

Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

# COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



#### **Board of Supervisors**

Richard F. Haynie, Chair

A.C. Fisher, Jr. Charles H. "Chip" Williams, IV

James W. Brann James M. Long

#### **School Board**

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Dr. Cheryl Davis Dana O'Bier Denise Mazyck Dr. Dave Curran

#### **Board of Social Services**

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#### Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	Victoria A.B. Willis
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Deborah T. Bingham
Judge of General District Court	Richard T. McGrath
Clerk of General District Court	Angela W. Tadlock
Commonwealth's Attorney	Jane B. Wrightson
Treasurer	Pamela King
Sheriff	Johnny Beauchamp
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Holly Wargo
Director of Social Services	Jackie Clayton
Commissioner of the Revenue	Todd E. Thomas
County Administrator	E. Luttrell Tadlock



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### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northumberland Northumberland, Virginia

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Northumberland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Northumberland, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Northumberland, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2024, the County restated beginning balances for accounts receivable and capital assets. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Northumberland, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Northumberland, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Northumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 7, 2025, on our consideration of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia

Robinson, Farm, Cer Associates

April 7, 2025

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Northumberland County County of Northumberland, Virginia

As management of the County of Northumberland, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21,752,278 (net position).

#### Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other sources more than expenditures and other financing uses of \$252,903 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$15,080,095 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$12,606,524, an increase of \$252,903 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$7,035,471, or 19% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased \$2,600,128 during the current fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all County assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Northumberland, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Northumberland, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Northumberland, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All County funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary funds - Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the public and use the accrual basis of accounting, like a private sector business.

The Sanitary District Fund provides a centralized source for water/sewer services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All County fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$21,752,279 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Northumberland, Virginia's Net Position

		Governm	ner	ital Activitie	es.	<b>Business-type Activities</b>			Т	ota	otals		
	_	2024		2023		2024		2023	 2024		2023		
Current and other assets	\$	16,816,677	\$	17,815,431	\$	1,159,720	\$	1,768,601	\$ 17,976,397	\$	19,584,032		
Capital assets	_	28,358,543		30,161,590		12,248,854		11,113,773	 40,607,397		41,275,363		
Total assets	\$_	45,175,220	\$	47,977,021	\$	13,408,574	\$	12,882,374	\$ 58,583,794	\$	60,859,395		
Deferred outflows													
of resources	\$_	1,394,081	\$.	1,381,823	\$ -	51,753	\$	47,713	\$ 1,445,834	\$	1,429,536		
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	998,163	\$	2,105,821	\$	168,726	\$	1,037,136	\$ 1,166,889	\$	3,142,957		
outstanding	_	29,197,228		26,558,835		5,019,564		5,057,829	 34,216,792		31,616,664		
Total liabilities	\$_	30,195,391	\$	28,664,656	\$	5,188,290	\$	6,094,965	\$ 35,383,681	\$	34,759,621		
Deferred inflows													
of resources	\$_	2,858,250	\$	4,086,161	\$.	35,419	\$	65,837	\$ 2,893,669	\$	4,151,998		
Net position:													
Net investment in													
capital assets	\$	1,312,709	\$	5,347,376	\$	7,268,753	\$	5,786,861	\$ 8,581,462	\$	11,134,237		
Restricted		5,580,946		2,684,889		385		638	5,581,331		2,685,527		
Unrestricted	_	6,622,005		8,575,762		967,480		981,786	 7,589,485		9,557,548		
Total net position	\$	13,515,660	\$	16,608,027	\$	8,236,618	\$	6,769,285	\$ 21,752,278	\$	23,377,312		

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The County's net position decreased by \$1,681,548 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

County of Northumberland, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

		Governmen	Activities		Business-ty	Activities		To	tal	ıls		
		2024		2023		2024	-	2023		2024		2023
Revenues:	_		_		_		_		•		_	
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	636,323	\$	550,229	\$	715,454	\$	707,966	\$	1,351,777	\$	1,258,195
Operating grants and												
contributions		5,581,150		4,190,627		-		-		5,581,150		4,190,627
Capital grants and												
contributions		-		-		1,196,550		2,948,327		1,196,550		2,948,327
General revenues:												
General property taxes		22,311,408		22,117,003		-		-		22,311,408		22,117,003
Other local taxes		2,904,318		2,746,129		-		-		2,904,318		2,746,129
Grants and other contri-												
butions not restricted		1,301,249		2,526,585		-		-		1,301,249		2,526,585
Other general revenues		1,131,865		700,190		10,238		14,669		1,142,103		714,859
Transfers	_	(1,013,930)	_	(656,243)	_	1,013,930	_	656,243		<u> </u>	_	-
Total revenues	\$_	32,852,383	\$	32,174,520	\$	2,936,172	\$_	4,327,205	\$	35,788,555	\$	36,501,725
Expenses:												
General government												
administration	\$	\$2,860,840	\$	\$2,548,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,860,840	\$	2,548,383
Judicial administration		1,098,781		889,167		-		-		1,098,781		889,167
Public safety		7,504,715		6,202,967		-		-		7,504,715		6,202,967
Public works		2,214,829		1,923,636		-		-		2,214,829		1,923,636
Health and welfare		2,960,314		2,885,201		-		-		2,960,314		2,885,201
Education		17,724,660		14,105,114		-		-		17,724,660		14,105,114
Parks, recreation, and												
cultural		286,490		248,307		-		-		286,490		248,307
Community development		457,891		382,536		-		-		457,891		382,536
Interest and other fiscal												
charges		892,466		695,564		-		-		892,466		695,564
Utilities	_	-		-	_	1,468,839	_	1,162,872		1,468,839	_	1,162,872
Total expenses	\$_	36,000,986	\$	29,880,875	\$	1,468,839	\$_	1,162,872	\$	37,469,825	\$	31,043,747
Change in net position	\$	(3,148,603)	\$	2,293,645	\$	1,467,333	\$	3,164,333	\$	(1,681,270)	\$	5,457,978
Net position, beginning of year - restated		16,664,263		14,314,382		6,769,285		3,604,952		23,433,548		17,919,334
Net position, end of year	\$	13,515,660	\$	16,608,027	\$	8,236,618	\$	6,769,285	\$	21,752,278	\$	23,377,312

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$12,606,524, an increase of \$252,903 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total, 56% constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to \$1,061,092. The total increase in net position was \$1,467,333. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues and other sources were more than budgetary estimates by \$1,362,466. Expenditures and other uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$1,080,274, resulting in a positive variance of \$2,442,740.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2024 amounts to \$28,358,543 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, leases, subscriptions, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$28,257,836 (excludes bond premium). Of this amount, \$25,412,566 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The County's remaining debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

The County's total debt outstanding decreased by \$2,689,434 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Northumberland, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

< Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indexes.

All these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2025 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2025 budget increased approximately 3% compared to 2024.

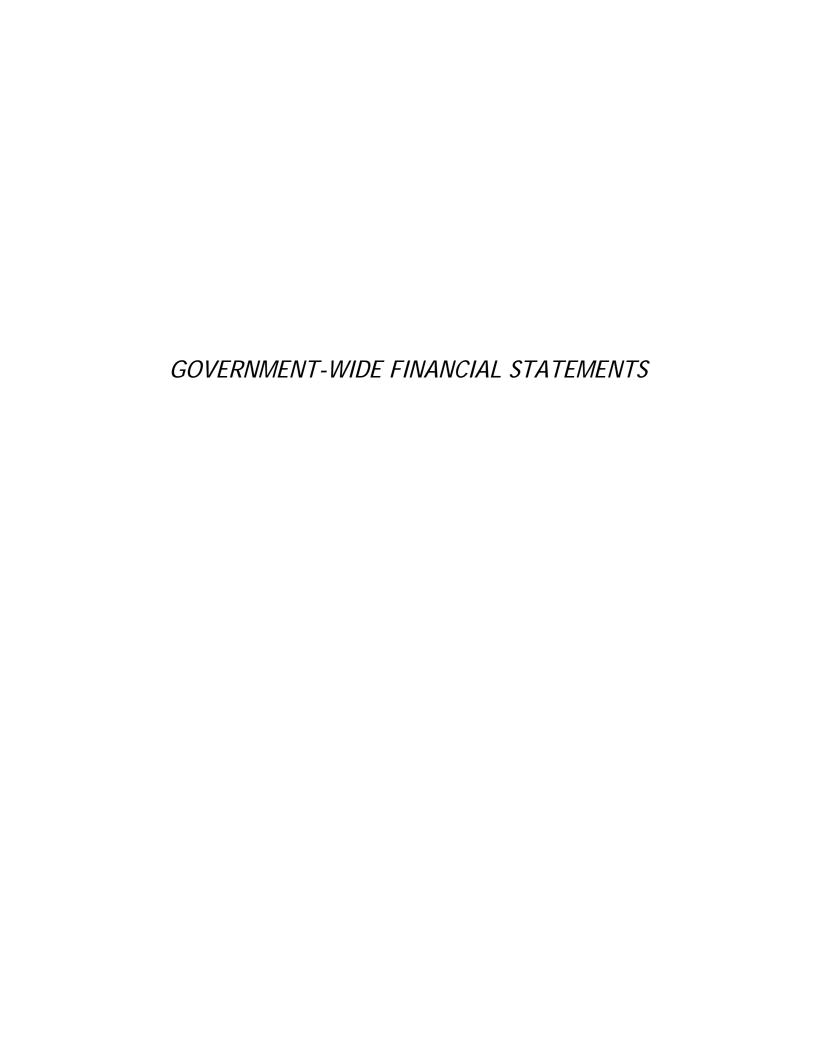
#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Northumberland, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 72 Monument Place, Heathsville, Virginia 22473.











#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

		P	rim	ary Governme	nt		(	Component
	Go	vernmental	В	usiness-type				Unit
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	S	chool Board
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,786,849	\$	683,485	\$	12,470,334	\$	1,145,546
Cash in custody of others		27,257		-		27,257		304,899
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		1,129,738				1,129,738		-
Accounts receivable		104,962		215,638		320,600		-
Notes receivable		10,345		-		10,345		-
Due from component unit		559,145		-		559,145		-
Leases receivable		2,070,990		-		2,070,990		-
Opioid receivable		211,379		-		211,379		-
Interest receivable Net OPEB asset		7,514		385		7,514		-
		9,893 898,605		260,212		10,278 1,158,817		1,805,506
Due from other governmental units  Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		676,003		200,212		1,130,017		1,603,300
Land and land improvements		911,644		98,924		1,010,568		23,929
Buildings and improvements		24,875,083		4,155,793		29,030,876		8,845,169
Machinery and equipment		1,329,521		383,324		1,712,845		1,951,239
Lease improvements		51,237		-		51,237		-
Lease equipment		49,219		-		49,219		256,325
Subscription assets		40,652		-		40,652		· -
Construction in progress		1,101,187		7,610,813		8,712,000		822,423
Total assets	\$	45,175,220	\$	13,408,574	\$	58,583,794	\$	15,155,036
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred amount on refunding	\$	194,509	\$	-	\$	194,509	\$	-
Pension related items		1,075,198		46,706		1,121,904		3,644,265
OPEB related items		124,374		5,047		129,421		397,028
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,394,081	\$	51,753	\$	1,445,834	\$	4,041,293
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	297,673	\$	41,119	\$	338,792	\$	866,915
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		1,000,225
Retainage payable		-		121,147		121,147		-
Accrued interest payable		72,699		3,460		76,159		-
Due to other governmental units		738		-		738		-
Due to component unit		-		-		-		559,145
Unearned revenue		611,335		3,000		614,335		-
Deposits held in escrow		15,718		-		15,718		-
Long-term liabilities:		442.470		02 (42		F2/ 704		424 (70
Due within one year  Due in more than one year		443,169 28,754,059		93,612 4,925,952		536,781 33,680,011		131,678 13,462,802
Total liabilities	-	30,195,391	\$	5,188,290	\$	35,383,681	\$	16,020,765
rotal labilities		30,173,371	7	3,100,270	7	33,303,001	7	10,020,703
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	108,732	\$	-	\$	108,732	\$	-
Lease deferrals		1,977,565		-		1,977,565		-
Pension related items		629,457		29,590		659,047		1,302,326
OPEB related items		142,496	_	5,829		148,325	_	261,422
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,858,250	\$	35,419	\$	2,893,669	\$	1,563,748
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,312,709	\$	7,175,141	\$	8,487,850	\$	11,634,341
Restricted:	•						-	
OPEB asset		9,893		385		10,278		-
Other (Note 1)		5,571,053		-		5,571,053		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		6,622,005		1,061,092		7,683,097		(10,022,525)
Total net position	\$	13,515,660	\$	8,236,618	\$	21,752,278	\$	1,611,816

		Program Revenues					
					Operating		Capital
			Charges for	(	Grants and	(	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	<u>Services</u>		Co	ontributions	<b>Contributions</b>	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$ 2,860,840	\$	91,082	\$	381,515	\$	-
Judicial administration	1,098,781		11,512		670,828		-
Public safety	7,504,715		249,656		2,277,332		-
Public works	2,214,829		-		5,766		-
Health and welfare	2,960,314		-		1,802,131		-
Education	17,724,660		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural	286,490		-		28,154		-
Community development	457,891		284,073		415,424		-
Interest on long-term debt	892,466		-		-		-
Total governmental activities	\$ 36,000,986	\$	636,323	\$	5,581,150	\$	-
Business-type activities:							
Sanitary District	\$ 1,468,839	\$	715,454	\$	-	\$	1,196,550
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,468,839	\$	715,454	\$	-	\$	1,196,550
Total primary government	\$ 37,469,825	\$	1,351,777	\$	5,581,150	\$	1,196,550
COMPONENT UNIT:							
School Board	\$ 24,340,655	\$	21,115	\$	10,532,651	\$	-
Total component unit	\$ 24,340,655	\$	21,115	\$	10,532,651	\$	-

#### General revenues:

General property taxes

Other local taxes:

Local sales and use taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Taxes on recordation and wills

Consumer's utility taxes

Bank stock taxes

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money

Miscellaneous

Contributions from Northumberland County

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning - as previously presented

Error corrections

Net position - beginning - as restated

Net position - ending

Net (Expense	e) Revenue and
Changes in	Net Position

Changes in Net Position Primary Government Component Un									
G	overnmental	CO	inponent onit						
G	<u>Activities</u>	D	usiness-type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	c	chool Board		
	Activities		Activities		Total	2	CHOOL DOGLA		
\$	(2,388,243)			\$	(2,388,243)				
	(416,441)				(416,441)				
	(4,977,727)				(4,977,727)				
	(2,209,063)				(2,209,063)				
	(1,158,183)				(1,158,183)				
	(17,724,660)				(17,724,660)				
	(258, 336)				(258,336)				
	241,606				241,606				
	(892,466)				(892,466)				
\$	(29,783,513)			\$	(29,783,513)				
		ς	443,165	\$	443,165				
		<del>ر</del> ز	443,165	\$	443,165				
		ڔ	443,103	3	(29,340,348)				
				<del>-</del>	(27,540,540)				
						\$	(13,786,889)		
					•	\$	(13,786,889)		
					•				
\$	22,311,408	\$	-	\$	22,311,408	\$	-		
	1,414,858		_		1,414,858		_		
	400,405		_		400,405		_		
	227,453		_		227,453		_		
	368,168		_		368,168		_		
	317,517		-		317,517		_		
	175,917		-		175,917		_		
	822,953		-		822,953		7		
	308,912		10,238		319,150		467,387		
	-				-		16,520,510		
	1,301,249		-		1,301,249		-		
	(1,013,930)		1,013,930		, , <u>.</u>		-		
\$	26,634,910	\$	1,024,168	\$	27,659,078	\$	16,987,904		
\$	(3,148,603)	\$	1,467,333	\$	(1,681,270)	\$	3,201,015		
	16,608,027		6,769,285		23,377,312		(1,589,199)		
	56,236		-		56,236		-		
	16,664,263		6,769,285		23,433,548		(1,589,199)		
\$	13,515,660	\$	8,236,618	\$	21,696,042	\$	1,611,816		







## County of Northumberland, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General <u>Fund</u>		County Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Gov	Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,530,627	\$	6,140,790	\$	115,432	\$	11,786,849
Cash in custody of others		-		-		27,257		27,257
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		1,129,738		-		-		1,129,738
Accounts receivable		104,382		-		580		104,962
Notes receivable		<u>-</u>		-		10,345		10,345
Leases receivable		2,070,990		-		-		2,070,990
Opioid receivable		211,379		-		-		211,379
Interest receivable		7,514		-		-		7,514
Due from other funds		707,633		-		-		707,633
Due from component unit		559,145		-		-		559,145
Due from other governmental units	_	898,605	ć	- ( 4.40.700	<u>,                                     </u>	453 (44	_	898,605
Total assets	<u> </u>	11,220,013	Ş	6,140,790	\$	153,614	\$	17,514,417
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	297,673	\$	-	\$	-	\$	297,673
Due to other governmental units		738		-		-		738
Due to other funds				707,633		-		707,633
Unearned revenue		611,335		-		-		611,335
Held for others		-		-		15,718		15,718
Total liabilities	\$	909,746	\$	707,633	\$	15,718	\$	1,633,097
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	Ś	1,085,852	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,085,852
Unavailable revenue - opioid	~	211,379	~	_	~	_	~	211,379
Lease deferrals		1,977,565		_		_		1,977,565
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,274,796	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,274,796
TIND DATAMETS								
FUND BALANCES	Ļ		ċ	E 422 4E <del>7</del>	٠	427.004	ċ	E E74 0E3
Restricted	\$	7 025 474	\$	5,433,157	\$	137,896	\$	5,571,053
Unassigned	_	7,035,471	Ć	- E 422 4E <del>7</del>	Ċ	427.007	ŕ	7,035,471
Total fund balances	\$	7,035,471	\$	5,433,157	\$	137,896	\$	12,606,524
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	11,220,013	\$	6,140,790	\$	153,614	\$	17,514,417

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	2:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 12,606,524
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Capital assets, cost  Accumulated depreciation	\$ 52,968,388 (24,609,845)	28,358,543
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:		
Unavailable property taxes	\$ 977,120	
Unavailable opioid settlement	211,379	
Net OPEB asset	9,893	
Deferred charges on refunding	194,509	1,392,901
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ 1,075,198	
OPEB related items	124,374	1,199,572
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Lease purchase agreement	\$ (5,000,000)	
General obligation bond	(20,460,000)	
Bond premium	(1,646,217)	
Net OPEB liabilities	(600,212)	
Accrued interest payable	(72,699)	
Lease liabilities	(101,387)	
Net pension liability	(1,011,836)	
Subscription liabilities	(32,739)	
Compensated absences	(344,837)	(29,269,927)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Pension related items	\$ (629,457)	
OPEB related items	(142,496)	(771,953)
Net position of governmental activities	-	\$ 13,515,660
	=	

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		County Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	22,273,607	\$		\$ -	\$	22,273,607
Other local taxes	Ş	2,904,318	Ş	-	, -	Ş	2,904,318
		2,704,318		-	-		2,904,318
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses				-	-		
Fines and forfeitures		20,284		242.457	-		20,284
Revenue from the use of money and property		670,182		243,657	15		913,854
Charges for services		289,033		-	8,823		297,856
Miscellaneous		295,374		-	13,538		308,912
Recovered costs		122,877		-	=		122,877
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		4,548,724		-	859		4,549,583
Federal		2,121,437		-	-		2,121,437
Total revenues	\$	33,473,118	\$	243,657	\$ 23,235	\$	33,740,010
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General government administration	\$	2,715,190	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,715,190
Judicial administration		1,183,943		-	-		1,183,943
Public safety		6,781,479		-	11,466		6,792,945
Public works		2,176,185		-	-		2,176,185
Health and welfare		2,983,991		-	-		2,983,991
Education		15,089,660		-	-		15,089,660
Parks, recreation, and cultural		310,490		-	-		310,490
Community development		464,135		-	-		464,135
Capital projects		684,128		1,101,187	-		1,785,315
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		2,709,718		-	-		2,709,718
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,178,301		136,312	-		1,314,613
Total expenditures	\$	36,277,220	\$	1,237,499	\$ 11,466	\$	37,526,185
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$	(2,804,102)	\$	(993,842)	\$ 11,769	\$	(3,786,175)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	1,120,232	¢	3,396	\$ -	\$	1,123,628
Transfers out	ڔ	(1,017,326)		(1,082,902)	(37,330)		(2,137,558)
Issuance of lease revenue bonds		(1,017,320)			(37,330)		
		E2 000		5,000,000	-		5,000,000 53,008
Issuance of lease	_	53,008		2 020 404	- - (27,220)	,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	155,914	\$	3,920,494	\$ (37,330)	\$	4,039,078
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,648,188)	\$	2,926,652	\$ (25,561)	\$	252,903
Fund balances - beginning, as previously presented		9,747,112		2,506,505	163,457		12,417,074
Error correction		(63,453)		-	-		(63,453)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		9,683,659		2,506,505	163,457		12,353,621
Fund balances - ending	\$	7,035,471	\$	5,433,157	\$ 137,896	\$	12,606,524

