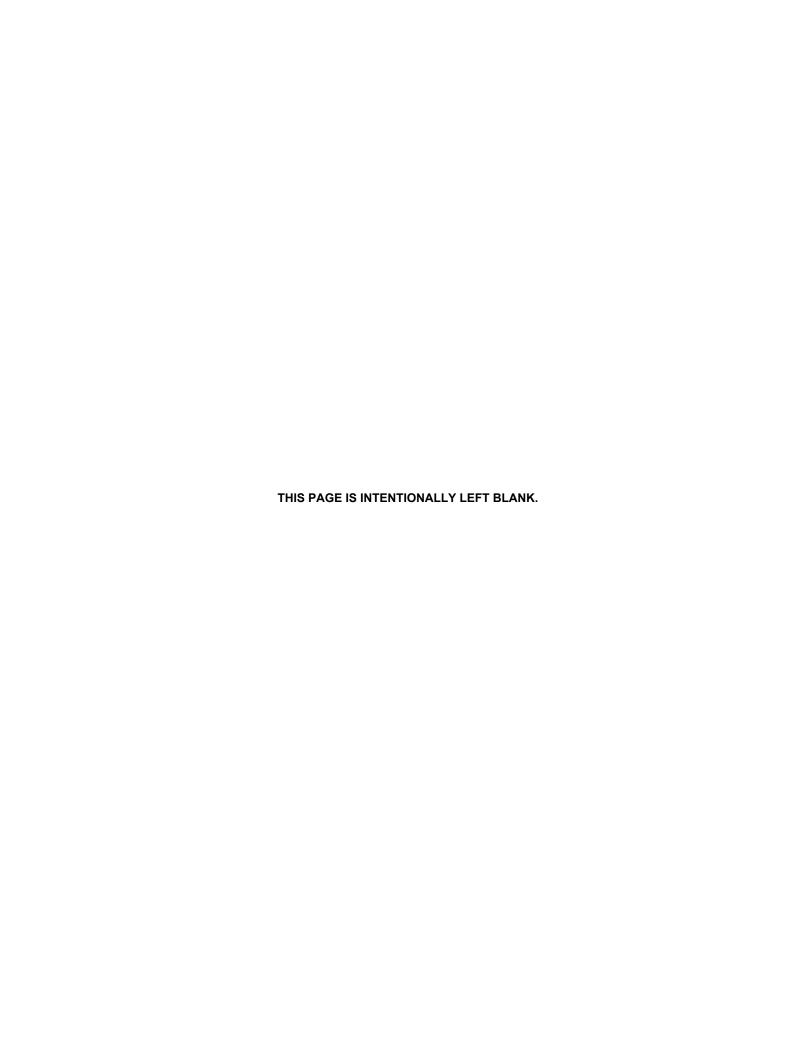
CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016



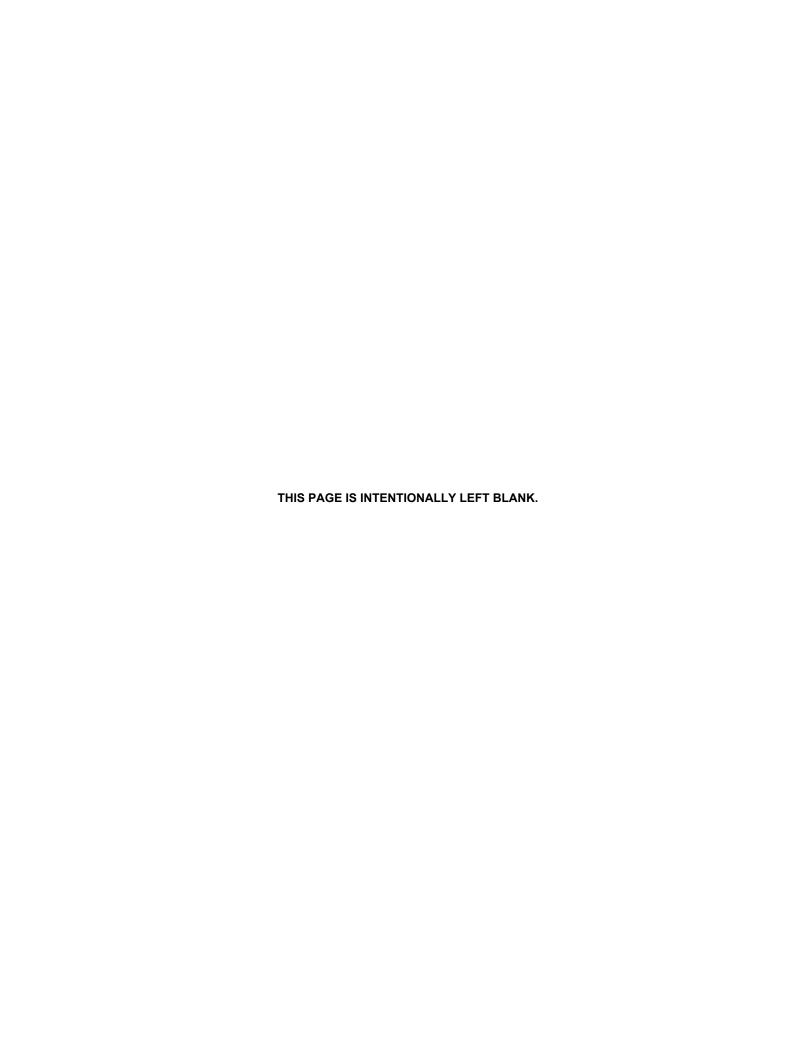
CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

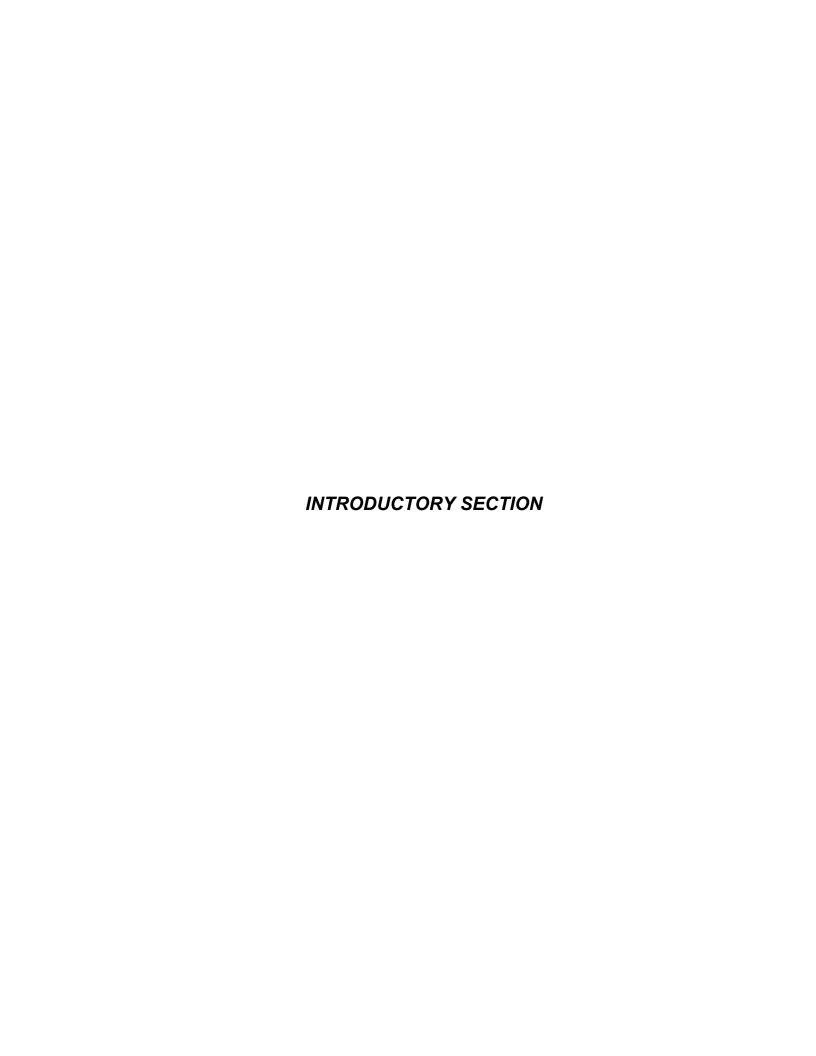
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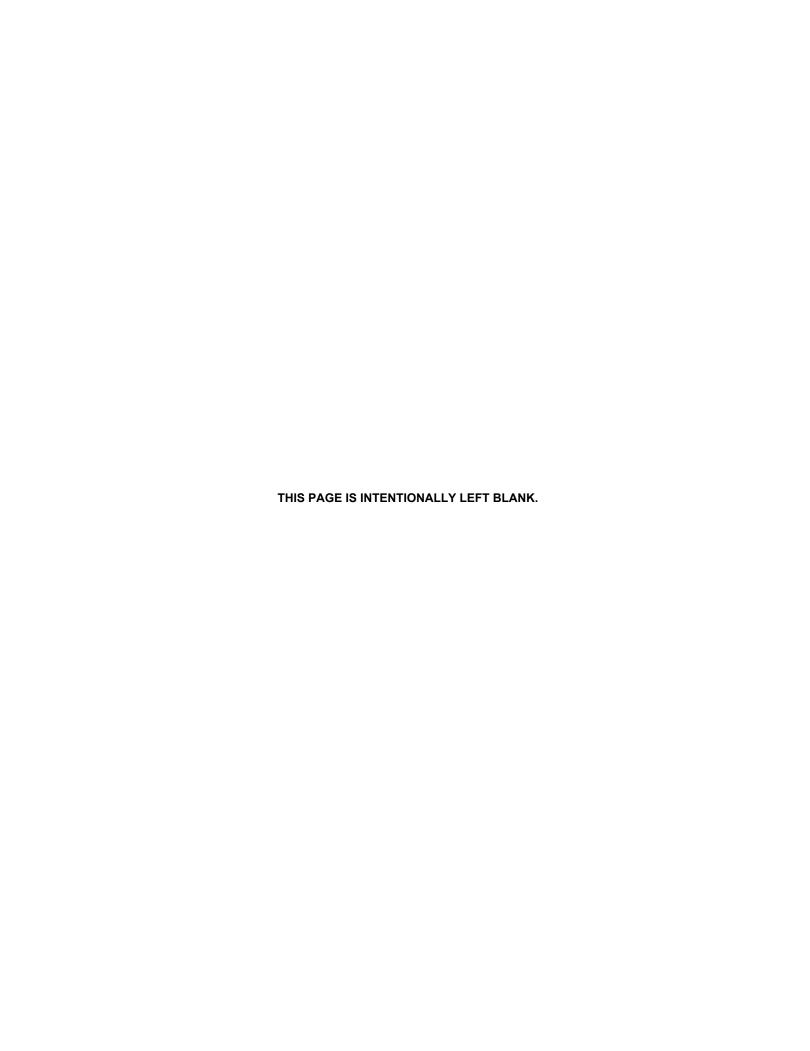
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CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA (As of June 30, 2016)

COUNCIL

Bruce Allen, Mayor Timothy D. Williams, Vice Mayor Jeffrey S. Freeman Alvin B. Marks Jr Frank S. Lucente Julia E. Bortle, Clerk

OFFICIALS

Michael G. Hamp, II City Manager/City Auditor

Stephanie M. Beverage City Treasurer

Donald R. Coffey Commissioner of the Revenue

John M. Kiger City Assessor

Todd G. Patrick City Attorney

David L. Ledbetter Commonwealth's Attorney

Dr. Jeffrey Cassell Superintendent of Schools

Elizabeth Middleton Director of Social Services

Joe Harris, Jr. Sheriff

Nicole A. Briggs Clerk of Circuit Court

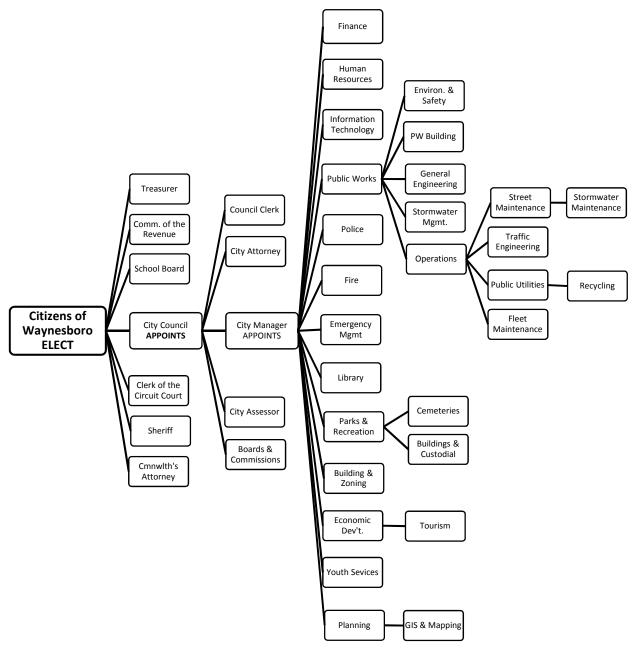
SCHOOL BOARD

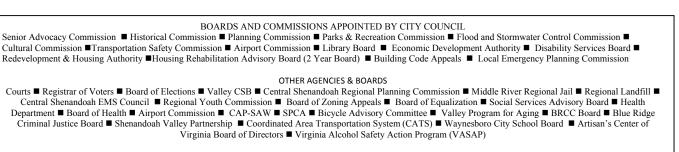
Kathryn E. Maneval, Chair Shelly Laurenzo, Vice Chair Melinda Ferguson William M. Foster Douglas B. Norcross William B. Staton, Jr., Clerk

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

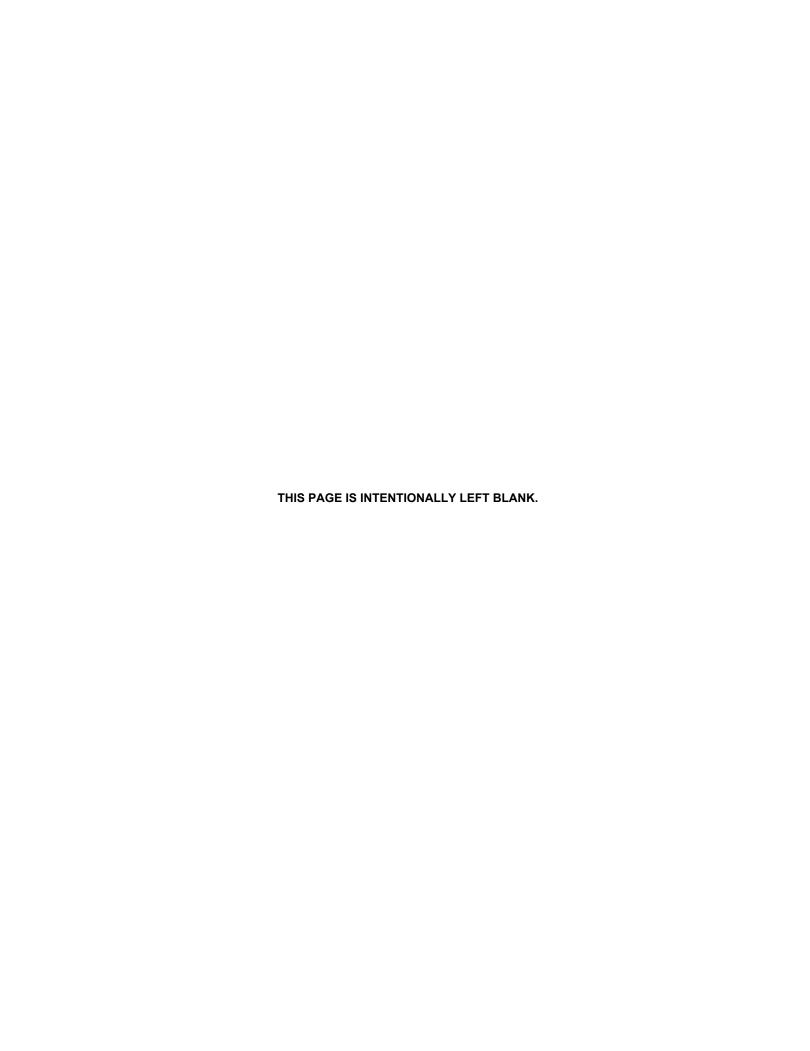
James Hyson, Chair Lorie Strother, Vice Chair Gregory Hitchin, Secretary/Treasurer Perry Fridley Sharon Plemmons Tom Reider Mary Sullivan Robert Vailes

City of Waynesboro, Virginia Organizational Structure – June 30, 2016









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Waynesboro, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Waynesboro, Virginia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Augusta Regional Landfill, which represent 4.2%, 7.7%, and 6.1%, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the City's Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds. The City's share of this undivided interest and joint venture component represents the entirety of the City's ACSA Joint Landfill Fund. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Augusta Regional Landfill, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds information of the City as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teachers Retirement Plan, and the Schedule of Funding Progress on pages 3a through 3k and 61 through 64, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the City's basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2016 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Didawick & Company, P.C.

November 22, 2016

The management of the City of Waynesboro offers the readers of the City of Waynesboro's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the City's financial position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This analysis is a cursory overview and is meant to be considered as a companion document to the *Letter of Transmittal, Financial Statements*, and *Notes* that follow.

Financial Highlights

- The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$68,395,118. Of this amount, \$8,340,522 (unrestricted net position) may be used to satisfy the primary government's obligations to citizens and creditors for business-type activities. Refer to the Government-wide Financial Analysis on page 3c for further discussion of this highlight.
- The City's total net position related to the primary government increased by \$6,739,893 compared to FY15.
- As of the end of FY16, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$20,742,833 an increase of \$1,963,831 in comparison to the prior year. Of this amount, \$796,394 is shown as an increase to the fund balance of the General Fund, \$527,273 as an increase to the fund balance of Self-funded Health Insurance Fund, and \$640,164 as an increase to the fund balance of Other Governmental Funds.
- At the end of the FY16, *unrestricted* fund balance for the *General Fund* was \$15,381,724. This represents an increase of \$1,216,730, which is 8.6% greater than the prior fiscal year. The City did not have a fiscal policy guideline related to fund balance as of June 30, 2016; however, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommends the minimum General Fund unrestricted fund balance to be maintained should be no less than either two (2) months of regular operating revenues or expenditures. Following the GFOA guidelines of using two months of regular operating expenditures, General Fund unrestricted fund balance should be no less than \$6,759,484. As of the close of fiscal year 2016, the unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund exceeds the GFOA suggested fiscal policy guideline by \$8,622,240.
- The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund of \$11,058,122 equals approximately 27% of the General Fund's total expenditures. This total includes \$736,410 of FY16 funding to the Schools that was returned to the General Fund.
- The City's total long-term liabilities at the close of the FY16, including governmental and business type activities, were \$80,215,557. During fiscal year 2016, the city retired a total of \$6,720,335, predominantly through principal reductions. Over the same period, the City added a total of \$829,814 in new long-term obligations, primarily through continued drawdowns of funding from Virginia Resources Authority loans for various projects. At the close of the fiscal year, the amount of debt principal payments due within one year was \$5,588,556. (See Note 9 for relevant disclosures regarding the City's long-term debt.)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Waynesboro's basic financial statements which are comprised of three main components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and budgetary comparisons, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. Condensed comparative information is provided this year and will continue to be added, the goal being to achieve a ten-year comparison for all information reported. (See pages 102-121).

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Waynesboro's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Waynesboro's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

June 30, 2016

and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Waynesboro is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and other functions that recover all or a significant portion of their costs from user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Waynesboro include general government, judicial administration, public safety, street maintenance, education, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities include water, sewer, refuse collection, stormwater and landfill operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Waynesboro itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school board (component unit) for which the City of Waynesboro is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Waynesboro uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Waynesboro can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These two statements, read together, will give the reader a better understanding of the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The City has two major governmental funds—the General Fund and the Self-funded Health Insurance Fund, and nine non-major governmental funds. Fund financial statements immediately follow the government-wide financial statement section. Detailed statements of the non-major funds begin on page 65 of this report.
- Proprietary funds. The City of Waynesboro maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-like activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City of Waynesboro uses enterprise funds to account for water, sewer, refuse collection, stormwater, and landfill operations. Internal Service funds are used to report activities of the City's Store and Equipment funds which account for inventory supplies for City operations and maintenance of the City's equipment fleet, respectively. It is important to note that the proprietary funds are accounted for on a full accrual basis, whereas the governmental funds are accounted for using a modified accrual basis.
- **Fiduciary funds** are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. These funds include accounting for agencies such as the First Aid Crew and the Central Shenandoah Criminal Justice Training Academy. Fiduciary funds are accounted for on a full accrual basis; their financial statements can be found on pages 77-79 in the *combining statements* section of this report.

June 30, 2016

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found following the Basic Financial Statements section of this report beginning on page 18.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, a comparison of net position over several years can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, total primary government assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$68,395,118 at the close of fiscal year 2016. Capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) in FY16 comprise approximately 73% of total assets, which is unchanged from FY15. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although their value is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be derived from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Su	immary of Net I	osition			
	Governmental Business-type					
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	То	tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets	32,254,325	30,690,590	11,934,754	11,152,954	44,189,079	41,843,544
Capital assets	41,229,657	41,102,397	69,464,880	70,636,612	110,694,537	111,739,009
Total assets	73,483,982	71,792,987	81,399,634	81,789,566	154,883,616	153,582,553
Deferred charges	493,286	552,164	927,257	999,039	1,420,543	1,551,203
Deferred losses	2,326,515	1,440,441	529,367	280,355	2,855,882	1,720,796
Total deferred outflows of						
resources	2,819,801	1,992,605	1,456,624	1,279,394	4,276,425	3,271,999
Current and other liabilities	6,657,634	6,093,628	3,588,741	3,354,054	10,246,375	9,447,682
Long-term liabilities outstanding	36,993,772	42,432,987	37,087,612	38,350,840	74,081,384	80,783,827
Total liabilities	43,651,406	48,526,615	40,676,353	41,704,894	84,327,759	90,231,509
Unearned revenue	1,307,646	1,417,560	-	-	1,307,646	1,417,560
Deferred gains	4,186,162	3,015,218	943,356	535,040	5,129,518	3,550,258
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,493,808	4,432,778	943,356	535,040	6,437,164	4,967,818
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	31,418,630	30,091,461	32,896,027	32,895,991	64,314,657	62,987,452
Restricted	1,793,293	2,124,875	-	-	1,793,293	2,124,875
Unrestricted	(6,053,354)	(11,390,137)	8,340,522	7,933,035	2,287,168	(3,457,102)
Total net position	27,158,569	20,826,199	41,236,549	40,829,026	68,395,118	61,655,225

As shown in the summary table above, it would appear that the primary government does not have the resources to meet its ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors because the negative value of its unrestricted assets is indicative of a deficit financial position. These numbers, however, are represented as such due to the dynamics of asset and liability reporting that exists between the governmental activities and the Schools, a Discrete Component Unit. Because Virginia School Boards do not have the authority to issue debt, the City is responsible for reporting all school-related debt which, at June 30, 2016, is \$18,412,567. Conversely, the holdings associated with this debt are reported by the Schools as part of its capital assets. If the debt related to the Schools was not included in the long term liabilities of the primary government, the total net position for governmental activities would be \$45,571,136 and the total net position for the primary government would be \$86,807,685.

Approximately 6.6% of the governmental activities net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Grants, donations, perpetual care funds, and cash set aside for capital projects comprise the restricted assets of the City. Grants and donations are normally designated for a specific purpose. The perpetual care funds are restricted

The City of Waynesboro, Virginia Required Supplemental Information

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

June 30, 2016

in accordance with the *Code of the City of Waynesboro*, §26-6, Perpetual Care Trust Fund Reserve. The funds held for debt service are in accordance with City Council and School Board resolutions.

Overall, the City's net position increased by \$6,739,893 compared to FY15. This increase is the net effect of a \$407,523 increase in the net position of the business-type activities, and a \$6,332,370 increase in the net position of the governmental activities.

The table on the following page provides comparison information from FY15 to FY16 related to revenues and expenses of governmental and business-type activities. Revenues are broken down into program and general types. Program revenues consist of charges for services, operating grants and contributions, and capital contributions. General revenues include such sources as taxes on property, retail sales, business licenses, communications, meals, lodging, etc.

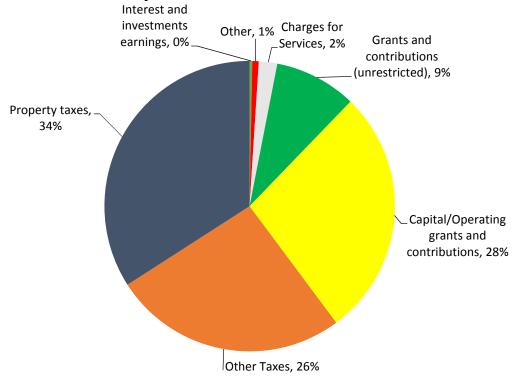
When compared to FY15, total revenues from Governmental Activities increased by \$3,909,005; with "operating grants and contributions" being the largest growth area. The growth was due primarily to the recording of an entire year of activity in the Self-funded Health Insurance Fund during FY16 as opposed to 6 months of activity during FY15, which was also the primary factor for the increase of expenditures related to Governmental Activities of \$1,704,058, which can be seen in the General Government Administration line. Public Works increased by \$1,123,041 due primarily to increased street maintenance expenditures. Areas that saw substantial reduction in expense include Education, Community Development due to the reclassification of the Town Center note as City debt that occurred during FY15, and Interest on Long-term Debt, which was reduced to due debt refinancing that took place during FY15. Overall, the change in the Governmental net position was an increase of \$6,332,370 after transfers of \$865,986 are taken into consideration.

