



ROANOKE COUNTY Public Schools

A component unit of the County of Roanoke, Virginia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cover Design

Top Left: A special needs student participates in the annual Little Feet Meet at Northside High School. Each year Roanoke County Public Schools hosts the world's largest Little Feet Meet in partnership with Virginia Special Olympics.

Top Right: A student decides what to have for lunch during the annual Summer Feeding Program. Each summer Roanoke County Public Schools provides free lunches for anyone 18 and under.

Bottom Left: A student in the Introduction to Nursing Careers (INC) class checks the blood pressure of another student. Roanoke County Public Schools launched the INC class this school year as part of a continuing effort to expand opportunities in the healthcare career pathway.

Bottom Right: Northside High School students walk across the stage for graduation. More than 1,100 students graduated from Roanoke County Public Schools in May 2019. Roanoke County Public Schools maintains one of the highest on-time graduation rates in the state.

~Cover design courtesy of Chuck Lionberger

Roanoke County Public Schools

(A Component Unit of the County of Roanoke, Virginia)

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



Prepared by the Finance Department

Ms. Susan L. Peterson, MA, CPA, SFO, Director of Finance Ms. Jessica E. Beemer, CPA, Finance Manager Ms. Courtney H. Deeds, CPA, Finance Manager Mr. Benjamin Z. Hoyt, Finance Manager Ms. Kathleen E. Rawlings, Accountant

> 5937 Cove Road Roanoke, Virginia 24019 www.rcps.us

Roanoke County Public Schools

Fostering a student-centered learning environment, ensuring world-class educational experiences designed to equip all students with an innovative mindset and the skills to adapt and thrive in a changing global environment.



Roanoke County Public Schools Table of Contents June 30, 2019

	INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Letter of Transm	ittal	3
School Board M	embers	8
School Administ	ration Leadership Team	c
	hart	
•		
	ance Officers Association Award	
Association of So	chool Business Officials International Award	12
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Indepe	endent Auditor	15
•	Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	
Basic Financial		
busic i thanctul	Statements	
	-wide Financial Statements	
Exhibit A	Statement of Net Position	
Exhibit B	Statement of Activities	33
Government	al Funds' Financial Statements	
Exhibit C	Balance Sheet	34
Exhibit D	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
Exhibit E	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	36
Exhibit F	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	-
	in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	3 <i>i</i>
<u>Proprietary I</u>	Funds' Financial Statements	
Exhibit G	Statement of Net Position	38
Exhibit H	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	39
Exhibit I	Statement of Cash Flows	40
<u>Fiduciary Fu</u>	nds' Financial Statements	
Exhibit J	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	4
Exhibit K	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	42
Notes to Ras	ic Financial Statements	13

Roanoke County Public Schools Table of Contents June 30, 2019

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary C	Comparison Schedules	
Exhibit L	General Fund	
Exhibit M	Special Revenue Fund – Grant Fund	91
Exhibit N	Special Revenue Fund – Nutrition Fund	93
<u>Virginia Reti</u>	irement System Teacher Plan	
Exhibit O	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	94
Exhibit P	Schedule of Employer Contributions	95
<u>Virginia Reti</u>	irement System Non-Professional Plan	
Exhibit Q	Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability	96
Exhibit R	Schedule of Employer Contributions	97
<u>Virginia Reti</u>	irement System Health Insurance Credit Program	
Exhibit S	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability	98
Exhibit T	Schedule of Employer Contributions	99
<u>Virginia Reti</u>	rement System Group Life Insurance Program	
Exhibit U	Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability	100
Exhibit V	Schedule of Employer Contributions	101
Roanoke Co	unty Public Schools Other Postemployment Benefits Plan	
Exhibit W	Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability	102
Exhibit X	Schedule of Employer Contributions	103
Exhibit Y	Schedule of Investment Returns	104
Notes to Red	quired Supplementary Information	105
plementary	Information	
Budaetary C	Comparison Schedules	
Schedule 1	Capital Projects Fund	109
Internal Serv	vice Funds' Financial Statements	
Schedule 2	Combining Statement of Net Position	111
Schedule 3	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
	Changes in Net Position	112
Schedule 4	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
Schedule 5	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Internal Service Fund	
	Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund	114
Agency Fund	d Financial Statements	
Schedule 6	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	116

Roanoke County Public Schools Table of Contents June 30, 2019

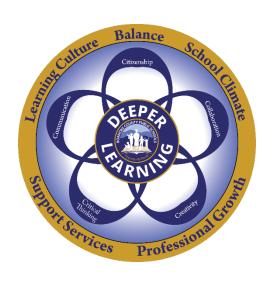
	STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Table 1	Net Position by Component	120
Table 2	Changes in Net Position	
Table 3	Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	122
Table 4	Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	123
Table 5	Major Local Revenue Sources – General Fund	124
Table 6	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	125
Table 7	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	126
Table 8	Principal Property Tax Payers	127
Table 9	Property Tax Levies and Collections	128
Table 10	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	129
Table 11	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	130
Table 12	Debt Policy Information	13
Table 13	Demographic Statistics	132
Table 14	Principal Employers	133
Table 15	Student Enrollment	134
Table 16	Number of Students Per Teacher	135
Table 17	Standards of Learning Test Scores (SOL's)	136
Table 18	Scholastic Achievement Tests (SAT's)	137
Table 19	Full-time Equivalent (FTE) Positions	138
Table 20	Teacher Salary Information	139
Table 21	Expenditures by Function – General Fund	140
Table 22	Expenditures by Function Per Pupil – General Fund	14
Table 23	Nutrition Program	142
Table 24	Capital Asset Statistics	143
	COMPLIANCE SECTION	
•	ent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
	ned in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	15
Schadula	of Expenditures of Federal Awards	153
Scriedule	or Experiorates of Federal Awards	133

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards......155



INTRODUCTORY SECTION







ROANOKE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Department of Finance



5937 Cove Rd. Roanoke, VA 24019 • (540) 562-3900 Ext 10161

November 14, 2019

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of the School Board, and the Citizens of the County of Roanoke, Virginia:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Roanoke County Public Schools for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of the fiscal year. Roanoke County Public Schools (School System) is a component unit of the County of Roanoke, Virginia (County), which is a general-purpose local government. This report has been prepared by the School System's Finance Department in accordance with the standards of financial reporting as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia (APA).

The CAFR was prepared with an emphasis on full disclosure of the financial activities of the School System. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

The auditing firm of Brown, Edwards & Company, L.L.P., a firm of independent certified public accountants, has issued unmodified opinions on Roanoke County Public Schools' basic financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, contained in this report. The report of independent auditors is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the report of independent auditors and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE SCHOOL SYSTEM

Roanoke County Public Schools is the 19th largest of 132 school systems in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The County of Roanoke is located in the southwestern part of the State and is the suburban hub of the Roanoke Valley, with a provisional population of 93,672 and a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) population of approximately 308,707¹. Located in the largest urban area west of Richmond, the School System is one of the largest employers in the Roanoke Valley. The School Board consists of five members elected to four-year terms who serve the citizens of Roanoke County.

The School System provides a broad spectrum of general, special, gifted, career and technical education opportunities for approximately 14,000 students (including pre-kindergarten) between the ages of 3 and 21 at sixteen elementary schools, five middle schools, five high schools, and one specialty center.

-

¹ Population source: VaStat, a service of the Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service (2010 Census)

Roanoke County Public Schools had a strong year in terms of Standards of Learning (SOL) assessment performance. All 26 schools were fully accredited for the 2019-2020 school year based on results from 2018-2019. Roanoke County's mathematics scores were a particular highlight, with scores improving across the board as teachers adapted to new mathematics standards. As testing rules changed at the high school level, fewer students took some of the assessments given late in high school, which resulted in scores to drop, but still remain ahead of peer divisions. With regard to peer divisions, Roanoke County remains among the top performing suburban divisions in the state and had the highest results in the region. Our Algebra I and End Of Course Reading assessments also stood out as both the 8th highest in the state (out of 132 districts).

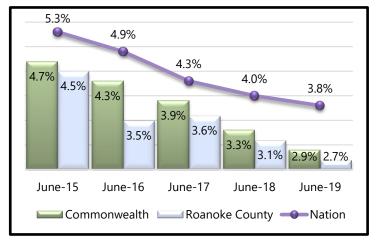
Roanoke County Public Schools has been recognized for 16 years by the NAMM Foundation as one of the "Best Communities for Music Education" in America. The School System was chosen as 1 of 18 school divisions in the Commonwealth of Virginia. The award is based on a survey of the School System and its commitment to providing a wide range of musical opportunities and supporting them financially.



LOCAL ECONOMY

In order to provide quality educational programs to its students, the School System is largely dependent upon the economy of its largest funding sources, which include the Commonwealth of Virginia (46.7% of revenue), the County of Roanoke (40.9% of revenue) and the Federal government (4.9% of revenue).

One measure of the health of an economy is the level of unemployment. This is a graph of the unemployment trend for the past five years for the Commonwealth, the County of Roanoke, and the nation as a



whole. The unemployment rates at all levels of the government have shown continuous improvement.

Another factor that indicates how well the State economy is recovering is the personal income level. The personal income level is strongly correlated to income tax and sales tax income. Not only does this provide greater revenue to be passed to the local government, but state-wide sales tax collections are a line item revenue for the School System. The School System experienced an increase in sales tax revenue of 1.78% this year.

Overall, the Commonwealth's economy is continuing to slowly improve. The Commonwealth is currently ranked at #25 of all the states by US News and World Report for 2019 for economy. This ranking has improved 5 placings from #30 in 2018. This improvement is due to a reduction in unemployment rate and high labor force participation.

The enrollment projection for fiscal year 2019 was 13,700 (excluding pre-kindergarten), however year-end Average Daily Membership was 13,671. This continues to reflect the declining student enrollment trend

within the School System, which began in 2009. All years have declined except for school year 2016. This decline negatively impacts the level of State funding, while not directly reducing the cost of education services on a one-to-one basis. Enrollment declines result in reductions in State funding as the State aid for education formula is driven by K-12 enrollment. Indications are that this trend reflects lower birth rates in the community and limited growth in the County population. The School System conducted a demographic study in 2017 which also reflects a decline in enrollment over the next ten years. Given this experience and trend the enrollment projection for fiscal year 2020 is 13,610.

We are fortunate that our economic indicators are showing signs of improvement but sustaining a quality program based on pre-2009 funding levels remains a formidable challenge for the County; not only in the delivery of local government services, but also in maintaining our traditionally high standard of living and quality of life.

From an infrastructure standpoint, the School System operates 27 school buildings with an average age of 49 years. The School Board has made a financial commitment to address the infrastructure needs in a steady and methodical manner through a joint financing program with the local governing body and, accordingly, has been able to take advantage of competitive construction bids resulting in lower overall costs to the citizens.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The School System annually updates a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The CIP serves as a planning tool for efficient, effective, and equitable distribution of public improvements throughout the School System. The CIP represents a balance between finite resources and an ever-increasing number of competing school projects. This balance is achieved using the priorities and objectives established by the School Board. The CIP serves as a long-range planning tool to schedule anticipated capital projects and coordinate capital financing in a way that manages future debt service requirements. In order to help fund the CIP, the School System maintained an operating transfer to Roanoke County of \$2.2 million for future capital needs.

In addition to school building needs, the School System has a dedicated funding stream for ongoing capital needs related to school bus replacement. The school bus replacement schedule, based on age and condition of the fleet, necessitates the replacement of approximately ten school buses per year. The annual budget includes funds earmarked specifically towards this purpose which allows the School Board to accumulate a bus replacement reserve and pay cash for the bus purchases each year rather than borrowing funds and incurring the additional financing charges. The School Board maintained a level annual funding stream of \$533,219 for fiscal year 2019 from fiscal year 2018.

Another dedicated funding stream for ongoing capital needs relates to school technology replacement. The School Board continues to be a frontrunner in the integration of technology throughout the instructional program. The laptop computer initiative was implemented 16 years ago to provide a laptop computer to every student in grades 9 through 12 has been sustained through difficult budget years and continues to be funded through a recurring operating lease. The School Board expanded the program to the middle schools by adding grades 6 through 8 in fiscal years 2017 and 2018. With the budget pressures at the national, State, and local levels in recent years, the technology program has been funded with a combination of sources including Federal stimulus funds, grant funds, and operating funds. The ongoing significant investment in technology warrants the need for a replacement funding plan to ensure the sustainability of this and all technological needs which are an integral part of classroom instruction in the School System. The School Board set aside a funding stream of \$1.0 million for fiscal year 2019.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The School Board is required to submit an adopted budget to the County Board of Supervisors by April 1 of each year for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The County legally adopts the School System budget on an annual basis at the fund level. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the School System's financial planning and budget control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., instruction, attendance and health, nutrition), and department (e.g., transportation, technology, human resources) for management purposes. The School Board must seek approval from the County Board of Supervisors to transfer funds from one fund to another. However, the School Board may transfer resources within funds as they see fit.

The School Board and County Board of Supervisors utilize a revenue sharing agreement that identifies the methodology for allocating revenues between the local government and the School System. The agreement factors in fluctuations in County population and student enrollment, a payroll element reflecting the labor-intensive nature of public education, and the calculation of a net allocation percentage which is then applied to total general property and other local taxes of the local governing body to arrive at the allocation of local revenues for public education. This formula has been used since the fiscal year 2015 school budget.

The School Board adopted a Year-End Balance policy in fiscal year 2005 that allocates the balance at the end of a fiscal year from excess revenues and/or unspent expenditures to capital projects. Most of the 27 school buildings in operation were built prior to 1970 and need capital improvements based on their age and the change in student population and programs since the schools were originally built. In order to fund the School System's commitment to upgrading the facilities, the policy allocates two-thirds of the year-end balance to Major Capital Projects listed on the School Capital Improvement Plan and one-third to Minor Capital Projects (other projects identified and prioritized with costs less than \$500,000). This policy was adopted in conjunction with the County Board of Supervisors and enables the School System to ensure continued funding for needed capital improvements.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Capital Improvement Plan – The School Board and the County Board of Supervisors continue to place a major emphasis on the capital needs in the School System. In the 2020-2029 CIP (the most recent plan) the School Board funded \$1.3 million of projects in the June 30, 2020 budget. The funding is derived from general fund operating transfer and debt proceeds from the County. Of this balance, \$310,820 is slated for the School System portion of a county-wide Human Resource and Payroll Software System implementation and \$1.0 million is reserved for the Capital Maintenance Plan to maintain school facilities.

Technology Initiative – The integration of technology into all facets of the instructional program is instrumental to the vision of the School System to "foster a student-centered learning environment, ensuring world-class educational experiences designed to equip all students with an innovative mindset and the skills to adapt and thrive in a changing global environment." As previously mentioned, all students in grades 6 to 12 have their own laptop computer, which allow flexible access to educational resources and online classes and are integrated into the daily classroom lessons of all subject areas. In addition, all classrooms are equipped with an interactive Active Boards. All schools have wireless connections to the internet and broadband to adequately support the heavy utilization of technology throughout the district.

Standards of Learning - The General Assembly and the Board of Education of the Commonwealth of Virginia believe that the fundamental goal of the public schools must be to enable each student to develop the skills that are necessary for success in school and preparation for life in the years beyond. The current educational objectives are known as the Standards of Learning (SOL). Based on results from the spring 2019 testing window, the school system exceeded the state average on 28 of the 29 SOL tests administered. We are also pleased that Roanoke County is among a minority of school divisions in the state in which all of our schools met Virginia's requirements for full state accreditation for the 2019-2020 school year based on the 2018-2019 SOL performance.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Roanoke County Public Schools for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 18th consecutive year that the School System has received this prestigious national award. In addition, the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School System for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This certificate was also awarded for the 18th consecutive year. The Certificate of Excellence program is similar to the GFOA Certificate of Achievement program and is an international award recognizing excellence in the preparation and issuance of school system financial reports.

In order to be awarded the GFOA Certificate of Achievement or the ASBO Certificate of Excellence, a school system must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose content conforms to the standards of both programs. The CAFR must also satisfy the standards of both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The GFOA Certificate of Achievement and the ASBO Certificate of Excellence are valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the requirements of the GFOA Certificate of Achievement and ASBO Certificate of Excellence programs, and we are submitting it to both associations to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We would like to express our sincere gratitude to the School Board and the administration, whose continuing leadership and support is vital to the fiscal health of the School System. Appreciation is also extended to the personnel in the Finance Department for their dedication to assuring the fiscal integrity of the School System and the preparation of this report.

Respectfully yours,

Kenneth E. Nicely, Ed.D.

Kenned & Vhe

Superintendent

Susan Peterson, MA, CPA, SFO Director of Finance

Roanoke County Public Schools School Board Members June 30, 2019



Mr. Donald T. ButzerChairman
Catawba District



Mr. Timothy D. GreenwayVice-Chairman
Vinton District



Mr. David M. Linden Hollins District



Mr. Jason B. MoretzWindsor Hills District



Mr. Michael A. WrayCave Spring District

Clerk to the BoardMrs. Angela B. Roberson

Roanoke County Public Schools School Administrative Leadership Team June 30, 2019



Dr. Kenneth E. NicelySuperintendent



Dr. Rebecca G. EastwoodAssistant Superintendent of Instruction and Leadership

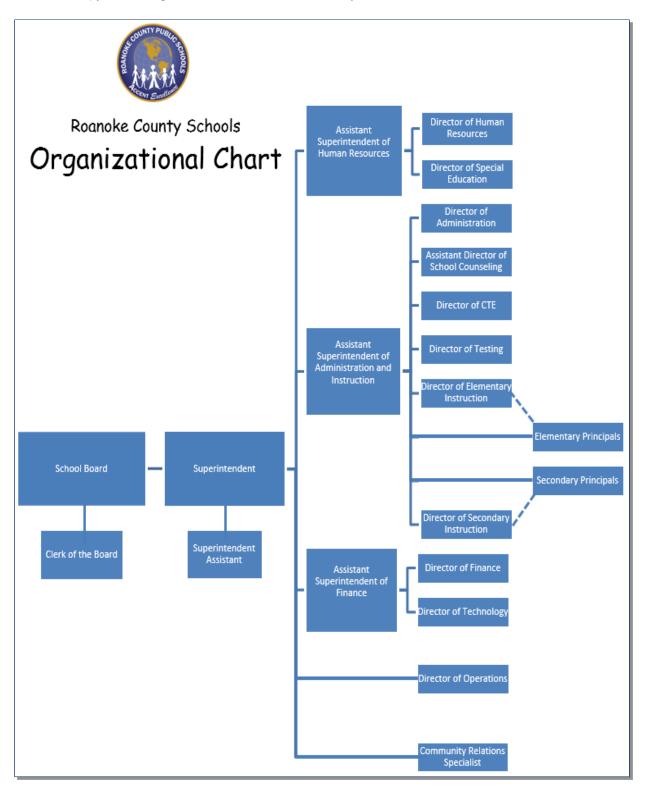


Dr. Jessica M. McClungAssistant Superintendent of
Student Services and Human Resources

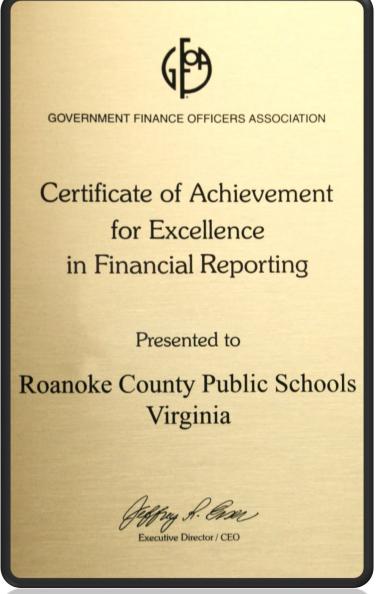
Executive Director of Administration	Dr. Rhonda W. Stegall
Executive Director of Elementary Instruction	Ms. Stephanie M. Hogan
Executive Director of Secondary Instruction	Mr. Michael J. Riley
Director of Assessment and Research	Mr. Ben J. Williams
Director of Career and Technical Education	Mr. Jason D. Suhr
Director of Facilities and Operations	Mr. Mark G. Kitta
Director of Finance	Ms. Susan L. Peterson, MA, CPA, SFO
Director of Human Resources	Mr. James R. Bradshaw
Director of Technology	Mr. Jeff A. Terry
Director of School Counseling	Dr. Shawn D. Hughes
Director of Special Education	Ms. Elisabeth P. Harman

Roanoke County Public Schools Organizational Chart June 30, 2019

Below is a copy of the Organization Structure effective July 1, 2018.



Roanoke County Public Schools Government Finance Officers Association Award June 30, 2019



The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Roanoke County Public Schools for Comprehensive Annual **Financial** Report for the 18th consecutive year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is a prestigious, national award, which recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government CAFRs.

In order to receive a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a CAFR whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal. In addition, this report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.





Roanoke County Public Schools Association of School Business Officials International Award June 30, 2019



The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to Roanoke County Public Schools for its CAFR for the 18th consecutive year ended June 30, 2018. This nationally recognized program was established by ASBO to encourage school business officials to achieve a high standard of financial reporting and accountability. The award is the highest recognition for school division financial operations offered by ASBO, and it is only conferred upon school systems that have met or exceeded the standards of the program. Participation in the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting program validates the School System's commitment to fiscal and financial integrity and enhances the credibility of the School System's operations with the School Board and the community. The program reviews the accounting practices and reporting procedures used by the School System in its CAFR based upon specific standards established within GAAP.

FINANCIAL SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the School Board County of Roanoke, Virginia Roanoke, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roanoke County Public Schools (the "School System"), a component unit of Roanoke County, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School System, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information other than management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School System's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2019 on our consideration of the School System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is soley to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 8, 2019

The management of Roanoke County Public Schools (School System) presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the financial activities of the School System for the year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report, and the School System's basic financial statements and notes thereto, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

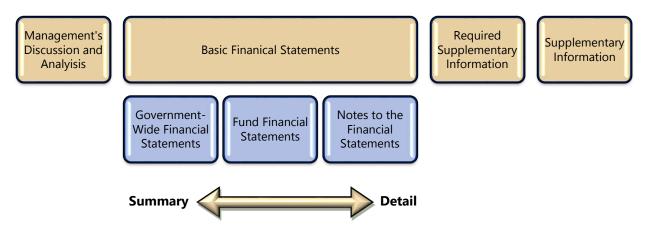
- The total liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded the total assets and deferred outflows of the School System as of June 30, 2019 by \$53.7 million (net position). This net position is a deficit due to recognizing a \$112.6 million liability related to the Virginia Retirement System Pension and \$28.5 million liability related to other postemployment benefits. Of this amount, \$(109.0) million is unrestricted net position (Exhibit A).
- On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the School System had expenses, net of program revenues, of \$110.4 million, which were \$17.3 million less than general revenues of \$127.7 million (Exhibit B).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance for the General Fund was \$7.2 million or 4.9% of total General Fund expenditures for fiscal year 2019 (Exhibits C and E). Based on School Board policy, the fund balance in the General Fund rolls over to the capital fund at year-end so there is no unassigned fund balance at year-end.
- The General Fund, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues in excess of expenditures and other financing sources (uses) by \$1.3 million for fiscal year 2019 (Exhibit E).

OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School System's basic financial statements and is unaudited. The basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. In addition, required supplementary information follows the basic financial statements and related notes, but is unaudited.

The School System's basic financial statements include two types of financial statements, each with a different view of the School System's finances. The focus is on both the School System as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the School System's overall financial position. The fund financial statements focus on the individual funds of the School System, reporting the School System's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Both perspectives (government-wide and fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden the basis of comparison and enhance the School System's accountability.

The financial section of the comprehensive annual financial report consists of the following:



Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements report information about the School System as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The two statements – Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, report the School System's net position and how it has changed during the fiscal year.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (both current and long-term) and deferred inflows of resources. The result is reported in one of the three categories of the net position (Net investment in capital assets, Restricted, or Unrestricted). Over time, increases or decreases in the School System's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. In order to assess the overall financial position of the School System, other non-financial factors must also be considered, however, such as changes in the property tax base of the County of Roanoke, Virginia (the County) and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

The Statement of Activities reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses as soon as the underlying event for recognition occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The School System reports only **governmental activities**, which include the School System's basic services: instruction; administration, attendance and health; transportation; operations and maintenance; technology; facilities; and nutrition. County appropriations and State aid finance the majority of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements (Exhibits A and B) can be found beginning on page 32 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School System funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the system as a whole. The School System utilizes three types of funds:

• Governmental funds: Most of the School System's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how resources flow into and out of these funds and the balances at year-end available to spend in future periods. Consequently, the governmental funds statements (Exhibits C and E) provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader to determine whether there are current financial resources that can be used in the near future to finance the School System's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the

government-wide statements, a reconciliation (Exhibits D and F) is provided immediately following the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between the statements.

- **Proprietary funds**: Services for which the School System charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long and short-term financial information. The School System uses the Internal Service Funds to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the School System on a cost reimbursement basis. The School System uses Internal Service Funds for health insurance, dental insurance, and risk management expenses. (Exhibits G, H, and I)
- **Fiduciary funds**: Assets held either by a trustee or in an agency capacity are reported in fiduciary funds. These funds cannot be used to support the School System's activities and are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities. They are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The School System reports an OPEB Trust and student activity funds as fiduciary funds. (Exhibits J and K)

The fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 34 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements – The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 43 of this report.

Other information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the School System's budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Grant Fund, and Nutrition Fund, along with progress in funding its obligations to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 87 of this report.

Certain additional *supplementary information* is presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Supplementary information includes budgetary comparisons for the Capital Projects Fund and Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund, combining statements for internal service funds, and the statement of changes in fiduciary assets and liabilities. Supplementary information can be found beginning on page 109 of this report.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL SYSTEM

Summary of Net Position – As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table reflects the condensed Summary of Net Position as presented in the government-wide financial statements:

Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

Table 1

	Governmer	Percentage	
	2019	2018	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 45,068,052	\$ 42,223,483	6.7%
Capital assets, net	53,217,047	46,943,444	13.4
Total assets	98,285,099	89,166,927	10.2
Deferred outflows of resources	19,044,139	20,468,559	(7.0)
Current and other liabilities	5,840,823	6,927,570	(15.7)
Long-term liabilities	143,372,510	156,576,173	(8.4)
Total liabilities	149,213,333	163,503,743	(8.7)
Deferred inflows of resources	21,859,055	17,206,066	27.0
Net investment in capital assets	53,217,047	46,943,444	13.4
Restricted	2,000,000	2,086,568	(4.1)
Unrestricted	(108,960,197)	(120,104,335)	(9.3)
Total net position	\$ (53,743,150)	\$ (71,074,323)	(24.4)

For fiscal year 2019, the School System's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$53.7 million. Net position increased \$17.3 million from the prior year balance. A detailed description of the changes in revenues and expenses that create the differences in net position is discussed in the next section.

