COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2013

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DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

J. Dave Allen, Chairman Doris G. Lackey, Vice-Chair

Jerry J. Butler Peter J. Elliott Jonathon Weakley

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Norris John, Chairman Janet S. Lohr, Vice-Chair

Margaret Gilley Joseph Goodall Jerry J. Butler

MADISON COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Jeffrey C. Early, Chairman James L. Nelson, Vice-Chairman

Martin Boone Tanya Taylor Doreen G. Jenkins

OTHER OFFICIALS

Daniel R. Bouton	Judge of the Circuit Court
Linda Parrish	Clerk of the Circuit Court
Dale Durrer	Judge of the General District Court
Edward DeJ. Berry	Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court
(Vacant)	Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court
George S. Webb, III	Commonwealth's Attorney
Gale Harris	Commissioner of the Revenue
Stephanie Murray	Treasurer
Erik Weaver	Sheriff
Matthew Eberhardt	Superintendent of Schools
Elizabeth Patterson	Clerk of the School Board
Valerie Ward	Director of Social Services
Ernest C. Hoch	County Administrator

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Madison, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Madison, Virginia, as of and for the year ended Financial June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

*Opinion*s

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Madison, Virginia, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2013, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedule of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Madison, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

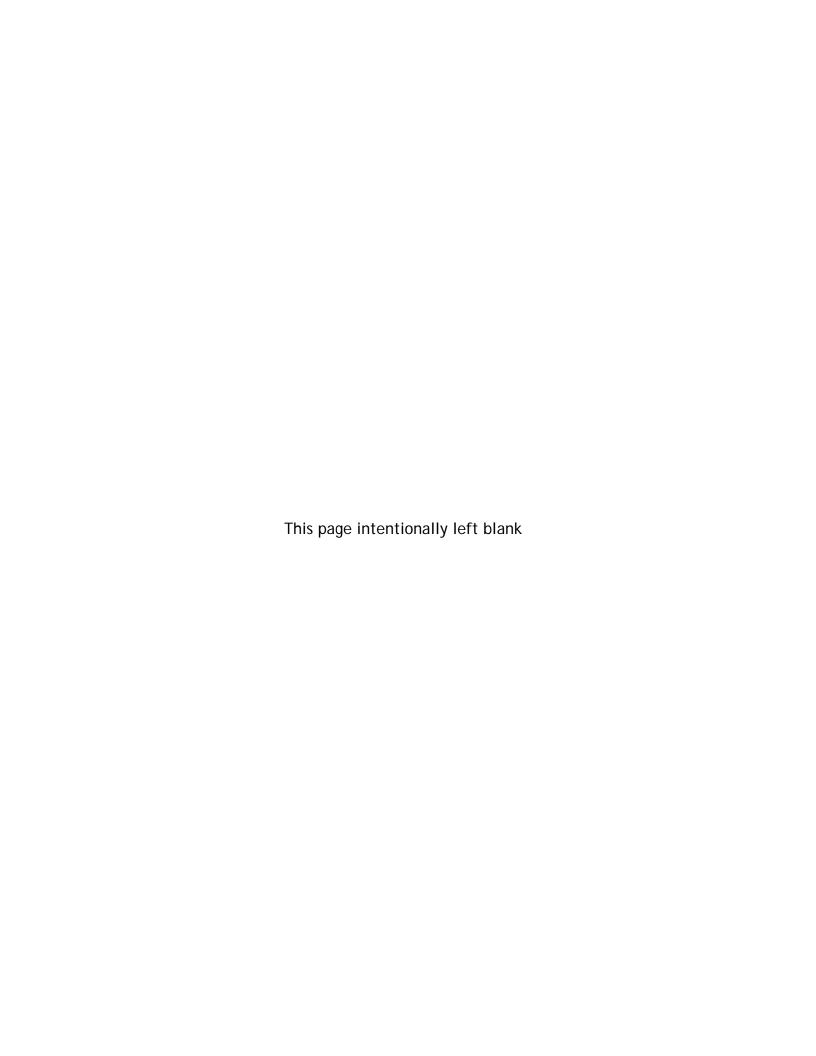
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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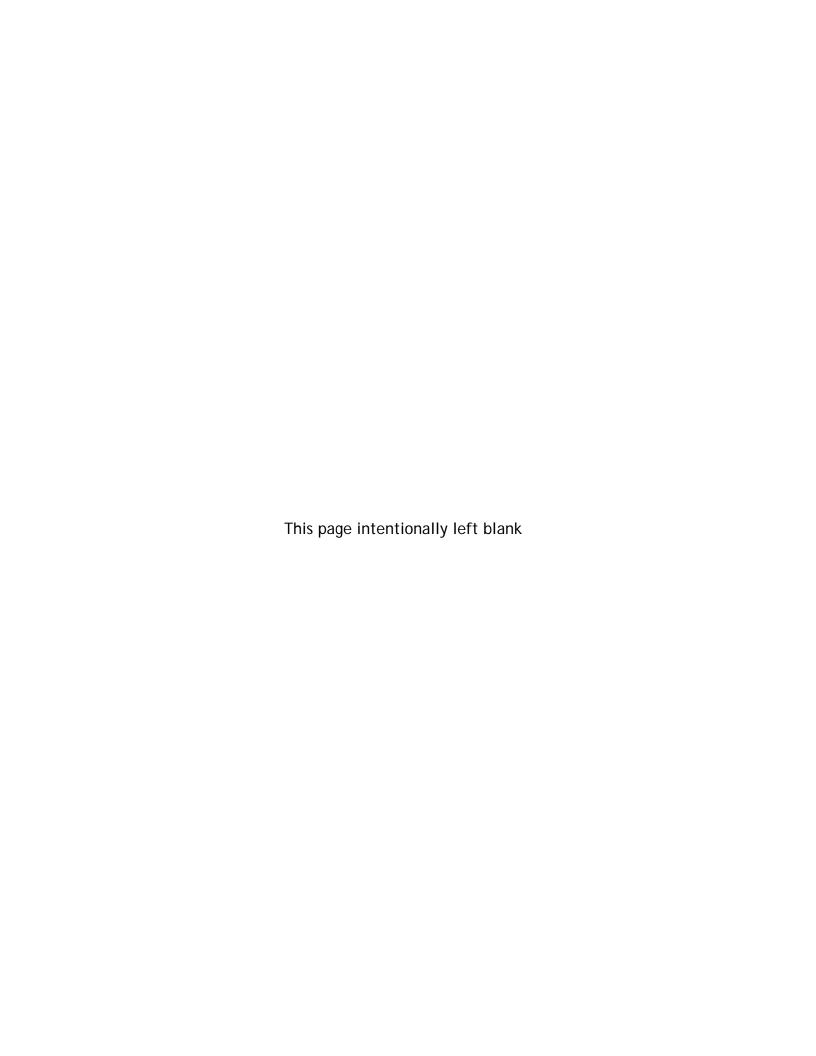
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 18, 2014, on our consideration of the County of Madison, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Madison, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charlottesville, Virginia

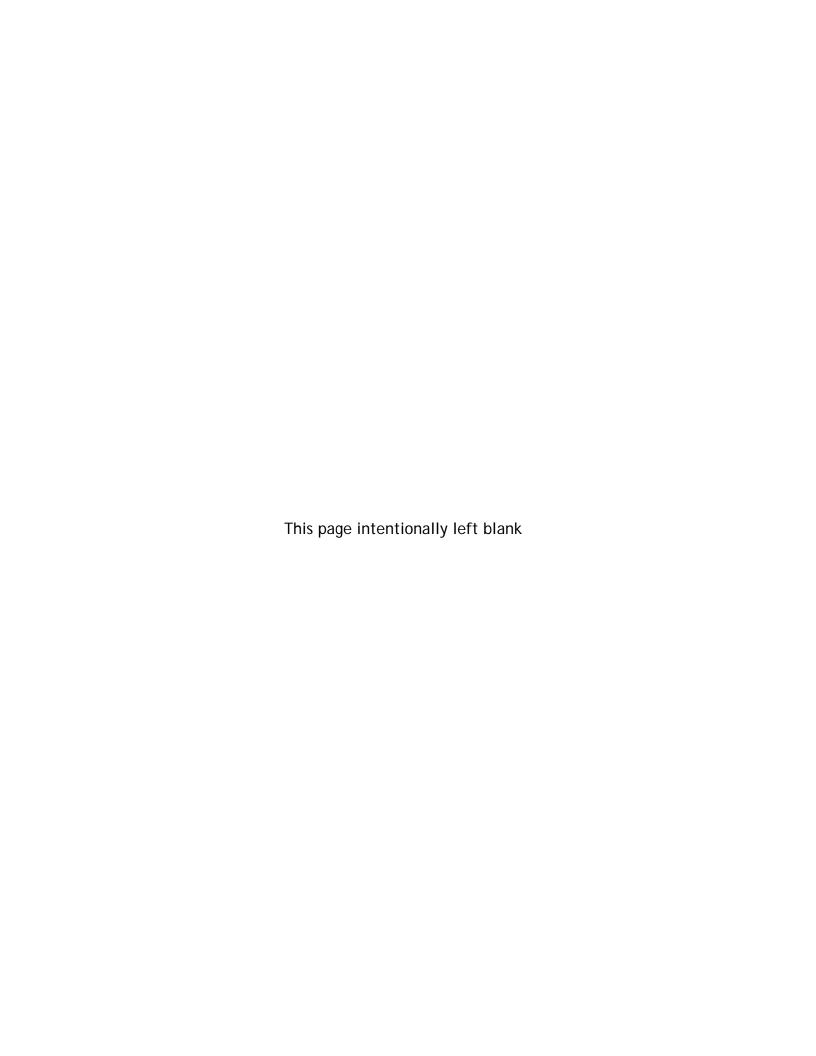
February 18, 2014





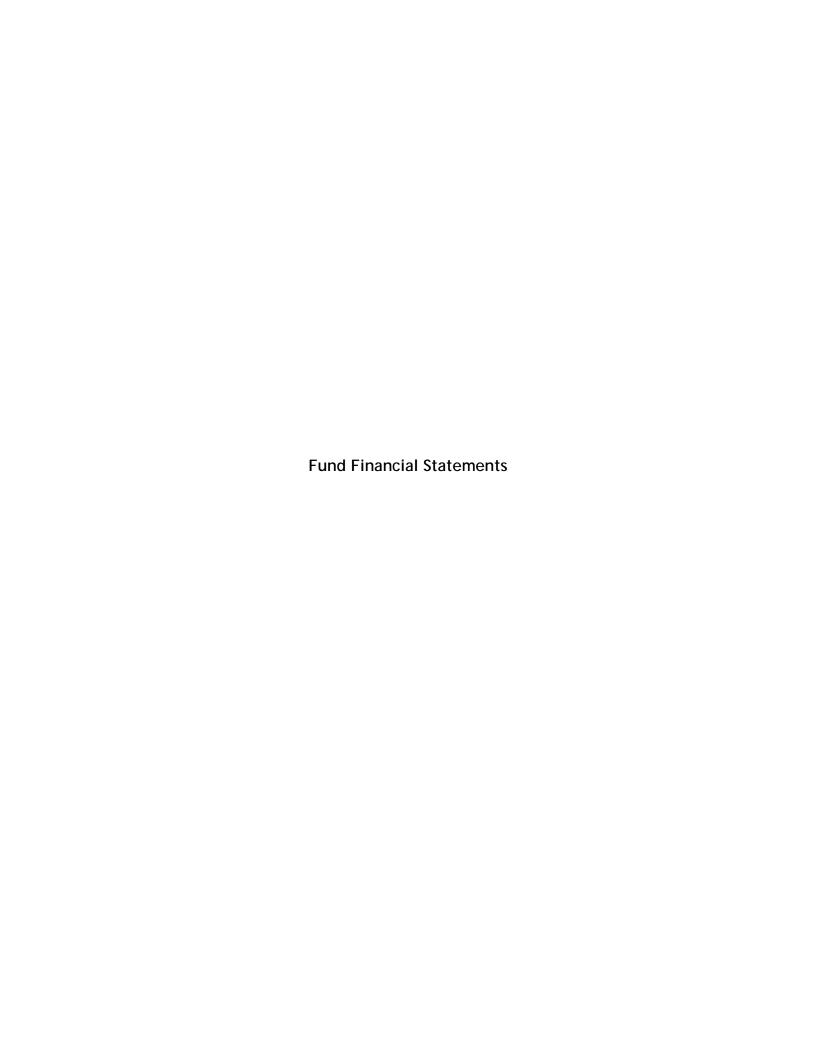


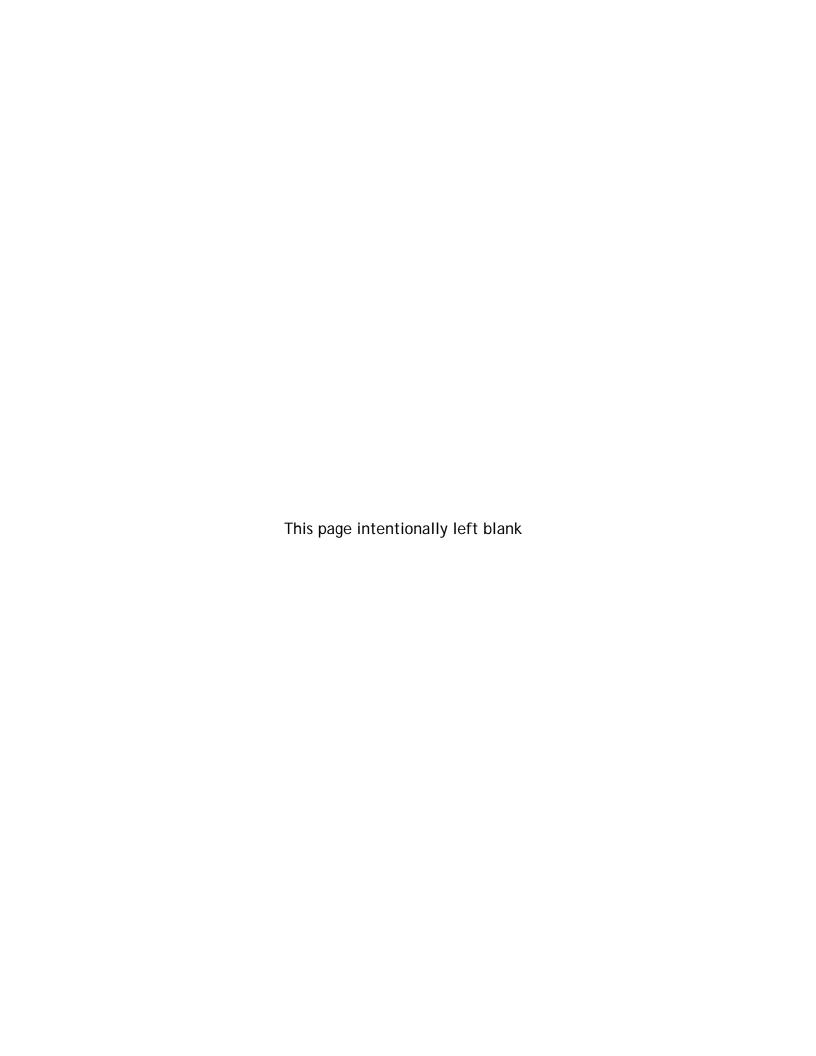




	_	Primary Government		Component Unit
	_	Governmental Activities		School Board
ASSETS				
Current Assets:		10.05/.110	_	0.404.007
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,256,413	\$	2,181,297
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		4 211 002		
Property taxes Accounts receivable		6,211,993 223,521		- 41,759
Inventory		223,321		21,290
Due from other governments		779,343		558,545
Due from Primary Government		516,250		403,410
-	_		_	
Total Current Assets	\$_	25,987,520	\$_	3,206,301
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets:				
Land and construction in progress	\$	2,425,775	\$	321,620
Buildings and equipment, net of depreciation		15,479,071		5,456,319
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	17,904,846	\$	5,777,939
Total Assets	\$_	43,892,366	\$_	8,984,240
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	460,271	¢	534,252
Amounts held for others	Ф	49,249	Ф	554,252
Unearned revenue - performance bonds		118,550		_
Accrued liabilities		-		1,803,813
Due to Component Unit		403,410		516,250
Accrued interest payable		145,448		-
Current portion of long-term obligations		1,003,339		88,449
Total Current Liabilities	\$	2,180,267	\$	2,942,764
Management 12-1-1222				
Noncurrent Liabilities: Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	_	13,647,110	_	557,206
Total Liabilities	\$_	15,827,377	\$_	3,499,970
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned revenues - taxes	\$	5 437 072	\$	-
	Ψ_	0/10//0/2	Ψ_	
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	12,956,683 9,671,234		5,678,038 (193,768)
	φ_		-	
Total Net Position	\$_	22,021,911	Φ_	5,484,270
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows or Resources and Net Position	\$_	43,892,366	\$_	8,984,240

