	Town	OF MARION	N, V IRGINIA		
			ATEMENTS	•	
	FISCAL YE	ar Ended	JUNE 30,	2013	

Town of Marion, Virginia Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

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Town of Marion, Virginia

TOWN COUNCIL

David P. Helms, Mayor

James Gates

Larry Carter

Bill Weaver

Tricia Spencer

Jim Barker

Jim Owens

Suzanne Jennings

OTHER OFFICIALS

Bill Rush	Town Manager
Cindy Stanley	Town Clerk/Director of Finance
3	Deputy Clerk/Deputy Director of Finance
	Town Attorney

RONALD C. BOSTIC, CPA GREGORY D. TUCKER, CPA

P.O. Box 505, Lebanon, VA 24266 (276) 889-3103 Fax: (276) 889-0229 www.bthcpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Marion, Virginia:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Marion, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Marion, Virginia, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2013, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–14 and 60–63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Marion, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

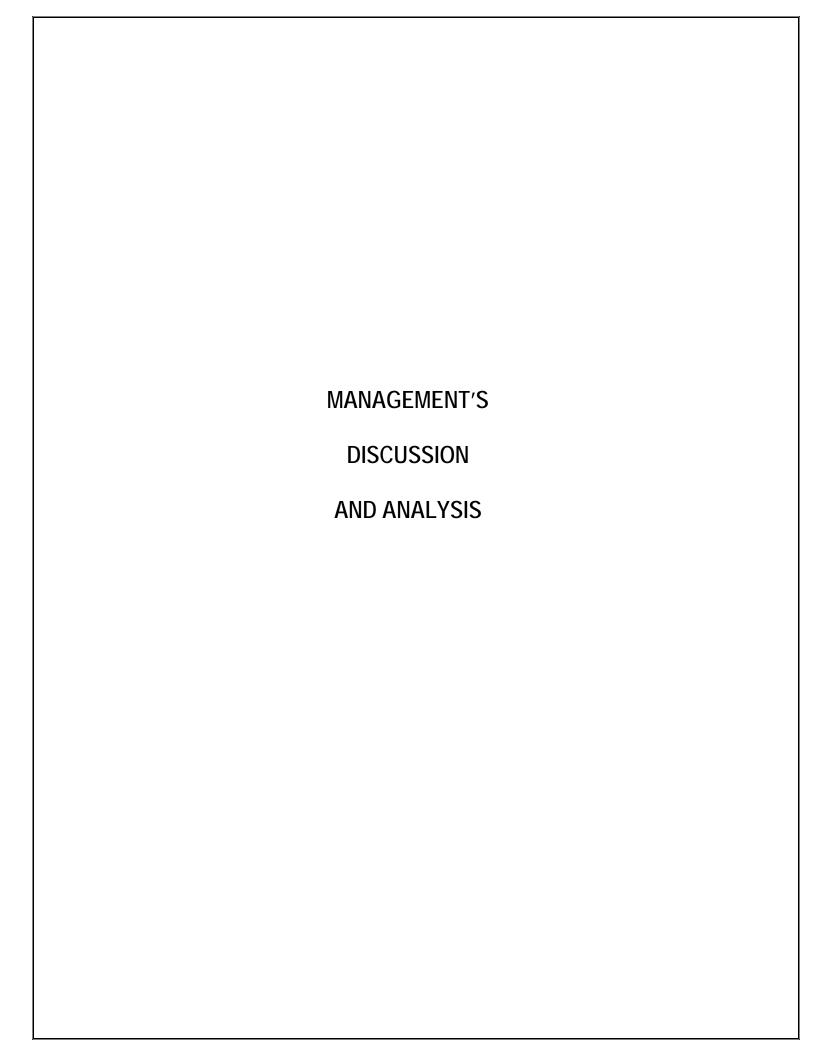
The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2014, on our consideration of the Town of Marion, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Marion, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bostic, Lucker & Company, PC

January 24, 2014 Lebanon, Virginia



Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Marion's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the Town's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the 2012 fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was (\$48,743) and the fund balance was restricted for debt service of \$68,401, committed to parking garage of \$161,590, and nonspendable for prepaid expenses of \$110,678. For the current fiscal year, 2013, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was (\$368,168) and the fund balance was restricted for debt service of \$74,690, and nonspendable for prepaid expenses of \$53,614.

The total net position of the Town of Marion's governmental activities was \$6,495,715 as of June 30, 2012. The total net position for 2013 is \$6,094,641. A decrease occurred due largely to purchase of capital assets.

The total net position of the business-type activities were \$9,740,741 for fiscal year end 2012 and \$9,768,899 for the fiscal year end 2013 resulting in an increase of \$28,158. The water, sewer and swimming pool funds reported operating revenues of \$2,875,711. An increase in operating revenues of \$49,607 occurred from fiscal year 2013.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Marion's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consists of 1) Government-wide Financial Statements; 2) Fund Financial Statements; and 3) Notes to the Financial Statement.

The government-wide financial statement includes the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements present the information for governmental activities. These statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund Financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Historically, the primary focus of local government financial statements has been summarized fund type information on a current financial basis. This approach has been modified accrual basis in the basic financial statements presented. This year the report also presents the full accrual method.

This report contains a Comparative Analysis of Financial Statements. The Town implemented GASB Statement 34 for the fiscal year June 30, 2005 and therefore, is required to complete a comparative analysis.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Town's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into two kinds of activities: 1) Governmental Activities and 2) Business-type Activities.

The governmental financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information, including the General Fund and Other Governmental Funds. The services reported as governmental activities, include public safety, public works, parks and recreation, cultural, community development, garbage and general government. Property and other local taxes, state and federal funding, and transfers from the Water and Sewer Fund finance these activities.

The business-type financial statement is represented by the Water, Sewer and Swimming Pool Funds. These funds charge a fee to customers for services. Transfers are made from the Water & Sewer Fund to balance any shortfalls in the General Fund or Swimming Pool Fund.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Town Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's three kinds of funds are governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds—When the Town charges customers for the services it provides these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows for proprietary funds.

Fiduciary funds—This fund accounts for assets held by the Town in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one fiduciary fund, which is the Perpetual Care Fund. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the Fund Financial Statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Marion, assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,495,715 as of June 30, 2012. As of June 30, 2013, the Town of Marion assets exceeded liabilities by \$6,094,641.

The largest portion of the Town's net position of \$6,437,280 reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The town uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position of \$271,478 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unreserved net position is (\$614,117).

General revenues and transfers were \$4,179,022 for governmental activities. General revenues include property taxes, other local taxes, interest income, miscellaneous income, and transfers from other funds. Program revenues were \$2,448,041 for governmental activities. The source of the program revenues is from charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Total expenses for governmental activities were \$7,028,137, which included expense for general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community development, and interest expense. The governmental activities exhibited a change in net position of (\$401,074).

Business-type activities

Business-type activities include the water, sewer, and swimming pool funds.

The total net position for business-type activities was \$9,768,899 which includes net investment in capital assets of \$8,037,542, reserved for debt service and bond covenants of \$480,695, and unreserved net position of \$1,250,662.

Program revenues for business-type activities for the Town were \$2,875,711 for charges for services and \$206,586 for capital grants and contributions. Program revenues include charges for water and sewer usage, tap and connection fees, pool fees, and grants. The expenses incurred to provide these services were \$2,176,527. General revenues and transfers include interest income of \$2,424, recovered costs of \$4,458, and a transfer to other funds of \$(884,494). The change in net position for business-type activities resulted in an increase to net position of \$28,158.

The table below focuses on the net assets of the Town's governmental and business-type activities as of the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

Table 1

	Govern Activ			Business-type Activities			Total Primary Government			
	2012	itio	2013		2012		2013	2012		2013
Current Assets	\$ 2,779,151	\$	1,974,582	\$	2,076,170	\$	2,127,493	\$ 4,855,321	\$	4,102,075
Capital Assets	 9,334,999		9,185,189		13,184,358		13,269,809	 22,519,357		22,454,998
Total Assets	\$ 12,114,150	\$	11,159,771	\$	15,260,528	\$	15,397,302	\$ 27,374,678	\$	26,557,073
Current Liabilities	2,549,358		1,393,876		625,232		599,162	3,174,590		1,993,038
Long-Term Liabilities	3,069,077		2,943,809		4,894,555		5,029,241	7,963,632		7,973,050
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,618,435	\$	4,337,685	\$	5,519,787	\$	5,628,403	\$ 11,138,222	\$	9,966,088
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ -	\$	727,445	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	727,445
Net Position: Net Investment in										
Capital Assets	\$ 6,267,452	\$	6,437,280	\$	8,061,600	\$	8,037,542	\$ 14,329,052	\$	14,474,822
Restricted	226,631		271,478		429,406		480,695	656,037		752,173
Unrestricted	 1,632		(614,117)		1,249,735		1,250,662	1,251,367		636,545
Total Net Position	\$ 6,495,715	\$	6,094,641	\$	9,740,741	\$	9,768,899	\$ 16,236,456	\$	15,863,540

The revenues and expenses for governmental activities and business-type activities are shown in Table 2.

	Govern Activ		Business-type Activities			Total Gove	-	
	2012	2013		2012		2013	2012	2013
Charges for Services Operating Grants/Contributions Capital Grants/Contributions	\$ 525,359 1,689,299 289,188	\$ 792,501 1,511,125 144,415	\$	2,826,104 - 226,252	\$	2,875,711 - 206,586	\$ 3,351,463 1,689,299 515,440	\$ 3,668,212 1,511,125 351,001
Program Revenues	\$ 2,503,846	\$ 2,448,041	\$		\$	3,082,297	\$ 5,556,202	\$ 5,530,338
Taxes Interest Income Miscellaneous Fines, forfeitures, permits Recovered costs Contributions from nonprofit Grants not restricted to program	3,186,709 22,459 32,279 32,037 - 2,294,760 63,638	3,135,595 23,893 32,742 26,420 - - 75,878		- 3,618 - - 130,179 -		- 2,424 - - - 4,458 -	3,186,709 26,077 32,279 32,037 130,179 2,294,760 63,638	3,135,595 26,317 32,742 26,420 4,458 - 75,878
General Revenues	\$ 5,631,882	\$ 3,294,528	\$	133,797	\$	6,882	\$ 5,765,679	\$ 3,301,410
Total Revenues	\$ 8,135,728	\$ 5,742,569	\$	3,186,153	\$	3,089,179	\$ 11,321,881	\$ 8,831,748
General Government Public Safety Public Works Parks, Recreation, Cultural Community Development Interest expense Swimming pool Water and Sewer	1,213,894 1,576,032 2,189,344 901,040 1,392,000 104,691	1,309,870 1,583,513 2,173,422 1,141,233 732,440 87,659		- - - - - 55,388 1,980,514		- - - - - 50,034 2,126,493	1,213,894 1,576,032 2,189,344 901,040 1,392,000 104,691 55,388 1,980,514	1,309,870 1,583,513 2,173,422 1,141,233 732,440 87,659 50,034 2,126,493
Total Expenses	\$ 7,377,001	\$ 7,028,137	\$	2,035,902	\$	2,176,527	\$ 9,412,903	\$ 9,204,664
Transfers	1,109,340	884,494		(1,109,340)		(884,494)	-	-
Change in Net Position	1,868,067	(401,074)		40,911		28,158	1,908,978	(372,916)
Beginning Net Position	 4,627,648	6,495,715		9,699,830		9,740,741	 14,327,478	16,236,456
Ending Net Position	\$ 6,495,715	\$ 6,094,641	\$	9,740,741	\$	9,768,899	\$ 16,236,456	\$ 15,863,540

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Town of Marion's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirement. In particular, unreserved or unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Marion's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$115,611. Fund balance includes \$73,598 nonspendable for prepaid expenses, \$74,690 restricted for debt service, \$200,599 restricted for specific purposes, \$236,032 assigned to golf course and (\$469,308) unassigned.

Total revenues were \$5,857,494 for governmental funds. The governmental funds revenues include property taxes, other local taxes, permits, fees, and licenses, fines and forfeitures, revenue from the use of money and property, charges for services, recovered costs, intergovernmental, and miscellaneous income.

Total expenses for governmental funds were \$7,262,024. These expenses are for general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, community development, debt service principal retirements and interest expense. This resulted in a deficiency before other financing sources of \$1,404,530 in the governmental funds. The governmental funds obtained other financing sources of \$884,494, which included operating transfer from the Water and Sewer Fund of \$908,438 and operating transfer to the Swimming Pool Fund of \$23,944. After the other financing sources were received by the governmental funds, there was a change in fund balance of (\$520,036) at June 30, 2013.

Proprietary Funds

The Town's proprietary funds statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position for the water and sewer fund increased from \$9,535,597 to \$9,567,674. The balance is made up of \$7,830,281 in net investment in capital assets, \$480,695 restricted for debt service and bond covenants, and \$1,256,698 unreserved.

Swimming pool fund net position in the amount of \$201,225 is down from 2012. Operating expenses were \$55,388 for fiscal year 2012 and \$50,034 in fiscal year 2013. The net position balance includes \$207,261 net investment in capital assets and deficit unreserved net position balance of \$6,036.

Proprietary funds total operating revenues were \$2,875,711. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds was \$1,998,718. This resulted in an operating income of \$876,993. The proprietary funds had total non-operating expense of \$170,927, capital contributions of \$206,586, and net operating transfer out of \$884,494. This resulted in a change in net position of \$28,158.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town Council did not revise the budget.

Budgetary Highlights for 2012-2013

	GENERAL FUND BUDGET	GENERAL FUND ACTUAL	VARIANCE
	DODOLI	ACTUAL	VARIANCE
Revenues	\$5,084,599	\$5,360,226	\$ 275,627
Expenditures	6,261,236	6,668,146	(406,910)

Significant variances in the adopted budget and actual expenditures are reflected in the areas of community development, debt principal retirement, and capital outlays. The variance in the budget revenues and actual revenues is attributed to intergovernmental revenues received for funding projects of the Town. These amounts are variable upon the receipt of grant and loan funding.

Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2013 the Town had capital assets including land, buildings, construction in progress, land improvements, equipment, and infrastructure.

Major asset events during the fiscal year included the following:

STP Digester upgrade—Capital expenditures for the STP Digester upgrade were \$541,257 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The project was not completed by the end of the fiscal year and will be included in construction in progress at June 30, 2013.

STP Phase I WWTP Improvements—Capital expenditures for the project were \$43,176 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The project was completed by the end of the fiscal year and will be included as a depreciable capital asset at June 30, 2013 of \$651,460.

Streetscape—Capital expenditures for the project were \$23,186 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The project was not completed by the end of the fiscal year.

