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Town of Purcellville

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ending June 30, 2021

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared by: Town of Purcellville Finance Department

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DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2021

TOWN COUNCIL

Kwasi A. Fraser, Mayor Mary Jane Williams, Vice Mayor

> Christopher Bertaut Joel D. Grewe Stanley J. Milan, Sr. Tip Stinnette

OFFICIALS

David A. Mekarski	Town Manager
Sally Hankins	Town Attorney
Elizabeth B. Krens	Director of Finance
Vadah B. McCann	Director of Administration
Dale Lehnig	. Director of Engineering, Planning & Development
Jason Didawick	Director of Public Works
Cynthia McAlister	Chief of Police
Sharon Rauch	Director of Human Resources
Shannon Bohince	Director of Information Technology
Don Dooley	Director of Planning & Economic Development



November 24, 2021

To Honorable Mayor, Members of Town Council and Citizens Town of Purcellville, Virginia

I am pleased to present the Town of Purcellville's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. These statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report was prepared by the Town's Finance Department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. The report identifies the Town's financial position and results of operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds over the past fiscal year. We believe the data contained in the report is accurate in all material aspects.

The management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure to ensure the protection of town assets. In developing and evaluating the Town's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Town also maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town Council no later than the close of the previous fiscal year. Activities of the general fund, the parks and recreation special revenue fund, the two utility enterprise funds and capital project funds are included in the Town's annual budget. The Town's accounting system incorporates encumbrance controls to avoid overspending. When necessary, the Town Council approves amendments to the adopted budget. Budgetary compliance is reported monthly and monitored at the departmental level.

The Town Charter and Code of Virginia §15.2-2511 requires an annual audit of the Town's financial affairs performed by independent certified public accountants. The Town has contracted with Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, Certified Public Accountants to provide audit services. Brown Edwards has issued an unmodified opinion on the Town's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located on page 1 and 2 of this report.

Also included in this report is a section titled Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) which begins on page 4a. The MD&A will provide additional analysis and overview of the financial statements contained in this report.

Profile of the Town:

Purcellville is located in western Loudoun County, Virginia, about 40 miles west of Washington, D.C. with a footprint of 3.42 square miles. Incorporated in 1908, Purcellville has retained its attractive small town and historic agrarian attributes, while being a home to many, key economic center and educational/cultural destination. It is a popular tourist destination for antiquing, farmer's markets, wineries, breweries, distilleries, restaurants and recreation along the W&OD trail.

The Town experienced significant population growth over the last 25 years, with a 116% increase from 2000 to 2010 but slowing to a 16% increase from 2010 to 2020. The Town's current population is 8,929 according to the 2020 Census data provided U.S. Bureau of Census.

The Town is operated based on a Council-Manager form of government. It is governed by an elected body of representatives, including one Mayor, serving two-year terms, and six Council Members, serving four-year terms. The Council appoints a Town Manager to execute their policies and oversee the daily operations of the government. Purcellville delivers a full range of municipal services including police protection, refuse collection, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, parks and recreational facilities and events, planning and zoning and general administrative services. The Town also operates two enterprise funds for the purpose of production, distribution and treatment of water and wastewater on behalf of the residents of the Town.

Financial Condition and Economic Outlook:

The novel coronavirus emerged in early 2020 and continued to have worldwide public health and economic impacts into 2021. In order to weather the fiscal and economic uncertainties created by the pandemic, the Town's FY21 budget used conservative revenue forecasts and restricted discretionary spending. Each department modified operational plans to enhance workplace safety to mitigate virus spread and, where possible, technology was deployed for remote operations. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES) also provided federal support for costs incurred to mitigate the virus, funding for essential public safety personnel and funding for business and non-profits grants. These factors allowed the Town to end FY21 in sound financial condition in spite of the disruptions caused by the public health emergency.

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the Town's total net position increased by \$7,751,388 of which \$4,706,125 was from governmental activities and \$3,045,263 was from business-type or utility activities. A large driver of this increase was associated with developer contributions in the form of roads and utility infrastructure. The governmental fund's total fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2021 was \$8.3 million. Of this amount, \$7.9 million, or 69% of general fund expenditures, was unassigned and available for future spending. This was a \$1.5 million increase from the prior year largely driven by revenue bolstered by economic recovery, federal stimulus and reductions to non-essential spending.

The Town's assessed value of taxable real property totaling \$1.5 billion increased by 3.46% in 2021. Early forecasts indicate residential property valuations will continue to increase into 2022. The real property tax rate of \$.22 per \$100 of assessed value and the Fireman's Field Service tax rate of \$.03 per \$100 of assessed value remained unchanged in 2020 and 2021. The utility rates were not changed in FY21 due to the uncertainties of the pandemic. A new utility rate structure was implemented in July 2021 in accordance with recommendations from the Stantec Utility Rate and Cost of Service Study, including a 3% water rate increase and a 5% sewer rate increase. Future rate increases are expected to offset slowing availability revenue and increased debt service.

In March 2021, the Town benefited from historically low interest rates by restructuring utility debt for cash flow savings providing additional time to raise user rates and develop other revenue initiatives. The Town maintained strong investment grade credit ratings: AAA with a "stable outlook" by Standard & Poor's, Aa2 from Moody's Investors Services and AA+ with a "stable outlook" from Fitch Ratings (rating upgrade from AA to AA+ in November 2019). As the Town plans to utilize a significant portion of its \$10.5 million allocation of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to improve utility infrastructure, no additional debt issuances are anticipated in the near term.

Long-Term Financial Planning:

The Town Council has adopted Fiscal Policy Guidelines that provide accounting, budgeting and financial management directives. The reserve management policy requires the general fund's unassigned fund balance to exceed 30% of general fund revenues and utility enterprise fund unrestricted cash and equivalents to exceed 100% of total operating expenditure and debt service. The policy also indicates general fund debt service should not exceed 15% of expenditures and the total bonded debt of the Town should not exceed 2% of total assessed value of taxable property. At the end of FY21, the Town meets or exceeds all policy guidelines.

The Town also works with a Financial Advisor, Davenport, and Utility Rate Consultant, Stantec, to develop a multi-year fiscal plan as a component of the annual budget process. This plan is used to help identify fiscal challenges, set tax and utility rates and establish a financing plan for capital infrastructure needs.

Major Awards and Initiatives:

The following is a partial listing of a significant initiatives and achievements accomplished across all departments in fiscal year 2021:

- Received 11th consecutive GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021.
- Received 13th consecutive GFOA Certificate of Achievement for fiscal year 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.
- Maintained strong investment grade credit ratings from the three national credit rating agencies: AAA from Standard and Poor's, AA+ from Fitch Ratings and Aa2 from Moody's Investor Service.
- Rebate from new Purchasing Card program- August 2020
- Received 14th Annual Tree City USA designation from the Arbor Day Foundation.
- Received the 2020 Tree City USA Growth Award, for the 11th year, from the Arbor Day Foundation for demonstrating Education and Public Relations, Planning and Management, and Tree Planting and Maintenance at a high level.
- The Town of Purcellville has been awarded funding from the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation and the Federal Highway Administration through the Recreational Trails Program. Thirty-five applications were received of which nine, including the Town of Purcellville, were successful. The Town of Purcellville's project will establish a new multi-use trail through the Suzanne R. Kane Nature Preserve to improve accessibility and to establish connections between existing and planned trails and sidewalks. The grant award is for \$328,734, which is 80% of the total project estimate of \$410,918.
- Mothers Against Drunk Driving (MADD) Law Enforcement Officer Award given to Officer Raymond Starkey-October 2020
- Veterans of Foreign Wars (VFW) Law Enforcement Public Servant Citation awarded to Lieutenant Barry Dufek-March 2021
- Hosted two online Civilian Response and Casualty Care (CRCC) Classes-April 2021
- The Third Virginia Law Enforcement Professional Standards Commission (VLEPSC) Reaccreditation Awarded to Purcellville Police Department-May 2021
- Hosted first Bicycle Safety Rodeo for children and parents-May 2021
- Hosted Crime Prevention Seminar (online and in-person) for Burglary/Larceny-June 2021

- Loudoun Chamber's Annual Valor Awards- Officer Alexander Burkett- Bronze Medal of Valor, Corporal Paul Kakol- Lifesaving Award, and Officer Raymond Starkey- Certificate of Valor-July 2021
- Tyler/Munis ERP system All major modules live as of Spring 2020
 - Kickoff in May 2016
 - o Tax/Revenue Module- Live February 2017
 - Financials Module- Live October 2017 (2 months ahead of schedule)
 - Business License Module- Live January 2018
 - o Open Finance Transparency Portal- Live November 2019
 - Meals Tax Module- Live January 2019
 - HR/Payroll- Live January 2020
 - Bank of America Purchase Card integration- March 2020
 - Utility Billing Module- Live April 2020
 - Employee Self Service- Live May 2020
 - General Billing Module- Target Winter 2022
 - Citizen Self Service for Utility Accounts- Target Spring 2022
- Munis Software Platform upgrade (version 2019.1) March 2022
- Received 13th consecutive Water Treatment Plant Excellence in Granular Filter Media Performance Bronze Award.
- The Wastewater lab met the requirements to be approved as a Certified Environmental Laboratory.
- The Wastewater Department received three awards from the Virginia Rural Water Association-Jason Chapman-Operator of the year, Adam Bailey-Rookie of the year and Kristen Muller-Lab Technician of the year.
- The Planning Commission recommended two zoning code amendments this year to the Town Council. The first amendment concerned maximum building heights for buildings in the C-4 zone. The second amendment involved creating a greater level of scrutiny for demolition requests that involve razing historic resources in the Town and to create the Historic Preservation Overlay Zone.
- The Purcellville Planning Commission launched a project to rewrite the Zoning Ordinance for the purpose of implementing the 2030 Purcellville Comprehensive Plan. The Town is currently in the process of hiring a consultant to help with the work.
- The Economic Development Advisory Committee (EDAC) launched an initiative to develop a "Grand Strategy" for economic development in Purcellville. The Grand Strategy document is expected to be completed in 2022.
- The Board of Architectural Review processed three applications for new building construction in the Town in 2021.
- The Planning Department has continued to successfully process a variety of development applications and handle a variety of code enforcement issues to implement the Purcellville Zoning Code and Comprehensive Plan.
- The Town established a Nutrient Credit bank on the Aberdeen property (RFP process, contractor selection and negotiation, trees planted, completed bank accepted by DEQ allowing for the sale of credits). This project has the potential to create up to \$1 million in one-time, non-traditional revenue for the Town's Water fund.
- Village Case property Removed unsafe structures.
- Infrastructure planning projects completed during FY21- Pavement Management plan completed in FY20. Multiple streets identified through the pavement management plan were paved in November 2020 and April 2021.

- Infrastructure projects completed during FY21- Nature Park Wells Connection Project, LVHS to Sutton Sidewalk, Hirst Road Improvements, all cellular carriers relocated from the temporary cellular tower to the water tower.
- Infrastructure projects under construction during FY21:
 - \circ Nursery Avenue Improvements- Notice of Award 6/29/20. Notice to Proceed 7/10/20. Currently under construction, with construction completion November 2021.
 - o Hatcher Avenue Sidewalk Improvements
 - Wastewater Plant- Installation of the LEAP Aeration, membrane cassette refurbishment and the membrane replacement.
- Infrastructure projects under design in FY21- 12th Street Drainage and Road Improvements, 32nd & Main Street Intersection Improvements, F Street Water Main Replacement, Hall Avenue & O Street Water Main Replacement, Hirst Reservoir Intake, Valve Replacement & Dredging, Phase 2 Main Street & Maple Avenue Intersection Improvements, West End Pump Station Improvements and East End Pump Station Generator.

Awards and Acknowledgements:

The Town received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 from the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government and its management.

In closing, we would like to thank the Mayor and Town Council for their fiduciary oversight. We would also like to recognize the entire Finance team for their work year-round to manage the Town's financial records and systems. In particular, we would like to acknowledge Paula Hicks, Accounting Manager, whose expertise and professionalism ensures this financial document is accurate, complete and timely in its release.

Sincerely,

David A. Mekarski, AICP Town Manager

Elizabeth B. Krens, MGT Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

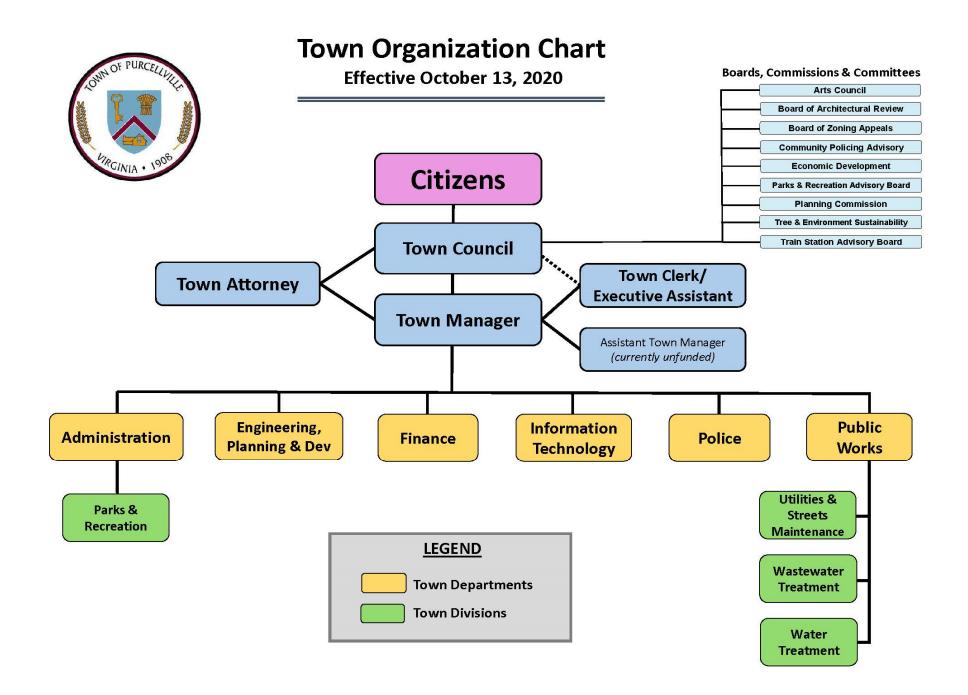
Town of Purcellville Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Purcellville, Virginia Purcellville, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, and each major fund of the Town of Purcellville, Virginia (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

- Your Success is Our Focus -

Report on the Financial Statements (Continued)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Purcellville, Virginia, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and other required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2021 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 24, 2021

As management of Town of Purcellville (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$81,920,832 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$15,867,123 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net position increased \$7,751,388, of which the governmental activities accounted for \$4,706,125 of the increase and business-type activities accounted for \$3,045,263 of the increase.
- The ending fund balance of the Town's general fund was \$8,273,834, an increase of \$1,466,000 from the prior year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$7,943,340, or 69% of the general fund expenditures.

• The Town's total long-term obligations decreased by \$203,510 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of how the financial position of the Town may be changing. Increases in net position may indicate an improved financial position; however, even decreases in net position may reflect a changing manner in which the Town may have used previously accumulated funds.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Town include general government administration, public safety, and public works. The business-type activities are for public utilities. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 5 through 6 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Town's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The Town maintains three governmental funds, a General Fund, a Special Revenue Fund and a Capital Projects fund. The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 7 through 10 of this report.

The Town maintains one type of *Proprietary Fund*. The Town uses *enterprise funds*, which are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements, to account for its public utilities. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 13 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 49 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning budgetary comparisons for the general fund and schedules of funding progress relating to the Town's participation in its pension plan and other postemployment benefits. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 50 through 58 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$81,920,832 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A large portion of the Town's net position (\$64,533,800 or 79% of total) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure machinery and equipment, and vehicles), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities (i.e., the Town's investment in capital assets are of a permanent nature as assets acquired are generally not sold or otherwise disposed of during their useful life).

Town of Purcellville, Virginia

The following table summarizes the Town's Statement of Net Position:

Summary of Net Position								
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Capital assets, net	\$ 56,172,516	\$ 52,496,712	\$ 59,377,088	\$ 52,225,999	\$115,549,604	\$104,722,711		
Other assets	19,768,962	13,492,003	13,935,761	15,406,891	33,704,723	28,898,894		
Total assets	\$ 75,941,478	\$ 65,988,715	\$ 73,312,849	\$ 67,632,890	\$149,254,327	\$133,621,605		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,953,453	\$ 1,796,595	\$ 3,168,082	\$ 2,989,394	\$ 5,121,989	\$ 4,785,989		
Long-term liabilities, net	\$ 19,593,453	\$ 20,125,883	\$ 42,425,076	\$ 42,096,156	\$ 62,018,529	\$ 62,222,039		
Other liabilities	6,843,048	2,159,013	1,401,094	1,448,709	8,244,142	3,607,722		
Total liabilities	\$ 26,436,501	\$ 22,284,896	\$ 43,826,170	\$ 43,544,865	\$ 70,262,671	\$ 65,829,761		
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,125,864	\$ 2,220,260	\$ 66,949	\$ 92,474	\$ 2,192,813	\$ 2,312,734		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 43,165,963	\$ 38,353,880	\$ 21,367,837	\$ 14,060,553	\$ 64,533,800	\$ 52,414,433		
Restricted	1,519,909	1,959,705	-	-	1,519,909	1,959,705		
Unrestricted	4,647,148	2,966,569	11,219,975	12,924,392	15,867,123	15,890,961		
Total net position	\$ 49,333,020	\$ 43,280,154	\$ 32,587,812	\$ 26,984,945	\$ 81,920,832	\$ 70,265,099		
PPA-developer contributions		1,346,741		2,557,604		3,904,345		
Beginning net position as restated		\$ 44,626,895		\$ 29,542,549		\$ 74,169,444		

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the Town as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

As noted previously, the Town's overall (governmental and business-type activities) net position increased by \$7,751,388 during the current fiscal year. Of this total net position, the governmental activities reported an increase of \$4,706,125 and the business-type activities reported an increase of \$3,045,263, both areas benefiting from recognition of developer contributions.

The following table summarizes the Town's Statement of Activities:

		anges in Net Po					
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 330,571	\$ 335,299	\$ 5,471,261	\$ 5,528,146	\$ 5,801,832	\$ 5,863,445	
Operating grants and contributions	1,208,177	1,210,658	-	-	1,208,177	1,295,989	
Capital grants and contributions	3,869,206	1,866,644	5,028,229	639,279	8,897,435	2,505,923	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	4,545,865	4,356,659	-	-	4,545.865	4,356,659	
Other taxes	5,516,628	4,813,304	-	-	5,516,628	4,813,304	
Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Security Act Funding Unrestricted revenues from the use	1,704,154	85,331	-	-	1,704,154	85,331	
of money and property	27,000	68,890	247,833	193,317	274,833	262,207	
Unrestricted investment	8,127	139,166	14,574	227,236	22,701	369,402	
Miscellaneous	55,950	113,338	27,180	227,200	84,420	113,338	
Total revenues	\$ 17,265,678	\$ 12,989,289	\$ 10,789,077	\$ 6,587,978	\$ 28,054,755	\$ 19,577,267	
Expenses						÷ ->,• - , , = • ,	
General government administration	\$ 5,409,541	\$ 4,083,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,409,541	\$ 4,083,075	
Public safety	2,098,663	2,643,488	-	-	2,098,663	2,643,488	
Public works	2,224,500	2,868,524	-	-	2,224,500	2,868,524	
Parks, recreation and culture	373,998	312,666	-	-	373,998	312,666	
Community development	2,143,612	1,399,905	-	-	2,143,612	1,399,905	
Interest and other fiscal charges	309,239	468,726	-	-	309,239	468,726	
Water	-	-	3,314,617	2,973,565	3,314,617	2,973,565	
Sewer	-	-	4,429,197	3,845,912	4,429,197	3,845,912	
Total expenses	\$ 12,559,553	\$ 11,776,384	7,743,814	6,819,477	20,303,367	18,595,861	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 4,706,125	\$ 1,212,905	\$ 3,045,263	\$ (231,499)	\$ 7,751,388	\$ 981,406	
Beginning net position	43,280,154	42,067,249	26,984,945	27,216,444	70,265,099	69,283,693	
PPA-developer contributions	1,346,741		2,557,604		3,904,345	-	
Beginning net position as restated	44,626,895		29,542,549		74,169,444		
Ending net position	\$ 49,333,020	\$ 43,280,154	\$ 32,587,812	\$26,984,945	\$ 81,920,832	\$ 70,265,099	

Town of Purcellville, Virginia Changes in Net Position

Generally, changes in net position reflect the difference between revenues and expenses. The Town reported an increase in net position of governmental activities by \$4,706,125. Governmental revenues increased over 2020 by \$4.276 million driven by increases in other local taxes (\$.703mil), recognition of developer contributions from Mayfair residential project (\$2.0mil) and receipt of \$1.7mil of Coronavirus Aid Relief and Security Act Funding (CARES). Governmental expenses increased by \$.783 million over 2020 primarily due to use of federal CARES funding to mitigate the health and economic impacts of the coronavirus.

Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$3,045,263 as revenues exceeded expenses. As a public utility function comprises the Town's business-type activities, there is more of a direct correlation to the revenues generated relative to expenses incurred because of service demands. Business-type revenues increased by \$4.201 million over 2020 as a result of recognition of developer contributions associated with the Mayfair residential project and availability fees. Business-type expenses increased by \$.924 million over 2020 due to bond issuance costs and increased interest expense associated with the 2021 debt restructure. Other areas of cost increase were personnel, plant and equipment, and depreciation expense associated with developer contributions.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The Town's governmental funds include the general fund, the special revenue fund for parks and recreation activities and the capital projects fund.

General fund revenues totaled \$12,927,773 a \$2,412,698 increase over 2020. The largest driver of this increase was receipt of federal CARES funding totaling \$1,704,154. Additionally, other local taxes increased \$703,324 from 2020 due to increased meals and sales tax revenue as commerce began to reopen following the initial coronavirus shutdowns. General fund expenditures, excluding principal payments, totaled \$10,492,599, a \$303,640 increase over 2020. This difference included CARES funded business and non-profit grants totaling \$975,132 offset by reductions in interest expense and capital outlay.

Special parks and recreation fund revenues totaled \$464,924, a decrease of \$64,311 over 2020 due to coronavirus impacts including cancellation of community events and Bush Tabernacle rent abatement. Expenditures, excluding principal payments, totaled \$387,506, \$23,926 more than 2020 due largely to increased personnel, consulting and facility maintenance costs.

Capital projects fund revenues totaled \$1,827,179, a decrease of \$88,906 over 2020 due to decreased investment income and intergovernmental grants. Expenditures totaled \$1,722,619, \$636,598 less than 2020 due to project timing as three projects were completed in 2020 leaving only one project under construction in 2021.

The town's total governmental fund balance was \$10,970,371 at the end of 2021, an increase of \$1,562,978 from 2020. Of this amount, \$7,943,340 was unassigned and available for future spending, an increase of \$1,879,134 over 2020 as revenues exceeded expenditures.