For fiscal year 2019, \$53.2 million of the School System's net position reflects its *net investment in capital assets* (i.e., land, buildings, furniture and equipment). The School System uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The Commonwealth of Virginia requires counties to issue general obligation debt for all financially dependent component units. The County reports in its basic financial statements the majority of the debt related to the School System's capital assets.

The School System's restricted net position of \$2.0 million represents the emergency fund authorized by the County Board of Supervisors and restricted to use for unexpected revenue shortfalls or unanticipated expenses.

The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* of \$(109.0) million is a result of recognizing the School System's proportionate share of the Virginia Retirement System's (VRS) net pension liability and recognizing the School System's liabilities for other postemployment benefit liabilities.

The School System's net position on hand at the end of a fiscal year is designated for specific uses in funding capital projects in the upcoming year. Thus, increases or decreases in net position typically result from and are in accordance with the adopted plan to provide capital programs in any given year, and fluctuate dollar for dollar with changes in the amount of net capital assets and noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year. Finally, to assess the overall health of the School System, additional non-financial factors need to be considered, such as changes in the property tax base of the County, the condition of the school buildings and equipment, and the supply of and demand for instructional staff.

Summary of Changes in Net Position – The following table presents a condensed summary of changes in net position for governmental activities:

Summary of Changes in Net Position	Table 2
For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	

	Governmental Activities				Percentage
		2019		2018	Change
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	4,427,831	\$	4,563,331	(3.0)%
Operating grants and contributions		31,987,163		31,676,933	1.0%
Capital grants and contributions		8,050,076		3,513,954	129.1%
General revenues:					
County appropriation		70,448,764		69,307,937	1.6%
Non-categorical State aid		56,104,830		53,896,466	4.1%
Miscellaneous		1,153,975		723,560	59.5%
Total revenues		172,172,639		163,682,181	5.2%
Program expenses:					
Instruction		114,886,508		117,622,278	(2.3)%
Administration		3,545,283		3,328,192	6.5%
Attendance and health		2,206,735		2,359,421	(6.5)%
Transportation		5,231,245		5,431,735	(3.7)%
Operations and maintenance		13,296,479		13,860,087	(4.1)%
Technology		7,222,269		6,256,710	15.4%
School nutrition		5,080,060		5,233,734	(2.9)%
Interest		1,172,887		1,226,326	(4.4)%
Payment for Future Capital		2,200,000		5,099,019	(56.9)%
Total expenses		154,841,466		160,417,502	(3.5)%
Change in net position		17,331,173		3,264,679	430.9%
Total net position, beginning of year		(71,074,323)		(74,339,002)	(4.4)%
Total net position, end of year	\$	(53,743,150)	\$	(71,074,323)	(24.4)%

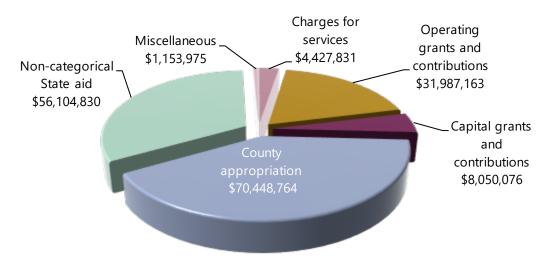
Governmental activities increased the School System's net position by \$17.3 million. Revenues for governmental activities increased \$8.5 million (5.2%) and total expenses decreased \$5.6 million (3.5%) when compared to the prior year.

The County appropriation and general State aid accounted for most of the School System revenue, contributing 82¢ of every dollar of expenses. The remaining 18¢ of every dollar of expenses are funded with Federal and State aid for specific programs, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues.

Most of the School System's expenses, or 87¢ of every dollar spent, are directly related to the provision of services to students, including classroom instruction, attendance and health, transportation, technology, and nutrition. The balance of every dollar spent goes for administrative costs (2¢), operations and maintenance (9¢), and interest and other charges for the school portion of County debt payments on school construction and renovations (2¢).

<u>Governmental Activities – Reven</u>ues

Revenues of the governmental activities are shown by category below:



Charges for services, which were 2.6% of total government revenues, include school breakfast and lunch sales, tuition fees, Medicaid reimbursements, and other miscellaneous fees for services provided. These revenues decreased \$135,500 from prior year primarily due to a slight decrease in cafeteria a la carte sales as well as a slight decrease in Medicaid reimbursements.

Operating grants and contributions, which were 18.6% of total government revenues, include 52.3% for non-Basic Aid Standards of Quality State revenues, 17.4% for Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and Titles I, II and III Federal grants, 8.9% for State and Federal nutrition funding, and 21.4% for State supplemental support for operating costs. These revenues increased \$310,230 from prior year primarily due to increases through additional assistance, a full reimbursement of E-rate reimbursement requests, and increased revenue for Regional Special Education services.

Capital grants and contributions, which were 4.7% of total government revenues, include state technology grants and capital transfers from the County. These revenues increased \$4.5 million from prior year primarily from a County transfer of net school buildings related to debt payoff for tenancy in common assets in the current year.

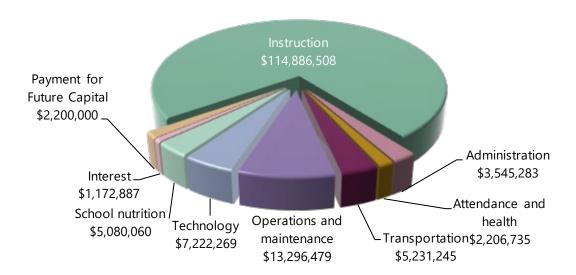
County appropriation, which is the largest funding source at 40.9% of total government revenues, includes local County support which is based on a revenue sharing formula. These revenues increased \$1.1 million from prior year and include a transfer of bond proceeds for capital projects.

State aid, which was 32.6% of total government revenues, includes State sales tax and the Basic Aid Standards of Quality State revenues. These revenues increased \$2.2 million from prior year primarily due to an increase in Basic Aid.

Miscellaneous, which was 0.6% of total government revenues, includes investment income, soft drink commissions, rebates and refunds, donations, gain on sale of assets, and other miscellaneous items. These revenues increased \$430,415 related to a laptop warranty reimbursement and an increase in interest revenue earned.

<u>Governmental Activities – Expenses</u>

Expenses of the governmental activities are shown by functional area below:



Instruction, which was 74.2% of total government expenses, includes activities and programs to prepare all students to be productive citizens in a democratic and diverse society while enabling them to meet established standards of achievement and foster life-long learning. These expenses decreased \$2.7 million from prior year, primarily related to a reduced health care claims experience in the current year.

Administration, which was 2.3% of total government expenses, includes executive administration, personnel services, fiscal services, board services, reprographic services, planning services, and information services. These expenses increased \$217,091 from prior year.

Attendance and health, which was 1.4% of total government expenses, includes health, psychological, and attendance services. These expenses decreased \$152,686 from prior year.

Transportation, which was 3.4% of total government expenses, includes vehicle operation, monitoring, and maintenance services. These expenses decreased \$200,490 from prior year.

Operations and maintenance, which was 8.6% of total government expenses, includes custodial, maintenance, utilities, and security services for buildings and grounds at all 27 schools, central office, maintenance, garage, and warehouse. These expenses decreased \$563,608 from prior year.

Technology, which was 4.7% of total government expenses, includes noncapital equipment, software, operating and maintenance costs for all classrooms, administration, and attendance and health. These expenses increased \$1.0 million from prior year.

Nutrition, which was 3.3% of total government expenses, includes all costs associated with operating and maintaining school cafeterias. These expenses decreased \$153,674 from prior year.

Interest, which was 0.7% of total government expenses, includes a portion of the School System's \$4.1 million transfer to the County for debt service. The portion reflected for interest mirrors the ratio of interest to principal plus interest paid in total by the County on total School Debt. The proportionate share decreased \$53,439 from prior year.

Payment for future capital, which was 1.4% of total government expenses, includes a transfer to the County for the joint funding of future debt related to the Capital Improvement Plan. These expenses remained level between fiscal year 2018 and 2019. In addition, in the prior year it included the principal portion of the School System's \$4.1 million transfer to the County for debt service. The decrease of \$2.9 in this line relates to the current year allocation of the principal portion to the other functions.

<u>Governmental Activities – Total Cost and Net Cost</u>

Table 3 presents the cost of the School System's functions and shows the net cost (total expenses less program revenues). The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the taxpayers by each of these functions.

Total Cost and Net Cost of Governmental Activities For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Table 3

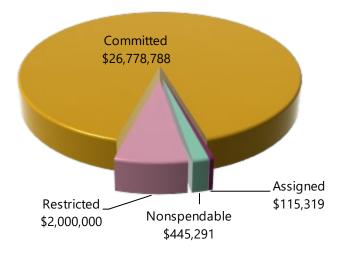
	Total Cost	of Services	Percent	Net Cost of Services			Percent	
	2019	2018	Change		2019		2018	Change
Instruction	\$ 114,886,508	\$ 117,622,278	(2.3)%	\$	83,052,975	\$	83,663,306	(0.7)%
Administration	3,545,283	3,328,192	6.5%		3,545,283		3,328,192	6.5%
Attendance								
and health	2,206,735	2,359,421	(6.5)%		2,206,735		2,359,421	(6.5)%
Transportation	5,231,245	5,431,735	(3.7)%		5,231,245	231,245 5,43		(3.7)%
Operations and								
maintenance	13,296,479	13,860,087	(4.1)%		6,301,770		13,721,393	(54.1)%
Technology	7,222,269	6,256,710	15.4%		7,222,269		6,256,710	15.4%
School nutrition	5,080,060	5,233,734	(2.9)%		(556,768)		(422,818)	31.7%
Interest	1,172,887	1,226,326	(4.4)%		1,172,887		1,226,326	(4.4)%
Payment for								
future capital	2,200,000	5,099,019	(56.9)%		2,200,000		5,099,019	(56.9)%
Total								
expenses	\$ 154,841,466	\$ 160,417,502	(3.5)%	\$	110,376,396	\$	120,663,284	(8.5)%

Key elements of total and net cost of governmental activities during fiscal year 2019 were as follows:

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$154.8 million.
- Roanoke County citizens paid for these activities through local taxes in the amount of \$70.4 million.
- Some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$4.4 million), entitlements from State and Federal aid (\$32.0 million), and other receipts for capital investments (\$8.1 million).

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUNDS

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds consist of the General Fund, Grant Fund, Nutrition Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, and account for the general operations of the School System. As noted earlier, the School System uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the School System's governmental funds is on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. As such, these funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.



As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School System's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$29.3 million, an increase of \$3.1 million in comparison with fiscal year 2018. Of this amount, 1.5% constitutes *nonspendable fund balance*, which reflects inventories that are in a non-liquid form and cannot be spent; 6.8% constitutes *restricted fund balance*, which is externally restricted for an emergency contingency fund; 91.3% constitutes *committed fund balance*, which is designated for future capital projects in accordance with the adopted Use of Year-End Balance policy; and 0.4% constitutes *assigned fund balance*, which is designated for outstanding operating encumbrances at year-end.

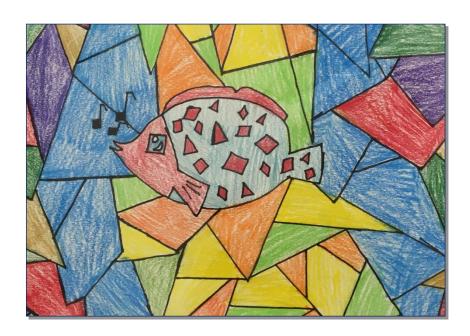
The General Fund is the primary operating fund used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$1.3 million. During fiscal year 2019, pursuant to School Board approval, the Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund was closed and the prior year fund balance of \$1.2 million was transferred to the General Fund.

The Grant Fund is used to account for Federal, State, and local grants restricted for specified school purposes by the grantor. During fiscal year 2019, Federal grant funding decreased by \$313,087 related to decreases in IDEA, Title I, and Title II Federal funding.

The Nutrition Fund is used to account for the preparation and serving of student breakfasts and lunches. At the end of the fiscal year, the Nutrition Fund balance reflected \$277,392 in nonspendable fund balance for nutrition inventory consisting of USDA Commodities, purchased food, and other supplies used to serve meals. The fund balance also consisted of \$3.7 million in committed fund balance for nutrition operations. The overall fund balance of the fund increased by \$740,419 from the prior year primarily due to an increase in participation rates for the free and reduced meal programs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities not funded through debt issuance. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Capital Projects Fund balance consisted of \$15.9 million committed for future school capital projects. The fund balance increased by \$1.2 million related to an increase in transfers from the General Fund during the year as a result of the Year-End Balance policy and prior year allocation.

Proprietary Funds – The School System's Internal Service Funds, a proprietary fund type, is presented on the same basis as the government-wide financial statements but is presented in more detail in the fund financial statements. Unrestricted net position of the health insurance, dental insurance, risk management, and laptop insurance reserve funds at the end of the year amounted to \$7.7 million. The increase (decrease) in net position for the health insurance, dental insurance, and risk management funds were \$1.5 million, \$13,608, and \$60,360, respectively. During fiscal year 2019, pursuant to School Board approval, the Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund was closed and the prior year fund balance of \$1.2 million was transferred to the General Fund. The remaining change resulted smaller health insurance claims expenses than prior year offset by an increase in reinsurance costs, wellness, and HRA subsidies.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The School System budget is prepared in accordance with the *Code of Virginia*. Table 4 presents a condensed version of the budgetary comparison of the original budget, final budget, and actual amounts for fiscal year 2019.

Budgetary Highlights - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 4

	Original Budget		Original Budget		Final Budget			Actual
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental-Roanoke County	\$	68,844,764	\$	70,448,764	\$	70,448,764		
Intergovernmental-State and Federal		79,486,563		79,607,985		80,844,550		
Other		1,417,961		1,323,400		1,884,777		
Total		149,749,288		151,380,149		153,178,091		
Expenditures	((149,477,355)	((154,398,411)	((147,886,181)		
Other financing sources		43,000		43,000		65,782		
Transfers out		(944,227)		(5,203,649)		(4,076,821)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (629,294)		\$	(8,178,911)	\$	1,280,871		

During the year, the School System amended the original budget primarily for the following purposes:

- To reappropriate monies to pay for commitments in the form of encumbrances established prior to June 30, 2018 but not paid by that date.
- To reappropriate grants, donations and other revenues authorized in fiscal year 2018 or earlier, but not expended or encumbered as of June 30, 2018.
- To appropriate grants, donations, and other revenues accepted or adjusted in fiscal year 2019 when official notice of approval was received.
- To appropriate the designated General Fund balance to capital projects.

The increase in the amended budget revenues of \$1.6 million is related to the transfer of additional funds from the County for comprehensive services.

Actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$1.8 million. The variance primarily relates to slightly higher SOQ-based revenues than budgeted, E-rate reimbursements received higher than budgeted, a larger Medicaid reimbursement than budgeted, and recognition of more investment income than budgeted.

Actual expenditures were less than the final budget by \$6.5 million. The positive variances were primarily related to unused allocation of emergency funds and personnel savings.

The School Board and County Board of Supervisors have a jointly adopted financial policy designating yearend balances for major and minor capital projects.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LEASES

At the end of the fiscal year, the School System had land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress in governmental activities with a total historical cost of \$143.1 million. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets was \$89.9 million. Table 5 shows capital asset balances (net of accumulated depreciation) for fiscal years 2019 and 2018. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation As of June 30, 2019 and 2018

Table 5

		Governmen	Percentage		
	2019			2018	Change
Land	\$ 5,683,473		\$	5,683,473	0.0%
Construction in progress		3,585,325		1,663,592	115.5%
Buildings and improvements		32,940,554		28,891,274	14.0%
Furniture and equipment		11,007,695		10,705,105	2.8%
Totals	\$	53,217,047	\$	46,943,444	13.4%

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$2.4 million spent for the commencement or continuation of construction in progress
 - Building renovation at Cave Spring High School
 - o Athletic field turf replacement at Glenvar High School
- \$10.4 million recognized for capitalizing the following projects
 - \$6.9 million transfer from the County for the Bonsack, Burlington, and Clearbrook Elementary Schools improvement projects related to current year debt payoff for tenancyin-common assets
 - \$1.5 million for the purchase of sixteen school buses
 - \$836,678 for network switches and conference room kits
 - \$372,300 for gymnasium A/C units at Hidden Valley Middle School and William Byrd High School
 - \$301,913 for 60 active panels at Cave Spring High School
 - \$148,634 for an emergency access road at William Byrd High School
 - o \$131,091 for print shop equipment
 - \$40,053 for fences at Burlington Elementary School and William Byrd High School
 - \$25,429 for a CNS plasma cutting system
 - o \$24,776 for three mowers
 - \$23,255 for a generator and monitoring system

During fiscal year 2014 and each of the subsequent years, the School System entered into a lease agreement as a lessee for grade-level laptops. Although each agreement is for a five-year term, it is subject to approval of available funds on an annual basis. Under the lease agreement, the School System pays annual rent, which is \$1.8 million.

Roanoke County Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS FINANCED THROUGH DEBT

According to the *Code of Virginia*, when a local government incurs a financial obligation payable over more than one fiscal year to fund an acquisition, construction or improvement of public school property, the local government acquires title to the school property as a tenant in common with the local school board for the term of the financial obligation. For financial reporting purposes, the local government may report the school property and related financial obligation. At the time the financial obligation is paid in full, the net value of the school property is transferred to the school board as program revenue and expense on the government-wide financial statements for the School System and County, respectively. As of June 30, 2019, the County's government-wide financial statements included school capital assets and related debt outstanding of \$193.7 million and \$91.9 million, respectively related to tenancy in common assets.

FACTORS INFLUENCING FUTURE BUDGETS

Key factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- Uncertainty of Federal spending in the Commonwealth of Virginia, particularly in the Northern Virginia and Hampton Roads areas with heavy military and Federal contractor presence
- Increasing Federal requirements for student and school achievement related to Federal legislation
- Declining student enrollments and the related impact on State and local funding
- Projected increases in retirement contribution rates assessed by the Virginia Retirement System (the VRS)
- Challenge to pay competitive salaries for recruitment and retention of high quality employees
- Increasing cost of healthcare
- Increasing cost of special education services related to the Comprehensive Services Act (CSA) and potential for reductions in shared CSA funding



The Commonwealth of Virginia (the Commonwealth) continues to initiate actions that are expected to impact the school budget in future years. Through changes in certain actuarial assumptions for the VRS sponsored retirement plans, which were affected by legislation passed by the General Assembly, the Commonwealth was able to defer rate increases requested by the VRS Trustees, and an increase in the local employer share of these pension contributions was similarly deferred. The legislation required that this deferral of costs begin to be replenished in fiscal year 2012 and continue until fully replenished in fiscal year 2021. Ultimately, it is expected that there will be significant increases in the local employer costs to be funded in order to meet the future payment obligations under the VRS plan. The 2019 expenditures reflect the increased pension costs necessary for this replenishment.

Roanoke County Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

ECONOMIC FACTORS

During fiscal year 2019, the Commonwealth's economy continued to reflect slow, but steady growth. Sales tax collections, representing 10.3% of the School System's budget, were stable with the preceding year reflecting negligible improvement in personal consumption. Revenues from the Commonwealth, including sales taxes, represent 52.5% of the General Fund budget for fiscal year 2019, which is slightly higher than 2018 but still lower than pre-2009 funding levels.

The County provided approximately 46.5% of the School System's operating budget needs in fiscal year 2019. Virginia education funding reductions continue to place a burden on the local government to fund the existing educational programs and services and have a direct impact on the School System's ability to sustain the quality of education expected by our citizens. The County is experiencing slow revenue growth in the local tax base, further challenging the ability to maintain existing school and county services.



REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

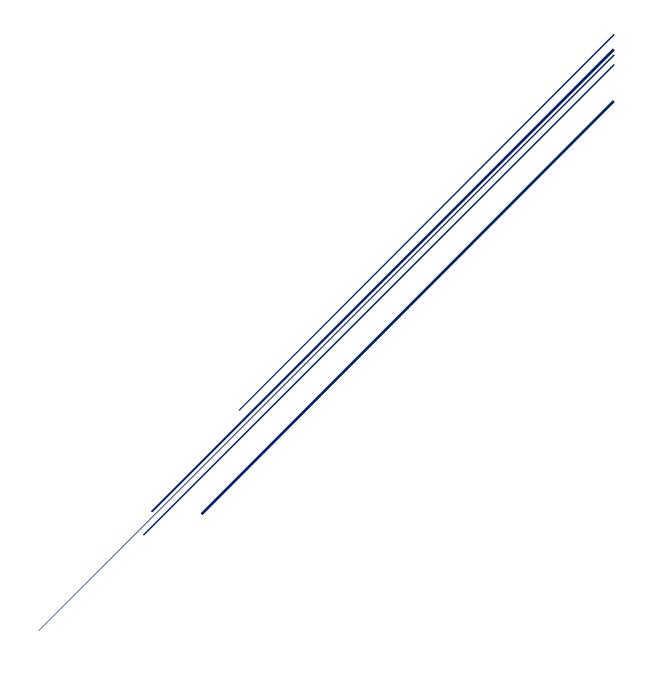
This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and customers with a general overview of the School System's finances and to demonstrate the School System's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to:

Director of Finance

Roanoke County Public Schools 5937 Cove Road, Roanoke Virginia 24019 (540) 562-3900

https://www.rcps.us/Page/1700

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 27,273,930
Investments (Note 2)	11,902,627
Accounts receivable	441,647
Due from other governments (Note 3)	3,112,820
Inventory	445,291
Prepaid and other assets	46,875
Net asset from pension (Note 10)	1,844,862
Capital assets (Note 5):	0.260.700
Land and construction in progress	9,268,798
Other capital assets, net Capital assets, net	43,948,249
Total assets	53,217,047 98,285,099
Total assets	90,203,099
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension (Note 10)	15,955,485
Other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System (Note 11)	2,065,548
Other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools (Note 12)	1,023,106
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,044,139
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	2,105,933
Accrued liabilities	879,050
Unearned revenues (Note 7)	286,050
Long-term liabilities due or payable within one year:	
Claims payable (Note 9)	1,841,232
Compensated absences (Note 8)	728,558
Long-term liabilities due or payable after one year:	
Claims payable (Note 9)	507,591
Compensated absences (Note 8)	1,754,774
Net liability from pension (Note 10)	112,596,000
Net liability from other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System (Note 11)	18,502,000
Net liability from other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools (Note 12	
Total liabilities	149,213,333
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension (Note 10)	15,911,541
Other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System (Note 11)	1,161,000
Other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools (Note 12)	4,786,514
Total deferred inflows of resources	21,859,055
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	53,217,047
Restricted for emergency contingency	2,000,000
Unrestricted deficit	(108,960,197)
Total net position	\$ (53,743,150)

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			F	Proa	ram Revenue	es		Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position
					Operating		Capital	
		c	harges for		Grants and	G	Frants and	Governmental
	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions	Activities
Functions/Programs								
Instruction	\$ 114,886,508	\$	1,572,987	\$	29,129,513	\$	1,131,033	\$ (83,052,975)
Support services:								
Administration	3,545,283		-		-		-	(3,545,283)
Attendance and health	2,206,735		-		-		-	(2,206,735)
Transportation	5,231,245		-		-		-	(5,231,245)
Operations and maintenance	13,296,479		75,666		-		6,919,043	(6,301,770)
Technology	7,222,269		-		-		-	(7,222,269)
Nutrition	5,080,060		2,779,178		2,857,650		-	556,768
Interest	1,172,887		-		-		-	(1,172,887)
Payment for future capital	2,200,000		-		-		-	(2,200,000)
Total governmental activities	\$ 154,841,466	\$	4,427,831	\$	31,987,163	\$	8,050,076	(110,376,396)
	General revenues	;:						
	Roanoke Coun	ty						70,448,764
	Non-categoric	al St	ate aid					56,104,830
	Gain on sale of	ass	ets					85,021
	Miscellaneous							1,068,954
	Total genera	rev	enues					127,707,569
	Change in ne	t po	sition					17,331,173
	Total net p	ositi	on, beginning	l				(71,074,323)
	Total net p	ositi	on, ending					\$ (53,743,150)

Roanoke County Public Schools Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		General		Grant		Nutrition		Capital	Total Governmental Funds
Assets		General		Grant		Nutrition		Projects	runas
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	5,175,562 3,546,360	\$	-	\$	2,274,613 1,558,610	\$	9,920,353 6,797,657	\$ 17,370,528 11,902,627
Accounts receivable		138,709		-		19,137		-	157,846
Due from other governments		2,406,142		706,678		-		-	3,112,820
Due from other fund		451,655		-		-		-	451,655
Inventory		167,899		-		277,392		-	445,291
Prepaid and other assets		-		46,875		-		-	46,875
Total assets	\$	11,886,327	\$	753,553	\$	4,129,752	\$	16,718,010	\$ 33,487,642
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	1,126,833	\$	145,967	\$	5,662	\$	827,471	\$ 2,105,933
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	671,665	Ψ	37,262	Ψ	5,835	Ψ	-	714,762
Unearned revenues		38,203		118,669		129,178		_	286,050
Due to other fund		-		451,655		-		_	451,655
Total liabilities		1,836,701		753,553		140,675		827,471	3,558,400
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue		589,844		_		-		-	589,844
Total deferred inflows of									
resources		589,844							589,844
Fund balances									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory		167,899		-		277,392		-	445,291
Restricted for:									
Emergency contingency Committed to:		2,000,000		-		-		-	2,000,000
Capital projects		4,848,307		-		-		15,890,539	20,738,846
Bus replacements		926,878		-		-		-	926,878
Instructional resources		1,401,379		-		-		-	1,401,379
Nutrition		-		-		3,711,685		-	3,711,685
Assigned to:									
Instruction		16,199		-		-		-	16,199
Administration		93,700		-		-		-	93,700
Operations and maintenance		5,420		-		-		-	5,420
Total fund balances		9,459,782		-		3,989,077		15,890,539	29,339,398
Total liabilities, deferred									
inflows of resources, and									
fund balances	\$	11,886,327	\$	753,553	\$	4,129,752	\$	16,718,010	\$ 33,487,642

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Roanoke County Public Schools Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit C)

\$ 29,339,398

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Internal service funds are used to charge the cost of health, dental, and workers' compensation insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit G).