In comparison to FY15, Business-type revenues derived from charges for services increased in FY16 by \$1,124,316 due to stormwater program activity being accounted for in a business-type fund beginning on July 1, 2015. Three of the four business-type activity funds saw a slight decrease in expenses when comparing FY16 to FY15, likely due to decreased fuel costs.

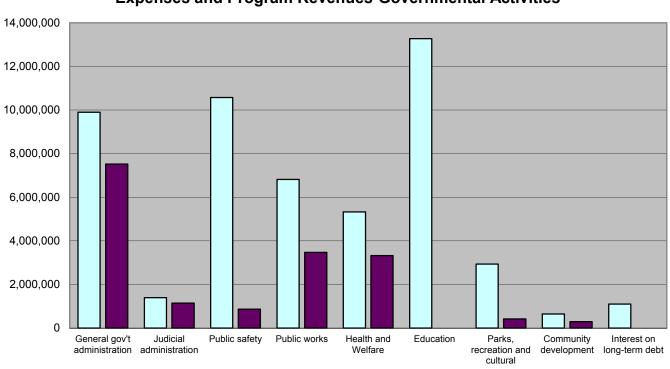
City of Waynesboro, Virginia Changes in Net Position

	Governm	nental	Busines	s-Type	To	tal
_	Activit	ies	Activ	ities		
_	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues by source:						
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	1,178,013	1,186,197	11,980,231	10,855,915	13,158,244	12,042,112
Operating grants and contributions	15,122,085	12,307,578	8,558	6,357	14,922,723	12,313,935
Capital grants and contributions	942,253	667,397	22,000	64,170	964,253	731,567
General Revenues						
Property taxes	19,577,555	19,228,131	-	-	19,577,555	19,228,131
Other taxes	14,978,904	14,696,826	-	-	14,978,904	14,696,826
Grants and contrib. (unrestricted)	5,043,586	4,796,487	-	-	5,251,506	4,796,487
Interest and Investment earnings	165,902	142,359	46,249	38,771	212,151	181,130
Other	417,172	491,490	52,830	195,481	470,002	686,971
Total Revenues	57,425,470	53,516,465	12,109,868	11,160,694	69,535,338	64,677,159
Expenses by activity:						
Governmental activity						
General government admin	9,900,958	7,015,817	-	-	9,900,958	7,015,817
Judicial administration	1,393,274	1,478,788	-	-	1,393,274	1,478,788
Public safety	10,574,111	10,962,688	-	-	10,574,111	10,962,688
Public works	6,813,144	5,690,103	-	-	6,813,144	5,690,103
Health and Welfare	5,325,427	5,375,620	-	-	5,325,427	5,375,620
Education	13,275,982	13,845,320	-	-	13,275,982	13,845,320
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,935,329	2,904,112	-	-	2,935,329	2,904,112
Community development	644,256	1,352,385	-	-	644,256	1,352,385
Interest on long-term debt	1,100,085	1,633,675	-	-	1,100,085	1,633,675
Business-type activities						
Water	-	-	2,946,249	3,101,533	2,946,249	3,101,533
Sewer	-	-	5,452,764	5,418,648	5,452,764	5,418,648
Landfill operations	-	-	610,135	626,565	610,135	626,565
Garbage	-	-	909,655	1,085,308	909,655	1,085,308
Stormwater	-	-	917,556	_	917,556	-
Total Expenses	51,962,566	50,258,508	10,836,359	10,232,054	62,798,925	60,490,562
Change in net assets before transfers	5,462,904	3,257,957	1,273,509	928,640	6,736,413	4,186,597
Contributions to permanent fund	3,480	21,500	-	-	3,480	21,500
Middle River Regional Jail Buy-in	-	6,359,697	-	-	-	6,359,697
Transfers	865,986	678,000	(865,986)	(678,000)	-	-
Increase (decrease) in net position	6,332,370	10,317,154	407,523	250,640	6,739,893	10,567,794
Net position - beginning as adjusted	20,826,199	10,509,045	40,829,026	40,578,386	61,655,225	51,087,431
Net position - ending	27,158,569	20,826,199	41,236,549	40,829,026	68,395,118	61,655,225

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities

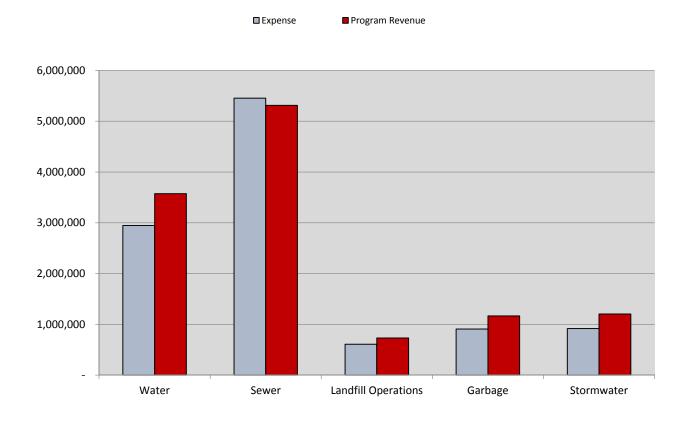


□ Expenses □ Program Revenues

The pie chart on the previous page provides a visual breakdown of revenues by source for governmental activities indicating each source's percentage of total revenue. The bar chart depicts program revenues available during FY16 compared to the expenses incurred for governmental activities during FY16. The difference between program revenue and expenses or merely the lack of program revenues for some expenses is compensated for by non-programmatic/non-categorical General Fund revenues.

As depicted in the bar graph below, revenues exceeded associated expenditures for all business-type activities in FY16 except for the Sewer Fund. The Sewer Fund did not generate enough revenue during FY16 to cover operating costs and debt service. A rate increase was implemented in FY17 to address the annual deficits in the Sewer Fund that began in FY13.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

June 30, 2016

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of FY16, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$20,742,833, an increase of \$1,963,831 in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 53% of this total amount (\$11,058,122) constitutes unassigned fund balance, representing the portion of fund balance that has not been earmarked in some fashion by statute, outside body, or Council ordinance. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending. Major restrictions, commitments or assignments include funds for capital projects (\$1,237,929), cemetery perpetual care (\$586,029), economic development authority (\$346,891), debt service (\$318,022) and Youth & Family Services (\$274,221). Council took action during FY16 to commit \$1,700,000 of unassigned fund balance for several different purposes, mostly to fund future non-recurring expenditures. The fund balance commitments included governmental equipment replacement, governmental facility maintenance, and ERP software replacement.

General Fund. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$11,058,122, while total fund balance was \$16,320,113. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 27.3% of total fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 40.2% of the total fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$796,394 during FY16; however, if the \$736,410 of School unspent FY16 appropriation funds is subtracted from the total, the net change becomes an increase of \$59,984. Further analysis reveals that the City budgeted for a net reduction of fund balance of \$3,070,988 in FY16, though that figure was not realized, as actual revenues (including insurance recoveries and net transfers) exceeded the budgeted revenue amount by \$1,696,666, and actual expenditures were \$2,170,716 less than budgeted. By netting the difference between the excess of actual revenues over budgeted revenues (\$1,696,666) and actual expenses versus budgeted expenditures and net transfers (\$2,170,716), which totals \$3,867,382, with the budgeted decrease in fund balance (\$3,070,988), the actual increase in fund balance can be calculated (\$796,394). This is an important concept in understanding the impact of budgeted & actual figures when considering changes in fund balance. (See exhibit 7 on page 11 for further details)

Self-funded Health Insurance Fund. The Self-funded Health Insurance Fund is the self-funded health insurance fund of the City. At the end of FY16, fund balance was \$1,526,545. The net change in fund balance was \$527,273.

Other non-major funds. As of June 30, 2016, the fund balance for the other governmental funds was \$2,896,175. This fund balance amount represents 30% of the total of all other non-major fund expenditures. The net change in fund balance was an increase of \$640,164. (See Exhibit 17 on page 67 for detailed information on other non-major funds' fund balances.)

Proprietary funds. At the end of FY16, the total net position of the enterprise funds was \$42,359,716. This figure represents an increase in net position of \$338,262 compared to FY15. The total net assets of the internal services fund at the end of FY16 were \$2,464,964 which represents an increase from FY15 of \$96,484, or 4%. For a more detailed accounting of the activities of these funds, refer to the Exhibits beginning on page 12 of this report.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

June 30, 2016

Budgetary Highlights

The City's annual budget, which is prepared on an operating basis, includes revenues and annual appropriations for the proprietary funds as well as the accounts that comprise the general fund. The following points summarize the budgeting changes from the original to the final budget. Exhibit 7 on page 11 of the main body of this report delineates the changes from original budget to final and a detailed comparison of final budget versus actual revenues and expenses.

- General Fund final budgeted revenues were \$116,826 greater than originally budgeted revenues. The increase is comprised primarily of an additional appropriation during the year for increased sales tax revenue.
- General Fund final budgeted expenses were \$1,711,913 greater than originally budgeted expenses. The primary factors in the increase were the re-appropriation of unspent FY15 street maintenance funds (\$464,269) as well as the budget adjustments made at the time FY15 encumbrances were rolled to the new fiscal year (\$953,540).
- General Fund's actual revenues were \$1,420,899 greater than final budgeted revenues, representing a variance of 3%.
 Significant sales tax, property tax, meals tax, and business license tax receipts over the budgeted amounts helped lead to this variance.
- General Fund's actual expenditures were \$2,170,716 less than final budgeted expenditures, representing a variance of 5%. This variance is due to several factors, including: the school unspent appropriation of \$736,410 being recorded as a reduction of school funding expense, and \$328,997 of \$1,516,857 that was budgeted for paving not being spent during FY16.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment, and construction work in progress. The City had a total investment in capital assets of \$110,694,537 for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016.

Total capital assets attributed to governmental activities increased by \$127,260, due primarily to continuing work on a variety of capital projects. The total capital assets attributed to the business-type activities decreased by \$1,171,732, due to depreciation and retirements exceeding the amount of asset additions during FY16. (See note 7, which begins on page 30, for detailed information regarding the City's capital assets)

Major capital asset events during fiscal year 2016 included the following:

- The Ridgeview Park and Basic Park boating access ramps were completed.
- The City began replacement of the Enterprise Software Planning System.
- New vehicles were purchased for multiple departments, including new dump trucks in Water and Sewer Fund, a backhoe for the Streets Maintenance Division, and several police vehicles.
- Work continued on the Madison/Ohio Stormwater Project, Constitution Park Improvements, and expansion of the South River Greenway.

City of Waynesboro Capital Assets Net of Depreciation

		ımental vities	Business-type Activities		To	tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land	8,739,798	8,735,499	386,268	386,268	9,126,066	9,121,767
Buildings	8,787,219	9,110,626	43,689,333	44,717,787	52,476,552	53,828,413
Improvements other than buildings	2,692,921	2,829,764	23,805,904	24,111,071	26,498,825	26,940,835
Machinery and equipment	2,290,454	2,547,826	1,376,899	1,348,014	3,667,353	3,895,840
Infrastructure	15,537,290	15,179,338	-	-	15,537,290	15,179,338
Construction in Progress	3,181,975	2,699,344	206,476	73,472	3,388,451	2,772,816
Total Capital Assets	41,229,657	41,102,397	69,464,880	70,636,612	110,694,537	111,739,009

Long-term debt. As of June 30, 2016, the City of Waynesboro held an Aa3 enhanced bond rating from Moody's Investor Service. Moody's issues ratings from Aaa to C to designate the relative investment qualities of bonds, with numerical (1-3) modifiers that indicate the obligation ranking within a rating category. The City holds an AA- bond rating from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services; Standard & Poor's issues ratings from AAA to D.

The Code of Virginia and the City's Charter limit the amount of general obligation debt that may be issued to ten percent of the total assessed value of taxable real property. Based on this limitation, the City's outstanding GO debt cannot exceed \$179,861,426. See page 115 of this report for historic debt margin comparisons.

City of Waynesboro Outstanding Debt

	Governr Activi		Busine Activ	ss-type ities	То	tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
GO bonds	27,313,134	29,552,306	13,422,539	13,835,487	40,735,673	43,387,793
Literary loans	1,000,000	1,250,000	-	-	1,000,000	1,250,000
Capital Leases	-	3,108	-	-	-	3,108
VA Revolving Loans	-	-	22,713,574	23,430,869	22,713,574	23,430,869
Total O/S Debt	28,313,134	30,805,414	36,136,113	37,266,356	64,449,247	68,071,770

The table above provides comparative information related to the City's long-term outstanding debt. The decrease from 2015 to 2016 for total debt outstanding for the City is the result of total debt retirements exceeding the amount of debt issued for FY16. As of June 30, 2016, the City had long-term debt outstanding of \$64,449,247; \$36,136,113 was for business-type activities and \$28,313,134 for governmental activities. The amount of debt principal payments due within one year for governmental activities is \$2,949,089, and \$2,340,040 for business-type activities. These debt payments were budgeted as expenditures in the FY 2016 annual appropriation ordinance. Of the total outstanding debt listed in the governmental activities column, \$9,900,568 is related to general government capital projects. The remaining debt outstanding is related to School Board—component unit projects. (See Note 9, beginning on page 34, for relevant disclosures regarding the City's outstanding debt.)

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

June 30, 2016

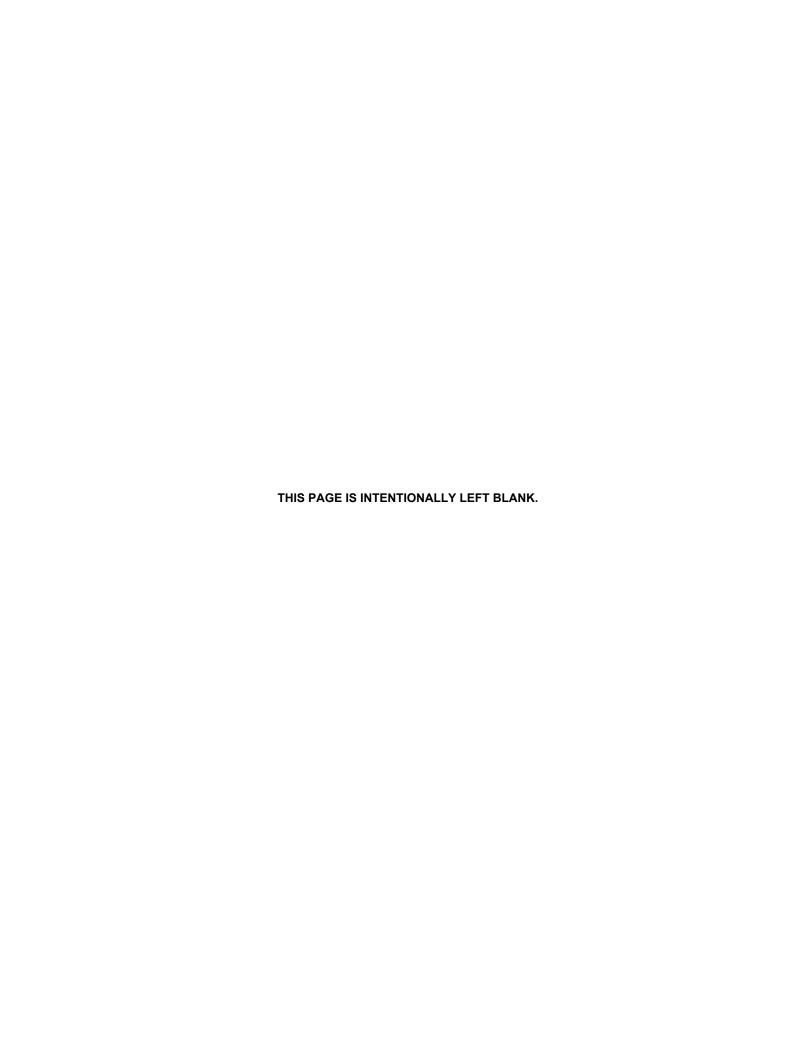
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The fiscal year 2017 general fund budget was adopted at \$46,951,410, an increase of \$1,330,377 over the FY16 budget.
- Real property and personal property tax rate remained the same for FY17.
- The fiscal year 2017 budget included a 2.5% pay increase for most full-time City employees effective January 9, 2017.
- The City's water base and usage fees were increased by 2.5% effective July 1, 2016; sewer base and usage fees were increased by 4.5% effective July 1, 2016.
- The original fiscal year 2017 budget called for the use of \$946,534 of fund balance in the general fund to balance the budget. In addition, \$236,817 of encumbrances were rolled from fiscal year 2016, bringing the total budgeted use of fund balance to \$1,183,351.
- According to the Virginia Employment Commission, the unemployment rate for the City of Waynesboro as of September 2016 was 4.1%, a .4% decrease from September of 2015. This compares favorably to the national rate of 4.8% for the same period, though is slightly higher than the Commonwealth's rate of 4.0%.

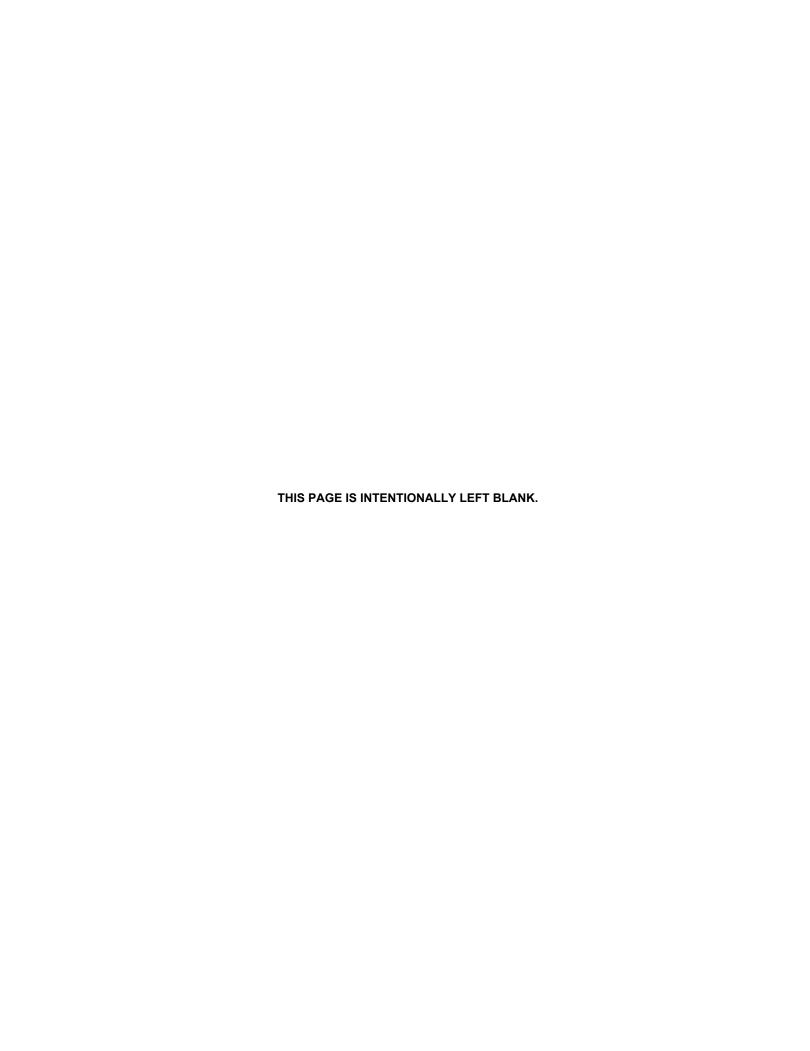
Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Waynesboro's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Director of Finance, 503 W. Main Street, Room 201, Waynesboro, VA 22980.

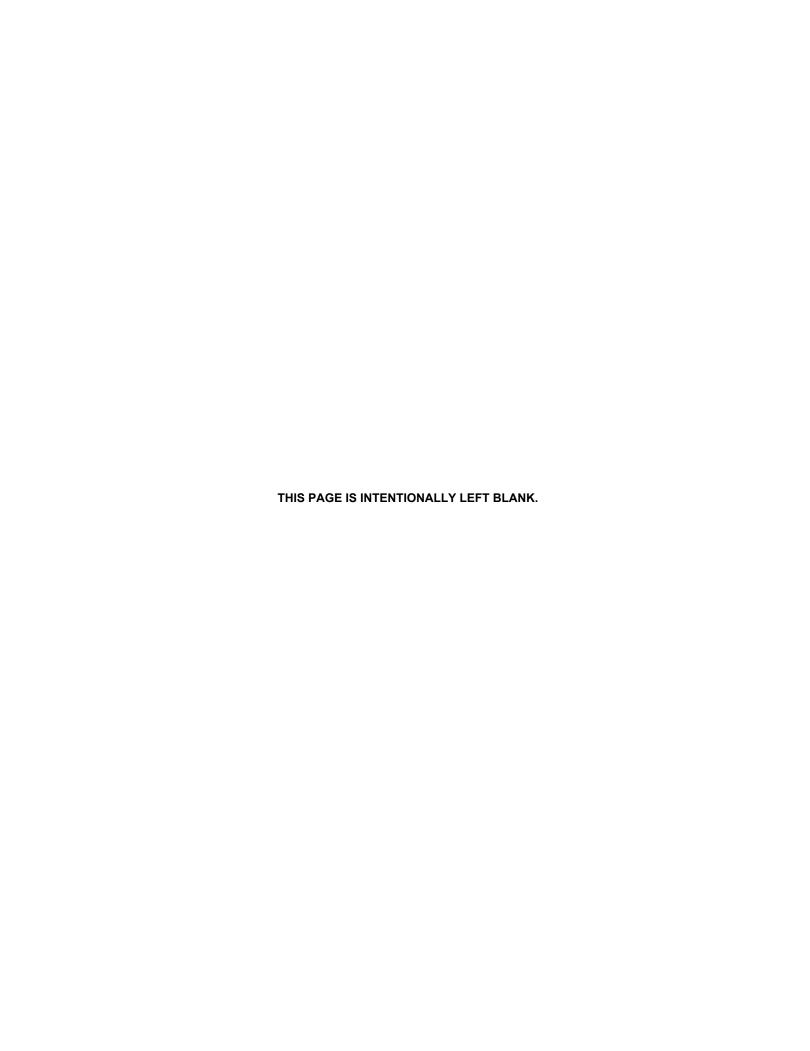
Copies of this report may be downloaded from the City's website at www.waynesboro.va.us.











CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

Exhibit 1

				ary Government			Co	mponent Unit
	Governi Activ		В	usiness-type Activities		Total		School Board
	710117			, ion vinco		i otai		Doard
ASSETS		000 407	•	0.400.740	•	00 000 000	•	4 700 40
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20	,929,197	\$	8,169,742	\$	29,098,939	\$	1,798,403
Investments		1,466		-		1,466		-
Receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes, including penalties		263,999		_		263,999		_
Accounts		773,566		1,972,237		2,745,803		108,41
Notes	5	,194,735		1,072,207		5,194,735		100,41
Due from external parties	Ü	45,638		_		45,638		_
Due from other governments	2	,226,509		_		2,226,509		1,230,76
Due from component unit	_	216,151		_		216,151		-,,
Internal balances	1	,123,167		(1,123,167)				_
Inventories		893,868		-		893,868		_
Restricted assets:		,				•		
Permanently restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		586,029		-		586,029		_
Investment in landfill joint venture		-		2,915,942		2,915,942		-
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	8	,739,798		386,268		9,126,066		274,493
Construction in progress	3	,181,975		206,476		3,388,451		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and systems		,787,219		43,689,333		52,476,552		35,827,590
Improvements other than buildings		,692,921		23,805,904		26,498,825		1,281,172
Machinery and equipment		,290,454		1,376,899		3,667,353		971,24
Infrastructure	-	,537,290		-		15,537,290		-
Total assets	73	,483,982		81,399,634		154,883,616		41,492,07
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred charge on refunding		493,286		927,257		1,420,543		_
Deferred loss on VRS pension	2	,326,515		529,367		2,855,882		2,327,413
Total deferred outflows of resources		,819,801		1,456,624		4,276,425		2,327,413
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and other current								
liabilities	3	,014,602		673,067		3,687,669		2,356,67
Accrued interest payable		361,700		436,952		798,652		19,86
Due to primary government		_		-		-		216,15
Unearned revenue		163,092		_		163,092		· -
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year	3	,118,240		2,478,722		5,596,962		282,188
Due in more than one year	36	,993,772		37,087,612		74,081,384		33,860,42
Total liabilities	43	,651,406		40,676,353		84,327,759		36,735,309
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				_		_		
Unearned revenue - taxes receivable	1	,307,646				1,307,646		
Deferred gain on VRS pension		,186,162		943,356		5,129,518		3,746,759
Total deferred inflows of resources		,493,808		943,356	-	6,437,164		3,746,759
Total deletted filliows of resources		,493,000	_	943,330		0,437,104		3,740,73
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	31	,418,630		32,896,027		64,314,657		36,148,83
Restricted for:								
General government administration		19,655		-		19,655		-
Judicial administration		107,563		-		107,563		-
Public safety		573,888		-		573,888		-
Public works		475,541		-		475,541		-
Parks, recreation and cultural		11,402		-		11,402		-
Community development		40		-		40 10 175		-
Capital projects		19,175		-		19,175		-
Perpetual care:		586,029				E88 030		
Nonexpendable	/0			9 240 522		586,029		(30 044 444
Unrestricted		,053,354)		8,340,522		2,287,168		(32,811,413
Total net position	\$ 27	,158,569	\$	41,236,549	\$	68,395,118	\$	3,337,422

Exhibit 2

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Program Revenues			Net (Expenses Changes in	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	!					Primary Government		Component Unit
		200	Operating	Capital		Ducing two		100400
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Board
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:	0	•		•				
General government administration	4,900,958	12,239	4,010,000	· •	(2,3/8,133)		(2,378,153)	
Judicial administration Public safety	1,393,274	377 559	950,139		(249,932)		(249,932)	
Public works	6.813.144	14,083	2 721 137	734 333	(3,712,500)		(3,743,591)	
Health and welfare	5,325,427	87.250	3 238 299); ; ;	(1,040,031)		(1,040,031)	
Forestion	13 275 982	, ,	001,001,0	•	(13.275.982)		(13.225,919)	
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,935,329	251.196	167.377		(2516.756)		(2516,352)	
Community development	644.256	228,503	64.383	207.920	(143,450)		(143.450)	
Interest on long-term debt	1,100,085			1	(1,100,085)		(1,100,085)	
Total governmental activities	51,962,566	1,178,013	15,122,085	942,253	(34,720,215)		(34,720,215)	
Business-type activities:								
Water	2.946.249	3.573.258		•	•	\$ 627.009	627.009	
Sewer	5,452,764	5,312,609	•	•	•	_	(140,155)	
Landfill operations	610,135	731,978			•	121,843	121,843	
Garbage	909,622	1.161.423	6.427	•	•	258,195	258,195	
Stormwater	917,556	1,200,963	2,131	22,000	•	307,538	307,538	
Total business-type activities	10,836,359	11,980,231	8,558	22,000		1,174,430	1,174,430	
Total primary government	\$ 62,798,925	\$ 13,158,244	\$ 15,130,643	\$ 964,253	(34,720,215)	1,174,430	(33,545,785)	
Component units:								
School board	34,877,857	870,221	20,462,618	'				\$ (13,545,018)
Total component unit	\$ 34,877,857	\$ 870,221	\$ 20,462,618	· \$				(13,545,018)
	(
	פ	General revenues: Taxes:						
		General property			19,577,555		19,577,555	
		Sales			5,493,561		5,493,561	
		Utility			1,032,821	•	1,032,821	•
					2,206,222		2,206,222	•
		Hotel and meals			4,970,141	•	4,970,141	
		Tobacco			370,607		370,607	1
		Other			905,552	' '	905,552	. !
		Miscellaneous			407,358	52,611	459,969	179,592
		Payment from City of Waynesboro	of Waynesboro		•	•	•	13,239,886
		to specific programs	lions not resulcted		F 0.43 586		5 043 586	1
		Uprestricted investment earnings	ns nent earnings		165 902	46 249	0,040,000	37 293
		Gain (loss) on disno	Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		9,814	210,01	10 033	557, 15
	C	Contributions to permi	to permanent fund principal		3,480	2 '	3 480	1
) —		5		865,986	(865.986)	5	
		Total general re	Total general revenues and transfers		41 052 585	(768 907)	40 285 678	13 456 771
			Change in net position	_ <	6 332 370	407 523	6 739 893	(88 247)
	Z	Net position - beginning		_	20,502,019	40 829 026	61,655,225	3 425 669
	2 2		20		¢ 27,028,199		© 68 305 118	3 237 700
	2	et position - ending				640,002,14		



CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

							Exhibit 3
	General Fund		Self-Funded Health Insurance Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 15,969,056 1,466	\$	2,065,923	\$	2,148,579 -	\$	20,183,558 1,466
Receivables (Net of allowances for uncollectibles):	040.474						040 474
Taxes, including penalties Accounts	248,174 583,118		- 12,717		- 172,575		248,174 768,410
Due from other funds	1.267.984		12,717		172,373		1,267,984
Due from component unit - School Board	216,151		_		-		216,151
Due from external parties	45,638		_		_		45,638
Due from other governments Restricted assets:	1,421,039		-		805,470		2,226,509
Cash and cash equivalents	 				586,029		586,029
Total assets	\$ 19,752,626	\$	2,078,640	\$	3,712,653	\$	25,543,919
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	814,853		552,095		542,481		1,909,429
Accrued payroll	789,758		-		45,583		835,341
Retainage payable	-		-		49,064		49,064
Deposits payable	2,500		-		-		2,500
Due to other funds	-		-		177,333		177,333
Amounts held for others	124,971		-		-		124,971
Unearned revenues	163,092		-		2.017		163,092
Compensated absences	 6,389	_			2,017		8,406
Total liabilities	\$ 1,901,563	\$	552,095	\$	816,478	\$	3,270,136
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unearned revenue - taxes receivable	\$ 1,530,950	\$		\$		\$	1,530,950
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Permanent fund principal Restricted for:	-		-		586,029		586,029
General government administration	19,655		-		-		19,655
Judicial administration	107,563		-		-		107,563
Public safety Public works	324,188		-		-		324,188 475,541
Parks, recreation and cultural	475,541 11,402		-		-		11,402
Community development	40		_		_		40
Shenandoah Valley Animal Center	-		_		249,700		249,700
Capital projects	_		_		108,715		108,715
Committed to:					•		,
General government administration	1,427,839		-		-		1,427,839
Public works	250,000		-		-		250,000
Health and welfare	47,936		-		-		47,936
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,770		-		-		2,770
Community development	991,130		-		-		991,130
Debt service	318,022		-		-		318,022
EDA revolving loans	-		-		49,899		49,899
Capital projects	- 69 604		-		853,545		853,545
SAW self-funded insurance Self-funded insurance	68,694 163,593		-		-		68,694 163,593
Revenue stabilization	500,000		-		-		500,000
Education	385,719		_		_		385,719
Eddodilon	505,719		=		=		000,719

cont'd

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

							Exhibit 3 (cont'd)
			Self-Funded				
			Health		Other		Total
	General		Insurance	Go	overnmental	(Governmental
	Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
FUND BALANCES (cont'd)							
Assigned to:							
General government administration	\$ 4,572	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,572
Judicial administration	422		-		-		422
Public safety	66,641		-		-		66,641
Public works	4,530		-		-		4,530
Parks, recreation and cultural	76,267		-		-		76,267
Community development	15,467		-		-		15,467
Youth and family services	-		-		274,221		274,221
CAPSAW	-		-		147,101		147,101
Self-funded health insurance	-		1,526,545		-		1,526,545
Economic Development Authority	-		-		346,891		346,891
Debt service	-		-		4,405		4,405
Capital projects	-		-		275,669		275,669
Unassigned:							
School Board	736,410		-		-		736,410
General	 10,321,712	_				_	10,321,712
Total fund balances	\$ 16,320,113	\$	1,526,545	\$	2,896,175	\$	20,742,833
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 19,752,626	\$	2,078,640	\$	3,712,653	\$	25,543,919

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

		Exhibit 4
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$	20,742,833
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		39,012,696
Receivables, including interest receivable, are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		5,210,560
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		2,997,550
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of supplies and equipment usage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		3,588,131
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(40,289,007)
Other long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(4,104,194)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	27,158,569

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Exhibit 5
		Self-Funded		
		Health	Other	Total
	General	Insurance	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 19,534,896	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,534,896
Other local taxes	14,963,079	-	-	14,963,079
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	216,732	-	-	216,732
Fines and forfeitures	186,866	-	-	186,866
Revenue from use of money and property	214,478	-	8,711	223,189
Charges for services	302,864	-	17,379	320,243
Miscellaneous	720,560	7,278,320	187,998	8,186,878
Recovered costs	76,326	-	665,085	741,411
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth	8,913,103	-	2,421,977	11,335,080
Federal	141,254		2,179,472	2,320,726
Total revenues	45,270,158	7,278,320	5,480,622	58,029,100
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government administration	4,134,101	6,751,047	-	10,885,148
Judicial administration	1,493,599	-	-	1,493,599
Public safety	10,008,922	-	1,047,953	11,056,875
Public works	4,639,260	-	1,864,092	6,503,352
Health and welfare	451,779	-	4,958,287	5,410,066
Education	13,275,982	-	-	13,275,982
Parks, recreation, and cultural	3,079,450	-	-	3,079,450
Community development	881,809	-	438,172	1,319,981
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	2,029,358	-	679,005	2,708,363
Interest and fiscal charges	547,045	-	589,182	1,136,227
Bond issuance costs	15,600			15,600
Total expenditures	40,556,905	6,751,047	9,576,691	56,884,643
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	4,713,253	527,273	(4,096,069)	1,144,457
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Insurance recoveries	36,644	_	_	36,644
Capital debt issued	-	_	216,083	216,083
Transfers in	893,292	_	4,524,050	5,417,342
Transfers out	(4,846,795)		(3,900)	(4,850,695)
Total other financing sources and uses	(3,916,859)		4,736,233	819,374
Net change in fund balances	796,394	527,273	640,164	1,963,831
Fund balance - beginning	15,523,719	999,272	2,256,011	18,779,002
-				<u> </u>
Fund balance - ending	\$ 16,320,113	\$ 1,526,545	\$ 2,896,175	\$ 20,742,833

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Exhibit 6
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)	\$ 1,963,831
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (2,061,421) exceeded	195.341
depreciation (1,866,080) in the current period.	195,341
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(646,608)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	2,492,280
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	2,344,015
In the statement of activities, only the <i>gain</i> on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the <i>cost</i> of the property sold.	(43,712)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of supplies and equipment usage to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 27,223
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,332,370

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

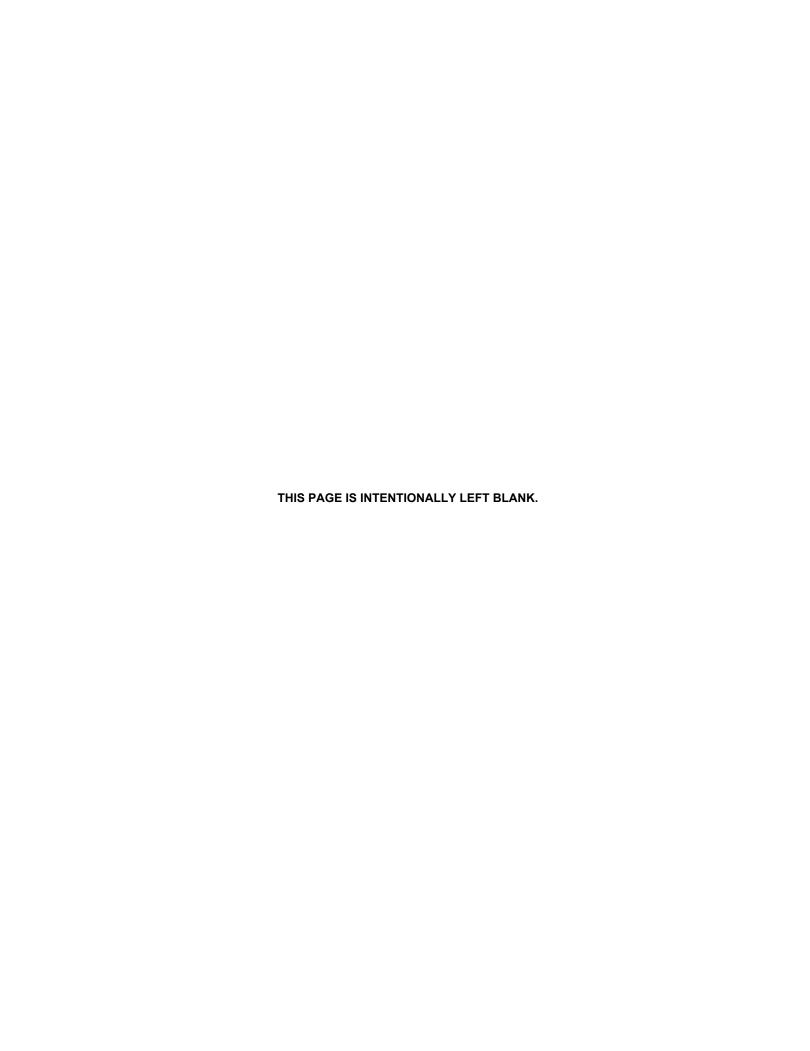
							V	Exhibit 7 //
							F	inal Budget -
		Original		Final		Actual		Positive
		Budget		Budget		Amounts		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	19,494,587	\$	19,494,587	\$	19,534,896	\$	40,309
Other local taxes		13,956,525		14,037,403		14,963,079		925,676
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		220,981		220,981		216,732		(4,249)
Fines and forfeitures		199,290		199,290		186,866		(12,424)
Revenue from use of money and property		165,662		165,662		214,478		48,816
Charges for services		280,202		288,062		302,864		14,802
Miscellaneous		710,901		727,186		720,560		(6,626)
Recovered costs		22,230		22,430		76,326		53,896
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		8,682,055		8,686,158		8,913,103		226,945
Federal	_	-	_	7,500		141,254		133,754
Total revenues		43,732,433	_	43,849,259		45,270,158		1,420,899
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration		3,901,552		4,063,811		4,134,101		(70,290)
Judicial administration		1,520,186		1,548,563		1,493,599		54,964
Public safety		10,118,809		10,244,766		10,008,922		235,844
Public works		4,491,845		5,719,416		4,639,260		1,080,156
Health and welfare		464,097		464,097		451,779		12,318
Education		13,905,182		13,905,182		13,275,982		629,200
Parks, recreation and cultural		3,113,951		3,250,203		3,079,450		170,753
Community development		924,420		955,917		881,809		74,108
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		2,019,688		2,019,688		2,029,358		(9,670)
Interest and fiscal charges		555,978		555,978		547,045		8,933
Bond issuance costs		-		-		15,600		(15,600)
Total expenditures		41,015,708	_	42,727,621		40,556,905		2,170,716
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		2,716,725		1,121,638	_	4,713,253		3,591,615
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Insurance recoveries		_		23,271		36,644		13,373
Transfers in		893,429		879,429		893,292		13,863
Transfers out		(3,867,524)		(5,095,326)	_	(4,846,795)		248,531
Total other financing sources and uses		(2,974,095)	_	(4,192,626)	_	(3,916,859)		275,767
Net change in fund balances		(257,370)		(3,070,988)		796,394		3,867,382
Fund balance - beginning		257,370	_	3,070,988		15,523,719	_	12,452,731
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,320,113	\$	16,320,113
-	<u></u>		-		<u>-</u>	2,2-2,270	<u>*</u>	.,, •

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

					Exhibit 8 Governmental
	Bus	siness-type Activitie	s - Enterprise Funds		Activities
-			Other		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Enterprise		Service
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total	Fund
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,465,111	\$ 4,477,864	\$ 1,226,767 \$	8,169,742	\$ 745,639
Accounts receivable (net of allowance					
for uncollectibles)	510,650	781,200	680,387	1,972,237	5,156
Inventory		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-	893,868
Total current assets	2,975,761	5,259,064	1,907,154	10,141,979	1,644,663
Noncurrent assets:					
Equity interest in joint venture	_	-	2,915,942	2,915,942	-
Capital assets:				_,,,,,,,,	-
Land	342,088	44,180		386,268	
Buildings	9,019,357	43,318,078	113,453	52,450,888	-
5			113,433		-
Improvements other than buildings	18,798,966	34,331,869	4 440 225	53,130,835	7 04 4 000
Machinery and equipment	803,519	1,925,464	1,410,325	4,139,308	7,014,008
Construction in progress	66,502	139,974	(004 007)	206,476	723,623
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,733,759)	(27,190,809)	(924,327)	(40,848,895)	(5,520,670
Total capital assets (net of	40.000.000				
accumulated depreciation)	16,296,673	52,568,756	599,451	69,464,880	2,216,961
Total noncurrent assets	16,296,673	52,568,756	3,515,393	72,380,822	2,216,961
Total assets	19,272,434	57,827,820	5,422,547	82,522,801	3,861,624
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	761,768	165,489	-	927,257	_
Deferred loss on VRS pension	172,136	204,855	152,376	529,367	45,555
Total deferred outflows of resources	933,904	370,344	152,376	1,456,624	45,555
LIADULTICS					
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	39,244	92,970	117,261	249,475	78,052
Retainage payable	-	5,902	-	5,902	-
Accrued payroll	64,257	79,259	56,506	200,022	15,245
Accrued interest payable	124,365	312,587	-	436,952	-
Deposits payable	216,273	-	1,395	217,668	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	1,090,651
Compensated absences	1,100	3,500	15,679	20,279	800
General obligation bonds - current	393,296	422,854	-	816,150	-
Revenue bonds payable - current	-	1,642,293	-	1,642,293	-
Total current liabilities	838,535	2,559,365	190,841	3,588,741	1,184,748
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	46,189	59,045	51,289	156,523	11,527
Net OPEB obligation	35,226	37,183	44,128	116,537	10,649
Net pension liability	579,350	689,472	508,063	1,776,885	153,323
General obligation bonds payable (net of unamortized premium and deferred amount	,	,	,	, ,	,
on refunding)	11 756 026	5,967,577		17,723,603	
Revenue bonds payable	11,756,026		-		-
• •		17,314,064		17,314,064	
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,416,791	24,067,341	603,480	37,087,612	175,499
Total liabilities	13,255,326	26,626,706	794,321	40,676,353	1,360,247
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred gain on VRS pension	309,728	368,601	265,027	943,356	81,968
Total deferred outflows of resources	309,728	368,601	265,027	943,356	81,968
	300,.20	300,001	_00,0	0,000	

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

	Busi	ness-type Activit	ies - Enterprise Fund	ls	Exhibit 8 (cont'd) Governmental Activities
		Sewer Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total	Internal Service Fund
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total net position	4,909,119 1,732,165 \$ 6,641,284 \$	27,387,457 3,815,400 31,202,857	599,451 3,916,124 \$ 4,515,575	32,896,027 9,463,689 42,359,716	2,216,961 248,003 \$ 2,464,964
	Adjustment to reflect fund activities relate			(1,123,167)	
	Net position of	business-type ac	tivities	\$ 41,236,549	



CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

G	Sovernmental
_	Activities
	Internal
	Service
	Fund
0,231 \$	1,645,639
<u></u>	28,666
2,842	1,674,305
5,629	296,019
7,013	137,328
2,427	1,054,750
1,453	398,877
6,522	1,886,974
6,320	(212,669
6,427	-
4,131	-
6,249	-
219	9,814
6,021)	-
3,077)	-
2,072)	9,814
4,248	(202,855
3,495	299,339
9,481)	-
3,262	96,484
_	2,368,480
\$	2,464,964
8	8,262

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		- Ri	ıeine	es type Activiti	00	- Enterprise Funds		G	Exhibit 10 overnmental Activities
		Water	JSIIIE	Sewer	es -	Other Enterprise			Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Fund		Fund		Funds	Total		Fund
Cash received from customers and users	\$	3,676,854	\$	5,390,245	Ф	2,680,192 \$	11,747,291	\$	
Cash received from interfund services provided	Ψ	5,070,054	Ψ	5,550,245	Ψ	2,000,132 ψ	-	Ψ	1,646,248
Cash paid to suppliers		(519,714)		(722,106)		(1,483,218)	(2,725,038)		(1,160,483)
Cash paid to employees		(1,313,389)		(1,505,729)		(480,089)	(3,299,207)		(339,391)
Other receipts (payments)		29,073		17,060		6,478	52,611		28,666
Net cash provided (used) by operating				,	_		,		
activities	_	1,872,824		3,179,470	_	723,363	5,775,657		175,040
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Subsidy from state grant		-		-		6,427	6,427		-
Subsidy from federal grant		-		-		24,131	24,131		-
Transfer from other funds		160,089		-		23,406	183,495		71,969
Transfer to other funds		(271,638)		(500,854)		(276,989)	(1,049,481)		
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital									
financing activities	_	(111,549)		(500,854)	_	(223,025)	(835,428)		71,969
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Acquisition and construction of		219		-		-	219		9,814
capital assets		(792,755)		(890,547)		(100,517)	(1,783,819)		(374,548)
Transfer from other funds		-		- 1		-	-		299,339
Principal paid on capital debt		(309,811)		(1,996,166)		-	(2,305,977)		-
Proceeds from capital debt		-		493,220		-	493,220		-
Interest paid on capital debt		(483,955)		(299,514)		<u> </u>	(783,469)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(1,586,302)		(2,693,007)	_	(100,517)	(4,379,826)		(65,395)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES									
Interest received		17,098		22,897		6,254	46,249		_
Cash paid to joint venture		-		, -		(318,652)	(318,652)		-
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		17,098		22,897	_	(312,398)	(272,403)		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash									
and cash equivalents		192,071		8,506		87,423	288,000		181,614
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	_	2,273,040		4,469,358	_	1,139,344	7,881,742	_	564,025
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	2,465,111	\$	4,477,864	\$	1,226,767 \$	8,169,742	\$	745,639
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year is composed of the following:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,465,111	\$	4,477,864	\$	1,226,767 \$	8,169,742	\$	745,639

cont'd

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Bı	usine	ess-type Activiti	es ·	- Enterprise Funds		ibit 10 (cont'd) overnmental Activities
	Water		Sewer		Other Enterprise	_	 Internal Service
	Fund		Fund		Funds	Total	Fund
econciliation of operating income to net							
cash provided (used) by operating							
activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,057,847	\$	828,630	\$	859,843 \$	2,746,320	\$ (212,669)
Adjustments to reconcile operating							
income to net cash provided (used)							
by operating activities:							
Depreciation	750,971		2,127,478		83,004	2,961,453	398,877
(Increase) decrease in accounts							
receivable	84,778		77,636		(414,322)	(251,908)	609
(Increase) decrease in inventory	-		-		-	-	799
(Increase) decrease in deferred loss							
on VRS pension	(72,847)		(84,692)		(91,473)	(249,012)	(19,199)
Increase (decrease) in accounts							
payable	(6,001)		52,965		21,438	68,402	30,796
Increase (decrease) in accrued							
payroll	11,100		19,538		27,907	58,545	1,802
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	530		632		3,778	4,940	140
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(93,868)		(14,683)		95,190	(13,361)	(51,793)
(Increase) decrease in deferred gain							
on VRS pension	115,123		165,053		128,140	408,316	22,676
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable	18,818		-		150	18,968	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated							
absences	 6,373		6,913		9,708	22,994	 3,002
Total Adjustments	814,977		2,350,840		(136,480)	3,029,337	387,709
Net cash provided (used) by							
operating activities	\$ 1,872,824	\$	3,179,470	\$	723,363 \$	5,775,657	\$ 175,040

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

There are no noncash activities to disclose.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

		Exhibit 11				
		Total Agency				
		Funds				
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	311,322				
Accounts receivable		77,894				
Due from other governments		16,255				
Total assets		405,471				
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		1,803				
Accrued payroll		28,353				
Payroll taxes and fringes payable		313,423				
Due to external parties		45,637				
Net OPEB obligation		16,255				
Total liabilities	\$	405,471				

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Waynesboro, Virginia (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1948 and organized under the Council-Manager form of government. The City is governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit:

The Waynesboro Economic Development Authority (the "Authority") was established under the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act of the *Code of Virginia* and has the responsibility to promote industry and develop trade by inducing manufacturing, industrial, and other commercial enterprises to locate or remain in the City. The City appoints all seven members of the Authority's Board of Directors. In fiscal year 2009, the Authority issued a \$6.25 million note payable to finance an incentive grant that will be payable solely from financial assistance made available by the City to the Authority. This note was refunded by the City in fiscal year 2015. Additionally, the Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds upon application by qualified applicants for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, equipping, and rehabilitating certain facilities as provided in Chapter 49 of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act as set forth in the Code. Upon issuance, the proceeds of the bonds are loaned to the applicant, who then agrees to repay the bonds as set forth in the Loan Agreement executed in connection with the issuance of the bonds. Section 15.2-4909 of the Code specifically provides that the bonds shall not be deemed to constitute debt or a pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or any political subdivision thereof, including the locality issuing the bonds. Such bonds are payable solely from the revenues and moneys pledged for such purpose by the applicant, and are secured by a deed of trust, line of credit, and/or other pledge of the applicant's assets.

Separate financial statements of this component unit are not available.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the City's discretely presented component unit. This is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The City of Waynesboro School Board was created as a separate legal entity by the City to oversee the operations and management of its publicly funded primary and secondary schools. The members of the School Board are elected by the voters. Because the School Board does not have taxing power, it is fiscally dependent on the City to provide significant funding to operate and maintain the public schools. In addition, the City must approve the School Board budget and approve any debt issuances.

Separate financial statements of this component unit are not available.

