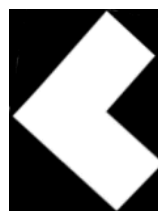


County of Henry, Virginia
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
Year Ended June 30, 2015



***Creedle, Jones
& Alga, P.C.***
Certified Public Accountants

County of Henry, Virginia

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FINANCIAL SECTION





**Creedle
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Henry, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1-9 and budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the political subdivision's net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability – VRS teacher retirement plan, schedule of employer contributions, and notes to required supplemental information on pages 70–87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements and other information section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund and component unit financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the County of Henry, Virginia presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the County of Henry, Virginia's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Highlights for Government-Wide Financial Statements

- At the close of the fiscal year, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County, excluding its Component Units, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$54,007,862. Of this amount, \$27,725,034 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- For the fiscal year, general and program revenues of the County's governmental activities were \$50,064,327 and expenses amounted to \$42,766,618. The County's total net position increased \$7,297,709.
- For business-type activities, revenues were \$224,641 and expenses were \$182,480. The net position increased by \$42,161.

Highlights for Fund Financial Statements

- As of June 30, 2015, the County's Governmental Funds reported combined fund balances of \$33,991,575, an increase of \$3,343,782 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 68.9 percent of the combined fund balances, \$23,427,588, is available to meet the County's current and future needs based on fund classifications explained in the notes to the financial statements.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$33,517,437, an increase of \$3,424,460 from June 30, 2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the County's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position: presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities. The difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources can be used as one way to measure the County's financial health or financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position can be one indicator of whether the County's financial condition is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors will also need to be considered, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County facilities.

Statement of Activities: presents information using the accrual basis accounting method and shows how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities from business-type activities identified as the primary government. The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and education. Philpott Marina activities represent the business-type activities.

Furthermore, the government-wide financial statements include legally separate entities, the school board and the Industrial Development Authority, for which the County is financially accountable. The County is the fiscal agent for the Henry-Martinsville Social Services, which is supported by funds from the Federal government, Commonwealth of Virginia, County General Fund, and the City of Martinsville, Virginia. Financial information for component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the County's most significant funds rather than the County as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single aggregated presentation.

The County has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are included in Governmental Funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances remaining at year end that are available for spending. The Governmental Funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided with the fund's financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences). Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Comprehensive Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds.

Proprietary Funds – The County uses an Enterprise Fund which operates in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Costs are recovered primarily through user charges. Proprietary Fund financial statements provide both long and short-term financial information.

Fiduciary Funds – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund presentation. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to support activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required and other supplementary information such as budgetary comparison schedules and combining financial statements.

Governmental accounting and reporting standards also require reporting certain information about the County's other postemployment benefits as required supplementary information. The County has elected to include this information within the notes to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$ 39,040,992	\$ 32,939,130	\$ 23,163	\$ 13,797	\$ 39,064,155	\$ 32,952,927
Capital assets (net)	40,821,378	41,793,467	1,304,173	1,276,494	42,125,551	43,069,961
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>1,548,868</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,548,868</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 81,411,238</u>	<u>\$ 74,732,597</u>	<u>\$ 1,327,336</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,291</u>	<u>\$ 82,738,574</u>	<u>\$ 76,022,888</u>
Liabilities						
Other liabilities	\$ 1,844,706	\$ 1,042,401	\$ 45,960	\$ 51,076	\$ 1,890,666	\$ 1,093,477
Long-term liabilities	22,180,926	19,092,902	-	-	22,180,926	19,092,902
Total Liabilities	24,025,632	20,135,303	45,960	51,076	24,071,592	20,186,379
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>3,377,744</u>	<u>136,743</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,377,744</u>	<u>136,743</u>
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	26,282,828	25,206,159	1,304,173	1,276,494	27,587,001	26,482,653
Unrestricted	27,725,034	29,254,392	(22,797)	(37,279)	27,702,237	29,217,113
Total Net Position	<u>54,007,862</u>	<u>54,460,551</u>	<u>1,281,376</u>	<u>1,239,215</u>	<u>55,289,238</u>	<u>55,699,766</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	<u>\$ 81,411,238</u>	<u>\$ 74,732,597</u>	<u>\$ 1,327,336</u>	<u>\$ 1,290,291</u>	<u>\$ 82,738,574</u>	<u>\$ 76,022,888</u>

Note: Figures for 2014 are as originally presented with no changes related to the implementation of GASB 68 Pension Standards.

The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that counties, as well as their financial dependent component units, be financed under a single taxing structure. This results in counties issuing debt to finance capital assets, such as public schools, for their component units. For the purpose of this financial statement, the debt and correlating asset (or portion thereof) is recorded as an asset and long-term liability of the primary government. GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, requires that the primary government and its component units, which make up the total reporting entity, be accounted for separately on the face of the basic financial statements. The net position of the total financial reporting entity best represents the entity's financial position. In the case of the County's Primary Government reporting entity, assets exceeded liabilities by \$54,007,862 at June 30, 2015. The portion of the reporting entity's net position, \$26,282,828, reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment), less the outstanding debt associated with the asset acquisition.

Statement of Activities

The following table summarizes revenues and expenses for the primary government:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Business-Type Activities</u>		<u>Total Primary</u>	
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 618,121	\$ 606,094	\$ 141,672	\$ 48,633	\$ 759,793	\$ 654,727
Grants and contributions	8,479,662	7,947,155	2,250	218,532	8,481,912	8,165,687
General Revenues						
General property taxes, real and personal	23,873,675	23,263,287	-	-	23,873,675	23,263,287
Other taxes	12,004,009	11,400,075	-	-	12,004,009	11,400,075
Noncategorical aid from state	4,261,284	4,320,361	-	-	4,261,284	4,320,361
Use of property	404,003	314,512	-	-	404,003	314,512
Investment earnings	337,956	327,489	-	-	337,956	327,489
Miscellaneous	85,617	79,281	-	4,438	85,617	83,719
Transfers in	-	-	80,719	785,971	80,719	785,971
Total Revenues	<u>50,064,327</u>	<u>48,258,254</u>	<u>224,641</u>	<u>1,057,574</u>	<u>50,288,968</u>	<u>49,315,828</u>
Expenses						
General government administration	2,399,547	2,844,334	-	-	2,399,547	2,844,334
Judicial administration	2,737,624	2,986,103	-	-	2,737,624	2,986,103
Public safety	13,444,771	13,525,442	-	-	13,444,771	13,525,442
Public works	3,845,173	3,407,640	-	-	3,845,173	3,407,640
Health and welfare	2,012,887	2,111,706	-	-	2,012,887	2,111,706
Education	13,135,006	15,913,386	-	-	13,135,006	15,913,386
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,929,984	1,898,332	182,480	126,908	2,112,464	2,025,240
Community development	2,589,076	2,656,017	-	-	2,589,076	2,656,017
Interest on long-term debt	591,831	674,747	-	-	591,831	674,747
Transfers out	80,719	785,971	-	-	80,719	785,971
Total Expenses	<u>42,766,618</u>	<u>46,803,678</u>	<u>182,480</u>	<u>126,908</u>	<u>42,949,098</u>	<u>46,930,586</u>
Increase in Net Position	7,297,709	1,454,576	42,161	930,666	7,339,870	2,385,242
Beginning Net Position (Restated)	46,710,153	53,152,546	1,239,215	1,700	47,949,368	53,154,246
Prior Period Adjustment	-	(146,571)	-	306,849	-	160,278
Ending Net Position	<u>\$54,007,862</u>	<u>\$54,460,551</u>	<u>\$1,281,376</u>	<u>\$1,239,215</u>	<u>\$55,289,238</u>	<u>\$55,699,766</u>

Note: Figures for 2014 are as originally presented with no changes related to the implementation of GASB 68 Pension Standards.

Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$7,297,709 for fiscal year 2015. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$50,064,327. General property taxes comprise the largest source of these revenues, totaling \$23,873,675 or 47.7 percent of all governmental activities revenue. Business-type activities revenues totaled \$224,641 and expenses totaled \$182,480 increasing the net position by \$42,161.

The total cost of all governmental activities for this fiscal year was \$42,766,618. Public safety was the County's largest program with expenses totaling \$13,444,771. Education, which totals \$13,135,006, represents the second largest expense.

For the County's governmental activities, the net expense (total cost less fees generated by the activities and program-specific governmental aid) is illustrated in the following table:

Net Cost of Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
	<u>Total Cost of Services</u>	<u>Net Cost of Services</u>	<u>Total Cost of Services</u>	<u>Net Cost of Services</u>
General government administration	\$ 2,399,547	\$ (1,972,027)	\$ 2,844,334	\$ (2,405,268)
Judicial administration	2,737,624	(1,485,123)	2,986,103	(1,810,443)
Public safety	13,444,771	(7,464,737)	13,525,442	(7,786,147)
Public works	3,845,173	(3,695,298)	3,407,640	(3,234,372)
Health and welfare	2,012,887	(1,359,439)	2,111,706	(1,481,250)
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,929,984	(1,889,117)	1,898,332	(1,849,405)
Community development	2,589,076	(1,995,538)	2,656,017	(2,309,440)
Education	13,135,006	(13,135,006)	15,913,386	(15,913,386)
Interest on long-term debt	<u>591,831</u>	<u>(591,831)</u>	<u>674,747</u>	<u>(674,747)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 42,685,899</u>	<u>\$ (33,588,116)</u>	<u>\$ 46,017,707</u>	<u>\$ (37,464,458)</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As of June 30, 2015, the County's Governmental Funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$33,991,575. The unassigned fund balance is \$23,427,588 which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$23,427,588. The General Fund's liquidity can be measured by comparing unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 49.8 percent of total fund expenditures.

- The General Fund contributed operating funds to finance the component units as follows: \$15,719,422 School Board operations, \$1,020,048 to finance the Industrial Development Authority, and \$527,915 to the Social Services Board.

The Special Grant Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$223,117, all of which is assigned for ongoing and future grant projects.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund

The following table provides a comparison of original budget, final budget, and actual revenues and expenditures in the General Fund:

Budgetary Comparison

General Fund

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>2015</u>			<u>2014</u>		
	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 22,956,023	\$ 22,956,023	\$ 23,871,330	\$ 22,217,833	\$ 22,217,833	\$ 23,277,658
Other	14,695,819	15,137,958	16,023,568	14,720,856	15,136,024	15,168,985
Intergovernmental	10,117,663	14,772,032	11,475,765	10,150,968	15,402,396	11,061,054
Total	47,769,505	52,866,013	51,370,663	47,089,657	52,756,253	49,507,697
Expenditures	46,632,795	61,449,261	47,089,173	46,056,998	60,516,995	46,629,475
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,136,710	(8,583,248)	4,281,490	1,032,659	(7,760,742)	2,878,222
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds of capital leases	-	-	193,612	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)	(1,136,710)	(1,176,881)	(1,050,642)	(1,032,659)	(1,845,856)	(1,759,606)
Total	(1,136,710)	(1,176,881)	(857,030)	(1,032,659)	(1,845,856)	(1,759,606)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	(9,760,129)	3,424,460	-	(9,606,598)	1,118,616
Transfer from Surplus Funds	-	9,760,129	-	-	9,606,598	-
Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,424,460	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,118,616

Final amended budget revenues were more than the original budget by \$5,096,508.

The final amended budget appropriations for expenditures exceeded the original appropriation by \$14,816,466 primarily because appropriations carried forward on encumbrances, open grants, and incomplete capital projects plus additional money appropriated to the School Board.

Actual revenues were less than final budget amounts by \$1,495,350, or 2.8 percent, while actual expenditures were \$14,360,088, or 23.3 percent less than final budget amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2015, the County's net investment in capital assets totals \$26,282,828, which is net capital assets less related debt for governmental activities and \$1,304,173 for business-type activities.

During fiscal year 2015, the County's net capital assets (including additions, decreases, and depreciation) decreased \$223,491 for governmental activities, increased \$27,679 for business-type activities; decreased \$883,248 for the School Board; decreased \$635,555 for the IDA; and increased \$4,896 for Social Services as summarized in the following tables:

Change in Capital Assets

Primary Government

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2014	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,926,097	\$ -	\$ 2,926,097
Construction in process	242,685	(242,685)	-
Buildings and improvements	24,824,160	258,530	25,082,690
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	12,088,758	1,118,643	13,207,401
Total Capital Assets	40,081,700	1,134,488	41,216,188
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(21,721,046)	(1,357,979)	(23,079,025)
Total Capital Assets, Net Before Allocation of Schools	\$ 18,360,654	\$ (223,491)	18,137,163
Allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt			22,684,215
Total Capital Assets, Net			<u>\$ 40,821,378</u>

Business-Type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2014	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Land and land improvements	\$ 51,876	\$ -	\$ 51,876
Buildings and improvements	1,104,885	77,600	1,182,485
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	137,158	3,000	140,158
Total Capital Assets	1,293,919	80,600	1,374,519
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(17,425)	(52,921)	(70,346)
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 1,276,494</u>	<u>\$ 27,679</u>	<u>\$ 1,304,173</u>

Component Units

School Board

	Balance July 1, 2014	Net Additions and Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Land and land improvements	\$ 787,516	\$ -	\$ 787,516
Construction in process	1,770,841	(1,125,749)	645,092
Buildings and improvements	76,200,116	2,312,783	78,512,899
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	11,779,415	58,615	11,838,030
Total Capital Assets	90,537,888	1,245,649	91,783,537
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(43,208,986)	(2,128,897)	(45,337,883)
Total Capital Assets, Net Before Allocation to County	<u>\$ 47,328,902</u>	<u>\$ (883,248)</u>	46,445,654
Allocation of net school buildings with outstanding debt			(22,684,215)
Total Capital Assets, Net			<u>\$ 23,761,439</u>

Note: School Board fixed assets are jointly owned by the County (primary government) and the Component Unit School Board. The County reports the School Board assets associated with outstanding debt on its books until the debt is paid off.

IDA

	<u>Balance July 1, 2014</u>	<u>Net Additions and Deletions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2015</u>
Equipment	\$ 4,446,364	\$ -	\$ 4,446,364
Total Capital Assets	4,446,364	-	4,446,364
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,805,870)	(635,555)	(4,441,425)
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 640,494</u>	<u>\$ (635,555)</u>	<u>\$ 4,939</u>

Henry-Martinsville Social Services

	<u>Balance July 1, 2014</u>	<u>Net Additions and Deletions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2015</u>
Machinery and equipment	\$ 246,959	\$ 12,142	\$ 259,101
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(200,815)	(7,246)	(208,061)
Total Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 46,144</u>	<u>\$ 4,896</u>	<u>\$ 51,040</u>

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2015, the County's long-term obligations, excluding the Component Units, total \$17,038,202.

	<u>Balance July 1, 2014</u>	<u>Net Additions and Deletions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2015</u>
Governmental Activities			
General obligation bonds	\$ 12,075,121	\$ (1,506,282)	\$ 10,568,839
Capital leases	-	126,279	126,279
Literary Fund loans	2,320,687	(541,289)	1,779,398
Recovery Zone bonds	1,750,000	(85,000)	1,665,000
Landfill obligation	260,423	-	260,423
OPEB obligation (asset)	(17,187)	18,298	1,111
Compensated absences	2,245,171	(7,053)	2,238,118
LT Agreement	145,600	(19,200)	126,400
	18,779,815	(2,014,247)	16,765,568
Add: Premiums	295,900	(23,266)	272,634
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 19,075,715</u>	<u>\$ (2,037,513)</u>	<u>\$ 17,038,202</u>

General obligation indebtedness must be approved by voter referendum prior to issuance except for debt incurred from the State Literary Fund or the Virginia Public School Authority.

More detailed information on the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 11 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The average unemployment rate for the County of Henry, Virginia in June 2015 was 7.3 percent, a decrease of 1.1 percent from June 2014. This compares unfavorably to the state's rate of 5.0 percent and the national rate of 5.3 percent.
- According to the 2010 U.S. Census, the population in Henry County, Virginia was 54,151, a decrease of 6.5%, since the 2000 U.S. Census. The latest estimate by University of Virginia Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service is a population of 53,560, a decrease of 1.09% from 2010 U.S. census.
- The per capita income in Henry County, Virginia was \$32,546, compared to \$50,345 for the state, according to the latest available estimates from the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The fiscal year 2016 Adopted Budget anticipates General Fund revenues and expenditures to be \$48,701,248, a 1.95 percent increase over the fiscal year 2015 original budget.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the County of Henry, Director of Finance, P. O. Box 7, Collinsville, Virginia 24078-0007, telephone 276-634-4630, or visit the County's website at www.henrycountyva.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2015

	<u>Primary Government</u>			<u>Component Units</u>		
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total Primary Government</u>	<u>School Board</u>	<u>Industrial Development Authority</u>	<u>Henry-Martinsville Social Services</u>
Assets						
Cash	\$ 27,711,233	\$ 200	\$ 27,711,433	\$ 1,867,021	\$ 414,303	\$ 48,054
Cash - restricted	-	-	-	37,538	-	-
Receivables, net	5,685,840	391	5,686,231	743,667	2,184,345	3,489
Due from County of Henry, Virginia - primary government	-	-	-	506,530	-	-
Due from component units	2,876,544	-	2,876,544	-	-	-
Due from other funds	-	11,415	11,415	-	-	-
Due from other governments/agencies	2,738,852	2,250	2,741,102	2,739,485	65,056	691,819
Inventory	28,523	8,907	37,430	-	28,198,070	-
Notes receivable	-	-	-	-	1,011,360	-
Net OPEB prepaid liability	-	-	-	88,475	-	81,140
Capital Assets						
Land and construction in progress	2,926,097	49,571	2,975,668	1,432,558	-	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	37,895,281	1,254,602	39,149,883	22,328,831	4,939	51,040
Capital Assets, Net	40,821,378	1,304,173	42,125,551	23,761,389	4,939	51,040
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows - VRS pension liability	1,548,868	-	1,548,868	5,376,905	-	317,238
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 81,411,238</u>	<u>\$ 1,327,336</u>	<u>\$ 82,738,574</u>	<u>\$ 35,121,010</u>	<u>\$ 31,878,073</u>	<u>\$ 1,192,780</u>
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 604,420	\$ 2,252	\$ 606,672	\$ 368,372	\$ 497,156	\$ -
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	243,983	3,108	247,091	3,903,392	-	37,970
Accrued interest	194,055	-	194,055	-	30,762	-
Claims payable	786,900	-	786,900	-	-	-
Unearned rents	-	40,600	40,600	-	-	-
Due to other governments/agencies	3,933	-	3,933	-	-	-
Due to other funds	11,415	-	11,415	-	-	-
Due to County of Henry, Virginia - primary government	-	-	-	-	2,677,682	705,392
Long-Term Liabilities						
<i>Due within one year</i>						
Bonds, loans, other	1,753,008	-	1,753,008	76,276	436,488	33,734
<i>Due in more than one year</i>						
Landfill obligation	234,381	-	234,381	-	-	-
Compensated absences	2,014,306	-	2,014,306	686,483	-	303,607
Net OPEB obligation	1,111	-	1,111	-	-	-
VRS net pension liability	5,142,724	-	5,142,724	58,791,730	-	1,053,329
Bonds, capital leases, and loans payable, net of premiums	13,035,396	-	13,035,396	-	4,365,188	-
Total Liabilities	24,025,632	45,960	24,071,592	63,826,253	8,007,276	2,134,032
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unexpended grants payable	118,922	-	118,922	163,484	251,299	-
Deferred inflows VRS net pension liability	3,258,822	-	3,258,822	9,882,428	-	667,469
Total Deferred Inflows	3,377,744	-	3,377,744	10,045,912	251,299	667,469
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	26,282,828	1,304,173	27,587,001	23,761,389	4,939	51,040
Unrestricted (deficit)	27,725,034	(22,797)	27,702,237	(62,512,544)	23,614,559	(1,659,761)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	<u>54,007,862</u>	<u>1,281,376</u>	<u>55,289,238</u>	<u>(38,751,155)</u>	<u>23,619,498</u>	<u>(1,608,721)</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	<u>\$ 81,411,238</u>	<u>\$ 1,327,336</u>	<u>\$ 82,738,574</u>	<u>\$ 35,121,010</u>	<u>\$ 31,878,073</u>	<u>\$ 1,192,780</u>
The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.						

