

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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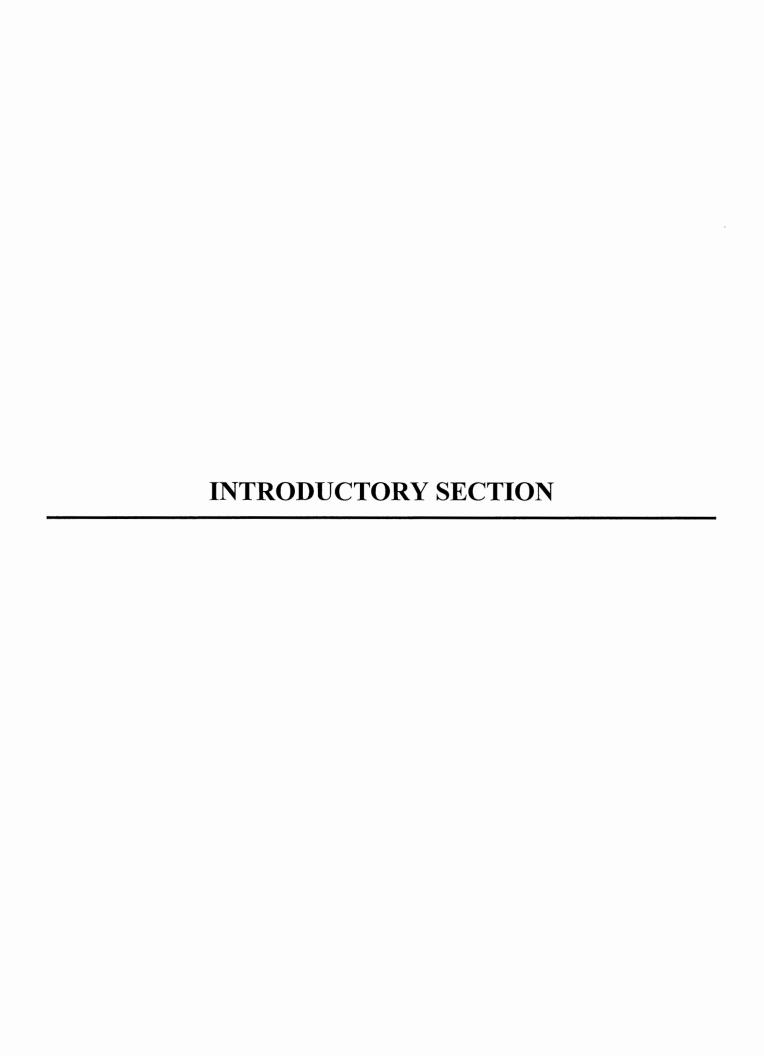
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CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS June 30, 2022

CITY COUNCIL

Joseph Fawbush, Mayor Mark Caruso, Vice-Mayor Sarah Davis William Mays Robbie Fultz

OTHER OFFICIALS

Fred L. Ramey City Manager Jeff Shupe Director of Finance James Lane Chief of Police Steve McElroy Director of Public Works Winfred Collins Building Official/Zoning Administrator Todd Lagow Fire Chief and Emergency Services Coordinator Andrew Greear Superintendent Water Treatment Plant Michele Knox Director of Parks & Recreation Barbara Muir Treasurer Judy Miller Commissioner of Revenue Carlos Noaks Sheriff William E. Bradshaw Attorney at Law
School Board
Cody McElroy
Dr. Gina WohlfordSuperintendent
Social Services Advisory Board
Abe Rutherford



Management Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council To the Citizens of the City of Norton

On behalf of the City Administration for the City of Norton, we offer the readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the end of the fiscal year by \$20,836,303 (net position).
- At June 30, 2022, the City reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,120,229 a decrease of \$138,048 in comparison with the prior year.
- As of June 30, 2022, the General Fund had a total Fund Balance of \$ 2,604,368.
- The total debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022 was \$ 15,977,671 which includes the component units. As of June 30, 2022, the City's Legal Debt Margin was \$ 12,012,276.
- The Water/Sewer Proprietary Fund had a decrease in Net Position for the year of \$373,643

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's financial statements are comprised of three components:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements – The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases to net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future periods, such as uncollected taxes.

The Government—wide financial statements include not only the City of Norton (primary government), but also its component units: the Norton City Schools and the Norton Industrial Development Authority (NIDA).

<u>Fund financial statements</u> – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the City of Norton can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Primary Government

Summary Statement of Net Position – June 30, 2022									
	Gove	ernmental	Busi	ness Type					
	Ac	tivities	_Ac	tivities]	otal			
Current & other assets	\$	12,270,695	\$	690,436	\$	12,961,131			
Capital and ROU assets		10,445,829		2,156,457		12,602,286			
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	22,716,524	\$	2,846,893	<u>\$</u>	25,563,417			
Current & other liabilities	\$	6,058,835	\$	436,916	\$	6,495,751			
Long-term liabilities		2,833,519		6,773,850		9,607,369			
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	8,892,354	<u>\$</u>	7,210,766	<u>\$</u>	16,103,120			
Deferred Inflows	\$	4,040,585	\$	394,094	\$	4,434,679			
Deferred Outflows		1,725,107		177,548		1,902,655			
Net Deference of Resources	\$	2,315,478	<u>s</u>	216,546	<u>\$</u>	2,532,024			
Net Position:									
Invested in Capital assets	\$	9,040,436	\$	9,337,549	\$	18,377,985			
Unrestricted		2,468,256		(9,938)		2,458,318			
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	11,508,692	<u>s</u>	9,327,611	\$	20,836,303			

Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net position total is \$20,836,303 excluding discretely presented component units. By far, the largest portion of this represents investments in capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery, and equipment. Capital assets net of related debt total \$18,377,985. The City of Norton uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; and thus these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$ 262,571 for 2022 and decreased by \$(376,671) for 2021. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

Governmental Activities Year Ended June 30

Revenues:		,	
Program Revenues:		2022	 2021
Charges for Services	\$	436,918	\$ 435,932
Operating Grants and Contributions		4,996,369	5,813,650
Capital Grants and Contributions		111,385	102,062
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes		3,161,558	3,171,973
Other Local Taxes		5,394,920	4,757,738
Other		377,049	 188,157
Total Revenues	\$	14,478,199	\$ 14,469,512
Expenses:			
General Government	\$	1,407,452	\$ 1,422,481
Judicial Administration		452,446	448,140
Public Safety		3,265,230	3,161,237
Public Works		2,527,576	2,209,334
Health and Welfare		1,815,621	1,752,950
Education		2,760,806	2,600,645
Parks, Recreation, Culture		587,517	583,825
Community Development		1,379,243	2,627,350
Interest of Long Term Debt		19,737	 40,221
Total Expenses	\$	14,215,628	\$ 14,846,183
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	262,571	\$ (376,671)

Included in the Total Expenses are non-cash items including depreciation. In addition, expenditures for capital assets are not included, while Grant Contributions (revenues) for some types of projects are. This means that under the full accrual method, the net position increased by \$262,571 for FY2022. A portion of the decrease is accounted for by the planned use of prior years' surplus to fund local match need to complete ongoing grant funded projects around the City, in particular the Downtown Revitalization Project.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds — The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The City's governmental funds include the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds.

Governmental Fund Highlights:

The largest sources of revenue in the General Fund for the year are as follows:

	2022	2021_	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	2018
Real Property Tax	1,995,596	1,978,724	2,107,104	1,977,083	2,029,508
Local Sales and Use Tax	1,918,095	1,726,064	1,664,033	1,639,810	1,518,284
Restaurant Food Taxes	1,663,751	1,515,515	1,479,388	1,496,570	1,388,390
Street & Highway Maintenance	912,947	896,920	870,897	870,286	845,049
Business License Taxes	981,872	690,659	801,979	789,539	779,120
Personal Property Taxes	591,759	615,296	614,014	640,982	558,745

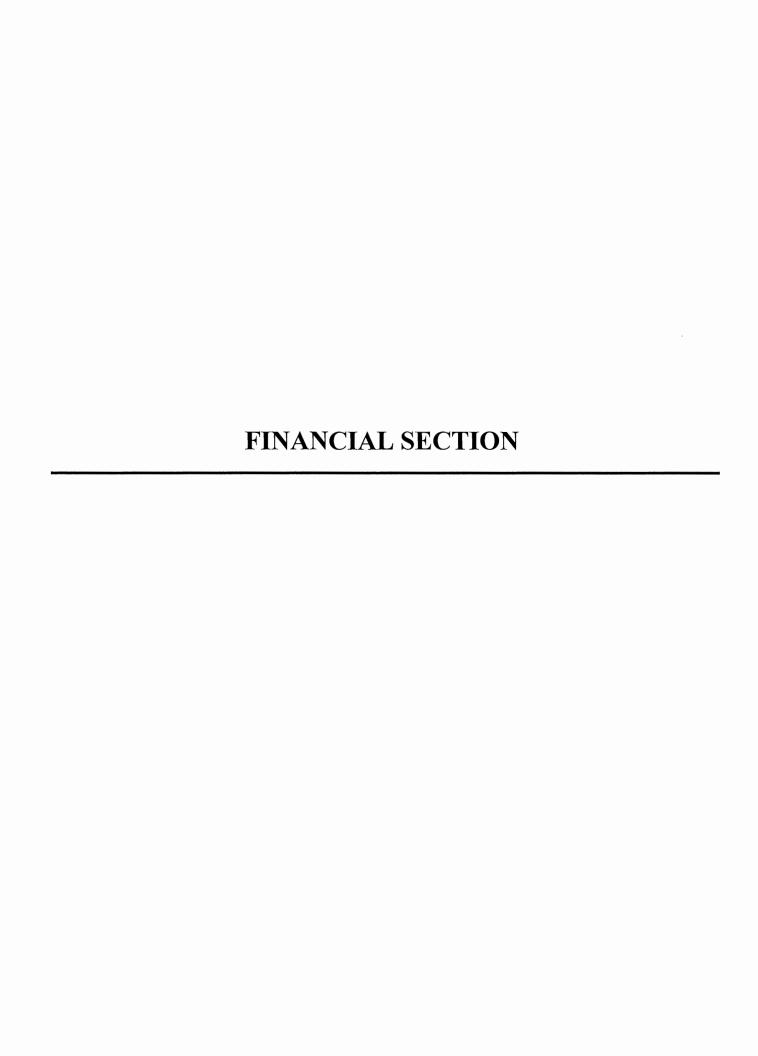
The City's assessed value of taxable property for the year was \$ 297,675,397. The real estate tax rate is \$.90 per \$ 100 of assessed value and the personal property tax rate is \$ 2.05 per \$ 100 of assessed value. For the year, the percent of levy collected was 97.64%. This includes collections of prior year's delinquencies in addition to current year assessments, but is calculated as a percentage of the current year tax base.

The City's business type activity is the Water/Sewer Proprietary Fund. During the year this fund had a decrease in net position of \$ 373,643. In addition, cash and cash equivalents increased by \$ 49,482 to \$317,452.

The City's General Fund Final Budget to Actual comparison for the year was as follows:

	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u> Favorable (Unfavorable)
Total Revenues Total Expenses	\$ 14,957,737 15,476,899	\$ 15,456,906 15,594,954	\$ 499,169 \$ (118,055)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses		<u>\$ (138,048)</u>	

Additional information may be obtained by contacting the City Manager, Mr. Jeff Shupe. or the Director of Finance, Mr. Treavor Calhoun at the City of Norton offices 276-679-1160.





Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norton, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions

Emphasis-of-Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financials statements, in 2022 the City adopted new accounting guidance, Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one

Listening Better, Trying Harder, Caring More. That's Rodefer Moss.

resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison information, and required pension and other post-employment benefit schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the directory of principal officials, statistical section and compliance sections but does not include the basis financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

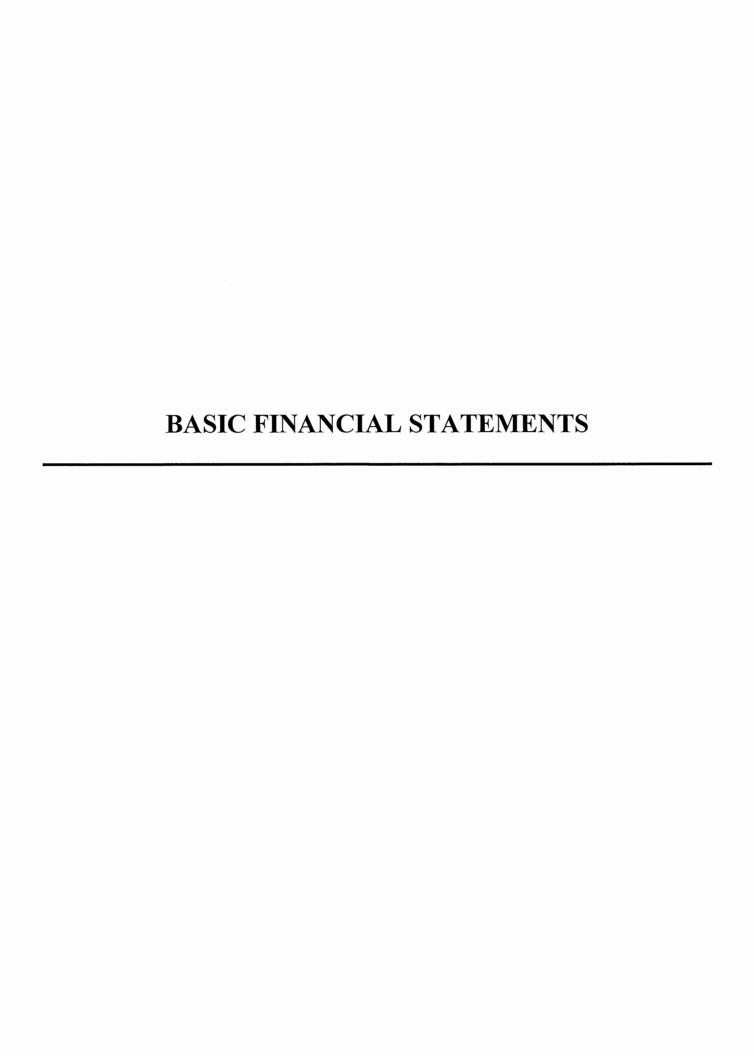
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Kodezer Wass & Co, PLLC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 3, 2024 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Norton, Virginia September 3, 2024



CITY OFNORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

				Compon	ent Units	
	Primary (Government			Industrial	
	Governmental	Business-Type			Development	
	Activities	Activities	Totals	School Board	Authority	
ASSETS		•				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 1,281,017	\$ 177,735	\$ 1,458,752	\$ 68,598	\$ 1,797,902	
Restricted cash (Note 2)	15,599	139,717	155,316	453,530	675,451	
Cash in custody of others	,,-	,	,	367,307	,	
Investments	4,133,972	-	4,133,972	-	_	
Receivables, net (Note 3)	1,803,290	366,818	2,170,108	_	34,566	
Prepaids	-,,		_,_,_,	_	27,185	
Leases receivable	_	_	-	_	1,139,074	
Due from other governments (Note 4)	3,188,177	15,169	3,203,346	361,444	-,,	
Due from primary government	-	-		1,405,061	_	
Due from component units	23,545	_	23,545	_	-	
Internal balances (Note 5)	242,917	(242,917)	,-	_	-	
Net pension asset (Note 12)	1,582,178	233,914	1,816,092	876,245	-	
Capital assets: (Note 7)	-,,	,	-,,			
Nondepreciable	1,357,584	716,078	2,073,662	479,084	6,183,873	
Depreciable, net	9,064,293	15,348,409	24,412,702	9,911,102	5,174,630	
Right of-use assets, net (Note 7)	23,952	-	23,952	33,197	0,17.,0-0	
Total assets	22,716,524	16,754,923	39,471,447	13,955,568	15,032,681	
	22,710,324	10,734,923	39,471,447	13,933,300	13,032,081	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	46,148		46,148		-	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 12)	1,158,684	172,191	1,330,875	1,722,531	-	
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment						
benefits (Note 14)	520,275	5,357	525,632	262,935	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,725,107	177,548	1,902,655	1,985,466	_	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	245,173	249,784	494,957	399,922	55,213	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	165,377	28,244	193,621	403,189	· -	
Accrued interest	3,351	23,309	26,660	2,508	-	
Customer security deposits	, <u>-</u>	135,579	135,579	_	-	
Due to other governmental units	332,343		332,343	-	-	
Due to primary government		-	, -	-	-	
Due to component unit	1,405,062	-	1,405,062	-	-	
Unearned revenue - ARPA Funds	3,907,529	_	3,907,529	-	-	
Noncurrent liabilties:			, ,			
Net pension liability (Note 12)	-	-	-	3,471,657	-	
Net other postemployment						
benefits/liabilities (Note 14)	1,137,785	15,052	1,152,837	1,145,555	-	
Due within one year (Note 9)	314,311	267,080	581,391	762,238	22,420	
Due in more than one year (Note 9)	1,381,423	6,491,718	7,873,141	5,824,859	913,622	
Total liabilities	8,892,354	7,210,766	16,103,120	12,009,928	991,255	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1.066.240		1.066.240			
Property taxes	1,066,348	-	1,066,348	-	1 122 622	
Deferred inflows - leases	2 (27 405	200.025	2 027 420	2 162 670	1,133,632	
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 12)	2,637,485	389,935	3,027,420	3,163,670	-	
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment	226 752	4.150	240.011	241.272		
benefits (Note 14)	336,752	4,159	340,911	241,273	1 122 (22	
Total deferred inflows of resources	4,040,585	394,094	4,434,679	3,404,943	1,133,632	
NET POSITION					40	
Net investment in capital assets	9,040,436	9,337,549	18,377,985	3,996,705	10,732,461	
Restricted	-	-	<u>-</u>	876,245	651,451	
Unrestricted	2,468,256	(9,938)	2,458,318	(4,346,787)	1,523,882	
Total net position	\$ 11,508,692	\$ 9,327,611	\$ 20,836,303	\$ 526,163	\$ 12,907,794	

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Pro	gram Revenues			Net (Expense Changes in Primary (Net F	osition				Compon	ent U	nits
						Operating		Capital			Business-					1	ndustrial
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		rants and ntributions	Governmental Activities		Type Activities		Totals	Sc	hool Board		velopment Authority
Primary Government:																	
Governmental activities:	•	1 405 450	•		•	1 110 (10	•		¢ (206.042)			\$	(296,842)	TOTAL ST	No. of the last		
General government	\$	1,407,452	\$	-	\$	1,110,610	\$	-	\$ (296,842) (452,446)			Ъ	(452,446)				
Judicial administration Public safety		452,446 3,265,230		12,052		650,129		100,000	(2,503,049)				(2,503,049)				
Public works		2,527,576		404,851		1,000,977		100,000	(1,121,748)				(1,121,748)				
Health and welfare		1,815,621		707,831		1,342,741		_	(472,880)		100		(472,880)				
Education		2,760,806		-				_	(2,760,806)				(2,760,806)				
Parks, recreation, and cultural		587,517		20,015		5,220		_	(562,282)				(562,282)				0.00
Community development		1,379,243		,		886,692		11,385	(481,166)		300000000000000000000000000000000000000		(481,166)				
Interest		19,736		-		, <u>-</u>		-	(19,736)		500000000		(19,736)				
Total governmental activities		14,215,628		436,918		4,996,369		111,385	(8,670,956)				(8,670,956)				
Business-type activities:																	and the same
Water and sewer		3,340,717		2,719,995		-		247,079		\$	(373,643)		(373,643)				-
Total business-type activities		3,340,717		2,719,995		-		247,079			(373,643)		(373,643)				
Total primary government	\$	17,556,345	\$	3,156,913	\$	4,996,369	\$	358,464	(8,670,956)		(373,643)		(9,044,599)	March at			
Discretely Presented Component Units:																	
School Board	\$	10,585,758	\$	_	\$	9,654,844	\$	_						\$	(930,914)		
Industrial Development Authority	Ð	751,303	ų.	383,654	Ф	7,054,044	Ψ	467,769						•	(>50,>11)	\$	100,120
Total component units	\$	11,337,061	-\$	383,654	\$	9,654,844	\$	467,769						\$	(1,679,596)	\$	100,120
rotar component units	<u> </u>	11,337,001	<u> </u>	363,034	- D	9,034,644	<u> </u>	407,709							(1,077,370)		100,120
			Ger	neral revenues:													
				Property taxes					3,161,558		-		3,161,558		-		-
				Sales taxes					1,918,095		-		1,918,095		-		-
				Utility taxes					123,852		-		123,852		-		-
				Business license	taxe	s			981,872		-		981,872		-		-
				Communication					150,854		_		150,854				_
				Motor vehicle ta		,			79,431		_		79,431		_		_
									-		-		62,361		_		
				Bank stock taxe					62,361		-		-		-		-
				Recordation tax					23,426		-		23,426		-		-
				Hotel and motel					123,993		-		123,993		-		-
				Restaurant food	taxes	3			1,663,751		-		1,663,751		-		-
				Coal road impro	veme	ent taxes			25,711		-		25,711		-		-
				Cigarette tax					150,125		-		150,125		-		-
				Other local taxe	S				91,449		-		91,449		-		-
			(Gain on sale of p	ropert	tv			13,571		-		13,571		-		-
				Miscellaneous		,			68,914				68,914		612,766		-
				Inrestricted inve	etmer	nt earninge			31,579		_		31,579		-		19,139
				Recovered Cost	Stillel	it carnings			-				254,639				99,293
									254,639		-		-		-		99,293
				Insurance recove	ries				8,346		-		8,346				-
				Transfers									-		2,752,867		-
				Total general	rever	nues			8,933,527		<u>-</u> .		8,933,527		3,365,633		118,432
				Change in ne	t posi	tion			262,571		(373,643)		(111,072)		2,434,719		218,552
			NE	T POSITION A	T JU	JLY 1 (Note 22))		11,246,121		9,701,254		20,947,375		(1,908,556)		12,689,242
			NI	ET POSITION	AT J	UNE 30			\$ 11,508,692	\$	9,327,611	\$	20,836,303	\$	526,163	\$	12,907,794

CITY OF NORTON, VIRIGNIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

	General		Virginia Public Assistance Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	1,182,568	\$	49,679	\$	48,770	\$	1,281,017	
Restricted cash		15,599		-		-		15,599	
Investments		4,133,972		-		-		4,133,972	
Taxes Receivable		1,584,962		-		-		1,584,962	
Accounts receivable		218,328		-		-		218,328	
Due from other funds		381,301		-		-		381,301	
Inventory		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid		-		-		-		-	
Due from component unit		23,545		-		-		23,545	
Due from other governmental units		2,734,398		143,779		310,000		3,188,177	
Total assets		10,274,673		193,458	\$	358,770	\$	10,826,901	
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	241,010	\$	4,163	\$	_	\$	245,173	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	•	141,085	•	24,292	•	_	•	165,377	
Unearned revenue - ARPA Funds		3,907,529		,				3,907,529	
Due to other funds		130,472		7,912		_		138,384	
Due to component unit		1,405,062		· -		_		1,405,062	
Due to other governmental units		332,343		-		-		332,343	
Total liabilities		6,157,501		36,367		-		6,193,868	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable/deferred taxes		1,512,804		-		-		1,512,804	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,512,804				-		1,512,804	
FUND BALANCES (Note 6) Nonspendable		237,884		_		_		237,884	
Restricted		257,001		_		_		257,001	
Committed				_		358,770		358,770	
Assigned		640,541		157,091		-		797,632	
Unassigned		1,725,943		-		_		1,725,943	
Total fund balances		2,604,368		157,091		358,770		3,120,229	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	10,274,673	\$	193,458	\$	358,770	\$	10,826,901	

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	3,120,229
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Nondepreciable Depreciable, net Right-of-use, net	\$ 1,357,584 9,064,293 23,952		10,445,829
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			446,456
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployme benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ent		
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions Deferred outflows of resources - other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - other postemployment benefits Net pension (liability)asset Net other postemployment benefits liabilities	1,158,684 520,275 (2,637,485) (336,752) 1,582,178 (1,137,785)		(850,885)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums Deferred charge on refunding Compensated absences Finance Purchase notes payable Lease liabilities Accrued interest payable	(1,327,681) 46,148 (314,293) (30,156) (23,604) (3,351)		(1,652,937)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		_\$	11,508,692