Undivided Interests and Joint Ventures:

The City, along with the City of Staunton and the County of Augusta, is a participant in the Augusta Regional Landfill (the "Landfill"). The Landfill, which has both an undivided interest component and joint venture component, was formed to develop regional refuse disposal, including the development of facilities and systems for recycling, waste reduction, and disposal alternatives with the ultimate goal of acquiring, financing, constructing, and operating/maintaining regional solid waste disposal areas, systems, and facilities. Assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the undivided interest component are reported by the City in its ACSA Joint Landfill Fund. Likewise, the City's investment in the joint venture component of the Landfill, which is an explicit, measurable, equity interest, is reported as an asset in the ACSA Joint Landfill Fund and totaled \$2,915,942 as of June 30, 2016. Complete financial statements of the Augusta Regional Landfill can be obtained from the entity's administrative offices by contacting the Augusta County Service Authority, P.O. Box 859, Verona, VA 24482-0859.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

A. Reporting Entity (cont'd)

Undivided Interests and Joint Ventures: (cont'd)

The City, in conjunction with the City of Staunton, City of Harrisonburg, County of Augusta, and the County of Rockingham, is a participant in the Middle River Regional Jail Authority, but has no equity interest in the venture. Capital and operating costs are allocated annually based on the percentage of prisoners from each member jurisdiction over the previous three calendar years. In accordance with the service agreement, the Authority has divided its charges to member jurisdictions into an operating and debt service component. The City paid the Jail Authority \$1,122,888 for fiscal year 2016.

The City, in conjunction with the City of Staunton and the County of Augusta, is a participant in a Regional Animal Shelter, with equity interest in the Regional Animal Shelter Land Trust. Capital and operating costs are allocated annually based on percentage of ownership for each locality. Activity is shown in a special revenue fund, named Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center. The City transferred funds to the Regional Animal Shelter in the amount of \$67,061 for fiscal year 2016.

Excluded Organizations:

The financial activities of the following organization are excluded from the City's annual financial report because the City is not financially accountable for the organization:

- Waynesboro Redevelopment Housing Authority

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from a legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, with the exception of agency fund financial statements, which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims/judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (cont'd)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 45 days after year-end are reflected as unearned revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Governmental Funds account for the expendable financial resources, other than those accounted for in Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds. The governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than on net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The City reports the following governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds consist of the Virginia Public Assistance, Comprehensive Services Act, Youth and Family Services, Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta, Waynesboro, Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Funds, Self-Funded Health Insurance Fund, and a blended component unit, Economic Development Authority. The Self-Funded Health Insurance Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

Debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds. Debt service funds consist of the Debt Revenue Fund. The Debt Revenue Fund is considered a major fund for fiscal year 2015 financial reporting purposes.

Capital project funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital project funds consist of the Capital Improvements Fund.

Permanent funds account for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. Permanent funds consist of the Cemetery Care Fund.

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of net income. Proprietary funds consist of Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. The government reports the following proprietary funds:

Enterprise funds account for operations where the intent of the City is that the cost of provided services to the general public be financed and recovered through user charges. Enterprise funds consist of the Water, Sewer, Garbage, and the ACSA Joint Landfill Funds. The Water and Sewer Funds are considered major funds for financial reporting purposes.

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. Internal service funds consist of the Equipment and Stores Fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (cont'd)

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting as described in the Proprietary Funds presentation. Agency funds reported by the City include the Payroll Fringes, Shenandoah Valley Police Academy, and First Aid Crew Funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water, sewer, and garbage functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water, Sewer, Garbage, ACSA Joint Landfill, and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize as operating revenue, the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

All revenue and expenses not meeting the operating definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component unit, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories in the internal service fund consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are accounted for under the consumption method. Cost is recorded as an expense at the time the individual inventory items are used.

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real property taxes are payable in two installments on July 31 and December 5 and personal property taxes are payable in one installment on December 5. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$819,838 at June 30, 2016, and consisted of the following:

General Fund – taxes	\$ 415,526
Water Fund – utility billings	184,956
Sewer Fund – utility billings	177,734
Garbage Fund – utility billings	41,622
Total	\$ 819 838

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Restricted Assets

Cash investments of \$586,029 in the Cemetery Care Fund, a permanent fund, are non-spendable and thus restricted. Only earnings may be used by the City to fund the cemetery maintenance costs.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Infrastructure acquired prior to the City's implementation of GASB Statement 34 are included in the City's capital asset totals.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

8. Capital Assets (cont'd)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current year.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings	50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Infrastructure	20-50

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements that present financial position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The government has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on refunding and deferred loss on VRS pension reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the enterprise funds statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt ant its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunded debt, or the new debt whichever is shorter. The City's net pension liability is calculated using a measurement date of June 30, 2015. Employer contributions made after this date are reported as deferred outflows of resources. The City's employer share of fiscal year 2016 VRS contributions will be reported as part of total pension expense in the next fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statements that present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, unearned revenue - taxes receivable and deferred gain on VRS pension. The unearned revenue - taxes receivable, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unearned revenue - taxes receivable from property taxes and other receivables not collected within 45 days of year end and collection in the current fiscal year of property taxes levied to fund future years. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In the government-wide statement of net position, unearned revenue – taxes receivable is reported for collection in the current fiscal year of property taxes levied to fund future years. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts are earned. The deferred gain on VRS pension reported in the government-wide statement of net position and the enterprise funds statement of net position represents the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. This amount is deferred and amortized over future periods.

10. Compensated Absences

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," the City has accrued the liability arising from outstanding compensated absences.

City employees earn sick leave at the rate of 8 hours per month. No benefits or pay is received for unused sick leave upon termination. City employees earn varying amounts of vacation dependent upon years of service. Accumulated vacation up to 56 days is paid upon termination. Law enforcement officers can earn up to 80 hours of compensatory time that would be paid upon termination.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

10. Compensated Absences (cont'd)

School Board 11-month and 12-month personnel earn varying amounts of annual leave dependent upon years of service. Accumulated annual leave up to 30 days will be paid upon termination. School Board personnel with at least 5 years of service may be paid for up to 120 days of unused sick time at a rate of \$20 per day for professional employees and \$10 per day for support personnel.

11. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. Loans issued at 0% are discounted at the applicable long term annual financing rate based on date of issue.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt plus premiums issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. Fund Equity

<u>Financial policies</u> - For fiscal year 2016, no formal policy regarding fund balance has been adopted by the City. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City considers restricted funds used first, followed by unrestricted funds. When an expenditure is incurred where multiple unrestricted categories could be used, the City follows the subsequent order of use: committed amounts are used first, followed by assigned amounts, then unassigned amounts.

Non-spendable fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid amounts, assets held for sale, and long-term receivables.

Restricted fund balance – Restricted funds are either externally imposed (such as debt covenants, grantors, contributors, or other governments) or are imposed by law (constitutionally or enabling legislation). The source of the constraint comes from outside the government and cannot be changed by City Council.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – The City's committed funds require formal action of the City Council either by resolution or ordinance that identifies the specific circumstances under which resources may be expended.

Assigned fund balance – Amounts that are constrained by the City's expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed are classified as assigned. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body, another body (such as the Finance Committee), or by an official to whom that authority has been given. With the exception of the General Fund, this is the residual fund balance of the classification for all governmental funds with positive balances.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – Unassigned funds consist of amounts not assigned, committed, or restricted, and are funds that are considered to be available for use by the City.

13. Net Position

Net position is assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position or Equity (cont'd)

14. Component Unit – School Board Capital Asset and Debt Presentation

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority, therefore, it can't incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction, or improvement of its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the City who issue debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the *Code of Virginia* requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets due to their maintaining the assets.

In the Statement of Net Position, this scenario presents a dilemma for the City. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net position of the City. The corresponding capital assets are reported as assets of the Component Unit – School Board, thereby increasing its net position.

The Virginia General Assembly amended the *Code of Virginia* to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any new property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt. As of June 30, 2016, the City does not record the School Board's capital assets; they are reported as capital assets of the Component Unit – School Board.

15. Component Unit – Open Lines of Credit

The Component Unit School Board has several open lines of credit with various vendors that require the use of purchase order to initiate a transaction.

16. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the City's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of supplies and equipment usage to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position." The details of this \$3,588,131 difference in the primary government are as follows:

Net position of the internal service funds	\$ 2,464,964
Add: Internal receivable representing costs in excess of charges	
to business-type activities - prior years	1,192,428
Add: Internal receivable representing costs in excess of charges	
to business-type activities - current year	 (69,261)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ 3,588,131

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position (cont'd)

Another element of that reconciliation explains, "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of these \$40,289,007 and \$34,162,482 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit-school board, respectively, are as follows:

			Co	mponent Unit	
	Primary			School	
	_(Sovernment	Board		
Bonds payable	\$	28,313,134	\$	-	
Plus: Issuance premium		824,602		-	
Capital leases payable		-		2,205,666	
Landfill closure liability		1,774,552		-	
Accrued interest payable		361,700		19,869	
Net OPEB obligation		532,532		2,770,000	
Net pension liability		7,676,932		28,447,050	
Compensated absences		805,555		719,897	
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental					
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$	40,289,007	\$	34,162,482	

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation states, "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of these \$2,492,280 and \$248,901 differences in the primary government and discretely presented component unit-school board, respectively, are as follows:

			Com	ponent Unit
		Primary	School	
	G	overnment		Board
Debt issued or incurred:				
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$	(216,083)	\$	-
Principal repayments:				
General obligaton debt		2,705,255		-
Capital lease		3,108		248,901
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		0.400.000	Φ.	040.004
net position of governmental activities	\$	2,492,280	\$	248,901

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont'd)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (cont'd)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these \$2,344,015 and \$799,347 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit-school board, respectively, are as follows:

			Co	mponent Unit
		Primary		School
	C	Sovernment		Board
Compensated absences	\$	(31,277)	\$	(36,219)
Accrued interest		(6,300)		2,243
Landfill post-closure care liability		29,646		-
Increase in net OPEB obligation		(7,032)		(352,000)
(Increase)/decrease in net pension liability		2,548,829		483,786
EDA revolving loans issued		33,500		-
Increase/(Decrease) in deferred outflows		866,875		(38,889)
(Increase)/Decrease in deferred inflows		(1,148,268)		740,426
Amortization of issuance premium		116,920		-
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	_	(58,878)		
Net adjustment to increase/decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive	œ.	2 244 045	¢.	700 247
at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$	2,344,015	\$	799,347

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of supplies and equipment usage to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities." The details of this \$27,223 difference in the primary government are as follows:

Change in net position of the internal service funds	\$ 96,484
Add: Loss from costs in excess of charges to business-type activities	 (69,261)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ 27,223

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds except the Economic Development fund, and the permanent fund, which are not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The following procedures are used by the City in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the City Manager submits to City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a budget resolution.
- 4. The budget resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level (i.e. General Government Admin., Public Safety, etc.) The appropriations for each function can be revised only by the City Council.
- 5. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Budget data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes the original budget and the revised budget as of June 30, 2016.
- 7. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont'd)

B. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Fund, Capital Improvements Fund, School Cafeteria Fund, and School Textbook Fund had expenditures exceeding appropriations.

C. Deficit Fund Balance

At June 30, 2016, the School Construction Fund had a deficit balance of \$196,048.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon the choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The City has no investment policies that would further limit their investment choices.

Credit Risk – The City's investments are subject to credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and interest rate risk as described below. The City's investments are not subject to custodial risk or foreign currency risk.

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2016 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

Investment Type	Fair			Fair Qualit	ity Ratings		
		Value		AAAm		Unrated	
Primary Government							
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	1,466	\$	1,466	\$		
Total Fair Value	\$	1,466	\$	1,466	\$	_	

Concentration of Credit Risk - The City places no limits on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – As of June 30, 2016, the City had investments with the following maturities:

Investment Type	Investment Maturities (in years)							
	_ Fa	ir Value	Les	ss than 1		1 - 5	6 - 1	10
Primary Government								
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	1,466	\$	1,466	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Total Fair Value	\$	1,466	\$	1,466	\$		\$	

The City does not have formal investment policies that limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arriving from increasing interest rates.

5. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary		Con	Component Unit	
	Government		School Board		
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
School Funds	\$	-	\$	625,847	
State sales taxes		-		604,914	
Local sales taxes		924,198		-	
Communications tax		205,088		-	
Public assistance grants		72,654		-	
Comprehensive Services Act funds		130,300		-	
Other State funds		390,704			
Total Due from the Commonwealth		1,722,944		1,230,761	
Federal Government:					
Community Services Block Grant		60,429		-	
Public assistanc grants		56,615		-	
Department of Health & Human Services		26,263		-	
Department of Transportation		240,444		-	
Other federal funds		843			
Total Due from the Federal Government		384,594			
Total Due from Other Governments	\$	2,107,538	\$	1,230,761	

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Inter-fund balances at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Primary Government:

Due to General Fund from:Non-major governmental funds\$ 177,333Non-major Internal Service Fund1,090,651Total due to General Fund from other funds for cash advances\$ 1,267,984

Inter-fund balances are due to the fact that the general fund aided in funding the operations in various other funds.

Inter-fund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

Primary Go	vernment:
------------	-----------

Transfers to General Fund from:		
Non-major governmental funds	\$	3,900
Water Fund for operations		271,638
Sewer Fund for operations		340,765
Non-major enterprise funds for operations		276,989
Total transfers to General Fund	\$	893,292
Transfers to Water Fund from: Sewer Fund for operations	<u>\$</u>	160,089
Transfers to Non-major enterprise funds from: General Fund for operations	<u>\$</u>	23,406

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (cont'd)

Transfers to non-major governmental funds from:	
General Fund for welfare assistance	\$ 1,818,766
General Fund for Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center	67,061
General Fund for Economic Development Authority	330,319
General Fund for debt service	1,268,190
General Fund for capital projects	1,039,714
Total transfers to non-major governmental funds	<u>\$ 4,524,050</u>
Transfers to non-major Internal Service Fund from:	
General Fund for equipment purchases	<u>\$ 299,339</u>
Component Unit School Board:	
Transfers to School Textbook Fund from:	
School Operating Fund	<u>\$ 292,616</u>
Transfers to non-major governmental funds from:	
School Operating Fund	<u>\$ 1,067</u>

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

A summary of the changes in the City's capital assets for governmental activities is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,735,499	\$ 4,299	\$ -	\$ 8,739,798
Construction in progress	2,699,344	1,774,585	(1,291,954)	3,181,975
Total capital assets not being depreciated	11,434,843	1,778,884	(1,291,954)	11,921,773
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	15,573,908	-	-	15,573,908
Improvements other than buildings	5,707,237	72,670	-	5,779,907
Equipment	10,658,952	657,045	(95,803)	11,220,194
Infrastructure	52,778,394	1,248,242		54,026,636
Total capital assets being depreciated	84,718,491	1,977,957	(95,803)	86,600,645
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(6,463,282)	(323,407)	-	(6,786,689)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,877,473)	(209,513)	-	(3,086,986)
Equipment	(8,111,126)	(841,747)	23,133	(8,929,740)
Infrastructure	(37,599,056)	(890,290)		(38,489,346)
Total accumulated depreciation	(55,050,937)	(2,264,957)	23,133	(57,292,761)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	29,667,554	(287,000)	(72,670)	29,307,884
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 41,102,397	\$ 1,491,884	\$ (1,364,624)	\$ 41,229,657

7. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont'd)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (cont'd)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 131,085
Judicial administration	62,513
Public safety	371,515
Public works	949,080
Health and welfare	817
Parks, recreation, and cultural	231,751
Community development	119,319
•	

A summary of the changes in the City's capital assets for *business-type activities* is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 386,268	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 386,268
Construction in progress	73,472	133,004		206,476
Total capital assets not beind depreciated	459,740	133,004		592,744
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	52,450,888	-	-	52,450,888
Improvements other than buildings	51,731,175	1,399,660	-	53,130,835
Equipment	3,945,170	257,057	(62,919)	4,139,308
Total capital assets being depreciated	108,127,233	1,656,717	(62,919)	109,721,031
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(7,733,101)	(1,028,454)	-	(8,761,555)
Improvements other than buildings	(27,620,104)	(1,704,827)	-	(29,324,931)
Equipment	(2,597,156)	(228,172)	62,919	(2,762,409)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,950,361)	(2,961,453)	62,919	(40,848,895)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	70,176,872	(1,304,736)		68,872,136
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 70,636,612	\$ (1,171,732)	\$ -	\$ 69,464,880

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City's business-type activities as follows:

Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 750,971
Sewer	2,127,478
Garbage	82,718
Stormwater	 286
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	\$ 2.961.453

(Notes Continued on Next Page)

7. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont'd)

COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

A summary of the changes in the Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board's capital assets is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 274,493 274,493	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 274,493 274,493
Capital assets, being depreciated:	27 1,100			271,100
Buildings	51,681,098	286,981	-	51,968,079
Improvements other than buildings	4,198,467	40,041	-	4,238,508
Equipment	3,826,618	312,009	(162,337)	3,976,290
Total capital assets being depreciated	59,706,183	639,031	(162,337)	60,182,877
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(15,166,276)	(974,213)	-	(16,140,489)
Improvements other than buildings	(2,797,161)	(160,175)	_	(2,957,336)
Equipment	(2,991,156)	(176,225)	162,337	(3,005,044)
Total accumulated depreciation	(20,954,593)	(1,310,613)	162,337	(22,102,869)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	38,751,590	(671,582)		38,080,008
School Board capital assets, net	\$ 39,026,083	\$ (671,582)	\$ -	\$ 38,354,501

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Component Unit' School Board's governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities: Education

\$ 1,310,613

8. UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of fiscal year 2016, the various components of unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	 nearned
Grant revenue received, but not spent by June 30, 2016 (General Fund)	\$ 163,092
Total deferred revenue for governmental funds	\$ 163,092

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

					Governm	enta	I Activities								
					Virginia Re	evolv	ing Loans								
Year Ending	General Obl	ligati	ion Bonds		Taxable	G.C) Bonds			State Literary Loans					
June 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Principal		Principal Interest			Principal		Interest	
2017	\$ 2,483,006	\$	1,031,339	\$	216,083	\$		-	\$	250,000	\$	30,000			
2018	1,753,104		941,578		-			-		250,000		22,500			
2019	1,606,585		868,861		-			-		250,000		15,000			
2020	1,645,679		800,760		-			-		250,000		7,500			
2021	1,699,032		732,387		-			-		-		-			
2022-2026	15,270,536		2,258,493		-			-		-		-			
2027-2031	2,639,109		176,557												
	\$ 27,097,051	\$	6,809,975	\$	216,083	\$			\$	1,000,000	\$	75,000			

	Business-Type Activities								
				Virginia Revo	lving Loans				
Year Ending	General Obli	gation Bonds	Taxable	G.O Bonds	Sewer Rev	venue Bonds			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2017	415,000	593,828	308,840	116,505	1,616,200	80,621			
2018	432,276	569,467	318,175	107,170	1,621,545	75,535			
2019	441,977	549,316	327,791	97,554	1,626,896	70,594			
2020	456,910	529,867	337,699	87,646	1,632,252	66,091			
2021	485,957	510,187	347,906	77,439	1,637,613	60,920			
2022-2026	2,796,200	2,169,113	1,903,764	222,961	8,273,681	207,250			
2027-2031	3,499,219	1,454,107	415,962	9,382	7,727,517	45,017			
2032-2036	3,335,000	759,747	-	-	117,481	4,000			
2037-2041	1,560,000	75,069		_		<u>=</u>			
	\$ 13,422,539	\$ 7,210,701	\$ 3,960,137	\$ 718,657	\$ 24,253,185	\$ 610,028			

Compensated absences, net OPEB obligation, net pension liability and liability for landfill closure are not included in the schedule reflecting annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations since it cannot be estimated when they will be paid.

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (cont'd)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (cont'd)

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the City and Blended Component Unit, Economic Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2015		Additions	_	Retirements	h	Balance ine 30, 2016	Oue within
		_		_				one year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 29,552,306	\$	-	\$	2,455,255	\$	27,097,051	\$ 2,483,006
Unamortized Bond Premium	941,522				116,920		824,602	115,945
VRA Loan - Taxable G.O. Bond	-		216,083		-		216,083	216,083
State Literary Loans	1,250,000		-		250,000		1,000,000	250,000
Capital Leases	3,108		-		3,108		-	-
Liability for Landfill Closure	1,804,198		-		29,646		1,774,552	-
Net OPEB Obligation	536,009		7,172		-		543,181	-
Net Pension Liability	10,430,877		-		2,063,409		8,367,468	-
Compensated Absences	792,747		78,816		45,275		826,288	 44,800
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 45,310,767	\$	302,071	\$	4,963,613	\$	40,649,225	\$ 3,109,834
Business-type Activities								
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 13,835,487	\$	_	\$	412,948	\$	13,422,539	\$ 415,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	1,473,304		-		113,309		1,359,995	118,403
VRA Loan - Taxable G.O. Bond	4,259,916		-		299,779		3,960,137	308,840
VRA Loan - Sewer Revenue Bond	25,353,217		493,220		1,593,252		24,253,185	2,266,169
Unamortized Bond Discount	(6,182,264)		-		(682,516)		(5,499,748)	(649,969)
Net OPEB Obligation	111,597		4,940		-		116,537	-
Net Pension Liability	1,790,246		-		13,361		1,776,885	-
Compensated Absences	153,808		29,583		6,589		176,802	 20,279
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 40,795,311	\$	527,743	\$	1,756,722	\$	39,566,332	\$ 2,478,722
Primary Government Totals	\$ 86,106,078	\$	829,814	\$	6,720,335	\$	80,215,557	\$ 5,588,556

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for these funds, which totaled \$175,499 at June 30, 2016, are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness	Govern- mental	Business type	S-
General Obligation Bonds:			
\$4,341,667 General Obligation School Bonds – Series 2001A (Waynesboro High School), issued November 15, 2001, maturing annually through July 15, 2021, bearing interest from 3.10% to			
5.35% payable semiannually.	\$ 1,434,211	\$	-

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (cont'd)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (cont'd)			
Details of Long-Term Indebtedness (cont'd)	Govern- mental	Business- type	
General Obligation Bonds: (cont'd)			
\$17,080,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds – Series 2007 (General, Water, Sewer) issued August 29, 2007, maturing annually through January 15, 2017, bearing interest from 4.0% to 5.0% payable semiannually. The bonds are shown net of unamortized premium of \$1,925 for governmental activities and unamortized premium of \$2,130 for business-type activities.	\$ 271,925	\$ 322,130	
\$6,364,713 General Obligation School Bonds – Series 2007A (Kate Collins Middle School), issued November 8, 2007, maturing annually through July 15, 2027, bearing interest at a 5.10% fixed interest rate payable semiannually. The bonds are shown net of unamortized premium of \$126,197.	4,173,385	-	
\$5,870,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds – Series 2008 (General) issued November 21, 2008, maturing annually through October 1, 2018, bearing interest from 3.125% to 5.201% payable semiannually. The bond is shown net of unamortized premium of \$24,173.	809,173	-	
\$1,370,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds – Taxable Build America Bonds, Series 2010A (General, Sewer) issued December 7, 2010, maturing annually through 2031.	410,000	960,000	
\$1,925,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds – Tax- Exempt Series 2010B (General City and Schools – Westwood Hills Elementary, Sewer) issued December 7, 2010, maturing annually through 2031. The bond is shown net of unamortized premium of \$8,768 for governmental activities and unamortized premium of \$20,507 for business-type activities.	408,769	955,507	
\$3,519,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds - Series 2011 (General) issued October 31, 2011, maturing with monthly installments of \$25,955 through October 28, 2026, bearing an interest rate of 3.96%.	2,638,190	-	
\$11,570,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds - Series 2014A (Schools – Kate Collins Middle School) issued September 11, 2014, maturing annually through August 1, 2024, bearing an interest rate of 3.20%.	11,520,000	-	
\$2,225,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds - Series 2014C (General) issued September 9, 2014, maturing with semiannual installments through June 30, 2017, bearing a variable interest rate.	785,000	-	
\$16,045,000 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds - Series 2015 (General, Water, Sewer) issued April 13, 2015, maturing with annual installments through October 1, 2037, bearing interest from 2.625% to 5.125%. The bonds are shown net of unamortized premium of \$663,539 for governmental activities and unamortized premium of \$1,134,430 for business type activities.	E 474 000	40 244 070	
\$1,134,439 for business-type activities.	5,471,000	12,341,978	
Total General Obligation Bonds	27,921,653	<u>14,579,615</u>	

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (cont'd)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (cont'd)	0	Ducinos
Details of Long-Term Indebtedness (cont'd)	Govern- <u>mental</u>	Business- type
State Literary Fund Loans:		
\$5,000,000 Literary Fund Loan (Schools – Westwood Hills Elementary) issued April 28, 2000, due in annual installments of \$250,000 through June 1, 2020 with interest payable annually at 3%.	1,000,000	_
Virginia Revolving Loans:		
\$6,245,039 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds – Series 2006A (Sewer) issued March 17, 2006, maturing annually through January 1, 2027, bearing interest at a 3.0% fixed interest rate payable semiannually.	-	3,960,137
\$14,594,900 Sewer Revenue Bond – Series 2008 issued February 28, 2008, maturing semi-annually through January 1, 2031.Unamortized discount of \$3,000,052 is based on imputed interest rate of 4.41%.	-	7,946,123
\$2,125,000 Sewer Revenue Bond – Series 2008B issued November 21, 2008, maturing annually through October 1, 2018, bearing interest from 3.125% to 5.375% payable semiannually. The bond is shown net of an unamortized premium of \$3,806.	-	288,806
\$14,624,858 Sewer Revenue Bond – Series 2009 issued June 10, 2009, maturing semi-annually through December 1, 2030. Unamortized discount of \$2,370,968 is based on imputed interest rate of 3.55%.	-	8,232,054
\$845,260 Sewer Revenue Bond – Series 2014 issued June 23, 2014, maturing semi-annually through December 1, 2030. Unamortized discount of \$128,728 is based on imputed interest rate of 3.12%.	-	499,788
\$1,295,000 Sewer Revenue Bond – Series 2015 issued April 28, 2015, maturing with annual installments beginning in 2019 through October 1, 2028, bearing interest from 3.125% through 5.125%. The bond is shown net of unamortized premium of \$199,113.	-	1,489,113
\$808,932 Sewer Revenue Bond – Series 2015 issued June 18, 2015, maturing semi-annually through February 1, 2036.	-	500,472
\$749,630 General Obligation Public Improvement Bonds – Series 2015B issued June 8, 2015, maturing semi-annually through March 1, 2037	216,083	
Total Virginia Revolving Loans	216,083	22,916,493
Liability for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure	1,774,552	
Net OPEB Obligation	543,181	116,537
Net Pension Liability	8,367,468	1,776,885
Compensated Absences	826,288	176,802
Total Primary Government Long-Term Debt	\$ 40,649,225	\$ 39,566,332

9. LONG-TERM DEBT (cont'd)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (cont'd)

COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	Capital Leases							
June 30	 Principal	Interest						
2017	\$ 227,188	\$	115,865					
2018	239,598		103,454					
2019	252,686		90,366					
2020	266,490		76,563					
2021	281,047		62,005					
2022-2024	 938,657		90,500					
	\$ 2,205,666	\$	538,753					

Compensated absences, and net OPEB obligation are not included in the schedule reflecting annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations since it cannot be estimated when they will be paid.