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Capital outlay Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on premium on lease revenue bond  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense  Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes  Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations  Issuance of lease purchase agreement  Source of lease  Principal retired on subscription liabilities  Principal retired on subscription liabilities  Principal retired on lease liabilities  Amortization of bond premium on lease revenue bond  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  Change in pension related items  Change in pension related items  Change in OPEB related items  (14,962)  Change in OPEB related items  (15,236)  488,708	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 252,903
Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government  Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities Amortization of bond premium on lease revenue bond  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Change in pension related items Change in OPEB related items (15,236)  488,708	activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease hiabilities Increase of lease liabilities Incre	Capital outlay	\$ 1,501,753	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.  Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement (5,000,000) Issuance of lease (53,008) Principal retired on subscription liabilities 29,780 Principal retired on lease liabilities 44,938 Amortization of bond premium on lease revenue bond  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges on refunding (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Change in pension related items (14,962) Change in OPEB related items (15,236) 488,708	Depreciation expense	(1,666,253)	
not reported as revenues in the funds. Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities	Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government	(1,758,236)	(1,922,736)
Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement  The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities Amortization of bond premium on lease revenue bond  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Change in pension related items Change in OPEB related items 294,863 Change in OPEB related items 449,708	·		
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities Principal retired on subscription liabilities on on subscription liabilities Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principa	Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes	\$ 37,801	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities Amortization of bond premium on lease revenue bond  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Amortization of deferred charges on refunding Change in pension related items  294,863 Change in OPEB related items (15,236)  488,708	Increase(decrease) in opioid settlement	211,379	249,180
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  Amortization of deferred charges on refunding  Change in pension related items  Change in OPEB related items  (15,236)  488,708	governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retired on school obligations Issuance of lease purchase agreement Issuance of lease Principal retired on subscription liabilities Principal retired on lease liabilities	(5,000,000) (53,008) 29,780 44,938	(2,216,658)
Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (3,148,603)	financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable  Amortization of deferred charges on refunding  Change in pension related items	310,477 (14,962) 294,863	488,708
	Change in net position of governmental activities	-	\$ (3,148,603)

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

June 30, 2024	
	Enterprise Fund
	Sanitary <u>District</u>
ASSETS	<u>District</u>
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 683,485
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	215,638
Due from other governmental units	260,212
Total current assets	\$ 1,159,335
Noncurrent assets:	
Other assets:	
Net OPEB asset	\$ 385
Total other assets	\$ 385
Capital assets:	<u> </u>
Land	\$ 98,924
Construction in progress	7,610,813
Utility plant in service	9,227,761
Machinery and equipment	1,016,251
Accumulated depreciation	(5,704,895)
Total capital assets	\$ 12,248,854
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 12,249,239
Total assets	\$ 13,408,574
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4 10,100,01
Pension related items	\$ 46,706
OPEB related items  Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 5,047 \$ 51,753
Total deferred outflows of resources	3 31,733
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 41,119
Retainage payable	121,147
Accrued interest payable	3,460
Deferred revenue	3,000
Bonds payable - current portion	93,612
Total current liabilities	\$ 262,338
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$ 4,858,954
Net pension liability	42,601
Net OPEB liabilities	24,397
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 4,925,952
Total liabilities	\$ 5,188,290
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related items	\$ 29,590
OPEB related items	5,829
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 35,419
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,268,753
Restricted for OPEB assets	385
Unrestricted	967,480
Total net position	\$ 8,236,618
Total fiet position	<del>3 0,230,010</del>

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Fund Sanitary District
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:	•	745 454
Sanitary district fees Miscellaneous	\$	715,454 10,238
Total operating revenues	\$	725,692
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personnel services	\$	295,422
Fringe benefits		99,201
Other supplies and expenses		591,674
Depreciation		411,241
Total operating expenses	\$	1,397,538
Operating income (loss)	\$	(671,846)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Connection fees	\$	49,852
Interest expense		(71,301)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(21,449)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$	(693,295)
Capital contributions:		
State water quality grant	\$	608,333
USDA construction grant		538,365
Total capital contributions	\$	1,146,698
Transfers in	\$	1,017,326
Transfers out		(3,396)
Total transfers	\$	1,013,930
Change in net position	\$	1,467,333
Total net position - beginning		6,769,285
Total net position - ending	\$	8,236,618

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		nterprise Fund Sanitary District
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1/0 /00
Receipts from customers and users	Ş	168,488
Payments to suppliers Payments to and for employees		(574,078) (412,659)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(818,249)
Het cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(010,247)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Connection fees	\$	49,852
Transfers from other funds		1,017,326
Transfers to other funds		(3,396)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	1,063,782
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(1,836,004)
Proceeds from issuance of debt	Ţ	(54,434)
Capital contributions		1,163,689
Interest paid on debt		(104,092)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(830,841)
	-	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(585,308)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		1,268,793
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	683,485
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(671,846)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$	411,241
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		6,329
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of recources		(4,040)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		17,596
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		(563,533)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		15,625
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB asset		253
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		544
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	_	(30,418)
Total adjustments	<u> </u>	(146,403)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(818,249)

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 195,458
Total assets	\$ 195,458
NET POSITION	
Restricted:	
For individuals	\$ 107,804
For organizations	87,654
Total net position	\$ 195,458

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year E	Ended June	30,	2024
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	Custodial	
ADDITIONS		
Miscellaneous:		
Collections	\$	70,607
Investment earnings:		
Interest		16
Total additions	\$	70,623
DEDUCTIONS		
Recipient payments	\$	63,700
Purchases for supplies		1,329
Total deductions	\$	65,029
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	5,594
Net position, beginning		189,864
Net position, ending	\$	195,458



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Northumberland, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Northumberland, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the major governmental funds.

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Northumberland (the primary government) and its component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

# B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2024.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Northumberland County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

# C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report

None

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# C. Other Related Organizations (Continued)

Excluded from the County's Annual Financial Report

Northern Neck Regional Jail Authority

The Northern Neck Regional Jail Authority is an intergovernmental (joint) venture, and therefore, its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The participating jurisdictions provide the financial support for the Authority and appoints its governing Board. The governing board can execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations.

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflect both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

# 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds:

#### a. General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

# b. Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County Capital Projects Fund is considered a major fund.

#### c. Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Law Library, Forfeited Assets, Economic Development, Courthouse Security and Sheriff's Funds are nonmajor special revenue funds.

# 2. Proprietary Funds

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

#### **Enterprise Funds**

Enterprise funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. Enterprise Funds consist of the Sanitary District Fund.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds)

Fiduciary Funds accounts for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Private Purpose Trust and Custodial Funds. Private Purpose Trust and Custodial Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's Custodial Funds include amounts held for others in a fiduciary capacity, which includes the following funds: Special Welfare, Road Improvement Bond, 350<sup>th</sup> Anniversary, Tornado Relief, Fallen Heroes, and Animal Shelter.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

# F. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

## G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of the interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to \$220,220 at June 30, 2024 and is comprised of property taxes of \$163,989 and sanitary district fees of \$56,231.

#### Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	November 5	November 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscription, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For infrastructure asset the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, subscription assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Duildings	40
Buildings  Ruilding Improvements	40
Building Improvements	_
Plant, equipment, and systems  Motor vehicles	35-45 5-10
	3-10
Lease equipment	3-5
Lease improvements	3-5 3-5
Subscription assets	
Machinery and equipment	2-15

# I. <u>Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements</u>

The County has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# I. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (Continued)

#### Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

#### Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

#### Subscriptions

The County recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities with an initial value of \$5,000, in individually or in the aggregate, in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

#### **Key Estimates and Judgments**

Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease and subscription payments to present value, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

• The County uses the interest rate stated in lease or subscription contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and subscriptions.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

*Key Estimates and Judgments (Continued)* 

- The lease and subscription terms include the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease or subscription is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease or subscription incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease receivable (lessor), lease liability (lessee) or subscription liability.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases and subscriptions. The County will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor), the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable, lease liability or subscription liability.

## I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulated rights to be received for sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

#### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### K. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/ amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## K. Net Position (Continued)

 Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

## L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, opioid settlement, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

#### M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## N. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## Medical and Dental Pay-As-You Go

For purposes of measuring the medical and dental pay-as-you go liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan's OPEB, and the related OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Medical and Dental Pay-As-You go Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's OPEB Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the County's actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

## O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### P. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# P. Fund Balance: (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The details of governmental fund balance, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

		County			
		Capital		Other	
	General	Projects	Go	vernmental	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Fund balances:					
Restricted:					
Construction	\$ -	\$ 5,433,157	\$	-	\$ 5,433,157
Law library	-	-		781	781
Forfeited assets	-	-		49,552	49,552
Economic development	-	-		24,897	24,897
Courthouse security	-	-		51,127	51,127
Sheriff	-	-		11,539	11,539
Total Restricted	\$ -	\$ 5,433,157	\$	137,896	\$ 5,571,053
Unassigned	\$ 7,035,471	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 7,035,471
Total fund balances	\$ 7,035,471	\$ 5,433,157	\$	137,896	\$ 12,606,524

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30<sup>th</sup>, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, VPA Fund, and the County Capital Improvements Funds of the primary government and the School Operating Fund, School Cafeteria Fund, and School Capital Projects Fund of the School Board.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the original budget at June 30. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year and at year end because they were not included in the original budget.
- 9. Expenditures and Appropriations Expenditures exceed appropriations the County Capital Projects Fund and School Operating Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

## *Note 3—Deposits and Investments:*

#### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

#### Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale. The County's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed thirty-five percent of the investment portfolio.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values			
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings		
	AAAm		
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) Virginia Investment Pool Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Pool	\$ 78,552 5,932,614 4,006,158		
Total	\$ 10,017,324		

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

According to the County's investment policy, at no time shall the maturity or duration of an investment exceed five years.

Investment Maturities (in years)						
Investment Type Fair Value				Less Than 1 Year		
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP) Virginia Investment Pool	\$ 78,552 4,006,158 5,932,614		\$ 78,552 4,006,158 5,932,614			
Total	\$10	,017,324	\$10	,017,324		

#### **Redemption Restrictions**

VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool allows the County to have the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

# Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV).

# **External Investment Pool**

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP)) are the same as the value of the pool shares. As the LGIP and SNAP are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP and SNAP are an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# *Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:*

On June 30, 2024, the County has amounts due from other governments as follows:

	Primary	Component Unit
	Government	School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	263,955	-
Welfare	45,694	-
Children's services act	36,745	-
Rolling stock tax	6	-
State sales tax	-	263,693
State mapping grant	-	5,726
Constitutional officer reimbursements	165,160	-
DMV license agent	2,504	-
Mobile home titling tax	6,693	-
Wireless grant	8,881	-
Auto rental	128	-
4 for life	16,884	-
Victim witness grant	3,194	-
Communications tax	39,220	-
Clerk records grant	28,155	-
Juror grant	2,000	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	1,498,710
School cafeteria fund grants	-	37,377
Victim witness	6,707	-
American rescue act	181,872	-
Welfare	90,807	
Total due from other governments	\$ 898,605	\$ 1,805,506

On June 30, 2024, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

			Component		
	Prim	Primary Ur			
	Govern	Government School			
Other Local Governments:					
Northumberland County, Virginia	\$	-	\$	559,145	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Beginning Balance Restatements	Restated Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Primary Government:						
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:						
Land and land improvements	\$ 911,644	\$ -	\$ 911,644	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 911,644
Contruction in progress				1,101,187		1,101,187
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 911,644	\$ -	\$ 911,644	\$ 1,101,187	\$ -	\$ 2,012,831
Capital assets subject to depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 7,174,525	\$ 2,003,455	\$ 9,177,980	\$ 173,400	\$ -	\$ 9,351,380
Machinery and equipment	5,506,205	269,918	5,776,123	174,157	58,086	5,892,194
Lease improvements	24,951	-	24,951	53,009	-	77,960
Lease equipment	205,484	-	205,484	-	50,711	154,773
Subscription assets	84,217	-	84,217	-	-	84,217
Jointly owned assets	38,311,728		38,311,728		2,916,695	35,395,033
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$51,307,110	\$ 2,273,373	\$ 53,580,483	\$ 400,566	\$ 3,025,492	\$ 50,955,557
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,693,071	\$ 1,869,649	\$ 4,562,720	\$ 373,577	\$ -	\$ 4,936,297
Machinery and equipment	3,990,055	284,035	4,274,090	346,669	58,086	4,562,673
Lease improvements	17,613	-	17,613	9,110	-	26,723
Lease equipment	120,787	-	120,787	35,478	50,711	105,554
Subscription assets	18,910	-	18,910	24,655	-	43,565
Jointly owned assets	15,216,728		15,216,728	876,764	1,158,459	14,935,033
Total accumulated depreciation	\$22,057,164	\$ 2,153,684	\$ 24,210,848	\$ 1,666,253	\$ 1,267,256	\$ 24,609,845
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$29,249,946	\$ 119,689	\$ 29,369,635	\$ (1,265,687)	\$ 1,758,236	\$ 26,345,712
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$30,161,590	\$ 119,689	\$ 30,281,279	\$ (164,500)	\$ 1,758,236	\$ 28,358,543

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in proprietary capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 98,924	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 98,924
Construction in progress	6,737,470	1,325,532	452,189	7,610,813
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 6,836,394	\$ 1,325,532	\$ 452,189	\$ 7,709,737
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Utility plant in service	\$ 8,702,637	\$ 525,124	\$ -	\$ 9,227,761
Machinery and equipment	868,396	147,855	<u>-</u>	1,016,251
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 9,571,033	\$ 672,979	\$ -	\$ 10,244,012
Accumulated depreciation:				
Utility plant in service	\$ 4,785,706	\$ 286,262	\$ -	\$ 5,071,968
Machinery and equipment	507,948	124,979		632,927
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 5,293,654	\$ 411,241	\$ -	\$ 5,704,895
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 4,277,379	\$ 261,738	\$ -	\$ 4,539,117
Business-type capital assets, net	\$11,113,773	\$ 1,587,270	\$ 452,189	\$ 12,248,854

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Component Unit-School Board:	July 1, 2023	mer cases	Decreases	3dric 30, 2024
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 23,929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,929
Construction in progress	1,026,783	1,489,457	1,693,817	822,423
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 1,050,712	\$ 1,489,457	\$ 1,693,817	\$ 846,352
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,009,088	\$ 1,713,791	\$ -	\$ 2,722,879
Machinery and equipment	4,425,897	701,104	-	5,127,001
Lease equipment	115,663	295,872	-	411,535
Jointly owned assets	9,913,754		(2,916,695)	12,830,449
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$15,464,402	\$ 2,710,767	\$ (2,916,695)	\$ 21,091,864
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 1,562	\$ 1,292,752	\$ -	\$ 1,294,314
Machinery and equipment	2,876,784	298,978	-	3,175,762
Lease equipment	22,031	133,179	-	155,210
Jointly owned assets	3,937,565	317,821	(1,158,459)	5,413,845
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 6,837,942	\$ 2,042,730	\$ (1,158,459)	\$ 10,039,131
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 8,626,460	\$ 668,037	\$ (1,758,236)	\$ 11,052,733
Component unit school board capital assets, net	\$ 9,677,172	\$ 2,157,494	\$ (64,419)	\$ 11,899,085

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 314,804
Judicial administration	8,865
Public safety	435,673
Public works	16,686
Health and welfare	12,088
Education	876,764
Community development	 1,373
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,666,253
Business type activities:	
Sanitary District	\$ 411,241
Total depreciation expense - primary government	\$ 2,077,494
Component Unit School Board:	 
Depreciation expense	\$ 2,042,730

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 6—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Fund		ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
Primary Government:				
General	\$	1,120,232	\$	1,017,326
County Capital Projects		3,396		1,082,902
Asset Forfeiture Fund		-		4,995
Courthouse Security Fund		-		32,335
Sanitary District		1,017,326		3,396
Total Primary Government	\$	2,140,954	\$	2,140,954

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

The following is a summary of due to/from other funds on June 30, 2024:

Fund		nterfund ceivables	Interfund Payables		
Primary Government:  General Fund			Ċ		
County Capital Projects	\$	707,633	\$	707,633	
	\$ 707,633		\$	707,633	
Component Unit-School Board: School Operating School Cafeteria	\$	- 262,369	\$	262,369 -	
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$ 262,369		\$	262,369	

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 7—Long Term Obligations:

# **Primary Government:**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance at July 1, 2023	Issuances/ Increases	Retirements/ Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2024	Dι	Amounts ue Within One Year
Primary Government Obligations: Governmental Activities Obligations:						
Incurred by County:						
Compensated absences	\$ 258,403	\$ 112,274	\$ 25,840	\$ 344,837	\$	34,484
Net pension liability						
(Payable by General Fund)	692,398	2,619,655	2,300,217	1,011,836		-
Net OPEB liabilities						
(Payable by General Fund)	584,349	187,789	171,926	600,212		-
Subscription liabilites	62,519	-	29,780	32,739		16,036
Financed purchase agreement	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000		349,000
Lease liabilites	93,317	53,008	44,938	101,387		43,649
Total incurred by County	\$ 1,690,986	\$ 7,972,726	\$ 2,572,701	\$ 7,091,011	\$	443,169
Incurred by School Board:						
Direct borrowings and placements:						
Refunding general obligation bond	\$23,095,000	\$ -	\$ 2,635,000	\$20,460,000	\$	-
Bond premium	1,772,849	·	126,632	1,646,217		-
Total incurred by School Board	\$24,867,849	\$ -	\$ 2,761,632	\$22,106,217	\$	
Total Governmental Activities						
Obligations	\$26,558,835	\$ 7,972,726	\$ 5,334,333	\$29,197,228	\$	443,169
S		. , ,	. , ,	. , ,	<u> </u>	,
Business-type Activities Obligations:						
Net pension liability	\$ 26,976	\$ 112,377	\$ 96,752	\$ 42,601	\$	-
Net OPEB liabilities	23,853	8,357	7,813	24,397		-
Direct borrowings and placements:						
Revenue bond	5,007,000	5,007,000	5,061,434	4,952,566		93,612
Total Dusiness tune Astinities						
Total Business-type Activities Obligations	\$ 5,057,829	\$ 5,127,734	\$ 5,165,999	\$ 5,019,564	\$	93,612
Obligations	J J,037,029	٠ - ١٠٠١,١٥٩	J,10J,777	J,017,30 <del>4</del>	<u>ب</u>	73,012
Total Primary Government						
Obligations	\$31,616,664	\$13,100,460	\$10,500,332	\$34,216,792	\$	536,781

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

					Gov	ernmental Ac	tiviti	es						
	Dire	ct Borrowings an	d Direc	t Placements										
Year Ending		General Obli	gation	Bond	Fi	inanced Purch	ase A	Agreement	Lease Liabilities			S	Subscription	n Liabilities
June 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	Int	terest	Principal	Interest
2025	¢		ć	220 (74	ć	3.40.000	,	450 (45	,	12 ( 10	ć	727	¢44,024	Ć 4 2/4
2025	\$	-	\$	320,671	\$	349,000	\$	158,615	\$	43,649	\$	726	\$ 16,036	\$ 1,364
2026		1,420,000		605,487		360,000		147,544		24,884		380	16,703	696
2027		1,490,000		532,010		371,000		136,123		11,698		207	-	-
2028		1,550,000		478,500		383,000		124,354		11,291		117	-	-
2029		1,585,000		438,441		395,000		112,204		9,865		33	-	-
2030		1,630,000		395,525		408,000		99,674		-		-	-	-
2031		1,670,000		351,312		421,000		86,731		-		-	-	-
2032		1,720,000		303,915		434,000		73,375		-		-	-	-
2033		1,770,000		254,993		448,000		59,608		-		-	-	-
2034		1,825,000		202,450		462,000		45,396		-		-	-	-
2035		1,875,000		148,306		477,000		30,740		-		-	-	-
2036		1,935,000		90,204		492,000		15,608		-		-	-	-
2037		1,990,000		30,348				-		-		-		
Total	\$	20,460,000	\$	4,152,162	\$	5,000,000	\$	1,089,972	\$	101,387	\$	1,463	\$ 32,739	\$ 2,060