Wayne C. Henderson School Project—Capital expenditures for the Wayne C. Henderson School Project were \$94,058 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013. The project was not completed by the end of the fiscal year and will be included in construction in progress at June 30, 2013.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had the following outstanding debt for business-type activities:

		Balance						Balance	
	_Jı	July 1, 2012		Issuances	Retirements		Ju	ne 30, 2013	
		_		_		_		_	
General obligation bonds	\$	5,122,758	\$	440,438	\$	(330,930)	\$	5,232,266	
OPEB liability		101,581		26,470		-		128,051	
Compensated absences		44,232		3,629		-		47,861	
		_				_		_	
Total	\$	5,268,571	\$	470,537	\$	(330,930)	\$	5,408,178	

The outstanding debt for governmental activities at June 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2012	Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2013
General obligation bonds	\$ 470,000	\$ -	\$ (65,000)	\$ 405,000
Premium on bond	8,201	-	(1,295)	6,906
Loans payable	2,589,346	-	(253,344)	2,336,002
OPEB liability	273,695	61,229	-	334,924
Compensated absences	171,553	18,122	-	189,675
Total	\$ 3,512,795	\$ 79,351	\$ (319,639)	\$ 3,272,507

Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions Expected to Have a Significant Effect on Next Year and Beyond

Scheduled Major Projects

Downtown Streetscape – The upcoming phase has been approved by VDOT, and is anticipated to begin design phase in early spring 2014 with construction beginning in the summer. The streetscape design will continue from the Main/Sheffey intersection to the South Main/West Main split. Private construction at Blue Ridge Job Corps and Ebenezer Lutheran Church on their adjoining walls will be coordinated with the project construction.

Wayne C. Henderson School of Appalachian Arts – This \$1.2 million rehab project is anticipated to be bid in March 2014, with construction beginning in late summer and continuing for 12 months into summer 2015. In the meantime, the Town is employing a director for the school to continue to coordinate project meetings, develop curriculum and offsite classes.

Marion Community Gateway Project – Funded by DHCD, the primary corridor extending from an area around Exit 45 of Interstate 81 into town is being studied for maximizing opportunities for economic development. Building facades, landscaping, gateway signage, and relocation of the state shop are priorities being addressed by this Planning Grant. It is anticipated the Town will leverage this planning grant to apply for Community Development grant funds in 2014 to implement the project.

Emory & Henry College – The Town continues to partner with Emory & Henry College for the development of the Marion campus. As part of that partnership, the office of Community and Economic Development is serving as liaison for addressing needs and opportunities with the school, including spearheading a CDBG planning grant to study the feasibility of redeveloping the Centre Square Building as a multipurpose facility to include student housing and updated retail/restaurant space, to encourage local merchandise in their stores, and selling sponsorships on street banners.

Appalachian Spring – in partnership with The Southwest Virginia Cultural Heritage Foundation, Marion is serving as a lead for this new natural asset tourism initiative, with the Lincoln Theatre serving as an anchor for the historic theatre trail and Hungry Mother State Park serving as a leading venue for the outdoor recreation trail.

Appalachian Trail Community – With Marion's designation, the community will host hikers the weekend following Damascus Trail Days for a Memorial Day Weekend event. Camping will be allowed at Riverbend Park, and there will be special music at the Marion Amphitheatre on both Friday and Saturday nights. Saturday's plans include a mini Remote Medical Clinic for hikers at the Farmers Market after market hours, Sunday's plans include community church services and music at the Amphitheatre, and Monday's activities include the Memorial Day Parade and picnic.

Expanded Summer Concert Series – Building on the success of the past two years, Marion Downtown and the Young Professionals Group are planning two concerts a month June – August.

Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions Expected to Have a Significant Effect on Next Year and Beyond (Continued)

Scheduled Major Projects (Continued)

"Back of the Dragon" Trail – Marion will continue to position ourselves as the gateway, to include erecting interstate signage (upon securing logo rights).

Moonshine distillery and museum – The Town has submitted grant application for funding of the purchase and phased rehabilitation of the former Holston Harwood building for development of an anchor business – southwest Virginia's first (and only) legal moonshine distillery and museum. Grant announcements are anticipated in spring 2014, with design phase thru summer, and project bid in late fall/early winter 2014.

Sewer Treatment Plant Upgrade – Project is completed.

Parking Garage - The parking garage is a joint project with Smyth County. The garage is complete. The Town is continuing to make monthly payments on a loan for our portion.

Chatham Hill Road Bridge - The project consists of upgrading the bridge with funding from Virginia Department of Transportation. At June 30 the project is under construction with anticipated completion around October 2013.

Baughman Avenue Bridge - The project consists of upgrading the bridge. The estimated cost is \$800,000 with funding from the Virginia Department of Transportation. This project is still under research and design with a tentative start date of June 2014.

Housing Rehabilitation of Pearl Avenue and Buchanan Street - Project completed with the final drawdown in February 2013.

Housing Rehabilitation of Spruce Street and Matson Drive - This project is still in progress with Phase I being completed around the end of 2013 and Phase II continuing into 2014 and 2015.

Signalization Upgrade – All signals were upgraded to LED lights. Three intersections in Town were completely renovated and had all new equipment installed. Those intersections were:

- 1. North Main Street, Lee Street, and Chatham Hill Road signal intersection.
- 2. North Main Street, Wendy Drive, and Dabney Drive intersection.
- 3. North Main Street and Park Boulevard intersection.

This signalization project was designed and funded by the Virginia Department of Transportation. The cost of this project was approximately \$960,000.

Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions Expected to Have a Significant Effect on Next Year and Beyond (Continued)

Scheduled Major Projects (Continued)

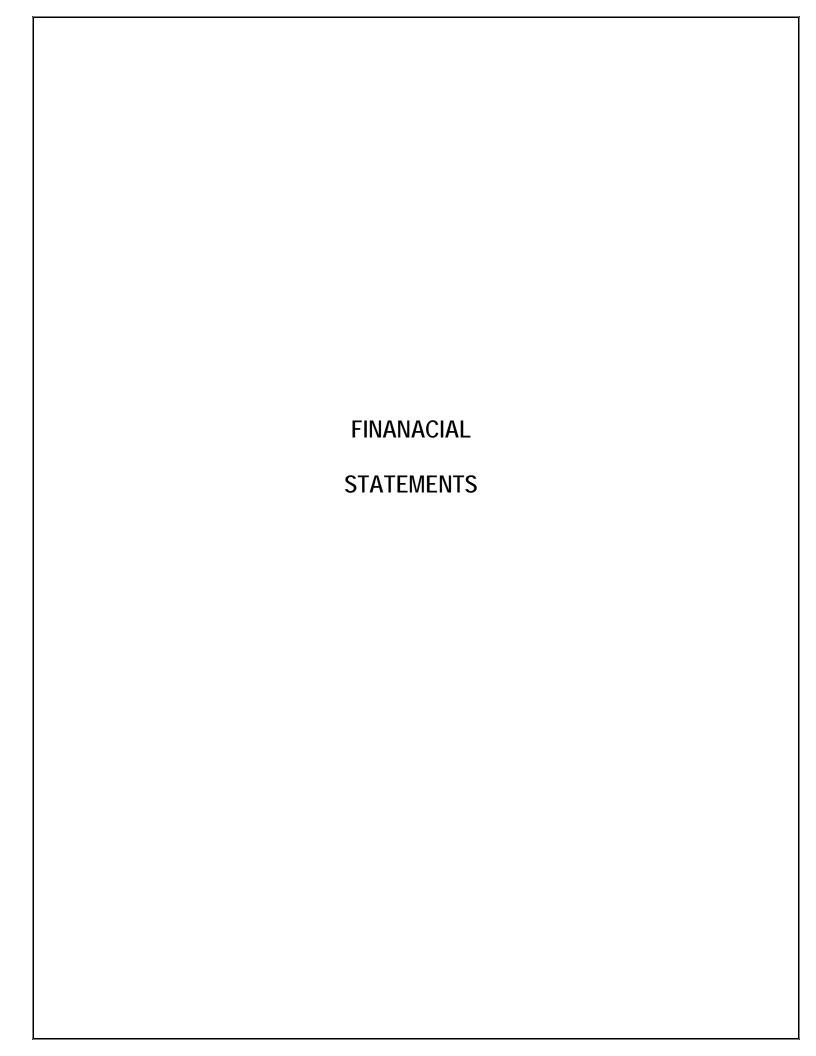
South Church Street Drainage Project – This project is to address inadequate storm water facilities on South Church Street. This project includes a comprehensive drainage system to handle most of the high intensity storm events and to prevent flooding on South Church Street. The projected starting date is 2015 to 2016 and the estimated cost is \$1,845,000.

Water Leak Analysis Repairs – This project involves the installation of boundary valves on the water system in strategic locations in order to identify significant water losses in both pressure systems of the Town. The Town is also involved with meter replacement of all commercial and residential connections to the Town of Marion's water system. The Town is hoping to acquire a grant from the Virginia Department of Health in 2014 to help with this project.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Town of Marion P.O. Box 1005 138 West Main Street Marion, Virginia 24354



Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Primary Government						
	Go	vernmental	siness-type					
	<u>.</u>	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	557,014	\$	707,012	\$	1,264,026		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		770,312		-		770,312		
Accounts receivable		165,761		383,271		549,032		
Other receivables		114,559		-		114,559		
Due from other funds		152,320		556,121		708,441		
Due from other governmental units		66,328		-		66,328		
Inventories		10,394		-		10,394		
Prepaid expenses		63,204		394		63,598		
Restricted assets:								
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		306,304		306,304		
Investments		74,690		174,391		249,081		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								
Land		1,816,878		578,704		2,395,582		
Buildings and system		4,720,617		· -		4,720,617		
Improvements other than buildings		-		28,136		28,136		
Machinery and equipment		463,157		454,405		917,562		
Plant and lines in service		-		11,101,707		11,101,707		
Infrastructure		1,544,619		-		1,544,619		
Construction in progress		639,918		1,106,857		1,746,775		
Total assets	\$	11,159,771	\$	15,397,302	\$	26,557,073		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	178,038	\$	114,046	\$	292,084		
Accrued liabilities		174,657		23,722		198,379		
C ustomers' deposits		-		47,190		47,190		
Accrued interest payable		4,042		35,267		39,309		
Due to other funds		708,441		-		708,441		
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		328,698		378,937		707,635		
Due in more than one year		2,943,809		5,029,241		7,973,050		
Total liabilities	\$	4,337,685	\$	5,628,403	\$	9,966,088		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue	\$	727,445		-		727,445		
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	6,437,280	\$	8,037,542	\$	14,474,822		
Restricted for:	Φ	0,431,200	Ψ	0,037,342	Ψ	17,714,022		
Debt service and bond covenants		71400		100 40E		555 205		
Downtown housing project		74,690 196,788		480,695		555,385 196,788		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(614,117)		1,250,662				
Total net position	\$	6,094,641	\$	9,768,899	¢	636,545 15,863,540		
ו טומו וופו ףטאווטוו		0,094,041	Φ	7,100,079	\$	10,003,040		

Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net (Expense) Revenue and

Changes in Net Position **Program Revenues** Operating Capital **Primary Government** Charges for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-type Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities: \$ General government administration 1,309,870 \$ \$ \$ (1,309,870) \$ \$ (1,309,870)250 Public safety 1.583.513 212.607 (1.370.656)(1,370,656)Public works 2,173,422 1,098,067 (710,343)365,012 (710,343)Parks, recreation, and cultural 1.141.233 422.875 7.500 94.058 (616.800)(616,800)Community development 732,440 4.364 192.951 50,357 (484,768)(484,768)Interest on long-term debt 87,659 (87,659)(87,659)Total government activities 7,028,137 \$ 792,501 1,511,125 \$ 144,415 (4,580,096) \$ (4,580,096) Business-type activities: Water and Sewer 2,853,540 \$ \$ \$ 933,633 \$ 2,126,493 \$ 206,586 933,633 Swimming Pool 50.034 22,171 (27,863)(27,863)206,586 Total business-type activities 2.176.527 2.875.711 \$ \$ 905.770 \$ 905.770 Total primary government 1,511,125 \$ 351,001 (4,580,096) \$ 9,204,664 3,668,212 \$ 905,770 (3,674,326)General revenues: General property taxes \$ 614,219 \$ \$ 614.219 Other local taxes: Local sales and use taxes 138.863 138.863 Consumers' utility taxes 108,389 108,389 Business license taxes 552.757 552.757 Communication tax 133.336 133.336 Motor vehicle licenses 44,924 44,924 Bank stock tax 183.273 183.273 Meals taxes 1.087.528 1.087.528 Other local taxes 272,306 272,306 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 280 280 Fines and forfeitures 26.140 26.140 Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property 23,893 2,424 26,317 Miscellaneous 92,347 92,347 Recovered costs 4,458 4.458 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 75.878 75.878 Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets (59,605)(59,605)Transfers 884,494 (884,494)3,301,410 Total general revenues 4,179,022 (877,612) Change in net position (401,074) \$ 28,158 \$ (372,916)Net position - beginning 6,495,715 9,740,741 16,236,456 6,094,641 9,768,899 15,863,540 Net position - ending

Town of Marion, Virginia Balance Sheet Government Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		<u>General</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	202,019	\$	354,995	\$	557,014
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		770,312		-		770,312
Accounts receivable		93,335		72,426		165,761
Other receivables		114,559				114,559
Due from other funds		33,951		118,369		152,320
Due from other governmental units		66,328		-		66,328
Inventories		-		10,394		10,394
Prepaid expenses		53,614		9,590		63,204
Restricted assets:						
Investments		74,690		-		74,690
Total assets	\$	1,408,808	\$	565,774	\$	1,974,582
LIABILITIES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	133,998	\$	44,040	\$	178,038
Accrued liabilities		160,718		13,939		174,657
Due to other funds		556,121		152,320		708,441
Deferred revenue				-		-
Total liabilities	\$	850,837	\$	210,299	\$	1,061,136
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue		797,835	\$	-	\$	797,835
FUND BALANCE						
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid expense	\$	53,614	\$	19,984	\$	73,598
Restricted for:	Ψ	00,011	Ψ	17,701	Ψ	70,070
Debt service and bond covenants		74,690		-		74,690
DARE		- 1,070		1,311		1,311
Downtown housing		-		196,788		196,788
Master redevelopment		-		2,500		2,500
Committed to:		-		-		-
Parking garage		-		-		-
Assigned to:		-		-		-
Golf Course		-		236,032		236,032
Unassigned		(368,168)		(101,140)		(469,308)
Total fund balances	\$	(239,864)	\$	355,475	\$	115,611
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,408,808	\$	565,774	\$	1,974,582

Town of Marion, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Government Funds To the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 115,611
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	9,185,189
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	70,390
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(3,276,549)

