8,781,136	\$ 9,794,023	\$ 9,844,034
-	-	-	-	-	-
9,076,122	9,907,888	11,763,802	13,426,113	14,833,914	15,019,134
\$ 17,264,458	\$ 18,092,340	\$ 20,005,501	\$ 22,207,249	\$ 24,627,937	\$ 24,863,168

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Expenses				
Governmental activities				
General government administration	\$ 1,278,906	\$ 1,298,600	\$ 1,375,071	\$ 1,864,806
Judicial administration	337,970	357,205	806,049	358,576
Public safety	1,948,872	2,001,162	2,469,893	2,907,399
Public works	1,889,656	1,135,848	2,101,649	1,237,489
Health and welfare	2,185,792	3,378,174	2,263,034	2,368,475
Community development	387,025	496,724	494,492	923,784
Parks, Recreation and cultural	481,350	589,996	507,811	567,971
Education	11,065,790	10,405,848	12,736,313	11,734,160
Interest and other financial charges	133,447	475,740	690,748	836,260
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 19,708,808</u>	<u>\$ 20,139,297</u>	<u>\$ 23,445,060</u>	<u>\$ 22,798,920</u>
Business-type activities				
Water and Sewer	\$ 202,840	\$ 248,942	\$ 383,052	\$ 383,367
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 202,840</u>	<u>\$ 248,942</u>	<u>\$ 383,052</u>	<u>\$ 383,367</u>
Total primary government expenses	<u>\$ 19,911,648</u>	<u>\$ 20,388,239</u>	<u>\$ 23,828,112</u>	<u>\$ 23,182,287</u>
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services:				
General government administration	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial administration	37,681	44,224	42,476	56,959
Public safety	40,284	2,907	61,746	48,335
Public works	14,126	81,878	31,777	21,849
Parks, recreation and cultural	19,033	21,933	22,318	20,621
Community development	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	2,826,121	2,177,196	2,281,233	2,545,547
Capital Grants and contributions	29,000	28,215	424,813	76,580
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 2,966,245</u>	<u>\$ 2,356,353</u>	<u>\$ 2,864,363</u>	<u>\$ 2,769,891</u>
Business-type activities				
Charges for services:				
Water and Sewer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,185
Operating grants and contributions	119,992	951,697	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	2,887,434	269,529
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 119,992</u>	<u>\$ 951,697</u>	<u>\$ 2,887,434</u>	<u>\$ 306,714</u>
Total primary government revenues	<u>\$ 3,086,237</u>	<u>\$ 3,308,050</u>	<u>\$ 5,751,797</u>	<u>\$ 3,076,605</u>

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ 1,556,300	\$ 1,381,514	\$ 1,375,325	\$ 1,647,559	\$ 1,584,521	\$ 1,991,967
744,437	742,347	734,692	746,655	766,927	748,445
2,761,300	2,732,338	3,022,043	3,316,803	3,193,870	3,328,127
1,025,861	995,742	1,059,277	1,061,654	1,153,265	87,783
2,189,821	2,440,233	2,269,681	2,451,304	2,457,024	2,441,740
747,514	484,311	570,296	479,927	491,679	533,375
554,813	571,977	515,549	562,994	899,221	576,999
11,932,831	11,787,315	11,570,030	11,967,342	11,525,579	12,149,458
833,989	798,490	748,812	709,606	674,932	1,024,436
\$ 22,346,866	\$ 21,934,267	\$ 21,865,705	\$ 22,943,844	\$ 22,747,018	\$ 22,882,330
\$ 404,703	\$ 422,687	\$ 451,572	\$ 405,141	\$ 498,727	\$ 489,378
\$ 404,703	\$ 422,687	\$ 451,572	\$ 405,141	\$ 498,727	\$ 489,378
\$ 22,751,569	\$ 22,356,954	\$ 22,317,277	\$ 23,348,985	\$ 23,245,745	\$ 23,371,708
\$ -	\$ 8,025	\$ 12,414	\$ 1,784	\$ 1,117	\$ 295
50,736	40,941	41,784	91,304	90,461	69,629
41,406	36,976	50,841	42,316	48,333	59,880
29,794	49,054	49,139	49,609	51,934	45,556
30,439	38,400	29,469	28,788	38,969	52,662
-	-	-	10,737	13,639	10,208
2,315,618	2,204,458	2,231,420	2,199,793	2,410,697	2,535,110
612,584	186,400	70,447	672,973	59,671	20,805
\$ 3,080,577	\$ 2,564,254	\$ 2,485,514	\$ 3,097,304	\$ 2,714,821	\$ 2,794,145
\$ 41,575	\$ 45,582	\$ 60,662	\$ 60,427	\$ 50,812	\$ 197,263
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	57,208	-	-	-	-
\$ 41,575	\$ 102,790	\$ 60,662	\$ 60,427	\$ 50,812	\$ 197,263
\$ 3,122,152	\$ 2,667,044	\$ 2,546,176	\$ 3,157,731	\$ 2,765,633	\$ 2,991,408