Proprietary Funds: The town's proprietary funds include the water fund and sewer fund and provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Water fund operating revenues totaled \$2,391,149, an increase of \$54,712 over 2020 primarily due to state grants and reimbursements from cellular companies for water tower improvements needed to support their equipment. Operating expenses totaled \$2,808,681, an increase of \$234,262 over 2020. This increase was driven by personnel costs and additional depreciation expense associated with assets contributed by developers.

Non-operating revenues less expenses decreased by \$174,855 as investment revenue declined, interest costs increased and the town incurred bond issuance costs. Capital Contributions totaled \$2,203,330, an increase of \$1,623,865 over 2020 due to new utility connections and developer contributions. The water fund's ending net position for 2021 was \$15,341,152, of which \$5,755,901 was unrestricted. The 2021 decrease in unrestricted net position of \$866,526 is mainly due to a decrease in cash and investments.

Wastewater Fund operating revenues totaled \$3,080,112, a decrease of \$111,597 over 2020 primarily due to decreased user fee revenue given usage reductions and the Town's moratorium on non-payment penalties and service disconnects during the pandemic. Operating expenses totaled \$3,098,514, an increase of \$290,301 over 2020 due to increased personnel costs and plant and equipment repairs. Non-operating revenues less expenses decreased in 2021 by \$355,855 as investment revenue declined, interest costs increased and the town incurred bond issuance costs. Capital Contributions totaled \$2,824,899, an increase of \$2,765,085 over 2020 due to new utility connections and developer contributions. The sewer fund's ending net position for 2021 was \$17,246,660, of which \$5,464,074 was unrestricted. The 2021 decrease in unrestricted net position of \$837,891 is a result of a reduction in the fund's cash balance and increases in accounts payable, pension and OPEB liabilities.

The town's total net position at the end of 2021 for the two proprietary funds was \$32,587,812, of which \$11,219,975 was unrestricted.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

As the Town was deliberating the FY21 budget in spring 2020, the Governor issued unprecedented emergency orders to shutdown non-essential businesses and schools in order to protect the health and safety of Virginians and mitigate the spread of the novel coronavirus. Given the economic uncertainties associated with the pandemic, there was an expectation that revenues would be significantly reduced and discretionary spending and some operating projects were eliminated or deferred in the FY21 budget. In order to provide greater fiscal flexibility, the Town Council adopted an Interim Emergency Budget limited to the First Quarter of FY21 on June 9, 2020. The balance of the FY21 budget was adopted on September 22, 2020.

Fortunately, economic recovery fared better than initial expectations, bolstered by federal stimulus programs and vaccine rollout, resulting in a FY21 General Fund budgetary surplus of \$1,466,000.

General fund revenues were above budget projections by \$656,962 in 2021. The largest positive trend was reported in the Other Local Tax category as meals and sales tax exceeded budget forecasts. Other categories such as investment income, communications tax, street revenue and arts grants fell below expectations. The federal CARES funding was fully utilized by December 30, 2020 in accordance with the legislation.

The 2021 expenditures were under budget by \$1,780,548. The largest area of savings was seen in Public Safety as \$454K of federal CARES funding was applied to personnel costs. Savings were also seen in Public Works, Engineering and administrative departments primarily due to personnel vacancies and program reductions as resources were reallocated to focus on the pandemic and CARES funded programs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$115,549,604 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, and machinery and equipment as well as construction in progress. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are illustrated in the following table:

Town of Purcellville, Virginia Capital Assets (net of depreciation)								
		rnmental tivities		ess-type tivities	T	Total		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Land	\$ 4,310,764	\$ 4,310,764	\$ 3,039,509	\$ 3,039,509	\$ 7,350,273	\$ 7,350,273		
Building	8,992,767	9,303,908	-	-	8,992,767	9,303,908		
Improvements other than								
buildings	2,569,430	2,798,310	-	13,500	2,569,430	2,811,810		
Machinery and equipment	315,920	366,252	664,486	732,190	980,406	1,098,442		
Vehicles	495,377	502,994	123,621	152,781	618,998	655,775		
Infrastructure	36,169,598	33,457,300	-	-	36,169,598	33,457,300		
Utility plant in service	-	-	54,121,243	47,360,039	54,121,243	47,360,039		
Construction in progress	3,318,660	1,757,184	1,428,229	927,980	4 ,746,889	2 ,685,164		
Total	\$ 56,172,516	\$ 52,496,712	\$ 59,377,088	\$ 52,225,999	\$ 115,549,604	\$ 104,722,711		

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

Long-term obligations: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had total outstanding obligations of \$62,018,529 and details are summarized in the following table:

Town of Purcellville, Virginia Outstanding Obligations For the Year Ended June 30, 2021							
		nmental vities		ess-type vities	Te	otal	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,481,066	\$ 13,459,981	\$ 40,623,257	\$ 40,663,000	\$ 53,104,323	\$ 54,122,981	
Notes payable	510,000	595,000	-	-	510,000	595,000	
Capital leases	416,429	501,603	91,810	150,748	508,239	652,351	
Net pension liability	1,018,882	540,312	309,787	144,665	1,328,669	684,977	
Net OPEB liabilities	4,615,917	4,552,713	1,319,652	1,049,781	5,935,569	5,602,494	
Compensated absences	551,159	476,274	80,570	87,962	631,729	564,236	
	\$ 19,593,453	\$ 20,125,883	\$ 42,425,076	\$ 42,096,156	\$ 62,018,529	\$ 62,222,039	

Obligations associated with governmental activities decreased by \$532,430 in 2021 due to payment of principal totaling \$1.15mil less the increases in Net pension and OPEB liabilities.

Obligations associated with business-type activities increased by \$328,920 in 2021 due to increases in Net pension liability and Net OPEB liabilities less decreases in debt and compensated absences. In March 2021, the Town took advantage of low interest rates to restructure utility debt to create cash flow savings providing additional time to raise user rates and develop other revenue initiatives.

The Town is subject to a statutory debt limitation. The legal debt margin is limited to 10% of total assessed value. The margin is computed as all bonded debt and long-term notes except for enterprise indebtedness over total assessed value of taxed real property. The Town was compliant with Virginia debt limitation statutes as of June 30, 2021.

Additional information on the Town's outstanding debt obligations can be found in Note 6 and debt compliance is found in Table 12. Additional information on net pension can be found on Note 8 and OPEB on Notes 9, 10 and 11.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town of Purcellville, population 8,929, is located in western Loudoun County at the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains approximately 50 miles west of Washington, DC. Once a stop along the W&OD rail line, Purcellville has maintained its historic old-town feel reflecting the Victorian architecture popular in the early 1900's while enjoying the economic benefits of the D.C. region. Today, Purcellville is the economic hub of western Loudoun County and a popular weekend destination for antiquing, equestrian activities, farmer's markets, wineries, breweries, distilleries and restaurants.

As detailed in the General Fund Budgetary Highlights above, the Town experienced a strong economic recovery in FY21 following the spring 2020 downturn caused by the novel coronavirus. This is evidenced by a strong rebound in meals and sales tax revenues. The Town leveraged federal CARES funding to help businesses and non-profits overcome pandemic challenges and stimulate local commerce.

Despite the pandemic, Purcellville's real property assessments increased by 3.46% in 2021, made up of a 2.28% increase in existing property values and a 1.18% increase in new construction and growth. Given the strong real estate market, the town expects to see continued growth in residential assessments in 2022, however, there is less certainty associated with commercial valuations. While new development has slowed as the Town approaches build-out, some new construction/growth is expected in 2022. The current residential/commercial tax base is split 82/18%. The property tax rates remained unchanged in 2021 with the real estate tax rate at \$0.22 per \$100 of assessed value and the Fireman's Field Service tax rate at \$0.03. The Fireman's Field special assessment is used to support recreational and cultural facilities and activities and is reported in the Parks and Recreation special revenue fund.

In 2022, the town's General Fund continues to benefit from a diversified revenue stream. The largest categories are property tax (32%), meals tax (19%), CARES (13%), sales tax (11%), revenue from the Commonwealth (9%), and business license (7%).

In the Proprietary funds, the Town has undertaken several studies to ensure the long-term health of the utility enterprise funds. The first was the Stantec Utility Rate and Cost of Service Study completed in December 2019 that resulted in implementation of a new utility rate structure in July 2021 to include a 3% water rate increase and a 5% sewer rate increase. The study also recommended additional annual rate increases of about 3% in water and 5-7% in sewer to offset slowing availability revenue as the Town reaches build-out and annual debt service escalations through 2026 following the restructure. In order to moderate user rate increases, the Town Council is exploring innovative revenue opportunities such as sale of nutrient credits, expanded cellular lease opportunities and forestry revenue. The Town also recently completed a Water Resources Study and plans to use a significant portion of its \$10.5 million allocation of federal Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds on utility infrastructure projects over the next four to six years.

The Town has maintained strong investment grade credit ratings with the three national credit rating agencies:

- o Standard and Poors (AAA, Outlook Stable)
- o Moody's (Aa2)
- o Fitch (AA+, Outlook Stable)

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Town Manager Town of Purcellville 221 S. Nursery Ave. Purcellville, VA 20132

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS	\$ 6,952,885	\$ 5,851,008	\$ 12.803.893	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Cash and cash equivalents, restricted (Note 2)	\$ 6,952,885 6,799,831	\$ 5,851,008	\$ 12,803,893 6,799,831	
Investments (Note 2)	2,970,675	7,064,115	10,034,790	
Receivables, net	2,970,075	7,004,115	10,034,790	
Taxes receivable	2,227,116	_	2,227,116	
Accounts receivable	264,214	917,146	1,181,360	
Due from other governmental units (Note 4)	383,743	5,011	388,754	
Inventories	78,750	73,738	152,488	
Prepaid expenses	91,748	24,743	116,491	
Capital assets, net (Note 5)	51,710	21,715	110,191	
Land	4,310,764	3,039,509	7,350,273	
Buildings and system	8,992,767	-	8,992,767	
Improvements other than buildings	2,569,430	_	2,569,430	
Machinery and equipment	315,920	664,486	980,406	
Vehicles	495,377	123,621	618,998	
Infrastructure	36,169,598	-	36,169,598	
Utility plant in service	-	54,121,243	54,121,243	
Construction in progress	3,318,660	1,428,229	4,746,889	
Total assets	75,941,478	73,312,849	149,254,327	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	///////////////////////////////////////	/5,512,047	147,254,527	
Deferred charge on refunding	400,942	2,705,816	3,106,758	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 8)	951,149	289,193	1,240,342	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 0) Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits (Notes 9, 10 and 11)	601,816	173,073	774,889	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,953,907	3,168,082	5,121,989	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	682,948	400,289	1,083,237	
Accrued liabilities	228,110	46,737	274,847	
Customer deposits	520,096	535,570	1,055,666	
Unearned revenue	5,279,922	-	5,279,922	
Accrued interest payable	131,972	418,498	550,470	
Noncurrent liabilities due within one year:				
Due within one year (Note 6)	1,324,617	158,141	1,482,758	
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year:				
Net pension liability (Note 8)	1,018,882	309,787	1,328,669	
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities (Notes 9, 10 and 11)	4,615,917	1,319,652	5,935,569	
Other non current liabilities (Note 6)	12,634,037	40,637,496	53,271,533	
Total liabilities	26,436,501	43,826,170	70,262,671	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred property taxes (Note 7)	1,897,006	-	1,897,006	
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 8)	78,033	23,726	101,759	
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits (Notes 9, 10 and 11)	150,825	43,223	194,048	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,125,864	66,949	2,192,813	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	43,165,963	21,367,837	64,533,800	
State highway maintenance	21,836	-	21,836	
Fireman's field	74,795	-	74,795	
Proffers	963,573	-	963,573	
Loudoun County transportation and sidewalk projects	459,705	-	459,705	
Unrestricted	4,647,148	11,219,975	15,867,123	
Total net position	\$ 49,333,020	\$ 32,587,812	\$ 81,920,832	
*		<u> </u>		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Program Revenues			Expense) Revenu anges in Net Posit		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental activities							
General government administration	\$ 5,409,541	\$ 178,255	\$ 326,476	\$ -	\$ (4,904,810)		\$ (4,904,810)
Public safety	2,098,663	63,386	195,400	Ψ	(1,839,877)		(1,839,877)
Public works	2,224,500	-	682,551	2,044,545	502,596		502,596
Parks, recreation, and cultural	373,998	300	3,750	2,011,515	(369,948)		(369,948)
Community development	2,143,612	88,630	-	1,824,661	(230,321)		(230,321)
Interest and other fiscal charges	309,239	-	-	-	(309,239)		(309,239)
							i
Total governmental activities	12,559,553	330,571	1,208,177	3,869,206	(7,151,599)		(7,151,599)
Business-type activities							1 950 0 49
Water	3,314,617	2,391,149	-	2,203,330		1,279,862	1,279,862
Sewer	4,429,197	3,080,112		2,824,899		1,475,814	1,475,814
Total business-type activities	7,743,814	5,471,261		5,028,229		2,755,676	2,755,676
Total primary government	\$ 20,303,367	\$ 5,801,832	\$ 1,208,177	\$ 8,897,435	(7,151,599)	2,755,676	(4,395,923)
		General revenue Taxes:	s:				
		General proper	ty taxes		4,545,865	-	4,545,865
		Local sales and	luse		1,425,820	-	1,425,820
		Business licens	ses		847,344	-	847,344
		Utility license			216,085	-	216,085
		Meals			2,429,322	-	2,429,322
		Cigarette			222,166	-	222,166
		Franchise			364,986	-	364,986
		Other local tax	es		10,905	-	10,905
		Coronavirus Aid	, Relief, and Secur	ity Act Funding	1,704,154	-	1,704,154
		Unrestricted reve	enues from use of j	property	27,000	247,833	274,833
		Unrestricted invo			8,127	14,574	22,701
		Gain on disposal	of capital asset		-	27,180	27,180
		Miscellaneous			55,950		55,950
		Total general rev	/enues		11,857,724	289,587	12,147,311
		Change in net po	osition		4,706,125	3,045,263	7,751,388
		NET POSITIO	N AT JULY 1,				
		AS RESTAT	'ED (Note 14)		44,626,895	29,542,549	74,169,444

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue (Parks & Recreation)	Capital Fund	Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Cash and cash equivalents, restricted (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	\$ 5,678,577 5,301,758 2,970,675	\$ 478,012 - -	796,296 1,498,073 -	\$ 6,952,885 6,799,831 2,970,675
Receivables, net Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units (Note 4) Inventories Prepaids	1,988,896 264,214 265,104 78,750 89,566	238,220	- - - - - -	2,227,116 264,214 383,743 78,750 91,748
Total assets	\$ 16,637,540	\$ 718,414	\$ 2,413,008	\$ 19,768,962
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Customer deposits Unearned revenue	\$ 507,319 201,444 520,096 5,279,922	\$ 68,457 17,894 - -	\$ 107,172 \$,772 - -	\$ 682,948 228,110 520,096 5,279,922
Total liabilities	6,508,781	86,351	115,944	6,711,076
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred property taxes (Note 7)	1,854,925	232,590		2,087,515
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,854,925	232,590		2,087,515
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Inventories Prepaids	78,750 89,566	2,182	-	78,750 91,748
Total nonspendable balance	168,316	2,182		170,498
Restricted for:	100,510	2,102		170,498
State highway maintenance Hirst pond Proffers Loudoun County transportation and sidewalk projects	21,836	- - -	- 74,795 963,573 459,705	21,836 74,795 963,573 459,705
Total restricted fund balance	21,836		1,498,073	1,519,909
Committed for: Future capital outlay Capital asset replacement Parks & recreation Total committed fund balance	48,865 91,477 	<u> </u>	- - 	48,865 91,477 <u>397,291</u> 537,633
Assigned: Capital projects	-	-	798,991	798,991
Unassigned	7,943,340	-		7,943,340
Total fund balances	8,273,834	399,473	2,297,064	10,970,371
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 16,637,540	\$ 718,414	\$ 2,413,008	\$ 19,768,962

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2021

Ending fund balance – governmental fund		\$	10,970,371
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			56,172,516
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.			190,509
Financial statement elements related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related deferred outflows			951,149
Pension related deferred inflows			(78,033)
Net pension liability			(1,018,882)
Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are			
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Other postemployment benefit related deferred outflows			601,816
Other postemployment benefit related deferred inflows			(150,825)
Net other postemployment benefit liabilities			(4,615,917)
Deferred refunding costs are not financial resources and, therefore, are not			
reported in the funds.			400,942
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Total long-term liabilities	\$ (13,958,654)		
Accrued interest payable	(131,972)		
			(14,090,626)
Total net position – governmental activities		\$	49,333,020
		-	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

General property taxes\$ 4,083,384\$ 461,224\$ -\$ -\$ 4,544,60Other local taxes5,516,6285,516,628Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses266,885300-267,18Fines and forfeitures63,38663,38Revenue from use of property27,00027,00Investment income5,609-2,5188,12Miscellaneous52,5503,400-55,95Intergovernmental1,029,1361,029,13Local government1,029,1361,029,13Commonwealth1,170,247-750,9961,921,24Federal1,029,1361,029,13Total revenues12,927,773464,9241,827,17915,219,87EXPENDITURES1,946,893Current1,987,882General government administration4,972,6254,972,62Public works1,946,8931,987,88Public safety1,987,8821,987,88Parks, recreation, and cultural-365,640-365,640Community development1,123,1391,123,13Capital outlay135,559-1,722,6191,858,17Debt service969,17485,000-1,054,17Principal retirement969,17485,000- <t< th=""><th></th><th>General Fund</th><th>Special Revenue (Parks & Recreation)</th><th>Capital Fund</th><th>Total</th></t<>		General Fund	Special Revenue (Parks & Recreation)	Capital Fund	Total
Other local taxes $5,516,628$ $5,516,62$ Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses $266,885$ 300 - $267,18$ Fines and forfeitures $63,386$ $63,38$ Revenue from use of property $27,000$ $27,000$ Investment income $5,609$ - $2,518$ $8,12$ Miscellaneous $52,550$ $3,400$ - $55,95$ Intergovernmental $1,029,136$ $1,029,13$ Local government $1,029,136$ $1,029,13$ Commonwealth $1,170,247$ - $750,996$ $1,921,24$ Federal $1,742,084$ - $44,529$ $1,786,61$ Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ $15,219,87$ CurrentGeneral government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,62$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,89$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,947,62$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,287,88$ Carrent $365,640$ - $365,64$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466$	REVENUES	¢ 4.002.204	ф <u>4(1</u> 224	¢	ф А 5 1 1 600
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses $266,885$ 300 - $267,18$ Fines and forfeitures $63,386$ 63,38Revenue from use of property $27,000$ $27,000$ Investment income $5,609$ - $2,518$ $8,12$ Miscellaneous $52,550$ $3,400$ - $55,95$ Intergovernmental1,029,136 $1,029,13$ Local government750,996 $1,921,24$ Federal $1,170,247$ -750,996 $1,921,24$ Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ $15,219,87$ EXPENDITURESCurrentGeneral government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,625$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,947,882$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,947,852$ Public safety $1,987,882$ $1,987,882$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay135,559- $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$			\$ 461,224	\$ -	
Fines and forfeitures63,38663,38Revenue from use of property27,00027,00Investment income5,609-2,5188,12Miscellaneous52,5503,400-55,95Intergovernmental1,029,1361,029,13Local government1,029,1361,029,13Commonwealth1,170,247-750,9961,921,24Federal1,742,084-44,5291,786,61Total revenues12,927,773464,9241,827,17915,219,87EXPENDITURESCurrentGeneral government administration4,972,6254,972,62Public safety1,946,8931,946,893-1,946,893Public works1,987,8821,987,882-1,987,882Corrent365,640-365,64-365,64Community development1,123,1391,123,139-1,123,139-1,123,131Capital outlay135,559-1,722,6191,858,17-348,36-348,36Total expenditures326,50121,866-348,36-348,36Total expenditures11,461,773472,5061,722,61913,656,89Net change in fund balance1,466,000(7,582)104,5601,562,97			-	-	
Revenue from use of property $27,000$ $27,000$ Investment income $5,609$ - $2,518$ $8,12$ Miscellaneous $52,550$ $3,400$ - $55,95$ Intergovernmental $1,029,136$ $1,029,13$ Local government $750,996$ $1,921,24$ Federal $1,170,247$ - $750,996$ $1,921,24$ Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ $15,219,87$ EXPENDITURES Current $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ General government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,625$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,987,888$ Parks, recreation, and cultural- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,122,133$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,177$ Debt service $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,177$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,366$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,897$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,977$			300	-	
Investment income $5,609$ - $2,518$ $8,12$ Miscellaneous $52,550$ $3,400$ - $55,95$ Intergovernmental $-$ - $1,029,136$ $1,029,13$ Local government $1,170,247$ - $750,996$ $1,921,24$ Federal $1,742,084$ - $44,529$ $1,786,61$ Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ $15,219,87$ EXPENDITURESCurrentGeneral government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,625$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,987,882$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Principal retirement $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	· · · ·
Miscellaneous $52,550$ $3,400$ $ 55,95$ Intergovernmental $1,029,136$ $1,029,13$ Local government $1,170,247$ $ 750,996$ Commonwealth $1,742,084$ $ 44,529$ Federal $1,742,084$ $ 44,529$ Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ EXPENDITURESCurrentGeneral government administration $4,972,625$ $ -$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $ -$ Public works $1,987,882$ $ -$ Public works $1,987,882$ $ -$ Rest, recreation, and cultural $ 365,640$ $-$ Community development $1,123,139$ $ -$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ $-$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$			-	-	
Intergovernmental Local government1,029,1361,029,13Commonwealth1,170,247-750,9961,921,24Federal1,742,084-44,5291,786,61Total revenues12,927,773464,9241,827,17915,219,87 EXPENDITURES Current General government administration $4,972,625$ 4,972,62Public safety1,946,8931,946,89Public works1,987,8821,946,89Public works1,123,1391,123,13Capital outlay135,559-1,722,6191,858,17Debt service969,17485,000-1,054,17Interest and other fiscal charges11,461,773472,5061,722,61913,656,89Net change in fund balance1,466,000(7,582)104,5601,562,97		-)	-	2,318	· · · ·
Local government1,029,1361,029,13Commonwealth1,170,247-750,9961,921,24Federal1,742,084-44,5291,786,61Total revenues12,927,773464,9241,827,17915,219,87 EXPENDITURES CurrentGeneral government administration4,972,6254,972,62Public safety1,946,8931,946,89Public works1,987,8821,947,88Parks, recreation, and cultural-365,640-365,64Community development1,123,1391,123,13Capital outlay135,559-1,722,6191,858,17Debt service969,17485,000-1,054,17Interest and other fiscal charges326,50121,866-348,36Total expenditures11,461,773472,5061,722,61913,656,89Net change in fund balance1,466,000(7,582)104,5601,562,97		52,550	3,400	-	55,950
Commonwealth $1,170,247$ - $750,996$ $1,921,24$ Federal $1,742,084$ - $44,529$ $1,786,61$ Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ $15,219,87$ EXPENDITURES CurrentGeneral government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,625$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,987,882$ Parks, recreation, and cultural- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service969,174 $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$				1 020 126	1 020 126
Federal $1,742,084$ - $44,529$ $1,786,61$ Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ $15,219,87$ EXPENDITURES Current General government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,62$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,987,882$ Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Capital outlay $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service969,174 $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$		-	-		
Total revenues $12,927,773$ $464,924$ $1,827,179$ $15,219,87$ EXPENDITURES Current General government administration $4,972,625$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ <b< td=""><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>-</td><td>· · · · ·</td><td></td></b<>		, ,	-	· · · · ·	
EXPENDITURES Current General government administration $4,972,625$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $-$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $-$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $-$ $1,946,893$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,987,882$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,139$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,123,132$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $-$ $1,054,172-----1,054,172------1,054,172------1,054,172---------------------------$	redefai	1,742,004	-	44,329	1,780,015
Current General government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,62$ Public safety Public works $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Capital outlay Debt service $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$	Total revenues	12,927,773	464,924	1,827,179	15,219,876
General government administration $4,972,625$ $4,972,62$ Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,987,882$ Parks, recreation, and cultural- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service- $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$	EXPENDITURES				
Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,987,882$ Parks, recreation, and cultural- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt servicePrincipal retirement $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$	Current				
Public safety $1,946,893$ $1,946,893$ Public works $1,987,882$ $1,987,882$ Parks, recreation, and cultural- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$	General government administration	4,972,625	-	-	4,972,625
Parks, recreation, and cultural- $365,640$ - $365,640$ Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$		1,946,893	-	-	1,946,893
Community development $1,123,139$ $1,123,13$ Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt service $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Principal retirement $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$	Public works	1,987,882	-	-	1,987,882
Capital outlay $135,559$ - $1,722,619$ $1,858,17$ Debt servicePrincipal retirement $969,174$ $85,000$ - $1,054,17$ Interest and other fiscal charges $326,501$ $21,866$ - $348,36$ Total expenditures $11,461,773$ $472,506$ $1,722,619$ $13,656,89$ Net change in fund balance $1,466,000$ $(7,582)$ $104,560$ $1,562,97$	Parks, recreation, and cultural	-	365,640	-	365,640
Debt service 969,174 85,000 - 1,054,17 Interest and other fiscal charges 326,501 21,866 - 348,36 Total expenditures 11,461,773 472,506 1,722,619 13,656,89 Net change in fund balance 1,466,000 (7,582) 104,560 1,562,97	Community development	1,123,139	-	-	1,123,139
Principal retirement 969,174 85,000 - 1,054,17 Interest and other fiscal charges 326,501 21,866 - 348,36 Total expenditures 11,461,773 472,506 1,722,619 13,656,89 Net change in fund balance 1,466,000 (7,582) 104,560 1,562,97	Capital outlay	135,559	-	1,722,619	1,858,178
Interest and other fiscal charges 326,501 21,866 - 348,36 Total expenditures 11,461,773 472,506 1,722,619 13,656,89 Net change in fund balance 1,466,000 (7,582) 104,560 1,562,97					
Total expenditures 11,461,773 472,506 1,722,619 13,656,89 Net change in fund balance 1,466,000 (7,582) 104,560 1,562,97	Principal retirement	969,174	85,000	-	1,054,174
Net change in fund balance 1,466,000 (7,582) 104,560 1,562,97	Interest and other fiscal charges	326,501	21,866		348,367
	Total expenditures	11,461,773	472,506	1,722,619	13,656,898
FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1 6,807,834 407,055 2,192,504 9,407,39	Net change in fund balance	1,466,000	(7,582)	104,560	1,562,978
	FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1	6,807,834	407,055	2,192,504	9,407,393
FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30 \$ 8,273,834 \$ 399,473 \$ 2,297,064 \$ 10,970,37	FUND BALANCE AT JUNE 30	\$ 8,273,834	\$ 399,473	\$ 2,297,064	\$ 10,970,371

