TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		Page 1
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report		2-4
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>hibit</u>	Page
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	5
Statement of Activities	2	6
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	7
of Net Position	4	8
Governmental Funds	5	9
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6	10
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	7	11
Proprietary Funds	8	12
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	9	13
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	10	14 15-59
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual		
General Fund		60
Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road		61
Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Board	13	62
Schedule of Pension and OPFR Funding Progress	14	63

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)		
<u>Exh</u>	<u>ibit</u>	Page
Other Supplementary Information:		
Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	15	64
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Balance Sheet	16	65
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	17	66
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	18	67
Supporting Schedules:	<u>lule</u>	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds		68-73 74-77
Other Statistical Information:		
Government-wide Information:	<u>ble</u>	<u>Page</u>
Government-Wide Expenses by Function	1 2	78 79
Fund Information:		
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	3	80
General Governmental Revenues by Source	4	81
Property Tax Levies and Collections	5	82
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	6	83
Property Tax Rates	7	84
Debt Per Capita	8	85
Total General Governmental Expenditures	9	86

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION	
	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	87-88
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133	89-90
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	91-93 94-96



COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Jon Bowerbank, Chairman

Joseph Puckett, Vice Chairman Bob Gibson Rebecca Dye Fred A. Arrington Ernest (Shy) Kennedy Danny L. Brown

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Charlie Collins, Chairman

Carl Jackson, Vice Chairman Wayne Bostic Tom Griffith Roger Glovier Linda Cross Linda Garrett

Robert D. Hillman

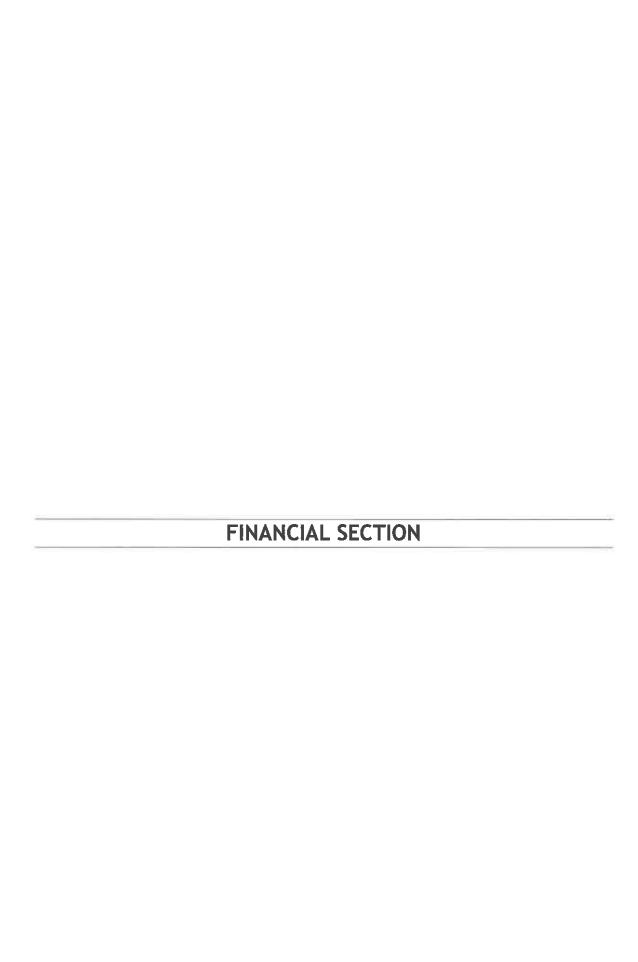
SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Harry Ferguson, Jr., Chairman

Roger Brown, Vice Chairman Bill Hale Rebecca Dye Laurel Rasnick

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Ann S. McReynolds
Commonwealth's Attorney	-
Commissioner of the Revenue	Randy N. Williams
Treasurer	Patrick Thompson
Sheriff	Steve Dye
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Brenda Hess
Director of Social Services	James Anderson
County Administrator	Rufus Hood
County Attorney	Matthew Crum



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Russell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Russell County Public Service Authority and The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Russell County Public Service Authority and The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Russell, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedule of pension and OPEB funding progress on pages 60-62, and 63, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and

other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2015, on our consideration of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Kolimoon, Farner, la associates

January 8, 2015



County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

								Come	30DG	nt Units		
		Primary Gov	ernmen	et.	_			Industrial		ssell County		Castlewood
	Governmenta							evelopment		ablic Service		er and Sewage
	Activities	Activit		Total	S	chool Board		Authority	FL	Authority	wa	Authority
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,072,47	2 \$		5 7,072,472	\$	780,728	\$	264,264	\$	127,216	\$	86,332
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):												
Taxes receivable	8,262,33			8,262,339						-		-
Accounts receivable	749,72	4 7	,806	757,530		3,460		15,540		269,079		391,936
Due from component unit	1,348,62	5	- 1	1,348,626		-						
Due from other governmental units	1,702,07	3	- 1	1,702,078		1,165,330		4				10,211
Inventories		5	5.2	-						22,391		
Prepaid items			- 5	- 6		748,910				-		2
Restricted assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	554,893	3 49	,575	604,468						120,506		119,946
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):												
Land	568,69	5	1	568,695		5,636,345		2,303,397		106,332		130,080
Land rights		-	100	F.1								13,716
Land improvements				- 7		2		394,784		- 2		26
Buildings and improvements	15,087,96	3		15,087,963		10,378,724		10,161,083		107,097		212,909
Machinery and equipment	1,492,22			1,492,229		1,436,490		758,649		2,288,755		142,172
Utility plant in service	.,,	3,123	.593	3,123,593		.,,				17,007,790		9,369,495
Construction in progress		5,.22	,075	-				4,922,034		2,728,993		2,085,961
Accumulated Depreciation		-	_					(2,023,869)		(5,165,442)		2,003,701
Total assets	\$ 36,839,01	9 \$ 3,180	,974	\$ 40,019,993	\$	20,149,987	\$	16,795,882		17,612,717		12,562,758
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$ 1,785,70	2 \$ 17	,968	\$ 1,803,671	S	104,016	ė	711,045	è	165,211	¢	372,036
Accrued liabilities	2,80	•	,700	2,802	7	888,935	ş	693	Ş	103,211	Ģ	23,807
Customer deposits	2,60.			2,002		000,733		073		11,745		•
Accrued interest payable	194,38		,688	196,071				E3 000				51,160
Line of credit	177,30.	,	,000	170,071				53,089		3,130		19,381
Due to primary government						1,148,626		200.000				146,209
Long-term liabilities:						1,140,020		200,000				
•	2.004.75		O4 E	2 025 272		/20 447		E/2 00/		444.444		475 700
Due within one year	2,004,750 14,317,000		,015	2,025,773		620,117		562,096		144,666		175,709
Due in more than one year Total liabilities			,399	14,989,399	_	915,798	<u>.</u>	9,282,898	_	6,599,538	-	5,421,626
rotal liabilities	\$ 18,304,64	5 \$ 713	,070	\$ 19,017,716	\$	3,677,492	\$	10,809,821	\$	7,027,481	\$	6,209,928
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$ 5,286,58	7 \$	- :	\$ 5,286,587	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets	6,868,42	5 \$ 2,430	,179	\$ 9,298,605	\$	17,451,559	\$	6,026,560	\$	10,329,322	\$	6,054,538
Restricted:												
Coal Road	573,21	4		573,214				-		- 2		2
Debt service and bond covenants		49	,575	49,575				-		120,506		119,946
Unrestricted (deficit)	5,806,14	5 (11	,850)	5,794,296		(979,064)		(40,499)		135,408		178,346
Total net position	\$ 13,247,78	5 \$ 2,467	,904	\$ 15,715,690	\$	16,472,495	\$	5,986,061	\$	10,585,236	\$	6,352,830
•					_						_	, , , , , ,

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	1		Program Revenues	2				Changes in Net Position	STEEL STEEL			
						Primary Government			Ū	Component Units		
	i i	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and		Business-type	ļ		Industrial Development	Russell County Public Service	Castlewood Water and Sewerage	erage
runctions/rrograms	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	TOTAL	School Board	Authority	Authority	Authority	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:												
General government administration	5 1,702,984	5 9,677	\$ 323,356	\$ 24,250	(1.345,701) \$	S	(1.345.701)					ı
Judicial administration	2,039,186	•	•		í	2/10						
Public safety	6,005,354	99,627	-	296,061		.5	(3,932,419)					
Public works	4,381,728	176,440					(4,125,288)					
Health and welfare	7,169,883	2	9	V	(1,019,061)	7	(1,019,061)					i
Education	8,943,324				(8,943,324)		(8.943,324)					
Parks, recreation, and cultural	546,171	34,147	100,690		(411,334)		(411,334)					
Community development	1,687,428		6.5		(1,687,428)		(1,687,478)					
Interest on long-term debt	457,095	,			(457,095)		(457,095)					
Total governmental activities	\$ 32,933,153	\$ 362,517	\$ 8,991,231	\$ 320,311	1 - 1	\$. \$	(23,259,094)					4
Business-type activities:												
Service Authority	403,848	\$ 83,210	•			\$ (320,638) \$	(320,638)					1
Total primary government	33,337,001	\$ 445,727	\$ 8,991,231	\$ 320,311	\$ (23,259,094) \$	\$ (320,638) \$	(23,579,732)				The Part of the Pa	
- STEEL FIGURE												
COMPONENT ON EST	C 38 610 840	\$ 512 204	\$ 30 404 256	u			1000	¢ 46 000 1880	1		4	
Industrial Davidooment Authority	36,017,040		ξ·	1 130 447				\$ (00) (20) \$	5 VE4 723		٨	
Russell County Public Service Authority	1.960.358	1,169,351	1,000,1	1,101,728					(21,763)	310 721		- 10
Castlewood Water and Sewer Authority	1,685,287	1,131,088	•								(554	(554, 199)
Total component units	\$ 45,038,494	\$ 2,812,835	\$ 31,635,055	\$ 2,292,175				\$ (8,003,188)	\$ (51,763)	\$ 310,721	\$ (554,	(554, 199)
							1					
	General revenues:											
	General property taxes	/ taxes			\$ 15,749,617 \$	٠,	15,749,617	\$	S	i i	s.n	
	Other local taxes:	**										
	Local sales and use taxes	use taxes			1,736,895		1,736,895	20	30			
	Coal road and severence taxes	everence taxes			1,922,826	7.	1,922,826	9	0)]
	Consumers utility taxes	ity taxes			547,137	55	547,137	¥8		(2)		
	MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSES	censes			4/6,255	4	476,255	4	4			0
	Other local taxes	92			190,744		190,744			0		
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	anues from use a	of money and property	erty	359,952	9	359,952	763	606,701	2,715		536
	Miscellaneous				86,115	41	86,115	221,283	48,438	127,182	183,	183,813
	Payments from the County of Russell, Virginia	he County of Rus	ssell, Virginia		9	2		8,350,658	1,054,482	107,687		i.
	Grants and contr	ibutions not rest	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	programs	2,562,116		2,562,116		Đ.			
	Gain on disposal of capital assets	of capital assets				50	23	Ř	8	3,531		
	Transfers				(212,781)	212,781						ň
	Total general revenues and transfers	renues and trans	fers		- 1	212,781	23,631,657	- 1	\$ 1,709,621	\$ 241,115		184,349
	Change in net position	tion			\$ 159,782 \$				\$ 1,657,858	\$ 551,836	\$ (369,	(369,850)
	Net position - beginning	Suilu S			13,088,004	2,575,761	15,663,765	15,902,979		ſ		7,680
	Net position - enaing	<u> </u>			> 13,247,786 >	2,467,904 5	15,715,690	5 16,472,495	5.986.061	2 10 585 236	C 422	6.352.830

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

		<u>General</u>		Coal <u>Road</u>		kforce ent Board		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,594,350	c		S	-	s	3,594,350
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	7	3,377,330	ڊ		ş		٠	3,374,330
Taxes receivable		8,262,339						8,262,339
Accounts receivable		270,273		92,149		-		362,422
Due from other funds		111,220		65,105		- 2		176,325
Due from component unit		1,348,626		50		54		1,348,626
Due from other governmental units		1,300,725		98		401,353		1,702,078
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents				554,893				554,893
Total assets	\$	14,887,533	\$	712,147	\$	401,353	\$	16,001,033
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Reconciled overdraft Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	794,290 2,802 65,105 862,197	\$	138,933	\$	80,228 166,506 111,220 357,954	\$	1,013,451 166,506 2,802 176,325 1,359,084
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	7,930,888	\$	-	\$	•	\$	7,930,888
FUND BALANCES Restricted: Coal Road				E73 344		3	,	F37 24 1
	\$		\$	573,214	\$		\$	573,214
Committed: Special revenue funds						43.300		43.300
Unassigned:		6,094,448		- 5		43,399		43,399 6,094,448
Total fund balances	-	6,094,448	Ś	573,214	Ś	43,399	Ś	6,711,061
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	5	14,887,533	Ś	712,147	Ś	401,353	\$	16,001,033
- Jean Countries action to minoria or resources, and fully betailees	_	. 1,007,000	~	, 12, 17/		701,555	4	10,001,000

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 6,711,061
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Land Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	568,695 15,087,963 1,492,229	17,148,887
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		2,644,301
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		3,259,678
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds and literary loans	(14,596,349)	
Capital leases	(506,689)	
Unamortized premium	(249,707)	
Accrued interest payable	(194,383)	
Landfill accrued closure and postclosure liability	(271,663)	
Net OPEB obligation	(76,673)	
Compensated absences	(620,677)	(16,516,141)
Net position of governmental activities	-	\$ 13,247,786

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		<u>General</u>		Coal <u>Road</u>	<u>Inv</u>	Workforce vestment Board		<u>Totaí</u>
REVENUES	ķ	44 044 500	٠		c		4	47 044 E00
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	16,011,500 3,912,444	\$	961,413	\$		\$	16,011,500
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		40,292		701,413		100		4,873,857 40,292
Fines and forfeitures		31,151		297		100		31,151
Revenue from the use of money and property		350,010		2,079				352,089
Charges for services		291,074		2,017				291,074
Miscellaneous		86,115		- 1		74		86,115
Recovered costs		472,761		_		95		472,761
Intergovernmental:		1,72,701						472,701
Commonwealth		7,648,185						7,648,185
Federal		2,448,161		_		1,777,312		4,225,473
Total revenues	S	31,291,693	5	963,492	\$	1,777,312	S	
EXPENDITURES		31,271,073	<u> </u>	703,472	→	1,777,312		37,032,777
Current:								
General government administration	Ś	1,651,589	\$	_	s	-	Ś	1,651,589
Judicial administration	7	2,039,720	7	- 5	*	7	۲	2,039,720
Public safety		5,955,754		5				5,955,754
Public works		3,220,849		1,280,045				4,500,894
Health and welfare		5,634,949		1,200,075		1,777,312		7,412,261
Education		7,776,917				1,777,312		7,776,917
Parks, recreation, and cultural		507,694		9				507,694
Community development		1,701,241		-				1,701,241
Nondepartmental		112,027		-				112,027
Capital projects		112,021		- 3		191		112,027
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,316,096		-		77		1,316,096
Interest and other fiscal charges		493,927				727		493,927
Total expenditures	5	30,410,763	Ś	1,280,045	\$	1,777,312	S	33,468,120
		30,110,703		1,200,010	~	1,777,312	~	00,100,120
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	880,930	\$	(316,553)	\$	-	\$	564,377
OTHER FINANCING COURSES (USES)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	ć		,				_	
Transfers in	\$	(242 704)	\$		\$	5.47	\$	(242, 704)
Transfers out		(212,781)						(212,781)
Issuance of capital leases	-	334,164	_	- 4			_	334,164
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	121,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$	121,383
Net change in fund balances	Ś	1,002,313	\$	(316,553)	Ś	-	\$	685,760
Fund balances - beginning	*	5,092,135	*	889,767	~	43,399	7	6,025,301
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,094,448	\$	573,214	\$	43,399	Ś	6,711,061
	_	.,,		,		,,		_,, , ,

685,760

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the

Capital outlay 667,897

Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) (992,638)

Removal of capital asset (net) (4,265)

Depreciation expense (1,040,678) (1,369,684)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. (261,883)

The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when obligations is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.