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Changes in Net Position
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Governmental activities	\$ (16,742,563)	\$ (17,782,944)	\$ (20,580,697)	\$ (20,029,029)
Business-type activities	748,857	2,638,492	(76,338)	(341,792)
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$ (15,993,706)</u>	<u>\$ (15,144,452)</u>	<u>\$ (20,657,035)</u>	<u>\$ (20,370,821)</u>

General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities:

Taxes

Property taxes	\$ 15,516,251	\$ 15,120,129	\$ 17,644,857	\$ 17,728,739
Other local taxes	597,105	587,852	664,638	754,536
Investment earnings	512,313	955,234	872,613	299,565
Miscellaneous	109,057	66,404	581	24,255
Non-categorical aid from the Commonwealth	914,354	762,952	730,465	697,935
Transfers	(155,308)	(121,121)	(192,731)	(267,361)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 17,493,772</u>	<u>\$ 17,371,450</u>	<u>\$ 19,720,423</u>	<u>\$ 19,237,669</u>

Business-type activities

Miscellaneous	\$ 1,637	\$ 1,975	\$ -	\$ -
Transfers	155,308	121,121	192,731	267,361
Total business-type activities	<u>\$ 156,945</u>	<u>\$ 123,096</u>	<u>\$ 192,731</u>	<u>\$ 267,361</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 17,650,717</u>	<u>\$ 17,494,546</u>	<u>\$ 19,913,154</u>	<u>\$ 19,505,030</u>

Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities	\$ 751,209	\$ (411,494)	\$ (860,274)	\$ (791,360)
Business-type activities	905,802	2,761,588	116,393	(74,431)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1,657,011</u>	<u>\$ 2,350,094</u>	<u>\$ (743,881)</u>	<u>\$ (865,791)</u>

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ (19,266,289)	\$ (19,370,013)	\$ (19,380,191)	\$ (19,846,540)	\$ (20,032,197)	\$ (20,088,185)
(301,913)	(362,025)	(391,145)	(354,329)	(429,307)	(292,115)
\$ (19,568,202)	\$ (19,732,038)	\$ (19,771,336)	\$ (20,200,869)	\$ (20,461,504)	\$ (20,380,300)

\$ 17,428,339	\$ 18,997,082	\$ 19,924,721	\$ 20,724,814	\$ 21,177,468	\$ 20,966,352
643,424	692,822	878,104	742,671	755,736	644,424
139,858	88,504	91,269	98,183	90,225	94,049
52,754	45,913	19,075	32,331	92,072	55,082
708,314	735,599	771,328	778,690	766,691	771,419
(135,000)	(277,520)	(240,853)	(207,251)	(265,653)	(150,793)
\$ 18,837,689	\$ 20,282,400	\$ 21,443,644	\$ 22,169,438	\$ 22,616,539	\$ 22,380,533

\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
135,000	277,520	240,853	207,251	265,653	150,793
\$ 135,000	\$ 277,520	\$ 240,853	\$ 207,251	\$ 265,653	\$ 150,793
\$ 18,972,689	\$ 20,559,920	\$ 21,684,497	\$ 22,376,689	\$ 22,882,192	\$ 22,531,326

\$ (428,600)	\$ 912,387	\$ 2,063,453	\$ 2,322,898	\$ 2,584,342	\$ 2,292,348
(166,913)	(84,505)	(150,292)	(147,078)	(163,654)	(141,322)
\$ (595,513)	\$ 827,882	\$ 1,913,161	\$ 2,175,820	\$ 2,420,688	\$ 2,151,026