EXHIBIT 6

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balance – total governmental fund		\$ 1,562,978
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlays Developer contributions Depreciation expense	\$ 1,878,194 2,044,545 (1,580,372)	2,342,367
Governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. However in the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the property sold.		(13,304)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		1,257
Governmental funds report employer contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
Employer pension contributions Pension expense	330,423 (479,397)	(148,974)
Governmental funds report employer other postemployment benefit contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these benefits earned, net of employee contributions, is reported as other postemployment benefit expense.		
Employer other postemployment benefit contributions Other postemployment benefit expense	22,981 (79,597)	(56,616)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Details supporting this adjustment are as follows:		
Principal retired on general obligation bonds, notes payable, and capital leases Amortization of deferred charge on refunding Amortization of premiums	1,054,174 (38,249) 94,915	1,110,840
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable	(74,885) (17,538)	(02.422)
		 (92,423)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 4,706,125

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2021

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	¢ 5.051.000
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 3,285,444 3,574,762	\$ 2,565,564 3,489,353	\$ 5,851,008 7.064,115
Investments (Note 2) Accounts receivable, net	3,374,762 383,269	533,877	7,064,115 917,146
Due from other governmental units (Note 4)	5,011	-	5,011
Inventories	35,058	38,680	73,738
Prepaid items	11,403	13,340	24,743
Total current assets	7,294,947	6,640,814	13,935,761
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets (Note 5)			
Land	2,672,409	367,100	3,039,509
Utility plant in service	19,707,845	47,973,083	67,680,928
Improvements other than buildings	445,000	-	445,000
Vehicles	170,381	195,206	365,587
Machinery and equipment	646,193	1,001,139	1,647,332
Construction in progress	255,654	1,172,575	1,428,229
Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets	(6,057,380) 17,840,102	(9,172,117) 41,536,986	(15,229,497) 59,377,088
1	. <u></u>	·	
Total noncurrent assets	17,840,102	41,536,986	59,377,088
	25,135,049	48,177,800	73,312,849
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(00.200	2 006 526	2 705 916
Deferred charge on refunding Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 8)	699,280	2,006,536	2,705,816
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits (Notes 9, 10, and 11)	151,886 82,770	137,307 90,303	289,193 173,073
Total deferred outflows of resources	933,936	2,234,146	3,168,082
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	257,364	142,925	400,289
Accrued liabilities	23,293	23,444	46,737
Customer deposits Accrued interest payable	535,570 98,383	320,115	535,570 418,498
Bonds - current portion (Note 6)	61,000	27,889	88,889
Capital lease - current portion (Note 6)	3,371	57,824	61,195
Compensated absences - current portion (Note 6)	3,911	4,146	8,057
Total current liabilities	982,892	576,343	1,559,235
Noncurrent liabilities		. <u> </u>	i
Bonds - net of current portion (Note 6)	8,877,000	31,657,368	40,534,368
Capital lease - net of current portion (Note 6)	12,760	17,855	30,615
Compensated absences - net of current portion (Note 6)	35,201	37,312	72,513
Net pension liability (Note 8)	162,703	147,084	309,787
Net other postemployment benefit liability (Notes 9, 10, and 11)	624,278	695,374	1,319,652
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,711,942	32,554,993	42,266,935
Total liabilities	10,694,834	33,131,336	43,826,170
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 8)	12,461	11,265	23,726
Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits (Note 9, 10 and 11)	20,538	22,685	43,223
Total deferred inflows of resources	32,999	33,950	66,949
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	9,585,251	11,782,586	21,367,837
Unrestricted	5,755,901	5,464,074	11,219,975
Total net position	\$ 15,341,152	\$ 17,246,660	\$ 32,587,812

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services: Charges for services: Charges for services: Other revenue 11,768 Intergovernmental - Commonwealth 31,997 Miscellaneous 195,790 Total operating revenues 2,391,149 3,080,112 5,471,261 OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel 1,527,612 1,487,378 3,014,990 Plant operations and meter reading 574,194 751,131 1,325,325 Operations 200,493 - 44,069 44,069 44,069 1,222,775 Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses 50,548 25,195 Operating expenses 50,548 25,195 Operating loss (417,532) Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 </th <th></th> <th colspan="2">Water Fund</th> <th colspan="2">Sewer Fund</th> <th>Total</th>		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Total
Charges for services and connection fees \$ 2,151,594 \$ 3,078,277 \$ 5,229,871 Other revenue 11,768 - 11,768 - 11,768 Intergovernmental - Commonwealth 31,997 - 31,997 - 31,997 Miscellaneous 195,790 1,835 197,625 - 3,008,112 5,471,261 OPERATING EXPENSES 2,391,149 3,080,112 5,471,261 - <						
Other revenue 11,768 - 11,768 Intergovernmental - Commonwealth 31,997 - 31,997 Miscellaneous 195,790 1,835 197,625 Total operating revenues 2,391,149 3,080,112 5,471,261 OPERATING EXPENSES 7 1,487,378 3,014,990 Plant operations and meter reading 574,194 751,131 1,325,325 Well operations 200,493 - 200,493 Pump station operations - 44,069 44,069 Depreciation 455,834 766,941 1,222,775 Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses - 23,800 23,800 Other operating expenses 50,548 25,195 75,743 Total operating expenses 2,608,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) - 27,180 27,180 Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,						
Intergovernmental - Commonwealth 31,997 - 31,997 Miscellaneous 195,790 1,835 197,625 Total operating revenues 2,391,149 3,080,112 5,471,261 OPERATING EXPENSES 1,527,612 1,487,378 3,014,990 Plant operations and meter reading 574,194 751,131 1,325,325 Well operations 200,493 - 200,493 Pump station operations - 44,069 44,069 Depreciation 455,834 766,941 1,222,775 Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses - 23,800 23,800 23,800 Other operating expenses 50,548 25,195 75,743 Total operating expenses 2,808,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27	-	\$		\$	3,078,277	\$
Miscellaneous 195,790 1,835 197,625 Total operating revenues 2,391,149 3,080,112 5,471,261 OPERATING EXPENSES 2 1,527,612 1,487,378 3,014,990 Plant operations and meter reading 574,194 751,131 1,325,325 Well operations 200,493 - 200,493 Pump station operations - 44,069 44,069 Depreciation 455,834 766,941 1,222,775 Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses - 23,800 23,800 Other operating expenses 50,548 25,195 75,743 Total operating expenses 2,808,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 2,7180 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs					-	
Total operating revenues 2,391,149 3,080,112 5,471,261 OPERATING EXPENSES 1,527,612 1,487,378 3,014,990 Plant operations and meter reading 574,194 751,131 1,325,325 Well operations 200,493 - 200,493 Pump station operations - 44,069 44,069 Depreciation 455,834 766,941 1,222,775 Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses - 23,800 23,800 Other operating expenses 50,548 25,195 75,743 Total operating expenses 2,808,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 - 27,180 27,180 Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 27,180 12,149,332 Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627)					-	
OPERATING EXPENSES Personnel 1,527,612 1,487,378 3,014,990 Plant operations and meter reading 574,194 751,131 1,325,325 Well operations 200,493 - 200,493 Pump station operations - 44,069 44,069 Depreciation 455,834 766,941 1,222,775 Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses - 23,800 23,800 Other operating expenses 50,548 25,195 75,743 Total operating expenses 2,808,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 14,574 Investment income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) </td <td>Miscellaneous</td> <td></td> <td>195,790</td> <td></td> <td>1,835</td> <td> 197,625</td>	Miscellaneous		195,790		1,835	 197,625
Personnel 1,527,612 1,487,378 3,014,990 Plant operations and meter reading 574,194 751,131 1,325,325 Well operations 200,493 - 200,493 Pump station operations - 44,069 44,069 Depreciation 455,834 766,941 1,222,775 Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses - 23,800 23,800 Other operating expenses 50,548 25,195 75,743 Total operating expenses 2,808,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1	Total operating revenues		2,391,149		3,080,112	 5,471,261
Plant operations and meter reading $574,194$ $751,131$ $1,325,325$ Well operations $200,493$ - $200,493$ Pump station operations- $44,069$ $44,069$ Depreciation $455,834$ $766,941$ $1,222,775$ Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses- $23,800$ $23,800$ Other operating expenses $50,548$ $25,195$ $75,743$ Total operating expenses $2,808,681$ $3,098,514$ $5,907,195$ Operating loss $(417,532)$ $(18,402)$ $(435,934)$ NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) $7,698$ $6,876$ $14,574$ Investment income $7,698$ $6,876$ $14,574$ Cellular lease income $247,833$ - $247,833$ Gain on sale of capital assets- $27,180$ $27,180$ Bond issuance costs $(64,786)$ $(161,248)$ $(226,034)$ Interest expense $(441,150)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(1,610,585)$ Net non-operating revenues (expenses) $(250,405)$ $(1,296,627)$ $(1,547,032)$ Loss before contributions $(667,937)$ $(1,315,029)$ $(1,982,966)$ CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS $540,000$ $1,183,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) $13,805,759$ $15,736,790$ $29,542,549$	OPERATING EXPENSES					
Well operations $200,493$ - $200,493$ Pump station operations- $44,069$ $44,069$ Depreciation455,834 $766,941$ $1,222,775$ Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses- $23,800$ $23,800$ Other operating expenses $50,548$ $25,195$ $75,743$ Total operating expenses $2,808,681$ $3,098,514$ $5,907,195$ Operating loss $(417,532)$ $(18,402)$ $(435,934)$ NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) $7,698$ $6,876$ $14,574$ Cellular lease income $7,698$ $6,876$ $14,574$ Cellular lease income $27,180$ $27,180$ $27,180$ Bond issuance costs $(64,786)$ $(161,248)$ $(226,034)$ Interest expense $(250,405)$ $(1,296,627)$ $(1,547,032)$ Loss before contributions $(667,937)$ $(1,315,029)$ $(1,982,966)$ CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS $2,284,899$ $3,844,379$ Availability fees $643,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ Change in net position $1,535,393$ $1,509,870$ $3,045,263$ NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) $13,805,759$ $15,736,790$ $29,542,549$	Personnel		1,527,612		1,487,378	3,014,990
Pump station operations- $44,069$ $44,069$ Depreciation $455,834$ $766,941$ $1,222,775$ Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses- $23,800$ $23,800$ Other operating expenses $50,548$ $25,195$ $75,743$ Total operating expenses $2,808,681$ $3,098,514$ $5,907,195$ Operating loss($417,532$)($18,402$)($435,934$)NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)1($417,532$)($18,402$)($435,934$)Investment income $7,698$ $6,876$ $14,574$ Cellular lease income $247,833$ - $247,833$ Gain on sale of capital assets- $27,180$ $27,180$ Bond issuance costs($64,786$)($161,248$)($226,034$)Interest expense($441,150$)($1,169,435$)($1,610,585$)Net non-operating revenues (expenses)($250,405$)($1,296,627$)($1,547,032$)Loss before contributions $(667,937)$ ($1,315,029$)($1,982,966$)CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS $643,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ Development donations $1,559,480$ $2,284,899$ $3,844,379$ Availability fees $643,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ Change in net position $1,535,393$ $1,509,870$ $3,045,263$ NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) $13,805,759$ $15,736,790$ $29,542,549$	Plant operations and meter reading		574,194		751,131	1,325,325
Depreciation $455,834$ $766,941$ $1,222,775$ Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses $ 23,800$ $23,800$ Other operating expenses $50,548$ $25,195$ $75,743$ Total operating expenses $2,808,681$ $3,098,514$ $5,907,195$ Operating loss $(417,532)$ $(18,402)$ $(435,934)$ NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) $118,402$ $(435,934)$ Investment income $7,698$ $6,876$ $14,574$ Cellular lease income $247,833$ $ 247,833$ Gain on sale of capital assets $ 27,180$ $27,180$ Bond issuance costs $(64,786)$ $(161,248)$ $(226,034)$ Interest expense $(441,150)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(1,610,585)$ Net non-operating revenues (expenses) $(250,405)$ $(1,296,627)$ $(1,547,032)$ Loss before contributions $(667,937)$ $(1,315,029)$ $(1,982,966)$ CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS $643,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ Development donations $1,559,480$ $2,284,899$ $3,844,379$ Availability fees $643,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ Change in net position $1,535,393$ $1,509,870$ $3,045,263$ NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) $13,805,759$ $15,736,790$ $29,542,549$			200,493		-	200,493
Capital outlay-non-capitalizable expenses-23,80023,800Other operating expenses $50,548$ $25,195$ $75,743$ Total operating expenses $2,808,681$ $3,098,514$ $5,907,195$ Operating loss $(417,532)$ $(18,402)$ $(435,934)$ NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)Investment income $7,698$ $6,876$ $14,574$ Cellular lease income $247,833$ - $247,833$ Gain on sale of capital assets- $27,180$ $27,180$ Bond issuance costs $(64,786)$ $(161,248)$ $(226,034)$ Interest expense $(441,150)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(1,610,585)$ Net non-operating revenues (expenses) $(250,405)$ $(1,296,627)$ $(1,547,032)$ Loss before contributions $(667,937)$ $(1,315,029)$ $(1,982,966)$ CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS $643,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ Development donations $1,559,480$ $2,284,899$ $3,844,379$ Availability fees $643,850$ $540,000$ $1,183,850$ Change in net position $1,535,393$ $1,509,870$ $3,045,263$ NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) $13,805,759$ $15,736,790$ $29,542,549$	Pump station operations		-		44,069	44,069
Other operating expenses 50,548 25,195 75,743 Total operating expenses 2,808,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790			455,834		766,941	1,222,775
Total operating expenses 2,808,681 3,098,514 5,907,195 Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549			-			
Operating loss (417,532) (18,402) (435,934) NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 0 540,000 1,183,850 Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Other operating expenses		50,548		25,195	 75,743
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Total operating expenses		2,808,681		3,098,514	 5,907,195
Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Operating loss		(417,532)		(18,402)	 (435,934)
Investment income 7,698 6,876 14,574 Cellular lease income 247,833 - 247,833 Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Gain on sale of capital assets - 27,180 27,180 Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 0 0 0 0 Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549			7,698		6,876	14,574
Bond issuance costs (64,786) (161,248) (226,034) Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Cellular lease income		247,833		-	247,833
Interest expense (441,150) (1,169,435) (1,610,585) Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 0 0 0 0 Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Gain on sale of capital assets		-		27,180	27,180
Net non-operating revenues (expenses) (250,405) (1,296,627) (1,547,032) Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Bond issuance costs		(64,786)		(161,248)	(226,034)
Loss before contributions (667,937) (1,315,029) (1,982,966) CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Interest expense		(441,150)		(1,169,435)	 (1,610,585)
CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS Development donations Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14)	Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	. <u> </u>	(250,405)		(1,296,627)	 (1,547,032)
Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Loss before contributions		(667,937)		(1,315,029)	 (1,982,966)
Development donations 1,559,480 2,284,899 3,844,379 Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	CAPTIAL CONTRIBUTIONS					
Availability fees 643,850 540,000 1,183,850 Change in net position 1,535,393 1,509,870 3,045,263 NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549			1,559,480		2,284,899	3,844,379
NET POSITION AT JULY 1, AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Availability fees					1,183,850
AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	Change in net position		1,535,393		1,509,870	 3,045,263
AS RESTATED (Note 14) 13,805,759 15,736,790 29,542,549	NET POSITION AT JULY 1.					
NET POSITION AT JUNE 30 \$ 15,341,152 \$ 17,246,660 \$ 32,587,812			13,805,759		15,736,790	 29,542,549
	NET POSITION AT JUNE 30	\$	15,341,152	\$	17,246,660	\$ 32,587,812

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Fund		S	ewer Fund		Total
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢	0.041.570	¢	2 202 121	ф	5 544 (01
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,341,570	\$	3,203,121	\$	5,544,691
Payments to suppliers		(1,192,332)		(906,025)		(2,098,357)
Payments to and on behalf of employees		(1,415,182)		(1,318,179)		(2,733,361)
Other operating receipts		279,830				279,830
Net cash provided by operating activities		13,886		978,917		992,803
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(2,492,495)		(2,966,115)		(5,458,610)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		27,180		27,180
Developer contributions		1,559,480		2,284,899		3,844,379
Availablity fees		643,850		540,000		1,183,850
Bond issuance costs		(64,786)		(161,248)		(226,034)
Retirements of long-term indebtedness		(2,847,110)		(6,568,520)		(9,415,630)
Proceeds from debt issued		2,708,000		6,643,000		9,351,000
Interest expense		(455,595)		(1,257,930)		(1,713,525)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(948,656)		(1,458,734)		(2,407,390)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income		33,549		30,559		64,108
Purchase of investments		(1,430,690)		(2,428,074)		(3,858,764)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,397,141)		(2,397,515)		(3,794,656)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,331,911)		(2,877,332)		(5,209,243)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
Beginning at July 1		5,617,355		5,442,896		11,060,251
Ending at June 30	\$	3,285,444	\$	2,565,564	\$	5,851,008
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating loss	\$	(417,532)	\$	(18,402)	\$	(435,934)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by						
operating activities:						
Depreciation		455,834		766,941		1,222,775
Pension expense net of employer contribution		23,733		21,446		45,179
Other postemployment benefit expense net of employer contribution		94,281		148,834		243,115
Other nonoperating revenues included in operating activities		247,833		-		247,833
(Increase) decrease in:		(50,007)		100 000		50.010
Accounts receivable		(50,097)		123,009		72,912
Inventories		7,638		(9,895)		(2,257)
Prepaid items		2,627		(2,165)		462
Increase (decrease) in:		(277, 262)		(40.770)		(127 122)
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		(377,362)		(49,770)		(427,132)
		(2,152)		2,879		727
Customer deposits Compensated absences		32,515 (3,432)		- (3,960)		32,515 (7,392)
	¢		¢		¢	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	13,886	\$	978,917	\$	992,803
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<i>~</i>	222.026	¢	100 51 4	¢	255 650
Capital assets acquired through accounts payable	\$	223,936	\$	133,714	\$	357,650
Decrease in fair value of investments	\$	(25,851)	\$	(23,683)	\$	(49,534)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for general purpose financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organizations governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the Town of Purcellville, Virginia, (the "Town").

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities). Governments will report all capital assets, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (general government administration; public safety; public works; parks, recreation, and cultural; and community development) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property tax revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town. Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Governmental Funds account for the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for in Proprietary Funds. The Governmental Fund measurement focus is on determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination. The individual Governmental Funds are:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Special Revenue Fund

The special revenue fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The only special revenue fund is the Parks and Recreation Fund, which is considered a major fund. The primary revenue source for this fund is the Fireman's Field Special Tax District and additional revenue is generated from contributions and users fees associated with special events.

Capital Fund

The Capital Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds. The Capital Fund is considered a major fund.

Proprietary Funds account for activities similar to those found in the private business sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds, which account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the Town is that the cost of providing services to the general public be financed or recovered through user charges. Currently the Town's Water and Sewer Funds are accounted for as enterprise funds. In addition, both funds are considered major funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and investments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

E. Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to \$19,617 at June 30, 2021 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

F. Restricted Assets

The Town is obligated by various sources to restrict the availability of certain assets. Specifically, assets are restricted from external sources such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Assets are also subject to restriction through constitutional law provisions or enabling legislation.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as land, buildings, infrastructure, vehicles, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life is not included in the capital assets of the government-wide statements or capitalized in the proprietary funds.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation for capital assets is computed over the following useful lives using the straight line method.

Buildings	15-40 Years
Utility plant and lines	25-75 Years
Vehicles	4-10 Years
Machinery and equipment	3-20 Years
Infrastructure	20-75 Years
Improvements other than buildings	10-20 Years

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. During 2020 and 2021, the Town Manager allowed employees to carry over additional hours, which may have exceeded the maximum due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

J. Unearned revenues

Unearned revenue represents amount for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Unearned revenue consists of unspent federal awards.

K. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental and business-type activities. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Property Taxes

Real property is assessed by Loudoun County, Virginia at its value on January 1 and is payable semi-annually on December 5th and June 5th. Personal property taxes are assessed by Loudoun County, Virginia as of January 1 and are payable on June 5th. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of the date assessed. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes based on the assessed values provided by the County.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement which presents financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement which presents financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has the following items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows or outflows:

- Deferred charge on refunding. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Due to the relationship with outstanding debt, these deferred outflows are included in the calculation of net position, net investment in capital assets.
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions and OPEB; these will be applied to the net pension or OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.
- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors and changes of assumptions in the measurement of the total pension or OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits in the plan and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Changes in proportion and differences between the Town's contributions and its proportionate share of contributions for OPEB are deferred and amortized over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees provided with group life insurance benefits, and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate
- Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. These differences will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (Continued)

• Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

O. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

P. Fund Balance

The Town reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable amounts that are not in spendable form, such as inventory and prepaids;
- **Restricted** amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- **Committed** amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

P. Fund Balance (Continued)

- Assigned amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Town Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. Assigned fund balance is established by Town Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all Town departments. Encumbrances and committed fund balances outstanding at June 30 are reappropriated in the succeeding year on a case-by-case basis.

The Town's expenditures exceeded budget in some categories for the year ending June 30, 2021.

In the general fund, the Town strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance of \$3 million or 30% of the total General Fund revenues, whichever is greater.

Q. Pensions/ Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring all financial statement elements related to pension and OPEB plans, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

R. Interfund Transfers

There were no interfund transfers as of June 30, 2021.

S. COVID-19 Impact

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

S. COVID-19 Impact (Continued)

The Town's operations are heavily dependent on the ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. The outbreak will have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, triggering a period of global economic slowdown. As such, the Town's financial condition and liquidity may be negatively impacted for the fiscal year 2022.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the Town's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Town is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

T. Upcoming Pronouncements:

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

In June 2017, The GASB issued **Statement No. 87**, *Leases*. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021.

In May 2019, the GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

In January 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 92**, *Omnibus*. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 93**, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2022. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

T. Upcoming Pronouncements (Continued):

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 94**, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In May 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 96**, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In June 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 97**, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This Statement provides a more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

Investment policy

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank); the Asian Development Bank; the African Development Bank; "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes; banker's acceptances; repurchase agreements; the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP); and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The VIP and LGIP are not registered with the SEC but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The fair value of the Town's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported within the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 79.

Weighted

As of June 30th, the Town had the following deposits and investments:

Туре	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Average Maturity*
Demand Deposits	\$ 14,942,649	N/A	N/A
LGIP	1,084,570	AAAm	0.12
Virginia Investment Pool – NAV Liquidity Pool	3,575,905	AAAm	0.12
Virginia Investment Pool – 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund	10,034,790	AA+f/S1	1.83
Cash on Hand	600	N/A	N/A
	\$ 29,638,514		
*Average maturity in years			
Reconciliation of deposits and investments to Exhibit 1:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,803,893		
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	6,799,831		
Investments	10,034,790		
Total deposits and investments	\$ 29,638,514		

Credit risk

As required by state statute, commercial paper must have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following; Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch Investor's Service, provided that the issuing corporation has a net worth of \$50 million and its long term debt is rated A or better by Moody's and Standard & Poor's. Bankers' acceptances and certificates of deposit maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investor Service. Open-end investment funds must be registered under the Securities Act of the Commonwealth or the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, provided that they invest only in securities approved for investment herein. Commonwealth of Virginia and Virginia Local Government Obligations secured by debt service reserve funds not subject to annual appropriation must be rated AA or higher by Moody's or Standard & Poor's. Repurchase agreements require that the counterparty be rated "A" or better by Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk

Although the intent of the Policy is for the Town to diversify its investment portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding (i) security type, (ii) individual financial institution or issuing entity, and (iii) maturity, the Policy places no limit on the amount the Town may invest in any one issuer.

Interest rate risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Town manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting its investments to instruments maturing within one year at the time of purchase, with the exception of investments in the Virginia Investment Pool.

Custodial credit risk

As required by the *Code of Virginia*, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30th, the Town has no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents in the general and capital funds are restricted for highway maintenance, unspent federal awards, and capital outlay.

Note 3. Service Concession Arrangement

The Town entered into a service concession arrangement with Shaun Alexander Enterprises, Inc. (SAE) on December 30, 2017 for the operation and management of the Fireman's Field Complex. During fiscal year 2019, the agreement was amended to apply only to the Bush Tabernacle portion of the complex. The agreement entitles SAE to all income, revenues, and receipts from the operation of the facility. The agreement states increases to rates and charges for use of the facility must be mutually agreed upon by both parties. Under the terms of the agreement, SAE is required to pay all costs of operating and maintaining the facility except for costs related to landscaping, parking, and servicing of heating and cooling equipment. In exchange, SAE shall pay the Town a basic monthly payment equal to \$4,000. The facilities were closed starting in April 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic and payments during this time were waived. The current agreement is effective through June 30, 2021, and automatically renews each July 1 and thereafter, for a twelve month period unless either the Town or SAE gives written notice to the other of its intent not to renew the contract by December 30 of the preceding year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 4. Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units are as follows:

Commonwealth of Virginia:	
VDOT	\$ 75,847
Communications tax	18,494
Public Safety Grant	2,212
Fluoride Grant (Water Fund)	5,011
Northern Virginia Transportation Authority-NVTA	42,792
County of Loudoun, Virginia	 244,398
	\$ 388,754

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance, as restated	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,310,764	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,310,764
Construction in progress	1,757,184	1,722,619	161,143	3,318,660
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,067,948	1,722,619	161,143	7,629,424
Capital assets, depreciated:				
Buildings and system	12,080,410	-	166,923	11,913,487
Improvements other than buildings	4,754,025	-	-	4,754,025
Machinery and equipment	2,654,033	25,388	344,733	2,334,688
Vehicles	1,286,330	130,187	268,152	1,148,365
Infrastructure	66,325,745	2,205,688	-	68,531,433
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	87,100,543	2,361,263	779,808	88,681,998
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and system	2,776,502	297,837	153,619	2,920,720
Improvements other than buildings	1,955,715	228,880	-	2,184,595
Machinery and equipment	2,287,781	75,720	344,733	2,018,768
Vehicles	783,336	137,805	268,152	652,988
Infrastructure	31,521,705	840,130		32,361,835
Total accumulated depreciation	39,325,038	1,580,372	766,504	40,138,906
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	47,778,505	780,891	13,304	48,543,092
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 53,843,453	\$ 2,503,510	\$ 174,447	\$ 56,172,516
	(Continued)			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance, as restated	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not depreciated				
Land	\$ 3,039,509	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,039,509
Construction in progress	927,980	1,914,885	1,414,636	1,428,229
Total capital assets, not				
depreciated	3,967,489	1,914,885	1,414,636	4,467,738
Utility plant in service Improvements other than	62,421,912	5,259,016	-	67,680,928
buildings	445,000	-	-	445,000
Vehicles	457,885	-	92,298	365,587
Machinery and equipment	1,619,213	56,995	28,876	1,647,332
Total capital assets, depreciated	64,944,010	5,316,011	121,174	70,138,847
Less accumulated depreciation for: Utility plant in service Improvements other than	12,504,269	1,055,416	-	13,559,685
buildings	431,500	13,500	-	445,000
Vehicles	305,104	29,160	92,298	241,966
Machinery and equipment	887,023	124,699	28,876	982,846
Total accumulated depreciation	14,127,896	1,222,775	121,174	15,229,497
Total capital assets, depreciated, net	50,816,114	4,093,236	-	54,909,350
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 54,783,603	\$ 6,008,121	<u>\$ 1,414,636</u>	<u>\$ 59,377,088</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions/prog	rams as follows:		
Governmental activities General government administration Public safety Public works Community development			\$	303,751 81,212 198,788 996,621
Total depreciation expense	– governmental a	activities	\$	1,580,372

Business-type activities Water Sewer

 Total depreciation expense – business-type activities
 \$ 1,222,775

\$

455,834

766,941

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 13,149,000	\$ -	\$ 884,000	\$ 12,265,000	\$ 1,012,000
Notes payable	595,000	-	85,000	510,000	85,000
Issuance premiums	310,981	-	94,915	216,066	81,141
Capital Lease	501,603	-	85,174	416,429	91,360
Compensated absences	476,274	466,843	391,958	551,159	55,116
	\$ 15,032,858	\$ 466,843	\$ 1,541,047	\$ 13,958,654	\$ 1,324,617
Business-type activities:					
General obligation bond	\$ 40,612,322	\$ 9,351,000	\$ 9,356,692	\$ 40,606,630	\$ 88,000
Premium on bonds	50,678	-	34,051	16,627	889
Capital Lease	150,748	-	58,938	91,810	61,195
Compensated absences	87,962	94,550	101,942	80,570	8,057
	\$ 40,901,710	\$ 9,445,550	\$ 9,551,623	\$ 40,795,637	\$ 158,141

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

			(Government	al Ac	tivities				
	_	General Ob	ligati	on Bond	_	Capital	Notes Payable			
Fiscal Year	Principal			Interest]	Principal]	Interest		Principal
2022	\$	1,012,000	\$	316,732	\$	91,360	\$	26,325	\$	85,000
2023		1,054,000		278,166		97,999		19,685		85,000
2024		1,116,000		216,810		125,957		12,094		85,000
2025		1,127,000		174,136		101,113		2,984		85,000
2026		1,164,000		133,539		-		-		85,000
2027-2031		4,962,000		391,758		-		-		85,000
2032-2036		1,755,000		86,318		-		-		-
2037-2038		75,000		2,490		-		-		-
	\$	12,265,000	\$	1,599,949	\$	416,429	\$	61,088	\$	510,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

	 General Ob	ligati	on Bond		Capita	al Lease	S	
Fiscal Year	 Principal		Interest	Principal]	Interest	
2022	\$ 88,000	\$	1,077,072	\$	61,195	\$	4,497	
2023	277,000		1,097,200		7,563		2,141	
2024	334,000		1,065,235		13,329		1,403	
2025	1,735,352		1,048,971		9,723		388	
2026	2,197,509		1,003,233		-		-	
2027-2031	11,980,769		4,181,933		-		-	
2032-2036	13,444,000		2,711,781		-		-	
2037-2038	 10,550,000		646,714		-		-	
	\$ 40,606,630	\$	12,832,139	\$	91,810	\$	8,429	

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Details of general obligation and capital lease long-term indebtedness are as follows:

	Final					Amount Outstanding				
	Interest	Maturity		Amount of	G	overnmental	B	usiness-Type		
	Rates	Date	0	riginal Issue		Activities		Activities		
General obligation bonds: Series 2013A & 2013B	2 00 5 000/	2/1/2024	¢	22 (00 000	¢	2 820 000	\$			
	2.00-5.00%	2/1/2034	\$	33,690,000	\$	2,820,000	\$	-		
Series 2017B	3.35%	2/1/2038		16,370,000		700,000		15,245,000		
VRA Series 2008	2.77%	3/1/2030		14,449,513		-		8,863,630		
Series 2020A GO	1.46%	2/1/2033		4,522,000		3,489,000		730,000		
Series 2020B GO	2.00%	2/8/2023		11,801,000		5,256,000		6,417,000		
Series 2021 GO	2.69%	8/1/2031		12,265,000		-		9,351,000		
					\$	12,265,000	\$	40,606,630		
Capital leases:										
Combination sewer cleaner	3.29%	1/15/2022	\$	345,026	\$	-	\$	54,204		
Pickup truck	8.28%	2/1/2024		25,431		17,510		-		
Police interceptor	8.19%	3/1/2024		37,552		25,114		-		
Sports utility vehicle	8.09%	3/1/2024		23,093		16,131		-		
Sports utility vehicle	8.09%	3/1/2024		23,093		-		16,131		
Pickup truck	7.55%	5/1/2024		55,349		36,529		-		
Pickup truck	7.03%	7/1/2024		55,349		37,964		-		
Sports utility vehicle	6.87%	9/1/2024		49,922		35,450		-		
Sports utility vehicle	6.91%	10/1/2024		25,130		19,566		-		
Sports utility vehicle	7.04%	11/1/2024		29,900		23,482		-		
Police interceptor	7.39%	1/1/2025		35,643		27,311		-		
Police interceptor	7.39%	1/1/2025		35,643		27,311		-		
Pickup truck	7.68%	1/1/2025		27,747		22,374		-		
Pickup truck	6.36%	3/1/2025		58,653		46,501		-		
Police interceptor	6.06%	3/1/2025		51,102		40,593		-		
Police interceptor	6.06%	3/1/2025		51,102		40,593		-		
Pickup truck	7.73%	1/1/2025		26,622		-		21,475		
1				,	\$	416,429	\$	91,810		
Notes Payable						-, -,	*	- ,- •		
Fireman's Field	0.00%	8/1/2026	\$	1,700,000	\$	510,000	\$	_		

Assets acquired through capital leases have a carrying value of \$371,187 and \$147,785 for governmental and business-type activities, respectively, as of June 30, 2021. Depreciation expense for assets under capital leases was \$111,662 for governmental activities and \$45,394 for business-type activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

In prior years, the Town defeased certain outstanding bonds payable. The proceeds were placed in trust to fund all future debt service payments. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the Town's financial statements. At June 30, 2021, the following bonds are considered defeased:

-	Beginning Balance		Increases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance
VRA GO Bond, Series 2008 S GO Public Bond, Series 2013A	\$ 2,540,225 19,320,000	\$	2,670,692 1,150,000	\$ 1,238,603 380,000	\$ 3,972,314 20,090,000
GO Public Bond, Series 2013B	6,535,000		-	-	6,535,000
GO Public Bond, Series 2017	-		4,714,000	 -	 4,714,000
5	\$ 28,395,225	\$	8,534,692	\$ 1,618,603	\$ 35,311,314

Advanced Refunding of Debt

On March 2, 2021, the Town issued \$9.1 million General Obligation Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.7% to advance refund \$8.5 million of outstanding 2008 VRA DEQ, 2013A and 2017A refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 3.2%. The net proceeds of \$9.4 million (after payment of issuance costs of \$230,000) were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2008 VRA DEQ, 2013A and 2017A bonds. As a result, the 2013A and 2017A Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the balance sheet.

The Town in effect increased its aggregate debt service payments by \$894,552 over the next 18 years with an economic loss (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$277,667.

Note 7. Deferred Property Taxes

Deferred property taxes represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but revenue recognition criteria have not. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which were not collected within the availability period

. 1

	G	overnmental Activities	Governmental Funds		
Uncollected property tax billings that are unavailable for the funding of current expenditures Uncollected property tax billings for 2nd half assessment	\$	- 1,906,135	\$	190,509 1,906,135	
Property tax billings collected in advance for 2nd half assessment		(9,129)		(9,129)	
	\$	1,897,006	\$	2,087,515	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town of Purcellville, Virginia (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multiemployer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at:

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- <u>https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp</u>,
- <u>https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html</u>.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Members
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	50
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	15
Non-vested inactive members	7
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	34
Total inactive members	56
Active members	78
Total covered employees	184

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Contributions</u> (Continued)

The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 7.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$430,887 and \$392,073 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivision's net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For political subdivisions, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees and Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation	2.50%
General Employees – Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 - 5.35%
Public Safety Employees with hazardous duty benefits – Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates: General employees -15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Public Safety Employees -70% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable RP-2014 Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with various set backs or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the changes in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rates at older ages, changed final retirement from 70 to 75; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year of age and service through 9 years of service; lowered disability rates, no change to salary scale, increased rate of line of duty disability from 14% to 20% (Largest 10) or 15% (All Others), and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

Public Safety Employees – Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; lowered retirement rate at older ages; adjusted rates of withdrawal and disability to better fit experience; changes to line of duty rates, and no changes to salary scale, and decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public equity	34.00 %	4.65 %	1.58 %
Fixed income	15.00	0.46	0.07
Credit strategies	14.00	5.38	0.75
Real assets	14.00	5.01	0.70
Private equity	14.00	8.34	1.17
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.04	0.18
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.49	0.19
Total	100.00 %		4.64 %
	Inflation		2.50
*Expected arithmet	ic nominal return		7.14 %

* The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the longterm expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in the FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever is greater. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Pension Fiduciary Liability Net Position		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	16,371,393	\$	15,686,416	\$	684,977
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		645,719		-		645,719
Interest		1,081,157		-		1,081,157
Differences between expected		, ,				, ,
and actual experience		(142, 140)		-		(142, 140)
Contributions – employer		-		392,073		(392,073)
Contributions – employee		-		265,112		(265, 112)
Net investment income		-		294,282		(294,282)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(708,504)		(708,504)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(10,064)		10,064
Other changes		-		(359)		359
Net changes		876,232		232,540		643,692
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	17,247,625	\$	15,918,956	\$	1,328,669

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)		 1.00% Increase (7.75%)	
Political subdivision's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,668,091	\$	1,328,669	\$ (604,954)	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$658,147. At June 30, 2021, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	103,362	\$	101,759
Change in assumptions		221,417		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		484,676		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		430,887		
Total	\$	1,240,342	\$	101,759

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> <u>Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

The \$430,887 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Political Subdivision's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Increase to Pension Expense		
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$	203,219 212,396 139,586 152,495	

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plans is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Town's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Participants who are eligible to retire as participants in the VRS pension plan are allowed access to the plan until they reach age 65. Retirees pay the blended (employees and retirees) published rate, however as they are older than the typical employee (and thus more expensive) there is a cost to this right to purchase insurance at the blended rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

VRS retirement eligibility is age 50 with 10 years of service or age 55 with 5 years of service for employees hired prior to July 1, 2010 who were vested in the plan prior to July 1, 2013. VRS retirement eligibility is the earlier of age 60 with 5 years of service or 90 combined age and service points for other employees.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the January 1, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plan:

	Members
Inactive employees or beneficiaries:	
Currently receiving benefits	18
Entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	
Total inactive employees	18
Active plan members	77
	95

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$5,483,815 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of January 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount rate	2.16%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50-5.35%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00-5.50% over 74 years

Mortality rates: Pre-Retirement Mortality Rates: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80. Healthy Annuitant Rate at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs (Continued)

Post-Retirement Mortality Rates: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement Mortality Rates: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study covering the period from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 5,184,494
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	279,511
Interest	119,115
Assumption or other input changes	49,951
Benefit payments	 (149,256)
Net changes	 299,321
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 5,483,815

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current discount rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (1.16%)	Current Discount Rate (2.16%)		 1.00% Increase (3.16%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 6,626,092	\$	5,483,815	\$ 4,592,018	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare							
		1.00% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate		1.00% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,379,306	\$	5,483,815	\$	6,994,538		

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related</u> to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$459,995. At June 30, 2021, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	542,382 105,543	\$	172,390 -	
	\$	647,925	\$	172,390	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense		
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	\$	61,369 61,369 61,369 61,369 61,369 168,690	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the Town of Purcellville, Virginia also participates in a cost-sharing multi-employer other postemployment benefit plan, described as follows.

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at <u>https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp</u>.

The GLI is administered by the VRS along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. This plan is considered a multiple employer, cost sharing plan.

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may			
	be impacted as a result of funding provided to			
	school divisions and governmental agencies by			
	the Virginia General Assembly.			
Total rate:	1.34% of covered employee compensation. Rate			
	allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and 0.54%			
	employer. Employers may elect to pay all or part			
	of the employee contribution.			
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$29,966			
June 30, 2020 Contribution	\$26,544			

Group Life Insurance Program

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

June 30, 2021 proportionate share of	
liability	\$451,754
June 30, 2020 proportion	0.02707%
June 30, 2019 proportion	0.02568%
June 30, 2021 expense	\$22,326

Group Life Insurance Program

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Group Life Insurance Program

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	28,976	\$	4,057
Change in assumptions		22,593		9,433
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		13,570		-
Changes in proportion		31,859		8,168
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		29,966		
Total	\$	126,964	\$	21,658

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Group Life Insurance Program

Year Ended June 30,	Increase to OPEB Expense		
2022 2023	\$	11,903 15,735	
2024 2025 2026 Thereafter		18,738 19,986 7,941 1,037	

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:Locality – general employees	3.50 - 5.35%
 Locality – bazardous duty employees 	3.50 - 4.75%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
• Under age 65	7.00 - 4.75%
• Ages 65 and older	5.375 - 4.75%
Investment rate of return, net of expenses, including inflation*	GLI: 6.75%

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed percent above. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be the percent noted above to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 8.

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Group Life Insurance Program
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,523,937
Plan fiduciary net position	1,855,102
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,668,835
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	52.64%

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00 %	4.65 %	1.58 %
Fixed Income	15.00	0.46	0.07
Credit Strategies	14.00	5.38	0.75
Real Assets	14.00	5.01	0.70
Private Equity	14.00	8.34	1.17
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.04	0.18
PIP – Private Investments Partnership	3.00	6.49	0.19
Total	100.00 %		4.64 %
	Inflation		2.50 %
*Expected arithmet	ic nominal return		7.14 %

* The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current discount rate:

	Current				
	 1.00% Decrease (5.75%)		Discount Rate (6.75%)		1.00% Increase (7.75%)
GLI Net OPEB liability	\$ 593,865	\$	451,754	\$	336,346

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 11. Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Elements

A summary of other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") related financial statement elements is as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB		
Changes in proportion		
VRS-Group Life Insurance	\$	31,859
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		
VRS-Group Life Insurance		29,966
Difference between expected and actual experience		
Local Plan		105,543
VRS-Group Life Insurance		28,976
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on OPEB plan investments		
VRS-Group Life Insurance		13,570
Change in assumptions		
Local Plan		542,382
VRS-Group Life Insurance		22,593
Total deferred outflow of resources – OPEB	\$	774,889
Net OPEB liability	•	
Local Plan	\$	5,483,815
VRS-Group Life Insurance		451,754
Total net OPEB liability	\$	5,935,569

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Elements (Continued)

Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB	
Differences between expected and actual experience	
VRS-Group Life Insurance	\$ 4,057
Change in assumptions	
Local Plan	172,390
VRS-Group Life Insurance	9,433
Changes in proportion	
VRS-Group Life Insurance	8,168
Total deferred inflow of resources – OPEB	\$ 194,048
OPEB Expense	
Local Plan	\$ 459,995
VRS-Group Life Insurance	 22,326
Total expense – OPEB	\$ 482,321

Note 12. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. The Town pays an annual premium to the association for its workers compensation insurance coverage. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The Town is named in lawsuits and expects most claims will be covered by insurance.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past four fiscal years, excluding FY20. In FY20, the town had to pay out of pocket to settle these lawsuits. Nothing has been paid out of pocket in FY21.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 13. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grant programs. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes any required refunds will be immaterial. Based on past experience, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Construction commitments

At June 30, 2021, the Town was contractually obligated for \$973,466 to complete various construction projects within the Town, \$850,416 in the capital projects fund and \$123,050 in the water fund. The funds for these improvements are expected to come from fund balance reserves, the issuance of debt, federal, and state funding.