6,094,641

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities

Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES		<u>General</u>		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
General property taxes	\$	587,353	\$	_	\$	587,353
Other local taxes	Ψ	2,521,376	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,521,376
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		280		-		280
Fines and forfeitures		26,140		-		26,140
Revenue from the use of money and property		23,893		-		23,893
Charges for services		387,937		404,564		792,501
Miscellaneous		88,558		3,789		92,347
Recovered costs		43,628		38,558		82,186
Intergovernmental revenues:		10,020		00,000		02/100
Commonwealth		1,516,904		_		1,516,904
Federal		164,157		50,357		214,514
Total revenues	\$	5,360,226	\$	497,268	\$	5,857,494
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	1,225,012	\$	-	\$	1,225,012
Public safety		1,538,451		-		1,538,451
Public works		2,014,875		-		2,014,875
Parks, recreation, and cultural		543,401		570,690		1,114,091
Community development		674,214		23,188		697,402
Capital projects		263,278		-		263,278
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		319,961		-		319,961
Interest and other fiscal charges		88,954		-		88,954
Total expenditures	\$	6,668,146	\$	593,878	\$	7,262,024
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$	(1,307,920)	\$	(96,610)	\$	(1,404,530)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	776,130	\$	108,364		884,494
Proceeds of general obligation bonds		-		-		-
Contribution from nonprofit		-		-		-
Proceeds of indebtedness		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	776,130	\$	108,364	\$	884,494
Not change in fund halances	¢	(E21 700\	¢	11 754	¢	(E20.027)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(531,790)	Þ	11,754	\$	(520,036)
Fund balances - beginning	ф.	291,926	¢	343,721	φ	635,647
Fund balances - ending	\$	(239,864)	\$	355,475	\$	115,611

Town of Marion, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(520,036)
--	----	-----------

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

(149,809)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

26,866

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

319,638

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(77,733)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (401,074)

Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Enterprise Funds					
		Water and		wimming	-	
	<u>s</u>	Sewer Fund		<u>Pool Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	706,812	\$	200	\$	707,012
Accounts receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles		383,271		-		383,271
Due from other funds		556,121		-		556,121
Prepaid expenses		394		-		394
Total current assets	\$	1,646,598	\$	200	\$	1,646,798
Noncurrent assets:		, ,				, , , , , , , , ,
Restricted current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	306,304	\$	_	\$	306,304
Investments	Ψ	174,391	Ψ	_	Ψ	174,391
Total restricted current assets	\$	480,695	\$		\$	480,695
Capital assets:	<u> </u>	100,070	Ψ		Ψ	100,070
Utility plant in service		20,149,415		_		20,149,415
Machinery and equipment		2,758,959		29,151		2,788,110
Land		399,579		179,125		578,704
Pool		377,317		974,651		974,651
Less accumulated depreciation		(11,352,262)		(975,666)		(12,327,928)
Construction in progress		1,106,857		(773,000)		1,106,857
Total capital assets	\$	13,062,548	\$	207,261	\$	13,269,809
Total noncurrent assets	\$	13,543,243	\$	207,261	\$	13,750,504
Total assets	\$	15,189,841	\$	207,261	\$	15,750,304
1 0(a) a 558 (5		13,107,041	Ф	207,401	Φ	10,377,302
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	112,143	\$	1,903	\$	114,046
Accrued liabilities		19,389		4,333		23,722
Customers' deposits		47,190		-		47,190
Accrued interest payable		35,267		-		35,267
Compensated absences		35,895		-		35,895
General obligation bonds payable - current portion		343,042		-		343,042
Total current liabilities	\$	592,926	\$	6,236	\$	599,162
N. and and the latter of						
Noncurrent liabilities:	٨	4 000 005	¢		φ	4 000 225
General obligation bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	4,889,225	\$	-	\$	4,889,225
Compensated absences		11,965		-		11,965
OPEB liability		128,051	_	-		128,051
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	5,029,241	\$		\$	5,029,241
Total liabilities		5,622,167	\$	6,236	\$	5,628,403
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets	\$	7,830,281	\$	207,261	\$	8,037,542
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants	Ť	480,695	•	-		480,695
Unrestricted		1,256,698		(6,036)		1,250,662
Total net position	\$	9,567,674	\$	201,225	\$	9,768,899
i dai net positon		7,007,074	Þ	201,223	Þ	7,100,89

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. $\label{eq:continuous}$

Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services \$ 2,853,540 \$ 19,342 \$ 2,872,882 Other revenues 2 2,829 2,829 Total operating revenues \$ 2,853,540 \$ 22,171 \$ 2,875,711 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 519,967 \$ 21,065 \$ 541,032 Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses 1,948,684 50,034 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) \$ 904,856 27,863 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest expense (177,809) - 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Income before contributions and transfers 733,929 (27,863) 706,066			Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund		Enterprise Fund Swimming Pool Fund	<u>Total</u>		
Charges for services \$ 2,853,540 \$ 19,342 \$ 2,872,882 Other revenues - 2,829 2,829 Total operating revenues \$ 2,853,540 \$ 22,171 \$ 2,875,711 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 519,967 \$ 21,065 \$ 541,032 Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 558,272 Total operating expenses \$ 1,948,684 \$ 50,034 \$ 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) \$ 904,856 \$ (27,863) \$ 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 \$ 2,624 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) \$ 2,624 2,424 1,72,809 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ 2,626,586 \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 </th <th>OPERATING REVENUES</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services \$ 2,853,540 \$ 19,342 \$ 2,872,882 Other revenues - 2,829 2,829 Total operating revenues \$ 2,853,540 \$ 22,171 \$ 2,875,711 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 519,967 \$ 21,065 \$ 541,032 Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses 1,948,684 50,034 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) 904,856 (27,863) 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue 4,458 - 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (170,927) \$ 75,86								
Other revenues - 2,829 2,829 Total operating revenues \$ 2,853,540 \$ 22,171 \$ 2,875,711 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 519,967 \$ 21,065 \$ 541,032 Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses 1,948,684 50,034 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) 904,856 (27,863) 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue 4,458 - 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (170,927) \$ 75,283 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 -	<u> </u>	\$	2 853 540	\$	19 342	\$	2 872 882	
Total operating revenues \$ 2,853,540 \$ 22,171 \$ 2,875,711 OPERATING EXPENSES Personal services \$ 519,967 \$ 21,065 \$ 541,032 Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses \$ 1,948,684 \$ 50,034 \$ 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) \$ 904,856 \$ (27,863) 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 \$ - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - \$ 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - \$ (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ 177,809 Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ 177,809 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 <t< td=""><td><u> </u></td><td>Ψ</td><td>-</td><td>Ψ</td><td></td><td>*</td><td></td></t<>	<u> </u>	Ψ	-	Ψ		*		
Personal services \$ 519,967 \$ 21,065 \$ 541,032 Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses 1,948,684 50,034 1,998,718 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (27,863) 876,993 Intergovernmental revenue 4,458 - 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (170,927) - (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 23,944 Transfers in - 23,944 - Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438		\$	2,853,540	\$		\$		
Personal services \$ 519,967 \$ 21,065 \$ 541,032 Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses 1,948,684 50,034 1,998,718 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (27,863) 876,993 Intergovernmental revenue 4,458 - 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (170,927) - (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 23,944 Transfers in - 23,944 - Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438	OPERATING FYPENSES							
Fringe benefits 283,266 10,788 294,054 Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses \$ 1,948,684 \$ 50,034 \$ 1,998,718 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ 904,856 \$ (27,863) \$ 876,993 Noncestment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)		\$	519 967	\$	21 065	\$	541 032	
Contractual services 83,585 1,325 84,910 Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses \$1,948,684 \$50,034 \$1,998,718 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$4,458 - \$4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 - 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438) - (908,438)		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		
Materials and supplies 144,513 8,638 153,151 Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses \$ 1,948,684 \$ 50,034 \$ 1,998,718 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 \$ - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	· ·							
Other charges 336,266 4,033 340,299 Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses \$ 1,948,684 \$ 50,034 \$ 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) \$ 904,856 \$ (27,863) \$ 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)								
Depreciation 581,087 4,185 585,272 Total operating expenses \$ 1,948,684 \$ 50,034 \$ 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) \$ 904,856 \$ (27,863) \$ 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) \$ 4,458 \$ \$ \$ 4,458 Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 \$ 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) \$ (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ \$ \$ \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ \$ \$ 206,586 \$ \$ 23,944 23,944 Transfers in \$ (908,438) \$ (908,438) \$ (908,438)	···							
Total operating expenses \$ 1,948,684 \$ 50,034 \$ 1,998,718 Operating income (loss) \$ 904,856 \$ (27,863) \$ 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	•							
Operating income (loss) \$ 904,856 \$ (27,863) \$ 876,993 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	·	\$		\$		\$		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 \$ - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438) -			.,,	,	20,001		.,,	
Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	Operating income (loss)	\$	904,856	\$	(27,863)	\$	876,993	
Intergovernmental revenue \$ 4,458 - \$ 4,458 Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Investment earnings 2,424 - 2,424 Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)		\$	4,458	\$	-	\$	4,458	
Interest expense (177,809) - (177,809) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ - \$ (170,927) Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	<u> </u>				-			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) \$ (170,927) \$ - \$ (170,927) \$ Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 \$ Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ - \$ 206,586 \$ Transfers in \$ 23,944 \$ 23,944 \$ Transfers out \$ (908,438) \$ - \$ (908,438)	9				-			
Income before contributions and transfers \$ 733,929 \$ (27,863) \$ 706,066 Capital contributions \$ 206,586 \$ - \$ 206,586 Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	•	\$, ,	\$	-	\$		
Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)					(27,863)			
Transfers in - 23,944 23,944 Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	Capital contributions	\$	206,586	\$	-	\$	206,586	
Transfers out (908,438) - (908,438)	•		-		23.944			
			(908,438)		-			
		\$		\$	(3,919)	\$		
Total net position - beginning \$ 9,535,597 \$ 205,144 \$ 9,740,741	Total net position - beginning	\$	9,535,597	\$	205,144	\$	9,740,741	
Total net position - ending \$ 9,567,674 \$ 201,225 \$ 9,768,899								

Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

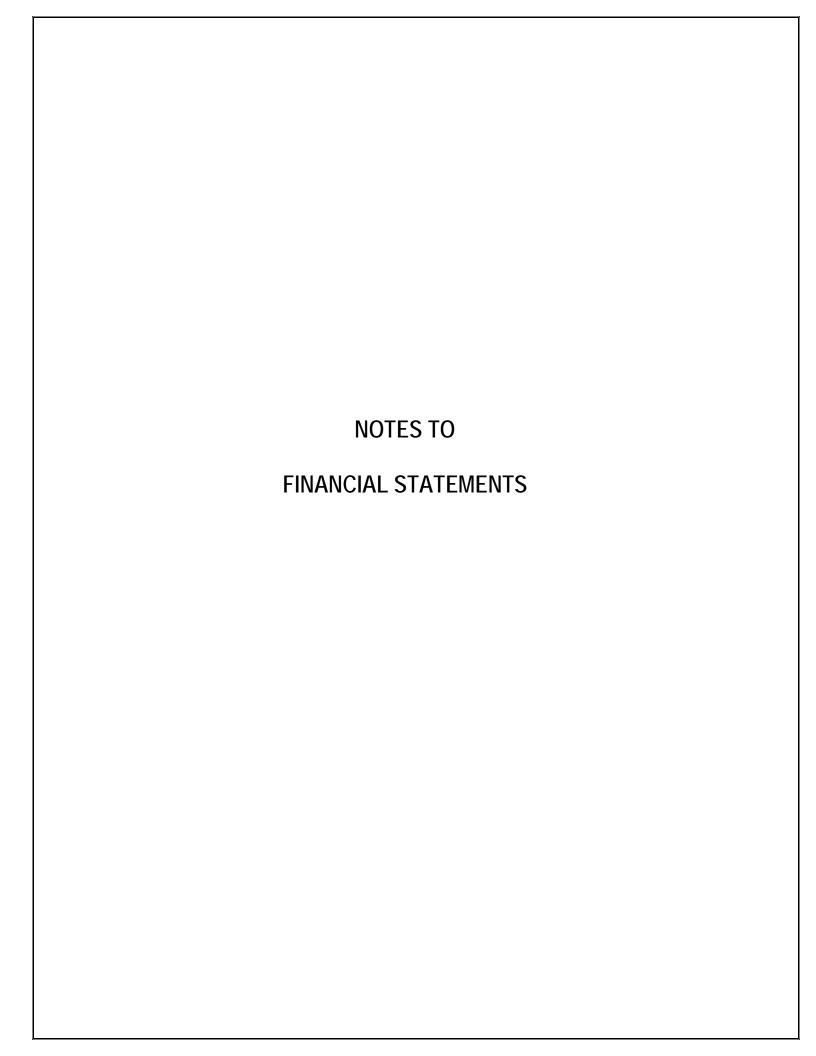
	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund		nd Fund rand Swimming			<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,857,487	\$	22,170	\$	2,879,657
Payments to suppliers		(875,240)		(24,764)		(900,004)
Payments to and for employees		(489,383)		(21,350)		(510,733)
Net cash provided (used by) operating activities	\$	1,492,864	\$	(23,944)	\$	1,468,920
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers to other funds	\$	(908,438)	\$	-	\$	(908,438)
Transfers from other funds		-		23,944		23,944
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing						
activities	\$	(908,438)	\$	23,944	\$	(884,494)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		((70 704)				((70 704)
Additions to utility plant	\$	(670,721)	\$	-	\$	(670,721)
Principal payments on bonds		(330,930)		-		(330,930)
Capital contributions		206,586		-		206,586
Intergovernmental contributions Proceeds from indebtedness		4,458		-		4,458
		440,438		-		440,438
Interest payments	\$	(182,915) (533,084)	\$	-	\$	(182,915)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u> </u>	(333,064)	Þ	-	Þ	(533,084)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends received	\$	2,424	\$	-	\$	2,424
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	\$	2,424	\$	-	\$	2,424
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	53,766	\$	-	\$	53,766
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	\$	1,133,741	\$	200	\$	1,133,941
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	1,187,507	\$	200	\$	1,187,707
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses Increase (decrease) in customer deposits Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	\$	904,856 581,087 2,837 (394) 1,110 (26,730) 26,470 3,628	\$	(27,863) 4,185 (266)	\$	876,993 585,272 2,837 (394) 1,110 (26,996) 26,470 3,628
Total adjustments	\$	588,008	\$	3,919	\$	591,927
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,492,864	\$	(23,944)	\$	1,468,920

Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	C	Cemetery <u>Fund</u>		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,433		
Investments, at fair value		113,996		
Total assets	\$	119,429		
NET POSITION				
Amounts held for cemetery maintenance		119,429		
Total liabilities	\$	119,429		

Town of Marion, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Cemetery <u>Fund</u>	
ADDITIONS		
Investment earnings:		
Interest and dividends	\$	3,838
Realized gain on investment		778
Unrealized gain on investment		3,918
Total additions	\$	8,534
DEDUCTIONS		
Distribution	\$	2,904
Fiduciary fees		148
Total deductions	\$	3,052
Change in net position	\$	5,482
Net position - beginning		113,947
Net position - ending	\$	119,429



Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity:

The Town of Marion, Virginia (the Town) was incorporated in 1832. The Town operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, development services, culture, community development, water services, sewer services, and industrial development. The accompanying financial statements present the government.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - None

Related Organizations - None

Jointly Governed Organizations - None

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges, and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

The Town operates a sewage collection and treatment system and a water distribution system. The activities of the systems are accounted for in the water and sewer fund. In addition to the water and sewer fund, the Town has a swimming pool fund that is operated as a proprietary fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds consist of a cemetery fund for perpetual care.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

- D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity:
 - 1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 6. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

3. Allowance for Un-collectible Accounts

The Town calculates its allowance for un-collectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance for governmental activities amounted to approximately \$98,639 for property taxes and \$9,989 for garbage billings at June 30, 2013. The allowance for business-type activities amounted to approximately \$102,362 for water and sewer billings at June 30, 2013.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity: (continued)

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are, reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets, not including infrastructure assets, with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Infrastructure assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current or previous year.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-50
Water and Sewer System	30-50
Infrastructure	20-35
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Improvements	10-20

6. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The Town accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity: (continued)

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

9. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets—consist of historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Restricted—consist of assets that are restricted by the Town's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on share revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted—all other net position is reported in this category.

10. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Town has a credit risk associated with water and sewer fund accounts receivable due to geographic proximity of the Town's customers. The risk is mitigated by the large number of customers and relatively low individual balances.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity: (continued)

11. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses are for payments made by the Town in the current fiscal year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

12. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63 Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

The Town implemented the financial reporting provisions of GASB Statement No. 63 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement provides guidance for reporting deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The requirement of this Statement will improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on the entity's net position. With the implementation of this Statement, certain terminology has changed and financial statement descriptions have changed from "net assets" to "net position". The net equity reported in the financial statements was not changed as a result of implementing this Statement and no restatement of prior balances is required.

13. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities

The Town implemented the financial reporting provisions of GASB Statement No. 65 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities.

14. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond and grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

15. Inventory

Inventory generally is recorded at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net position-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The detail of this \$(3,276,549) difference for the primary government is as follows:

	Primary			
	Government			
General obligation bonds and loans payable	\$	(2,747,909)		
Accrued interest		(4,042)		
OPEB liability		(334,924)		
Compensated absences		(189,674)		
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental funds				
to arrive at <i>net position-governmental activities</i>	\$	(3,276,549)		

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The detail of this (\$149,809) difference for the primary government is as follows:

	Primary Government		
		- Nerrinient	
Capital outlays	\$	319,118	
Depreciation expense		(409,322)	
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(59,605)	
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in			
net position of governmental activities	\$	(149,809)	

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities: (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The detail of this \$(77,733) difference for the primary government is as follows:

	Government		
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) Decrease in Accrued interest	\$	(18,122) (61,229) 1,618	
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) <i>net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds</i> to arrive at <i>changes in net position of governmental activities</i>	\$	(77,733)	

The remainder of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The Town charter establishes the fiscal year as the twelve-month period beginning July 1st. The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to April 1, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. Only the Town Council can revise the appropriation for each department or category.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all Town units.

B. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2013, the CDBG Gilman Street Fund had a deficit fund equity of \$(32,951) and the Streetscape Fund had a deficit fund equity of \$(68,188). These funds are combined with non- major funds and reflected as an other governmental fund in the financial statement. The General Fund had a deficit fund equity of \$(239,864) at June 30, 2013.

Note 4-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

All cash of the Town is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (a multiple financial institution collateral pool), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by federal depository insurance. Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and Loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. Deposits covered by the Act are considered insured since the Treasury Board is authorized to make additional assessments.

Note 4-Deposits and Investments: (continued)

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The Town has two bond sinking accounts that are invested in U.S. Bank. The Town escrows the amounts monthly that are paid to the lender on a yearly basis.

Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary		
	Government		
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales tax	\$	24,867	
Communication tax		21,081	
Non-categorical aid		11,718	
Community development block grant		-	
Virginia department of transportation grant		8,662	
Total	\$	66,328	

Note 6-Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

Fund		ansfers In	Tra	Transfers Out		
Primary Government:						
General Fund	\$	776,130	\$	-		
Other Governmental Funds		108,364		-		
Water and Sewer Fund		-		(908,438)		
Swimming Pool Fund		23,944				
Total	\$	\$ 908,438		(908,438)		

Note 7-Long-Term Debt:

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness:

Details of long-term indebtedness:

Year Ending	G	General Obligation Bonds			General Oblig		Loan Payable		Tot	al										
June 30,	Р	rincipal	lı	nterest	Principal	Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Interest		Principal	_ li	nterest
2014	\$	70,000	\$	18,543	\$ 115,148	\$	74,556	\$ 185,148	\$	93,099										
2015		70,000		16,022	47,764		64,607	117,764		80,629										
2016		80,000		12,603	33,510		62,985	113,510		75,588										
2017		80,000		8,847	1,527,122		55,839	1,607,122		64,686										
2018		85,000		4,905	28,103		23,508	113,103		28,413										
2019-2023		20,000		970	156,624		101,430	176,624		102,400										
2024-2028		-		-	187,612		70,441	187,612		70,441										
2029-2033		-		-	175,039		33,893	175,039		33,893										
2034-2038		-		-	65,080		8,420	65,080		8,420										
2039-2043		-		-	-		-	-		-										
										,										
Totals	\$	405,000	\$	61,890	\$ 2,336,002	\$	495,679	\$ 2,741,002	\$	557,569										

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2013.

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2012	Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2013
General obligation bonds	\$ 470,000	\$ -	\$ (65,000)	\$ 405,000
Premium on bond	8,201	-	(1,295)	6,906
Loans payable	2,589,346	-	(253,344)	2,336,002
OPEB liability	273,695	61,229	-	334,924
Compensated absences	171,553	18,122	_	189,675
Total	\$ 3,512,795	\$ 79,351	\$ (319,639)	\$ 3,272,507

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness (Continued)</u>:

Details of long-term indebtedness:

Zotalio or long term massicalisees.	Total Amount		nount Due in One Year
<u>Loan Payable</u>			
National Bank, issued June 15, 2004, monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of \$3,775. Interest computed at a rate of 3.45%, secured by equipment.	\$ 40,066	\$	40,066
National Bank of Blacksburg, issued June 1, 2009, monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of \$2,730. Interest computed at a rate of 4.37%, secured by equipment	\$ 29,057	\$	29,057
National Bank, issued November 28, 2011, monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of \$1,938. Interest computed at a rate of 3.92%, secured by equipment.	\$ 51,460	\$ \$	21,632
Bank of Marion, issued January 5, 2012, monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of \$2,647. Interest computed at a rate of 3%.	\$ 450,123	\$ \$	18,543
Smyth County Community Foundation, issued November 11, 2011, monthly installments of interest in the amount of \$3,125 for five years with a balloon payment at the end of the five years. Interest computed at a rate of 2.5%.	\$ 1,500,000	\$.0,0 .0
Bank of Marion, issued June 26, 2007, total issuance price of \$315,000. Interest computed at a rate of 4.5% for five years. For next 25 years, the interest rate is 5.2%.			F 0F0
	\$ 265,296		5,850
Total Loans Payable	\$ 2,336,002	\$	115,148

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness (Continued):

Details of long-term indebtedness: (continued)

General Obligation Bonds Virginia Resource Authority bond, issued May 8, 2005, variable semi- annual installments of principal and interest. Interest computed at a variable rate of 3.28% to 4.85%, unsecured.	Total Amount		Amount Due Within One Year			
	\$	405,000	\$	70,000		
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	405,000	\$	70,000		
Other Obligations:						
Premium on bond	\$	6,906	\$	1,294		
Compensated absences		189,675		142,256		
OPEB liability		334,924				
Total Other Obligations	\$	531,505	\$	143,550		
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	3,272,507	\$	328,698		

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Primary Government-Enterprise Activity Indebtedness: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds					
June 30,	Principal			Interest		
2014	\$	343,042	\$	167,749		
2015		324,318		157,477		
2016		335,044		149,147		
2017	332,851			135,607		
2018	345,592			124,396		
2019-2023		1,917,030		424,774		
2024-2028		1,211,409		105,932		
2029-2033		73,227		46,053		
2034-2038		82,450		36,830		
2039-2043		92,836		26,444		
2044-2048		104,529		14,751		
2049-2053		69,938		2,631		
Totals	\$	5,232,266	\$	1,391,791		

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2013.

	July 1, 2012		Issuances		Re	tirements	June 30, 2013		
General obligation bonds	\$	5,122,758	\$	440,438	\$	(330,930)	\$	5,232,266	
Compensated absences		44,232		3,629		-		47,861	
OPEB liability		101,581	1	26,470		-		128,051	
Total	\$	5,268,571	\$	470,537	\$	(330,930)	\$	5,408,178	

<u>Primary Government-Enterprise Activity Indebtedness</u>: (continued)

<u>Details of long-term indebtedness</u>:

	Total Amount		nount Due in One Year
General Obligation Bonds:			
Virginia Resource Authority, issued February 9, 1993, semi-annual principal reductions of \$26,749. There is no interest rate on this note.	\$	26,749	\$ 26,749
Virginia Resource Authority, issued on July 7, 1992, semi-annual principal and interest payments computed at a rate of 2.5%.	\$	2,610,000	\$ 170,000
Virginia Resource Authority, issued on March 24, 2006, total issuance price of \$1,684,600. Semi-annual principal and interest payments computed at a rate of 3%.	\$	1,278,909	\$ 74,802
Virginia Resource Authority, issued December 15, 2011, semi-annual principal reductions of \$25,257. There is no interest rate on this note.	\$	686,767	\$ 50,514
Rural Development, issued a \$606,000 loan on July 14, 2011. Monthly payments of principal and interest of \$1,988 at a rate of 2.375%.	\$	597,074	\$ 9,779
Rural Development, issued a \$225,800 loan on June 9, 1997. Monthly payments of principal and interest of \$1,037 at a rate of 4.5%.			
	\$	32,767	\$ 11,199
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	5,232,266	\$ 343,043

Town of Marion, Virginia Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (continued)

<u>Primary Government-Enterprise Activity Indebtedness</u>: (continued)

<u>Details of long-term indebtedness</u>:

	Total Amount	 nount Due in One Year
Other Obligations:	 	
Compensated absences	\$ 47,861	\$ 35,894
OPEB liability	 128,051	-
	_	
Total other obligations	\$ 175,912	\$ 35,894
Total Long Term Obligations	\$ 5,408,178	\$ 378,937

Note 8-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees—Plan 1 and Plan 2:

 Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.

Note 8-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and Plan 1 members who were not vested on January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning
 at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.
 These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political
 subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may
 retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other
 provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. The multiplier for Plan 2 members was reduced to 1.65% effective January 1, 2013 unless they are hazardous duty employees and their employer has elected the enhanced retirement multiplier. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Plan (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP, or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2012-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500

Note 8-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Town's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 21.83% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

Primary Government:

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Town's annual pension cost of \$627,076 was equal to the Town's required and actual contributions. The FY 2013 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the Town's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The Town's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

Three-Year Trend Information

	Fiscal		Annual	Percentage	I	Net		
	Year	Pension		Pension of AF		of APC	Per	nsion
	Ending	Co	st (APC) 1	Contributed	Obli	gation		
Primary Government:								
Town	6/30/2013	\$	627,076	100.00%	\$	-		
	6/30/2012	\$	529,511	100.00%		-		
	6/30/2011	\$	510,639	100.00%		-		

¹ Employer portion only

Note 8-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 62.43% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$15,124,048 and the actuarial value of assets was \$9,441,903, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$5,682,145. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,762,869, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 205.66%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Note 9-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Primary Government:

,	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,799,879	\$ 16,999	\$ -	\$ 1,816,878
Construction in progress	512,987	163,596	(36,665)	639,918
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 2,312,866	\$ 180,595	\$ (36,665)	\$ 2,456,796
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 7,431,200	\$ 40,254	\$ -	\$ 7,471,454
Improvements other than buildings	1,927,463	-	-	1,927,463
Machinery and equipment	5,208,793	134,934	(187,980)	5,155,747
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 14,567,456	\$ 175,188	\$ (187,980)	\$ 14,554,664
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ (2,582,166)	\$ (168,671)	\$ -	\$ (2,750,837)
Improvements other than buildings	(328,158)	(54,686)	-	(382,844)
Machinery and equipment	(4,634,999)	(185,966)	128,375	(4,692,590)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (7,545,323)	\$ (409,323)	\$ 128,375	\$ (7,826,271)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 7,022,133	\$ (234,135)	\$ (59,605)	\$ 6,728,393
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,334,999	\$ (53,540)	\$ (96,270)	\$ 9,185,189

Note 9-Capital Assets: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	87,342
Public safety		58,637
Public works		130,989
Parks, recreation, and culture		132,355
	<u></u>	
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	409,323

Business-type activities:

Water and Sewer Fund:

		Beginning						Ending				
	Balance		Balance		Increases		ce Increases		Decreases		Balance	
Business-type Activities:								_				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:												
Land	\$	399,579	\$	-	\$	-	\$	399,579				
Construction in progress		1,181,878		598,889	(673,910)		1,106,857				
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,581,457	\$	598,889	((673,910)	\$	1,506,436				
Capital assets, being depreciated:												
Utility plant and equipment	\$	19,475,506	\$	673,910	\$	-	\$	20,149,416				
Machinery and equipment		2,687,826		71,832		(700)		2,758,958				
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	22,163,332	\$	745,742	\$	(700)	\$	22,908,374				
Less: accumulated depreciation for:												
Utility plant and equipment	\$	(8,527,165)	\$	(520,544)	\$	-	\$	(9,047,709)				
Machinery and equipment		(2,244,711)		(60,542)		700		(2,304,553)				
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(10,771,876)	\$	(581,086)	\$	700	\$	(11,352,262)				
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	11,391,456	\$	164,656	\$		\$	11,556,112				
Business-type acitivities capital assets, net	\$	12,972,913	\$	763,545	\$ (673,910)	\$	13,062,548				

Note 9-Capital Assets: (continued)

Business-type activities:

Swimming Pool Fund:

	В	Beginning					Ending
		Balance	Inc	creases	Dec	reases	Balance
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	179,125	\$		\$	-	\$ 179,125
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	179,125	\$	-		-	\$ 179,125
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Pool	\$	974,651	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 974,651
Equipment		29,151		-		-	 29,151
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,003,802	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,003,802
Less: accumulated depreciation for:							
Pool	\$	(942,331)	\$	(4,184)	\$	-	\$ (946,515)
Equipment		(29,151)		-		-	(29,151)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(971,482)	\$	(4,184)	\$	-	\$ (975,666)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	32,320	\$	(4,184)	\$	-	\$ 28,136
Business-type acitivities capital assets, net	\$	211,445	\$	(4,184)	\$		\$ 207,261

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:

Water and Sewer	\$ 581,086
Swimming Pool	4,184
Total depreciation expense - business type activities	\$ 585,270

Town of Marion, Virginia Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 10-Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$797,835 is comprised of the following:

<u>Property Taxes</u> - Property tax revenue of \$769,281 representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding current expenditures.

<u>RBEG Loan</u> – Small business loan of \$28,554 representing uncollected loan payments not available for funding current expenditures.