Capital leases (334,164)
Landfill closure and postclosure liability (3,750)
Principal Payments:

 Bonds, literary loans, and notes
 1,147,433

 Capital leases
 168,663
 978,182

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(Increase) decrease in compensated absences(52,191)(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable20,028(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation(35,152)Amortization of bond premiums16,804(50,511)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

177,918

Change in net position of governmental activities

Issaunce of long-term obilgations:

159,782

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2014

		Enterprise		internal
		Fund	S	ervice Fund
		Dante		Self
		<u>Fund</u>	Hea	alth Insurance
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	3,644,628
Interest receivable	-	48	•	1,257
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		7,758		386,045
Total current assets	\$	7,806	\$	4,031,930
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)	\$	49,575	\$	-
Capital assets:				
Utility plant in service	\$	5,240,699	\$	2
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,117,106)		-
Total capital assets	\$	3,123,593	\$	8
Total noncurrent assets		3,173,168	\$	-
Total assets	\$	3,180,974	\$	4,031,930
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	17,968	\$	772,252
Accrued interest payable		1,688		
Revenue bonds - current portion		21,015		8
Total current liabilities	\$	40,671	\$	772,252
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Revenue bonds - net of current portion	\$	672,399	\$	(2)
Total liabilities	\$	713,070	\$	772,252
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,430,179	\$	8
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants		49,575		€
Unrestricted		(11,850)		3,259,678
Total net position	\$	2,467,904	\$	3,259,678

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Enterprise		Internal				
		Fund	Service Fund					
		Dante	Self					
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Health Insurance</u>					
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for services:								
Sewer revenues	\$	83,210	\$	0				
Insurance premiums		-		5,547,202				
Total operating revenues	\$	83,210	\$	5,547,202				
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and benefits	\$	127,241	\$					
Professional services		15,593						
Utilities		717						
Materials and supplies		25,740		-				
Office expenses		62,621		-				
Repairs and maintenance		9,691						
Insurance claims and expenses		-		5,377,147				
Depreciation		131,017		0				
Total operating expenses	\$	372,620	\$	5,377,147				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(289,410)	\$	170,055				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	7,863				
Interest expense	·	(31,228)	•					
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(31,228)	\$	7,863				
Income before transfers	\$	(320,638)	\$	177,918				
Transfers in	\$	212,781	\$	2				
Change in net position	\$	(107,857)		177,918				
Total net position - beginning		2,575,761		3,081,760				
rotat net position beginning								

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

To the real chied built by		nterprise		Internal		
		Fund	Service Fund			
		Dante		Self		
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Hea</u>	<u>lth Insurance</u>		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	78,650	\$	2		
Receipts for insurance premiums		-		5,501,865		
Payments to suppliers		(112,754)		-		
Payments to employees		(127,241)		2		
Payments for premiums		-		(5,059,268)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(161,345)	\$	442,597		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from other funds	\$	212,781	\$	+		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Principal payments on bonds	\$	(20, 172)	\$			
Interest payments		(31,274)				
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related						
financing activities	\$	(51,446)	\$			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest income	\$	10	\$	8,110		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	450,707		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		49,575		3,193,921		
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	49,575	\$	3,644,628		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used for) operating activities;						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(289,410)	\$	170,055		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				·		
Depreciation	\$	131,017	Ś			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	*	(4,560)		(45,337)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,608		317,879		
Total adjustments	\$	128,065	\$	272,542		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(161,345)	\$	442,597		
ince cash provided by tased for operating activities		(101)373)	4	-TL, J7		

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,121
Total assets	\$ 85,121
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for Social Services clients	\$ 68,932
Amounts held for VASAP	 16,189
Total liabilities	\$ 85,121

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Russell, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected six-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Russell County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County, Virginia (IDA) encourages and provides financing for industrial development in Russell County. The financial statements of the IDA have been included because the County appoints the governing body and has made moral obligation resolutions to finance deficits of any kind or nature that may occur each year subject to annual appropriation. Complete financial statements of the IDA can be obtained in writing at 137 Highland Drive, Lebanon, VA 24266.

The Russell County Public Service Authority (PSA) provides water and sewer service to residents of Russell County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County because the County appoints the governing body and has financing guarantees involving the Authority. Complete financial statements of the PSA can be obtained in writing at 7341 Swords Creek Road, Swords Creek, VA 24649.

The Castlewood Water and Sewage Authority of Russell County provides water and sewer service to residents of Russell County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County because the County appoints the governing body and has financing guarantees involving the Authority. Complete financial statements of the Authority can be obtained in writing at P.O. Box 655, Castlewood, VA 24224.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the county's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County, in conjunction with other local jurisdictions, participates in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail and the Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$2,198,223 to the Regional Jail and \$50,000 to the Community Services Board. The County does not have any ongoing financial responsibility for these Organizations.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position - The government-wide Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its component units. Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the activities of the Social Services, E-911, Dog Tag, Damage Stamp, Revenue Anticipation Note, Law Library, and Knox Creek Funds. The aforementioned Funds have been merged with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

The Coal Road and Workforce Investment Board Funds serve as the County's major *Special Revenue Funds*. The Coal Road Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for improvements to roads used in conjunction with coal mining and other expenses allowable by the Code of Virginia, (1950), as amended. The Workforce Investment Board Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for workforce development benefiting the County.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a water treatment system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the Dante fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Fund consists of the Self Health Insurance Fund.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare Fund and VASAP Fund. The Special Welfare Fund includes activity of the Title XX and the SSI Fund, which have all been merged for financial reporting purposes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Funds are charges to departments for health insurance. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$858,415 at June 30, 2014 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the Component Unit - School Board, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

7. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2014.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

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JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

11. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expenditures) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

11. Fund Equity (continued)

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

The County of Russell will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 16% of the expenditures/operating revenues (two months). The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be a cause for concern, barring unusual of deliberate circumstances.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

12. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

13. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

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JUNE 30, 2014

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of the Industrial Development Authority Fund and Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, and the Special Revenue Funds. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

Numerous departments in the General Fund and the Coal Road Fund had excess expenditures over appropriations in the current year.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2014, there were no funds which had deficit fund equity.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). At June 30, 2014, the County had no investments.

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary			Component Unit
	Government			School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Local sales tax	\$	293,730	\$	
State sales tax		0		692,510
Non-categorical aid		174,089		7.8 7
Categorical aid-shared expenses		202,946		(*)
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		146,480		822
Categorical aid-other		201,005		
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act funds		116,746		**
Federal Government:				
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		165,729		6 5
Categorical aid-Workforce Investment funds		401,353		9.53
School federal programs		=	-	472,820
Total Amount Due from Other Governmental Units	\$	1,702,078	\$	1,165,330

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund	(ue to Primary Government/ Imponent Unit	vernment/ Govern					
Primary Government: General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,348,626				
Component Unit:								
School Board IDA	\$	1,148,626 200,000	\$	€ Si				
Total	\$	1,348,626	\$_	1,348,626				

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Fund	Tr	ansfers In	Transfers Out		
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	**	\$	212,782	
Dante Fund		212,782		*	
Total	\$	212,782	\$	212,782	
Primary Government:	D	ue From		Due To	
General Fund	\$	111,220	\$	65,105	
Coal Road Fund		65,105		*	
Workforce Investment Board Fund		<u> </u>		111,220	
Total	\$	176,325	\$	176,325	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

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Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	_	Balance July 1, 2013	25	Increases/ Issuances	_	Decreases/ Retirements		Balance June 30, 2014
General obligation bonds	\$	8,753,677	\$	= 5	\$	(611,026)	\$	8,142,651
Literary loans		2,095,423		¥:		(282,792)		1,812,631
Revenue bonds		4,877,995				(236,928)		4,641,067
Literary anticipation note		16,687		*		(16,687)		*
Deferred Amounts:								
Bond premiums		266,511		25		(16,804)		249,707
Capital leases		341,188		334,164		(168,663)		506,689
Landfill closure/								
postclosure liability		267,913		3,750		-		271,663
Net OPEB obligation		41,521		37,852		(2,700)		76,673
Compensated absences	_	568,486		52,191	_		,	620,677
Total	\$_	17,229,401	\$_	427,957	\$_	(1,335,600)	\$	16,321,758

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obliga	ation Bonds	Literary L	.oans	Revenue E	Bonds
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015 \$	627,696 \$	372,805 \$	375,977 \$	41,092 \$	236,928 \$	-
2016	644,976	340,870	375,977	32,130	236,928	
2017	647,901	308,788	375,977	23,167	236,928	-
2018	670,770	277,286	282,792	14,205	236,928	-
2019	678,680	245,292	229,246	8,038	236,928	-
2020-2024	2,959,821	765,233	172,662	5,604	1,184,641	-
2025-2029	1,567,807	249,098	5€	*	1,115,746	*
2030-2034	345,000	14,428	ž i	-	911,901	*
2035-2039	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	27	244,139	2
Totals \$	8,142,651 \$	2,573,800 \$	1,812,631 \$	124,236 \$	4,641,067 \$	\$

COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u> (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

			Final		4	mount of		Balance		Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Installment	·	Original	Go	vernmental		e Within
	Rates	Issued	Date	Amounts		Issue		Activities		
General Obligation Bonds:										
General obligation bond	5.10%-6.10%	1995	2016	\$15,000 a+	\$	325,000	\$	30,000	\$	15,000
General obligation bond	5.10%-6.10%	1997	2016	\$5,000 a+		140,000		20,000		5,000
General obligation bond	4.10%-5.23%	1999	2019	\$25,000 a+		510,000		150,000		25,000
General obligation bond	4.98%-5.10%	2000	2021	\$94,999-115,952 a+		1,802,210		744,549		97,555
General obligation bond	2.35%-5.10%	2002	2023	\$213,799-272,702 a+		4,382,954		2,205,462		219,313
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2006	2027	\$147,228-197,458 a+		3,205,190		2,247,640		150,828
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2009	2030	\$55,000-110,000 a+		1,485,000		1,285,000		55,000
General obligation bond	3.05%-5.05%	2010	2031	\$55,000-120,000 a+		1,620,000		1,460,000		60,000
Total General Obligation Bonds							\$	8,142,651	\$	627,696
Revenue Bonds:										
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2033	\$15,595 sa	\$	935,690	\$	561,414	\$	31,190
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2033	\$27,708 sa		1,678,400		1,025,197		55,416
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/28/2001	2025	\$8,612 sa		344,477		189,462		17,224
Revenue bond	0.00%	11/1/2002	2033	\$13,707 sa		822,366		507,125		27,412
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/10/2005	2036	\$9,276 sa		556,538		398,852		18,551
Revenue bond	0.00%	10/14/2005	2036	\$1,524 sa		91,439		67,055		3,048
Revenue bond	0.00%	10/14/2005	2037	\$31,779 sa		1,906,717		1,430,039		63,557
Revenue bond	0.00%	4/28/2006	2037	\$6,925 sa		415,513		311,634		13,851
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/30/2007	2037	\$3,340 sa		197,179		150,289		6,679
Total Revenue Bonds							\$	4,641,067	\$	236,928
Plus: Unamortized Premium							\$	249,707	Ś	16,804
Ondino (1200 Fromum							-	277,707	-	10,00-1
Total General Obligation and Reve	enue Bonds						\$	13,033,425	\$	881,428

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COUNTY OF RUSSELL, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u> (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness: (continued)

	Rates	Date <u>Issued</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment	Original	Go	overnmental	D	ue Within
		<u>Issued</u>	<u>Date</u>	4 .		Governmental		nental Due	
	3.00%			<u>Amounts</u>	Issue		<u>Activities</u>	!	<u>One Year</u>
<u>Literary loans:</u>	3 000/								
Literary loan	3.00%	7/15/1986	2017	\$30,222 a+	\$ 960,000	\$	90,666	\$	30,222
Literary loan	3.00%	7/15/1986	2017	\$62,693 a+	2,000,000		188,889		62,963
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$18,522 a+	530,999		74,088		18,522
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$12,581 a+	358,151		50,324		12,581
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$3,005 a+	84,805		12,020		3,005
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$9,995 a+	281,079		39,980		9,995
Literary loan	3.00%	2/1/1988	2018	\$6,989 a+	196,873		27,956		6,989
Literary loan	2.00%	1/1/2000	2020	\$57,757 a+	1,155,140		346,542		57,757
Literary loan	2.00%	3/15/1999	2019	\$55,700 a+	1,114,086		278,586		55,700
Literary loan	2.00%	3/15/1999	2019	\$8,200 a+	161,449		38,449		8,200
Literary loan	2.00%	6/15/1999	2019	\$21,134 a+	422,680		105,670		21,134
Literary loan	2.00%	6/15/1999	2019	\$44,020 a+	880,411		220,111		44,020
Literary loan	2.00%	11/15/2000	2021	\$24,689 a+	493,789		172,832		24,689
Literary loan	3.00%	12/15/2000	2021	\$7,700 a+	154,118		54,018		7,700
l.iterary loan	2.00%	7/1/2003	2023	\$12,500 a+	250,000		112,500		12,500
Total Literary Loans						\$	1,812,631	\$	375,977
Other Obligations:									
Capital Leases (Note 7)						\$	506,689	Ś	281,845
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liab	sility					4	271,663	•	201,045
Net OPEB Obligation	Jiercy						76,673		
Compensated Absences							•		44E E00
Compensated Absences						_	620,677		465,508
Total Other Obligations						\$	1,475,702	\$	747,353
Total Long-term Obligations						\$	16,321,758	\$	2,004,758