			Program Revenu		Net (Exp Revenue Change Net Pos Primary Government	e and es in
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	School Board
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities: General government						
administration	\$ 1,444,310 \$	- \$	•	-	\$ (1,258,292) \$	-
Judicial administration	1,259,543	214,472	362,017	-	(683,054)	-
Public safety	5,044,642	487,143	863,849	-	(3,693,650)	-
Public works	1,134,355	129,462	60,252	-	(944,641)	-
Health and welfare Education	4,639,198	-	2,830,045	-	(1,809,153)	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	7,736,750	117 2/0	-	-	(7,736,750)	-
Community development	430,365 483,237	117,268	-	-	(313,097) (483,237)	-
Interest on long-term debt	226,396	_	_	_	(226,396)	_
Total governmental activities	\$ 22,398,796 \$	948,345	4,302,181		\$ (17,148,270) \$	
COMPONENT UNIT: School Board	\$ 18,993,542 \$	366,103	5 10,508,702		\$\$	(8,118,737)
General	revenues:					
	al property taxes				\$ 14,158,939 \$	-
	sales and use tax				856,431	-
Consur	mers' utility taxes				321,273	-
Motor	vehicle licenses				423,225	-
	rant food taxes				341,365	-
	local taxes	_	_		418,580	-
	ricted revenues fr	om use of mo	ney and property		112,497	34,052
	laneous				613,492	295,638
	and contributions contributions		a to specific prog	ırams	1,749,093	- 7,673,746
	general revenues	טוטטו טטמוע			\$ 18,994,895 \$	8,003,436
	•					
•	in net position ition - beginning				\$ 1,846,625 \$ 20,781,292	(115,301) 5,599,571
•	0 0					
Net pos	ition - ending				\$ 22,627,917 \$	5,484,270





Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds At June 30, 2013

ASSETS	_	General Fund	In	Capital nprovement Fund		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (Net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	7,776,872	\$	10,479,541	\$	18,256,413
Taxes, including penalties		6,211,993		-		6,211,993
Accounts receivable Note receivable		223,521		-		223,521
Due from component unit		516,250		-		516,250
Due from other governmental units	_	779,343				779,343
Total assets	\$ <u>_</u>	15,507,979	\$	10,479,541	\$	25,987,520
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	460,271	\$	- :	\$	460,271
Amounts held for others		49,249		-		49,249
Unearned revenue - performance bonds		118,550		-		118,550
Due to component unit	_	-		403,410	_	403,410
Total liabilities	\$_	628,070	\$	403,410	\$	1,031,480
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - taxes	\$_	6,173,612	\$:	\$	6,173,612
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$	- 9	\$	8,698,915	\$	8,698,915
Committed	,	-	•	1,377,216	•	1,377,216
Unassigned	_	8,706,297				8,706,297
Total fund balances	\$_	8,706,297	\$	10,076,131	\$	18,782,428
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$_	15,507,979	\$	10,479,541		

Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements to government-wide statement of net position:

When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

17,904,846

Interest on long-term obligations is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

(145,448)

Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by unavailable revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in the fund balance.

736,540

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities--both current and long-term--are reported in the statement of net position.

(14,650,449)

Net position of general government activities

22,627,917

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Capital			
		General	Improvement		Total
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$	14,250,356	\$ -	\$	14,250,356
Other local taxes		2,360,874	-		2,360,874
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		161,826	-		161,826
Fines and forfeitures		164,756	-		164,756
Revenue from use of money and property		112,497	-		112,497
Charges for services		621,763	-		621,763
Miscellaneous		438,975	174,517		613,492
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth		5,260,134	-		5,260,134
Federal		791,140			791,140
Total revenues	\$	24,162,321	\$ 174,517	\$_	24,336,838
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government administration	\$	1,265,783	\$ -	\$	1,265,783
Judicial administration		763,682	-		763,682
Public safety		4,869,780	-		4,869,780
Public works		1,146,436	-		1,146,436
Health and welfare		4,454,921	-		4,454,921
Education		7,526,025	890,458		8,416,483
Parks, recreation, and cultural		360,431	-		360,431
Community development		481,924	-		481,924
Nondepartmental		130,309	-		130,309
Capital projects		-	2,910		2,910
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		2,398,213	-		2,398,213
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	133,710			133,710
Total expenditures	\$	23,531,214	\$ 893,368	\$_	24,424,582
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	631,107	\$ (718,851)	\$	(87,744)
Other Financing Sources (uses):					
Issuance of long-term debt	\$	1,033,022	\$ 9,729,478	\$	10,762,500
Transfers in		-	500,000		500,000
Transfers (out)		(500,000)	-		(500,000)
• •					
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ <u></u>	533,022	\$ 10,229,478	_\$_	10,762,500
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,164,129			10,674,756
Fund balances at beginning of year		7,542,168	\$ 565,504	\$_	8,107,672
Fund balances at end of year	\$	8,706,297	\$ 10,076,131	* =	18,782,428

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2013

			Go	Primary evernment vernmental
			001	Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	5	10,674,756
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following details support this adjustment:				
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$	1,030,707 (856,804)		173,903
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.				(174,517)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit				(217,000)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Details of this item consist of unavailable taxes.				(91,417)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. A summary of items supporting this adjustment is as follows:				
Principal retired on VML/VACO loan	\$	2,020,000		
Principal retired on capital lease		68,213		
Issuance of public faciltiy lease revenue bond		(10,762,500)		
Principal retired on state literary fund loan	-	310,000		(8,364,287)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:				
Change in compensated absences	\$	(62,720)		
Change in net OPEB obligation		(20,000)		
Change in landfill closure liability		20,593		
Change in accrued interest payable	-	(92,686)		(154,813)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	S	1,846,625

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position --Fiduciary Funds At June 30, 2013

	 Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,434	
Accounts receivable	 290	
Total assets	\$ 31,724	
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held for others	\$ 31,724	
Total liabilities	\$ 31,724	

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Madison, Virginia was formed in 1792 and is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is responsible for appointing the County Administrator. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Madison, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities, but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position:

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities:

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their government over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the original budget, final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Madison, Virginia (the primary government) and its component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

<u>Blended Component Units:</u> The County has no blended component units to be included for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit:</u> The School Board operates the County Public School System. Members are currently elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures (Continued)

The Madison County School Board has the following funds:

Governmental Funds:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Madison and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u> - This fund accounts for and reports the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales, and state and federal grants. The School Cafeteria Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

School Lottery Fund - This fund accounts for and reports the state school lottery revenues.

<u>School Capital Fund</u> - This fund accounts for and reports for the school capital projects. The school capital fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

School Textbook Fund - This fund accounts for and reports for the school textbook funds.

C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Statements: None

D. Other Related Organizations

Excluded from the County's Financial Statements:

<u>Madison County Industrial Development Authority:</u> The County's officials are responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment. The Board of Supervisors appoints the board members of the Madison County Industrial Development Authority.

Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board, Central Virginia Regional Jail, Rappahannock Juvenile Detention Center, and the Rapidan Service Authority: The County, in conjunction with other localities, has created the Rappahannock-Rapidan Community Services Board, Central Virginia Regional Jail, Rappahannock Juvenile Detention Center, and the Rapidan Service Authority. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

1. Governmental Funds:

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following major governmental funds:

a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

b. Capital Improvement Fund

The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

2. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds):

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's only Agency Fund is the Special Welfare Fund.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Capital Improvement Fund, School Fund and School Cafeteria Fund of the School Board.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original to the current comparison of the final budget and actual results.
- 9. Expenditures exceeded appropriation's for CSA by \$762,575 and School Food by \$213,801 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

G. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component unit, are reported at fair value.

H. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$265,039 at June 30, 2013 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real Estate taxes are payable and collectible on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are payable and collectible on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, road registered vehicles, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. There are no business-type activities reported for Madison County.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20 to 40
Vehicles	3 to 5
Office and computer equipment	5
Buses	12

J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

K. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Fund Balances

Financial Policies

The Board of Supervisors meets on a monthly basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to insure compliance with established policies. It is the County's policy to fund current expenditures with current revenues and the County's mission is to strive to maintain a diversified and stable revenue stream to protect the government from fluctuations in any single revenue source and provide stability to ongoing services. The County's unassigned General Fund balance will be maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> - Constraints placed on the use of these resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or other governments; or are imposed by law (through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).

<u>Committed fund balance</u> - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes because of a formal action (resolution or ordinance) by the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned fund balance - Amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as a Finance Committee), or by an official to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

M. Fund Balances (Continued)

Financial Policies (Continued)

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> - This is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification, as the result of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is generally the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes. The Board of Supervisors is also authorized to commit amounts for specific purposes. The following is detail of County's and School Board's Fund Balances:

Category		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Component Unit School Board
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	21,290
Total Nonspendable	Ş_	-	\$	-	\$	21,290
Restricted:	=		_		- :	
School Lottery Funds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,891
Unspent bond proceeds - school projects				8,698,915		-
School Textbook Funds	_	-	_	-		39,007
Total Restricted	\$_	-	\$_	8,698,915	\$	40,898
Committed:						
Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	1,377,216	\$	-
School Operations		-		-		1,000
Cafeteria	_	-		-	_	322,935
Total Committed	\$	-	\$	1,377,216	\$	323,935
Unassigned	\$	8,706,297	\$	-	\$	(34,137)
Total Fund Balance	\$_	8,706,297	\$_	10,076,131	\$	351,986

N. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred amount on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

The statement of financial position also reports deferred inflows of resources. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. This also includes uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30. Under the accrual basis, 2nd amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Q. Adoption of Accounting Principles

<u>Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, Statement No. 63 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board</u>

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement provides guidance for reporting deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on an entity's net position. With the implementation of this Statement, certain terminology has changed and financial statement descriptions have changed from "net assets" to "net position." The net equity reported in the financial statements was not changed as a result of implementing this Statement and no restatement of prior balances is required.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Q. Adoption of Accounting Principles: (Continued)

<u>Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, Statement No. 65 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board</u>

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The net equity reported in the financial statements was not changed as a result of implementing this Statement and no restatement of prior balances is required.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments:

<u>Deposits</u>

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the County and Component Unit School Board to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County does not have a policy related to credit risk of debt securities.

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2013 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments	s' Valu	ıes
		Fair Quality Ratings
Rated Debt Investments		AAAm
U.S. Government Securities Local Government Investment Pool	\$_	63,077 1,006,969
Total	\$_	1,070,046

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

External Investment Pool

The fair values of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Interest Rate Risk

The County does not have a policy related to interest rate risk.

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	 Fair Value	Greater than 10 years
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 63,077 \$	63,077

Note 3 - Due From Other Governmental Units:

		Primary Government		Component Unit School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:			•	
Local sales tax	\$	156,432	\$	-
Public assistance and welfare administration		45,249		-
State sales tax		-		334,046
Comprehensive services		264,540		-
Recordation tax		9,487		-
Communications tax		93,975		-
Shared expenses		140,862		-
Other state funds		15,057		-
Federal Government:		ŕ		
School funds		-		200,219
School food		-		24,280
Public assistance and welfare administration	_	53,741		
Totals	\$ <u>_</u>	779,343	\$	558,545

Note 4 - Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

		Balance				Balance
Primary Government:	_	July 1, 2012	Additions	_	Deletions	June 30, 2013
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	1,419,418 \$		\$	- \$	1,419,418
Construction in progress-Jointly Owned Construction in progress		- 22,624	958,733 25,000		-	958,733 47,624
· -						
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	1,442,042 \$	983,733	۰>_	- \$	2,425,775
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets	\$	16,760,617 \$ 2,861,846 2,790,000	- 46,974 -	\$	174,517 \$ 44,000 310,000	16,586,100 2,864,820 2,480,000
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	22,412,463 \$	46,974	\$_	528,517 \$	
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	(2,800,088) \$	(609,442)	\$	- \$	(3,409,530)
Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets		(2,094,958) (836,999)	(185,362) (62,000)		(44,000) (93,000)	(2,236,320) (805,999)
Total accumulated depreciation	,	(5,732,045) \$	(856,804)	 \$	(137,000) \$	
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$ \$	16,680,418 \$	(809,830)	_	391,517 \$	15,479,071
Net capital assets	\$	18,122,460 \$	173,903	\$	391,517 \$	17,904,846
	_	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013
Component Unit - School Board:	_		Additions	_	Deletions	
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_	July 1, 2012		. <u>-</u>		June 30, 2013
•	\$. _ \$	Deletions - \$	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	_	July 1, 2012	-	· <u> </u>		June 30, 2013 109,803
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	_	July 1, 2012 109,803 \$	- 211,817	· <u> </u>	- \$ -	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	July 1, 2012 109,803 \$	211,817 211,817	· <u> </u>	- \$ -	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles)	\$ _ \$_	July 1, 2012 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459	211,817 211,817 211,817	\$_	- \$ 	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	\$ _ \$_	July 1, 2012 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$	- 211,817 211,817	\$_	- \$ - - \$	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles)	\$ _ \$_	July 1, 2012 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459	211,817 211,817 211,817	\$_	- \$ - - \$	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536 6,060,889
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation:	\$ \$_ \$_ \$_	109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459 5,750,889 13,852,043 \$	211,817 211,817 211,817 - 359,477 310,000 669,477	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	- \$ - \$ - \$ 24,400 -	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536 6,060,889 14,497,120
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	\$ _ \$_	109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459 5,750,889 13,852,043 \$ (4,062,163) \$	211,817 211,817 211,817 - 359,477 310,000 669,477 (237,179)	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	- \$ - \$ - \$ 24,400	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536 6,060,889 14,497,120 (4,299,342)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Jointly owned assets	\$ \$_ \$_ \$_	109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459 5,750,889 13,852,043 \$ (4,062,163) \$ (1,827,404)	211,817 211,817 211,817 359,477 310,000 669,477 (237,179) (93,000)	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	- \$ - \$ - \$ 24,400 - 24,400 \$ - \$	June 30, 2013 109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536 6,060,889 14,497,120 (4,299,342) (1,920,404)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements	\$ \$_ \$_ \$_	109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459 5,750,889 13,852,043 \$ (4,062,163) \$	211,817 211,817 211,817 - 359,477 310,000 669,477 (237,179) (93,000) (210,120)	\$ \$ \$ \$	- \$ - \$ - \$ 24,400 -	109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536 6,060,889 14,497,120 (4,299,342) (1,920,404) (2,821,055)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Jointly owned assets Equipment (including vehicles) Total accumulated depreciation	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459 5,750,889 13,852,043 \$ (4,062,163) \$ (1,827,404) (2,635,335) (8,524,902) \$	211,817 211,817 211,817 359,477 310,000 669,477 (237,179) (93,000) (210,120) (540,299)	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	- \$ - \$ 24,400 - 24,400 \$ - \$ (24,400)	109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536 6,060,889 14,497,120 (4,299,342) (1,920,404) (2,821,055) (9,040,801)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment (including vehicles) Jointly owned assets Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Jointly owned assets Equipment (including vehicles)	\$	109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 109,803 \$ 4,848,695 \$ 3,252,459 \$ 5,750,889 13,852,043 \$ (4,062,163) \$ (1,827,404) (2,635,335)	211,817 211,817 211,817 - 359,477 310,000 669,477 (237,179) (93,000) (210,120)	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	- \$ - \$ 24,400 - 24,400 \$ - \$ (24,400) (24,400) \$	109,803 211,817 321,620 4,848,695 3,587,536 6,060,889 14,497,120 (4,299,342) (1,920,404) (2,821,055) (9,040,801) 5,456,319

Note 4 - Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government and Component Unit School Board as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 44,694
Judicial administration	319,623
Public safety	160,583
Public works	32,808
Health and welfare	169,581
Education	62,000
Parks, recreation and cultural	67,515
Total	\$ 856,804
Component Unit School Board	\$ 447,299
Depreciation Expense	\$ 447,299
Joint tenancy transfer of accumulated depreciation	 93,000
Total additions to accumulated depreciation, previous page	\$ 540,299

Note 5 - Compensated Absences:

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the County has accrued the liability arising from outstanding claims, judgments and compensated absences.