Note 11-Risk Management:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Town participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of property, general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Each member of each of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The Town pays the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available resources, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

 Virginia Muncipal Liability Pool

 Public Employees Dishonesty Coverage
 \$ 200,000

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Note 13 - Restricted Net Position:

Governmental Activities	Balance
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants	\$ 74,690
Restricted for downtown housing project	196,788
Total	\$ 271,478
Business-type Activities	Balance
Business-type Activities Restricted for debt service and bond covenants	\$ Balance 480,695

Note 14 - Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash of \$306,304 is reflected in the financial statements for the business-type activities. The \$306,304 represents the amount set aside for debt service in the water and sewer fund.

Note 15 – Restricted Investments

Restricted investment of \$74,690 is reflected in the financial statements for the governmental activities. The \$74,690 represents the amount set aside to cover the requirements set forth by Virginia Resource Authority in connection with the general obligation bond. Restricted investment of \$174,391 is reflected in the financial statements for the business-type activities. The \$174,391 represents the amount set aside to cover the requirements set forth by Virginia Resource Authority in connection with the general obligation bond.

Note 16 – Contingencies

The Town participates in certain federal and state assisted grant programs. Grant funds are subject to audit by the funding agencies to determine compliance with various grant requirements. Should any expenditure be disallowed, they must be refunded to the granting agencies. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits, is not believed to be material.

Note 17 – Compensated Absences

The Town's policies regarding vacation time permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. Town employees with up to five years of service earn vacation at the rate of one day for each month. After five years, thirteen vacation days are earned annually; after ten years, fourteen days vacation is earned; after fifteen years an employee earns fifteen days vacation; after twenty years, sixteen days vacation are earned. The employees also earn an additional one-half day vacation time when employees go 90 days and are accident free. No benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave upon termination. However, upon retirement with 30 years of VRS service, the Town will pay 25% of all accumulated and unused sick pay up to \$2,500. No sick leave will be accrued at June 30, 2013 due to the difficulty in estimating the number of employees who may retire with 30 years of VRS service.

Note 18 - Fund Balance-Restricted for:

Other Governmental Funds	Balance
Dare Fund	\$ 1,311
Downtown Housing Fund	196,788
Master Redevelopment	2,500
Total	\$ 200,599

Note 19 - Interfund Balances

Interfund balances consisted of the following at June 30, 2013:

Fund	Due from		Due to	
Primary Covernment				
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$	33,951	\$	556,121
Water and Sewer Fund		556,121		-
Downtown Housing Fund		118,369		-
CDBG Gilman Street Fund		-		32,951
Streetscape Fund		-		118,369
Master Redevelopment Fund		-		1,000
Total	\$	708,441	\$	708,441

Note 20 – Other Post-Employment Benefits

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued its Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postretirement Benefit Plans Other Than Pensions.* The Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) expense and related liabilities in the financial statements. The cost of post-employment healthcare benefits should be associated with the period in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future years when it will be paid. The Town adopted the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2010. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years commencing with the 2010 liability.

The Authority meets the requirements to use the alternative measurement method and elects to use the alternative measurement method.

Note 20 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Annual Other Post-Employment Benefit Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Town's annual OPEB costs of \$104,498 for governmental activities and \$26,470 for business-type activities, respectively, were equal to the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).

	vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 104,042 9,579 (9,123)	\$ 26,300 3,555 (3,385)		
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	 104,498 (43,269)	 26,470 -		
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	 61,229 273,695	 26,470 101,581		
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 334,924	\$ 128,051		

The Town's annual OPEB cost for governmental activities, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows. The Town's first year for implementing GASB No. 45 was June 30, 2010.

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB	
Ending	Cost	Obligation	
June 30, 2013	\$104,498	0%	\$334,924
June 30, 2012	88,649	0%	273,695
June 30, 2011	94,524	0%	185,046

The Town's annual OPEB cost for business-type activities, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows. The Town's first year for implementing GASB No. 45 was June 30, 2010.

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$26,470	0%	\$128,051
June 30, 2012	34,797	0%	101,581
June 30, 2011	33,860	0%	66,784

Note 20 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Funding Status and Funding Progress

The funding status of the plan as of June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	vernmental Activities	iness-type ctivities
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,484,584 - 1,484,584	\$ 319,624 - 319,624
Funded Ratio (Actuarial Value of Plan Assets/AAL) Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members)	0% 2,713,057	0% 529,569
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	54.72%	60.36%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Town of Marion, Virginia Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 20 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine liabilities under the alternative measurement method. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility. Active employees are assumed to retire at age 62 which is the historical average age of retirement for employees of the Town. Active employees age 62 or older who have qualified postemployment benefits under the plan are assumed to retire in the first projected year. A healthcare plan that includes both retirees and active employees contains a blended rate. The rate used in the calculation is the age-adjusted premium less the contribution from the retiree or blended premium. The actuarial assumptions for the Town included: inflation at 1.80% and an investment rate of return of 3.5%. The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums is based on the Getzen model promulgated by Society of Actuaries. Using the level percent of payroll method, the payroll growth rate has been set to the inflation rate. Life expectancies at the calculation date are based on the most recent mortality tables published by the National Center for Health Statistics. The 2004 United States Life Tables for Males and the United States Life Tables for Females were used. Life expectancies that include partial years were rounded to the nearest whole year. The calculation of postemployment health insurance coverage for each year is based on the assumption that all participants will live until their expected age as displayed in the mortality tables. The probability that an employee will remain employed until the assumed retirement age was determined using non-group specific age-based turnover data provided in Table 1 in paragraph 35b of GASB Statement 45. The unfunded accrued liability is being amortized over 30 years. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2013 is 26 years.

Plan Description

The Town provides post-employment medical coverage for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Town may change, add or delete coverage as they deem appropriate and with the approval of the Town Council. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits.

A retiree, eligible for post-retirement medical coverage, is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the Town and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the Town. Employees at the Town are allowed to stay on the plan until death of the employee or eligibility for Medicare coverage. The employee pays 50% of the required premium for single coverage. The employee pays 100% for spouse or dependent health care insurance premiums.

Funding Policy

The Town currently funds post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. During fiscal year 2013, the Town had not designated any funding for the OPEB liability.

Note 21 – GASB 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions:

Purpose

The Town Council of the Town of Marion is dedicated to maintaining an appropriate level of fund balance sufficient to mitigate current and future financial risks and to ensure stable tax rates; and, therefore, formally establishes this policy for the Town's Fund Balance. This policy also authorizes and directs the Finance Director to prepare financial reports which accurately categorize fund balance as required by GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

Components of Fund Balance

Fund balance is the difference between the assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. The following five fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority; for all funds except the general fund, assigned fund balance is the residual fund balance classification;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported
 in the general fund.

Committed Fund Balance Policy

The Town Council is the Town's highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Town Council. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded, as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

Assigned Fund Balance Policy

The Town Council has authorized the Town's Finance Director as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by this fund balance policy.

Note 21 – GASB 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions: (continued)

Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The Town does not maintain an unassigned fund balance policy.

Resource Flow Policy

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Nonspendable Fund Balance	Balance
Prepaid expenses and inventory	 73,598
Total	\$ 73,598
Restricted Fund Balance	Balance
Debt service and bond convenants	74,690
DARE	1,311
Downtown Housing	196,788
Master Redevelopment	 2,500
Total	\$ 275,289
Committed Fund Balance	Balance
Parking Garage	-
Total	\$ -
Assigned Fund Balance	Balance
Golf Course	 236,032
Total	\$ 236,032

Town of Marion, Virginia Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 22 - New Accounting Standard:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements which are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* amends the financial reporting elements previously classified as assets and liabilities to be consistent with the definitions of Concept Statement 4. This statement will be effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The Town has decided to early implement GASB Statement No. 65 in conjunction with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position.*

GASB Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections-2012--an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62* resolves conflicting guidance resulting from the issuance of recent pronouncements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012.

GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans* amends GASB Statement No. 25. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013.

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* amends GASB Statement No. 27. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

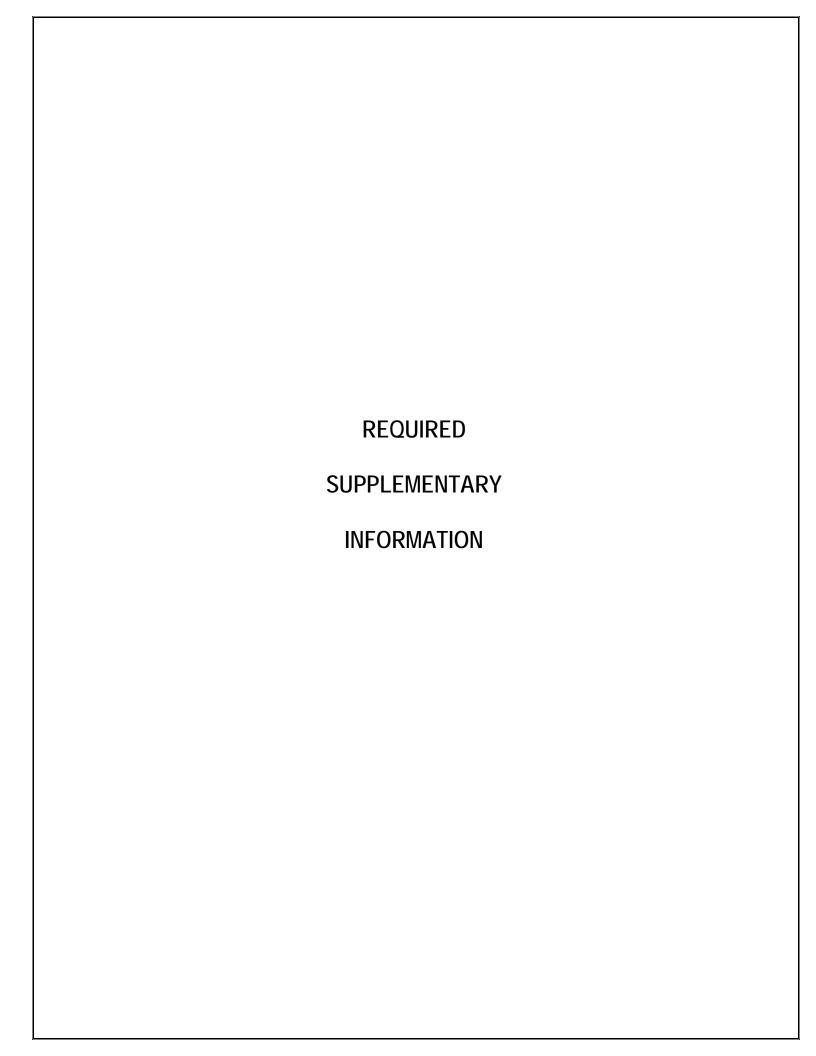
GASB Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations* establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. The provisions of this Statement are effective for government combinations and disposals of government operations occurring in financial reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013 and should be applied on a prospective basis.

GASB Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees* establishes accounting and financial reporting for non-exchange transactions. The provisions of Statement No. 70 are effective for financial statements for reporting beginning after June 15, 2013.

Management has evaluated GASB Statement No. 65 and has elected to early implement the standard. Management has not yet evaluated the effects, if any, of adopting the other standards above, but does not expect them to be material.

Note 23 – Subsequent Events

The Town awarded the Edwynne Water Line Replacement project to the lowest bidder, Branson Construction for \$74,358.



Town of Marion, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				ariance with
		Buugotou	7	ounts	•	Actual	•	Positive
		Original		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	668,180	\$	668,180	\$	587,353	\$	(80,827)
Other local taxes		2,593,238		2,593,238		2,521,376		(71,862)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		200		200		280		80
Fines and forfeitures		29,400		29,400		26,140		(3,260)
Revenue from the use of money and property		30,522		30,522		23,893		(6,629)
Charges for services		414,520		414,520		387,937		(26,583)
Miscellaneous		45,000		45,000		88,558		43,558
Recovered costs		46,250		46,250		43,628		(2,622)
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		1,257,289		1,257,289		1,516,904		259,615
Federal		-		-		164,157		164,157
Total revenues	\$	5,084,599	\$	5,084,599	\$	5,360,226	\$	275,627
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,215,847	\$	1,215,847	\$	1,225,012	\$	(9,165)
Public safety		1,560,015		1,560,015		1,538,451		21,564
Public works		2,018,190		2,018,190		2,014,875		3,315
Parks, recreation, and cultural		550,276		550,276		543,401		6,875
Community development		459,778		459,778		674,214		(214,436)
Capital projects		184,259		184,259		263,278		(79,019)
Debt service:								,
Principal retirement		213,512		213,512		319,961		(106,449)
Interest and other fiscal charges		59,359		59,359		88,954		(29,595)
Total expenditures	\$	6,261,236	\$	6,261,236	\$	6,668,146	\$	(406,910)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(1,176,637)	\$	(1,176,637)	\$	(1,307,920)	\$	(131,283)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	103,682	\$	103,682	\$	776,130	\$	672,448
Proceeds of general obligation bonds		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	103,682	\$	103,682	\$	776,130	\$	672,448
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,072,955)	\$	(1,072,955)	\$	(531,790)	\$	541,165
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		291,926		291,926
Fund balances - ending	\$	(1,072,955)	\$	(1,072,955)	\$	(239,864)	\$	833,091
		•		•				

Town of Marion, Virginia Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Primary Government:

Town Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	n Value of Accrued		Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)	Ur	nfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Assets of AAL (as %	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6)		
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)		(7)
6/30/2012 6/30/2011 6/30/2010	\$	9,441,903 9,412,677 9,248,742	\$	15,124,048 14,406,362 14,215,190	\$	5,682,145 4,993,685 4,966,448		62.43% 65.34% 65.06%	\$ 2,762,869 2,501,429 2,517,201		205.66% 199.63% 197.30%

Post-Employment Benefit Plan-Governmental Activities

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Ur	nfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6)
7/1/2012 7/1/2011 7/1/2010	\$ - - -	\$	1,484,584 917,989 917,989	\$	1,484,584 917,989 917,989	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 2,713,057 2,351,230 2,268,403	54.72% 39.04% 40.47%