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Gove	nmajor rnmental Tunds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$ 3,154,639	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,154,639
Other local taxes	5,303,471	-		-		5,303,471
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	9,327	-		-		9,327
Fines and forfeitures	938	-		11,654		12,592
Use of money and property	31,577	-		2		31,579
Charges for services	425,264	-		-		425,264
Miscellaneous	62,844	6,070		-		68,914
Recovered costs	254,639	-		-		254,639
Intergovernmental	 3,860,502	1,342,741		-		5,203,243
Total revenues	 13,103,201	1,348,811		11,656		14,463,668
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	1,475,971	-		-		1,475,971
Judicial administration	452,446	-		-		452,446
Public safety	4,134,583	-		61,533		4,196,116
Public works	2,263,113	-		-		2,263,113
Health and welfare	125,961	1,688,049		-		1,814,010
Education	2,760,806	-		-		2,760,806
Parks, recreation and cultural	640,592	-		-		640,592
Community development	1,483,065	-		-		1,483,065
Debt service:						-
Principal retirement	174,092	-		-		174,092
Interest and fiscal charges	 18,422			-		18,422
Total expenditures	 13,529,051	1,688,049		61,533		15,278,633
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (425,850)	(339,238)		(49,877)		(814,965)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of surplus	13,571	-		-		13,571
Insurance recovories	8,346	-		-		8,346
Loan proceeds	655,000	-		-		655,000
Transfers in	-	316,321		-		316,321
Transfers out	 (316,321)	-		-		(316,321)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 360,596	316,321		_		676,917
Net change in fund balances	(65,254)	(22,917)		(49,877)		(138,048)
FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1	2,669,622	180,008		408,647		3,258,277
FUND BALANCES AT JUNE 30	\$ 2,604,368	\$ 157,091	\$	358,770	\$	3,120,229

CITY OF NORTON, VIRIGNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ (138,048)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay and right-of-use-lease assets Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 1,241,053 (589,610)	651,443
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of capital assets as an increase in financial resources while governmental activities report the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets.		-
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		6,919
The issuance of long-term debt (i.e. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.		(480,908)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities, such as compensated do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences	(29,690)	(29,690)
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		368,040
Governmental funds report employer other postemployment benefit contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as other postemployment benefit expense.		(105.016)
Governmental funds report the effect of bond premiums and discounts when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due. The net effect of those differences is as follows:		(105,016)
Amortization of gain/loss from refundings Change in accrued interest payable	(9,230) (939)	
		 (10,169)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 262,571

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

	Water and Sewer
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 177,735
Receivables, net	366,818
Prepaids	-
Due from other governments	15,169
Due from other funds	130,473
Total current assets	690,195
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash	139,717
Net pension asset	233,914
Capital assets, net	16,064,487
Total noncurrent assets	16,438,118
Total assets	17,128,313
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	172,191
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	5,357
Total deferred outflows of resources	177,548
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	249,784
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	28,244
Accrued interest	23,309
Due to other funds	373,390
Customer security deposits	135,579
Compensated absences	9,558
Debt obligations, current	257,522
Total current liabilities	1,077,386
Noncurrent liabilities:	22.222
Compensated absences	22,302
Net pension liability	15,052
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities Debt obligations	6,469,416
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,506,770
Total liabilities	7,584,156
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pagaines	389,935
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to other post employment beenfits	4,159
Total deferred inflows of resources	
	394,094
NET POSITION	0.227.540
Net investment in capital assets	9,337,549
Restricted Unrestricted	(9,938)
Total net position	\$ 9,327,611
Total flet position	ψ <i>7,321,</i> 011

EXHIBIT 8

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

-	Water and Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	
Water:	
Local	\$ 859,644
Non-Local	201,079
Sewer:	
Local	1,258,515
Non-Local	330,180
Connection fees	9,625
Penalties	59,427
Miscellaneous	1,525
Total operating revenues	2,719,995
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel	807,026
Fringe benefits	117,603
Contractual services	846,288
Other charges	687,964
Water purchased for resale	44,719
Depreciation and amortization	670,139
Total operating expenses	3,173,739
Operating loss	(453,744)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Grant income	247,079
Interest expense	(166,978)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	80,101
Change in net position	(373,643)
NET POSITION AT JULY 1, as restated	9,701,254
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$ 9,327,611

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

	a	Water nd Sewer
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and properties	\$	2,709,543
Receipts from other sources		1,525
Payments to suppliers		(1,759,324)
Payments to employees		(798,008)
Net cash provided by operating activities	•	153,736
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund borrowing		198,123
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	***************************************	198,123
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of capital assets		(144,140)
Contributed Capital - grant revenue		239,817
Proceeds from issuance of debt		3,954
Principal paid		(252,692)
Interest paid		(149,316)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(302,377)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		49,482
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning at July 1		267,970
Ending at June 30	\$	317,452
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR IS COMPRISED OF THE FOLLOWING:		
Cash and investments	\$	177,735
Restricted cash		139,717
Total	\$	317,452
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$	(453,744)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		670 120
Depreciation and amortization Pension expense net of employer contributions		670,139 (135,231)
Other post-employment benefit expense net of		(133,231)
employer contributions		(32,049)
Change in assets and liabilities:		(,)
(Increase) decrease in:		
Receivables, net		(8,927)
Prepaid expenses		26,511
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		80,257
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		5,734
Customer deposits Compensated absences		(2,238) 3,284
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	153,736

EXHIBIT 10

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Special Welfare Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	13,735
Total assets		13,735
NET POSITION		
Amounts held for social service clients		13,735
Total net position	\$	13,735

EXHIBIT 11

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Welfare Fund	
ADDITIONS		
Client Receipts		5,602
Total additions		5,602
DEDUCTIONS		
Payments for clients		2,238
Total deductions	***************************************	2,238
Change in net position	F	3,364
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR		10,371
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	13,735

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2022

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City of Norton and its Component Units. The Component Units discussed in Note B are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

B. Individual Component Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Component Units are legally separate organizations for which the elected or appointed officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and is able to impose its will on that organization.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of the Norton Industrial Development Authority and the Norton City School Board are included in these financial statements as discretely presented Component Units. Included in the Norton City School Board Component Unit are the School Operating, School Cafeteria, Textbook, Health Insurance Premium Funds and the School Activity Funds. The Norton Industrial Development Authority's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Authority at P.O. Box 303, Norton, Virginia 24273.

The financial activities of the following organization are excluded from the accompanying financial statements for the reasons indicated:

Norton Redevelopment and Housing Authority - The City Council appoints the Board of Commissioners; however, the City does not have responsibility for the fiscal matters of the Authority, including authorizations of budgetary appropriations, funding of operating deficiencies, control over or use of surplus funds, responsibility for debts and control over the collection and disbursement of funds.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense, the cost of "using up" capital assets, in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital asset; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The *General Fund* accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the City, which are not accounted for in other funds.

<u>Virginia Public Assistance Fund</u> – The *Virginia Public Assistance Fund* accounts for the City's local Department of Social Services.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - *Special Revenue Funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those derived from special assessments, expendable trusts or dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds consist of the RBEG Revolving Loan Fund, Drug and Gambling Funds, and Flag Rock Lighting Fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water and sewer operation fund provides drinking water, maintains the facilities necessary to provide this service, and provides maintenance to the sewer lines and pump stations. It's primary revenue source is user charges and fees.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues and related assets are recorded when measurable and available to finance operations during the year. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts, except that property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the State, or utilities, and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the State or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City. Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of Federal, State and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies.

Expenditures, other than interest on long-term debt, are recorded as the related fund liabilities are incurred. Interest on long-term debt is recognized when due except for interest due on July 1, which is accrued.

2. Proprietary Funds

The accrual basis of accounting is used for the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund and the discretely presented component unit, Norton Industrial Development Authority. Under the accrual method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred.

3. Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the category level. The appropriations for each category can be revised only by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within governmental departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds (except for the School Fund). The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. For all City units, appropriations lapse on June 30.
- 8. All budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30, 2022.

F. Encumbrances and Commitments

The City utilizes encumbrance accounting in its governmental funds. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which a purchase order, contract, or other commitment is issued. Generally, all unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end, except those for capital projects. Appropriations for capital projects are continued until completion of applicable projects, even when projects extend more than one fiscal year. Open encumbrances at fiscal year-end are included in restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measure at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statement. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures; renewals and betterments are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives is not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current year.

Depreciation for fixed assets has been provided over the following estimated useful lives using the Straight-Line Method:

Buildings	35	years
Improvements other than bulidings	20 - 35	years
Infrastructure	30 - 50	years
Utility transmission lines and mains	35	years
Equipment	3 - 18	years

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$418,561 at June 30, 2022, and is composed of the following:

General Fund	
Allowance for uncollectable property taxes	\$ 21,520
Allowance for uncollectable garbage fees	 48,566
Total General Fund	70,086
Water and Sewer Fund	
Allowance for uncollectable water and sewer fee billings	366,818
Total Water and Sewer Fund	366,818
Total	\$ 436,904

J. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between the funds is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and are referred to as "due to/from other funds". All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

K. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused compensated absences. For government-wide reporting, a liability is recorded for compensated absences when services are rendered and employees have earned the right to receive compensation for such services.

L. Pensions

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan and Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Norton's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the City's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Local Health

The City and School Board's local health insurance OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the City and the School Board respectively. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75.

Group Life Insurance

The VRS Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provided coverage to state employees, teacher, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers.

Line of Duty Act Program

The VRS Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. The LODA Program was established pursuant to §9.1-400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members.

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et. Seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provided the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers.

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

The VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program (Continued)

For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program, LODA Program, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources an deferred inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance, LODA, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLPD Programs OPEB, and Group Life Insurance, LODA, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP Programs OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Group Life Insurance, LODA, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP programs OPEB and the additions to/deductions from VRS group Life Insurance, LODA, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit, and VLDP Program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period incurred. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Fund Balances

Fund balances, presented in the governmental fund financial statements, represent the difference between assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The City of Norton, Virginia, evaluated its funds at June 30, 2020 and classified fund balance into the following five categories:

• Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City has classified prepaid Items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Fund Balances (Continued)

- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed
 on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a
 debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b)
 imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to
 be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be
 expressed by the City Council or through the City Council delegating this responsibility
 to the City Manager through the budgetary process.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.
 The unassigned classification amounts are available for any purpose. Positive unassigned
 amounts are reported in the General Fund only. The unassigned classification also includes
 negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated
 by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

Reserve Flow Policy

The City would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

P. Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consist of historical cost of capital assets, less
 accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction
 or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consist of assets that are restricted by the City's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on share revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The City reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on its statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until the applicable period. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a future period.

Employer pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) contributions made after the net pension and OPEB liability measurement date of June 30, 2021 and prior to the reporting date of June 30, 2022, have been reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022. This will be applied to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

Differences between the projected and actual pension and OPEB earnings as of the actuarial measurement date of June 30, 2021 have been reported as a deferred inflow of resources. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over a closed five-year period.

The City additionally reports unavailable/unearned revenue from property taxes and other receivables not collected within 45 day of year-end and property taxes levied to fund future years. Unavailable/unearned revenue may also represent revenue that has been received, but the earnings process is not year complete. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period they become available.

The General Fund reports the deferred loss on debt refunding, net as a deferred outflow of resources presented on the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position. The deferred loss on refunding results from the net difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price of the refunding debt. This net difference amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. The City has reported a deferred loss on the refunding of debt of \$46,148 as a deferred outflow of resources on the Governmental Activities and Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022.

R. Adoption of new accounting standards

Effective July 1, 2021, the City adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The following discussion provides the City's accounting policy regarding lease statements.

During the year of implementation of GASB 87, leases have been recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the year of implementation (i.e., as of July 1, 2021). The City's leases in place at the implementation date had no prepayments (payments made at or before the commencement of the lease) and contained no incentives, as such, the lease receivable and lease liability have been recognized and measured at the same amount as the related deferred inflow of resources and right-to-use leases asset, respectively, as of the implementation date of (July 1, 2021). Therefore, no restatement of prior year net position was necessary.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

S. Date of Management Review

Management has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to the statement of net position date for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed in these financial statements. The evaluation was conducted through the date of the report, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

All cash of the City and its component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia, or covered by federal depository insurance.

Investments

Investment Policy - In accordance with the Code of Virginia and other applicable laws, including regulations, the City permits investments in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, commercial paper, repurchase agreements which are collateralized with securities that are approved for direct investment, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), the Virginia Investment Pool (VMLN ACO Pool) and State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). SNAP, VIP, and LGIP are not registered with the SEC but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The fair value of the City's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Deposits and investments held by any single issuer that exceeded 5% are as follows:

First Bank & Trust	34%
Virginia Investment Pool	65%

Custodial Credit Risk

As required by the *Code of Virginia*, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30, all of the City's investments are held in the Treasurer's office in the City's name.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City has measured fair value of the investments below at the net asset value (NAV).

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The above items are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

		Primary			
	G	overnment	 School	NIDA	
Deposits and investments		-			
Cash on hand	\$	950	\$ -	\$ -	
Deposits		1,613,118	889,435	2,473,353	
Investments		4,133,972		-	
	\$	5,748,040	\$ 889,435	\$ 2,473,353	
Statement of net position					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,458,752	\$ 68,598	\$ 1,797,902	
Investments		4,133,972	-	-	
Cash in custody of others		_	367,307	-	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		155,316	 453,530	675,451	
	\$	5,748,040	\$ 889,435	\$ 2,473,353	

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of certificates of deposits.

Note 3. Property Taxes Receivable

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable twice a year on May 15 and on October 15. The City of Norton bills and collects its own property taxes.

Note 4. Due From Other Governmental Units

		Component						
				Unit				
		Primary	·					
	Go	overnment	Sch	ool Board		Total		
Commonwealth of Virginia					-			
Local sales tax	\$	321,162	\$	-	\$	321,162		
Shared expenses		26,173		-		26,173		
Communication tax		24,131		-		24,131		
E-911		4,505		-		4,505		
ARPA-Deferred		2,065,177		-		2,065,177		
Other		155,159		-		155,159		
School funds		-		361,444		361,444		
Welfare fund		143,780		_		143,780		
Total Commonwealth of Virginia	\$	2,740,087	\$	361,444	\$	3,101,531		

Wise County			
Coal haul road tax	9,949	-	9,949
Local revenue collections	1,816	-	1,816
Total Wise County	11,765	-	11,765
Southwest Regional Jail Authority	138,776	-	138,776
Norton Industrial Development Authority	312,718	-	312,718
Total due from other Governmental Units	\$ 3,203,346	\$ 361,444	\$ 3,564,790

Note 5. Interfund Obligations

	Primary G	overnment	School Board Co	omponent Unit
	Due From	Due To	Due From	Due To
General Fund:				
School Operating Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,191,058	-	-
School Capital Improvement		145,384	-	-
School Textbook Fund		68,620	-	-
Virginia Public Assistance Fund	7,912	-	-	-
Water and Sewer Fund	373,389	130,472	-	-
Special Revenue				-
Total General Fund	381,301	1,535,534		_
School Operating Fund:				
General Fund-City Operations	-	_	1,191,058	_
Cafeteria Fund	-	-	6,947	-
School Actvity Fund	-	-	-	-
Textbook Fund			13,477	
Total School Operating Funds	_		1,211,482	_
School Textbook Fund				
City Operations	_	_	68,620	_
School Operating	_	_	-	13,477
Total School Textbook Fund			68,620	13,477
Total School Textbook Land				15,177
School Capital Project Fund				
City Operations	_	_	145,384	-
Total Capital Project Fund			145,384	

Note 5. Interfund Obligations (Continued)

	Primary G	overnment	School Board Component Unit			
	Due From	Due To	Due From	Due To		
School Cafeteria Fund						
City Operations	-	-		6,947		
Total Cafeteria Fund	_			6,947		
School Activity Fund						
School Operating	_	-	-	-		
Total School Activity Fund						
Special Revenue Funds						
General Fund						
Total Special Revenue Funds		-	-			
Virginia Public Assistance Fund:						
General Fund		7,912		-		
Total Virginia Public Assistance Funds	-	7,912				
Water and Sewer Fund						
General Fund	130,472	373,389				
Total Water and Sewer Funds	130,472	373,389				
Totals	\$ 511,773	\$ 1,916,835	\$ 1,425,486	\$ 20,424		

Amounts due to Water and Sewer Fund represent short-term inter-fund advances for operating and capital needs. This allows the City to utilize one primary bank account for payment of all invoices and costs before the respective revenues are received in the given fund or program.

Note 6. Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2022, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General Fund	Virignia Public Assistance Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Nonspendable:						
Inventory Prepaid	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -		
Intercompany receivables	237,884	-	-	237,884		
Restricted:	-	-	-	-		
Committed:						
Law Enforcement	-	-	41,711	41,711		
Parks and Recreation	-	-	2,369	2,369		
Planning and Development	-	-	314,690	314,690		
Assigned:						
Parks and Recreation	334,076	-	-	334,076		
Public Safety	40,257	-	-	40,257		
Public Works	251,717	-	-	251,717		
General Administration	14,491	-	-	14,491		
Health and Welfare	-	157,091	-	157,091		
Unassigned	1,725,943	-		1,725,943		
Total fund balances	\$ 2,604,368	\$ 157,091	\$ 358,770	\$ 3,120,229		

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council has provided otherwise in its commitments or assignment actions.

Note 7. Changes in Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in depreciable capital assets:

	* Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Buildings	1,964,951		-	1,964,951
Improvements other than buildings Infrastructure	2,643,100 15,425,142	75,708	-	2,718,808 15,425,142
Equipment	4,484,363	979,218	-	5,463,581
			_	
Equipment - special revenue	162,122	30,183		192,305
Total Capital assets, depreciable	24,679,678	1,085,109		25,764,787
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	1,586,321	27,393	-	1,613,714
Improvements other than buildings	1,472,086	71,709	-	1,543,795
Infrastructure	9,390,215	214,029	-	9,604,244
Equipment	3,567,901	249,877	-	3,817,778
Equipment - special revenue	111,698	9,265	_	120,963
Total accumulated depreciation	16,128,221	572,273		16,700,494
Governmental activities	\$ 8,551,457	\$ 512,836	\$ -	\$ 9,064,293
Total capital assets, depreciable net	\$ 8,551,457	\$ 512,836	Φ -	\$ 9,004,293
Right-of-use leased assets:				
Equipment	35,839	5,450	-	41,289
Less accumulated amortization		(17,337)		(17,337)
Right-of-use leased assets, net	\$ 35,839	\$ (11,887)	\$ -	\$ 23,952
,				
	Balance			Balance
Business-Type Activities	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Buildings	256,454	_	_	256,454
Improvements other than buildings	25,183,943	_	-	25,183,943
Equipment	1,612,263	39,183	-	1,651,446
Total Capital assets, depreciable	27,052,660	39,183	-	27,091,843
	,,-			
Less accumulated depreciation for	2-1-01-6	•••		252 266
Buildings	251,946	320	-	252,266
Improvements other than buildings	9,465,072	611,887	-	10,076,959
Equipment	1,356,277	57,932	_	1,414,209
Total accumulated depreciation	11,073,295	670,139		11,743,434
Business-Type activities				
Total capital assets, depreciable net	\$ 15,979,365	\$ (630,956)	\$ -	\$ 15,348,409

^{*}As restated for GASB Statement No. 87

Note 7. Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board	* Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2022
•			Delctions	
Buildings	11,474,442	84,097	-	11,558,539
Improvements other than buildings	4,460,737	457,254	-	4,917,991
Equipment	1,478,328	198,831		1,677,159
Total Capital assets, depreciable	17,413,507	740,182		18,153,689
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings	4,817,853	228,394	-	5,046,247
Improvements other than buildings	1,882,517	295,513	-	2,178,030
Equipment	878,361	139,949	-	1,018,310
Total accumulated depreciation	7,578,731	663,856		8,242,587
Component Unit - School Board				
Total capital assets, depreciable net	\$ 9,834,776	\$ 76,326	\$ -	\$ 9,911,102
Right-of-use leased assets:				
Equipment	5,134	30,467	-	35,601
Less accumulated amortization		(2,404)		(2,404)
Component Unit - School Board				
Right-of-use leased assets, net	\$ 5,134	\$ 28,063	<u> - </u>	\$ 33,197
	* Balance			Balance
Component Unit - NIDA	July 1, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022
Buildings and improvements	9,255,109	144,902	-	9,400,011
Equipment	406,353	-	-	406,353
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(4,394,546)	(237,188)		(4,631,734)
Component Unit - NIDA				
Total Capital assets, depreciable net	\$ 5,266,916	\$ (92,286)	\$ -	\$ 5,174,630

^{*}As restated for GASB Statement No. 87

Note 7. Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in non-depreciable capital assets:

Governmental Activities		* Balance ıly 1, 2021	A	dditions	Deletions		Balance June 30, 2022	
Land	\$	897,280	\$	-	\$	-	\$	897,280
Construction in progress	•	322,046		138,258		-		460,304
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	\$	1,219,326	\$	138,258	\$		<u>\$</u>	1,357,584
Component Unit - School Board								
Land	\$	65,901	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,901
Construction in progress		40,161		373,022				413,183
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	\$	106,062	\$	373,022	\$	-	\$	479,084
Component Unit - NIDA								
Land	\$	3,712,071	\$	4,601	\$	-	\$	3,716,672
Construction in progress		2,248,845		218,356		-		2,467,201
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	\$	5,960,916	\$	222,957	\$	-	\$	6,183,873
Business Type Activities								
Land	\$	588,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$	588,600
Construction in progress		22,521		104,957				127,478
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	\$	611,121	\$	104,957	\$	_	\$	716,078

Note 8. Capital Asset Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities		
General government	\$	7,528
Public safety		180,567
Public works		354,582
Health and welfare		9,265
Parks, recreation and cultural		20,331
Community development	Marie Control of the	
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	572,273
Business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	670,138
Component Units		
School Board - Education	\$	663,856
NIDA	\$	237,188

							overnmental Activities rrowing and Direct Placements						
		2021C GO R	efundi			2018 Rural I			.5	2019 Rural I	Develo	pment	
Years		20210 00 11											
Ending													
June 30,		Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	124,000	\$	7,275	\$	6,109	\$	191	\$	6,267	\$	285	
2024		125,000		5,719		2,096		21		5,116		68	
2025		131,000		4,119		-		-		-		-	
2026		132,000		2,475		-		-		-		-	
2027		132,000		825		-		-		-		-	
2028-2032		-		-				_					
Totals	\$	644,000	\$	20,413	\$	8,205	\$	212	\$	11,383	\$	353	
	Governmental Activities												
	Direct Borrowing and D								ts				
		Rural De	evelop	ment		Rural De	velopm	ent		Rural De	velopment		
Years													
Ending													
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	8,345	\$	523	\$	11,561	\$	1,023	\$	24,654	\$	12,210	
2024		8,524		344		10,910		706		25,183		11,681	
2025		8,707		161		11,144		472		25,723		11,141	
2026		2,905		11		11,384		232		26,275		10,589	
2027		-		-		4,754		25		26,839		10,025	
2028-2032		-		-		-		-		143,085		41,235	
2033-2037		-		-		-		-		159,108		25,212	
2038-2042									-	154,992		7,509	
Totals	\$	28,481	\$	1,039	\$	49,753	\$	2,458	\$	585,859	\$	129,602	
		77,000				Governmen	tal Act	ivities					
	G	O -Direct Bor											
			ement	S		Notes	Payabl	e		Lease L	iabilit	ies	
Y ears		Principal	otals	Interest	1	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2023	\$	180,936	\$	21,507	\$	30,156	\$	899	\$	9,830	\$	185	
2023	Ф	176,829	Ψ	18,539	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	5,999	Ψ	115	
2025		176,574		15,893		-		-		6,061		53	
2026		172,564		13,307		-		-		1,527		9	
2027		163,593		10,875 41,235		-		-		187		-	
2028-2032 2033-2037		143,085 159,108		25,212		-		_		-		-	
2033-2037		154,992		7,509		_		_		_		-	
Totals	\$	1,327,681	\$	154,077	\$	30,156	\$	899	\$	23,604	\$	362	

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities											
		Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements										
		2021A GO R	efunc	ling Bond		2021B GO Re	fundi	ng Bond		GO Water Fa	cilitie	s Bond
Years												
Ending												
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023	\$	49,000	\$	28,254	\$	48,000	\$	34,418	\$	43,493	\$	44,635
2024		56,000		27,254		43,000		33,178		44,593		43,535
2025		53,000		26,112		48,000		32,070		45,721		42,407
2026		55,000		25,031		48,000		30,830		46,877		41,251
2027		58,000		23,908		48,000		29,592		48,062		40,066
2028-2032		414,000		98,226		305,000		130,754		259,170		181,471
2033-2037		492,000		51,734		551,000		74,692		293,639		147,001
2038-2042		208,000		6,406		243,000		9,418		332,693		107,947
2043-2047		-		-		-		-		376,942		63,698
2048-2052		-		-		-		-		314,156		15,164
2053-2057	-			_	_	-						-
Totals	\$	1,385,000	\$	286,925	\$	1,334,000	\$	374,952	\$	1,805,346	\$	727,175

	 				Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities			,	
			Г	Direct	t Borrowing an	d Dir	ect Placement	ts			
	GO Sewer F	acilit	ies Bond		GO Water Fa	cilitie	es Bond		GO Sew	er Bo	ond
Years											
Ending											
June 30,	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023	\$ 26,568	\$	24,336	\$	12,836	\$	10,178	\$	75,719	\$	-
2024	27,172		23,732		13,161		9,853		75,719		-
2025	27,789		23,114		13,494		9,520		75,719		-
2026	28,421		22,483		13,744		9,270		75,719		-
2027	29,067		21,837		14,090		8,925		75,719		-
2028-2032	155,554		98,966		75,947		39,124		227,153		-
2033-2037	174,058		80,462		85,993		29,079		-		-
2038-2042	194,762		59,758		97,365		17,703		-		-
2043-2047	217,931		36,590		91,557		4,969		-		-
2048-2052	212,351		10,853		-		-		-		-
2053-2057	 <u>-</u>		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>						
Totals	\$ 1,093,673	\$	402,131	\$	418,187	\$	138,621	\$	605,748	\$	_

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Business-Type Activities Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements Totals GO Waterline Replacement Years **Ending** June 30, Interest Principal Interest Principal 2023 \$ 1,906 1,988 257,522 143,809 1,954 1,940 261,599 139,492 2024 2025 2,003 1,891 265,726 135,114 2026 2,054 1,840 269,815 130,705 126,117 2027 2,106 1,789 275,044 556,663 11,350 8,122 1,448,174 2028-2032 389,589 2033-2037 12,850 6,621 1,609,540 4,921 206,153 14,549 1,090,369 2038-2042 702,905 108,252 2043-2047 16,475 2,995 546,244 26,855 19,737 838 2048-2052 2053-2057 84,984 32,945 6,726,938 1,962,749 Totals

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	* Balance July 1, 2021		Additions / Proceeds		Payments / Reductions		Bala	ance June 30, 2022
Governmental Activities: Direct Borrowings and Placements:								
General obligation bonds	\$	817,147	\$	655,000	\$	(144,466)	\$	1,327,681
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements	\$	817,147	\$	655,000	\$	(144,466)	\$	1,327,681
Notes payable Lease liabilities Accrued compensated absences		59,782 35,839 284,603		5,450 29,690	-	(29,626) (17,685)		30,156 23,604 314,293
Total Governemental Activities	\$	1,197,371	\$	690,140	\$	(191,777)	\$	1,695,734
Business-Type Activities Direct Borrowings and Placements: General obligation bonds Premium on bond	\$	6,975,676	\$	3,954	\$	(252,692)	\$	6,726,938
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements	\$	6,975,676	\$	3,954	\$	(252,692)	\$	6,726,938
Accrued compensated absences		28,576		3,284				31,860
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	7,004,252	\$	7,238	\$	(252,692)	\$	6,758,798

Note 9.