County employees earn vacation and sick leave at various rates. No benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave upon termination. The County and School Board had outstanding accrued vacation pay as follows:

Primary Government	\$_	427,371
Component Unit School Board	\$_	384,994

Note 6 - Due From/To Primary Government/Component Units:

Fund	Due from Component Unit		Due to Primary Government
General	\$ 516,250	\$	-
Capital Improvement	-		403,410
School Board	403,410		516,250
Total	\$ 919,660	\$	919,660

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and Plan 1 members who were not vested on January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70 %. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. The multiplier for Plan 2 members was reduced to 1.65% effective January 1, 2013 unless they are hazardous duty employees and their employer has elected the enhanced retirement multiplier. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2012-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of this 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School's non-professional employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2013 were 12.74% and 5.44% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$1,058,291, \$574,294, and \$355,874 to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 respectively and these contributions represented 11.66%, 6.33%, 3.93% of current covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2013, the annual pension cost of \$504,676 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2013, the School Board's annual pension cost for the School Board's non-professional employees was \$38,151 which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of		Net Pension
Ending	Cost (APC) (1)	APC Contributed		Obligation
County:			ļ	
June 30, 2013	\$ 504,676	100%	\$	-
June 30, 2012	326,589	100%		-
June 30, 2011	346,452	100%		-

(1) Employer portion only

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Ending	Cost (APC) (1)	APC Contributed	Obligation
School Board			
Non-Professional:			
June 30, 2013	\$ 38,151	100%	-
June 30, 2012	11,641	100%	-
June 30, 2011	11,931	100%	-

(1) Employer portion only

The FY2013 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 78.76% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$14,024,817, and the actuarial value of assets was \$11,045,358, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,979,459. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,588,907, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 83.02%.

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's plan was 94.92% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,186,593, and the actuarial value of assets was \$3,024,836, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$161,757. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$641,049, and ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 25.23%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations:

<u>Primary Government-Long-term Obligations:</u>

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance at July 1, 2012	Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2013	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Funds:					
Public Facility Lease Revenue Bond	\$ - \$	10,762,500 \$	- 5	10,762,500 \$	551,000
Landfill closure liability	521,350	8,863	29,456	500,757	29,456
State literary fund loan	2,790,000	-	310,000	2,480,000	310,000
VACO/VML loan	2,020,000	-	2,020,000	-	-
Capital lease	472,794	-	68,213	404,581	70,146
Net OPEB obligation	55,240	44,000	24,000	75,240	-
Compensated absences	364,651	62,720		427,371	42,737
Total governmental funds	\$ 6,224,035 \$	10,878,083 \$	2,451,669	14,650,449 \$	1,003,339

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	State Literary Principal	Fund Loan Interest	VACO/V Public Facili Revenue Principal	Capital L Principal	.ease Interest	
2014 \$	310,000 \$	74,400 \$	551,000 \$	177,402 \$	70,146 \$	11,086
2015	310,000	65,100	632,500	219,547	72,134	9,098
2016	310,000	55,800	646,000	205,949	74,179	7,053
2017	310,000	46,500	660,000	192,060	76,282	4,950
2018	310,000	37,200	674,500	177,870	78,444	2,787
2019	310,000	27,900	690,000	163,368	33,396	564
2020	310,000	18,600	703,500	148,533	-	-
2021	310,000	9,300	719,000	133,408	-	-
2022	-	-	734,500	117,949	-	-
2023	-	-	750,500	102,157	-	-
2024	-	-	766,500	86,022	-	-
2025	-	-	783,000	69,542	-	-
2026	-	-	800,000	52,707	-	-
2027	-	-	817,000	35,507	-	-
2028	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	834,500	17,942	<u> </u>	-
Total \$	2,480,000 \$	334,800 \$	10,762,500 \$	1,899,963 \$	404,581 \$	35,538

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Details of	Long-Term	Obligations:

Details of Long Form Obligations				
		Amount Outstanding		Amounts Due Within One Year
State Literary Fund Loan:				
\$6,200,000, issued December 1, 2000 due in varying installments through December 1, 2020, interest at 3%	\$.	2,480,000	\$	310,000
VACO/VML Public Facility Lease Revenue Bond:				
\$10,762,500 loan issued January 25, 2013 due in varying installments through November 2027. Interest is payable annually at 2.15%.	\$.	10,762,500	\$	551,000
Capital Lease:				
\$472,794 lease issued October 21, 2011 due in annual installments of principal and interest of \$81,232 through October 2018. Interest is payable at 2.185%. The assets acquired through the capital lease are \$472,794 for emergency operations equipment and had \$94,558 of accumulated				
depreciation as of June 30, 2013.	\$	404,581	\$	70,146
Landfill closure liability	\$	500,757	\$	29,456
Net OPEB obligation	\$	75,240	\$.	
Compensated absences	\$	427,371	\$	42,737
Total	\$	14,650,449	\$	1,003,339

Note 8 - Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

		Balance at			Balance at	Amounts
		July 1,	Issuances/	Retirements/	June 30,	Due Within
	_	2012	Increases	Decreases	2013	One Year
Compensated absences Capital lease Net OPEB obligation	\$	358,338 \$ 149,851 118,760	26,656	\$ - \$ 49,950 60,000	384,994 99,901 160,760	\$ 38,499 49,950
Total Component Unit	\$_	626,949	128,656	\$ 109,950 \$	645,655	\$ 88,449

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Capital	Lease
June 30,	Principal	Interest
2014 2015	\$ 49,950 S 49,951	- -
Total	\$ 99,901	\$ <u>-</u>

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

		Amount
	_	Outstanding
Capital Lease:		
\$199,802 capital lease for computers payable in annual principal installments of \$49,950 through August 15, 2014, interest payable at 0.00%. The assets acquired through the capital lease are \$199,802 for computers and had \$79,920 of		
accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2013.	\$_	99,901
Compensated absences	\$_	384,994
Net OPEB obligation	\$_	160,760
Total long-term obligations	\$	645,655

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 9 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available.

	_	Government-wide Statements	_	Balance Sheet
		Governmental Activities	(Governmental Funds
Primary Government: Unavailable property tax revenue: Unavailable revenue representing uncollected property tax billings for which asset recognition criteria has not been met. The uncollected tax billings are not available for the funding of current expenditures.	<u>-</u> \$	5,313,875	- <u>-</u> S	6,050,415
Prepaid property tax revenues representing collections received for property taxes that are applicable to the subsequent budget year.	_	123,197	· _	123,197
Total governmental activities	\$_	5,437,072	\$	6,173,612

Note 10 - Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular, all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 11 - Surety Bonds:

	Amount
Virginia Department of Risk Management - Surety	
Stephanie Murray, Treasurer	\$ 400,000
Linda Parrish, Clerk of the Circuit Court	25,000
Gale L. Harris, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Erik Weaver, Sheriff	30,000
Above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond	50,000
Madison County Department of Social Services employee blanket bond	100,000
Virginia Local Government Risk Management Plan	
Madison County School Board Public Officials Liability	1,000,000
Madison County Public Officials Liability	250,000

Note 12 - Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is insured by the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO) for all risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Worker's Compensation is also carried through VACO.

Note 13 - Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste, which occurred in fiscal year 2005, and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The \$500,757 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2013, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 100 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2013. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County intends to fund these costs from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the General Fund.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and postclosure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

The County plans to meet all federal laws, regulations and tests of financial assurance related to the financing of closure and postclosure care when they become effective.

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

County:

A. Plan Description:

The County post-retirement health care plan is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan that offers insurance benefits for employees who are eligible for retirement benefits. All full-time employees who retire with 30 years of service, or at age 62 with 5 years of service are eligible. Once the participant is Medicare eligible they are no longer eligible to remain in the plan. The County's post-retirement health care Plan does not issue a separate, audited GAAP basis report.

B. Funding Policy:

The County establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. For participating retirees, the retirees pay 100% of the published rates for individual and dependent coverage until age 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 44,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	2,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(2,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 44,000
Contribution made	24,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 20,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	55,240
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 75,240

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the two preceding year is as follows:

		Percentage	
	Annual	of Annual	Net
Fiscal	OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB
Year Ended	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2011	\$ 44,000	54% \$	40,000
June 30, 2012	39,050	61%	55,240
June 30, 2013	44,000	55%	75,240

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

County: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2012 the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 481,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 481,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 3,361,337
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	14%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Cost Method

The projected unit credit (PUC) cost method was used for this valuation. The objective of this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the plan as they would accrue. Under this method the total value of the benefit to which each participant is expected to become entitled is broken down into units, each associated with a year of past or future credited service.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

County: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Interest Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after eighty years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2012, was thirty years.

	Unfunded
Discount rate	4.0%
Payroll growth	3.75%

School Board:

A. Plan Description

The School Board Retiree Service Program is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan that offers health insurance for retirees. Employees who receive an unreduced retirement benefit from VRS, has at least seven consecutive years of service immediately preceding retirement, is a full time, salaried employee of the school division at the time of applying for the program, and is not eligible for disability retirement benefits under VRS are eligible for the program. The School Board Extended Service Program does not issue a separate GAAP basis report.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process. The school board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. For participating retirees the School Board pays an amount per month towards the monthly premium and the retiree contributes remaining funds towards the monthly premium. Coverage ceases after seven years and there is no benefit provided after age 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

School Board: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 102,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	5,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (5,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 102,000
Contribution made	 60,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 42,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	 118,760
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 160,760

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the two preceding years are as follows:

			Percentage	
		Annual	of Annual	Net
Fiscal		OPEB	OPEB Cost	OPEB
Year Ended	_	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2011	Ş	74,000	41% \$	86,000
June 30, 2012		83,950	61%	118,760
June 30, 2013		102,000	59 %	160,760

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2012 the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,129,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 1,129,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 11,572,663
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	9.76%

Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

School Board: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress: (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Cost Method

The projected unit credit (PUC) cost method was used for this valuation. The objective of this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the plan as they would accrue. Under this method the total value of the benefit to which each participant is expected to become entitled is broken down into units, each associated with a year of past or future credited service.

Interest Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.00 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent after eighty years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2012, was thirty years.

	Unfunded
Discount rate	4.0%
Payroll growth	3.75%

Note 15 - Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 7.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2012 was .05% of annual covered payroll.

C. OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2013, the County's contribution of \$1,328 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the two preceding years are as follows:

	Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Percentage of ARC		Net OPEB		
	Ending	Cost (ARC		Contributed	 Obligation	
_	June 30, 2011	\$	1,839	100%	\$	-
	June 30, 2012		1,733	100%		-
	June 30, 2013		1,328	100%		-

Note 15 - Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 44,926
Actuarial value of plan assets	46,151
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1,225)
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	102.73%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	1,439,270
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	0.09%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payrolls on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2011 was 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Note 15 - Other Postemployment Benefits-VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

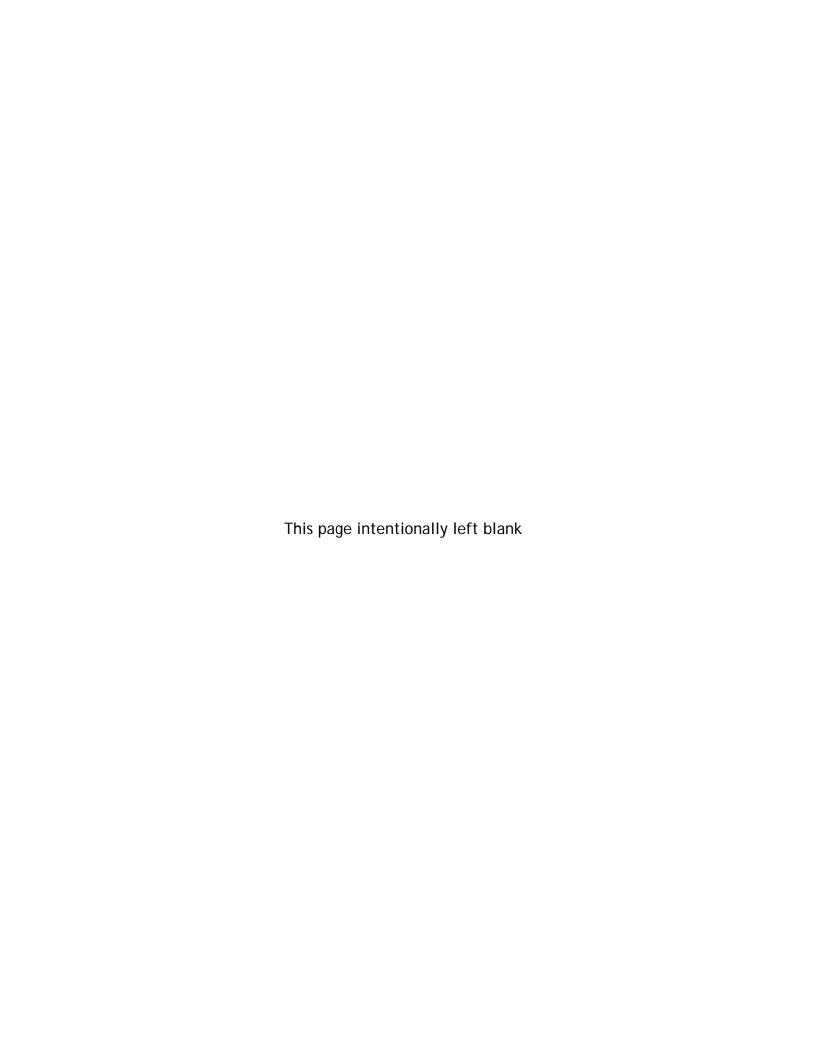
A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$106,321, \$54,434, and \$54,332, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 16 - Litigation:

At June 30, 2013 there were no matters of litigation involving the County or its component unit that would have an adverse material effect on the financial position of the reporting entity.