Post-Employment Benefit Plan-Business-type Activities

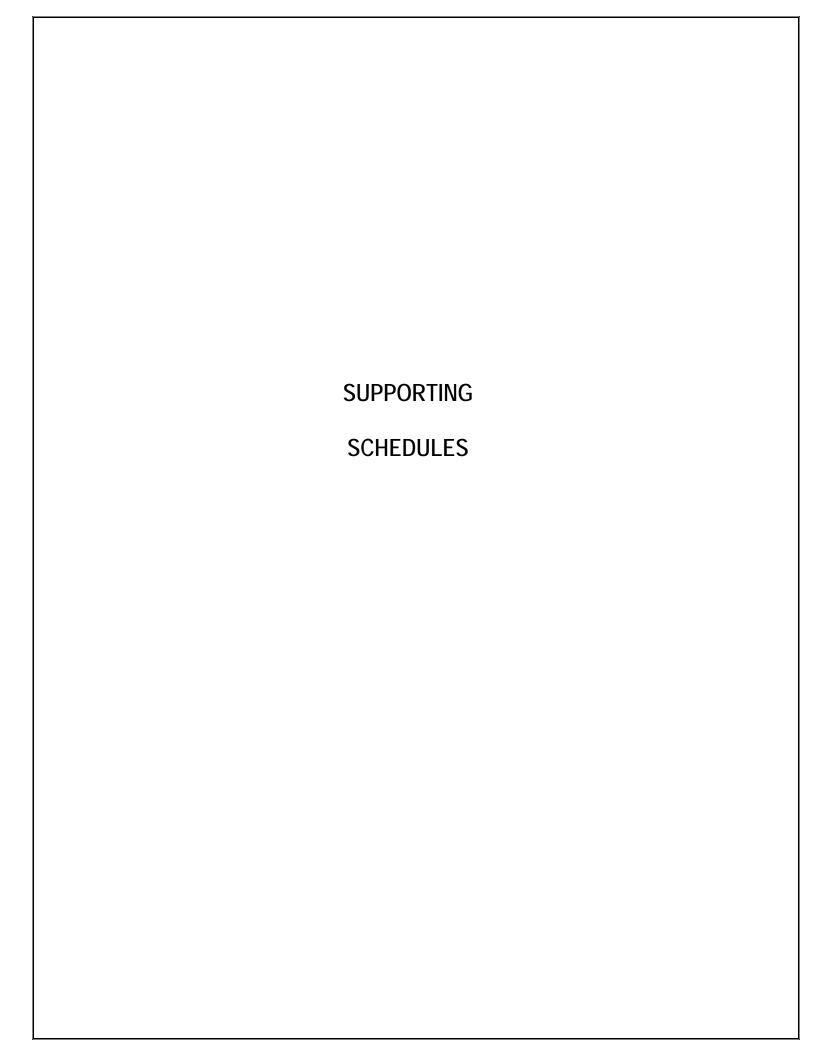
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	Ur	nfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2) / (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6)		
7/1/2012 7/1/2011	\$ -	\$ 319,624 215,871	\$	319,624 215,871	0.00% 0.00%	\$ 529,569 479,217	60.36% 45.05%		
7/1/2010	-	215,871		215,871	0.00%	482,989	44.69%		

Town of Marion, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Cash and cash equivalents		Dare ogram	reetscape rogram	Downtown using Project	Gil	CDBG man Street	<u>Re</u>	Master development	Golf <u>Course</u>	<u>Total</u>
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts receivable 1 2 2 18,369 Inventories 1 18,369 1 18,36										
Fund balances: Fund balances Fund balanc	•	\$ 1,311	\$ 50,181	\$ 78,419	\$	-	\$	3,500	\$ 221,584	\$ 354,995
Due from other funds	*									
Inventories	Accounts receivable		-	-				-	72,426	72,426
Prepaid expense	Due from other funds	-	-	118,369		-		-	-	118,369
Total assets \$ 1,311	Inventories	-	-	-		-		-	10,394	10,394
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$ - \$ - - - 44,040 44,040 44,040 Accrued liabilities - - - - 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,939 13,230 10,000 - 152,320 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 152,320 10,000 - 10,000 -	Prepaid expense	-	-	-		-		-	9,590	9,590
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 44,040 \$ 44,040 Accrued liabilities 13,939 13,939 Due to other funds - 118,369 - 32,951 1,000 - 152,320 Total liabilities \$ - \$ 118,369 \$ - \$32,951 \$ 1,000 \$ 57,979 \$ 210,299 Fund balances: Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditure Total fund balances \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475 Total fund balances \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475	Total assets	\$ 1,311	\$ 50,181	\$ 196,788	\$	-	\$	3,500	\$ 313,994	\$ 565,774
Accrued liabilities 13,939 13,939 Due to other funds - 118,369 - 32,951 1,000 - 152,320 Total liabilities \$ - \$ 118,369 \$ - \$ 32,951 \$ 1,000 \$ 57,979 \$ 210,299 Fund balances: Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditure Total fund balances \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475 \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475										
Due to other funds - 118,369 - 32,951 1,000 - 152,320 Total liabilities \$ - \$ 118,369 \$ - \$ 32,951 \$ 1,000 \$ 57,979 \$ 210,299 Fund balances: Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditure \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475 Total fund balances \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475	Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		-		-	\$ 44,040	\$ 44,040
Total liabilities \$ - \$ 118,369 \$ - \$ 32,951 \$ 1,000 \$ 57,979 \$ 210,299 Fund balances: Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditure Total fund balances 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475 \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475	Accrued liabilities	-	-	-		-		-	13,939	13,939
Fund balances: Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditure	Due to other funds	-	118,369	-		32,951		1,000	-	152,320
Unreserved: Designated for subsequent expenditure \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475 Total fund balances \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475	Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 118,369	\$ -	\$	32,951	\$	1,000	\$ 57,979	\$ 210,299
Total fund balances \$ 1,311 \$ (68,188) \$ 196,788 \$ (32,951) \$ 2,500 \$ 256,015 \$ 355,475										
	Designated for subsequent expenditure	\$ 1,311	\$ (68,188)	\$ 196,788	\$	(32,951)	\$	2,500	\$ 256,015	\$ 355,475
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,311 \$ 50,181 \$ 196,788 \$ - \$ 3,500 \$ 313,994 \$ 565,774	Total fund balances	\$ 1,311	\$ (68,188)	\$ 196,788	\$	(32,951)	\$	2,500	\$ 256,015	\$ 355,475
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,311	\$ 50,181	\$ 196,788	\$	-	\$	3,500	\$ 313,994	\$ 565,774

Town of Marion, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

REVENUES		Dare ogram		reetscape <u>Program</u>		Downtown using Project	<u>Gi</u>	CDBG Iman Street	Re	Master development		Golf Course		<u>Total</u>
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	404,564	\$	404,564
Miscellaneous		-				-				-		3,789		3,789
Recovered costs		-		-		38,558		-		-		-		38,558
Intergovernmental revenues:														-
Commonwealth		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Federal		-		50,357		-		-		-				50,357
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	50,357	\$	38,558	\$	-	\$	-	\$	408,353	\$	497,268
EXPENDITURES Current:														
Parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	570,690	\$	570,690
Community development		-		23,188		-		-		-		-		23,188
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:														-
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	23,188	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	570,690	\$	593,878
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	¢		¢.	27,169	¢	20 550	¢		ф		¢	(1/2 227)	¢	(0/ /10)
expenditures	\$	-	\$	27,109	\$	38,558	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(162,337)	Þ	(96,610)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$		\$	17,041	\$		\$		\$		\$	91,323	\$	108,364
Transfers out	φ		Φ	17,041	Ψ		Ψ	_	φ		Φ	71,323	φ	100,304
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	-	\$	17,041	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	91,323	\$	108,364
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	44,210	\$	38,558	\$		\$		\$	(71,014)	\$	11,754
Fund balances - beginning	φ	1,311	φ	(112,398)	φ	158,230	φ	(32,951)	Ψ	2,500	φ	327,029	φ	343,721
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	1,311	\$	(68,188)	\$		\$	(32,951)	\$	2,500	\$	256,015	\$	355,475



Town of Marion, Virginia Schedule of Revenue – Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
eneral Fund:									
evenue from local sources:									
General property taxes:									
Real property taxes	\$	457,530	\$	457,530	\$	443,620	\$	(13,910)	
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		26,500		26,500		27,324		824	
Personal property taxes		176,150		176,150		107,028		(69,122)	
Penalties and Interest		8,000		8,000		9,381		1,381	
Total general property taxes	\$	668,180	\$	668,180	\$	587,353	\$	(80,827)	
Other local taxes:									
Local sales and use taxes	\$	160,000	\$	160,000	\$	138,863	\$	(21,137)	
Consumers' utility taxes		108,000		108,000		108,389		389	
Communications taxes		140,000		140,000		133,336		(6,664)	
Lodging taxes		110,000		110,000		93,720		(16,280)	
Business license taxes		546,552		546,552		552,757		6,205	
Utility license taxes		28,000		28,000		30,679		2,679	
Motor vehicle licenses		40,000		40,000		44,924		4,924	
Bank stock taxes		150,000		150,000		183,273		33,273	
Tobacco taxes		160,000		160,000		140,500		(19,500)	
Meals taxes		1,142,686		1,142,686		1,087,528		(55,158)	
Comcast PEG capital fees		8,000		8,000		7,407		(593)	
Total other local taxes	\$	2,593,238	\$	2,593,238	\$	2,521,376	\$	(71,862)	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:									
Permits and other licenses	\$	200	\$	200	\$	280	\$	80	
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	200	\$	200	\$	280	\$	80	
Fines and forfeitures:									
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	29,000	\$	29,000	\$	26,020	\$	(2,980)	
Parking Fines	Ψ	400	Ψ	400	Ψ	120	Ψ	(280)	
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	29,400	\$	29,400	\$	26,140	\$	(3,260)	
Dovonus from use of money and property									
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	\$	6,150	¢	6,150	\$	871	\$	(5,279)	
Revenue from use of property	φ	24,372	φ	24,372	φ	23,022	φ	(1,350)	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	30,522	\$	30,522	\$	23,893	¢	(6,629)	
TownTevenue iront use of money and property	Ψ	30,322	φ	30,322	φ	23,073	φ	(0,027)	
Charges for services:								(n)	
Parking lot charges	\$	700	\$	700	\$		\$	(220)	
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		380,000		380,000		364,532		(15,468)	
Charges for parks and recreation		8,500		8,500		11,922		3,422	
Farmers market		3,080		3,080		765		(2,315)	
Fire calls		10,000		10,000		250		(9,750)	
Senior center-District III		6,240		6,240		5,624		(616)	
Cemetery maintenance fees		6,000		6,000		4,364		(1,636)	
Total charges for services	\$	414,520	\$	414,520	\$	387,937	\$	(26,583)	
Miscellaneous revenue:									
Miscellaneous	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	60,604	\$	35,604	
		20,000		20,000		22,279		2,279	
Sale of property and equipment		20,000		20,000		22,217		2,2,,	
Sale of property and equipment Donations		20,000		20,000		5,675		5,675	

Town of Marion, Virginia Schedule of Revenues – Budget and Actual Government Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

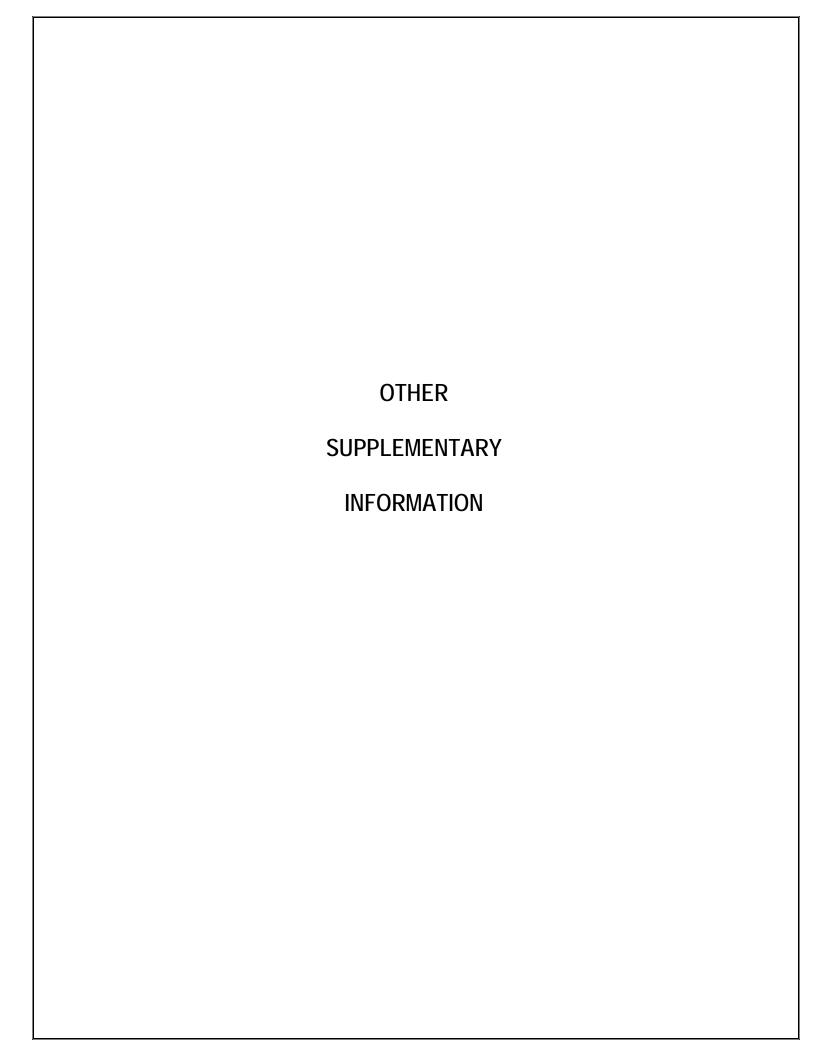
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source							riance with nal Budget -
. aa,ajo. aa minor novonao o aroo		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Positive (<u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)							
Recovered costs:							
County of Smyth - Recreation facilities	\$		\$	19,250	\$ 19,250	\$	-
County of Smyth - Fire and rescue		25,000		25,000	23,000		(2,000)
Other recovered costs		2,000		2,000	1,378		(622)
Total recovered costs		46,250	\$	46,250	\$ 43,628	\$	(2,622)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	3,827,310	\$	3,827,310	\$ 3,679,165	\$	(148,145)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Mobile home titling tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Rolling stock tax		6,920		6,920	11,927		5,007
Rental tax		-		-	18,166		18,166
Set off debt		10,000		10,000	-		(10,000)
Personal property tax relief funds		-		-	45,785		45,785
Total noncategorical aid	\$	16,920	\$	16,920	\$ 75,878	\$	58,958
Categorical aid:							
Other categorical aid:							
Litter control grant	\$	2,457	\$	2,457	\$ 3,546	\$	1,089
Fire programs		16,241		16,241	32,975		16,734
Street and highway maintenance		1,074,000		1,074,000	1,094,521		20,521
Law enforcement grant		122,672		122,672	146,864		24,192
Police block grant		9,999		9,999	17,050		7,051
Commission of the arts		5,000		5,000	5,000		-
Police Grant-DMV		10,000		10,000	13,238		3,238
Asset forfeiture funds		-		-	524		524
Small business USDA grant		-		-	30,750		30,750
DHCD grant-Schoolhouse project		-		-	94,058		94,058
Other state aid		-		-	2,500		2,500
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,240,369	\$	1,240,369	\$ 1,441,026	\$	200,657
Total categorical aid	\$	1,240,369	\$	1,240,369	\$ 1,441,026	\$	200,657
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	1,257,289	\$	1,257,289	\$ 1,516,904	\$	259,615
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:	_		4		4/2.22:	•	4/0.00:
Community Development Block Grant	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 162,201	\$	162,201
Emergency preparedness grant		-		-	1,896		1,896
Asset forfeiture funds Total categorical aid	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 60 164,157	¢	60 164,157
•		-		-		\$	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 164,157	\$	164,157
Total General Fund	\$	5,084,599	\$	5,084,599	\$ 5,360,226	\$	275,627