Long-term Debt (Continued)

Details Long-Term Debt:

Direct Borrowings and Placements:

Governmental Type Activities:	Total Due	Due within One year
\$3,000,000 General Obligation Taxable Line of Credit Note, through Powell Valley National Bank. The line of credit is accessible through maturity date.	\$ -	\$ -
\$749,000 General Obligation refunding Bond, Series 2021C, with interest rate of 1.25% over the life of the bond. Repayment of the principal began on August 1, 2021 and continues annually until paid in full. Interest is schedule to be paid semi-annually on August 1st and February 1st, beginning with the first principal payment. Final maturity is August 1, 2026.	644,000	124,000
\$29,000 Rural Development Loan, with interest of 3.25% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on December 1, 2018 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is November 1, 2023.	8,205	6,109
\$30,000 Rural Development Loan, with interest of 3.5% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on April 15, 2019 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is March 15, 2024	11,383	6,267
\$42,000 Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 26, 2020 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is October 26, 2025.	28,481	8,345
\$600,000Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 17, 2021 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is November 17, 2041.	585,859	24,654
\$55,000 Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 17, 2021 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is November 17, 2026.	49,753	11,561
Total General Obligation - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,327,681	\$ 180,936

Note 9.

Long-term Debt (Continued)

Details Long-Term Debt (Continued):

Direct Borrowings and Placements (Continued):

Direct Dollowings and Flacements (Continued).		
Business-Type Activities:	Total Due	Due within One year
\$1,429,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2021A, with interest rate of 2.04% over the life of the bond. Repayment of the principal began on October 1, 2021 and continues annually until paid in full. Interest is schedule to be paid semi-annually on October 1st and April 1st, beginning with the first principal payment. Final maturity is August 1, 2039.		
principal payment. This materies to rangust 1, 2007.	\$ 1,385,000	\$ 49,000
\$1,385,000 General Obligation Advance Refunding Bond, Series 2021B, with interest rate of 2.58% over the life of the bond. Repayment of the principal began on October 1, 2021 and continues annually until paid in full. Interest is schedule to be paid semi-annually on October 1st and April 1st, beginning		
with the first principal payment. Final maturity is August 1, 2039.	1,334,000	48,000
\$1,514,370 General Obligation Sewer Bond, is payable to Virginia Resource Authority, with interest at zero percent. Repayment of the principal is scheduled in 40 equal semi-annual installments of \$37,859 payable on June 1st and December 1st, beginning December 1, 2010. Final payment is due June 1, 2030.	605,748	75,719
\$2,160,000 General Obligation Water Facilities Bond series 2011 issued March 30, 2011 payable to United State of America, UDSA Rural Development, with interest at the rate of 2.75%. Interest only is payable on March 28, 2012 and March 28, 2013. Monthly installments of combined principal and interst of \$7,344 are payable beginning April 28, 2013 and continuing on the 28th of each month thereafter until paid in full. The final installment of unpaid principal and interest shall be due and payable in 38 years on march 28, 2051.	1,805,346	43,493
\$1,297,000 General Obligation Sewer Facilities Bond series 2011 issued 2011 payable to United States of America, USDA rural Development, with interest at the rate of 2.25%. Interest only was payable on December 15, 2012 and December 15, 2013	1,093,673	26,568
\$483,695 General Obligation Water Facilities Bond, is payable to the Virginia Resource Authority, with interest at 2.5%. Repayment of the principal is scheduled in 30 equal semi-annual installments of \$11,793 payable on Febrary 1 and Augst 1, beginning 2016. Final payment is due in 2046.	418,187	12,836
\$42,000 Rural Development Community Facilities Loan, with interest of 2.125% over the life of the loan. Repayment of the loan began on November 26, 2020 and will continue annually until paid in full. Final maturity is October 26, 2025.	84,984	1,906
Total General Obligation - Business-Type Activities	\$ 6,726,938	\$ 257,522

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Other Long-Term Debt (Continued):

The following is a summary of other long-term transactions of the City of Norton for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Comp	ensated Absences
	Government	Proprietary Fund
	Fund Types	Types
Payable at July 1, 2021 Increases	\$ 284,603 29,690	\$ 28,576 3,284
Decreases		
Payable at June 30, 2022	\$ 314,293	\$ 31,860

Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	* I	Balance July 1, 2021	 lditions / roceeds	ayments / eductions	Bal	ance June 30, 2022
Component Unit - School Board Direct Borrowings and Placements:						
General obligation bonds	\$	6,560,000	\$ -	\$ (625,000)	\$	5,935,000
Premium on bonds		499,922	 -	 (45,447)		454,475
Total Direct Borrowings and Placeme	\$	7,059,922	\$ -	\$ (670,447)	\$	6,389,475
Notes payable		24,016	-	(22,034)		1,982
Lease liabilities		5,134	30,467	(2,362)		33,239
Accrued compensated absences	_	151,329	 11,072	 _		162,401
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$	7,240,401	\$ 41,539	\$ (694,843)	\$	6,587,097

^{*}As restated for GASB Statement No. 87.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term loans/bonds and related interest are as follows: Component Unit -

School Board		Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements									
Year Ending	General (Obligation		Notes Pa	yable				Lease	liabilities	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Princi	ipal	Int	erest	P	rincipal		Interest	
2023	\$ 655,000	\$ 78,867	\$ 1	1,982	\$	24	\$	9,701	\$		762
2024	670,000	95,385		-		-		7,879			597
2025	690,000	124,291		-		-		7,711			367
2026	705,000	107,210		-		-		7,948			131
2027	725,000	92,066		-		-		-			-
2028-2032	2,490,000	147,430					_				
Totals	\$ 5,935,000	\$ 645,249	\$	1,982	\$	24	\$	33,239	\$		1,857

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Component Unit – School Board (Continued):

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness:

Component Unit - School Board:	Total Due	Due within One year
\$9,330,000 General Obligation School Bond issued November 15, 2012, payable in annual installments beginning July 15, 2015 and continuing until July 15, 2031. The bond has a variable interest rate and		
is paid semiannually.	\$ 5,935,000	\$ 655,000
School Board -Total General Obligation Long-term Bonds	\$ 5,935,000	\$ 655,000

On October 7, 2020 the City agreed to allow the Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA) to refinance its 2013 bond issuance. The refinance was performed at no cost to the City and provided savings of \$257,105 to be credited against interest payments from FY21 – FY32. Interest shown in the previous schedule is net of those savings credits.

NOTES PAYABLE - Direct borrowings:

The City purchases various types of equipment under other financing agreements. These were previously considered capital leases but are now categorized as notes payable with the implementation of GASB 87. Following is the detail of these for governmental activities.

The City entered into an equipment lease, in the amount of \$144,000, for a Refuse truck. The lease was entered into on July 24, 2018 with Highlands Union Bank. The lease calls for five annual payment of \$31,400 beginning April 30, 2019.

The School Board entered into an equipment lease, in the amount of \$82,591, for energy efficient equipment. The lease was entered into on July 26, 2018 and extends to July 26, 2022. The lease calls for monthly payments in various amounts with the first payment beginning on July 26, 2022.

LEASE LIABILITIES

The City has lease liabilities for various equipment. The lease terms related to the equipment range from 0.466 to 1.122%. Monthly payments related to these leases range from \$94 to \$812.

The School Board has lease liabilities for various equipment. The lease terms related to the equipment range from 0.593 to 3.022%. Monthly payments related to these leases range from \$364 to \$673.

Note 9. Long-term Debt (Continued)

Component Unit- NIDA

Changes in Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Industrial Development Authority of the City of Norton for the year ended June 30, 2022:

<u>Details of Long-Term Indebtedness:</u>

Component Unit -

NIDA	Dire	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements						
Year Ending		Note	es Paya	ble				
June 30,	F	rincipal		Iı	nterest			
2023	\$	22,420	\$	3	29,253			
2024		23,509			28,165			
2025		24,650			27,023			
2026		30,198			44,988			
2027		47,543			27,643			
2028-2032		261,899			114,030			
2033-2037		309,177			66,753			
2038-2042		216,646			12,700			
Totals	\$	936,042	9	5	350,555			

	,	Virginia			
	Co	ommunity			
	Ca	pital Bank	City	of Norton	 Totals
July 1, 2021	\$	671,899	\$	310,000	\$ 981,899
Additions/Borrowings		-		-	-
Deletions/Retirements		(45,857)		_	 (45,857)
June 30, 2022	\$	626,042	\$	310,000	\$ 936,042

Note 10. Claims, Judgements and Compensated Absences

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

The City has a policy to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of paid leave and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

City employees earn vacation and sick leave at various rates depending upon the number of years of service. No benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave upon termination. Only 15 days of unused vacation leave can be carried over to the next fiscal year. Employees earn vacation leave according to the following schedule:

- A. .4167 days per month of 5 days each year if the employee has been with the City less than 1 year.
- B. .833 days per month or 10 days each year if the employee has been with the City for as long as I year but Jess than 10 years.
- C. 1.25 days per month or 15 days each year if the employee has been with the City for 10 years or longer.

Employees of the Department of Social Services accumulate vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Virginia Department of Social Services Personnel Manual.

At June 30, 2022, the City had outstanding accrued vacation, sick and personal leave of \$31,293 in the Governmental Activities and outstanding accrued vacation leave of \$31,860 in the Water and Sewer Fund.

COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

All twelve-month classified, certified, administrative, and supervisory employees of the School Board earn twelve (12) vacation leave days per year. Such vacation leave may be accumulated to a maximum of twenty-five (25) days.

All certified and administrative employees (professional staff) of the School Board earn three (3) days of personal leave per year. Unused personal leave days may be transferred to sick leave days.

All certified and administrative employees of the School Board may earn one sick leave day per month worked each year based on the number of contracted days. (180-200 day contract "' 10 days, September - June; 220 day contract = 11 days, August - June; 240-260 day contract = 12 days, July-June). Such personnel shall be able to accumulate an unlimited number of such days. Upon retirement from the Norton City Schools under the VRS, all professional, administrative and support staff (full-time employees) are eligible to receive sick leave funds as follows:

For accumulated days on June 30, 1998:

0-90 \$12.00/day 91-200 \$24.00/day

For additional days accumulated after June 30, 1998, the rate will be \$45.00/day. Most recent sick days accumulated must be used first.

At June 30, 2022, the School Board had outstanding accrued vacation, sick and personal leave of \$162,401.

Note 11. Deferred Tax Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and governmental activities also defer inflows for resources that have not yet been earned. At June 30, the components of deferred inflows of resources were as follows:

		vernment-wide Statements		Balance Sheet
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the	Gover	nmental Activities	(General Fund
funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$	466,456
Tax assessments due after June 30		1,066,348		1,066,348
Total	\$	1,066,348_	\$	1,512,804

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer

Plan Description

The City and School Board Non-Professional Group contribute to an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan I, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS								
		HYBRID						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN						
About Plan1	About Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement						
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan.	Plan						
The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and	The retirement benefit is based on a	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined						
average final compensation at	member's age, service credit and average final compensation at	benefit plan and a defined						
retirement using a formula	retirement using a formula.	contribution plan.						
Terrement using a formula	retirement using a formula.	• The defined benefit is based on						
		a member's age, service credit and						
		average final compensation at						
		retirement using a formula						
		• The benefit from the defined						
		contribution component of the plan						
		depends on the member and						
		employer contributions made to the						
		plan and the investment						
		performance of those contributions.						
		• In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the						
		defined benefit plan at retirement, a						
		member may start receiving						
		distributions from the balance in						
		the defined contribution account,						
		reflecting the contributions,						
		investment gains or losses, and						
		required fees.						
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members						
Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1,	Employees are in Plan 2 if their	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their						
2010, and they were vested as of	membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is	membership date is on or after						
January 1, 2013.	before July 1, 2010, and they were	January 1, 2014.						
Juliani, 1, 2013.	not vested as of January 1, 2013.	This includes:						
Hybrid Opt-In Election	, ,	Political subdivision						
VRS non-hazardous duty covered	Hybrid Opt-In Election	employees*						
Plan 1 members were allowed to	Eligible Plan 2 members were	• Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2						
make an irrevocable decision to opt	allowed to make an irrevocable	who elected to opt into the plan						
into the Hybrid Retirement Plan	decision to opt into the Hybrid	during the election window held						
during a special election window	Retirement Plan during a special	January 1 – April 30, 2014; the						
held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	plan's effective date for opt-in						
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	members was July 1, 2014.						
effective date for eligible Plan 1	effective date for eligible Plan 2	* Non-Eligible Members						
members who opted in was July 1,	members who opted in was July 1,	Some employees are not eligible to						
2014.	2014.	participate in the Hybrid						
If eligible deferred members	If eligible deferred members	Retirement Plan. They include:						
returned to work during the election	returned to work during the election	• Political subdivision						
window, they are also eligible to	window, they were also							

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.		employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.
Members wo were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP	Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan of the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or
	2 of Old	ORP.
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensations each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.
	Samias and it	
Service credit Service credit includes active service. Members earn service	Service credit Same as Plan 1.	Service credit Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit
credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers		component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

	also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contributions component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer
	contribution portion of the plan.
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contributions component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	 After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions Distribution is not required by law until age 70½. Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for nonhazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased or	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%	granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous	Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the	duty employees: Same as Plan 1	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

employer.		Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined</u> <u>Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Benefit Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

(COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	(COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	DefinedBenefitComponent:Same as Plan 2.ContributionDefinedContributionComponent:Not applicableEligibility:
Eligibility: Form members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying of an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).		
 The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and 		

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.
		Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from pervious public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as a service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

		School Board Non-
	Primary	Professional
	Government	Group
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	71	31
Inactive members		
Vested inactive members	6	2
Non-vested Inactive members	26	7
Active elsewhere in VRS	29	6
Total inactive members	61	15
Active members	94	13
Total covered employees	226	59

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 7.08 % for the general governmental and business-type covered employee compensation and 0.28% for the school board non-professional group. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the general government were \$281,677 and \$260,673

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively and for the school board \$0 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions- General Employees

The total pension liability for Governmental and Business-Type Employees in the City's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.5 percent – 5.35 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service-related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July I, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality	
Healthy, and disabled)	tables. For future mortality improvements,	
	replace load with a modified Mortality	
	Improvement Scale MP-2020	
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1;	
	set separate rates based on experience for Plan	
	2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age	
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each	
	year age and service through 9 years of service	
Disability Rates	No change	
Salary Scale	No change	
Line of Duty Disability	No change	
Discount Rate	No change	

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality
tables. For future mortality improvements,
replace load with a modified Mortality
Improvement Scale MP-2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1;
set separate rates based on experience for Plan
2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
year age and service through 9 years of service
No change
No change
No change
No change

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.5 percent - 4.75 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed service-related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale: 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retirees Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service-related Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale: 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retirees Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board Action are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality
healthy, and disabled)	tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For
	future mortality improvements, replace load with
	a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and
	changed final retirement age from 65-70
Withdrawal Rates	Decrease rates
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

TI 1-4 + DI ID201011'
Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables.
Increased disability life expectancy. For future
mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed
final retirement age from 65-70
Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age
of service to rates based on service only to better fit
experience and to be more consistent with Locals
Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
No change
No change
No change
No change

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension system investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension system investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted Average
		Arithmetic Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate of	Expected Rate of
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Return	Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
	100.00%		4.89%
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expected arithmetic nominal return		7.39%	

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at the time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
			Net Pension
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Liability
	Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 19,247,915	\$ 18,045,176	\$ 1,202,739
Changes for the year			
Service Cost	414,806	-	414,806
Interest	1,268,651	-	1,268,651
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	581,435	-	-
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	27,128	-	27,128
Contributions - employer	-	250,084	(250,084)
Contributions - employee	-	177,724	(177,724)
Net investment income	-	4,894,887	(4,894,887)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(906,175)	(906,175)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(12,305)	12,305
Other changes		461	(461)
Net changes	1,385,845	4,404,676	(3,018,831)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 20,633,760	\$ 22,449,852	\$ (1,816,092)

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Continued)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 1,706,787	\$ 2,074,724	\$ (367,937)
Changes for the year			
Service Cost	25,812	-	25,812
Interest	111,814	-	111,814
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	49,653	-	-
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	(123,347)	-	(123,347)
Contributions - employer	-	-	-
Contributions - employee	-	14,460	(14,460)
Net investment income	-	559,165	(559,165)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(100,576)	(100,576)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(1,437)	1,437
Other changes		52	(52)
Net changes	(36,644)	471,664	(508,308)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,670,143	\$ 2,546,388	\$ (876,245)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
Governmental & Business-Type Net Pension Liability	\$ 867,709	\$ (1,816,092)	\$ (4,035,093)
School Board Non-Professional Group Net Pension Liability	\$ (691,292)	\$ (876,245)	\$ (1,032,091)

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City's general government recognized pension expense(benefit) of \$(232,183). At June 30, 2022, the City's general government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

•	Ι	Deferred		Deferred
	Ou	tflows of	I	nflows of
	R	esources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	36,728	\$	58,791
Change in assumptions		472,483		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		539,987		2,968,629
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		281,677		
Total	\$	1,330,875	\$	3,027,420

\$281,677 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's general government contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2023	\$ (361,492)
2024	(364,040)
2025	(514,015)
2026	(738,675)
2027	-
Thereafter	_
	\$ (1,978,222)

Note 12. Pension Plan-Agent Multiple-Employer (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Board's Non-Professional group recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(95,695). At June 30, 2022, the School Board's Non-Professional group reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	42,728
Change in assumptions		17,200		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		63,043		339,497
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date				
Total	\$	80,243	\$	382,225

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's non-professional group contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30		
2023	\$	(90,290)
2024		(62,924)
2025		(64,354)
2026		(84,414)
2027		-
Thereafter	was accepted development of the	_
	<u>\$</u>	(301,982)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan's is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2021 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers

Plan Description: The School Board Teachers contribute to a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan - Plan I, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
About Plan 1	About Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement	
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan.	Plan	
The retirement benefit is based on	The retirement benefit is based	The Hybrid Retirement Plan	
a member's age, service credit and		combines the features of a defined	
average final compensation at	service credit and average final	benefit plan and a defined	
retirement using a formula.	compensation at retirement	contribution plan.	
		 The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined 	
		contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.	
		• In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.	

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members	
Employees are in Plan 1 if their	Employees are in Plan 2 if	Employees are in the Hybrid	
Membership date is before July 1,	their membership date is on	Retirement Plan if their	
2010, and they were vested as of	or after July 1, 2010, or their	membership	
	membership date is before July	date is on or after January 1, 2014.	
taken a refund.	1, 2010, and they were	This includes:	
	not vested as of January 1,	• School division employees •	
	2013	Members in Plan I or Plan 2 who	
		elected to opt into the plan during	
		the election window held January	
		I-April 20, 2014: the plan's	
		effective date for opt-in member	
		was July 1, 2014	
Hybrid Opt-In Election	Hybrid Opt-In Election		
VRS Plan 1 members were	Eligible Plan 2 members		
allowed to make an irrevocable	were allowed to make an		
decision to opt into the Hybrid	irrevocable decision to opt		
Retirement Plan during a special	into the Hybrid Retirement		
election window held January 1	Plan during a special election		
through April 30, 2014.	window held January 1		
	through April 30, 2014.		
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's			
effective date for eligible VRS	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's		
Plan 1 members who opted in	effective date for eligible		
was July 1, 2014.	Plan 2 members who opted		
	in was July 1, 2014.		
If eligible deferred members			
returned to work during the	If eligible deferred members		
election window, they were	returned to work during the		
also eligible to opt into the	election window, they were		
Hybrid Retirement Plan.	also eligible to opt into the		
	Hybrid Retirement Plan.		
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	
Employees contribution 5% of	Employees contribute 5% of	A member's retirement benefit	
their compensation each month to	their compensation each month	is funded through mandatory	
their member contribution	to their member contribution	and voluntary contributions	
account through a pre-tax salary	account through a pre-tax	made by the member and the	
reduction. Member contributions	salary reduction.	employer to both the defined	
are tax-deferred until they are		contribution components of the	
withdrawn as part of a retirement		plan. Mandatory contributions	
benefit or as a separate actuarially		are based on a percentage of the	
determined contribution to VRS		employee's creditable	
invests both member and employer		compensation and are required	

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE					
contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.		from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according			
		to specified percentages.			
Service credit	Service credit	Service credit			
Service credit includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member was purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable Service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution			

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
Vesting	Vesting	Vesting		
Vesting is the minimum length	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:		
of service a member needs to		Defined benefit vesting is the		
qualify for a future retirement		Minimum length of service		
benefit. Members become vested		a member needs to qualify for a		
when they have at least five years		future retirement benefit.		
(60 months) of service credit.		Members are vested under		
Vesting means members are		the defined benefit component		
eligible to qualify for retirement		of the Hybrid Retirement Plan		
if they meet the age and service		when they reach five years		
requirements for their plan.		(60 months) of creditable		
Members also must be vested		Service. Plan 1 or Plan 2		
To receive a full refund of their		members with at least five		
member contribution account		years (60 months) of creditable		
balance if they leave employment		service who opted into the		
and request a refund.		Hybrid Retirement Plan		
		Remain vested in the defined		
Members are always 100% vested		Benefit component.		
in the contributions that they make				
		Defined Contributions		
		Component:		
		Defined contribution vesting		
		refers to the minimum length		
		of service a member needs to be		
		eligible to withdraw the employer		
		contributions from the defined		
		contribution component of		
		the plan.		
		N 1 1 1000/		
		Members are always 100%		
		vested in the contributions		
		that they make.		
		Upon retirement or leaving		
		covered employment, a member		
		is eligible to withdraw a		
		percentage of employer		
		contributions to the defined		
		contributions to the defined		
		plan, based on service.		
		• After two years, a member is		
		50% vested and may withdraw		
		50% of employer contributions.		
		1 3070 of employer contitutions.		