7,674,092

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (Note 5).

53,217,047

Revenues earned but not considered available are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (Note 7).

589,844

Long-term assets or liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as assets or liabilities in the governmental funds:

Net asset from pension (Note 10)	1,844,862
Compensated absences (Note 8)	(2,483,332)
Net liability from pension (Note 10)	(112,596,000)
Net liability from other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System (Note 11)	(18,502,000)
Net liability from other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools (Note 12)	(10,012,145)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:

Deferred outflows of resources:

Pension (Note 10)	15,955,485
Other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System (Note 11)	2,065,548
Other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools (Note 12)	1,023,106

Deferred inflows of resources:

Pension (Note 10)	(15,911,541)
Other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System (Note 11)	(1,161,000)
Other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools (Note 12)	(4,786,514)

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$ (53,743,150)
-----------------------------------------------------	-----------------

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General		Grant	ı	Nutrition		Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	General		Grant		<u> </u>	-	riojects	Tulius
Intergovernmental:								
Roanoke County	\$ 70,448,764	\$	-	\$	-	\$	405,032	\$ 70,853,796
Commonwealth of Virginia	79,544,600		872,768		118,849		-	80,536,217
Federal government	1,299,950		4,742,037		2,746,097		-	8,788,084
Charges for services	1,138,576		-		2,779,178		-	3,917,754
Investment income	367,866		-		64,203		-	432,069
Miscellaneous	378,335		9,865		20,297		50,000	458,497
Total revenues	153,178,091		5,624,670		5,728,624		455,032	164,986,417
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction	109,084,465		5,499,704		-		7,365	114,591,534
Administration	3,449,231		-		-		14,523	3,463,754
Attendance and health	2,257,322		32,942		-		-	2,290,264
Transportation	7,022,008		-		-		-	7,022,008
Operations and maintenance	12,029,304		-		-		1,027,140	13,056,444
Technology	7,545,530		178,592		-		432,500	8,156,622
Nutrition	908		-		5,002,186		-	5,003,094
Debt service:								
Principal	2,952,458		-		-		-	2,952,458
Interest	1,172,887		-		-		-	1,172,887
Payment for future capital	2,200,000		-		-		-	2,200,000
Capital outlay	172,068		-		-		3,118,539	3,290,607
Total expenditures	147,886,181		5,711,238		5,002,186		4,600,067	163,199,672
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	5,291,910	-	(86,568)		726,438		(4,145,035)	1,786,745
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sale of property	65,782		-		13,981		5,258	85,021
Transfers in	1,247,601		-		-		5,324,422	6,572,023
Transfers out	(5,324,422)		-		-		-	(5,324,422)
Total other financing sources								
(uses), net	(4,011,039)		-		13,981		5,329,680	1,332,622
Net change in fund balances	1,280,871		(86,568)		740,419		1,184,645	3,119,367
Total fund balances, beginning	8,178,911	,	86,568		3,248,658		14,705,894	26,220,031
Total fund balances, ending	\$ 9,459,782	\$	-	\$	3,989,077	\$	15,890,539	\$ 29,339,398

Roanoke County Public Schools

Exhibit F

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)

\$ 3,119,367

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of health, dental, and workers' compensation insurance to individual funds. The change in net position of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities (Exhibit H).

301,174

- ... - . -

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate the cost of those assets over the life of the assets (Note 5).

Capital outlay	5,403,517
Capital donated by County, Schools, and Parent Organizations	6,919,043
Depreciation expense	(6,040,572)
Loss on sale of assets	(8,385)

Revenues earned but not considered available in the Statement of Activities are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. This is the amount by which the current year amount exceeds the prior year available resources (Note 7).

(13,694)

Expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated absences (Note 8)

281,146

Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense (Note 10).

Deferred outflows of resources	(1,832,384)
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	8,457,910

Governmental funds report other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of other postemployment benefit provided by Virginia Retirement System benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense (Note 11).

Deferred outflows of resources	215,870
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	87,000

Governmental funds report other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of other postemployment benefit provided by Roanoke County Public Schools benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense (Note 12).

Deferred outflows of resources	192,094
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	249,087

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

\$ 17,331,173

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Internal
	Service Funds
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,903,402
Accounts receivable	283,801
Total assets	10,187,203
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	164,288
Claims payable	1,841,232_
Total current liabilities	2,005,520
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Claims payable	507,591
Total noncurrent liabilities	507,591
Total liabilities	2,513,111
Net Position	
Unrestricted	7,674,092
Total net position	\$ 7,674,092

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Internal
One wating very and	Service Funds
Operating revenues	¢ 10,006.46E
Charges for services	<u>\$ 19,986,465</u> 19,986,465
Total operating revenues	19,986,465
Operating expenses	
Claims	16,199,971
Reinsurance costs	706,273
Wellness and HRA benefits	1,472,938
Administrative charges and taxes	254,360
Total operating expenses	18,633,542
Operating income	1,352,923
Nonoperating revenues	
Interest and dividend income	195,852
Net nonoperating revenues	195,852
Income before transfers	1,548,775
Transfers	
Transfers out	(1,247,601)
Net transfers	(1,247,601)
Change in net position	301,174
Total net position, beginning	7,372,918
Total net position, ending	\$ 7,674,092

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Internal
	Service Funds
Operating activities	
Cash received from interfund services provided	\$ 20,158,809
Payments to suppliers	(1,046,226)
Payments from suppliers	8,822
Claims paid	(16,490,974)
Other payments	(1,345,807)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,284,624
Noncapital financing activities	
Transfers from other funds	125,011
Transfers to other funds	(1,372,612)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(1,247,601)
Investing activities	
Interest and dividend income	195,852
Net cash provided by investing activities	195,852
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	232,875
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	9,670,527
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 9,903,402
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income	\$ 1,352,923
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	, , , , , , , ,
Decrease (increase) in assets:	
Accounts receivable	172,344
Prepaid and other assets	127,131
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	
Accounts payable	(75,985)
Accrued liabilities	(786)
Claims payable	(291,003)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,284,624

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	OPEB Trust	Agency
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 2,262,699
Investments held by trustee, at fair value		
Other pooled funds	962,720	-
Total assets	\$ 962,720	\$ 2,262,699
Liabilities		
Due to student groups	\$ -	\$ 2,262,699
Total liabilities	 -	\$ 2,262,699
Net Position		
Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits	\$ 962,720	

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	OPEB Trust
Additions	
Employer contributions	\$ 92,290
Investment income:	
Increase in fair value of investments	34,856
Interest and dividends	478
Less investment expenses	 (1,370)
Total additions	126,254
Deductions	
Net increase in net position	126,254
Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits, beginning	 836,466
Net position restricted for other postemployment benefits, ending	\$ 962,720

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Roanoke County Public Schools (School System) was established in 1870 to provide educational opportunities to the residents of the County of Roanoke, Virginia (County). The accounting policies of the School System conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

Roanoke County Public Schools is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia that operates sixteen elementary schools, five middle schools, five high schools, and one specialty center. The members of the School Board are elected by the citizens of their magisterial district to serve four-year terms. The School Board is responsible for setting the educational policies of the School System and employs a superintendent to implement the School Board's policies. The mission of the School System is to provide a safe, nurturing, and engaging environment in which students are empowered by knowledge, skills, and experiences to thrive as tomorrow's leaders, workforce, and citizens.

The School System is a component unit of the County because it is fiscally dependent on the County as operations are funded significantly by transfers from the County's General Fund. Specifically, the County Board of Supervisors approves the School System's budget, levies the necessary taxes to finance operations, and issues debt on behalf of the School System. During the current year, the County provided \$70,448,764 of operating support and \$405,032 of capital support to the School System and made debt service payments of \$11,348,327 on behalf of the School System.

FINANCIAL REPORTING MODEL

GAAP establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for general purpose external financial reporting by state and local governments. The School System's basic financial statements include the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Basic Financial Statements, and related footnotes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis – GAAP requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis. This analysis is similar to what the private sector provides in its annual reports.

Government-wide Financial Statements – These statements report on all activities of the School System, except for the fiduciary funds.

The **Statement of Net Position** is designed to display the financial position of the School System on the accrual basis of accounting. This approach incorporates capital assets and long-term liabilities. The School System's net position is presented in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

The **Statement of Activities** is designed to demonstrate the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. *Direct Expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program Revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which the School System's functions are self-financing or draw from the general revenues of the School System.

Fund Financial Statements – These statements provide information about the School System's funds, including its fiduciary funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All of the School System's funds are considered major governmental funds.

The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the School System:

Governmental Funds account for expendable financial resources. The individual major governmental funds are:

- The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *Grant Fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for proceeds of specific grants that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.
- The *Nutrition Fund* is a special revenue fund used to account for activities of the nutrition program.
- The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by the General Fund.

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The individual proprietary funds are:

• The Internal Service Funds account for employee health, dental, and risk management and are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held either by a trustee or by the School System in an agency capacity. The individual fiduciary funds are:

- The OPEB Trust Fund was created in fiscal year 2012 to account for assets held for and costs of other postemployment benefits.
- The Agency Fund accounts for monies held in a custodial capacity on behalf of the student activity funds in each school.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. *Measurement focus* indicates the type of resources being measured, such as economic resources or current financial resources. The *basis of accounting* determines when transactions or events are reported in the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when earned, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Expenses are recognized when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are when services are provided and used. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual; that is when they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Grant and other reimbursement-based revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available if collected within 30 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when liability is incurred, except for compensated absences and capital lease obligations, which are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due.

As a result of the different measurement focus and basis of accounting used in preparing the government-wide statements versus the governmental fund financial statements, a reconciliation between the government-wide and fund financial statements is necessary. The reconciliations are presented immediately following the fund financial statements. As part of the reconciliation process, non-departmental indirect expenditures are allocated to functional expenses based on a percent of functional expenses. Some functions classified under support services include expenses that are, in essence, indirect expenses of instructional functions. However, the School System does not allocate those indirect expenses to the instructional program.



Proprietary Fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. These statements distinguish operating from nonoperating revenues and expenses wherein operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Specifically, operating revenues include charges to departments, employees, and students for insurance premiums and operating expenses include insurance claims and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School System's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Fiduciary Fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. However, the agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Budgetary Process – Demonstrating compliance with the legally adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. The School System and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The School System adopts annual budgets for the General Fund, Grant Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Nutrition Fund. Additional budgets for the Capital Projects Fund are approved by the School Board during the fiscal year as funding is identified and designated for capital projects.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – The School System's cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Agency fund cash and cash equivalents are maintained by school principals.



Deposits and Investments – All non-fiduciary monies of the

School System are deposited with the County Treasurer in a pool of bank accounts and are used to purchase investments which are specifically allocated to the appropriate funds. Short-term investments are stated at cost (which approximates fair value) or at quoted market prices for all debt securities.

Each fund with monies deposited in the pooled accounts has an equity interest therein. Interest earned is allocated based on average monthly balance. Monies that are legally required to be maintained individually, such as trust balances and contractor escrows, are deposited and maintained in individual segregated bank accounts. The OPEB trust fund's other pooled funds represent cash and investments held by the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund (OPEB Trust Fund) sponsored by the Virginia Municipal League and the Virginia Association of Counties (VML/VACo).

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from individual schools, self-insurance prescription reimbursements, facility rentals passed through individual schools, refunds, interest, and other various immaterial amounts due for fiscal year 2019. All accounts are deemed collectible.

Due from Other Governments – Revenue from specific-purpose Federal, State, and other grants, which are provided to fund specific program expenditures, is recognized at the time the specific program expenditures are incurred and have met all eligibility requirements for reimbursement. Revenue from general-purpose grants is recognized in the period to which the grant applies.

Interfund Balances and Transfers – In the governmental funds' financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from interfund loans are referred to as due to or due from other funds. These amounts are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flow of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds.

Inventory – General Fund inventories consist of fuel and vehicle parts and are offset by nonspendable fund balance. Fuel inventory is valued at cost using the first-in first-out method, while vehicle parts are valued at cost using the average cost method. Nutrition fund inventories consist of USDA Commodities, purchased food, and other supplies used to serve meals and are offset by committed fund balance. These inventories are valued at cost using the first-in first-out method. The cost of all inventories is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than purchased.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School System as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life exceeding three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or estimated historical cost if constructed. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received. The School System includes the cost of certain intangible assets with a definite life in the appropriate asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	10 years
Furniture and equipment	3 – 20 years

Major additions, including those that significantly prolong a capital asset's economic life or expand usefulness, are capitalized. Normal repairs that merely maintain the asset in its present condition are recorded as expenditures and are not capitalized.

According to the *Code of Virginia*, when a local government incurs a financial obligation payable over more than one fiscal year to fund an acquisition, construction, or improvement of public school property, the local government acquires title to the school property as a tenant in common with the local school board for the term of the financial obligation. For financial reporting purposes, the local government may report the school property and related financial obligation. At the time the financial obligation is paid in full, the net value of the school property is transferred to the school board as program revenue and expense on the government-wide financial statements for the School System and County, respectively.

Deferred Outflows of Resources – This represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period when the expense will be recognized. In the government-wide statement, amounts relate to the Pension Plan, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program, Group Life Insurance Program, and the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The amount includes changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual experience, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date for these benefits. Changes in deferred outflows of resources, except contributions subsequent to the measurement date, are amortized over the remaining service life of all plan participants.

Compensated Absences – The School System has a policy to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of vacation and sick leave. Amounts of such leave are accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts, including the related social security and Medicare tax withholdings, is reported in the governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Pollution and Remediation – Upon the demolition or renovation of aged school buildings, ceiling and floor tiles containing asbestos are removed and abated in accordance with Federal regulations promulgated by the Environmental Protection Agency. A pollution and remediation obligation is recognized as a payable upon commencement of such projects and the costs are recognized when incurred.

Pension Plan – The School System participates in the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Retirement Plan (Teacher Plan), which is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. In addition, the School System participates in the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan (Non-Professional Plan), which is a multi-employer, agent plan. Defined benefit pension plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current service costs and amortization of the unfunded accrued liability.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Plan (and Non-Professional Plan) and the additions to/deductions from the Teacher Plan's (and Non-Professional Plan's) net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program – The VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers.

For purposes of measuring the net Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, and the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Group Life Insurance Program – The VRS Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers.

For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, and Group Life Insurance Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Group Life Insurance Program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis

as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits Plan – The School System participates in an other postemployment benefits plan through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits are set by the School Board and subject to change through board action.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Retiree Medical Plan, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position, the School System recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – When an asset is recorded in governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, it is reported as a deferred inflow of resources until it becomes available. In the government-wide statement, amounts relate to the Pension Plan, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program, Group Life Insurance Program, and the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The amount includes changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual experience, the net difference between projected and actual investment earning, changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date for these benefits. Changes in deferred outflows of resources, except contributions subsequent to the measurement date, are amortized over the remaining service life of all plan participants.

In the governmental fund statement, sales tax revenues collected in August are included in total due from other governments and since the availability criterion of 30 days has not been met, it is recorded as a deferred inflows of resources rather than as a revenue.

Debt Service – The School System makes payments to the County to fund a portion of the principal and interest for tenancy in common assets and to fund future capital needs.

Encumbrances – The School System uses encumbrance accounting, wherein purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end represent the estimated amount of expenditures if unperformed contracts and open purchase orders in process are completed. Funding for all encumbrances lapses at year-end and reappropriation is required by the County Board of Supervisors with the exception of capital project fund encumbrances.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related capital leases. Net position is reported as restricted when there are external restrictions imposed by grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The School System applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Fund Balances – In the governmental funds' financial statements, fund balances have been classified to reflect the limitations and restrictions placed on the respective funds in accordance with the provisions of GAAP as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance This amount cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form or it is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School System has inventory balances at year-end that are nonspendable.
- Restricted Fund Balance This amount is subject to externally imposed regulations on the spending for a specific purpose and includes an emergency contingency and grant balances restricted by the grant agencies for specified purposes. The emergency contingency was authorized by the County Board of Supervisors statute. In accordance with School Board policy, up to \$2,000,000 will be reserved for unexpected revenue shortfalls, unplanned significant expenditure increases, and emergency appropriations. The balance will be replenished with the next available year-end funds from school operations.
- Committed Fund Balance This amount can only be used for specific purposes as imposed or rescinded by formal appropriation of the School Board, which is the highest level of decisionmaking authority. The School Board has adopted board policies on the use of year-end balances for capital in the General Fund and the unspent balances at year-end in the Capital Projects Fund.
- Assigned Fund Balance This amount is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. The School System has assigned fund balance to liquidate outstanding encumbrances at year-end. As part of the annual budget appropriation, the School Board authorizes the assignment of year-end balance to outstanding encumbrances. The School Board has not authorized any officer to make assignments of fund balance.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* This amount has no spending restrictions under any of the preceding four classifications. The School System has no unassigned fund balance at year-end.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the School System policy considers restricted amounts to have been spent first. In addition, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance is available, the School System policy considers fund balances to be exhausted in the order listed.

Use of Estimates – Management of the School System has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, expenses/expenditures, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Actual results could differ from these estimates.



2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all County funds and by the School System. The carrying value of the School System's share of deposits and investments as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Governmental	Governmental	Internal	Fiduciary	Total
	Activities	Funds	Service Funds	Funds	Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,273,930	\$ 17,370,528	\$ 9,903,402	\$ 2,262,699	\$ 29,536,629
Investments	11,902,627	11,902,627	-	-	11,902,627
Other pooled funds				962,720	962,720
	\$ 39,176,557	\$ 29,273,155	\$ 9,903,402	\$ 3,225,419	\$ 42,401,976

The investment in other pooled funds categorizes its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by general accepted accounting principles. A government is permitted in certain circumstances to establish the fair value of an investment that does not have a readily determinable fair value by using the NAV (Net Asset Value) per share (or its equivalent) of the investment. Investments in the pooled funds are valued using the NAV per share, which is determined by dividing the total value of the pooled funds by the number of outstanding shares. The NAV per share changes with the value of the underlying investments in the pooled funds. Generally, participants may redeem their investment at the end of a calendar quarter upon 90 days written notice.

The fair value and maturity of the School System's share of deposits and investments as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

		Original Investment Maturity					
	Credit Rating		< 1 year		1-2 years	Fai	r Value/NAV
Demand and time deposits	N/A	\$	11,178,178	\$	-	\$	11,178,178
Money market mutual funds	AAAm		10,227,556		-		10,227,556
Virginia LGIP	AAAm		8,130,895		-		8,130,895
Federal agency bonds and notes	AAA		5,091,180		6,811,447		11,902,627
Investment in other pooled funds	AAA-CAA		962,720		-		962,720
	,	\$	35,590,529	\$	6,811,447	\$	42,401,976

Fair Value – The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

	Le	vel 1	Level 2	I	Level 3	Total
Debt Securities						
U.S. governmental bonds and notes	\$	-	\$ 11,902,627	\$	-	\$ 11,902,627
	\$	-	\$ 11,902,627	\$	-	\$ 11,902,627

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using matrix technique pricing.

Deposits and Credit Risk – Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (Act) §2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

The Virginia Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is administered by the Treasury Board pursuant to §2.2-4600 through §2.2-4606 of the *Code of Virginia*. The Treasury Board has delegated the management of the LGIP to the State Treasurer. The fair value of the County's position in the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares measured at amortized cost.

Investments and Credit Risk – In accordance with the *Code of Virginia* and other applicable laws, including regulations, the County's investment policy (Policy) limits credit risk by restricting authorized investments to the following: bonds, notes and other direct obligations of the United States; bonds, notes, and other direct obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; bonds and other obligations issued, guaranteed or assumed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the Asian Development Bank; prime quality commercial paper; certificates of deposits; bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and money market funds. The Policy requires that commercial paper have a minimum Standard & Poor's (S&P) rating (or Moody's equivalent) of A-1.

The OPEB Trust Fund is established as an investment vehicle for participating employers to accumulate assets to fund OPEB. Plan assets are usually in the form of stocks, bonds, and other classes of investments, that have been segregated and restricted in a trust, in which (a) contributions to the plan are irrevocable, (b) assets are dedicated to providing benefits to retirees and their beneficiaries, and (c) assets are legally protected from creditors of the employer or plan administrator, for the payment of benefits in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issue. The Policy establishes limitations on portfolio composition, both by investment type and by issuer, in order to control concentration of credit risk. The maximum percentage of the portfolio permitted in each eligible security with the limit to any one issuer is as follows:

U.S. Treasury Obligations	70%
U.S. Treasury Agency Securities and Instrumentalities of Government Sponsored Corporations	80%
Bankers' Acceptance with no more than 25% with any one institution and a maximum of 10% in any one issuance	40%
Repurchase Agreement Overnight with no more than 20% with any one institution	70%
Repurchase Agreement Two or more nights with no more than 20% with any one institution	25%
Certificate of Deposit with Commercial Banks with no more than 45% with any one institution	100%

Certificate of Deposit with Savings and Loan Associations	
with no more than \$100,000 with any one institution	10%
Commercial Paper with no more than 35% with any one institution	
and a maximum of 10% or \$1 million dollars in any one issuance	35%
Local Government Investment Pool	75%

As of June 30, 2019, the portion of the County and School System's portfolio, excluding the LGIP, Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), interest-earning investment contract and investment in other pooled funds held by fiduciary agents, and U.S. Government guaranteed obligations, that exceeds 5% of the total portfolio is as follows:

Issuer	% of Portfolio
Federal Farm Credit Bank	25.56%

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the depositor will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The Policy requires that all investment securities purchased by the County or held as collateral on deposits or investments shall be held by the County or by a third-party custodial agent who may not otherwise be counterparty to the investment transaction. As of June 30, 2019, with the exception of the LOSAP funds, all of the County's investments are held by the County or in a bank's trust department in the County's name.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Policy requires maturity scheduling be timed to anticipated need and scheduled to coincide with projected cash flow needs. All funds shall be considered short-term except those reserved for capital projects and prepayment funds being held for debt retirement. As of June 30, 2019, the County and School System had no investments with a maturity greater than 24 months.



3. Due from Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Total					Total
	Go	vernmental				Go	vernmental
	Activities		General		Grant		Funds
Federal	\$	1,207,553	\$	527,597	\$ 679,956	\$	1,207,553
State		1,905,267		1,878,545	26,722		1,905,267
	\$	3,112,820	\$	2,406,142	\$ 706,678	\$	3,112,820

A significant portion of amounts due to the General Fund is attributed to the State sales tax due to the School System from the Commonwealth of Virginia. The Virginia Retail Sales and Use Tax Act require one and one-eighth of every 5¢ collected in State sales tax to be distributed to school divisions on the basis of school-age population. Other amounts include the Federal E-rate reimbursement, which assists schools in obtaining affordable telecommunications and information services.

Amounts due to the Grant Fund are attributed primarily to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and the Titles I, II, and III Federal grants. IDEA is designed to ensure that all school age handicapped children are provided a free, appropriate public education. Titles I, II, and III programs enhance the instruction for disadvantaged children.

4. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

An interfund balance for a temporary loan as of June 30, 2019 includes \$451,655 due from the Grant Fund to the General Fund to cover a timing difference between grant reimbursement receipts and expenditures. The balance has subsequently been repaid.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

			۱r	ansfers to						
Ε		Capital								
from		General		Projects	Total					
Transfer	General	\$ -	\$	5,324,422	\$	5,324,422				
ans	Internal Service	1,247,601		-		1,247,601				
Ļ		\$ 1,247,601	\$	5,324,422	\$	6,572,023				
	•	 								

Transfers were used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the primary government as debt service payments become due, and (3) use restricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

During June 30, 2019, pursuant to School Board approval, the Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund was closed and the prior year fund balance was transferred to the General Fund.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

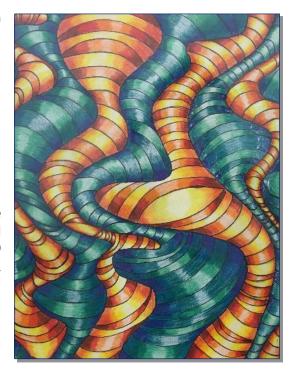
The School System's capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2018	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2019
Capital assets, nondepreciable:				
Land	\$ 5,683,473	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,683,473
Construction in progress	1,663,592	2,449,429	(527,696)	3,585,325
Capital assets, nondepreciable	7,347,065	2,449,429	(527,696)	9,268,798
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements	84,417,375	7,114,746	-	91,532,121
Furniture and equipment	39,293,142	3,286,081	(295,775)	42,283,448
Capital assets, depreciable	123,710,517	10,400,827	(295,775)	133,815,569
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(55,526,101)	(3,065,466)	-	(58,591,567)
Furniture and equipment	(28,588,037)	(2,975,106)	287,390	(31,275,753)
Accumulated depreciation	(84,114,138)	(6,040,572)	287,390	(89,867,320)
Capital assets, depreciable, net	39,596,379	4,360,255	(8,385)	43,948,249
Capital assets, net	\$ 46,943,444	\$ 6,809,684	\$ (536,081)	\$ 53,217,047

Depreciation expense charged to function/program activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Instruction	\$ 4,762,158
Administration	366,441
Transportation	32,423
Operations and maintenance	795,868
Nutrition	83,682
	\$ 6,040,572

As of June 30, 2019, the County's government-wide financial statements included school capital assets and related debt outstanding of \$193.7 million and \$91.9 million, respectively, related to tenancy in common assets.



6. OPERATING LEASE

The School System has a lease agreement for technology equipment. Each agreement is for a five-year term and is subject to approval of available funds on an annual basis. Under the lease agreement, the School System pays annual rent, which was \$1,809,365 for year ended June 30, 2019. The future minimum operating lease commitments as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Total
June 30, 2020	\$ 1,465,825
June 30, 2021	\$ 1,031,257
June 30, 2022	\$ 629,159
June 30, 2023	\$ 395,721

7. UNEARNED AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUES

Unearned revenues as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Total								Total
	Gov	ernmental							Gov	vernmental
		Activities		General		Grants		Nutrition	Funds	
Charges for services	\$	129,178	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,178	\$	129,178
Other revenue		156,872		38,203		118,669		-		156,872
Unearned Revenues	\$	286,050	\$	38,203	\$	118,669	\$	129,178	\$	286,050

Unearned charges for services include prepayments on student and adult meal accounts. Unearned other revenue includes grant and other state revenue collected in June before legal and contractual requirements have been met (available but unearned). Unavailable revenues as of June 30, 2019 are \$589,844 and include June sales taxes received in August.