Note 14. Prior Period Adjustment

Prior period adjustment for developer contributions in the prior year was as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Water Fund	Sewer Fund
Net position, June 30, 2020, as previously reported Developer Contributions	\$ 43,280,154 	\$ 26,984,945 2,557,604	\$ 12,016,071 1,789,688	\$ 14,968,874 767,916
Net position, June 30, 2020, as restated	\$ 44,626,895	<u>\$ 29,542,549</u>	<u>\$ 13,805,759</u>	<u>\$ 15,736,790</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	¢	025 550	¢	4 020 204	¢	4 002 204	¢	52,000
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	935,550	\$	4,030,394	\$	4,083,384	\$	52,990
		1,242,114 67,810		5,106,364 251,360		5,516,628 266,885		410,264
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		<i>,</i>				<i>,</i>		15,525
Fines and forfeitures		11,025		52,100		63,386		11,286
Revenue from use of property		6,750		27,000		27,000		-
Investment income		18,750		75,000		5,609		(69,391)
Miscellaneous		22,300		35,700		52,550		16,850
Intergovernmental		204 525		1 000 5/0		1 150 0 15		(20.51.0)
Commonwealth		294,537		1,200,763		1,170,247		(30,516)
Federal		-		1,492,130		1,742,084		249,954
Total revenues		2,598,836		12,270,811		12,927,773		656,962
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government administration		887,284		5,166,508		4,972,625		193,883
Public safety		736,873		2,837,123		1,946,893		890,230
Public works		708,963		2,378,647		1,987,882		390,765
Community development		108,267		1,335,054		1,123,139		211,915
Capital outlay		32,500		280,684		135,559		145,125
Debt service								
Principal retirement		188,750		754,999		969,174		(214,175)
Interest and other fiscal charges		122,327		489,306		326,501		162,805
Total expenditures		2,784,964		13,242,321		11,461,773		1,780,548
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(186,128)		(971,510)		1,466,000		2,437,510
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		186,128		971,510		-		(971,510)
		· · · · ·						
Total other financing sources (uses)		186,128		971,510		-		(971,510)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,466,000	\$	1,466,000

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PARKS & RECREATION FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amou	ints			Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	(Driginal		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	105,886	\$	455,369	\$	461,224	\$	5,855
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	Φ	-	φ		ψ	300	φ	300
Revenue from use of property		12,000		30,000		-		(30,000)
Miscellaneous		14,328		20,928		3,400		(17,528)
Intergovernmental		11,520		20,920		5,100		(17,520)
Commonwealth		1,250		5,000				(5,000)
Total revenues		133,464		511,297		464,924		(46,373)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Parks, recreation, and cultural		120,997		510,432		365,640		144,792
Debt service								
Principal retirement		21,250		85,000		85,000		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		5,467		21,866		21,866		-
Total expenditures		147,714		617,298		472,506		144,792
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(14,250)		(106,001)		(7,582)		98,419
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		14,250		106,001	. <u> </u>	-		(106,001)
Total other financing sources (uses)		14,250		106,001				(106,001)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$		\$	(7,582)	\$	(7,582)

EXHIBIT 12

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – PRIMARY GOVERNMENT June 30, 2021

	Plan Year											
	 2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015		2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability	\$ 645,719 1,081,157	\$	539,913 1,011,938	\$	560,029 940,955	\$	565,009 904,712	\$	520,138 831,714	\$ 517,073 746,112	\$	555,900 683,141
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	(142,140)		187,582 512,755		106,210		(223,270) (209,240)		127,380	315,416		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (708,504)		(674,107)		(512,191)		(526,713)		(346,107)	 (365,311)		(313,605)
Net change in total pension liability	876,232		1,578,081		1,095,003		510,498		1,133,125	1,213,290		925,436
Total pension liability – beginning	 16,371,393		14,793,312		13,698,309		13,187,811		12,054,686	 10,841,396		9,915,960
Total pension liability – ending	 17,247,625		16,371,393		14,793,312		13,698,309		13,187,811	 12,054,686		10,841,396
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer Contributions – employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of	392,073 265,112 294,282		357,501 272,387 990,181		354,829 228,399 1,015,636		363,393 232,553 1,486,189		445,991 224,263 216,458	427,672 216,720 503,837		520,781 210,587 1,444,988
employee contributions Administrative expenses Other	 (708,504) (10,064) (359)		(674,107) (9,518) (626)		(512,191) (8,531) (915)		(526,713) (8,346) (1,336)		(346,107) (6,926) (88)	 (365,311) (6,523) (109)		(313,605) (7,349) 76
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	232,540		935,818		1,077,227		1,545,740		533,591	776,286		1,855,478
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	 15,686,416		14,750,598		13,673,371		12,127,631		11,594,040	 10,817,754		8,962,276
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	 15,918,956		15,686,416		14,750,598		13,673,371		12,127,631	 11,594,040		10,817,754
Net pension liability – ending	\$ 1,328,669	\$	684,977	\$	42,714	\$	24,938	\$	1,060,180	\$ 460,646	\$	23,642
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	 92.30%		95.82%		99.71%		99.82%		91.96%	 96.18%		99.78%
Covered payroll	\$ 5,155,135	\$	5,167,111	\$	4,673,958	\$	4,707,039	\$	4,524,808	\$ 4,309,958	\$	4,785,081
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	 25.77%		13.26%		0.91%		0.53%		23.43%	 10.69%		0.49%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2014 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2015 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2015 (plan year 2014) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2021

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	al Contractually C d Required		Ro Cor R	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		ribution iciency xcess)	mployer's ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2021	\$	430,887	\$	430,887	\$	-	\$ 5,717,892	7.54 %	
2020		392,073		392,073		-	5,155,135	7.61	
2019		357,501		357,501		-	5,167,111	6.92	
2018		354,829		354,829		-	4,673,958	7.59	
2017		363,393		363,393		-	4,707,039	7.72	
2016		445,991		445,991		-	4,524,808	9.86	
2015		427,672		427,672		-	4,309,958	9.92	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the Town's fiscal year – i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - LOCAL PLAN June 30, 2021

	Plan Year								
	2021			2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability								_	
Service cost	\$	279,511	\$	229,310	\$	191,276	\$	204,974	
Interest on total OPEB liability		119,115		160,700		155,405		140,295	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		132,605		-		-	
Changes in assumptions		49,951		372,745		290,118		(273,794)	
Benefit payments		(149,256)		(144,714)		(54,106)		(47,156)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		299,321		750,646		582,693		24,319	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,184,494		4,433,848		3,851,155		3,826,836	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	5,483,815	\$	5,184,494	\$	4,433,848	\$	3,851,155	
Covered employee payroll	\$	5,529,749	\$	5,529,749	\$	4,540,991	\$	4,540,991	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		99%		94%		98%		85%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

There are no assets accumulated in a trust meeting the criteria defined to pay related benefits of the pension/OPEB plan.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY – VRS GLI June 30, 2021

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Employer's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
Virginia Retire	ment System – Grou	ıp Life Insurance	– General Employ	ees	
2020	0.02707 %	\$ 451,754	\$ 5,155,135	8.76 %	52.64 %
2019	0.02568	418,000	5,167,111	8.09	52.00
2018	0.02458	373,000	4,673,958	7.98	51.22
2017	0.02552	384,000	4,707,039	8.16	48.86

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – VRS GLI June 30, 2021

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	R	tractually equired tribution	in R Con R	tributions elation to tractually equired ttribution	Def	tribution ficiency Excess)		mployer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Virginia Retii	rement	System – G	roup I	Life Insuran	ce – Ge	eneral Emp	loyee	S	
2021	\$	29,966	\$	29,966	\$	-	\$	5,717,892	0.52 %
2020		26,544		26,544		-		5,155,135	0.51
2019		26,178		26,178		-		5,167,111	0.51
2018		24,305		24,305		-		4,673,958	0.52

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Prior to March 30, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3) Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4) The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Town Council.
- 5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 6) All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The governmental funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the proprietary funds utilize accrual basis of accounting.
- 7) Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all Town units.
- 8) All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is as amended and approved by Town Council.
- 9) Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations.

Note 2. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

Note 3. Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits – Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension and GLI OPEB

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Increased disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension and GLI OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension and GLI OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Increased retirement rate at age 50 and lowered rates at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decreased discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension and GLI OPEB

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
General Fund				(••••••••)		
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real property taxes	\$ 775,580	\$ 3,334,075	\$ 3,379,385	\$ 45,310		
Personal property taxes	151,970	661,319	670,762	9,443		
Penalties and interest	8,000	35,000	33,237	(1,763)		
Total general property taxes	935,550	4,030,394	4,083,384	52,990		
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes	304,263	1,308,053	1,425,820	117,767		
Cigarette taxes	51,898	204,793	222,166	17,373		
Business license taxes	201,607	810,000	847,344	37,344		
Utility license taxes	55,000	220,000	216,085	(3,915)		
Franchise taxes	85,000	360,000	364,986	4,986		
Meals tax	541,346	2,191,518	2,429,322	237,804		
Other local taxes	3,000	12,000	10,905	(1,095)		
Total other local taxes	1,242,114	5,106,364	5,516,628	410,264		
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:						
Motor vehicle license fees	42,500	180,000	178,255	(1,745)		
Zoning fees	20,000	50,000	47,440	(2,560)		
Right of way usage fees	5,250	21,000	41,190	20,190		
Other permit fees	60	360		(360)		
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	67,810	251,360	266,885	15,525		
Fines and forfeitures:						
Police fines	11,025	52,100	63,386	11,286		
Total fines and forfeitures	11,025	52,100	63,386	11,286		
Revenue from use of property:	6,750	27,000	27,000			
Investment income:	18,750	75,000	5,609	(69,391)		
Miscellaneous:						
Insurance reimbursement	10,000	-	973	973		
Proceeds from sales of property	7,525	15,000	27,537	12,537		
Local grant & awards	2,125	4,000	-	(4,000)		
Community events sign	300	1,300	295	(1,005)		
Public Works reimbursement from others	1,250	8,800	15,846	7,046		
Miscellaneous	1,100	6,600	7,899	1,299		
Total miscellaneous	22,300	35,700	52,550	16,850		
Total revenue from local sources	2,304,299	9,577,918	10,015,442	437,524		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Noncategorical aid:				
Communications tax	32,500	130,000	118,569	(11,431)
Personal property tax relief funds	50,438	201,753	201,753	
Total noncategorical aid	82,938	331,753	320,322	(11,431)
Categorical aid:				
Shared expenses:				
Aid to Police	28,539	118,600	128,022	9,422
Total shared expenses	28,539	118,600	128,022	9,422
Other categorical aid:				
Arts grant	1,125	20,000	3,750	(16,250)
Other categorical aid	2,000	8,200	6,154	(2,046)
Fire program funds	6,500	26,000	29,448	3,448
Highway maintenance funds	172,685	693,010	679,182	(13,828)
Litter control grant	750	3,200	3,369	169
Total other categorical aid	183,060	750,410	721,903	(28,507)
Total categorical aid	211,599	869,010	849,925	(19,085)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	294,537	1,200,763	1,170,247	(30,516)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:				
Law enforcement funds	_	28,266	37,930	9,664
CARES Act Funding		1,463,864	1,704,154	240,290
-				
Total categorical aid		1,492,130	1,742,084	249,954
Total revenue from the federal government		1,492,130	1,742,084	249,954
Total intergovernmental	294,537	2,692,893	2,912,331	219,438
Total General Fund	\$ 2,598,836	\$12,270,811	\$12,927,773	\$ 656,962
arks and Recreation Fund: Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:				
Real property - special tax district	\$ 105,761	\$ 454,969	\$ 460,927	\$ 5,958
Penalties and interest	125	400	297	(103)
Total general property taxes	105,886	455,369	461,224	5,855

SCHEDULE 1 (Continued)

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Miscellaneous:				
Donations	125	500	185	(315)
Miscellaneous	26,203	50,428	3,215	(47,213)
Total miscellaneous	26,328	50,928	3,400	(47,528)
Total revenue from local sources	132,214	506,297	464,924	(41,373)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Other categorical aid	1,250	5,000		(5,000)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	1,250	5,000		(5,000)
Total intergovernmental	1,250	5,000		(5,000)
Total Parks and Recreation Fund	\$ 133,464	\$ 511,297	\$ 464,924	\$ (46,373)
Capital Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Investment income:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,518	\$ 2,518
Miscellaneous:				
Proffers	3,750	395,517		(395,517)
Total miscellaneous	3,750	395,517		(395,517)
Total revenue from local sources	3,750	395,517	2,518	(392,999)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from local governments:				
Loudoun County contribution	97,775	1,133,826	301,100	(832,726)
NVTA	83,537	2,235,924	728,036	(1,507,888)
Total revenue from local governments	181,312	3,369,750	1,029,136	(2,340,614)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:				
Transportation grants	87,288	2,818,709	750,996	(2,067,713)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	87,288	2,818,709	750,996	(2,067,713)

SCHEDULE 1 (Continued)

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:				
Highway planning and construction		792,919	44,529	(748,390)
Total categorical aid		792,919	44,529	(748,390)
Total revenue from the federal government		792,919	44,529	(748,390)
Total intergovernmental	268,600	6,981,378	1,824,661	(5,156,717)
Total General Capital Improvements Fund	\$ 272,350	\$ 7,376,895	\$ 1,827,179	\$ (5,549,716)
Total Primary Government	\$ 3,004,650	\$20,159,003	\$15,219,876	\$ (4,939,127)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
		Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
General Fund				
General government administration:				
Legislative:	¢ 10.075	* - 0.000	¢ 54.040	ф с с с с с
Town Council	\$ 19,975	\$ 79,899	\$ 74,243	\$ 5,656
General and financial administration:				
Administration	363,985	3,172,094	3,169,852	2,242
Legal services	19,000	76,000	29,460	46,540
Financial administration	19,750	79,000	60,367	18,633
Information technology	125,375	517,026	484,297	32,729
Finance	272,907	1,125,540	1,087,125	38,415
Retiree benefits	17,179	68,716	67,281	1,435
Contingency-Operating Reserve	50,363	53,233	-	53,233
Total general and financial administration	868,559	5,091,609	4,898,382	193,227
Total general government administration	888,534	5,171,508	4,972,625	198,883
Public safety:				
Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Police department	722,088	2,916,600	1,963,033	953,567
	,22,000	2,910,000	1,500,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire department	18,535	74,140	74,448	(308)
Ambulance and rescue services	11,250	45,000	45,000	-
Total fire and rescue services	29,785	119,140	119,448	(308)
Total public safety*	751,873	3,035,740	2,082,481	953,259
Public works:				
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	190,971	1,198,768	949,618	249,150
Administration	(151,168)	174,972	169,066	5,906
General properties	373,816	486,974	283,394	203,580
Refuse	147,500	590,000	585,804	4,196
Total public works	561,119	2,450,714	1,987,882	462,832
		2,100,711	1,907,002	102,032
Community development:				
Planning and community development:				
Planning commission	3,437	13,749	12,856	893
Board of zoning and appeals	25	100	-	100
Board of architectural review	942	3,768	3,230	538
Engineering Planning and Development	258,732	1,285,537	1,095,716	189,821
Total planning and community development	263,136	1,303,154	1,111,802	191,352
Environmental management:	2,000	8,000	1,366	6,634
Economic development:	2,225	8,900	1,350	7,550
Arts:	5,000	20,000	8,592	11,408
Total community development*	272,361	1,340,054	1,123,110	216,944

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2021

								riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted Original	Amo	Final		Actual	(Positive Negative)
Debt service: Principal retirement		188,750		754,999		969,174		(214,175)
Interest and other fiscal charges		122,327		489,306		326,501		162,805
Total debt service		311,077		1,244,305		1,295,675		(51,370)
Total General Fund	\$	2,784,964	\$	13,242,321	\$	11,461,773	\$	1,780,548
Parks and Recreation Fund: Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Management	\$	54,810	\$	219,232	\$	204,129	\$	15,103
Train station		11,509		51,290		25,378		25,912
Programs Eigeneens Eigld		20,350		88,358		42,565		45,793
Firemans Field Tree commission		27,250		143,859		93,339		50,520
Contingency-Operating Reserve		625 6,453		2,500 5,193		230		2,270 5,193
Total parks, recreation, and cultural		120,997		510,432		365,641		144,791
Debt service:		21 2 5 0		0.5.000				
Principal retirement and interest		21,250		85,000		85,000		-
Interest and other fiscal charges	·	5,467		21,866		21,866		-
Total debt service		26,717		106,866		106,866		-
Total Parks and Recreation Fund	\$	147,714	\$	617,298	\$	472,507	\$	144,791
Capital Fund:								
Capital projects expenditures:								
General capital projects	\$	-	\$	11,953	\$	-	\$	11,953
Financial software upgrade		-		94,641		-		94,641
Hirst Farm pond		-		524,796		-		524,796
Main and Maple improvements		-		956,043		44,529		911,514
A Street trail		-		278,254		-		278,254
12th Street improvements		-		1,779,548		106,884		1,672,664
32nd and Main Street improvements		60,825		1,042,656		27,580		1,015,076
Hatcher Avenue improvements		7,500		442,817		108,760		334,057
LVHS/Sutton path		22,775		272,717		132,611		140,106
Bush Tabernacle Police Facility		75,000		300,000		- 28,299		300,000 139,965
Nursery Avenue drain improvement		106,250		168,264 1,933,844		1,273,956		659,888
Outdoor Stage		-		44,125		-		44,125
Total capital projects	_	272,350		7,849,658	_	1,722,619	_	6,127,039
Total General Capital Improvements Fund		272,350		7,849,658	_	1,722,619	_	6,127,039
Total Primary Government	\$	3,205,028	\$	21,709,277	\$	13,656,899	\$	8,052,378

*includes captial outlay items

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget		
	8	Amounts		Positive		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Operating revenues						
Water fees	\$ 568,130	\$ 2,318,042	\$ 2,146,553	\$ (171,489)		
Water meter fees	1,049	3,625	5,041	1,416		
Intergovernmental - Commonwealth	-	-	31,997	31,997		
Miscellaneous income	250	159,127	195,790	36,663		
Penalties and interest	7,000	28,000	-	(28,000)		
Grants Revenue		11,768	11,768			
Total operating revenues	576,429	2,520,562	2,391,149	(129,413)		
Operating expenses:						
Personnel:						
Water staff	163,521	663,824	617,726	46,098		
Overtime	7,750	31,000	34,833	(3,833)		
Health insurance	31,485	125,941	98,637	27,304		
Retirement	14,034	57,100	168,019	(110,919)		
Workers' compensation	3,528	14,309	15,146	(837)		
Payroll taxes	13,283	53,736	49,385	4,351		
Life insurance	2,223	9,022	7,924	1,098		
Disability insurance	782	3,179	1,616	1,563		
Deferred compensation match	910	3,640	2,780	860		
Utility chargeback	123,691	494,764	513,426	(18,662)		
Retiree Health Benefit	4,762	19,048	18,120	928		
Plant operations and meter reading:						
Electricity	4,000	16,000	13,371	2,629		
Communications	3,250	13,000	12,815	185		
Supplies	9,313	37,250	24,210	13,040		
Lab equipment	1,125	4,500	3,379	1,121		
Contracts	24,800	99,200	104,918	(5,718)		
Uniforms	1,775	7,100	8,170	(1,070)		
Safety	1,913	7,650	955	6,695		
Sludge disposal	3,750	15,000	4,480	10,520		
Cross connections	500	2,000	-	2,000		
Plant repairs	8,500	34,000	11,573	22,427		
Water line repairs	7,500	30,000	41,485	(11,485)		
Leak detection	625	2,500	-	2,500		
Meter repairs, tools and equipment	3,875	26,750	30,447	(3,697)		
New water meters	1,125	4,500	3,916	584		
Hardware and computer supplies	1,000	4,000	-	4,000		
Chemicals - plant	6,000	24,000	25,916	(1,916)		
Permits	2,375	9,500	8,421	1,079		
GIS layers	3,000	12,000	1,724	10,276		
Advertisements	125	500	-	500		
Water samples	4,854	19,416	14,280	5,136		
Training	1,500	6,000	2,104	3,896		
Dues and subscriptions	225	900	651	249		
General expenses	375	1,500	390	1,110		
Postage/mailings	1,000	4,000	762	3,238		
Professional services	26,600	106,400	50,959	55,441		
Watershed management	5,000	20,000	4,961	15,039		
Filter Rehabilitation	6,750	27,000	-	27,000		
Grant Funded Expenditures	-	11,768	11,800	(32)		
Software Maint Services	-	-	4,975	(4,975)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATER FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted			Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Forestry management	625	2,500	-	2,500
Environmental compliance	375	1,500	716	784
Mowing	1,625	6,500	1,750	4,750
Administrative supplies	75	300	71	229
Water department emergency	63	250	-	250
Purchased water	12,500	50,000	33,481	16,519
New equipment and tools	10,000	40,000	37,294	2,706
Leased/rented equipment	800	3,200	1,852	1,348
Vehicle repairs and maintenance	2,174	8,695	2,321	6,374
Propane	3,750	15,000	11,705	3,295
Nutrient Credit Development	-	-	50,119	(50,119)
Generator maintenance	3,750	15,000	6,438	8,562
Long range planning	5,000	52,874	32,235	20,639
Pest control	-	-	100	(100)
Vehicle fuel	2,000	8,000	8,825	(825)
Public information/education	500	2,000	625	1,375
Well operations:	500	2,000	025	1,575
Electricity	14 500	58 000	56 006	1 004
	14,500	58,000	56,006	1,994
Telephone	375	1,500	1,560	(60)
Supplies	-	-	611	(611)
Contracts	3,125	12,500	3,027	9,473
Plant repairs	6,250	25,000	17,629	7,371
Spare parts	7,313	29,250	21,692	7,558
Repairs	7,500	30,000	24,321	5,679
Chemicals	5,250	21,000	11,913	9,087
Carbon change-out	6,000	24,000	24,712	(712)
Water samples	875	3,500	3,493	7
New equipment and tools	6,250	25,000	19,148	5,852
Propane	-	-	-	-
Well rehabilitation	6,500	26,000	16,381	9,619
Depreciation	-	-	455,834	(455,834)
Capital outlay	31,000	1,760,894	-	1,760,894
Other operating expenses	19,463	108,670	50,548	58,122
Total operating expenses	654,462	4,353,130	2,808,681	1,544,449
Operating income (loss)	(78,033)	(1,832,568)	(417,532)	1,415,036
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment income	20,000	86,000	7,698	(78,302)
Cellular lease	46,250	180,000	247,833	67,833
Retirement of debt	(95,375)	(381,500)		381,500
Bond issuance costs	()0,0,0)	(501,500)	(64,786)	(64,786)
Interest expense	(69,757)	(279,028)	(441,150)	(162,122)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(98,882)	(394,528)	(250,405)	144,123
Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions	(176,915)	(2,227,096)	(667,937)	1,559,159
Other financing sources (uses):				
Contributed capital - developer donations	-	-	1,559,480	1,559,480
Contributed capital - availability fees	164,182	579,465	643,850	64,385
Contingency-Operating Reserve	(3,804)	(112,708)		112,708
Total other financing sources (uses)	160,378	466,757	2,203,330	1,736,573
Change in net position	\$ (16,537)	\$ (1,760,339)	\$ 1,535,393	\$ 3,295,732