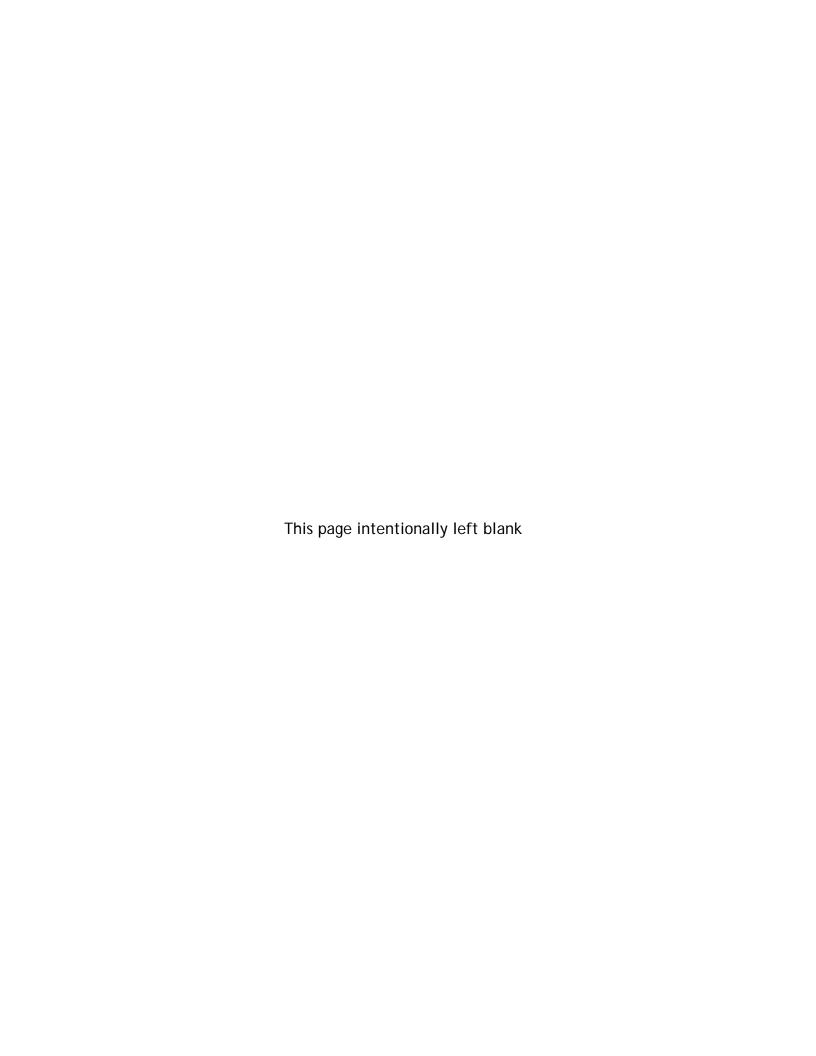
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -- General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2013

	_	Original Budget		Budget As Amended	Actual		Variance With Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							(== ===)
General property taxes	\$	14,301,309 \$	5	14,301,309 \$	14,250,356	\$	(50,953)
Other local taxes		2,134,647		2,197,647	2,360,874		163,227
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		191,360		191,360	161,826		(29,534)
Fines and forfeitures		160,700		160,700	164,756		4,056
Revenue from use of money and property		88,190		88,190	112,497		24,307
Charges for services		488,692		624,043	621,763		(2,280)
Miscellaneous		33,000		256,864	438,975		182,111
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		4,671,736		4,785,818	5,260,134		474,316
Federal	_	775,248	_	775,248	791,140	_	15,892
Total revenues	\$_	22,844,882 \$	<u> </u>	23,381,179 \$	24,162,321	\$_	781,142
Expenditures: Current:							
General government administration	\$	1,308,609 \$	\$	1,346,107 \$	1,265,783	\$	80,324
Judicial administration		792,288		805,888	763,682		42,206
Public safety		4,880,025		5,129,436	4,869,780		259,656
Public works		1,427,389		1,440,686	1,146,436		294,250
Health and welfare		3,775,280		3,775,280	4,454,921		(679,641)
Education		7,887,428		7,887,428	7,526,025		361,403
Parks, recreation, and cultural		183,122		404,561	360,431		44,130
Community development		428,740		543,619	481,924		61,695
Nondepartmental		876,967		153,132	130,309		22,823
Debt service:		2.0,		,	,		,,
Principal retirement		1,388,212		2,398,213	2,398,213		_
Interest and other fiscal charges		121,822		144,843	133,710		11,133
Total expenditures	\$	23,069,882 \$	<u> </u>	24,029,193 \$	23,531,214	\$	497,979
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$_	(225,000) \$	_	(648,014) \$	631,107	\$	1,279,121
Other Financing Sources (uses): Issuance of long-term debt Transfers (out)	\$	- \$ -	\$	- \$ (500,000)	1,033,022 (500,000)	\$	1,033,022
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	-	(500,000) \$	533,022	- \$	1,033,022
	· -		_	_			
Net change in fund balances	\$	(225,000) \$	5	(1,148,014) \$	1,164,129	\$	2,312,143
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	225,000	_	1,148,014	7,542,168	_	6,394,154
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- \$	8,706,297	\$	8,706,297

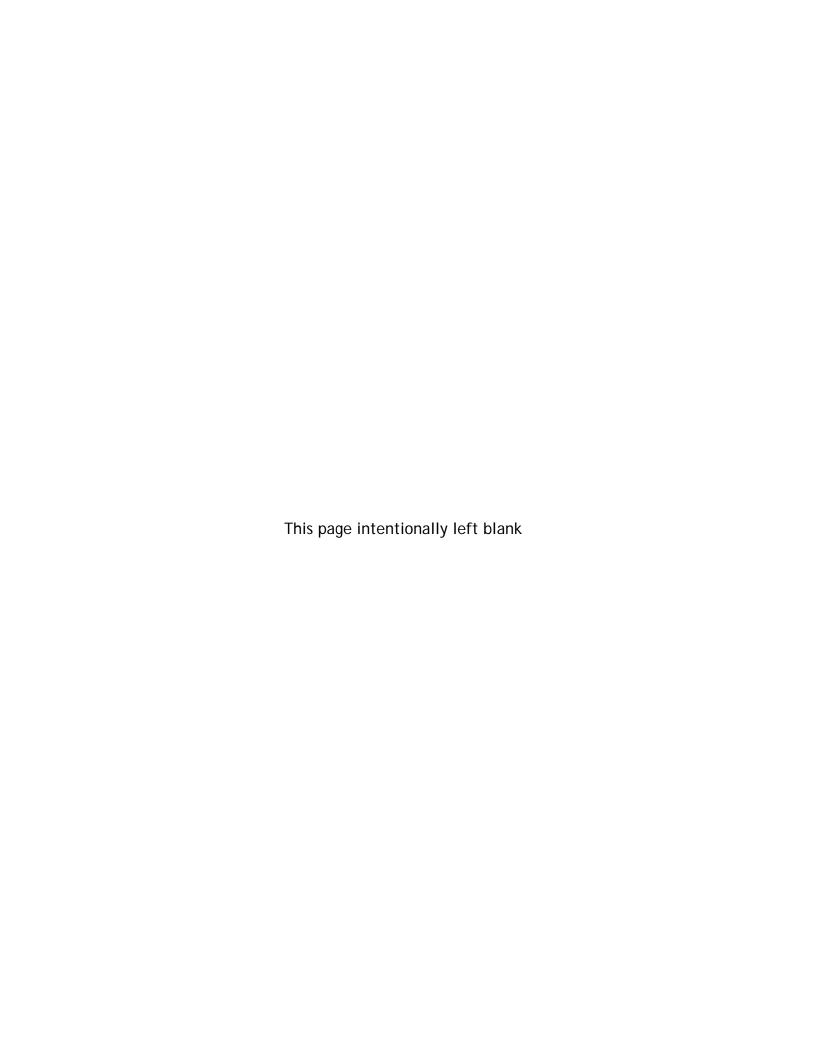
Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress Last Three Fiscal Years

			Vii	rginia Retirement Syst	em		
County:							
Actuarial Valuation as of		Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3)-(2)	Funded Ratio Assets at % of AAL (2) (3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
6/30/2012 6/30/2011 6/30/2010	•	11,045,358 \$ 10,922,889 10,640,322	14,024,817 \$ 13,419,028 12,754,586	2,979,459 2,496,139 2,114,264	78.76% \$ 81.40% 83.42%	3,588,907 3,524,966 3,668,934	83.02% 70.81% 57.63%
School Board	d No	n-Professional:					
Actuarial Valuation as of (1)		Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded	Funded Ratio Assets at % of AAL (2) (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
6/30/2012	¢	3,024,836 \$	3,186,593 \$	161,757	94.92% \$	641,049	25.23%
6/30/2011 6/30/2010	Ψ	3,063,799 3,035,325	3,126,624 3,001,621	62,825 (33,704)	62,825 97.99%		9.42% -4.97%
			County	VRS Health Insurance	Credit:		
Actuarial Valuation as of (1)		Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3)-(2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets at % of AAL (2) (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
6/30/12 6/30/11 6/30/10	\$	46,151 \$ 47,334 39,936	44,926 \$ 40,580 37,549	(1,225) (6,754) (2,387)	102.73% \$ 116.64% 106.36%	1,439,270 1,454,745 3,668,934	-0.09% -0.46% -0.07%
			Othe	r Post Employment Be	nefits		
County							
Actuarial Valuation Date (1)		Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (4)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
7/1/12 7/1/10	\$	- \$ -	481,000 \$ 461,000	481,000 461,000	0.00% \$ 0.00%	3,361,337 3,836,000	14.319 12.029
Discretely P	rese	ented Component	: Unit - School Bo	pard			
Actuarial Valuation Date (1)		Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
7/1/2012 7/1/2010	\$	- \$	1,129,000 \$ 794,000	1,129,000 794,000	0.00% \$ 0.00%	11,572,663 7,176,000	9.769 11.069









Capital Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	_	Budgete	d A	mounts	-	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES			_		_		•		
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	174,517	\$	174,517	
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	174,517	\$	174,517	
EXPENDITURES									
Education	\$	-	\$	1,163,149	\$	890,458	\$	272,691	
Capital projects	\$	-	\$	289,799	\$	2,910	\$	286,889	
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,452,948	\$	893,368	\$	559,580	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	(1,452,948)	\$_	(718,851)	\$	734,097	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	-	
Issuance of long-term debt		-		-		9,729,478		9,729,478	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	10,229,478	\$	9,729,478	
Net change in fund balances	\$	500,000	\$	(952,948)	\$	9,510,627	\$	10,463,575	
Fund balances at beginning of year		(500,000)		952,948		565,504		(387,444)	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,076,131	\$	10,076,131	

Agency Funds Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:					_	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	36,463 -	\$ 31,113 290	\$ 36,142 -	\$	31,434 290
Total assets	\$	36,463	\$ 31,403	\$ 36,142	\$_	31,724
Liabilities: Amounts held for others	\$_	36,463	\$ 31,403	\$ 36,142	\$_	31,724
Total liabilities	\$_	36,463	\$ 31,403	\$ 36,142	\$_	31,724

Combining Balance Sheet - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board At June 30, 2013

ASSETS	-	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		School Capital Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units Due from Primary Government Inventory Total assets	\$ - \$	1,758,858 \$ 41,759 534,265 2,334,882 \$	24,280 - 21,290		34,138 - - 403,410 - 437,548		43,691 - - - - - 43,691	\$ \$	2,181,297 41,759 558,545 403,410 21,290 3,206,301
10(a) 335(3	Ψ=	2,334,002	370,100	= ^Ψ =	437,340	= Ψ=	43,071	= ^Ψ =	3,200,301
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to Primary Government	\$	59,774 \$ 1,757,858 516,250	45,955 -	\$	471,685 - -		2,793 - -		534,252 1,803,813 516,250
Total liabilities	\$_	2,333,882 \$	45,955	\$_	471,685	\$_	2,793	\$_	2,854,315
FUND BALANCES	Φ.		04.000	•				•	04.000
Nonspendable Restricted	\$	- \$	21,290	\$	-	\$	40,898	\$	21,290 40,898
Committed		1,000	322,935		-		40,070		323,935
Unassigned	_	<u> </u>	-	_	(34,137)		-	_	(34,137)
Total fund balances	\$_	1,000 \$	344,225	\$_	(34,137)	\$_	40,898	\$	351,986
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>_</u>	2,334,882 \$	390,180	\$_	437,548	\$	43,691	=	

Detailed explanation of adjustments from fund statements to government-wide statement of net position:

When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the School Board as a whole.

5,777,939

Long-term liabilities applicable to the School Board's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities--both current and long-term--are reported in the statement of net position.

(645,655)

Net position of General Government Activities

\$ 5,484,270

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2013

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	. <u>.</u>	School Capital Fund	. <u>.</u>	Nonmajor Funds		Total	
Revenues:											
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	33,913	\$	-	\$	45	\$	94	\$	34,052	
Charges for services		4,200		361,903		-		-		366,103	
Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:		295,638		-		-		-		295,638	
County contribution to School Board		7,525,021		-		890,458		-		8,415,479	
Commonwealth		8,697,407		24,689		-		-		8,722,096	
Federal	_	1,326,697	_	459,909		-		-	-	1,786,606	
Total revenues	\$_	17,882,876	\$_	846,501	\$_	890,503	\$_	94	\$_	19,619,974	
Expenditures:											
Current:											
Education	\$	17,832,926	\$	933,512	\$	-	\$	205,230	\$	18,971,668	
Capital projects		-		-		1,035,946		-		1,035,946	
Debt service:											
Principal	_	49,950	_	-	-	-	-	-		49,950	
Total expenditures	\$_	17,882,876	\$_	933,512	\$_	1,035,946	\$_	205,230	\$_	20,057,564	
Changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(87,011)	\$	(145,443)	\$	(205,136)	\$	(437,590)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	1,000		431,236		111,306		246,034		789,576	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ _	1,000	\$_	344,225	\$	(34,137)	\$	40,898	\$_	351,986	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Component Unit School Board
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(437,590)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period computed as follows:		
Capital additions \$ Depreciation expense	571,294 (447,299)	123,995
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. A summary of items supporting this adjustment is as follows:		
Principal retired on capital lease		49,950
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Change in compensated absences Change in net OPEB obligation	(26,656) (42,000)	(68,656)
Transfer of joint tenancy assets from Primary Government to the Component Unit		217,000
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(115,301)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2013

	School Operating Fund										
	-	Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	_										
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	239,600	\$	21,000 6,300 324,531	\$	33,913 4,200 295,638	\$	12,913 (2,100) (28,893)			
Intergovernmental:											
County contribution to School Board		7,886,424		7,886,424		7,525,021		(361,403)			
Commonwealth		8,653,521		8,672,432		8,697,407		24,975			
Federal	_	1,063,053	_	1,169,901		1,326,697		156,796			
Total revenues	\$_	17,842,598	\$	18,080,588	\$_	17,882,876	\$_	(197,712)			
Expenditures: Current:											
Education	\$	17,842,598	\$	18,080,588	\$	17,832,926	\$	247,662			
Capital projects Debt service:		-		-		-		-			
Principal	_	-	_	_	_	49,950	_	(49,950)			
Total expenditures	\$_	17,842,598	\$	18,080,588	\$	17,882,876	\$_	197,712			
Changes in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Fund balances at beginning of year	_	-	_	-	_	1,000		1,000			
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	1,000			

_		School (Cafe	eteria Fund	b		_	School Capital Fund									
	Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	- -	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)	. <u>-</u>	Original Budget	. <u>-</u>	Budget As Amended		Actual		Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45	\$	45		
	331,711		331,711		361,903		30,192		-		-		-		-		
	10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)		-		-		-		-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		890,458		890,458		
	28,000		28,000		24,689		(3,311)		-		-		-		-		
	350,000		350,000		459,909	_	109,909	_	-	_	-	_	-		-		
\$	719,711	\$	719,711	\$_	846,501	\$_	126,790	\$_		\$_	-	\$_	890,503	\$_	890,503		
\$	719,711 -	\$	719,711 -	\$	933,512	\$	(213,801) -	\$	1,332,985	\$	- 1,332,985	\$	- 1,035,946	\$	- 297,039		
	-		-		-		-	_	-	_	-	_	-				
\$	719,711	\$	719,711	\$_	933,512	\$	(213,801)	\$	1,332,985	\$	1,332,985	\$_	1,035,946	\$	297,039		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(87,011)	\$	(87,011)	\$	(1,332,985)	\$	(1,332,985)	\$	(145,443)	\$	1,187,542		
	-		-		431,236		431,236	. <u>-</u>	111,306		111,306	_	111,306		111,306		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	344,225	\$	344,225	\$	(1,221,679)	\$	(1,221,679)	\$	(34,137)	\$	1,298,848		

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board As of June 30, 2013

	_	School Lottery Fund	 School Textbook Fund		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,891	\$ 41,800	\$	43,691
Total assets	\$	1,891	\$ 41,800	\$	43,691
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$_	-	\$ 2,793	\$_	2,793
Total liabilities	\$_	-	\$ 2,793	_ \$ _	2,793
Fund balances:					
Restricted	\$	1,891	\$ 39,007	\$	40,898
Total fund balances	\$	1,891	\$ 39,007	\$	40,898
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,891	\$ 41,800	\$	43,691

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	_	School Lottery Fund	 School Textbook Fund		Total
REVENUES					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$_	39	\$ 55	\$	94
Total revenues	\$	39	\$ 55	\$	94
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Education	\$_	134,603	\$ 70,627	\$	205,230
Total expenditures	\$	134,603	\$ 70,627	\$	205,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$_	(134,564)	\$ (70,572)	\$_	(205,136)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(134,564)	\$ (70,572)	\$	(205,136)
Fund balances - beginning	_	136,455	 109,579		246,034
Fund balances - ending	\$ _	1,891	\$ 39,007	\$	40,898