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The change in the School System's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	В	alance					Balance	Dι	ue Within
	June	30, 2018	Increases		Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2019	C	ne Year
Claims payable	\$	2,639,826	\$ 14,712,023	\$	(15,003,026)	\$	2,348,823	\$	1,841,232
Compensated absences		2,764,478	1,707,806		(1,988,952)		2,483,332		728,558
Net pension liability	12	0,182,000	35,939,100		(43,525,100)		112,596,000		-
Net OPEB liability									
provided by VRS	1	8,866,000	2,894,100		(3,258,100)		18,502,000		-
Net OPEB liability									
provided by RCPS	1	4,997,036	2,389,158		(7,374,049)		10,012,145		
	\$ 15	9,449,340	\$ 57,642,187	\$	(71,149,227)	\$	145,942,300	\$:	2,569,790
				_					

The Internal Service Fund is used to liquidate the long-term liabilities for claims payables and net OPEB liabilities, while the General Fund is used to liquidate the long-term liabilities for compensated absences and net pension liability.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School System is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; the health of and injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School System maintains self-insured Internal Service Funds for health insurance benefits, and workers' compensation claims. The School System believes it is more cost effective to manage certain risks internally rather than purchase commercial insurance.

Health Insurance – The School System established a self-insured health insurance program on July 1, 1990. Premiums are paid into the Internal Service Fund from all other funds and school employees. They are based upon claims experience, stop-loss insurance costs, and administrative costs. Interfund premiums are based upon the employees within each fund enrolled in the plan. An excess coverage insurance policy covers each individual's claim exceeding \$200,000. As of June 30, 2019, incurred but not yet reported claims for the School System are estimated to be \$1,600,823.

Risk Management – The School System established a self-insured workers' compensation program on July 1, 1990. Premiums are paid into the Internal Service Fund from the General Fund and the Nutrition Fund. They are based upon the claims experience and administrative costs. Interfund premiums are based upon the employees within each fund. An excess coverage insurance policy covers each individual's claim exceeding \$200,000. As of June 30, 2019, the School System has \$748,000 of accrued liabilities based upon an actuarial estimate and net cash reserves of \$1,152,355 for workers' compensation.

Laptop Insurance Reserve – The School System established a self-insured program for loss or damage of student laptop computers on July 1, 2003. During June 30, 2019, pursuant to School Board approval, the Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund was closed and the prior year fund balance was transferred to the General Fund.

Unpaid claims For the Health Insurance and Risk Management funds are included as claims payable on the Statement of Net Position. Changes in the balances of claims payable liability during the past two years were as follows:

					Laptop		
	Health		Risk		Insurance		
	Insurance	Management		Reserve			Total
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2017	\$ 1,669,899	\$	811,000	\$	-	\$	2,480,899
Incurred claims*	16,769,323		523,017		146,466		17,438,806
Claim payments	(16,681,396)		(452,017)		(146,466)		(17,279,879)
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2018	1,757,826		882,000		-		2,639,826
Incurred claims*	14,471,159		240,864		-		14,712,023
Claim payments	(14,628,162)		(374,864)		-		(15,003,026)
Unpaid claims, June 30, 2019	\$ 1,600,823	\$	748,000	\$	-	\$	2,348,823

^{*}Incurred claims includes claims incurred but not reported and changes in estimates.

In addition to the self-insurance program, the School System carries commercial property, casualty, and auto insurance, surety bonds, fiduciary insurance, and dental insurance. There were no significant changes in the coverage levels of these policies this year. In the past three fiscal years, settled claims have not exceeded any of these commercial policy limits.

10. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – All full-time, salaried permanent professional employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan (Teacher Plan) upon employment. All full-time, salaried permanent non-professional employees of the School System are automatically covered by VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan (Non-Professional Plan) upon employment.

These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefits structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the following table.



RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE

PLAN 1	HYBRID PLAN	
About Plans		
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	 The Hybrid Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
		the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members		
Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund. Hybrid Opt-In Election Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Plan during a special election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Plan.	Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Plan during a special election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Plan.	 Employees are in the Hybrid Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: School division employees Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014
Retirement Contributions		
Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Same as Plan 1.	A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
Creditable Service		
Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted.
one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in		A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for
retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.		the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contribution Component
		Creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.
Vesting		
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.
balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.		Defined Contribution Component Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.
		Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
		withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit		
The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation		
A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier		
The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit.	Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013.	Defined Benefit Component The retirement multiplier for members is 1.00%.
The retirement multiplier for members is 1.70%	The retirement multiplier for members is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	For members that opted into the Hybrid Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN		
		retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.		
Normal Retirement Age				
Age 65.	Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 2.		
		Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligil	oility			
Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Defined Benefit Component Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.		
		Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility				
Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Defined Benefit Component Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.		
		Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement				
The COLA matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	The COLA matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.		
Eligibility For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go	Eligibility Same as Plan 1.	Eligibility Same as Plan 1.		

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as Plan 1.
benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage		
For members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Employees of school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.
		Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
		eligible for non-work related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service		
Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Same as Plan 1.	 Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Plan members are ineligible for ported service. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.

Pension Plan Data – The System issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – Membership as of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation in the Non-Professional Plan was as follows:

Inactive members or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	417
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	127
Non-vested inactive members	178
Inactive members active	
elsewhere in VRS	107
Total inactive members	412
Active members	98
Total covered employees	927



Contributions – The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012 the full 5.00% member contribution was assumed by the School System.

The School System's contractually required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019 were 15.68% and 1.92% of covered employee compensation for the Teacher and Non-Professional Plans, respectively. These rates were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

For years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2019, the actual contribution rates and total amount contributed for the VRS retirement plans were as follows:

	Teache	er Plan	Non-Profes	sional Plan		
	Contractually	Amount of	Contractually	Amount	of	
	Required Rate	Contribution	Required Rate	Contributi	on	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018	16.32%	\$ 12,566,803	2.11%	\$ 153,0	066	
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	15.68%	11,968,521	1.92%	50,9	964	

Pension Liabilities (Asset) – At June 30, 2019, the School System reported a liability of \$112,596,000 for its proportionate share of the Teacher Plan net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School System's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School System's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School System's proportion was 0.95745% as compared to 0.97725% at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2019, the School System reported an asset of (\$1,844,862) for the Non-Professional Plan net pension asset. The School System's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

					• • •	ice i clision
Change in Pension Liability	Total Pension		Fiduciary			(Asset)
Non-Professional Plan		Liability	N	et Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	32,015,564	\$	33,348,331	\$	(1,332,767)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		298,984		-		298,984
Interest		2,167,570		-		2,167,570
Difference between expecte	d					
and actual experience		(282,722)		-		(282,722)
Contributions - employer		-		147,119		(147,119)
Contributions - member		-		153,729		(153,729)
Net investment income		-		2,419,142		(2,419,142)
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of contributions		(2,100,554)		(2,100,554)		-
Administrative expense		-		(21,956)		21,956
Other				(2,107)		2,107
Net changes		83,278		595,373		(512,095)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	32,098,842	\$	33,943,704	\$	(1,844,862)
					_	

Pension Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School System recognized pension expense (benefit) of \$5,776,000 and \$(576,791) in the Teacher and Non-Professional Plans, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates in the Teacher Plan, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2019, the School System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Teacher Plan					Non-Professional Plan			
	Deferre	ed	Deferred		Deferred			Deferred	
	Outflov	NS	Inflows		Outflows			Inflows	
	of Resou	rces	of Resources		of Resources		of	Resources	
Differences between expected									
and actual experience	\$	-	\$	9,628,000	\$	-	\$	-	
Change in assumptions	1,344	,000		-		-		-	
Net difference between projected and									
actual earnings on plan investments		-		2,388,000		-		238,541	
Changes in proportion and differences									
between Employer contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions	2,592	,000		3,657,000		-		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to									
the measurement date	11,968	,521		-		50,964			
Total	\$ 15,904	,521	\$	15,673,000	\$	50,964	\$	238,541	

\$11,968,521 and \$50,964 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020, for the Teacher and Non-Professional Plans, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Teacher	Non-
	Retirement	Professional
	Plan	Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ (2,202,000)	\$ 147,684
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	(2,626,000)	(8,877)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	(4,754,000)	(347,629)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023	(1,482,000)	(29,719)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024	(673,000)	
	\$ (11,737,000)	\$ (238,541)
	\$ (11,737,000)	\$ (230,341)

Payable to the Pension Plan – At June 30, 2019, the Teacher and Non-Professional Plans reported payables of \$192,173, and \$3,702, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability for the both Teacher and Non-Professional Plans was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.50%					
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 5.95% for Teacher Plan					
	3.50% to 5.35% for Non-Professional Plan					
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including					
inflation*						

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GAAP purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates for Teacher Plan

mercy raises for reason											
Pre-Retirement	.RP-2014	White	Collar	Employee	Rates	to	age	80,	White	Collar	Healthy
	Annuitan	t Rates	at ages	81 and old	ler proj	ecte	ed wit	th sc	ale BB t	o 2020.	

Post-Retirement	.RP-201	4 White	Collar	Emplo	yee R	ates t	o a	ge 49	9, V	Vhite	Collar	Healthy
	Annuit	ant Rates	at age	s 50 and	d olde	r proje	ectec	d with	sca	ale BB	to 202	20; males
	1% inc	rease coi	mpound	led fron	n ages	70 to	90;	fema	les	set ba	ck 3 y	ears with
	1.5%	increase	compo	unded	from	ages	65	to	70	and	2.0%	increase
	compo	unded fr	om age	s 75 to 9	90.							

Post-Disablement.....RP-2014 Disability Motality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

Mortality rates for Non-Professional Retirement Plan – 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement......RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement......RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement.....RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation for the both Teacher and Non-Professional Plans were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
	(pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9
	years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience (Teacher Plan)
	Lowered Rates (Non-Professional Plan)
Salary Scale	No change

Net Pension Liability – The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each school division and represents that particular school division's total pension liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less that school division's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NPL amounts for the School System's participation in the Teacher Plan is as follows:

	Teacher		
	 Plan		
Total Pension Liability	\$ 446,933,000		
Fiduciary Net Position	 334,337,000		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 112,596,000		

Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability 74.81%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each school division's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the Teacher Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 CAFR, which was previously referenced.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school divisions for the Teacher Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:



		Arithmetic Long-Term	Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%	_	4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Ex	pected arithmetic	nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Sensitivity of the School System's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the School System's net pension liability for the Teacher Plan (proportionate share) and Non-Professional Plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1.0	1.00% Decrease		Current Rate	1.00% Increase			
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
Teacher Plan	\$	171,994,000	\$	112,596,000	\$	63,432,000		
Non-Professional Plan	\$	1,329,241	\$	(1,844,862)	\$	(4,560,473)		

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - VRS

Plan Description – All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (Health Credit Program). All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program (Group Life Program) upon employment.

These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members of the Health Credit Program earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS.

The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The specific information for the Health Credit and the Group Life Programs, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits for each program are set out in the following table.

OPEB PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE

Health Credit Program	Group Life Program
Eligible Members	
The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.	The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program.
Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include: Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.	Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their member contributions and accrued interest.
Benefit Amounts	
The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees.	The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

Health Credit Program	Group Life Program
At Retirement For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.	Natural Death Benefit The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
Disability Retirement For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the	Accidental Death Benefit The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. Other Benefit Provisions
 state the viginal focal bisasing ringiam (veb), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower. 	In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include: • Accidental dismemberment benefit • Safety belt benefit • Repatriation benefit • Felonious assault benefit • Accelerated death benefit option
Program Notes	
The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.	Reduction in benefit Amounts The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.
	Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute. This amount is increased

OPEB Plan Data – The System issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Health Care and Group Life programs administered by VRS. . A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.



annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and is currently \$8,279 effective July 1, 2018.

Contributions – Under the Health Credit Program, the contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Under the Group Life Program, the contribution requirements are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly.

Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the Health Credit Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School System to the Health Credit Program were \$930,288 and \$947,188 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

The total rate for the Group Life Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% X 40%). Although not required, the School System elected to pay the employee component, which is separate from the contractually required employer component. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the Group Life Insurance Program from the entity were \$419,260 and \$420,490 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

OPEB Liabilities – At June 30, 2019, the School System reported \$12,093,000 for its proportionate share of the Health Credit Program Net OPEB Liability. The Health Credit Program Net OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the Health Credit Program total OPEB liability used to calculate the Health Credit Program Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School System's proportion of the Health Credit Program Net OPEB Liability was based on the School System's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Health Credit Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School System's proportion of the Health Credit Program was 0.95240% as compared to 0.97245% at June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2019, the School System reported \$6,157,000 and \$252,000 for its proportionate share of the Group Life Program Net OPEB Liability for teachers and non-professional employees, respectively. The Group Life Program Net OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the Group Life Program total OPEB liability used to calculate the Group Life Program Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Group Life Program Net OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.40541% and 0.01657% for teachers and non-professional employees, respectively, as compared to 0.41724% and 0.01666% for teachers and non-professional employees, respectively, at June 30, 2017.

OPEB Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School System recognized Health Credit Program OPEB expense of \$993,000. In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2019, the School System recognized Group Life Program OPEB expense (benefit) of \$50,000 and \$(1,000) for teachers and non-professional employees, respectively. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the Heath Credit Program and Group Life Program OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Plans – At June 30, 2019, the School System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB program from the following sources:

, 3			•		Group Life Program							
	Health Credit Program					Teache	Plan	Non-Professional Plan				
		Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
		Outflows		Inflows	Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		ı	nflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources	of	Resources	of Resources		of	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected												
and actual experience	\$	-	\$	61,000	\$	301,000	\$	110,000	\$	12,000	\$	5,000
Net difference between projected and												
actual earnings on plan investments		-		9,000		-		200,000		-		8,000
Change in assumptions		-		105,000		-		257,000		-		10,000
Changes in proportion and differences												
between Employer contributions and												
proportionate share of contributions		232,000		223,000		171,000		167,000		-		6,000
Employer contributions subsequent to												
the measurement date		930,288		-		403,539		-		15,721		-
Total	\$	1,162,288	\$	398,000	\$	875,539	\$	734,000	\$	27,721	\$	29,000

\$930,288, \$403,539, and \$15,721 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the School System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020 for the Health Credit Program, Group Life Program Teacher Plan, and Group Life Program Non-Professional Plan, respectively. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB programs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Health	Group I	Life Program			
	Credit	Teacher	Non-Professional			
	Program	Plan	Plan			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$ (25,000)	\$ (84,000)	\$ (6,000)			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021	(25,000)	(84,000)	(6,000)			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022	(25,000)	(84,000)	(6,000)			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023	(19,000)	(27,000)	(1,000)			
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024	(21,000)	7,000	1,000			
Thereafter	(51,000)	10,000	1,000			
	\$ (166,000)	\$ (262,000)	\$ (17,000)			

Payable to the OPEB Plans – At June 30, 2019, the Health Credit Program, Group Life Program Teacher Plan, and Group Life Program Non-Professional Plan reported payables of \$14,870, \$16,223 and \$2,932, respectively, for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plans required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability for the Health Credit Program and Group Life Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% to 5.95% for Health Credit Program
	3.50% to 5.95% for Group Life Program-Teacher Plan
	3.50% to 5.35% for Group Life Program-Non-Professional Plan
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including
	inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GAAP purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Mortality rates Health Credit Program and Group Life Program Teacher Plan



Pre-RetirementRP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.
Post-RetirementRP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.
Post-DisablementRP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.
Mortality rates Group Life Program Non-Professional Plan Pre-RetirementRP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.
Post-RetirementRP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.
Post-DisablementRP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
	(pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9
	years of service (Health Credit Program and Group Life Program Teacher Plan)
	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service
	(Group Life Program Non-Professional Plan)
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience (Health Credit Program and Group
	Life Program Teacher Plan)
	Lowered disability rates (Group Life Program Non-Professional Plan)
Salary Scale	No change

Net OPEB Liability – The net OPEB liability (NOL) is calculated separately for each school division and represents that particular division's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the School System's participation in the OPEB Plans is as follows:

	Health		Group Lit	e Program		
		Credit	Teacher	Non	-Professional	
		Program	Plan		Plan	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	13,156,000	\$ 12,622,000	\$	517,000	
Fiduciary Net Position		1,063,000	6,465,000		265,000	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	12,093,000	\$ 6,157,000	\$	252,000	
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		8.08%	51.22%		51.22%	

The total OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each school division's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 CAFR, which was previously referenced.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00%. For the Health Credit Program, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. For the Group Life Program, The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the OPEB Programs will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-

certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB program's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employee for the Health Credit Program and eligible employees for the Group Life Program. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return					
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Arithmetic	Weighted Average				
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%				
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%				
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%				
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%				
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%				
Total	100.00%		4.80%				
		Inflation	2.50%				
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	7.30%				

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Sensitivity of the School System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the School System's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the School System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1.0	0% Decrease	C	urrent Rate	1.0	0% Increase
School System's proportionate share of the OPEB Liability		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
Health Credit Program	\$	13,506,000	\$	12,093,000	\$	10,890,000
Group Life Program: Teacher Plan		8,047,000		6,157,000		4,623,000
Group Life Program: Non-Profesional Plan		329,000		252,000		189,000

12. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN - RCPS (EMPLOYER RECOGNITION OF THE OPEB PLAN)

Plan Description – The School System administers and sponsors a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (Retiree Medical Plan). Employees are eligible for this benefit if they retire after age 55 with at least 10 years of service and 12 months enrollment in the School System's self-insured health insurance program. Information for the June 30, 2019 School System Retiree Medical Plan balances are based on the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation with a measurement date of June 30, 2018.

The School System participates in the OPEB Trust Fund, an irrevocable trust established for the purpose of accumulating assets to fund postemployment benefits other than pensions. The OPEB Trust Fund issues a separate report, which can be obtained by requesting a copy from the plan administrator, Virginia Municipal League (VML) at P.O. Box 12164, Richmond, VA 23241.

Benefits Provided – The School System contributes up to \$2,500 per year towards the total medical premium for each eligible retiree for up to five years after retiring under the Employee Extended Work Plan. In addition, the total retiree medical premium is calculated as a blended rate based on the medical claims of all active and retired participants resulting in an implicit subsidy that benefits the retiree with a lower cost medical premium.

All health care benefits are provided through the School System's self-insured health insurance program. The benefit levels are the same as those provided to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services, mental, nervous and substance abuse care, vision care, and prescriptions. Once a retiree reaches age 65, retirees are removed from the plan.



The benefits, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by School Board policy and can be amended through School Board action.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – As of the valuation and measurement date of June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms in the Retiree Medical Plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	147
Active employees	1,382
Total covered employees	1,529

Contributions – The Retiree Medical Plan is funded through member and employer contributions. Plan members receiving benefits contribute monthly premiums towards the cost of the health insurance depending on the coverage selected (single, single plus dependent, single plus spouse, or family).

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School System's average contribution rate was 1.59% of covered employee payroll. The total amount contributed was \$579,484. This rate was based on the actuarially determined rate from the actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018.

Net OPEB Liability – At June 30, 2019, the Retiree Medical Plan reported a net OPEB liability of \$10,012,145. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018.

	Total OPEB			Fiduciary	Net OPEB		
Change in OPEB Liability		Liability		et Position	Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	15,677,364	\$	680,328	\$	14,997,036	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		977,606		-		977,606	
Interest		471,102		-		471,102	
Changes of assumptions		(3,035,172)		-		(3,035,172)	
Difference between expected							
and actual experience		(2,488,407)		-		(2,488,407)	
Contributions - employer		-		846,172		(846,172)	
Contributions - member		939,187		939,187		-	
Net investment income		-		65,111		(65,111)	
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of contributions		(1,785,359)		(1,785,359)		-	
Administrative expense				(1,263)		1,263	
Net changes		(4,921,043)		63,848		(4,984,891)	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	10,756,321	\$	744,176	\$	10,012,145	

OPEB Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School System recognized OPEB expense of \$597,085.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At June 30, 2019, the School System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Retiree Medical Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred		
	Outflows		Inflows		
	of Resources of Resourc				
Difference in prior year's contribution	\$	443,622	\$ -		
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		=	2,157,936		
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on plan investments		-	37,000		
Changes in assumptions		-	2,601,576		
Amortization of or change in					
beginning balances		-	(9,998)		
Employer contributions subsequent to					
the measurement date		579,484	<u> </u>		
Total	\$	1,023,106	\$ 4,786,514		

\$579,484 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the School System's contributions subsequent to the measurement date were recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019	\$	(801,908)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2020		(801,908)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021		(801,906)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022		(795,482)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023		(792,657)
Thereafter		(349,031)
	\$ (4,342,892)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial market value method and the following assumptions:

InflationThis is implicitly included in the investment rate of return and healthcare cost trend rates.				
Discount rate				
Salary increases				
Investment rate of return	.7.50% per annum			
Medical cost trend rate	. 7.50% graded down to 5.00% over 10 years beginning in 2018			
Mortality rates Professionals				
Pre-Retirement	.RP-2000, Males setback 3 years, Females setback 5 years,			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Post-Retirement	.RP-2000, Males setback 2 years, Females setback 3 years,			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Disability	RP-2000, Males setback 1 year, no future mortality			
	improvements			
Mortality rates Non-Professionals				
Pre-retirement	.RP-2000, Males set forward 2 years, Females setback 3 years,			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Post-retirement	.RP-2000, Females setback 1 years (no setback for Males),			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Disability	.RP-2000, Males setback 3 years, no future mortality			
	improvements			

The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions and methods effective June 30, 2018:

- The percentage of future eligible retirees electing medical coverage was updated from 45.89% to 42.50%.
- The percentage of future eligible retirees electing medical coverage for a spouse was updated from 9.48% to 8.80%.
- The mortality, disability, withdrawal, and retirement assumptions were updated to the assumptions listed in the most recently published VRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which was the 2017 report.

Net OPEB Liability – The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Retiree Medical Plan represents its total OPEB liability calculated by the actuary in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74 less the fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts are as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 10,756,321
Fiduciary Net Position	744,176
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 10,012,145
Fiduciary Net Position as a	
Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	6.92%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on Retiree Medical Plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Arithmetic	Weighted Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity (Domestic)	26.00%	11.01%	2.86%
Small Cap Equity (Domestic)	10.00%	12.27%	1.23%
International Equity (Developed)	13.00%	11.99%	1.56%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	13.28%	0.66%
Private Equity	5.00%	13.64%	0.68%
Core Bonds	7.00%	6.22%	0.44%
Core Plus	14.00%	6.49%	0.91%
Diversified Hedge Funds	10.00%	9.74%	0.97%
Private Core Real Estate	5.00%	9.39%	0.47%
Private Value Add Real Estate	2.00%	10.63%	0.21%
Commodities	3.00%	5.66%	0.17%
Total	100.00%	=	10.16%
		Inflation	3.48%
*Exp	ected arithmetic	nominal return	13.64%

Benefits will be financed through a combination of accumulated trust funds and on a pay as you go basis until sufficient funds are accumulated in the OPEB trust. Therefore, the discount rate of 2.98% used to measure the total OPEB liability is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Retiree Medical Plan's net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 2.98%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.98%) or one percentage point higher (3.98%) than the current rate:

	1.00	1.00% Decrease		Current Rate		1.00% Increase		
		(1.98%)		(2.98%)		(3.98%)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	11,280,867	\$	10,012,145	\$	8,904,978		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the Retiree Medical Plan's net OPEB liability using the health care cost rate of 7.5% decreasing to 5.0% over 10 years, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0% over 10 years) or one percentage point higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0% over 10 years) than the current rate:

	1.0	0% Decrease	Cı	urrent Rate	1.0	00% Increase
	(6.5% grading to		(7.5% grading to		(8.5% grading to	
	4.0%	4.0% over 10 years)		over 10 years)	6.0%	over 10 years)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	8,936,360	\$	10,012,145	\$	11,310,959

13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN - RCPS (RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN DISCLOSURES)

The GASB issued Statement 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, in June 2015. This GASB Statement requires the School System to report extensive note disclosures



and required supplementary information (RSI) about the Retiree Medical Plan since the plan does not issue a separate financial report. Information for these required disclosures and RSI are based on the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation with measurement date of June 30, 2019. Given this, the information for the Retiree Medical Plan below is one year subsequent to the required Employer Disclosures of the Plan as recognized in the Statement of Net Position and discussed in Note 12.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – As of the valuation date of June 30, 2018 and measurement date of June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms in the Retiree Medical Plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	147
Active employees	1,382
Total covered employees	1,529

Contributions – As of the valuation date of June 30, 2018 and a measurement date of June 30, 2019, the School System's average contribution rate was 1.09% of covered employee payroll. The total amount contributed was \$579,484.

Net OPEB Liability – As of the valuation date of June 30, 2018 and a measurement date of June 30, 2019, the Retiree Medical Plan reported a net OPEB liability of \$10,291,899.

	T	otal OPEB		Fiduciary	-	Net OPEB
Change in OPEB Liability	Liability		Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	10,756,321	\$	744,176	\$	10,012,145
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		593,436		-		593,436
Interest		323,704		-		323,704
Contributions - employer		-		579,484		(579,484)
Contributions - member		540,748		540,748		-
Net investment income		-		59,165		(59,165)
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of contributions		(1,027,942)		(1,027,942)		-
Administrative expense		-		(1,263)		1,263
Net changes		429,946		150,192		279,754
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	11,186,267	\$	894,368	\$	10,291,899

Net OPEB Expense – For the valuation date of June 30, 2018 and measurement date ended June 30, 2019, the School System recognized OPEB expense of \$57,330.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – As of the valuation date of June 30, 2018 and a measurement date of June 30, 2019, the School System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			eferred Iflows
	of	Resources	of R	esources
Net difference in prior year's				
contribution	\$	788,998	\$	=
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		-	2	,157,936
Change in assumptions		-		37,000
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on plan investments		-	2	,601,576
Amortization of or change in				
beginning balances		-		(811,906)
Total	\$	788,998	\$ 3	,984,606

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	\$	(801,908)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021		(801,906)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022		(795,482)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023		(792,657)
Thereafter		(3,655)
	\$ ((3,195,608)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018 and a measurement date of June 30, 2019 using the Entry Age Normal actuarial market value method and the following assumptions.