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted	1.4 mo	unto		Fii	riance with 1al Budget Positive
	 Original	AIIIO	Final	Actual		Negative)
Operating revenues	 original			 Tittuii	((eguire)
Sewer fees	\$ 785,716	\$	3,193,684	\$ 3,073,236	\$	(120,448)
Sewer meter fees	1,049		3,625	5,041		1,416
Penalties and interest	7,000		28,000	-		(28,000)
Miscellaneous income	 1,250		5,300	 1,835		(3,465)
Total operating revenues	 795,015		3,230,609	 3,080,112		(150,497)
Operating expenses:						
Personnel:						
Sewer staff	143,316		579,192	597,650		(18,458)
Overtime - Sewer	8,125		32,500	31,686		814
Health insurance	24,412		97,646	111,887		(14,241)
Retirement	12,298		49,780	215,485		(165,705)
Workers' compensation	1,399		5,651	5,562		89
Payroll taxes	11,742		47,336	46,464		872
Deferred compensation match	780		3,120	2,620		500
Life insurance	1,948		7,871	7,160		711
Disability insurance	726		2,942	1,267		1,675
Retiree Health Benefit	1,931		7,722	10,158		(2,436)
Utility chargeback	123,691		494,764	457,439		37,325
Plant operations:	20.000		150000	150 401		5 500
Electricity	39,000		156,000	150,491		5,509
Telephone	2,500		10,000	15,550		(5,550)
Plant supplies	4,125		16,500	25,277		(8,777)
Contracts	12,664		50,657	45,200		5,457
Permits	6,250		25,000	12,006		12,994
Uniforms	1,875		7,500	8,740		(1,240)
Plant repairs	2,500 12,500		10,000 50,000	14,995 43,328		(4,995) 6,672
Sewer line repairs	3,000		12,000	43,328		
Safety Lab supplies	3,000 7,774		31,097	27,107		10,575 3,990
New equipment and tools	13,614		75,061	75,915		(854)
Sludge removal	8,500		34,000	20,425		13,575
Chemicals	27,500		108,890	88,350		20,540
Lab certification	675		2,700	2,444		20,310
Sample analysis	1,522		7,197	6,476		721
Computer operations	1,250		5,000	439		4,561
GIS layers	3,000		12,000	1,724		10,276
Waste disposal	500		2,000	626		1,374
Meter repairs, tools, and equipment	6,688		26,750	30,447		(3,697)
New water meters	1,125		4,500	3,916		584
Equipment - plant	15,000		60,000	67,804		(7,804)
Vehicle repairs	625		2,500	1,416		1,084
Dues and subscriptions	500		2,000	160		1,840

Variance with

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEWER FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

OriginalFinalActual(Negative)Leased/Rented Equipment1,5006,00030,065 $(24,065)$ Advertisements2501,000-1,000Training1,7507,0002,7814,219Postage/mailings818(818)Other expenses6252,5001812,319Professional services8,00032,0008,71223,288Mowing3751,500808692Environmental compliance2,2509,000-9,000Sewer department emergency7503,000-3,000Administrative supplies150600237363Generator maintenance1,25086,20051,84134,359Long range planning19,65011,9414,5607,381Pest control100(100)Vehicle fuel1,3755,5004,1671,333Clearing7503,0002,600400Pump station operations:=-100(100)Contracts1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5002,693<		Budgeted .	Amounts		Final Budget Positive
LessedRented Equipment 1.500 6.000 30.065 (24.065) Advertisements 250 $1,000$ - 1.000 Training $1,750$ 7.000 $2,781$ 4.21 Postage/mailings - - 818 (818) Other expenses 625 $2,000$ $8,712$ 23.288 Mowing 375 $1,500$ 808 692 Environmental compliance $2,250$ $9,000$ - $9,000$ Sever department emergency 750 $3,000$ - $3,000$ Administrative supplies 150 600 23.7 363 Long range planning $19,650$ $11,941$ $34,359$ Long range planning 750 $3,000$ 400 Vest cottol - - 100 100 Vest department 625 $2,500$ $1,560$ 940 Pagins $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,693$ $4,807$ Clean		0		Actual	
Advertisements 250 1,000 - 1,000 Training 1,750 7,000 2,781 4,219 Postage/mailings - - 818 (818) Other expenses 625 2,500 181 2,319 Professional services 8,000 32,000 8,712 23,288 Mowing 375 1,500 808 692 Environmental compliance 2,250 9,000 - 3,000 Administrative supplies 150 600 227 363 Generator maintenance 1,250 86,200 51,841 34,359 Long range planning 19,650 11,941 4,560 7,381 Pest control - - - 100 (100) Vehicle fuel 1,375 5,500 4,167 1,333 Clearing 750 3,000 2,600 400 Pump station operations: Electricity 2,825 1,130 15,725 (4,425)	Leased/Rented Equipment	1,500	6,000	30,065	(24,065)
Postgermatings - - 818 (818) Other expenses 625 2.500 181 2.319 Professional services 8.000 32,000 8,712 23,288 Mowing 375 1.500 808 692 Environmental compliance 2.230 9,000 - 9,000 Sewer department emergency 750 3,000 - 3,000 Administrative supplies 150 600 2.37 363 Generator maintenance 1,250 86,200 51,841 34,359 Long range planning 19,650 11,941 4,560 7,381 Pest control - - 100 (100) Vehicle fuel 1,375 5,500 4,167 1,333 Clearing 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Telephone 625 2,500 1,560 940 Contracts 1,875 7,500 6,616 1,084 Equipment 6,230		250	1,000	-	
Other expenses 625 2,500 181 2,319 Professional services 8,000 32,000 8,712 23,288 Mowing 375 1,500 808 692 Environmental compliance 2,250 9,000 - 9,000 Sewer department emergency 750 3,000 - 3,000 Administrative supplies 150 600 237 363 Generator maintenance 1,250 86,200 51,841 34,359 Long range planning 19,650 11,941 4,560 7,381 Pest control - - 100 (100) Vehicle fuel 1,375 5,500 4,167 1,333 Cleaning 750 3,000 2,600 400 Pump station operations: - - 160 4,425 Electricity 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Telephone 625 2,500 1,564 9,452 Propane 625<	Training	1,750	7,000	2,781	4,219
Professional services $8,000$ $32,000$ $8,712$ $23,288$ Mowing 375 $1,500$ 808 692 Environmental compliance $2,250$ $9,000$ $ 9,000$ Sever department emergency 750 $3,000$ $ 3,000$ Administrative supplies 150 600 237 363 Generator maintenance $1,250$ $86,200$ $51,841$ $34,359$ Long range planning $19,650$ $11,941$ $4,560$ $7,381$ Pest control - - 100 (100) Vehicle fuel $1,375$ $5,500$ $4,167$ $1,333$ Cleaning 750 $2,603$ $4,807$ $2,500$ $2,127$ 373 Demp station operations: $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,693$ $4,807$ Contracts $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,693$ $4,807$ Contracts $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,6127$ 3730 Depreciation	Postage/mailings	-	-	818	(818)
Mowing 375 $1,500$ 808 692 Environmental complinee $2,250$ $9,000$ $ 9,000$ Sever department emergency 750 $3,000$ $ 3,000$ Administrative supplies 150 6000 237 363 Generator maintenance $1,250$ $86,200$ $51,841$ $34,359$ Long range planning $19,650$ $11,941$ $4,560$ $7,381$ Vehicle fuel 1.375 $5,500$ $4,167$ $1,333$ Cleaning 750 $3,000$ $2,600$ 400 Pump station operations: Electricity $2,825$ $11,300$ $15,725$ $(4,425)$ Telephone 625 $2,500$ $1,560$ 940 Repairs $1,875$ $7,500$ $6,116$ 1.084 Equipment $6,250$ $2,210$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation - - $766,941$ $(766,941)$ Capital outlay $2,7500$ <td>Other expenses</td> <td>625</td> <td>2,500</td> <td>181</td> <td>2,319</td>	Other expenses	625	2,500	181	2,319
Mowing 375 $1,500$ 808 692 Environmental complinee $2,250$ $9,000$ $ 9,000$ Sever department emergency 750 $3,000$ $ 3,000$ Administrative supplies 150 6000 237 363 Generator maintenance $1,250$ $86,200$ $51,841$ $34,359$ Long range planning $19,650$ $11,941$ $4,560$ $7,381$ Vehicle fuel 1.375 $5,500$ $4,167$ $1,333$ Cleaning 750 $3,000$ $2,600$ 400 Pump station operations: Electricity $2,825$ $11,300$ $15,725$ $(4,425)$ Telephone 625 $2,500$ $1,560$ 940 Repairs $1,875$ $7,500$ $6,116$ 1.084 Equipment $6,250$ $2,210$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation - - $766,941$ $(766,941)$ Capital outlay $2,7500$ <td>Professional services</td> <td>8,000</td> <td>32,000</td> <td>8,712</td> <td>23,288</td>	Professional services	8,000	32,000	8,712	23,288
Environmental compliance 2,250 9,000 - 9,000 Sever department emergency 750 3,000 - 3,000 Administrive supplies 150 600 237 363 Generator maintenance 1,250 86,200 51,841 34,359 Long range planning 19,650 11,941 4,560 7,381 Pest control - - 100 (100) Vehicle fuel 1,375 5,500 4,167 1,333 Cleaning 750 3,000 2,600 400 Pump station operations: Electricity 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Telephone 6,250 2,500 1,560 940 Repairs 1,875 7,500 2,693 4,867 Contracts 1,875 7,500 2,693 4,867 Opane 625 2,500 2,127 373 Depreciation - - 766,941 (766,941) Capital o	Mowing	375	1,500	808	
Administrative supplies 150 600 237 363 Generator maintenance 1,250 86,200 51,841 34,359 Long range planning 19,650 11,941 4,560 7,381 Pest control - - 100 (100) Vehicle fuel 1,375 5,500 4,167 1,333 Cleaning 770 3,000 2,600 400 Pump station operations: 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Electricity 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Telephone 625 2,500 1,560 940 Repairs 1,875 7,500 2,693 4,807 Contracts 1,875 7,500 6,416 1,084 Equipment 6,250 2,5000 15,548 9,452 Orograne 625 2,500 2,127 373 Depreciation - - 76,6941 (766,941) Capital outlay 27,500	Environmental compliance	2,250	9,000	-	9,000
Generator maintenance1,250 $86,200$ $51,841$ $34,359$ Long range planning19,65011,9414,5607,381Pest control100(100)Vehicle fuel1,3755,5004,1671,333Cleaning7503,0002,600400Pump station operations:Electricity2,82511,30015,725(4,425)Telephone6252,5001,560940Repairs1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5006,4161,084Equipment6,25025,00015,5489,452Propane6252,5002,127373Depreciation766,941(766,941)Calid outlay27,5001,629,77623,8001,605,976Other operating expenses602,8803,980,8533,098,514882,339Operating income (loss)192,135(750,244)(18,402)731,842Nonoperating revenues (expenses):127,18027,180Investment income18,75080,0006,876(73,124)Gain on sale of capital assets425-2,7,18027,180Retirement of debt(100,000)(400,000)-400,000Interest expense(253,348)(1,013,393)(1,169,435)(156,042)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)(334,173)(1,333,393)(1,296,627)36,766Income (loss) before	Sewer department emergency	750	3,000	-	3,000
Long range planning19,65011,9414,5607,381Pest control100(100)Vehicle fuel1,3755,5004,1671,333Cleaning7503,0002,600400Pump station operations:Electricity2,82511,30015,725(4,425)Telephone6252,5001,560940Repairs1,8757,5002,6934,807Contracts1,8757,5006,4161,084Equipment6,25025,00015,5489,452Propane6252,5002,127373Depreciation766,941Contracts19,27585,66025,19560,465Total operating expenses602,8803,980,8533,098,514882,339Operating income (loss)192,135(750,244)(18,402)731,842Nonoperating revenues (expenses):(161,248)(161,248)Investment income18,75080,0006,876(73,124)Gain on sale of capital assets42527,18027,180Retirement of debt(100,000)(161,248)(1162,48)Interest expense(233,348)(1,013,333)(1,136,202)768,608Other operating revenues (expenses)(334,173)(1,333,393)(1,296,627)36,766Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions </td <td>Administrative supplies</td> <td>150</td> <td>600</td> <td>237</td> <td>363</td>	Administrative supplies	150	600	237	363
Pest control - - 100 (100) Vehicle fuel 1,375 5,500 4,167 1,333 Cleaning 750 3,000 2,600 400 Pump station operations: 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Telephone 625 2,500 1,560 940 Repairs 1,875 7,500 2,693 4,807 Contracts 1,875 7,500 6,416 1.084 Equipment 6,250 2,500 15,548 9,452 Propane 625 2,500 2,127 373 Depreciation - - 766,941 (766,941) Capital outlay 27,500 1,629,776 23,800 1,605,976 Other operating expenses 602,880 3,980,853 3,098,514 882,339 Operating income (loss) 192,135 (750,244) (18,402) 731,842 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): - - (161,248) (161,248) Investment income 18,750 80,000 6,876 (73,124)	Generator maintenance	1,250	86,200	51,841	34,359
Vehicle fuel $1,375$ $5,500$ $4,167$ $1,333$ Cleaning 750 $3,000$ $2,600$ 400 Pump station operations: Electricity $2,825$ $11,300$ $15,725$ $(4,425)$ Telephone 625 $2,500$ $1,560$ 940 Repairs $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,693$ $4,807$ Contracts $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,6416$ 1.084 Equipment $6,250$ $25,000$ $15,548$ $9,452$ Propane 625 $2,500$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation - - $766,941$ $(766,941)$ Capital outlay $27,500$ $1,629,776$ $23,800$ $1,605,976$ Other operating expenses $602,880$ $3.980,853$ $3,908,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): 18,750 $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ <t< td=""><td>Long range planning</td><td>19,650</td><td>11,941</td><td>4,560</td><td>7,381</td></t<>	Long range planning	19,650	11,941	4,560	7,381
Cleaning 750 $3,000$ $2,600$ 400 Pump station operations: Electricity $2,825$ $11,300$ $15,725$ $(4,425)$ Telephone 625 $2,500$ $1,560$ 940 Repairs $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,693$ $4,807$ Contracts 1.875 $7,500$ $6,416$ 1.084 Equipment $6,250$ $2,500$ $1,5,548$ $9,452$ Propane 625 $2,500$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation - - $766,941$ $(766,941)$ Capital outlay $27,500$ $1,629,776$ $23,800$ $1.605,976$ Other operating expenses $19,575$ $85,660$ $25,195$ $60,465$ Total operating expenses $602,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$	Pest control	-	-	100	(100)
Pump station operations: Image: constraint operation operation operation operation operation operation operation operation operation operating revenues (expenses) Image: constraint operation operating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before operating revenues (expenses) 18,75 - - 7(50,24) (1,29) 7(31,24) Income (loss) before operating revenues (expenses) 192,135 (750,244) (18,402) 731,842 Nonoperating revenues (expenses) 18,750 80,000 6,876 (73,124) Interest expense (253,348) (1,013,393) (1,169,435) (156,042) Total onoperating revenues (expenses) . - - 6,676 (73,124) Contributed capital assets 425 - 27,180 27,180 27,180 Interest expense (253,348) (1,013,393) (1,169,435) (156,042) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) . - - - 6,66,66 Contributed capital - developer donations - - - (161,248) (161,248) Interest expense . . - - - - 6,66,66 Income (loss) before oper	Vehicle fuel	1,375	5,500	4,167	
Electricity 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Telephone 625 2,500 1,560 940 Repairs 1,875 7,500 2,693 4,807 Contracts 1,875 7,500 6,416 1.084 Equipment 6,250 25,000 15,548 9,452 Propane 625 2,500 2,127 373 Depreciation - - 766,941 (766,941) Capital outlay 27,500 1,629,776 23,800 1,665,976 Other operating expenses 19,575 85,660 25,195 60,465 Total operating income (loss) 192,135 (750,244) (18,402) 731,842 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income 18,750 80,000 6,876 (73,124) Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - 27,180 27,180 Intrest expense (253,348) (1,013,393) (1,16,9435) (166,042) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (33	Cleaning	750	3,000	2,600	400
Electricity 2,825 11,300 15,725 (4,425) Telephone 625 2,500 1,560 940 Repairs 1,875 7,500 2,693 4,807 Contracts 1,875 7,500 6,416 1.084 Equipment 6,250 25,000 15,548 9,452 Propane 625 2,500 2,127 373 Depreciation - - 766,941 (766,941) Capital outlay 27,500 1,629,776 23,800 1,665,976 Other operating expenses 19,575 85,660 25,195 60,465 Total operating income (loss) 192,135 (750,244) (18,402) 731,842 Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income 18,750 80,000 6,876 (73,124) Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - 27,180 27,180 Intrest expense (253,348) (1,013,393) (1,16,9435) (166,042) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (33	Pump station operations:				
Telephone 625 $2,500$ $1,560$ 940 Repairs $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,693$ $4,807$ Contracts $1,875$ $7,500$ $6,416$ $1,084$ Equipment $6,250$ $25,000$ $15,548$ $9,452$ Propane 625 $2,500$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation $766,941$ $(766,941)$ Capital outlay $27,500$ $1,629,776$ $23,800$ $1,605,976$ Other operating expenses $19,575$ $85,660$ $25,195$ $60,465$ Total operating expenses $602,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 $ 27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $ (161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(42,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $ 2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,0,$		2,825	11,300	15,725	(4,425)
Repairs $1,875$ $7,500$ $2,693$ $4,807$ Contracts $1,875$ $7,500$ $6,416$ $1,084$ Equipment $6,250$ $25,000$ $15,548$ $9,452$ Propane 625 $2,500$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation $ 766,941$ $(766,941)$ Capital outlay $27,500$ $1,629,776$ $23,800$ $1,605,976$ Other operating expenses $002,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 $ 27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $ (161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,129,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $ 2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$	-	625	2,500	1,560	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,875		2,693	4,807
Equipment $6,250$ $25,000$ $15,548$ $9,452$ Propane 625 $2,500$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation766,941 $(766,941)$ Capital outlay $27,500$ $1,629,776$ $23,800$ $1,605,976$ Other operating expenses $19,575$ $85,660$ $25,195$ $60,465$ Total operating expenses $602,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $187,50$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bond issuance costs $(161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ C	-	1,875		6,416	
Propane 625 $2,500$ $2,127$ 373 Depreciation766,941(766,941)Capital outlay $27,500$ $1,629,776$ $23,800$ $1,605,976$ Other operating expenses $19,575$ $85,660$ $25,195$ $60,465$ Total operating expenses $602,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bond issuance costs $(161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(156,042)$ Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) $(334,173)$ $(1,333,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - developer donations $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - developer donations $2,284,899$ $2,240,244$ Contributed capital - developer donations $2,284,899$ $2,$	Equipment				
Depreciation766,941(766,941)Capital outlay27,5001,629,77623,8001,605,976Other operating expenses19,575 $85,660$ 25,195 $60,465$ Total operating expenses $602,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bond issuance costs $(161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - developer donations $2,284,899$ 2					
Capital outlay $27,500$ $1,629,776$ $23,800$ $1,605,976$ Other operating expenses $19,575$ $85,660$ $25,195$ $60,465$ Total operating expenses $602,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bord issuance costs $(161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,244,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contrigency-Operating Reserve $(36,108)$ $(62,345)$ - $62,345$ Total other financing sources (uses) $6,884$ $423,655$ $2,824,899$ $2,401,244$	-	-	-		(766,941)
Other operating expenses $19,575$ $85,660$ $25,195$ $60,465$ Total operating expenses $602,880$ $3,980,853$ $3,098,514$ $882,339$ Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses): $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bond issuance costs $(161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - developer donations $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contributed capital - availability fees $6,884$ $423,655$ $2,824,899$ $2,401,244$ <	Capital outlay	27,500	1,629,776	23,800	
Operating income (loss) $192,135$ $(750,244)$ $(18,402)$ $731,842$ Nonoperating revenues (expenses):Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bond issuance costs $(161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(156,042)$ Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) $(334,173)$ $(1,333,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - developer donations $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ $2,244,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $540,000$ Contingency-Operating Reserve $(36,108)$ $(62,345)$ - $62,345$ Total other financing sources (uses) $6,884$ $423,655$ $2,824,899$ $2,401,244$		19,575	85,660		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bond issuance costs(161,248) $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(156,042)$ Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) $(334,173)$ $(1,333,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses):Contributed capital - developer donations-2,284,899 $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contingency-Operating Reserve $(36,108)$ $(62,345)$ - $62,345$ Total other financing sources (uses) $6,884$ $423,655$ $2,824,899$ $2,401,244$	Total operating expenses	602,880	3,980,853	3,098,514	882,339
Investment income $18,750$ $80,000$ $6,876$ $(73,124)$ Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ - $400,000$ Bond issuance costs $(161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(156,042)$ Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) $(334,173)$ $(1,333,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses):Contributed capital - developer donations $2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contingency-Operating Reserve $(36,108)$ $(62,345)$ - $62,345$ Total other financing sources (uses) $6,884$ $423,655$ $2,824,899$ $2,401,244$	Operating income (loss)	192,135	(750,244)	(18,402)	731,842
Gain on sale of capital assets 425 - $27,180$ $27,180$ Retirement of debt(100,000)(400,000)-400,000Bond issuance costs(161,248)(161,248)Interest expense(253,348)(1,013,393)(1,169,435)(156,042)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)(334,173)(1,333,393)(1,296,627)36,766Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions(142,038)(2,083,637)(1,315,029)768,608Other financing sources (uses):2,284,8992,284,8992,284,899Contributed capital - developer donations2,284,8992,284,899Contributed capital - availability fees42,992486,000540,00054,000Contingency-Operating Reserve(36,108)(62,345)-62,345Total other financing sources (uses)6,884423,6552,824,8992,401,244	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Retirement of debt $(100,000)$ $(400,000)$ $ 400,000$ Bond issuance costs $ (161,248)$ $(161,248)$ Interest expense $(253,348)$ $(1,013,393)$ $(1,169,435)$ $(156,042)$ Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) $(334,173)$ $(1,333,393)$ $(1,296,627)$ $36,766$ Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions $(142,038)$ $(2,083,637)$ $(1,315,029)$ $768,608$ Other financing sources (uses): $ 2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - developer donations $ 2,284,899$ $2,284,899$ Contributed capital - availability fees $42,992$ $486,000$ $540,000$ $54,000$ Contingency-Operating Reserve $(36,108)$ $(62,345)$ $ 62,345$ Total other financing sources (uses) $6,884$ $423,655$ $2,824,899$ $2,401,244$	Investment income	18,750	80,000	6,876	(73,124)
Bond issuance costs - - (161,248) (161,248) Interest expense (253,348) (1,013,393) (1,169,435) (156,042) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (334,173) (1,333,393) (1,296,627) 36,766 Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions (142,038) (2,083,637) (1,315,029) 768,608 Other financing sources (uses): - - 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - developer donations - - 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - availability fees 42,992 486,000 540,000 54,000 Contingency-Operating Reserve (36,108) (62,345) - 62,345 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244	Gain on sale of capital assets	425	-	27,180	27,180
Interest expense (253,348) (1,013,393) (1,169,435) (156,042) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (334,173) (1,333,393) (1,296,627) 36,766 Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions (142,038) (2,083,637) (1,315,029) 768,608 Other financing sources (uses): - - 2,284,899 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - developer donations - - 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - availability fees 42,992 486,000 540,000 54,000 Contingency-Operating Reserve (36,108) (62,345) - 62,345 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244	Retirement of debt	(100,000)	(400,000)	-	400,000
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (334,173) (1,333,393) (1,296,627) 36,766 Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions (142,038) (2,083,637) (1,315,029) 768,608 Other financing sources (uses): . . . 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - developer donations . . . 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - availability fees 42,992 486,000 540,000 54,000 Contingency-Operating Reserve (36,108) (62,345) . 62,345 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244	Bond issuance costs	-	-	(161,248)	(161,248)
Income (loss) before operating transfers and contributions (142,038) (2,083,637) (1,315,029) 768,608 Other financing sources (uses): (142,038) (2,083,637) (1,315,029) 768,608 Contributed capital - developer donations - - 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - availability fees 42,992 486,000 540,000 54,000 Contingency-Operating Reserve (36,108) (62,345) - 62,345 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244	Interest expense	(253,348)	(1,013,393)	(1,169,435)	(156,042)
contributions (142,038) (2,083,637) (1,315,029) 768,608 Other financing sources (uses): . . . 2,284,899 2,240,244 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(334,173)	(1,333,393)	(1,296,627)	36,766
Other financing sources (uses): Contributed capital - developer donations - 2,284,899 2,2401,244 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244	Income (loss) before operating transfers and				
Contributed capital - developer donations - 2,284,899 2,284,899 Contributed capital - availability fees 42,992 486,000 540,000 54,000 Contrigency-Operating Reserve (36,108) (62,345) - 62,345 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244		(142,038)	(2,083,637)	(1,315,029)	768,608
Contributed capital - availability fees 42,992 486,000 540,000 54,000 Contrigency-Operating Reserve (36,108) (62,345) - 62,345 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244					
Contingency-Operating Reserve (36,108) (62,345) - 62,345 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244	· ·	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses) 6,884 423,655 2,824,899 2,401,244			486,000	540,000	
	Contingency-Operating Reserve	(36,108)	(62,345)		62,345
Change in net position \$ (135,154) \$ (1,659,982) \$ 1,509,870 \$ 3,169,852	Total other financing sources (uses)	6,884	423,655	2,824,899	2,401,244
	Change in net position	\$ (135,154)	\$ (1,659,982)	\$ 1,509,870	\$ 3,169,852