⁽a+) - annual principal installments shown; does not include semi-annual interest installments

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	July 1, 2013	Issuances		Retirements	June 30, 2014		
Revenue bonds	\$ 713,586 \$		\$	(20,172)	\$ 693,414		

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds							
June 30,	F	rincipal		Interest				
2015	\$	21,015	\$	30,432				
2016		21,894		29,553				
2017		22,814		28,633				
2018	23,776			27,671				
2019		23,845		26,665				
2020-2024		131,323		116,537				
2025-2029		164,390		83,471				
2030-2034		205,782		42,079				
2035-2037		78,575		3,085				
				·				
Totals	\$	693,414	\$	388,126				

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue		Balance Business-Type Activities			Amount Due Within One Year	
Revenue Bonds:										
Revenue bond	0.00%	3/24/1999	2019	\$	37,500	\$	8,438	\$	1,875	
Revenue bond	4.50%	4/10/1996	2036		900,000		684,976		19,140	
Total Revenue Bonds						\$	693,414	\$	21,015	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013	_	Increases		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014
Net OPEB obligation Early retirement incentive Compensated absences	\$ 427,536 \$ 178,680 751,080	5	910,457 - 570,652	\$	(631,300) \$ (107,880) (563,310)	706,693 70,800 758,422
Total	\$ 1,357,296	\$_	1,481,109	\$_	(1,302,490) \$	1,535,915

Details of long-term indebtedness:

		1	Amount	
	Total	Dι	ue Within	
	Amount	One Year		
Other Obligations:				
Early retirement incentive	\$ 70,800	\$	51,300	
Net OPEB Obligation	706,693		9	
Compensated Absences	758,422		568,817	
Total Other Obligations	\$ 1,535,915	\$	620,117	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

Note 7-Capital Leases:

Primary Government

The County has entered into lease agreements to finance the acquisition of school buses for the School Board. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of minimum lease payments at the dates of inception.

The capital assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	-	Buses	-	Buses
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ _	565,114 (127,150)	\$_	434,164 (32,562)
Net capital asset	\$_	437,964	\$_	401,602

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Year Ending		Capital
June 30,	_	Leases
2015	\$	292,078
2016		115,602
2017		115,602
Subtotal	\$	523,282
Less, amount		
representing interest		(16,593)
	_	
Present Value of		
Lease Agreement	\$_	506,689

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 8- Pension Plan:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan. Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set out below:

VRS - PLAN 1

- Plan Overview VRS Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a
 member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
 Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they
 were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some school divisions and political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

- 5. Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.
- 6. Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

7. Calculating the Benefit - The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

- **8.** Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.
- 10. Normal Retirement Age Age 65.
- 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

- **12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.
- **13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement** The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.
- 14. Eligibility For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

- **15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates** The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:
 - The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
 - The member retires on disability.
 - The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
 - The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
 - The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.
- **16. Disability Coverage** Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

B. Plan Description (continued)

VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

VRS - PLAN 2

- Plan Overview VRS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a
 member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
 Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or
 their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.

- 4. Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 4.
- 5. Creditable Service Same as VRS Plan 1- Refer to Section 5.
- 6. Vesting Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 6.
- 7. Calculating the Benefit Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.
- **8.** Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

VRS - PLAN 2 (CONTINUED)

- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.
- 10. Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.
- 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
 - Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.
- **12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
- **13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement** The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.
- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 15.
- **16. Disability Coverage** Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 17.

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

- 1. Plan Overview The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")
 - The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
 - The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
 - In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:
 - State employees*
 - School division employees
 - Political subdivision employees*
 - Judges appointed or elected to an original term on or after January 1, 2014
 - Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014
- 3. *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
 - Members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS)
 - Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS)
 - Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

3. *Non-Eligible Members (continued)

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

5. Creditable Service

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

6. Vesting

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

6. Vesting (continued)

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 701/2.

7. Calculating the Benefit

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

- **8.** Average Final Compensation Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 8. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is 1.0%.

For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

10. Normal Retirement Age

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 10.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 13.

Defined Contribution Component - Not Applicable.

- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Refer to VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 Section 15.
- 16. Disability Coverage Eligible political subdivision and school division members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Note 8- Pension Plan: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

17. Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component - Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 17.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Not Applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary to the VRS. All or part of this 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 14.36% of annual covered payroll.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary to the VRS. All or part of this 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 16.24% of annual covered payroll.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 8-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plan: (continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2014, the County and School Board's annual pension cost of \$781,244 and \$424,238 was equal to the County and School Board's required and actual contributions for the County and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

Three-Year Trend Information

Duine Constant	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
Primary Government:					
County	6/30/2012	\$	576,628	100.00%	1967
	6/30/2013		800,479	100.00%	X X
	6/30/2014		781,244	100.00%	5.5
Discretely Presented-Component Ur	nit:				
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2012	\$	386,243	100.00%	:0:
	6/30/2013		434,345	100.00%	
	6/30/2014		424,238	100.00%	3

Employer portion only

The FY 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

Note 8-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plan: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 70.13% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$28,873,471, and the actuarial value of assets was \$20,247,742, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$8,625,729. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,434,051, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 158.73%.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):</u>

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 61.34% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$16,485,081, and the actuarial value of assets was \$10,112,448, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$6,372,633. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,666,329, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 239.00%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

E. Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Professional Employees)

Plan Description

The Washington County School Board contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System. VRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State legislature. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. The most recent report may be downloaded from the System's website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P. O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary to the VRS. This 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution to the statewide cost sharing pool for professional employees was \$1,991,484, \$2,037,610, and \$1,164,108, for the fiscal years ended 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively. Employer contributions represented 11.66%, 11.66%, and 6.33% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2014, 2013, and 2011, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 9-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:			_	· · ·			_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	1,561,333	\$_		\$_	(992,638)	\$_	568,695
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	26,653,758	\$	160,542	\$	•	\$	26,814,300
Machinery and equipment		3,765,267		507,355		(157,637)		4,114,985
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	30,419,025	\$	667,897	\$	(157,637)	\$	30,929,285
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(11,088,471)	\$	(637,866)	\$	**	\$	(11,726,337)
Machinery and equipment		(2,373,316)		(402,812)		153,372	•	(2,622,756)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(13,461,787)	\$	(1,040,678)	\$	153,372	\$_	(14,349,093)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	16,957,238	\$_	(372,781)	\$_	(4,265)	\$_	16,580,192
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	18,518,571	\$_	(372,781)	\$_	(996,903)	\$_	17,148,887

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 9-Capital Assets: (continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Business-type Activities	=	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	e: -	Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated: Utility plant	\$_	5,240,699 \$	-	\$	\$_	5,240,699
Accumulated depreciation: Utility plant	\$_	(1,986,089) \$	(131,017)	\$	\$_	(2,117,106)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	3,254,610 \$	(131,017)	\$	\$_	3,123,593
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	3,254,610 \$	(131,017)	\$	\$_	3,123,593

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	15,600
Judicial administration		753
Public safety		253,524
Public works		44,595
Health and welfare		27,690
Education		652,480
Parks, recreation, and cultural		38,222
Community development	_	7,814
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$_	1,040,678
Business-type activities:		
Sewer Authority	\$_	131,017

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 9-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

	_	Beginning Balance	-	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$_	4,643,707	\$ ₋	992,638	\$_	-	\$_	5,636,345
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	22,294,656	\$		\$	-	\$	22,294,656
Machinery and equipment		6,361,819		374,031		-		6,735,850
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	28,656,475	\$	374,031	\$_	-	\$	29,030,506
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(11,309,828)	\$	(606, 104)	\$	•	\$	(11,915,932)
Machinery and equipment		(4,967,586)		(331,774)		E:		(5,299,360)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(16,277,414)	\$	(937,878)	\$_	-	\$_	(17,215,292)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	12,379,061	\$.	(563,847)	\$_	-	\$_	11,815,214
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	17,022,768	\$	428,791	\$_	<u></u>	\$_	17,451,559

Note 10-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and the related Component Unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and the School Board pay the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 11-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 12-Surety Bonds:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
Ann McReynolds, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	1,010,000
Patrick Thompson, Treasurer		400,000
Randy N. Williams, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Steve Dye, Sheriff		30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bond		50,000
Hartford Company - Surety:		
Tammy Gilbert - Clerk of the School Board	 \$	10,000
All school employees: blanket bond		10,000
USF&G Insurance Co Surety:		
All Social Services employees-blanket bond	\$	100,000

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. \$271,663 is the total estimated closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2014. This represents the cumulative amount based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill and is based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and postclosure in 2014. Actual costs for closure and postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and postclosure costs.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014

Note 14-Unavailable Revenue:

Governmental funds report *deferred/unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred/unavailable revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Gov't-wide Statements	Balance Sheet
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Funds
2nd half taxes due December 2014	\$ 5,206,169	\$ 5,206,169
Delinquent taxes due prior to June 30, 2014	8	2,644,301
Prepaid taxes	80,418	80,418
Total unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$ 5,286,587	\$ 7,930,888

Note 15-Self Health Insurance:

The County of Russell, Virginia established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and School Board and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2014, a total of \$4,826,551 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County and School Board is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type. As of June 30, 2014, the County and School Board were exposed to risk which represents the difference between the claims to date and the ceiling liability as calculated based on enrollment levels and health plan coverage. Additional costs in excess of the ceiling liability are covered as part of the contract with the County. Incurred but not reported claims of \$772,252 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2014 were as follows:

Current Year							
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance at			
	End of						
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year			
3							
2013-14 \$	454,373 \$	5,695,026 \$	(5,377,147) \$	772,252			

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The County of Russell and Russell County's Component Unit - School Board administer a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County or School Board eligible retiree may receive this benefit until he/she has reached sixty five years of age.

To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet the following criteria: attained age 50 and 15 years of service and not eligible for Medicare and the last 10 years must be with the County or School Board prior to retirement. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County and School Board currently have 757 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County and School Board. The rates are as follows:

County:

		Medical & Rx				
	Re	tiree	Spouse		Ret./Family	
PPO	\$	421	\$	421	\$	1,180
Medicare		135		135		N/A

Schools:

		Medical & Rx					
	R	etiree	Spouse		Ret./Family		
PPO	\$	505	\$	505	\$	1,416	
Medicare		135		135		N/A	

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year 2014, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation during fiscal year 2014.

Annual required contribution	\$	38,400
Interest on net OPEB obligation		1,661
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(2,209)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	,	37,852
Contributions made		(2,700)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	,	35,152
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		41,521
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	76,673

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Percentage of					
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB			
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation			
·						
6/30/2012 \$	42,754	101.27% \$	6,609			
6/30/2013	35,812	2.51%	41,521			
6/30/2014	37,852	7.13%	76,673			

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 916,100
Interest on net OPEB obligation	17,101
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(22,744)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	910,457
Contributions made	(631,300)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	279,157
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	427,536
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 706,693

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB	
Year Ended OPEB Cost		Contributed	Obligation	
6/30/2012 \$	278,829	101.27% \$	44,828	
6/30/2013	885,708	56.79%	427,536	
6/30/2014	910,457	69.34%	706,693	

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 198,600
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 5.00
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 198,600
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 5,576,300
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	3.56%

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 8,991,400
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 12
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 8,991,400
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 21,181,100
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	42.45%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: inflation at 2.50 percent, plus productivity component of 1.25 percent, investment rate of return at 4.00 percent, and a health care trend rate of 7.50 percent graded to 4.80 percent over 72 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2012 was 20 years.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The County and School Board participate in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County or School Board, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to \$51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 0.0143% of annual covered payroll.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):</u>

As a participating local political subdivision, the Covington School Board is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 0.51% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Primary Government:

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

C. OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

For 2014, the County's contribution of \$778 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years are shown below:

	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Ne OP Oblig	EB
Primary Government:					
County	6/30/2012 \$	3,289	100.00%	\$	3.0
	6/30/2013	1,764	100.00%		8
	6/30/2014	778	100.00%		:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The School Board is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2014, the School Board's contribution of \$13,320 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and 2013 are shown below:

	Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage of ARC	Net OPEI	
	Ending	Cost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligat	tion
Discretely Presented Component Unit					
School Board	6/30/2013 \$	15,780	100.00%	\$	2 5
	6/30/2014	13,320	100.00%		70

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 118,770
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 81,083
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 37,687
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	68.27%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 1,110,563
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	3.39%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 376,778
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ 379
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 376,399
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.10%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 2,666,329
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	14.12%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees)</u>: (continued) The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Primary Government:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2013 was 30 years.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):</u>

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2013 was 30 years.

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board (continued)

Funding Policy

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The School Board's contribution to VRS was \$189,624, \$193,975, and \$110,342 for the fiscal years ended 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively. The School Board's contributions represented 1.11%, 1.11%, and 0.60% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

Note 18-Moral Obligation:

The County has signed a support agreement that backs certain debt obligations of the Russell County Public Service Authority (a component unit of the County). In the agreement, the Board of Supervisors has a moral obligation to fund the Russell County Public Service Authority in amounts sufficient to cover debt service issued during fiscal year 2014 in the amount of \$700,843. To date, the County of Russell, Virginia has provided funds sufficient to cover such debt service. During fiscal year 2014, the County paid \$320,913 in debt service for the Russell County Public Service Authority.