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

	Business-type Activities								
	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements								
Year Ending	Revenue Bond								
June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest					
2025	\$	93,612	\$	73,428					
2026		94,923		72,117					
2027		96,357		70,683					
2028		97,717		69,323					
2029		99,383		67,657					
2030		100,789		66,251					
2031		102,312		64,728					
2032		103,770		63,270					
2033		105,510		61,530					
2034		107,018		60,022					
2035		108,634		58,406					
2036		110,197		56,843					
2037		112,016		55,024					
2038		113,631		53,409					
2039		115,347		51,693					
2040		117,021		50,019					
2041		118,924		48,116					
2042		120,653		46,387					
2043		122,475		44,565					
2044		124,267		42,773					
2045		126,259		40,781					
2046		128,109		38,931					
2047		130,044		36,996					
2048		131,960		35,080					
2049		134,047		32,993					
2050		136,026		31,014					
2051		138,080		28,960					
2052		140,129		26,911					
2053		142,317		24,723					
2054		144,432		22,608					
2055		146,613		20,427					
2056		148,803		18,237					
2057		151,098		15,942					
2058		153,357		13,683					
2059		155,673		11,367					
2060		158,012		9,028					
2061		160,421		6,619					
2062		162,834		4,206					
2063		165,293		1,747					
2064		34,503		49					
2001		5 1,505		.,,					
Total	\$	4,952,566	\$	1,596,546					

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

Incurred by the County:	<u>Notes</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Payment Frequency	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)							\$ 344,837
Net OPEB liabilities (payable from the General Fund)							\$ 600,212
Net pension liability (payable from the General Fund)							\$ 1,011,836
Financed purchase agreement							\$ 5,000,000
Lease liabities:							
Copier lease payable		0.89%	Monthly	7/1/2021	08/01/25	\$ 5,720	\$ 1,622
Copier lease payable		0.89%	Monthly	7/1/2021	08/01/25	29,447	8,349
Postage equipment lease payable		1.06%	Quarterly	7/1/2021	04/01/26	20,177	8,177
Postage equipment lease payable		1.06%	Quarterly	7/1/2021	02/01/26	12,164	4,545
Copier lease payable		2.37%	Monthly	3/1/2022	03/01/27	6,302	3,688
Copier lease payable		0.89%	Monthly	7/1/2021	08/01/25	28,599	8,109
Copier lease payable		0.73%	Monthly	7/1/2021	08/01/24	2,409	128
Copier lease payable		0.89%	Monthly	7/1/2021	08/01/25	3,342	948
Copier lease payable		0.89%	Monthly	7/1/2021	04/01/25	20,994	4,622
Copier lease payable		1.06%	Monthly	7/1/2021	05/01/26	24,522	9,703
Postage equipment lease payable		0.73%	Quarterly	7/1/2021	07/01/24	1,097	85
Tower lease payable		0.73%	Monthly	4/1/2024	04/01/29	53,008	 51,411
Total lease liabilities							\$ 101,387
Subscription liabities:							
Online budgeting tool		4.09%	Annual	11/1/2022	06/30/26	\$ 63,191	\$ 32,739
Incurred by the School Board:							
Direct borrowings and placements:							
General Obligation Bond:							
VPSA School Bond, plus unamortized premium of \$1,899,481	(a)	2.05% - 5.05%	Annual	5/17/2016	07/15/36	\$ 29,580,000	\$ 22,106,217
Total outstanding debt - governmental activities							\$ 29,197,228

<sup>(</sup>a) No other terms specified in the debt agreement

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

	Total Amount
Business-type Activities:	
<u>Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:</u> <u>Revenue Bond:</u> \$5,007,000 Revenue Bond issued November 13, 2023, principal and interest due monthly beginning December 13, 2023. Interest rate is 1.50%.	\$ 4,952,566
Net OPEB liabilities	24,397
Net pension liability	\$ 42,601
Total Long-Term Obligations, Business-type Activities	\$ 5,019,564
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	\$ 34,216,792

The County's outstanding direct placements and borrowings related to governmental activities of \$20,640,000 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the County is unable to make payment.

The County's outstanding direct placements and borrowings related to business-type activities are secured by a lien on the net revenues of the sewer system.

# Component Unit - School Board:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

	Balance at July 1, 2023 Increases		Balance at Decreases June 30, 2024		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Component Unit-School Board:						
Compensated absences (Payable by School Operating Fund)	\$ 540,403	\$ 42,256	\$ 54,040	\$ 528,619	\$ 52,862	
Lease liabilities						
(Payable by School Operating Fund) Net pension liabilities	94,740	246,564	76,560	264,744	78,816	
(Payable by School Operating Fund) Net OPEB liabilities	10,293,679	5,435,797	4,731,100	10,998,376	-	
(Payable by School Operating Fund)	1,921,518	525,114	643,891	1,802,741		
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$12,850,340	\$ 6,249,731	\$ 5,505,591	\$13,594,480	\$ 131,678	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease liabilities					
June 30	Principal		Principal		Ir	nterest
2025	\$	78,816	\$	6,651		
2026		81,137		4,329		
2027		83,528		1,939		
2028		21,263		103		
Total	\$	264,744	\$	13,022		

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	 mount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Balance overnmental Activities	Dι	Amount ue Within One Year
Compensated absences					\$ 528,619	\$	52,862
Lease liabilities:							
Copiers	2.91%	7/1/2023	09/11/27	\$ 246,564	\$ 191,256	\$	56,938
Copiers	2.91%	7/1/2022	06/30/28	\$ 115,663	73,488		21,878
Total lease liabilities					\$ 264,744	\$	78,816
Net pension liabilities					\$ 10,998,376	\$	
Net OPEB liabilities					\$ 1,802,741	\$	
Total outstanding debt - component unit school board				\$ 13,594,480	\$	131,678	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

## Note 8—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis of accounting, assessments for future periods are deferred. The County reports unavailable revenue totaling \$1,085,852 and deferred revenue totaling \$108,732 which is comprised of the following:

	_	Government-wide Statements Governmental Activities		Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	
Defense dilleres table anno					
Deferred/Unavailable revenue:					
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$	977,120	
Prepaid property taxes due after June 30 but paid in advance by taxpayers	_	108,732		108,732	
Total deferred/unavailable revenue	\$	108,732	\$_	1,085,852	

# Note 9—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

# *Note 10-Litigation:*

At June 30, 2024, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 11-Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation and public officials' liability coverage with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

#### Note 12—Pension Plans:

# **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

# **Benefit Structures**

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## **Benefit Structures (Continued)**

- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

# Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

#### Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	65	29
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	15	6
Non-vested inactive members	24	11
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	49	7_
Total inactive members	88	24
Active members	110	16_
Total covered employees	263	69

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 12.47% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$758,036 and \$684,431 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 15.87% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$114,549 and \$80,253 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

#### Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

## Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

#### Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

## All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

## Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

## Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmetic	c nominal return**	8.25%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the

<sup>\*\*</sup>On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Discount Rate (Continued)

alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2021 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	_	Primary Government						
		Increase (Decrease)						
	_	Total		Plan		Net		
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension		
		Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)		
	_	(a)		(b)	_	(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	22,791,585	\$	22,072,211	¢	719,374		
Datanees at June 30, 2022	٧_	22,771,303	٠,	22,072,211	٠	717,374		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	634,497	\$	-	\$	634,497		
Interest		1,543,022		-		1,543,022		
Benefit changes		191,504				191,504		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		346,800		-		346,800		
Contributions - employer		-		684,402		(684,402)		
Contributions - employee		-		277,993		(277,993)		
Net investment income		-		1,431,911		(1,431,911)		
Benefit payments, including refunds		(1,132,992)		(1,132,992)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(14,123)		14,123		
Other changes		-		577		(577)		
Net changes	\$_	1,582,831	\$	1,247,768	\$	335,063		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	24,374,416	\$	23,319,979	\$	1,054,437		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Changes in Net Pension Liability (Continued)

	Component School Board (Nonprofessional)						
		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total		Plan		Net	
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	
		Liability		<b>Net Position</b>		Liability	
	_	(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	4,830,187	\$_	4,110,422	\$_	719,765	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	37,382	\$	-	\$	37,382	
Interest		316,785		-		316,785	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(134, 352)		-		(134, 352)	
Contributions - employer		-		71,287		(71,287)	
Contributions - employee		-		20,483		(20,483)	
Net investment income		-		254,367		(254, 367)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(348,912)		(348,912)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(2,700)		2,700	
Other changes		-		102		(102)	
Net changes	\$	(129,097)	\$	(5,373)	\$	(123,724)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	4,701,090	\$_	4,105,049	\$_	596,041	

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
	_	1% Increase (5.75%)	Current Discount (6.75%)		1% Decrease (7.75%)	
County's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	4,267,277 \$	1,054,437	\$	(1,638,066)	
Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability	\$	1,027,219 \$	596,041	\$	227,964	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$444,470 and (\$64,533), respectively. On June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary Government				Component Board (Nonp	
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	253,824	\$	305,358	\$	- Ç	41,052
Change in assumptions		108,684		-		-	-
Changes in proportionate share of net position liability		1,360		1,360		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		352,329		-	75,470
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	758,036		-		114,549	
Total	\$	1,121,904	\$	659,047	\$	114,549	116,522

\$758,036 and \$114,549 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
2025	\$ (294,014) \$	(92,120)
2026	(394,761)	(87,278)
2027	383,249	60,012
2028	10,348	2,864
2029	-	-
Thereafter	_	-

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

#### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

## **Component Unit School Board (professional)**

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

## **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$1,713,930 and \$1,624,621 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the other grants and programs of the financial statements.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

On June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$10,402,335 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. On June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.10292% as compared to 0.10056% at June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,099,838. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 893,569	\$ 405,944
Change in assumptions	471,574	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	676,362
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	450,643	103,498
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,713,930	
Total	\$ 3,529,716	\$ 1,185,804

\$1,713,930 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	
2025	\$	(128,023)
2026		(451,415)
2027		967,433
2028		241,987
2029		-

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

## Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

#### Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 12-Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	<del>-</del>	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	57,574,609 47,467,405
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$_	10,107,204
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.45%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Note 12—Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	-	1% Decrease (5.75%)	-	Current Discount (6.75%)	· _	1% Increase (7.75%)
School Board's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	<b>A</b>	18,439,630	<b>*</b>	10,402,335	<b>.</b>	3,795,018

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

## Aggregate Pension Information

		Primary Government						Component Unit School Board							
	_	Deferred		Deferred		Net Pension	Pension	_	Deferred		Deferred		Net Pension		Pension
	-	Outflows		Inflows	_	Liability	 Expense	_	Outflows		Inflows		Liability		Expense
VRS Pension Plans:															
Primary Government	\$	1,121,904	\$	659,047	\$	1,054,437	\$ 444,470	\$	=	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-	-		114,549		116,522		596,041		(64,533)
School Board Professional		-		-		-	 -		3,529,716		1,185,804		10,402,335		1,099,838
Totals	\$	1,121,904	\$	659,047	\$ <sup></sup>	1,054,437	\$ 444,470	\$	3,644,265	\$	1,302,326	\$	10,998,376	\$	1,035,305

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

## **Plan Description**

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

## Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

#### Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year,

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## **Contributions (Continued)**

with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI Plan from the County were \$33,985 and \$30,586 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Component Unit School Board professional group were \$58,073 and \$55,263 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contributions to the GLI from the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group were \$4,179 and \$2,853 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the other grants and programs of the financial statements.

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

On June 30, 2024, the County reported a liability of \$288,435 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups reported liabilities of \$520,982 and \$26,865, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the County's proportion was 0.02405% as compared to 0.02480% % on June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups' proportions were 0.04344% and 0.00224%, respectively as compared to 0.04290% and 0.00230%, respectively, on June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$18,877. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Component Unit School Board professional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$26,509. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of (\$2,659). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary Government				•	chool Board ional)		Component School Board (Nonprofessional)			
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	28,808	\$	8,755	\$	52,033	\$	15,814	\$	2,683	\$	815
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments		-		11,591		-		20,936		-		1,080
Change in assumptions		6,165		19,984		11,136		36,096		574		1,861
Changes in proportionate share		16,207		8,554		20,289		9,745		941		11,505
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		33,985		<u> </u>		58,073		<u>-</u> _	_	4,179		<u>-</u> _
Total	\$_	85,165	\$	48,884	\$	141,531	\$	82,591	\$_	8,377	\$	15,261

\$33,985, \$58,073, and \$4,179, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional group's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	Primary Government	_	Component Unit School Board (Professional)	_	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
2025	\$	2,330	\$	(3,308)	\$	(4,059)
2026		(8,857)	-	(19,877)	-	(4,715)
2027		6,434		13,108		(2,417)
2028		1,169		4,595		72
2029		1,220		6,349		56
Thereafter		-		-		-

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

**Teachers** 3.50%-5.95% Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

# Mortality Rates - Teachers

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

## Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

## Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Teachers (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

## Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

## Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

## Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

## Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## **NET GLI OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,907,052
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 2,707,739
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,199,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	69.30%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmetic	c nominal return**	8.25%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

<sup>\*\*</sup> On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 13-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
	_	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
		(5.75%)	 (6.75%)	(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	427,551	\$ 288,435	\$ 175,959
Component School Board (Professional)'s proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	772,258	\$ 520,982	\$ 317,823
Component School Board (nonprofessional)'s proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	39,822	\$ 26,865	\$ 16,389

## **GLI Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

## **Plan Description**

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# **Plan Description**

to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

## Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

## **Benefit Amounts**

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

#### **HIC Plan Notes**

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently		
receiving benefits	16	12
Total inactive members	16	12
Active members	51	16
Total covered employees	67	28

## **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County's and School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.06% and 2.81% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County to the HIC Plan were \$1,298 and \$1,076 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$21,745 and \$14,846 or the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

## Net HIC OPEB Asset

The County and School Boards's net HIC OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total HIC OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

## Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

## Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

## Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)** 

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

## Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

# Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmetic	c nominal return**	8.25%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

<sup>\*\*</sup> On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)

	_	Primary Government				
		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total		Plan		Net
		HIC OPEB		Fiduciary		HIC OPEB
		Liability		Net Position		Liability (Asset)
	_	(a)		(b)	_	(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	48,216	\$	63,781	\$	(15,565)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	1,747	\$	-	\$	1,747
Interest		3,280		-		3,280
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		5,089		-		5,089
Contributions - employer		-		1,076		(1,076)
Net investment income		-		3,760		(3,760)
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,746)		(2,746)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(90)		90
Other changes		-		83		(83)
Net changes	\$	7,370	\$	2,083	\$	5,287
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	55,586	\$	65,864	\$	(10,278)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)

	_	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)				
		In	crease (Decre	as	e)	
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	139,613 \$	9,020	\$	130,593	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	372 \$	-	\$	372	
Interest		9,371	-		9,371	
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(109, 379)	-		(109, 379)	
Contributions - employer		-	14,065		(14,065)	
Net investment income		-	950		(950)	
Benefit payments, including refunds		(2,322)	(2,322)		-	
Administrative expenses		-	(35)		35	
Net changes	\$	(101,958) \$	12,658	\$	(114,616)	
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	37,655 \$	21,678	\$	15,977	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the County's HIC Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability (asset) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	 1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase		
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)		
Primary Government: Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (3,743) \$	(10,278) \$	(15,748)		
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 19,298 \$	15,977 \$	13,096		

# HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$327 and (\$20,476). At June 30, 2024, the County and School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County's HIC Plan from the following sources:

		Primary Gov	ernment	Component Ur Board (Nonpro	
	•	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,147 \$	6,452 \$	- \$	78,536
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments			575	198	-
Change in assumptions		7,323	350	1,138	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,298		21,745	
Total	\$	12,768 \$	7,377 \$	23,081 \$	78,536

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 14-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$1,298 and \$21,745 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the County and School Board's contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Year Ended June 30	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
•	2025	 (202)	_	(20, (70)
	2025	\$ (203)	\$	(30,670)
	2026	(301)		(31,309)
	2027	2,040		(15,231)
	2028	1,634		10
	2029	923		-
	Thereafter	_		_

#### HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

## **Plan Description**

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 15-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

## Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

## **Benefit Amounts**

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

## **HIC Plan Notes**

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

## **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$129,712 and \$123,394 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the other grants and programs of the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 15-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

On June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$1,238,917 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was 0.10230% as compared to 0.09981% on June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$102,866. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 54,531
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		622	-
Change in assumptions		28,840	1,248
Change in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions		64,865	29,255
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	129,712	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$_	224,039	\$ 85,034

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$129,712 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

_	Year Ended June 30	_	
	2025	\$	760
	2026		(2,326)
	2027		1,701
	2028		2,830
	2029		4,029
	Thereafter		2,299

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

1.61.6

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

2 500/

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 15-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

## **Mortality Rates - Teachers**

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

#### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

#### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

#### Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

## Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

# Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Teacher Employee not HIC OPEB Liability (Accet)	\$ 	1,475,471 264,054
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)  Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	) =	1,211,417
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		17.90%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 15—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*	
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%	
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%	
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%	
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%	
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%	
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%	
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%	
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%	
Total	100.00%		5.75%	
		Inflation	2.50%	
	8.25%			

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

<sup>\*\*</sup>On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 15-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

### Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate							
	1% Decrease		Current Discount	_1	1% Increase			
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)			
School division's proportionate								
share of the VRS Teacher								
Employee HIC OPEB Plan								
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,401,353	\$	1,238,917	\$	1,101,266			

#### Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan):

#### County

#### **Plan Description**

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 12, the group life benefits described in Note 13, and the HIC benefits described in Note 14, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The County of Northumberland Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible County retirees and their eligible spouses or dependents. Benefits include medical, dental, and vision coverage. Benefits end at the earlier of the retiree's age 65 or the retiree's death. The monthly premiums below are effective for the year beginning July 1, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### County: (Continued)

#### Plan Membership

At June 30, 2024 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary
	Government
Total active employees with coverage	112
Total retirees and spouses with coverage	2
Total	114

#### **Contributions**

The County does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County. The amounts paid by the County for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$24,469.

#### Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024 for the County.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2024 County actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increases

The salary increase rate starts at a 5.35% salary increase for

1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary

increase for 20 or more years of service

Discount Rate 3.93%

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### County: (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Mortality rates for the County were based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2022; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2022; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement: RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2022; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

These mortality assumptions were chosen to match the mortality assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation of the Virginia Retirement System.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index as of June 30, 2024.

#### Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	_	Primary Government Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	309,225
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		49,810
Interest		12,662
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,620
Changes in assumptions		(12,674)
Benefit payments		(24,469)
Net changes	\$	26,949
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	336,174

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 16-Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### County: (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.93%) or one percentage point higher (4.93%) than the current discount rate:

		Rate								
	1% Decre (2.93%			Current Discount Rate (3.93%)		1% Increase (4.93%)				
Primary Government: Total OPEB liability	\$	368,816	\$	336,174	\$	306,812				

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.30%) or one percentage point higher (7.30%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Rates						
		Healthcare Cost								
	_	1% Decrease (5.30%)		Trend (6.30%)		1% Increase (7.30%)				
Primary Government: Total OPEB liability	\$	291,602	\$	336,174	\$	388,954				

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 16—Medical and Dental Pay-As-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### County: (Continued)

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$58,863. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government						
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resouces		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,331	\$	60,917			
Changes in assumptions		30,157		31,147			
Total	\$_	31,488	\$	92,064			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary
Year Ended June 30	_	Government
2025	\$	(3,698)
2026		(18,911)
2027		(25, 425)
2028		(11, 358)
2029		(1,184)
Thereafter		-

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 17-Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Plans:

#### Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

	Primary Government								Component Unit School Board								
	Net OPEB		Deferred		Deferred Net OPE		Net OPEB	OPEB		Deferred		Deferred	Net Of	Net OPEB		OPEB	
	_	Asset		Outflows	Inflow	<u> </u>	Liabilities	Expens	<u>e</u>	Outflows		Inflows	Liabili	ties	E	xpense	
VRS OPEB Plans:																	
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 13):																	
County	\$	-	\$	85,165	\$ 48,88	4 \$	288,435 \$	18,87	7 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-	-		-	-		8,377		15,261	26	,865		(2,659)	
School Board Professional		-		-	-		-	-		141,531		82,591	520	,982		26,509	
County Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 14)		10,278		12,768	7,37	7	-	32	7	-		-		-		-	
Nonprofessional Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 14)		-		-	-		-	-		23,081		78,536	15	,977		(20,476)	
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 15)		-		-	-		-	-		224,039		85,034	1,238	,917		102,866	
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 16)		-		31,488	92,06	4	336,174	58,86	3	-		-		-		-	
Totals	\$	10,278	_\$	129,421	\$ 148,32	5 \$	624,609 \$	78,06	7 \$	397,028	\$	261,422	\$ 1,802	,741	\$	106,240	

#### Note 18—Surety Bonds:

	,	Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:		
Commonwealth Funds		
Deborah T. Bingham, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	103,000
Pam King, Treasurer		400,000
Todd E. Thomas, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Johnny Beauchamp, Sheriff		30,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:		
Board of Supervisors and County Administrator		1,000
Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool:		
Public Officials Liability		2,000,000
Employee Dishonesty Policy		250,000

#### *Note 19—Postclosure Costs:*

#### Old County Landfill

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for postclosure care and corrective action costs, if any, through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code. In addition, the County closed its landfill in August 1996 and is liable for the postclosure monitoring for a period of ten years. The County's ten-year period has expired but they are still required to complete an annual landfill assurance calculation. The amount reported as landfill postclosure liability on June 30, 2024 represents the estimated liability for postclosure monitoring of \$0 over a period of one year. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2024. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 20—Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$42,541.