County of Henry, Virginia
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Primary Government Business-Type Activities	Total	School Board	Component Units Industrial Development Authority	Henry-Martinsville Social Services
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
General government administration	\$ 2,399,547	\$ 51,553	\$ 375,967	\$ -	\$ (1,972,027)		\$ (1,972,027)			
Judicial administration	2,737,624	119,685	1,132,816	-	(1,485,123)		(1,485,123)			
Public safety	13,444,771	277,061	5,702,973	-	(7,464,737)		(7,464,737)			
Public works	3,845,173	128,955	20,920	-	(3,695,298)		(3,695,298)			
Health and welfare	2,012,887	-	653,448	-	(1,359,439)		(1,359,439)			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,929,984	40,867	-	-	(1,889,117)		(1,889,117)			
Community development	2,589,076	-	593,538	-	(1,995,538)		(1,995,538)			
Education - local school	13,082,539	-	-	-	(13,082,539)		(13,082,539)			
Education - community college	52,467	-	-	-	(52,467)		(52,467)			
Interest on long-term debt	591,831	-	-	-	(591,831)		(591,831)			
Total Governmental Activities	42,685,899	618,121	8,479,662	-	(33,588,116)		(33,588,116)			
Business-Type Activities										
Philpott Marina										
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	182,480	141,672	2,250	-		\$ (38,558)	(38,558)			
Total Business-Type Activities	182,480	141,672	2,250	-		(38,558)	(38,558)			
Total Primary Government	\$ 42,868,379	\$ 759,793	\$ 8,481,912	\$ -			(33,626,674)			
Component Units										
School Board										
Instruction	\$ 43,013,379	\$ 569,906	\$ 45,851,740	\$ -				\$ 3,408,267		
Administration, attendance, and health	2,597,825	-	-	-				(2,597,825)		
Pupil transportation	5,082,583	-	-	-				(5,082,583)		
Operation and maintenance	5,339,528	-	-	-				(5,339,528)		
School food service - cafeterias	4,369,642	809,329	3,389,567	-				(170,746)		
Special grants	7,694,281	-	7,694,281	-				-		
Facilities	1,788,503	-	-	-				(1,788,503)		
Technology	2,055,855	-	-	-				(2,055,855)		
Total School Board	71,941,596	1,379,235	56,935,588	-				(13,626,773)		
Industrial Development Authority										
Economic development	4,019,952	-	-	-					\$ (4,019,952)	
Interest	127,120	-	10,447,328	-					10,320,208	
Total Industrial Development Authority	4,147,072	-	10,447,328	-					6,300,256	
Henry-Martinsville Social Services										
Health and welfare	5,926,903	-	5,619,130	-						\$ (307,773)
Total - Component Units	\$ 82,015,571	\$ 1,379,235	\$ 73,002,046	\$ -						(307,773)
General Revenues										
Unrestricted										
General property taxes					23,873,675	-	23,873,675	-		-
Other local taxes					12,004,009	-	12,004,009	-		-
Payments - County of Henry, Virginia					-	-	-	13,082,539	1,020,048	527,915
Use of property					404,003	-	404,003	112,974	761,004	-
Investment income					337,956	-	337,956	15,981	70,752	-
Miscellaneous					85,617	-	85,617	880,850	-	28,089
Noncategorical aid from state					4,261,284	-	4,261,284	-	2,956,885	-
Transfers in (out)					(80,719)	80,719	-	-	-	-
Total General Revenues and Transfers					40,885,825	80,719	40,966,544	14,092,344	4,808,689	556,004
Change in Net Position					7,297,709	42,161	7,339,870	465,571	11,108,945	248,231
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year (Restated)					46,710,153	1,239,215	47,949,368	(39,216,726)	12,510,553	(1,856,952)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year					\$ 54,007,862	\$ 1,281,376	\$ 55,289,238	\$ (38,751,155)	\$ 23,619,498	\$ (1,608,721)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

At June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Comprehensive Services Act Fund	E-911 Central Dispatch Fund	Law Library Fund	Fieldale Sanitary District Fund	Special Grant Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash	\$26,512,624	\$ 5,682	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,261	\$ -	\$ 26,648,567
Receivables - net							
Taxes	1,544,429	-	-	-	-	-	1,544,429
Licenses	48,862	-	-	-	-	-	48,862
Accounts	1,402,147	11,993	9	1,634	-	-	1,415,783
Due from other funds	1,606,960	-	-	124,808	-	63,301	1,795,069
Due from component units	3,516,570	-	-	-	-	-	3,516,570
Due from other governments/agencies	1,908,956	287,112	370,003	-	-	172,781	2,738,852
Inventory	28,523	-	-	-	-	-	28,523
Total Assets	<u>\$36,569,071</u>	<u>\$ 304,787</u>	<u>\$ 370,012</u>	<u>\$ 126,442</u>	<u>\$ 130,261</u>	<u>\$ 236,082</u>	<u>\$ 37,736,655</u>
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 537,371	\$ 54,435	\$ 1,391	\$ 892	\$ 1,571	\$ 8,760	\$ 604,420
Accrued liabilities	228,751	636	14,596	-	-	-	243,983
Due to other governments/agencies	3,933	-	-	-	-	-	3,933
Due to other funds	199,524	249,716	354,025	-	3,219	-	806,484
Due to component units	640,026	-	-	-	-	-	640,026
Total Liabilities	<u>1,609,605</u>	<u>304,787</u>	<u>370,012</u>	<u>892</u>	<u>4,790</u>	<u>8,760</u>	<u>2,298,846</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - unearned grants	114,717	-	-	-	-	4,205	118,922
Unavailable revenue - taxes and licenses	<u>1,327,312</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,327,312</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,442,029</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,205</u>	<u>1,446,234</u>
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable fund balance	28,523	-	-	-	-	-	28,523
Restricted fund balance	623,684	-	-	125,550	125,471	-	874,705
Committed fund balance	3,874,559	-	-	-	-	-	3,874,559
Assigned fund balance	5,563,083	-	-	-	-	223,117	5,786,200
Unassigned fund balance	<u>23,427,588</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,427,588</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>33,517,437</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>125,550</u>	<u>125,471</u>	<u>223,117</u>	<u>33,991,575</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$36,569,071</u>	<u>\$ 304,787</u>	<u>\$ 370,012</u>	<u>\$ 126,442</u>	<u>\$ 130,261</u>	<u>\$ 236,082</u>	<u>\$ 37,736,655</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds \$ 33,991,575

Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land and construction in progress	\$ 2,764,657
School assets associated with debt held by County	22,684,215
Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	11,335,490
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>4,037,016</u>

Total Capital Assets 40,821,378

Other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Unavailable revenue - taxes and licenses 1,327,312

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	1,548,868
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	<u>(3,258,822)</u>

Total Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (1,709,954)

Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health insurance benefits to individual funds and the component units. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

1,952,532

Liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities.

Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position are as follows:

Bonds, capital leases, and notes payable with related premiums	(14,538,550)
Accrued interest payable	(194,055)
OPEB (obligation) asset	(1,111)
Net VRS pension liability	(5,142,724)
Landfill closure and post-closure liability	(260,423)
Compensated absences	<u>(2,238,118)</u>

Total (22,374,981)

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 54,007,862

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Comprehensive Services Act Fund	E-911 Central Dispatch Fund	Law Library Fund	Fieldale Sanitary District Fund	Special Grant Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues							
General property taxes	\$ 23,871,330	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,871,330
Other local taxes	12,004,009	-	-	-	-	-	12,004,009
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	61,302	-	-	-	-	-	61,302
Fines and forfeitures	191,984	-	-	-	-	-	191,984
Use of money and property	734,155	-	-	-	835	-	734,990
Charges for services	355,934	-	-	8,901	-	-	364,835
Miscellaneous	85,617	-	-	-	-	-	85,617
Recovered costs	2,590,567	51,369	345,275	6,002	-	38,660	3,031,873
<i>Intergovernmental</i>							
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	10,491,874	559,775	349,093	-	-	-	11,400,742
Revenue from the Federal Government	983,891	-	-	-	-	356,313	1,340,204
Total Revenues	51,370,663	611,144	694,368	14,903	835	394,973	53,086,886
Expenditures							
Current							
General government administration	3,237,857	-	-	-	-	-	3,237,857
Judicial administration	2,800,420	-	-	15,183	-	-	2,815,603
Public safety	13,572,460	-	1,467,556	-	-	-	15,040,016
Public works	3,486,384	-	-	-	17,890	-	3,504,274
Health and welfare - social services component unit	527,915	-	-	-	-	-	527,915
Health and welfare	797,831	889,579	-	-	-	-	1,687,410
Education - community college	52,467	-	-	-	-	-	52,467
Education - school board component unit	15,719,422	-	-	-	-	-	15,719,422
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,805,145	-	-	-	-	-	1,805,145
Community development - IDA component unit	1,020,048	-	-	-	-	-	1,020,048
Community development	1,980,336	-	-	-	-	376,616	2,356,952
Nondepartmental	83,661	-	-	-	-	-	83,661
<i>Debt service</i>							
Principal	822,333	-	-	-	-	-	822,333
Interest	18,875	-	-	-	-	-	18,875
Capital outlay	1,164,019	-	-	-	-	-	1,164,019
Total Expenditures	47,089,173	889,579	1,467,556	15,183	17,890	376,616	49,855,997
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	4,281,490	(278,435)	(773,188)	(280)	(17,055)	18,357	3,230,889
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds of capital leases	193,612	-	-	-	-	-	193,612
Transfers in	-	278,435	690,331	-	-	1,157	969,923
Transfers out	(1,050,642)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,050,642)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(857,030)	278,435	690,331	-	-	1,157	112,893
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,424,460	-	(82,857)	(280)	(17,055)	19,514	3,343,782
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	30,092,977	-	82,857	125,830	142,526	203,603	30,647,793
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$ 33,517,437</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 125,550</u>	<u>\$ 125,471</u>	<u>\$ 223,117</u>	<u>\$ 33,991,575</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ 3,343,782

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Net capital outlays and dispositions of assets	\$ 1,521,279	
Depreciation expense	<u>(1,744,770)</u>	(223,491)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred in the fund statements. This negative amount represents that there were additional amounts deferred in the prior year which were recorded as revenue in the fund statements in the current year, but had already been recognized in the Statement of Activities during the previous year.

2,345

Bond and capital lease proceeds are reported as financing sources in Governmental Funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing debt increases the long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, the repayment of principal is an expenditure in the Governmental Funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position.

Tower lease	19,200	
Repayment of principal and adjustment to bond premiums	2,029,558	
Change in accrued interest	<u>35,906</u>	
Net Adjustment		2,084,664

Change in allocation of school's capital assets (new school buildings) that have debt held and payable by the County associated with the buildings.

Change in net school assets allocated to County	<u>(748,598)</u>	(748,598)
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Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.

Pension contributions	1,548,868	
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	<u>(651,148)</u>	
		897,720

Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of health insurance benefits.

1,952,532

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the Governmental Funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following:

OPEB obligation	(18,298)	
Compensated absences	<u>7,053</u>	
Net Adjustment		(11,245)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$ 7,297,709</u>
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The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

At June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Philpott Marina Fund #51	Internal Service Fund Self-insurance Fund #58
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 200	\$ 1,062,666
Receivables, net	391	2,676,766
Inventory	8,907	-
Due from Federal Government	2,250	-
Due from General Fund	11,415	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Current Assets	23,163	3,739,432
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets, net	1,304,173	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,304,173	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,327,336</u>	<u>\$ 3,739,432</u>
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,252	\$ -
Accrued payroll and other liabilities	3,108	-
Claims payable	-	786,900
Due to General Fund	-	1,000,000
Unearned rents	40,600	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Current Liabilities	45,960	1,786,900
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Liabilities	45,960	1,786,900
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	1,304,173	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(22,797)	1,952,532
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Net Position	1,281,376	1,952,532
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 1,327,336</u>	<u>\$ 3,739,432</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Philpott Marina Fund #51	Internal Service Fund Self-insurance Fund #58
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services, premiums collected	\$ -	\$ 11,460,802
Charges for services, net - fuel and store sales	78,539	-
Charges for services, net - rentals	63,133	-
Federal operating grant	2,250	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Operating Revenues	143,922	11,460,802
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	47,619	-
Fringe benefits	5,306	-
Repairs and maintenance	3,982	-
Food and store purchases for resale	15,032	-
Fuel purchases for resale	41,035	-
Utilities	9,529	-
Advertising	250	-
Office expenses	2,230	-
Insurance	788	-
Other supplies and charges	155	-
Small construction and equipment purchases	3,633	-
Depreciation	52,921	-
Insurance claims paid and transaction fees	-	9,515,239
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Operating Expenses	182,480	9,515,239
Operating Income (Loss)	(38,558)	1,945,563
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	-	6,969
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	-	6,969
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(38,558)	1,952,532
Operating Transfers In	80,719	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Operating Transfers	80,719	-
Change in Net Position	42,161	1,952,532
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	1,239,215	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Net Position - End of Year	\$ 1,281,376	\$ 1,952,532

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Philpott Marina Fund #51	Internal Service Fund Self-insurance Fund #58
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers	\$ 146,349	\$ 11,460,802
Payments for personnel and related costs	(53,168)	-
Payments to suppliers and other operating costs	<u>(83,435)</u>	<u>(11,405,105)</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	9,746	55,697
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Net transfers from other funds	<u>70,854</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	70,854	1,000,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Purchases and construction of capital assets	<u>(80,600)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(80,600)	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Interest income	<u>-</u>	<u>6,969</u>
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>-</u>	<u>6,969</u>
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	1,062,666
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	<u>200</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u><u>\$ 200</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,062,666</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (38,558)	\$ 1,945,563
<i>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</i>		
Depreciation expense	52,921	-
<i>Changes in assets and liabilities</i>		
Receivables, net	3,810	(2,676,766)
Due from Federal Government	(2,250)	-
Inventory	(1,060)	-
Accounts payable	(5,741)	-
Accrued expenses and payroll liabilities	(243)	786,900
Unearned rents	<u>867</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u><u>\$ 9,746</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 55,697</u></u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Agency Funds

	<u>Special Welfare</u>	<u>Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc.</u>	<u>Jail Inmate</u>	<u>OPEB Trust</u>	<u>Total</u>
Assets					
Cash	\$ 3,998	\$ 64,454	\$ 78,702	\$ 1,991,834	\$ 2,138,988
Due from other governmental unit	-	6,912	-	-	6,912
Capital assets, net	-	2,586	-	-	2,586
Total Assets	<u>\$ 3,998</u>	<u>\$ 73,952</u>	<u>\$ 78,702</u>	<u>\$ 1,991,834</u>	<u>\$ 2,148,486</u>
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ -	\$ 6,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,074
Amounts held for others	<u>3,998</u>	<u>67,878</u>	<u>78,702</u>	<u>1,991,834</u>	<u>2,142,412</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 3,998</u>	<u>\$ 73,952</u>	<u>\$ 78,702</u>	<u>\$ 1,991,834</u>	<u>\$ 2,148,486</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Henry, Virginia

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2015

1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Narrative Profile

The County of Henry, Virginia (the "County") has a population of approximately 54,151 living within an area of 382 square miles. The County is located in the foothills of the Blue Ridge Mountains, in the southern Piedmont region of Virginia. The borders are shared with Patrick County to the west, Franklin County to the north, Pittsylvania County to the east, and the North Carolina line to the south.

The County was named for Patrick Henry, who lived there from 1780 to 1784. They originally were part of Pittsylvania County, but then went on their own in 1777.

The County of Henry, Virginia (the "County") is governed under the County Administration-Board of Supervisors form of government. The County engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation, and cultural, community development, and education.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below:

1-A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Henry, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

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Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Units

Henry County School Board

Henry County School Board (the “School Board”) is organized as an independently governed school system for operating the public schools in the County. Citizens of the County elect school board members. The School Board is financially dependent on appropriations by the County Board of Supervisors for current operations, with any surplus funds returned to the County annually. In addition, major capital improvements are financed by long-term debt issued by the County. In accordance with requirements of the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the School Board is considered to be a major component unit of the County. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and the School Board governmental fund combining statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section.