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA Exhibit 17

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

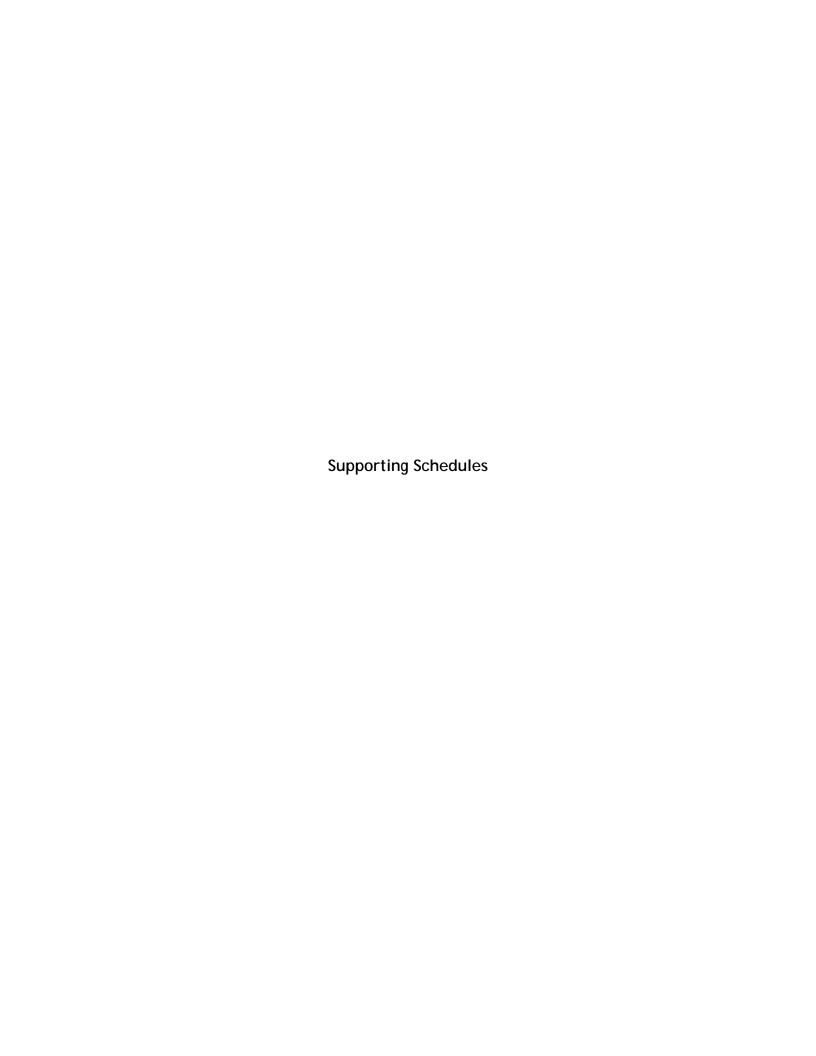
			School Lot	tery Fund						School	l Textbook Fund			
					1	Variance with	1						1	Variance with
		Budge	ted			Final Budget								Final Budget
	_	Amou	ints			Positive		Budgeted I		Amounts				Positive
		Original	Final	Actual		(Negative)	(Negative)		_	Final	Final		_	(Negative)
REVENUES														
Revenue from the use of money														
and property	\$	- \$	- \$	39	\$	39	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$_	55	\$	55
Total revenues	\$	- \$	- \$	39	\$	39	\$		\$	-	\$	55	\$	55
EXPENDITURES														
Current:														
Education	\$	136,455 \$	136,455 \$	134,603	\$	1,852	\$	-	\$	- 1	\$	70,627	\$	(70,627)
Total expenditures	\$	136,455 \$	136,455 \$	134,603	\$	1,852	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	70,627	\$	(70,627)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
over (under) expenditures	\$_	(136,455) \$	(136,455) \$	(134,564)	\$	1,891	\$		\$		\$_	(70,572)	\$_	(70,572)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(136,455) \$	(136,455) \$	(134,564)	\$	1,891	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(70,572)	\$	(70,572)
Fund balances - beginning		136,455	136,455	136,455		-		_		-		109,579		109,579
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	1,891	\$	1,891	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	39,007	\$	39,007

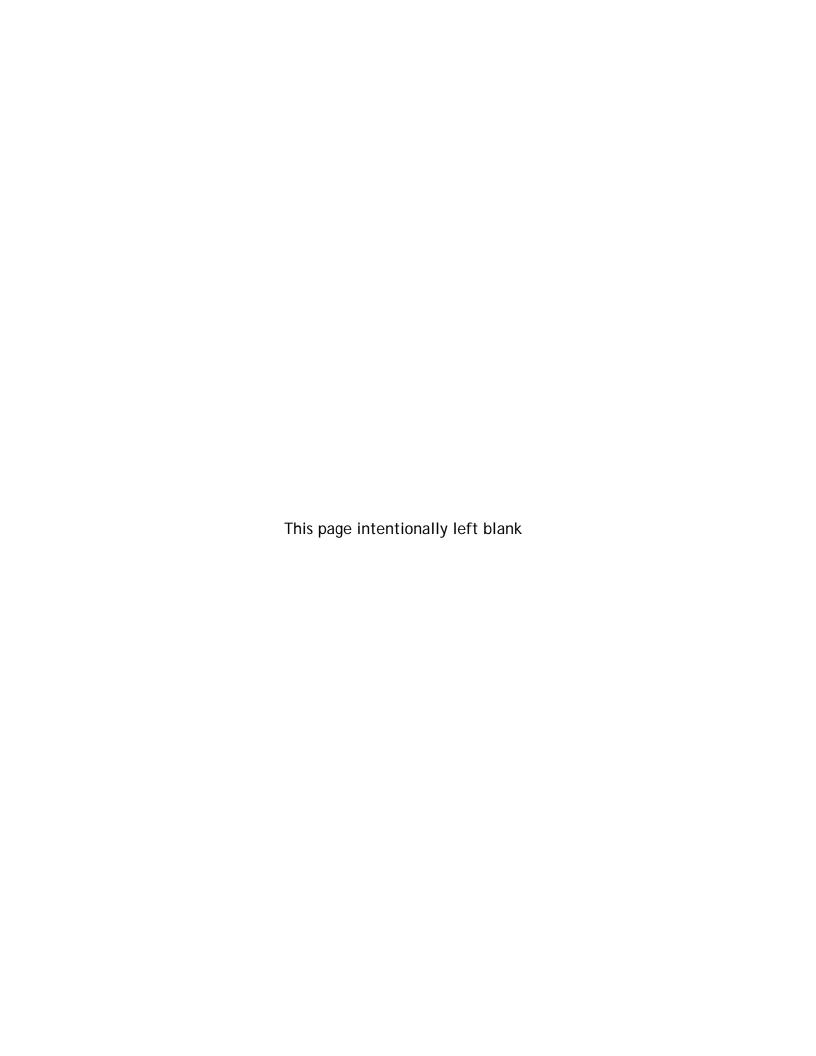
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board At June 30, 2013

	_	Scholarship Private- Purpose Trust Fund				
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	95,127				
Total assets	\$_	95,127				
NET POSITION						
Held in trust for scholarships	\$_	95,127				
Total net position	\$_	95,127				
Total liabilities and net position	\$_	95,127				

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Scholarship Private- Purpose Trust Fund
Additions:	-	
Interest income	\$_	(5,531)
Total additions	\$_	(5,531)
Deductions:		
Scholarships awarded	\$_	3,787
Total deductions	\$_	3,787
Change in net position	\$	(9,318)
Net position - beginning of year	_	104,445
Net position - end of year	\$_	95,127





Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual		nriance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Drimony Covernment								
Primary Government: General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	10,568,707	¢	10,568,707	¢	10,530,754 \$:	(37,953)
Real and personal public service corporation	φ	10,300,707	φ	10,300,707	φ	10,550,754 φ	,	(37,733)
property taxes		250,247		250,247		244,516		(5,731)
Personal property taxes		2,959,206		2,959,206		2,855,585		(103,621)
Mobile home taxes		7,105		7,105		6,935		(103,021)
Machinery and tools taxes		58,603		58,603		61,607		3,004
Merchants capital taxes		203,536		203,536		198,172		(5,364)
Penalties		150,590		150,590		196,264		45,674
Interest		73,315		73,315		103,350		30,035
Tax collection fee		30,000		30,000		53,173		23,173
Tax concetion rec	_	30,000	_	30,000	_	33,173		25,175
Total general property taxes	\$_	14,301,309	\$	14,301,309	\$	14,250,356 \$	S	(50,953)
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	763,844	\$	763,844	\$	856,431 \$;	92,587
Consumers' utility taxes	Ψ	320,000	Ψ	320,000	Ψ	321,273	,	1,273
								532
·								23,115
								17,869
								(3,414)
•								(10,020)
								4,825
Taxes on recordation and wills	_	122,053	_	122,053	_	158,513		36,460
Total other local taxes	\$_	2,134,647	\$	2,197,647	\$_	2,360,874 \$	S	163,227
Pormits privilege fees and regulatory licenses:								
	¢	10 485	¢	10 485	¢	12 004 \$:	1,519
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	•	,	(30,272)
								19
								(800)
Land use application rees	_	24,130	· —	24,130	-	23,330		(000)
Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	\$_	191,360	\$	191,360	\$	161,826 \$	S	(29,534)
Fines and Forfeitures:								
	\$	160 700	\$	160 700	\$	164 756 \$;	4,056
Sourt Times and Torrettales	Ψ_	100,700	Ψ	100,700	Ψ_	101,730 φ		1,000
Total fines and forfeitures	\$_	160,700	\$	160,700	\$_	164,756_\$	S	4,056
Revenue from use of money and property:								
	\$	21,200	\$	21.200	\$	39,505 \$	3	18,305
Revenue from use of property	_	66,990		66,990	· _	72,992		6,002
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$_	88,190	\$	88,190	\$	112,497_\$	S	24,307
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses: Animal licenses Building and related permits Land transfer fees Land use application fees Total permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and Forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures Total fines and forfeitures Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of property	\$ _ \$_	2,134,647 10,485 156,325 400 24,150 191,360 160,700 160,700 21,200 66,990	\$ - \$_ \$_ \$_	2,197,647 10,485 156,325 400 24,150 191,360 160,700 160,700 21,200 66,990	\$ \$_ \$_ \$_	2,360,874 \$ 12,004 \$ 126,053		17 (3) (10) 4 36 163 1 (30) (29) 4 4

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (continued)							
Charges for services:							
Sheriff's fees	\$	343	\$	343	\$	344 \$	
Commonwealth attorney fees		600		600		1,257	657
Courthouse maintenance fees		7,575		7,575		8,437	862
Courtroom security fees		36,974		36,974		39,678	2,704
Other charges for services Ambulance transportation fees		13,900		13,900		14,388	488 30,929
Waste collection and disposal charges		280,000 149,300		280,000 149,300		310,929 129,462	(19,838)
Recreation fees	_	147,300		135,351	_	117,268	(18,083)
Total charges for services	\$_	488,692	_\$_	624,043	\$	621,763 \$	(2,280)
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Expenditure refunds	\$	32,500	\$	183,412	\$	267,034 \$	83,622
CSA	Ψ	32,300	Ψ	100,112	Ψ	74,778	74,778
Miscellaneous	_	500		73,452	_	97,163	23,711
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$_	33,000	_\$_	256,864	\$_	438,975 \$	182,111
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	17,397,898	\$_	17,820,113	\$	18,111,047 \$	290,934
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Rental tax - DMV	\$	500	\$	500	\$	1,227 \$	727
Mobile home titling taxes		1,500		1,500		885	(615)
PPTRA		1,029,052		1,029,052		1,029,053	1
Communication taxes		590,000		590,000		594,384	4,384
Motor vehicle carrier's tax		600		600		-	(600)
Recordation tax	_	37,650		37,650		43,813	6,163
Total noncategorical aid	\$_	1,659,302	_\$_	1,659,302	\$	1,669,362 \$	10,060
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	150,840	\$	150,840	\$	158,887 \$	
Sheriff		607,050		607,050		677,510	70,460
Commissioner of the Revenue		61,173		61,173		71,528	10,355
Treasurer		64,556		64,556		75,508	10,952
Registrar/electoral board		37,560		37,560		35,192	(2,368)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	181,525		187,081	_	197,545	10,464
Total shared expenses	\$_	1,102,704	_\$_	1,108,260	\$	1,216,170 \$	107,910

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
•							
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental: (continued)							
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)							
Other categorical aid:							
Fire programs	\$	33,000	\$	33,000 \$	3	37,302 \$	4,302
Litter Control	Ψ	7,875	Ψ	7,875		8,419	544
Four for life		15,000		15,000		14,016	(984)
Domestic Violence		39,991		39,991		19,916	(20,075)
LOD Insurance		14,475		16,738		16,977	239
Victim witness		20,040		20,040		5,585	(14,455)
Department of Juvenile Justice		4,940		4,940		6,585	1,645
E-911		35,000		35,000		41,343	6,343
Comprehensive Services Act		1,300,000		1,300,000		1,653,868	353,868
Sanitation improvement		-		51,833		51,833	-
Sheriff -asset forfeiture		_		-		2,915	2,915
Public assistance and welfare		439,409		439,409		488,672	49,263
Other state grants	_	-		54,430	_	27,171	(27,259)
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,909,730	\$	2,018,256 \$	3	2,374,602 \$	356,346
Total categorical aid	\$	3,012,434	_	3,126,516 \$		3,590,772 \$	464,256
3	_	· · · · ·		·		·	<u> </u>
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	4,671,736	\$_	4,785,818 \$		5,260,134 \$	474,316
Revenue from the Federal Government:							
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	80,000	\$_	80,000 \$	S	79,731 \$	(269)
Categorical aid:							
Public assistance and welfare	\$	695,248	\$	695,248 \$	3	687,505 \$	(7,743)
Law enforcement block grant	*	0,012.0	*	0,0,2.0		17,856	17,856
		_		_			
VEC federal grant		-		-		3,790	3,790
Ground Safety Transportation	_	-				2,258	2,258
Total categorical aid	\$_	695,248	\$_	695,248 \$	<u> </u>	711,409 \$	16,161
Total revenue from the Federal Government	\$_	775,248	\$_	775,248 \$	S	791,140 \$	15,892
Total General Fund	\$ <u></u>	22,844,882	\$_	23,381,179 \$	S	24,162,321 \$	781,142
Capital Improvement Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$_	\$		174,517 \$	174,517
Total Capital Improvement Fund	\$ <u></u>	-	\$_	<u> </u>	S	<u>174,517</u> \$	174,517