#### Note 21 – Leases Receivable:

The County leases land for cell tower sites under lease contracts. In fiscal year 2024, the County recognized lease and interest revenue in the amount of \$628,920 and \$32,220, respectively. A description of the leases are as follows:

	Interest			Start	End	Payment		Ending
Lease Description	Rate	Inst	allments	Date	Date	Frequency		Balance
Cell Tower Sites (3)	0.59%	\$	4,917	7/1/2021	6/1/2055	Monthly	\$	1,544,491
Cell Tower Site	2.96%		1,030	7/1/2021	11/1/2039	Monthly		208,427
Cell Tower Site	2.80%		1,150	7/1/2021	6/10/2055	Monthly		318,072
There are no variable paym	ents for the lea	ases red	eivable ab	ove			Ś	2,070,990

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### Note 21 – Leases Receivable: (Continued)

Expected future payments at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ended	Governmental Activities										
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total								
2025	90,375	23,630	\$ 114,005								
2026	95,072	22,354	117,426								
2027	98,734	21,000	119,734								
2028	102,542	19,569	122,111								
2029	106,502	18,056	124,558								
2030 - 2034	595,774	64,437	660,211								
2035 - 2039	279,999	31,732	311,731								
2040 - 2044	211,233	17,622	228,855								
2045 - 2049	215,295	11,395	226,690								
2050 - 2054	228,644	4,846	233,490								
2055	46,820	150	46,970								
Total	\$ 2,070,990	\$ 234,791	\$ 2,305,781								

#### *Note 22—Restatement:*

The County had the following adjustments to ending net position and fund balance at July 1, 2023:

		Primary Government		Governmental Funds
	_	Governmental Activities		General Fund
Net Position/Fund Balance, June 30, 2023, as previously stated	\$	16,608,027	\$	9,747,112
Restatement: Correct accounts receivable Correct capital assets		(63,453) 119,689		(63,453) -
Net Position/Fund Balance, July 1, 2023, as restated	\$	16,664,263	\$	9,683,659

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (Continued)

#### *Note 23—Upcoming Pronouncements:*

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

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#### County of Northumberland, Virginia General Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Am	ounts				ariance with nal Budget -
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
General property taxes	Ś	22,402,138	\$	22,402,138	ς	22,273,607	\$	(128,531)
Other local taxes	Ţ	2,747,027	7	2,747,027	Ţ	2,904,318	٧	157,291
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		124,800		124,800		227,282		102,482
Fines and forfeitures		25,000		25,000		20,284		(4,716)
Revenue from the use of money and property		190,000		190,300		670,182		479,882
Charges for services		284,589		284,589		289,033		4,444
Miscellaneous		316,662		317,506		295,374		(22,132)
Recovered costs		124,654		124,654		122,877		(1,777)
Intergovernmental:		124,034		124,034		122,077		(1,777)
Commonwealth		3,541,890		4,059,808		4,548,724		488,916
Federal		950,000				2,121,437		
Total revenues	Ċ	30,706,760	Ś	2,662,466 32,938,288	Ċ	33,473,118	\$	(541,029) 534,830
Total revenues	<u> </u>	30,700,700	Ş	32,930,200	Ş	33,4/3,110	Ş	334,630
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government administration	\$	2,857,793	\$	3,482,145	\$	2,715,190	\$	766,955
Judicial administration	*	1,117,136	~	1,153,473	*	1,183,943	τ.	(30,470)
Public safety		6,392,264		7,287,722		6,781,479		506,243
Public works		2,032,564		2,192,727		2,176,185		16,542
Health and welfare		2,902,046		2,923,479		2,983,991		(60,512)
Education		13,974,287		13,985,952		15,089,660		(1,103,708)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		310,490		310,490		310,490		(1,103,700)
Community development		464,445		496,658		464,135		32,523
Capital projects		406,000		2,365,431		684,128		1,681,303
Debt service:		400,000		2,303,431		004,120		1,001,303
Principal retirement		1,026,964		2,732,493		2,709,718		22,775
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,020,904		1,000,000		1,178,301		(178,301)
Total expenditures	Ċ	32,483,989	Ś	37,930,570	Ċ	36,277,220	\$	1,653,350
Total experiorures	<u>\$</u>	32,403,909	Ç	37,930,370	٠	30,277,220	Ą	1,000,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(1,777,229)	ċ	(4 002 282)	ċ	(2,804,102)	ċ	2,188,180
expenditures	<u> </u>	(1,777,229)	Ç	(4,992,202)	٠	(2,804,102)	Ą	2,100,100
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	120,000	ċ	345 604	ċ	1,120,232	ċ	774,628
Transfers out	ڔ	(433,552)	ڔ	(444,250)	ڔ	(1,017,326)	ڔ	•
		(433,552)		(444,230)		, , , , ,		(573,076)
Issuance of lease	<u> </u>	(242 FE2)	Ċ	(09 (4()	Ċ	53,008	Ċ	53,008
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(313,552)	Ş	(98,646)	Ş	155,914	\$	254,560
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,090,781)	\$	(5,090,928)	\$	(2,648,188)	\$	2,442,740
Fund balances - beginning, as previously presented		2,090,781		5,090,928		9,747,112		4,656,184
Error correction		2,070,701		3,070,720		(63,453)		(63,453)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		2,090,781		5,090,928		9,683,659		4,592,731
Fund balances - beginning, as restated  Fund balances - ending	\$	2,090,761	\$	3,090,926	S		\$	7,035,471
ו עווע שמנמווככי - בוועוווצ	<u>ب</u>	-	ڔ		ڔ	7,000,471	ڔ	7,033,471

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

	_	2023	2022	2021
Total pension liability	_	_	_	_
Service cost	\$	634,497 \$	546,887 \$	538,894 \$
Interest		1,543,022	1,506,852	1,415,435
Changes of benefit terms		191,504	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		346,800	(439,084)	(637,944)
Changes of assumptions		-	-	595,329
Benefit payments		(1,132,992)	(1,199,838)	(1,008,700)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,582,831 \$	414,817 \$	903,014 \$
Total pension liability - beginning		22,791,585	22,376,768	21,473,754
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$_	24,374,416 \$	22,791,585 \$	22,376,768 \$
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	684,402 \$	539,116 \$	490,165 \$
Contributions - employee		277,993	255,587	233,922
Net investment income		1,431,911	(19,794)	4,895,597
Benefit payments		(1,132,992)	(1,199,838)	(1,008,700)
Administrator charges		(14,123)	(14,060)	(12,128)
Other		577	519	462
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ <sup>-</sup>	1,247,768 \$	(438,470) \$	4,599,318 \$
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		22,072,211	22,510,681	17,911,363
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$_	23,319,979 \$	22,072,211 \$	22,510,681 \$
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,054,437 \$	719,374 \$	(133,913) \$
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		95.67%	96.84%	100.60%
Covered payroll	\$	5,645,692 \$	5,400,232 \$	4,920,373 \$
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		18.68%	13.32%	-2.72%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
493,599 \$	449,055 \$	437,178 \$	440,974 \$	413,402 \$	383,185 \$	379,392
1,318,889	1,253,243	1,210,694	1,149,231	1,110,893	1,084,417	1,031,873
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
588,602	316,890	(90,183)	321,626	(71,832)	(282,284)	-
-	561,833	-	(123,405)	-	-	-
(932,875)	(957,915)	(941,779)	(878,971)	(930,594)	(683,580)	(637,699)
1,468,215 \$	1,623,106 \$	615,910 \$	909,455 \$	521,869 \$	501,738 \$	773,566
20,005,539	18,382,433	17,766,523	16,857,068	16,335,199	15,833,461	15,059,895
21,473,754 \$	20,005,539 \$	18,382,433 \$	17,766,523 \$	16,857,068 \$	16,335,199 \$	15,833,461
425,399 \$	400,802 \$	354,445 \$	343,327 \$	428,319 \$	408,319 \$	439,811
232,735	218,731	205,563	198,437	184,084	176,948	168,381
346,211	1,132,408	1,194,966	1,794,139	252,892	658,638	1,965,945
(932,875)	(957,915)	(941,779)	(878,971)	(930,594)	(683,580)	(637,699)
(11,592)	(11,289)	(10,433)	(10,491)	(9,367)	(8,983)	(10,518)
(404)	(713)	(1,059)	(1,590)	(109)	(137)	104
59,474 \$	782,024 \$	801,703 \$	1,444,851 \$	(74,775) \$	551,205 \$	1,926,024
17,851,889	17,069,865	16,268,162	14,823,311	14,898,086	14,346,881	12,420,857
17,911,363 \$	17,851,889 \$	17,069,865 \$	16,268,162 \$	14,823,311 \$	14,898,086 \$	14,346,881
3,562,391 \$	2,153,650 \$	1,312,568 \$	1,498,361 \$	2,033,757 \$	1,437,113 \$	1,486,580
83.41%	89.23%	92.86%	91.57%	87.94%	91.20%	90.61%
4,845,805 \$	4,538,900 \$	4,253,585 \$	4,098,796 \$	3,763,252 \$	3,565,027 \$	3,367,620
73.51%	47.45%	30.86%	36.56%	54.04%	40.31%	44.14%

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022
Total pension liability	_		
Service cost	\$	37,382 \$	39,963 \$
Interest		316,785	314,946
Differences between expected and actual experience		(134,352)	31,919
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Benefit payments	_	(348,912)	(365,078)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	(129,097) \$	21,750 \$
Total pension liability - beginning		4,830,187	4,808,437
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	4,701,090 \$	4,830,187 \$
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	71,287 \$	57,159 \$
Contributions - employee		20,483	21,045
Net investment income		254,367	1,393
Benefit payments		(348,912)	(365,078)
Administrator charges		(2,700)	(2,818)
Other		102	97
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(5,373) \$	(288,202) \$
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		4,110,422	4,398,624
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	4,105,049 \$	4,110,422 \$
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	596,041 \$	719,765 \$
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability		87.32%	85.10%
Covered payroll	\$	528,311 \$	508,121 \$
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		112.82%	141.65%

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
33,526 \$	68,409 \$	72,845 \$	74,512 \$	72,261 \$	70,447 \$	69,172 \$	66,406
308,514	303,495	299,235	298,234	293,570	285,665	273,641	268,066
(89,609)	47,076	51,460	(69,604)	(21,072)	(11,964)	84,598	-
171,507	-	107,540	-	(25,266)	-	-	-
(372,156)	(317,098)	(302,181)	(275,497)	(230,250)	(232,167)	(279,140)	(230,511)
51,782 \$	101,882 \$	228,899 \$	27,645 \$	89,243 \$	111,981 \$	148,271 \$	103,961
4,756,655	4,654,773	4,425,874	4,398,229	4,308,986	4,197,005	4,048,734	3,944,773
4,808,437 \$	4,756,655 \$	4,654,773 \$	4,425,874 \$	4,398,229 \$	4,308,986 \$	4,197,005 \$	4,048,734
54024 6	74 000 6	04.474.6	0.4.252 6	02.454.6	04 207 6	02.472.6	70 (55
54,934 \$	76,009 \$	81,474 \$	94,352 \$	92,456 \$	86,287 \$	83,473 \$	70,655
20,195	30,729	33,629	34,897	34,330	32,341	31,292	31,088
977,492	72,405	246,459	267,465	406,550	57,310	152,762	479,575
(372,156)	(317,098)	(302,181)	(275,497)	(230,250)	(232,167)	(279,140)	(230,511)
(2,651)	(2,598)	(2,592)	(2,385)	(2,398)	(2,173)	(2,217)	(2,674)
90	(84)	(154)	(236)	(360)	(25)	(32)	25
677,904 \$	(140,637) \$	56,635 \$	118,596 \$	300,328 \$	(58,427) \$	(13,862) \$	348,158
3,720,720	3,861,357	3,804,722	3,686,126	3,385,798	3,444,225	3,458,087	3,109,929
4,398,624 \$	3,720,720 \$	3,861,357 \$	3,804,722 \$	3,686,126 \$	3,385,798 \$	3,444,225 \$	3,458,087
409,813 \$	1,035,935 \$	793,416 \$	621,152 \$	712,103 \$	923,188 \$	752,780 \$	590,647
91.48%	78.22%	82.95%	85.97%	83.81%	78.58%	82.06%	85.41%
457,521 \$	679,471 \$	709,632 \$	726,516 \$	707,889 \$	659,462 \$	637,904 \$	636,555
89.57%	152.46%	111.81%	85.50%	100.60%	139.99%	118.01%	92.79%

	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	<b>Employer's</b>	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
Date	Liability (Asset)	(Asset)	Covered Payroll	(3)/(4)	Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2023	0.10292%	\$ 10,402,335	\$ 10,197,833	102.01%	82.45%
2022	0.10056%	\$ 9,573,914	\$ 9,307,179	102.87%	82.61%
2021	0.09717%	7,543,402	8,556,626	88.16%	85.46%
2020	0.09692%	14,104,406	8,503,803	165.86%	71.47%
2019	0.09882%	13,005,274	8,282,014	157.03%	73.51%
2018	0.10322%	12,139,000	8,314,729	145.99%	74.81%
2017	0.09995%	12,292,000	8,183,043	150.21%	72.92%
2016	0.09844%	13,795,000	8,498,329	162.33%	68.28%
2015	0.10121%	12,739,000	7,260,159	175.46%	70.68%
2014	0.10127%	12,238,000	7,383,190	165.75%	70.88%

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution* (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution* (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
<b>Primary Government</b>								
2024	\$	758,036	\$	758,036	\$ -	\$	6,293,551	12.04%
2023		684,431		684,431	-		5,645,692	12.12%
2022		539,115		539,115	-		5,400,232	9.98%
2021		490,166		490,166	-		4,920,373	9.96%
2020		425,399		425,399	-		4,845,805	8.78%
2019		400,801		400,801	-		4,538,900	8.83%
2018		354,445		354,445	-		4,253,585	8.33%
2017		352,087		352,087	-		4,098,796	8.59%
2016		432,398		432,398	-		3,763,252	11.49%
2015		409,622		409,622	-		3,565,027	11.49%
Component Unit Scho	ol E	Board (Nonprofe	ssio	nal)				
2024	\$	114,549	\$	114,549	\$ -	\$	773,844	14.80%
2023		80,253		80,253	-		528,311	15.19%
2022		61,521		61,521	-		508,121	12.11%
2021		54,934		54,934	-		457,521	12.01%
2020		76,135		76,135	-		679,471	11.21%
2019		81,475		81,475	-		709,632	11.48%
2018		94,352		94,352	-		726,516	12.99%
2017		93,795		93,795	-		707,889	13.25%
2016		86,917		86,917	-		659,462	13.18%
2015		84,076		84,076	-		637,904	13.18%
Component Unit Scho	ol E	Board (Professio	nal)					
2024	\$	1,713,930	\$	1,713,930	\$ -	\$	10,719,990	15.99%
2023		1,624,621		1,624,621	-		10,197,833	15.93%
2022		1,493,839		1,493,839	-		9,307,179	16.05%
2021		1,374,710		1,374,710	-		8,556,626	16.07%
2020		1,287,931		1,287,931	-		8,503,803	15.15%
2019		1,266,384		1,266,384	-		8,282,014	15.68%
2018		1,334,984		1,334,984	-		8,314,729	16.32%
2017		1,154,604		1,154,604	-		8,183,043	14.66%
2016		1,194,865		1,194,865	-		8,498,329	14.06%
2015		1,052,723		1,052,723	-		7,260,159	14.50%

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:

•	1 /
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of County's and Component Unit School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Gov	ernment:					
2023	0.02405% \$	288,435	Ś	5,664,047	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.02480%	298,977	•	5,400,232	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.02380%	277,679		4,924,051	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.02360%	393,010		4,845,805	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.02315%	376,712		4,538,900	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.02237%	339,000		4,253,586	7.97%	51.22%
2017	0.02228%	366,000		4,109,386	8.91%	48.86%
Component I	Unit School Board (nonp	rofessional):				
2023	0.00224% \$	26,865	\$	528,311	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.00230%	28,176		508,121	5.55%	67.21%
2021	0.00220%	26,080		461,603	5.65%	67.45%
2020	0.00340%	55,906		690,059	8.10%	52.64%
2019	0.00366%	59,558		718,210	8.29%	52.00%
2018	0.00382%	58,000		726,516	7.98%	51.22%
2017	0.00384%	58,000		707,889	8.19%	48.86%
Component l	Unit School Board (prof	essional):				
2023	0.04344% \$	520,982	\$	10,233,957	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.04290%	516,076		9,322,260	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.04190%	487,830		8,650,954	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.04140%	690,731		8,518,025	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.04225%	687,520		8,282,014	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.04373%	665,000		8,316,322	8.00%	51.22%
2017	0.04253%	640,000		7,844,121	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Primary Go	wernr	(1)	_	(2)	_	(3)	(4)	(5)
2024	\$	33,985	\$	33,985	\$	- \$	6,293,551	0.54%
2023	~	30,586	~	30,586	~	-	5,664,047	0.54%
2022		29,161		29,161		_	5,400,232	0.54%
2021		26,590		26,590		-	4,924,051	0.54%
2020		25,198		25,198		-	4,845,805	0.52%
2019		23,602		23,602		-	4,538,900	0.52%
2018		22,119		22,119		-	4,253,586	0.52%
2017		21,369		21,369		-	4,109,386	0.52%
2016		18,064		18,064		-	3,763,252	0.48%
2015		17,152		17,152		-	3,573,335	0.48%
_								
-		School Board (		•			772 044	2.5.40/
2024	\$	4,179	\$	4,179	\$	- \$	773,844	0.54%
2023		2,853		2,853		-	528,311	0.54%
2022		2,744		2,744		-	508,121	0.54%
2021		2,493		2,493		-	461,603	0.54%
2020		3,588		3,588		-	690,059	0.52%
2019 2018		3,735		3,735		-	718,210	0.52%
2018		3,778 3,681		3,778 3,681		-	726,516 707,889	0.52% 0.52%
2017		3,165		3,165		-	659,462	0.48%
2015		3,103		3,103		-	640,217	0.48%
2013		3,073		3,073		-	040,217	0.40%
Component	t Unit	School Board (	pro	fessional)				
2024	\$	58,073	\$	58,073	\$	- \$	10,754,226	0.54%
2023		55,263		55,263		-	10,233,957	0.54%
2022		50,340		50,340		-	9,322,260	0.54%
2021		46,715		46,715		-	8,650,954	0.54%
2020		44,294		44,294		-	8,518,025	0.52%
2019		43,066		43,066		-	8,282,014	0.52%
2018		43,245		43,245		-	8,316,322	0.52%
2017		40,789		40,789		-	7,844,121	0.52%
2016		36,233		36,233		-	7,548,590	0.48%
2015		36,197		36,197		-	7,541,035	0.48%