Town of Marion, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Fund, Function and Department Expenditures		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:	Φ.	100.001	4	100.001	_	120.047	_	7.045
Town council	\$	108,091	\$	108,091	\$	100,246	\$	7,845
Town clerk		174,691		174,691		175,436		(745)
Legislative	\$	282,782	\$	282,782	\$	275,682	\$	7,100
General and financial administration:								
Town manager	\$	175,805	\$	175,805	\$	186,358	\$	(10,553)
Legal services		29,447		29,447		23,563		5,884
Independent auditor		28,000		28,000		28,780		(780)
Finance		215,032		215,032		214,566		466
Information technology		111,664		111,664		132,040		(20,376)
Risk management		118,550		118,550		114,105		4,445
Motor pool		126,054		126,054		120,542		5,512
Central purchasing		128,513		128,513		129,376		(863)
Total general and financial administration	\$	933,065	\$	933,065	\$	949,330	\$	(16,265)
Total general government administration	\$	1,215,847	\$	1,215,847	\$	1,225,012	\$	(9,165)
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Police	\$	1,463,215	\$	1,463,215	\$	1,452,727	\$	10,488
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	66,800	\$	66,800	\$	56,779	\$	10,021
Rescue service		30,000		30,000		28,945		1,055
Total fire and rescue services	\$	96,800	\$	96,800	\$	85,724	\$	11,076
Total public safety	\$	1,560,015	\$	1,560,015	\$	1,538,451	\$	21,564
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	1.652.745	\$	1,652,745	\$	1,663,154	\$	(10,409)
General engineering and administration		170,836		170,836		174,179		(3,343)
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges & sidewalks	\$	1,823,581	\$	1,823,581	\$	1,837,333	\$	(13,752)
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	194,609	\$	194,609	\$	177,542	\$	17,067
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	194,609	\$	194,609	\$	177,542	\$	17,067
Total public works	\$	2,018,190	\$	2,018,190	\$	2,014,875	\$	3,315
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Recreation	\$	374,089	\$	374,089	\$	371,305	\$	2,784
Senior Citizens Center		176,187	*	176,187	*	172,096	*	4,091
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	550,276	\$	550,276	\$	543,401	\$	6,875

Town of Marion, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Fund, Function and Department Expenditures	artment Expenditures		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>l</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning	\$	9,300	\$	9,300	\$	8,679	\$	621
Community development		310,225		310,225		519,094		(208,869)
Cable TV		139,953		139,953		145,629		(5,676)
Transport services		300		300		812		(512)
Total planning and community development	\$	459,778	\$	459,778	\$	674,214	\$	(214,436)
Total community development	\$	459,778	\$	459,778	\$	674,214	\$	(214,436)
Capital projects:								
Capital outlays	\$	184,259	\$	184,259	\$	263,278	\$	(79,019)
Total capital projects	\$	184,259	\$	184,259	\$	263,278	\$	(79,019)
Debt service:								(
Principal retirement	\$	213,512	\$	213,512	\$	319,961	\$	(106,449)
Interest and other fiscal charges		59,359		59,359		88,954		(29,595)
Total debt service	\$	272,871	\$	272,871	\$	408,915	\$	(136,044)
Total General Fund	\$	6,261,236	\$	6,261,236	\$	6,668,146	\$	(406,910)
Total Primary Government	\$	6,261,236	\$	6,261,236	\$	6,668,146	\$	(406,910)



Town of Marion, Virginia Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	General Fund	General Fund		tal General	Other Governmental		
Year	Reserved	Unreserved	ŀи	nd Balance	Fund Reserved	Fund Unreserved	Fund Balance
2003-04	\$ -	\$ 668,008	\$	668,008	\$ 54,700	\$ -	\$ 54,700
2004-05	-	506,596		506,596	91,236	3,879	95,115
2005-06	-	688,423		688,423	107,867	3,786	111,653
2006-07	-	642,694		642,694	120,327	621,369	741,696
2007-08	67,903	654,193		722,096	19,984.00	119,157	139,141
2008-09	184,108	265,491		449,599	-	120,145	120,145
2009-10	187,375	(52,282)		135,093	-	124,363	124,363

	noN	nspendable	Restricted		Committed		Assigned		Unassigned		Total Fund Balance	
2010-11	\$	108,273	\$	226,767	\$	-	\$	-	\$	264,827	\$	599,867
2011-12		110,678		230,442		161,590		327,029		(194,092)		635,647
2012-13		73,598		275,289		-		236,032		(469,308)		115,611

Town of Marion, Virginia Net Position Governmental and Business Type Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		Govern	mental Activ	itie s	Business-type Activities						
Fiscal Year		Investment in apital Assets	R e stricte d	U n r e s tric te d		Investment in apital Assets	R e	s tr ic te d	U nrestricte d		
2004.05	Φ.	4.020.4/2	¢ 0.7.257	ф /772 701)	ф	7 5 7 7 1 4 4	¢		¢ 2 / 01 70F		
2004-05	\$	4,029,462	\$ 87,357	\$ (773,781)	\$	7,577,144	\$	-	\$ 2,681,785		
2005-06		3,130,941	107,867	526,705		8,697,111		-	2,358,346		
2006-07		2,900,510	120,327	823,938		8,622,377		-	2,272,068		
2007-08		2,985,101	199,114	473,725		8,488,274	16	3,931	1,838,254		
2008-09		3,065,181	229,430	190,182		8,193,951	27	5,057	1,631,342		
2009-10		3,824,940	234,526	(216,688)		8,174,417	3 4	2,085	1,564,811		
2010-11		4,349,974	222,444	55,230		8,047,842	38	5,220	1,266,768		
2011-12		6,267,452	226,631	1,632		8,061,600	42	9,406	1,249,735		
2012-13		6,437,280	271,478	(614,117)		8,037,542	48	0,695	1,250,662		

^{(1) =} Information available for 9 years only.

Town of Marion, Virginia Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Excess of						
	General	General		Revenues		Grant			Total Other	NetChange
Fiscal	Government	Government	Capital	over (under)	Debt	Proceeds/	Transfers	Transfers	Financing	In Fund
Year	Revenue	Expenditures	Outlay	Expenditures	issued	Contributions	In	Out	Sources (Uses)	Balance
2003-04	\$ 3,968,506	\$ 5,146,086	\$ 546,002	\$ (1,723,582)	\$ 382,755	\$ -	\$1,301,296	\$ (16,953)	\$ 1,667,098	\$ (56,484)
2004-05	4,593,306	6,714,983	179,029	(2,300,706)	1,022,264	100,000	1,053,564	-	2,175,828	(124,878)
2005-06	4,614,866	4,762,754	867,117	(1,015,005)	-	-	1,244,747	(27,500)	1,217,247	202,242
2006-07	4,886,010	5,370,581	537,259	(1,021,830)	-	-	1,291,146	-	1,291,146	269,316
2007-08	4,713,209	5,865,689	504,300	(1,656,780)	-	-	1,743,643	(315,000)	1,428,643	(228,137)
2008-09	4,470,393	5,632,006	401,721	(1,563,334)	146,660	-	1,145,165	-	1,291,825	(271,509)
2009-10	5,659,073	6,048,558	882,088	(1,271,573)	89,785	-	871,500	-	961,285	(310,288)
2010-11	6,127,734	6,536,191	493,270	(901,727)	-	-	1,301,613	(59,475)	1,242,138	340,411
2011-12	5,880,811	7,788,793	3,523,572	(5,431,554)	2,063,234	2,294,760	1,109,340	-	5,467,334	35,780
2012-13	5,857,494	6,998,746	263,278	(1,404,530)	-	-	884,494	-	884,494	(520,036)

Town of Marion, Virginia Changes in Net Position – Governmental and Business-type Activities Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		Government		Government		
	Government	Wide	Net	Wide		Change in
Fiscal	Wide	Program	(Expense)	General		Net
Year	Expense	Revenues	Revenue	Revenues	Transfers	Position
2004-05	\$6,959,790	\$5,149,318	\$ (1,810,472)	\$ 2,484,177	\$ (2,268)	\$ 671,437
2005-06	6,861,005	5,365,644	(1,495,361)	2,711,270	3,093	1,219,002
2006-07	7,589,145	4,603,722	(2,985,423)	2,908,740	(5,068)	(81,751)
2007-08	8,153,835	4,458,306	(3,695,529)	3,011,542	-	(683,987)
2008-09	7,735,648	4,352,280	(3,383,368)	2,820,112	-	(563,256)
2009-10	7,885,684	5,360,558	(2,525,126)	2,864,074	-	338,948
2010-11	8,485,666	5,450,272	(3,035,394)	3,438,781	-	403,387
2011-12	9,412,903	5,556,202	(3,856,701)	5,765,679	-	1,908,978
2012-13	9,204,664	5,530,338	(3,674,326)	3,301,410	-	(372,916)
==:= .0	.,_5.,,00.	2,220,000	(5,5: 1,020)	2,22.,10		(=:=//:0)

⁽¹⁾ Information has only be available for 9 years.

Town of Marion, Virginia Government Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	General			Parks,			Interest			
Fiscal	Government	Public	Public	Recreation,	Community	Non-	on Long-	Swimming	Water and	
Year	Administration	Safety	Works	and Cultural	Development	departmental	Term Debt	Pool	Sewer	Total
2004-05	\$ 989,675	\$ 1,588,599	\$1,991,935	\$ 419,388	\$ 215,459	\$ -	\$ 111,643	\$ 109,130	\$1,533,961	\$ 6,959,790
2005-06	1,029,902	1,617,197	1,728,400	451,456	245,360	69,579	86,260	58,438	1,574,413	6,861,005
2006-07	2,456,617	530,880	2,041,691	465,949	248,302	25,038	72,055	60,030	1,688,583	7,589,145
2007-08	1,179,021	1,766,948	2,345,736	472,177	388,637	-	104,548	65,565	1,831,203	8,153,835
2008-09	1,214,519	1,521,445	2,096,432	487,930	346,523	-	67,536	58,670	1,942,593	7,735,648
2009-10	1,195,607	1,569,854	1,925,453	520,707	719,609	-	75,705	50,272	1,828,477	7,885,684
2010-11	1,205,746	1,572,373	2,091,079	503,161	1,085,854	-	62,126	57,057	1,908,270	8,485,666
2011-12	1,213,894	1,576,032	2,189,344	901,040	1,392,000	-	104,691	55,388	1,980,514	9,412,903
2012-13	1,309,870	1,583,513	2,173,422	1,141,233	732,440	-	87,659	50,034	2,126,493	9,204,664

⁽¹⁾ Information has only been available for 9 years.

Town of Marion, Virginia Government Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

PROGRAM REVENUES GENERAL REVENUES

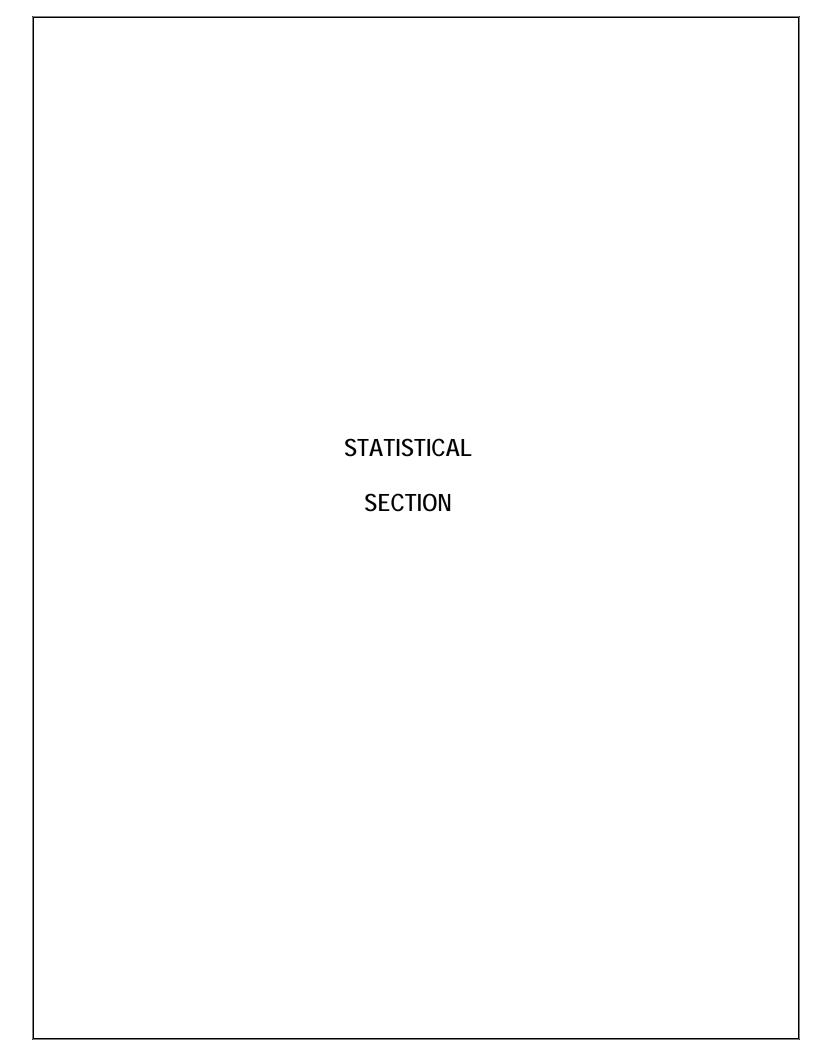
		Operating	Capital			Permits,					Grants and Contributions	Gain (Loss)		•
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Privilege Fees,	Fines	Unrestricted			Not Restricted	on Disposal	Contribution	
Fiscal	for	and	and	Property	Local	Regulatory	and	Investment		Recovered	to Specific	of	from	
Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Taxes	Taxes	Licenses	Forfeitures	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Costs	Programs	Capital Assets	Nonprofit	Total
2004-05	\$ 2,993,669	\$ 1,080,218	\$ 1,075,431	\$ 462,099 \$	5 1,908,646	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,249	\$ 54,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 7,633,495
2005-06	3,237,203	1,355,338	773,103	436,669	2,041,365	-	-	78,015	155,221	-	-	-		8,076,914
2006-07	3,257,417	1,346,305	-	542,400	2,229,086	-	-	93,123	44,131	-	-	-		7,512,462
2007-08	2,981,905	1,354,904	121,497	479,784	2,223,859	180	25,138	112,312	62,301	40,370	67,598	-		7,469,848
2008-09	2,961,251	1,343,479	47,550	522,114	2,066,362	75	24,933	66,100	11,911	61,377	67,240	-		7,172,392
2009-10	2,810,773	1,554,489	995,296	527,199	2,182,865	165	38,511	36,194	10,576	-	69,823	(1,259)		8,224,632
2010-11	3,052,405	1,920,520	477,347	603,623	2,607,956	165	24,309	36,872	48,293	44,231	73,332	-		8,889,053
2011-12	3,351,463	1,689,299	515,440	593,748	2,592,961	225	31,812	26,077	32,279	130,179	63,638	-	2,294,760	11,321,881
2012-13	3,668,212	1,511,125	351,001	614,219	2,521,376	280	26,140	26,317	92,347	4,458	75,878	(59,605)	-	8,831,748

⁽¹⁾ Information has only been available for 9 years.