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgeted Priginal	Amo	unts Final	Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
	 riginai		Гша	 Actual		(Regative)
REVENUES						
Investment income	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,518	\$	2,518
Miscellaneous	3,750		395,517	-		(395,517)
Intergovernmental						
Local government	181,312		3,369,750	1,029,136		(2,340,614)
Commonwealth	87,288		2,818,709	750,996		(2,067,713)
Federal	 -		792,919	 44,529		(748,390)
Total revenues	 272,350		7,376,895	 1,827,179		(5,549,716)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay	272,350		7,849,658	1,722,619		6,127,039
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 -		(472,763)	 104,560		577,323
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	 		472,763	 -		(472,763)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		472,763	 -		(472,763)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$		\$ 104,560	\$	104,560

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Purcellville's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Table</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-5
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Town's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	6-10
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	11-14
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	15-16
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the Town's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the Town's financial information relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs.	17-19

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TABLE 1

Town of Purcellville, Virginia

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021			
Governmental activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 33,175,084	\$ 33,837,613	\$ 34,615,139	\$ 35,096,434	\$ 35,336,103	\$ 34,948,299	\$ 36,103,203	\$ 36,541,656	\$ 38,353,880	\$ 43,165,963			
Restricted	-	2,546,527	1,992,726	989,533	548,493	723,338	1,701,564	2,608,858	1,959,705	1,519,909			
Unrestricted	4,712,380	3,450,049	3,445,511	3,890,599	4,480,445	5,909,479	3,153,671	2,916,735	2,966,569	4,647,148			
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 37,887,464	\$ 39,834,189	\$ 40,053,376	\$ 39,976,566	\$ 40,365,041	\$ 41,581,116	\$ 40,958,438	\$ 42,067,249	\$ 43,280,154	\$ 49,333,020			
Business-type activities													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 14,149,999	\$ 14,345,188	\$ 13,902,748	\$ 12,826,291	\$ 12,328,265	\$ 11,835,787	\$ 14,617,526	\$ 13,968,289	\$ 14,060,553	\$ 21,367,837			
Unrestricted	7,260,056	3,893,882	4,189,021	5,718,797	6,525,057	10,910,592	11,562,432	13,248,155	12,924,392	11,219,975			
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 21,410,055	\$ 18,239,070	\$ 18,091,769	\$ 18,545,088	\$ 18,853,322	\$ 22,746,379	\$ 26,179,958	\$ 27,216,444	\$ 26,984,945	\$ 32,587,812			
Primary government													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 47,325,083	\$ 48,182,801	\$ 48,517,887	\$ 47,922,725	\$ 47,664,368	\$ 46,784,086	\$ 50,720,729	\$ 50,509,945	\$ 52,414,433	\$ 64,533,800			
Restricted	-	2,546,527	1,992,726	989,533	548,493	723,338	1,701,564	2,608,858	1,959,705	1,519,909			
Unrestricted	11,972,436	7,343,931	7,634,532	9,609,396	11,005,502	16,820,071	14,716,103	16,164,890	15,890,961	15,867,123			
Total primary government net position	\$ 59,297,519	\$ 58,073,259	\$ 58,145,145	\$ 58,521,654	\$ 59,218,363	\$ 64,327,495	\$ 67,138,396	\$ 69,283,693	\$ 70,265,099	\$ 81,920,832			

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 and 75 were adopted in fiscal year 2015 and 2018, respectively. Prior years were not restated for the impact of these statements.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year																	
	2012	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Expenses																		
Governmental activities:																		
General government \$	3,214,457	\$ 3,100,979	\$	2,923,193	\$	2,763,529	\$	2,815,863	\$	2,942,494	\$	3,437,040	\$	3,378,091	\$	4,083,075	\$	5,409,541
Public safety	1,809,443	1,916,652	Ψ	1,919,119	Ŷ	1,947,552	Ŷ	2,122,003	Ŷ	2,238,136	Ψ	2,302,104	Ψ	2,584,402	Ψ	2,643,488	φ	2,098,663
Public works	2,802,812	3,478,574		3,472,819		2,978,601		3,537,166		3,240,338		2,227,327		2,525,765		2,868,524		2,224,500
Parks, recreation, and cultural	94,152	68,927		265,740		341,526		284,991		288,865		422,519		279,894		312,666		373,998
Community development	1,666,302	1,708,045		1,858,057		1,957,359		1,993,482		2,085,427		2,015,654		1,297,069		1,399,905		2,143,612
Interest on long-term debt	682,642	742,904		833,107		652,262		624,740		599,827		643,001		470,275		468,726		309,239
Total governmental activities expenses	10,269,808	11,016,081		11,272,035		10,640,829		11,378,245		11,395,087		11,047,645		10,535,496		11,776,384		12,559,553
Business-type activities:																		
Water	2,045,177	4,227,361		2,116,235		2,536,825		2,213,759		2,173,568		3,008,206		2,894,441		2,973,565		3,314,617
Sewer	3,051,529	3,023,902		3,336,116		3,105,398		3,246,210		3,310,332		3,856,998		3,690,481		3,845,912		4,429,197
—	, ,								· · · · · · ·					, ,				
Total business-type activities expenses	5,096,706	7,251,263		5,452,351		5,642,223		5,459,969	·	5,483,900		6,865,204		6,584,922		6,819,477		7,743,814
Total primary government expenses	15,366,514	\$ 18,267,344	\$	16,724,386	\$	16,283,052	\$	16,838,214	\$	16,878,987	\$	17,912,849	\$	17,120,418	\$	18,595,861	\$	20,303,367
Program Revenues																		
Governmental activities:																		
Charges for services:																		
General government	154,275	149,973		153,981		145,791		146,961		154,425		167,457		181,409		176,334		178,255
Public safety	73,046	84,156		64,947		57,326		42,844		61,696		58,302		50,466		45,866		63,386
Public works	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		300
Community development	81,782	102,822		217,668		161,370		143,284		158,169		127,221		91,765		113,099		88,630
Operating grants and contributions	736,855	739,275		789,086		798,187		812,838		957,708		825,145		1,229,911		1,210,658		1,208,177
Capital grants and contributions	2,082,699	2,974,978		1,862,645		755,462		1,277,717		1,181,722		1,642,735		368,774		1,866,644		3,869,206
Total governmental activities program revenues	3,128,657	4,051,204	- <u> </u>	3,088,327		1,918,136		2,423,644		2,513,720		2,820,860		1,922,325		3,412,601		5,407,954
Business-type activities:																		
Charges for services:																		
Water \$	1,933,357	\$ 1,996,566	\$	2,062,128	\$	2,085,958	\$	2,072,275	\$	2,135,053	\$	2,179,702	\$	2,195,929	\$	2,336,437	\$	2,391,149
Sewer	2,224,268	2,386,434	*	2,652,841	*	2,603,688	*	2,716,078	*	2,918,681	*	3,022,056		3,073,423	-	3,191,709	-	3,080,112
Operating grants and contributions	, ,	33,237		29,368		28,287		27,041		25,902		12,164		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions	780,144	604,954		1,506,757		2,325,382		1,752,098		4,851,708		5,114,232		1,894,160		639,279		5,028,229
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,937,769	5,021,191		6,251,094		7,043,315	_	6,567,492		9,931,344		10,328,154		7,163,512		6,167,425		10,499,490
Total primary government program revenues	8,066,426	\$ 9,072,395	\$	9,339,421	\$	8,961,451	\$	8,991,136	\$	12,445,064	\$	13,149,014	\$	9,085,837	\$	9,580,026	\$	15,907,444
Net (expense)/revenue	(7.141.151)	¢ (6.064.977)	¢	(0 102 700)	¢	(8 722 (02)	¢	(0.054.601)	¢	(9.991.2(7)	¢	(9.226.795)	¢	(9 (12 171)	¢	(9.262.792)	¢	(7.151.500)
Governmental activities \$	(.)) -)			(8,183,708)	2	(8,722,693)	2	(8,954,601)	2	(8,881,367)	2	(8,226,785)	2	(8,613,171)	Э	(8,363,783)	Э	(7,151,599)
Business-type activities	(158,937)	(2,230,072)		798,743		1,401,092		1,107,523		4,447,444		3,462,950		578,590		(652,052)		2,755,676
Total primary government net expense \$	(7,300,088)	\$ (9,194,949)	\$	(7,384,965)	\$	(7,321,601)	\$	(7,847,078)	\$	(4,433,923)	\$	(4,763,835)	\$	(8,034,581)	\$	(9,015,835)	\$	(4,395,923)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year																			
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
General Revenues and Other Changes in																				
Net Position																				
Governmental activities:																				
Taxes																				
Property taxes	\$	2,557,786	\$	2,822,718	\$	3,088,573	\$	3,344,853	\$	3,395,079	\$	3,690,806	\$	3,889,211	\$	4,220,164	\$	4,356,659	\$	4,545,865
Local sales and use taxes		952,497		931,067		898,669		998,571		1,110,071		1,164,728		1,136,133		1,225,507		1,315,764		1,425,820
Meals taxes		788,948		1,229,495		1,384,194		1,607,222		1,786,932		1,910,552		2,047,316		2,206,283		1,906,056		2,429,322
Utility license taxes		201,784		209,182		218,543		222,625		220,033		220,180		222,488		222,898		219,145		216,085
Business license taxes		621,289		709,692		666,178		677,503		765,285		765,041		790,617		888,515		854,839		847,344
Other local taxes		472,815		475,834		508,110		535,057		537,536		547,485		570,898		579,098		517,500		598,057
Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Security Act Funding		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		85,331		1,704,154
Unrestricted grants and contributions		368,625		369,061		392,714		391,107		385,727		381,086		362,408		-		-		-
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property		50,350		44,400		41,890		40,442		39,846		49,464		75,600		44,680		68,890		27,000
Unrestricted investment income		-		-		-		-		-		-		21,713		149,046		139,166		8,127
Miscellaneous		70,166		80,487		88,120		112,530		89,326		210,938		173,981		185,791		113,338		55,950
Gain (loss) on sale of capital asset		-		923,762		-		(9,735)		-		-		(14,987)		-		-		-
Transfers		1,115,904		1,115,904		1,115,904		1,050,904		1,013,241		1,157,162		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		7,200,164		8,911,602		8,402,895		8,971,079		9,343,076		10,097,442		9,275,378		9,721,982		9,576,688		11,857,724
Business-type activities:																				
Miscellaneous		38,639		24,377		20,026		20,995		35,130		322,784		20,000		-		-		-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital asset		-		-		-		35,000		-		-		-		-		-		27,180
Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property		137,842		145,296		147,590		153,812		178,155		259,562		444,277		210,882		193,317		247,833
Unrestricted investment income		18,870		5,318		2,244		1,030		667		20,429		38,860		247,014		227,236		14,574
Transfers		(1,115,904)		(1,115,904)		(1,115,904)		(1,050,904)		(1,013,241)		(1,157,162)		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities		(920,553)		(940,913)		(946,044)		(840,067)		(799,289)		(554,387)		503,137		457,896		420,553		289,587
Total primary government	\$	6,279,611	\$	7,970,689	\$	7,456,851	\$	8,131,012	\$	8,543,787	\$	9,543,055	s	9,778,515	s	10,179,878	\$	9,997,241	\$	12,147,311
Total primary government	Ψ	0,279,011		1,910,009	Ψ	7,150,051	Ψ	0,151,012	-	0,515,707		>,515,055	Ψ	>,770,515	Ψ	10,177,070	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	12,117,511
Change in Net Position																				
Governmental activities	\$	59,013	\$	1,946,725	\$	219,187	\$	248,386	\$	388,475	\$	1,216,075	\$	1,048,593	\$	1,108,811	\$	1,212,905	\$	4,706,125
Business-type activities		(1,079,490)		(3,170,985)		(147,301)		561,025		308,234		3,893,057		3,966,087		1,036,486		(231,499)		3,045,263
Total primary government	\$	(1,020,477)	\$	(1,224,260)	\$	71,886	\$	809,411	\$	696,709	\$	5,109,132	\$	5,014,680	\$	2,145,297	\$	981,406	\$	7,751,388

GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Local Sales and Use Taxes	Business Licenses	Utility License Taxes	Meals Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Total
2021	\$ 4,545,865	\$ 1,425,820	\$ 847,344	\$ 216,085	\$ 2,429,322	\$ 598,057	\$ 10,062,493
2020	4,356,659	1,315,764	854,839	219,145	1,906,056	517,500	9,169,963
2019	4,220,164	1,225,507	888,515	222,898	2,206,283	579,098	9,342,465
2018	3,889,211	1,136,133	790,617	222,488	2,047,316	570,898	8,656,663
2017	3,690,806	1,164,728	765,041	220,180	1,910,552	547,485	8,298,792
2016	3,395,079	1,110,071	765,285	220,033	1,786,932	537,536	7,814,936
2015	3,344,853	998,571	677,503	222,625	1,607,222	535,057	7,385,831
2014	3,088,573	898,669	666,178	218,543	1,384,194	508,110	6,764,267
2013	2,822,718	931,067	709,692	209,182	1,229,495	475,834	6,377,988
2012	2,557,786	952,497	621,289	201,784	788,948	472,815	5,595,119

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal	Yea	r				
	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016		2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
Governmental funds:											
Nonspendable:											
Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 61,838	\$ 76,764	\$ 78,750
Prepaids	 52,902	 48,661	 63,487	 61,630	 -		1,256	 20,198	 -	 91,365	 91,748
Total nonspendable balance	\$ 52,902	\$ 48,661	\$ 63,487	\$ 61,630	\$ -	\$	1,256	\$ 20,198	\$ 61,838	\$ 168,129	\$ 170,498
Restricted for:											
State highway maintenance	\$ 66,503	\$ 397,701	\$ 35,051	\$ 131,454	\$ 58,377	\$	260,205	\$ 364,998	\$ 371,240	\$ 434,922	\$ 21,836
Loudoun County settlement funds	2,193,686	1,730,952	945,882	550,734	221,800		230,344	195,001	178,754	-	-
Loudoun County -Transportation and sidewalk project	-	-	611,809	214,830	214,830		214,830	1,051,189	949,665	486,314	459,705
Fireman's field	-	357,961	399,984	92,515	53,486		17,959	-	-	-	-
Hirst pond	-	-	-	-	-		-	90,376	90,275	74,896	74,795
Proffers	-	-	-	-	-		667,536	892,180	1,018,924	963,573	963,573
USDA bond covenant	-	59,913	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Unspent bond proceeds	 57,669	 237,332	 42,636	 -	 -		-	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total restricted fund balance	\$ 2,317,858	\$ 2,783,859	\$ 2,035,362	\$ 989,533	\$ 548,493	\$	1,390,874	\$ 2,593,744	\$ 2,608,858	\$ 1,959,705	\$ 1,519,909
Committed for:											
Capital expense	\$ 10,000	\$ 768,892	\$ 691,135	\$ 590,155	\$ 479,261	\$	373,852	\$ 271,475	\$ 178,523	\$ 142,780	\$ 140,342
Parks & recreation	 -	 -	 -	 -	 59,281		151,588	 285,266	 319,400	 404,852	 397,291
Total committed fund balance	\$ 10,000	\$ 768,892	\$ 691,135	\$ 590,155	\$ 538,542	\$	525,440	\$ 556,741	\$ 497,923	\$ 547,632	\$ 537,633
Assigned for:											
Capital projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,654	\$ -	\$ 220,199	\$	183,142	\$ 443,537	\$ 198,018	\$ 667,721	\$ 798,991
Unassigned	\$ 3,427,576	\$ 3,884,533	\$ 4,209,033	\$ 5,031,166	\$ 5,676,427	\$	6,685,555	\$ 5,176,351	\$ 6,299,036	\$ 6,064,206	\$ 7,943,340
Total governmental funds	\$ 5,808,336	\$ 7,485,945	\$ 7,020,671	\$ 6,672,484	\$ 6,983,661	\$	8,786,267	\$ 8,790,571	\$ 9,665,673	\$ 9,407,393	\$ 10,970,371

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

										Fisca	l Yea	ır								
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021
Revenues																				
General property taxes	\$	2,526,297	\$	2,850,968	\$	3,095,888	\$	3,239,133	\$	3,472,962	\$	3,648,248	\$	3,874,778	\$	4,188,212	\$	4,327,765	\$	4,544,608
Other local taxes	Ŷ	3,037,333	Ŷ	3,555,270	Ŷ	3,675,694	Ψ	4,040,978	Ψ	4,419,857	Ψ	4,607,986	φ	4,767,452	φ	5,122,301	Ψ	4,813,304	Ψ	5,516,628
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		236,057		252,795		371,649		307,161		290,245		312,594		294,678		273,174		289,433		267,185
Fines and forfeitures		73,046		84,156		64,947		57,326		42,844		61,696		58,302		50,466		45,866		63,386
Revenue from use of property		38,410		42,630		40,862		39,315		36,590		36,540		82,880		44,680		68,890		27,000
Investment income		11,940		1,770		1,028		1,127		3,256		12,924		21,713		149,046		139,166		8,127
Miscellaneous		70,166		80,487		88,119		112,530		89,327		210,938		166,701		185,791		113,338		55,950
Intergovernmental		, 0,100		00,107		00,115		112,000		0,021		210,000		100,701		100,751		110,000		22,720
Local government		_		687,739		1,102,228		253,365		223,147		773,558		1,393,377		223,579		597,146		1,029,136
Commonwealth		1,498,138		3,361,171		1,830,329		1,623,099		1,415,501		1,331,322		1,414,125		1,294,819		2,195,217		1,921,243
Federal		1,690,041		34,404		111,888		68,292		837,634		415,637		22,785		80,287		370,270		1,786,613
i cuciui		1,090,011	·	51,101		111,000		00,272		057,051		115,057		22,705		00,207		570,270		1,700,015
Total revenues		9,181,428		10,951,390		10,382,632		9,742,326		10,831,363		11,411,443		12,096,791		11,612,355		12,960,395		15,219,876
Expenditures																				
General government administration		2,366,088		2,390,979		2,515,213		2,471,121		2,611,773		2,679,550		3,205,477		2,974,232		3,578,864		4,972,625
Public safety		1,788,562		1,838,119		1,906,858		1,968,590		2,068,546		2,103,905		2,243,805		2,506,891		2,430,628		1,946,893
Public works		2,769,287		2,747,417		3,285,281		2,729,601		3,387,426		3,014,297		2,045,628		2,329,499		2,607,051		1,987,882
Parks, recreation, and cultural		80,475		153,330		183,440		227,434		169,803		174,316		289,565		279,696		341,714		365,640
Community development		420,361		426,093		420,836		431,276		495,504		537,634		477,634		459,406		501,453		1,123,139
Capital projects		6,468,774		4,723,932		2,190,996		2,046,356		1,323,834		652,204		373,089		1,027,782		2,795,634		1,858,178
Debt service		.,,		.,,		_,_, ,, ,, , ,		_,,		-,,				,		-,		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,,-,-,-
Principal		672,460		3,440,182		8,517,384		756,531		833,543		864,121		3,154,872		742,353		4,522,053		1,054,174
Interest and other fiscal charges		665,834		769,333		596,339		725,508		702,279		680,691		706,928		558,819		609,393		348,367
Bond issue costs		-		-		165,517		-		-		-		20,312		-		47,019		-
Total expenditures		15,231,841		16,489,385		19,781,864		11,356,417		11,592,708		10,706,718		12,517,310		10,878,678		17,433,809		13,656,898
Total expenditures		15,251,641		10,469,365		19,701,004		11,550,417		11,392,708		10,700,718		12,317,310		10,878,078		17,455,609		13,030,898
Excess of revenues over																				
(under) expenditures		(6,050,413)		(5,537,995)		(9,399,232)		(1,614,091)		(761,345)		704,725		(420,519)		733,677		(4,473,414)		1,562,978
Other financing sources (uses)																				
Transfers in		5,838,232		1,115,904		1,579,416		1,259,361		1,174,741		1,337,162		2,284,248		50,000		207,000		-
Transfers out		(4,722,328)		-		(463,512)		(208,457)		(161,500)		(180,000)		(2,284,248)		(50,000)		(207,000)		-
Refunding bonds issued(including bond premiums)		-		-		12,473,453		-		-		-		700,000		-		9,119,000		-
Issuance of debt		-		4,840,000		-		215,000		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital leases		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		141,425		420,190		-
Proceeds from sale of property		-		1,259,700		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		(4,655,399)		-		-		-		(275,177)		-		(5,324,056)		-
Total other financing																				
sources (uses)		1,115,904		7,215,604	-	8,933,958		1,265,904		1,013,241		1,157,162		424,823		141,425		4,215,134		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(4,934,509)	\$	1,677,609	\$	(465,274)	\$	(348,187)	\$	251,896	\$	1,861,887	\$	4,304	\$	875,102	\$	(258,280)	\$	1,562,978
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		14.63%		33.99%		51.92%		15.94%		15.09%		15.50%		31.97%		13.05%		35.16%		11.91%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Local Sales and Use Taxes	Business Licenses	Utility License Taxes	Meals Taxes	Other Local Taxes	Total
2021	\$ 4,544,608	\$ 1,425,819	\$ 847,344	\$ 216,085	\$ 2,429,322	\$ 598,057	\$ 10,061,235
2020	4,327,765	1,315,763	854,839	219,145	1,906,056	517,500	9,141,069
2019	4,188,214	1,225,507	888,515	222,898	2,206,283	579,098	9,310,515
2018	3,874,778	1,136,133	790,617	222,488	2,047,316	570,898	8,642,230
2017	3,648,248	1,164,728	765,041	220,180	1,910,552	547,485	8,256,234
2016	3,472,962	1,110,071	765,285	220,033	1,786,932	537,536	7,892,819
2015	3,239,133	998,571	677,503	222,625	1,607,222	535,057	7,280,111
2014	3,095,888	898,669	666,178	218,543	1,384,194	508,110	6,771,582
2013	2,850,968	931,067	709,692	209,182	1,229,495	475,834	6,406,238
2012	2,526,297	952,497	621,289	201,784	788,948	472,815	5,563,630