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### **Teachers**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability	_							
Service cost	\$	1,747 \$	2,702 \$	2,241 \$	2,098 \$	1,816 \$	1,725 \$	1,170
Interest		3,280	2,775	2,664	2,572	2,764	2,850	2,857
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,089	(4,295)	(2,602)	(724)	(4,400)	-	-
Changes of assumptions		-	10,071	(650)	-	954	(2,990)	(1,959)
Benefit payments		(2,746)	(2,885)	(2,562)	(2,581)	(2,463)	(3,152)	(1,215)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	7,370 \$	8,368 \$	(909) \$	1,365 \$	(1,329) \$	(1,567) \$	853
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		48,216	39,848	40,757	39,392	40,721	42,288	41,435
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	55,586 \$	48,216 \$	39,848 \$	40,757 \$	39,392 \$	40,721 \$	42,288
	=							
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	1,076 \$	2,111 \$	1,914 \$	2,147 \$	1,826 \$	220 \$	212
Net investment income		3,760	94	13,245	1,022	3,055	3,326	4,984
Benefit payments		(2,746)	(2,885)	(2,562)	(2,581)	(2,463)	(3,152)	(1,215)
Administrator charges		(90)	(111)	(156)	(97)	(67)	(75)	(80)
Other		83	1,532	-	-	(3)	(256)	256
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,083 \$	741 \$	12,441 \$	491 \$	2,348 \$	63 \$	4,157
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		63,781	63,040	50,599	50,108	47,760	47,697	43,540
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	65,864 \$	63,781 \$	63,040 \$	50,599 \$	50,108 \$	47,760 \$	47,697
	=	-	-			-	-	
County's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(10,278) \$	(15,565) \$	(23,192) \$	(9,842) \$	(10,716) \$	(7,039) \$	(5,409)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
HIC OPEB liability (asset)		118.49%	132.28%	158.20%	124.15%	127.20%	117.29%	112.79%
Covered payroll	\$	1,793,131 \$	1,758,959 \$	1,594,979 \$	1,533,906 \$	1,304,373 \$	1,100,266 \$	1,058,674
County's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of								
covered payroll		-0.57%	-0.88%	-1.45%	-0.64%	-0.82%	-0.64%	-0.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in the School Board's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan School Board Nonprofessional

#### For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2020 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability	_				
Service cost	\$	372 \$	411 \$	434 \$	-
Interest		9,371	8,600	7,866	-
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	116,524
Differences between expected and actual experience		(109,379)	(3,716)	(1)	-
Changes of assumptions		-	8,476	3,341	-
Benefit payments		(2,322)	(2,322)	<u> </u>	-
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	(101,958) \$	11,449 \$	11,640 \$	116,524
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		139,613	128,164	116,524	-
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$_	37,655 \$	139,613 \$	128,164 \$	116,524
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	14,065 \$	5,733 \$	5,078 \$	-
Net investment income		950	(74)	645	-
Benefit payments		(2,322)	(2,322)	-	-
Administrator charges		(35)	(18)	(22)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	12,658 \$	3,319 \$	5,701 \$	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,020	5,701	<u>-</u>	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	21,678 \$	9,020 \$	5,701 \$	-
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	15,977 \$	130,593 \$	122,463 \$	116,524
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		F-7 F-70/	4.40/	4 450/	0.000/
HIC OPEB liability (asset)		57.57%	6.46%	4.45%	0.00%
Covered paymell	\$	E20 244 ¢	E00 121 ¢	4E7 E24 ¢	
Covered payroll	Ş	528,311 \$	508,121 \$	457,521 \$	-
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of					
covered payroll		3.02%	25.70%	26.77%	0.00%
covered payroll		J.UZ/0	23.70/0	20.77/0	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		ontractually Required ontribution (1)	· -	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gov	ernmer	nt:						
2024	\$	1,298	\$	1,298	\$	-	\$ 2,163,310	0.06%
2023		1,076		1,076		-	1,793,131	0.06%
2022		2,111		2,111		-	1,758,959	0.12%
2021		1,914		1,914		-	1,594,979	0.12%
2020		2,147		2,147		-	1,533,906	0.14%
2019		1,826		1,826		-	1,304,373	0.14%
2018		220		220		-	1,100,266	0.02%
2017		212		212		-	1,058,674	0.02%
2016		166		166		-	827,898	0.02%
2015		140		140		-	698,781	0.02%
Component l	Unit Sc	hool Board (N	lon	professional)				
2024	\$	21,745	\$	21,745	\$	-	\$ 773,844	2.81%
2023		14,846		14,846		-	528,311	2.81%
2022		5,640		5,640		-	508,121	1.11%
2021		5,078		5,078		-	457,521	1.11%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2021 valuation is not available for the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional). However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Primary Government For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
retirement healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit experience
	and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Component Unit School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (3)	·	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2023	0.10230%	\$ 1,238,917	\$	10,197,833	12.15%	17.90%
2022	0.09981%	1,246,673		9,302,600	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.09675%	1,241,853		8,556,626	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.09700%	1,265,381		8,503,803	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.09874%	1,292,602		8,282,014	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.10269%	1,303,000		8,304,933	<b>15.69</b> %	8.08%
2017	0.09939%	1,260,000		7,844,121	16.06%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$ 129,712	\$ 129,712	\$ -	\$ 10,719,990	1.21%
2023	123,394	123,394	-	10,197,833	1.21%
2022	112,561	112,561	-	9,302,600	1.21%
2021	103,535	103,535	-	8,556,626	1.21%
2020	102,046	102,046	-	8,503,803	1.20%
2019	99,384	99,384	-	8,282,014	1.20%
2018	102,151	102,151	-	8,304,933	1.23%
2017	87,070	87,070	-	7,844,121	1.11%
2016	79,562	79,562	-	7,505,844	1.06%
2015	79,762	79,762	-	7,524,739	1.06%

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	49,810 \$	28,781 \$	34,984 \$	42,905 \$	24,124 \$	17,929 \$	18,372
Interest		12,662	10,786	9,415	9,149	9,179	9,687	8,711
Changes of assumptions		(12,674)	2,565	(39,030)	1,737	136,262	7,199	(6,764)
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,620	-	(114,100)	-	(1,451)	-	-
Benefit payments		(24,469)	(17,455)	(15,165)	(32,671)	(37,556)	(20,663)	(16,271)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	26,949 \$	24,677 \$	(123,896) \$	21,120 \$	130,558 \$	14,152 \$	4,048
Total OPEB liability - beginning		309,225	284,548	408,444	387,324	256,766	242,614	238,566
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	336,174 \$	309,225 \$	284,548 \$	408,444 \$	387,324 \$	256,766 \$	242,614
	=							
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,329,100 \$	5,322,510 \$	5,322,510 \$	4,971,243 \$	4,860,234 \$	4,158,383 \$	4,158,383
County's total OPEB liability as a percentage of								
covered-employee payroll		5.31%	5.81%	5.35%	8.22%	7.97%	6.17%	5.83%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2018 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Valuation Date: 1/1/2024 Measurement Date: 6/30/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.93%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts 6.30% in 2024, then gradually declines to 3.90% for the year 2072 and later.
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate starts at a 5.35% salary increase for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% salary increase for 20 or more years of service.
	Pre-Retirement: MP-2020 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males setback 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Post-Retirement: MP-2020 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85. Post-Disablement: MP-2020 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020;
Mortality Rates	males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.





## COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



# County of Northumberland, Virginia County Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgete	d	Am	ounts		Actual		ariance with inal Budget - Positive
		Original			Final		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES		<u> </u>			<u></u>				(ivogativo)
Revenue from the use of money and proper	\$	-		\$	-	\$	243,657	\$	243,657
Total revenues	\$	-		\$	-	\$	243,657	\$	243,657
EXPENDITURES									
Capital projects	\$	-		\$	-	\$	1,101,187	\$	(1,101,187)
Debt service:									, , , , ,
Interest and other fiscal charges		-			-		136,312		(136,312)
Total expenditures	\$	-		\$	-	\$	1,237,499	\$	(1,237,499)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under	r)								
expenditures	<b>\$</b>	-		\$	-	\$	(993,842)	\$	(993,842)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	-		\$	-	\$	3,396	\$	3,396
Transfers out		-			(1,134,172)		(1,082,902)		51,270
Issuance of debt		-			-		5,000,000		5,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-		\$	(1,134,172)	\$	3,920,494	\$	5,054,666
Net change in fund balances	\$	_		Ś	(1,134,172)	ς	2,926,652	\$	4,060,824
Fund balances - beginning	4	_		4	1,134,172	4	2,506,505	4	1,372,333
Fund balances - ending	\$	-		\$	-	\$	5,433,157	\$	5,433,157

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2024

Lit	orary	Asse	ets	_				Sheriff's <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$	781	\$ 49,	552	\$	14,552	\$	50,547	\$ -	\$ 115,432
	-		-		-		-	27,257	27,257
	-		-		-		580	-	580
	-		-		10,345		-	-	10,345
\$	781	\$ 49,	552	\$	24,897	\$	51,127	\$ 27,257	\$ 153,614
\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,718	\$ 15,718
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,718	\$ 15,718
\$	781 781			\$	24,897	\$	51,127	\$ 11,539	\$ 137,896 \$ 137,896
	Lik <u>F</u>	\$ 781	\$ 781 \$ 49,  \$ 781 \$ 49,	Library Fund       Assets Fund         \$ 781       \$ 49,552         -       -         \$ 781       \$ 49,552         \$ -       \$ -         \$ -       \$ -         \$ 781       \$ 49,552	Library Fund         Assets Fund         Device Fund           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$	Library Fund       Assets Fund       Development Fund         \$ 781       \$ 49,552       \$ 14,552         -       -       -         -       -       10,345         \$ 781       \$ 49,552       \$ 24,897         \$ -       \$ -       \$ -         \$ 781       \$ 49,552       \$ 24,897	Library Fund         Assets Fund         Development Fund         S           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$ 14,552         \$	Library Fund         Assets Fund         Development Fund         Security Fund           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$ 14,552         \$ 50,547           -         -         -         -         580           -         -         -         -         -           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$ 24,897         \$ 51,127           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$ 24,897         \$ 51,127	Library Fund         Assets Fund         Development Fund         Security Fund         Sheriff's Fund           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$ 14,552         \$ 50,547         \$ - 27,257           -         -         -         -         27,257           -         -         -         580         -           -         -         10,345         -         -           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$ 24,897         \$ 51,127         \$ 27,257           \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 15,718           \$ -         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 15,718           \$ 781         \$ 49,552         \$ 24,897         \$ 51,127         \$ 11,539

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Lil	aw orary und	1	orfeited Assets <u>Fund</u>		Economic velopment <u>Fund</u>		urthouse ecurity <u>Fund</u>		neriff's <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	ċ		Ļ		\$	45	\$		Ļ		۲	45
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	þ	15	Ş	8,823	\$	-	\$	15 8,823
Charges for services Miscellaneous		-		780		-		0,023		12,758		13,538
Intergovernmental:		-		760		-		-		12,736		13,330
Commonwealth		_		859		-		-		_		859
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	1,639	\$	15	\$	8,823	\$	12,758	\$	23,235
EXPENDITURES Current:												
Public safety	Ś	_	\$	1,830	\$	-	Ś	_	\$	9,636	Ś	11,466
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,830	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,636	\$	11,466
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	(191)	\$	15	\$	8,823	\$	3,122	\$	11,769
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers out	\$	_	¢	(4,995)	¢	_	\$	(32,335)	¢	_	¢	(37,330)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	_	\$	(4,995)		-	\$	(32,335)			\$	(37,330)
			_	(F. 404)		4.5		(22.542)		2.422	_	(05.5(4))
Net change in fund balances	\$	704	\$	(5,186)	\$	15	\$	(23,512)	\$	3,122	\$	(25,561)
Fund balances - beginning	_	781	_	54,738	ć	24,882	Ċ	74,639	_	8,417	ć	163,457
Fund balances - ending	_ \$	781	\$	49,552	\$	24,897	\$	51,127	\$	11,539	\$	137,896

Public safety   Public safe			Lav	v Lib	rary F	und					Forf	eite	d Asset	s Fu	ınd		
REVENUES           Revenue from the use of money and property         \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ .							ctual	Fir	with nal Budget Positive		-			-	Actual	Fi	with nal Budget Positive
Revenue from the use of money and property \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$	REVENUES	OTIS	mat	<u></u>	iiiat		ctuai	7.	tegacive)	<u> </u>	igiliat		mut		Actual	7	Negative)
Charges for services         Commonwealth         Commo	1 - 1 - 1 1 -	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	S	_
Miscellaneous         Intergovernmental:         Commonwealth         Second or common was as a second or common was a second or common was as a secon		*	_	*	_	*	_	7	-	7	-	*	-	*	-	~	-
Commonwealth   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   859   859	•		-		-		-		-		-		-		780		780
Total revenues   S	Intergovernmental:																
EXPENDITURES Current:  Public safety \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,830 \$ (1,830) Total expenditures \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,830 \$ (1,830)  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,830 \$ (1,830)  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers out \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995) Total other financing sources and uses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)  Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (5,186) \$ (5,186) Fund balances - beginning 781 781 781 - 6,420 54,738 48,318	Commonwealth		-		-		-		-		-		-		859		859
Current:         Public safety       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,830 \$ (1,830)         Total expenditures       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,830 \$ (1,830)         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (191) \$ (191)         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers out       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)         Total other financing sources and uses       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)         Net change in fund balances       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,639	\$	1,639
Total expenditures \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,830 \$ (1,830) \$  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,830 \$ (1,830) \$  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers out \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (191) \$ (191) \$  Total other financing sources and uses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995) \$  Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (5,186) \$ (5,186) \$  Fund balances - beginning 781 781 - 6,420 54,738 48,318																	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	Public safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,830	\$	(1,830)
expenditures \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (191) \$ (191)  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Transfers out \$ 5 - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)  Total other financing sources and uses \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)  Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (5,186) \$ (5,186)  Fund balances - beginning 781 781 - 6,420 54,738 48,318	Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,830	\$	(1,830)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Transfers out       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)         Total other financing sources and uses       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)         Net change in fund balances       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (5,186) \$ (5,186)         Fund balances - beginning       - 781       781       - 6,420       54,738       48,318	, , ,	ć		¢		ċ		¢		¢		ć		¢	(101)	¢	(101)
Transfers out         \$         -         \$         <	expenditures	<del>-</del> >		Ş		Ş	-	Ş	-	Ş		Ş	-	Ş	(191)	þ	(191)
Total other financing sources and uses       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (4,995) \$ (4,995)         Net change in fund balances       \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (5,186) \$ (5,186)         Fund balances - beginning       - 781       781       - 6,420       54,738       48,318	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																
Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ (5,186) \$ (5,186) Fund balances - beginning - 781 781 - 6,420 54,738 48,318	Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,995)	\$	(4,995)
Fund balances - beginning 781 781 - 6,420 54,738 48,318	Total other financing sources and uses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(4,995)	\$	(4,995)
		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	- 781	\$	-	\$	6,420	\$	. , ,	\$	. , ,
	Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	781	\$	781	\$	-	\$	6,420	\$	49,552	\$	

 Econ	om	nic D	Developm	nen	t Fı	und	_		Co	ou	rtho	use Secur	ity	/ Fu	nd	
Budget <u>Original</u>	ed	Am	ounts <u>Final</u>		-	<u>Actual</u>	F	Variance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)	Budget Original	ec	d An	nounts <u>Final</u>			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	-	\$		_	\$	15	\$	15	\$		\$		-	\$	-	\$ -
	-			-		-		-	-				-		8,823	8,823
	-			-		-		-	-				-		-	-
	_			-		-		-	-				-		-	-
\$	-	\$		-	\$	15	\$	15	\$ -		\$		-	\$	8,823	\$ 8,823
\$	_	\$		_	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		-	\$	-	\$ -
\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		\$		-	\$	-	\$ -
\$	-	\$		-	\$	15	\$	15	\$ -		\$		-	\$	8,823	\$ 8,823
\$	-	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		\$		-	\$	(32,335)	\$ (32,335)
\$	-	\$		-	\$	=	\$	-	\$ -		\$		-	\$	(32,335)	\$ (32,335)
\$	-	\$		-	\$	15 24,882	\$	15 24,882	\$ -		\$		-	\$	(23,512) 74,639	\$ (23,512) 74,639
\$	-	\$		-	\$	24,897	\$	24,897	\$ -		\$		-	\$	51,127	\$ 51,127

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

Road

Improvement

**Bond** 

59,183

59,183

Special

<u>Welfare</u>

48,621

48,621

Cı	ustodia	lFι	ınds				
350 <u>Annive</u>			Tornado <u>Relief</u>	Fallen <u>Heroes</u>	_	inimal Shelter	<u>Total</u>
\$	104	\$	10,137	\$ 173	\$	77,240	\$ 195,458
\$	104	\$	10,137	\$ 173	\$	77,240	\$ 195,458

## **NET POSITION**Restricted for:

Cash and cash equivalents

Total assets

**ASSETS** 

stricted for:							
Individuals	\$ 48,621	\$ 59,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 107,804
Organizations	-	=	104	10,137	173	77,240	87,654
Total net position	\$ 48,621	\$ 59,183	\$ 104	\$ 10,137	\$ 173	\$ 77,240	\$ 195,458

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

					Custodia	ıl Fı	unds			
	Special Velfare	lm	Road provement Bond	Ar	350th nniversary		Tornado Relief	Fallen Heroes	Animal Shelter	Total
ADDITIONS										
Miscellaneous:										
Collections	\$ 32,165	\$	26,300	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 12,142	\$ 70,607
Investment earnings:										
Interest	 -		16		-		-	-	-	16
Total additions	\$ 32,165	\$	26,316	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 12,142	\$ 70,623
DEDUCTIONS										
Recipient payments	\$ 34,100	\$	29,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,700
Purchases for supplies	-		-		-		-	-	1,329	1,329
Total deductions	\$ 34,100	\$	29,600	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,329	\$ 65,029
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$ (1,935)	\$	(3,284)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 10,813	\$ 5,594
Net position, beginning	50,556		62,467		104		10,137	173	66,427	189,864
Net position, ending	\$ 48,621	\$	59,183	\$	104	\$	10,137	\$ 173	\$ 77,240	\$ 195,458



## DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



### County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet

### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		June 30								
		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	In	Health Isurance Recovery Fund	(	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	985,279	\$	160,267	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,145,546
Cash in custody of others		-		-		14,045		290,854		304,899
Due from other funds		-		-		262,369		-		262,369
Due from other governmental units	_	1,768,129		-		37,377		-		1,805,506
Total assets	\$	2,753,408	\$	160,267	\$	313,791	\$	290,854	\$	3,518,320
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	860,381	\$	-	\$	6,534	\$	-	\$	866,915
Accrued liabilities		986,063		-		14,162		-		1,000,225
Due to other funds		262,369		-		-		-		262,369
Due to component unit		559,145		-		-		-		559,145
Total liabilities	\$	2,667,958	\$	-	\$	20,696	\$	-	\$	2,688,654
FUND BALANCES										
Committed:										
School Operating Fund	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,000
School Cafeteria Fund		-		-		293,095		-		293,095
Restricted:										
Security equipment grant		83,450		-		-		-		83,450
Assigned:										
Health Insurance Recovery Fund		-		160,267		-		-		160,267
School Activity Fund	_	-		-		-		290,854		290,854
Total fund balances	\$	85,450		160,267	\$	293,095	\$	290,854	\$	829,666
Total liabilities and fund balances	Ş	2,753,408	\$	160,267	\$	313,791	\$	290,854	\$	3,518,320
Amounts reported for governmental activities	s in	the statemer	nt c	of net posi	tion	(Exhibit 1)	are	different be	caus	se:
Total fund balances per above									\$	829,666
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. The follow							just	ment:		
Capital assets, cost							Ċ	21,938,216		
Accumulated depreciation								(10,039,131)		11,899,085
·		_						(10,000)		, ,
Deferred outflows of resources are not availa		to pay for cu	ırre	ent-period	exp	penditures ai	nd,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	•						÷	2 ( 44 2(5		
Pension related items							\$	3,644,265		4 044 202
OPEB related items								397,028		4,041,293
Other long-term assets are not available to p therefore, are deferred in the funds.	ay f	or current-pe	erio	od expendi	iture	es and,				-
Long-term liabilities, including compensated	abse	ences, are no	ot d	lue and pa	ıyab	ole in the cur	ren	t		
period and, therefore, are not reported	in th	ne funds.								
Compensated absences							\$	(528,619)		
Lease liabilities								(264,744)		
Net pension liability							(	(10,998,376)		// <b>0 F5</b> / '-
Net OPEB liabilities								(1,802,741)		(13,594,480)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and	d pa	yable in the	cur	rent perio	d a	nd, therefor	e,			
are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items							\$	(1,302,326)		
are not reported in the funds.							\$	(1,302,326) (261,422)		(1,563,748)