Town of Marion, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

 Fiscal Year	an	General d Financial ministration	Public Safety	Public Works	Parks, ecreation, nd Cultural	ommunity velopment	d e	Non- partmental	Debt Service	Total (1)
2003-04	\$	942,684	\$ 1,070,852	\$ 2,190,192	\$ 393,852	\$ 317,522	\$	-	\$ 230,984	\$ 5,146,086
2004-05		921,986	1,156,908	2,837,325	409,662	215,459		-	1,173,643	6,714,983
2005-06		959,534	1,177,188	1,589,421	432,505	245,360		69,579	289,167	4,762,754
2006-07		827,517	1,277,511	2,015,502	302,772	643,473		12,683	291,123	5,370,581
2007-08		1,098,443	1,376,190	2,210,059	473,022	399,521		-	308,454	5,865,689
2008-09		1,112,726	1,382,225	1,966,409	491,837	366,508		-	312,301	5,632,006
2009-10		1,145,845	1,359,099	1,846,756	521,547	734,600		-	440,711	6,048,558
2010-11		1,110,440	1,444,987	1,998,486	500,548	1,131,811		-	349,919	6,536,191
2011-12		1,178,902	1,511,479	2,018,829	891,010	1,754,238		-	434,335	7,788,793
2012-13		1,225,012	1,538,451	2,014,875	1,114,091	697,402		-	408,915	6,998,746

⁽¹⁾ Excludes capital projects



Town of Marion, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		General Property	Other Local	Permits, vilege Fees, Regulatory		Fines and	fi	evenue rom the Use of oney and	Charges for			Do	covered		nter-		
Year	ſ	Taxes	Taxes	Licenses	F	orfeitures		roperty	Services	Mis	scellaneous		Costs		ernmental		Total
1 001		Taxoo	Tartoo	2.001.000		or rollar oo	•	1000119	00111000	14110	, collai 100 do			gove	, rimroman	_	Total
2003-04	\$	406,563	\$ 1,872,537	\$ 215	\$	43,739	\$	79,323	\$ 189,779	\$	33,491	\$	59,209	\$ 1,	283,650	\$	3,968,506
2004-05		430,421	1,900,883	185		35,481		32,664	246,848		15,000		48,149	1,	883,675		4,593,306
2005-06		464,984	2,032,056	195		24,992		26,916	251,383		147,065		55,010	1,	612,265		4,614,866
2006-07		538,460	2,210,211	210		25,774		32,669	234,918		32,988		29,710	1,	781,070		4,886,010
2007-08		485,251	2,258,281	180		25,138		26,642	308,018		62,474		50,634	1,	496,591		4,713,209
2008-09		514,629	2,066,362	75		24,933		34,208	308,251		11,910		61,806	1,	448,219		4,470,393
2009-10		525,667	2,182,865	165		38,511		24,496	329,010		10,576		166,640	2	381,143		5,659,073
2010-11		600,862	2,607,956	165		24,309		28,859	327,667		48,293		67,424	2	422,199		6,127,734
2011-12		568,140	2,592,961	225		31,812		22,459	525,359		32,279		65,451	2	042,125		5,880,811
2012-13		587,353	2,521,376	280		26,140		23,893	792,501		92,347		82,186	1,	731,418		5,857,494

Town of Marion, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2003-04	\$ 369,067	\$ 355,741	96.39%	\$ 3,964	\$ 359,705	97.46%	\$ 10,137	2.75%
2004-05	455,075	441,043	96.92%	7,301	448,344	98.52%	10,039	2.21%
2005-06	424,351	405,851	95.64%	23,177	429,028	101.10%	18,500	4.36%
2006-07	503,090	486,666	96.74%	43,252	529,918	105.33%	16,424	3.26%
2007-08	542,246	520,156	95.93%	6,145	526,301	97.06%	18,717	3.45%
2008-09	558,935	544,770	97.47%	8,407	553,177	98.97%	39,505	7.07%
2009-10	586,857	545,797	93.00%	10,709	556,506	94.83%	46,734	7.96%
2010-11	665,404	628,847	94.51%	10,362	639,209	96.06%	66,206	9.95%
2011-12	697,358	641,482	91.99%	9,653	651,135	93.37%	109,302	15.67%
2012-13	726,614	599,405	82.49%	6,611	606,016	83.40%	141,343	19.45%

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest. Includes amounts remitted under the State's personal property tax relief program.

⁽²⁾ Delinquent taxes are exclusive of penalties and interest and do not include amounts due under the State's personal property tax relief program.

Town of Marion, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Machinery	Public	Utility	
Fiscal	Real	Personal	and	Real	Personal	•
Year	Estate	Property	Tools	Estate	Property	Total
2003-04	\$ 209,454,559	\$ 35,340,158	\$ 7,054,336	\$ 13,478,041	\$ 390,775	\$ 265,717,869
2004-05	250,859,573	33,917,951	9,971,430	15,220,925	90,227	310,060,106
2005-06	255,641,963	33,684,964	9,958,650	14,972,639	37,344	314,295,560
2006-07	260,381,223	24,067,490	8,329,703	12,308,782	35,735	305,122,933
2007-08	261,783,380	35,859,020	7,893,263	12,015,017	-	317,550,680
2008-09	261,564,133	36,670,016	14,705,050	11,811,371	-	324,750,570
2009-10	261,863,888	34,387,058	13,770,663	11,811,371	-	321,832,980
2010-11	306,380,374	35,162,885	14,324,067	15,169,863	1,017,351	372,054,540
2011-12	308,609,739	35,407,906	14,350,698	14,616,120	944,230	373,928,693
2012-13	306,933,800	36,527,508	13,869,828	14,447,803	-	371,778,939
				Less Tax	Total Taxable	
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Exempt		Total Direct
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Assessed Value	Tax Rate
	\$ 130,185,200	\$ 68,296,200	\$ 1,111,700	\$ -	\$ 199,593,100	\$ 0.40
2004-05	154,129,400	85,134,700	1,431,700	-	240,695,800	0.40
2005-06	156,279,800	86,745,600	1,167,500	-	244,192,900	0.40
2006-07	147,680,200	91,382,100	9,795,125	-	248,857,425	0.40
2007-08	149,375,700	100,419,600	1,431,700	-	251,227,000	0.40
2008-09	148,421,900	90,104,900	1,167,500	-	239,694,300	0.40
2009-10	179,585,000	110,217,500	1,790,700	-	291,593,200	0.40
2010-11	180,320,600	110,532,800	1,882,900	-	292,736,300	0.40
2011-12	181,077,900	110,532,800	1,125,600	-	292,736,300	0.40
2012-13	190,265,800	99,837,400	1,125,600	-	291,228,800	0.40

Town of Marion, Virginia Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools
2003-04	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.29
2004-05	0.11	0.29	0.29
2005-06	0.11	0.29	0.29
2006-07	0.15	0.29	0.29
2007-08	0.15	0.29	0.29
2008-09	0.15	0.29	0.29
2009-10	0.15	0.35	0.35
2010-11	0.15	0.35	0.35
2011-12	0.15	0.35	0.35
2012-13	0.15	0.35	0.35

Town of Marion, Virginia Ration of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands)	Gross and Net Bonded Debt (2)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	N et Bonded D ebt per C a pita
2003-04	6,349	\$ 265,718	\$ 7,684,043	2.89%	\$ 1,210
2004-05	6,349	310,060	7,145,887	2.30%	1,126
2005-06	6,349	314,296	6,479,289	2.06%	1,021
2006-07	6,048	305,123	7,443,990	2.44%	1,231
2007-08	6,048	317,551	7,271,901	2.29%	1,202
2008-09	6,048	324,751	6,981,457	2.15%	1,154
2009-10	6,048	321,833	6,432,170	2.00%	1,064
2010-11	5,968	372,055	5,865,423	1.58%	983
2011-12	5,968	373,929	8,182,104	2.19%	1,371
2011-13	5,968	371,779	7,973,268	2.14%	1,336

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau.

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and bonded anticipation notes. Excludes capital leases, and compensated absences.

Town of Marion, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2003-04	\$ 133,957	\$ 97,027	\$ 230,984	\$ 5,146,086	4.49%
2004-05	1,062,000	111,643	1,173,643	6,714,983	17.48%
2005-06	202,908	86,259	289,167	4,762,754	6.07%
2006-07	219,068	72,055	291,123	5,370,581	5.42%
2007-08	220,060	88,394	308,454	5,865,689	5.26%
2008-09	234,568	77,733	312,301	5,632,006	5.55%
2009-10	363,156	77,555	440,711	6,888,134	6.40%
2010-11	285,114	64,805	349,919	7,029,461	4.98%
2011-12	329,991	104,344	434,335	11,312,365	3.84%
2012-13	319,961	88,954	408,915	7,262,024	5.63%

Town of Marion, Virginia Principal Taxpayers (1) For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Company	2011-2012 Assessed Value	Rank	2012-2013 Assessed Value	Rank	
Marion Properties	\$ 11,814,900	1	\$ 11,814,900	1	
IRT/Walmart	8,502,700	2	8,502,700	2	
Smyth County Foundation	6,944,400	3	6,711,300	3	
Highland Development	4,432,600	4	4,432,600	4	
Marion Plaza	3,559,300	5	3,559,300	5	
Mack Trammell	3,048,000	6	3,048,000	6	
81-Motel	2,791,100	7	2,791,100	7	
Jane Sheffey etal	-	-	2,768,000	8	
Grey Rock S/C	2,766,500	8	2,766,500	9	
Smyth County Community Hospital	-	-	2,303,100	10	
Susan Keene	1,991,500	9	-		
Bank of Marion	1,536,800	10	-		

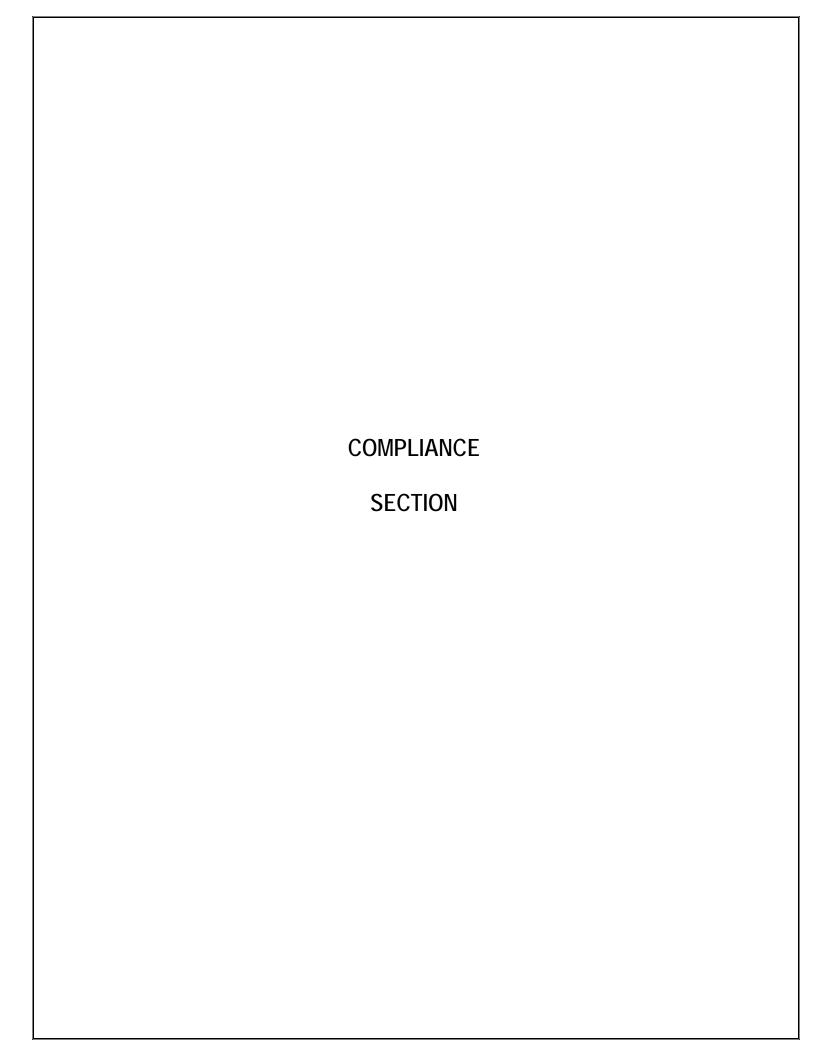
⁽¹⁾ Information provided from the real estate tax book.

Town of Marion, Virginia Computation of Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Assessed valuations: Assessed value	\$265,717,869	\$ 310,060,106	\$ 314,413,110	\$ 314,881,507	\$317,550,680	\$ 324,750,570	\$ 321,832,980	\$ 372,054,540	\$ 373,928,693	\$ 371,778,939
Legal debt margin Debt limitation - 10 percent of total assessed value	26,571,787	31,006,011	31,441,311	31,488,151	31,755,068	32,475,057	32,183,298	37,205,454	37,392,869	37,177,894
Debt applicable to limitation: General obligation bonds	5,332,908	7,145,887	6,479,289	7,443,900	7,285,280	6,993,542	6,442,960	5,874,919	8,190,305	7,980,174
Less: Amount set aside for repayment	8,708	9,952	11,196	11,662	231,834	358,387	423,918	470,425	497,807	555,385
Total debt applicable to limitation	5,324,200	7,135,935	6,468,093	7,432,238	7,053,446	6,635,155	6,019,042	5,404,494	7,692,498	7,424,789
Legal debt margin	\$ 21,247,587	\$ 23,870,076	\$ 24,973,218	\$ 24,055,913	\$ 24,701,622	\$ 25,839,902	\$ 26,164,256	\$ 31,800,960	\$ 29,700,371	\$ 29,753,105
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	20.04%	23.01%	20.57%	23.60%	22.21%	20.43%	18.70%	14.53%	20.57%	19.97%

Town of Marion, Virginia Miscellaneous Statistics For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Date of incorporation	1832
Form of government	Council-Manager
Number of employees:	
General government administration	12
Public safety	19
Public works	28
Parks, recreation, and cultural	16
Community development	2
Water and sewer	11
Swimming pool	15
Golf course	3



RONALD C. BOSTIC, CPA GREGORY D. TUCKER, CPA

P.O. Box 505, Lebanon, VA 24266 (276) 889-3103 Fax: (276) 889-0229 www.bthcpa.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of the Town Council
Town of Marion, Virginia:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the Town of Marion, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Town of Marion, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Marion's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Marion's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bostic, Lucker & Company, PC January 24, 2014 Lebanon, Virginia