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Budget As Amended	Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from use of property	\$_	- \$	21,000	\$ 33,913 \$	12,913
Charges for services: Charges for education	\$_	\$	6,300	\$ 4,200_\$	(2,100)
Total charges for services	\$_	\$	6,300	\$ 4,200 \$	(2,100)
Miscellaneous revenue: Rebates and refunds Miscellaneous	\$	239,600 \$	228,031 96,500	\$ 193,335 \$ 102,303	(34,696) 5,803
Total miscellaneous revenue	_	239,600	324,531	 295,638	(28,893)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	239,600 \$	351,831	\$ 333,751 \$	(18,080)
Intergovernmental: County contribution to School Board	\$_	7,886,424 \$	7,886,424	7,525,021 \$	
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax Basic school aid Special ed SOQ Vocational SOQ Technology Fringe benefits Other state funds	\$	1,987,878 \$ 4,318,243 620,581 144,505 172,911 740,343 669,060	1,987,878 4,318,243 620,581 144,505 172,911 740,343 687,971	\$ 1,982,448 \$ 4,339,074 624,205 145,349 154,000 814,483 637,848	(5,430) 20,831 3,624 844 (18,911) 74,140 (50,123)
Total categorical aid	\$_	8,653,521 \$	8,672,432	\$ 8,697,407 \$	24,975
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	8,653,521 \$	8,672,432	\$ 8,697,407 \$	24,975
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Title I Title III Title VI - B Special Education Education technology American History Grant Vocational education Preschool	\$	328,326 \$ 1,565 417,020 3,369 - 30,086	435,174 1,565 417,020 3,369 - 30,086	\$ 450,450 \$ 1,576 501,551 463 100 29,621 10,982	15,276 11 84,531 (2,906) 100 (465) 10,982
Education jobs fund Title II		200,000 82,687	200,000 82,687	220,307 111,647	20,307 28,960
Total categorical aid	\$	1,063,053 \$	1,169,901	\$ 1,326,697 \$	156,796
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,063,053 \$	1,169,901	\$ 1,326,697 \$	156,796
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	17,842,598 \$	18,080,588	\$ 17,882,876 \$	(197,712)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget		Budget As Amended	Actual	V	ariance From Amended Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources:	Ţ					
Charges for services:						
Cafeteria sales \$	331,711		331,711 \$	361,903		30,192
Total charges for services \$	331,711	\$_	331,711 \$	361,903	\$	30,192
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous \$_	10,000	\$_	10,000 \$		\$	(10,000)
Total revenue from local sources \$	341,711	\$_	341,711 \$	361,903	\$	20,192
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:		_		0.1.400		(0.011)
School food grant \$	28,000	\$_	28,000 \$	24,689	\$ <u></u>	(3,311)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: School food grant \$	350,000	\$	350,000 \$	459,909	\$	109,909
Total School Cafeteria Fund \$	719,711		719,711 \$	846,501	_	126,790
School Lottery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money \$	_	\$	- \$	39 3	\$	39
Total revenue from use of money and property \$	-	\$	- \$	39 5	\$ \$	39
Total School Lottery Fund \$	-	- ˙ <u>-</u> \$	- \$	39	_	39
School Capital Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money \$	-	-Ψ <u>=</u> \$	- \$	45 9		45
Total revenue from use of money and property \$	-	\$	- \$	45	\$	45
Intergovernmental: County contribution to School Board \$	-	\$_	\$	890,458	\$	890,458
Total School Capital Fund \$_	-	\$_	\$_	890,503	\$	890,503
School Textbook Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money		\$_	- \$	55_5	\$	55
Total revenue from use of money and property \$	-	\$	- \$	55	\$	55
Total School Textbook Fund \$	-	\$	- \$	55	_	55
Total RevenuesDiscretely Presented Component Unit School Board \$	18,562,309	\$_	18,800,299 \$	19,619,974	_	819,675

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
General government administration:							
Legislative:							
Board of supervisors	\$	58,819	\$_	58,819	_\$	57,089 \$	1,730
General and financial administration:							
County administrator	\$	215,724	\$	237,701	\$	228,821 \$	8,880
Legal services		55,463		55,463		48,743	6,720
Independent Auditor		52,595		53,345		47,299	6,046
Commissioner of the revenue		194,195		194,311		183,515	10,796
Personal property		8,063		8,063		8,051	12
Data Processing		78,733		84,733		71,370	13,363
Land use		1,475		1,475		1,452	23
Assessor		94,450		99,174		98,829	345
Board of Equalization		13,918		13,918		8,783	5,135
Finance Department		176,099		176,124		171,194	4,930
Treasurer		237,660		237,776		229,478	8,298
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,128,375	_\$_	1,162,083	\$	1,097,535 \$	64,548
Board of Elections:							
Electoral board and officials	\$	39,739	\$	43,529	\$	37,358 \$	6,171
Registrar	Ψ	81,676	Ψ	81,676	Ψ	73,801	7,875
	_						
Total board of elections	\$	121,415	_\$_	125,205	\$	111,159 \$	14,046
Total general government administration	\$	1,308,609	_\$_	1,346,107	\$	1,265,783 \$	80,324
Judicial administration:							
Courts:							
Circuit court	\$	22,185	\$	22,185	\$	7,921 \$	14,264
Combined court		13,150		13,150		9,643	3,507
Clerk of the circuit court		283,389		288,945		270,891	18,054
Sheriff - court security		155,838		155,838		152,577	3,261
Magistrates		500		500		-	500
Rappahannock legal services		2,000		2,000		2,000	-
Victim witness program		22,987		22,987		22,560	427
Commissioner of accounts	_	920		920		720	200
Total courts	\$	500,969	\$_	506,525	\$	466,312 \$	40,213
Commonwealth's attorney:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	291,319	\$_	299,363	\$	297,370 \$	1,993
Total judicial administration	\$	792,288	\$	805,888	\$	763,682 \$	42,206

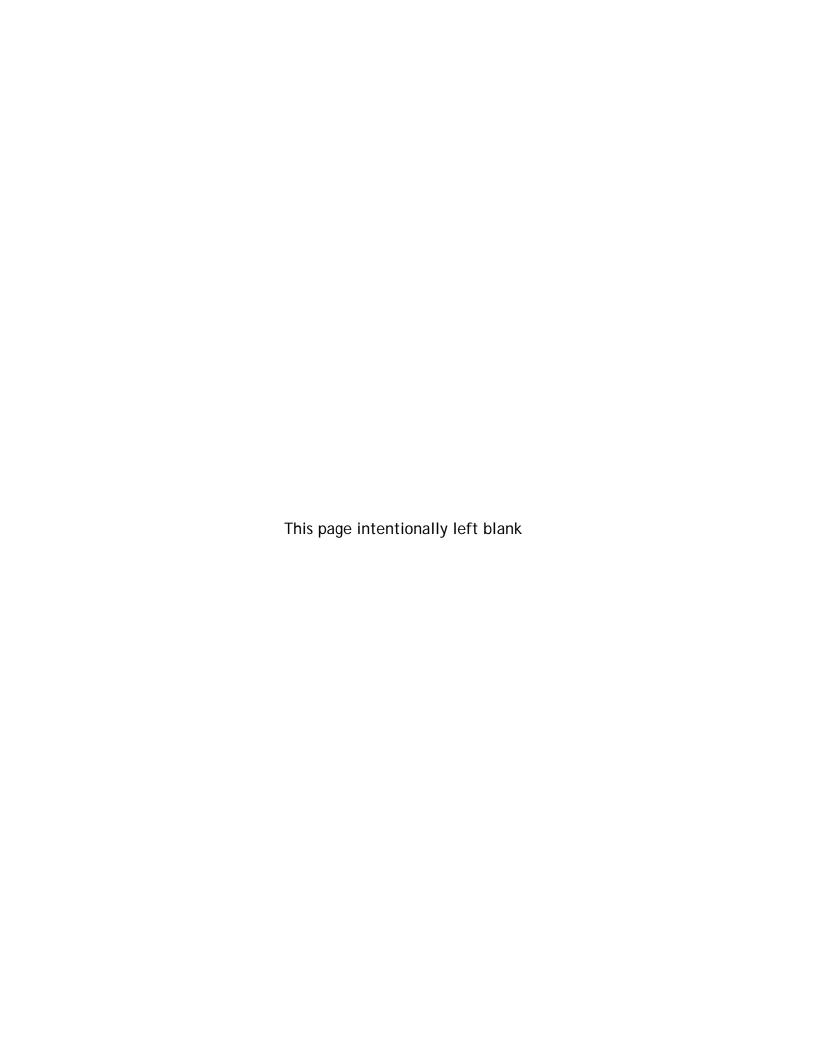
Primary Government: (Continued) Continued Public sarfet Fund: (Continued) Public sarfet Sheriff Sherif	Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff							_	
Sheriff Sher								
Public safety	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Septem		\$	1,778,160	\$	1,860,961	\$	1,765,509 \$	95,452
Fe-911 system	Public safety						55,142	6,875
Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 2,400,682 \$ 2,484,077 \$ 2,340,664 \$ 143,413			-		-			
Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$ 120,000 \$ 120,000 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,000,000 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,000,000 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,000,000 \$ 1,00	E-911 system	_	560,717		561,099		511,287	49,812
Volunteer fire department \$ 120,000 \$ 115,000 \$ 115,000 100,000 \$ 15,033 Ambulance and rescue services 115,000 115,000 100,000 \$ 15,000 EMS Council 7,743 7,743 7,734 \$ 2,950 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,271,816 \$ 1,298,113 \$ 1,268,612 \$ 2,950 Correction and detention: Confinement of prisoners \$ 2,300 \$ 2,300 \$ 2,84 \$ 2,016 Regional jail 585,807 625,625 625,086 539 Jefferson area community corrections 6,234 6,245	Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,400,682	\$_	2,484,077	\$	2,340,664 \$	143,413
Ambulance and rescue services 115,000 115,000 15,000 Emergency medical services 1,029,073 1,055,734 1,042,411 12,959 EMS Council 7,743 7,743 7,743 7,743 7,743 9 Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,271,816 \$ 1,298,113 \$ 1,268,612 \$ 2,950 Corricetion and detention: Corrinement of prisoners \$ 2,300 \$ 2,300 \$ 284 \$ 2,016 Regional Jail 585,807 625,625 625,086 539 Juvenile detention 5,75,522 76,324 75,764 660 Probation office 19,929 17,360 15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention \$ 671,792 727,843 723,085 4,758 Inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 3,044 Total correction and detention \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 3,049 Inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 3,049 Total inspections								
Emergency medical services 1,029,073 1,055,370 1,042,411 12,959 EMS Council 7,743 7,743 7,743 7,734 9 Total fire and rescue services \$1,271,816 \$1,298,113 \$1,268,612 \$2,9501 Correction and detention: Correction and detention: \$2,300 \$2,300 \$2,84 \$2,016 Regional jail 585,807 62,524 625,086 539 Juvenile detention 57,522 76,324 6,254 650 Juvenile detention 57,522 76,324 75,764 560 Probation office 19,929 17,360 15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention \$671,792 727,843 75,764 560 Probation office \$19,929 17,360 \$15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention \$240,518 \$240,704 \$237,655 \$3,049 Total corrections \$240,518 \$240,704 \$237,655 \$3,049 Other protections \$237,600 \$18,818 \$24,232<		\$		\$		\$		
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds Maintenance of each general buildings and grounds Maintenance each general buildin								
Total fire and rescue services \$ 1,271,816 \$ 1,298,113 \$ 1,268,612 \$ 29,501 Correction and detention: Confinement of prisoners \$ 2,300 \$ 2,300 \$ 284 \$ 2,016 Regional jail 585,807 625,625 625,086 539 Juvenile detention 57,522 76,324 6,234 6,234 6,234 Juvenile detention 57,522 76,324 75,764 560 Probation office 19,929 17,360 15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention \$ 671,792 \$ 727,843 \$ 723,085 \$ 4,788 Inspections: Suilding \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Total inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protections: Suilding \$ 237,605 \$ 318,818 \$ 244,238 \$ 74,880 Line of Duty Act 53,645 55,909 51,954 3,955 Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372								
Correction and detention: 2,300 \$ 2,300 \$ 2,300 \$ 2,806 5.39 Confinement of prisoners \$ 585,807 625,625 625,686 539 Jefferson area community corrections 6,234 6,234 6,234 6,234 Juvenile detention 57,522 76,324 75,764 560 Probation office 19,929 17,360 15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention \$ 671,792 \$ 727,843 \$ 723,085 \$ 4,758 Inspections: Building \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Total inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protection: \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protection: \$ 237,600 \$ 318,818 \$ 244,238 \$ 74,580 Line of Duty Act \$ 3,645 55,909 51,954 3,955 Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,400 Total other protection		<u> </u>		 \$		<u> </u>		
Confinement of prisoners \$ 2,300 \$ 2,300 \$ 2,84 \$ 2,016 Regional jail 585,807 625,625 625,086 539 Jefferson area community corrections 6,234 6,234 6,234 6,234 Juvenile detention 57,522 76,324 75,764 560 Probation office 19,929 17,360 15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention \$ 671,792 \$ 727,843 \$ 723,085 \$ 4,758 Inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Total inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protection \$ 237,600 \$ 318,818 \$ 244,238 \$ 74,580 Line of Duty Act \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,372 \$ 3,2		Φ_	1,271,010	φ_	1,270,113	_Ψ	1,200,012 \$	27,301
Regional jail 585,807 625,625 625,086 539 Jefferson area community corrections 6,234 6,234 6,234 6,234 75,764 560 Probation office 19,929 17,360 15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention \$ 671,792 \$ 727,843 \$ 723,085 \$ 4,758 Inspections: \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Total inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protection: \$ 237,600 \$ 318,818 \$ 244,238 \$ 74,580 Line of Duty Act \$ 53,645 \$ 55,99 \$ 51,954 3,955 Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,78,699 \$ 78,935 Total other protection \$ 295,217 \$ 378,699 \$ 299,764 \$ 78,935 Total public safety \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public works: \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public wo		¢	2 200	φ	2 200	¢	204 ¢	2.014
Defferson area community corrections		Þ		Ф		Ф		,
Juvenile detention								-
Probation office 19,929 17,360 15,717 1,643 Total correction and detention 671,792 727,843 723,085 4,758 Inspections: 8 240,518 240,704 237,655 3,049 Total inspections 240,518 240,704 237,655 3,049 Other protection: 7 318,818 244,238 74,580 Animal control and shelter facility 237,600 318,818 244,238 74,580 Line of Duty Act 53,645 55,909 51,954 3,955 Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 4 Medical examiner (coroner) 600 200 200 400 Total public safety 2,880,025 5,129,436 4,869,780 259,656 Public works: 8 153,411 2,7770 125,641 Road construction 2 153,411 2,7770 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: 8 670,882 590,457 80,425 Total sanitation								560
Inspections:	Probation office					_		1,643
Building \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Total inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protection:	Total correction and detention	\$	671,792	\$	727,843	\$	723,085 \$	4,758
Total inspections \$ 240,518 \$ 240,704 \$ 237,655 \$ 3,049 Other protection: Animal control and shelter facility \$ 237,600 \$ 318,818 \$ 244,238 \$ 74,580 Line of Duty Act 53,645 55,909 51,954 3,955 Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 - Medical examiner (coroner) 600 600 200 400 400 Total other protection \$ 295,217 \$ 378,699 \$ 299,764 \$ 78,935 Total public safety \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges Road construction \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings an	Inspections:							
Other protection: Animal control and shelter facility \$ 237,600 \$ 318,818 \$ 244,238 \$ 74,580 Line of Duty Act 53,645 55,909 51,954 3,955 Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 - Medical examiner (coroner) 600 600 600 200 400 Total other protection \$ 295,217 \$ 378,699 \$ 299,764 \$ 78,935 Total public safety \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 <td>Building</td> <td>\$</td> <td>240,518</td> <td>\$_</td> <td>240,704</td> <td>\$</td> <td>237,655 \$</td> <td>3,049</td>	Building	\$	240,518	\$_	240,704	\$	237,655 \$	3,049
Animal control and shelter facility Line of Duty Act Line of Duty Act Line of Duty Act Sarvices to abused families Services to abuse ferminal services to advance to a services to a services to abuse the services to abuse the services to a services to abuse the services to a services to abuse the services the services to abuse the services the services the services the services to	Total inspections	\$	240,518	\$	240,704	\$	237,655 \$	3,049
Line of Duty Act 53,645 55,909 51,954 3,955 Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 - Medical examiner (coroner) 600 600 200 400 Total other protection \$ 295,217 \$ 378,699 \$ 299,764 \$ 78,935 Total public safety \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184		_						
Services to abused families 3,372 3,372 3,372 3,372 - <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td></td>		\$		\$		\$		
Medical examiner (coroner) 600 600 200 400 Total other protection \$ 295,217 \$ 378,699 \$ 299,764 \$ 78,935 Total public safety \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184								3,955
Total other protection \$ 295,217 \$ 378,699 \$ 299,764 \$ 78,935 Total public safety \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges Road construction \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184								-
Total public safety \$ 4,880,025 \$ 5,129,436 \$ 4,869,780 \$ 259,656 Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges Road construction \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184		_						
Public works: Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges Road construction \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184		· -						
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184		\$_	4,880,025	_ \$ _	5,129,436	_\$	4,869,780 \$	259,656
Road construction \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184								
Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges \$ - \$ 153,411 \$ 27,770 \$ 125,641 Sanitation and waste removal: County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184		ф		ф	150 411	ф	27 770 ¢	105 (41
Sanitation and waste removal: \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184		*_	-	- ^{\$} -				
County landfill \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184	Total Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges	\$	-	_ \$ _	153,411	_\$	27,770 \$	125,641
Total sanitation and waste removal \$ 807,987 \$ 670,882 \$ 590,457 \$ 80,425 Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184								
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184	County landfill	\$	807,987	_\$_	670,882	\$	590,457_\$	80,425
General properties \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184 Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184	Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	807,987	\$_	670,882	\$	590,457 \$	80,425
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds \$ 619,402 \$ 616,393 \$ 528,209 \$ 88,184			/40 :0=		/4/ 00=	.	F00 000 1	00.10
		· -				_		
Total public works \$ 1,427,389 \$ 1,440,686 \$ 1,146,436 \$ 294,250	Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	619,402	_ \$ _	616,393	\$	528,209 \$	88,184
	Total public works	\$	1,427,389	\$_	1,440,686	\$	1,146,436 \$	294,250