Industrial Development Authority of Henry County, Virginia

The Industrial Development Authority of Henry County, Virginia (the “IDA”) operates as an enterprise activity by assisting local industry with bond financing. The IDA is a legally separate organization; however, the Board of Supervisors of the County appoints all of the IDA’s Board, and the County is legally obligated for the debts of the IDA. The IDA is presented as a discretely presented component unit for reporting purposes. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position and the governmental fund statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section.

Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board

The Henry-Martinsville Social Services Board (the “HMSS”) operates the Department of Social Services for both the County and the City. This joint entity was established June 1, 1997. Of the nine Board members, the County appoints six. The County is financially accountable for HMSS because it appoints a majority of the Board members and because the County is legally obligated to finance the deficits of, and provide financial support to, the Board. The County and the City have an agreement in which the City will reimburse the County for their share of administrative, operating, and maintenance costs that are unreimbursed by state or federal grants. The government-wide statements are shown on the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the governmental fund statements are shown in the Other Supplementary Information section. These entities are collectively included and referred to as the “County.”

Exclusions from the Reporting Entity

Related Organization

Henry County Public Service Authority

The primary function of Henry County Public Service Authority (the “HCPSA”) is to provide water and sewer services to areas of the County. The HCPSA Board of Directors approves its own budget and maintains oversight of all programs. Most of the funding for HCPSA comes from state and federal grants as well as

from charges for services. The County provides some financial assistance, but HCPSA is not financially dependent on the County. The Board of Supervisors appoints a Board member to the HCPSA from each County district. While not a component unit of the County, HCPSA is considered to be a related organization since the County has determinable ongoing financial interests in or responsibilities for HCPSA. The County contributed \$406,800 to the Authority for fire hydrant rental during the year.

1-B. Financial Reporting Model

The County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information, described as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis – The basic financial statements are accompanied by a narrative introduction as well as an analytical overview of the County's financial activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report financial information for the County as a whole. The primary government and the component units are presented separately within these financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and grants and the County's general revenues, from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The fiduciary funds of the primary government are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the County and its discretely presented component units at year end.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for each identifiable activity of the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, clearly identifiable to that particular function. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees and other charges to users of the County's services; (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities including restricted investment income; and (3) capital grants and contributions which fund the acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. For identifying to which function program revenue pertains, the determining factor for *charges for services* is which function *generates* the revenue. For *grants and contributions*, the determining factor is to which function the revenues are *restricted*.

Other revenue sources not considered to be program revenues are reported as general revenues of the County. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function and each identifiable business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements – During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. Fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported in separate columns.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements – Since the governmental funds financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a summary reconciliation of the difference between total fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet and total governmental activities net position as shown on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is presented. In addition, a summary reconciliation of the difference between the total net change in fund balances as reflected on the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the change in net position of governmental activities as shown on the government-wide Statement of Activities is presented.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The County and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.

GASB-Required Supplementary Pension – GASB issued Statement No. 68–*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB No. 27*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions.

1-C. Financial Statement Presentation

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following is a brief description of the funds reported by the County in each of its fund types in the financial statements:

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Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Fund liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be liquidated. The County reports the difference between its governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the County which are not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, licenses, permits, charges for services, use of money and property, and intergovernmental grants. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes. A significant part of the General Fund's revenue is transferred to other funds and component units, principally to finance the operations of the County's Public Schools.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those derived from special assessments, expendable trusts, or dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting due to legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. Special Revenue Funds include the following:

Comprehensive Services Act Fund

The Comprehensive Services Act Fund accounts for revenue derived from the Commonwealth of Virginia for the care of the localities' special needs children. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

E-911 Central Dispatch Fund

The E-911 Central Dispatch Fund accounts for the financial transactions associated with the operation of the County's 911 Emergency Services Center. Revenues are primarily derived from reimbursements from the City of Martinsville, Virginia, County of Henry, Virginia, the State Compensation Board, and Virginia Wireless Board. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Law Library Fund

The Law Library Fund accounts for revenue received from other funds for the use of the library. This special revenue fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Fieldale Sanitary District Fund

Fieldale Sanitary District – This fund accounted for money held in trust for the benefit of the Fieldale Sanitary District through June 30, 2013. Effective July 1, 2013, the Fieldale Sanitary District Board gifted to the County the remaining cash assets of the District. These funds are accounted for as a special revenue fund to be used for street lights and curb maintenance for the community of Fieldale.

Proprietary Funds – Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The County has one enterprise fund at this time, Philpott Marina Fund, which accounts for activities of the Marina for recreational use by the citizens of Henry County and the surrounding area. The Component Unit – IDA Fund is also accounted for as a proprietary fund.

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government. Internal service funds consist of the following:

Self-Insurance

This fund accounts for costs associated with providing health insurance benefits to employees of the County, School Board, and Social Services and with managing claims pertaining thereto.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital Projects Funds include the following:

Special Grant Projects Fund

The Special Grant Projects Fund accounts for all financial resources used for recording activity for CDBG and related type grants. This fund is considered a major governmental fund for reporting purposes.

Fiduciary Funds (Agency Funds) – Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements. The County maintains the following fiduciary funds:

Special Welfare Fund – The Special Welfare Fund is used to reimburse the Comprehensive Service Act Fund, State Agencies, and others for expenses incurred on behalf of Henry-Martinsville Social Services welfare clients. Income is derived primarily from the Social Security Administration and other local organizations on behalf of the Social Services' clients.

Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc. – This fund is used to account for the funds of a local nonprofit organization whose purpose is to improve the Community's aesthetic value by planting flowers and trees on major roadways.

Jail Inmate Fund – This fund is comprised of cash on inmates of the Henry County Jail at the time of their arrest or contributions to them from their family members. These funds can only be used for the health and welfare of specific County inmates.

OPEB Trust Fund – This fund is comprised of the money held in trust to fund post-retiree benefits of health insurance for the County, the School Board, and Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

Component Unit (Henry County School Board)

The Henry County School Board has the following funds:

School Fund – The School Fund accounts for the general operations and activities of the schools with the exception of the textbook purchases and cafeteria operations.

School Textbook Fund – The School Textbook Fund handles purchases of textbooks for the school system.

School Cafeteria Fund – The School Cafeteria Fund accounts for all school cafeteria operations including federal and state grants, meal charges, and food purchases.

1-D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property taxes, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the

government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and, subsequently, remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditures. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1-E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1-E-1 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County operates a cash and investment pool which most funds utilize. The County pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income.

1-E-2 Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP).

1-E-3 *Receivables and Payables*

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either “due to/from other funds” (i.e., the current portions of the interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statement as internal balances.

The County levies real estate taxes on all real property on a fiscal year basis, at a rate enacted by the County Board of Supervisors on the assessed value of property (except public utility property) as determined by the Commissioner of Revenue of Henry County. The Commonwealth of Virginia assesses public utility property. Neither the County nor the Commonwealth of Virginia imposes a limitation on the tax rate. All property is assessed at 100 percent of fair market value and real estate is reassessed every four years. The Commissioner of Revenue prorates billings for property incomplete as of January 1, but completed during the year. Any taxes paid after the due date is subject to a 10 percent penalty and 8 percent interest charge.

Real estate taxes are billed annually and due by December 5. Liens are placed on the property on the date real estate taxes are delinquent, and interest at the rate of 10 percent per annum is added to the delinquent tax and penalty, and must be satisfied prior to the sale or transfer of the property. Any uncollected amounts from previous years' levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance.

Personal property tax assessments on tangible business property are based on a declining graduated percent of cost based on year of acquisition. All motor vehicles are based on 100 percent of loan value of the property as of January 1 of each year. Personal property taxes do not create a lien on property; however, County vehicle decals, which are required by law for all vehicles garaged in the County, may not be issued to any individual having outstanding personal property taxes. Any taxes paid after the due date is subject to a 10 percent penalty and 8 percent interest charge.

Property taxes receivable are included as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements since these taxes are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

Any uncollected amounts from prior year levies are incorporated in the taxes receivable balance. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act of 1998 (PPTRA), the County receives taxpayers' payments in fiscal year 2015 from the State for its share of the local personal property tax payment (for personal use motor vehicles), with the remainder collected by the County.

1-E-4 *Prepaid Items*

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method by recording an asset for the prepaid amount and reflecting the expenditure/expense in the year in which services are consumed. At the fund reporting level, an equal amount of fund balance is reported as nonspendable as this amount is not available for general appropriation.

1-E-5 Capital Assets

General capital assets are those capital assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in governmental funds. The County reports these assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but does not report these assets in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the enterprise funds' Statement of Net Position.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General, Comprehensive Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization thresholds are met. The capitalization threshold for capitalizing capital assets is \$5,000 and \$100,000 for building additions. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation is recorded on general capital assets on a government-wide basis.

In the fund financial statements, maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment costs are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that meet the County's capitalization policy and materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, or equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in current year's operations.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings	15-40 years
Equipment	3-15 years

1-E-6 Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Property taxes receivable but not collected in 60 day period is unavailable and included as deferred inflow.

1-E-7 Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds report the total compensated absence liability in each individual fund at the fund reporting level. Governmental funds report the compensated absence liability at the fund reporting level when paid.

1-E-8 Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan's and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

1-E-9 Other Postemployment Benefits Plans

Other postemployment benefit plan contributions are actuarially determined to project the present value of postemployment benefits for retired and active employees. The notes to financial statements present required schedules of funding progress that includes multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

1-E-10 Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as fund balance. Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as net position.

Governmental Fund Balances – Generally, governmental fund balances represent the difference between the current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which resources can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. This net investment in capital assets amount also is adjusted by any bond issuance deferral amounts. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

1-E-11 Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for Philpott Marina. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that are the primary activity of the fund. All other items that do not directly relate to the principal and usual activity of the fund are recorded as nonoperating revenues and expenses. These items include investment earnings and gains or losses on the disposition of capital assets.

1-E-12 Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after the non-operating revenues/expenses section in proprietary funds.

1-E-13 Long-Term Obligations

The County reports long-term debt of Governmental Funds at face value in the general long-term debt account group. The face value of the debt is believed to approximate fair value. Certain other governmental fund obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the general long-term debt account group. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by Proprietary Funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds.

1-E-14 Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

1-E-15 Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Comprehensive Services Act, E-911 Central Dispatch, Law Library, Fieldale Sanitary District, and Special Grant Projects funds.

1-E-16 Land and Building – Held for Sale

The IDA has land and building that are held for resale to potential industries in the County. The assets are recorded at cost. Periodically, incidental rent is received for the use of these facilities.

2 Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Supervisors annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government and component units. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary Government Funds. The School Board appropriation is determined by the Board of Supervisors and controlled in total by the primary government. Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year except as allowed by the Appropriations Resolution.

Budgetary Data

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to April 18, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function, and departmental level. These appropriations for each fund, function, and department can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors.
5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for all major funds and component units.
6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
7. Supplemental Appropriations are adopted if necessary during the fiscal year.
8. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments subject to limitations set in the Appropriations Resolution; however, the School Board and Henry-Martinsville Social Services are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within each of their respective budget categories.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

No expenditures exceeded appropriations at the fund level.

Fund Deficits

The following are reporting a deficit in net position, primarily due to the requirement to report the VRS net pension liability:

<u>Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>
School Board	\$ (38,751,155)
Henry-Martinsville Social Services	(1,608,721)

3 Deposits and Investments

Deposits

All cash of the County and its component units is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 *et seq.* of the *Code of Virginia* (the "Code") or covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes; banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), and the Virginia State Treasurer's Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP).

The County has invested bond proceeds subject to rebate of arbitrage earnings in SNAP. SNAP is an open-end management investment company registered with the SEC designed to assist local governments in complying with the arbitrage rebate requirements of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. This program provides comprehensive investment management, accounting, and arbitrage rebate calculation services for proceeds of general obligation and revenue tax-exempt financing of Virginia counties, cities, and towns.

Interest Rate Risk

At year end, the County is only invested in SNAP, which has a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days and money market funds which are readily available.

Custodial Credit Risk

As required by the Code of Virginia, all security holdings with maturities over 30 days may not be held in safekeeping with the "counterparty" to the investment transaction. As of June 30, all of the County's investments are held in a bank's trust department in the County's name by the County's designated custodian. All investment activity during the year was in securities of the type held at year end.

The above items are reflected in the statements as follows:

Component Units

	<u>Primary Government</u>	<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>	<u>School Board</u>	<u>Industrial Development Authority</u>	<u>Henry- Martinsville Social Services</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fund Statements						
Deposits and Investments						
Petty cash	\$ 1,525	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,525
Deposits	<u>27,709,908</u>	<u>2,138,988</u>	<u>1,904,559</u>	<u>414,303</u>	<u>48,054</u>	<u>32,215,812</u>
	<u>\$ 27,711,433</u>	<u>\$ 2,138,988</u>	<u>\$ 1,904,559</u>	<u>\$ 414,303</u>	<u>\$ 48,054</u>	<u>\$ 32,217,337</u>
Statement of Net Position						
Deposits and Investments						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,711,433	\$ -	\$ 1,904,559	\$ 414,303	\$ 48,054	\$ 30,078,349
Fiduciary fund cash	<u>-</u>	<u>2,138,988</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,138,988</u>
	<u>\$ 27,711,433</u>	<u>\$ 2,138,988</u>	<u>\$ 1,904,559</u>	<u>\$ 414,303</u>	<u>\$ 48,054</u>	<u>\$ 32,217,337</u>

Credit Risk

State statute requires that obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia and its political subdivisions have a debt rating of at least AA by Standard & Poor's (S&P) or equivalent by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's). Repurchase agreements are collateralized by Treasury or Agency obligations of which the market value is at least 102 percent of the purchase price of the agreement. Commercial paper must be issued by an entity incorporated in the U.S. and rated at least A-1 by S&P and P-1 by Moody's. Corporate notes and bonds have a rating of at least AA by S&P and Aa by Moody's. Money market mutual funds must trade on a constant net position value and invest solely in securities otherwise eligible for investment under these guidelines.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Although the intent of the County is to diversify its investment portfolio to avoid incurring unreasonable risks regarding (i) security type, (ii) individual financial institution or issuing entity, and (iii) maturity, the County places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

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4 Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

	<u>Primary Government</u>			<u>Component Units</u>		
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Internal Service Self-Insurance Fund #58</u>	<u>School Board</u>	<u>Industrial Development Authority</u>	<u>Henry-Martinsville Social Services</u>
Accounts Receivable						
Property taxes	\$ 3,018,626	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Business licenses	48,862	-	-	-	-	-
Meals taxes	29,763	-	-	-	-	-
Other miscellaneous	1,386,020	391	2,676,766	743,667	2,184,345	3,489
Total	4,483,271	391	2,676,766	743,667	2,184,345	3,489
Allowance for uncollectibles	(1,474,197)	-	-	-	-	-
Net Accounts Receivable	<u>\$ 3,009,074</u>	<u>\$ 391</u>	<u>\$ 2,676,766</u>	<u>\$ 743,667</u>	<u>\$ 2,184,345</u>	<u>\$ 3,489</u>
Notes Receivable						
Notes receivable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,851,299	\$ -
Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-	-	(839,939)	-
Net Notes Receivable	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,011,360</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

5 Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
County of Henry, Virginia		
General Fund (for operations or construction costs)		
From General Fund to Central Dispatch Fund	\$ -	\$ 690,331
From General Fund to Special Grant Projects Fund	-	1,157
From General Fund to Philpott Marina Fund	-	80,719
From General Fund to Comprehensive Services Fund	-	278,435
Comprehensive Services Act Fund		
From General Fund to Comprehensive Services Fund	278,435	-
Special Grant Projects Fund		
From General Fund to Special Grant Projects Fund	1,157	-
Central Dispatch Fund		
From General Fund to Central Dispatch Fund	690,331	-
Subtotal - Governmental Funds	969,923	1,050,642
Proprietary Fund - Philpott Marina Fund		
From General Fund to Philpott Marina Fund	80,719	-
	<u>\$ 1,050,642</u>	<u>\$ 1,050,642</u>

The remainder of this page is left blank intentionally.

6 Transfer to Component Units/Transfer from Primary Government

Details of the primary government due to component units as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	<u>Transfers In</u>	<u>Transfers Out</u>
County of Henry, Virginia to Component Units		
Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia		
To Component Unit - Social Services	\$ -	\$ 527,915
To Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority	-	1,020,048
To Component Unit - School Board	-	15,719,422
Component Unit - Social Services		
From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia	527,915	-
Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority		
From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia	1,020,048	-
Component Unit - School Board		
From Primary Government - County of Henry, Virginia	15,719,422	-
	<u>\$ 17,267,385</u>	<u>\$ 17,267,385</u>
Component Unit - School Board - Transfers		
School Fund		
From School to School Textbook Fund	\$ -	\$ 513,936
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund	-	16,030
School Cafeteria Fund		
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund	16,030	-
School Textbook Fund		
From School to School Textbook Fund	513,936	-
	<u>\$ 529,966</u>	<u>\$ 529,966</u>

The remainder of this page is left blank intentionally.