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
General fund				
Reserved	\$ -	\$ 12,101,167	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	8,921,596	9,285,703	10,170,215	9,744,681
Committed	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	-
Total general fund	<u>\$ 8,921,596</u>	<u>\$ 21,386,870</u>	<u>\$ 10,170,215</u>	<u>\$ 9,744,681</u>
All other governmental funds				
Unreserved, reported in:				
Special revenue funds	\$ 607,670	\$ 643,935	\$ 618,145	\$ 617,270
Capital projects funds	-	-	3,424,693	4,140,348
Committed	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 607,670</u>	<u>\$ 643,935</u>	<u>\$ 4,042,838</u>	<u>\$ 4,757,618</u>

Note:

(1) In FY2011 the County implemented GASB 54 and therefore fund balances classifications have been changed accordingly.

Table 3

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
8,353,210	-	-	-	-	-
-	6,835,193	5,788,537	5,536,834	5,690,518	5,889,072
-	2,428,955	5,591,064	8,093,311	10,678,611	12,593,041
\$ 8,353,210	\$ 9,264,148	\$ 11,379,601	\$ 13,630,145	\$ 16,369,129	\$ 18,482,113
\$ 628,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
1,879,841	-	-	-	-	-
-	2,231,830	1,979,195	1,638,403	299,867	3,620,347
-	-	-	3,973	19,170	29,403
\$ 2,508,341	\$ 2,190,895	\$ 1,951,481	\$ 1,642,376	\$ 319,037	\$ 3,649,750

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2006	2007	2008	2009
Revenues				
General property taxes	\$ 15,832,563	\$ 15,139,181	\$ 17,442,571	\$ 17,637,845
Other local taxes	597,105	587,852	664,638	754,536
Permits, privilege fees and licenses	39,985	69,502	61,447	48,036
Fines and Forfeitures	26,313	27,554	15,245	24,902
Revenue from use of money & property	512,313	955,234	872,613	299,565
Charges for services	44,826	53,886	81,625	74,826
Miscellaneous	109,057	66,404	581	24,255
Recovered costs	35,170	84,103	54,784	17,710
Commonwealth of Virginia	2,246,101	1,982,229	2,179,694	2,376,715
Federal Government	1,523,374	986,134	1,256,817	943,347
Total revenues	\$ 20,966,807	\$ 19,952,079	\$ 22,630,015	\$ 22,201,737
Expenditures				
General government administration	\$ 1,170,523	\$ 1,060,320	\$ 1,279,711	\$ 1,554,499
Judicial administration	339,890	356,302	346,306	396,862
Public Safety	1,909,200	1,978,914	2,309,462	2,536,356
Public works	850,183	927,802	990,575	1,022,167
Health and welfare	2,167,120	2,435,713	2,293,730	2,361,067
Education	10,148,083	10,118,916	12,214,510	10,921,288
Community development	370,733	506,418	464,046	438,558
Parks, recreation and cultural	467,439	549,193	506,431	540,575
Capital projects	1,787,410	3,482,479	8,483,375	5,527,490
Debt service				
Principal	721,773	688,908	671,901	734,832
Interest and other fiscal charges	137,319	224,454	694,989	731,117
Total Expenditures	\$ 20,069,673	\$ 22,329,419	\$ 30,255,036	\$ 26,764,811
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 897,134	\$ (2,377,340)	\$ (7,625,021)	\$ (4,563,074)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	\$ -	\$ 50,051	\$ 729,141	\$ 1,364,051
Transfers out	(155,308)	(171,172)	(921,872)	(1,631,412)
Issuance of bonds	-	15,000,000	-	5,050,000
Bond issuance premium	-	-	-	69,681
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (155,308)	\$ 14,878,879	\$ (192,731)	\$ 4,852,320
Net change in fund balances	\$ 741,826	\$ 12,501,539	\$ (7,817,752)	\$ 289,246
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.41%	4.80%	6.01%	6.41%