Inflation	This is implicitly included in the investment rate of return and healthcare cost trend rates.			
Discount rate	2.98% per annum			
Salary increases				
Investment rate of return	7.50% per annum			
Medical_cost trend rates	7.50% graded down to 5.00% over 10 years beginning in 2018			
Mortality rates Professionals				
	RP-2000, Males setback 3 years, Females setback 5 years,			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Post-Retirement	RP-2000, Males setback 2 years, Females setback 3 years,			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Disability	RP-2000, Males setback 1 year, no future mortality			
	improvements			
Mortality rates Non-Professionals				
Pre-retirement	RP-2000, Males set forward 2 years, Females setback 3 years,			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Post-retirement	RP-2000, Females setback 1 years (no setback for Males),			
	projected to 2020 with Scale AA			
Disability	RP-2000, Males setback 3 years, no future mortality			
	improvements			

The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions and methods effective June 30, 2018:

- The percentage of future eligible retirees electing medical coverage was updated from 45.89% to 42.50%.
- The percentage of future eligible retirees electing medical coverage for a spouse was updated from 9.48% to 8.80%.
- The mortality, disability, withdrawal, and retirement assumptions were updated to the assumptions listed in the most recently published VRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which was the 2017 report.

Net OPEB Liability – The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Retiree Medical Plan represents its total OPEB liability calculated by the actuary in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74 less the fiduciary net position. As of the valuation date of June 30, 2018 and measurement date of June 30, 2019, NOL amounts are as follows:

Total OPEB Liability	\$ 11,186,267
Fiduciary Net Position	 894,368
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 10,291,899
Fiduciary Net Position as a	
Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	8.00%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on Retiree Medical Plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity (Domestic)	26.00%	11.01%	2.86%
Small Cap Equity (Domestic)	10.00%	12.27%	1.23%
International Equity (Developed)	13.00%	11.99%	1.56%
Emerging Markets	5.00%	13.28%	0.66%
Private Equity	5.00%	13.64%	0.68%
Core Bonds	7.00%	6.22%	0.44%
Core Plus	14.00%	6.49%	0.91%
Diversified Hedge Funds	10.00%	9.74%	0.97%
Private Core Real Estate	5.00%	9.39%	0.47%
Private Value Add Real Estate	2.00%	10.63%	0.21%
Commodities	3.00%	5.66%	0.17%
Total	100.00%	=	10.16%
		Inflation	3.48%
*Expe	ected arithmetic	nominal return	13.64%

Benefits will be financed through a combination of accumulated trust funds and on a pay as you go basis until sufficient funds are accumulated in the OPEB trust. Therefore, the discount rate of 2.98% used to measure the total OPEB liability is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Retiree Medical Plan's net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 2.98%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.98%) or one percentage point higher (3.98%) than the current rate:

	1.00	1.00% Decrease		urrent Rate	1.00% Increase		
		(1.98%)		(2.98%)		(3.98%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	11,619,429	\$	10,291,899	\$	9,132,283	

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the Retiree Medical Plan's net OPEB liability using the health care cost rate of 7.5% decreasing to 5.0% over 10 years, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost rate that is one percentage point lower (6.5% decreasing to 4.0% over 10 years) or one percentage point higher (8.5% decreasing to 6.0% over 10 years) than the current rate:

	1.0	0% Decrease	Cı	urrent Rate	1.0	00% Increase
	(6.5	% grading to	(7.5	% grading to	(8.5	5% grading to
	4.0%	over 10 years)	5.0%	over 10 years)	6.0%	over 10 years)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	9,085,843	\$	10,291,899	\$	11,755,211



14. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND OTHER

Construction Commitments – The School System has active construction projects as of June 30, 2019 with commitments with construction contractors as follows:

		Spent	F	Remaining
		Contract		
Cave Spring High Building Renovation	\$	1,542,600	\$	5,209,090
Glenvar High Turf Field and Track		619,083		859,051
	\$	2,161,683	\$	6,068,141

The Cave Spring High Building Renovation includes amounts funded out of School Funds; the commitments related to the bond funds are included in the County CAFR.

Grant Funds – The School System participates in a number of Federal award programs, which are subject to audit annually in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance. These programs are also potentially subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agencies in the event that any expenditure was to be disallowed under terms of the grants. Based on prior experience, the School System's management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Encumbrances – The School System has open purchase orders in its governmental funds as of June 30, 2019 as follows:

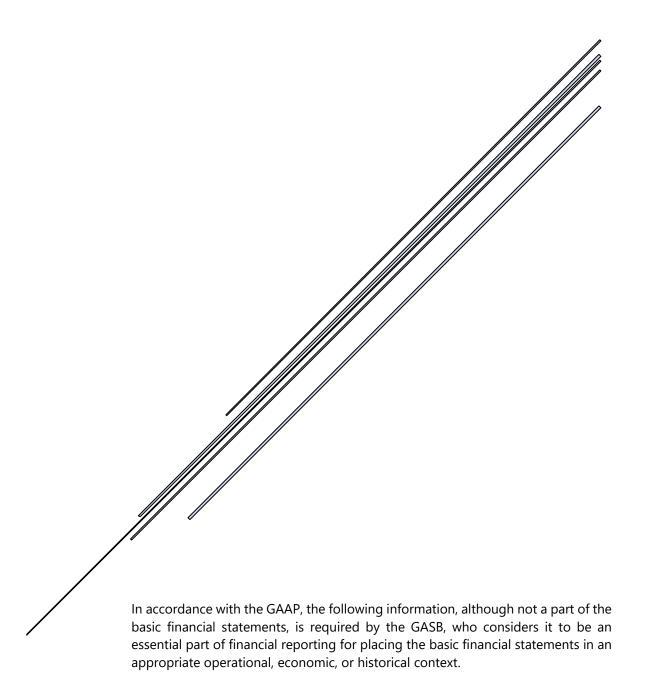
					Total	
			Capital	Go	vernmental	
Fund Balance	 General		Projects	Funds		
Committed	\$ 64,847	\$	7,249,691	\$	7,314,538	
Assigned	115,319		-		115,319	
	\$ 180,166	\$	7,249,691	\$	7,429,857	

Litigation – The School System may be contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims, which arise in the ordinary course of its operations. As of June 30, 2019, management believes that the amount of loss, if any, is not material to the School System's financial position.

15. RELATED PARTIES

With the exception of the County, which funds a large portion of the School System budget, the School System has no other related parties.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



General Fund

The **General Fund** reflects all revenues and expenditures of the School Board, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from the County local appropriation, the Virginia Department of Education, and the Federal Government. Major expenditures represent the costs of operating the County's public school system.

Roanoke County Public Schools Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the	Year	Ended	June	30, 20	19
---------	------	-------	------	--------	----

	Rudgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
Revenues	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
				(25. 27
Intergovernmental:				
Roanoke County	\$ 68,844,764	\$ 70,448,764	\$ 70,448,764	\$ -
Commonwealth of Virginia	78,748,709	78,844,612	79,544,600	699,988
Federal government	737,854	763,373	1,299,950	536,577
Charges for services	969,720	969,720	1,138,576	168,856
Investment income	60,000	60,000	367,866	307,866
Miscellaneous	388,241	293,680	378,335	84,655
Total revenues	149,749,288	151,380,149	153,178,091	1,797,942
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	111,395,166	114,113,460	109,084,465	5,028,995
Administration	4,515,654	3,964,053	3,449,231	514,822
Attendance and health	2,311,943	2,451,450	2,257,322	194,128
Transportation	6,345,219	7,864,547	7,022,008	842,539
Operations and maintenance	11,633,521	12,271,097	12,029,304	241,793
Technology	6,801,605	7,250,207	7,545,530	(295,323)
School nutrition	-	908	908	-
Debt service:				
Principal	2,952,458	2,952,458	2,952,458	_
Interest	1,172,887	1,172,887	1,172,887	_
Payment for future capital	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	-
Capital outlay	148,902	157,344	172,068	(14,724)
Total expenditures	149,477,355	154,398,411	147,886,181	6,512,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	271,933	(3,018,262)	5,291,910	(8,310,172)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of property	43,000	43,000	65,782	22,782
Transfers:	.5,555	.57555	337. 32	,,
Transfers from internal service fund	120,773	120,773	1,247,601	1,126,828
Transfers to capital projects Fund	(1,065,000)	(5,324,422)	(5,324,422)	, , -
Total other financing uses, net	(901,227)	(5,160,649)	(4,011,039)	1,149,610
Net change in fund balances	(629,294)	(8,178,911)	1,280,871	(8,310,172)
Total fund balances, beginning	629,294	8,178,911	8,178,911	-
Total fund balances, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,459,782	\$ (8,310,172)

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information. See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Grant Fund

Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds are used to account for certain revenues that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The **Grant Fund** is used to account for transactions related to Federal, State, and private grants that are not reported in another fund.

Roanoke County Public Schools Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund - Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth of Virginia	\$ 923,774	\$ 984,296	\$ 872,768	\$ (111,528)
Federal government	4,836,338	5,742,783	4,742,037	(1,000,746)
Miscellaneous	401,000	134,655	9,865	(124,790)
Total revenues	6,161,112	6,861,734	5,624,670	(1,237,064)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	5,427,112	6,874,856	5,499,704	1,375,152
Attendance and health	8,000	-	32,942	(32,942)
Technology	726,000	73,446	178,592	(105,146)
Total expenditures	6,161,112	6,948,302	5,711,238	1,237,064
Net change in fund balances	-	(86,568)	(86,568)	-
Total fund balances, beginning		86,568	86,568	
Total fund balances, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Nutrition Fund

Special Revenue Fund

Special revenue funds are used to account for certain revenues that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The **Nutrition Fund** is used to account for procurement, preparation, and serving of student breakfasts and lunches. The primary source of revenues is receipts derived from food sales and subsidies from the Federal school lunch program.

Roanoke County Public Schools Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Fund - Nutrition Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Va	riance with
					Fi	nal Budget
	Budgeted	An	nounts	Actual		Positive
	Original		Final	 Amounts	(1	Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth of Virginia	\$ 102,145	\$	102,145	\$ 118,849	\$	16,704
Federal government	2,600,000		2,600,000	2,746,097		146,097
Charges for services	3,160,000		3,160,000	2,779,178		(380,822)
Investment income	10,000		10,000	64,203		54,203
Miscellaneous	55,000		55,000	20,297		(34,703)
Total revenues	5,927,145		5,927,145	5,728,624		(198,521)
Expenditures						
Current:						
School nutrition	5,932,145		9,180,803	5,002,186		4,178,617
Total expenditures	5,932,145		9,180,803	5,002,186		4,178,617
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(5,000)		(3,253,658)	726,438		3,980,096
•				<u> </u>		
Other financing sources						
Proceeds from sale of property	5,000		5,000	13,981		8,981
Total other financing sources	5,000		5,000	13,981		8,981
Net change in fund balances	-		(3,248,658)	740,419		3,989,077
Total fund balances, beginning	-		3,248,658	3,248,658		-
Total fund balances, ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 3,989,077	\$	3,989,077

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Teacher Plan Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
Employer's proportion of the net liability	0.97506%	0.94973%	0.94772%	0.97725%	0.95745%
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability	\$ 117,833,000	\$ 119,536,532	\$ 132,815,000	\$ 120,182,000	\$ 112,596,000
Employer's covered payroll	\$ 71,286,776	\$ 70,615,294	\$ 72,258,672	\$ 76,745,715	\$ 77,053,264
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	165.29%	169.28%	183.80%	156.60%	146.13%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total liability	70.88%	70.68%	68.28%	72.92%	74.81%

Note:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the fifth year for this presentation, only five years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Teacher Plan Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended	I	ntractually Required ontribution	in Co I	ntributions Relation to ntractually Required ontribution		ontribution Deficiency) Excess		Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2010	\$	6,293,399	\$	4,475,246	\$	(1,818,153)	\$	71,434,717	6.26%
·	Ф		Þ		Ф		Ф		
June 30, 2011		5,960,142		2,658,724		(3,301,418)		67,652,004	3.93
June 30, 2012		2,699,055		4,347,333		1,648,278		68,678,251	6.33
June 30, 2013		4,573,307		8,424,633		3,851,326		72,248,134	11.66
June 30, 2014		8,312,038		8,312,038		(0)		71,286,776	11.66
June 30, 2015		8,233,743		10,238,755		2,005,012		70,615,294	14.50
June 30, 2016		10,477,507		10,159,568		(317,939)		72,258,672	14.06
June 30, 2017		10,790,448		11,251,117		460,669		76,745,715	14.66
June 30, 2018		11,296,009		12,566,803		1,270,794		77,053,264	16.31
June 30, 2019		12,647,916		11,968,521		(679,395)		77,499,484	15.44

Actuarial	assumptions:
Actualiai	assumbulons.

Valuation date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2018, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Cost of living adjustment	2.25% - 2.50%

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Non-Professional Plan Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2015		2016		2017		2018	2019		
Measurement Date		6/30/2014		6/30/2015	6/30/2016		6/30/2017	(5/30/2018	
Total liability - beginning	\$	31,185,978	\$	31,978,276	\$ 32,697,562	\$	32,137,224	\$	32,015,564	
Service cost		642,968		590,031	326,990		318,248		298,984	
Interest		2,114,246		2,164,578	2,219,068		2,177,707		2,167,570	
Change of assumptions		-		-	-		(66,597)		-	
Difference between expected										
and actual experience		-		76,137	(1,113,216)		(496,773)		(282,722)	
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of contributions		(1,964,916)		(2,111,460)	(1,993,180)		(2,054,245)		(2,100,554)	
Net changes		792,298		719,286	(560,338)		(121,660)		83,278	
Total liability - ending	\$	31,978,276	\$	32,697,562	\$ 32,137,224	\$	32,015,564	\$	32,098,842	
Fiduciary net position - beginning	\$	29,674,765	\$	32,854,073	\$ 32,534,455	\$	31,407,833	\$	33,348,331	
Contributions - employer		306,710		206,447	209,100		144,668		147,119	
Contributions - member		293,796		152,195	152,767		150,511		153,729	
Net investment income		4,569,047		1,454,882	525,814		3,725,620		2,419,142	
Benefit payments, including										
refunds of contributions		(1,964,916)		(2,111,460)	(1,993,180)		(2,054,245)		(2,100,554)	
Administrative expense		(25,570)		(21,377)	(20,892)		(22,797)		(21,956)	
Other		241		(305)	 (231)		(3,259)		(2,107)	
Net changes		3,179,308		(319,618)	(1,126,622)		1,940,498		595,373	
Fiduciary net position - ending	\$	32,854,073	\$	32,534,455	\$ 31,407,833	\$	33,348,331	\$	33,943,704	
Net pension (asset) liability - ending	\$	(875,797)	\$	163,107	\$ 729,391	\$	(1,332,767)	\$	(1,844,862)	
Fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of total (asset) liability		102.74%		99.50%	97.73%		104.16%		105.75%	
Covered payroll	\$	5,875,694	\$	3,027,639	\$ 3,081,526	\$	3,068,829	\$	3,112,471	
Net (asset) liability as a percentage					_					
of covered payroll		-14.91%		5.39%	23.67%		-43.43%		-59.27%	

Note:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the fifth year for this presentation, only five years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information. See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Non-Professional Plan Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended	R	itractually equired itribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution (Deficiency) Excess			mployer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll		
June 30, 2010	\$	266,811	\$	266,811	\$	(0)	\$	6,337,564	4.21%		
June 30, 2011	Ψ	198,834	Ψ	198,834	Ψ	(0)	Ψ	6,043,597	3.29		
June 30, 2012		195,583		195,583		(0)		5,944,776	3.29		
June 30, 2013		329,979		330,021		42		6,321,440	5.22		
June 30, 2014		306,711		306,711		(0)		5,875,694	5.22		
June 30, 2015		207,091		207,090		(1)		3,027,639	6.84		
June 30, 2016		210,776		210,558		(218)		3,081,526	6.83		
June 30, 2017		148,224		148,080		(144)		3,068,829	4.83		
June 30, 2018		65,673		153,066		87,393		3,112,471	4.92		
June 30, 2019		58,356		50,964		(7,392)		3,039,400	1.68		

Actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2017, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. Actuarial cost method **Entry Age Normal** Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization method Remaining amortization period 30 years 5-year smoothed market Asset valuation method Inflation 2.50% 3.50% - 5.35% Salary increases Investment rate of return 7.00% Cost of living adjustment 2.25% - 2.50%

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Health Insurance Credit Program Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		2018	2019
Measurement Date	6/30/2017		6/30/2018
Employer's proportion of the net liability		0.97245%	0.95240%
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability	\$	12,337,000	\$ 12,093,000
Employer's covered payroll	\$	76,745,715	\$ 77,053,264
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		16.08%	15.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total liability		7.04%	8.08%

Note:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the second year for this presentation, only two years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Health Insurance Credit Program Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Year Ended	R	tractually equired ntribution	in R Con R	tributions elation to stractually equired stribution		Contribution (Deficiency) Excess		(Deficiency)		(Deficiency)		mployer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2010	\$	742,921	\$	528,292	\$	(214,629)	\$	71,434,717	0.74%				
June 30, 2011	7	405,912	,	405,912	,	(0)	7	67,652,004	0.60				
June 30, 2012		412,070		412,070		0		68,678,251	0.60				
June 30, 2013		801,954		801,962		8		72,248,134	1.11				
June 30, 2014		791,283		791,284		1		71,286,776	1.11				
June 30, 2015		748,522		748,490		(32)		70,615,294	1.06				
June 30, 2016		765,942		765,995		53		72,258,672	1.06				
June 30, 2017		851,877		851,887		10		76,745,715	1.11				
June 30, 2018		947,755		947,188		(567)		77,053,264	1.23				
June 30, 2019		929,994		930,288		294		77,499,484	1.20				

Actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2017, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Cost of living adjustment	2.25% - 2.50%

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Group Life Insurance Program Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Measurement Date		2018	2019 6/30/2018		
		6/30/2017			
Teacher Plan:					
Employer's proportion of the net liability		0.41724%		0.40541%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability	\$	6,279,000	\$	6,157,000	
Employer's covered payroll	\$	76,745,715	\$	77,053,264	
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		8.18%		7.99%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total liability		48.86%		51.22%	
Non-Professional Plan:					
Employer's proportion of the net liability		0.01666%		0.01657%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability	\$	250,000	\$	252,000	
Employer's covered payroll	\$	3,068,829	\$	3,112,471	
Employer's proportionate share of the net liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		8.15%		8.10%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total liability		48.86%		51.22%	

Note:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the second year for this presentation, only two years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Roanoke County Public Schools Virginia Retirement System Group Life Insurance Program Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	R	tractually equired	in R Con R	tributions elation to tractually equired	Contribution Employe (Deficiency) Covere		Employer's Covered	Contributions as a % of Covered			
Year Ended	Con	tribution	Cor	tribution	Excess		Payroll		Payroll		
June 30, 2010	\$	209,985	\$	175,154	\$	(34,831)	\$	77,772,281	0.23%		
June 30, 2011		206,348		82,540		(123,808)		73,695,601	0.11		
June 30, 2012		208,944		83,684		(125,260)		74,623,027	0.11		
June 30, 2013		377,134		374,671		(2,463)		78,569,574	0.48		
June 30, 2014		370,380		367,834		(2,546)		77,162,470	0.48		
June 30, 2015		353,486		351,815		(1,671)		73,642,933	0.48		
June 30, 2016		361,633		359,464	(2,169)			75,340,198	0.48		
June 30, 2017		415,036		419,387		4,351		79,814,544	0.53		
June 30, 2018		416,862		420,490		3,628		80,165,735	0.52		
June 30, 2019		418,802		419,260		458		80,538,884	0.52		
Actuarial assumptions: Valuation date A				•					ed as of June 30,		
			2017, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.								
Actuarial cost m	nethod		Entry Age Normal								
Amortization m	ethod		Level percentage of payroll, closed								
Remaining amo	rtizati	on period	30 ye	ears							
Asset valuation	metho	od	5-year smoothed market								
Inflation			2.50%								
Salary increases	;		3.50%	% - 5.35% (N	on-p	rofessional Pla	an)				
			3.50% - 5.95% (Teacher Plan)								
Investment rate	of ret	urn	7.00%								

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information. See accompanying independent auditors' report.

2.25% - 2.50%

Cost of living adjustment

Roanoke County Public Schools Roanoke County Public Schools' Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the Net Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2018	2019		2020
Measurement Date	 6/30/2017	6/30/2018		6/30/2019
Total liability - beginning	\$ 14,888,089	\$ 15,677,364	\$	10,756,321
Service cost	931,053	977,606		593,436
Interest	476,676	471,102		323,704
Change of assumptions	-	(3,035,172)		-
Difference between expected				
and actual experience	(28,590)	(2,488,407)		-
Contributions - member	94,298	939,187		540,748
Benefit payments, including				
refunds of contributions	 (684,162)	(1,785,359)		(1,027,942)
Net changes	 789,275	(4,921,043)		429,946
Total liability - ending	\$ 15,677,364	\$ 10,756,321	\$	11,186,267
Fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ 515,101	\$ 680,328	\$	744,176
Contributions - employer	682,154	846,172		579,484
Contributions - member	94,298	939,187		540,748
Net investment income	74,106	65,111		59,165
Benefit payments, including				
refunds of contributions	(684,162)	(1,785,359)		(1,027,942)
Administrative expense	 (1,169)	(1,263)		(1,263)
Net changes	 165,227	63,848		150,192
Fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 680,328	\$ 744,176	\$	894,368
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$ 14,997,036	\$ 10,012,145	\$	10,291,899
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total (asset) liability	4.3%	6.9%		8.0%
•			_	
Covered payroll Net (asset) liability as a percentage	\$ 65,279,124	\$ 53,150,640	\$	53,150,640
of covered payroll	23.0%	18.8%		19.4%

Note:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2020 is the third year for this presentation, only three years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information. See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Roanoke County Public Schools Roanoke County Public Schools' Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				ntributions Relation to					Contributions as a % of
Year Ended	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	D	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contribution (Deficiency) Excess		Covered Employee Payroll	Covered Employee Payroll
(Measurement Date	e)					(1)		(1)	(1)
June 30, 2015	\$	949,804	\$	1,045,395					
June 30, 2016		956,782		1,024,218					
June 30, 2017		682,154		682,154	\$	-	\$	65,279,124	1.04%
June 30, 2018		1,997,378		846,172		(1,151,206)		53,150,640	1.59%
June 30, 2019		1,289,794		579,484		(710,310)		53,150,640	1.09%

Notes:

(1) Added for compliance with new GASB 74 requirements. Schedule is intended to show GASB 74 information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the third year for this presentation, only three years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Actuarial assumptions: (1)

The following assumptions relate only to the GASB 74 actuarial valuation.

Valuation date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, 2018.
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Remaining amortization period	20 years
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	This is implicitly included in the investment rate of return and healthcare cost trend rates.
Discount rate	2.98%
Salary increases	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.50% graded down to 5.00% over 10 years beginning in 2018
Retirement age	In the 2018 actuarial valuation, expected retirement ages of employees were updated to the assumptions
	listed in the most recently published VRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which was the 2017 report.
Mortality	In the 2018 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted as a result of adopting the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables. In prior years, those assumptions were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Roanoke County Public Schools Roanoke County Public Schools' Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2017	2018	2019
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	13.04%	9.52%	TBD

Note:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2019 is the third year for this presentation and the data was not available for fiscal year 2019, only two years of data are available. However, additional years will be added as they become available.

Roanoke County Public Schools Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Annual Budget Adoption – Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund, Grant Fund, and Nutrition Fund, as required by GAAP, are presented as required supplementary information. The budgets are integrated into the accounting system and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the final amended budget. All budgets are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the General Fund, Grant Fund, and Nutrition Fund present actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended.

The Code of Virginia requires adoption of a balanced budget by June 30 of each year. The School Board formally adopted the fiscal year 2019 budget appropriation on March 22, 2018. Subsequently, the School Board adopted a revised budget on April 26, 2018 to increase the County transfer for the County Board of Supervisors final revenue sharing calculation. The County Board of Supervisors adopted the revised school budget on May 8, 2018. On June 12, 2018 the School Board adopted a final revised budget to increase State revenues for the Final General Assembly Adoption of the State budget. The County Board of Supervisors adopted the final revised school budget on June 24, 2018.

Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Grant Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Nutrition Fund. Supplemental capital budgets are approved by the School Board during the fiscal year as funding is identified and designated for capital projects.

All appropriations are legally controlled at the fund level. Overall increases in fund budgets are adopted by the School Board and then by the County Board of Supervisors. Budget transfers within a fund are approved by the School Board only. Budget revisions were approved throughout fiscal year 2019. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Changes of VRS benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of VRS assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates	Updated to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience (Teacher Plan) Lowered Rates (Non-Professional Plan)
Salary Scale	No change

Roanoke County Public Schools Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

Changes of Roanoke County Public Schools OPEB benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the Plan benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of Roanoke County Public Schools OPEB assumptions – The following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions and methods effective June 30, 2018:

- The percentage of future eligible retirees electing medical coverage was updated from 45.89% to 42.50%.
- The percentage of future eligible retirees electing medical coverage for a spouse was updated from 9.48% to 8.80%.
- The mortality, disability, withdrawal, and retirement assumptions were updated to the assumptions listed in the most recently published VRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which was the 2017 report.

2. MATERIAL VIOLATIONS

There were no material violations of the annual appropriated budget for the General Fund, Grant Fund, and Nutrition Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. In addition, there were no excesses of budgetary expenditures for the period.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Capital Projects Fund

The **Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the financing of capital outlay for construction and technology. Revenues are primarily from bond issues and allocations from the Major and Minor Capital Reserves maintained by the School Board. Major expenditures represent capital outlay, construction, and renovation of school facilities.