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the Component Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Balance			Balance	Due within
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2015	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2016	one year
Capital Leases	\$ 2,454,567	\$ -	\$ 248,901	\$ 2,205,666	\$ 227,188
Net OPEB Obligation	2,418,000	352,000	-	2,770,000	-
Net Pension Liability	28,930,836	-	483,786	28,447,050	-
Compensated Absences	683,678	90,735	54,516	719,897	55,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 34,487,081	\$ 442,735	\$ 787,203	\$ 34,142,613	\$ 282,188

COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness

Capital Lease:

\$3,498,500 capital lease dated April 30, 2009 for an energy management project, due in semiannual installments of \$171,526, with an annual interest rate of 5.39%.	\$ 2,205,66 <u>6</u>
Net OPEB Obligation	2,770,000
Net Pension Liability	28,447,050
Compensated Absences	719,897
Total Component Unit School Board Long-Term Debt	\$ 34,142,613

10. CAPITAL LEASES

During fiscal year 2009, the Component Unit School Board entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing an energy management project. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the lease inception date. The asset has been recorded as a capital asset at a cumulative cost of \$3,498,500. The asset has been classified as building improvements and will be depreciated as discussed in Note 1.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2017	\$ 343,052
2018	343,052
2019	343,052
2020	343,052
2021	343,052
Thereafter	 1,029,159
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 2,744,419
Less: amount representing interest	 (538,753)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 2,205,666

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Federal programs in which the City participates were audited in accordance with provisions of the Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this document, all major programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no material matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests that may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

12. CONSTRUCTION AND OTHER SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

Construction Commitments and Other Significant Commitments

In connection with the multi-purpose general obligation bonds issued in 2008, the City continued major renovations to its general government projects.

	G	overnmental
Estimated project costs financed	\$	6,009,199
Costs incurred through 6-30-15		(5,868,922)
Estimated remaining costs	\$	140,277

The City has encumbered funds in the General Fund in the following categories, included in fund balance at June 30, 2016:

Function	Restricted		 ssigned
General government administration	\$	-	\$ 3,822
Internal Services		-	750
Judicial administration		-	422
Public safety		-	66,641
Public works		66,054	7,393
Parks, recreation and cultural		-	76,267
Community development			 15,467
Total	\$	66,054	\$ 170,762

Encumbrances in other funds at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Fund	Fund Amount	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	2,386,152
Water Fund		226,093
Sewer Fund		260,249
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		70,307
Internal Service Fund		35,856
Total	\$	2,978,657

Blended Component Unit Commitments - Economic Development Authority

During fiscal year 2011, the EDA entered into a performance agreement with a local business in connection with Governor's Opportunity Fund grants. If the business does not meet the terms of the performance agreement, they must repay the funds received related to the Governor's Opportunity Fund grant; failure by the business to repay this amount could result in either the City or the EDA being responsible for repaying these funds. At this time, the EDA and the City have no reason to believe the performance agreement terms will not be met.

13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer are pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria a defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID
	1	RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees*
- Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014

Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

*Non-Eligible Members

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

 Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.

Retirement Contributions

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Creditable Service

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Creditable Service

Same as Plan 1.

Creditable Service

Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contributions Component:

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component:

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contributions

Component:

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.

Calculating the Benefit

The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

Calculating the Benefit

See definition under Plan 1.

Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition

under Plan 1

Defined Contribution

Component:

The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

Average Final Compensation A

member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Average Final Compensation A

member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Average Final Compensation

Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

Service Retirement Multiplier VRS:

The retirement multiplier is a factor retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.

Service Retirement Multiplier VRS:

Same as Plan 1 for service earned. 2013. For non- hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.

Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS:

used in the formula to determine a final purchased or granted prior to January 1, The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.

> For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Sheriffs and regional jail

superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.

Sheriffs and regional jail

superintendents: Same as Plan

Political subdivision hazardous duty Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.

Sheriffs and regional jail

superintendents: Not applicable.

employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.

Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.

Defined Contribution

Component:

Not applicable.

Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined</u> Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit

Component: Same as Plan 2.

Defined Contribution Component:

Not applicable.

Eligibility:

 For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

 For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 1

Eligibility:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- The member retires on disability.
- The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
- The member Is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1

Exceptions to COLA Effective

Dates:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a oneyear waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a oneyear waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits. Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one- year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

Purchase of Prior Service

Same as Plan 1.

Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined</u> Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1,

with the following exceptions:

- ☐ Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
- ☐ The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.
- ☐ Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost./ After that on- year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

Defined Contribution

Component:

Not applicable.

13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - City

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	267
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	73
Non-vested inactive members	130
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	<u>156</u> 359
Total inactive members	359
Active members	298
Total covered employees	924

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - School Board - Non-professional employees

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44
Inactive members: Vested inactive members Non-vested inactive members Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS Total inactive members	3 24 <u>5</u> 32
Active members	42
Total covered employees	116

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to the City and School Board by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 5.81% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014. The School Board's non-professional employee pension plan contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 5.61% of covered employee compensation for its non-professional employees. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the pension plan from the City were \$1,805,158 and \$1,747,904 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively. Contribution to the pension plan from the School Board's non-professional employees were \$42,664 and \$54,429 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

13. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (cont'd)

Contributions (cont'd)

Each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 14.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 adjusted for the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%, however, it was reduced to 17.64% as a result of the transfer. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2016. Contribution to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,284,248 and \$3,267,648 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The City and School Board's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees - City and School Board

The total pension liability for General Employees in the City's and School Board's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35% (3.5% - 5.95% School Board Professional)

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long- term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

13. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (cont'd)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (cont'd)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the City's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (cont'd)

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
100.00%	_ _	5.83%
Inflation		<u>2.50%</u> 8.33%
	19.50% 16.50% 6.00% 15.00% 3.00% 4.50% 4.50% 3.00% 2.25% 12.75% 12.00% 1.00%	Target Allocation

13. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (cont'd)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (cont'd)

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the City's Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability - City

	Increase (Decrease)				
		tal Pension iability (a)		an Fiduciary t Position (b)	let Pension bility (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	71,131,869	\$	58,625,424	\$ 12,506,445
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		1,364,584		-	1,364,584
Interest		4,846,873		-	4,846,873
Differences between expected and actual expenses		(3,886,254)		-	(3,886,254)
Contributions - employer		-		1,747,952	(1,747,952)
Contributions - employee		_		635,125	(635,125)
Net investment income		_		2,660,724	(2,660,724)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions		(3,781,641)		(3,781,641)	-
Administrative expenses		_		(37,243)	37,243
Other changes		<u>-</u>		(557)	 557
Net Changes		(1,456,438)		1,224,360	(2,680,798)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	69,675,431	\$	59,849,784	\$ 9,825,647

13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Changes in Net Pension Liability – School Board Non-professional

	Increase (Decrease)				
		tal Pension _iability (a)		n Fiduciary Position (b)	et Pension bility (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	3,604,283	\$	3,482,447	\$ 121,836
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		106,501		-	106,501
Interest		243,416		-	243,416
Differences between expected and actual expenses		(205,893)		-	(205,893)
Contributions - employer		-		80,835	(80,835)
Contributions - employee		-		45,591	(45,591)
Net investment income		-		155,645	(155,645)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions		(253,809)		(253,809)	=
Administrative expenses		-		(2,229)	2,229
Other changes				(32)	 32
Net Changes		(109,785)		26,001	 (135,786)
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	3,494,498	\$	3,508,448	\$ (13,950)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City and School Board (non-professional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's Net Pension Liability	\$18,637,000	\$9,825,647	\$2,503,000
School Board-Non-Professional Net Pension Liability	\$407,183	\$(13,950)	\$(370,198)

Sensitivity of the School Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
School Board – Professional Net Pension Liability	\$41,651,000	\$28,462,000	\$17,604,000

13. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (cont'd)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - City

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the City's recognized pension expense of \$409,342. At June 30, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$ 5,252,926
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>2,919,383</u>	_
Total Less: Training Academy Agency Fund Plus: Undivided interest in ACSA Joint Landfill	\$ 2,919,383 (75,028) 11,527	\$ 5,252,926 (135,000) 11,592
Total reported on Exhibit 1	<u>\$ 2,855,882</u>	<u>\$ 5,129,518</u>

\$2,855,882 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30

2017	\$1,313,232
2018	1,313,232
2019	1,313,232
2020	1,313,232
Thereafter	· · · -

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – School Board – Non-professional

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the School Board's non-professional pension plan recognized pension expense of \$(46,377). At June 30, 2016, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$ 220,759
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	42,664	_
Total	<u>\$ 42,664</u>	<u>\$ 220,759</u>

\$42,664 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30

- uiio - u	
2017	\$113,731
2018	87,415
2019	36,329
2020	(16,716)
Thereafter	-

13. **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN** (cont'd)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – School Board - Professional

At June 30, 2016, the school division reported a liability of \$28,447,050 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2015 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the school division's proportion was 0.22613% as compared to 0.23839% at June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,806,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

3 *** ***	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 133,000	\$ -	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	-	3,526,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>2,151,749</u>	_	
Total	\$ 2,284,749	\$ 3,526,000	

\$2,151,749 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30

2016	\$1,050,000
2017	1,050,000
2018	1,050,000
2019	55,000
Thereafter	188,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2015 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss including property, theft, auto liability, general liability, and construction insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for each of the past three years. There was no reduction in insurance coverage during fiscal year 2016. All claims are paid in full at the time of damage. In addition, the City provides various surety bond coverage as required under regulations and at industry-recommended desired levels.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

The City is a participating member in the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association (VMGSIA) and the Component Unit School Board is a participating member in the School Systems of Virginia Self Insurance Program. The agreement for the formation of VMGSIA and the School Systems of Virginia Self Insurance Program provides that the risk pools will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for excess claims. In addition, both of these entities provide workers' compensation coverage in compliance with the Virginia Workers' Compensation code.

During 2015 the City established a self-funded health insurance fund to account for health insurance claims for employees and retirees. The fund is reported as a special revenue fund and revenues are from payroll deductions and retiree contributions. Claims are paid as they become due and the fund has generated a surplus of \$1,526,545 to pay out future health insurance claims.

15. SURETY BONDS

Travelers Casualty and Surety Company of America – Surety	_	Amount
Treasurer/Finance Director	\$	500,000
Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Clerk of the Circuit Court		103,000
Sheriff/Jail Supervisor/Jail Officer		30,000
Selective Insurance Company of America – Surety Treasurer		20,000
VML Insurance Program – Surety All School Board employees – Blanket Bond		100,000

16. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

The Cities of Waynesboro and Staunton and the County of Augusta share the costs of landfill operations on a site operated by the Augusta Regional Landfill. State and federal laws and regulations require the regional landfill to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City recognizes a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as a component of its equity interest in the landfill joint venture. In fiscal year 2008, the City began post-closure care on the old City landfill site.

The \$1,774,552 reported as landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2016, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the estimated costs of post-closure care for the old City landfill. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care from 2008 through 2016 based upon a DEQ-approved inflation rate. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The applicable laws and regulations require the City to select and meet one of several approved financial assurance mechanisms to demonstrate financial responsibility for closure and post-closure care costs described above. The City has selected the Financial Ratio Test method for this purpose, and has made the requisite filings with the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

17. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Plan Description

The City administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and coverage ceases at age 65. Retirees can continue the same medical coverage they had (including dependent coverage) as active employees. Retirees hired on or before July 1, 1988 are eligible for cost sharing up to 60% of the purported rate (not including dependent coverage) and cost sharing for retirees hired after July 1, 1988 varies dependent on years of service at retirement. The plan was established under the authority of the Waynesboro City Council.

Funding Policy

The City has elected to make an annual contribution equal to the Benefit Payments. This requires the use of an interest rate based on long term expected return on short term investments.

17. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont'd)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (cont'd)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is \$241,000 for fiscal year 2016. The annual employer contributions for fiscal year 2016 were \$232,000.

The City has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The funding policy of the City is to contribute to the plan the net claims paid during the year. The City is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 242,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	26,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (27,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	241,000
Estimated Contributions made	 (232,000)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	9,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 643,000
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 652,000

Trend Information:

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the past three years is shown as follows:

		Percentage of		
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB	
<u>Ending</u>	Cost	Cost Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>	
June 30, 2014	\$ 235,000	84.7%	\$ 615,000	
June 30, 2015	237,000	88.2%	643,000	
June 30, 2016	241,000	96.3%	652,000	

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefit was \$2,761,000, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,761,000. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,387,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 22.3%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefits costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the efforts of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

17. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont'd)

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (cont'd)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (cont'd):

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The open amortization method and a 30 year amortization period are being used. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2014 was 30 years.

The following additional simplifying assumptions were made:

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse – Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse. 90% of actives currently enrolled in the City's health care plan, will continue in the plan upon retiring. 25% of the spouses are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 100% of actives who become disabled are assumed to continue their coverage.

Demographic Assumptions – Demographic assumptions mirror those used for the pension plan, with adjustments made for actual experience of City employees. All employees are assumed to participate in the State of Virginia Retirement System.

Economic Assumptions – Medical Per Capita costs, Average Costs and premiums were assumed to increase 8.00% to determine the 2014-2015 projected values. This rate decreases 0.5% per year until an ultimate rate of 5.0% is reached.

COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD

Plan Description

The School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and coverage ceases at age 65. Retirees can continue the same medical coverage they had (including dependent coverage) as active employees. Retirees pay 50% of the active premium for retiree coverage and 100% of the active spousal premium for premium coverage. The plan was established under the authority of the Waynesboro City School Board.

Funding Policy

The School Board has elected to make an annual contribution equal to the Benefit Payments. This requires the use of an interest rate based on long term expected return on short term investments.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is \$612,000 for fiscal year 2016. The annual employer contributions for fiscal year 2016 were \$260,000.

The School Board has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The funding policy of the School Board is to contribute to the plan the net claims paid during the year. The School Board is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$ 616,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	97,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (101,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	612,000
Estimated Contributions made	 (260,000)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	352,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 2,418,000
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 2,770,000

17. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont'd)

COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD (cont'd)

Trend Information:

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the past three years is shown as follows:

			Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB		Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
<u>Ending</u>		Cost	Cost Contributed	<u>Obligation</u>
June 30, 2014	\$	746,000	42.3%	\$ 2,061,000
June 30, 2015		589,000	39.4%	2,418,000
June 30, 2016		612,000	42.5%	2,770,000

Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefit was \$6,135,000, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$6,135,000. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$17,785,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 34.5%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefits costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the efforts of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.00% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The open amortization method and a 30 year amortization period are being used. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2014 was 30 years.

The following additional simplifying assumptions were made:

Coverage Status and Age of Spouse – Actual coverage status is used; females assumed 3 years younger than male spouse. 90% of actives currently enrolled in the School Board's health care plan, will continue in the plan upon retiring. 25% of the spouses are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 100% of actives who become disabled are assumed to continue their coverage.

Demographic Assumptions – Demographic assumptions mirror those used for the pension plan, with adjustments made for actual experience of School Board employees. All employees are assumed to participate in the State of Virginia Retirement System.

Economic Assumptions – Medical Per Capita costs, Average Costs and premiums are assumed to increase 8.00% for Pre-Medicare coverage in 2014. This rate decreases 0.5% per year until an ultimate rate of 5.0% is reached.

18. NOTES RECEIVABLE

The Blended Component Unit, Economic Development Authority, reports a note receivable related to revolving notes entered into with numerous local businesses. These notes were the result of USDA Rural Development grant funds received by the EDA to encourage small business growth in the City. The EDA matched the grant funds received from the USDA at 10% of each note. The revolving notes will be paid back to the EDA over three years with an annual interest rate of 3%. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance of the notes was \$49,899.

During fiscal year 2015, the City entered into a buy-in agreement with other localities related to the Middle River Regional Jail Authority. The City reports a note receivable related to this buy-in agreement. The note will be paid back to the City over ten years with an annual interest rate of 2.17%. At June 30, 2016, the outstanding balance of the note was \$5,144,836.

19. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATION

During fiscal year 2013, the Blended Component Unit, Economic Development Authority, issued a revenue bond for the purpose of constructing and rehabilitating facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bond is payable solely from the revenues of the projects and the bond shall not be deemed to constitute debt or a pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth, or any political subdivision thereof, including the locality issuing the bond. All of the EDA's rights (other than indemnification and its fees) are assigned to a Trustee to administer the bond for the benefit of the bondholder. The EDA neither receives nor disburses funds related to the bond. The EDA does not retain either the benefit of asset ownership or the liability for bond liquidation. Accordingly, the EDA does not recognize associated assets, liabilities, income, or interest expense in the financial statements. The EDA will receive bond administration fees annually at a rate of 1/8th of 1% of the outstanding principal balance. At June 30, 2016, \$5,119,233 of such conduit bonds were outstanding.

20. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements which will be effective for the year ended June 30, 2017. Management has not yet evaluated the effects, if any, of adopting these standards:

GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Plans Other Than Pension Plans, will improve financial reporting primarily through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans that are administered through trust that meet the specified criteria. This statement will also improve financial reporting through enhanced note disclosures and schedules of required supplementary information that will be presented by OPEB plans not administered through trust that meet specified criteria.

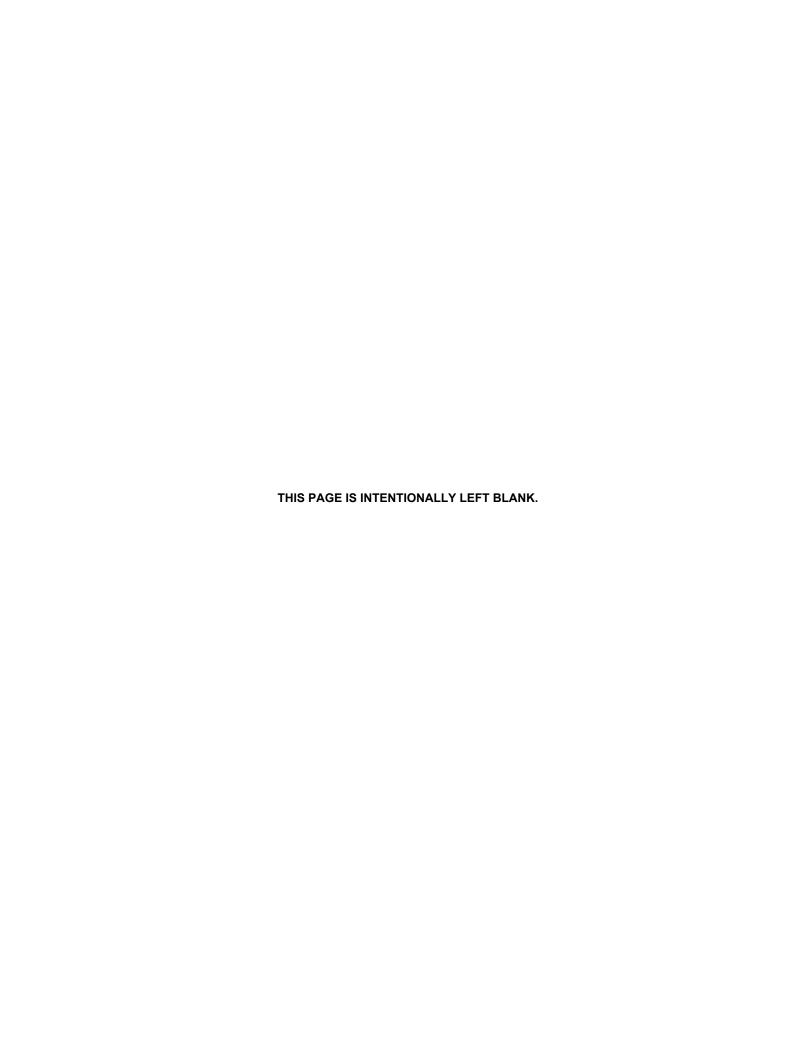
GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*, will improve the financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units.

GASB Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, will improve the accounting and financial report for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues*, will improve the accounting and financial report for pensions by addressing issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through November 22, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.





CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

CITY		E	Exhibit 12
	2015	20	14
Total pension liability	¢ 1.264.50	1 6 1	410 607
Service cost Interest	\$ 1,364,58 4,846,87		,410,687 ,674,679
Differences between expected and actual experience	(3,886,25		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,781,64	•	469,259)
Net change in total pension liability	(1,456,43		616,107
Total pension liability - beginning	71,131,86	•	515,762
Total pension liability ending (a)	69,675,43		131,869
Plan fiducione not nocition			
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$ 1,747,95	2 ¢ 1	694,304
Contributions - employee	635,12		637,148
Net investment income	2,660,72		,097,319
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,781,64		469,259)
Administrative expense	(37,24		(44,224)
Other	(55		427
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,224,36		915,715
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	58,625,42		709,709
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	59,849,78		625,424
City of Waynesboro's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 9,825,64	7 \$ 12,	506,445
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	85.90	%	82.42%
Covered-employee payroll	12,776,14	9 12,	048,335
City of Waynesboro's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	76.91	0/_	103.80%
SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT (NON-PROFESSIONAL)			
Total pension liability	2015	20	14
Service cost	\$ 106,50	1 \$	400 705
Interest	0.10.11		103,795
into out	243,41	6	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience	(205,89	3)	
		3)	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(205,89	3) <u>9</u>) <u>(</u>	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(205,89 (253,80	3) <u>9</u>) <u>(</u> 5)	234,497 - (167,926)
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78	3) 9) (5) 3 3,	234,497 - (167,926) 170,366
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28	3) 9) (5) 3 3,	234,497 - (167,926) 170,366 433,917
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a)	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28	3) 9) (55) 3 3, 8 3,	234,497 - (167,926) 170,366 433,917
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49	3) 9) (5) 3 3 3 3 5 \$	234,497 - (167,926) 170,366 433,917 604,283
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49	33) 99) (55) 33 33 33 35 37 37	234,497 - (167,926) 170,366 433,917 604,283
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee	\$ 80,83 45,59 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49	33) 90) (55) 33 33 33 33 35 55 \$ 15 59)	234,497 - (167,926) 170,366 ,433,917 ,604,283 108,104 48,472
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	\$ 80,83 45,59 1253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22	33) 9) (5) 5) 33 33 33 33 35 55 \$1 55 9)	234,497 - (167,926) 170,366 433,917 604,283 108,104 48,472 476,157
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ 80,83 45,59 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49	33) 9) (5) 5) 33 33 33 33 35 55 \$1 55 9)	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22 (3) 26,00	33) 9) (5) 5) 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 \$ 1 5 9) (9) 1	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (205,89 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22	33) 9) (5) 5) 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 \$ 1 5 9) (9) 1 7	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22 (3) 26,00	33) 9) (5) 5) 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 \$ 1 5 9) (9) 1 7	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22 (3) 26,00 3,482,44	33) 99) (55) 33 33 33 33 35 55 \$ 1 55 99) (7 13 13 13 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) City of Waynesboro's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22 (3) 26,00 3,482,44 3,508,44	33) 99) (55) 33 33 33 33 35 55 \$ 1 55 99) (7 37 38 37 37 37 37 38 37 37 38 37 38 38 38 38	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) City of Waynesboro's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22 (3) 26,00 3,482,44 3,508,44	33) 99) (55) 33 33 33 33 35 55 \$ 1 55 99) (7 37 38 37 37 37 37 38 37 37 38 37 38 38 38 38	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) City of Waynesboro's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22 (3) 26,00 3,482,44 3,508,44	33) 99) (55) 33 33 33 33 35 55 \$ 11 55 99) (7 7 37 38 33 35 35 36 37 37 37 37 38 38 38 38 38 38	234,497
Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) City of Waynesboro's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	(205,89 (253,80 (109,78 3,604,28 3,494,49 \$ 80,83 45,59 155,64 (253,80 (2,22 (3) 26,00 3,482,44 3,508,44 \$ (13,95	33) 99) (55) 33 3 33 8 33 8 33 55 \$ 1 55 99) (7 33 8 33 30 90) \$ 30 \$ 30 \$ 44	234,497

⁽¹⁾ The Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2016 is the second year for this presentation, only one additional year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

CITY Exhibit 13

Date	Contractually Required Contributon	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2016	1,805,158	1,805,158	_	13,085,870	13.79%
2015	1.747.904	1.747.904	_	12.629.097	13.84%
2014	1.689.566	1.689.566	_	12.405.040	13.62%
2013	1.720.190	1,720,190	_	12.629.879	13.62%
2012	1.279.264	1,279,264	_	11.812.229	10.83%
2011	1,272,361	1,272,361	_	11.748.488	10.83%
2010	1.029.138	1,029,138	_	12,266,246	8.39%
2009	1,068,435	1,068,435	-	12,734,625	8.39%
2008	1,010,547	1,010,547	-	12,073,446	8.37%
2007	917,383	917,383	-	10,960,376	8.37%

SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT (NON-PROFESSIONAL)

Date	Contractually Required Contributon	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2016	42.664	42.664	_	1.128.679	3.78%
2015	126.426	126.426	_	1.439.930	8.78%
2014	113.413	113.413	_	1.020.815	11.11%
2013	104.921	104.921	_	944.381	11.11%
2012	79.415	79.415	_	948.806	8.37%
2011	75.813	75.813	_	905.767	8.37%
2010	66,424	66,424	_	946,217	7.02%
2009	73,746	73,746	_	1,050,510	7.02%
2008	70,246	70,246	_	994,981	7.06%
2007	67,373	67,373	-	954,297	7.06%

SCHOOL BOARD COMPONENT UNIT (TEACHERS)

Date	Contractually Required Contributon	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
2016	2.151.749	2.151.749	_	22.649.987	9.50%
2015	3.267.648	3,267,648	_	22,535,503	14.50%
2014	2.299.687	2.299.687	_	19.722.871	11.66%
2013	1.978.240	1.978.240	_	16.966.037	11.66%
2012	1.043.343	1.043.343	_	16.482.505	6.33%
2011	636.450	636,450	_	16.194.666	3.93%
2010	1,091,369	1,091,369	_	12,387,843	8.81%
2009	1.436.378	1.436.378	_	16.303.954	8.81%
2008	1,645,962	1,645,962	_	15,980,218	10.30%
2007	1,417,330	1,417,330	-	15,405,766	9.20%

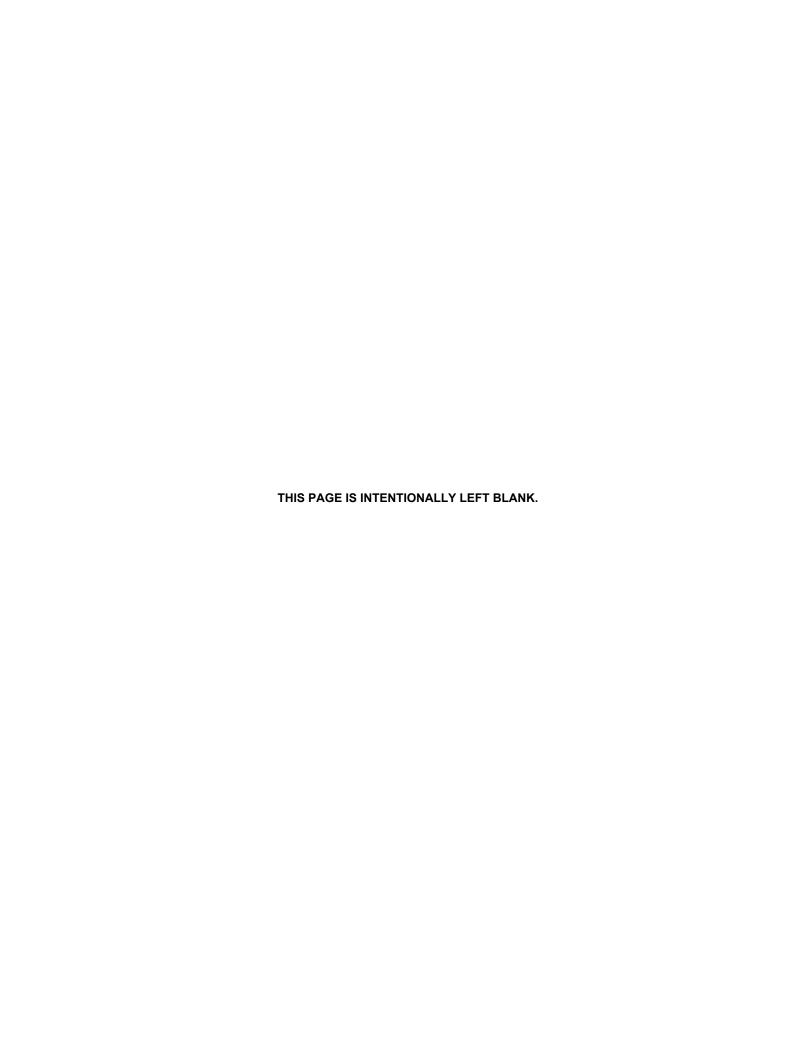
CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN

		Exhibit 14
	2016	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.22613%	0.23839%
Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Lability (Asset)	28,462,000	28,809,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	20,250,896	19,173,097
Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	140.55%	150.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.68%	70.88%

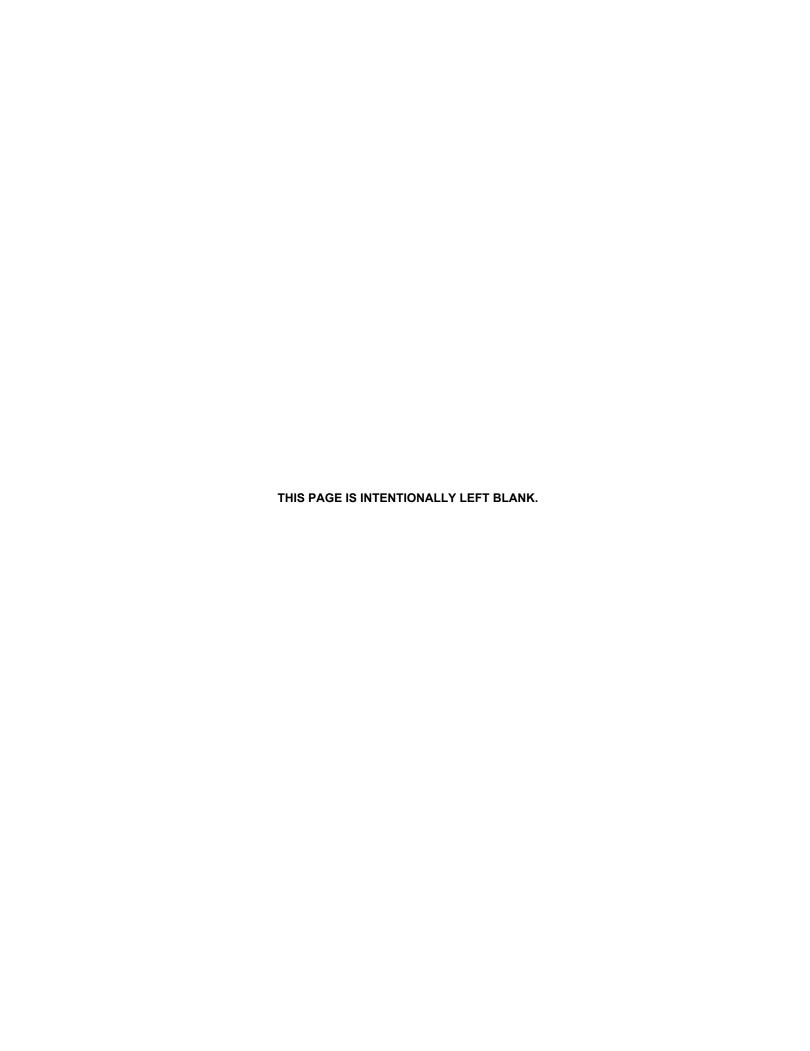
⁽¹⁾ The Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2016 is the second year for this presentation, only one additional year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

	(-)	(1-)	/I \	(- /I-)	(-)	Exhibit 1
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2013	49,164,624	68,515,762	19,351,138	71.76%	12,598,370	153.60
June 30, 2014	53,915,812	67,499,856	13,584,044	79.88%	12,048,335	112.75
June 30, 2015	58,040,392	69,800,278	11,759,886	83.15%	12,776,149	92.059
SCHOOL BOARD O	COMPONENT UNIT	(NON-PROFESSIO	DNAL) (b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
	(α)	(5)	(b-a)	(6/5)	(0)	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2013	2,871,523	3,433,917	562,394	83.62%	927,793	60.629
June 30, 2014	3,202,688	3,411,860	209,172	93.87%	958,709	21.829
				07.000/		7.60
June 30, 2015	3,402,380	3,475,267	72,887	97.90%	958,934	7.00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			72,887	97.90%	958,934	7.00
June 30, 2015			72,887 (b-a)	(a/b)	958,934 (c)	((b-a)/c)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	YMENT BENEFITS	S PLAN			·	
CITY POST-EMPLO Actuarial Valuation	(a) Actuarial Value of	S PLAN (b) Actuarial Accrued	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued	(a/b) Funded	(c)	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 26.326
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1, 2010	(a) Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) 2,656,000	(a/b) Funded Ratio 0.00%	(c) Covered Payroll 10,091,000	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 26.326
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1, 2010 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2014	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000	(a/b) Funded Ratio 0.00% 0.00%	(c) Covered Payroll 10,091,000 11,981,000	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 26.326
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1, 2010 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2014	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000	(a/b) Funded Ratio 0.00% 0.00%	(c) Covered Payroll 10,091,000 11,981,000	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 26.32
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1, 2010 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2014	Actuarial Value of Assets COMPONENT UNIT	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000	(a/b) Funded Ratio 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	(c) Covered Payroll 10,091,000 11,981,000 12,387,000	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 26.326 21.266
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1, 2010 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2014 SCHOOL BOARD C	Actuarial Value of Assets COMPONENT UNIT (a) Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000 POST-EMPLOYME (b) Actuarial Accrued	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000 ENT BENEFITS PLAN (b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued	(a/b) Funded Ratio 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	(c) Covered Payroll 10,091,000 11,981,000 12,387,000 (c)	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 26.324 21.264 22.114 ((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered
Actuarial Valuation Date July 1, 2010 July 1, 2012 July 1, 2014 SCHOOL BOARD C Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets COMPONENT UNIT (a) Actuarial Value of	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000 POST-EMPLOYME (b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) 2,656,000 2,547,000 2,739,000 ENT BENEFITS PLAN (b-a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% (a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll 10,091,000 11,981,000 12,387,000 (c) Covered Payroll	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 26.32' 21.26' 22.11' ((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- Virginia Public Assistance Fund to account for the provision of health and welfare services. Financing is provided by state and federal funds, which may be used only for this purpose.
- Comprehensive Services Act Fund to account for the provisions of special services to youth and families required by the Comprehensive Services Act. Financing is provided by state funds, which may be used only for this purpose.
- Youth and Family Services Fund to account for the provision of youth programs and services to local youth and families. Financing is provided by state and federal funds, related local matching funds, and other revenues.
- Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta and Waynesboro to account for funds received and disbursed for the operations of the Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta, and Waynesboro.
- Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Fund to account for funds received and disbursed related to the operations of the regional kennel provided for residents of Staunton City, Waynesboro City, and Augusta County.
- Economic Development Authority Fund to account for funds received and disbursed related to promoting the economic wellbeing of the community.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Revenue Fund – to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related charges.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Improvements Fund – to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

PERMANENT FUNDS

Cemetery Care Fund – to account for principal trust amounts received for the perpetual care of cemetery plots.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

							S	Special Revenue		
		Virginia Public Assistance Fund		Comprehensive Services Act Fund		Youth and Family Services Fund	Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta & Waynesboro Fund			Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	255,761	\$	150,085	\$	167,301
Accounts receivable		-		-		36,226		-		129,950
Due from other governments		129,269		233,434		26,263		69,649		-
Restricted assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents			_			-	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	129,269	\$	233,434	\$	318,250	\$	219,734	\$	297,251
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable		-		185,370		10,393		72,633		33,587
Accrued payroll		-		-		31,619		-		13,964
Retainage payable		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		129,269		48,064		-		-		-
Compensated absences	_		_		_	2,017	_		_	
Total liabilities		129,269	_	233,434		44,029	_	72,633		47,551
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Permanent fund principal		-		-		_		-		-
Restricted for:										
Shenandoah Valley Animal Center		-		-		-		-		249,700
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Committed to:										
EDA revolving loans		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects		=		-		-		-		-
Assigned to:										
Youth and family services		-		-		274,221		-		-
CAPSAW		-		-		-		147,101		-
Economic Development Authority		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Capital projects	_		_		_		_		_	
Total fund balances	_		_	-	_	274,221	_	147,101	_	249,700
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	129,269	\$	233,434	\$	318,250	\$	219,734	\$	297,251

Exhibit 1			Capital		Debt					
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	rmanent emetery Care Fund	Ce	Projects Capital rovements Fund		venue	Debt Revenue Fund			conomic velopment Authority Fund	De
\$ 2,148,579	_	\$	1,180,636	\$	4,405	\$	963,538	s	390,391	\$
172,575	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	172,575	Ψ	6,399	Ψ
805,470	-		346,855		-		458,615		-	
586,029	586,029									
\$ 3,712,653	586,029	\$	1,527,491	\$	4,405	\$	1,594,728	\$	396,790	\$
540,404			240 400				204.002			
542,481 45,583	-		240,498		-		301,983 45,583		-	
49,064	-		49,064		-		45,565		-	
177,333	_		-		_		177,333		_	
2,017	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>				2,017			
816,478	<u> </u>		289,562				526,916		<u>-</u> _	
586,029	586,029		-		-		-		-	
249,700	_		_		_		249,700		_	
108,715	-		108,715		-		-		-	
49,899	-		-		-		49,899		49,899	
853,545	-		853,545		-		-		-	
274,221	-		-		-		274,221		-	
147,101	-		-		-		147,101		-	
346,891	-		-		-		346,891		346,891	
4,405 275,669	<u>-</u>		- 275,669		4,405 		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
2,896,175	586,029		1,237,929		4,405		1,067,812		396,790	
\$ 3,712,653	586,029	\$	1,527,491	\$	4,405	\$	1,594,728	\$	396,790	\$

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

-				Special Revenue	
•	Virginia Public Assistance Fund	Comprehensive Services Act Fund	Youth and Family Services Fund	Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta & Waynesboro Fund	Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Fund
REVENUES				•	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,31	3 \$ 1,025	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	17,379
Miscellaneous	-	-	61,26		86,801
Recovered costs	-	-	287,23	9 87,250	290,596
Intergovernmental:					
Commonwealth	844,725	1,129,306	118,10	7 53,266	2,350
Federal	674,734	145,032	165,49	1 225,745	
Total revenues	1,519,459	1,274,338	634,42	2 367,976	397,151
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety	-	-	669,01	5 -	378,938
Public works	-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare	2,207,217	2,270,346	101,19	379,528	-
Community development	-	-	-	-	_
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	_	-	-	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges					
Total expenditures	2,207,217	2,270,346	770,21	1 379,528	378,938
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(687,758)	(996,008)	(135,78	9) (11,552)	18,213
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Capital debt issued	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	687,758	996,008	135,00) -	67,061
Transfers out					
Total other financing sources and uses	687,758	996,008	135,000	<u> </u>	67,061
Net change in fund balances	-	-	(78	9) (11,552)	85,274
Fund balance - beginning			275,010	158,653	164,426
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 274,22	1 \$ 147,101	\$ 249,700

\	'n	ih	i+	1	-

			Debt		Capital				
	Economic		 Service		Projects		Permanent		Total
	evelopment		Debt		Capital		Cemetery		Nonmajor
	Authority	-	Revenue	Im	provements		Care	G	overnmental
	Fund	Total	Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
\$	828	\$ 4,196	\$ -	\$	615	\$	3,900	\$	8,711
	-	17,379	-		-		-		17,379
	35,760	184,518	-		-		3,480		187,998
	-	665,085	-		-		-		665,085
	5,400	2,153,154	-		268,823		-		2,421,977
	42,600	 1,253,602	 		925,870				2,179,472
	0.4.500	4 077 004			4 405 000		7.000		= 400 000
-	84,588	 4,277,934	 -		1,195,308		7,380		5,480,622
	-	1,047,953	-		-		-		1,047,953
	-	-	-		1,864,092		-		1,864,092
	-	4,958,287	-		-		-		4,958,287
	438,172	438,172	-		-		-		438,172
	-	-	679,005		-		-		679,005
		 	 589,182						589,182
	438,172	6,444,412	1,268,187		1,864,092		-		9,576,691
	,	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, ,	_			
	(353,584)	(2,166,478)	(1,268,187)		(668,784)		7,380		(4,096,069)
	-	-	-		216,083		-		216,083
	330,319	2,216,146	1,268,190		1,039,714		-		4,524,050
	-	 -	-		-		(3,900)		(3,900)
	330,319	 2,216,146	 1,268,190		1,255,797		(3,900)		4,736,233
	(23,265)	49,668	3		587,013		3,480		640,164
	420,055	 1,018,144	 4,402		650,916		582,549		2,256,011
\$	396,790	\$ 1,067,812	\$ 4,405	\$	1,237,929	\$	586,029	\$	2,896,175

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Virginia Public Assistance Fund						
		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Revenue from use of money and property	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
Miscellaneous	•	-	-	•	-	•	-	
Recovered costs		-	-		-		-	
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		1,057,748	1,057,748		844,725		(213,023)	
Federal	_	765,956	765,956	<u> </u>	674,734	_	(91,222)	
Total revenues		1,823,704	1,823,704	<u> </u>	1,519,459		(304,245)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		-	-		-		-	
Health and welfare		2,547,790	2,547,790		2,207,217		340,573	
Total expenditures		2,547,790	2,547,790	<u> </u>	2,207,217		340,573	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(724,086)	(724,086	i)	(687,758)		36,328	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		724,086	724,086	<u> </u>	687,758		(36,328)	
Net change in fund balances		-	-		-		-	
Fund balance - beginning		<u> </u>			-			
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$		
		\	- Danta analisa at Ot		A			
		Johnnanity Actio	n Partnership of Sta	auritori,	Augusta anu v	Va	ariance With	
		Original	Final			F	inal Budget Positive	
		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		inal Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES			Budget				Positive (Negative)	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$			\$	Actual 1,025		Positive	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services	\$		Budget -		1,025		Positive (Negative) 1,025	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	Budget - - -	\$ - 9,000)	1,025 - 690		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs	\$		Budget -)	1,025		Positive (Negative) 1,025	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental:	\$	Budget	\$ - 9,000 87,250)	1,025 - 690 87,250		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs	\$	Budget - - -	\$ - 9,000)	1,025 - 690		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800	\$ - 9,000 87,250)	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799	Budget \$ - 9,000 87,250 299,518)	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current:	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799	Budget \$ - 9,000 87,250 299,518)	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849	\$ - 9,000 87,250 299,518 - 395,769		1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745 (27,793)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Health and welfare	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849 - 311,192	Budget \$)) ——————————————————————————————————	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745 (27,793)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849	\$ - 9,000 87,250 299,518 - 395,769)) ——————————————————————————————————	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745 (27,793)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Health and welfare Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849 - 311,192 311,192	Budget \$)) ——————————————————————————————————	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976		Positive (Negative) 1,025	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Health and welfare Total expenditures	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849 - 311,192	Budget \$)) ——————————————————————————————————	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745 (27,793)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Health and welfare Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849 - 311,192 311,192	Budget \$)) ——————————————————————————————————	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976		Positive (Negative) 1,025	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Health and welfare Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849 - 311,192 311,192 (76,343)	Budget \$)) ——————————————————————————————————	1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745 (27,793) - 16,241 16,241 (11,552)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Health and welfare Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Net change in fund balances	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849 - 311,192 311,192 (76,343) - (76,343)	Budget \$		1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976 - 379,528 379,528 (11,552) - (11,552)		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745 (27,793) - 16,241 16,241 (11,552) - (11,552)	
Revenue from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental: Commonwealth Federal Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety Health and welfare Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	Budget 87,250 57,800 89,799 234,849 - 311,192 311,192 (76,343)	Budget \$		1,025 - 690 87,250 53,266 225,745 367,976 - 379,528 379,528 (11,552)		Positive (Negative) 1,025 - (8,310) - (246,253) 225,745 (27,793) - 16,241 16,241 (11,552)	

Evhihi	+ 1 C

	Comprehensive Services Act Fund Youth and Family Services Fund													
Original Final Budget Budget							Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	999 36,000 277,285	\$	999 61,050 289,785	\$	2,318 61,267 287,239	\$	1,319 217 (2,546)
 1,296,000		1,296,000		1,129,306 145,032		(166,694) 145,032		117,385 175,000		117,385 193,098		118,107 165,491		722 (27,607)
 1,296,000		1,296,000		1,274,338		(21,662)	_	606,669	_	662,317		634,422		(27,895)
 2,200,000 2,200,000		2,280,878 2,280,878		2,270,346 2,270,346		10,532 10,532	_	738,442 75,500 813,942		753,502 108,048 861,550		669,015 101,196 770,211		84,487 6,852 91,339
 (904,000)		(984,878)		(996,008)		(11,130)	_	(207,273)		(199,233)		(135,789)		63,444
 904,000		984,878		996,008		11,130	_	135,000		135,000		135,000		
-		-		-		-		(72,273)		(64,233)		(789)		63,444
 <u>-</u>							_	72,273		64,233	_	275,010	_	210,777
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	274,221	\$	274,221

nenandoah Valley Anir	nal Service Center F	und
		Variance With
		Final Budget
Final		Positive
Budget	Actual	(Negative)
\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 25
16,250	17,379	1,129
10,284	86,801	76,517
214,639	290,596	75,957
3,500	2,350	(1,150)
-	-	- '
244.673	397.151	152,478
291 746	378 938	(87,192)
-	-	(01,102)
201 7/6	378 038	(87,192)
291,740	370,930	(07,192)
(47.072)	10.010	CE 200
(47,073)	10,213	65,286
	.=	
47,116	67,061	19,945
43	85,274	85,231
(43)	164,426	164,469
\$ -	\$ 249,700	\$ 249,700
	Final Budget \$	Budget Actual \$ - \$ 25 16,250 17,379 10,284 86,801 214,639 290,596 3,500 2,350 - - 244,673 397,151 291,746 378,938 - - 291,746 378,938 (47,073) 18,213 47,116 67,061 43 85,274 (43) 164,426

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

								Exhibit 19			
	Debt Revenue Fund										
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fii	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES											
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-			
Total revenues		-						-			
EXPENDITURES											
Debt Service:											
Principal retirement		679,005		679,005		679,005		-			
Interest and fiscal charges		589,185		589,185		589,182		3			
Total expenditures		1,268,190	_	1,268,190		1,268,187		3			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)											
expenditures		(1,268,190)	_	(1,268,190)		(1,268,187)		3			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		1,268,190		1,268,190		1,268,190		-			
Total other financing sources and uses		1,268,190		1,268,190		1,268,190		-			
Net change in fund balances		-		-		3		3			
Fund balance - beginning		<u>-</u>				4,402		4,402			
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$		\$	4,405	\$	4,405			

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

								Exhibit 20
				Capital Improv	/eme	ents Fund		
		Original Budget			Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		-		-				
Revenue from use of money and property Intergovernmental:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	615	\$	615
Commonwealth		-		-		268,823		268,823
Federal		_				925,870		925,870
Total revenues	-			-		1,195,308	_	1,195,308
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public works		-		701,781		1,864,092		(1,162,311)
Total expenditures		-		701,781	_	1,864,092	_	(1,162,311)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				(701,781)		(668,784)		32,997
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		_		_		216,083		216,083
Transfers in		_		1,039,714		1,039,714		-
Total other financing sources and uses		-		1,039,714		1,255,797	_	216,083
Net change in fund balances		-		337,933		587,013		249,080
Fund balance - beginning				(337,933)		650,916	_	988,849
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$		\$	1,237,929	\$	1,237,929

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PERMANENT FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

								Exhibit 21	
		Cemetery Care Fund							
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Revenue from use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	4,037	\$	4,037	\$	3,900 3,480	\$	(137) 3,480	
Total revenues		4,037		4,037		7,380		3,343	
EXPENDITURES									
Total expenditures						-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		4,037		4,037		7,380		3,343	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(4,037)		(4,037)		(3,900)	-	137	
Total other financing sources and uses		(4,037)		(4,037)		(3,900)		137	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		3,480		3,480	
Fund balance - beginning						582,549	-	582,549	
Fund balance - ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$	586,029	\$	586,029	