Note 19-Operating Lease:

The County has signed a lease agreement with The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County to pay rent equivalent to the required debt service as it relates to the Russell County Government Center. To date, the County of Russell, Virginia has provided funds sufficient to cover such debt service. As of June 30, 2014, the outstanding balance of the loan was \$4,862,800. Future required rent payments are as follows:

Year Ending	Operating Lease									
June 30,	Principal	Interest								
2015	\$ 355,100	\$	109,767							
2016	363,300		101,621							
2017	372,100		92,744							
2018	381,000		83,925							
2019	390,000		74,898							
2020-2024	2,092,900		231,648							
2025-2026	908,400		21,487							
Totals	\$ 4,862,800	\$	716,090							

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014

Note 20-Upcoming Pronouncements:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 related to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The County has not determined the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

Note 21-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2014, there was one claim before the Virginia Tax Commissioner regarding the Commissioner of Revenue's determination of machinery and tools tax. The case has been before the Virginia Tax Commissioner twice before. The appellant is seeking approximately \$251,000 in tax refund and interest. The County's attorney has assessed the risk of loss as moderate.

Required Supplementary Information

County of Russell, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

REVENUES Original Final Actual Amounts Positive (Negative) General property taxes \$ 14,608,611 \$ 14,608,611 \$ 16,011,500 \$ 1,402,889 Other local taxes 4,632,832 4,632,832 3,912,444 (720,388) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 18,500 18,500 40,292 21,792 Fines and forfeitures 45,000 45,000 31,151 (13,849) Revenue from the use of money and property 207,240 207,240 350,010 142,770 Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 8,582,798 8,626,857 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues \$ 32,022,179 \$ 32,107,998 \$ 31,291,693 \$ (816,305) EVENDITURES		Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
REVENUES Ceneral property taxes \$ 14,608,611 \$ 14,608,611 \$ 16,011,500 \$ 1,402,889 Other local taxes 4,632,832 4,632,832 3,912,444 (720,388) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 18,500 18,500 40,292 21,792 Fines and forfeitures 45,000 45,000 31,151 (13,849) Revenue from the use of money and property 207,240 207,240 350,010 142,770 Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 2,699,589 8,626,857 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues \$ 32,022,170 \$ 32,107,998 \$ 31,291,693 \$ 8616,305 EXPENDITURES <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Positive</th></td<>									Positive
General property taxes \$ 14,608,611 \$ 14,608,611 \$ 16,011,500 \$ 1,402,888 Other local taxes 4,632,832 4,632,832 3,912,444 (720,388) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 18,500 18,500 40,292 21,792 Fines and forfeitures 45,000 45,000 31,151 (13,849) Revenue from the use of money and property 207,240 207,240 350,010 142,770 Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 2,699,589 2,741,358 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues 5 32,022,170 \$ 32,107,998 \$ 31,291,693 \$ 816,305) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration 2,039,488			<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	9	(Negative)
Other local taxes 4,632,832 4,632,832 3,912,444 (720,388) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 18,500 18,500 40,292 21,792 Fines and forfeitures 45,000 45,000 31,151 (13,849) Revenue from the use of money and property 207,240 207,240 350,010 142,770 Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 200,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 200,000 708,000	•			_					
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 18,500 40,292 21,792 Fines and forfeitures 45,000 45,000 31,151 (13,849) Revenue from the use of money and property 207,240 207,240 350,010 142,770 Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 20,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues 32,022,170 \$32,107,998 \$31,291,693 (816,305) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$1,630,404 \$1,678,118 \$1,651,589 \$26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609)	• • •	\$		\$		Ş		Ş	
Fines and forfeitures 45,000 45,000 31,151 (13,849) Revenue from the use of money and property 207,240 207,240 350,010 142,770 Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 50,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 50,000 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 50,000 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 50,000 708,000 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: 2 2,009,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) (203,197) 7041,358 2,448,161 (293,197) (205,209) 31,201,693 \$1,651,589 \$1,651,589 \$1,651,589 \$1,651,589									
Revenue from the use of money and property 207,240 207,240 350,010 142,770 Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 8,582,798 8,626,857 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues \$32,022,170 \$32,107,998 \$31,291,693 \$(816,305) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$1,630,404 \$1,678,118 \$1,651,589 \$26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949			-		-				-
Charges for services 433,400 433,400 291,074 (142,326) Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 8,582,798 8,626,857 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues \$32,022,170 \$32,107,998 \$31,291,693 (816,305) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$1,630,404 \$1,678,118 \$1,651,589 \$26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)			•		-				
Miscellaneous 86,200 86,200 86,115 (85) Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 8,582,798 8,626,857 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues \$32,022,170 \$32,107,998 \$31,291,693 \$(816,305) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$1,630,404 \$1,678,118 \$1,651,589 \$26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)			•		-		•		•
Recovered costs 708,000 708,000 472,761 (235,239) Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 8,582,798 8,626,857 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues \$32,022,170 \$32,107,998 \$31,291,693 \$816,305) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$1,630,404 \$1,678,118 \$1,651,589 \$26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)	-		•		•		•		
Note			•		•		-		
Commonwealth 8,582,798 8,626,857 7,648,185 (978,672) Federal 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) Total revenues \$ 32,022,170 \$ 32,107,998 \$ 31,291,693 \$ (816,305) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)			708,000		708,000		472,761		(235,239)
Federal Total revenues 2,699,589 2,741,358 2,448,161 (293,197) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)	_								
Total revenues \$ 32,022,170 \$ 32,107,998 \$ 31,291,693 \$ (816,305) \$ EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529									
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)		_		_		_			
Current: General government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)	Total revenues	_\$	32,022,170	\$	32,107,998	\$	31,291,693	\$	(816,305)
Current: General government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)	EXPENDITURES								
General government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529 Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)									
Judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)		S	1.630.404	S	1.678.118	ς	1.651.589	\$	26 529
Public safety 5,086,789 5,857,145 5,955,754 (98,609) Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)	~	•		*		*		*	•
Public works 3,416,446 3,144,777 3,220,849 (76,072) Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)									
Health and welfare 7,674,728 7,674,728 5,634,949 2,039,779 Education 7,576,138 7,576,138 7,776,917 (200,779)	•								
Education 7,576,138 7,576,917 (200,779)									
1,0.0,000									
(1,107)									
Community development 1,503,825 1,679,825 1,701,241 (21,416)			=		-		-		
Nondepartmental 234,000 214,400 112,027 102,373	•								• • •
Capital projects			25 1,000		211,100		112,027		102,575
Debt service:									
Principal retirement 1,579,643 1,579,643 1,316,096 263,547			1,579,643		1,579,643		1.316.096		263,547
Interest and other fiscal charges 352,481 352,481 493,927 (141,446)									=
Total expenditures \$ 31,614,149 \$ 32,287,550 \$ 30,410,763 \$ 1,876,787	-	S		ς		ς	· · ·	ς	
31,011,117 \$ 32,207,330 \$ 30,410,703 \$ 1,070,707	Total experiences		31,011,117	·	32,207,330	*	30,410,703	4	1,070,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures \$ 408,021 \$ (179,552) \$ 880,930 \$ 1,060,482	expenditures	\$	408,021	\$	(179,552)	\$	880,930	\$	1,060,482
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	OTHER FINANCING SOLIDCES (1955)								
Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -		c		ċ		ċ		ć	
Transfers out (200,000) (150,000) (212,781) (62,781)		÷	(200,000)	Ģ	(150,000)	Ç		٦	(62 701)
			(200,000)		(130,000)				
	•	Ċ	(200,000)	Ċ	(150,000)	Ċ		Ċ	
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (200,000) \$ (150,000) \$ 121,383 \$ 271,383	Total other financing sources (uses)		(200,000)	Ģ	(150,000)	Ç	121,303		Z/1,303
Net change in fund balances \$ 208,021 \$ (329,552) \$ 1,002,313 \$ 1,331,865	Net change in fund balances	\$	208,021	\$	(329,552)	\$	1,002,313	\$	1,331.865
Fund balances - beginning (123,021) 324,734 5,092,135 4,767,401				•		•			
Fund balances - ending \$ 85,000 \$ (4,818) \$ 6,094,448 \$ 6,099,266	_ •	\$		\$		\$		\$	

County of Russell, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Budgeted	l Am	ounts <u>Final</u>	-	Actual Amounts	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
REVENUES							
Other local taxes	\$ 900,000	\$	900,000	\$	961,413	\$	61,413
Revenue from the use of money and property	32		-		2,079		2,079
Total revenues	\$ 900,000	\$	900,000	\$	963,492	\$	63,492
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public works	\$ 900,000	\$	900,000	\$	1,280,045	\$	(380,045)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(316,553)	\$	(316,553)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$		\$	(316,553)	\$	(316,553)
Fund balances - beginning	 - 6		-		889,767		889,767
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	573,214	\$	573,214

County of Russell, Virginia

Special Revenue Fund - Workforce Investment Board Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

REVENUES	 Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts <u>Final</u>	-	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Intergovernmental:							
Federal	\$ 2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	\$	1,777,312	\$	(969,534)
Total revenues	\$ 2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	\$	1,777,312	\$	(969,534)
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare	\$ 2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	\$	1,777,312	\$	969,534
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	43,399 43,399	\$	43,399 43,399

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	over	

County Retirement Plan:

Actuarial Valuation as of	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011	\$ 20,247,742 19,894,452 20,084,643	\$ 28,873,471 28,359,443 27,499,897	\$ 8,625,729 8,464,991 7,415,254	70.13% 70.15% 73.04%	\$ 5,434,051 5,481,683 5,413,452	158.73% 154.42% 136.98%

County Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

Actuarial Valuation as of	Valu	Actuarial Actuarial Value of Accrued Assets Liability (AAL)		ccrued AAL (UAAL) Funded R		Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)	
(1)	(2	2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
July 1, 2012	\$		\$	198,600	\$	198,600	0.00%	\$ 5,576,300	3.56%
July 1, 2010		141		464,748		464,748	0.00%	5,581,443	8.33%
July 1, 2008		-		546,570		546,570	0.00%	4,198,697	13.02%

County Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

Actuarial Valuation as of	٧	ctuarial alue of Assets	actuarial Accrued Dility (AAL)	AAL (UAAL) Funded Ratio		Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	 (6)	(7)
June 30, 2013	\$	81,083	\$ 118,770	\$	37,687	68.27%	\$ 1,110,563	3.39%
June 30, 2012		78,231	101,849		23,618	76.81%	1,769,420	1.33%
June 30, 2011		82,852	100,667		17,815	82.30%	1,523,173	1.17%

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan:

Actuarial Valuation as of	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
June 30, 2013	\$ 10,112,448	\$ 16,485,081	\$ 6,372,633	61.34%	\$ 2,666,329	239.00%
June 30, 2012 June 30, 2011	10,068,998 10,328,276	16,469,710 16,067,146	6,400,712 5,738,870	61.14% 64.28%	2,689,457 2,693,695	237.99% 213.05%

School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Value of as of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2)		Funded Ratio (2)/(3)		Covered Payroll		UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)		
(1)	(2)			(3)		(4)	(5)		(6)		(7)	
July 1, 2012 July 1, 2010 July 1, 2008	\$	8	\$	8,991,400 3,030,967 3,755,059	\$	8,991,400 3,030,967 3,755,059	0.0 0.0 0.0	0%	\$	21,181,100 20,559,274 24,186,441	14	2.45% 1.74% 5.53%

School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

Actuarial Valuation as of (*)	Valuation Value		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			nfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)		Covered Payroll		UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)		
(1)	(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)		(6)		(7)		
June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012	\$	379	\$	376,778 161,463	\$	376,399 161,463	0.10% 0.00%		\$	2,666,329 2,689,457	14.12% 6.00%		

^{(*) -} June 30, 2012 was the initial valuation as the School Board recently joined this plan.

Other Supplementary Information

		FIDUCIARY FUNDS	
Special Welfare entrusted to the	- The Special Welf local social service		e funds belonging to individuals are children.
Special Welfare entrusted to the	- The Special Welf local social service	are fund accounts for those	e funds belonging to individuals are children.
Special Welfare entrusted to the	- The Special Welf local social service	are fund accounts for those	e funds belonging to individuals are children.
Special Welfare entrusted to the	- The Special Welf local social service	are fund accounts for those	e funds belonging to individuals are children.
Special Welfare entrusted to the	- The Special Welf local social service	are fund accounts for those	e funds belonging to individuals are children.

County of Russell, Virginia Combined Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
\$ 60,387	\$ 80,952	\$ (72,407)	\$ 68,932
(9,717)	291,766	(265,860)	16,189
\$ 50,670	\$ 372,718	\$ (338,267)	\$ 85,121
\$ 60,387	\$ 80,952	\$ (72,407)	\$ 68,932
(9,717)	291,766	(265,860)	16,189
\$ 50,670	\$ 372,718	\$ (338,267)	\$ 85,121
	\$ 60,387 (9,717) \$ 50,670 \$ 60,387 (9,717)	\$ 60,387 \$ 80,952 (9,717) 291,766 \$ 50,670 \$ 372,718 \$ 60,387 (9,717) 291,766	Beginning of Year Additions Deletions \$ 60,387 \$ 80,952 \$ (72,407) (9,717) 291,766 (265,860) \$ 50,670 \$ 372,718 \$ (338,267) \$ 60,387 \$ 80,952 \$ (72,407) (9,717) 291,766 (265,860)



County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

June 30, 2014

		(School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	780,728
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Accounts receivable			3,460
Due from other governmental units			1,165,330
Prepaid items			748,910
Total assets			2,698,428
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable			104,016
Salaries payable			888,935
Due to primary government			1,148,626
Total liabilities			2,141,577
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable:			
Prepaid items		\$	748,910
Committed:		Ģ	740,710
Textbook purchases			12 024
Regional Adult Education			12,924
Unassigned:			224,583
Total fund balances		ė	(429,566)
Total liabilities and fund balances		÷	556,851
Total Habiticles and fund palances		>	2,698,428
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different	nt because:		
Total fund balances per above		\$	556,851
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	5,636,345		
Buildings and improvements	10,378,724		
Machinery and equipment	1,436,490		17,451,559
Long-term liabilities, including early retirement incentives, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences	(758,422)		
Early retirement incentive	(70,800)		
Net OPEB obligation	(706,693)		(1,535,915)
Nat maritian of marray and a shirt			47 470 407
Net position of governmental activities		>	16,472,495