Roanoke County Public Schools Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	_	Original	Final		1	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental:									
Roanoke County	\$	382,940	\$	382,940	\$	405,032	\$	22,092	
Miscellaneous		250,000		230,000		50,000		(180,000)	
Total revenues		632,940		612,940		455,032		(157,908)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Instruction		-		63,996		7,365		56,631	
Administration		-		14,523		14,523		-	
Operations and maintenance		1,000,000	2,696,707		1,027,140			1,669,567	
Technology		432,500	432,500		432,500			-	
Capital outlay		1,840,000	17,435,530		3,118,539		14,316,991		
Total expenditures		3,272,500		20,643,256		4,600,067		16,043,189	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(2,639,560)		(20,030,316)		(4,145,035)		15,885,281	
Other financing sources									
Proceeds from sale of property Transfers:		-		-		5,258		5,258	
Transfers from General Fund		2,639,560		5,324,422		5,324,422		-	
Net other financing sources		2,639,560		5,324,422		5,329,680		5,258	
Net change in fund balances		-		(14,705,894)		1,184,645		15,890,539	
Total fund balances, beginning				14,705,894		14,705,894			
Total fund balances, ending	\$	_	\$	-	\$	15,890,539	\$	15,890,539	

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to other departments of the School System on a cost reimbursement basis.

The **Health Insurance Fund** is a self-insured fund used to account for health care costs for employees electing to participate in the Anthem group program.

The **Dental Insurance Fund** is a fully insured fund used to account for dental care costs for employees electing to participate in the Delta Dental group program.

The **Risk Management Fund** is a self-insured fund used to account for workers' compensation costs for employees injured on the job.

The **Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund** was a self-insured fund used to account for the repair and replacement of laptop computers under the Technology Initiative program implemented by the School System. During fiscal year 2019, pursuant to School Board approval, the Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund was closed and the prior year fund balance was transferred to the General Fund.

Roanoke County Public Schools Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2019

				Laptop	Total	
	Health	Dental	Risk	Insurance	Internal	
	Insurance	Insurance	Management	Reserve	Service Funds	
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,982,307	\$ 11,964	\$ 1,909,131	\$ -	\$ 9,903,402	
Accounts receivable	281,464	95	2,242	-	283,801	
Total assets	8,263,771	12,059	1,911,373		10,187,203	
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	153,270	-	11,018	-	164,288	
Claims payable	1,600,823	-	240,409	-	1,841,232	
Total current liabilities	1,754,093		251,427	-	2,005,520	
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims payable	-	-	507,591	-	507,591	
Total noncurrent liabilities			507,591	-	507,591	
Total liabilities	1,754,093		759,018		2,513,111	
Net Position						
Unrestricted	6,509,678	12,059	1,152,355	-	7,674,092	
Total net position	\$ 6,509,678	\$ 12,059	\$ 1,152,355	\$ -	\$ 7,674,092	

Roanoke County Public Schools Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Laptop	Total	
	Health	Dental	Risk	Insurance	Internal	
	Insurance	Insurance	Management	Reserve	Service Funds	
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 18,099,609	\$ 1,501,556	\$ 385,300	\$ -	\$ 19,986,465	
Total operating revenues	18,099,609	1,501,556	385,300		19,986,465	
Operating expenses						
Claims	14,471,159	1,487,948	240,864	-	16,199,971	
Reinsurance costs	706,273	-	-	-	706,273	
Wellness and HRA benefits	1,472,938	-	-	-	1,472,938	
Administrative charges and taxes	139,408	-	114,952	-	254,360	
Total operating expenses	16,789,778	1,487,948	355,816	-	18,633,542	
Operating income	1,309,831	13,608	29,484	_	1,352,923	
Nonoperating revenues						
Interest and dividend income	164,976	-	30,876	-	195,852	
Total nonoperating revenues	164,976		30,876		195,852	
Income before transfers	1,474,807	13,608	60,360		1,548,775	
Transfers						
Transfers out	-	-	-	(1,247,601)	(1,247,601)	
Net transfers				(1,247,601)	(1,247,601)	
Change in net position	1,474,807	13,608	60,360	(1,247,601)	301,174	
Total net position, beginning	5,034,871	(1,549)	1,091,995	1,247,601	7,372,918	
Total net position, ending	\$ 6,509,678	\$ 12,059	\$ 1,152,355	\$ -	\$ 7,674,092	

Roanoke County Public Schools Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Health Insurance	Dental Insurance	Risk Management	Laptop Insurance Reserve	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating activities					
Cash received from interfund					
services provided	\$ 18,224,109	\$ 1,501,545	\$ 425,995	\$ 7,160	\$ 20,158,809
Payments to suppliers	(926,396)	(243)	(114,952)	(4,635)	(1,046,226)
Payments from suppliers	-	-	8,822	-	8,822
Claims paid	(14,628,162)	(1,487,948)	(374,864)	-	(16,490,974)
Other payments	(1,469,428)	123,621			(1,345,807)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	1,200,123	136,975	(54,999)	2,525	1,284,624
Noncapital financing activities					
Transfers from other funds	125,011	-	-	-	125,011
Transfers to other funds	-	(125,011)	-	(1,247,601)	(1,372,612)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
noncapital financing activities	125,011	(125,011)		(1,247,601)	(1,247,601)
Investing activities					
Interest and dividend income	164,976	_	30,876	_	195,852
Net cash provided by investing					.55,652
activities	164,976	_	30,876	_	195,852
No.					
Net increase (decrease) in cash		11.064	(24 122)	(1.245.076)	222.075
and cash equivalents	1,490,110	11,964	(24,123)	(1,245,076)	232,875
Cash and cash equivalents,					
beginning	6,492,197		1,933,254	1,245,076	9,670,527
Cash and cash equivalents,					
ending	\$ 7,982,307	\$ 11,964	\$ 1,909,131	\$ -	\$ 9,903,402
	_				
Reconciliation of operating income	e to net cash pi	ovided by (us	sed in) operatin	g activities	
Operating income	\$ 1,309,831	\$ 13,608	\$ 29,484	\$ -	\$ 1,352,923
Adjustments to reconcile operating in net cash provided by (used in) operating in the cash provided by (used i					
Decrease (increase) in assets:					
Accounts receivable	124,500	(11)	40,695	7,160	172,344
Prepaid and other assets	3,510	123,621	-	-	127,131
·	·	·			·
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	(00.745)	(0.40)	0.000	(2.0.40)	(75.005)
Accounts payable	(80,715)	(243)	8,822	(3,849)	(75,985)
Accrued liabilities	(157,002)	-	(124,000)	(786)	(786)
Claims payable	(157,003)		(134,000)		(291,003)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	\$ 1,200,123	\$ 136,975	\$ (54,999)	\$ 2,525	\$ 1,284,624

Roanoke County Public Schools Budgetary Comparison Schedule Internal Service Fund - Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Budgeted	l An		Actual	Final Po	nce with Budget esitive
	Or	iginal		Final	 Amounts	(Ne	gative)
Transfers							
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(1,247,601)	\$ (1,247,601)	\$	-
Net transfers		-	_	(1,247,601)	(1,247,601)		-
Change in net position		-		(1,247,601)	(1,247,601)		-
Total net position, beginning		-		1,247,601	1,247,601		-
Total net position, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds are used to account for the financial resources held by the School System in a trustee capacity.

The Student Activity Fund is used to account for the financial resources held by the School System for the students.

Roanoke County Public Schools Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Agency
Assets	
Balance, beginning	\$ 2,332,476
Additions	7,044,977
Deductions	(7,114,754)
Balance, ending	\$ 2,262,699
Liabilities	
Balance, beginning	\$ 2,332,476
Additions	7,044,977
Deductions	(7,114,754)
Balance, ending	\$ 2,262,699

STATISTICAL SECTION





Roanoke County Public Schools Statistical Section June 30, 2019

This part of the School System's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School System's overall financial position.

Financial Trends	120-123
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School System's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	124-128
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School System's most significant local revenue sources and the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	129-131
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future for the School System's capital improvements.	
Demographic and Economic Information	132-133
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School System's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other school divisions over time.	
Operating Information	134-147

These schedules contain service and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the School System's financial report relates to the services the School System provided and the activities it performs.

Table 1 **Unaudited**

Roanoke County Public Schools Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities										
Net investment										
in capital assets	\$ 41,830,203	\$ 41,651,583	\$ 41,371,652	\$ 43,142,309	\$ 41,852,791	\$ 39,733,962	\$ 47,263,705	\$ 46,765,379	\$ 46,943,444	\$ 53,217,047
Restricted for:										
Instructional grants	-	157,951	75,677	92,364	75,494	75,508	66,398	77,309	86,568	-
Emergency contingency	-	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Unrestricted	40,562,210	29,590,419	31,845,216	30,604,787	26,244,281	(98,692,493)	(92,973,387)	(91,056,890)	(120,104,335)	(108,960,197)
Total net position	\$ 82,392,413	\$ 73,399,953	\$ 75,292,545	\$ 75,839,460	\$ 70,172,566	\$ (56,883,023)	\$ (43,643,284)	\$ (42,214,202)	\$ (71,074,323)	\$ (53,743,150)
	Adjustment fo	r beginning net	pension liabilit	ty per GASB 68	(140,126,213)					
	Adjustment fo	r 2014 employe	er contributions	per GASB 71	8,630,710					
	Total net pos	sition, as restate	ed, June 30, 201	14	\$ (61,322,937)					
			Adjustment fo	r beginning net	VRS OPEB liabi	lity per GASB 75		(18,102,726)		
			Adjustment fo	5	(14,022,074)					
			Total net pos	sition, as restate		\$ (74,339,002)				

Source: Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A)

Roanoke County Public Schools Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Governmental Activities	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses										
Instruction	\$ 104,853,420	\$ 104,091,890	\$ 104,117,764	\$ 107,041,368	\$ 108,041,904	\$ 109,136,909	\$ 107,696,660	\$ 116,721,895	\$ 117,622,278	\$ 114,886,508
Administration	2,878,527	2,362,580	2,593,752	2,595,087	2,505,845	2,719,118	2,909,808	3,315,935	3,328,192	3,545,283
Attendance and health	2,910,184	2,598,603	2,729,219	2,301,288	2,132,406	2,358,106	2,332,133	2,276,599	2,359,421	2,206,735
Transportation	5,833,078	6,964,180	6,675,986	6,751,036	6,620,044	6,014,584	5,924,837	6,403,743	5,431,735	5,231,245
Operations and maintenance	12,378,003	11,436,014	11,542,861	12,114,141	12,033,120	11,164,752	11,227,448	11,480,475	13,860,087	13,296,479
Technology	4,511,121	6,121,084	4,946,469	4,609,269	5,991,294	4,356,121	6,367,798	6,679,719	6,256,710	7,222,269
Nutrition	5,622,545	5,572,527	5,682,159	5,827,060	5,612,945	5,041,064	4,804,867	5,027,956	5,233,734	5,080,060
Capital lease interest	122,565	187,855	87,563	73,194	57,835	41,367	23,731	4,864	1,226,326	1,172,887
Payment of interest and										
other charges for										
County capital projects	10,871,639	24,413,643	6,450,345	6,725,345	8,911,343	7,325,344	7,325,340	6,347,576	5,099,019	2,200,000
Total expenses	149,981,082	163,748,376	144,826,118	148,037,788	151,906,736	148,157,365	148,612,622	158,258,762	160,417,502	154,841,466
Program revenues										
Charges for services:										
Instruction	806,398	877,818	832,118	841,332	888,546	814,843	689,976	1,560,379	1,599,270	1,572,987
Administration	3,775	297	124	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations and maintenance	174,589	53,225	22,775	48,487	58,800	102,418	97,858	129,177	108,385	75,666
Nutrition	3,613,046	3,535,548	3,480,466	3,280,884	3,013,951	3,015,530	2,955,049	2,841,963	2,855,676	2,779,178
Operating grants										
and contributions	28,973,555	32,456,049	23,680,280	25,239,635	24,199,967	25,685,624	26,189,097	27,839,282	31,676,933	31,987,163
Capital grants										
and contributions	1,512,936	1,588,677	893,950	2,491,469	860,106	1,814,146	9,116,549	3,089,261	3,513,954	8,050,076
Total revenues	35,084,299	38,511,614	28,909,713	31,901,807	29,021,370	31,432,561	39,048,529	35,460,062	39,754,218	44,465,070
Net expense	(114,896,783)	(125,236,762)	(115,916,405)	(116,135,981)	(122,885,366)	(116,724,804)	(109,564,093)	(122,798,700)	(120,663,284)	(110,376,396)
General revenues and other of	changes in net p	osition								
Roanoke County	63,597,776	64,559,361	66,083,024	65,597,324	65,944,318	67,617,035	68,924,133	68,763,376	69,307,937	70,448,764
Non-categorical state aid	53,945,620	50,182,318	51,265,516	50,771,561	50,799,563	53,150,488	53,533,578	54,914,899	53,896,466	56,104,830
Gain on sale of capital assets	674,143	27,134	29,264	28,114	38,838	13,733	8,616	116,956	145,912	85,021
Miscellaneous	357,303	397,886	431,193	285,897	435,753	383,462	337,505	432,551	577,648	1,068,954
Capital donated to Schools		1,077,603								
Total general revenues										
and other changes										
in net position	118,574,842	116,244,302	117,808,997	116,682,896	117,218,472	121,164,718	122,803,832	124,227,782	123,927,963	127,707,569
Change in net position	\$ 3,678,059	\$ (8,992,460)	\$ 1,892,592	\$ 546,915	\$ (5,666,894)	\$ 4,439,914	\$ 13,239,739	\$ 1,429,082	\$ 3,264,679	\$ 17,331,173

Source: Statement of Activities (Exhibit B)

Roanoke County Public Schools Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
General fund		(1)				•				(2)			
Reserved	\$ 273,752												
Unreserved, designated	6,675,386												
Unreserved, undesignated	2,671,290												
Nonspendable		\$ 146,447	\$ 243,570	\$ 178,017	\$ 249,890	\$ 232,353	\$ 162,313	\$ 133,407	\$ 156,687	\$ 167,899			
Restricted		2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000			
Committed		11,842,982	3,994,560	1,638,186	4,045,276	4,972,947	5,834,792	5,184,393	5,965,686	7,176,564			
Assigned		473,950	600,606	817,935	34,719	133,827	26,902	32,157	56,538	115,319			
Total fund balance	\$ 9,620,428	\$ 14,463,379	\$ 6,838,736	\$ 4,634,138	\$ 6,329,885	\$ 7,339,127	\$ 8,024,007	\$ 7,349,957	\$ 8,178,911	\$ 9,459,782			
All other governmental fund	All other governmental funds												
Reserved	\$ 257,908												
Unreserved, designated:													
Special Revenue Fund	3,171,196												
Capital Projects Fund	16,273,830												
Nonspendable		\$ 102,327	\$ 74,255	\$ 106,646	\$ 183,435	\$ 226,933	\$ 203,302	\$ 274,932	\$ -	\$ 277,392			
Restricted		157,951	75,677	92,364	75,494	75,508	66,398	77,309	86,568	-			
Committed		5,733,083	15,387,193	16,715,054	12,845,599	14,584,349	14,788,306	17,268,497	17,954,552	19,602,224			
Assigned		195,552		_									
Total fund balance	\$ 19,702,934	\$ 6,188,913	\$ 15,537,125	\$ 16,914,064	\$ 13,104,528	\$ 14,886,790	\$ 15,058,006	\$ 17,620,738	\$ 18,041,120	\$ 19,879,616			
Total fund balances -													
all governmental funds	\$ 29,323,362	\$ 20,652,292	\$ 22,375,861	\$ 21,548,202	\$ 19,434,413	\$ 22,225,917	\$ 23,082,013	\$ 24,970,695	\$ 26,220,031	\$ 29,339,398			

Source: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Exhibit C)

Notes:

The change in total fund balance of the General Fund and all other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

- (1) In fiscal year 2011, the School System implemented GASB Statement 54, which resulted in moving school textbooks and school bus special revenue funds into the General Fund. Per the statement, prior year fund balances have not been restated.
- (2) In fiscal year 2019, the Laptop Insurance Reserve Fund (proprietary fund) was repurposed into the Technology Replacement Fund, which is now accounted for in the General Fund.

Roanoke County Public Schools Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Revenues	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Roanoke County	\$ 63,622,776	\$ 64,951,268	\$ 66,108,024	\$ 65,647,324	\$ 65,969,318	\$ 67,617,035	\$ 68,924,133	\$ 68,763,376	\$ 72,013,582	\$ 70,853,796
Commonwealth of Virginia	71,309,332	65,885,715	67,879,498	69,191,858	69,327,834	72,094,741	73,064,205	75,767,747	78,676,285	80,536,217
Federal government	13,154,962	18,279,497	8,382,678	7,761,649	6,757,028	7,668,652	7,499,321	8,215,472	9,214,914	8,788,084
Charges for services	4,408,785	4,166,423	3,961,756	3,883,207	3,646,693	3,701,470	3,611,433	4,003,740	3,949,225	3,917,754
Other	257,273	340,243	402,610	303,183	393,084	326,570	253,371	383,180	485,536	890,566
Total revenues	152,753,128	153,623,146	146,734,566	146,787,221	146,093,957	151,408,468	153,352,463	157,133,515	164,339,542	164,986,417
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instruction	103,447,341	101,375,153	99,645,396	102,153,926	102,199,992	105,269,002	105,356,201	111,139,524	114,283,727	114,591,534
Administration	2,854,789	2,269,955	2,472,589	2,369,109	2,460,131	2,807,443	3,601,491	2,956,934	3,047,674	3,463,754
Attendance and health	2,946,828	2,592,637	2,717,336	2,287,489	2,108,964	2,424,938	2,366,707	2,254,534	2,395,337	2,290,264
Transportation	5,997,771	7,054,463	6,668,232	6,405,023	6,522,524	5,304,357	6,896,242	5,542,849	6,965,079	7,022,008
Operations and maintenance	12,507,630	11,370,452	11,643,854	12,021,331	11,866,554	11,382,964	11,558,047	11,377,853	13,260,400	13,056,444
Technology	4,556,074	6,108,595	6,675,913	5,167,438	6,627,926	5,657,517	6,988,432	6,850,659	7,459,110	8,156,622
Nutrition	5,615,301	5,563,659	5,864,493	5,839,269	5,594,187	5,022,818	4,820,635	4,951,948	5,186,057	5,003,094
Debt service:										
Principal	1,541,330	2,784,496	2,899,478	2,908,865	4,229,938	3,140,309	3,195,935	3,310,978	2,899,019	2,952,458
Interest	1,236,175	1,801,284	1,723,970	1,664,458	2,242,823	1,460,295	1,418,922	1,340,801	1,226,326	1,172,887
Payment for future capital	8,367,246	20,288,298	2,300,000	2,600,000	2,900,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000
Capital outlay	649,418	1,112,358	2,507,844	5,440,998	3,358,661	2,961,054	2,914,678	3,325,852	4,793,532	3,290,607
Total expenditures	149,719,903	162,321,350	145,119,105	148,857,906	150,111,700	148,630,697	152,317,290	155,251,932	163,716,261	163,199,672
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over (under)	3,033,225	(8,698,204)	1,615,461	(2,070,685)	(4,017,743)	2,777,771	1,035,173	1,881,583	623,281	1,786,745
Other financing sources (use	s)									
Proceeds from sale of property	2,011,476	27,134	29,264	28,114	38,838	13,733	8,616	190,381	76,527	85,021
Transfers, net	1,205,142	-	78,844	1,214,912	1,865,116	-	(187,693)	(183,282)	549,528	1,247,601
Total other financing										
sources (uses), net	3,216,618	27,134	108,108	1,243,026	1,903,954	13,733	(179,077)	7,099	626,055	1,332,622
Change in fund balances	\$ 6,249,843	\$ (8,671,070)	\$ 1,723,569	\$ (827,659)	\$ (2,113,789)	\$ 2,791,504	\$ 856,096	\$ 1,888,682	\$ 1,249,336	\$ 3,119,367
Debt service as a percentage										
of non-capital expenditures	7.55%	15.57%	4.89%	5.00%	6.49%	5.34%	5.28%	4.50%	4.02%	4.01%

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit E)

Roanoke County Public Schools Major Local Revenue Sources - General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	C	oun	ty of Roanoke	1	State Aid				
	Annual		Increase	Percent		Annual		Increase	Percent
Ap	propriation	(1	Decrease)	Change	Ap	propriation	((Decrease)	Change
\$	63,597,776	\$	(669,356)	(1.04)%	\$	69,502,612	\$	(10,692,887)	(13.33)%
	64,559,361		961,585	1.51		64,103,729		(5,398,883)	(7.77)
	66,083,024		1,523,663	2.36		66,119,254		2,015,525	3.14
	65,597,324		(485,700)	(0.73)		67,541,127		1,421,873	2.15
	65,944,318		346,994	0.53		67,573,186		32,059	0.05
	66,996,426		1,052,108	1.60		70,235,683		2,662,497	3.94
	67,703,707		707,281	1.06		71,274,588		1,038,905	1.48
	68,738,376		1,034,669	1.53		73,904,943		2,630,355	3.69
	69,307,937		569,561	0.83		76,700,495		2,795,552	3.78
	70,448,764		1,140,827	1.65		79,544,600		2,844,105	3.71
		Annual Appropriation \$ 63,597,776 64,559,361 66,083,024 65,597,324 65,944,318 66,996,426 67,703,707 68,738,376 69,307,937	Annual Appropriation (I \$ 63,597,776 \$ 64,559,361 66,083,024 65,597,324 65,944,318 66,996,426 67,703,707 68,738,376 69,307,937	Annual Appropriation Increase (Decrease) \$ 63,597,776 \$ (669,356) 64,559,361 961,585 66,083,024 1,523,663 65,597,324 (485,700) 65,944,318 346,994 66,996,426 1,052,108 67,703,707 707,281 68,738,376 1,034,669 69,307,937 569,561	Appropriation (Decrease) Change \$ 63,597,776 \$ (669,356) (1.04)% 64,559,361 961,585 1.51 66,083,024 1,523,663 2.36 65,597,324 (485,700) (0.73) 65,944,318 346,994 0.53 66,996,426 1,052,108 1.60 67,703,707 707,281 1.06 68,738,376 1,034,669 1.53 69,307,937 569,561 0.83	Annual Appropriation Increase (Decrease) Percent Change Appropriation \$ 63,597,776 \$ (669,356) (1.04)% \$ 64,559,361 961,585 1.51 66,083,024 1,523,663 2.36 65,597,324 (485,700) (0.73) 65,944,318 346,994 0.53 66,996,426 1,052,108 1.60 67,703,707 707,281 1.06 68,738,376 1,034,669 1.53 69,307,937 569,561 0.83	Annual AppropriationIncrease (Decrease)Percent ChangeAnnual Appropriation\$ 63,597,776\$ (669,356)(1.04)%\$ 69,502,61264,559,361961,5851.5164,103,72966,083,0241,523,6632.3666,119,25465,597,324(485,700)(0.73)67,541,12765,944,318346,9940.5367,573,18666,996,4261,052,1081.6070,235,68367,703,707707,2811.0671,274,58868,738,3761,034,6691.5373,904,94369,307,937569,5610.8376,700,495	Annual Appropriation Increase (Decrease) Percent Change Annual Appropriation \$ 63,597,776 \$ (669,356) (1.04)% \$ 69,502,612 \$ 64,559,361 961,585 1.51 64,103,729 66,083,024 1,523,663 2.36 66,119,254 65,597,324 (485,700) (0.73) 67,541,127 65,944,318 346,994 0.53 67,573,186 66,996,426 1,052,108 1.60 70,235,683 67,703,707 707,281 1.06 71,274,588 68,738,376 1,034,669 1.53 73,904,943 69,307,937 569,561 0.83 76,700,495	Annual AppropriationIncrease (Decrease)Percent ChangeAnnual AppropriationIncrease (Decrease)\$ 63,597,776\$ (669,356)(1.04)%\$ 69,502,612\$ (10,692,887)64,559,361961,5851.5164,103,729(5,398,883)66,083,0241,523,6632.3666,119,2542,015,52565,597,324(485,700)(0.73)67,541,1271,421,87365,944,318346,9940.5367,573,18632,05966,996,4261,052,1081.6070,235,6832,662,49767,703,707707,2811.0671,274,5881,038,90568,738,3761,034,6691.5373,904,9432,630,35569,307,937569,5610.8376,700,4952,795,552

Source: Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Exhibit L)