Table 4

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ 17,376,874	\$ 18,768,963	\$ 19,964,237	\$ 21,012,899	\$ 21,140,727	\$ 21,119,861
643,424	692,822	878,104	742,671	755,736	644,424
41,406	36,976	50,542	42,017	48,034	59,555
11,922	12,182	18,091	49,350	49,826	30,963
139,858	88,504	91,269	98,183	90,225	94,049
99,047	124,238	115,014	133,171	146,593	147,712
52,754	45,913	19,075	32,331	92,072	55,082
10,705	3,599	209	886	229	700
2,325,332	2,167,407	2,126,006	2,732,108	2,196,137	2,316,990
1,311,184	959,050	947,189	919,348	1,040,922	1,010,344
\$ 22,012,506	\$ 22,899,654	\$ 24,209,736	\$ 25,762,964	\$ 25,560,501	\$ 25,479,680
\$ 1,441,060	\$ 1,315,093	\$ 1,303,131	\$ 1,357,725	\$ 1,388,887	\$ 1,411,117
402,477	398,667	402,742	415,237	434,476	436,324
2,447,061	2,431,375	2,730,279	3,015,476	2,927,342	3,031,347
906,278	953,519	1,009,790	983,123	1,067,715	1,164,473
2,191,083	2,219,441	2,337,613	2,422,570	2,423,793	2,417,346
11,575,408	11,413,268	11,338,153	11,766,080	11,380,579	11,758,980
507,589	436,425	404,459	538,068	461,795	688,660
534,123	532,124	490,216	455,404	669,741	518,254
3,441,248	445,392	367,937	1,010,776	1,472,333	2,245,537
1,202,177	1,069,826	936,045	922,469	959,102	13,339,050
869,750	813,512	772,479	727,346	693,440	1,190,219
\$ 25,518,254	\$ 22,028,642	\$ 22,092,844	\$ 23,614,274	\$ 23,879,203	\$ 38,201,307
\$ (3,505,748)	\$ 871,012	\$ 2,116,892	\$ 2,148,690	\$ 1,681,298	\$ (12,721,627)
\$ 625,000	\$ 48,091	\$ 594,456	\$ 25,345	\$ 62,906	\$ -
(760,000)	(325,611)	(835,309)	(232,596)	(328,559)	(150,793)
-	-	-	-	-	18,316,117
-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ (135,000)	\$ (277,520)	\$ (240,853)	\$ (207,251)	\$ (265,653)	\$ 18,165,324
\$ (3,640,748)	\$ 593,492	\$ 1,876,039	\$ 1,941,439	\$ 1,415,645	\$ 5,443,697
9.67%	8.70%	7.89%	7.22%	7.30%	39.30%

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Principal Real Property Taxpayers
Current and Nine Years Ago

Table 5

Taxpayer	2015			2006		
	Rank	Assessed Valuation (1)	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	Rank	Assessed Valuation (2)	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
Dominion Virginia Power	1	\$ 1,760,038,267	65.72%	1	\$ 1,089,504,779	65.13%
Swann's Point Farm LLC et al	2	25,212,700	0.94%	13	2,928,200	0.18%
Wanro LLC et al	3	11,044,400	0.41%	2	8,074,900	0.48%
Beechland/Alliance Farms et al	4	9,591,500	0.36%	11	3,530,000	0.21%
Murphy Brown LLC	5	8,813,100	0.33%	3	7,718,600	0.46%
Prince George Electric Cooperative	6	8,732,784	0.33%	5	5,123,956	0.31%
Timbervest Partners (III) of Virginia LLC	7	8,365,200	0.31%			
Windsor Mill	8	5,135,300	0.19%	6	4,373,400	
Brandon & Brandon LLC et al	9	4,139,600	0.15%			
Grayland/Gray Lumber Company	10	4,067,000	0.15%	9	3,830,900	0.23%
John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company	11	3,861,200	0.14%			
Verizon South	12	3,346,668	0.12%	4	5,285,528	0.32%
Commonwealth Forest Investment	13	3,276,800	0.12%			
Spring Grove Land Association	14	3,209,800	0.12%			
Alpha Forest Association				7	4,317,600	0.26%
Schorsch, Nicholas				8	3,857,900	0.23%
Sussex-Surry LLC				10	3,666,400	0.22%
Colonial Pipeline Company				12	3,290,824	0.20%
Andrews Acres LLC et al				14	2,873,400	0.17%
		<u>\$ 1,858,834,319</u>	<u>69.41%</u>		<u>\$ 1,148,376,387</u>	<u>68.39%</u>
Total Assessed Valuation of RE		<u>\$ 2,677,929,070</u>	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>\$ 1,672,771,696</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Notes:

(1) 2015 Real Estate Assessments.

(2) 2006 Real Estate Assessments.