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

RETIREMENT	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE					
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefits payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	• After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law age 70½. Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1 Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.				
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit of the plan.				
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or grated prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the				

RETIREMENT	PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLA	N STRUCTURE
		retirement benefit for service
		Credited in those plans.
		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Not applicable.
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Age 65	Normal Social Security	Defined Benefit Component:
	retirement age.	Same as Plan 2.
		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement		tEarliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
Age 65 with at least five years	Normal Social Security	Defined Benefit Component:
(60 months) of service credit	Retirement age and have at	Normal Social Security
or at age 50 with at least 30 years	least five years (60 months)	retirement age and have at least
of service credit.	of service credit or when	five years (60 months) of
	their age and service equal 90.	service credit or when their
		age and service equal 90.
		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
Age 55 with at least five years	Age 60 with at least five years	Defined Benefit Component:
(60 months) of service credit	(60 months) of creditable	Age 60 with at least five years
or age 50 with at least 10 years	Service.	(60 months) of service credit.
of service credit.	5617166.	(55 mondis) of service eledit.
of service credit.		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE					
Cost-of Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment					
(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement			
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Defined Benefit Component:			
(COLA) matches the first 3%	(COLA) matches the first 2%	Same as Plan 2.			
Increase in the Consumer Price	Increase in the CPI-U and half				
Index for all Urban Consumers	of any additional increase	Defined Contribution			
(CPI-U) and half of any additional	(up to 2%), for a maximum	Component:			
increase (up to 4%) up to a	COLA of 3%.	Not applicable.			
maximum COLA of 5%.	COLA 01 370.				
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Eligibility:			
For members who retire with an	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			
unreduced benefit or with a	Same as Fian 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			
1					
reduced benefit with at least					
20 years of service credit,					
the COLA will go into effect					
on July 1 after one full calendar					
year from the retirement date.					
For members who retire with a					
reduced benefit and who have					
less than 20 years of creditable		·			
service, the COLA will go into					
effect on July 1, after one					
calendar year following the					
unreduced retirement eligibility					
date.					
date.					
Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective			
Dates:	Dates:	Dates:			
The COLA is effective July 1	Same as Plan 1	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			
following one full calendar year					
(January 1 to December 31) under					
any of the following circumstances:					
•The member is within five years					
of qualifying for an unreduced					
retirement benefits as of					
January 1, 2013.					
•The member retires on disability.					
•The member retires directly from					
short-term or long-term disability					
under the Virginia Sickness and					
Disability Program (VSDP).					
•The member is involuntarily					
separated from employment for					

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE					
	PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN	SIKUCTUKE			
causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transaction Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. •The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.					
	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage			
Members who are eligible to be Considered for disability	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplies is 1.65% on all service regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Employees of school divisions (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.			
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service			
Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.		Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following Exceptions: • Hybrid Retirement Plan Members are ineligible for ported service. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the pension plan from the school division were \$758,400 and \$656,554 for the years ended June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021 respectively.

In June 2021, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$61.3 million to the VRS Teacher Employee Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 552 of the 2021 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported a liability of \$3,471,657 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the school division's proportion was 0.04472% as compared to 0.04244% at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the school division recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$(56,718). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Change in assumptions	,	883,888		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		80,243		2,781,445
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		758,400		
Total	\$ 1,	722,531	\$	2,781,445

\$758,400 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2023	\$ (536,223)
2024	(419,082)
2025	(391,707)
2026	(551,748)
2027	1,203
Thereafter	<u> </u>
	\$ (1,897,557)

Actuarial Assumptions - Teachers The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

inflation 3.5 percent - 5.95 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disables Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2010 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality
Healthy, and disabled)	tables. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1;
	set separate rates bases on experience for
	Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from
	75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Net Pension Liability The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2021, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	BANKANA	Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	53,381,141
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		45,617,878
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	7,763,263
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		85.46%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary on each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension system investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

			Weighted Average
		Arithmetic Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate of	Expected Rate of
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Return	Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
	100.00%		4.89%
	Inflation		2.50%
	* Expected arithr	netic nominal return	7.39%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2021 on, school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 13. Pension Plan-Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer-School Board Teachers (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)		C	urrent Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)	
School division's proportionate share of the VRS						
<u>Teacher Employee Retirement Plan</u> Net Pension Liability	\$	6,700,111	\$	3,471,657	\$	815,824

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2020 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2022, the School Division reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance

Plan Description

The Primary Government and School Board provide postemployment medical coverage for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Primary Government and School Board may change, add or delete coverage as they deem appropriate and with the approval of the Board of Supervisors and School Board. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

A retiree eligible for post-retirement medical coverage is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the City or Schools and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the City and Schools. Employees at the City are allowed to stay on the plan until death of the employee and employees at the School Board are allowed to stay on the plan until death of the employee or eligibility for Medicare coverage. Generally, the employee pays 100% of the required premium. A closed group of retirees are receiving a direct subsidy for single coverage from the School Board. The School Board pays the balance of the premium less the amount of VRS Health Insurance. The School Board will also pay up to four percent of the increase in premiums on an annual basis; premium increase in excess of four percent will be paid by the retiree. This direct subsidy ends at age 65.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension and GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017 establish new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans and standardize the valuation methodology. The cost of postemployment healthcare benefits should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future years when it will be paid.

The City's Primary Government meets the requirements use the alternative measurement method but has elected to not to do so.

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Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Connued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Active participants	95	108
Retired participants	1	3
Total covered employees	96	111

Funding Policy and Contributions

The Primary Government and School Board currently fund postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Primary Government and School Board do not accumulate assets in a trust. During fiscal year 2022, the Primary Government and School Board made OPEB benefit payments of \$(7,891) and \$19,065, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Primary Government

In the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2022, the cost method used to determine OPEB liability was individual entry age normal level percent of salary. All active and former employees who are potentially eligible to receive healthcare benefits as a retiree were included in the calculations.

All assumptions attempt to represent the best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. Employer future premium contribution is assumed to remain a level percentage of the total cost over time. Mortality rates are the RP2010 Mortality Table for Males and Females Projected 10 years; this assumption does not include a margin for future improvements in longevity. Turnover rates are derived from data maintained by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management regarding the most recent experience of the employee group covered by the Federal Employees Retirement System. It is assumed that 25% of eligible retirees will elect to receive coverage upon retirement. Other assumptions are as follows:

Discount rate	3.54 percent
Average retirement age	65 years
Salary increases	Graded scale based on service
Amortization period	20 years

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Continued)

School Board

In the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2022, the cost method used to determine OPEB liability was individual entry age normal level percent of salary. All active and former employees who are potentially eligible to receive healthcare benefits as a retiree were included in the calculations.

All assumptions attempt to represent the best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. Retirement, mortality, and termination rates are the rates used for the June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation of the Virginia Retirement System. No disability rates were assumed. Per capita claims costs include medical, dental, and prescription drug coverages and are based on the 2020 healthcare premiums provided by the School Board.

It is assumed that 25% of eligible retirees will elect to receive coverage upon retirement. There is a closed group of retirees who are receiving a direct subsidy until age 65. It is assumed that 80% of active participants will select spouse coverage at retirement. Female spouses are assumed to be 3 years younger than their husbands. Other assumptions are as follows:

Discount rate 3.54 percent

Medical trend rate 4.9 percent – 4.10 percent over 52 years

Salary growth rate 2.0 percent

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Discount Rate and Municipal Bond Rate

Pursuant to GASB 75, the discount rate for unfunded plans should be a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). The Bond Buyer's 20 bond index is often cited as an appropriate benchmark. A discount rate of 3.54% and 3.54% was used for the City and School valuations, respectively.

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease (2.54%)	Current Discount Rate (3.54%)	1.00% Increase (4.54%)
Primary Government Total OPEB Liability	\$ 161,432	\$ 148,812	\$ 137,206
	1.00% Decrease (2.54%)	Current Discount Rate (3.54%)	1.00% Increase (4.54%)
School Board Total OPEB Liability	\$ 339,058	\$ 305,087	\$ 274,938

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	P	rimary	Com	ponent Unit
	Go	vernment	Sch	nool Board
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	95,883	\$	345,208
Changes for the year				
Service cost		7,171		24,623
Interest		2,141		7,783
Effect of plan changes		-		-
Effect of econocmic/demographics gains or losses		68,553		9,884
Effect of assumptions chnages or inputs		(17,045)		(63,346)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(7,891)		(19,065)
Net changes		52,929		(40,121)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	148,812	\$	305,087

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability using the current healthcare trend rate, which varies by year, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	 % Decrease rend Rate	Cur	rent Trend Rate	 % Increase Trend Rate
Primary Government Total OPEB Liability	\$ 136,543	\$	148,812	\$ 175,765
School Board Total OPEB Liability	\$ 263,907	\$	305,087	\$ 356,003

Note 14. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-Local Health Insurance (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - Health Insurance

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Primary Government recognized OPEB - Health Insurance expense of \$17,000. At June 30, 2022, the City reported \$58,321 deferred outflows of resources and \$(14,501) deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions related to OPEB - Health Insurance. Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School Board recognized OPEB - Health Insurance expense of \$39,361. At June 30, 2022, the School Board reported \$69,921 deferred outflows of resources and \$(57,881) deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions related to OPEB - Health Insurance. Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2023	\$ 6,955
2024	7,072
2025	6,409
2026	6,409
2027	11
Thereafter	 (14,816)
	\$ 12,040

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the City of Norton and Norton City School Board also participates in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows:

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time, teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions who are in the VRS Hybrid Retirement Plan benefit structure and whose employer has not elected to opt out of the VRS-sponsored program are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for eligible public employer groups in the commonwealth of Virginia. School divisions are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended to provided short-term and long-term disability benefits for their Hybrid employees either through a local plan or through the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP).

Specific information about the Teacher VLDP is available at: https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid/benefits/disability/virginia-local-disability-program.html

The GLI, Teacher HIC, and Teacher VLDP are administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. These plans are considered multiple employer, cost sharing plans.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Line of Duty Act Program

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the VRS are automatically covered by the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA). As required by statute, the VRS is responsible for managing the assets of the program. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the VRS actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers. The LODA is considered a multiple employer, cost sharing plan.

Specific information about the LODA is available at https://www.valoda.org/

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508, as amended but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly
Total rate:	1.34 % of covered employee compensation. Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54% employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution.
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$ 21,484-City General Employees \$ 2,195-School Board-Non-Professionals \$ 24,641-School Board-Professionals
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$ 19,691-City General Employees \$ 1,707-Schoo\ Board-Non-Professionals \$ 21,332-School Board-Professionals

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E), as amended but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	1.21% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$ 55,214
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$ 47,800

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

Teacher Employee Virginia Eccur	Districtly Program
Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1178(C) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	0.47 % of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$ 8,023
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$ 7,068

Line of Duty Act Program

Effic of Duty Met 1 Togram	
Governed by:	Code of Virginia 9-1-400.1 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	\$722.55 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. Based on pay-as-you-go funding rate.
June 30, 2022 Contribution	\$ 25,470
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$ 24,926

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, except for LODA, were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. LODA proportion was determined based on pay-as-you-go employer contributions instead of actuarially determined contributions.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program

Group Elic Insurance Frogram	
June 30, 2021 proportionate share of liability	\$205,610-City General Employees \$ 17,813-School Board-Non-Professionals \$222,725-School Board-Professionals
June 30, 2022 proportion	0.01766%-City General Employees 0.00153%-School Board-Non-Professionals 0.01913%-School Board-Professionals
June 30, 2021 proportion	0.01674%-City General Employees 0.00128%-School Board-Non-Professionals 0.01803%-School Board-Professionals
June 30, 2022 expense	\$ 8,674-City General Employees\$ 1,710-School Board-Non-Professionals\$ 3,356-School Board Professionals

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

June 30, 2022 proportionate share of liability	\$573,370
June 30, 2022 proportion	0.04467%
June 30, 2021 proportion	0.04233%
June 30, 2022 expense	\$37,419

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

June 30, 2022 proportionate share of	
liability(asset)	\$(1,973)
June 30, 2022 proportion	0.22348%
June 30, 2021 proportion	0.20176%
June 30, 2022 expense	\$5,322

Line of Duty Act Program

-		
Γ	June 30, 2022 proportionate share of liability	\$798,415
	June 30, 2022 proportion	0.18105%
Γ	June 30, 2021 proportion	0.18826%
	June 30, 2022 expense	\$80,314

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the City of Norton reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program-City General Employees

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	23,451	\$	1,567
Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB plan investments		-		49,075
Changes in assumptions		11,335		28,132
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		11,533		4,643
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		25,322		_
Total	\$	71,641	\$	83,417

Group Life Insurance Program-School Board-Non-Professionals

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,032	\$	136
Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments		-		4,252
Changes in assumptions		982		2,437
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,430		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,195		_
Total	\$	9,639	\$	6,825

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program-School Board-Professionals

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,403	\$	1,697
Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments		-		53,160
Changes in assumptions		12,279		30,474
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		15,092		21,052
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		24,641		-
Total	\$	77,415	\$	106,383

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	10,005
Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments		-		7,553
Changes in assumptions		15,499		2,304
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		31,224		49,672
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		55,214		-
Total	\$	101,937	\$	69,534

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	787	\$	874
Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments				1,252
Changes in assumptions		854		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		234		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,023		_
Total	\$	9,898	\$	2,126

Line of Duty Act Program

	Deferred]	Deferred
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	R	esources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	66,566	\$	120,887
Net difference between projected and actual earnings OPEB program investments		-		4,623
Changes in assumptions		220,948		38,192
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		108,156		79,291
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date				
Total	\$	395,670	\$	242,993

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City of Norton and Norton City School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense						
	City General Board Non-		rd Non- School B		ool Board		
Year ended June 30	En	nployees	Professionals		Professionals Profess		fessionals
2023	\$	(9,878)	\$	102	\$	(16,741)	
2024		(7,352)		300		(13,159)	
2025		(6,356)		309		(9,371)	
2026		(12,922)		(485)		(14,025)	
2027		(590)		393		(313)	
Thereafter							
	\$	(37,098)	\$	619	\$	(53,609)	

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Year ended June 30	(Reduction) OPEB Expe		
2023	\$	(9,979)	
2024		(10,065)	
2025		(8,517)	
2026		(3,487)	
2027		3,751	
Thereafter		5,486	
	\$	(22,811)	

Increase

Increase

Line of Duty Act Program

•	(Reduction) to OPEB Expense		
\$	25,133		
	25,346		
	25,409		
	25,475		
	21,996		
	29,318		
\$	152,677		
	OPE		

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2020, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021:

Inflation	2.5%					
 Salary increases, including inflation: Locality-general employees Locality - hazardous duty employees Teachers 	3.5 - 5.35% 3.5 - 4.75% 3.5 - 5.95%					
Healthcare cost trend rates: • Under age 65 • Age 65 and older	7.75 - 5.75% 5.75 - 3.75%					
Investment rate of return, net of expenses, Including inflation	GLI, HIC, & VLDP 6.75%; LODA 2.16%					

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 12.

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Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2021, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Group Life Insurance Program	Teacher Employee HIC	Teacher Employee VLDP	l .	Line of Duty Act Program
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,577,346	\$ 1,477,874	\$ 4,884	\$	448,542
Plan fiduciary net position	2,413,074	194,305	5,590		7,553
Employers' net OPEB					
liability (asset)	\$ 1,164,272	\$ 1,283,569	\$ (706)	\$	440,989
Plan fiduciary net position					
as a percentage of total			114,46		
OPEB liability	67.45%	13.15%	%		1.68%

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance Program

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued

Group Life Insurance Program (Continued)

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average Long-
		Long-Term	Term Expected
	Target	Expected Rate	Rate of
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	of Return	Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
	100.00%		4.89%
	Inflation		2.50%
	* Expected arithm	7.39%	

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at the time. Providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Line of Duty Act Program

The long-term expected rate of return on the LODA Program's investments was set at 2.16% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS pooled investments 6.75% assumption noted above. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 2.16% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI, HIC, and VLDP OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The discount rate used to measure the LODA OPEB liability was 2.16% The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the City of Norton, as well as what the City's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75% GLI; HIC; VLDP/1.16% LODA) or one percentage point higher (7.75% GLI; HIC; VLDP/3.16% LODA) than the current discount rate:

1% Decrease (5.75%)			Current Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)	
GLI Net OPEB Liability City - General Employee School Board - Non-Professionals School Board - Professionals	2	00,404 \$ 26,026 25,409	205,610 17,813 222,725	\$	129,060 11,181 139,803
Teacher HIC Net OPEB Liability	\$ 64	<u> \$5,456</u>	573,370	\$	512,368
Teacher VLDP Net OPEB Liability	\$	(236) \$	(1,973)	\$	(2,749)
X 0.7 1 2 1 0.7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1% Dec (1.16	%)	Current Rate (2.16%)		Increase 3.16%)
LODA Net OPEB Liability	\$ 91	8,470 \$	798,415	\$	703,022

Note 15. Other Post-Employment Benefits Liability-Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the LODA Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Because the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) contains provisions for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the LODA net OPEB liability of the City of Norton using health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the City's LODA net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1.00% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%)			rent Trend te (7.00% creasing to 4.75%)	1.00% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%)	
Covered employers proportionate share of the						
LODA Net OPEB Liability	\$	655,120	\$	798,415	\$	982,150

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Note 16. Summary of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Elements

		vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Un (School Board	
Net pension asset								
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Schools-Non-Professionals)	\$	1,582,178	\$	233,914	\$	1,816,092	\$	876,245
Total net pension asset	\$	1,582,178	\$	233,914	<u>\$</u>	1,816,092	\$	876,245
Deferred outflows of resources - Related to Pensions								
Changes in assumptions	•	014 060	C	135,138		1 040 109	\$	
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers	\$	914,060	\$	155,156		1,049,198	Φ	883,888
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof		•		-		-		005,000
Change in proportion and difference between Employer						_		
Difference in projected and actual expenses:								
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers		_		_				80,243
Employer Contributions after the measurement date:								00,2.5
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees		244,624		37,053		281,677		_
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers		2.1,02.		57,050		-0-,077		758,400
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof		-		-		-		-
Total deferred outflow of resources - Pensions	\$	1,158,684	\$	172,191	\$	1,330,875	\$	1,722,531
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB								
Deferred outflow-Differences in expected/actual and assumptions								
VRS-LODA	\$	395,670	\$	_	\$	395,670	\$	
VRS-GLI-General Employees	Φ	44,352	Ψ	1,967	Ψ	46,319	Ψ	
HIC-Schools-Teachers		44,332		1,707		-10,515		46,723
HIC-Schools-Non-Professionals				_		_		243
VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals		_		_		_		7,444
VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals		_		_		_		52,774
Local Health		55,844		2,477		58,321		69,921
Deferred outflow-Contributions after the measurement date		55,611		-,				,
VRS-LODA		_		_				_
VRS-GLI-General Employees		24,409		913		25,322		
HIC-Schools-Teachers		,				-		55,214
HIC-Schools-Non-Professionals						-		3,780
VLDP-Schools-Teachers								-
VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals						-		2,195
VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals								24,641
Total deferred outflow of resources - OPEB	\$	520,275	\$	5,357	\$	525,632	\$	262,935
Total defetted outflow of Tesources - OFED	Ψ	320,273	Ψ	3,337	Ψ	323,032	<u> </u>	202,733
Net pension liability					_			
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
VRS-Cost Sharing-Multiple Employer-School Board Teachers	_			-				3,471,657
Total net pension liability	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,471,657
r	_						-	

Note 16. Summary of Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Elements (Continued)

		vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Unit (School Board)	
Net OPEB liability								
Local Health	\$	142,492	\$	6,320	\$	148,812	\$	305,087
VRS-LODA		798,415		-		798,415		-
VRS-GLI-General Employees		196,878		8,732		205,610		-
HIC-Schools-Teachers		-		-		-		573,370
HIC-Schools-Non-Professionals		-		-		-		26,560
VLDP-Schools-Teachers		-		-		-		17 012
VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals		-		•		•		17,813
VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals		<u>-</u>						222,725
Total net OPEB liability	<u>\$</u>	1,137,785	\$	15,052	\$	1,152,837	\$	1,145,555
Deferred inflows of resources - Related to Pensions								
Deferred inflow-Differences in expected/ actual and assumptions								
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees	\$	2,637,485	\$	389,935		3,027,420	\$	-
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers						-		-
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof						-		382,225
Changes in Assumptions								
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-General Employees						-		
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers								2,781,445
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Non-Prof								_,,
Change in proportion and difference between Employer								
Contributions and proportionat share of contributions:								
VRS-Defined Benefit Pension Plan-School Board Teachers						_		_
							-	
Total deferred inflow of resources - Pensions	\$	2,637,485	\$	389,935	<u>\$</u>	3,027,420	\$	3,163,670
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB								
Deferred inflow-Differences in expected/actual and assumptions								
Local Health	\$	13,885	\$	616		14,501	\$	57,881
VRS-LODA		242,993				242,993		-
VRS-GLI-General Employees		79,874		3,543		83,417		(0.524
HIC-Schools-Teachers						-		69,534 650
HIC-Schools-Non-Prof VRS-GLI-Schools-non-Professionals								6,825
VRS-GLI-Schools-Professionals						-		106,383
A VO-OTI-20110012-LI 016221011912		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	100,303
Total deferred inflow of resources - OPEB	\$	336,752	\$	4,159	\$	340,911	\$	241,273

Note 17. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation- In regard to litigation involving the City of Norton, Virginia, we are not aware of any material contingent liabilities that could affect the financial statements.

Note 18. Risk Management

The City maintains general liability, auto and workers' compensation insurance coverage through the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Other insurance coverage (including fire, equipment, police liability, public officials liability and workers' compensation and accidental death on volunteer fireman) is maintained through commercial insurance companies.

Note 19. Surety Bonds

Amount	
National Grange Mutual Insurance Company - Surety	
*Barbara Muir, Treasurer	\$ 200,000
Kristy Wells, Deputy Treasurer	100,000
National Grange Mutual Insurance Company - Surety	
Fred Ramey, City Manager	200,000
Jeffery Shupe, Director of Finance	100,000
Mayor and City Council	\$ 10,000
All City employees – blanket bond	10,000
Virginia Association of Counties Self Insurance Risk Pool (VaCorp): Norton City School Employees – blanket bond	250,000
Selective Insurance Company of America:	
Abe Rutherford, Director (Social Services)	100,000
Elizabeth Fleming, Office Manager	100,000
All social workers	100,000
All employees other than Director, Office Manager, and social workers	90,000

^{*}The coverage in respect to the Treasurer of the City does not apply to pecuniary loss sustained by the City by reason or in consequence of the failure of the Treasurer to faithfully and fully discharge according to law the duties pertaining to said position.

Note 20. Encumbrances Outstanding

Outstanding encumbrances of the proprietary fund types are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements as a reservation of retained earnings, in keeping with the fund type's measurement focus. However, encumbrances accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration for the City's governmental type funds. At June 30, 2022, certain amounts which were restricted, committed, or assigned for specific purposes have been encumbered in the governmental funds. Encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

T	1	т .	1 1 1	T
Encum	brances	Inc	maea	In:

	Restricted Fund Balance			Committed Fund Balance	Assigned Fund Balance		
General Fund for Capital Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	585,793	
General Fund for Other Purposes		-		-		54,748	
Total Encumbrances	\$	p=	\$	-	\$	640,541	

COMPONENT UNIT-SCHOOL BOARD

Encumbrances Included In:

	Restricted Fund Balance		ommitted Fund Balance	Assigned Fund Balance
School Fund for Capital Assets School Fund for Other Purposes	\$	470,529 97,809	\$	\$
Total Encumbrances	\$	568,368	\$	\$

Note 21. Deficit Unrestricted Net Position

The Water and Sewer Fund had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$(9,938) at June 30, 2022; however, when considering the net investment in capital assets, while excluding restricted amounts, it has a positive overall net position of \$9,327,611.

Note 22. Restatement of Prior Financial Statements:

The City implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 87, *Leases* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The implementation had no material effect on prior financials.

Note 23. Future Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In May 2019, the GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, Conduit Debt Obligations. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements, defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement, establishes that the arrangements result in a right-to-use intangible asset and related liability, and provides the capitalization criteria for outlays related to the arrangements, as well as setting requirements for note disclosures regarding these arrangements. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The requirements of this statement should be applied prospectively.