7 Due from/to Other Funds

Details of the primary government interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	<u>Due From</u>	<u>Due To</u>
County of Henry, Virginia		
Governmental Funds		
General Fund from/to Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,606,960	\$ 188,109
General Fund to Philpott Marina	-	11,415
Comprehensive Services Act Fund to General Fund	-	249,716
E-911 Central Dispatch Fund to General Fund	-	354,025
Fieldale Sanitary District to General Fund	-	3,219
Law Library Fund from General Fund	124,808	-
Special Grant Projects Fund from General Fund	<u>63,301</u>	<u>-</u>
	1,795,069	806,484
Proprietary Funds		
Self-Insurance Fund #58 to General Fund	-	1,000,000
Philpott Marina from General Fund	<u>11,415</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,806,484</u>	<u>\$ 1,806,484</u>
Primary Government and Component Units - Interfund Accounts		
Primary Government		
Due from Industrial Development Authority to County	\$ 509,618	\$ -
Due from Regional Industrial Site Project to County	2,168,064	-
Due from Social Services to County	705,392	-
Due to School Fund from County	-	640,026
Due from School Cafeteria Fund to County	<u>133,496</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>3,516,570</u>	640,026
Net Due from Component Units to Primary Government	2,876,544	
Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority		
Due from Industrial Development Authority to County	-	509,618
Due from Regional Industrial Site Project to County	<u>-</u>	<u>2,168,064</u>
Total	-	<u>2,677,682</u>
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit		2,677,682
Component Unit - Social Services		
Due from Social Services to County	<u>-</u>	<u>705,392</u>
Total	-	<u>705,392</u>
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit		705,392
Component Unit - School Board		
Due from School Cafeteria Fund to County	-	133,496
Due to School Fund from County	<u>640,026</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>640,026</u>	<u>133,496</u>
Net Due to Primary Government from Component Unit	<u>506,530</u>	
Total Net Due from/to Primary Government and Component Units	<u>\$ 3,383,074</u>	<u>\$ 3,383,074</u>

	<u>Due From</u>	<u>Due To</u>
Component Unit - School Board (Fund Statements Only)		
School Fund		
From School Textbook Fund to School Fund	\$ 214,146	\$ -
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund	-	16,030
School Cafeteria Fund		
To School Cafeteria Fund from School Fund	16,030	-
School Textbook Fund		
To School from School Textbook Fund	-	214,146
Due to/from Other Funds - School Board	<u>\$ 230,176</u>	<u>\$ 230,176</u>

8 Due from Other Governmental Units

Details of the County's receivables from other governmental units, as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>School Board</u>	<u>Industrial Development Authority</u>	<u>Henry-Martinsville Social Services</u>
Commonwealth of Virginia					
State and local sales taxes	\$ 745,349	\$ -	\$ 1,384,004	\$ -	\$ -
Communications tax	380,052	-	-	-	-
Auto rental tax	6,766	-	-	-	-
Mobile home tax	10,371	-	-	-	-
Compensation Board	483,664	-	-	-	-
Recordation tax	10,531	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive services	287,112	-	-	-	-
911 funds	24,886	-	-	-	-
Other reimbursements	80,061	-	493,210	52,650	-
Public assistance	-	-	-	-	155,028
	<u>2,028,792</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,877,214</u>	<u>52,650</u>	<u>155,028</u>
Federal Government					
Title VIB Flow-Through	-	-	271,227	-	-
Title VI Rural and Low Income	-	-	25,086	-	-
Preschool Handicapped	-	-	13,066	-	-
Title I	-	-	333,522	-	-
School food program	-	-	115,008	-	-
CTE federal payments - Carl Perkins	-	-	25,751	-	-
Law enforcement	31,406	-	-	-	-
Emergency services	107,280	-	-	-	-
Development grants - special projects	172,781	-	-	-	-
Transportation grants	7,182	-	-	-	-
Public assistance	-	-	-	-	265,329
Other reimbursements	46,294	2,250	78,611	-	-
	<u>364,943</u>	<u>2,250</u>	<u>862,271</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>265,329</u>
Other Governmental Entities					
911 operations - City of Martinsville, VA	345,117	-	-	-	-
Industrial site expenses - City of Martinsville, VA	-	-	-	12,406	-
Social Services operations - City of Martinsville, VA	-	-	-	-	271,462
	<u>\$ 2,738,852</u>	<u>\$ 2,250</u>	<u>\$ 2,739,485</u>	<u>\$ 65,056</u>	<u>\$ 691,819</u>

9 Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,926,097	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,926,097
Construction in progress	242,685	-	242,685	-
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	3,168,782	-	242,685	2,926,097
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Buildings and improvements	24,824,160	258,530	-	25,082,690
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	12,088,758	1,509,867	391,224	13,207,401
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable	36,912,918	1,768,397	391,224	38,290,091
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land and land improvements	127,530	33,910	-	161,440
Buildings and improvements	13,034,755	712,445	-	13,747,200
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	8,558,761	998,415	386,791	9,170,385
Total Accumulated Depreciation	21,721,046	1,744,770	386,791	23,079,025
Other Capital Assets, Net	15,191,872	23,627	4,433	15,211,066
Net Capital Assets before Allocation from School	\$ 18,360,654	\$ 23,627	\$ 247,118	18,137,163
Add: Net school buildings allocated to County with outstanding debt				22,684,215
Net Capital Assets				<u>\$ 40,821,378</u>
Depreciation expense was allocated as follows:				
General government administration	\$ 225,703			
Judicial administration	235,792			
Public safety	1,019,367			
Public works	85,149			
Health and welfare	42,535			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	136,224			
Depreciation	<u>\$ 1,744,770</u>			

The remainder of this section is left blank intentionally.

Business-Type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land and land improvements	\$ 51,876	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 51,876
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	51,876	-	-	51,876
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Buildings and improvements	1,104,885	77,600	-	1,182,485
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	<u>137,158</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>140,158</u>
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable	1,242,043	80,600	-	1,322,643
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land and land improvements	576	1,729	-	2,305
Buildings and improvements	12,277	37,476	-	49,753
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	<u>4,572</u>	<u>13,716</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,288</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>17,425</u>	<u>52,921</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>70,346</u>
Other Capital Assets, Net	<u>1,224,618</u>	<u>27,679</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,252,297</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 1,276,494</u>	<u>\$ 27,679</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,304,173</u>
Depreciation expense was allocated as follows:				
Marina expenses	<u>\$ 52,921</u>			
Depreciation	<u>\$ 52,921</u>			

The remainder of this section is left blank intentionally.

Component Unit - School Board

	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land and land improvements	\$ 787,516	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 787,516
Construction in progress - school renovations	<u>1,770,841</u>	<u>593,722</u>	<u>1,719,521</u>	<u>645,042</u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	2,558,357	593,722	1,719,521	1,432,558
Capital Assets, Depreciable				
Buildings and improvements	76,200,116	2,312,783	-	78,512,899
Furniture and equipment	<u>11,779,415</u>	<u>472,180</u>	<u>413,565</u>	<u>11,838,030</u>
Total Capital Assets, Depreciable	87,979,531	2,784,963	413,565	90,350,929
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land and land improvements	14,733	-	-	14,733
Buildings and improvements	34,332,997	1,771,866	-	36,104,863
Furniture and equipment	<u>8,861,256</u>	<u>734,694</u>	<u>377,663</u>	<u>9,218,287</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>43,208,986</u>	<u>2,506,560</u>	<u>377,663</u>	<u>45,337,883</u>
Other Capital Assets, Net	<u>44,770,545</u>	<u>278,403</u>	<u>35,902</u>	<u>45,013,046</u>
Net Capital Assets before Allocation to County	<u>\$47,328,902</u>	<u>\$ 872,125</u>	<u>\$ 1,755,423</u>	46,445,604
Less: Net school buildings allocated to County with outstanding debt				<u>(22,684,215)</u>
Net Capital Assets				<u>\$ 23,761,389</u>

Component Unit - IDA**Capital Assets - Depreciable**

Equipment	<u>\$ 4,446,364</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,446,364</u>
Total Capital Assets - Depreciable	4,446,364	-	-	4,446,364
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Equipment	<u>3,805,870</u>	<u>635,555</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,441,425</u>
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>3,805,870</u>	<u>635,555</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,441,425</u>
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 640,494</u>	<u>\$ (635,555)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,939</u>

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Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

	Balance July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Other Capital Assets				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 246,959	\$ 21,576	\$ 9,434	\$ 259,101
Total Other Capital Assets	246,959	21,576	9,434	259,101
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Machinery and equipment	200,815	16,680	9,434	208,061
Total Accumulated Depreciation	200,815	16,680	9,434	208,061
Other Capital Assets, Net	46,144	4,896	-	51,040
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 46,144</u>	<u>\$ 4,896</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 51,040</u>

10 Compensated Absences

County employees earn vacation based on length of service and sick leave at the rate of one day per month. Twenty-five percent of the amount for unused sick leave is paid for upon termination. All accumulated unused vacation is paid upon termination.

11 Long-Term Debt

A. Bonds Payable

The schedule below represents long-term debt payable at June 30, 2015:

Primary Government

Description	Original Issue	Next Annual Amount	Interest Rate %	Maturity	Outstanding June 30, 2015
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2007B	\$ 2,711,471	\$ 125,653	5.10	2028	\$ 1,910,247
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2006	6,009,728	289,907	4.60-5.10	2027	3,931,522
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 2005	2,342,487	113,347	4.60-5.10	2026	1,428,359
Va. Public School Authority Bonds - 1995	1,916,194	123,111	5.10-6.10	2016	123,111
VML/VACO Recovery Zone Bonds - 2010	2,000,000	90,000	2.00-6.57	2030	1,665,000
VPSCA QSCB Recovery Act Bonds - 2011	3,400,000	115,600	0.00	2027	3,175,600
Capital Lease - Government Capital - 2014	193,612	61,781	4.397	2016	126,279
Sanville Elementary Literary Loan - 1998	2,080,772	104,039	2.00	2018	312,109
Laurel Park Literary Loan - 1998	1,387,370	69,500	2.00	2018	205,870
Rich Acres Literary Loan - 1998	2,462,218	122,750	2.00	2018	375,468
Stanleytown Literary Loan - 1998	2,425,951	120,000	2.00	2018	385,951
Fieldale-Collinsville Literary Loan - 1998	2,500,000	125,000	2.00	2019	500,000
					<u>\$ 14,139,516</u>

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Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

<u>Description</u>	<u>Original Issue</u>	<u>Next Annual Amount</u>	<u>Interest Rate %</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Outstanding June 30, 2015</u>
Public Improvement Bond - Series 2007	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 436,488	3.79	2018	\$ 1,359,721
Series 2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	3,500,000	-	1.95	2018	3,441,955
					<u>\$ 4,801,676</u>

B. Governmental Obligation

The following table is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities that are recorded in the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Primary Government

	<u>Balance July 1, 2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2015</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
General obligations bonds -					
County	\$ 755,000	\$ -	\$ 755,000	\$ -	\$ -
Capital leases - County	-	193,612	67,333	126,279	61,781
Subtotal - County	755,000	193,612	822,333	126,279	61,781
General obligations bonds -					
public schools	11,320,121	-	751,282	10,568,839	767,618
Literary Fund loans	2,320,687	-	541,289	1,779,398	541,289
Recovery Zone bonds	1,750,000	-	85,000	1,665,000	90,000
Subtotal - School-related debt	15,390,808	-	1,377,571	14,013,237	1,398,907
Subtotal - County and school	16,145,808	193,612	2,199,904	14,139,516	1,460,688
Add: Bond premiums	295,900	-	23,266	272,634	23,266
Subtotal after premiums	16,441,708	193,612	2,223,170	14,412,150	1,483,954
Note payable to Verizon (Tower)	145,600	-	19,200	126,400	19,200
Landfill closure monitoring	260,423	-	-	260,423	26,042
OPEB obligation (asset)	(17,187)	18,298	-	1,111	-
Compensated absences	2,245,171	-	7,053	2,238,118	223,812
	<u>\$ 19,075,715</u>	<u>\$ 211,910</u>	<u>\$ 2,249,423</u>	<u>\$ 17,038,202</u>	<u>\$ 1,753,008</u>

Compensated absences expenses are allocated by department and by fund. The change in compensated absences for the Statement of Activities is charged to general government.

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Debt service on the preceding long-term debt in future years is as follows:

Primary Government

Fiscal Year Ending June 30.	County Capital Leases		General Obligation Bonds School Board		Recovery Zone Bonds and Literary Fund Loans		Totals		Long-Term Agreement	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 61,781	\$ 5,552	\$ 767,618	\$ 335,732	\$ 631,289	\$ 92,093	\$ 1,460,688	\$ 433,377	\$ 19,200	\$ -
2017	64,498	2,836	685,022	305,278	631,289	78,477	1,380,809	386,591	19,200	-
2018	-	-	673,867	278,632	666,820	65,006	1,340,687	343,638	19,200	-
2019	-	-	940,985	252,515	220,000	50,774	1,160,985	303,289	19,200	-
2020	-	-	987,886	225,614	100,000	45,482	1,087,886	271,096	19,200	-
2021-2025	-	-	4,573,638	701,331	545,000	177,235	5,118,638	878,566	30,400	-
2026-2030	-	-	1,939,823	76,158	650,000	74,237	2,589,823	150,395	-	-
2031-2035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 126,279</u>	<u>\$ 8,388</u>	<u>\$ 10,568,839</u>	<u>\$ 2,175,260</u>	<u>\$ 3,444,398</u>	<u>\$ 583,304</u>	<u>\$ 14,139,516</u>	<u>\$ 2,766,952</u>	<u>\$ 126,400</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

C. Long-Term Agreement

The County entered into a long-term agreement with Verizon in 2008 for construction and renovations made to a tower. The agreement was for \$265,600 and will be paid back over approximately 14 years in lieu of Verizon paying rent. The annual amount is \$19,200.

D. Component Units

Following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities that are recorded in the component units for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
School Board					
Compensated absences	\$ 781,069	\$ -	\$ 18,310	\$ 762,759	\$ 76,276
Total	<u>\$ 781,069</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 18,310</u>	<u>\$ 762,759</u>	<u>\$ 76,276</u>
Industrial Development Authority					
Series 2013 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 2,795,589	\$ 646,366	\$ -	\$ 3,441,955	\$ -
Public Improvement Bond - Series 2007	1,780,270	-	420,549	1,359,721	436,488
Public Improvement Equipment Lease Revenue Bond - Series 2008	693,332	-	693,332	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 5,269,191</u>	<u>\$ 646,366</u>	<u>\$ 1,113,881</u>	<u>\$ 4,801,676</u>	<u>\$ 436,488</u>
Henry-Martinsville Social Services					
Compensated absences	\$ 401,149	\$ -	\$ 63,808	\$ 337,341	\$ 33,734
Total	<u>\$ 401,149</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 63,808</u>	<u>\$ 337,341</u>	<u>\$ 33,734</u>

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Estimated principal maturities for future years ended June 30 follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2016	\$ 436,488	\$ 111,512
2017	453,031	94,656
2018	470,201	77,160
2019	<u>3,441,956</u>	<u>33,559</u>
	<u>\$4,801,676</u>	<u>\$ 316,887</u>

12 Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "net investment in capital assets" amount reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2015 is determined as follows:

	<u>Governmental</u> <u>Activities</u>	<u>Business-</u> <u>Type</u> <u>Activities</u>	<u>School</u> <u>Board</u>	<u>Industrial</u> <u>Development</u> <u>Authority</u>	<u>Social</u> <u>Services</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets					
Cost of capital assets	\$ 63,900,403	\$ 1,374,519	\$ 69,099,272	\$ 4,446,364	\$ 259,101
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(23,079,025)</u>	<u>(70,346)</u>	<u>(45,337,883)</u>	<u>(4,441,425)</u>	<u>(208,061)</u>
Book value	40,821,378	1,304,173	23,761,389	4,939	51,040
Less: Capital related debt	<u>(14,265,916)</u>	-	-	-	-
Less: Bond premiums	<u>(272,634)</u>	-	-	-	-
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$ 26,282,828</u>	<u>\$ 1,304,173</u>	<u>\$ 23,761,389</u>	<u>\$ 4,939</u>	<u>\$ 51,040</u>

13 Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources from unavailable property taxes and other local taxes and licenses are comprised of the following:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

Delinquent taxes not collected within 60 days	\$ 1,236,079
Other liabilities	12,607
Delinquent business licenses	48,862
Delinquent meals taxes	<u>29,764</u>
Total Unavailable Revenue - Taxes and Licenses	1,327,312
Unearned grants	<u>114,717</u>
Total General Fund	1,442,029

Special Projects Fund

Unearned grants	<u>4,205</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources - Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 1,446,234</u>

Governmental Activities - Primary Government

Unearned grants	\$ 118,922
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability	<u>3,258,822</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources -	
Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 3,377,744</u>

School Board - Fund Basis

Unearned grants	<u>\$ 163,484</u>
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School Board - Component Unit - Governmental Activities

Unearned grants	\$ 163,484
Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability	<u>9,882,428</u>
	<u>\$ 10,045,912</u>

Industrial Development Authority

Unearned grants	<u>\$ 251,299</u>
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Henry-Martinsville Social Services

Deferred inflows for VRS pension liability	<u>\$ 667,469</u>
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14 Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool and Virginia Association of Counties Group Self-Insurance Risk Pool, both public entity risk pools currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee dishonesty and employee health and accident insurance. The component units carry commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

15 Commitments and Contingencies

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular, all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

16 Litigation

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions or pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

17 Performance Agreements

The County has signed performance agreements with various companies that have located within the County. As part of many of these agreements, the County has agreed to pay cash incentives to the companies. As of June 30, 2015, the County had no outstanding commitments for future payments under these agreements.

18 Legal Compliance

The Virginia Public Finance Act contains state law for issuance of long-term and short-term debt. The Act states, in part, that no municipality may issue bonds or other interest-bearing obligations, including existing indebtedness, which will at any time exceed ten percent of the assessed valuation on real estate as shown by the last preceding assessment for taxes. Short-term revenue anticipation bonds/notes, general obligation bonds approved in a referendum, revenue bonds, and contract obligations for publically owned or regional projects should not be included in the debt limitation.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Total Assessed Value of Taxed Real Property	<u>\$ 2,865,947,336</u>
Debt Limits per Constitution of Virginia - 10% Assessed Value	\$ 286,594,734
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	
Gross Debt	<u>14,139,516</u>
Legal Debt Margin - June 30, 2015	<u>\$ 272,455,218</u>

Note: Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt and Literary Fund Loans. Excludes capital leases, landfill closure, postretirement health care benefits, and compensated absences.