County of Roanoke, Virginia Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Public	Total Taxable	Real Property	Personal Pro	perty Tax Rate	Estimated Actual
Real		Personal		Service	Assessed	Direct Tax		Machinery	 Taxable
Property		Property		Corporation	Value	Rate	Tangible	& Tools	Value
\$ 8,020,716,300	\$	780,689,905	\$	233,127,850	\$ 9,034,534,055	\$1.09	\$3.50	\$3.00	\$ 10,151,161,860
8,053,281,600		782,346,945		223,646,000	9,059,274,545	1.09	3.50	3.00	9,847,037,549
7,968,030,200		814,156,400		233,411,860	9,015,598,460	1.09	3.50	3.00	9,391,248,396
7,798,171,500		835,361,990		247,863,410	8,881,396,900	1.09	3.50	3.00	9,062,649,898
7,850,267,000		855,450,240		257,490,630	8,963,207,870	1.09	3.50	3.00	9,146,130,480
7,972,937,500		889,550,760		267,613,790	9,130,102,050	1.09	3.50	3.00	9,712,874,521
8,098,986,500		899,232,061		277,724,570	9,275,943,131	1.09	3.50	2.95	9,868,024,607
8,254,177,800		916,529,122		275,690,440	9,446,397,362	1.09	3.50	2.90	10,157,416,518
8,448,729,500		927,786,840		293,523,830	9,670,040,170	1.09	3.50	2.85	10,287,276,777
8,719,015,700		991,949,413		305,072,700	10,016,037,813	1.09	3.50	2.85	10,886,997,623
	\$ 8,020,716,300 8,053,281,600 7,968,030,200 7,798,171,500 7,850,267,000 7,972,937,500 8,098,986,500 8,254,177,800 8,448,729,500	\$ 8,020,716,300 \$ 8,053,281,600 7,968,030,200 7,798,171,500 7,850,267,000 7,972,937,500 8,098,986,500 8,254,177,800 8,448,729,500	Property Property \$ 8,020,716,300 \$ 780,689,905 8,053,281,600 782,346,945 7,968,030,200 814,156,400 7,798,171,500 835,361,990 7,850,267,000 855,450,240 7,972,937,500 889,550,760 8,098,986,500 899,232,061 8,254,177,800 916,529,122 8,448,729,500 927,786,840	Property Property \$ 8,020,716,300 \$ 780,689,905 8,053,281,600 782,346,945 7,968,030,200 814,156,400 7,798,171,500 835,361,990 7,850,267,000 855,450,240 7,972,937,500 889,550,760 8,098,986,500 899,232,061 8,254,177,800 916,529,122 8,448,729,500 927,786,840	Real PropertyPersonal PropertyService Corporation\$ 8,020,716,300 8,053,281,600 7,968,030,200 7,798,171,500 7,850,267,000 8,098,986,500 8,098,986,500 8,233,127,850 814,156,400 835,361,990 855,450,240 899,232,061 899,232,061 8,254,177,800 8,448,729,500\$ 233,411,860 247,863,410 257,490,630 267,613,790 267,613,790 277,724,570 275,690,440 293,523,830	Real PropertyPersonal PropertyService CorporationAssessed Value\$ 8,020,716,300\$ 780,689,905\$ 233,127,850\$ 9,034,534,0558,053,281,600782,346,945223,646,0009,059,274,5457,968,030,200814,156,400233,411,8609,015,598,4607,798,171,500835,361,990247,863,4108,881,396,9007,850,267,000855,450,240257,490,6308,963,207,8707,972,937,500889,550,760267,613,7909,130,102,0508,098,986,500899,232,061277,724,5709,275,943,1318,254,177,800916,529,122275,690,4409,446,397,3628,448,729,500927,786,840293,523,8309,670,040,170	Real PropertyPersonal PropertyService CorporationAssessed ValueDirect Tax Rate\$ 8,020,716,300\$ 780,689,905\$ 233,127,850\$ 9,034,534,055\$ 1.098,053,281,600782,346,945223,646,0009,059,274,5451.097,968,030,200814,156,400233,411,8609,015,598,4601.097,798,171,500835,361,990247,863,4108,881,396,9001.097,850,267,000855,450,240257,490,6308,963,207,8701.097,972,937,500889,550,760267,613,7909,130,102,0501.098,098,986,500899,232,061277,724,5709,275,943,1311.098,254,177,800916,529,122275,690,4409,446,397,3621.098,448,729,500927,786,840293,523,8309,670,040,1701.09	Real PropertyPersonal PropertyService CorporationAssessed ValueDirect Tax RateTangible\$ 8,020,716,300\$ 780,689,905\$ 233,127,850\$ 9,034,534,055\$ 1.09\$ 3.508,053,281,600782,346,945223,646,0009,059,274,5451.093.507,968,030,200814,156,400233,411,8609,015,598,4601.093.507,798,171,500835,361,990247,863,4108,881,396,9001.093.507,850,267,000855,450,240257,490,6308,963,207,8701.093.507,972,937,500889,550,760267,613,7909,130,102,0501.093.508,098,986,500899,232,061277,724,5709,275,943,1311.093.508,254,177,800916,529,122275,690,4409,446,397,3621.093.508,448,729,500927,786,840293,523,8309,670,040,1701.093.50	Real PropertyPersonal PropertyService CorporationAssessed ValueDirect Tax RateTangibleMachinery & Tools\$ 8,020,716,300\$ 780,689,905\$ 233,127,850\$ 9,034,534,055\$ 1.09\$ 3.50\$ 3.008,053,281,600782,346,945223,646,0009,059,274,5451.093.503.007,968,030,200814,156,400233,411,8609,015,598,4601.093.503.007,798,171,500835,361,990247,863,4108,881,396,9001.093.503.007,850,267,000855,450,240257,490,6308,963,207,8701.093.503.007,972,937,500889,550,760267,613,7909,130,102,0501.093.503.008,098,986,500899,232,061277,724,5709,275,943,1311.093.502.958,254,177,800916,529,122275,690,4409,446,397,3621.093.502.908,448,729,500927,786,840293,523,8309,670,040,1701.093.502.85

Source: Roanoke County Real Estate Office

Note:

Property in Roanoke County is assessed annually and is assessed at approximately 92% of actual value for 2018-2019 and at approximately 94.2% for years 2010-2018. Estimated actual taxable value is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value. Tax Rates equal \$3.50 for Personal Property, \$2.85 for Machinery and Tools, and \$1.09 for Real Estate.

County of Roanoke, Virginia Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Direct Rates
County of Roanoke

Overlapping Rates
Town of Vinton

Fiscal		Real Property		Perso	onal Property	Real	Perso	onal Property	
Year	First Half	Second Half	Total	Tangible	Machinery & Tools	Property	Tangible	Machinery & Tools	
2010	\$0.545	\$0.545	\$1.09	\$3.50	\$3.00	\$0.03	\$1.00	\$1.00	
2011	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	3.00	0.03	1.00	1.00	
2012	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	3.00	0.03	1.00	1.00	
2013	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	3.00	0.03	1.00	1.00	
2014	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	3.00	0.03	1.00	1.00	
2015	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	3.00	0.07	1.00	1.00	
2016	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	2.95	0.07	1.00	1.00	
2017	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	2.90	0.07	1.00	1.00	
2018	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	2.85	0.07	1.00	1.00	
2019	0.545	0.545	1.09	3.50	2.85	0.07	1.00	1.00	

Source: Roanoke County Real Estate Office

Notes:

All tax rates per \$100 of assessed value.

The County's tax rates are determined each year by the Roanoke County Board of Supervisors.

Overlapping rates are those of the Town of Vinton, which is located in the County of Roanoke. Only those residents living in Vinton are subject to both the Town of Vinton's rate and the County of Roanoke's rate.

County of Roanoke, Virginia Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value (Millions)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value (Millions)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Appalachian Power Company	\$178	1	1.78%	\$112	1	1.24%
Kroger Limited Partnership	42	2	0.42	41	2	0.45
Roanoke Owner 1 LLC (Formerly Pebble Creek, LLC)	36	3	0.36	-	-	-
Walmart Real Estate Business	29	4	0.29	19	8	0.21
Roanoke Gas Company	28	5	0.28	-	-	-
Cellco Partnership dba Verizon Wireless	26	6	0.26	-	-	-
Norfolk and Western Railway Company	23	7	0.23	-	-	-
Tanglewood Venture LLC (Formerly Roanoke Tanglewood LLC)	23	8	0.23	41	3	0.45
Verizon Virginia LLC	22	9	0.22	41	4	0.45
Mikeone EK Roanoke LLC	21	10	0.21	-	-	-
Friendship Manor Apartment Complex	-	-	-	29	5	0.32
Richfield Retirement Community	-	-	-	29	6	0.32
Integrity Windows, Inc.	-	-	-	19	7	0.21
First States Investors 3300 LLC	-	-	-	18	9	0.20
Carilion Hospital, Inc.	-	-	-	17	10	0.19
Total	\$428		4.28%	\$366		4.04%

Source: Roanoke County Real Estate Assessment Department

County of Roanoke, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

Taxes Levied		Fiscal Year	of the Levy	C	ollections	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage	ln :	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage
Year	riscai fear	Amount	of Levy	- Tears		Amount	of Levy
2010	\$ 116,489,107	\$ 111,980,936	96.13%	\$	3,835,301	\$ 115,816,237	99.42%
2011	118,335,928	113,612,208	96.01		3,988,037	117,600,245	99.38
2012	118,634,364	113,978,854	96.08		4,181,928	118,160,782	99.60
2013	118,489,124	113,917,134	96.14		3,784,655	117,701,789	99.34
2014	118,192,461	113,964,831	96.42		3,135,862	117,100,693	99.08
2015	120,224,376	116,398,283	96.82		3,042,262	119,440,545	99.35
2016	123,023,949	118,615,971	96.42		4,013,136	122,629,107	99.68
2017	123,991,274	120,899,417	97.51		3,975,544	124,874,961	100.71
2018	126,405,991	123,195,790	97.46		3,308,056	126,503,846	100.08
2019	131,070,799	126,869,715	96.79		-	126,869,715	96.79

Source: Roanoke County Commissioner of Revenue and Treasurer's Office

County of Roanoke, Virginia Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Government	al Activities				Component Unit			Percentage of
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Debt	Lease Revenue Bonds	VPSA School Bonds	State Literary Bonds	Capital Leases	Bond Premiums	Total Primary Government	School Board Capital Leases	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Assessed Value of Taxable Property
									(1)	(1)	
2010	\$12,585,000	\$78,264,276	\$109,042,483	\$ 4,064,860	\$ -	\$ 6,489,248	\$210,445,867	\$ 2,835,505	4.56%	\$2,312	2.36%
2011	10,615,000	75,952,287	101,503,194	3,617,042	1,148,037	6,112,426	198,947,986	2,488,325	4.21	2,177	2.22
2012	8,565,000	73,553,388	103,057,169	3,169,225	1,052,372	6,669,073	196,066,227	2,114,385	3.98	2,138	2.20
2013	6,440,000	71,048,816	95,104,061	2,721,409	952,889	6,223,963	182,491,138	1,750,401	3.57	1,976	2.07
2014	6,150,390	76,993,268	87,191,051	2,273,592	849,437	7,636,915	181,094,653	1,358,518	3.36	1,968	2.04
2015	5,332,236	74,886,582	97,117,015	1,825,775	741,516	9,256,934	189,160,058	937,225	3.30	2,032	2.08
2016	4,497,704	77,275,000	88,460,767	-	-	10,564,744	180,798,215	484,939	3.13	1,933	1.95
2017	3,640,935	74,535,000	80,301,667	-	-	9,832,624	168,310,226	-	2.82	1,792	1.78
2018	2,765,175	77,970,000	72,194,043	-	-	9,929,441	162,858,659	-	2.73	1,632	1.68
2019	1,866,987	75,035,000	91,947,188	-	-	11,356,388	180,205,563	-	3.02	1,924	1.80

Source: Roanoke County Finance Office

Notes:

(1) Personal income and per capita personal income from Table 13 Demographic Statistics

County of Roanoke, Virginia Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding - County Government

Percentage of Estimated

	General Bonaca Best Gustanania Gounty Government										Lottinated	
	General		Lease	VPSA			State				Actual Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation		Revenue	School			Literary		Bond		Value of	Per
Year	Debt		Bonds	Bonds			Bonds	ı	Premiums	Total	Property	Capita
											(1)	(2)
2010	\$ 12,585,000) \$	78,264,276	\$ 109,042,4	83	\$	4,064,860	\$	6,489,248	\$ 210,445,867	2.07%	\$2,281
2011	10,615,000)	75,952,287	101,503,1	94		3,617,042		6,112,426	197,799,949	2.01	2,138
2012	8,565,000)	73,553,388	103,057,1	69		3,169,225		6,669,073	195,013,855	2.08	2,104
2013	6,440,000)	71,048,816	95,104,0	61		2,721,409		6,223,963	181,538,249	2.00	1,947
2014	6,150,390)	76,993,268	87,191,0	51		2,273,592		7,636,915	180,245,216	1.97	1,944
2015	5,332,236	5	74,886,582	97,117,0	15		1,825,775		9,256,934	188,418,542	1.94	2,014
2016	4,497,704	ļ	77,275,000	88,460,7	67		-		10,564,744	180,798,215	1.83	1,928
2017	3,640,935	5	74,535,000	80,301,6	67		-		9,832,624	168,310,226	1.66	1,792
2018	2,765,175	5	77,970,000	72,194,0	43		-		9,929,441	162,858,659	1.58	1,737
2019	1,866,987	7	75,035,000	91,947,1	88		-		11,356,388	180,205,563	1.66	1,924

Source: Roanoke County Finance Office

Notes:

- (1) Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property from Table 6 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- (2) Population from Table 13 Demographic Statistics

County of Roanoke, Virginia Debt Policy Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General bonded debt outst	anding									
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 12,585,000	\$ 10,615,000	\$ 8,565,000	\$ 6,440,000	\$ 6,150,390	\$ 5,332,236	\$ 4,497,704	\$ 3,640,935	\$ 2,765,175	\$ 1,866,987
Lease Revenue Bonds	78,264,276	75,952,287	73,553,388	71,048,816	76,993,268	74,886,582	77,275,000	74,535,000	77,970,000	75,035,000
VPSA School Bonds	109,042,483	101,503,194	103,057,169	95,104,061	87,191,051	97,117,015	88,460,767	80,301,667	72,194,043	91,947,188
State Literary Bonds	4,064,860	3,617,042	3,169,225	2,721,409	2,273,952	1,825,775	-	-	-	-
Bond Premiums	6,489,248	6,112,426	6,669,073	6,223,963	7,636,915	9,256,934	10,564,744	9,832,624	9,929,441	11,356,388
Total net debt										
applicable to										
debt limits	\$ 210,445,867	\$ 197,799,949	\$ 195,013,855	\$ 181,538,249	\$ 180,245,576	\$ 188,418,542	\$ 180,798,215	\$ 168,310,226	\$ 162,858,659	\$ 180,205,563
Ratio of net debt to assessed Actual Debt limit per policy	ed taxable prop 2.33% 3.00%	2.18% 3.00%	2.16% 3.00%	2.04% 3.00%	2.01% 3.00%	2.06% 3.00%	1.95% 3.00%	1.78% 3.00%	1.68% 3.00%	1.80% 3.00%
Ratio of net debt per capita	a									
Actual	\$2,281	\$2,138	\$2,104	\$1,947	\$1,944	\$2,014	\$1,928	\$1,792	\$1,737	\$1,924
Debt limit per policy	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500
Ratio of net debt to genera	•	•	952,287 73,553,388 71,048,816 76,993,268 74,886,582 77,275,000 74,535,000 77,970,000 75,035,000 503,194 103,057,169 95,104,061 87,191,051 97,117,015 88,460,767 80,301,667 72,194,043 91,947,188 617,042 3,169,225 2,721,409 2,273,952 1,825,775 112,426 6,669,073 6,223,963 7,636,915 9,256,934 10,564,744 9,832,624 9,929,441 11,356,388 7799,949 \$195,013,855 \$181,538,249 \$180,245,576 \$188,418,542 \$180,798,215 \$168,310,226 \$162,858,659 \$180,205,563 10e 118% 2,16% 2,04% 2,01% 2,06% 1,95% 1,78% 1,68% 1,80% 00% 3,00% 3,00% 3,00% 3,00% 3,00% 3,00% 3,00% 3,00% 3,00% 1,138 \$2,104 \$1,947 \$1,944 \$2,014 \$1,928 \$1,792 \$1,737 \$1,924 1,500 \$2,500 \$2,500 \$2,500 \$2,500 \$2,500 \$2,500 \$2,500 \$2,500							
Actual	7.79%	8.51%								
Debt limit per policy	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%

Source: Roanoke County Finance Office

County of Roanoke, Virginia Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Personal Income	Per Capita Personal	Average Daily	Unemployment
Year	Population	(Thousands)	Income	Membership	Rate
	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2010	92,253	\$4,672,291	\$39,315	14,474	6.30%
2011	92,524	4,789,030	40,688	14,259	5.70
2012	92,687	4,984,547	42,288	14,081	5.60
2013	93,256	5,159,100	42,288	13,958	5.50
2014	92,703	5,435,865	45,577	13,929	5.20
2015	93,569	5,758,037	48,047	13,909	4.50
2016	93,775	5,785,780	48,384	13,982	3.50
2017	93,924	5,962,802	49,860	13,830	3.60
2018	93,735	5,962,802	49,860	13,779	3.10
2019	93,672	5,962,802	49,860	13,671	2.70

Sources:

- (1) Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, Demographics Research Group, www.coopercenter.org/demographics
- (2) Personal Income & Per Capita Personal Income from the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Latest information available is for 2017. The figures for 2018 and 2019 have not been updated.
- (3) Roanoke County Public Schools' Administration Department
- (4) Virginia Employment Commission and the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

County of Roanoke, Virginia Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019		2010						
Roanoke County Schools Vells Fargo Operations Center (Wachovia division) County of Roanoke Groger Griendship Retirement Community Richfield Recovery & Care Center Allstate Insurance Company Harris Corporation Integrity Windows & Doors Val-mart Bright Personnel and Business Courtland Health Care Center			Number of			Number of				
Employer	Rank	Ownership	Employees	Rank	Ownership	Employees				
				_		1 000				
Roanoke County Schools	1	Local Govt.	2,000+	1	Local Govt.	1,000+				
Wells Fargo Operations Center (Wachovia division)	2	Private	2,000+	2	Private	1,000+				
County of Roanoke	3	Local Govt.	1000+	4	Local Govt.	1,000+				
Kroger	4	Private	500-999	5	Private	500-999				
Friendship Retirement Community	5	Private	500-999	6	Private	500-999				
Richfield Recovery & Care Center	6	Private	500-999	-	-	-				
Allstate Insurance Company	7	Private	500-999	3	Private	1,000+				
Harris Corporation	8	Private	500-999	-	-	-				
Integrity Windows & Doors	9	Private	250-499	-	-	-				
Wal-mart	10	Private	250-499	10	Private	250-499				
Bright Personnel and Business	-	-	-	7	Private	250-499				
Courtland Health Care Center	-	-	-	8	Private	250-499				
HSN LP	-	-	-	9	Private	250-499				

Source: Roanoke County Economic Development Department

Roanoke County Public Schools Student Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Average	Special	as a Second	Per
Fiscal	Daily	Education	Language	Pupil
Year	Membership	Enrollment	Enrollment	Cost
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
2010	14,474	2,192	401	\$9,348
2011	14,259	2,152	407	9,521
2012	14,081	2,164	397	9,506
2013	13,958	2,181	381	9,627
2014	13,929	2,159	352	9,701
2015	13,909	2,167	331	9,832
2016	13,982	2,236	389	10,081
2017	13,830	2,276	393	10,394
2018	13,779	2,328	453	10,878
2019	13,671	2,301	454	11,095

Sources:

- (1) Roanoke County Public Schools' Administration Department
- (2) Roanoke County Public Schools' Special Education Department
- (3) Roanoke County Public Schools' Instructional Department
- (4) Superintendent's Annual Report Table 15. For fiscal year 2019, the per pupil cost was estimated from the Annual School Report and is not considered final until the Virginia Department of Education officially publishes the Table 15.

<u>Note:</u> ADM is average daily membership calculated as of March 31 each year and used by the Department of Education in the state funding formulas.

Roanoke County Public Schools Number of Students Per Teacher Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Grade	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1	KG	19	18	20	20	19	19	19	18	19	19
<u> </u>	1	19	20	21	20	20	20	19	19	18	18
nta	2	20	20	20	21	20	20	20	20	20	20
Elementary	3	19	20	21	21	21	21	20	20	20	20
ı≝	4	20	21	22	21	21	21	20	20	20	20
	5	20	21	22	22	21	21	21	22	20	20
e E	6	23	23	23	23	23	23	21	21	23	23
Middle	7	23	23	23	23	23	23	21	21	23	23
≥	8	23	23	23	23	23	23	20	20	21	20
Ī	9	22	22	22	22	22	23	20	20	21	20
ے	10	22	22	22	22	22	23	20	20	20	18
High	11	22	22	22	22	22	23	21	21	19	18
_	12	22	22	22	22	22	23	21	21	18	17
ı											

Source: Roanoke County Public Schools' Human Resources Department

Roanoke County Public Schools Standards of Learning Test Scores (SOL's) Last Ten Fiscal Years

ē	<u> </u>		10	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	
Level	Course	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA	RCPS	VA
	Grade 3 English RLR	87	83	94	83	95	86	78	72	72	69	83	75	81	76	84	75	82	72	80	71
	Grade 3 Mathematics	96	92	96	91	73	64	73	65	71	67	81	74	81	77	85	75	82	73	88	82
	Grade 3 History	97	93	91	90	90	87	90	87	86	86	n/a	n/a								
	Grade 3 Science	95	91	96	85	94	90	87	84	85	83	n/a	n/a								
	Grade 4 VA Studies	92	87	94	87	95	89	93	87	90	85	93	87	92	87	93	87	89	85	81	81
	Grade 4 Reading	94	88	93	89	94	88	81	70	79	70	84	77	85	77	85	79	85	76	80	75
	Grade 4 Mathematics	93	88	93	87	83	70	84	74	87	80	89	84	88	83	89	81	86	79	89	83
	Grade 5 English RLR	93	90	94	89	93	89	86	73	84	73	85	79	85	81	87	81	86	80	83	78
<u>-</u> ر	Grade 5 English Writing	90	88	90	87	92	87	79	71	75	71	n/a	n/a								
s, TOS	Grade 5 Mathematics	95	90	95	89	80	67	82	69	85	73	86	79	86	79	85	79	85	77	88	81
tary	Grade 5 Science	95	88	93	87	95	88	85	75	86	73	88	79	89	81	89	79	87	79	87	79
ınta	Grade 6 Reading	93	88	94	87	95	89	83	73	83	73	87	76	83	77	84	78	86	80	84	77
Elemen	Grade 6 Mathematics	77	77	85	73	89	74	91	77	91	76	94	83	92	82	93	82	90	79	87	78
₩	Grade 6 U S History to 1865	83	78	91	81	89	81	91	83	94	81	n/a	n/a								
	Grade 7 Reading	91	90	94	89	94	88	83	74	86	76	92	81	90	82	87	82	86	81	86	79
	Grade 7 Mathematics	81	75	89	77	86	58	86	61	87	65	92	72	93	72	87	71	85	69	89	78
	Grade 7 U S History 1865 to present	91	91	89	85	88	84	89	82	90	81	n/a	n/a								
	Grade 8 English RLR	93	90	94	90	95	89	84	71	80	70	85	75	87	75	83	76	81	77	80	76
	Grade 8 English Writing	92	91	90	88	92	88	78	70	77	70	79	72	78	71	80	73	73	73	74	70
	Grade 8 Mathematics	93	87	89	82	74	60	76	61	80	67	85	74	81	73	81	74	80	71	82	77
	Grade 8 Civics	92	86	91	89	91	84	93	85	91	83	91	86	92	87	93	87	88	86	89	82
	Grade 8 Science	96	92	95	92	97	92	92	76	81	74	85	78	86	79	88	79	82	78	87	78
								-"-										-			
	End of Course English RLR	95	94	96	94	95	94	95	89	94	90	95	89	92	89	92	87	89	87	93	86
	End of Course English Writing	95	92	97	93	96	93	90	87	91	84	87	83	88	83	90	84	93	84	91	81
	Algebra I	98	94	97	94	86	73	88	76	91	79	89	82	91	83	92	82	91	81	94	86
٠.	Algebra II	96	91	97	91	68	69	83	76	88	82	86	87	94	89	94	90	90	89	96	91
SOL	Geometry	92	88	92	87	83	74	89	76	90	77	90	80	89	80	85	78	87	77	91	83
ary (Earth Science	94	88	94	89	94	90	93	83	93	83	90	83	89	84	90	82	89	81	86	81
nda	Biology	94	89	93	90	96	92	91	83	89	83	89	84	90	84	85	82	88	82	89	83
econd	Chemistry	95	93	97	93	96	93	87	86	85	87	89	88	87	88	90	89	86	89	80	88
Š	World History to 1500	98	93	94	81	98	84	98	84	98	85	97	85	96	84	98	85	99	82	98	80
	World History from 1500	95	92	85	82	88	85	92	85	89	86	94	87	89	86	91	87	92	84	88	81
	World Geography	87	86	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	91	86	88	n/a	n/a	n/a	85	86	87	83	86	82	81	80
	US & VA History	96	95	92	83	88	85	93	86	92	87	90	87	89	86	89	86	87	84	75	68

Source: Roanoke County Pubic Schools' Testing and Remediation Department

Roanoke County Public Schools Scholastic Achievement Tests (SAT's) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Participation	ı	Roanoke County	Public Schoo	ols			
 Year	Rate	Reading	Writing	Math	Combined	Virginia	National	Maximum
2010	50%	515	507	525	1,547	1,521	1,509	2,400
2011	44	518	516	523	1,557	1,521	1,509	2,400
2012	42	522	505	525	1,552	1,510	1,477	2,400
2013	59	526	511	522	1,559	1,517	1,474	2,400
2014	62	519	497	511	1,527	1,520	1,472	2,400
2015	61	510	482	508	1,500	1,520	1,400	2,400
2016	62	525	472	526	1,523	1,522	1,453	2,400
2017 (1)	55	564	n/a	558	1,122	1,101	1,071	1,600
2018	65	558	n/a	553	1,111	1,110	1,049	1,600
2019	56	568	n/a	559	1,127	1,118	1,059	1,600

Source: Roanoke County Public Schools' Counseling Services Office

Note:

(1) Effective 2017, reading and writing were combined into one portion of the exam and the maximum reduced from 2,400 to 1,600 points.