In April 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 99**, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 100**, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 101**, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Budgeted	Amounts		Fin	riance with al Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	1)	Negative)
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$ 3,087,900	\$ 3,087,900	\$ 3,154,639	\$	66,739
Other local taxes	4,703,000	4,703,000	5,303,471		600,471
Permits, privelage fees and regulatory licenses	5,850	7,350	9,327		1,977
Fines and forfeitures	20,750	20,750	938		(19,812)
Revenue from use of money and property	47,500	47,500	31,577		(15,923)
Chares for services	419,500	429,650	425,264		(4,386)
Miscellaneous	24,650	72,037	62,844		(9,193)
Recovered costs	153,950	153,950	254,639		100,689
Intergovernmental	1,811,821	4,124,133	3,860,502		(263,631)
Total revenue	\$ 10,274,921	\$12,646,270	\$ 13,103,201	\$	456,931
Expenditures					
General government and administration	\$ 1,805,127	\$ 1,964,255	\$ 1,928,417	\$	35,838
Public safety	2,775,205	3,931,947	4,134,583		(202,636)
Public works	1,993,800	2,168,391	2,263,113		(94,722)
Health and welfare	104,947	104,947	125,961		(21,014)
Education	2,744,818	2,769,080	2,760,806		8,274
Parks, recreation and cultural	506,384	618,198	640,592		(22,394)
Community development	180,947	1,610,298	1,483,065		127,233
Debt service	187,593	191,593	192,514		(921)
Total expenditures	10,298,821	13,358,709	13,529,051		(170,342)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of property	6,000	6,000	13,571		7,571
Insurance recovories	10,000	10,000	8,346		(1,654)
Loan proceeds	-	655,000	655,000		-
Prior year surplus	247,900	519,162	_		(519,162)
Transfers in (out)	(240,000)	(477,723)	(316,321)		161,402
Total other financing sources (uses)	23,900	712,439	360,596		(351,843)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (65,254)	\$	(65,254)

Note:

Budgetary Basis Reporting - For financial statement reporting (GAAP-basis), fringe benefits are allocated to each function in the general fund. For budgetary basis reporting, all fringe benefits are reported in the general government function.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Unaudited) – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT June 30, 2022

Primary Government

	Plan Year											
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014				
Total Pension Liability												
Service cost	414,806	380,177	358,254	369,381	371,245	373,792	358,130	344,218				
Interest on total pension liability	1,268,651	1,215,091	1,203,575	1,169,169	1,154,900	1,087,779	1,045,595	998,021				
Changes of assumptions	581,435	-	534,098	-	(36,556)	-	-	-				
Difference between expected and actual experience	27,128	42,691	(459,633)	(242,689)	(584,750)	226,076	(54,102)	-				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(906,175)	(782,794)	(874,946)	(733,748)	(668,241)	(789,304)	(704,688)	(620,524)				
Net change in total pension liability	1,385,845	855,165	761,348	562,113	236,598	898,343	644,935	721,715				
Total pension liability - beginning	19,247,915	18,392,750	17,631,402	17,069,289	16,832,691	15,934,348	15,289,413	14,567,698				
Total pension liability - ending	20,633,760	19,247,915	18,392,750	17,631,402	17,069,289	16,832,691	15,934,348	15,289,413				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position												
Contributions - employer	250,084	240,700	231,118	292,792	291,335	342,434	350,650	381,975				
Contributions - employee	177,724	168,996	162,026	158,958	158,036	159,362	163,425	156,164				
Net investment income	4,894,887	344,251	1,148,328	1,215,065	1,812,550	255,995	661,092	1,986,618				
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(906,175)	(782,794)	(874,946)	(733,748)	(668,241)	(789,304)	(704,688)	(620,524)				
Administrative expenses	(12,305)	(11,797)	(11,537)	(10,503)	(10,466)	(9,317)	(9,107)	(10,842)				
Other	461	(407)	(722)	(1,082)	(1,614)	(109)	(141)	278				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	4,404,676	(41,051)	654,267	921,482	1,581,600	(40,939)	461,231	1,893,669				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	18,045,176	18,086,227	17,431,960	16,510,478	14,928,878	14,969,817	14,508,586	12,614,917				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	22,449,852	18,045,176	18,086,227	17,431,960	16,510,478	14,928,878	14,969,817	14,508,586				
Net pension liability - ending	\$ (1,816,092)	\$ 1,202,739	\$ 306,523	\$ 199,442	\$ 558,811	\$ 1,903,813	\$ 964,531	\$ 780,827				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	109%	94%	98%	99%	97%	89%	94%	95%				
Covered payroll	\$ 3,681,822	\$ 3,470,385	\$ 3,321,537	\$ 3,240,720	\$ 3,307,908	\$ 3,188,054	\$ 3,141,999	\$ 3,283,494				
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-49%	35%	9%	6%	17%	60%	31%	24%				

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2021 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2022 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Schools - Non-Professional

	Plan Year										
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014			
Total Pension Liability											
Service cost	\$ 25,812	\$ 23,949	\$ 20,611	\$ 23,095	\$ 24,382	\$ 26,225	\$ 25,750	\$ 25,638			
Interest on total pension liability	111,814	117,880	117,881	127,099	126,215	124,818	125,981	123,727			
Changes of assumptions	49,653	-	41,046	-	(3,718)	-	-	-			
Difference between expected and actual experience	(123,347)	(130,843)	(13,492)	(173,190)	(14,830)	(3,385)	(42,696)	-			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(100,576)	(101,152)	(106,206)	(111,185)	(127,660)	(127,735)	(123,556)	(110,787)			
Net change in total pension liability	(36,644)		59,840	(134,181)		19,923	(14,521)	38,578			
Total pension liability - beginning	1,706,787	1,796,953	1,737,113	1,871,294	1,866,905	1,846,982	1,861,503	1,822,925			
Total pension liability - ending	1,670,143	1,706,787	1,796,953	1,737,113	1,871,294	1,866,905	1,846,982	1,861,503			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Contributions - employer	_	498	543	4,214	4,714	17,138	18,142	9,616			
Contributions - employee	14,460	12,333	11,597	10,562	11,619	12,385	13,127	12,521			
Net investment income	559,165	40,105	135,517	148,249	226,795	32,002	88,847	278,238			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(100,576)	(101,152)	(106,206)	(111,185)	(127,660)	(127,735)	(123,556)	(110,787)			
Administrative expenses	(1,437)	(1,418)	(1,409)	(1,334)	(1,389)	(1,277)	(1,292)	(1,561)			
Other	52	(1,416)	(85)	(129)	(199)	(14)	(21)	15			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	471,664	(51,050)	39,957	50,377	113,880	(67,501)	(4,753)	188,042			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,074,724	2,125,774	2,085,817	2,035,440	1,921,560	1,989,061	1,993,814	1,805,772			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	2,546,388	2,074,724	2,125,774	2,085,817	2,035,440	1,921,560	1,989,061	1,993,814			
Net pension (asset) liability - ending	\$ (876,245)	\$ (367,937)	\$ (328,821)	\$ (348,704)	\$ (164,146)	\$ (54,655)	\$ (142,079)	\$ (132,311)			
rece pension (asset) natimety - ending	Ψ (670,2 4 3)	\$ (307,737)	\$ (328,821)	\$ (340,704)	\$ (104,140)	(34,033)	\$ (142,077)	3 (132,311)			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	152%	122%	118%	120%	109%	103%	108%	107%			
Covered payroll	\$ 263,849	\$ 263,849	\$ 241,479	\$ 215,981	\$ 228,781	\$ 233,281	\$ 262,533	\$ 262,540			
Net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-332.10%	-139.45%	-136.17%	-161.45%	-71.75%	-23.43%	-54.12%	-50.40%			

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2021 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2022 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Entity Fiscal Actuarially Year Ended Determined June 30 Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Primary Govern					
2022	\$ 281,677	\$ 281,677	\$ -	\$ 3,978,485	7.08%
2021	260,673	260,673	-	3,681,822	7.08%
2020	247,785	247,785	-	3,470,385	7.14%
2019	237,331	237,331	-	3,321,537	7.15%
2018	292,754	292,754	-	3,240,720	9.03%
2017	291,699	291,699	-	3,307,908	8.82%
2016	342,434	342,434	-	3,188,054	10.74%
2015	346,292	346,292	-	3,141,999	11.02%
2014	417,419	417,419	-	3,238,494	12.89%
2013	374,267	374,267	-	2,950,434	12.69%
-	ofessional Employe	es			
2022	-	-	-	406,501	0.00%
2021	-	-	-	311,855	0.00%
2020	739	739	-	263,849	0.28%
2019	2,190	2,190	-	241,479	0.91%
2018	4,246	4,246	-	215,981	1.97%
2017	4,714	4,714	-	228,781	2.06%
2016	16,791	16,791	-	233,281	7.20%
2015	18,142	18,142	-	262,533	6.91%
2014	15,506	15,506	-	262,540	5.91%
2013	9,552	9,552	-	249,992	3.82%

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (Unaudited) VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2022

* Year Ended June 30	Employer's Proportion of the Net Peusion Liability (Asset)	Propos	Employer's rtionate Share of e Net Pension Liability	Cov	vered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2022	0.04472%	\$	3,471,657	\$	3,950,387	87.88%	85.46%
2021	0.04244%		6,176,134		3,710,600	166.45%	71.47%
2020	0.04203%		5,531,387		3,505,048	157.81%	73.51%
2019	0.04179%		5,218,000		3,571,615	146.10%	74.81%
2018	0.04792%		5,893,000		3,773,626	156.16%	72.92%
2017	0.04998%		7,004,000		3,807,613	183.95%	68.28%
2016	0.04765%		5,997,000		3,542,739	169.28%	70.68%
2015	0.50360%		6,086,000		4,073,289	149.41%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only eight years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the school division's fiscal year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN June 30, 2022

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	r Ended Determined		to A	tions in Relation actuarially ed Contribution	D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Co	vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	758,400	\$	758,400	\$	-	\$	4,563,176	16.62%
2021		656,554		656,554		-		3,950,387	16.62%
2020		581,822		581,822		-		3,710,600	15.68%
2019		545,978		545,978		-		3,505,048	15.58%
2018		574,369		574,369		-		3,571,615	16.08%
2017		544,525		544,525		-		3,773,626	14.43%
2016		530,304		530,304		-		3,807,613	13.93%
2015		511,134		511,134		-		3,542,739	14.43%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only six years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Unaudited) – LOCAL PLANS

June 30, 2022

	Primary Government							Schools												
										Plan	Year	•								
	2022 2021				2020	2019 2018		2018	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018			
Total OPEB Liability																				
Service cost	\$	7,171	\$	51,713	\$	51,713	\$	51,713	\$	51,713	\$	24,623	\$	21,062	\$	16,662	\$	12,712	\$	13,303
Interest on total pension liability		2,141		1,706		2,138		2,138		18,666		7,783		8,165		11,576		15,262		17,099
Changes of assumptions	(17,045)		2,118		36		36		(191)		(63,346)		1,674		31,861		10,124		(7,872)
Difference between expected and actual experience		68,553		31,129		(63,457)		(54,667)		(68,394)		9,884		-		62,613		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(7,891)										(19,065)		(67,865)		(108,309)		(102,991)		(107,441)
Net change in total OPEB liability	:	52,929		86,666		(9,570)		(780)		1,794		(40,121)		(36,964)		14,403		(64,893)		(84,911)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		95,883		9,217		18,787		19,567		17,773		345,208		382,172		367,769		432,662		517,573
Total OPEB liability - ending	1	48,812		95,883		9,217		18,787		19,567		305,087		345,208		382,172		367,769		432,662
Covered payroll	\$ 5,9	36,591	\$ 3	3,444,338	\$	3,278,705	\$ 3	3,278,705	\$ 3	3,240,720	\$	4,966,062	\$	4,071,821	\$	4,071,821	\$	3,863,551	_\$_	3,863,551
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		2.51%		2.78%		0.28%		0.57%		0.60%		6.14%		8.48%		9.39%		9.52%		11.20%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) LOCAL PLANS June 30, 2022

				PRIMARY	GOVER	NMENT			
Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Det	uarially ermined tribution	Relatio	ntributions in on to Actuarially octermined ontribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	Cov	ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	7,891	\$	7,891	\$	_	\$	5,936,591	0.13%
2021		-		-		-		3,444,338	0.00%
2020		-		-		_		3,278,705	0.00%
2019		-		-		- 3,278,705		3,278,705	0.00%
2018		-		-		-		3,240,720	0.00%

SCHOOL BOARD

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	De	tuarially termined atribution	Relation De	tributions in n to Actuarially etermined ntribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	Cov	ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	19,065	\$	19,065	\$	-	\$	4,966,062	0.38%
2021		67,865		67,865		-		4,071,821	1.67%
2020		108,309		108,309		-		4,071,821	2.66%
2019		102,991		102,991		-		3,863,551	2.67%
2018		107,441		107,441				3,863,551	2.78%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only five years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Employerte

*Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30 Employer's Portion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as % of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total OPEB Liability
			surance-General Emp		
2022	0.01766%	\$ 205,610	3,646,524	5.64%	67.45%
2021	0.01674%	279,363	3,444,338	8.11%	52.64%
2020	0.01672%	272,079	3,278,705	8.30%	52.00%
2019	0.01688%	257,000	3,210,080	8.01%	51.22%
2018	0.01731%	260,000	3,193,228	8.14%	48.86%
		VRS-Line o	of Duty Act (LODA)		garan wasan ayan ahadayah hada da ayan ahada ayan ayan ayan ayan ayan ayan ayan a
2022	0.18105%	\$ 798,415	927,331	86.10%	1.68%
2021	0.18826%	788,462	905,054	87.12%	1.02%
2020	0.16565%	594,329	906,426	65.57%	0.79%
2019	0.19177%	601,000	869,874	69.09%	0.60%
2018	0.15782%	415,000	858,463	48.34%	1.30%
		VRS-Group Life Inst	urace-School Board-T	Ceachers	
2022	0.01913%	\$ 222,725	3,950,387	5.64%	67.45%
2021	0.01803%	300,891	3,710,600	8.11%	52.64%
2020	0.01788%	290,656	3,505,048	8.29%	52.00%
2019	0.01878%	286,000	3,571,612	8.01%	51.22%
2018	0.02046%	308,000	3,773,626	8.16%	48.86%
		VRS-Group Life Insurance	e-School Board-Gene	ral Employees	
2022	0.00153%	\$ 17,813	316,194	5.63%	67.45%
2021	0.00128%	21,361	263,849	8.10%	52.64%
2020	0.00123%	20,015	241,479	8.29%	52.00%
2019	0.00113%	17,000	214,450	7.93%	51.22%
2018	0.00126%	19,000	233,281	8.14%	48.86%
		VRS-Heal	th Credit-Teachers		
2022	0.04467%	\$ 573,370	3,950,387	14.51%	13.15%
2021	0.04433%	552,202	3,710,600	14.88%	9.95%
2020	0.04179%	547,072	3,505,048	15.61%	8.97%
2019	0.0417976	560,000	3,569,234	15.69%	8.06%
2018	0.0471276	607,000	3,773,992	16.08%	7.04%
		VRS_VI_DP_S	School Board-Teacher	rs	
2022	0.22348%	\$ (1,973)		-0.13%	114.46%
2021	0.20176%	1,618	1,193,351	0.14%	78.28%
2020	0.17222%	1,001	825,926	0.12%	49.21%
2019	0.16569%	1,000	617,806	0.16%	46.18%
2019	0.21792%	1,000	614,962	0.16%	31.96%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only five years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year end.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (Unaudited) June 30, 2022

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ar Ended Required		Contributions Related to Contractually Required Contribution	Contractually Required Deficiency		Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
			VRS-Group Life Insur	ance-General Emplo		
2022	\$	21,484	21,484	-	3,978,446	0.54%
2021		19,691	19,691	-	3,646,524	0.54%
2020		17,911	17,911	-	3,444,338	0.52%
2019		17,049	17,049	-	3,278,705	0.52%
2018		16,692	16,692	-	3,210,080	0.52%
District Control of Co			VRS-Line of D	uty Act (LODA)		
2022	\$	25,470	\$ 25,470	-	1,041,766	2.44%
2021		24,926	24,926	-	927,331	2.69%
2020		25,584	25,584	-	905,054	2.83%
2019		22,232	22,232	_	906,426	2.45%
2018		20,426	20,426	-	869,874	2.35%
			VRS-Group Life Insura	ce-School Board-Te	nchers	
2022	\$	24,641	\$ 24,641	-	4,563,176	0.54%
2021	,	21,332	21,332	-	3,950,387	0.54%
2020		19,295	19,295	_	3,710,600	0.52%
2019		18,226	18,226	-	3,505,048	0.52%
2018		18,591	18,591	-	3,571,615	0.52%
			RS-Group Life Insurance-So	rhool Roard-Genera	l Employees	
2022	\$	2,195	\$ 2,195	-	406,501	0.54%
2021	*	1,707	1,707	_	316,194	0.54%
2020		1,372	1,372	_	263,849	0.52%
2019		1,256	1,256	_	241,479	0.52%
2018		1,115	1,115	-	214,450	0.52%
			VDS_Health (Credit-Teachers		
2022	\$	55,214	\$ 55,214		4,563,176	1.21%
2021	Ψ	47,800	47,800	_	3,950,387	1.21%
2021		44,527	44,527		3,710,600	1.20%
2019		42,061	42,061	_	3,505,048	1.20%
2018		43,889	43,889	-	3,569,234	1.23%
			VDC VI DD Sah	ool Board-Teachers		
2022	\$	8,023	\$ 8,023	ou Duaru-Teachers	706,951	1.13%
2022	Φ	7,068	7,068	-	1,503,877	0.47%
2021		4,893	4,893	<u>.</u>	1,193,351	0.41%
2019		3,386	3,386	-	825,926	0.41%
2019		1,915	1,915	-	617,806	0.31%

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, only five years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year end.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension - There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2106, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Mortality rates Update to more current mortality table RP 2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal rates -Adjusted rate to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Disability rates Lowered rates
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability Increase rate from 14% to 20%
- Discount Rate Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Mortality rates Update to more current mortality table RP 2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages
- Withdrawal rates -Adjusted rate to better fit experience
- Disability rates Increased rates
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability Increase rate from 60% to 75%
- Discount Rate Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and LODA OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Mortality rates Update to more current mortality table RP 2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Withdrawal rates -Adjusted rate to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Disability rates Lowered rates
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability Increase rate from 14% to 20%
- Discount Rate Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension and GLI OPEB

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Mortality rates Update to more current mortality table RP 2014 projected to 2020
- Retirement Rates Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
- Withdrawal rates -Adjusted rate to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Disability rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary scale
- Line of Duty Disability Decrease rate from 60% to 45%
- Discount Rate Decrease rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and LODA OPEB

Teacher cost-sharing pool

- Update mortality table
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF NORTON, VIRIGNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

		RBEG evolving Loan Fund	rug and ambling Fund	lag Rock Lighting Fund	Gov	Total Other ernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	4,690	\$ 41,711	\$ 2,369	\$	48,770
Restricted cash		-	-	-		-
Investments		-	-	-		-
Taxes Receivable		-	-	-		-
Accounts receivable		-	-	-		-
Due from other funds		-	-	-		
Due from other governmental units		310,000	 -	 		310,000
Total assets	\$	314,690	\$ 41,711	\$ 2,369	\$	358,770
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		-	-	-		-
Due to other funds		-	-	-		-
Due to component unit		-	-	_		-
Due to other governmental units	,	-	 -	 		_
Total liabilities			 _	 		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable/deferred taxes		-	-	-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	-	 -		-
FUND BALANCES (Note 6)						
Nonspendable		-	-	_		_
Restricted		-	_	_		_
Committed		314,690	41,711	2,369		358,770
Assigned		_	-	_		_
Unassigned		-	-	-		-
Total fund balances		314,690	41,711	2,369		358,770
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	314,690	\$ 41,711	\$ 2,369	\$	358,770

CITY OF NORTON

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	RBEG Revolving Loan Fund	Drug and Gambling Fund	Flag Rock Lighting Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other local taxes	-	-	-	-
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	11,654	-	11,654
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Use of money and property	2	-	-	2
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Reimbursement from School Board	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental				
Total revenues	2	11,654	-	11,656
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Judicial administration	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	61,533	-	61,533
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	-	-	-	-
Community development	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-
Human services	-	-	-	-
Nondepartmental	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				-
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays				
Total expenditures		61,533		61,533
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2	(49,879)		(49,877)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out				-
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	2	(49,879)	-	(49,877)
FUND BALANCES AT JULY 1	314,688	91,590	2,369	408,647
FUND BALANCES AT JUNE 30	\$ 314,690	\$ 41,711	\$ 2,369	\$ 358,770

					Variance with Final Budget		
	Budget	ed Amounts	_			Positive	
	Original	Final		Actual	(]	Negative)	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
GENERAL FUND: Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:	\$ 2,000,000	e 2.000.000	•	1.005.507	•	((1.104)	
Real property Real and personal public service	\$ 2,060,000	\$ 2,060,000	\$	1,995,596	\$	(64,404)	
corporation property	245,000	245,000		378,657		133,657	
Personal property	595,400	595,400		591,759			
Machinery and tools taxes	107,500	107,500		105,228		(3,641) (2,272)	
Penalties and interest	80,000			83,399		3,399	
Total general property taxes	3,087,900	3,087,900		3,154,639		66,739	
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	1,690,000	1,690,000		1,918,095		228,095	
Utility taxes	125,000			123,852		(1,148)	
Business license taxes	793,000	,		981,872		188,872	
Communication taxes	200,000			150,854		(49,146)	
Motor vehicle lenses	80,000			79,431		(569)	
Bank stock taxes	40,000			62,361		22,361	
Recordation taxes	20,000			23,426		3,426	
Hotel and motel room taxes	75,000			123,993		48,993	
Restaurant food taxes	1,500,000			1,663,751		163,751	
Coal road improvement taxes	20,000			25,711		5,711	
Cigarette tax	160,000			150,125		(9,875	
Total other local taxes	4,703,000			5,303,471		600,471	
Permits, fees, and licenses:							
Animal licenses	500			140		(360)	
Permits and other licenses	5,350	6,850		9,187		2,337	
Total permits, fees, and licenses	5,850	7,350		9,327		1,977	
Fines and forfeitures	20,750	20,750		938		(19,812	
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	35,000	35,000		13,374		(21,626	
•	·						
Revenue from use of property	12,500			18,203		5,703	
Total use of money and property	47,500	47,500		31,577		(15,923	
Charges for services:							
Sheriff's fees	1,000	1,000		398		(602	
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	411,500	411,500		404,851		(6,649)	
Charges for parks and recreation	7,000	17,150		20,015		2,865	
Total charges for services	419,500	429,650		425,264		(4,386	
Miscellaneous	24,650	72,037		62,844		(9,193)	
D 1 4							
Recovered costs: Recovered cost - School Board	35,000	35,000		33,622		(1 270	
Recovered Cost - School Board Recovered Cost - Police	33,000	33,000		102		(1,378) 102	
Recovered Cost - NIDA	55,000	55,000		18,179		(36,821	
Recovered Cost - Regional Jail	33,000	33,000					
Recovered Cost - Regional Jan Recovered Cost - Street	50,000	50,000		138,776		138,776	
	·	•		50,000		-	
Cost allocation plan - Water and Sewer Fund	13,950	13,950		13,960		10	
Total Recovered Costs	153,950	153,950	**	254,639		100,689	
Total revenue from local sources	8,463,100	8,522,137		9,242,699		720,562	