19 Surety Bond Information

The following constitutional officers and County employees are covered by Surety Bonds issued in the amounts shown at June 30, 2015:

Treasurer	\$ 750,000
Commissioner of Revenue	3,000
Clerk of Circuit Court	124,000
Sheriff	30,000
Employees of above officers - blanket bond	1,000,000
County Administrator	1,000,000
Employees of County and Board members - blanket bond	1,000,000
Clerk of the School Board	10,000
Director of Public Welfare	100,000
Employees of Social Services - blanket bond	100,000

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20 Appropriation to School from General Fund

Following is a summary of adjustments made to the local school appropriation when converting from fund financial statements to government-wide financial statements:

	<u>School Board</u>
Appropriation from General Fund	\$ 15,719,422
Net fixed asset and depreciation adjustment on the school buildings still owned by the County until the debt is paid off	748,598
Adjustment for the net allocation of internal service self-insurance fund services and costs	(1,375,782)
Adjustment for long-term debt paid by School on buildings owned by the County until the debt is paid off	<u>(2,009,699)</u>
Appropriation to School Fund per Government-Wide Statements	<u>\$ 13,082,539</u>

21 Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the political subdivision and public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees and employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

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RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS

PLAN 1

About Plan 1

Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Political Subdivision Employees Only:

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.

PLAN 2

About Plan 2

Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Political Subdivision Employees Only:

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

About the Hybrid Retirement Plan

The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")

- The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
- The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
- In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Eligible Members

Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees*
- School division employees
- Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014

***Non-Eligible Members**

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

- Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Political Subdivision Employees Only:

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

PLAN 1

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Creditable Service

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN 2

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.

Creditable Service

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Retirement Contributions

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Creditable Service

Defined Benefit Component:

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contributions Component:

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component:

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contributions Component:

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN 1

Calculating the Benefit

The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier, and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

Average Final Compensation

A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Service Retirement Multiplier

The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.

Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.

Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.

PLAN 2

Calculating the Benefit

See definition under Plan 1.

Average Final Compensation

A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Service Retirement Multiplier

Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013.

Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.

Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70 1/2.

Calculating the Benefit

Defined Benefit Component:

See definition under Plan 1.

Defined Contribution Component:

The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

Average Final Compensation

Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

Service Retirement Multiplier

Defined Benefit Component:

The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.

For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.

Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.

Defined Contribution Component

Not applicable.

PLAN 1
Normal Retirement Age

Age 65.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Age 60.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Age 50 with at least five years of creditable service.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.

Eligibility:

For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

PLAN 2
Normal Retirement Age

Normal Social Security retirement age.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Same as Plan 1.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Same as Plan 1.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Same as Plan 1.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 1

**HYBRID
RETIREMENT PLAN**
Normal Retirement Age

Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 2.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Not applicable.

Defined Contribution Component:

Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment subject to restrictions.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Defined Benefit Component:

Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Not applicable.

Defined Contribution Component:

Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment subject to restrictions.

Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

Defined Benefit Component:

Age Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:
Not applicable

Defined Contribution Component:

Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment subject to restrictions.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 2

Defined Contribution Component:

Not applicable

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

PLAN 1

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- The member retires on disability.
- The political subdivision member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
- The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

School division: N/A

Purchase of Prior Service

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts towards vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

PLAN 2

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

School division: N/A

Purchase of Prior Service

Same as Plan 1

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivisions and school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

- Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
- The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.
- Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

Defined Contribution Component:

Not applicable

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<u>Primary Government - County</u>	<u>School Board - General Employees</u>
	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	208	207
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	46	22
Non-vested inactive members	49	38
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	<u>126</u>	<u>42</u>
Total inactive members	221	102
Active members	<u>354</u>	<u>186</u>
Total covered employees	<u>783</u>	<u>495</u>

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

If the employer used the certified rate: The County's political subdivision contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.58% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The school board – general employees contribution rate was 11.13%.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision for the County employees were \$1,866,106 and \$1,851,310 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

For the school board – general employees, employer contributions were \$361,881 and \$374,408 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

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Each school divisions - teachers contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. The actuarially determined rate, which combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contribution to the pension plan from the school division - teachers were \$5,015,024 and \$4,072,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivisions net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees and School Division - Teachers

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

	<u>General Employees</u>	<u>Teachers</u>
Inflation	2.5 percent	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including Inflation	3.5 percent - 5.35 percent	3.5 percent - 5.95 percent
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation *	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation *

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 for general employees, males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years and for school divisions, males set back 3 years and females were set back 5 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 for general employees, males set forward 1 year and for school divisions, males set back 2 years and females were set back 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 for general employees, males set back 3 years and for school divisions, males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement for general employees or school divisions.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

School Divisions:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including Inflation	3.5 percent - 4.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 – LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class (Strategy)</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>	<u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>
U. S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U. S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	<u>1.00%</u>	-1.50%	<u>-0.02%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>5.83%</u>
	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
	*Expected arithmetic nominal return		<u>8.33%</u>

*Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan and school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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Changes in Net Pension Liability

Primary Government - County

(Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)

		<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>	
	<u>Total Pension Liability (a)</u>	<u>Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$ 67,216,208	\$ 56,027,069	\$ 11,189,139
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	1,744,503	-	1,744,503
Interest	4,595,301	-	4,595,301
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	1,851,310	(1,851,310)
Contributions - employee	-	720,333	(720,333)
Net investment income	-	8,808,287	(8,808,287)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,138,102)	(3,138,102)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(47,504)	47,504
Other changes	-	464	(464)
Net Changes	<u>3,201,702</u>	<u>8,194,788</u>	<u>(4,993,086)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2014	<u>\$ 70,417,910</u>	<u>\$ 64,221,857</u>	<u>\$ 6,196,053</u>

NOTE: This Net Pension Liability is allocated between the Primary Government Henry County and the Component Unit Henry - Martinsville Social Services.

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**Component Unit School Board -
General Employees**

	Total Pension Liability (a)	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u> Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$ 17,492,576	\$ 15,055,955	\$ 2,436,621
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	381,575	-	381,575
Interest	1,183,231	-	1,183,231
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-	-
Contributions - employer	-	374,408	(374,408)
Contributions - employee	-	164,972	(164,972)
Net investment income	-	2,319,132	(2,319,132)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1,178,562)	(1,178,562)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(12,938)	12,938
Other changes	-	123	(123)
Net Changes	386,244	1,667,135	(1,280,891)
Balances at June 30, 2014	<u>\$ 17,878,820</u>	<u>\$ 16,723,090</u>	<u>\$ 1,155,730</u>

Component Unit School Board - Teacher Pool

	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u> Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$ 66,067,000
Changes for the Year	
Contributions - employer for 2014	(4,072,000)
Employer pension expense	4,493,000
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>(8,852,000)</u>
Net Changes	<u>(8,431,000)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2014	<u>\$ 57,636,000</u>

Sensitivity of the Political Subdivision's and School Division's – Teacher Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the political subdivision's and school division's - teachers proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's and school division's - teachers proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>
Primary Government - County (includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)			
Political subdivision's			
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 15,359,227</u>	<u>\$ 6,196,053</u>	<u>\$ (1,425,011)</u>

Component Unit School Board - General Employees	<u>\$ 2,971,847</u>	<u>\$ 1,155,730</u>	<u>\$ (391,983)</u>
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	<u>1.00% Decrease (6.00%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>1.00% Increase (8.00%)</u>
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan			
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 84,634,000</u>	<u>\$ 57,636,000</u>	<u>\$ 35,409,000</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County's political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$784,515.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school board - general employees recognized pension expense of \$123,945.

At June 30, 2015, the school division - teachers reported a liability of \$57,636,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was .47694% as compared to .47958% at June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$4,493,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the political subdivision and school division - teachers reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

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Primary Government - County
(Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville
Social Services)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	3,926,291
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,866,106</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,866,106</u>	<u>\$ 3,926,291</u>

Note: Amounts allocated between the Primary Government and the Component Unit – Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

Component Unit School Board - General Employees

Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,030,428
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>361,881</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 361,881</u>	<u>\$ 1,030,428</u>

Component Unit School Board - Teachers

Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	8,554,000
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	298,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>5,015,024</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 5,015,024</u>	<u>\$ 8,852,000</u>

\$1,548,868 for the County, \$317,238 for social services and \$5,376,905 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the political subdivision and school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

**Year Ended
June 30.**

**Primary Government -
County (Includes Component Unit -
Henry-Martinsville Social Services)**

2016	\$ (981,573)
2017	(981,573)
2018	(981,573)
2019	(981,572)
Thereafter	-

**Component Unit School Board -
General Employees**

2016	\$ (257,607)
2017	(257,607)
2018	(257,607)
2019	(257,607)
Thereafter	-

**Component Unit School Board -
Teachers**

2016	\$ (2,204,000)
2017	(2,204,000)
2018	(2,204,000)
2019	(2,204,000)
Thereafter	(36,000)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Virginia Retirement System's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

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22 Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)–Healthcare

Plan Description

County of Henry, Virginia provides postemployment health benefits in the form of medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses.

Three-year trend information is as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed</u>	<u>Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)</u>
County			
06/30/13	\$ 83,571	196.4%	\$ (79,289)
06/30/14	78,758	21.1%	(17,187)
06/30/15	86,728	78.9%	1,111
School Board			
06/30/13	\$ 371,607	119.1%	\$ (362,447)
06/30/14	371,147	55.1%	(195,708)
06/30/15	387,321	72.3%	(88,475)
Henry-Martinsville Social Services			
06/30/13	\$ 15,742	89.6%	\$ (90,129)
06/30/14	16,044	71.0%	(85,483)
06/30/15	16,130	73.1%	(81,140)

Following are disclosures for the County's postemployment benefits:

Schedule of Funding Progress

<u>Actuarial Valuation Date</u>	<u>Plan Assets (a)</u>	<u>Accrued Liability (b)</u>	<u>Unfunded Liability (b-a)</u>	<u>Normal Cost (c)</u>	<u>Funded Ratio (a)/(b)</u>	<u>Covered Payroll (d)</u>	<u>Unfunded % of Payroll (b-a)/(d)</u>
County							
7/1/2009	\$ 111,112	\$ 1,007,951	\$ 896,839	\$ 20,863	11.0%	\$ 10,023,578	8.9%
7/1/2012	204,236	1,048,660	844,424	28,939	19.5%	11,575,609	7.3%
7/1/2014	419,244	1,242,903	823,659	33,460	33.7%	10,590,336	7.8%
School Board							
7/1/2009	\$ 330,009	\$ 5,640,560	\$ 5,310,551	\$ 92,988	5.9%	\$ 32,942,499	16.1%
7/1/2012	880,618	4,692,414	3,811,796	128,511	18.8%	36,977,558	10.3%
7/1/2014	1,347,368	5,168,842	3,821,474	142,006	26.1%	36,110,104	10.6%
Henry-Martinsville Social Services							
7/1/2009	\$ 56,218	\$ 150,745	\$ 94,527	\$ 5,766	37.3%	\$ 2,588,432	3.7%
7/1/2012	120,054	255,195	135,141	7,942	47.0%	2,678,643	5.0%
7/1/2014	148,176	286,110	137,934	8,075	51.8%	2,978,532	4.6%

Schedule of Contributions

<u>FYE</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Contribution</u>	<u>% Contributed</u>
County			
June 30, 2013	\$ 83,571	\$ 164,145	196.4%
June 30, 2014	78,758	16,656	21.1%
June 30, 2015	86,728	68,430	78.9%

School Board

June 30, 2013	\$ 371,607	\$ 442,501	119.1%
June 30, 2014	371,147	204,408	55.1%
June 30, 2015	387,321	280,088	72.3%

Henry-Martinsville Social Services

June 30, 2013	\$ 15,742	\$ 14,108	89.6%
June 30, 2014	16,044	11,398	71.0%
June 30, 2015	16,130	11,787	73.1%

Annual Pension OPEB Cost Summary

<u>Plan Year</u>	<u>Beginning of Year Net OPEB Obligation</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>	<u>Annual OPEB Interest</u>	<u>Annual Cost Adjustment</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>End of Year Net OPEB Obligation</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Amort. Period</u>
County									
2012-13	\$ 1,285	\$ 83,556	\$ 96	\$ (81)	\$ 83,571	\$ 164,145	\$ (79,289)	7.50%	30
2013-14	(79,289)	79,677	(5,947)	5,028	78,758	16,656	(17,187)	7.50%	30
2014-15	(17,187)	86,927	(1,289)	1,090	86,728	68,430	1,111	7.50%	30
School Board									
2012-13	\$ (291,553)	\$ 374,983	\$ (21,866)	\$ 18,490	\$ 371,607	\$ 442,501	\$ (362,447)	7.50%	30
2013-14	(362,447)	375,344	(27,183)	22,986	371,147	204,408	(195,708)	7.50%	30
2014-15	(195,708)	389,587	(14,678)	12,412	387,321	280,088	(88,475)	7.50%	30
Henry-Martinsville Social Services									
2012-13	\$ (91,763)	\$ 16,805	\$ (6,882)	\$ 5,819	\$ 15,742	\$ 14,108	\$ (90,129)	7.50%	30
2013-14	(90,129)	17,088	(6,760)	5,716	16,044	11,398	(85,483)	7.50%	30
2014-15	(85,483)	17,120	(6,411)	5,421	16,130	11,787	(81,140)	7.50%	30

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Plan Description

County of Henry, Virginia provides postemployment health benefits in the form of medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Health Insurance Credit Program.

Summary of Main Benefit Provisions as Interpreted for Valuation Purposes

Political subdivisions participating in the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) may elect to provide a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for any former employee who retired under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service. The amount of each monthly health insurance credit shall be \$1.50 per year of creditable service, which amount shall be paid monthly to any retired employee participating in the Health Insurance Credit Program. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for retiree.

Disabled retirees are eligible to receive a maximum monthly credit of \$45.

If an eligible employee has worked for more than one employer in VRS, for the purpose of this valuation, their most current (or last) employer assumes full liability for that employee.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Health Insurance Credit Program

Schedule of Funding Progress for County

	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a Percentage
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2012	\$ 257,650	\$ 229,816	\$ (27,834)	112.11%	\$ 4,909,754	-0.57%
June 30, 2013	274,887	231,877	(43,010)	118.55%	4,510,688	-0.95%
June 30, 2014	301,886	244,329	(57,557)	123.56%	5,153,028	-1.12%

Valuation Date June 30, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Pay, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period 20-29 Years

Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return¹ 7.00%

Payroll Growth Rate 3.00%

¹Includes inflation at 2.5%

23 Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2015, fund balances are composed of the following:

		<u>Primary Government</u>				
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>E-911 Central Dispatch Fund</u>	<u>Law Library Fund</u>	<u>Fieldale Sanitary District Fund</u>	<u>Special Grant Projects Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Nonspendable - inventory	\$ 28,523	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,523
Restricted for	623,684	-	125,550	125,471	-	874,705
Committed	3,874,559	-	-	-	-	3,874,559
Assigned	5,563,083	-	-	-	223,117	5,786,200
Unassigned	23,427,588	-	-	-	-	23,427,588

24 Landfill Post-Closure Care Cost

The County maintains a landfill, which was closed in 1993. In accordance with state and federal laws and regulations, the County placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for a minimum of ten years after closure. The County is currently in compliance with the landfill gas regulations and is no longer required to operate an active system and has reverted back to quarterly monitoring. The County is currently in compliance with the groundwater protection standards and, as such, DEQ has allowed the County to stop groundwater monitoring. The County anticipates applying to DEQ later this year for termination of post-closure care.

The \$260,423 reported as landfill post-closure care liability at June 30, 2015 represents what it would cost to perform all future post-closure care. Also, actual costs for post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County intends to fund these costs from general revenues. The County uses the financial test method of demonstrating assurance for post-closure care cost.

25 Notes Receivable – Component Unit

The Component Unit – Industrial Development Authority had a note receivable from a Company in the amount of \$1,851,299 as of June 30, 2015. The Company had been making payments in accordance with a bankruptcy decree from 1999. In 2007 with the Company coming out of bankruptcy and still owing the Industrial Development Authority a substantial amount of money on the note, the County filed a lawsuit against the shareholders, co-obligors of the note. In December 2008, the County, the Company, and co-obligors reached a settlement agreement. This agreement calls for monthly payments beginning January 1, 2009 of \$25,000 plus accrued interest. The County has granted temporary reduction in the amount of \$25,000 at times due to economic conditions. The interest rate can vary from 3 to 5 percent depending on the total payments the Company makes on an annual basis. The interest rate was at 5 percent from July 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013 and 3.50 percent from January 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015. As a part of the agreement, the co-obligors executed documents giving the County a third priority lien and security interest in certain real estate holdings on which the Company operates.

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26 Revenue Sharing Agreements

The County of Henry, Virginia and the Henry County Industrial Development Authority have entered into three revenue sharing agreements with the City of Martinsville, Virginia.

Two of the agreements, one dated April 30, 2002 and one dated August 31, 2009, are related to the Patriot Centre Industrial Park. The third dated September 25, 2007 is related to the Commonwealth Crossing Business Centre Industrial Park and land currently being referred to as the Bryant Property which is located adjacent to the Patriot Centre Industrial Park.

All these agreements state that the County agrees when a business locates on one of the designated sites in these industrial parks it will pay the City one-third of all revenues generated from real estate, personal property, machinery & tools, and consumer utility taxes. No revenues will be shared until such time the County has recovered the cumulative costs of developing and maintaining the parks.

In the past few years, several businesses have located on revenue sharing lots in the Patriot Centre Industrial Park. Based on the existing businesses, it is estimated it will be more than ten years before the County recovers its costs in order to share revenues.

There are currently no businesses located in the Commonwealth Crossing Business Centre; therefore, the County has not yet started to recover its cost related to this Industrial Park.

27 Implementation of GASB Statement No. 65

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, in fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. These statements required changes in account captions in the Statements of Net Position.