Table 6

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year (1)	Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Adjustments to Levy in Subsequent Years		Total Adjusted Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
		Amount (2)	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Years			Amount (2)	Percentage of Levy
2015	\$ 20,874,695	\$ 20,472,352	98.07%	\$ -	-	20,874,695	-	\$ 20,472,352	98.07%
2014	21,112,323	20,890,125	98.95%	-	-	21,112,323	-	20,890,125	98.95%
2013	20,979,443	20,761,624	98.96%	-	-	20,979,443	-	20,761,624	98.96%
2012	20,588,020	19,790,059	96.12%	(3,640)	731,261	20,584,380	731,261	20,521,320	99.68%
2011	18,793,552	18,272,180	97.23%	(1,037)	370,230	18,792,515	370,230	18,642,410	99.20%
2010	17,397,366	16,858,370	96.90%	(36,001)	389,786	17,361,365	389,786	17,248,156	99.14%
2009	17,597,560	17,480,039	99.33%	(27,377)	16,483	17,570,183	16,483	17,496,522	99.43%
2008	17,440,097	17,301,159	99.20%	(3,776)	6,399	17,436,321	6,399	17,307,558	99.24%
2007	15,600,794	15,304,788	98.10%	43,859	1,617	15,644,653	1,617	15,306,405	98.11%
2006	16,457,411	15,712,359	95.47%	(29,089)	621	16,428,322	621	15,712,980	95.48%

Notes:

- (1) Commissioner of the Revenue
(2) Exclusive of Penalties and Interest

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA

Table 7

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Real Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Residential/ Agricultural Property (3)	Commercial Property (3)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (2)	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Taxable Assessed Value as a % of Taxable Value
2015	\$ 857,689,600	\$ 33,269,100	\$ 890,958,700	\$ 0.73	\$ 890,958,700	100.00% (2)
2014	852,448,300	33,431,600	885,879,900	0.73	885,879,900	100.00% (2)
2013	850,646,000	34,078,200	884,724,200	0.73	884,724,200	100.00% (2)
2012	844,458,700	33,911,900	878,370,600	0.73	878,370,600	100.00% (2)
2011	842,381,900	33,602,400	875,984,300	0.73	875,984,300	100.00% (2)
2010	839,293,100	32,734,300	872,027,400	0.73	872,027,400	100.00% (2)
2009	830,543,600	32,458,800	863,002,400	0.70	852,646,371	101.21% (2)
2008	814,604,700	31,625,800	846,230,500	0.70	836,075,734	101.21% (2)
2007	788,903,500	31,427,500	820,331,000	0.70	819,510,669	100.10% (2)
2006	537,725,500	25,377,300	563,102,800	0.84	421,763,997	133.51% (2)

Notes:

- (1) Estimated value of real estate based on sales ratio percentage for the corresponding tax years as computed by the Virginia Department of Taxation.
- (2) Tax rate per \$100 of assessed value.
- (3) Real estate assessment information provided by the commissioner of the revenue.

Table 8

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Assessed Value of Taxable Property Other than Real Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Personal Property (1)	Machinery & Tools (1)	Aircraft (1)	Public Service (2,3)	Total
2015	\$ 50,593,919	\$ 2,246,971	\$ 6,780	\$ 1,807,206,155	\$ 1,860,053,825
2014	49,970,173	2,192,651	7,535	1,824,746,203	1,876,916,562
2013	50,293,488	1,733,938	13,295	1,783,632,381	1,835,673,102
2012	50,829,529	1,720,460	14,770	1,671,151,050	1,723,715,809
2011	49,490,806	2,023,995	17,685	1,554,628,083	1,606,160,569
2010	47,762,566	2,220,830	32,290	1,478,178,593	1,528,194,279
2009	53,042,606	3,058,587	42,964	1,514,744,019	1,570,888,176
2008	48,751,737	3,822,458	34,223	1,533,628,525	1,586,236,943
2007	46,518,023	3,069,697	65,145	1,109,668,896	1,159,321,761
2006	42,539,922	2,142,878	46,450	1,405,266,656	1,449,995,906

Notes:

- (1) Assessed value information provided by the Commissioner of Revenue.
(2) Public Service Corporation property assessments performed by the State Corporation Commission.
(3) Includes Real Estate.