Game and inland fisheries 1,800 8,482 6,682 State Board of election - - 56 56 Games of Skill - - 720 720 Fire funds 50,000 50,000 69,536 19,536 Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government: 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 20,000 113,85 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 100,000 100,000 - - USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 - - 2,661 18,402 18,402 18,402 18,402 18,402 18,402 18,402		Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Non-categorical aid:		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Non-categorical aid:							
Motor vehicle carrier's taxes							
Litter grant 5,000 5,000 7,981 2,981 Mobile home tilling taxes 5,000 20,000 20,462 462 462 704		\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 52,081	\$ 2,081		
Rolling stock taxes		5,000	5,000	7,981	2,981		
Total non-categorical aid S0,000 S0,000 S1,184 1,184 Categorical aid Shared Expenses Shortf	Mobile home tilling taxes	5,000	5,000	660	(4,340)		
Categorical aid: Shared Expenses: 166,507 166,507 172,712 6,205 Commissioner of the revenue 73,907 73,907 73,907 73,133 (864) 73,907 73,907 73,135 (1,727) Registran/electoral board 35,000 35,000 57,192 22,192 Total shared expenses 349,221 349,221 375,082 22,761	Rolling stock taxes	20,000	20,000	20,462	462		
Shared Expenses:	Total non-categorical aid	80,000	80,000	81,184	1,184		
Sheriff							
Commisioner of the revenue 73,907 73,907 73,907 73,907 73,907 73,907 72,135 (1,772) Registrar/electoral board 35,000 35,000 57,192 22,192 Total shared expenses 349,321 349,321 375,082 25,761 Other Categorical Aid: 240,000 240,000 239,874 (126) School recourse officer 51,000 51,000 51,000 30 Emergency medical services 3,000 3,000 1,000 21,515 (12,845) Street and highway maintenance 895,000 895,000 912,947 17,947 Financial assistance to the arts 5,000 5,000 4,500 45,000 E-91 flunding 45,000 45,000 45,000 45,000 45,000 DMV Sales tax - - 756 756 756 756 756 VDCT - 100,000 88,303 (11,970) 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900		1// 505	1// 505	150 510	(205		
Treasurer							
Registrar/electoral board 35,000 35,000 57,192 22,192 Total shared expenses 349,321 349,321 375,082 25,761 Other Categorical Aid: Law enforcement grant 240,000 240,000 239,874 (126) School recource officer 51,000 51,000 51,000 15,000 30 Emergency medical services 3,000 3,000 2.5 (3,000) DMV grant 115,000 15,000 21,947 179,471 Financial assistance to the arts 5,000 5,000 4,500 (500) E-91 funding 45,000 45,000 45,000 45,000 62,000 DMV Sales tax - - 756 756 756 756 VDOT - 100,000 88,530 (11,970) 1,970 1,970 1,970 1,970 1,970 1,970 1,970 2,500 2,500 2,500 6,53 1,95 1,55 1,50 5,6 756 756 756 756 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td>				,			
Total shared expenses 349,321 349,321 375,082 25,761							
Other Categorical Aid: 240,000 240,000 239,874 (126) School recource officer 51,000 51,000 51,030 30 Emergency medical services 3,000 3,000 - (3,000) DMV grant 15,000 15,000 2,155 (12,845) Street and highway maintenance 895,000 895,000 912,947 17,947 Financial assistance to the arts 5,000 5,000 4,600 96,003 E-911 funding 45,000 45,000 34,603 96,03 Drug task force 17,000 17,000 17,062 62 DMV Sales tax - - 756 756 VDOT - 100,000 88,030 (11,970) VML risk management grant 4,000 4,000 4,000 - (25,000) Game and inland fisheries - 1,800 8,482 6,822 862 86 86 86 66 86 66 68 68 68 86 68							
Law enforcement grant	Total shared expenses	349,321	349,321	375,082	25,761		
School recource officer \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,030 3 Emergency medical services 3,000 3,000 - (3,000) DMV grant 15,000 15,000 2,155 (12,845) Street and highway maintenance 895,000 895,000 912,947 17,947 Financial assistance to the arts 5,000 5,000 5,000 45,000 5,603 9,603 Drug task force 17,000 17,000 17,002 26 62 DMV Sales tax - - 756 756 VDOT - 100,000 88,030 (11,970) VML risk management grant 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 4,000 8,842 6,682 6,682 State Board of election - 1,800 8,482 6,682 6,682 State Board of election - - 720 720 720 720 720 720 720 720 720 720	Other Categorical Aid:						
Emergency medical services 3,000 3,000 - (3,000) DMV grant 15,000 15,000 2,155 (12,845) Street and highway maintenance 895,000 895,000 912,947 17,947 Financial assistance to the arts 5,000 5,000 4,500 650 E-911 funding 45,000 45,000 54,603 96,03 Drug task force 17,000 17,000 17,002 62 DMV Sales tax - - 7.56 756 VDOT - 100,000 88,030 (11,970) VML risk management grant 4,000 4,000 4,000 - (25,000) Rescue squad assistance 25,000 25,000 - - 6,682 State Board of election - - - 56 65 Game and inland fisheries - - - 56 56 Games of Skill - - - 76 56 56 Game and inland fi		,			, ,		
DMV grant				51,030			
Street and highway maintenance	Ç ,						
Financial assistance to the arts							
E-911 funding				,	,		
Drug task force							
DMV Sales tax - 756 756 VDOT - 100,000 88,030 (11,970) VML risk management grant 4,000 4,000 4,000 - (25,000) Game and inland fisheries 25,000 25,000 - (25,000) Game and inland fisheries - 1,800 8,482 6,682 State Board of election - - 720 720 Games of Skill - - 720 720 Fire funds 50,000 50,000 69,536 19,536 Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government: - - 2,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615)					,		
VDOT - 100,000 88,030 (11,970) VML risk management grant 4,000 4,000 - (25,000) - (25,000) - (25,000) - (25,000) - (25,000) - (25,000) - (25,000) - - (25,000) - - (25,000) -		17,000	17,000				
VML risk management grant 4,000 4,000 4,000 Rescue squad assistance 25,000 25,000 - (25,000) Game and infland fisheries - 1,800 8,482 6,682 State Board of election - - - 56 56 Games of Skill - - - 720 720 720 Fire funds 50,000 50,000 69,536 19,536 19,536 Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government: - - 2,000 1,453,751 1,951 Revenue from federal government: - 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500 ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767			100,000				
Rescue squad assistance 25,000 25,000 - (25,000) Game and inland fisheries - 1,800 8,482 6,682 State Board of election - - 56 56 Games of Skill - - 720 720 Fire funds 50,000 50,000 69,536 19,536 Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government: - - 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 25,000 25,654 654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) 8,615 Byme Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant -		4,000	,		-		
Game and inland fisheries - 1,800 8,482 6,682 State Board of election - - 56 56 Games of Skill - - 720 720 Fire funds 50,000 50,000 69,536 19,536 Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government: 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 - Community development block grant - 150,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue fro					(25,000)		
Games of Skill - - 720 720 Fire funds 50,000 50,000 69,536 19,536 Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government: Payment in lieu of property taxes 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 30,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 - Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,24		-	1,800	8,482	6,682		
Fire funds 50,000 50,000 69,536 19,536 Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government: 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Payment in lieu of property taxes 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 150,000 100,000 - Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485	State Board of election	-	-	56			
Total other categorical aid 1,350,000 1,451,800 1,453,751 1,951 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 1,779,321 1,881,121 1,910,017 28,896 Revenue from federal government:	Games of Skill	-	-	720	720		
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	Fire funds	50,000		69,536	19,536		
Revenue from federal government: Payment in lieu of property taxes 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 - Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917	Total other categorical aid	1,350,000	1,451,800	1,453,751	1,951		
Payment in lieu of property taxes 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 - Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917 <td>Total revenue from the Commonwealth</td> <td>1,779,321</td> <td>1,881,121</td> <td>1,910,017</td> <td>28,896</td>	Total revenue from the Commonwealth	1,779,321	1,881,121	1,910,017	28,896		
Payment in lieu of property taxes 25,000 25,000 25,654 654 Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 - Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917 <td>Revenue from federal government:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenue from federal government:						
Emergency management 7,500 49,901 42,401 (7,500) ARC Funding - 20,000 11,385 (8,615) Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources		25,000	25,000	25,654	654		
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - 3,000 5,767 2,767 USDA community facilities grant - 100,000 100,000 Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917		7,500	49,901	42,401	(7,500)		
USDA community facilities grant		-	20,000	11,385	(8,615)		
Community development block grant - 150,000 168,402 18,402 DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917		-			2,767		
DHCD - Regional SBRA CRF - 800,000 718,290 (81,710) American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917		-			-		
American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF - 1,095,111 878,586 (216,525) Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917		-		,			
Total revenue from the federal government 32,500 2,243,012 1,950,485 (292,527) Other financing sources Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917					, , ,		
Other financing sources 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917	American Rescue Plan Act - CSLFRF		1,095,111	878,586			
Insurance recoveries 10,000 10,000 8,346 (1,654) Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917	Total revenue from the federal government	32,500	2,243,012	1,950,485	(292,527)		
Loan proceeds - 655,000 655,000 - Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917							
Sale of surplus 6,000 6,000 13,571 7,571 Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917		10,000			(1,654)		
Total other financing sources 16,000 671,000 676,917 5,917		-	,		-		
	•						
TOTAL GENERAL FUND 10,290,921 13,317,270 13,780,118 462,848	Total other financing sources	16,000	671,000	676,917	5,917		
	TOTAL GENERAL FUND	10,290,921	13,317,270	13,780,118	462,848		

	P. 1- 4-14		Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted A			Positive
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS: Virginia Public Assistance Fund	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue from the Commonwealth				
Categorical Aid:				
Welfare:				
Aid to dependent children	\$ 84,738 5	\$ 84,738	\$ 69,909	\$ (14,829)
Foster care	11,807	11,807	23,078	11,271
General adminssion for financial assistance	306,982	306,982	257,816	(49,166)
Supplemental income assistance for the aged, blind and				
disabled	50,898	50,898	53,767	2,869
Employment services	143,379	143,379	203,198	59,819
Day care	2,225	2,225	-	(2,225)
Total Categorical Aid	600,029	600,029	607,768	7,739
•				
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	600,029	600,029	607,768	7,739
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical Aid:				
Welfare: Aid to dependent children	61,457	61,457	65,624	4,167
Foster care	11,753	11,753	29,611	17,858
General adminssion for financial assistatnce	541,034	541,034	629,881	88,847
Employment services	13,593	13,593	7,652	(5,941)
Emergency services	13,373	15,575	2,205	2,205
Day care	1,275	1,275	2,203	
•			= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	(1,275)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	629,112	629,112	734,973	105,861
Miscellaneous	-		6,070	6,070
Other financing sources				
Transfers from general fund	341,326	341,326	316,321	(25,005)
Total othe financing sources	341,326	341,326	316,321	(25,005)
-	•			
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	1,570,467	1,570,467	1,665,132	94,665
Drug and Gambling Investigative Funds: Revenue from Local Sources:				
	70.000	70.000	11.654	(50.246)
Restitution to law enforcement	70,000	70,000	11,654	(58,346)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	70,000	70,000	11,654	(58,346)
Total Revenue Drug and Gambling Investigative Fund	70,000	70,000	11,654	(58,346)
Flag Rock fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Miscellaneous	-	_	_	_
Total Revenue from Local Sources	-	_	_	_
Total Flag Rock Fund	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	
Revolving loan fund: Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money and property			2	2
Total Revenue from Local Sources			2	
Total Revenue from Local Sources		-	<u>Z</u>	2
Total Revolving Loan Fund			2	2
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	1,640,467	1,640,467	1,676,788	36,321
GRAND TOTALS - REVENUES -				
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	11,931,388	14,957,737	15,456,906	499,169
00 () [[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[11,751,500	1-1,701,101	13,730,700	477,107

Budgeted Amounts			unts		Fi	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT General Fund: General Governmental Administration:								
Legistrative:								
City Council	\$	59,997	\$	59,997	\$ 51,612	\$	8,385	
General and Financial Administration:								
City Manager		168,500		173,883	180,033		(6,150)	
Office personnel		142,600		153,365	115,479		37,886	
Legal and professional		55,000		65,000	71,631		(6,631)	
Independent auditor		40,000		40,000	42,200		(2,200)	
Commissioner of the Revenue		163,150		173,915	173,341		574	
Treasurer		176,200		186,965	185,067		1,898	
Director of finance		196,550		207,315	211,093		(3,778)	
Data processing		87,500		112,500	138,660		(26,160)	
Automotive/motor pool		183,800		190,591	182,194		8,397	
Total General and Financial Administration	-	1,213,300		1,303,534	 1,299,698		3,836	
Board of Election:								
Electoral board and officials		20,700		20,700	12,366		8,334	
Registrar		95,300		99,505	112,295		(12,790)	
Total Board of Elections		116,000		120,205	 124,661		(4,456)	
Total General Government Administration		1,389,297	•	1,483,736	 1,475,971		7,765	
	<u> </u>	1,307,277		1,403,730	 1,473,971		7,703	
Judicial Administration: Courts:								
Circuit court		60,000		60,000	77,930		(17,930)	
General district court		1,500		1,500	7,037		(5,537)	
Clerk of circuit court		40,000		40,000	31,639		8,361	
Sherriff		241,830		306,519	251,819		54,700	
County courthouse		35,000		35,000	36,318		(1,318)	
Total Courts		378,330		443,019	 404,743		38,276	
Commonwealth's attorney		27.500		27 500	47.702		(10.202)	
Total Judicial Administration		37,500 415,830		37,500 480,519	 47,703 452,446		(10,203) 28,073	
Total Marchai Fallimindanon		113,030		400,515	 432,440		20,073	
Public Safety:								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Police department		1,308,050		1,550,638	1,544,156		6,482	
Traffic control E-911		32,500 546,900		51,500 592,605	28,394		23,106	
					669,195 38,084		(76,590)	
Emergency management funds Total Law Enforcement and Traffic Control		9,500		2,246,644	 2,279,829		(33,185)	
		1,690,930		2,240,044	 2,219,629		(33,163)	
Fire and Rescue Services: Volunteer fire department		258,450		1,013,913	1,131,628		(117,715)	
•					, ,			
Ambulance and rescue services		30,000		61,819	 45,918		15,901	
Total Fire and Rescue Services		288,450		1,075,732	 1,177,546		(101,814)	
Correction and Detention								
Purchase of service from Wise County	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$ 131,716	\$	(46,716)	
Juvenille detention		74,440		74,440	74,440		-	
Contribution to regional jail		258,265		258,265	258,265		-	
Total Correction and Detention		417,705		417,705	 464,421		(46,716)	
Inspections:								
Building		105,700		120,083	 123,004		(2,921)	
Other Protection:								
Animal control		64,800		70,183	88,683		(18,500)	
Emergency medical services		1,600		1,600	1,100		500	
Total Other Protection		66,400		71,783	 89,783		(18,000)	
					 		`	
Total Public Saety		2,775,205		3,931,947	 4,134,583	-	(202,636)	

	Budgeted Amounts					Fina	ance with I Budget ositive	
		Original		inal	Α	Actual		gative)
GENERAL FUND (Continued):	,							
Public Works: Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks:								
General engineering/administration		30,000		33,625		21,428		12,197
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks		1,004,700		1,097,596		1,210,238		(112,642)
Storm drainage Street lights		5,000 120,000		5,000 120,000		884 129,855		4,116 (9,855)
Snow and ice removal		45,000		65,000		64,161		839
Curbs and guttering		3,000		3,000				3,000
Total Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges and								
Sidewalks		1,207,700		1,324,221		1,426,566		(102,345)
Sanitation and Waste Removal								
Street and road cleaning		8,500		8,500		6,076		2,424
Refuse collection		349,200		381,277		430,467		(49,190)
Refuse disposal		175,000		175,000		165,595		9,405
Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	•	532,700	·	564,777		602,138		(37,361)
						,		(,)
Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds:								
General properties		253,400		279,393		234,409		44,984
Total Public Works		1,993,800		2,168,391		2,263,113		(94,722)
Health and Welfare Health:								
Local health department		64,247		64,247		62,187		2,060
							<u>,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	
Mental Health and Mental Retardation:								
Chapter 10 board		24,200		24,200		26,689		(2,489)
Welfare/Social Services:								
Area agency on aging		10,000		10,000		10,000		_
Property tax relief for elderly		-		-		20,585		(20,585)
Contribution to Office on Youth		1,500		1,500		1,500		-
Contribution to Ram Project		-		-		-		-
Contribution to Food Bank		-		-		-		-
Contribution - Family Crisis		5,000		5,000		5,000		
Total Welfare/Social Services		16,500		16,500		37,085		(20,585)
Total Heath and Wefare		104,947		104,947		125,961		(21,014)
Total ficall and welate		104,547		104,747		123,701		(21,014)
Education:								
Contribution to Mountain Empire Community College	\$	7,939	\$	7,939	\$	7,939	\$	-
Payment to school board		2,736,879		2,761,141		2,752,867		8,274
Total Education		2,744,818	· ************************************	2,769,080		2,760,806		8,274
Parks, Recreation and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Maintenance		270,800		358,142		351,639		6,503
Recreation centers and playgrounds		176,799 447,599		201,271		223,884 575,523		(22,613)
Total Parks and Recreation		447,399		559,413		373,323		(16,110)
Cultural Enrichment:								
Pro-Art		6,100		6,100		6,100		-
Other events		11,400		11,400		23,076		(11,676)
Friends and farmers market		10,000		10,000		4,637		5,363
Employee picnic and Christmas party	According to	1,000		1,000		971		29
Total Cultural Enrichment		28,500		28,500		34,784		(6,284)

	Budgetec	I Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
GENERAL FUND (Continued):				
Library: Payments to regional library	30,285	30,285	30,285	_
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	506,384	618,198	640,592	(22,394)
Total Laks, Recleation and Caldada	500,501	010,170	010,572	(22,371)
Community Development:				
Planning and Community Development:				
Planning	162,000	348,499	338,175	10,324
Planning-contribution to Lenowisco	8,123	8,123	8,123	-
Regional Small Business Recovery	-	800,000	721,661	78,339
Community access channel	6,000	6,000	1,717	4,283
Contribution to Chamber of Commerce	1,979	1,979	1,979	-
Contribution to Black Diamond Development	200	200	200	-
Contribution to Airport Commission	2,645	2,645	2,645	-
Capital outlay	-	442,852	408,565	34,287
Total Planning and Community Development	180,947	1,610,298	1,483,065	127,233
Dileg				
Debt Service:	160 171	172 171	174.002	(021)
Principal	169,171	173,171	174,092	(921)
Interest	18,422	18,422	18,422	(021)
Total Debt Service	187,593	191,593	192,514	(921)
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfer to water/sewer fund	-	161,402	-	161,402
Transfer to welfare fund	240,000	316,321	316,321	-
Total Financing Sources	240,000	477,723	316,321	161,402
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	10,538,821	13,836,432	13,845,372	(8,940)
Special Revenue Funds:				
Virginia Public Assistance Fund:				
Health and Welfare:				
Welfare/Social Services:				
Welfare/food stamp administration	\$ 1,570,467	\$ 1,570,467	\$ 1,688,049	\$ (117,582)
Total Welfare/Social Services	1,570,467	1,570,467	1,688,049	(117,582)
			-,,-	
Total Health and Welfare	1,570,467	1,570,467	1,688,049	(117,582)
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	1,570,467	1,570,467	1,688,049	(117,582)
Revolving Loan Fund:				
Community Development:				
Planning and Community Development:				
Contribution to componet unit - NIDA		_	_	_
Total Welfare/Social Services	-	-	-	-
mula balance				
Total Community Development				
Total Revolving Loan Fund			-	-
Drug and Gambling Investigative Funds:				
Public safety	70,000	70,000	61,533	8,467
Total Drug and Gambling Investigative Funds	70,000	70,000	61,533	8,467
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	1,640,467	1,640,467	1,749,582	(109,115)
CDAND TOTAL EXPENDITURES DRIVARY				
GRAND TOTAL - EXPENDITURES - PRIMARY GOVERNMENT FUNDS	\$ 12,179,288	\$ 15,476,899	\$ 15,594,954	\$ (118,055)
		,,555		()

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original			Final		Actual	(Negative)
Excess of revenue and other financing sources over expenditures							
and other financing uses - budget basis	\$	(247,900)	\$	(519,162)	\$	(138,048)	
Net appropriations from fund balance							
Prior year surplus		247,900		431,899			
Prior year encumbrances		-		87,263			
Budget - excess of revnue, other financing sources and appropriations from fund balance over expenditures and other financing uses			***************************************				

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION BY DEPARTMENT PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2022

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITES PROPRIETARY FUND

	P	ROPRIETARY FUI	ND		
	Water	Sewer	Water and		
	<u>Operation</u>	Operation	Sewer Operation		
ASSETS					
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$ 71,158	\$ 106,577	\$ 177,735		
Receivables, net	157,134	209,684	366,818		
Prepaids	-	,	-		
Due from other governments	10,397	4,772	15,169		
Due from other funds	88,760	41,713	130,473		
Total current assets	327,449	362,746	690,195		
Noncurrent assets:	55 00 5	00 700	120 717		
Restricted cash Net pension asset	55,937	83,780	139,717 233,914		
· ·	159,131	74,783			
Capital assets, net	9,842,159	6,222,328	16,064,487		
Total noncurrent assets	10,057,227	6,380,891	16,438,118		
Total assets	10,384,676	6,743,637	17,128,313		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			180 101		
Deferred outflows related to pensions	117,142	55,049	172,191		
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	3,644	1,713	5,357		
Total deferred outflows of resources	120,786	56,762	177,548		
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	110,875	138,909	249,784		
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	19,214	9,030	28,244		
Accrued interest	17,555	5,754	23,309		
Due to other funds	254,016	119,374	373,390		
			135,579		
Customer security deposits	54,281	81,298			
Compensated absences	6,502	3,056	9,558		
Debt obligations, current	155,235	102,287	257,522		
Total current liabilities	617,678	459,708	1,077,386		
Noncurrent liabilities:	15 150	7.120	22 202		
Compensated absences	15,172	7,130	22,302		
Net pension liability	-	-	15.050		
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities	10,240	4,812	15,052		
Debt obligations	4,872,282	1,597,134	6,469,416		
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,897,694	1,609,076	6,506,770		
Total liabilities	5,515,372	2,068,784	7,584,156		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions	265,272	124,663	389,935		
Deferred inflows related to other post employment beenfits	2,829	1,330	4,159		
Total deferred inflows of resources	268,101	125,993	394,094		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	A 21A 6A2	4 522 007	9,337,549		
Restricted	4,814,642	4,522,907	7,331,349		
	(02 (52)	00 715	(0.029)		
Unrestricted Total net position	\$ 4,721,989	\$ 4,605,622	(9,938) \$ 9,327,611		
rotal net position	\$ 4,721,989	\$ 4,605,622	ψ 9,327,011		

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITES PROPRIETARY FUND

		PI	ROPR	IETARY FUN	D		
		Water		Sewer	W	ater and	
		peration		Operation	Sewe	er Operation	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services							
Water:							
Local	\$	859,644	\$	-	\$	859,644	
Non-Local		201,079		-		201,079	
Sewer:							
Local		-		1,258,515		1,258,515	
Non-Local		-		330,180		330,180	
Connection fees		9,450		175		9,625	
Penalties		23,792		35,635		59,427	
Miscellaneous		225		1,300		1,525	
Total operating revenues		1,094,190		1,625,805		2,719,995	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel		520,131		286,895		807,026	
Fringe benefits		108,892		8,711		117,603	
Contractual services		8,573		837,715		846,288	
Other charges		411,624		276,340		687,964	
Water purchased for resale		44,719		-		44,719	
Depreciation and amortization		259,471		410,668		670,139	
Total operating expenses	, <u>, </u>	1,353,410		1,820,329		3,173,739	
Operating income		(259,220)		(194,524)		(453,744)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Grant income		198,428		48,651		247,079	
Interest expense		(49,013)		(117,965)		(166,978)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		149,415		(69,314)		80,101	
Change in net position		(109,805)		(263,838)		(373,643)	
NET POSITION AT JULY 1, as restated		4,831,794	4,869,460			9,701,254	
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$	4,721,989	\$	4,605,622	\$ 9,327,611		

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2022

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITES
PROPRIETARY FUND

		PF	ROPI	RIETARY FU	ND	
		Water Operation		Sewer Operation		Vater and er Operation
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and properties Receipts from other sources Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	1,100,322 225 (600,567) (516,286)	\$	1,609,221 1,300 (1,158,757) (281,722)	\$	2,709,543 1,525 (1,759,324) (798,008)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_\$	(16,306)	_\$_	170,042	\$	153,736
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Interfund borrowing	\$	84,488	\$	113,635	\$	198,123
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		84,488		113,635		198,123
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchases of capital assets Contributed Capital - grant revenue Proceeds from issuance of debt Principal paid Interest paid	\$	(144,140) 191,848 3,954 (150,996) (35,711)	\$	47,969 - (101,696) (113,605)	\$	(144,140) 239,817 3,954 (252,692) (149,316)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	\$	(135,045)	\$	(167,332)	\$	(302,377)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(66,863)	\$	116,345	\$	49,482
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning at July 1	\$	193,958	\$	74,012	\$	267,970
Ending at June 30	\$	127,095	\$	190,357		317,452
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	(259,220)	\$	(194,524)	\$	(453,744)
Depreciation and amortization		259,471		410,668		670,139
Pension expense net of employer contributions Other post-employment benefit expense net of employer contributions Change in assets and liabilities:		(57,668) (13,781)		(77,563) (18,268)		(32,049)
(Increase) decrease in: Receivables, net Due from other governments Increase (decrease) in:		6,066 11,400		(14,993) 15,111		(8,927) 26,511
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		34,510		45,747		80,257
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		2,466		3,268		5,734
Customer deposits Compensated absences		(962) 1,412		(1,276) 1,872		(2,238) 3,284
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(16,306)	\$	170,042	\$	153,736

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND June 30, 2022

	(School Operating Fund	7	School Textbook Fund	He	School alth Retirement Fund	School nt Capital Project Fund			School Activity Fund	School afeteria Fund	Total School Board
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	68,598	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 68,598
Cash - restricted		_		207,554		9,085		-		-	236,891	453,530
Cash in custody of others		-		· -		· -		_		367,307	-	367,307
Prepaids		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
Due from other funds		20,425		-		-		-		-	-	20,425
Due from primary government		1,191,057		68,620		-		145,384		-	-	1,405,061
Due from other governments		311,444						-			 50,000	 361,444
Total assets	_\$	1,591,524	_\$	276,174	\$	9,085	\$	145,384	_\$	367,307	\$ 286,891	\$ 2,676,365
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable	\$	385,019	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 14,904	\$ 399,923
Accrued Liabilities		403,189		_		_	-	-		-	´ -	403,189
Due to other funds		· -		13,477		-		_		_	6,947	20,424
Due to primary government				-		-		-		-	 	
Total liabilities		788,208		13,477		-		-		_	21,851	823,536
		700,200		12,							 	
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable												
Restricted		803,316		-		-		-		-	-	803,316
Committed		803,310		262,697		9,085		145,384		367,307	265,040	1,049,513