Calendar Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Public Service	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2021	\$ 1,550,692,153	\$ 94,964,157	\$ 21,647,914	\$ 1,667,304,224	\$ 1,667,304,224	100%
2020	1,485,999,930	88,518,762	21,769,718	1,596,288,410	1,596,288,410	100%
2019	1,404,879,395	84,880,781	21,168,842	1,510,929,018	1,510,929,018	100%
2018	1,325,967,550	79,726,603	21,440,870	1,427,135,023	1,427,135,023	100%
2017	1,252,549,625	70,990,468	21,708,974	1,345,249,067	1,345,249,067	100%
2016	1,202,445,320	63,071,081	21,747,771	1,287,264,172	1,287,264,172	100%
2015	1,140,041,935	65,961,448	21,628,009	1,227,631,392	1,227,631,392	100%
2014	1,064,663,675	64,959,370	20,976,414	1,150,599,459	1,150,599,459	100%
2013	1,010,965,950	63,685,657	20,575,695	1,095,227,302	1,095,227,302	100%
2012	976,555,250	61,387,349	17,270,331	1,055,212,930	1,055,212,930	100%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Source: Loudoun County Commissioner of the Revenue and Assessor of Real Estate - County Wide assessment Summary Report

TABLE 7

PROPERTY TAX RATES (1) DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Direct Rates						Dverlapping Rate y of Loudoun, V Personal Property 4.20 4.20 4.20 4.20 4.20 4.20 4.20 4.20		
Calendar Year	Real Estate	FF Service Tax District	Personal Property	Volunteers	Machinery and Tools	Merchants' Capital	Real Estate	Personal	Machinery and Tools	
2021	.22/.22	.03/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	0.980	4.20	2.75	
2020	.22/.22	.03/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.035	4.20	2.75	
2019	.22/.22	.03/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.045	4.20	2.75	
2018	.22/.22	.035/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.085	4.20	2.75	
2017	.22/.22	.035/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.125	4.20	2.75	
2016	.22/.22	.035/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.145	4.20	2.75	
2015	.21/.22	.035/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.135	4.20	2.75	
2014	.225/.21	.035/.03	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.155	4.20	2.75	
2013	.225/.225	NA/.035	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.205	4.20	2.75	
2012	.23/.225	NA	1.05	0.01	0.55	N/A	1.240	4.20	2.75	

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

Source: Town Finance Department and Treasurer of Loudoun County

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		202	21	2012					
Taxpayer	Type Business	Total Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	Total Assessed Value	Percentage of Total Assessed Value				
NSHE Fool Hollow Lake LLC	Shopping Ctr (105 Purcellville Gateway)	\$ 16,557,780	1.05 %	\$ 8,185,550	0.83 %				
Main St. Station LLC	Shopping Center (1000 E Main St)	18,123,170	1.15	12,302,200	1.25				
S R B Enterprises LLC	Shopping Center (711 E Main St)	11,972,220	0.76	5,531,700	0.56				
Purcellville Shopping Center LLC	Shopping Center (609 E Main St)	7,718,680	0.49	9,652,500	0.98				
Valley Medical Center LLC	Medical Center (205 Hirst Road)	8,818,540	0.56	8,388,700	0.85				
Purcellville Development LLC	Shopping Center (1231 Wolf Rock Rd)	8,090,710	0.51	1,200,000	0.12				
Maple Avenue Apartments LP	Apartments (610-650 Dominion TE)	5,809,430	0.37	5,140,100	0.52				
Main Street Associates LP	Apartments (123 16th St)	5,738,170	0.37	4,082,500	0.41				
LRG-125 Hirst Road LLC	Office Building (125 Hirst Road)	4,323,200	0.27	2,306,300	0.23				
Castle Storage LLC	Storage Facility (113 N Bailey)	4,107,090	0.26	2,215,500	0.23				
		\$ 91,258,990	5.80 %	\$ 59,005,050	5.98 %				

Source: Loudoun County Assessor of Real Estate taxable date Note: Total Assessed Value is adjusted for land use deferral.

TABLE 10

Town of Purcellville, Virginia

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	RE Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	PP Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy for Fiscal Year	Collected within the Year of Levy	Percentage of Levy Collected in Year of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	Percentage of Total Collection to Date of Levy
2021	\$ 3,887,315	\$ 671,397	\$ 4,558,712	\$ 4,326,266	94.90 %	\$-	\$ 4,326,266	94.90 %
2020	3,670,993	656,460	4,327,453	4,097,076	94.68	183,028	4,097,076	94.68
2019	3,444,525	617,998	4,062,523	3,854,265	94.87	154,913	4,009,178	98.69
2018	3,309,611	579,342	3,888,953	3,689,674	94.88	188,985	3,878,659	99.74
2017	3,191,567	489,048	3,680,615	3,528,421	95.86	141,451	3,669,872	99.71
2016	3,006,627	427,528	3,434,155	3,320,031	96.68	108,169	3,428,200	99.83
2015	2,833,250	438,636	3,271,886	3,099,061	94.72	164,700	3,263,761	99.75
2014	2,684,760	431,752	3,116,512	3,021,519	96.95	91,331	3,112,850	99.88
2013	2,448,170	422,435	2,870,605	2,746,752	95.69	119,963	2,866,715	99.86
2012	2,214,116	395,634	2,609,750	2,523,249	96.69	80,933	2,604,182	99.79

	Gov	vernn	nental Activi	ities		Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Capital Leases	No	Other otes/Bonds	General Obligation Bonds		Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per	Capita
2021	\$ 12,265,000	\$	416,429	\$	510,000	\$ 40,606,630	\$	91,810	\$ 53,889,869	7.47 %	\$	6,102
2020	13,459,980		501,603		595,000	40,663,000		150,748	55,370,331	7.72		5,440
2019	13,900,005		135,983		680,000	40,605,881		179,596	55,501,465	7.77		6,285
2018	14,657,946		-		765,000	40,921,224		206,671	56,550,841	8.38		6,596
2017	17,374,221		-		850,000	42,595,476		254,291	61,073,988	9.70		7,309
2016	18,251,388		-		935,000	43,033,090		300,393	62,519,871	10.44		7,672
2015	19,094,249		-		1,020,000	43,475,334		345,026	63,934,609	11.21		7,918
2014	19,642,757		-		1,105,000	44,173,657		-	64,921,414	11.92		8,141
2013	19,929,554		-		1,190,000	43,194,735		-	64,314,289	12.14		8,139
2012	18,444,736		-		1,275,000	44,146,465		-	63,866,201	11.93		8,167

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

(1) Personal income figures are derived from Loudoun County Department of Management and Financial Services.

(2) As the current year population is not yet available (see Table 15), the prior year population was used in the current year calculation.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

							Fisca	l Ye	ar							
		2012		2013	 2014	 2015	 2016		2017		2018		2019		2020	 2021
Debt limit	\$	99,381,070	\$ 1	02,790,304	\$ 108,560,416	\$ 116,163,432	\$ 122,419,309	\$	127,425,860	\$	134,740,842	\$	142,604,824	\$	150,776,965	\$ 157,234,007
Total net debt applicable to limit		63,866,201		64,314,289	64,921,414	 63,934,609	 62,519,871		61,073,988		56,550,841		55,501,465		55,370,331	 53,889,869
Legal debt margin	\$	35,514,869	\$	38,476,015	\$ 43,639,002	\$ 52,228,823	\$ 59,899,438	\$	66,351,872	\$	78,190,001	\$	87,103,359	\$	95,406,634	\$ 103,344,138
Total net debt applicable to the lim as a percentage of debt limit	it	64.26%		62.57%	59.80%	55.04%	51.07%		47.93%		41.97%		38.92%		36.72%	34.27%
										Leg	gal debt margin	calc	ulation for fisca	ıl yea	ar 2020	
										A	Assessed value					\$ 1,572,340,067
											Debt limit (10% Net debt applica			lue)		\$ 157,234,007 53,889,869

Legal debt margin \$ 103,344,138

Town of Purcellville, Virginia

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT Year Ended June 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes: County of Loudoun Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$ 1,943,023,168	1.46 %	\$ 28,368,138
Town of Purcellville, direct debt (2)			13,191,429
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 41,559,567

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Town. This table estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping government's that is borne by the residents and businesses of the Town. This process recognized that, when considering the Town's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Town's taxable assessed value that is within the County government's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes debt to related to business-type activities

Town of Purcellville, Virginia

RATIO OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Ended Gross		Reser	Amounts ved for Service	Net Bonded Debt (1) (2)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (3)	Net Bonded Debt per Capita		
2021	\$	53,104,323	\$	-	\$ 53,104,323	3.33 %	\$	6,013	
2020		54,122,981		-	54,122,981	3.39		6,061	
2019		54,505,886		-	54,505,886	3.61		6,172	
2018		55,579,170		-	55,579,170	3.89		6,483	
2017		59,969,697		-	59,969,697	4.46		7,177	
2016		61,284,478		-	61,284,478	4.76		7,520	
2015		62,569,583		-	62,569,583	5.10		7,749	
2014		63,816,414		-	63,816,414	5.55		8,002	
2013		63,124,289		-	63,124,289	5.76		7,988	
2012		62,644,589		-	62,644,589	5.94		8,011	

(1) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt paid from tax revenues.

(2) Net bonded debt includes (a) general obligation debt that is tax supported and (b) general obligation debt that is supported by revenues of the Town's water and sewer system.

(3) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property -

Table 7.

(4) As the current year population is not yet available (see Table 15), the prior year population was used in the current year calculation.

Town of Purcellville, Virginia

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Purcellville Population (1)	Loudoun County Per Capita Income (2)	Purcellville Median Age (3)	Purcellville School Age Population (4)	Loudoun County Unemployment Rate (5)
2021	N/A	80,781	35.2	2,921	3.6 %
2020	8,929	80,372	35.2	2,874	8.0
2019	8,831	80,914	35.2	2,913	2.3
2018	8,573	78,762	35.5	2,838	2.6
2017	8,356	75,312	34.4	2,842	3.1
2016	8,149	73,467	33.8	2,608	3.3
2015	8,075	70,644	32.8	2,563	3.7
2014	7,975	68,307	33.6	2,603	4.3
2013	7,902	67,036	33.6	2,488	4.6
2012	7,820	68,475	34.7	2,330	4.6

Sources:

(1) 2020: US Bureau, 2020 Decennial Census. Other Year: Loudoun County Department of Finance and Budget estimates. 2021 update not yet available.

(2) 2012-2019: Bureau of Economic Analysis, US Department of Commerce 2020-2021: Loudoun County Department of Finance and Budget estimates.

(3) US Bureau of Census 5-Year Population Estimates; 2020 and 2021 updates not yet available (2019 value is shown for 2020 and 2021).

(4) 2012-2020: Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service School-Age Population Estimates for July 1 of the year indicated. 2021 is Loundon County Department of Finance and Budget estimate.

(5) Local Area Unemployment Statistics, Virginia Employment Commission, Month of June each year. Values for 2012-2020 are revised.

Note: Loudoun County data was used for items 2 and 5 as no specific data is available for Purcellville. The Town of Purcellville is an incorporated town located in Loudoun County, Virginia.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Fiscal Yea	r 2021	Fiscal Year 2012			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank		
Loudoun County Schools	622	1	577	1		
Harris Teeter	165	2	n/a	n/a		
Blue Ridge Veterinary Assoc., Inc.	152	3	75	7		
Giant	151	4	70	9		
Home School Legal Defense Association	120	5	118	3		
Chick-fil-A (Payne Leadership Dev. Group)	90	6	n/a	n/a		
Magnolia's at the Mill	87	7	78	6		
Wholesale Screening Solutions	85	8	n/a	n/a		
Town of Purcellville	84	9	72	8		
Loudoun Stairs	68	10	48	10		

Each employer's percentage of total employment is not included because that information is not available.

Source: Town Business License Renewal Loudoun County Public Schools

Town of Purcellville, Virginia

					Fiscal Year											
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020*	2021						
Administration	8.50	8.50	8.50	9.00	10.00	9.50	10.20	11.20	11.20	11.20						
Finance Administration	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	8.00	8.60	8.60	9.30	9.90	9.90						
Public safety/Police	15.00	15.00	16.00	17.00	16.00	17.00	18.00	19.60	18.00	17.00						
Public works	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	6.75	6.00	9.00	8.00	7.00	2.00						
General maintenance	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.60	10.60	10.60	9.60	11.00	10.00						
Planning & Zoning	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	-						
Engineering Planning &																
Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.00						
Parks & Recreation	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.20	1.20	2.00	2.00						
Water Treatment	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	8.00						
Wastewater Treatment	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.50	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00						
	70.00	70.00	71.00	73.00	73.35	74.90	79.60	80.90	80.10	78.10						

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

*Although some departmental changes were undertaken during FY20, the Town retained the old departmental structure for its accounting records through the end of the fiscal year.

Source: IRS Form 941's

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year										
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Administration												
Special Events	19	20	22	27	27	20	19	10	9	7		
FOIA Requests Processed	161	115	105	137	135	85	116	85	79	51		
Finance												
Utility Bills Processed	15,763	15,913	15,590	15,787	15,949	16,303	16,941	17,484	17,779	17,983		
Tax Bills Processed	12,740	12,881	12,823	12,923	12,220	12,812	14,971	14,349	15,122	15,522		
Accounts Payable Transactions	6,133	6,175	6,652	6,291	6,449	6,815	8,361	8,474	8,500	6,293		
Public safety												
Parking violations	128	229	358	270	79	142	221	136	197	57		
Traffic violations	1,021	1,457	1,152	834	624	1,038	915	1,072	851	926		
Incident reports	680	933	865	756	632	755	814	823	754	680		
Warning Tickets*	-	-	-	-	524	588	1,258	911	1,102	346		
Public works Maintenance Dept												
Work Orders, number of	1,406	1,356	1,583	1,753	1,395	2,154	1,979	1,961	2,343	2,251		
New Meters Installed	22	25	25	24	38	93	99	77	2,545	2,231		
Miss Utility's' processed	1,186	1,014	1,014	988	1,372	1,523	1,475	1,659	1,236	1,459		
Water Dept	1,100	1,014	1,014	200	1,572	1,525	1,475	1,009	1,250	1,459		
Total Gallons Treated (millions)	196	194	192	201	200	198	210	202.5	203.0	215.0		
Samples in compliance, % of	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Wastewater Dept												
Daily average of gallons treated	591,200	638,400	614,200	549,400	661,400	589,800	576,000	684,200	664,892	656,800		
Complaints, number of	-	1	1	1	1	-	2	-	-	-		
Planning and Zoning												
Occupancy permits issued	76	84	70	93	81	129	192	117	60	82		
Zoning permits issued	268	140	214	202	259	306	386	268	270	281		
Development Plans Processed	9	7	8	11	7	10	19	14	15	14		

*data for warning tickets first available for 2016

Source: Individual Town departments.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

20122013201420152016201720182019202020Administration Administration Bastops of public transportation666111 </th <th><u> </u></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Fiscal '</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	<u> </u>					Fiscal '					
Administration buildings 2 1 </th <th>-</th> <th>2012</th> <th>2013</th> <th>2014</th> <th>2015</th> <th>2016</th> <th>2017</th> <th>2018</th> <th>2019</th> <th>2020</th> <th>2021</th>	-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Administration buildings 2 1 </td <td>Administration</td> <td></td>	Administration										
Bus stops of public magnetation 6		2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public parking lots 4		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Vehicles 1<		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Recreation Facilities - Buildings 2 1		1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	-
Recreation Facilities - Fields, Parks, Trails 3 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>											
Duble safety I <thi< th=""> <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>2</td></th<></thi<>											2
Radar smart trailers 1 - - - - - - 1 1 Vehicles 11 11 12 12 12 13 12 13 15 Planning and Zoning Vehicles 1	Recreation Facilities - Fields, Parks, Trails	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5
Vehicles 11 11 12 12 12 13 12 13 15 Planning and Zoning Vehicles 1 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>											
Note of the second seco											1
Vehicles 1<	Vehicles	11	11	12	12	12	13	12	13	15	15
Provide and Development Vehicles -											

Source: Town depreciation schedule.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Purcellville, Virginia Purcellville, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Purcellville, Virginia (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as items 2021-001, 2021-002 and 2021-003.

Town's Response to Findings

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 24, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Purcellville, Virginia Purcellville, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Purcellville, Virginia (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, the terms, and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Town's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Purcellville, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect of its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town of Purcellville, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 24, 2021

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2021

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

<u>Code of Virginia</u> Budget and Appropriation Laws Cash and Investment Laws Conflicts of Interest Act Local Retirement Systems Debt Provisions Procurement Laws Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act <u>State Agency Requirements</u> Urban Highway Maintenance Fire Programs Aid to Localities

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal program selected for testing.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2021

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings relating to the major program.
- 7. The program tested as major was:

	Assistance
	Listing
Name of Program	Number
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The Town was **not** determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2021

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2021-001: Weldon Cooper Report

Condition:

The Town's Weldon Cooper report submitted in February 2021 did not reflect audit adjustments, reporting inaccurate information.

Criteria:

Audit adjustments were not included in the Town's Weldon Cooper report.

Cause:

Procedures were not in place to ensure that the report was reviewed and compared to the final audited numbers.

Effect:

The Weldon Cooper report submitted shows inaccurate information.

Recommendation:

We recommend an additional review of the Weldon Cooper report by the finance department prior to submission.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The Town agrees and the Accounting Manager will begin reconciling the Weldon Cooper report prior to submission.

2021-002: Highway Maintenance Labor Rates

Condition:

The Town utilizes software for tracking highway maintenance costs, including labor. We noted when the labor rate was updated in July 2020 it affected FY20 labor rates.

Criteria:

Current labor rates were applied to prior year work orders.

Cause:

Impacts of system changes were not understood or tested.

Effect:

Work orders for FY20 were updated with inaccurate labor rates.

Recommendation:

We recommend the Town implement additional procedures to ensure that when making changes in the software, only affect intended periods. Public Works staff should review work orders on occasion to ensure costs are correct.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2021

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2021-002: Highway Maintenance Labor Rates (Continued)

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The Town agrees and will implement training and oversight to ensure all labor costs are appropriately reflected on the Weldon Cooper report.

2021-003: Highway Maintenance Materials

Condition:

The Town utilizes software for tracking highway maintenance costs, including materials. The software does not update material costs prospectively, resulting in errors. During testing, neither of the two invoices tested were accurately reflected in the software.

Criteria:

Material costs were not updated prospectively.

Cause:

Until FY21, the Town did not have the ability to update the material costs in the software.

Effect:

Material costs are incorrectly reported.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Town continue to assign specific materials invoices to work orders where possible. We also recommend the Town work with the software provider to improve the process of updating costs that will impact multiple work orders.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action:

The Town agrees and will evaluate the process for updating material costs in the software.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2021

A. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2020-001: Developer Contributions (Significant Deficiency)

Condition:

The Town does not have a system by which it monitors, evaluates, and records the values of developer contributed infrastructure such as utility lines. Amounts are currently unrecorded.

Recommendation:

We recommend implementing a process to obtain needed information as infrastructure is donated to the Town.

Current Status:

Due to management's implementation of additional procedures, we did not detect a similar finding in the current year.

B. FINDINGS – COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2020-002: Weldon Cooper Report

Condition:

The Town's Weldon Cooper report submitted in March 2020 did not reflect an audit adjustment, reporting inaccurate information.

Recommendation:

We recommend an additional review of the Weldon Cooper report by the finance department prior to submission.

Current Status:

Finding repeated in current year at 2021-001.

TOWN OF PURCELLVILLE, VIRGINIA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2021

B. FINDINGS – COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA (Continued)

2020-003: Highway Maintenance Labor

Condition:

The Town utilizes software for tracking highway maintenance costs, including labor. During testing, certain were employee rates did not agree to payroll registers. Additionally, employee time was not entered into the software and therefore not included on the Weldon Cooper report.

Recommendation:

We recommend the Town implement additional procedures and training to ensure staff understand the importance of entering time into the software. Public Works staff should review work orders on occasion to ensure time is being entered.

Current Status:

Due to management's implementation of additional procedures, we did not detect this specific finding in the current year.

2020-004: Highway Maintenance Materials

Condition:

The Town utilizes software for tracking highway maintenance costs, including materials. The software does not update material costs prospectively, resulting in errors. During testing, we noted for both invoices tested that were not accurately reflected in the software.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the Town continue to assign specific materials invoices to work orders where possible. We also recommend the Town work with the software provider to improve the process of updating costs that will impact multiple work orders.

Current Status:

Finding repeated in current year at 2021-003.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Indentifying Number	Amounts Passed Thru to Sub-recipients		Cluster Amounts	Federal penditures
Department of the Treasury: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	N/A	\$	720,000	N/A	\$ 1,704,154
Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services						
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental	16.034	N/A		N/A		30,478
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance	16.738	N/A		N/A		 7,246
Total Department of Justice						 37,724
Department of the Treasury: Pass Through Payments: Virginia Department of Transportation						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	N/A		N/A		44,529
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	N/A		N/A		 206
Total Department of Transportation						\$ 44,735
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards						\$ 1,786,613

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying schedule of federal expenditures includes the activity of all federally assisted programs of the Town of Purcellville, Virginia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1 to the Town's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

NOTE 2 - DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE:

The entity did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE 3 - SUBRECIPIENT MONITORING:

Of the federal expenditures presented in the schedule, the \$720,000 provided federal awards to subrecipients as follows:

Program Title	FALN	Sub-recipient	 Amount
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Loudoun County Economic Development Authority	\$ 720,000

NOTE 4 - OUTSTANDING LOAN BALANCES:

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Purcellville had no outstanding loan balances requiring continuing disclosure.