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES	School Operating <u>Fund</u>	Health Insurance Recovery <u>Fund</u>	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	. \$ -	\$ 7	\$	_	ς	7
Charges for services	<b>,</b>		21,115	٠	_	Ļ	21,115
Miscellaneous	161,760	) -	1,596		304,031		467,387
Recovered costs	98,850	) -	-		-		98,850
Intergovernmental:							
Local government	15,080,095		-		-		15,080,095
Commonwealth	6,528,083		12,289		-		6,540,372
Federal	2,953,013		887,503		-		3,840,516
Total revenues	\$ 24,821,801	\$ -	\$ 922,510	\$	304,031	\$	26,048,342
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$ 24,525,355		\$ 906,780	\$	317,275	\$	25,749,410
Capital projects	374,093	-	-		-		374,093
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	76,560		-		-		76,560
Interest and other fiscal charges	8,907		- - -		- 247 275	_	8,907
Total expenditures	\$ 24,984,915	i \$ -	\$ 906,780	\$	317,275	\$	26,208,970
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$ (163,114	1) \$ -	\$ 15,730	\$	(13,244)	\$	(160,628)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of lease	\$ 246,564	<b>;</b>	\$ -	\$	-		246,564
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 246,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	246,564
Net change in fund balances	\$ 83,450	) \$ -	\$ 15,730	Ś	(13,244)	¢	85,936
Fund balances - beginning	2,000		277,365	Y	304,098	Ÿ	743,730
Fund balances - ending	\$ 85,450		\$ 293,095	\$	290,854	\$	829,666
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activit	ies (Fyhihit 2) are	different hec	anse.				
	ies (Exhibit 2) are	different bee	ause.				0= 00/
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above						\$	85,936
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated uses depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay depreciation in the current period. The following is a summary of it adjustment:  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense  Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit	useful lives and rep ys exceeded eems supporting th	is			2,506,407 (1,724,909) 1,440,415	\$ \$ ) \$ \$ \$	2,221,913
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides currer governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transany effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supprincipal retired on lease liabilities Proceeds from issuance of lease	erm obligations con saction, however,	nsumes has		\$	76,560 (246,564)	_	(170,004)
Special contributions received from the Commonwealth for the teacher or reported in the governmental funds	cost sharing pool a	re not					151,763
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures  Decrease (increase) in compensated absences  Change in pension related items  Change in OPEB related items		unds:		\$	11,784 784,206 115,417		911,407

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				School Ope	rati	ing Fund		
	_	Budgeted Original	l An	nounts <u>Final</u>	•	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES	,	2 000	ċ	2 000	,		٠	(2,000)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	-	\$	(2,000)
Miscellaneous		27,050		246,746		161,760		(84,986)
Recovered costs		47,000		47,000		98,850		51,850
Intergovernmental:  Local government		13,964,722		13,976,387		15,080,095		1,103,708
Commonwealth		6,548,608		6,930,989		6,528,083		(402,906)
Federal		1,064,335		2,573,054		2,953,013		379,959
Total revenues	-	21,653,715	5	23,776,176	Ċ	24,821,801	Ś	1,045,625
Total revenues	<del>-</del>	21,033,713	ڔ	23,770,170	ڔ	24,021,001	ڔ	1,045,025
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	21,279,622	\$	24,782,819	\$	24,525,355	\$	257,464
Capital projects		374,093		374,093		374,093		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		76,560		(76,560)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		8,907		(8,907)
Total expenditures	\$	21,653,715	\$	25,156,912	\$	24,984,915	\$	171,997
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(1,380,736)	\$	(163,114)	\$	1,217,622
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	1,134,172	\$	_	\$	(1,134,172)
Issuance of lease	·	_	•	246,564	·	246,564	·	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	1,380,736	\$	246,564	\$	(1,134,172)
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	_	\$	83,450	\$	83,450
Fund balances - beginning	7	_	Ţ	-	Ţ	2,000	Y	2,000
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,450	\$	85,450

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				School Cafe	eter	ia Fund		
		Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts <u>Final</u>	_	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	160	\$	160	\$	7	\$	(153)
Charges for services		16,500		16,500		21,115		4,615
Miscellaneous		11,453		11,453		1,596		(9,857)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		13,275		13,275		12,289		(986)
Federal		613,293		647,296		887,503		240,207
Total revenues	\$	654,681	\$	688,684	\$	922,510	\$	233,826
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	654,681	\$	1,176,269	\$	906,780	\$	269,489
Total expenditures	\$	654,681	\$	1,176,269	\$	906,780	\$	269,489
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(487,585)	\$	15,730	\$	503,315
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(487,585)	\$	15,730	\$	503,315
Fund balances - beginning	•	-		487,585		277,365	-	(210,220)
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	293,095	\$	293,095





Personal property taxes	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>		Fi	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenue from local sources:   General property taxes:	General Fund:								
Real property taxes         \$ 17,045,077         \$ 17,245,077         \$ 17,297,124         \$ 252,057           Real and personal public service corporation taxes         332,371         332,371         332,371         332,371         332,371         35,5138           Personal property taxes         3,960,000         3,960,000         3,960,000         3,949,933         (365,047)           Mobile home taxes         29,890         29,890         21,319         2,102           Machants capital taxes         266,400         266,400         201,838         (46,502)           Merchants capital taxes         45,000         45,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         187,148         \$ 1,285,012           Total general property taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,248,000         \$ 2,240,138         \$ 2,273,607         \$ (128,531)           Obstace taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,248,000         \$ 3,600         360,168         \$ (18,23)           Obstace taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,248,000         \$ 1,448,80         \$ 1,29,79									
Real property taxes         \$ 17,045,077         \$ 17,245,077         \$ 17,297,124         \$ 252,057           Real and personal public service corporation taxes         332,371         332,371         332,371         332,371         332,371         35,5138           Personal property taxes         3,960,000         3,960,000         3,960,000         3,949,933         (365,047)           Mobile home taxes         29,890         29,890         21,319         2,102           Machants capital taxes         266,400         266,400         201,838         (46,502)           Merchants capital taxes         45,000         45,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         187,148         \$ 1,285,012           Total general property taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,248,000         \$ 2,240,138         \$ 2,273,607         \$ (128,531)           Obstace taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,248,000         \$ 3,600         360,168         \$ (18,23)           Obstace taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,248,000         \$ 1,448,80         \$ 1,29,79	General property taxes:								
Real and personal public service corporation taxes         332,371         332,371         277,273         (55,138)           Custom house boat taxes         3,960,000         3,960,000         3,504,093         3,594,953         (365,047)           Mobile home taxes         29,890         29,890         29,890         20,102         A,618           Machinery and tools taxes         266,400         266,400         201,838         (46,552)           Merchant's capital taxes         45,000         45,000         52,012         7,012           Penalties         130,000         130,000         187,106         57,102         7,012           Penalties         130,000         150,000         108,281         33,281         7           Total general property taxes         \$2,2402,138         \$2,2402,138         \$2,22,73,607         \$ (128,531)           Other local taxes         \$1,285,062         \$1,285,062         \$1,414,858         \$129,796           Consumers' utility taxes         420,000         400,000         368,168         61,832)           Consumers' utility taxes         420,000         400,000         368,168         61,832)           Consumption tax         46,000         400,000         57,981         11,98		\$	17,045,077	\$ 17,045,077	\$	17,297,134	\$	252,057	
Custom house boat taxes			332,371	332,371				(55,138)	
Mobile home taxes         29,890         31,992         2,102           Machinery and tools taxes         266,400         29,890         31,992         2,102           Merchant's capital taxes         45,000         45,000         52,012         7,012           Penalties         130,000         130,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         180,281         3,316           Total general property taxes         522,402,138         522,202,138         522,273,607         5 (128,531)           Other local taxes:           Consumers utility taxes         420,000         420,000         368,168         (51,832)           Consumption tax         46,000         46,000         368,168         (51,832)           Cigarette tax         46,000         46,000         37,676         30,616           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         337,676         37,676           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         337,676         37,676           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         327,432         52,497           Total other local taxes         25,000         250,000         227,493	Personal property taxes		3,960,000	3,960,000		3,594,953		(365,047)	
Machinery and tools taxes         266,400         201,838         (64,502)           Merchant's capital taxes         45,000         45,000         52,012         7,012           Penalties         130,000         130,000         187,146         57,146           Interest         75,000         75,000         108,281         33,281           Total general property taxes         \$22,402,138         \$22,202,338         \$22,273,607         \$128,531           Other local taxes:           Local sales and use taxes         \$1,285,062         \$1,285,062         \$1,414,858         \$129,796           Consumer's utility taxes         420,000         46,000         57,981         11,981           Consumption tax         46,000         46,000         57,981         11,981           Cisperctic tax         6         6         80,260         80,260           Short-term rentals         380,000         380,000         375,981         11,981           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         207,453         22,242,247           Bank stock taxes         365,965         305,965         317,517         (48,448)           Taxes on recordation and wills         25,000         25,947         2,901,318         1	Custom house boat taxes		518,400	518,400		523,018		4,618	
Merchant's capital taxes         45,000         45,000         52,012         7,012           Penalties         130,000         130,000         187,146         57,146           Total general property taxes         5 22,402,138         5 22,402,138         5 22,273,607         5 (128,531)           Other local taxes:         Local sales and use taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,414,858         \$ 129,796           Consumption tax         420,000         46,000         368,168         (51,832)           Cigarette tax         46,000         46,000         368,168         (51,832)           Short-term rentals         3 0,000         380,000         337,676         37,676           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         30,404         20,405           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,405)           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,405)           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,405)           Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,433         (22,547)           Total other local taxes:         \$ 15,000         \$ 15	Mobile home taxes		29,890	29,890		31,992		2,102	
Penalties	Machinery and tools taxes		266,400	266,400		201,838		(64,562)	
Interest	Merchant's capital taxes		45,000	45,000		52,012		7,012	
Total general property taxes	Penalties		130,000	130,000		187,146		57,146	
Other local taxes:         Cocal sales and use taxes         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,285,062         \$ 1,414,858         \$ 129,796           Consumers' utility taxes         420,000         420,000         368,168         (51,832)           Consumption tax         46,000         46,000         57,981         11,981           Cigarette tax         37,676         37,676         37,676           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         400,405         20,405           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,48)           Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,453         (22,547)           Total other local taxes         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 2,904,318         \$ 157,291           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 40,497         \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         \$ 106,800         \$ 106,800         \$ 16,240           Transfer fees         \$ 106,800         \$ 107,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 124,800         \$ 227,282         \$ 102,482           Fines and forfeitures:         \$ 25,000 <td< td=""><td>Interest</td><td></td><td>75,000</td><td>75,000</td><td></td><td>108,281</td><td></td><td>33,281</td></td<>	Interest		75,000	75,000		108,281		33,281	
Cocal sales and use taxes	Total general property taxes	\$	22,402,138	\$ 22,402,138	\$	22,273,607	\$	(128,531)	
Consumer's utility taxes         420,000         420,000         368,168         (51,832)           Consumption tax         46,000         46,000         57,981         11,981           Cigarette tax         -         -         80,260         80,260           Short-term rentals         -         -         37,676         37,676           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         400,405         20,405           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,488)           Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,453         (22,547)           Total other local taxes         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         290,4318         \$ 157,291           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:           Animal licenses         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 40,497         \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         2,000         2,000         18,240         16,240           Transfer fees         1,000         1,000         1,114         114           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 124,800         \$ 124,800         \$ 227,282         \$ 102,482           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory li	Other local taxes:								
Consumption tax         46,000         46,000         57,981         11,981           Cigarette tax         -         -         80,260         80,260           Short-term rentals         -         -         37,676         37,676           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         400,405         20,405           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,448)           Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,453         (22,547)           Total other local taxes         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,904,318         \$ 157,291           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:           Animal licenses         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 40,497         \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         \$ 10,000         \$ 10,000         1,010         1,111         114           Permits and other licenses         \$ 106,800         \$ 106,800         \$ 167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money         \$ 20,000         \$ 20,000         \$ 20,000         \$ 20,000 <t< td=""><td>Local sales and use taxes</td><td>\$</td><td>1,285,062</td><td>\$ 1,285,062</td><td>\$</td><td>1,414,858</td><td>\$</td><td>129,796</td></t<>	Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,285,062	\$ 1,285,062	\$	1,414,858	\$	129,796	
Cigarette tax	Consumers' utility taxes		420,000	420,000		368,168		(51,832)	
Short-term rentals         380,000         37,676         37,676           Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         400,405         20,405           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,448)           Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,453         (22,547)           Total other local taxes         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,904,318         \$ 15,7291           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:           Animal licenses         \$ 15,000         \$ 40,497         \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         2,000         2,000         18,240         16,240           Transfer fees         1,000         1,000         1,114         114           Permits and other licenses         106,800         106,800         167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ 04,476           Fines and forfeitures:         Court fines and forfeitures:           Court fines and forfeitures:         \$ 25,000         \$ 90,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of money and property: <td col<="" td=""><td>Consumption tax</td><td></td><td>46,000</td><td>46,000</td><td></td><td>57,981</td><td></td><td>11,981</td></td>	<td>Consumption tax</td> <td></td> <td>46,000</td> <td>46,000</td> <td></td> <td>57,981</td> <td></td> <td>11,981</td>	Consumption tax		46,000	46,000		57,981		11,981
Motor vehicle licenses         380,000         380,000         400,405         20,405           Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,448)           Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,453         (22,547)           Total other local taxes         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,904,318         \$ 157,291           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:           Animal licenses         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 40,497         \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         2,000         2,000         18,240         16,240           Transfer fees         1,000         1,000         1,114         114           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         106,800         106,800         167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 124,800         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ 40,716           Revenue from use of money and property:           Revenue from use of money and property:         \$ 90,000         \$ 90,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of money and property         100,000         100,000         90,901         (9,099)	Cigarette tax		-	-		80,260		80,260	
Bank stock taxes         365,965         365,965         317,517         (48,448)           Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,453         (22,547)           Total other local taxes         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,904,318         \$ 157,291           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:           Animal licenses         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 40,497         \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         2,000         2,000         1,000         1,114         114           Permits and other licenses         106,800         106,800         167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ 102,482           Fines and forfeitures:           Court fines and forfeitures         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money and property:         \$ 25,000         \$ 90,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of money and property         100,000         100,000         90,901         (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         100,000         190,300         \$ 670,182         \$ 488	Short-term rentals		-	-		37,676		37,676	
Taxes on recordation and wills         250,000         250,000         227,453         (22,547)           Total other local taxes         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,747,027         \$ 2,904,318         \$ 157,291           Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:           Animal licenses         \$ 15,000         \$ 15,000         \$ 40,497         \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         2,000         2,000         18,240         16,240           Transfer fees         1,000         1,000         1,114         114           Permits and other licenses         106,800         106,800         167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ (4,716)           Fines and forfeitures:           Court fines and forfeitures         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money and property:         \$ 90,000         \$ 90,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of money and property         100,000         100,000         90,901         9,909           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000         \$ 190,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981	Motor vehicle licenses		380,000	380,000		400,405		20,405	
Total other local taxes	Bank stock taxes		365,965	365,965		317,517		(48,448)	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:   Animal licenses   \$ 15,000   \$ 15,000   \$ 40,497   \$ 25,497     Land use application fees   2,000   2,000   18,240   16,240     Transfer fees   1,000   1,000   1,114   114     Permits and other licenses   106,800   106,800   167,431   60,631     Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses   \$ 124,800   \$ 124,800   \$ 227,282   \$ 102,482     Fines and forfeitures:                   Court fines and forfeitures   \$ 25,000   \$ 25,000   \$ 20,284   \$ (4,716)     Revenue from use of money and property:	Taxes on recordation and wills		250,000	250,000		227,453		(22,547)	
Animal licenses         \$ 15,000 \$ 15,000 \$ 40,497 \$ 25,497           Land use application fees         2,000 2,000 18,240 16,240           Transfer fees         1,000 1,000 1,000 1,114 114           Permits and other licenses         106,800 106,800 2 227,282 \$ 102,482           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 124,800 \$ 124,800 \$ 227,282 \$ 102,482           Fines and forfeitures:         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 20,284 \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money and property:         \$ 90,000 \$ 90,300 \$ 579,281 \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of money and property         100,000 100,000 90,901 (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000 \$ 190,300 \$ 670,182 \$ 479,882           Charges for services:         \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 570,182 \$ 479,882           Charges for Services:         \$ 500 \$ 500 \$ 515 \$ 15           Court costs         \$ 500 \$ 500 \$ 515 \$ 15           Courtbouses maintenance fees         2,000 \$ 200 \$ 1,521 \$ (479)           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         90 900 \$ 653 \$ (247)           Charges for EMS         270,000 \$ 270,000 \$ 284,073 \$ 14,073           Other charges         1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 181 \$ (1,319)	Total other local taxes	\$	2,747,027	\$ 2,747,027	\$	2,904,318	\$	157,291	
Land use application fees         2,000         2,000         18,240         16,240           Transfer fees         1,000         1,000         1,114         114           Permits and other licenses         106,800         106,800         167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 124,800         \$ 124,800         \$ 227,282         \$ 102,482           Fines and forfeitures:           Court fines and forfeitures         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money and property:           Revenue from use of money         \$ 90,000         \$ 90,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of property         100,000         100,000         90,901         (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000         \$ 190,300         \$ 670,182         \$ 479,882           Charges for services:           Sheriff's fees         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$ 539         \$	Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Transfer fees         1,000         1,000         1,114         114           Permits and other licenses         106,800         106,800         167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 124,800         \$ 124,800         \$ 227,282         \$ 102,482           Fines and forfeitures:           Court fines and forfeitures         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money and property:           Revenue from use of money and property         \$ 90,000         \$ 90,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of property         100,000         100,000         90,901         (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000         190,300         \$ 670,182         \$ 479,882           Charges for services:           Sheriff's fees         \$ 539	Animal licenses	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000	\$	40,497	\$	25,497	
Permits and other licenses         100,800         106,800         167,431         60,631           Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses         \$ 124,800         \$ 124,800         \$ 227,282         \$ 102,482           Fines and forfeitures:           Court fines and forfeitures         \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000         \$ 20,284         \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money and property:           Revenue from use of money         \$ 90,000         \$ 90,300         \$ 579,281         \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of property         100,000         100,000         90,901         (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000         \$ 190,300         \$ 670,182         \$ 479,882           Charges for services:           Sheriff's fees         \$ 539 <td>Land use application fees</td> <td></td> <td>2,000</td> <td>2,000</td> <td></td> <td>18,240</td> <td></td> <td>16,240</td>	Land use application fees		2,000	2,000		18,240		16,240	
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses   \$ 124,800   \$ 124,800   \$ 227,282   \$ 102,482	Transfer fees		1,000	1,000		1,114		114	
Fines and forfeitures:  Court fines and forfeitures  \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 20,284 \$ (4,716)  Revenue from use of money and property:  Revenue from use of money  Revenue from use of property  Total revenue from use of money and property  Total revenue from use of money and property  S 190,000 \$ 100,000 90,901 (9,099)  Total revenue from use of money and property  S 190,000 \$ 190,300 \$ 670,182 \$ 479,882  Charges for services:  Sheriff's fees  S 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539  Court costs  Court costs  Court costs  Courthouses maintenance fees  2,000 2,000 1,521 (479)  Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney  900 900 653 (247)  Charges for other protection  9,150 9,150 1,551 (7,599)  Charges for EMS  270,000 270,000 284,073 14,073  Other charges  1,500 1,500 181 (1,319)	Permits and other licenses		106,800	106,800		167,431			
Court fines and forfeitures         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 20,284 \$ (4,716)           Revenue from use of money and property:         S 90,000 \$ 90,300 \$ 579,281 \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of money and property         100,000 100,000 90,901 (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000 \$ 190,300 \$ 670,182 \$ 479,882           Charges for services:         Sheriff's fees         \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ - 600           Court costs         500 500 500 515 15         15           Courthouses maintenance fees         2,000 2,000 1,521 (479)         (479)           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         900 900 653 (247)         (247)           Charges for other protection         9,150 9,150 1,551 (7,599)         (7,599)           Charges for EMS         270,000 270,000 284,073 14,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500 1,500 181 (1,319)	Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	124,800	\$ 124,800	\$	227,282	\$	102,482	
Revenue from use of money and property:         Revenue from use of money       \$ 90,000 \$ 90,300 \$ 579,281 \$ 488,981         Revenue from use of property       100,000 100,000 90,901 (9,099)         Total revenue from use of money and property       \$ 190,000 \$ 190,300 \$ 670,182 \$ 479,882         Charges for services:       Sheriff's fees       \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ -         Court costs       500 500 500 515 15       15         Courthouses maintenance fees       2,000 2,000 1,521 (479)         Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney       900 900 653 (247)         Charges for EMS       270,000 270,000 284,073 14,073         Other charges       1,500 1,500 181 (1,319)	Fines and forfeitures:								
Revenue from use of money         \$ 90,000 \$ 90,300 \$ 579,281 \$ 488,981           Revenue from use of property         100,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 90,901 \$ (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000 \$ 190,300 \$ 670,182 \$ 479,882           Charges for services:         \$ 190,000 \$ 190,300 \$ 500 \$ 500,182 \$ 179,882           Sheriff's fees         \$ 539 \$	Court fines and forfeitures	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000	\$	20,284	\$	(4,716)	
Revenue from use of property         100,000         100,000         90,901         (9,099)           Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000         \$ 190,300         \$ 670,182         \$ 479,882           Charges for services:         \$ 539 <t< td=""><td>Revenue from use of money and property:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Revenue from use of money and property:								
Total revenue from use of money and property         \$ 190,000 \$ 190,300 \$ 670,182 \$ 479,882           Charges for services:         Sheriff's fees         \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ -           Court costs         500 500 515 15         15           Courthouses maintenance fees         2,000 2,000 1,521 (479)         (479)           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         900 900 653 (247)         (247)           Charges for other protection         9,150 9,150 1,551 (7,599)         (7,599)           Charges for EMS         270,000 270,000 284,073 14,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500 1,500 181 (1,319)	Revenue from use of money	\$	90,000	\$ 90,300	\$	579,281	\$	488,981	
Charges for services:         Sheriff's fees       \$ 539 \$ 539 \$ 539 \$         Court costs       500 500 515 15         Courthouses maintenance fees       2,000 2,000 1,521 (479)         Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney       900 900 653 (247)         Charges for other protection       9,150 9,150 1,551 (7,599)         Charges for EMS       270,000 270,000 284,073 14,073         Other charges       1,500 1,500 181 (1,319)	Revenue from use of property		100,000	100,000		90,901		(9,099)	
Sheriff's fees         \$         539         \$         539         \$         539         \$         -           Court costs         500         500         515         15           Courthouses maintenance fees         2,000         2,000         1,521         (479)           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         900         900         653         (247)           Charges for other protection         9,150         9,150         1,551         (7,599)           Charges for EMS         270,000         270,000         284,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500         1,500         181         (1,319)	Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	190,000	\$ 190,300	\$	670,182	\$	479,882	
Sheriff's fees         \$         539         \$         539         \$         539         \$         -           Court costs         500         500         515         15           Courthouses maintenance fees         2,000         2,000         1,521         (479)           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         900         900         653         (247)           Charges for other protection         9,150         9,150         1,551         (7,599)           Charges for EMS         270,000         270,000         284,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500         1,500         181         (1,319)	Charges for services:								
Court costs         500         500         515         15           Courthouses maintenance fees         2,000         2,000         1,521         (479)           Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         900         900         653         (247)           Charges for other protection         9,150         9,150         1,551         (7,599)           Charges for EMS         270,000         270,000         284,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500         1,500         181         (1,319)	Sheriff's fees	\$	539	\$ 539	\$	539	\$	-	
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney         900         900         653         (247)           Charges for other protection         9,150         9,150         1,551         (7,599)           Charges for EMS         270,000         270,000         284,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500         1,500         181         (1,319)	Court costs		500	500		515		15	
Charges for other protection         9,150         9,150         1,551         (7,599)           Charges for EMS         270,000         270,000         284,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500         1,500         181         (1,319)	Courthouses maintenance fees		2,000	2,000		1,521		(479)	
Charges for EMS         270,000         270,000         284,073         14,073           Other charges         1,500         1,500         181         (1,319)	Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		900	900		653		(247)	
Other charges 1,500 1,500 181 (1,319)	Charges for other protection		9,150	9,150		1,551		(7,599)	
	Charges for EMS		270,000	270,000		284,073		14,073	
Total charges for services \$ 284,589 \$ 284,589 \$ 289,033 \$ 4,444			1,500	1,500		181		(1,319)	
	Total charges for services	\$	284,589	\$ 284,589	\$	289,033	\$	4,444	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)									
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)									
Miscellaneous:									
Miscellaneous	\$	316,662	\$	317,506	\$	295,374	\$	(22,132)	
Recovered costs:									
Judge reimbursement	\$	64,854	\$	64,854	\$	64,024	\$	(830)	
Game reimbursements		· -		· -		4,349		4,349	
DMV License Agent fee		30,000		30,000		24,704		(5,296)	
School resource officer		25,000		25,000		25,000		-	
Multi-Jurisdictional Task Force		4,800		4,800		4,800		-	
Total recovered costs	\$	124,654	\$	124,654	\$	122,877	\$	(1,777)	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	26,214,870	\$	26,216,014	\$	26,802,957	\$	586,943	
Intergovernmentals									
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Noncategorical aid:									
Communications tax	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	249,341	\$	(659)	
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	Ţ	230,000	٧	230,000	7	5	ų	5	
Mobile home titling tax		15,000		15,000		58,613		43,613	
Recordation and grantors tax		75,000		75,000		84,127		9,127	
Personal property tax relief funds		930,000		930,000		907,921		(22,079)	
Auto rental tax		-		-		1,242		1,242	
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,270,000	\$	1,270,000	\$	1,301,249	\$	31,249	
Categorical aid:									
Shared expenses:									
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	257,819	\$	257,819	\$	276,516	\$	18,697	
Sheriff		903,895		903,895		995,516		91,621	
Commissioner of revenue		137,931		137,931		142,558		4,627	
Treasurer		135,937		135,937		156,280		20,343	
Registrar/electoral board		66,000		66,000		82,433		16,433	
Clerk of the Circuit Court		302,199		302,199		324,318		22,119	
Total shared expenses	\$	1,803,781	\$	1,803,781	\$	1,977,621	\$	173,840	
Other categorical aid:									
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	354,725	\$	354,725	\$	380,396	\$	25,671	
Animal friendly plates		-		-		244		244	
Victim witness program		28,000		28,000		21,893		(6,107)	
Clerk's records grant		-		-		28,154		28,154	
EMS - Four for life		12,000		12,000		16,884		4,884	
Children's services act		22,384		22,384		258,694		236,310	
Fire programs fund		40,000		92,976		52,976		(40,000)	
Coastal lands management grant		-		415,423		415,424		1	
Litter		-		5,766		5,766		-	
Rescue squad		-		2,800		2,800		-	
Opioid settlement		-		40,953		33,852		(7,101)	
E911 wireless grant		44 000		14 000		52,563		52,563	
Other grants		11,000		11,000		208		(10,792)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) Categorical aid: (Continued)							
Other categorical aid: (Continued)  Total other categorical aid	\$ 468,109	\$	986,027	\$	1,269,854	\$	283,827
Total categorical aid	\$ 2,271,890	\$	2,789,808	\$	3,247,475	\$	457,667
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 3,541,890	\$	4,059,808	\$	4,548,724	\$	488,916
Revenue from the federal government:  Categorical aid:							
Public assistance and welfare administration American Recue Plan Act Emergency management	\$ 950,000	\$	950,000 1,704,966 7,500	\$	951,662 1,114,174 7,500	\$	1,662 (590,792)
Victim witness program	 -		-		48,101		48,101
Total categorical aid	\$ 950,000	\$	2,662,466	\$	2,121,437	\$	(541,029)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 950,000	\$	2,662,466	\$	2,121,437	\$	(541,029)
Total General Fund	\$ 30,706,760	\$	32,938,288	\$	33,473,118	\$	534,830
Special Revenue Funds: Forfeited Assets Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:							
Other miscellaneous	\$ -	\$	-	\$	780	\$	780
Total miscellaneous	\$ -	\$	-	\$	780	\$	780
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:							
Forfeited assets	\$ -	\$	-	\$	859	\$	859
Total categorical aid	 -	•	-		859	•	859
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ -	\$	-	\$	859	\$	859
Total Forfeited Assets Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,639	\$	1,639