28 Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68—*Accounting and Financial Reporting Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB No. 27*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements 27 and 50 remain applicable for pensions not covered by the scope of this Statement. The provisions of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

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29 Restatement of Net Position

The following table reflects the restatement of net position due to the implementation of GASB No. 68:

	Governmental Activities	Component Unit Henry-Martinsville Social Services
Beginning balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 54,460,551	\$ (269,522)
Net pension liability, July 1	(9,286,985)	(1,902,154)
Affect of prior year 2014 contributions	<u>1,536,587</u>	<u>314,724</u>
Restated Net Position, July 1, 2014	<u>\$ 46,710,153</u>	<u>\$ (1,856,952)</u>

	Component Unit School Board
Beginning balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 24,840,487
Net pension liability, July 1 - Teachers	(66,067,000)
Net pension liability, July 1 - General Employees	(2,436,621)
Affect of prior year 2014 contributions - Teachers	4,072,000
Affect of prior year 2014 contributions - General Employees	<u>374,408</u>
Restated Net Position, July 1, 2014	<u>\$ (39,216,726)</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



County of Henry, Virginia
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Year Ended June 30, 2015
General Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
General Property Taxes				
Property taxes - all years	\$ 22,586,023	\$ 22,586,023	\$ 23,396,010	\$ 809,987
Penalties - all tax years	240,000	240,000	264,319	24,319
Interest - all tax years	130,000	130,000	211,001	81,001
Total General Property Taxes	22,956,023	22,956,023	23,871,330	915,307
Other Local Taxes				
Local sales and use taxes	3,781,000	3,781,000	4,071,411	290,411
Consumer utility tax	2,660,000	2,660,000	2,705,571	45,571
Business license taxes	1,555,000	1,555,000	1,691,904	136,904
Motor vehicle licenses	890,000	890,000	882,334	(7,666)
Bank franchise taxes	158,000	158,000	208,196	50,196
Transient occupancy taxes	106,000	106,000	116,734	10,734
Taxes on recordation and wills	193,000	193,000	200,759	7,759
Restaurant food taxes	1,922,000	1,922,000	2,127,100	205,100
Total Other Local Taxes	11,265,000	11,265,000	12,004,009	739,009
Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses				
Animal licenses	10,000	10,000	10,779	779
Building and related permits	55,000	55,000	45,426	(9,574)
Other permits, licenses, and fees	5,500	5,500	5,097	(403)
Total Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses	70,500	70,500	61,302	(9,198)
Fines and Forfeitures				
Court fines and forfeitures	178,650	178,650	191,984	13,334
Revenue from Use of Money and Property				
Revenue from use of money	300,000	300,000	330,987	30,987
Revenue from use of property	295,206	318,206	403,168	84,962
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	595,206	618,206	734,155	115,949
Charges for Services				
Sheriff fees	22,454	22,454	24,007	1,553
Commonwealth's attorney	4,500	4,500	5,346	846
County and hired attorneys	85,000	85,000	105,438	20,438
Law enforcement and traffic control	12,000	13,155	61,070	47,915
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	67,000	67,000	67,653	653
Treasurer's administrative collection fees	6,000	6,000	12,259	6,259
Parks and recreation	50,000	50,000	40,867	(9,133)
Utility bill collection	16,200	16,200	19,250	3,050
Miscellaneous other charges for services	3,800	9,917	20,044	10,127
Total Charges for Services	266,954	274,226	355,934	81,708

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Recovered Costs				
Jail costs - Commonwealth of Virginia	313,000	307,584	344,978	37,394
Inmate housing fees	-	50,270	50,270	-
Salary - court secretary	21,000	21,000	24,495	3,495
City share of extension services	7,756	7,756	7,756	-
School share of school resource officer	168,755	168,755	167,930	(825)
EMS fees for service	605,000	718,506	767,347	48,841
M/HC Economic Development Corporation	818,918	948,918	766,192	(182,726)
Harvest Foundation Grant	-	6,743	6,743	-
Local and special grants	-	38,618	39,613	995
Transportation grants	59,361	75,045	63,455	(11,590)
Other recovered costs	-	20,537	33,866	13,329
Insurance recoveries	-	14,000	57,747	43,747
Miscellaneous refunds	<u>255,719</u>	<u>283,644</u>	<u>260,175</u>	<u>(23,469)</u>
Total Recovered Costs	2,249,509	2,661,376	2,590,567	(70,809)
Miscellaneous	70,000	70,000	85,617	15,617
Intergovernmental				
<i>Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia</i>				
<i>Noncategorical Aid</i>				
Rolling stock taxes - motor vehicle carriers tax	45,000	45,000	45,396	396
Mobile home titling tax	40,000	40,000	43,114	3,114
Tax on deeds	59,000	59,000	54,334	(4,666)
Auto rental sales tax	60,000	60,000	31,313	(28,687)
Personal Property Tax Relief Act funds	1,771,828	1,771,828	1,771,828	-
Communication tax	<u>2,320,000</u>	<u>2,320,000</u>	<u>2,315,299</u>	<u>(4,701)</u>
Total Noncategorical Aid	4,295,828	4,295,828	4,261,284	(34,544)
<i>Categorical Aid</i>				
<i>Shared Expenses</i>				
Commonwealth's Attorney	572,084	572,084	574,135	2,051
Sheriff	4,182,308	4,195,196	4,198,338	3,142
Commissioner of the Revenue	172,607	172,607	172,794	187
Treasurer	165,859	155,677	154,062	(1,615)
Electoral Board and General Registrar	42,400	42,400	46,007	3,607
Clerk of Circuit Court	<u>433,854</u>	<u>433,854</u>	<u>449,776</u>	<u>15,922</u>
Total Categorical Aid	5,569,112	5,571,818	5,595,112	23,294
<i>Other Categorical Aid</i>				
Emergency services grant	-	106,716	66,500	(40,216)
Fire programs fund	-	194,568	194,567	(1)
Victim witness program	53,235	27,416	27,226	(190)
Transportation grant funds	35,553	35,258	35,258	-
Litter control program	20,943	20,943	20,920	(23)
State EMS Two for Life funds	-	50,481	50,481	-
Other state grants and awards	-	102,903	6,325	(96,578)
Tobacco Indemnification money	-	2,400,000	137,552	(2,262,448)
Asset forfeiture funds	<u>-</u>	<u>6,919</u>	<u>96,649</u>	<u>89,730</u>
Total Other Categorical Aid	<u>109,731</u>	<u>2,945,204</u>	<u>635,478</u>	<u>(2,309,726)</u>

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	9,974,671	12,812,850	10,491,874	(2,320,976)
Revenue from the Federal Government				
Payments in lieu of taxes	3,000	3,000	3,104	104
Emergency services	26,164	1,170,937	666,879	(504,058)
Law enforcement grants	-	100,180	63,798	(36,382)
Victim Witness Program	53,235	82,248	81,679	(569)
Asset forfeiture funds	-	127,573	9,464	(118,109)
Other federal grants	-	397,328	100,552	(296,776)
Transportation grants	60,593	77,916	58,415	(19,501)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	142,992	1,959,182	983,891	(975,291)
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	10,117,663	14,772,032	11,475,765	(3,296,267)
Total Revenues	47,769,505	52,866,013	51,370,663	(1,495,350)
Expenditures				
Current				
<i>General Government Administration</i>				
Board of Supervisors	126,704	126,704	104,436	22,268
County Administrator	331,851	335,831	335,769	62
Independent auditor	55,000	55,000	36,799	18,201
Human resources/training	56,940	57,836	54,478	3,358
County Attorney	163,054	164,484	176,166	(11,682)
Commissioner of Revenue	550,411	555,304	538,390	16,914
Assessors	109,709	110,586	106,719	3,867
Treasurer	566,031	560,104	554,047	6,057
Finance	363,309	367,815	362,839	4,976
Information services	307,394	311,125	301,150	9,975
Central purchasing	204,273	211,801	207,321	4,480
Board of Elections - registrar	238,862	526,073	459,743	66,330
Total General Government Administration	3,073,538	3,382,663	3,237,857	144,806
<i>Judicial Administration</i>				
Circuit Court	91,995	92,583	82,425	10,158
General District Court	17,086	17,086	11,051	6,035
Magistrates	3,060	3,060	2,759	301
Juvenile and Domestic Relations	9,124	9,124	7,666	1,458
Clerk of the Circuit Court	721,109	729,906	715,479	14,427
Sheriff Civil and Court Security	1,027,839	1,069,485	1,031,008	38,477
Victim/Witness Assist	145,000	149,368	135,271	14,097
Commonwealth's Attorney	814,992	825,295	814,761	10,534
Total Judicial Administration	2,830,205	2,895,907	2,800,420	95,487

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
<i>Public Safety</i>				
Law enforcement and traffic control	5,480,669	5,623,064	5,532,331	90,733
Law enforcement and traffic control - grants	-	100,181	63,799	36,382
School resource officer	168,755	170,386	167,930	2,456
Fire and rescue services	954,053	1,522,861	1,217,057	305,804
Emergency medical services	195,390	200,121	184,089	16,032
EMS supplemental services	857,373	1,118,384	975,773	142,611
FEMA Safer Grant	-	1,149,743	641,024	508,719
Fire marshal	284,711	287,066	281,989	5,077
Correction and detention	2,689,088	2,830,288	2,791,375	38,913
Correction and detention - grants	-	16,915	5,580	11,335
Probation	326,100	326,100	248,146	77,954
Code enforcement	333,296	411,799	357,282	54,517
Public safety	121,549	122,748	133,487	(10,739)
Payments to IDA for equipment lease	711,518	711,518	711,005	513
Electronic monitoring	10,230	10,230	9,788	442
Animal control	185,371	188,060	169,540	18,520
Asset forfeiture	-	134,492	82,265	52,227
SPCA	11,667	11,667	-	11,667
Total Public Safety	12,329,770	14,935,623	13,572,460	1,363,163
<i>Public Works</i>				
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges, sidewalks	9,000	9,000	4,852	4,148
Refuse collection	1,687,234	1,690,974	1,575,314	115,660
Refuse disposal - closure maintenance	16,000	20,744	11,561	9,183
<i>Maintenance of buildings and grounds</i>				
General engineering	277,602	279,323	280,244	(921)
Communication equipment	74,796	75,316	67,424	7,892
Administrative building	411,287	424,882	419,448	5,434
Courthouse	328,434	310,030	302,438	7,592
Sheriff's office	54,750	52,950	44,708	8,242
Jail	277,250	278,998	266,017	12,981
Other	280,247	288,236	278,528	9,708
Social services and health department	59,185	68,182	59,319	8,863
Dupont property	163,115	164,117	176,531	(12,414)
Total Maintenance of Buildings and Grounds	1,926,666	1,942,034	1,894,657	47,377
Total Public Works	3,638,900	3,662,752	3,486,384	176,368
<i>Health and Welfare</i>				
Henry-Martinsville Social Services	591,199	614,289	527,915	86,374
Health Department	293,429	293,429	293,429	-
Mental health and retardation	117,567	117,567	117,567	-
Transportation grants	165,456	207,681	164,829	42,852
Property tax relief for the elderly	80,000	80,000	80,472	(472)
Group home services	132,985	137,498	137,498	-
Other welfare and social services	13,036	13,036	4,036	9,000
Total Health and Welfare	1,393,672	1,463,500	1,325,746	137,754

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
<i>Education</i>				
Contributions to community colleges	52,467	52,467	52,467	-
Contributions to component unit - school board	<u>16,652,895</u>	<u>20,422,491</u>	<u>15,719,422</u>	<u>4,703,069</u>
Total Education	16,705,362	20,474,958	15,771,889	4,703,069
<i>Parks, Recreation, and Cultural</i>				
Parks, recreation, and cultural	1,026,829	1,068,655	991,535	77,120
Cultural enrichment	102,346	102,346	102,346	-
Library	<u>711,264</u>	<u>711,264</u>	<u>711,264</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	1,840,439	1,882,265	1,805,145	77,120
<i>Community Development</i>				
Planning and community development	287,954	290,488	284,622	5,866
Engineering and mapping	275,231	280,371	266,995	13,376
M/HC Economic Development Corporation - payroll related	818,918	818,918	750,908	68,010
M/HC Economic Development Corporation	460,500	460,500	460,500	-
Cooperative extension program	54,239	54,239	49,806	4,433
Henry County Industrial Development Authority	1,349,944	4,997,891	1,020,048	3,977,843
Other community and economic development	<u>145,196</u>	<u>219,152</u>	<u>167,505</u>	<u>51,647</u>
Total Community Development	3,391,982	7,121,559	3,000,384	4,121,175
<i>Nondepartmental</i>				
Employee benefits, pooled vehicles, mobile command	106,983	143,404	83,661	59,743
Contingency reserve	<u>149,500</u>	<u>102,025</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>102,025</u>
Total Nondepartmental	256,483	245,429	83,661	161,768
<i>Capital Projects</i>				
Henry County PSA for water and sewer projects	-	2,830,000	152,835	2,677,165
Other miscellaneous capital projects	<u>331,236</u>	<u>1,713,397</u>	<u>1,011,184</u>	<u>702,213</u>
Total Capital Projects	331,236	4,543,397	1,164,019	3,379,378
<i>Debt Service</i>				
Principal	822,333	822,333	822,333	-
Interest and other costs	<u>18,875</u>	<u>18,875</u>	<u>18,875</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Debt Service	<u>841,208</u>	<u>841,208</u>	<u>841,208</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>46,632,795</u>	<u>61,449,261</u>	<u>47,089,173</u>	<u>14,360,088</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,136,710	(8,583,248)	4,281,490	12,864,738
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds of capital leases	-	-	193,612	193,612
Transfers to other funds	<u>(1,136,710)</u>	<u>(1,176,881)</u>	<u>(1,050,642)</u>	<u>126,239</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,136,710)</u>	<u>(1,176,881)</u>	<u>(857,030)</u>	<u>319,851</u>

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	(9,760,129)	3,424,460	13,184,589
Transfer from Surplus Funds	<u>-</u>	<u>9,760,129</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,760,129)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	3,424,460	<u>\$ 3,424,460</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			<u>30,092,977</u>	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$33,517,437</u>	

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Comprehensive Services Act Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Recovered costs	\$ 42,251	\$ 42,251	\$ 51,369	\$ 9,118
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	<u>652,295</u>	<u>652,295</u>	<u>559,775</u>	<u>(92,520)</u>
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>652,295</u>	<u>652,295</u>	<u>559,775</u>	<u>(92,520)</u>
Total Revenues	694,546	694,546	611,144	(83,402)
Expenditures				
Current				
<i>Health and Welfare</i>				
Welfare and social services	<u>1,028,857</u>	<u>1,028,857</u>	<u>889,579</u>	<u>139,278</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,028,857</u>	<u>1,028,857</u>	<u>889,579</u>	<u>139,278</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(334,311)	(334,311)	(278,435)	55,876
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	<u>334,311</u>	<u>334,311</u>	<u>278,435</u>	<u>(55,876)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>334,311</u>	<u>334,311</u>	<u>278,435</u>	<u>(55,876)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	-	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			-	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ -</u>	

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E-911 Central Dispatch Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Local Revenues				
Recovered costs	\$ 361,219	\$ 363,737	\$ 345,275	\$ (18,462)
Total Local Revenues	361,219	363,737	345,275	(18,462)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	322,071	329,671	349,093	19,422
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	322,071	329,671	349,093	19,422
Reserve from Surplus				
	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	683,290	693,408	694,368	960
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety	1,488,551	1,512,465	1,467,556	44,909
Total Expenditures	1,488,551	1,512,465	1,467,556	44,909
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfers	(805,261)	(819,057)	(773,188)	45,869
Transfer from Other Funds	722,399	730,319	690,331	(39,988)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	(82,862)	(88,738)	(82,857)	5,881
Transfer from Surplus Funds	82,862	88,738	-	(88,738)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	\$ -	\$ -	(82,857)	\$ (82,857)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			82,857	
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ -	

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Law Library Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 7,000	\$ 7,000	\$ 8,901	\$ 1,901
Recovered costs	<u>6,000</u>	<u>6,000</u>	<u>6,002</u>	<u>2</u>
Total Revenues	13,000	13,000	14,903	1,903
Expenditures				
Current				
Judicial administration	<u>31,500</u>	<u>31,500</u>	<u>15,183</u>	<u>16,317</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>31,500</u>	<u>31,500</u>	<u>15,183</u>	<u>16,317</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	(18,500)	(18,500)	(280)	18,220
Transfer from Surplus Funds	<u>18,500</u>	<u>18,500</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(18,500)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(280)	<u>\$ (280)</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			<u>125,830</u>	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ 125,550</u>	

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Fieldale Sanitary District Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 750	\$ 750	\$ 835	\$ 85
Total Revenues	750	750	835	85
Expenditures				
Current				
Public works	<u>19,500</u>	<u>19,500</u>	<u>17,890</u>	<u>1,610</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>19,500</u>	<u>19,500</u>	<u>17,890</u>	<u>1,610</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	(18,750)	(18,750)	(17,055)	1,695
Transfer from Surplus Funds	<u>18,750</u>	<u>18,750</u>	-	<u>(18,750)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(17,055)	<u>\$ (17,055)</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			<u>142,526</u>	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ 125,471</u>	

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Special Grant Projects Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Recovered costs	\$ -	\$ 80,575	\$ 38,660	\$ (41,915)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Federal Government	-	1,516,461	356,313	(1,160,148)
Total Revenues	-	1,597,036	394,973	(1,202,063)
Expenditures				
Current				
Community development	-	1,624,639	376,616	1,248,023
Total Expenditures	-	1,624,639	376,616	1,248,023
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfers	-	(27,603)	18,357	45,960
Transfer from Other Funds	-	22,379	1,157	(21,222)
Net Change in Fund Balance Before Transfer from Surplus	-	(5,224)	19,514	24,738
Transfer from Surplus Funds	-	5,224	-	(5,224)
Net Change in Fund Balance After Transfer from Surplus	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	19,514	<u>\$ 19,514</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			203,603	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ 223,117</u>	