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued) Health and welfare:							
Health:							
Supplement of local health department	\$	146,617	\$_	146,617	\$	146,617 \$	-
Total health	\$	146,617	\$_	146,617	\$	146,617 \$	
Mental health and mental retardation:							
Chapter X board	\$	74,259	\$	74,259	\$	74,258 \$	1
onapter A board	Ψ_	74,207	- Ψ_	74,237	-	74,250 φ	<u> </u>
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	74,259	\$_	74,259	\$	74,258 \$	1
Welfare:							
Administration	\$	1,546,904	\$	1,546,904	\$	1,463,971 \$	82,933
Hospice of the Rapidan		4,000		4,000		4,000	-
Madison free clinic		2,000		2,000		2,000	-
Rapp-Rapidan medical reserve corporation		500		500		500	-
Piedmont regional dental clinic		1,000		1,000		1,000	-
CSA - at risk youth		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,762,575	(762,575)
Total welfare	\$	3,554,404	\$_	3,554,404	\$	4,234,046 \$	(679,642)
Total health and welfare	\$	3,775,280	\$	3,775,280	\$	4,454,921 \$	(679,641)
Education:							
Contributions to community colleges	\$	1,004	\$	1,004	\$	1,004 \$	_
Contributions to component unit school board	_	7,886,424	· _	7,886,424		7,525,021	361,403
Total education	\$	7,887,428	\$_	7,887,428	\$	7,526,025 \$	361,403
Parks, recreation and cultural:							
Parks and recreation:							
Parks and recreation	\$	84,819	\$_	306,258	\$	262,128 \$	44,130
Total parks and recreation	\$	84,819	\$_	306,258	\$	262,128 \$	44,130
Cultural enrichment:							
Public TV	\$	550	\$	550	\$	550 \$	_
Boys and girls club		500		500		500	-
Senior center		525		525		525	-
Madison county fair	_	1,500	_	1,500		1,500	- _
Total cultural enrichment	\$	3,075	\$_	3,075	\$	3,075 \$	
Library:							
County library	\$	95,228	\$_	95,228	\$	95,228 \$	_
Total parks, recreation and cultural	\$	183,122	\$	404,561	\$	360,431 \$	44,130
			_	-			-

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget		Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Community development:							
Planning and community development:							
Planning commission	\$	17,645	\$	17,645	\$	9,053 \$	8,592
Zoning and planning		132,531		132,647		128,932	3,715
Rapidan Better Housing Corp.		7,000		7,000		7,000	-
Aging together		9,250		9,250		9,250	-
Board of zoning appeals		5,440		5,440		1,176	4,264
Board of building code appeals		700		700		150	550
Tourism				63,000		53,094	9,906
Planning district commission		11,210		11,210		11,209	1
Chamber of commerce		63,909		63,909		63,909	
Geographic information system		21,963		21,893		15,735	6,158
Piedmont workforce network		500		500		500	0,130
Madison habitat for humanity		500		500		500	_
Skyline CAP		28,000		28,000		28,000	-
Skyline CAP	=	26,000		26,000		28,000	
Total planning and community development	\$_	298,648	\$_	361,694	\$	328,508 \$	33,186
Environmental management:							
Soil and water conservation district	\$	33,944	\$	33,944	\$	33,764 \$	180
Forestry service		6,000		6,000		5,979	21
Water quality management	_	1,000		52,833		39,613	13,220
Total environmental management	\$_	40,944	\$_	92,777	\$	79,356 \$	13,421
Cooperative extension program:							
VPI extension	\$	88,648	\$	88,648	\$	73,560 \$	15,088
Northern VA 4-H center	_	500	· _	500	·	500	-
Total cooperative extension program	\$	89,148	\$	89,148	\$	74,060 \$	15,088
Total community dovolonment	\$	428,740		543,619	Φ.	481,924 \$	61,695
Total community development	φ <u>_</u>	420,740	- ⁻ -	343,019	Φ	401,924 Þ	01,093
Nondepartmental:							
Miscellaneous	\$_	876,967	\$_	153,132	\$	130,309 \$	22,823
Total nondepartmental	\$_	876,967	\$_	153,132	\$	130,309 \$	22,823
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	1,388,212	\$	2,398,213	\$	2,398,213 \$	<u>-</u>
Interest and fiscal charges	Ψ	121,822	7	144,843	-	133,710	11,133
Total debt service	\$	1,510,034		2,543,056	<u> </u>	2,531,923 \$	
Total debt service	Φ_	1,510,034	- ^φ –	2,043,000	Φ	<u>کرنی ۱٬۶۲۵</u> ֆ	11,133
Total General Fund	\$_	23,069,882	\$_	24,029,193	\$	23,531,214 \$	497,979

Fund, Function, Activities and Elements		Original Budget	_	Budget As Amended		Actual	Variance From Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavor.)
Primary Government: (Continued) Capital Improvement Fund:							
Education: Contributions to component unit school board	\$_	- !	\$_	1,163,149	\$	890,458 \$	272,691
Capital Projects: Miscellaneous projects Courthouse renovation project	\$	- S	\$	93,560 196,239	\$	2,400 \$ 510	91,160 195,729
Total capital projects	\$	- :	_ \$	289,799	\$	2,910 \$	286,889
Total Capital Improvements Fund	\$	- :	\$	1,452,948		893,368 \$	559,580
Total ExpendituresPrimary Government	\$	23,069,882	= \$_	25,482,141	\$	24,424,582 \$	1,057,559
Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:	_		_				
Instruction	\$	12,977,686	\$	13,196,372	\$	13,179,989 \$	16,383 (1,335)
Administration, attendance and health Pupil transportation services		847,335 1,506,124		847,729 1,506,124		849,064 1,489,082	(1,335) 17,042
Operation and maintenance services		2,013,071		2,013,070		1,884,080	128,990
Technology	_	498,382	_	517,293		430,711	86,582
Total education	\$_	17,842,598	\$	18,080,588	\$	17,832,926 \$	247,662
Debt service: Principal retirement	\$_	- !	\$_	-	\$	49,950 \$	(49,950)
Total debt service	\$	- (\$	-	\$	49,950 \$	(49,950)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	17,842,598	\$_	18,080,588	\$	17,882,876 \$	197,712
Special Revenue Funds: School Cafeteria Fund: Education:			_		_		(0.10, 0.01)
School food program	\$ =	719,711	\$ _	719,711	\$ <u></u>	933,512 \$	(213,801)
School Lottery Fund:							
Education: Facilities	\$	136,455	\$_	136,455	\$	134,603 \$	1,852
School Textbook Fund:							
Education: Instruction	\$	- (¢	_	¢	70,627 \$	(70,627)
School Capital Fund:	Ψ=		Ψ=		Ψ	10,021	(10,021)
Capital Projects:							
Miscellaneous projects	\$	111,306	\$	111,306	\$	77,213 \$	34,093
Wetzel Middle School projects Madison County High School projects		184,854 730,002		184,854 730,002		206,093 431,439	(21,239) 298,563
Primary School projects		304,716		304,716		319,094	(14,378)
Waverly Yowell Elementary School projects		2,107		2,107		2,107	(14,070)
Total capital projects	\$	1,332,985	 \$	1,332,985	\$	1,035,946 \$	297,039
Total School Capital Fund	\$	1,332,985	_	1,332,985		1,035,946 \$	297,039
Total ExpendituresDiscretely Presented Component Unit	_			<u></u>			





COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	13,737,601	15,074,812	15,988,279	18,358,186	19,027,369	18,907,292	19,344,082	20,109,777	20,734,398	22,398,796
Interest on Debt	524,605 \$ 288,931 \$ 13,737,601	293,510	258,137	234,594	205,686	206,551	199,776	179,355	132,026	226,396
Community Development	524,605 \$	986,286	410,815	1,172,189	732,319	435,164	411,120	654,796	484,057	483,237
Parks Recreation and Cultural D	376,214 \$	370,662	425,737	307,191	283,031	354,226	371,752	364,838	382,268	430,365
Education	\$ 820'660'9	6,218,856	6,908,934	7,206,592	7,656,901	7,455,744	8,259,183	8,285,417	7,967,091	7,736,750
Health and Welfare	2,531,628 \$ 1,133,108 \$ 1,365,171 \$ 6,099,078 \$	1,392,766	1,680,276	2,290,794	2,513,784	2,652,806	2,580,466	2,880,632	3,804,200	4,639,198
Public Works	1,133,108 \$	1,316,008	1,183,355	1,382,984	1,553,922	1,432,619	1,235,080	1,275,161	932,928	1,134,355
Public Safety	2,531,628 \$	3,130,935	3,628,091	4,014,589	4,311,119	4,279,844	4,266,320	4,487,980	4,744,000	5,044,642
Judicial Adminis- tration	437,319 \$	480,576	543,889	581,515	611,026	816,078	784,033	772,906	1,060,673	1,259,543
General Sovernment Adminis- tration	981,547 \$	885,213	949,045	1,167,738	1,159,581	1,274,260	1,236,352	1,208,692	1,227,155	1,444,310
Fiscal Year	2003-04 \$	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Total	15,091,014	15,795,606	18,035,998	19,925,136	19,068,830	24,769,867	19,510,011	21,065,832	23,474,628	24,245,421
				Miscella-	neous	77,112 \$ 129,626 \$ 15,091,014	214,742	265,542	277,296	151,095	249,562	133,961	185,893	268,350	613,492
	Revenues	from the	Use of	Money &	Property	77,112 \$	134,758	300,719	434,989	299,916	150,953	174,695	125,474	99,377	112,497
	Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs (1)	1,014,432 \$	1,002,356	1,091,326	1,160,745	1,132,739	1,089,378	1,082,024	1,763,040	1,756,719	1,749,093
nes			Other	Local	Taxes	297,518 \$ 457,849 \$	569,621	639,408	440,733	298,080	274,476	265,345	282,431	401,744	418,580
General Revenues			Restaurant	Food	Taxes	297,518 \$	322,589	318,422	329,270	337,062	328,782	320,479	318,251	335,143	341,365
eg			Motor	Vehicle	Licenses	662,424 \$ 341,070 \$	352,139	359,950	352,763	346,983	11,395	1,410	418,414	420,975	423,225
			Consumers'	Utility	Тах	662,424 \$	684,033	658,496	533,146	321,026	323,111	304,321	347,299	317,594	321,273
			Comm- C	unication	Tax (1)	٠			285,814	666,524	865,509	608,119			
		Local	Sales	and L	Use Tax	840,938 \$	858,730	898,085	945,452	885,111	871,669	776,952	763,844	839,405	856,431
			General	Property	Taxes	8,311,566 \$ 840,938 \$	8,368,873	10,108,547	10,575,070	10,796,759	16,597,542	11,966,643	12,513,243	13,623,003	14,158,939
se			Capital	Grants and	Contributions	\$ 609'55	240,601	•	775,166	30,000	95,724	•	•	6,250	ı
Program Revenues			Operating	Grants and	Contributions	2,274,968 \$	2,359,662	2,581,085	2,970,282	3,000,591	3,471,398	3,192,291	3,433,918	4,168,508	4,302,181
<u>a</u>			Charges	for	Services	627,902 \$	687,502	814,418	844,410	802,944	700,279	683,771	914,025	1,237,560	948,345
	I			Fiscal	Year	2003-04 \$	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

(1) Starting in FY 2011 Communication Tax is reported as a revenue from the commonwealth instead of a local revenue in accordance with the Auditor of Public Accounts.

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA

General Government Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	24,239,791 25,638,159	28,368,787	30,933,604	30,073,402	35,380,219	29,779,162	30,878,988	34,052,784	35,541,333
Inter- governmental (<u>2</u>)	12,014,383 \$ 12,961,011	13,477,950	15,448,144	14,733,412	14,926,950	14,020,795	14,368,576	15,606,531	16,559,976
Recovered Costs gov	33,502 \$ 33,502	1	1	,	1	1	1	,	•
Miscel- laneous	208,126 \$ 290,110	330,417	340,875	226,991	416,134	214,365	336,102	741,178	909,130
Charges for Services	594,301 \$ 507,413	781,335	938,793	962,013	844,561	818,527	957,404	1,304,487	998′ 286
Revenues from the Use of Money & Property	77,112 \$	301,718	436,563	300,560	180,985	213,718	168,030	129,874	146,549
Fines & Forfeitures	296,648 \$ 344,611	304,777	159,163	68,780	127,581	160,201	162,755	152,815	164,756
Permits, Privilege Fees & Regulatory Licenses	161,657 \$	177,143	243,660	285,298	213,156	193,601	228,572	164,269	161,826
Other Local Taxes	2,599,799 \$	2,874,361	2,887,178	2,854,786	2,415,031	2,276,626	2,130,239	2,314,861	2,360,874
General Property Taxes (3)	8,254,263 \$ 8,406,422	10,121,086	10,479,228	10,641,562	16,255,821	11,881,329	12,527,310	13,638,769	14,250,356
Fiscal	2003-04 \$	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Capital Improvement Funds of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit.

⁽²⁾ The General Fund contributions to the Component Unit School Board are not included.

⁽³⁾ In 2009, the County changed to semiannual collections for real estate taxes. In the year of change one and a half years of real estate taxes were collected.

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA

General Government Expenditures by Function (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	884,574 \$ 23,177,406	24,775,927	26,763,972	29,790,187	32,311,890	32,970,796	34,504,649	30,759,140	32,631,943	36,066,667
Debt Service	884,574 \$	860,329	831,109	811,873	791,972	800, 187	1,648,163	1,585,967	1,892,410	2,581,873
Capital Projects	715,043 \$	375,856	1,095,866	519,851	2,487,444	3,580,242	4,634,042	239,673	52,249	1,038,856
Non- departmental	3,855 \$	7,628	2,444	988'9	2,969	141,418	84,874	111,112	90,040	130,309
Community Develop- ment	523,692 \$	964,387	410,965	1,156,839	727,606	434,648	382,894	653, 101	481,807	481,924
Recreation and Cultural	371,492 \$	354,490	400,619	300,210	278,166	283,468	302,702	304,055	314,751	360,431
Education(2)	1,358,058 \$ 14,642,915 \$	15,368,690	16,627,783	17,735,628	18,274,023	17,766,916	17,619,776	17,506,718	18,111,745	18,972,672
Health and Welfare		1,409,053	1,629,216	2,266,613	2,492,297	2,637,754	2,549,199	2,899,404	3,795,114	4,454,921
Public Works	775,092 \$ 414,646 \$ 2,389,695 \$ 1,098,344 \$	1,258,591	1,100,196	1,366,803	1,503,808	1,384,744	1,213,242	1,203,558	1,184,056	1,146,436
Public Safety	2,389,695 \$	2,917,334	3,321,342	4,001,064	4,103,144	4,095,111	4,285,339	4,423,250	4,915,378	4,869,780
Judicial Admini- stration	414,646 \$	448,712	501,572	547,999	580,475	179,987	751,801	752,503	730,518	763,682
General Admini- stration	775,092 \$	810,857	842,860	1,076,421	1,069,986	1,066,321	1,032,617	1,079,799	1,063,875	1,265,783
Fiscal Year	2003-04 \$	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Capital Improvement Funds of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit.

(2) The General Fund contributions to the Component Unit School Board are not included.