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

- Garbage Fund to account for the provision of garbage collection services to city residents. Financing is provided by garbage collection charges received from customers.
- Augusta County Service Authority (ACSA) Joint Landfill Fund to account for the City's interest in the Augusta Regional Landfill. Financing is provided by the City's share of landfill charges collected from customers.
- Stormwater Fund to account for the provision of stormwater services to city residents. Financing is provided by stormwater charges received from customers.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2016

						Exhi	ibit 22
			ACSA Joint			Total Nonmajor	
	Garb Fui	•	Landfill Fund		Stormwater Fund	Enterprise Funds	
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	726,724	\$ 453	,898	\$ 46,145	\$ 1,226	3,767
Accounts receivable (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles)		171,202	75	,104	434,081	680	0,387
Total current assets		897,926	529	,002	480,226	1,907	<u>′,154</u>
Noncurrent assets:							
Equity interest in joint venture		-	2,915	,942	-	2,915	5,942
Capital assets:							
Buildings		113,453		_	_	113	3,453
Machinery and equipment		1,404,599		-	5,726	1,410),325
Less accumulated depreciation		(924,041)		-	(286)	(924	1,327)
Total capital assets (net of	'						
accumulated depreciation)		594,011		-	5,440	599	9,451
Total noncurrent assets	'	594,011	2,915	,942	5,440	3,515	5,393
Total assets		1,491,937	3,444	,944	485,666	5,422	2,547
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred loss on VRS pension		84,913	11	,527	55,936	150	2,376
Total deferred outflows of resources				.527 .527	55,936		
rotal deletted outflows of resources		84,913		,521	55,936	152	2,376
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable		2,199	90	,282	24,780		7,261
Accrued payroll		35,056		-	21,450		5,506
Deposits payable Compensated absences		1,395 1,600	10	- 570	500		1,395
Total current liabilities		40,250		,579 ,861	46,730		5,679 0,841
Total current liabilities		40,230	103	,001	40,730	190	7,041
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences		25,978		,211	16,100		1,289
Net OPEB obligation		19,984		,972	172		4,128
Net pension liability	-	285,789		,011	188,263		3,063
Total noncurrent liabilities		331,751		,194	204,535		3,480
Total liabilities		372,001	171	,055	251,265	794	4,321
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred gain on VRS pension		152,787	11	,592	100,648	265	5,027
Total deferred inflows of resources		152,787		,592	100,648		5,027
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		594,011		_	5,440	599	9,451
Unrestricted		458,051	3,273	,824	184,249	3,916	
Total net position	\$	1,052,062	\$ 3,273		\$ 189,689	\$ 4,515	

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

							Exhibit 23
		Garbage Fund	ACSA Joint Landfill Fund		Stormwater Fund		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES		i unu	i dila		i dila		Tundo
Charges for services	\$	1,161,423	\$ 731,978	\$	1,200,963	\$	3,094,364
Miscellaneous		1,461	4,418		599		6,478
Total operating revenues	_	1,162,884	736,396	_	1,201,562	_	3,100,842
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personal services		587,316	-		660,023		1,247,339
Contractual services		17,113	464,114		179,412		660,639
Other supplies and expenses		177,328	-		72,689		250,017
Depreciation		82,718	 		286		83,004
Total operating expenses		864,475	 464,114		912,410		2,240,999
Operating income (loss)		298,409	 272,282		289,152	_	859,843
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth		6,427	-		-		6,427
Federal		-	-		24,131		24,131
Interest income		4,359	1,452		443		6,254
Gain (loss) on equity interest			 (146,021)		-		(146,021)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		10,786	 (144,569)		24,574		(109,209)
Income before contributions and transfers		309,195	 127,713		313,726		750,634
Transfers in		-	-		23,406		23,406
Transfers out		(129,546)	 		(147,443)		(276,989)
Change in net position		179,649	127,713		189,689		497,051
Total net position - beginning		872,413	 3,146,111				4,018,524
Total net position - ending	\$	1,052,062	\$ 3,273,824	\$	189,689	\$	4,515,575

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

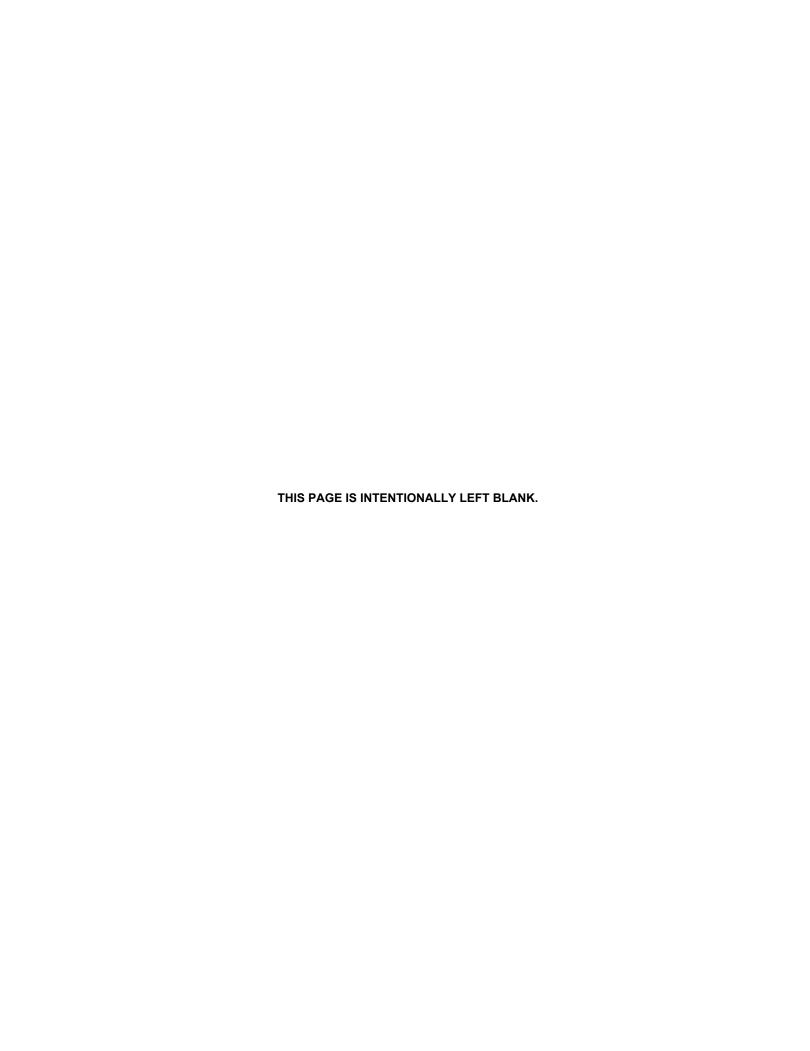
		Garbage Fund		ACSA Joint Landfill Fund		Stormwater Fund		Exhibit 24 Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_							
Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers	\$	1,185,192 (197,086)	\$	728,118 (464,811)	\$	766,882 (821,321)	\$	2,680,192 (1,483,218)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees		(681,110)		(4,153)		205,174		(480,089)
Other receipts (payments)		1,461		4,418		599		6,478
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		308,457		263,572	_	151,334	_	723,363
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Subsidy from state grant		6,427		-		-		6,427
Subsidy from federal grant		-		-		24,131		24,131
Transfer from other funds		-		-		23,406		23,406
Transfer to other funds		(129,546)				(147,443)		(276,989)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(123,119)				(99,906)	_	(223,025)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(94,791)		_		(5,726)		(100,517)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	_	(94,791)				(5,726)	_	(100,517)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest received		4,359		1,452		443		6,254
Cash paid to joint venture			_	(318,652)			_	(318,652)
Net cash provided by investing activities		4,359	_	(317,200)	_	443	_	(312,398)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		94,906		(53,628)		46,145		87,423
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		631,818	_	507,526	_		_	1,139,344
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	726,724	\$	453,898	\$	46,145	\$	1,226,767
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year is composed of the following:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	726,724	\$	453,898	\$	46,145	\$	1,226,767

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Exhibit 24 (cont'd)
	Nonmajor	ACSA Joint	ACSA Joint	
	Garbage	Landfill	Landfill	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
Reconciliation of operating income to net				
cash provided (used) by operating				
activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 298,409	\$ 272,282	\$ 289,152	\$ 859,843
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income to net cash provided (used)				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation	82,718	-	286	83,004
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	23,619	(3,860)	(434,081)	(414,322)
(Increase) decrease in deferred loss on VRS pension	(35,950)	413	(55,936)	(91,473)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(2,645)	(697)	24,780	21,438
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll	6,457	-	21,450	27,907
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	261	3,345	172	3,778
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(99,334)	6,261	188,263	95,190
Increase (decrease) in deferred gain on VRS pension	41,461	(13,969)	100,648	128,140
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable	150	-	-	150
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(6,689)	(203)	16,600	9,708
Total Adjustments	10,048	(8,710)	(137,818)	(136,480)
Net cash provided (used) by				
operating activities	\$ 308,457	\$ 263,572	\$ 151,334	\$ 723,363

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:

There are no noncash activities to disclose.



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

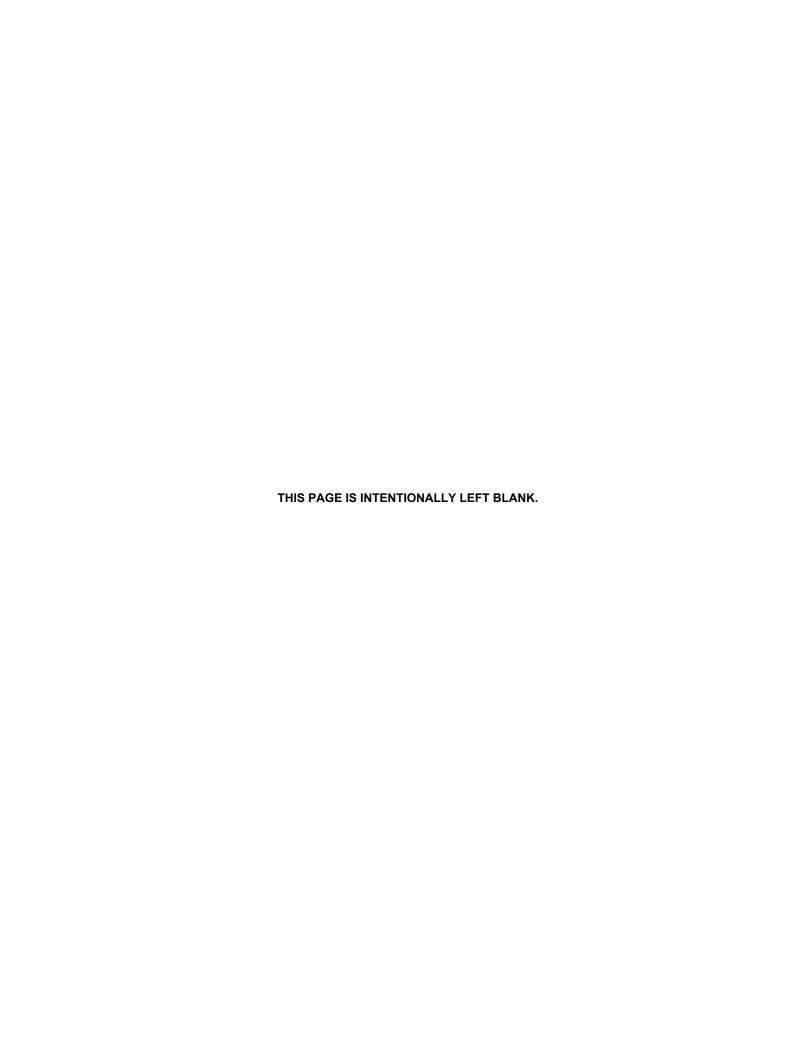
- Payroll Fringes Fund to account for funds withheld and payment of funds for payroll withholding taxes for all City employees.
- Shenandoah Valley Police Academy to account for funds received and disbursed for the payroll costs of the Shenandoah Valley Police Academy.
- First Aid Crew to account for funds received and disbursed for supplies and utilities to benefit the Waynesboro First Aid Crew.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2016

				Exhibit 25
		Shenandoah		
		Valley		
	Payroll	Police	First Aid	
	Fringes	Academy	Crew	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 311,322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 311,322
Accounts receivable	2,101	71,670	4,123	77,894
Due from other governments	-	16,255	-	16,255
Total assets	\$ 313,423	\$ 87,925	\$ 4,123	\$ 405,471
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,803	\$ 1,803
Accrued payroll	-	28,353	-	28,353
Payroll taxes and fringes payable	313,423	-	-	313,423
Due to external parties	-	43,317	2,320	45,637
Net OPEB obligation	 	16,255		 16,255
Total liabilities	\$ 313,423	\$ 87,925	\$ 4,123	\$ 405,471

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

								Exhibit 26
		Balance						Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions	Jun	e 30, 2016
Payroll Fringes Fund								
Assets:	c	224 500	¢.	0.470.026	æ	0 404 242	œ	244 222
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	324,598 472	\$	8,478,036 8,305	\$	8,491,312 6,676	Ф	311,322 2,101
Total assets	\$	325,070	\$	8.486.341	\$	8,497,988	\$	313,423
Total assets	Φ	323,070	φ	0,400,341	φ	0,497,900	φ	313,423
Liabilities:								
Payroll taxes and fringes payable	\$	325,070	\$	9,838,007	\$	9,849,654	\$	313,423
Total liabilities	\$	325,070	\$	9,838,007	\$	9,849,654	\$	313,423
Shenandoah Valley Police Academy Fund Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	528,865	\$	528,865	\$	-
Accounts receivable		55,626		544,911		528,867		71,670
Due from other governments		16,020		235		-		16,255
Total assets	\$	71,646	\$	1,074,011	\$	1,057,732	\$	87,925
Liabilities:								
Accrued payroll	\$	19,907	\$	28,353	\$	19,907	\$	28,353
Due to external parties		35,719		43,317		35,719		43,317
Net OPEB obligation		16,020	_	235				16,255
Total liabilities	\$	71,646	\$	71,905	\$	55,626	\$	87,925
First Aid Crew Fund Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	17,613	\$	17,613	\$	-
Accounts receivable		1,749		19,986		17,612		4,123
Total assets	\$	1,749	\$	37,599	\$	35,225	\$	4,123
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,749	\$	19,987	\$	19,933	\$	1,803
Due to external parties		-		2,320		-		2,320
Total liabilities	\$	1,749	\$	22,307	\$	19,933	\$	4,123
Total All Agency Funds Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	324,598	\$	9,024,514	\$	9,037,790	\$	311,322
Accounts receivable		57,847		573,202		553,155		77,894
Due from other governments		16,020		235				16,255
Total assets	\$	398,465	\$	9,597,951	\$	9,590,945	\$	405,471
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,749	\$	19,987	\$	19,933	\$	1,803
Accrued payroll		19,907		28,353		19,907		28,353
Payroll taxes and fringes payable		325,070		9,838,007		9,849,654		313,423
Due to external parties		35,719		45,637		35,719		45,637
Net OPEB obligation		16,020	•	235	_			16,255
Total liabilities	\$	398,465	\$	9,932,219	\$	9,925,213	\$	405,471



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- School Operating Fund to account for the operations and maintenance of the seven city-owned schools. Financing is provided by state and federal funds, and by appropriations from the City's general revenues. State and federal education funds received may be used only for this purpose.
- School Textbook Fund to account for the purchase and sale of school textbooks. Financing is provided primarily by the transfer of funds from the School Fund and funds so received are limited by the School Board to expenditure only for school textbooks.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

School Cafeteria Fund – to account for the operation and maintenance of the cafeterias of the seven City-owned schools. Financing is provided primarily from charges for services and federal and state lunch subsidies. Such funds are limited by federal and state law to expenditures for cafeteria operations and maintenance.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

School Construction Fund – to account for the financing and construction of school capital projects. Currently, financing is provided by bond proceeds. Expenditures are for the construction of school facilities.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Kimler Fund – to account for donations received for the purpose of funding scholarships.

AGENCY FUNDS

School Payroll Fringes Fund – to account for funds withheld and payment of funds for payroll withholding taxes for all school employees.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA

BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

	,	School Operating Fund		School Textbook Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Exhibit 27 Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	646,651 106,410 1,228,709	\$	755,738 - -	\$	396,014 2,001 2,053	\$	1,798,403 108,411 1,230,762
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,981,770	\$	755,738	\$	400,068	\$	3,137,576
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to primary government		262,530 1,601,204		428,549 - -		13,215 51,178 216,151		704,294 1,652,382 216,151
Total liabilities		1,863,734		428,549		280,544		2,572,827
Fund balances: Committed to: Education Assigned to: Education Unassigned: Total fund balances		118,036 - - - 118,036	_	327,189 327,189		315,572 (196,048) 119,524		118,036 642,761 (196,048) 564,749
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,981,770	\$	755,738	\$	400,068		304,749
Amounts reported for governmental activiti different because: Capital assets used in governmental activition are not reported in the funds.				,				38,354,501
Other long-term assets and deferred or current-period expenditures and, th					r			2,327,413
Long-term liabilities, including bonds pa period and, therefore, are not repor	•	•	yabl	le in the current				(34,162,482)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the current period and, therefore, and	•	•		ot due and paya	ble in			(3,746,759)
Net position of governmental activit	ies						\$	3,337,422

(88,247)

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	(School Operating Fund		School Textbook Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	Gov	Exhibit 28 Total /ernmental Funds
REVENUES Revenue from use of money and property	\$	47,056	æ		\$		\$	47.056
	ф		\$	-	Ф	- 255 751	Ф	47,056
Charges for services		89,911		-		355,751		445,662
Miscellaneous		156,219		853		12,757		169,829
Recovered costs		424,559		-		-		424,559
Intergovernmental:								
Local		13,239,886		-		-		13,239,886
Commonwealth		16,972,826		-		31,010		17,003,836
Federal		2,363,542				1,095,240		3,458,782
Total revenues		33,293,999		853	-	1,494,758		34,789,610
EXPENDITURES								
Current:		22 077 022		504.000		4 440 440		04 000 007
Education		32,877,922		584,302		1,418,443		34,880,667
Debt Service:		040.004						0.40.004
Principal retirement		248,901		-		-		248,901
Interest and fiscal charges		128,955						128,955
Total expenditures		33,255,778	_	584,302		1,418,443		35,258,523
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		38,221		(583,449)		76,315		(468,913)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Insurance recoveries		4,000		-		_		4,000
Transfers in		´-		292,616		1,067		293,683
Transfers out		(293,683)		· -		· -		(293,683)
Total other financing sources and uses		(289,683)		292,616		1,067		4,000
Net change in fund balances		(251,462)		(290,833)		77,382		(464,913)
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning		369,498		618,022		42,142		
Fund balance - ending	\$	118,036	\$	327,189	\$	119,524		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the different because: Governmental funds reported capital outlays as of activities the cost of those assets is allocareported as depreciation expense. This is the exceeded capital outlays (639,031) in the cut	expendit ated over ne amour	ures. Howeve their estimate nt by which de	er, in	the statement of seful lives and				(671,582)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, lead to governmental funds, while the repayment the current financial resources of government has any effect on net position. Also, govern costs, premiums, discounts, and similar item amounts are deferred and amortized in the sent effect of these differences in the treatment.	of the pr ntal funds mental funds statemen	incipal of long s. Neither tran inds report the debt is first iss t of activities.	terr sac e effe ued, This	n debt consume tion, however, ect of issuance , whereas these s amount is the	s			248,901
Some expenses reported in the statement of ac	tivities do	not require th	ne iiis	se of current fina	ncia	ı		

Change in net position of governmental activities

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2016

			Exhibit 29
	Pr	ivate-	Agency
	Pu	ırpose	School
	7	rust	Payroll
	K	imler	Fringes
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ 835,587
Accounts receivable		-	596
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		13,290	
Total assets		13,290	\$ 836,183
LIABILITIES			
Payroll taxes and fringes payable		-	836,183
Total liabilities			\$ 836,183
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
Educational purposes	\$	13,290	

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Ex	hibit 30	
	Private) -	
	Purpos	Purpose	
	Trust	:	
	Kimle	r	
ADDITIONS			
Investment earnings:			
Interest	\$	126	
Total additions		126	
DEDUCTIONS			
Education expenses		-	
Total deductions		-	
Change in net position		126	
Net position - beginning		13,164	
Net position - ending	\$	13,290	

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	School Operating Fund								
		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES								(-3/	
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	42,613	\$	42,613	\$	47,056	\$	4,443	
Charges for services		77,199		77,199		89,911		12,712	
Miscellaneous		166,064		166,064		156,219		(9,845)	
Recovered costs		94,000		94,000		424,559		330,559	
Intergovernmental:									
Local		13,869,086		13,976,296		13,239,886		(736,410)	
Commonwealth		16,877,411		17,037,450		16,972,826		(64,624)	
Federal		2,358,676		2,487,245		2,363,542		(123,703)	
Total revenues		33,485,049		33,880,867	_	33,293,999	_	(586,868)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Education		32,820,707		33,360,778		32,877,922		482,856	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		248,901		248,901		248,901		_	
Interest and fiscal charges		128,958		128,958		128,955		3	
Total expenditures		33,198,566		33,738,637		33,255,778	_	482,859	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures		286,483		142,230		38,221		(104,009)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Insurance recoveries		6,988		6,988		4,000		(2,988)	
Transfers in		· -		-		<i>-</i>		-	
Transfers out		(293,471)		(400,681)		(293,683)		106,998	
Total other financing sources and uses		(286,483)		(393,693)		(289,683)		104,010	
Net change in fund balances		-		(251,463)		(251,462)		1	
Fund balance - beginning				251,463		369,498		118,035	
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$		\$	118,036	\$	118,036	

							Exhibit 31
			School Tex	tbool	k Fund		
	Budgeted	Amou	ınts			Final Po	ance with Budget - ositive
	Original		Final		Actual	(Ne	egative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		- 853		853
	_		_		-		-
	-		-		_		_
	-		-		_		-
					853		853
	290,000		290,000		584,302		(294,302)
	200,000		200,000		001,002		(201,002)
	-		-		- -		-
	290,000		290,000		584,302		(294,302)
	(290,000)		(290,000)		(583,449)		(293,449)
	290,000		290,000		292,616		2,616
	-		-		-		-
	290,000		290,000		292,616	-	2,616
_		-					_,
	-		-		(290,833)		(290,833)
					618,022		618,022
\$	-	\$	-	\$	327,189	\$	327,189

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2016

						Exhibit 32
		Special		Capital		
	F	Revenue		Projects		Total
		School		School	-	Nonmajor
	(Cafeteria	C	Construction	(Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	375,911	\$	20,103	\$	396,014
Accounts receivable		2,001		-		2,001
Due from other governments		2,053			_	2,053
Total assets	\$	379,965	\$	20,103	\$	400,068
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		13,215		-		13,215
Accrued payroll		51,178		-		51,178
Due to primary government				216,151		216,151
Total liabilities		64,393		216,151		280,544
FUND BALANCES (deficits):						
Assigned to: Education		245 570				245 572
		315,572		(400.040)		315,572
Unassigned:				(196,048)		(196,048)
Total fund balances (deficits)		315,572		(196,048)	_	119,524
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	379,965	\$	20,103	\$	400,068

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

						Exhibit 33
		Special		Capital		
urrent: Education Total expenditures xcess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) ransfers in Total other financing sources and uses et change in fund balances und balance - beginning		Revenue Projects				Total
		School	School		Nonmajor	
	(Cafeteria	Co	onstruction	Go	overnmental
DEVENUES		Fund		Fund		Funds
	\$	355,751	\$		\$	355,751
	Ф	12,757	Ф	-	Ф	12,757
		12,737		-		12,737
		31,010				31,010
		1,095,240		-		1,095,240
rederal		1,095,240		<u>-</u>		1,095,240
Total revenues		1,494,758				1,494,758
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education		1,418,443		<u>-</u>		1,418,443
Total expenditures		1,418,443				1,418,443
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
		76,315		-		76,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		1,067				1,067
Total other financing sources and uses		1,067		-		1,067
Net change in fund balances		77,382		-		77,382
Fund balance - beginning		238,190		(196,048)		42,142
Fund balance - ending	\$	315,572	\$	(196,048)	\$	119,524