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u> <u>I</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
Economic Development Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	\$	15
Total Economic Development Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	\$	15
Courthouse Security Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Charges for services:								
Courthouse security fees	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,823	\$	8,823
Total Courthouse Security Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,823	\$	8,823
Sheriff's Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Miscellaneous:								
Contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,758	\$	12,758
Total Sheriff's Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,758	\$	12,758
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	_	\$	-	\$	243,657	\$	243,657
Total County Capital Projects Fund	<u> </u>	_	\$		\$	243,657	\$	243,657
Total Primary Government	<u>*</u> \$	30,706,760		32,938,288	\$		\$	801,722
•		30,700,700		32,733,233				001,722
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	<b>,</b>	2 000	÷	2 000	÷		ċ	(2,000)
Revenue from the use of property	\$ \$	2,000	\$ \$	2,000	\$ \$	-	\$	(2,000)
Total revenue from use of money and property	<u> </u>	2,000	Ş	2,000	Ş		Ş	(2,000)
Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous	\$	27,050	\$	246,746	\$	161,760	\$	(84,986)
Recovered costs:								
Medicaid reimbursements	\$	21,000	\$	21,000	\$	56,868	\$	35,868
Other recovered costs	•	26,000	,	26,000	,	41,982		15,982
Total recovered costs	\$	47,000	\$	47,000	\$	98,850	\$	51,850
Total revenue from local sources	\$	76,050	\$	295,746	\$	260,610	\$	(35,136)
Intergovernmental:				*		*		
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Northumberland, Virginia	\$	13,964,722	\$	13,976,387	\$	15,080,095	\$	1,103,708

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	•			Final Budget				Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued)										
Revenue from the Commonwealth:										
Categorical aid:										
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,661,056	\$	1,661,056	\$	1,588,481	\$	(72,575)		
Basic school aid		2,238,676		2,238,676		2,133,851		(104,825)		
ALL-in VA		-		273,368		273,368		(42 530)		
At risk 4 year olds - preschool		146,283		146,283		133,744		(12,539)		
At risk payments		335,490		335,490		325,852		(9,638)		
Digital mapping grant	- 24 022		-		5,726		5,726			
Early reading intervention		26,033		26,033		16,978		(9,055)		
English as a second language		13,369		13,369		15,673		2,304		
GED funding		8,203		8,203		8,173		(30)		
Gifted and talented		19,855		19,855		18,885		(970)		
Hold harmless		93,642		93,642		93,642		- 7 F07		
Homebound		-		-		7,597		7,597		
Industry certification		- 02		- 02		580		580		
Mentor teacher program		82		82		1,026		944		
National board certification bonus		-		22 500		5,000		5,000		
Positive behavior intervention		100 055		22,500		22,500		(026)		
Primary class size		108,955		108,955 3,296		108,019		(936)		
Project Graduation Remedial education		3,296 86,867				3,296		(4.244)		
		•		86,867		82,623		(4,244)		
Remedial summer education		19,105 425,472		19,105		5,307		(13,798)		
School gringes		423,472		425,472 84,000		403,672		(21,800)		
School security equipment		-		84,000		83,450		(550)		
Security grant		275,493		275 402		12,413 262,033		12,413		
Special education				275,493				(13,460)		
Supplemental IDDA		200,000		200,000		200,000		(12 020)		
Supplemental PPA Standards of Learning algebra readiness		248,067 11,482		248,067 11,482		235,229 10,300		(12,838)		
Teacher to student ratio		11,402		11,402		12,539		(1,182) 12,539		
Textbook payment		46,937		46,937		44,643		(2,294)		
Technology VPSA		128,000		128,000		44,043		(128,000)		
Vocational education		128,900		128,900		87,790		(41,121)		
Compensation supplement		323,334		323,334		319,195		(4,139)		
VA workplace readiness skills		323,334		323,334		160		160		
Vision screening				2,513		2,513		100		
Virtual VA tuition		_		2,313		3,825		3,825		
Total categorical aid	\$	6,548,608	\$	6,930,989	\$	6,528,083	\$	(402,906)		
•										
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	6,548,608	\$	6,930,989	\$	6,528,083	\$	(402,906)		
Revenue from the federal government:										
Categorical aid:										
Title I	\$	490,245	\$	490,245	\$	594,675	\$	104,430		
Vocational education		35,399		35,399		31,102		(4,297)		
Title IV		37,748		37,748		53,563		15,815		
Title VIB		320,602		320,602		312,044		(8,558)		
Preschool		7,722		7,722		7,839		117		
Title II Part A		67,692		67,692	67,692 64,			(3,328)		
JROTC grant		71,969		71,969		34,579		(37,390)		
ESSER		-		1,508,719		1,800,651		291,932		
Title VI - rural education		32,958		32,958		54,196		21,238		
Total categorical aid	\$	1,064,335	\$	2,573,054	\$	2,953,013	\$	379,959		
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,064,335	\$	2,573,054	\$	2,953,013	\$	379,959		
Total School Operating Fund	\$	21,653,715	\$	23,776,176	\$	24,821,801	\$	1,045,625		
Total school operating Land	<u>ر</u>	21,000,710	7	23,770,170	7	2 1,02 1,001	7	1,073,023		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>		ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	160	\$	160	\$	7	\$	(153)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	160	\$	160	\$	7	\$	(153)
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	16,500	\$	16,500	\$	21,115	\$	4,615
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	11,453	\$	11,453	\$	1,596	\$	(9,857)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	28,113	\$	28,113	\$	22,718	\$	(5,395)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:								
School food program	\$	13,275	\$	13,275	\$	12,289	\$	(986)
Revenue from the federal government:  Categorical aid:								
Commodities	\$		\$	34,003	\$	,	\$	-
School nutrition program	_	613,293		613,293		853,500		240,207
Total categorical aid	\$	613,293	\$	647,296	\$	887,503	\$	240,207
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	613,293	\$	647,296	\$	887,503	\$	240,207
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	654,681	\$	688,684	\$	922,510	\$	233,826
School Activity Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$		\$		\$	304,031	\$	304,031
Total miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	304,031	\$	304,031
Total School Activity Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	304,031	\$	304,031
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	22,308,396	\$	24,464,860	\$	26,048,342	\$	1,583,482

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: General government administration:									
Legislative: Board of supervisors	\$	434,328	\$	819,432	\$	351,932	\$	467,500	
General and financial administration:  County administrator	\$	505,569	\$	510,455	\$	474,168		36,287	
Information Technology		465,831		497,536		413,156		84,380	
Legal services		72,000		72,000		72,000		-	
Commissioner of revenue		428,539		432,352		414,213		18,139	
Legislative audit Treasurer		75,711 549,546		258,851 562,976		237,602 472,884		21,249 90,092	
Total general and financial administration	\$	2,097,196	\$	2,334,170	Ś	2,084,023	\$	250,147	
Board of elections:		_,077,170	· ·	2,00 ., 0	<u> </u>	2,00 .,025	<u> </u>		
Electoral board and officials	\$	162,315	Ś	162,315	\$	117,326	Ś	44,989	
Registrar	·	163,954	,	166,228	•	161,909		4,319	
Total board of elections	\$	326,269	\$	328,543	\$	279,235	\$	49,308	
Total general government administration	\$	2,857,793	\$	3,482,145	\$	2,715,190	\$	766,955	
Judicial administration: Courts:									
Circuit court	\$	97,279	\$	98,136	\$	96,311	\$	1,825	
General district court		5,520		5,520		1,766		3,754	
Victim witness protection program		67,262		67,903		65,664		2,239	
Juvenile and domestic relations district court Clerk of the circuit court		86,342 448,485		102,200 456,974		101,282 500,686		918	
Total courts	Ś	704,888	Ś	730,733	Ś	765,709	Ś	(43,712)	
		701,000	~	730,733		703,707	<u> </u>	(31,770)	
Commonwealth's attorney  Commonwealth's attorney	\$	412,248	\$	422,740	\$	418,234	\$	4,506	
Total judicial administration	\$	1,117,136	\$	1,153,473	\$	1,183,943	\$	(30,470)	
Public safety:									
Law enforcement and traffic control:									
Sheriff	\$	2,947,644	\$	3,264,617	\$	3,329,710	\$	(65,093)	
Fire and rescue services:									
Fire department	\$	654,711	\$	667,687	\$	667,649	\$	38	
Ambulance and rescue services		2,000,856		2,134,578		1,909,810		224,768	
Total fire and rescue services	\$	2,655,567	\$	2,802,265	\$	2,577,459	\$	224,806	
Inspections:									
Building	\$	168,037	\$	231,393	\$	227,916	\$	3,477	

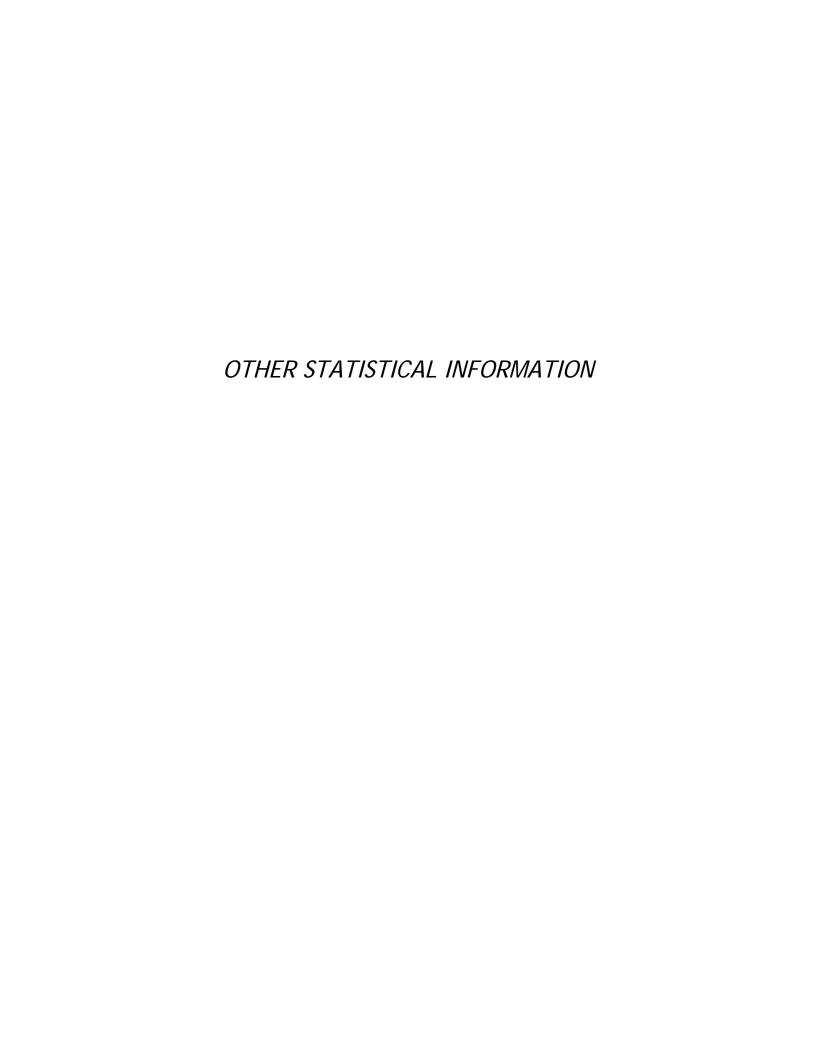
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	386,553	ς	403,841	\$	390,689	ς	13,152
Emergency services	7	234,113	Y	235,965	7	178,767	7	57,198
American rescue plan act		234,113		269,585		76,918		192,667
Opioid abatement settlement				79,706		70,710		79,706
Medical examiner		350		350		20		330
Total other protection	\$	621,016	\$	989,447	\$	646,394	\$	343,053
·		,		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
Total public safety	\$	6,392,264	\$	7,287,722	\$	6,781,479	\$	506,243
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:							_	
Streetlights	\$	18,360	\$	23,313	\$	23,313	\$	-
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse disposal	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	6,605	\$	13,395
Refuse collection		1,526,174		1,651,174		1,661,693		(10,519)
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,546,174	\$	1,671,174	\$	1,668,298	\$	2,876
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	468,030	\$	498,240	\$	484,574	\$	13,666
Total public works	\$	2,032,564	\$	2,192,727	\$	2,176,185	\$	16,542
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	243,970	\$	243,970	\$	243,970	\$	-
Total health	\$	243,970	\$	243,970	\$	243,970	\$	-
Mental health:								
Community services board	\$	62,341	\$	62,341	\$	62,341	\$	-
Walfara				•				
Welfare: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,360,504	\$	2,381,937	ς	2,079,227	ς	302,710
Area agency on aging	7	2,300,301	Y	2,301,737	7	2,077,227	7	502,710
Children's services act		235,231		235,231		488,053		(252,822)
Tax relief for the elderly		233,231		233,231		110,400		(110,400)
Total welfare	\$	2,595,735	\$	2,617,168	\$	2,677,680	\$	(60,512)
Total health and welfare	\$		\$	· · · · · ·			\$	( , ,
rocat neatth and wettare	_ >	2,902,046	ş	2,923,479	\$	2,983,991	ş	(60,512)
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Community College	\$	9,565	\$	•	\$	9,565	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board	_	13,964,722		13,976,387		15,080,095		(1,103,708)
Total education	\$	13,974,287	\$	13,985,952	\$	15,089,660	\$	(1,103,708)
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>					<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Parks, recreation, and cultural: (Continued)								
Library:								
Contribution to county library	\$	260,490	\$	260,490	\$	260,490	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	310,490	\$	310,490	\$	310,490	\$	-
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning and zoning	\$	301,829	\$	304,442	\$	275,924	\$	28,518
Economic development		39,754		68,754		92,551		(23,797)
Planning district commission		9,500		9,500		9,500		-
Total planning and community development	\$	351,083	\$	382,696	\$	377,975	\$	4,721
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	15,000	Ś	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	_
Wetlands	•	21,542	•	21,542	*	10,142	•	11,400
Forestry		5,700		5,700		5,700		-
Total environmental management	\$	42,242	\$	42,242	\$	30,842	\$	11,400
Cooperative extension programs								
Cooperative extension program:  Extension office	\$	71,120	\$	71,720	\$	55,318	ċ	16,402
		•	<u> </u>					
Total community development	\$	464,445	\$	496,658	\$	464,135	\$	32,523
Capital projects:								
American rescue plan act	\$	-	\$	1,089,716	\$	498,803		590,913
Callao revitalization		25,000		25,000		25,000		-
Capital projects		225,000		220,047		34,722		185,325
Radio system		100,000		379,796		-		379,796
Fleeton/Callao Sewer project		-		400,000		-		400,000
School projects		-		125,269		-		125,269
Vehicles		56,000		125,603		125,603		
Total capital projects	\$	406,000	\$	2,365,431	\$	684,128	\$	1,681,303
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,026,964	\$	2,732,493	\$	2,709,718	\$	22,775
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,000,000		1,000,000		1,178,301		(178,301)
Total debt service	\$	2,026,964	\$	3,732,493	\$	3,888,019	\$	(155,526)
Total General Fund	\$	32,483,989	\$	37,930,570	\$	36,277,220	\$	1,653,350