Total fund balance		803,316		262,697		9,085		145,384		367,307	 265,040	 1,852,829
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,591,524	\$	276,174	\$	9,085	\$	145,384	\$	367,307	\$ 286,891	\$ 2,676,365
Net Position are different because: Long-term assets used in governmental actresources and, therfore, are not reported in				cial								976 245
Net pension asset Capital assets used in governmental activitifinancial resources and, therefore, are not regovernmental funds. Nondepreciable Depreciable, net											479,084 9,911,102	876,245
Right-of-use, net Deferred outflows and inflows of resources benefits are applicable to future periods an						t					 33,197	10,423,383
Deferred outflows related to:	-,											
Pensions											1,722,531	
Other posteinployment benefits											262,935	
Deferred inflows related to:												
Pensions											(3,163,670)	
Other postemployment benefits											(241,273)	
Net pension liability											(3,471,657)	
Net other postemployment benefits liabili	ity										 (1,145,555)	((00 ((00)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payab period and, therefore, are not reported as li governmental funds. Bonds payable, including unamortized pr Financi Purchase notes payable Lease liabilities	abiliti	es in the										(6,036,689) (6,391,457) (1,982) (33,239)
Accrued interest												(2,508)
Compensated absences												(160,419)
Componented acaditeca												 (~ ~ , 1 * ~)
Total Net Position - School Board G	overn	mental Activi	ties									 526,163

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2022

	School Operating Fund	T	School extbook Fund	School Health Retirement Fund	Capi	School tal Project Fund	School Activity Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		Total School Board
REVENUES Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental	\$ 196 208,390	\$	255	\$ 5 32,330	\$		\$ - 365,768	\$ - 5,822	\$	456 612,310
Primary government Commonwealth of Virginia Federal government	2,730,004 6,979,672 1,956,415		22,863	-		- - -	-	3,925 714,832		2,752,867 6,983,597 2,671,247
Total revenue	11,874,677		23,118	32,335		_	365,768	724,579		13,020,477
EXPENDITURES Current Education Debt Service: Principal Interest	10,858,141 647,034 95,192		- - -	31,845		-	341,594 - -	723,593		11,955,173 647,034 95,192
Total expenditures	11,600,367			31,845	-		341,594	723,593	_	12,697,399
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital lease proceeds Transfer in Transfers out	(39,362)		39,362	-		-	-	-		39,362 (39,362)
Net change in fund balance	234,948		62,480	490		-	24,174	986		323,078
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	568,368		200,217	8,595		145,384	343,133	264,054		1,529,751
Fund balances - ending	\$ 803,316	\$	262,697	\$ 9,085	\$	145,384	\$ 367,307	\$ 265,040	\$	1,852,829
Net Change in Fund Balance - School Board Governmental funds report capital outlays a Statement of Activities, the cost of those as: useful lives and reported as depreciation ex Capital outlay and right-of-use-lease assets Depreciation and amortization expense	s expenditures; h			ted				1,143,671 (666,260)	\$	323,078 477,411
Governmental funds report the issuance of while governmental activities report the de		se in fi	inancial res	ources						-
Governmental funds report employer pension However, in the Statement of Activities the of employee contributions is reported as pe	cost of pension b			et						968,843
The repayment of the principal of long-term resources of governmental funds. However, position.										642,820
Governmental funds report employer other as expenditures. However, in the Statement postemployment benefits earned net of empostemployment benefit expense.	of Activities the	cost o	of other							13,477
Some expenses reported in the Statement of the use of current financial resources and, the expenditures in the governmental funds.										0.000
Compensated absences										9,090
Change in Net Position - School Boa	rd Government	al Act	ivities							2,434,719

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOOL OPERATING FUND Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fin	iance With al Budget ve (Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenue from local use of money and property	\$ 600	\$	600	\$	196	\$	(404)
Miscellaneous	200,597		200,597		208,390		7,793
Intergovernmental:							
Primary government	2,714,016		2,738,278		2,730,004		(8,274)
Commonwealth of Virginia	6,482,216		6,482,216		6,979,672		497,456
Federal government	 521,449		521,449		1,956,415		1,434,966
Total revenues	 9,918,878		9,943,140		11,874,677		1,931,537
EXPENDITURES							
Current:	0.156.650		0.77.0.000		10.050.141		(1.000.050)
Education Debt Service:	9,176,652		9,769,282		10,858,141		(1,088,859)
Principal	647,034		647,034		647,034		_
Interest	95,192		95,192		95,192		_
Total expenditures	9,918,878		10,511,508	_	11,600,367		(1,088,859)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	\$ -	\$	(568,368)	\$	274,310	\$	842,678
OTHER FINANCING COURCES (USES)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers out	\$ _	\$	_	\$	(39,362)	•	(39,362)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 	<u> </u>		Φ	(39,362)		(39,362)
Total Other I matering Sources (Oses)					(37,302)		(37,302)
Excess of revenue and other financing sources over							
expenditures and other financing uses - budget basis	-		(568,368)		234,948		882,040
Net approprations from fund balance							
Prior year encumbrances	 		568,368				
Budget-excess of revenue, other financing sources and							
approprations from fund balance over expenditures and other financing uses			-				
D 10 1 2 2 20 2024				•	5.00.000		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2021					568,368		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2022				_\$	803,316		

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Table</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property taxes and utility revenues.	5-11
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	12-13
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparison over time and with other governments.	14-15
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	16-17

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Notes

The City implemented GASB Statement 68 and restated beginning net position for 2015. The restatement is not included in the prior year data.

The City implemented GASB Statement 75 and restated beginning net position for 2018. The restatement is not included in the prior year data.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2022	_	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	9,040,436 - 2,468,256	\$	8,655,962 - 2,352,268	\$ 8,542,222 - 2,842,279	\$	8,560,781 - 2,821,064	\$ 8,207,586 - 1,976,543	\$ 8,519,840 - 870,666	\$ 8,336,774 - 763,727	\$ 8,014,749 - 232,010	\$ 5,586,395 - 1,397,414	\$ 4,136,516 - 1,541,677
Total governmental activities net position	\$	11,508,692	_\$_	11,008,230	\$ 11,384,501	\$	11,381,845	\$ 10,184,129	\$ 9,390,506	\$ 9,100,501	\$ 8,246,759	\$ 6,983,809	\$ 5,678,193
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	9,337,549 - (9,938)	\$	9,614,810 - 74,598	\$ 9,958,801 - 84,537	\$	9,920,024 - (313,313)	\$ 9,965,531 - (412,570)	\$ 10,369,190 - (499,430)	\$ 10,688,937 - (573,330)	\$ 10,806,022 (607,646)	\$ 10,739,857 112,741 (428,312)	\$ 9,362,217 988,404 (348,054)
Total business-type activities net position	_\$_	9,327,611	\$	9,689,408	\$ 10,043,338	_\$_	9,606,711	\$ 9,552,961	\$ 9,869,760	\$ 10,115,607	\$ 10,198,376	\$ 10,424,286	\$ 10,002,567
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	18,377,985 - 2,458,318	\$	18,270,772 - 2,426,866	\$ 18,501,023 - 2,926,816	\$	18,480,805 - 2,507,751	\$ 18,173,117 - 1,563,973	\$ 18,889,030 - 371,236	\$ 19,025,711 - 190,397	\$ 18,820,771 - (375,636)	\$ 16,326,252 112,741 969,102	\$ 13,498,733 988,404 1,193,623
Total primary government net position	\$_	20,836,303	\$_	20,697,638	\$ 21,427,839	\$	20,988,556	\$ 19,737,090	\$ 19,260,266	\$ 19,216,108	\$ 18,445,135	\$ 17,408,095	\$ 15,680,760

Notes:

Accounting standards require net position be reported in three categories in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses		2021		2012			= 0.10			
Governmental activities										
General government	\$ 1,407,452	\$ 1,422,481	\$ 1,412,791	\$ 1,538,251	\$ 1,100,244	\$ 1,479,453	\$ 1,525,411	\$ 1,516,160	\$ 1,576,458	\$ 1,542,855
Judicial administration	452,446	448,140		2,717,698	2,873,422	2,717,864	2,564,543	2,491,800	2,579,286	2,423,860
Public safety	3,265,231	3,161,237		2,134,947	2,308,395	2,225,978	2,086,952	1,989,571	2,062,845	2,486,780
Public works	2,527,576	2,209,334		1,307,516	1,270,418	1,408,130	1,388,345	1,128,562	1,256,593	1,321,129
Health and welfare	1,815,621	1,752,950		2,407,067	2,167,754	2,506,829	2,326,948	2,268,173	2,416,648	1,692,638
Education	2,760,806	2,600,645	, ,	511,651	407,173	461,053	474,541	445,581	444,729	477,229
Parks, recreation, and cultural	587,517	583,825		38,483	45,218	78,828	329.286	561,290	514,158	562,432
Community development	1,379,243	2,627,350		39,010	39,432	45,291	48,915	109,767	67,234	169,304
Interest	19,736	40,221	37,756	-	-	-	-		-	
Total governmental activities	14,215,628	14,846,183	12,625,840	10,694,623	10,212,056	10,923,426	10,744,941	10,510,904	10,917,951	10,676,227
Business-type activities										
Water and Wastewater	3,340,717	3,178,492	2,975,950	2,841,008	2,895,886	2,981,468	2,795,034	2,840,888	2,929,215	2,635,899
Total business-type activities expenses	3,340,717	3,178,492	2,975,950	2,841,008	2,895,886	2,981,468	2,795,034	2,840,888	2,929,215	2,635,899
Total primary government expenses	17,556,345	18,024,675	15,601,790	13,535,631	13,107,942	13,904,894	13,539,975	13,351,792	13,847,166	13,312,126
Program revenues										
Governmental activities										
Charges for services										
Public safety	\$ 12,052	\$ 11,428	\$ 14,679	\$ 104,630	\$ 87,094	\$ 98,525	\$ 101,979	\$ 60,564	\$ 736	\$ 15,981
Public works	404,851	407,722	410,676	411,018	413,874	415,282	416,703	417,474	354,338	358,014
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks, recreation and culture	20,015	16,782	17,400	22,062	18,273	11,807	8,773	11,896	7,885	6,717
Operating grants and contributions	4,996,369	5,813,650	3,777,142	3,223,571	2,723,370	2,878,329	2,574,389	2,302,105	2,297,908	2,415,196
Capital grants and contributions	111,385	102,062				_	453,008	2,702,148	1,722,056	150,000
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,544,672	6,351,644	4,219,897	3,761,281	3,242,611	3,403,943	3,554,852	5,494,187	4,382,923	2,945,908
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Water and Wastewater	2,719,995	2,672,146	2,754,849	2,778,976	2,492,506	2,489,776	2,402,922	2,314,041	2,211,146	2,265,444
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	247,079	152,416		285,850	16,100	95,845	309,343	536,587	1,139,788	3,010,774
Total business-type activities program revenues	2,967,074	2,824,562		3,064,826	2,508,606	2,585,621	2,712,265	2,850,628	3,350,934	5,276,218
Total primary government program revenues	8,511,746	9,176,206	7,462,406	6,826,107	5,751,217	5,989,564	6,267,117	8,344,815	7,733,857	8,222,126
No. ()										
Net (expense) revenue	0 (0 (70 050)	e (0.404.530)		e ((022 242)	e (6.060.445)	e (7.510.403)	e (7.100.000)	e (5.016.717)	¢ (6.535.000)	¢ (7.730.310)
Governmental activities	\$ (8,670,956)					\$ (7,519,483)			\$ (6,535,028)	
Business-type activities	(373,643)	(353,930		223,818	(387,280)	(395,847)	(82,769)	9,740	421,719	(5,090,000)
Total primary government net expense	(9,044,599)	(8,848,469	(8,139,384)	(6,709,524)	(7,356,725)	(7,915,330)	(7,272,858)	(5,006,977)	(6,113,309)	(5,090,000)

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CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Concession Con		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Position Covernmental activities: Covernme	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net										
Tarse	O Company										
Consignating property taxes	Governmental activities:										
Colar sales and use 1918,095 172,604 1,664,033 1,639,810 1,518,284 1,541,644 1,609,549 1,613,223 1,106,68,15 1,727,279 1,101	Taxes										
Pulity rax 123.852 125.047 125.415 127.413 128.898 129.066 129.032 131.322 131.006 137.995 135.5492 135.54	General property taxes	3,161,558	3,171,973	3,128,984	3,156,805	3,091,045	3,127,830	3,034,838	2,632,023	2,881,300	2,736,838
Segress Segr	Local sales and use	1,918,095	1,726,064	1,664,033	1,639,810	1,518,284	1,541,644	1,609,549	1,613,223	1,606,815	1,762,729
Communication tax	Utility tax	123,852	125,047	125,415	127,413	128,898	129,066	129,032	131,322	131,006	137,995
Motor vehicle tax	Business license tax	981,872	690,659	801,979	789,539	779,120	750,765	842,303	812,125	887,396	853,599
Bank stock tax 62,361 54,166 40,193 50,778 51,591 42,171 47,105 61,913 72,678 74,256 Recordation tax 23,426 29,897 16,012 17,026 21,376 37,040 34,009 22,158 44,876 29,161 Tobacco tax - - - - - - - - - 10 40 10 41 195 Hotel and motel room tax 163,751 1515,515 1,479,388 1,46,5370 1,388,390 1,401,774 1,395,566 1,360,014 133,561 146,201 Coal road improvement tax 25,711 67,216 31,997 39,774 25,533 24,366 32,928 56,308 79,353 116,409 Cigarette tax 150,125 157,460 157,455 168,825 159,197 186,815 173,067 88,640 92,965 110,245 Other local taxes 91,149 79,475 87,222 121,252 84,265 88,004 89,317	Communication tax	150,854	155,422	174,981	194,619	193,631	199,570	204,591	211,659	211,979	217,316
Recordation tax 23,426 29,897 16,012 17,026 21,376 37,040 34,009 22,158 44,876 29,516 Tobacco tax 123,993 77,946 104,019 158,331 141,171 161,255 195,594 206,815 133,561 146,200 Restaurant food tax 1,663,751 1,515,515 1,479,388 1,496,670 1,388,390 1,401,747 1,395,556 1,360,14 1,357,112 1,262,519 Coal road improvement tax 25,711 67,216 31,997 39,774 25,533 24,366 32,928 56,308 79,333 116,498 Cigarette tax 150,125 157,460 157,455 168,425 159,197 186,815 173,067 88,640 92,965 110,245 Other local taxes 91,449 79,457 87,222 121,209 84,265 88,004 89,177 70,125 107,557 106,995 Unrestricted investment earnings 31,579 16,596 53,134 67,717 33,899 26,359 29,758	Motor vehicle tax	79,431	79,289	80,937	85,205	81,767	85,648	81,661	71,174	63,629	
Tobacco tax	Bank stock tax	62,361	54,166	40,193	50,778	51,591	42,171	47,105	61,913	72,678	74,256
Hotel and motel room tax	Recordation tax	23,426	29,897	16,012	17,026	21,376	37,040	34,009	22,158	44,876	
Restaurant food tax 1,663,751 1,515,515 1,493,888 1,496,570 1,388,390 1,401,747 1,395,556 1,360,014 1,357,112 1,262,519 Cola road improvement tax 25,711 67,216 31,997 39,774 25,533 24,366 32,928 56,308 79,353 116,498 Cigarette tax 150,125 157,460 157,455 168,425 159,197 186,815 173,067 88,640 99,955 110,245 Other local taxes 91,449 79,457 87,222 121,520 84,265 88,004 89,177 70,125 107,557 106,995 Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue 68,914 46,416 75,883 26,208 41,497 33,780 68,352 99,06 104,627 118,702 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,571 19,808 3,004 2,600 16,475 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <t< td=""><td>Tobacco tax</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>30</td><td>40</td><td>110</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Tobacco tax	-	-	-	-	-	30	40	110		
Coal road improvement tax 25,711 67,216 31,997 39,774 25,533 24,366 32,928 56,308 79,353 116,498 Cigarette tax 150,125 157,460 157,455 168,425 159,197 186,815 173,067 88,640 92,965 110,245 Other local taxes 91,449 79,457 87,222 121,520 84,265 88,004 89,177 70,125 107,557 106,695 Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue 68,914 46,416 75,883 26,208 41,497 33,780 68,352 99,086 104,627 118,702 Unrestricted investment earnings 31,579 16,596 53,134 67,717 33,899 26,359 29,788 28,480 28,255 25,196 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,571 19,808 3,004 2,060 16,475 <	Hotel and motel room tax	123,993	77,946	104,019	158,331	141,171	161,925	159,594	206,815	133,561	146,200
Cigarette tax 150,125 157,460 157,455 168,425 159,197 186,815 173,067 88,640 92,965 110,245 Other local taxes 91,449 79,457 87,222 121,520 84,265 88,004 89,177 70,125 107,557 106,995 Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue 68,914 46,416 75,883 26,208 41,497 33,780 68,352 99,086 104,627 110,702 Unrestricted investment earnings 313,579 16,596 53,134 67,717 333,899 26,359 29,758 28,480 28,255 25,196 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,571 19,808 3,004 2,060 16,475	Restaurant food tax	1,663,751	1,515,515	1,479,388	1,496,570	1,388,390	1,401,747	1,395,556	1,360,014	1,357,112	1,262,519
Other local taxes 91,449 79,457 87,222 121,520 84,265 88,004 89,177 70,125 107,557 106,995 Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue 68,914 46,416 75,883 26,208 41,497 33,780 68,352 99,086 104,627 118,702 Unrestricted investment earnings 31,579 16,596 53,134 67,717 33,899 26,359 29,758 28,480 28,255 25,196 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,571 19,808 3,004 2,060 16,475 -	Coal road improvement tax	25,711	67,216	31,997	39,774	25,533	24,366	32,928			
Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue Unrestricted investment earnings 31,579 16,596 53,134 67,717 33,899 26,359 29,758 28,480 28,255 25,196 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,571 19,808 3,004 2,060 16,475	Cigarette tax	150,125	157,460	157,455	168,425	159,197	186,815	173,067	88,640	92,965	
Unrestricted investment earnings 31,579 16,596 53,134 67,717 33,899 26,359 29,758 28,480 28,255 25,196 Gain on sale of capital assets 113,571 19,808 3,004 2,060 16,475	Other local taxes	91,449	79,457	87,222	121,520	84,265	88,004	89,177	70,125		,
Gain on sale of capital assets 13,571 19,808 3,004 2,060 16,475 -	Unrestricted miscellaneous revenue	68,914	46,416	75,883	26,208	41,497	33,780	68,352	99,086		
Insurance recoveries 8,346 14,319 21,706 7,692	Unrestricted investment earnings	31,579	16,596	53,134	67,717	33,899	26,359	29,758	28,480	28,255	25,196
Recovered costs 254,639 91,018 125,791 218,032 121,275 122,728.00 112,271 39,085 37,494 33,660 Transfers - primary government -<	Gain on sale of capital assets	13,571	19,808	3,004	2,060	16,475	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers - primary government - <th< td=""><td>Insurance recovories</td><td>8,346</td><td>14,319</td><td>21,706</td><td>7,692</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></th<>	Insurance recovories	8,346	14,319	21,706	7,692	-	-	-	-		-
Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Other 150,000 150,000 150,000	Recovered costs	254,639	91,018	125,791	218,032	121,275	122,728.00	112,271	39,085	37,494	33,660
Business-type activities: Other 150,000					_				-	-	
Other - <td>Total governmental activities</td> <td>8,933,527</td> <td>8,118,268</td> <td>8,172,133</td> <td>8,367,524</td> <td>7,877,414</td> <td>7,809,488</td> <td>8,043,831</td> <td>7,504,260</td> <td>7,840,644</td> <td>7,732,459</td>	Total governmental activities	8,933,527	8,118,268	8,172,133	8,367,524	7,877,414	7,809,488	8,043,831	7,504,260	7,840,644	7,732,459
Total business-type activities											
Total primary government 8,933,527 8,118,268 8,172,133 8,367,524 7,877,414 7,959,488 8,043,831 7,504,260 7,840,644 7,732,459 Changes in Net Position Governmental activities 262,571 (376,271) (233,810) 1,434,182 907,969 290,005 853,742 2,487,543 1,305,616 2,140 Business-type activities (373,643) (353,930) 266,559 223,818 (387,280) (245,847) (82,769) 9,740 421,719 2,640,319	•				-	-		-			-
Changes in Net Position Governmental activities 262,571 (376,271) (233,810) 1,434,182 907,969 290,005 853,742 2,487,543 1,305,616 2,140 Business-type activities (373,643) (353,930) 266,559 223,818 (387,280) (245,847) (82,769) 9,740 421,719 2,640,319			-		-	-				-	-
Governmental activities 262,571 (376,271) (233,810) 1,434,182 907,969 290,005 853,742 2,487,543 1,305,616 2,140 Business-type activities (373,643) (353,930) 266,559 223,818 (387,280) (245,847) (82,769) 9,740 421,719 2,640,319	Total primary government	8,933,527	8,118,268	8,172,133	8,367,524	7,877,414	7,959,488	8,043,831	7,504,260	7,840,644	7,732,459
Governmental activities 262,571 (376,271) (233,810) 1,434,182 907,969 290,005 853,742 2,487,543 1,305,616 2,140 Business-type activities (373,643) (353,930) 266,559 223,818 (387,280) (245,847) (82,769) 9,740 421,719 2,640,319	Changes in Net Position										
Business-type activities (373,643) (353,930) 266,559 223,818 (387,280) (245,847) (82,769) 9,740 421,719 2,640,319		262.571	(376.271)	(233.810)	1.434.182	907.969	290,005	853,742	2,487,543	1,305,616	2,140
											,

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_	2022		2021	2020	2019	 2018	 2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Post-GASB 54 implementation:											
General Fund											
Reserved	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	237,884		189,876	355,486	490,562	497,058	490,329	574,892	-	-	-
Restricted	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	640,541		87,263	50,454	82,295	48,502	9,504	-	372,893	347,416	431,267
Unassigned	1,725,943	_	2,392,483	 2,750,949	2,794,565	 2,227,802	1,408,777	_	 1,210,736	1,332,585	1,250,314
Total general fund	\$ 2,604,368	\$	2,669,622	\$ 3,156,889	\$ 3,367,422	\$ 2,773,362	\$ 1,908,610	\$ 574,892	\$ 1,583,629	\$ 1,680,001	\$ 1,681,581
All Other Governmental Funds											
Reserved	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Revenue fund	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	358,770		408,647	413,444	432,120	373,108	361,062	357,780	344,627	343,830	331,190
Assigned	157,091		180,008	231,123	230,008	272,560	153,340	14,205	-	-	-
Unassigned	-		-	-		-	 	 -	(55,870)	(120,700)	 (124,908)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 515,861	\$	588,655	\$ 644,567	\$ 662,128	\$ 645,668	\$ 514,402	\$ 371,985	\$ 288,757	\$ 223,130	\$ 206,282