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Henry County School Board
School Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 40,000	\$ 89,646	\$ 112,975	\$ 23,329
Charges for services	63,000	606,073	569,906	(36,167)
Recovered costs	411,000	436,600	516,002	79,402
Miscellaneous				
Harvest Foundation	-	512,093	438,649	(73,444)
Other miscellaneous	351,000	351,000	442,201	91,201
Payment from Primary Government - Henry County	16,652,895	20,422,491	15,719,422	(4,703,069)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	45,456,202	48,445,983	47,951,226	(494,757)
Educational Technology - Commonwealth of Virginia	492,000	545,900	482,680	(63,220)
Revenue from the Federal Government	9,653,000	6,687,548	4,970,284	(1,717,264)
QSCB federal loan interest subsidy	-	-	141,831	141,831
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	<u>55,601,202</u>	<u>55,679,431</u>	<u>53,546,021</u>	<u>(2,133,410)</u>
Total Revenues	73,119,097	78,097,334	71,345,176	(6,752,158)
Expenditures				
Instruction	44,089,236	46,162,078	44,602,977	1,559,101
Administration, attendance, and health	2,911,747	2,970,508	2,901,542	68,966
Pupil transportation	5,234,637	5,688,676	5,024,392	664,284
Operation and maintenance	6,186,000	6,007,216	5,399,256	607,960
Facilities	284,000	2,755,358	1,164,522	1,590,836
Special grants	9,800,000	9,800,000	7,694,974	2,105,026
Technology	1,990,676	2,065,735	2,017,848	47,887
Contingency reserve	100,000	100,000	-	100,000
Debt Service				
Principal	1,377,571	1,377,571	1,377,571	-
Interest and other charges	<u>639,218</u>	<u>639,218</u>	<u>632,128</u>	<u>7,090</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>72,613,085</u>	<u>77,566,360</u>	<u>70,815,210</u>	<u>6,751,150</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	506,012	530,974	529,966	(1,008)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (out)	<u>(506,012)</u>	<u>(530,974)</u>	<u>(529,966)</u>	<u>1,008</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(506,012)</u>	<u>(530,974)</u>	<u>(529,966)</u>	<u>1,008</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			-	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ -</u>	

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Henry County School Board
School Textbook Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,980	\$ 15,980
Total Revenues	-	-	15,980	15,980
Expenditures				
Textbooks	<u>506,012</u>	<u>694,726</u>	<u>459,869</u>	<u>234,857</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>506,012</u>	<u>694,726</u>	<u>459,869</u>	<u>234,857</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(506,012)	(694,726)	(443,889)	250,837
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (out)	<u>506,012</u>	<u>513,936</u>	<u>513,936</u>	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>506,012</u>	<u>513,936</u>	<u>513,936</u>	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(180,790)	70,047	250,837
Transfer from Surplus Funds	-	<u>180,790</u>	-	<u>(180,790)</u>
Net Change after Reserve	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	70,047	<u>\$ 70,047</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			<u>841,633</u>	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ 911,680</u>	

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Henry County School Board
School Cafeteria Fund

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 805,200	\$ 1,008,338	\$ 809,329	\$ (199,009)
Intergovernmental				
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	-	-	111,213	111,213
Revenue from the Federal Government	<u>3,516,638</u>	<u>3,516,638</u>	<u>3,278,354</u>	<u>(238,284)</u>
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	<u>3,516,638</u>	<u>3,516,638</u>	<u>3,389,567</u>	<u>(127,071)</u>
Total Revenues	4,321,838	4,524,976	4,198,896	(326,080)
Expenditures				
Cafeteria	<u>4,321,838</u>	<u>4,542,619</u>	<u>4,355,739</u>	<u>186,880</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>4,321,838</u>	<u>4,542,619</u>	<u>4,355,739</u>	<u>186,880</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	(17,643)	(156,843)	(139,200)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in (out)	<u>-</u>	<u>17,038</u>	<u>16,030</u>	<u>(1,008)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>17,038</u>	<u>16,030</u>	<u>(1,008)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(605)	(140,813)	(140,208)
Transfer from Surplus Funds	<u>-</u>	<u>605</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(605)</u>
Net Change after Reserve	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(140,813)	<u>\$ (140,813)</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			<u>688,126</u>	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ 547,313</u>	

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County of Henry, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Primary Government (Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services) 2014	School Board General Employees 2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 1,744,503	\$ 381,575
Interest	4,595,301	1,183,231
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,138,102)	(1,178,562)
Net change in total pension liability	3,201,702	386,244
Total pension liability - beginning	67,216,208	17,492,576
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>\$ 70,417,910</u>	<u>\$ 17,878,820</u>
 Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,851,310	\$ 374,408
Contributions - employee	720,333	164,972
Net investment income	8,808,287	2,319,132
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,138,102)	(1,178,562)
Administrative expense	(47,504)	(12,938)
Other	464	123
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	8,194,788	1,667,135
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	56,027,069	15,055,955
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$ 64,221,857</u>	<u>\$ 16,723,090</u>
 Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 6,196,053</u>	<u>\$ 1,155,730</u>
 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total Pension liability	91.20%	93.54%
 Covered--employee payroll	\$ 14,700,626	\$ 3,304,105
 Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	42.15%	34.98%

NOTE: Primary Government figures include the Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services.

County of Henry, Virginia

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan

Year Ended June 30, 2015^{*}

	<u>2015</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.47694%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 57,636,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 34,824,957
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its covered-employee payroll	165.502%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

County of Henry, Virginia

Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
2015					
Primary Government - County (Includes Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services)	\$ 1,866,106	\$ 1,866,106	\$ -	\$ 14,834,279	12.58%
Component Unit School Board - General Employees	361,881	361,881	-	3,254,767	11.12%
Component Unit School Board - Teachers	5,015,024	5,015,024	-	34,564,083	14.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

For Reference Only:

Column 1 – Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered employee payroll

Column 2 – Actual employer contribution remitted to VRS

Column 3 – Employer's covered employee payroll amount for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015

County of Henry, Virginia

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component went into effect FY 2014. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

School Division:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



County of Henry, Virginia
Combining Balance Sheet
Component Unit - School Board
Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>School Fund</u>	<u>School Textbook Fund</u>	<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u>	<u>Total Public Schools</u>
Assets				
Cash	\$ 103,545	\$ 1,125,826	\$ 637,650	\$ 1,867,021
Cash - restricted	37,538	-	-	37,538
Receivables - net	735,287	-	8,380	743,667
Due from other funds	214,146	-	16,030	230,176
Due from primary government	640,026	-	-	640,026
Due from other governments	<u>2,624,477</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>115,008</u>	<u>2,739,485</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 4,355,019</u>	<u>\$ 1,125,826</u>	<u>\$ 777,068</u>	<u>\$ 6,257,913</u>
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 368,372	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 368,372
Accrued salaries and benefits	3,807,133	-	96,259	3,903,392
Due to other funds	16,030	214,146	-	230,176
Due to primary government	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>133,496</u>	<u>133,496</u>
Total Liabilities	4,191,535	214,146	229,755	4,635,436
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unexpended grants	163,484	-	-	163,484
Fund Balances				
Restricted	-	-	547,313	547,313
Assigned	<u>-</u>	<u>911,680</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>911,680</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>911,680</u>	<u>547,313</u>	<u>1,458,993</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 4,355,019</u>	<u>\$ 1,125,826</u>	<u>\$ 777,068</u>	<u>\$ 6,257,913</u>
Fund Balances - per above				\$ 1,458,993
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				23,761,389
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds				
Deferred outflows related to pensions				5,376,905
Deferred inflows related to pensions				(9,882,428)
The net prepaid OPEB liability is a long-term asset and is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.				88,475
The net VRS pension liability is a long-term liability and is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.				(58,791,730)
Compensated absences are long-term liabilities and are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds.				(762,759)
Net Position of Governmental Activities				<u>\$ (38,751,155)</u>

County of Henry, Virginia

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Component Unit - School Board

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>School Fund</u>	<u>School Textbook Fund</u>	<u>School Cafeteria Fund</u>	<u>Total Public Schools</u>
Revenues				
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ 112,975	\$ 15,980	\$ -	\$ 128,955
Charges for services	569,906	-	809,329	1,379,235
Recovered costs	516,002	-	-	516,002
Miscellaneous	880,850	-	-	880,850
Intergovernmental				
County of Henry, Virginia	15,719,422	-	-	15,719,422
Commonwealth of Virginia	48,433,906	-	111,213	48,545,119
Federal	4,970,284	-	3,278,354	8,248,638
QSCB federal loan interest subsidy	<u>141,831</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>141,831</u>
Total Revenues	71,345,176	15,980	4,198,896	75,560,052
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	44,602,977	459,869	-	45,062,846
Administration, attendance, and health	2,901,542	-	-	2,901,542
Pupil transportation	5,024,392	-	-	5,024,392
Operation and maintenance	5,399,256	-	-	5,399,256
Cafeteria - school food service	-	-	4,355,739	4,355,739
Facilities	1,164,522	-	-	1,164,522
Special grants	7,694,974	-	-	7,694,974
Technology	2,017,848	-	-	2,017,848
Debt Service				
Principal	1,377,571	-	-	1,377,571
Interest and other charges	<u>632,128</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>632,128</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>70,815,210</u>	<u>459,869</u>	<u>4,355,739</u>	<u>75,630,818</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Expenditures Over Revenues	529,966	(443,889)	(156,843)	(70,766)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	513,936	16,030	529,966
Transfers out	<u>(529,966)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(529,966)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(529,966)</u>	<u>513,936</u>	<u>16,030</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	70,047	(140,813)	(70,766)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	-	841,633	688,126	1,529,759
Fund Balances - End of Year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 911,680</u>	<u>\$ 547,313</u>	<u>\$ 1,458,993</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances - per above				\$ (70,766)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and disposition exceeded capital outlays. (883,298)

Construction related to renovation of school buildings is part of the County Primary Government since the debt is in the County name. However, the school building belongs to the County until such time the debt is paid off. All debt payments paid by the School Board are adjusted and shown as being paid by the County. 748,598

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts:

Change in Compensated Absences	18,310
Change in Net OPEB Asset	(107,233)
Change in VRS Deferred Outflows	5,376,905
Change in Net VRS pension liability	<u>(4,616,945)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 465,571</u>

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Net Position

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

At June 30, 2015

	Industrial Site Project Fund #37	Main Operating Fund #45	Total Industrial Development Authority
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 414,303	\$ 414,303
Due from other governmental unit	12,406	52,650	65,056
Receivables - net	2,178,858	5,487	2,184,345
Inventory	14,057,564	14,140,506	28,198,070
Total Current Assets	16,248,828	14,612,946	30,861,774
Noncurrent Assets			
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	4,939	4,939
Notes receivables - net	-	1,011,360	1,011,360
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	1,016,299	1,016,299
Total Assets	<u>\$ 16,248,828</u>	<u>\$ 15,629,245</u>	<u>\$ 31,878,073</u>
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 23,200	\$ 473,956	\$ 497,156
Accrued interest payable	-	30,762	30,762
Current portion of long-term debt	-	436,488	436,488
Total Current Liabilities	23,200	941,206	964,406
Long-Term Liabilities			
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	-	4,365,188	4,365,188
Due to primary government - Henry County, VA	2,168,064	509,618	2,677,682
Total Long-Term Liabilities	2,168,064	4,874,806	7,042,870
Total Liabilities	2,191,264	5,816,012	8,007,276
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unexpended grants payable	-	251,299	251,299
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	-	4,939	4,939
Unrestricted	14,057,564	9,556,995	23,614,559
Total Net Position	14,057,564	9,561,934	23,619,498
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	<u>\$ 16,248,828</u>	<u>\$ 15,629,245</u>	<u>\$ 31,878,073</u>

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Industrial Site Project Fund #37	Main Operating Fund #45	Total Industrial Development Authority
Operating Revenues			
Payment from primary government	\$ 24,077	\$ 995,971	\$ 1,020,048
Tobacco Indemnification revenues	7,759,678	2,085,000	9,844,678
Governor's Opportunity Fund	-	550,000	550,000
Other state grants	-	52,650	52,650
Miscellaneous	-	257,500	257,500
Harvest Foundation	2,415,247	-	2,415,247
EDC share of costs	-	272,099	272,099
City of Martinsville share of costs	12,039	-	12,039
	<u>10,211,041</u>	<u>4,213,220</u>	<u>14,424,261</u>
Total Operating Revenues	10,211,041	4,213,220	14,424,261
Operating Expenses			
Economic development	-	3,384,396	3,384,396
Depreciation	-	635,556	635,556
	<u>-</u>	<u>4,019,952</u>	<u>4,019,952</u>
Total Operating Expenses	-	4,019,952	4,019,952
Operating Income	10,211,041	193,268	10,404,309
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest income	-	70,752	70,752
Sale of property	-	50,000	50,000
Rental of property	-	711,004	711,004
Interest expense and bond issue costs	-	(127,120)	(127,120)
	<u>-</u>	<u>704,636</u>	<u>704,636</u>
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	-	704,636	704,636
Change in Net Position	10,211,041	897,904	11,108,945
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	3,846,523	8,664,030	12,510,553
Total Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$ 14,057,564</u>	<u>\$ 9,561,934</u>	<u>\$ 23,619,498</u>

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Cash Flows

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Industrial Site Project Fund #37	Main Operating Fund #45	Total Industrial Development Authority
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from primary government	\$ 24,077	\$ 995,971	\$ 1,020,048
Other miscellaneous receipts	-	606,128	606,128
Harvest Foundation	1,000,000	-	1,000,000
State grants	7,420,480	2,635,000	10,055,480
Purchase of inventory for resale	(10,300,389)	(359,859)	(10,660,248)
Cash paid for economic development	-	(3,509,623)	(3,509,623)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(1,855,832)	367,617	(1,488,215)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Payments on Due to / Due from accounts from primary government	1,855,832	(1,147,465)	708,367
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital Financing Activities	1,855,832	(1,147,465)	708,367
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Payments of principal on long-term debt	-	(467,515)	(467,515)
Interest payments on long-term debt	-	(123,985)	(123,985)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	-	(591,500)	(591,500)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Rental income	-	711,004	711,004
Sale of property	-	50,000	50,000
Interest income	-	70,752	70,752
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	-	831,756	831,756
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	(539,592)	(539,592)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	-	953,895	953,895
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 414,303	\$ 414,303
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities			
Operating income	\$ 10,211,041	\$ 193,268	\$ 10,404,309
<i>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities</i>			
Depreciation	-	635,556	635,556
<i>Changes in Assets and Liabilities</i>			
Receivables	(1,254,445)	280,080	(974,365)
Due from City of Martinsville	(12,039)	-	(12,039)
Inventory	(10,211,041)	(617,359)	(10,828,400)
Unexpended grants payable	(500,000)	1,299	(498,701)
Accounts payable	(89,348)	(125,227)	(214,575)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ (1,855,832)	\$ 367,617	\$ (1,488,215)

County of Henry, Virginia

Balance Sheet

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

At June 30, 2015

Assets

Cash	\$ 48,054
Accounts receivable, net	3,489
Due from other governments	<u>691,819</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 743,362</u>

Liabilities and Fund Balance**Liabilities**

Accrued liabilities	\$ 37,970
Due to County of Henry, Virginia	<u>705,392</u>
Total Liabilities	743,362

Fund Balance

	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 743,362</u>

Fund Balance - per above	\$ -
--------------------------	------

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	51,040
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The net prepaid OPEB liability is a long-term asset and is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	81,140
---	--------

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	317,238
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(667,469)

The net VRS pension liability is a long-term asset and is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	(1,053,329)
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Compensated absences are long-term liabilities and are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, are not reported in the funds.	<u>(337,341)</u>
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Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (1,608,721)</u>
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County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Component Unit - Henry-Martinsville Social Services

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues

Payments from County of Henry, Virginia	\$ 527,915
Payments from City of Martinsville, Virginia	291,901
Miscellaneous refunds and revenues	28,089

Intergovernmental

Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	1,915,971
Revenue from the Federal Government	<u>3,411,258</u>

Total Intergovernmental	<u>5,327,229</u>
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Total Revenues	6,175,134
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Expenditures

Health and welfare	<u>6,175,134</u>
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Net Change in Fund Balance	-
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Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>
----------------------------------	----------

Fund Balance - End of Year	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
----------------------------	--------------------

Net Change in Fund Balance - per above	\$ -
--	------

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation.

	4,896
--	-------

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting whereas the Statement of Activities for the Governmental Type statements use the full accrual method in reporting expenses and liabilities. Therefore, the following adjustment reflects the net changes in the following accounts:

Change in Compensated Absences	63,808
Change in Net OPEB Asset	(4,343)
Change in VRS Deferred Outflows	317,238
Change in Net VRS pension liability	<u>(133,368)</u>

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 248,231</u></u>
---	--------------------------

County of Henry, Virginia

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Agency Fund - Gateway Streetscape Foundation, Inc.

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues

Interest income	\$ 63
Donations	5,150
County of Henry contribution	19,127
City of Martinsville contribution	19,090
Local grants	22,720
Federal grants	15,000
Miscellaneous	<u>991</u>

Total Revenues	82,141
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Expenditures

Salaries	32,357
Fringe benefits	4,695
Professional services	970
Depreciation	1,035
Other	<u>30,322</u>

Total Expenditures	<u>69,379</u>
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Net Change in Amounts Held for Others	12,762
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Amounts Held for Others - Beginning of Year	<u>55,116</u>
---	---------------

Amounts Held for Others - End of Year	<u><u>\$ 67,878</u></u>
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OTHER INFORMATION SECTION



Table 1

County of Henry, Virginia

General Governmental Revenues by Source⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>General Property Taxes</u>	<u>Other Local Taxes</u>	<u>Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses</u>	<u>Fines and Forfeitures</u>	<u>Use of Money and Property</u>	<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	<u>Recovered Costs</u>	<u>Inter-Governmental</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$ 21,246,088	\$ 14,408,533	\$ 112,336	\$ 202,521	\$ 899,919	\$ 2,127,892	\$ 361,981	\$ 2,615,293	\$ 65,747,399	\$107,721,962
2007	21,847,876	14,330,730	116,515	203,468	1,417,852	2,215,871	1,647,418	2,633,972	69,824,695	114,238,397
2008	21,256,169	11,996,247	100,628	208,384	1,045,777	2,356,744	1,528,184	3,227,325	73,789,646	115,509,104
2009	21,673,232	11,342,729	104,741	203,667	644,544	2,225,489	1,776,220	2,825,788	78,266,772	119,063,182
2010	21,654,940	11,222,729	71,864	202,580	1,369,419	2,153,388	2,050,650	3,095,842	73,978,745	115,800,157
2011	21,018,605	11,478,570	73,618	195,181	808,886	1,921,648	1,863,200	2,918,353	75,507,581	115,785,642
2012	21,323,023	11,428,075	65,347	163,957	711,338	1,895,145	2,011,196	3,744,985	73,962,487	115,305,553
2013	22,057,534	11,423,797	71,268	238,381	875,927	1,799,395	1,971,581	3,482,607	72,004,445	113,924,935
2014	23,277,658	11,449,845	67,111	199,043	668,693	1,701,181	2,182,125	3,258,893	71,996,224	114,800,773
2015	23,871,330	12,004,009	61,302	191,984	863,945	1,744,070	994,556	3,547,875	75,295,664	118,574,735

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and Component Units - School Board and Social Services.