County of Russell, Virginia

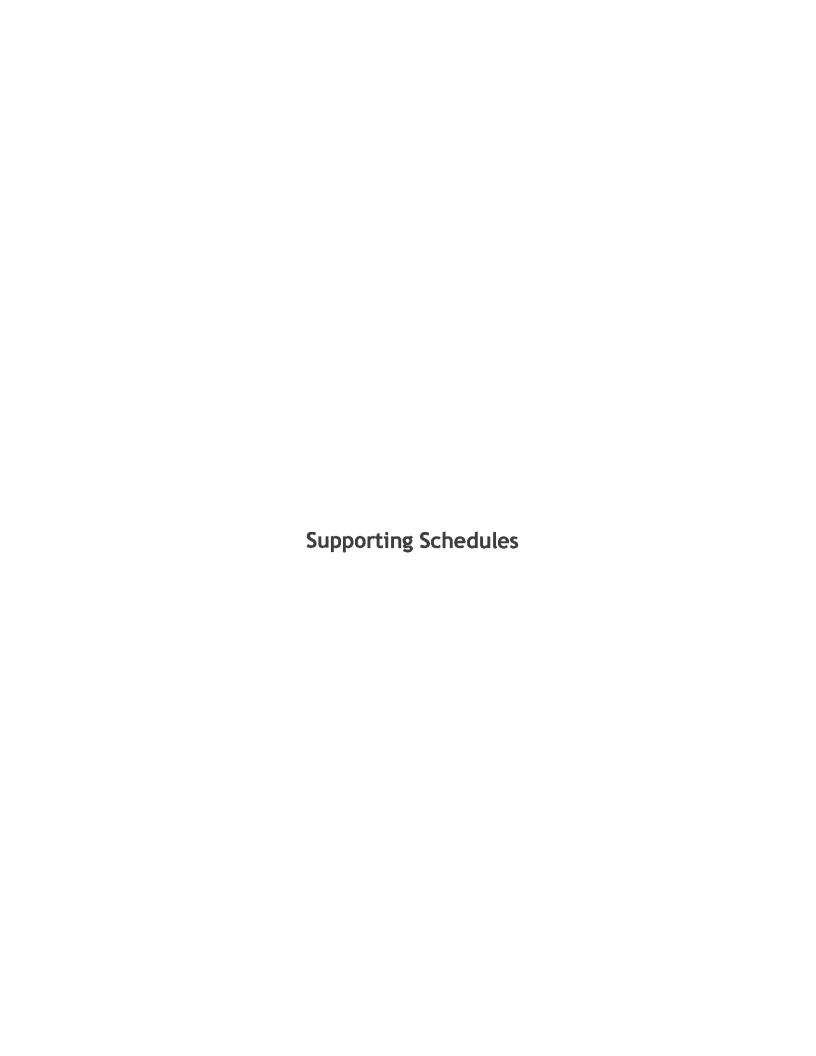
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

REVENUES		C	School perating <u>Fund</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	,	\$	763
Charges for services	•	4	512,3 9 6
Miscellaneous			221,283
Recovered costs			648,730
			040,730
Intergovernmental:			7 350 030
Local government			7,358,020
Commonwealth			25,867,216
Federal	_	_	4,237,040
Total revenues		\$	38,845,448
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Education	,	\$	38,526,104
	_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures		\$	319,344
Net change in fund balances		\$	319,344
Fund balances - beginning	•	ş	237,507
Fund balances - beginning	_	\$	556,851
Tund batatices - ending	=	~	330,031
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different	: because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	!	\$	319,344
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Canital authoria	374 534		
Capital outlays	374,031		
Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net)	992,638		100 701
Depreciation expense	(937,878)		428,791
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
(In annual) de mana de annual de de annual de la conse	(7.3.40)		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	(7,342)		
(Increase) decrease in early retirement incentive	107,880		
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation	(279,157)		(178,619)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	569,516
	=		

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

	School Operating Fund												
		Budgeted	F	riance with inal Budget Positive									
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)						
	\$	4 500	,	4 500	Ļ	7/3		(333)					
Revenue from the use of money and property	Ş	1,500	\$	1,500	Ş	763	Þ	(737)					
Charges for services		850,768		850,768		512,396		(338,372)					
Miscellaneous Recovered costs		170,000		170,000		221,283		51,283					
		557,402		557,402		648,730		91,328					
Intergovernmental:		= 404 40 =											
Local government		7,491,405		7,491,405		7,358,020		(133,385)					
Commonwealth		26,888,497		26,888,497		25,867,216		(1,021,281)					
Federal		4,700,655		4,700,655		4,237,040		(463,615)					
Total revenues	\$	40,660,227	\$	40,660,227	\$	38,845,448	\$	(1,814,779)					
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Education	\$	40,660,227	\$	40,660,227	\$	38,526,104	\$	2,134,123					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)													
expenditures	\$		\$	-	\$	319,344	\$	319,344					
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	S	319,344	ς	319,344					
Fund balances - beginning	*	2.5	7	_	Y	237,507	4	237,507					
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		\$	556,851	Ś	556,851					
. aa batation citating	_		4		٧	330,031	٧	330,031					



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source General Fund:		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real Property Tax	\$	8,100,000	¢	8,100,000	¢	7,146,411	s	(953,589)
Real and Personal PSC Tax	7	1,184,500	7	1,184,500	4	1,885,239	Ş	700,739
Personal Property Tax		2,722,000		2,722,000		3,444,163		722,163
Mobile Home Tax		110,000		110,000		114,574		4,574
Machinery and Tools Tax		1,202,111		1,202,111		1,509,054		306,943
Merchants Capital		25,000		25,000		34,415		9,415
Mineral Tax		940,000		940,000		1,346,745		406,745
Penalties		100,000		100,000		153,016		53,016
Interest		225,000		225,000		377,883		152,883
Total general property taxes	5	14,608,611	Ś	14,608,611	\$	16,011,500	Ś	1,402,889
Total Scharat property taxes		17,000,011	~	14,000,011	~	10,011,300	,	1,402,007
Other local taxes:								
Local Sales and Use Tax	\$	1,925,517	ς	1,925,517	ς	1,736,895	ς	(188,622)
Consumers' Utility Tax	*	600,000	~	600,000	4	547,137	7	(52,863)
Consumption Taxes		90,000		90,000		83,841		(6,159)
Franchise License Tax		15,000		15,000		2,617		(12,383)
Coal Severance Tax		1,500,000		1,500,000		961,413		(538,587)
Bank Stock Tax		1,500,000		1,500,000		9,489		9,489
Grantee tax		60,000		60,000		94,797		34,797
Motor Vehicle Licenses		417,315		417,315		476,255		58,940
Taxes on Recordation and Wills		25,000		25,000		470,233		(25,000)
Total other local taxes	Ś	4,632,832	Ś	4,632,832	Ś	3,912,444	Ś	(720,388)
		1,032,032	4	1,002,002	_	3,712,117	~	(720,500)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	Ś	1,700	Ś	1,700	ς	3,057	Ś	1,357
Building permits	•	15,000	*	15,000	*	34,431	•	19,431
Other permits and other licenses		1,800		1,800		2,804		1,004
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	18,500	Ś	18,500	\$	40,292	\$	21,792
rotat porma, printage rota, and regulator, therebes	_	10,000	~	,	-	10,272		21,172
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	31,151	\$	(13,849)
		10,000	~	15,000	7	. 51,151	*	(13,047)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	35,000	Ś	35,000	Ś	33,643	s	(1,357)
Revenue from use of property	•	172,240	*	172,240	*	316,367	*	144,127
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	207,240	\$	207,240	Ś	350,010	Ś	142,770
			~	201,210	~	330,0.0	-	. (2,770
Charges for services:								
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	\$	360,000	s	360,000	Ś	166,185	s	(193,815)
Charges for courthouse security	•	40,000	•	40,000	~	54,495	*	14,495
Charges for cannery operations		,,,,,		.0,000		31,225		31,225
Charges for commonwealth attorney		2,000		2,000		9,174		7,174
Charges for courthouse maintenance		7,000		7,000		10,255		3,255
Charges for jail and inmate fees		6,000		6,000		4,840		(1,160)
Charges for district court		0,000		0,000		2,301		2,301
Charges for library		14,500		14,500		2,922		(11,578)
Other charges for services		3,900		3,900		9,677		5,777
Total charges for services	\$	433,400	Ś	433,400	\$	291,074	Ś	(142,326)
Total cital ges for services		755,700	4	755,700	7	2/1,0/4	٠	(172,320)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source General Fund: (Continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous revenue	\$	76,200	ς	76,200	\$	76,306	ς	106
Sale of property/surplus	7	10,000	~	10,000	4	9,809	7	(191)
Total miscellaneous revenue	S	86,200	Ś	86,200	Ś	86,115	ς	(85)
				00,200	*	00,110	7	(00)
Recovered costs:								
Social services	\$		\$	27	\$	80,195	\$	80,195
Health department				-	·	184,913		184,913
School resource officer		48,000		48,000		67,855		19,855
Insurance recoveries				+1		15,487		15,487
Regional jail		-		23		70,767		70,767
Industrial development				+:		21,627		21,627
Other Recovered Costs		660,000		660,000		31,917		(628,083)
Total recovered costs	\$	708,000	\$	708,000	\$	472,761	\$	(235,239)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	20,739,783	\$	20,739,783	\$	21,195,347	\$	455,564
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:								
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	147,463	\$	(2,537)
Mobile home titling tax		100,000		100,000		80,293		(19,707)
Motor vehicle rental tax		2,500		2,500		2,244		(256)
State budget reduction		(282,317)		(282,317)		-		282,317
Communications tax		900,000		900,000		866,078		(33,922)
State recordation tax		20,000		20,000		29,035		9,035
Personal property tax relief act funds		1,437,003		1,437,003		1,437,003		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,327,186	\$	2,327,186	\$	2,562,116	\$	234,930
Categorical aid: Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	333,441	\$	333,441	\$	351,123	\$	17,682
Sheriff		1,352,618		1,352,618		1,366,051	-	13,433
Commissioner of revenue		184,329		184,329		172,919		(11,410)
Treasurer		107,314		107,314		108,969		1,655
Medical examiner		400		400		90		(400)
Registrar/electoral board		43,439		43,439		41,018		(2,421)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		253,161		253,161		269,322		16,161
Total Shared Expenses	\$	2,274,702	\$	2,274,702	\$	2,309,402	\$	34,700
Other categorical aid:	_							
Victim witness grant	\$	40,000	\$	40.000	e	30,859	ċ	(0.441)
GIS	Þ	40,000	4	40,000	2	30,839 450	Þ	(9,141)
E911 state funds		50,000		E0 000				450
Law enforcement grants		-		50,000		45,140 31,467		(4,860)
Asset forfeiture funds		105,000		135,680		31,467		(104,213)
Asset forfeiture fullus		-				8,546		8,546

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)						
Intergovernmental: (continued)						
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)						
Categorical aid: (Continued)						
Other categorical aid: (Continued)						
EMS grants	\$	5	\$ 5.	\$ 29,245	\$	29,245
Fire Program Funds		60,000	60,000	71,545		11,545
Library grants		97,677	97,677	100,690		3,013
Litter control grants		-	13,379	13,379		- 20
Clerk of the circuit court grants		9	98	7,812		7,812
Public assistance		2,220,198	2,220,198	1,715,991		(504,207)
Comprehensive services act		1,408,035	1,408,035	571,006		(837,029)
School resource officer grants		20	*	70,537		70,537
VDOT revenue sharing				80,000		80,000
Total other categorical aid	\$	3,980,910	\$ 4,024,969	\$ 2,776,667	\$	(1,248,302)
Total categorical aid	\$	6,255,612	\$ 6,299,671	\$ 5,086,069	\$	(1,213,602)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	8,582,798	\$ 8,626,857	\$ 7,648,185	\$	(978,672)
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
Forfeited Assets	\$		\$ 30	\$ 296,061	\$	296,061
Emergency management grants		>	41,769	6,769		(35,000)
Violence against women		*	8	20,860		20,860
ARRA - Watershed protection grant		· .	7	24,250		24,250
DMV ground transportation safety grant				13,708		13,708
Public assistance		2,699,589	2,699,589	2,086,513		(613,076)
Total categorical aid	_\$_	2,699,589	\$ 2,741,358	\$ 2,448,161	\$	(293,197)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,699,589	\$ 2,741,358	\$ 2,448,161	\$	(293,197)
Total General Fund	\$	32,022,170	\$ 32,107,998	\$ 31,291,693	\$	(816,305)
Special Revenue Funds:						
Coal Road Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Other local taxes:						
Coal road taxes	_\$_	900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 961,413	\$	61,413
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,079	\$	2,079
Total revenue from local sources	\$	900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 963,492	\$	63,492
Total Coal Road Fund	\$	900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 963,492	\$	63,492