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent	Taxes to	Tax Levy	2.95%	3.35%	3.64%	3.91%	5.37%	9.07%	8.65%	9.26%	8.21%	8.00%
Outstanding (1)	Delinquent	Taxes	266,806	308,811	402,371	449,996	626,000	1,067,952	1,103,966	1,226,886	1,137,175	1,163,158
Percent of Total Tax	Collections	to Tax Levy	100.41% \$	100.00%	%19.66	%08.86	98.41%	97.19%	%88.86	100.55%	103.25%	103.05%
Total	Тах	Collections	9,076,453	9,216,977	11,008,814	11,362,017	11,466,556	17,093,918	12,626,453	13,325,973	14,301,023	14,976,768
Delinquent (1)	Tax (2)	Collections	138,928 \$	165,343	141,373	184,236	212,406	977,283	863,163	993,265	949,858	902,588
Percent	of Levy	Collected	98.87% \$	98.20%	98.39%	97.19%	96.59%	91.63%	92.12%	93.05%	96.39%	96.84%
Current	Tax (1) (3)	Collections	8,937,525	9,051,634	10,867,441	11,177,781	11,254,150	16,116,635	11,763,290	12,332,708	13,351,165	14,074,180
	Total (1)	Tax Levy	9,039,498 \$		_	11,500,532	11,652,043	17,587,904	12,769,838	13,253,517	13,851,173	14,532,857
	Fiscal	Year	2003-04 \$	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(3) Includes Commonwealth of Virginia Personal Property Tax Relief Act funds.

⁽²⁾ Does not include land redemptions.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	866.559.652	886,603,267	1,451,293,698	1,492,384,056	1,519,485,509	3,150,559,445	2,159,308,052	2,157,129,026	2,171,462,056	1,976,852,922
Public Service	35.671.761 \$	30,628,417	37,909,513	33,151,419	24,477,476	37,295,445	41,188,982	42,548,911	47,248,097	46,116,154
Merchants' Capital	3.879.555 \$	3,719,957	26,010,545	23,301,149	26,275,770	27,220,872	26,865,146	20,612,489	24,618,756	22,921,593
Machinery and Tools	1.529.900 \$ 1.451.303 \$	1,204,030	5,706,345	6,190,939	5,871,140	6,014,590	4,930,033	4,490,180	4,386,450	3,801,840
Mobile Homes	1.529.900 \$	1,606,340	1,367,200	1,417,940	1,509,889	1,323,762	1,331,600	1,356,400	1,351,300	1,367,700
Personal Property	27.714.533 \$	28,843,923	153,743,395	163,607,309	162,442,134	147,441,726	122,898,091	119,915,146	115,602,303	116,902,835
Real Estate (2)	796.312.600 \$	820,600,600	1,226,556,700	1,264,715,300	1,298,909,100	2,931,263,050	1,962,094,200	1,968,205,900	1,978,255,150	1,785,742,800
Fiscal Year	2003-04 \$	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

^{(1) 100%} fair market value. (2) FY 09 includes 2008 and 1st half of 2009 assessment. FY 09 was the first year the County collected Real Estate

Property Tax Rates (1)

oper in lan hates (1)	Fiscal Years
רו טעט רי	ast Ten

	Merchants'	Capital (2)	4.30	4.30	98.0	98.0	98.0	98.0	98.0	98.0	98.0	0.86
Machinery	and	Tools (2)	5.50 \$	5.50	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.47	1.47	1.47	1.62	1.67
	Mobile	Homes	\$ 92.0	0.76	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.44	0.44	0.44	0.50	0.53
	Personal	Property (2)	8.70 \$	8.70	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.95/2.80	2.95/2.80	2.95/2.80	3.45/2.80
	Real	Estate	\$ 92.0	0.76	0.59	0.59	0.59	0.44	0.44	0.44/0.50	0.50/0.53	0.53/0.67
	Fiscal	Years	2003-04 \$	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

(2) Levied at 20% of fair market value through FY 05 -- at 100% in FY 06.

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA

Table 8

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	594	550	202	459	413	209	618	513	384	1,058
Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value	0.0086	0.0078	0.0044	0.0039	0.0034	0.0024	0.0036	0.0030	0.0022	0.0067
Net Bonded Debt	7,442,122	6,884,519	6,320,857	5,750,840	5,174,039	7,599,998	7,743,068	6,428,248	4,810,000	13,242,500
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	7,442,122 \$	6,884,519	6,320,857	5,750,840	5,174,039	7,599,998	7,743,068	6,428,248	4,810,000	13,242,500
Assessed Value (2)	866,559,652 \$	886,603,267	1,451,293,698	1,492,384,056	1,519,485,509	3,150,559,445	2,159,308,052	2,157,129,026	2,171,462,056	1,976,852,922
Population (1)	12,520 \$	12,520	12,520	12,520	12,520	12,520	12,520	12,520	12,520	12,520
Fiscal	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

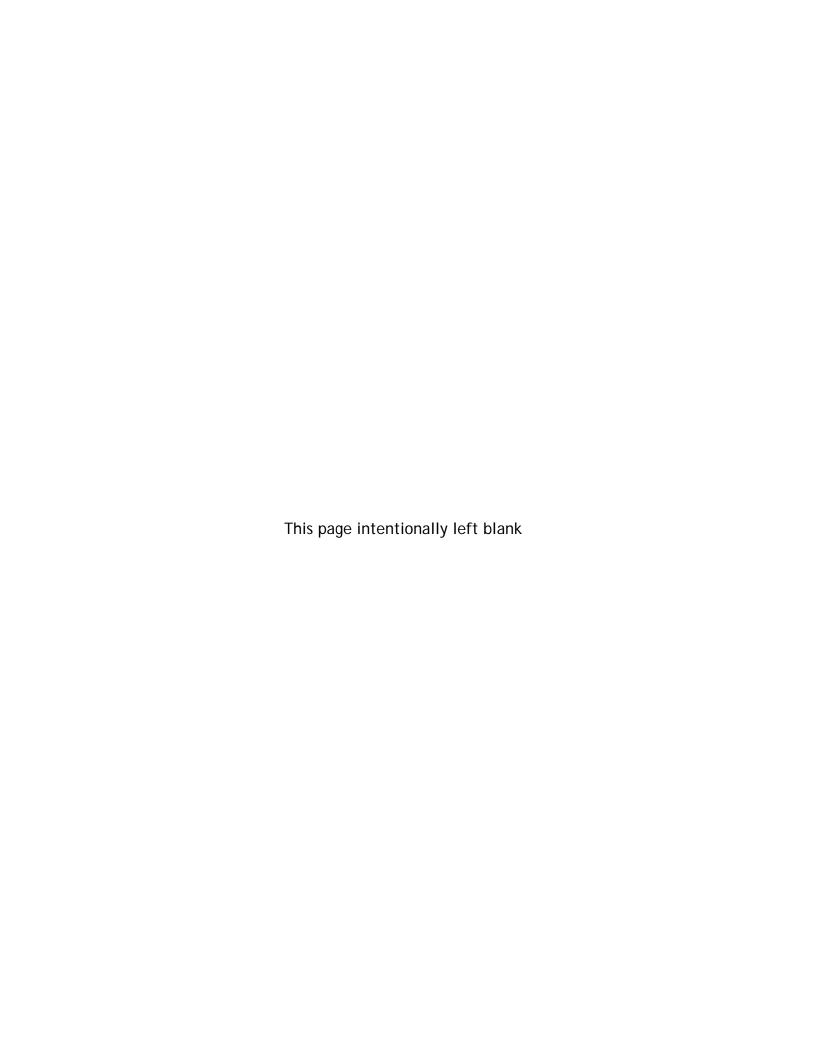
⁽²⁾ From Table 6.

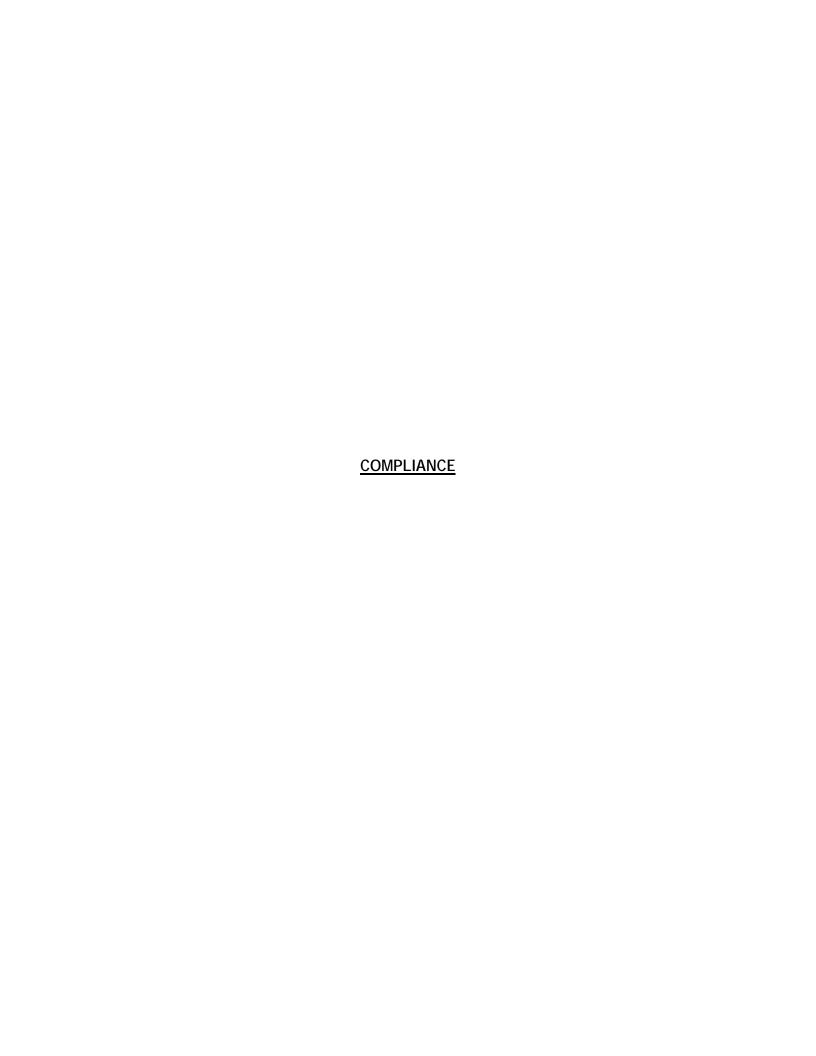
⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund Loans. Excludes compensated absences and landfill closure liability.

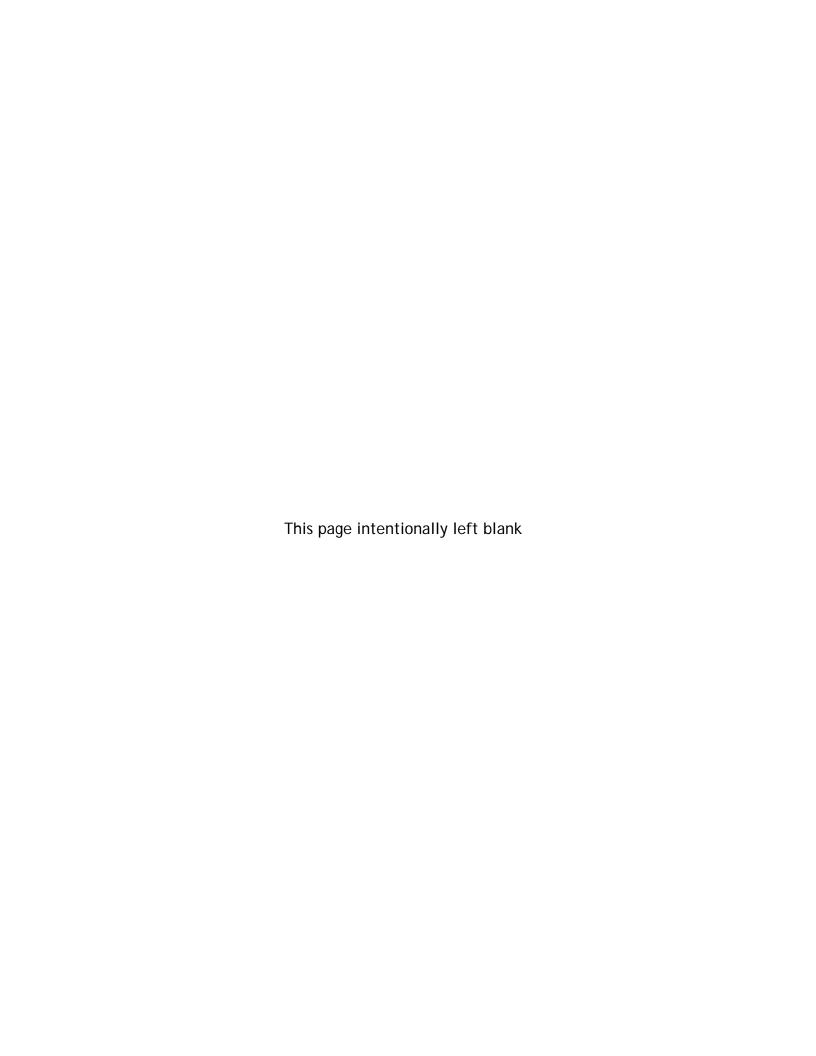
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures Last Ten Years

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	3.82% 3.47% 3.11% 2.73% 2.45% 4.78% 5.16% 7.16%
Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)	23,177,406 24,775,927 26,763,972 29,790,187 32,311,890 32,970,796 34,504,649 30,759,140 32,631,943 36,066,667
Total Debt Service	\$ 884,574 \$ 860,329 831,109 811,873 791,972 800,187 1,648,163 1,842,459 2,581,873
Interest	332,740 3 302,726 267,447 241,856 215,171 216,146 197,157 195,248 144,328
Principal	551,834 \$ 557,603 563,662 570,017 576,801 584,041 1,451,006 1,390,719 1,698,131 2,448,163
	∨
Fiscal	2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2006-07 2007-08 2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12

(1) Includes primary government and discretely presented component unit.







ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Madison, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Madison, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Madison, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 18, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Madison, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Madison, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Madison, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Madison, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hobinson, Famul, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Supervisors of County of Madison County of Madison, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Madison, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Madison Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. County of Madison, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Madison, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Madison, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Madison, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Madison, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of County of Madison, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Madison, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Madison, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hobinson, Famul, Cox Associats Charlottesville, Virginia February 18, 2014

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Primary Government:				
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures Incentive Grants 1	20.601	K81252274	\$	2,258
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950109/0950110	\$	12,154
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400109/0400110		112,974
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500109/0500110		456
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600409/0600410		9,351
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child				
Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760109/0760110		20,172
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160110		1,601
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900109/0900110		654
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100109/1100110		133,677
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120109/1120110		18,211
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000109/1000110		140,955
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150108/9150109/91501110		5,071
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540109/0540110		3,435
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200109/1200110	_	85,917
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	544,628
U.S. Election Assistance Commission:				
Pass through Payments:				
Virginia Election Commission:				
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401	N/A	\$	3,790
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
• •				
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:				
State Homeland Security Program	97.073	N/A	\$	17,856

COUNTY OF MADISON, VIRGINIA (Page 2 of 2)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2013 (continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Primary Government: (continued) Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Department of Social Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010111/0010112/0040111/0040112	\$	142,877
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Primary Government			\$	711,409
Component Unit School Board:				
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	10.555/2011/2012	\$	52,711
Department of Education: National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	10.555/2011/2012		302,976 355,687
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	10.553/2011/2012		104,222
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	459,909
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education: Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Agencies Improving Teacher Quality - State Grants Fund for the Improvement for Education English Language Acquisition Grants Special Education - Grants to States (Special Education Cluster) Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster) Education Technology State Grants ARRA-Education Jobs Fund Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.010 84.367 84.215 84.365 84.027 84.173 84.318 84.410 84.048	\$010A080046/\$010090046 \$367A070044/\$367A08044/\$367A090044 N/A N/A H027A080107/H027A090107 H173A080112/H173A090112 \$318X100046 \$410A100047 V048A080046/V048A090046	\$	450,450 111,647 100 1,576 501,551 10,982 463 220,307 29,621
Total Department of Education			\$	1,326,697
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Component Unit School Board			\$	1,786,606
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards-Reporting Entity			\$	2,498,015

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Madison, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Madison, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Madison, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures on the Schedlue are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:

·····a·· j govo·······o····		
General Fund	\$_	791,140
Total primary government	\$_	791,140
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	1,326,697
School Cafeteria Fund	_	459,909
Total component unit school board	\$	1,786,606
Total federal expenditures per basic financial	_	
statements	\$_	2,577,746
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	(79,731)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$_	2,498,015

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported

in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510(a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

84.410 ARRA-Education Jobs Fund 84.027/84.173 Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B

programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no prior year findings and questioned costs to report.