County of Surry, Virginia
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 9

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities		Summary Totals		
	General Obligation Bonds	State Literary Funds Loans	Capital Lease Obligations	Lease Revenue Bonds Payable	Bank Loans Payable	Revenue Bonds Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)		
2015	\$ 2,403,777	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,191,382	\$ -	\$ 662,613	\$ 21,257,772	**	N/A		
2014	2,517,261	-	-	1,029,050	12,200,000	725,452	16,471,763	6.29%	38,596		
2013	2,665,745	-	-	1,238,152	12,805,000	786,326	17,495,223	6.73%	38,275		
2012	2,804,229	-	-	1,440,621	13,390,000	845,297	18,480,147	7.23%	37,376		
2011	2,987,713	-	-	1,636,666	13,950,000	902,427	19,476,806	7.85%	35,753		
2010	3,336,197	-	-	1,826,492	14,485,000	1,006,397	20,654,086	8.63%	33,915		
2009	3,719,681	-	123,373	2,010,296	15,000,000	1,058,317	21,911,667	9.10%	34,204		
2008	1,055,000	-	413,501	-	15,000,000	1,159,722	17,628,223	7.41%	33,674		
2007	1,445,000	-	695,402	-	15,000,000	1,203,352	18,343,754	8.63%	30,172		
2006	1,860,000	-	969,309	-	-	724,703	3,554,012	1.77%	28,657		

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) Population data & estimates for 2003 through 2012, and personal income and per capital personal income data for 2003 through 2010 was obtained from the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

** Information not available yet.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Ratio of Outstanding General Bonded Debt
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 10

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	State Literary Fund Loans	Lease Revenue Bonds Payable	Total General Bonded Debt	General Bonded Debt Per Capita	Percent of General Bonded Debt to Assessed Real Property Value
2015	\$ 2,403,777	\$ -	\$ 18,191,382	\$ 20,595,159	\$ **	2.31%
2014	2,517,261	-	1,029,050	3,546,311	371	0.40%
2013	2,665,745	-	1,238,152	3,903,897	392	0.44%
2012	2,804,229	-	1,440,621	4,244,850	410	0.48%
2011	2,987,713	-	1,636,666	4,624,379	431	0.53%
2010	3,336,197	-	1,826,492	5,162,689	473	0.59%
2009	3,719,681	-	2,010,296	5,729,977	529	0.67%
2008	1,055,000	-	-	1,055,000	149	0.13%
2007	1,445,000	-	-	1,445,000	205	0.18%
2006	1,860,000	-	-	1,860,000	266	0.44%

Notes:

Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Property value data can be found in Table 7.

Population data can be found in Table 12.

**Information Unavailable

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Demographic and Economic Statistics
Last Ten Years

Table 11

Fiscal Year	(1) Population	(1) Per Capita Income	(1) Total Personal Income	(2) School Enrollment	(3) Unemployment Rate %
2015	**	**	**	867	5.5%
2014	6,790	\$ 38,596	\$ 262,064,000	934	6.7%
2013	6,794	38,275	260,041,000	902	7.3%
2012	6,840	37,376	255,654,000	928	8.0%
2011	6,940	35,753	248,123,000	977	7.0%
2010	7,060	33,915	239,441,000	1,017	7.6%
2009	7,037	34,204	240,695,000	1,041	4.5%
2008	7,061	33,674	237,769,000	1,044	3.2%
2007	7,042	30,172	212,469,000	1,080	3.2%
2006	6,991	28,657	200,342,000	1,113	2.5%

Notes:

(1) Bureau of Economic Analysis

(2) Virginia Department of Education

(3) Virginia Workforce Connection

**Information Unavailable

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 12

Employer	Fiscal Year 2015			Fiscal Year 2006	
	Employees	Rank	% of Total Employment	Employees	Rank
Dominion Virginia Power	500-999	1	19.90%	500-999	1
Surry County School Board	250-499	2	9.95%	250-499	2
The Atlantic Group, Inc.	100-249	3	4.64%	100-249	3
Surry County	100-249	4	2.65%	50-99	4
Virginia Department of Transportation	50-99	5	1.99%		
Brock Services LLC	50-99	6	1.99%		
Fluor Daniel Services Corporation	50-99	7	1.99%	20-49	12
S. W. Edwards and Sons	50-99	8	1.99%	50-99	6
Windsor Mill	20-49	9	0.93%	50-99	5
Surry County Department of Social Services	20-49	10	0.93%	20-49	8
Virginia Department of Conservation	20-49	11	0.93%	10-19	15
Dominion Resources	20-49	12	0.93%	10-19	14
Seward Lumber Company, Inc.	20-49	13	0.93%	20-49	9
Coggin Electric Specialists	10-19	14	0.40%	20-49	10
Nicholas & Shelly Schorsch	10-19	13	0.40%		
Barlett Nuclear	10-19	15	0.40%	20-49	7
Bigge Crane & Rigging Company				20-49	11
Parham's Welding & Fabricating, Inc.				20-49	13