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
Workforce Investment Board Fund:								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Workforce Investment	\$	2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	<u>\$</u>	1,777,312	\$	(969,534)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	\$	1,777,312	\$	(969,534)
Total Workforce Investment Board Fund	\$	2,746,846	\$	2,746,846	\$	1,777,312	\$	(969,534)
Total Primary Government	\$	35,669,016	\$	35,754,844	\$	34,032,497	\$	(1,722,347)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$		\$	(+)	\$	13	\$	13
Revenue from the use of property	_	1,500		1,500		750		(750)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	763	\$	(737)
Channel Constant								
Charges for services:	,	/00 04 /						
Cafeteria sales	\$	682,214	\$	682,214	\$	412,238	\$	(269,976)
Tuition payments Drivers Ed fees		5,000		5,000		4,216		(784)
Other charges for services		14,000		14,000		11,640		(2,360)
Regional Adult Education		1,000 138,554		1,000		1,431		431
GED Testing fees		10,000		138,554 10,000		78,775 4,096		(5 9,779) (5,904)
Total charges for services	Ś	850,768	Ś	850,768	Ś	512,396	Ś	(338,372)
Total charges for selffices	_	030,700	4	030,700	-	312,370		(330,372)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	\$	221,283	\$	51,283
						-		
Recovered costs:								
Insurance recoveries	\$	2	\$		\$	27,825	\$	27,825
Extra duties revenue		23,000		23,000		14,704		(8,296)
Dual Enrollment		350,000		350,000		280,877		(69,123)
Consortium Clerical						1,725		1,725
Sale of Equipment and Supplies		20,000		20,000		0.40.000		(20,000)
Reimburse Health Services Other recovered costs		80,000		80,000		249,000		169,000
Total recovered costs	<u> </u>	84,402	_	84,402		74,599	-	(9,803)
וטנמנ ופנטיפופט נטזנז	\$	557,402	\$	557,402	\$	648,730	\$	91,328
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,579,670	\$	1,579,670	\$	1,383,172	\$	(196,498)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Russell, Virginia	\$	7,491,405	\$	7,491,405	\$	7,358,020	\$	(133,385)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	7,491,405	\$	7,491,405	\$	7,358,020	\$	(133,385)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget Actual				riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)							
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental: (Continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax	\$	4,127,666	\$ 4,127,666	\$	3,979,798	\$	(147,868)
Basic Aid		13,206,829	13,206,829		12,350,501	Ů	(856,328)
Remedial summer education		185,118	185,118		160,411		(24,707)
Regular foster care		1,836	1,836		(4)		(1,836)
Gifted and talented		142,525	142,525		134,267		(8,258)
Remedial education		495,738	495,738		467,017		(28,721)
Special education		1,697,903	1,697,903		1,599,533		(98,370)
Textbook payment		278,016	278,016		261,909		(16,107)
Career and Technical Education		77,404	77,404		33,281		(44, 123)
Alternative education		814,785	814,785		838,759		23,974
Algebra readiness		72,814	72,814		89,657		16,843
Mentor teacher program		2,943	2,943		1,590		(1,353)
Social security fringe benefits		855,148	855,148		805,604		(49,544)
Group life		52,672	52,672		49,621		(3,051)
Retirement fringe benefits		1,431,444	1,431,444		1,348,511		(82,933)
Supplemental support		323,984	323,984		305,155		(18,829)
Early reading intervention		82,720	82,720		96,901		14,181
Adult Education		6,338	6,338		31,563		25,225
Homebound education		16, 4 11	16,411		32,224		15,813
Vocation education		399,689	399,689		432,624		32,935
At risk payments		541,270	541,270		509,853		(31,417)
Primary class size		659,938	659,938		658,961		(977)
Technology		414,000	414,000		552,217		138,217
Jobs for Virginia Graduates		21,000	21,000		21,000		
Industry Certification Costs		2.9	-		4,502		4,502
At risk four-year olds		485,994	485,994		485,994		4
School Food		40,620	40,620		34,084		(6,536)
English as a second language		18,957	18,957		3,160		(15,797)
Security equipment		60,555	60,555		60,555		30
Project graduation		100	**		21,597		21,597
GED prep programs		17,217	17,217		80,737		63,520
Lottery payments		214,436	214,436		- 8		(214,436)
Tobacco Commission		30,000	30,000		77,705		47,705
Adult literacy		99,595	99,595		99,595		
Additional assistance preschool		0	0		214,436		214,436
Plugged in Virginia		0	0		10,000		10,000
Other state funds	_	12,932	12,932		13,894		962
Total categorical aid	\$	26,888,497	\$ 26,888,497	\$	25,867,216	\$	(1,021,281)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	26,888,497	\$ 26,888,497	\$	25,867,216	\$	(1,021,281)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
School Operating Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental: (Continued)					
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Basic Adult Education	\$ 325,848	\$ 325,848	\$ 342,762	\$	16,914
Title I	1,161,222	1,161,222	1,141,451		(19,771)
Special Education	932,668	932,668	780,818		(151,850)
Title VI-B, preschool	34,297	34,297	34,297		20
Vocational education	82,578	82,578	82,578		=
School Food Program	1,295,000	1,295,000	1,278,520		(16,480)
Improving teacher quality	252,379	252,379	194,022		(58,357)
21st century grant	322,384	322,384	350,561		28,177
Learn and serve America	25,000	25,000	9		(25,000)
Rural and low income schools	75,465	75,465	32,031		(43,434)
Other federal funds	193,814	193,814	-		(193,814)
Total categorical aid	\$ 4,700,655	\$ 4,700,655	\$ 4,237,040	\$	(463,615)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 4,700,655	\$ 4,700,655	\$ 4,237,040	\$	(463,615)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 40,660,227	\$ 40,660,227	\$ 38,845,448	\$	(1,814,779)

Ceneral government administration:	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Legislative: Sand of spervisors Sand of sperv									
Board of supervisors 5 184,956 2,09,70 2,01,524 2 7,02 General and financial administration: 3 297,817 3,327,817 3,323,25 7,491 Commissioner of the revenue 2,88,342 2,88,342 2,98,462 10,151 Real extate assessor 10,93,35 10,93,35 10,93,35 10,151 Treasurer 374,525 3,45,25 404,816 30,291 Data processing 56,000 8,000 9,066 10,302 Procurement 6,53,31 8,87 61,175 0,19,502 Total general and financial administration 2,826,88 8,26,88 8,24,81 1,10,702 1,01,503 Board of electrions: 1,000,000									
County administrator				_		_			
County administrator independent auditror \$ 297,817 \$ 320,312 \$ 320,315 \$ (7,19) Independent auditror 65,000 65,000 67,150 (7,150) Real estate assessor 1109,336 109,336 107,821 1,1515 Treasurer 374,525 337,452 310,821 1,5155 Data processing 56,000 56,000 39,668 16,332 Procurement 5,25,371 \$ 1,279,891 \$ 1,299,401 \$ (1,935) Procurement \$ 105,307 \$ 1,279,891 \$ 1,299,401 \$ (1,935) Board of elections \$ 282,668 \$ 82,668 \$ 43,212 \$ 39,565 Electroal Board \$ 160,399 \$ 160,399 \$ 160,439 \$ 1,561,469 \$ 3,605 Total general government administration \$ 1,80,407 \$ 180,007 \$ 150,448 \$ 3,6118 \$ 2,625,409 Judical administration \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 Control Court \$ 1,30,404 \$ 1,251,281 \$ 1,251,249 \$ 1,251,249 \$ 1,251,249 \$ 1,251,249 <td>Board of supervisors</td> <td>_\$_</td> <td>184,956</td> <td>\$</td> <td>209,170</td> <td>\$</td> <td>201,542</td> <td>\$</td> <td>7,628</td>	Board of supervisors	_\$_	184,956	\$	209,170	\$	201,542	\$	7,628
County administrator independent auditror \$ 297,817 \$ 320,312 \$ 320,315 \$ (7,19) Independent auditror 65,000 65,000 67,150 (7,150) Real estate assessor 1109,336 109,336 107,821 1,1515 Treasurer 374,525 337,452 310,821 1,5155 Data processing 56,000 56,000 39,668 16,332 Procurement 5,25,371 \$ 1,279,891 \$ 1,299,401 \$ (1,935) Procurement \$ 105,307 \$ 1,279,891 \$ 1,299,401 \$ (1,935) Board of elections \$ 282,668 \$ 82,668 \$ 43,212 \$ 39,565 Electroal Board \$ 160,399 \$ 160,399 \$ 160,439 \$ 1,561,469 \$ 3,605 Total general government administration \$ 1,80,407 \$ 180,007 \$ 150,448 \$ 3,6118 \$ 2,625,409 Judical administration \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 Control Court \$ 1,30,404 \$ 1,251,281 \$ 1,251,249 \$ 1,251,249 \$ 1,251,249 \$ 1,251,249 <td>General and financial administration:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	General and financial administration:								
Independent auditor 65,002 67,102 7,103 Commissioner of the revenue 288,342 288,342 288,445 (10,103) Real estate assessor 109,335 109,325 404,816 (30,291) Data processing 55,000 55,000 55,000 56,000 56,000 61,175 (2,30,201) Procurement 55,000 55,000 56,000 56,000 61,175 (2,30,201) Total general and financial administration 5,26,638 \$ 2,79,801 \$ 1,299,401 \$ 3,09,401 Board of elections: 2 8,668 \$ 43,212 \$ 3,9456 General Registrar 106,339 180,007 \$ 107,434 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 2,652 Judicial administration: 2 18,068 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 2,652 Judicial administration: 5 11,50,409 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 2,652 Judicial administration: 5 11,53,409 \$ 1,20,457 \$ 4,441 \$ 1,442 General Registrar 5 15,59,409 <td></td> <td><</td> <td>297 817</td> <td>ς</td> <td>327 817</td> <td>ς</td> <td>320 326</td> <td>ς</td> <td>7 401</td>		<	297 817	ς	327 817	ς	320 326	ς	7 401
Commissioner of the revenue 288,342 288,342 298,445 (10,03) Real estate assessor 109,335 109,355 107,625 40,816 10,30,291 Data processing 56,000 56,000 39,666 16,330 Procurement 65,571 58,677 51,299,401 \$ (1,30,40) Total general and financial administration 5 1,265,391 \$ 1,279,891 \$ 1,299,401 \$ (1,95,50) Board of elections: Electoral Board \$ 88,668 \$ 10,5389 100,389 107,431 (1,045) Total general government administration \$ 1,30,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 2,652,589 Judicial administration: \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 3,841 Circuit Court \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 General District Court \$ 13,909 \$ 3,909 \$ 4,741 \$ 2,922 Special Magistrates \$ 8,59 \$ 3,909 \$ 4,741 \$ 2,922 Clerk's Office 36,399 \$ 3,509 \$ 5,534,29 \$ 3,009	•	*	•	7	-	~	•	7	•
Real estate assessor 1109,335 107,325 107,627 1,515 Treasurer 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 374,525 474,525 374,525 374,525 474,525 374,525 374,525 474,525 374,525	•				•		•		• • •
Treasurer 374,525 374,525 374,525 30,801 30,291 Data processing 56,000 36,603 13,605 1,203 1,207,801 1,61,75 (2,304) Total general and financial administration 51,256,339 1,279,801 1,299,401 1,01,75 (2,304) Board of elections 82,668 82,668 83,268 43,212 83,646 1,01,74 (1,048) General Registrar 106,389 106,389 107,434 (1,048) </td <td>Real estate assessor</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Real estate assessor		,		-		,		
Data processing Procurement 56,001 39,68 16,327 Procurement 65,371 38,671 5,299,60 2,030 Total general and financial administration 12,256,537 1,276,637 5,299,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 3,096,60 3,096,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 2,099,60 3,096,60 2,099,60 3,096,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60 3,009,60	Treasurer						•		•
Procurement 65,371 58,871 61,175 (2,04) Total general and financial administration \$1,256,939 \$1,279,891 \$1,299,401 \$1,01,000 Board of electroins: 82,6668 \$2,2668 \$43,212 \$3,945,600 General Registrar 106,389 \$106,389 \$107,434 \$1,040,000 Total board of electroins \$189,057 \$189,057 \$150,648 \$3,841 Total general government administration \$189,057 \$189,057 \$150,648 \$3,841 Clickid administration \$115,598 \$125,198 \$120,457 \$4,741 Colspan="2">Clircult Court \$115,598 \$125,198 \$120,457 \$4,741 General District Court \$1,359 \$3,209 \$1,104	Data processing						•		
Board of elections: Electoral Board S	Procurement		65,371		58,871		61,175		
Electoral Board	Total general and financial administration	\$	1,256,391	\$	1,279,891	\$	1,299,401	\$	(19,510)
Electoral Board	Donal of alcohious								
General Registrar 106,389 105,389 107,434 (1,045) Total board of elections \$ 189,057 \$ 189,057 \$ 150,646 \$ 38,411 Total general government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,525 Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court 9,300 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 General District Court 9,300 9,300 \$ 8,471 8 29 Special Magistrates 8,850 8,850 8,118 732 Clerks Office 363,96 372,996 390,319 (1,320) Neheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,710 (9,09) Wictim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library \$ 1,547,448 \$ 1,515,048 \$ 1,534,277 \$ 3,616 Total courts \$ 2,093,488 \$ 2,024,088 \$ 2,039,720 \$ 3,616 Total judicial administration \$ 2,093,488 \$ 2,024,088 \$ 2,039,720 \$			00.440		00.770	_	12.040		70 (51
Total board of elections \$ 189,057 \$ 189,057 \$ 150,646 \$ 38,411 Total general government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529 Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 General District Court 9,300 9,300 8,471 829 Special Magistrates 8,850 8,850 8,118 72 Clerks Office 363,996 372,996 390,319 (17,323) Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,701 (9) Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library 5 1,547,448 1,515,048 5 1,534,297 5 (8,19) Total courts 5 2,093,488 2,024,08 5 2,034,297 5 (19,240) Commonwealth's Attorney 5 1,549,404 5 1,836,672 5 2,040,502 5 (15,532) Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff 5 1,549,404		>	,	>	•	>	*	\$	
Total general government administration \$ 1,630,404 \$ 1,678,118 \$ 1,651,589 \$ 26,529	-	-	<u>-</u>	Ċ		ć		ċ	
Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit Court \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 General District Court 9,300 9,300 8,871 829 Special Magistrates 8,850 8,850 372,996 390,319 (17,323) Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,710 (9) Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library 5,1547,448 1,515,048 5,1534,297 5,19,249 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney 5,269,448 5,09,040 5,05,423 5,36,67 Total judicial administration 5,1549,494 5,09,040 5,03,970 5,15,632 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff 5,1,549,404 5,1836,672 5,204,505 6,203,800 Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and	Total board of elections		107,037	-	109,037	٠	130,040	>	30,411
Courts: Circuit Court \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 General District Court 9,300 9,300 8,471 829 Special Magistrates 8,850 8,850 8,118 732 Clerks Office 363,996 372,996 390,319 (17,323) Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,710 (9) Wictim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library 5,1547,448 1,515,048 1,534,297 (6,819) Total courts 5,546,040 5,509,040 5,505,423 3,617 Commonwealth's Attorney: 5,466,040 5,509,040 5,505,423 3,617 Total judicial administration 5,2093,488 5,2024,088 5,2039,720 5,15,632 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: 5,1549,404 5,1,836,672 5,20,40,502 5,203,803 Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control	Total general government administration	\$	1,630,404	\$	1,678,118	\$	1,651,589	\$	26,529
Circuit Court \$ 115,598 \$ 125,198 \$ 120,457 \$ 4,741 General District Court 9,300 9,300 8,471 829 Special Magistrates 8,850 8,850 8,118 722 Clerks Office 36,399 372,996 390,319 (17,323) Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,710 (9) Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library 5,1547,448 5,151,544 5,1534,297 5,(19,249) Commonwealth's attorney: 5,2093,488 5,209,408 5,203,727 5,(15,648) Commonwealth's Attorney 5,2093,488 5,2024,088 5,203,727 5,(15,648) Total judicial administration 5,2093,488 5,2024,088 5,203,727 5,(15,648) Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: 5,1549,404 5,1836,672 5,204,502 5,203,803 Dare program 3,000 3,000 3,000 85,073 62,073,903 Fire and rescue services: 2,00	Judicial administration:								
General District Court 9,300 9,300 8,471 829 Special Magistrates 8,850 8,850 8,118 732 Clerk's Office 363,996 372,996 390,319 (17,323) Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,710 965,710 (9) Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library *** *** 6,819 (6,819) Total courts *** *** 6,819 (19,249) Commonwealth's attorney: *** *** *** 6,819 (19,249) Commonwealth's Attorney *** *** *** \$**	Courts:								
Special Magistrates 8,850 8,850 8,118 732 Clerk's Office 363,996 372,996 390,319 (17,323) Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,701 (9) Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library 5,1547,448 1,515,048 1,534,297 (19,249) Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney 546,049 509,040 505,423 3,617 Total judicial administration 2,093,488 2,024,088 2,039,720 (15,632) Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control 1,552,404 1,836,672 2,125,757 (203,800) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments 2,266,891 2,266,891 2,2125,757 (40) A	Circuit Court	\$	115,598	\$	125,198	\$	120,457	\$	4,741
Clerks Office 363,996 372,996 390,319 (17,323) Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,701 96 Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library \$1,547,448 \$1,515,048 \$1,534,297 \$ (6,819) Total courts \$2,093,488 \$1,509,040 \$505,423 \$3,617 Commonwealth's Attorney \$2,093,488 \$2,024,088 \$2,039,720 \$15,632 Total judicial administration \$2,093,488 \$2,024,088 \$2,039,720 \$15,632 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$1,549,404 \$1,836,672 \$2,040,502 \$(203,830) Dare program 3,000 \$3,000 \$85,073 \$(285,903) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,552,404 \$1,839,672 \$2,125,575 \$(285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$266,891 \$2,816,531 \$414,762 Ambulance Rescue Squad <td< td=""><td>General District Court</td><td></td><td>9,300</td><td></td><td>9,300</td><td></td><td>8,471</td><td></td><td>829</td></td<>	General District Court		9,300		9,300		8,471		829
Sheriff Courts 1,016,701 965,701 965,710 Q Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library \$1,547,448 \$1,515,048 \$1,534,297 \$(6,819) Total courts \$1,547,448 \$1,515,048 \$1,534,297 \$(19,249) Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$546,040 \$509,040 \$505,423 \$3,617 Total judicial administration \$2,093,488 \$2,024,088 \$2,039,720 \$15,632 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$1,549,404 \$1,836,672 \$2,040,502 \$203,830 Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,552,404 \$1,839,672 \$2,040,502 \$2,038,800 Price and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$266,891 \$2,057,95 \$187,075 (40,702) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,015 (40)	Special Magistrates		8,850		8,850		8,118		732
Victim and Witness Assistance 33,003 33,003 34,403 (1,400) Law Library \$1,547,448 \$1,515,048 \$1,534,297 \$ (6,819) Total courts \$1,547,448 \$1,515,048 \$1,534,297 \$ (19,249) Commonwealth's Attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$546,040 \$509,040 \$555,423 \$3,617 Total judicial administration \$2,093,488 \$2,024,088 \$2,039,720 \$156,632 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$1,549,404 \$1,836,672 \$2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,552,404 \$1,839,672 \$2,125,575 \$(285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$266,891 \$266,891 \$2,81,653 \$(14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$453,966 \$453,966 \$468,768 \$(14,802) </td <td>Clerk's Office</td> <td></td> <td>363,996</td> <td></td> <td>372,996</td> <td></td> <td>390,319</td> <td></td> <td>(17,323)</td>	Clerk's Office		363,996		372,996		390,319		(17,323)
Law Library 6,819 (6,819) Total courts \$ 1,547,448 \$ 1,515,048 \$ 1,534,297 \$ (19,249) Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 546,040 \$ 509,040 \$ 505,423 \$ 3,617 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,559,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,559,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768					965,701		965,710		(9)
Total courts \$ 1,547,448 \$ 1,515,048 \$ 1,534,297 \$ (19,249)			33,003		33,003		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 546,040 \$ 509,040 \$ 505,423 \$ 3,617 Total judicial administration \$ 2,093,488 \$ 2,024,088 \$ 2,039,720 \$ (15,632) Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 3,000 \$ 85,073 \$ (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: <					97				
Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 546,040 \$ 509,040 \$ 505,423 \$ 3,617 Total judicial administration \$ 2,093,488 \$ 2,024,088 \$ 2,039,720 \$ (15,632) Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	Total courts	<u>\$</u>	1,547,448	\$	1,515,048	\$	1,534,297	\$	(19,249)
Commonwealth's Attorney \$ 546,040 \$ 509,040 \$ 505,423 \$ 3,617 Total judicial administration \$ 2,093,488 \$ 2,024,088 \$ 2,039,720 \$ (15,632) Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	Commonwealth's attorney								
Total judicial administration \$ 2,093,488 \$ 2,024,088 \$ 2,039,720 \$ (15,632)	•	c	546 040	¢	500 040	ė	505 422	Ċ	3 617
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	Commonwealth's Accorney	_	370,070	7	307,010	-7	303,723	-	3,017
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	Total judicial administration	\$	2,093,488	\$	2,024,088	\$	2,039,720	\$	(15,632)
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)									
Sheriff \$ 1,549,404 \$ 1,836,672 \$ 2,040,502 \$ (203,830) Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	•								
Dare program 3,000 3,000 85,073 (82,073) Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)									
Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,552,404 \$ 1,839,672 \$ 2,125,575 \$ (285,903) Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad \$ 187,075 \$ 187,075 \$ 187,115 \$ (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office \$ 193,693 \$ 193,693 \$ 199,415 \$ (5,722)		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Fire and rescue services: Volunteer Fire Departments Ambulance Rescue Squad Total fire and rescue services Correction and detention: Operation of Jail Probation Office Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) 4453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)		_		_					
Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,552,404	\$	1,839,672	\$	2,125,575	\$	(285,903)
Volunteer Fire Departments \$ 266,891 \$ 266,891 \$ 281,653 \$ (14,762) Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	Fire and rescue services:								
Ambulance Rescue Squad 187,075 187,075 187,115 (40) Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)		Ś	266.891	Ś	266.891	Ś	281,653	Ś	(14.762)
Total fire and rescue services \$ 453,966 \$ 453,966 \$ 468,768 \$ (14,802) Correction and detention: Operation of Jail Probation Office \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 \$ 193,693 \$ 199,415 \$ (5,722)		•		7	•	•		т	-
Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)	·	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Operation of Jail \$ 2,013,904 \$ 2,339,904 \$ 2,198,223 \$ 141,681 Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)									
Probation Office 193,693 193,693 199,415 (5,722)									
	•	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Total correction and detention \$ 2,207,597 \$ 2,533,597 \$ 2,397,638 \$ 135,959							<u>;</u>		
	Total correction and detention	\$	2,207,597	\$	2,533,597	\$	2,397,638	\$	135,959