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds:					
Forfeited Assets Fund:					
Public safety:					
Sheriff:					
Forfeited assets fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$	(1,830)
Total public safety			1,830		(1,830)
Total Forfeited Assets Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,830	\$	(1,830)
Sheriff's Fund					
Public safety:					
Sheriff:					
Other protection	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,636	\$	(9,636)
Total public safety	 -	-	9,636		(9,636)
Total Sheriff's Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,636	\$	(9,636)
Capital Projects Fund:					
County Capital Projects Fund:					
Capital projects:					
Radio system	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,101,187	\$	(1,101,187)
Total capital projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,101,187	\$	(1,101,187)
Debt service:					
Issuance costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 136,312	\$	(136,312)
Total debt service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 136,312	\$	(136,312)
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,237,499	\$	(1,237,499)
Total Primary Government	\$ 32,483,989	\$ 37,930,570	\$ 37,526,185	\$	404,385

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Administration, health, and attendance	\$	1,222,415	\$	1,296,584	\$	1,317,613	\$	(21,029)
Instruction costs		16,013,245		17,713,425		17,632,859		80,566
Pupil transportation		1,369,756		1,516,015		1,593,572		(77,557)
Operation and maintenance of school plant Technology		1,673,099 1,001,107		3,235,820 1,020,975		3,013,432 967,879		222,388 53,096
recrinotogy		1,001,107		1,020,973		907,879		33,090
Total education	\$	21,279,622	\$	24,782,819	\$	24,525,355	\$	257,464
Capital projects:								
Capital Outlay	\$	374,093	\$	374,093	\$	374,093	\$	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,560	\$	(76,560)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		8,907		(8,907)
Total debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,467	\$	(85,467)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	21,653,715	\$	25,156,912	\$	24,984,915	\$	171,997
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Education:								
School food services:								
School food	\$	654,681	\$	1,176,269	\$	906,780	\$	269,489
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	654,681	\$	1,176,269	\$	906,780	\$	269,489
School Activity Fund: Education:								
Elementary and secondary schools	\$	-	\$	-	\$	317,275	\$	(317,275)
Total education	\$	-	\$	-	\$	317,275	\$	(317,275)
Total School Activity Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	317,275	\$	(317,275)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	22,308,396	ċ	26,333,181	\$	26,208,970	\$	124,211
υσια	<u>ب</u>	22,300,390	ڔ	20,333,101	ڔ	20,200,770	ڔ	144,411







County of Northumberland, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	912,461 \$ 23,329,267	27,674,825	25,207,928	25,871,208	27,031,512	28,879,613	30,454,901	31,286,586	31,043,747	37,469,824	\$ 37,469,824
Sanitary District		1,065,484	1,096,077	1,001,468	1,115,713	1,201,052	1,168,545	1,051,946	1,162,872	1,468,839	892,465 \$ 1,468,839 \$ 37,469,824
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 1,509,002 \$	1,542,994	1,101,641	944,956	894,562	841,642	786,973	728,952	695,564	892,465	892,465
Community Development		359,072	368,178	334,174	360,106	596,669	623,857	549,548	382,536	457,891	457,891
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 234,380 \$	193,173	191,995	232,225	322,613	208,401	217,267	233,109	248,307	286,490	286,490
Education	\$ 2,254,600 \$ 10,703,493	14,239,193	11,771,380	12,723,019	12,744,896	13,537,202	13,385,222	14,697,381	14,105,114	17,724,660	17,724,660
Health and Welfare	\$ 2,254,600	2,381,542	2,373,831	2,393,486	2,429,433	2,291,488	2,450,796	2,604,910	2,885,201	2,960,314	2,960,314
Public Works	\$ 1,261,806	1,373,510	1,480,539	1,478,033	1,636,075	1,586,507	1,732,578	1,702,580	1,923,636	2,214,829	2,214,829
Public Safety	\$ 3,638,800	4,167,123	4,306,715	4,275,981	4,590,304	5,716,966	7,240,720	6,571,946	6,202,967	7,504,715	7,504,715
Judicial Administration	\$	787,486	963,843	914,671	893,461	1,003,459	1,083,957	995,719	889,167	1,098,781	1,098,781
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	1,752,971	1,565,248	1,553,729	1,573,195	2,044,349	1,896,227	1,764,986	2,150,495	2,548,383	2,860,840	3 2,860,840
Fiscal Year A	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	V)

County of Northumberland, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	d ons	ted	U	s Total	,	36 \$ 24,224,830	24 24,293,768	03 26,412,354	15 27,517,264	43 27,942,528		17 31 101 573	•	
	Grants and Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	,,	59,502 \$ 1,430,436	1,431,224	1,454,303	1,457,415	1,377,543	1,419,505	2.791.412	. (î (î	1,383,522
S				Miscellaneous	6	\$ 59,502	176,920	186,909	157,041	160,385	270,257	322.924		361,298
GENERAL REVENUES		Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings		\$ 148,/63	135,194	144,597	165,219	287,546	252,562	151,875		131,746
35 GE		Other	Local	Taxes	7	44,085,438 ¢ 858,480,71 ¢	1,812,625	1,860,367	1,905,317	1,949,417	2,192,579	2,640,587	•	2,680,791
		General	Property	Taxes	000 100	\$ 17,085,338	17,109,646	18,905,618	19,516,880	20,039,580	21,096,700	20,583,436		21,541,089
S	Capital	Grants	and	Contributions		7 137,940		•	•	•		•		925,862
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	,	\$ 7,926,608	3,107,559	3,140,722	3,270,979	3,017,728	3,255,933	3,494,294		4,601,335
PR(		Charges	for	Services		5 582,684	520,600	719,838	1,044,413	1,110,329	1,193,566	1,117,045		1,370,036
	I		Fiscal	Year	1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21		2021-22

County of Northumberland, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	29,411,726 30,588,756	29,439,540	31,586,755	33,339,280	32,953,691	35,616,452	36,640,055	40,927,507	46,273,873
Debt Service	\$ 2,384,030 \$ 2,332,679	1,727,528	2,028,615	2,029,378	2,027,615	2,029,219	2,095,020	2,118,501	3,888,019
Community Development	\$ 370,274	367,975	337,495	337,889	345,312	370,686	355,613	394,486	464,135
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$	193,263	193,263	322,263	207,600	217,267	233,109	248,307	310,490
Education (2)	16,346,444	16,649,355	17,941,925	18,414,288	18,578,335	19,086,695	19,476,839	23,856,389	25,758,975
Health and Welfare	2,245,848 \$ 2,396,073	2,459,477	2,458,919	2,463,341	2,239,945	2,389,748	2,651,090	2,947,703	2,983,991
Public Works	1,278,360 \$	1,487,091	1,491,756	1,631,454	1,586,060	1,710,828	1,666,600	1,904,213	2,176,185
Public Safety	4,384,453 \$	4,172,472	4,683,605	5,170,072	5,171,684	6,871,684	6,967,141	6,028,769	6,792,945
Judicial Administration	\$ 703,337 \$ 742,368	841,441	860,773	889,196	909,539	948,861	999,441	1,056,691	1,183,943
General Government Administration	40	1,540,938		2,081,399			• •	•	. ,
Fiscal Year A	2014-15 \$	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

County of Northumberland, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	29,995,346	30,085,846	31,758,660	33,616,211	34,101,574	35,234,267	38,306,013	40,163,654	45,367,906	44,708,257
	\$									
Inter- governmental (2)	10,167,053	9,939,582	10,132,755	10,413,030	10,716,583	10,798,501	13,817,971	14,487,942	18,336,507	17,051,908
O	Ş									
kecovered Costs	124,422	393,090	239,059	814,557	486,798	284,408	317,735	129,090	196,044	221,727
<u>"</u>	Ş									
Miscellaneous	291,499	312,655	138,069	131,516	188,310	269,186	393,881	672,638	783,794	776,299
, W	Ş									
Charges for Services	162,050	187,144	298,605	482,714	448,286	392,068	232,083	334,805	325,934	318,971
	Ş									
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	154,421	142,032	147,492	167,873	293,025	253,219	152,019	216,873	581,988	913,861
~ ~	<b>\$</b>									
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 27,675	20,871	33,817	35,607	26,933	19,406	34,377	16,983	18,409	20,284
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	112,582	102,714	105,581	128,861	111,896	106,133	145,171	134,507	139,223	227,282
۵	\$	2	_	_	_	6	_	_	6	∞
Other Local Taxes	1,853,559	1,812,625	1,860,367	1,905,31	1,949,41	2,192,57	2,640,587	2,680,79	2,746,12	2,904,318
	\$									
General Property Taxes	2014-15 \$ 17,102,085 \$	17,175,133	18,802,915	19,536,736	19,880,326	20,918,767	20,572,189	21,490,025	22,239,878	22,273,607
	<b>⋄</b>									
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Total Tax Levy (1)	Co	Current Tax ollections (1)	of I	cent _evy ected		elinquent Tax lections (1)	Т	otal ax ections	Perce Total Collect to Tax	Tax	De	tstanding linquent xes (1,2)	Perce Deline Taxe Tax I	quent s to
2014-15	\$	17,840,566	\$	17,569,040		98.48%	\$	273,210	\$ 17,8	842,250	10	00.01%	\$	685,239		3.84%
2015-16	-	17,941,860		17,621,608		98.22%	-	281,548	17,9	903,156	ç	99.78%	•	647,344		3.61%
2016-17		19,591,804		19,169,559		97.84%		401,482	19,5	571,041	Ç	99.89%		610,191		3.11%
2017-18		20,239,412		19,933,512		98.49%		363,644	20,2	297,156	10	00.29%		725,861		3.59%
2018-19		20,520,510		20,193,277		98.41%		390,812	20,5	584,089	10	00.31%		786,872		3.83%
2019-20		21,565,193		21,231,258		98.45%		394,622	21,6	625,880	10	00.28%		929,549		4.31%
2020-21		21,042,425		20,748,328		98.60%		492,190	21,2	240,518	10	00.94%		1,070,964		5.09%
2021-22		22,033,794		21,745,320		98.69%		456,872	22,2	202,192	10	00.76%		1,055,116		4.79%
2022-23		22,877,124		22,506,158		98.38%		466,117	22,9	972,275	10	00.42%		1,032,287		4.51%
2023-24		22,866,400		22,474,062		98.28%		412,039	22,8	886,101	10	00.09%		1,100,644		4.81%

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of penalties and interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes three most current delinquent tax years.

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Personal Property Real and Mobile Estate (1) Homes (1)		Machinery and Tools			Merchant's Capital	Public Utility (2)			Total		
2014-15	\$	2,805,775,428	\$ 106,938,812	\$	5,468,822	\$	4,821,578	\$	45,154,586	\$	2,968,159,226	
2015-16		2,810,608,837	107,339,101		5,349,593		5,015,304		47,412,637		2,975,725,472	
2016-17		2,831,421,491	109,539,932		5,763,066		4,889,664		50,513,573		3,002,127,726	
2017-18		2,845,060,107	111,077,054		5,269,889		4,971,022		53,156,984		3,019,535,056	
2018-19		2,855,073,442	116,259,000		6,792,540		4,887,523		54,583,803		3,037,596,308	
2019-20		2,869,693,572	119,587,017		6,480,685		4,566,290		53,515,841		3,053,843,405	
2020-21		2,764,944,546	120,932,273		7,077,078		4,600,081		54,223,039		2,951,777,017	
2021-22		2,774,097,961	131,015,345		7,698,758		4,182,488		54,862,636		2,971,857,188	
2022-23		2,791,678,806	148,415,398		7,455,092		5,061,765		54,622,482		3,007,233,543	
2023-24		2,818,112,100	147,085,408		5,611,873		5,184,996		54,622,482		3,030,616,859	

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate and personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Rea	l Estate	Mobile Homes	Personal Property	٨	Merchant's Capital	Machinery and Tools
2014-15	\$	0.49	\$ 0.49	\$ 3.60	\$	1.00	\$ 3.60
2015-16		0.49	0.49	3.60		1.00	3.60
2016-17		0.54	0.54	3.60		1.00	3.60
2017-18		0.56	0.56	3.60		1.00	3.60
2018-19		0.56	0.56	3.60		1.00	3.60
2019-20		0.59	0.59	3.60		1.00	3.60
2020-21		0.59	0.59	3.60		1.00	3.60
2021-22		0.61	0.61	3.60		1.00	3.60
2022-23		0.61	0.61	3.60		1.00	3.60
2023-24		0.61	0.61	3.60		1.00	3.60

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

## County of Northumberland, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)		Assessed Value (2)		Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2014-15	12,330	\$	2,968,159,226	\$	-	0.00%	\$ -
2015-16	12,330	•	2,975,725,472	•	29,580,000	0.99%	2,399
2016-17	12,330		3,002,127,726		29,580,000	0.99%	2,399
2017-18	12,330		3,019,535,056		28,630,000	0.95%	2,322
2018-19	12,330		3,037,596,308		27,630,000	0.91%	2,241
2019-20	12,330		3,053,843,405		26,580,000	0.87%	2,156
2020-21	12,100		2,951,777,017		25,475,000	0.86%	2,105
2021-22	12,100		2,971,857,188		24,315,000	0.82%	2,010
2022-23	12,100		3,007,233,543		23,095,000	0.77%	1,909
2023-24	11,839		3,030,616,859		20,460,000	0.68%	1,728

<sup>(1)</sup> Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia 2010 census, 2020 estimate, and 2020 census.

<sup>(2)</sup> Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/postclosure care liability, leases, and compensated absences.







# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northumberland Northumberland, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Northumberland Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Northumberland, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 7, 2025.

## Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Northumberland Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Robinson, Farm, Cen Assocrates

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Northumberland, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

April 7, 2025



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Northumberland Northumberland, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. County of Northumberland, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Northumberland, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, *and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Northumberland, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Northumberland, Virginia compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Northumberland, Virginia's federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding County of Northumberland, Virginia's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
  the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Northumberland, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

### Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

Robinson, Farm, Cen Assocrates

April 7, 2025

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures Passed Through to Subrecipients
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Social Services:				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400123/0400124	\$ 106,991	\$ -
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950122/0950123	20,885	-
Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500123/0500124	453	-
Low-income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600422/0600423	23,981	-
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care				
and Development Fund (CCDF Cluster)	93.596	0760123/0760124	26,916	-
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	1130123/1130124	6,000	-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900123/0900124	144	-
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100123/1100124	82,473	-
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1110123/1110124	208	-
Title IV-E Prevention Services	93.472	1140123/1140124	2,954	-
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120123/1120124	59,745	-
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000123/1000124	114,885	-
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150123/9150124	1,142	-
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540123/0540124	2,517	-
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster)	93.778	1200123/1200124	217,053	-
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 666,347	\$ -
Department of Treasury:				
Direct Payment:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	N/A	\$ 768,388	\$ -
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Social Services:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unavailable	\$ 15,140	\$ -
Virginia Tourism Commission:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Unavailable	\$ 57,786	\$ -
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	390002-90000	\$ 288,000	\$ -
Total Department of Treasury			\$ 1,129,314	\$ -
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	39001-86000	\$ 48,101	\$ -
Department of Defense:				
Direct payments:				
Jr ROTC	12.000	N/A	\$ 34,579	\$ -
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	775001-98313	\$ 7,500	\$ -

#### County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	_	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures Passed Through to Subrecipients
Department of Agriculture:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	17901-45707	\$ 37,378	\$ 37,378	\$ -
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:					,
Food Distribution - National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	17901-45707	\$ 34,003		-
Virginia Department of Education:					
National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	17901-42901	517,015	\$ 551,018	\$ -
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	17901-40591	223,831	223,831	-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 812,227	\$ -
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)	10.558	179001-19700		6,162	
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.556	185002-20100		65,858	-
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.579	185002-20100		3,256	
	10.049	103002-20100		3,230	-
Virginia Department of Social Services:					
		0010122/0010123/00			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP Cluster)	10.561	40122/0040123		270,176	-
Total Department of Agriculture				\$ 1,157,679	ς .
· · · · · · · · ·				3 1,137,077	7
Department of Education:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901		\$ 594,675	\$ -
Special Education - Grants to States (Special Education Cluster (IDEA))	84.027	17901-43071	312,044		-
Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster (IDEA Preschool))	84.173	17901-82521	7,839		-
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095		31,102	-
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481		54,196	-
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	84425-197-10	\$ 87,977		-
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	84425-197-10	1,712,673		-
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	17901-61480		64,364	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	S424A170048		53,563	-
Total Department of Education				\$ 2,918,433	\$ -
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 5,961,953	\$ -

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards. \\

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Northumberland, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Northumberland, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Northumberland, Virginia.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received or disbursed.

#### Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	5,961,953
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$	5,961,953
Total Component Unit School Board	\$	3,840,516
School Cafeteria Fund	7	887,503
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund	\$	2,953,013
General Fund	\$	2,121,437
Primary government:		

#### Note 5 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

#### Note 6 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# **Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results**

Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:			unmodifi	ed
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	<b>√</b>	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	✓	no
Noncompliance material to financial stateme	ents noted?	yes	✓	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	✓	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	✓	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:			unmodifi	ied_
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?		yes	<b>√</b>	no
Identification of major programs:				_
Assistance Listing Number(s) 10.553/10.555/10.559 21.027 84.425	COVID-19 - Coronav	e of Federal Progr Child Nutrition Firus State and Loo Control - Education Stabi	Cluster cal Fiscal	Recovery Funds
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between ty and type B programs:	уре А	\$750,000	)	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		yes	✓	no
Section II-Financial Statement Findings				

<u>Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs</u>

None

# County of Northumberland, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

# **Section IV-Status of Prior Audit Findings**

There were no prior year audit findings.