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30									
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General government:										
County Administration	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
Commissioner of the Revenue	3.2	3.7	3.6	4.3	3.2	3.7	3.7	3.0	2.0	2.0
Treasurer	4.6	5.2	4.5	4.9	5.0	4.5	4.2	3.0	3.0	3.0
Finance	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	1.0
Information Technologies	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Registrar	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
Total General Government	15.2	16.3	15.9	17.8	16.8	16.8	16.5	14.6	10.6	10.6
Judicial Administration:										
Clerk of the Circuit Court	3.5	3.3	3.6	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0
General District Court	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Victim's Witness	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Commonwealth Attorney	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5
Total Judicial Administration	7.5	7.3	7.6	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	6.0
Public Safety:										
Sheriff's Office	24.4	22.1	25.2	22.5	19.0	19.0	21.0	20.0	18.0	18.0
Fire and Emergency Services	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Animal Control	3.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0
Total Public Safety	29.5	26.2	29.3	24.5	21.0	21.0	23.0	21.0	19.0	19.0
Public Works:										
Sanitation	10.0	4.4	14.7	13.0	14.0	15.4	17.4	6.8	6.8	8.4
Maintenance	5.0	5.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Total Public Works	15.0	10.0	19.7	18.0	19.0	20.4	23.4	12.8	12.8	14.4
Office on Youth:										
Office on Youth	5.0	5.6	5.1	7.0	6.3	5.0	6.8	3.0	3.0	3.0
Total Office on Youth	5.0	5.6	5.1							
Health and Welfare:										
Social Services	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Total Health and Welfare	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Parks, Recreation and Cultural										
Parks and Recreation	6.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	9.0	6.3	7.4	6.0	6.0	6.0
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	6.0	5.0		7.0	9.0	6.3	7.4	6.0	6.0	6.0
Community Development										
Planning/Environmental/Permitting	3.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Building Inspections	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Extension	4.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Total Community Development	9.0	10.0	12.0	11.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Total	110.2	103.4	112.6	108.3	107.8	106.5	112.3	96.4	89.4	91.0

Source: Payroll Clerk

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years (where available)

Table 14

		Fiscal Year									
		2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Public Safety (1)	Number of calls answered	276	267	332	312	268	408	375	283	238	175
Community Development (2)	Residential building permits	208	172	87	75	75	68	74	61	72	49
	Commercial building permits	7	8	4	3	1	6	6	9	2	1
Parks & Recreation (3)	Program participants	18,500	18,500	18,123	17,822	18,652	18,399	18,572	19,618	21,702	20,468
Sewer (4)	Service connections	155	139	141	140	140	128	127	-	-	-
	Average daily consumption in gallons	17,504	15,120	13,047	13,747	12,724	flat fee	flat fee	-	-	-

Sources:

- (1) County Fire Departments
- (2) Building Official's Office
- (3) Parks and Recreation Department
- (4) Finance Department

Note: The wastewater system began operation in 2008.

COUNTY OF SURRY, VIRGINIA
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Sheriff's Office (1)										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Physical arrests	144	166	223	164	217	197	260	262	268	269
Patrol units	13	14	20	16	16	16	18	21	23	21
Volunteer Fire Departments (2)										
Companies	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Parks and Recreation (3)										
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of parks maintained	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Park acreage owned by the County	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Baseball/softball fields	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
T-ball fields	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Basketball courts	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Library (4)										
Number of libraries	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Utilities (4)										
Wastewater System										
Service connections	155	139	141	140	140	128	127	105	104	99
Average daily consumption in gallons	17,504	15,120	13,047	13,747	12,724	flat fee	flat fee	flat fee	flat fee	flat fee
Miles of sewer main	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.64	3.64
Component Unit - School Board (5)										
Number of elementary schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of middle schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of secondary schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of school buses	33	35	39	36	36	35	34	34	33	33

Sources: (1) Sheriff's Office
(2) County Fire Departments
(3) Parks & Recreation Department
(4) Finance Department
(5) School Board Office

Note: The wastewater system began operation in 2008.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Surry
Surry, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Surry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Surry, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 11, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Surry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Surry, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Surry, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Surry, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. F. Clark", followed by a long horizontal line.