Roanoke County Public Schools Full-time Equivalent (FTE) Positions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Positions	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
				-	-			-		
Board Member	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Superintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Assistant Superintendent	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	1.7	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5
Administrator	20.5	16.8	19.2	12.8	14.0	14.5	15.7	15.2	15.0	17.4
Principal	29.0	27.0	27.0	27.3	27.0	26.8	26.9	27.2	27.0	27.1
Assistant Principal	28.0	26.9	26.0	25.3	24.9	24.8	24.2	26.1	22.6	24.9
Teacher	1,153.6	1,096.9	1,113.0	1,101.7	1,100.0	1,111.8	1,119.1	1,116.7	1,146.6	1,144.0
Guidance Counselor	43.4	42.9	47.0	47.7	47.8	47.7	47.7	47.8	45.7	51.5
Librarian	26.3	28.0	26.0	24.2	25.9	25.7	24.8	25.0	24.8	24.9
Social Worker	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0
Instructional Assistant	288.5	299.4	293.7	288.4	282.4	286.2	298.0	291.5	308.4	304.8
Secretary	75.5	69.9	71.4	68.6	69.0	69.8	70.9	72.7	71.8	73.1
Nurse	26.0	25.9	23.0	24.7	24.3	26.2	27.7	27.3	26.1	26.5
Psychologist	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.0	8.9	8.0
Other Attendance & Health	18.9	6.3	9.7	7.3	8.0	7.8	7.8	7.2	7.3	7.2
Bus Driver	170.9	170.8	175.7	174.3	167.3	182.8	191.1	178.3	197.5	184.5
Other Transportation	18.2	16.6	16.1	15.8	16.4	16.3	17.2	16.4	17.1	16.7
Custodian	127.1	114.1	113.3	113.0	102.9	83.8	67.1	51.1	53.2	44.0
Tradesman	31.8	30.2	29.7	29.7	28.0	29.1	27.7	25.8	27.6	28.2
Other Maintenance	5.3	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.8	4.0	3.0	2.3	2.3
Construction	5.2	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.3	4.4	3.9	2.4	2.3	2.4
Technology	47.0	40.9	37.6	37.3	36.4	36.2	34.1	37.0	37.2	36.3
Nutrition	136.8	128.7	126.0	120.0	117.5	110.7	110.1	93.9	128.3	128.2
Total	2,273.7	2,171.0	2,184.5	2,147.8	2,120.7	2,129.4	2,139.0	2,085.5	2,181.7	2,164.5

Source: Annual School Report

Roanoke County Public Schools Teacher Salary Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Degree	Level	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
					(1)				(2)		(3)
Bachelors	Min	\$35,000	\$35,000	\$35,700	\$36,000	\$36,000	\$36,000	\$36,000	\$38,585	\$38,585	\$38,971
	Max	57,125	57,125	58,268	63,366	63,366	64,633	64,885	59,420	59,420	60,014
Bachelors + 12 hrs	Min	35,321	35,321	36,021	36,321	36,321	36,321	36,321	38,906	39,185	39,571
	Max	57,580	57,580	58,723	63,821	63,821	65,088	65,340	59,875	60,020	60,614
Bachelors + 24 hrs	Min	35,482	35,482	36,182	36,482	36,482	36,482	36,482	39,067	39,785	40,171
	Max	57,808	57,808	58,951	64,049	64,049	65,316	65,568	60,103	60,620	61,214
Masters	Min	36,605	36,605	37,305	37,605	37,605	37,605	37,605	40,190	40,985	41,371
	Max	59,400	59,400	60,543	65,641	65,641	66,908	67,160	61,695	61,820	62,414
Masters + 12 hrs	Min	36,766	36,766	37,466	37,766	37,766	37,766	37,766	40,351	N/A	N/A
	Max	59,628	59,628	60,771	65,869	65,869	67,136	67,388	61,923	N/A	N/A
Masters + 24 hrs	Min	36,926	36,926	37,626	37,926	37,926	37,926	37,926	40,511	N/A	N/A
	Max	59,855	59,855	60,998	66,096	66,096	67,363	67,615	62,150	N/A	N/A
Doctorate	Min	38,210	38,210	38,910	39,210	39,210	39,210	39,210	41,795	42,585	42,971
	Max	61,675	61,675	62,818	67,916	67,916	69,183	69,435	63,970	63,420	64,014
Average Salary		\$48,656	\$48,712	\$48,267	\$50,886	\$49,968	\$49,719	\$49,967	\$51,942	\$51,397	\$53,727
Average Annual Salar	y Increase	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	3.00%	0.00%	2.00%	2.50%	2.00%	1.55%	2.37%
Virginia Average Salar	·y	\$51,918	\$51,494	\$52,115	\$52,942	\$53,767	\$54,486	\$54,910	\$56,362	\$57,261	TBD

Source: Annual Budget and Salary Scales

Note:

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2013, the salary increase includes state mandated pass through of 5.0% VRS contribution.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2017, Roanoke County Public Schools adopted a revised Comprehensive Pay Plan based on the recommendation of Evergreen Solutions, LLC, who performed an independent study to identify and eliminate internal and external inequities within the previous Unified Pay Plan. The salary increase of 2.00% was a base cost of living adjustment for all employees. In addition, \$4.77 million was allocated based on recommendations from Evergreen Solutions, LLC to address identified internal and external inequities in salaries.

⁽³⁾ For fiscal year 2019, the average salary cost is not available until the Virginia Department of Education officially publishes the Table 19. The average salary values is entered based on 2019 budgeted salaries submitted with the Annual School Report.

Roanoke County Public Schools Expenditures by Function - General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Instruction	\$ 94,148,008	\$ 92,094,364	\$ 93,314,768	\$ 96,391,360	\$ 97,531,990	\$ 99,642,723	\$ 99,646,993	\$ 105,206,154	\$ 108,104,845	\$ 109,084,465
	75.400%	74.1%	74.2%	74.5%	74.0%	75.0%	73.2%	75.0%	74.6%	73.9%
Administration	2,852,598	2,269,955	2,472,105	2,368,952	2,459,588	2,645,348	2,795,734	2,955,752	3,047,674	3,449,231
	2.3%	1.8%	2.0%	1.8%	1.9%	2.0%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.3%
Attendance and health	2,716,220	2,207,280	2,181,587	2,018,980	1,948,458	2,085,647	2,172,278	2,254,534	2,395,337	2,257,322
	2.2%	1.8%	1.7%	1.6%	1.5%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	1.7%	1.5%
Transportation	5,314,350	7,054,463	6,668,232	6,405,023	6,522,524	5,304,357	6,896,242	5,542,849	6,965,079	7,022,008
	4.3%	5.7%	5.3%	4.9%	5.0%	4.0%	5.1%	4.0%	4.8%	4.7%
Operations and maintenance	11,591,085	10,868,321	11,335,888	11,975,025	11,641,249	11,221,460	11,116,417	11,227,063	11,560,625	12,029,304
	9.3%	8.8%	9.0%	9.3%	8.9%	8.4%	8.2%	8.0%	8.0%	8.1%
Technology	3,359,628	3,059,017	2,944,589	3,078,205	3,896,061	4,162,379	5,786,781	5,831,202	6,348,558	7,545,530
	2.7%	2.5%	2.3%	2.4%	3.0%	3.1%	4.2%	4.2%	4.4%	5.1%
Nutrition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,440	908
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Principal	1,541,330	2,784,496	2,899,478	2,908,865	3,025,786	3,140,309	3,195,935	3,295,830	2,899,019	2,952,458
	1.2%	2.2%	2.3%	2.2%	2.3%	2.4%	2.3%	2.4%	2.0%	2.0%
Interest	1,236,175	1,801,284	1,723,970	1,664,458	1,560,975	1,460,295	1,418,922	1,333,718	1,226,326	1,172,887
	1.0%	1.5%	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%	1.1%	1.0%	1.0%	0.8%	0.8%
Payment for future capital	1,700,000	2,000,000	2,300,000	2,600,000	2,900,000	3,200,000	3,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000
	1.4%	1.6%	1.8%	2.0%	2.2%	2.4%	2.3%	1.6%	1.5%	1.5%
Capital outlay	292,422	-	-	-	-	-	-	159,889	165,145	172,068
	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Total expenditures	\$ 124,751,816	\$ 124,139,180	\$ 125,840,617	\$ 129,410,868	\$ 131,486,631	\$ 132,862,518	\$ 136,229,302	\$ 140,006,991	\$ 144,915,048	\$ 147,886,181

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit E)

Roanoke County Public Schools Expenditures by Function Per Pupil - General Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Instruction	\$ 6,505 \$ 75.4%	6,459 \$ 74.1%	6,627 \$ 74.2%	6,906 74.5%	\$ 7,002 \$ 74.0%	7,164 75.0%	\$ 7,127 \$ 73.2%	7,607 \$ 75.0%	7,846 \$ 74.6%	7,979 73.9%
Administration	197 2.3%	159 1.8%	176 2.0%	170 1.8%	177 1.9%	190 2.0%	200 2.1%	214 2.1%	221 2.1%	252 2.3%
Attendance and health	188 2.2%	155 1.8%	155 1.7%	145 1.6%	140 1.5%	150 1.6%	155 1.6%	163 1.6%	174 1.7%	165 1.5%
Transportation	367 4.3%	495 5.7%	474 5.3%	459 4.9%	468 5.0%	381 4.0%	493 5.1%	401 4.0%	505 4.8%	514 4.7%
Operations and maintenance	801 9.3%	762 8.8%	805 9.0%	858 9.3%	836 8.9%	807 8.4%	795 8.2%	812 8.0%	839 8.0%	880 8.1%
Technology	232 2.7%	215 2.5%	209 2.3%	221 2.4%	280 3.0%	299 3.1%	414 4.2%	422 4.2%	461 4.4%	552 5.1%
Nutrition	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%
Principal	106 1.2%	195 2.2%	206 2.3%	207 2.2%	217 2.3%	226 2.4%	229 2.3%	237 2.4%	210 2.0%	216 2.0%
Interest	85 1.0%	126 1.5%	122 1.4%	119 1.3%	112 1.2%	105 1.1%	101 1.0%	96 1.0%	89 0.8%	86 0.8%
Payment for future capital	118 1.4%	140 1.6%	163 1.8%	186 2.0%	208 2.2%	230 2.4%	229 2.3%	159 1.6%	160 1.5%	161 1.5%
Capital outlay	20 0.2%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	- 0.0%	12 0.1%	12 0.1%	13 0.1%
Total expenditures	\$ 8,619 \$	8,706 \$	8,937 \$	9,271	\$ 9,440 \$	9,552	\$ 9,743 \$	10,123 \$	10,517 \$	10,818
March 31 ADM	 14,474	14,259	14,081	13,958	13,929	13,909	13,982	13,830	13,779	13,671

Sources:

Expenditures derive from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (Exhibit E) March 31 ADM derives from Student Enrollment (Table 15)

Roanoke County Public Schools Nutrition Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Lun	ch			Breakfast		_
	Number	Stu	dent Lunch Pr	ice	Number	Number	Student	Free and
Fiscal	Served	Elementary	Middle	High	Served	Breakfast	Breakfast	Reduced
Year	Daily	School	School	School	Daily	Sites	Price	Eligibility
2010	7,517	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	1,229	19	\$1.00	21.0%
2011	7,477	2.00	2.00	2.00	1,367	19	1.00	23.8
2012	7,086	2.05	2.05	2.05	1,592	22	1.00	25.2
2013	6,345	2.15	2.15	2.15	1,582	24	1.00	25.7
2014	6,395	2.25	2.25	2.25	1,603	24	1.10	26.7
2015	6,195	2.35	2.35	2.35	1,722	26	1.15	28.9
2016	6,035	2.35	2.60	2.60	1,888	26	1.25	27.3
2017	5,575	2.45	2.70	2.70	2,013	26	1.25	27.3
2018	5,841	2.55	2.70	2.70	2,252	26	1.35	30.5
2019	5,852	2.55	2.80	2.80	2,352	26	1.35	30.9

Source: Roanoke County Public Schools' Nutrition Office

School / Statistic	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
							(1)			(2)
Back Creek Elementary (1937)										
Square feet	49,959	49,959	49,959	49,959	49,959	49,959	49,959	49,959	49,959	49,959
Capacity (student)	386	386	386	386	386	386	349	349	349	349
Enrollment	298	318	303	318	287	303	325	289	295	298
Bonsack Elementary (1998)										
Square feet	70,317	70,317	70,317	70,317	70,317	70,317	70,317	70,317	70,317	70,317
Capacity (student)	572	572	572	572	572	572	428	428	428	428
Enrollment	447	447	418	418	392	399	389	374	346	353
Burlington Elementary (1939)										
Square feet	65,699	65,699	76,324	76,324	76,324	76,324	76,324	76,324	76,324	76,324
Capacity (student)	473	473	473	473	473	473	525	525	525	525
Enrollment	459	445	422	420	420	427	455	413	424	424
Cave Spring Elementary (1961)										
Square feet	50,125	65,711	65,711	65,711	65,711	65,711	65,711	65,711	65,711	65,711
Capacity (student)	537	600	600	600	600	600	501	501	501	501
Enrollment	445	435	472	459	452	466	494	473	473	493
Clearbrook Elementary (1938)										
Square feet	44,020	44,020	44,020	44,020	44,020	44,020	44,020	44,020	44,020	44,020
Capacity (student)	294	294	294	294	294	294	354	354	354	354
Enrollment	230	232	272	297	319	334	359	326	338	315
Fort Lewis Elementary (1928)										
Square feet	33,913	33,913	33,913	33,913	33,913	33,913	33,913	33,913	33,913	33,913
Capacity (student)	235	235	235	235	235	235	252	252	252	252
Enrollment	234	233	223	229	220	221	241	224	241	247

School / Statistic	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
		•		•			(1)		•	(2)
Glen Cove Elementary (1971)										
Square feet	61,612	61,612	61,612	61,612	61,612	61,612	61,612	61,612	61,612	61,612
Capacity (student)	516	516	516	516	516	516	470	470	470	470
Enrollment	443	434	423	430	443	429	446	446	458	453
Glenvar Elementary (1959)										
Square feet	58,130	58,130	58,130	58,130	58,130	58,130	58,130	58,130	58,130	58,130
Capacity (student)	446	446	446	446	446	446	420	420	420	420
Enrollment	354	355	365	351	363	359	403	357	359	358
Green Valley Elementary (1964)										
Square feet	53,360	70,376	70,376	70,376	70,376	70,376	70,376	70,376	70,376	70,376
Capacity (student)	387	600	600	600	600	600	517	517	517	517
Enrollment	359	347	383	409	418	458	518	497	513	521
Herman L. Horn Elementary (1967	1)									
Square feet	66,065	66,065	66,065	66,065	66,065	66,065	66,065	66,065	66,065	66,065
Capacity (student)	552	552	552	552	552	552	501	501	501	501
Enrollment	413	400	396	398	386	378	426	388	365	403
Mason's Cove Elementary (2012)										
Square feet	38,253	38,253	52,108	52,108	52,108	52,108	52,108	52,108	52,108	52,108
Capacity (student)	279	279	350	350	350	350	270	270	270	270
Enrollment	192	190	197	205	197	226	234	184	176	165
Mount Pleasant Elementary (1934	1)									
Square feet	51,828	64,073	64,073	64,073	64,073	64,073	64,073	64,073	64,073	64,073
Capacity (student)	403	403	403	403	403	403	412	412	412	412
Enrollment	317	317	330	307	323	326	344	295	295	311

School / Statistic	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
							(1)			(2)
Mountain View Elementary (1959)									
Square feet	69,734	69,734	69,734	69,734	69,734	69,734	69,734	69,734	69,734	69,734
Capacity (student)	584	584	584	584	584	584	483	483	483	483
Enrollment	449	462	444	430	389	379	376	349	344	317
Oak Grove Elementary (1959)										
Square feet	74,037	74,037	74,037	74,037	74,037	74,037	74,037	74,037	74,037	74,037
Capacity (student)	564	564	564	564	564	564	467	467	467	467
Enrollment	536	540	479	446	434	423	458	418	392	394
Penn Forest Elementary (1972)										
Square feet	66,375	66,375	66,375	66,375	66,375	66,375	66,375	66,375	66,375	66,375
Capacity (student)	516	516	516	516	516	516	504	504	504	504
Enrollment	567	544	472	463	456	449	462	447	456	454
W.E. Cundiff Elementary (1972)										
Square feet	61,747	61,747	61,747	61,747	61,747	61,747	61,747	61,747	61,747	61,747
Capacity (student)	512	512	512	512	512	512	585	585	585	585
Enrollment	479	484	456	455	497	515	533	516	492	480
Cave Spring Middle (2013)										
Square feet	85,130	85,130	85,130	132,265	132,265	132,265	132,265	132,265	132,265	132,265
Capacity (student)	675	675	675	900	900	900	952	952	952	952
Enrollment	603	631	671	716	728	746	775	754	760	757
Glenvar Middle (1996)										
Square feet	101,595	101,595	101,595	101,595	101,595	101,595	101,595	101,595	101,595	101,595
Capacity (student)	606	606	606	606	606	606	619	619	619	619
Enrollment	414	428	409	402	403	431	442	440	434	457

School / Statistic	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
							(1)			(2)
Hidden Valley Middle (1972)										
Square feet	120,454	120,454	120,454	120,454	120,454	120,454	120,454	120,454	120,454	120,454
Capacity (student)	938	938	938	938	938	938	952	952	952	952
Enrollment	762	769	768	653	653	597	601	576	592	600
Northside Middle (1970)										
Square feet	163,527	163,527	163,527	163,527	163,527	163,527	163,527	163,527	163,527	163,527
Capacity (student)	806	806	806	806	806	806	993	993	993	993
Enrollment	696	694	719	750	745	721	681	653	662	703
William Byrd Middle (1988)										
Square feet	153,412	153,412	153,412	153,412	153,412	153,412	153,412	153,412	153,412	153,412
Capacity (student)	887	887	887	887	887	887	938	938	938	938
Enrollment	908	883	922	856	821	801	797	806	832	805
Cave Spring High (1968)										
Square feet	156,756	156,756	156,756	156,756	156,756	156,756	156,756	156,756	156,756	156,756
Capacity (student)	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,190	1,190	1,190	1,190
Enrollment	837	823	856	887	947	983	1,012	1,032	1,013	991
Glenvar High (2016)										
Square feet	120,914	120,914	120,914	120,914	120,914	120,914	148,987	148,987	148,987	148,987
Capacity (student)	675	675	675	675	675	675	650	650	755	755
Enrollment	661	610	592	568	557	549	554	548	584	571
Hidden Valley High (2002)										
Square feet	201,020	201,020	201,020	201,020	201,020	201,020	201,020	201,020	201,020	201,020
Capacity (student)	972	972	972	972	972	972	1,251	1,251	1,251	1,251
Enrollment	1,154	1,095	1,060	999	1,014	1,007	949	901	876	815

School / Statistic	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
			-				(1)	-		(2)
Northside High (1961)										
Square feet	160,636	160,636	160,636	160,636	160,636	160,636	160,636	160,636	160,636	160,636
Capacity (student)	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,217	1,217	1,217	1,217
Enrollment	1,019	991	989	993	967	1,004	1,022	990	990	893
William Byrd High (1969)										
Square feet	149,279	186,923	186,923	186,923	186,923	186,923	186,923	186,923	186,923	186,923
Capacity (student)	950	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,107	1,107	1,107	1,107
Enrollment	1,158	1,157	1,100	1,158	1,142	1,131	1,133	1,061	1,043	1,054
Burton Center for Arts and Tech	nology (1962	2)								
Square feet	86,995	86,995	86,995	86,995	86,995	86,995	86,995	86,995	86,995	86,995
Administration Building (1972)										
Square feet	52,373	52,373	52,373	52,373	52,373	52,373	52,373	52,373	52,373	52,373
Warehouse (2006)										
Square feet	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Maintenance (1967)										
Square feet	15,808	18,308	18,308	18,308	18,308	18,308	18,308	18,308	18,308	18,308
Bus Garage (1946)										
Square feet	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074	17,074

Sources: Roanoke County Public Schools' Facilities and Operations Department and Administration Department

Notes:

The year of original construction or major replacement is shown in parentheses.

Increases in square footage and capacity are the result of renovations and additions.

The enrollment counts for May are used for comparison purposes in this table.

(1) In fiscal year 2016, the student capacity was updated from an independent facility study conducted by Perkins & Will. The Glenvar High School student capacity was updated after the completion of construction with information provided by the Roanoke County Public Schools' Facilities and Operations Department.

(2) In fiscal year 2019, Cave Spring High School began the process of undergoing a major renovation. Square footage and capacity will be updated upon completion of the project.



COMPLIANCE SECTION







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the School Board County of Roanoke, Virginia Roanoke, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Roanoke County Public Schools (the "School System"), a component unit of Roanoke County, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School System's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School System's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School System's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School System's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Kompany, S. S. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 8, 2019

Roanoke County Public Schools Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE School Breakfast Program 10.553 201818N109941 \$ 101,987 School Breakfast Program 10.553 201919N109941 473,150 \$ 575,137 National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 National School Lunch Program 10.555 201919N109941 1,486,873 2,163,665 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201919N109941 5,735 2,726 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201919N109941 1,560 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 *** 2,746,097 *Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs. 2016 Title I - Local Ed	Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/	Federal	Pass Through		Total Federal
School Breakfast Program 10.553 201818N109941 \$ 101,987 School Breakfast Program 10.553 201919N109941 473,150 \$ 575,137 National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 318,911 National School Lunch Program 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 2,163,665 National School Lunch Program for Children 10.555 201818N109941 5,735 2,163,665 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201818N109941 1,560 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 *Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32.093 32.093 32.093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION **SEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84,010 S010A160046	Grant Program	Number	Number	Subtotals	Expenditures
School Breakfast Program 10.553 201818N109941 \$ 101,987 School Breakfast Program 10.553 201919N109941 473,150 \$ 575,137 National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 318,911 National School Lunch Program 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 2,163,665 National School Lunch Program for Children 10.555 201818N109941 5,735 2,163,665 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201818N109941 5,735 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 2,746,097 2,746,097 2,746,097 **Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE **Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE **STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION **SEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>					
National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.553 201919N109941 473.150 \$ 575,137 National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.555 201818N109941 357.881 357.881 National School Lunch Program 10.555 201818N109941 357.881 1.486.873 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.553 201919N109941 473.150 \$ 575,137 National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.555 201818N109941 357.881 357.881 National School Lunch Program 10.555 201818N109941 357.881 1.486.873 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163.665 2.163					
National School Lunch Program - Commodities 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 357,881 National School Lunch Program 10.555 201818N109941 1,486,873 2,163,665 201919N109941 1,486,873 2,163,665 201919N109941 1,486,873 2,163,665 201919N109941 1,560 7,295 201919N109941 2,560 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726 2,726				. ,	
National School Lunch Program 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 1,486,873 2,163,665 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201818N109941 5,735 7,295 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201919N109941 1,560 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 2,746,097 2,726 2,726 Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044	School Breakfast Program	10.553	201919N109941	473,150	\$ 575,137
National School Lunch Program 10.555 201818N109941 357,881 1,486,873 2,163,665 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201818N109941 5,735 7,295 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201919N109941 1,560 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 2,746,097 2,726 2,726 Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044	National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10 555		318 911	
National School Lunch Program 10.555 201919N109941 1,486,873 2,163,665 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201818N109941 5,735 7,295 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201919N109941 1,560 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 2,746,097 2,726 2,726 *Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA	3		201818N109941		
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201818N109941 5,735 Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201919N109941 1,560 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 *Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	<u> </u>				2,163,665
Summer Food Service Program for Children 10.559 201919N109941 1,560 7,295 Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097 *Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A1700044 94,479	j				<u> </u>
Child Nutrition Cluster 2,746,097	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	201818N109941	5,735	
*Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	201919N109941	1,560	7,295
*Schools and Roads - Grants to States 10.665 10.665 2,726 2,726 Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster 2,726 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE *Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479					
### Sclected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE	Child Nutrition Cluster				2,746,097
### Sclected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE					
#Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	*Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	10.665	2,726	2,726
#Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	Found Comics Calcolle and Boards Charton				2 726
*Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster				2,726
*Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC) 12.609 32,093 32,093 DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE *STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
#STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
#STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	*Selected Reserve Educational Assistance Program (ROTC)	12.609		32,093	32,093
*STOP School Violence 16.839 14,412 14,412 DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479					
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A170044 94,479	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE				
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A170044 94,479					
ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A170044 94,479	*STOP School Violence	16.839		14,412	14,412
ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A160046 38,623 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 \$010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A170044 94,479	DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 2018 Title II - Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	DEFACIMENT OF EDUCATION				
2016 Title I - Local Education Agency 2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 2018 Title II - Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	ESEA - Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs				
2017 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A170046 258,460 2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479		84.010	S010A160046	38,623	
2018 Title I - Local Education Agency 84.010 S010A180046 1,081,121 1,378,204 ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	3 ,		S010A170046		
ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction 2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A170044 94,479	5 ,			•	1.378.204
2016 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A160044 1 2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 \$367A170044 94,479	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 3	32.22	.,50.,.=1	.,=.,=,==,
2017 Title II - Part A 84.367 S367A170044 94,479	ESEA - Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction				
·	5	84.367	S367A160044	1	
·	2017 Title II - Part A	84.367	S367A170044	94,479	
	2018 Title II - Part A	84.367	S367A180044		\$ 274,522

^{*}Direct aid for public education

Roanoke County Public Schools Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program	Federal Number	Pass Through Number	Subtotals	Total Federal Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				(Continued)
ESEA - Title III Part A - Limited English Proficient				
2016 Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A160046	\$ 1,028	
2017 Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A170046	18,567	
2018 Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A180046	24,278	\$ 43,873
ESEA - Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment				
2017 Title IV Part A LEA	84.424	S424A170048	10,282	
2018 Title IV Part A LEA	84.424	S424A180048	63,349	73,631
IDEA - Part B Section 611 - Special Education				
2018 Excellence in Co-Teaching	84.027	H027A170107	19,500	
2018 Champions Together	84.027	H027A180107	1,000	
2017 IDEA 611 Flow-through	84.027	H027A170107	144,921	
2018 IDEA 611 Flow-through	84.027	H027A180107	2,744,114	2,909,535
IDEA - Part B Section 619 - Special Education Preschool				
2016 Preschool Handicapped Allocations	84.173	H163A160112	-	
2017 Preschool Handicapped Allocations	84.173	H173A170112	-	
2018 Preschool Handicapped Allocations	84.173	H183A180112	47,860	47,860
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				2,957,395
Perkins Career and Technical Education Act of 2006, Federal -	Title I			
2017 Perkins Secondary Programs Reserve	84.048	V048A150046	3,020	
2019 Perkins CTE Secondary Programs	84.048	V048A170046	154,586	157,606
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services				
*Medical Assistance Program-Medicaid Reimbursements	93.778		160,732	
*Medical Assistance Program-Medicaid Admin Claiming	93.778		25,631	
*Medical Assistance Program-Medicaid Cost Report	93.778		303,522	489,885
Medicaid Cluster				489,885
Total Fadoral Ermanditures			¢ 0.470.444	¢ 0.470.444
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 8,170,444	\$ 8,170,444

^{*}Direct aid for public education

Roanoke County Public Schools Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2019

1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Federal Programs are accounted for on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

2. REPORTING ENTITY

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes all Federal grants awarded to Roanoke County Public Schools (School System).

3. IN-KIND CONTRIBUTIONS

The School System received commodities at the fair market value of \$318,911 from the U.S. Department of Agriculture during fiscal year 2019. These in-kind contributions are included in the basic financial statements.

4. INDIRECT COSTS

For fiscal year 2019, the School System adopted the Department of Education methodology for calculating the Local Educational Agency indirect costs. The restricted rate is used each year to calculate indirect costs for Federal Programs. The 10% de minimis rate was not utilized.





Roanoke County Public Schools Finance Department 5937 Cove Road Roanoke, Virginia 24019

www.rcps.us

Roanoke County Public Schools does not discriminate with regard to race, color, age, national origin, sex, or handicapping condition in an educational and/or employment policy or practice. Questions and/or complaints should be addressed to the Director of Administration (Title IX Coordinator) or the Director of Pupil Personnel Services (504 Coordinator) at (540) 562-3700.