¹⁾ GASB 54 was enacted for the year ended June 30, 2011 which changed the method of reporting fund balance.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015		2014		2013
Revenues	-			 										
General property taxes	\$	3,154,639	\$ 3,026,350	\$ 3,155,065	\$ 2,990,029	\$ 3,027,691	\$ 3,144,820	\$ 3,020,812	\$	2,679,834	\$	2,915,376	\$	2,550,475
Other local taxes		5,303,471	4,678,681	4,676,409	4,767,490	4,488,958	4,560,787	4,709,435		4,635,461		4,681,411		4,699,374
Permits, fees, and licenses		9,327	2,382	12,391	16,258	2,177	2,608	2,547		11,133		7,131		4,532
Fines and forfeitures		12,592	11,303	13,978	103,929	18,995	26,178	17,698		26,425		28,687		37,115
Use of money and property		31,579	16,596	53,134	65,846	33,899	26,359	29,758		27,843		28,255		25,196
Charges for services		425,264	425,206	428,777	435,653	500,246	499,436	489,628		479,458		378,774		380,712
Other revenues		68,914	46,417	75,883	26,208	32,153	25,328	89,595		75,415		104,627		250,406
Recovered cost		254,639	91,018	125,791	129,682	121,275	122,728	112,271		20,706		18,761		17,277
Intergovernmental		5,203,243	5,992,209	 3,851,973	 3,328,833	2,805,458	 2,963,728	 3,099,574		5,074,378		4,105,808		2,492,238
Total revenues		14,463,668	14,290,162	12,393,401	11,863,928	11,030,852	11,371,972	11,571,318		13,030,653		12,268,830		10,457,325
Expenditures														
General government		1,475,971	1,401,679	1,419,446	1,208,856	1,134,746	1,129,015	1,182,299		1,150,354		1,130,587		1,180,843
Judicial administration		452,446	448,140	417,257	395,899	386,605	365,591	377,549		389,285		412,859		353,367
Public safety		4,196,116	3,119,513	2,746,657	3,085,191	2,473,435	2,610,351	2,644,107		2,423,506		2,497,672		2,308,031
Public works		2,263,113	2,422,419	2,372,797	2,227,861	1,952,299	2,296,650	1,843,175		1,776,800		1,742,342		2,294,322
Health and welfare		1,814,010	1,739,081	1,434,345	1,372,350	1,274,952	1,367,288	1,423,325		1,159,055		1,233,314		1,302,277
Education and transfer to school		2,760,806	2,600,645	2,505,966	2,407,067	2,167,754	2,506,829	2,326,948		2,268,173		2,401,810		2,169,025
Parks, recreation, and cultural		640,592	568,165	497,794	547,053	480,446	468,394	472,460		427,708		438,256		455,638
Community development		1,483,065	2,422,390	1,060,832	38,502	44,710	90,905	867,911		3,342,994		2,229,763		554,868
Debt service:														
Principal retirement		174,092	897,749	181,439	151,154	614,823	137,359	124,861		1,182,821		121,031		15,284,397
Interest and fiscal charges		18,422	 38,687	 30,472	31,667	 31,443	37,630	 41,808		167,718		66,662		316,659
Total expenditures		15,278,633	15,658,468	12,667,005	11,465,600	10,561,213	11,010,012	11,304,443		14,288,414	1	12,274,296		26,219,427
Excess of revenues over (under)														
expenditures		(814,965)	(1,368,306)	(273,604)	398,328	469,639	361,960	 266,875		(1,257,761)		(5,466)	(15,762,102)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)														
Proceeds from borrowing		655,000	791,000	20,800	203,000	500,000	-	50,000		1,208,000		-		7,588,375
Insurance recoveries		8,346	14,319	21,706	7,692	-	2,859	8,761		18,379		18,733		16,383
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		13,571	19,808	3,004	2,060	25,819	5,593	4,578		637		-		18,296
Transfers				-		_	(150,000)			_		-		7,627,291
Total other financing														
sources (uses)		676,917	825,127	 45,510	212,752	 525,819	 (141,548)	 63,339		1,227,016		18,733		15,250,345
Net change in fund balances	\$	(138,048)	\$ (543,179)	\$ (228,094)	\$ 611,080	\$ 995,458	\$ 220,412	\$ 330,214	_\$_	(30,745)	\$	13,267	\$	(511,757)
Debt service as a percentage of														
noncapital expenditures:		1.37%	6.19%	1.75%	1.62%	6.52%	1.62%	1.50%		10.44%		1.55%		146.93%
nonempital expenditures.		1.5/70	0.19/0	1.73/0	1.02/0	0.5270	1.02/0	1.5070		10.77/0		1.55/0		140.7570

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Public Ut	tilities		T	otal Taxable	Total Direct	
Calendar	Real		Personal		Machinery	Real		sonal	Mobile		Assessed	Tax Rate
<u>Year</u>	 Estate		Property		and Tools	 Estate	Pro	perty	<u>Homes</u>		Value	Per \$100
2022	\$ 227,441,200	\$	31,472,230	\$	4,690,290	\$ 32,879,310		-	1,192,367	\$	297,675,397	1.060
2021	226,170,000		29,414,974		5,696,467	30,884,551		-	1,700,838		293,866,830	1.073
2020	229,302,650		29,986,495		5,553,055	28,781,153		-	1,480,815		295,104,168	1.069
2019	233,839,000		29,357,644		5,381,430	26,890,950		-	1,565,287		297,034,311	1.007
2018	235,369,600		28,122,426		5,024,584	25,735,238		-	1,422,747		295,674,595	1.024
2017	235,070,000		29,234,452		5,486,284	25,650,081		-	1,379,667		296,820,484	1.060
2016	225,828,836		29,049,973		5,087,058	24,698,933		-	1,601,097		286,265,897	1.055
2015	218,737,522		29,431,057		5,185,961	26,192,424	1	24,975	1,541,202		281,213,141	0.953
2014	219,165,572		30,450,311		5,373,264	26,983,560	1	31,432	1,631,722		283,735,861	1.027
2013	219,917,050		27,704,382		5,140,577	25,509,133	1	37,719	1,662,142		280,071,003	0.911

¹⁾ Property is assessed at actual value therefore the assessed values are equal to actual value.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Public 1	Utilities
	Real	Personal	Machinery	Mobile	Real	Personal
Year	Estate	Property	and Tools	Homes	Estate	Property
2022	0.90	2.05	2.05	0.90	0.90	2.05
2021	0.90	2.05	2.05	0.90	0.90	2.05
2020	0.90	2.05	2.05	0.90	0.90	2.05
2019	0.90	2.05	2.05	0.90	0.90	2.05
2018	0.90	1.85	1.85	0.90	0.90	1.85
2017	0.90	1.85	1.85	0.90	0.90	1.85
2016	0.90	1.85	1.85	0.90	0.90	1.85
2015	0.80	1.85	1.85	0.80	0.80	1.85
2014	0.80	1.85	1.85	0.80	0.80	1.85
2013	0.80	1.85	1.85	0.80	0.80	1.85

Notes: 1) Rates are presented per \$100 assessed value

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS (UNAUDITED) CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

June 30, 2022

ounc 50, 2022			Percent of Real
Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Estate Levy
Wal-Mart Real Estate Trust	Commercial Retail/ Grocery	15,314,800	6.73%
Norton Community Hospital	Health Care	7,331,600	3.22%
Norton (Norton) SRX LLC	Shops/Maurices/Hibbitts	6,216,600	2.73%
Norton Host	Hotel	4,308,100	1.89%
601 Commonwealth LLC	Shops/Glass Slipper/Pizza Hut	3,914,400	1.72%
Wellmont Health System	Health Care	3,716,600	1.63%
Canada Inc	Shopping Center/HWY 58	3,264,900	1.44%
CHCT Va LLC	Medical	2,498,800	1.10%
AJM LLC	Retail/Eq. Sales/Repair	2,322,000	1.02%
Carter Marchinery Company	Retail/Eq. Sales/Repair	2,036,300	0.90%

June 30, 2012

Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Percent of Rea Estate Levy
Wal-Mart Real Estate Trust	Shopping Center	14,370,100	6.52%
Super Intermediate Co., LLC	Commercial Retailer/Grocer	9,324,100	4.23%
Commonwealth Norton Partners	Shopping Center	6,612,300	3.00%
Norton SRX LLC	Hotel	6,060,600	2.75%
Wellmont Health System	Hotel/Restaurant	5,192,700	2.36%
Norton Community Hospital	Health Care	4,712,300	2.14%
Norton Host	Hotel	4,254,600	1.93%
Nordan, Inc	Health Care	3,854,000	1.75%
W.P. Amristead	Commercial and Residental Rental Property	2,455,800	1.12%
AARMP Hospitality (Days Inn)	Hotel	1,606,200	0.73%

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Years Ended June 30	nxes Levied for the Year (1) (2)	 Current Percentage Tax of Levy Collections Collected		Delinquent Tax Total Tax Collections Collections (3		Percent of Total Tax Collections	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent of Levy
2022	\$ 3,129,410	\$ 2,927,206	93.54%	\$ 128,448	3,055,654	97.64%	485,502	15.51%
2021	3,221,949	2,940,393	91.26%	38,709	2,979,102	92.46%	438,565	13.61%
2020	3,158,804	3,091,469	97.87%	12,517	3,103,986	98.26%	397,967	12.60%
2019	3,136,438	2,840,119	90.55%	85,936	2,926,055	93.29%	470,303	14.99%
2018	3,108,516	2,879,431	92.63%	85,045	2,964,476	95.37%	336,115	10.81%
2017	3,166,319	2,925,590	92.40%	142,234	3,067,824	96.89%	346,570	10.95%
2016	3,106,353	2,780,558	89.51%	140,006	2,920,564	94.02%	369,906	11.91%
2015	2,731,203	2,545,590	93.20%	56,280	2,601,870	95.26%	320,961	11.75%
2014	2,800,408	2,559,728	91.41%	247,834	2,807,562	100.26%	257,050	9.18%
2013	2,579,781	2,384,644	92.44%	109,433	2,494,077	96.68%	378,758	14.68%

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Does not include land redemptions

⁽³⁾ Commonwealth reimbursement for auto tax included in total collections.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Years					Component						
Ended	(Obligation]	Purchase		Water d	& Wastwarer	Unit	Total	of Personal	Per
June 30		Bonds		Leases		Bonds		Bonds	Debt	Income	Capita
2022	\$	1,327,681	\$	30,156		\$	6,726,938	\$ 5,935,000	14,019,775	8.29%	3,802
2021		817,147		59,782			6,975,676	6,560,000	14,412,605	8.10%	3,695
2020		895,712		88,347			7,087,832	7,150,000	15,221,891	9.10%	3,897
2019		1,028,630		116,068			7,362,643	7,710,000	16,217,341	10.29%	4,152
2018		1,093,377		-			7,629,457	8,250,000	16,972,834	11.80%	4,343
2017		1,208,200		-			7,893,350	8,765,000	17,866,550	14.07%	4,632
2016		1,316,121		29,438			8,143,884	9,260,000	18,749,443	13.54%	4,752
2015		1,363,000		58,141			8,139,139	9,784,434	19,344,714	12.98%	4,821
2014		1,285,000		110,961			7,804,349	10,341,185	19,541,495	12.65%	4,817
2013		1,355,000		161,992			8,080,638	10,901,644	20,499,274	12.13%	4,889

Notes:

- 1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.
- 2) Includes all general long-term debt obligations.

TABLE 10

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General Bonded Debt		
Fiscal	Outstanding	Percentage of	
Years	General Bonded	Actual Taxable	
Ended	Obligation	Value of	Per
June 30	Bonds	Property	Capita
2022	13,989,619	4.70%	3,794
2021	14,352,823	4.88%	3,679
2020	14,943,164	5.06%	3,826
2019	15,902,240	5.35%	4,152
2018	16,765,144	5.67%	4,343
2017	17,650,210	5.95%	4,632
2016	18,495,011	6.46%	4,752
2015	18,697,886	6.65%	4,821
2014	18,327,250	6.46%	4,817
2013	17,853,819	6.37%	4,889

¹⁾ Details regarding the city's oustanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL EYARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Assessed valuations										
Assessed value of taxed real property	\$ 260,320,510	\$ 257,054,551	\$ 258,083,803	\$ 260,729,950	\$ 261,104,838	\$ 260,720,081	\$ 250,527,769	\$ 244,929,946	\$ 246,149,132	\$ 245,426,183
Legal debt margin Debt limit - 10 percent of total assessed value	26,032,051	25,705,455	25,808,380	26,072,995	26,110,484	26,072,008	25,052,777	24,492,995	24,614,913	24,542,618
Debt applicable to limitation Total bonded debt	14,019,775	14,412,605	15,221,891	16,217,341	16,972,834	17,866,550	18,749,443	19,344,714	19,541,495	20,499,274
Less - Business-Type			(190,380)	(199,033)	(207,686)	(216,340)	(224,994)	(588,689)	(1,103,284)	(2,483,463)
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limitation	14,019,775	14,412,605	15,031,511	16,018,308	16,765,148	17,650,210	18,524,449	18,756,025	18,438,211	18,015,811
Legal debt margin	\$ 12,012,276	\$ 11,292,850	\$ 10,776,869	\$ 10,054,687	\$ 9,345,336	\$ 8,421,798	\$ 6,528,328	\$ 5,736,970	\$ 6,176,702	\$ 6,526,807
Total net debt as applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	53.86%	56.07%	58.24%	61.44%	64.21%	67.70%	73.94%	76.58%	74.91%	73.41%

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Years Ended June 30	 Utility Service Charges	Less: Operating Expenses	Net Available Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2022	\$ 2,719,995	\$ 2,503,600	\$ 216,395	252,692	166,978	419,670	0.52
2021	2,672,146	2,304,693	367,453	269,528	183,711	453,239	0.81
2020	2,754,849	2,110,916	643,933	266,158	174,248	440,406	1.46
2019	2,778,976	1,970,728	808,248	258,161	182,746	440,907	1.83
2018	2,492,506	2,001,767	490,739	255,243	197,630	452,873	1.08
2017	2,489,776	2,077,298	412,478	241,878	207,405	449,283	0.92
2016	2,402,922	1,960,348	442,574	229,906	180,693	410,599	1.08
2015	2,314,041	2,107,896	206,145	158,950	120,455	279,405	0.74
2014	2,211,146	2,132,102	79,044	1,022,913	195,404	1,218,317	0.06
2013	2,265,444	2,082,646	182,798	1,017,797	180,356	1,198,153	0.15

¹⁾ Details regarding the city's oustanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expense.

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Median Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
						NAME OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE
2022	3,687	169,100,568	45,864	39.5	794	3.80%
2021	3,901	177,901,204	45,604	39.8	810	5.30%
2020	3,906	167,364,288	42,848	39.8	776	9.80%
2019	3,906	157,614,912	40,352	39.8	784	3.90%
2018	3,908	143,876,928	36,816	40.0	767	5.60%
2017	3,857	126,957,012	32,916	40.0	764	5.90%
2016	3,946	138,504,600	35,100	39.0	814	6.50%
2015	4,013	148,994,664	37,128	38.0	820	7.80%
2014	4,057	154,425,648	38,064	38.0	828	8.20%
2013	4,193	143,903,760	34,320	39.0	887	8.70%

Sources: Weldon Cooper Center for Information, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Viriginia Employment Commission, and Norton City School Board

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (UNAUDITED) CUURENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

June 30, 2022		Total Estimated
Employer	Product or Service	Employment
Ballad Health-Bristol Regional Health System	Health Care	250 +/-
Wal Mart	Commercial Retailer/Grocer	250 +/-
Norton City School Board	Public Agency	175 +/-
City of Norton	Municipal Government	100 +/-
Norton Community Physicians Service LLC	Health Care	100 +/-

June 30, 2012		Total
		Estimated
Employer	Product or Service	Employment
Norton Community Hospital	Health Care	500 +/-
Wal Mart	Commercial Retailer/Grocer	250 +/-
Mountain View Regional Medical	Health Care	200 +/-
Norton City School Board	Public Agency	151 +/-
City of Norton	Public Agency	114 +/-

Source: Virginia Employment Commission - Community Profile

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Function										
General government										
Management services	4	4	4	4	4	4	3.5	3.5	3.5	4
Finance	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Planning	1	1	1	0	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	2
Other	6.5	6	6	6	6.5	6	6	6	6	6
Public safety										
Officers	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Dispatchers/Clerks	9.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5
Sheriff's Office	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Animal Control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Building	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Emergency Management	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Fire	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Engineering	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Streets	10.5	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	11.5
Refuse Collections	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5.5
General Properties	4	3.5	3.5	4.5	4	3.5	5	5	5	4.5
Parks and recreation										
Maintenance	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	5.5	5.5	4	4.5	4.5	4.5
Other	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water operatings										
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3 7
Plan Operatins	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7	6	6	6	7
Maintenance	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Social Services										
Administrative	7	5	5	5	5	5	5	4.5	4.5	4.5
Eligibility	7.5	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Social Worker	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

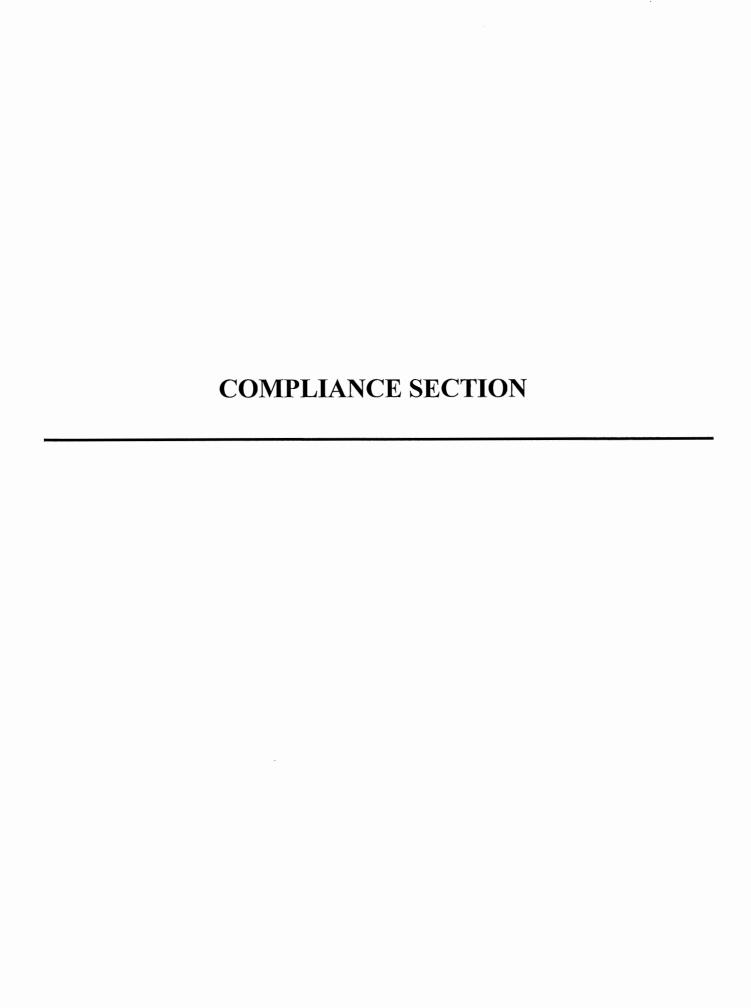
Source: City of Norton's Finance Deparatment

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Function										
Public Safety										
Citations issued	345	476	741	743	629	1,009	830	1,051	1,139	876
Parking Tickets issued	2	1	4	16	23	40	32	31	83	63
Crime/Arrest/Incident reports filed	657	695	700	635	513	468	579	647	690	661
911 Calls dispatched	4,937	5,876	4,761	4,570	4,500	3,614	3,722	3,402	4,075	4,018
Public Works										
Number of citizen requests for services	749	734	758	734	668	783	685	651	726	814
Water operations										
Number of service connections	2,183	2,204	2,157	2,187	2,202	2,188	2,199	2,222	2,240	2,263
Number of citizen requests for services	2,544	2,389	2,482	3,114	3,548	3,539	3,939	2,052	2,251	196
Average daily plant output in gallons	.697 Million	.759 Million	.709 Million	.769 Million	.785 Million	.658 Million	.658 Million	.497 Million	.420 Million	.680 Million
Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons	1.44 Million									
Wastewater operations										
Number of service connections	1,939	1,955	1,916	1,947	2,030	2,018	2,023	2,169	2,067	2,080

CITY OF NORTON, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (UNAUDITED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Function										
Public Safety										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of patrol units	25	25	25	25	25	24	22	16	16	15
Public Works			,							
Streets (lane miles)	82.73	82.73	82.73	82.73	82.73	82.73	82.73	82.73	82.73	82.73
Streetlights	479	479	479	479	479	479	440	440	440	440
Traffic signals	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8
Water operations										
Miles of water main	55.31	55.31	55.31	55.31	55.31	55.31	55.31	55.31	55.31	55.31
Number of fire hydrants	257	257	255	255	255	255	255	255	255	250
Wastewater operations										
Miles of sinitary sewers	41.16	41.16	41.16	41.16	41.16	41.16	41.16	41.16	41.16	41.16
Miles of storm sewers	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2	9.2





Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Norton, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 3, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the City's financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the City of Norton, Virginia in a separate letter dated September 3, 2024

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Norton, Virginia September 3, 2024

Kodezer Wass & Co, PLLC



Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Norton, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal* Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Norton, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Norton is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Norton, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Norton, Virginia September 3, 2024

Kodezer Woss & Co, PLLC



Report on Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia Laws, Regulations, Contracts and Grants

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Norton Norton, Virginia 24273

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated September 3, 2024

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to the City is the responsibility of management of the City. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts and grants. However, our objective was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts and grants (as specified in Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns, Chapter Three) for which we performed tests of compliance.

Code of Virginia

- * Budget and Appropriation Laws
- * Cash and Investment Laws
- * Conflicts Retirement Systems
- * Local Retirement Systems
- * Personal Property Tax Relief Act
- State Agency Requirements
- * Education
- * Highway Maintenance Funds
- * Social Services

- * Debt Provisions
- * Procurement Laws
- * Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph.. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management, the Auditor of Public Accounts and applicable state agencies, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Norton, Virginia September 3, 2024

Rodeger Wass & Co, PLLC

CITY OF NORTON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Federal Federal Assistance Listing Number (ALN)	Pass-through Identifying Number	Total Federal Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Pass-Through Payments: Community Facilities Grant-Police/Sherrif	10.766	55-022-618341747	50,000
Community Facilities Grant-Police/Sherrif	10.766	55-022-618341747	55,000
Community Facilities Grant-Police/Sherrif	10.766	55-022-0546001476	50,000
Community Facilities Grant-Police/Sherrif	10.766	55-022-0546001476	600,000
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availabity	10.579		50,000
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Lunch Program	10.555		601,925
School Breakfast Program	10.553		59,497
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Note D)	10.559		21,651
Summer Food Service Program for Children State Department of Social Services:	10.559		12,172
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program-SNAP Cluster	10.561		182,766
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Pass-Through Payments:			
State Department of Social Services: Guardianship Assistance	93.090		123
Prevention Program - Title IV-E	93,472		1,089
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658		66,042
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		85,207
Adoption Assistance Medical assistance program-Medicaid Cluster	93.659 93.778		65,128 97,039
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93,568		15,702
Safe and Stable Families	93,556		20,723
Refugee and Entrant Assistance Children's Health Insurance Program	93.566 93.767		407 968
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93,645		218
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93,674		980
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments Program	93,599 93,603		4,342 838
477 Cluster:			
TANF -Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Child Care Mandatory Match	93.558 93,596		92,771 20,621
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Pass-Through Payments: State Department of Education: Rural Education	84.358		30,983
Title I Grants Title II-Part A Grants	84.010 84,367		267,841 36,075
Title IV-Part A Grants	84.424		18,133
ESSER	84.425		1,294,729
Education Stabiliation Fund -ARP II Homeless Title VI-B:	84.425W		10,145
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027 84.173		227,495
Special Education-Preschool Grants Special Projects:	84,173		52,418
State Grants for Strengthening the Skills of Teachers and Instruction in Mathematics, Foreign Languages and Computer Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048		18,595
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT			
Community Devlopment Block Grants	14.228		214,285
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Assistance for Firefighters Grant Program - COVID 19	97.044		9,383
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738		7,706
U.S. OFFICE OF NATIONAL DRUG CONTROL POLICY	95.001	G21AP0001A	6,019
High Intesnity Drug Trafficking Areas Program High Intesnity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95,001 95,001	G21AP0001A G22AP0001A	11,043
			,
APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION Appalachian Area Development	23.002	PW-18728-IM-B-2017	12,920
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607		2,155
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.007		2,133
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	FL18-146-131	12,488
Highway Planning and Construction	20,205	FL18-146-132	2,856
Highway Planning and Construction Highway Planning and Construction	20.205 20.205	FL18-146-133 FL18-146-126	47,150 31,387
	20,200	1.0 120	51,507
DEPARTMET OF THE TREASURY Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery (SLFRF)	21.027	20-1292-0-1-807	1,095,111
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery (SLFRF) Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery (SLFRF)	21.027	20-1292-0-1-807	1,093,111
Coronavirus Relief Fund-Small Business Recovery	21.019	SLT0022	721,661
Coronavirus Relief Fund-Municipal Utility Relief Fund	21.019	SLT0022	42,689
TOTAL			\$ 6,430,853

\$ 6,430,853

CITY OF NORTON NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) included the federal award activity of the City of Norton under programs of the federal government of the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the City of Norton, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the City of Norton.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Norton did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE D - FOOD DONATION:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

NOTE E - SUBRECIPIENTS

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

CITY OF NORTON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

A) SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2) No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia, are reported in the Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. No material weakness is reported.
- 3) No instances of non-compliance material to the financial statements of the City of Norton, Virginia, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4) No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance Required by the Uniform Guidance. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 5) The Auditors' report on Compliance for the Major Federal Award Programs for the City of Norton, Virginia, expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6) Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7) The programs tested as major programs were:

 CFDA 21.019 Coronavirus Relief Fund

 CFDA 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

 CFDA 84.425 Education Stabiliation Fund (ESSER)
- 8) The threshold for distinguishing types A & B programs was \$750,000.
- 9) The City of Norton, Virginia, was determined not to be not be a low risk auditee.
- B) FINDINGS GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

NONE

C) FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE

CITY OF NORTON SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2022

FINDINGS - GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

Material Weaknesses: 2021-001-Audit Completion

Summary of prior audit finding: The lack of sufficient resources within the City during the year resulted in their inability to have required financial statement information available for audit to allow sufficient time for completion of the audit process by the required due date.

Status: The City implemented procedures to coordinate with pre-audit and audit planning to have financial information available in a more timely manner.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

There were no prior year findings.