Richmond, Virginia
November 11, 2015

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors
County of Surry
Surry, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Surry, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Surry, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Surry, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Surry, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Surry, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Surry, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Surry, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Surry, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Surry, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Surry, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. Frick", followed by a long horizontal line.

Richmond, Virginia
November 11, 2015

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Social Services:</i>			
Promoting Safe and Stable families	93.556	0950109/90249	\$ 6,213
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400109/90109	165,190
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500109/90113	246
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600409/90114	18,732
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760109/90116	27,144
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900109/90251	1,144
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100109/90105	60,832
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120109/90228	9,326
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000109/90313	173,954
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150109/90254	965
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540109/90102	5,795
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200109/90101	208,373
Total Department of Health and Human Services			<u>\$ 677,914</u>
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Emergency Management:</i>			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	77501/77602-155	<u>\$ 4,662</u>
Department of Justice:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Criminal Justice Service:</i>			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	unavailable	<u>\$ 2,602</u>
Department of Transportation:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Transportation:</i>			
Highway and Planning Construction (ISTEA)	20.205	60302	<u>\$ 22,034</u>
Department of the Defense:			
Direct Payments:			
Junior ROTC	12.xxx	N/A	<u>\$ 80,926</u>
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Direct Payments:			
Chesapeake Bay Program	66.466	N/A	<u>\$ 3,950</u>
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Agriculture:</i>			
Food Distribution - Summer Feeding Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	Unavailable	\$ 1,388
<i>Department of Health:</i>			
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	Unavailable	<u>11,803</u> \$ 13,191

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture: (Continued)			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Agriculture:</i>			
Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	unavailable	\$ 22,813
<i>Department of Education:</i>			
National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	17901- 40623	<u>220,814</u> \$ 243,627
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	17901- 40591	88,455
<i>Department of Social Services:</i>			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010109/ 90103	<u>190,890</u>
Total Department of Agriculture			<u>\$ 536,163</u>
Department of Labor:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Crater Workforce Investment Board:</i>			
WIA Youth Activities	17.259	unavailable	<u>\$ 82,601</u>
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Housing and Community Development:</i>			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants to Hawaii	14.228	53305- 50792	<u>\$ 20,805</u>
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
<i>Department of Education:</i>			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901- 42901	\$ 176,087
<i>Special Education Cluster:</i>			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901- 43071	230,656
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17901- 62521	4,555
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901- 61095	18,706
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	17901- 60565	110,885
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901- 61480	<u>50,482</u>
Total Department of Education			<u>\$ 591,371</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u><u>\$ 2,023,028</u></u>

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Surry, Virginia
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Surry, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Surry, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Surry, Virginia.

Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note C - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received or disbursed.

Note D - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
General Fund	\$ 989,539
County Capital Projects Fund	20,805
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1,010,344</u>
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 672,297
School Cafeteria Fund	340,693
Total component unit school board	<u>\$ 1,012,990</u>
Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	<u>\$ 2,023,334</u>
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 2,023,028
Add: Payment in Lieu of Taxes	<u>306</u>
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as adjusted	<u><u>\$ 2,023,334</u></u>

County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I—Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ yes ✓ _____ no

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

_____ yes ✓ _____ none reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

_____ yes ✓ _____ no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ yes ✓ _____ no

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

_____ yes ✓ _____ none reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance
for major programs:

unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be
reported in accordance with section 510(a) of
Circular A-133?

_____ yes ✓ _____ no

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s)
10.553/10.555/10.559
10.561

Name of Federal Program or Cluster
Child Nutrition Cluster
State Administrative Matching Grants for the
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A
and type B programs:

\$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

✓ _____ yes _____ no

**County of Surry, Virginia
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Continued)**

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

County of Surry, Virginia
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

There were no prior year findings and questioned costs.