⁽²⁾ Payments from County of Henry, Virginia to the Component Units - School Board and Social Services are excluded from intergovernmental revenues.

Table 2

County of Henry, Virginia

General Governmental Expenditures by Function ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>General Gov. Administration</u>	<u>Judicial Administration</u>	<u>Public Safety</u>	<u>Public Works</u>	<u>Health and Welfare</u>	<u>Education</u>	<u>Parks, Recreation, and Cultural</u>	<u>Community Development</u>	<u>Non-Departmental</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u> ⁽³⁾	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$ 2,759,517	\$ 2,299,953	\$ 11,551,916	\$ 3,038,015	\$ 7,036,536	\$ 70,526,351	\$ 1,652,420	\$ 3,082,520	\$ 214,601	\$ 2,374,446	\$ -	\$ 104,536,275
2007	2,841,009	2,381,242	10,921,945	3,182,094	7,145,129	80,903,238	1,718,770	3,247,917	12,822	2,211,316	2,969,089	117,534,571
2008	2,957,629	2,595,729	11,566,312	3,550,417	7,639,331	81,419,251	1,756,762	5,008,458	20,103	2,710,262	2,225,500	121,449,754
2009	2,937,885	2,526,546	12,866,694	3,152,799	8,029,924	78,213,843	1,792,030	4,390,487	88,832	3,617,838	1,740,706	119,357,584
2010	2,887,154	2,482,649	12,241,610	3,071,751	7,967,127	76,139,038	1,752,236	2,798,099	48,338	3,474,700	2,382,271	115,244,973
2011	2,933,146	2,500,200	13,261,320	3,330,174	7,613,384	71,466,806	1,713,172	3,416,240	4,650	2,583,513	2,149,577	110,972,182
2012	2,941,801	2,491,649	13,046,844	3,121,304	7,798,792	78,781,597	1,746,487	2,910,237	74,988	2,790,336	2,649,852	118,353,887
2013	2,961,920	2,638,640	13,865,659	3,307,047	7,556,889	74,235,340	1,997,811	4,185,859	149,833	2,727,331	392,263	114,018,592
2014	3,022,708	2,727,076	14,610,351	3,328,411	7,602,105	73,570,985	1,762,935	3,337,157	14,401	2,808,718	344,113	113,128,960
2015	3,237,857	2,815,603	15,040,016	3,504,274	7,862,544	73,673,586	1,805,145	3,377,000	83,661	2,850,907	1,164,019	115,414,612

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and Component Units - School Board and Social Services.

⁽²⁾ Payments from County of Henry, Virginia to the Component Units - School Board and Social Services are excluded from the respective function.

⁽³⁾ Capital projects included on schedule starting fiscal year 2007.

Table 3

County of Henry, Virginia

Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Real Estate</u>	<u>Personal Property</u>	<u>Mobile Homes</u>	<u>Machinery and Tools</u>	<u>Public Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
2006	\$ 2,425,535,000	\$ 329,734,102	\$ 35,541,852	\$ 315,503,025	\$ 128,647,847	\$ 3,234,961,826
2007	2,474,852,700	361,648,966	36,723,110	329,586,082	127,296,205	3,330,107,063
2008	2,488,039,444	345,073,303	32,921,111	314,957,563	121,445,558	3,302,436,979
2009	2,517,050,185	364,278,309	32,545,185	314,962,269	117,198,478	3,346,034,426
2010	2,959,808,261	340,139,112	27,630,435	322,826,723	134,488,696	3,784,893,227
2011	2,960,170,435	342,974,030	27,318,696	328,036,218	149,576,812	3,808,076,191
2012	2,968,408,913	353,755,049	27,404,565	280,113,782	142,520,626	3,772,202,935
2013	2,987,070,870	358,575,743	27,320,870	262,429,189	149,525,937	3,784,922,609
2014	2,858,290,984	372,927,906	23,448,770	287,966,081	150,385,203	3,693,018,944
2015	2,865,947,336	386,921,487	24,055,943	293,438,784	160,532,186	3,730,895,736

Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Rates per Hundred Dollars of Assessed Valuation

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Real Estate</u>	<u>Personal Property</u>	<u>Mobile Homes</u>	<u>Equipment/ Machinery and Tools</u>
2006	\$ 0.54	\$ 1.48	\$ 0.54	\$ 1.19
2007	0.54	1.48	0.54	1.19
2008	0.54	1.48	0.54	1.19
2009	0.54	1.48	0.54	1.19
2010	0.46	1.48	0.46	1.19
2011	0.46	1.48	0.46	1.19
2012	0.46	1.48	0.46	1.48
2013	0.46	1.48	0.46	1.48
2014	0.488	1.48	0.488	1.48
2015	0.488	1.48	0.488	1.48

Table 4

County of Henry, Virginia

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Total Tax Levy</u>	<u>Current Tax Collections</u>	<u>Percent of Levy Collected</u>	<u>Delinquent Tax Collections</u>	<u>Total Tax Collections</u>	<u>Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy</u>	<u>Outstanding Delinquent Taxes</u>	<u>Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy</u>
2006	\$ 22,399,726	\$ 21,318,128	95.17%	\$1,237,452	\$22,555,580	100.70%	\$ 3,748,689	16.74%
2007	23,288,657	22,273,650	95.64%	904,648	23,178,298	99.53%	3,468,909	14.90%
2008	22,887,615	21,986,728	96.06%	655,530	22,642,258	98.93%	3,470,897	15.16%
2009	23,299,439	22,271,371	95.59%	778,839	23,050,210	98.93%	3,623,359	15.55%
2010	22,984,112	22,025,810	95.83%	978,941	23,004,751	100.09%	3,499,486	15.23%
2011	23,165,358	21,919,693	94.62%	1,166,778	23,086,471	99.66%	3,054,362	13.19%
2012	22,739,964	21,732,919	95.57%	991,384	22,724,303	99.93%	2,956,764	13.00%
2013	23,746,769	22,741,314	95.77%	940,165	23,681,479	99.73%	3,038,563	12.80%
2014	24,580,458	23,559,604	95.84%	1,019,691	24,579,295	99.99%	3,151,339	12.82%
2015	24,957,730	24,023,981	96.26%	1,143,857	25,167,838	100.84%	3,018,626	12.09%

County of Henry, Virginia

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt
to Assessed Taxable Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Population</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Assessed Value</u> ⁽²⁾	<u>Net Bonded Debt</u> ⁽³⁾	<u>Ratio on Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value</u>	<u>Net Bonded Debt Per Capita</u>
2006	57,930	\$3,234,961,826	\$ 16,598,967	0.51%	\$ 287
2007	57,930	3,330,107,063	21,122,673	0.63%	365
2008	57,930	3,302,436,979	22,089,515	0.67%	381
2009	57,930	3,346,034,426	20,205,360	0.60%	349
2010	57,930	3,784,893,227	20,382,763	0.54%	352
2011	54,151	3,808,076,191	22,022,461	0.58%	407
2012	54,151	3,772,202,935	20,143,789	0.53%	372
2013	54,151	3,869,287,960	18,221,319	0.47%	336
2014	54,151	3,693,018,944	16,145,808	0.44%	298
2015	54,151	3,730,895,736	14,139,516	0.38%	261

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Center, University of Virginia, Latest Census Records.

⁽²⁾ From Table 3.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bond anticipation notes, Literary Fund loans, and Recovery Zone bonds. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, compensated absences, OPEB obligation, and landfill closure monitoring liability.

Table 6

County of Henry, Virginia

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt
to Total General Governmental Expenditures⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total Debt Service</u>	<u>Total General Governmental Expenditures⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Ratio of Debt Service to General Government Expenditures</u>
2006	\$1,777,286	\$ 597,160	\$2,374,446	\$ 104,536,275	2.27%
2007	1,486,022	725,294	2,211,316	117,534,571	1.88%
2008	1,744,629	965,633	2,710,262	121,449,754	2.23%
2009	1,884,155	1,022,165	2,906,320	119,357,584	2.43%
2010	1,822,155	940,585	2,762,740	115,244,973	2.40%
2011	1,760,302	823,211	2,583,513	110,972,182	2.33%
2012	1,878,672	911,664	2,790,336	118,353,887	2.36%
2013	1,922,470	804,861	2,727,331	114,018,592	2.39%
2014	2,075,511	733,207	2,808,718	113,128,960	2.48%
2015	2,199,904	651,003	2,850,907	115,414,612	2.47%

Amounts taken from Table 2.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes debt service payments on short-term notes payable and capital leases.

⁽²⁾ Beginning in 2006, the amounts paid to Component Unit - School Board are no longer shown as transfers.

⁽³⁾ Excludes Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority debt.

COMPLIANCE SECTION





**Creedle
Jones
& Alga**

A Professional Corporation

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Henry, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, and each major fund of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Henry, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Henry, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia
January 18, 2016



**Creedle
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& Alga**

A Professional Corporation

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Henry, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Henry, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; *OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards, *OMB Circular A-133*, and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Henry, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Henry, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Henry, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

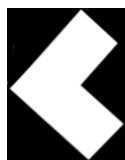
Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia
January 18, 2016



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA'S LAWS, REGULATIONS, CONTRACTS, AND GRANTS

To the Board of Supervisors
County of Henry, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the County of Henry, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2016.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the County of Henry, Virginia, is the responsibility of the County of Henry, Virginia's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the County of Henry, Virginia's compliance with certain provisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our audit of the basic financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The following is a summary of the Commonwealth of Virginia's laws, regulations, contracts, and grants for which we performed tests of compliance:

Code of Virginia

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investments
Conflicts of Interest
Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement
Unclaimed Property
Personal Property Tax Relief Act

State Agency Requirements

- Social Services
- Education
- Comprehensive Services Act Funds
- Economic Development Opportunity Fund

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance with the provisions referred to in the preceding paragraph. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the County of Henry, Virginia had not complied, in all material respects, with those provisions.

This report is intended solely for the information of the Board of Supervisors, County of Henry, Virginia's management, Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and applicable state agencies, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Alga, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia
January 18, 2016

County of Henry, Virginia
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program	Federal Catalog Number	State Agency Number	Expenditures
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
U. S. Department of Interior			
Direct Payments			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes - Public Law	15.226	N/A	\$ 3,104
Clean Vessel Act	15.616	N/A	<u>2,250</u>
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Interior			5,354
U. S. Department of Transportation			
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Transportation - VDOT	20.205	501	4,630
<i>Department of Motor Vehicles</i>			
Ground transportation and other law enforcement	20.607	530	16,548
Ground transportation and other law enforcement	20.600	530	4,323
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	530	<u>6,266</u>
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Transportation			31,767
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Payments			
Communities Facilities Grant	10.766	N/A	50,700
Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities Grant	93.617	132	878
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Pass-Through Payments			
<i>Southern Area Agency on Aging</i>			
Transportation Grant - Special Programs for Aging Title III B	93.044	N/A	54,919
Transportation Grant - Special Programs for Aging Title III D	93.043	N/A	<u>3,496</u>
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			58,415
U. S. Department of Justice			
Direct Payments			
Equitable Sharing Program - Asset Forfeiture Sheriff	16.922	N/A	9,464
JAG grants	16.738	N/A	26,189
Bulletproof vests	16.607	N/A	10,473
Pass-Through Payments			
Department of Criminal Justice Services - Victim witness	16.575	140	<u>81,679</u>
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Justice			127,805
U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Pass-Through Payments			
<i>Department of Housing and Community Development</i>			
Community Development Block Grant - States Program	14.228	165	376,933
U. S. Department of Homeland Security			
Direct Payments			
FEMA-SAFER (Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response)	97.083	N/A	640,715
Pass-Through Payments			
<i>Department of Emergency Management</i>			
Emergency Preparedness	97.042	127	26,164
Emergency Response and Recovery - Hazard Mitigation	97.039	127	<u>23,723</u>
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Homeland Security			<u>690,602</u>
Total - Primary Government			1,342,454

Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/ Grant Program	Federal Catalog Number	State Agency Number	Expenditures
HENRY-MARTINSVILLE SOCIAL SERVICES			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Pass-Through Payments			
<i>Department of Social Services</i>			
Food Stamp Cluster			
Administration for Food Stamp Program	10.561	765	569,169
Total Food Stamp Cluster			569,169
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Agriculture			569,169
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Pass-Through Payments			
<i>Department of Social Services</i>			
Child Care Cluster			
Child care and development fund	93.596	765	108,903
Total Child Care Cluster			108,903
<i>Department of Social Services</i>			
Temporary assistance for needy families	93.558	765	737,075
Family preservation and support	93.556	765	20,993
Refugee and entrant assistance	93.566	765	1,014
Low income home energy assistance	93.568	765	76,166
Child welfare services	93.645	765	4,770
ILP education and training vouchers	93.599	765	533
Adoption incentive payments	93.603	765	2,268
Foster care - Title IV-E	93.658	765	340,472
Adoption assistance	93.659	765	307,089
Independent living	93.674	765	6,542
State children's insurance program	93.767	765	25,413
Social services block grant	93.667	765	457,881
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid; Title XIX)	93.778	765	752,970
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,842,089
Total - Henry-Martinsville Social Services			3,411,258

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Federal Granting Agency/Recipient State Agency/ <u>Grant Program</u>	<u>Federal Catalog Number</u>	<u>State Agency Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
SCHOOL BOARD			
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Payments			
<i>Department of Education</i>			
USDA Summer Feed Program (part of Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	N/A	142,023
Pass-Through Payments			
<i>Department of Education</i>			
Food distribution - donated commodities	10.559	197	1,663
Food distribution - donated commodities	10.555	197	256,236
Fresh Fruit and Vegetables	10.582	197	134,236
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	197	893,118
National School Lunch Program	10.555	197	2,108,977
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>3,002,095</u>
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Agriculture			3,536,253
U. S. Department of Education			
Pass-Through Payments			
<i>Department of Education</i>			
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA 611 Flow-Through	84.027	197	1,768,173
Interpreter training	84.027	197	9,627
Preschool Handicapped Allocations	84.173	197	72,975
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>1,850,775</u>
Title I Cluster			
Title I grants to local education agencies	84.010	197	2,344,962
Adult education - state administered basic grant program	84.002	197	132,736
Vocational education (Carl Perkins) - CTE federal payments	84.048	197	161,851
Title III - Language Acquisition	84.365	197	40,864
AP Testing Fees - Comprehensive School Reform	84.330	197	6,280
Title VI Part B Rural and Low Income	84.358	197	91,432
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	197	341,384
Subtotal - U. S. Department of Education			<u>4,970,284</u>
Subtotal - School Board			<u>8,506,537</u>
Grand Totals			<u>\$ 13,260,249</u>

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Federal Financial Assistance – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and OMB Circular A-133 define federal financial assistance as grants, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations or other assistance. Nonmonetary deferral assistance including food commodities is considered federal assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals.

Direct Payments – Assistance received directly from the Federal government is classified as direct payments on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Pass-through Payments – Assistance received in a pass-through relationship from entities other than the Federal government is classified as pass-through payments on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Major Programs – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and OMB Circular A-133 establish the criteria to be used in defining major programs. Major programs for the County were determined using a risk-based approach in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance – The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) is a government-wide compendium of individual federal programs. Each program included in the catalog is assigned a five-digit program identification number (CFDA Number), which is reflected in the accompanying schedule.

Cluster of Programs – Closely related programs that share common compliance requirements are grouped into clusters of programs. A cluster of programs is considered as one federal program for determining major programs.

2. Nonmonetary Assistance

In addition to amounts reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the County consumed nonmonetary assistance in the form of food commodities. Commodities with a fair value of \$257,899 at the time received were consumed during the year ended June 30, 2015. These commodities were included in the determination of federal awards expended during the year ended June 30, 2015.

3. Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental Federal Revenues per the Basic Financial Statements

Primary Government

General Fund	\$ 983,891
Special Grant Projects Fund	356,313
Enterprise Fund - Philpott Marina	<u>2,250</u>
Total Primary Government	1,342,454

Component Units

School Operating Fund	4,970,284
School Cafeteria Fund	<u>3,278,354</u>
Total Component Unit School Board	8,248,638

Henry-Martinsville Social Services	<u>3,411,258</u>
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Grand Total - Federal Expenditures	13,002,350
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Add: Amounts Reported on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Not in Financial Statements

School Cafeteria Fund - Food Commodities	<u>257,899</u>
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Total Federal Expenditures per Basic Financial Statements	<u>\$ 13,260,249</u>
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Total Federal Expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	<u>\$ 13,260,249</u>
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County of Henry, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- (a) The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements of the County of Henry, Virginia.
- (b) **No deficiencies** relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- (c) **No instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements of the County of Henry, Virginia were disclosed during the audit.
- (d) **No deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133.
- (e) The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the County of Henry, Virginia expresses an **unmodified opinion** on all major federal programs.
- (f) There were **no audit findings** relative to the major federal award programs for the County of Henry, Virginia to be reported in this schedule.
- (g) The programs tested as major programs included:
 - 1. CFDA #'s 10.553, 10.555, and 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster
 - 2. CFDA #93.778, Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Title XIX)
 - 3. CFDA #97.083, FEMA Safer Grant
- (h) The **threshold** for distinguishing Types A and B programs was **\$397,806**.
- (i) The County of Henry, Virginia **was** determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

2. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None

County of Henry, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year Ended June 30, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

FINDINGS

There were no findings in the prior year.