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Inspections:								
Building inspector	\$	107,483	\$	101,583	\$	100,904	\$	679
		-						
Other protection:								
Forestry Service	\$	12,098	\$	12,098	\$	11,804	\$	294
Enhanced 911		469,423		589,842		597,17 1		(7,329)
Medical Examiner		400		400		480		(80)
Emergency Services		83,314		120,083		73,372		46,711
Animal Control		200,104		205,904		180,042		25,862
Total other protection	\$	765,339	\$	928,327	\$	862,869	\$	65,458
Total public safety	\$	5,086,789	\$	5,857,145	\$	5,955,754	\$	(98,609)
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill	\$	2,417,610	\$	1,982,221	\$	2,079,015	\$	(96,794)
Refuse collection	_	220,000	_	166,937		160,542	_	6,395
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	2,637,610	\$	2,149,158	\$	2,246,656	\$	(97,498)
Athintonance of general buildings and grounds:								
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	,	770.027		005 440	,	074.400		24 424
General properties	\$	778,836	\$	995,619	\$	974,193	\$	21,426
Total public works	\$	3,416,446	\$	3,144,777	\$	3,220,849	\$	(76,072)
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Health Department	\$	353,211	S	353,211	\$	353,211	\$	
	-	333,211	~	333,211	4	JJJ, E 1 1	7	
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board	\$	52,000	\$	52,000	\$	50,000	S	2,000
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		,		
Welfare/Social Services:								
Social services	\$	4,919,787	\$	4,919,787	\$	4,234,532	\$	685,255
Comprehensive Services Act		1,727,339		1,727,339		893,738		833,601
Appalachian Agency for Senior Citizens		87,263		87,263		91,998		(4,735)
Lebanon Speech and Hearing		9,870		9,870		9,870		2.40
Other health and welfare		525,258		525,258		1,600		523,658
Total welfare	\$	7,269,517	\$	7,269,517	\$	5,231,738	\$	2,037,779
Total health and welfare	\$	7,674,728	\$	7,674,728	\$	5,634,949	\$	2,039,779
Education:								
Contributions to County School Board	\$	7,491,405	\$	7,491,405	\$	7,692,184	\$	(200,779)
SVCC Contribution		84,733		84,733		84,733		1900
Total education	\$	7,576,138	\$	7,576,138	\$	7,776,917	\$	(200,779)
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Recreation Park	\$	157,059	\$	187,059	\$	176,323	\$	10,736

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Parks, recreation, and cultural: (Continued)								
Library:								
Public Library	\$	309,148	\$	319,148	\$	331,371	\$	(12,223)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	466,207	\$	506,207	\$	507,694	\$	(1,487)
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning Commission	\$	12,900	Ś	12,900	Ś	5,200	Ś	7,700
Community Development	•	38,000	•	38,000	•	49,946	7	(11,946)
Industrial Development		938,210		1,046,210		1,053,696		(7,486)
PSA Contributions		381,011		449,011		320,913		128,098
Cumberland Plateau		35,000		35,000		40,427		(5,427)
Highway Safety Commission		*		50		(160)		160
Canneries		:::		-		118,824		(118,824)
Total planning and community development	\$	1,405,121	\$	1,581,121	\$	1,588,846	\$	(7,725)
						· · · · ·		, , ,
Environmental management:								
Soil and Water Conservation	\$	34,236	\$	34,236	\$	34,236	\$	-
Cooperative extension program:								
VPI Extension	\$	64,468	\$	64,468	\$	78,159	\$	(13,691)
Total community development	\$	1,503,825	\$	1,679,825	\$	1,701,241	\$	(21,416)
Nondepartmental:								
Nondepartmental	\$	234,000	\$	214,400	\$	112,027	\$	102,373
Capital projects:								
Other capital projects	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Politica de la companya della companya della companya de la companya de la companya della compan								
Debt service:	_							
Principal payments	\$	1,579,643	\$	1,579,643	\$	1,316,096	\$	263,547
Interest Expense	_	352,481		352,481		493,927	_	(141,446)
Total debt service	_\$_	1,932,124	\$	1,932,124	\$	1,810,023	\$	122,101
Total General Fund	\$	31,614,149	\$	32,287,550	\$	30,410,763	\$	1,876,787
Special Revenue Funds:								
Coal Road Fund:								
Public Works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	S	750,000	Ċ	750,000	ċ	894,783	c	(1/// 792)
Virginia coalfield	Ą	150,000	Þ	150,000	7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Þ	(144,783)
Total Public Works	\$		\$		ė	385,262	è	(235,262)
LOCAL LADING MAIN?	->	900,000	÷	900,000	\$	1,280,045	\$	(380,045)
Total Coal Road Fund	\$	900,000	\$	900,000	Ś	1 720 0/5	ċ	(380 045)
TOTAL COAL NOAD I WIND	~	200,000		700,000	÷	1,280,045	\$	(380,045)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)						
Workforce Investment Board Fund:						
Health and Welfare						
Welfare						
Workforce Investment	<u>\$</u>	2,746,846	\$ 2,746,846	\$ 1,777,312	\$	969,534
Total Primary Government	\$	35,260,995	\$ 35,934,396	\$ 33,468,120	\$	2,466,276
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:						
School Operating Fund:						
Education:						
Administration of schools:						
Administration and health services	_\$	1,697,266	\$ 1,697,266	\$ 1,853,061	\$	(155,795)
Instruction costs:						
Instructional costs	\$	28,728,713	\$ 28,728,713	\$ 26,971,511	\$	1,757,202
Technology		742,775	742,775	655,347		87,428
Total instruction costs	\$	29,471,488	\$ 29,471,488	\$ 27,626,858	\$	1,844,630
Operating costs:						
Pupil transportation	\$	3,058,955	\$ 3,058,955	\$ 2,599,193	\$	459,762
Operation and maintenance of school plant		4,517,281	4,517,281	4,589,832	·	(72,551)
Food service and non-instructional		1,915,237	1,915,237	1,857,160		58,077
Total operating costs	\$	9,491,473	\$ 9,491,473	\$ 9,046,185	\$	445,288
Total education	\$	40,660,227	\$ 40,660,227	\$ 38,526,104	\$	2,134,123
Total School Operating Fund	\$	40,660,227	\$ 40,660,227	\$ 38,526,104	\$	2,134,123
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	40,660,227	\$ 40,660,227	\$ 38,526,104	\$	2,134,123



County of Russell, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Total	\$ 33,337,001	33,697,478	32,107,061	29,014,899	32,006,426	29,997,152	23,474,060
Service Authority	\$ 403,848	441,349	423,945	434,552	407,145	388,949	422,425
Interest on Long- Term Debt	457,095	498,401 522,300	756,064	728,202	758,753	827,965	852,493
Community	1,687,428 \$	2,1/3,/19 3,493,655	3,191,256	1,491,257	4,826,721	5,549,375	3,246,100
Parks, Recreation, (and Cultural D	546,171 \$	539,126	563,123	560,735	541,087	433,946	477,515
Education	\$ 8,943,324 \$	7,484,972 4,589,631	5,681,243	5,897,486	5,471,573	4,508,131	3,884,301
Health and Welfare (2)	\$ 7,169,883	8,397,896	8,592,042	6,070,091	5,982,456	5,395,294	4,880,408
Public Works	\$ 4,381,728	4,592,807	4,003,987	5,549,934	6,055,397	5,386,506	2,867,007
Public Safety	\$ 6,005,354	5,296,188	5,091,612	4,234,145	4,013,947	4,025,383	3,667,580
Judicial	2,039,186	2,119,900	2,112,758	2,219,866	2,243,005	2,070,008	1,710,751
General Government Administration A	1,702,984 \$	1,269,473	1,691,031	1,828,631	1,706,342	1,411,595	1,465,480
Fiscal (Year Ao	2013-14 \$	2012-13 2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

Information has only been available for 8 years.
 2010-2011 is the first year the Workforce Investment Board is included.

Government-Wide Revenues County of Russell, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

					Total	2,562,116 \$ 33,388,926	32,674,572	33,612,501	33,903,025	29,740,298	30,798,596	30,838,627	31,216,330
	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs (2)	\$ 2,562,116 \$	2,580,839	2,445,435	2,638,202	2,465,451	1,771,674	1,711,485	1,881,802
UES					Miscellaneous	\$ 86,115	60,479	138,135	177,669	173,322	346,880	55,649	252,756
GENERAL REVENUES			Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	\$ 359,952	45,865	77,226	89,819	106,848	153,807	529,827	808,979
פ			Other	Local	Taxes (2)	\$ 4,873,857	5,079,612	6,881,302	6,340,919	6,123,807	7,779,265	7,976,046	5,467,574
			General	Property	Taxes	\$ 15,749,617	14,686,993	13,142,777	13,683,476	13,004,381	12,889,357	12,279,583	13,239,976
UES		Capital	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 320,311	•	761,738	til	1	0.00	200	802,191
PROGRAM REVENUES		Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 8,991,231	9,822,073	9,677,480	10,635,876	7,473,127	7,376,521	7,780,609	8,235,960
-			Charges	for	Services	2013-14 \$ 445,727	398,711	488,408	337,064	393,362	481,092	505,428	527,092
				Fiscal	Year	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07

⁽¹⁾ Information has only been available for 8 years. (2) 2009-10 is the first year State Communications tax is classified as grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs.

County of Russell, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	64,636,204	68,943,068	71,017,651	67,593,280	66,185,342	70,616,832	66,777,351	65,517,828	66,468,920	56.151.677
			S	_				_				_
	Debt	Service	1,810,023	2,869,820	2,526,021	2,537,376	2,504,631	2,547,424	2,669,081	2,429,487	2,546,073	2.704.665
			S									
	Non-	departmental	112,027	423,737	305,904	103,820	9,095	56,093	45,503	17.	17)	
		- 1	Ξ.	0	99	82	73	9	Б	22	4	2
	Community	Development (4)	1,701,2	2,283,9	2,442,3	2,311,048	1,557,4	3,925,73	5,549,37	5,669,36	7,653,81	5.186.18
		- [4	9	_	m	7	4	9	9	∞	4
Parks,	Recreation,	and Cultural	507,69	488,70	484,89	556,723	497,41	547,10	433,94	493,36	438,19	339.74
			2	9	_	4	7	2	0	00	5	6
		Education (2)	38,945,001	40,161,41	40,540,12	40,273,694	41,066,36	42,452,18	39,724,13	41,346,51	39,574,34	33.030.29
			S	_			_			_		
	Health and	Welfare (3)	7,412,261	8,334,736	8,518,725	8,662,052	6,906,934	6,672,387	5,398,035	5,126,034	5,003,511	4.948.770
	_		\$									
	Public	Works	4,500,894	4,744,331	6,515,152	4,102,279	5,491,432	6,093,232	5,083,514	3,205,718	3,605,915	3,434,569
			\$									
	Public	Safety	5,955,754	5,742,101	5,509,998	5,226,797	4,100,376	4,383,789	4,057,495	3,863,960	4,022,185	3.977.841
			S									
	Judicial	Administration	2,039,720	2,096,382	2,114,097	2,106,641	2,213,724	2,236,691	2,070,455	1,805,418	1,814,649	1 059 566
		Adi	S									
General	Government	Administration	1,651,589	1,797,929	2,060,380	1,712,850	1,837,926	1,702,193	1,745,817	1,547,966	1,810,230	1.471.043
	Ő	Adi	s									
	Fiscal	Year	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and the operating fund of its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
(3) 2010-2011 is the first year the Workforce Investment Board is included.
(4) In 2010-2011 the County paid \$1,508,677 towards the IDA debt.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) County of Russell, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	65,519,925	67,176,632	68,628,941	70,122,353	65,967,723	69,593,542	66,166,966	69,220,895	64,054,176	57,737,890
Inter-	governmental (2), (3)	41,977,914	44,418,919	46,119,628	47,717,709	43,856,378	45,438,632	43,519,497	48,149,588	42,906,554	38,060,020
Recovered	Costs go	1,121,491 \$	1,588,307	1,139,070	898,399	1,732,861	1,884,165	796,913	276,806	187,855	266,232
_		ς. «>	m	7	~	7	_	7	0	4	80
	Miscellaneous	307,39	352,99	394,65	416,88	293,46	643,86	510,97.	289,98	310,534	192,95
Charges	Services	803,470	951,229	1,162,800	1,101,993	998,548	1,148,414	1,023,848	1,122,223	878,017	755,446
Revenue from the Use of Money and	Property	352,852 \$	39,878	65,238	73,514	74,279	117,983	501,144	794,365	660,142	231,701
Fines and	Forfeitures	31,151 \$	14,955	24,567	1,206	1,049	1,168	321	7,547	8,181	9,430
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory	Licenses	40,292	34,152	28,272	22,834	45,877	39,662	44,933	144,452	52,707	35,700
Other P		4,873,857 \$	5,079,612	6,881,302	6,340,919	6,123,807	7,779,265	7,976,046	6,869,060	6,713,063	5,981,937
General Property	Taxes	16,011,500 \$	14,696,587	12,813,407	13,548,896	12,841,457	12,540,392	11,826,325	11,566,874	12,337,123	12,204,466
Fiscal	Year	2013-14 \$	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes Capital Projects.
(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
(3) 2009-10 is the first year State Communications tax is classified as noncategorical state aid.

County of Russell, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	22.22%	29.31%	31.97%	26.20%	25.58%	24.88%	23.46%	13.45%	16.32%	17.48%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	3,914,585	4,786,523	4,693,121	3,847,456	3,624,318	3,506,132	3,234,367	1,628,182	1,854,243	1,849,194
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	96.03% \$	96.56%	94.74%	99.84%	98.28%	97.29%	94.53%	76.83%	104.89%	97.17%
Total Tax Collections	5 16,917,604	15,766,409	13,909,181	14,659,879	13,925,386	13,709,369	13,030,856	9,299,342	11,915,763	10,277,981
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	\$ 895,532	953,671	723,190	1,330,697	886,480	496,787	411,887	863,735	797,364	537,362
Percent of Levy Collected	80.95%	90.72%	89.82%	90.78%	92.02%	93.76%	91.54%	%69.69	97.87%	92.09%
Current Tax Collections (1)	ίΛ.	14,812,738	13,185,991	13,329,182	13,038,906	13,212,582	12,618,969	8,435,607	11,118,399	9,740,619
Total Tax Levy (1)	2013-14 \$ 17,616,878	16,328,495	14,681,089	14,682,949	14,169,807	14,091,178	13,784,900	12,104,262	11,360,623	10,576,870
Fiscal	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

County of Russell, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	92,212,643 \$ 6,061,014 \$ 21,820,581 \$ 315,700,293 \$ 2,153,705,151	1,961,414,147	1,825,050,762	1,871,110,784	1,784,792,791	1,749,540,744	1,743,018,699	1,411,318,360	1,499,708,656	1,480,134,370
			Ş									
	Public	Service (2)	315,700,293	230,027,520	269,503,982	326,871,285	253,750,196	234,196,018	231,981,492	199,922,460	206,306,945	222,627,640
			<>									
	Mobile	Homes	21,820,581	23,486,868	23,401,571	23,320,148	22,864,821	23,139,220	23,608,064	23,802,666	26,020,997	24,774,536
			\$									
	Merchant's	Capital	6,061,014	5,631,601	5,340,902	5,136,529	5,402,115	5,501,882	5,742,600	4,954,226	5,113,134	4,160,621
	2		S									
Machinery	and	Tools	92,212,643	86,317,454	60,747,073	82,948,411	96,552,183	93,960,621	107,205,468	99,124,678	92,859,770	102,287,891
_			s									
	Personal	Property	\$ 297,609,286	292,809,049	251,383,699	235,114,151	224,871,200	239,254,757	243,837,948	152,418,744	241,849,424	220,786,936
			\$									
	Real	Estate (1)	2013-14 \$ 1,420,301,334	1,323,141,655	1,214,673,535	1,197,720,260	1,181,352,276	1,153,488,246	1,130,643,127	931,095,586	927,558,386	905,496,746
			S									
	Fiscal	Year	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

County of Russell, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (2)	Personal Property	Machinery & Tools	Merchant's Capital	Mobile Homes
2013-14 2012-13	\$ 0.56/0.63 0.70/0.56	\$ 1.65 1.65	\$ 2.00 1.65	\$ 0.65 0.65	\$ 0.56 0.70
2011-12	0.61/0.70	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.61
2010-11 2009-10	0.61 0.61	1.65 1.65	1.65 1.65	0.65 0.65	0.61 0.61
2008-09	0.61	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.61
2007-08	0.56/0.61	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.56
2006-07	0.65/0.56	1.65	1.65	NA	0.64
2005-06	0.65	1.65	1.65	NA	0.64
2004-05	0.60	1.45	2.45	NA	NA

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

^{(2) 2}nd half due December/1st half due June of fiscal year.

County of Russell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in ousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2013-14	28,897	\$ 2,153,705	\$ 9,955,282	\$ 9,955,282	0.46% \$	345
2012-13	28,897	1,961,414	10,865,788	10,865,788	0.55%	376
2011-12	28,897	1,825,051	12,666,629	12,666,629	0.69%	438
2010-11	28,897	1,871,111	14,066,729	14,066,729	0.75%	487
2009-10	28,790	1,784,793	15,315,245	15,315,245	0.86%	532
2008-09	28,790	1,749,541	14,878,819	14,878,819	0.85%	517
2007-08	28,790	1,743,019	14,584,265	14,584,265	0.84%	507
2006-07	28,790	1,411,318	14,836,861	14,836,861	1.05%	515
2005-06	28,790	1,499,709	12,594,094	12,594,094	0.84%	437
2004-05	28,830	1,480,134	13,633,304	13,633,304	0.92%	473

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of the fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Table 9
County of Russell, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2013-14	\$ 1,810,023	\$ 64,636,204	2.80%
2012-13	2,869,820	68,943,068	4.16%
2011-12	2,526,021	71,017,651	3.56%
2010-11	2,537,376	67,593,280	3.75%
2009-10	2,504,631	66,185,342	3.78%
2008-09	2,547,424	70,616,832	3.61%
2007-08	2,669,081	66,777,351	4.00%
2006-07	2,429,487	65,517,828	3.71%
2005-06	2,546,073	66,468,920	3.83%
2004-05	1,775,036	56,151,677	3.16%

⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Russell, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2015. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Russell County Public Service Authority and The Industrial Development Authority of Russell County, as described in our report on County of Russell, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness [2014-001].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Russell, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2014-002.

County of Russell, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, Farner, Le Associates

County of Russell, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Russell, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia January 8, 2015

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Russell, Virginia, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments*, and *Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Russell, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Russell, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Russell, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia January 8, 2015

Kohimson, Farner, ly associates

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity IdentifyIng Number	-		Federal penditures
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services:					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	950,113		\$	20,892
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400113, 0400114			368,518
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500113, 0500114			1,924
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600413, 0600414			38,834
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760113, 0760114			52,255
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900113, 0900114			2,566
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100113, 1100114			251,553
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120113, 1120114			391,421
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000113, 1000114			336,363
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150113, 9150114			12,150
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540113, 0540114			9,545
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200113, 1200114			281,936
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$	1,767,957
Department of Agriculture:					
Direct Payments:	40.744	N			D 4 DE 0
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	Not applicable		\$	24,250
Pass Through Payments:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Department of Agriculture:					
Food Distribution-Schools (Note 3)	10.555	Not available	\$ 102,336		
Department of Education:					
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	877,635	-	979,971
Department of Education:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591			298,549
Department of Social Services:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	10.561	0010113, 0010114			318,556
Nutrition Assistance Program		0040113, 0040114			
Total Department of Agriculture				\$	1,621,326
Department of Justice:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	56500, 66500		\$	20,860
Department of Transportation:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Motor Vehicles:					
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-13-53020,		\$	13,708
		154AL-14-54261			

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County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	42801	ş	342,762
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	•	1,141,451
Special Education Cluster:	•			.,,
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071		780,818
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84,173	62521		34,297
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095		82,578
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	60565		350,561
Rural Education	84,358	43481		32,031
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	61480		194,022
Total Department of Education			\$	2,958,520
Department of Labor:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Community College System:				
Workforce Investment Act Cluster:				
WIA Adult Program	17,258	LWA 1-12-04, 1-13-03	\$	769,545
WIA Youth Activities	17.259	LWA 1-12-04, 1-13-03		751,198
WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	LWA 1-12-04, 1-13-03		256,569
Total Department of Labor			\$	1,777,312
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Management:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	52742	\$	6,769
Department of Treasury:				
Direct Payments:				
Equitable Sharing Program	21.000	Not applicable	\$	296,061
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	8,462,513

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County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Fedaral Awards:

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Russell, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Russell, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Russell, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2014, Russell County, Virginia had food commodities totaling \$0 in inventory.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, Russell County, Virginia provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

 CFDA Number
 Program Name
 Amount

 17.258, 17.259, 17.278
 Workforce Investment Act Cluster
 1,777,312

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

General Fund Workforce Investment Board Fund	\$ 2,448,161 1,777,312
Total primary government:	\$ 4,225,473
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund	\$ 4,237,040
Total expenditures of federal awards per the basic financial statements	\$ 8,462,513

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes

Federal Awards

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.010	Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster	
10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	
17.258/17.259/17.278	Workforce Investment Act Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to and Type B programs:	distinguish between Type A	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-	risk auditee?	No

Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2014-001	
Criteria:	Per Statement on Auditing Standards 115 (SAS 115), identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness exists.
Condition:	The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.
Cause of Condition:	The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and correct errors in closing their year end financial statements.
Effect of Condition:	There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2014 and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.
Management's Response:	The County will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2014 and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.
2014-002	
Criteria:	The <u>Code of Virginia</u> , (1950), as amended requires that an appropriation exists prior to the expenditure of funds.
Condition:	The Coal Road Fund overspent the budget. Numerous departments within the General fund also overspent the budget.
Cause of Condition:	The County does not consistently monitor appropriations. The County Administrator
	The County does not consistently monitor appropriations. The County Administrator or each department head should be in charge of monitoring spending versus appropriations.
Effect of Condition:	or each department head should be in charge of monitoring spending versus
Effect of Condition: Recommendation:	or each department head should be in charge of monitoring spending versus appropriations. The County has not met the requirements of the <u>Code</u> of <u>Virginia</u> , (1950), as

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Financial Statement Findings 2013-1 and 2013-3 were recurring during fiscal year 2014. Financial Statement Finding 2013-2 was corrected during the current year.