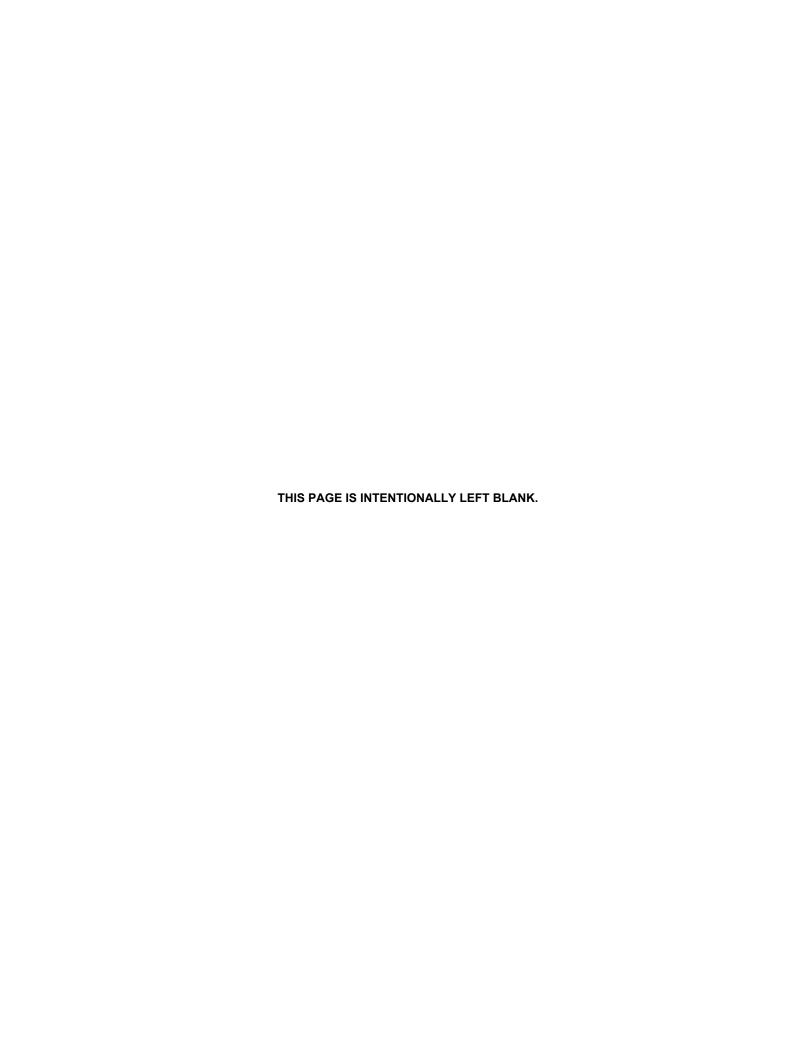
CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Fχ		

						Exhibit 34
		School Cat	feteria	a Fund		
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Charges for services	\$ 333,285	\$ 335,285	\$	355,751	\$	20,466
Miscellaneous	9,112	9,112		12,757		3,645
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth	27,071	27,071		31,010		3,939
Federal	 1,019,204	1,019,204		1,095,240		76,036
Total revenues	 1,388,672	 1,390,672		1,494,758	_	104,086
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	 1,388,672	1,390,672		1,418,443	_	(27,771)
Total expenditures	 1,388,672	 1,390,672		1,418,443	_	(27,771)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) Expenditures	-	-		76,315		76,315
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				4 007		4.007
Transfers in	 -	 		1,067	_	1,067
Total other financing sources and uses	 	 		1,067	_	1,067
Net change in fund balances	-	-		77,382		77,382
Fund balance - beginning	 	 		238,190	_	238,190
Fund balance - ending	\$ 	\$ 	\$	315,572	\$	315,572

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD AGENCY FUNDS

						Exhibit 35
		Balance				Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2015	 Additions	Deletions	Jı	une 30, 2016
School Payroll Fringes Fund Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	841,694	\$ 15,793,257 2,532	\$ 15,799,364 1,936	\$	835,587 596
Total assets	\$	841,694	\$ 15,795,789	\$ 15,801,300	\$	836,183
Liabilities:						
Payroll taxes and fringes payable		841,694	15,795,789	 15,801,300		836,183
Total liabilities	\$	841,694	\$ 15,795,789	\$ 15,801,300	\$	836,183



CAPITAL ASSETS – USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY* June 30, 2016

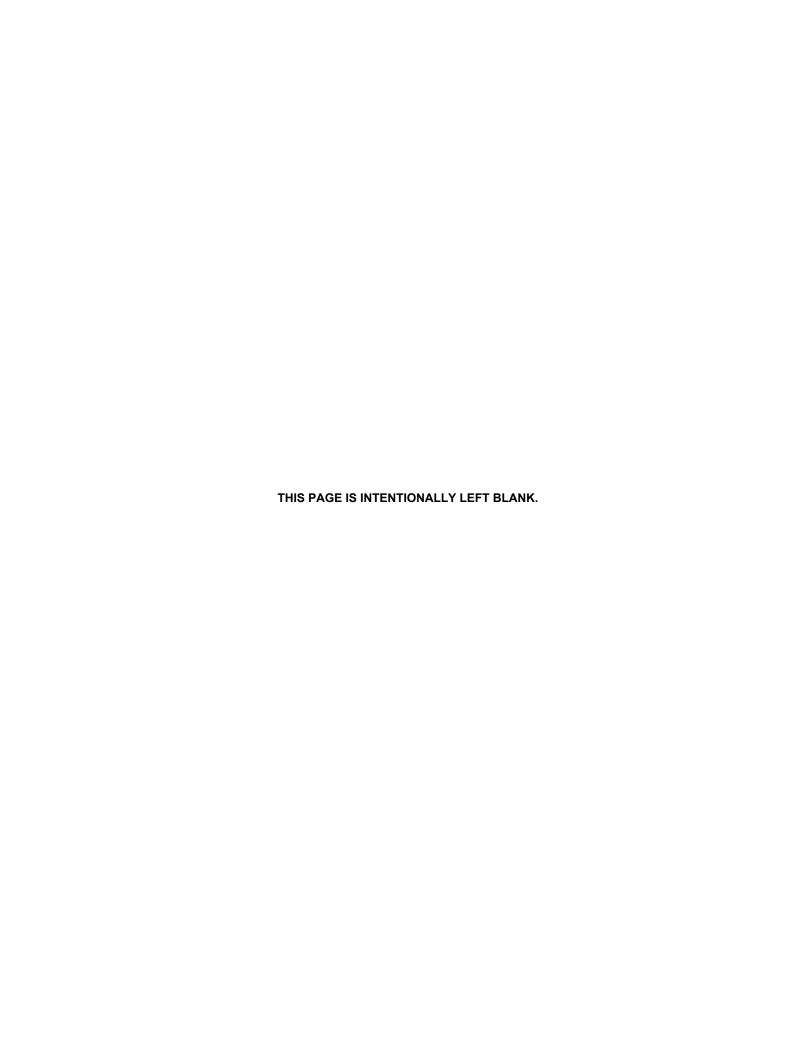
_								Exhibit 36
Function and Activity	Land	onstruction in Progress	Buildings	provements Other than Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	lı	nfrastructure	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development	\$ 4,923,193 - - 305,189 - 4,299 3,507,117	\$ 427,342 - 819,091 - 353,971 857,947	\$ 1,614,639 3,396,648 4,064,352 2,206,870 423,440 3,867,959	\$ 50,600 55,638 441,207 395,490 208,400 2,413,620 2,214,952	\$ 924,095 112,485 2,505,942 204,360 - 419,268 40,036	\$	54,001,086 - 25,550	\$ 7,939,869 3,564,771 7,011,501 57,932,086 631,840 7,084,667 6,620,052
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,739,798	\$ 2,458,351	\$ 15,573,908	\$ 5,779,907	\$ 4,206,186	\$	54,026,636	\$ 90,784,786
COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD:								
Schools: Education	\$ 274,493	\$ -	\$ 51,968,080	\$ 4,238,508	\$ 3,976,290	\$	-	\$ 60,457,371

^{*} This schedule presents only the capital assets balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

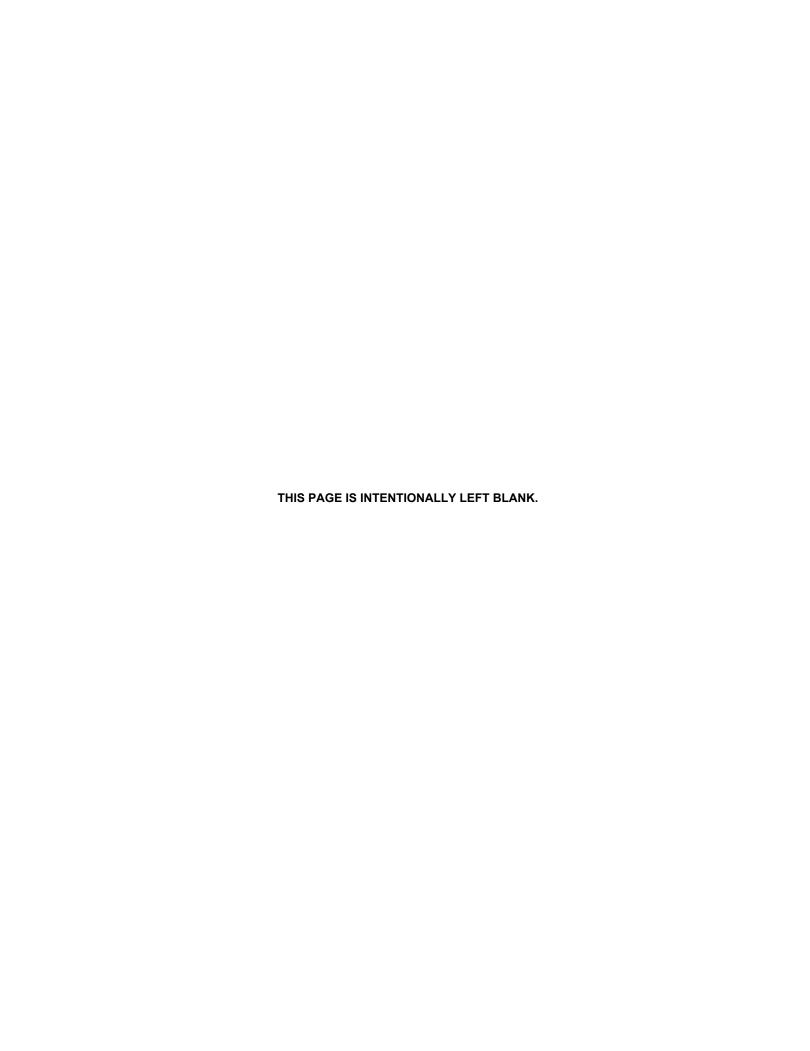
CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY* For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

								Exhibit 37
	G	overnmental					G	overnmental
	F	unds Capital					F	unds Capital
		Assets						Assets
Function and Activity	Ju	ine 30, 2015		Additions	D	eductions	Jι	ine 30, 2016
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
General government administration	\$	7,193,667	\$	746,202	\$	-	\$	7,939,869
Judicial administration		3,564,771		-		-		3,564,771
Public safety		7,011,501		-		-		7,011,501
Public works		57,501,537		474,262		(43,713)		57,932,086
Health and welfare		631,840		-		-		631,840
Parks, recreation, and cultural		6,943,812		140,855		-		7,084,667
Community development		5,919,950	_	700,102				6,620,052
Total Primary Government	\$	88,767,078	\$	2,061,421	\$	(43,713)	\$	90,784,786
COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD:								
Schools:								
Education	\$	59,980,677	\$	639,031	\$	(162,337)	\$	60,457,371

^{*} This schedule presents only the capital assets balances related to governmental funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in internal service funds are excluded from the above amounts. Generally, the capital assets of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.







cont'd

		Original		Final			Sch Variance Final Bu Positi	dget -
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget		Budget		Actual	(Negat	tive)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes: Real property taxes	\$	13,597,009	¢	13,597,009	Ф	13,523,760	¢ /	(73,249)
Real and personal public service	Ψ	13,397,009	Ψ	13,397,009	Ψ	13,323,700	Ψ	(13,249)
corporation property taxes		845,581		845,581		852,176		6,595
Personal property taxes		3,632,523		3,632,523		3,712,994		80,471
Mobile home taxes		6,335		6,335		5,346		(989)
Machinery and tools taxes		1,078,638		1,078,638		1,110,947		32,309
Rolling stock		26,913		26,913		22,720		(4,193)
Penalties		206,063		206,063		212,454		6,391
Interest		101,525		101,525		94,499		(7,026)
Total General Property Taxes		19,494,587		19,494,587		19,534,896		40,309
Total Contrain Topolty Taxoo		10, 10 1,001		10, 10 1,007	-	10,001,000	-	10,000
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use tax		5,205,549		5,286,427		5,493,561	2	207,134
Consumers' utility taxes		1,031,566		1,031,566		1,032,821		1,255
Business license taxes		1,974,328		1,974,328		2,206,222		231,894
Motor vehicle licenses		409,829		409,829		422,570		12,741
Bank stock taxes		240,164		240,164		283,006		42,842
Taxes on recordation and wills		157,333		157,333		163,683		6,350
Lodging taxes		685,000		685,000		731,131		46,131
Restaurant food taxes		3,825,000		3,825,000		4,223,185		898,185
Tobacco taxes		397,856		397,856		370,607	((27,249)
Short-term rental taxes		4,900		4,900		4,737		(163)
Payments in lieu of tax		25,000		25,000		31,556		6,556
Total Other Local Taxes		13,956,525		14,037,403		14,963,079	9	25,676
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses		15,075		15,075		13,846		(1,229)
Permits and other licenses		205,906		205,906		202,886		(3,020)
Total Permits, Privilege Fees,								
and Regulatory Licenses		220,981		220,981		216,732		(4,249)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Parking fines		11,000		11,000		4,430		(6,570)
Fines and forfeitures		188,290		188,290		182,436		(5,854)
Total Fines and Forfeitures	-	199,290	_	199,290	_	186,866		(12,424)
		100,200		100,200		100,000		(12,727)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money		115,658		115,658		157,191		41,533
Revenue from use of property		50,004		50,004		57,287		7,283
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property		165,662		165,662		214,478		48,816
Charges for services:								
Commonwealth's attorney fees		2,439		2,439		3,489		1,050
Charges for court appointed attorney		12,000		12,000		16,728		4,728
Charges for maintenance of buildings and grounds		-		-		11,073		11,073
Charges for planning services		17,952		17,952		22,377		4,425
Charges for recreation		225,000		229,500		221,453		(8,047)
Charges for library		22,811		26,171		27,744		1,573
Total Charges for Services	-	280,202		288,062		302,864		14,802
· ·					-			,
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Gifts and donations		5,000		21,233		20,621		(612)
Other revenue		705,901		705,953		699,939		(6,014)
Total Miscellaneous Revenue		710,901		727,186		720,560		(6,626)
Recovered Costs		22,230		22,430		76,326		53,896

		Original		Final			'	nedule 1 (cont'd Variance with Final Budget - Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Primary Government: (cont'd)								
General Fund: (cont'd) Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Non-categorical aid:								
	\$	1,925	\$	1,925	Ф	1,896	Ф	(29
Mobile home titling taxes Grantor tax	Φ	31,758	Φ	31,758	φ	39,143	Φ	7,385
Sales tax on rental passenger vehicles		77,115		77,115		86,832		9,717
Personal property tax reimbursement		1,721,457		1,721,457		1,721,457		9,717
Assistance to localities with police departments		727,340		727,340		727,340		_
Rolling stock tax		17,100		17,100		17,041		(59
Communications tax		1,300,000		1,300,000		1,255,574		(44,426
Recordation tax		60,000		60,000		55,732		(4,268
Total Non-categorical Aid		3,936,695		3,936,695		3,905,015	_	(31,680
•		0,000,000		0,000,000	_	0,000,010		(01,000
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney		395,022		395,022		381,545		(13,477
Sheriff		277,226		277,226		277,037		(189
Commissioner of the revenue		90,667		90,667		90,437		(230
Treasurer		85,287		85,287		84,975		(312
Clerk of circuit court		232,052		232,052		234,163		2,111
State compensation board reimbursement		-		-		12,671		12,671
Registrar/Electoral board		36,591		36,591		44,163	_	7,572
Total Shared Expenses		1,116,845		1,116,845		1,124,991	_	8,146
Other categorical aid:								
Street and highway maintenance		3,300,558		3,300,558		3,432,488		131,930
Library		139,366		142,377		142,377		131,330
Four for Life		133,300		142,577		19,656		19,656
Virginia Arts		5,000		5,000		5,000		10,000
Fire Board funds		-		-		66,576		66,576
Drug seizure		_		_		34,291		34,291
Victim/witness		63,897		63,897		39,535		(24,362
E-911 wireless		119,694		119,694		118,333		(1,361
Other state funds		-		1,092		24,841		23,749
Total Other Categorical Aid		3,628,515		3,632,618		3,883,097		250,479
Total Categorical Aid		4,745,360		4,749,463		5,008,088		258,625
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth		8,682,055		8,686,158		8,913,103		226,945
Revenue from the Federal Government:		-,,		2,222,122		2,010,100	_	
Categorical aid:								
CDBG grant		-		-		16,383		16,383
DMV grants		-		-		13,373		13,373
Federal equitable sharing		-		-		34,405		34,405
FEMA disaster assistance		-		7,500		7,500		-
Drug seizure		-		-		69,593		69,593
Total Categorical Aid		-		7,500		141,254		133,754
Total Revenue from the Federal Government		-		7,500		141,254		133,754
Total General Fund	\$	43,732,433	\$	43,849,259	\$	45,270,158	\$	1,420,899
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Other categorical aid:	<u>, </u>	., . ,	<u>*</u>	.,,	Ť	., .,	<u>*</u>	, -,
Welfare Revenue from the Federal Government:		1,057,748		1,057,748		844,725		(213,023
Categorical aid:								
Welfare		765,956		765,956		674,734		(91,222
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$	1,823,704	\$	1,823,704	\$	1,519,459	\$	(304,245
-	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · ·		· · · · · ·	_	cont'o

		Original	Final			Va Fin	lule 1 (cont'd) riance with al Budget - Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget	Budget		Actual	(1	Negative)
Primary Government: (cont'd) Special Revenue Funds: (cont'd)		<u> </u>				,	<u> </u>
Comprehensive Services Act Fund: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:							
CSA funds	\$	1,296,000	\$ 1,296,000	\$	1,129,306	\$	(166,694)
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid:					4.45.000		4.45.000
CSA funds			 		145,032		145,032
Total Comprehensive Services Act Fund	\$	1,296,000	\$ 1,296,000	\$	1,274,338	\$	(21,662)
Youth and Family Services Fund: Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money		999	 999		2,318		1,319
Miscellaneous revenue: Gifts and donations		36,000	60,950		60,918		(32)
Other revenue Total Miscellaneous Revenue		36,000	61,050		349 61,267	-	249 217
Recovered Costs		277,285	289,785		287,239		(2,546)
Total Revenue from Local Sources		314,284	351,834		350,824		(1,010)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:							
Juvenile crime control		117,385	 117,385		118,107		722
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid: Adolescent pregnancy prevention grant		50,000	68,098		68,098		_
Substance abuse/mental health		125,000	 125,000		97,393		(27,607)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government		175,000	 193,098		165,491		(27,607)
Total Youth and Family Services Fund	\$	606,669	\$ 662,317	\$	634,422	\$	(27,895
Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta and Wa Revenue from local sources:	aynesboro Fun	d:					
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money			 		1,025		1,025
Miscellaneous revenue: Other revenue		-	9,000		690		(8,310
Recovered Costs		87,250	87,250		87,250		-
Total Revenue from Local Sources		87,250	 96,250		88,965		(7,285
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:							
EITC grant funding CSBG grant		27,000 10,000	14,250 243,669		11,667		(2,583) (243,669)
TANF grant		20,800	 41,600		41,599		(1)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth		57,800	 299,519		53,266		(246,253)
Revenue from the Federal Government: Categorical aid:							
VITA grant CSBG grant		- 89,799	 		14,250 211,495		14,250 211,495
Total Revenue from the Federal Government		89,799	 		225,745		225,745
Total Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta and Waynesboro Fund	\$	234,849	\$ 395,769	\$	367,976	\$	(27,793)
,			 	<u></u>			cont'd

Fund Mains and Minus Barrary Course		Original		Final			V Fi	dule 1 (cont'd ariance with nal Budget - Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Primary Government: (cont'd) Special Revenue Funds: (cont'd) Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	25	\$	25
Charges for services:								
Animal adoption fees		-		11,000		9,055		(1,945
Animal control fees				5,250		8,324		3,074
Total Charges for Services		-		16,250		17,379		1,129
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Gifts and donations		-		10,284		82,164		71,880
Other revenue		-		-		4,637		4,637
Total Miscellaneous Revenue				10,284		86,801		76,517
Recovered Costs				214,639		290,596		75,957
Total Revenue from Local Sources				241,173		394,801		153,628
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:								
DMV grant		-		3,500		2,350		(1,150
Total Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Fund	\$		\$	244,673	\$	397,151	\$	152,478
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	3,961,222	\$	4,422,463	\$	4,193,346	\$	(229,117
Capital Projects Funds: Capital Improvements Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money						615		615
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical Aid: VA DEQ grants						268,823		269 927
Revenue from the Federal Government:	_		_		_	200,023		268,823
Categorical aid:								
VDOT grants		_		_		683,318		683,318
EPA grants		-		-		51,015		51,015
CDBĞ grant		-		-		191,537		191,537
Total Revenue from the Federal Government		-		-		925,870		925,870
Total Capital Improvements Fund	\$		\$		\$	1,195,308	\$	1,195,308
Total Capital Projects Funds	\$		\$	-	\$	1,195,308	\$	1,195,308
Permanent Funds: Cemetery Care Fund:								
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money		4,037		4,037		3,900		(137
Miscellaneous revenue: Other revenue		_		_		3,480		3,480
Total Revenue from Local Sources		4,037		4,037		7,380		3,343
Total Perpetual Care Fund	\$	4,037	\$	4,037	\$	7,380	\$	3,343
Total Permanent Funds	\$	4,037	\$	4,037	\$	7,380	\$	3,343
Grand Total - Revenues - Primary Government	\$	47,697,692	\$	48,275,759	\$	50,666,192	\$	2,390,433
·		·		· -		· · ·		cont'd

		Original		Final			Va Fir	dule 1 (cont'd ariance with nal Budget - Positive
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Budget		Budget		Actual	(Negative)
Component Unit - School Board:								
Special Revenue Funds:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:	e	22.442	Φ	22.442	Φ	27 202	Φ.	4.400
Revenue from use of money	\$	33,113 9,500	\$	33,113 9,500	Ф	37,293 9,763	\$	4,180
Revenue from use of property Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property		42,613		42,613		47,056		263 4,443
, , ,		42,010		42,010	_	47,000		7,770
Charges for services: Charges for education		77,199		77,199		88,219		11,020
Charges for transportation		11,199		-		1,692		1,692
•		77 100						
Total Charges for Services		77,199		77,199	_	89,911		12,712
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other revenue		166,064		166,064		156,219		(9,845)
Recovered Costs		94,000		94,000		424,559		330,559
Total Revenue from Local Sources		379,876		379,876		717,745		337,869
Revenue from Local Government:		_	_	_	_	_	_	
Contribution from City of Waynesboro		13,869,086		13,976,296		13,239,886		(736,410
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical Aid:								
Share of state sales tax		3,351,712		3,351,712		3,372,534		20,822
Basic school aid		8,142,677		8,142,677		8,079,988		(62,689)
Gifted and talented children		93,584		93,584		93,006		(578)
GED funding		15,717		15,717		15,717		(0.0
Special education		545,998		545,998		542,397		(3,601
Vocational education		175,011		175,011		173,965		(1,046
Remedial education		473,876		473,876		497,018		23,142
Foster children		37,041		37,041		53,221		16,180
Social security		503,759		503,759		500,651		(3,108
Teacher retirement		995,571		995,571		989,428		(6,143
Group life		31,858		31,858		31,662		(196
Textbook payments		189,588		189,588		190,406		818
At risk		830,862		830,862		787,462		(43,400
English as a second language		83,623		83,623		94,126		10,503
Primary class size		633,066		633,066		610,927		(22,139
Adult education		50,520		50,520		52,354		1,834
Technology initiative		252,000		252,000		256,498		4,498
Standards of learning		46,530		46,530		48,593		2,063
Early intervention		37,137		37,137		35,074		(2,063
Race to GED expansion		100,987		100,987		99,845		(1,142)
School security		-		-		67,559		67,559
Operating costs		265,761		265,761		264,044		(1,717
Other state funds		20,533		180,572		116,351		(64,221)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth		16,877,411		17,037,450	_	16,972,826	_	(64,624)
Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Categorical Aid: Vocational education		60,248		67,919		67,899		(20
Title II - Teacher Quality		142,326		163,046		149,884		(13,162
Title VIB		629,194		642,257		616,854		(25,403)
Title VI - Rural education		525,134		238		217		(23,403
Title I		942,025		1,003,825		925,716		(78,109
Title III		14,859		20,666		18,739		(1,927
Adult literacy		570,024		589,294		584,233		(5,061
Total Revenue from the Federal Government		2,358,676		2,487,245		2,363,542		(123,703
	•		•		ф.	,	ф.	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	33,485,049	\$	33,880,867	\$	33,293,999	\$	(586,868)

							Sche	edule 1 (cont'd)
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Component Unit - School Board: (cont'd) Special Revenue Funds: (cont'd) School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	333,285	\$	335,285	\$	355,751	\$	20,466
Miscellaneous Revenue		9,112		9,112		12,757		3,645
Total Revenue from Local Sources		342,397	_	344,397		368,508		24,111
Revenue from the Commonwealth: School food programs		27,071		27,071		31,010		3,939
Revenue from the Federal Government: School food programs		1,019,204		1,019,204		1,095,240		76,036
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,388,672	\$	1,390,672	\$	1,494,758	\$	104,086
School Textbook Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue						853		853 <u>-</u>
Total School Textbook Fund	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$	853	\$	853
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	34,873,721	\$	35,271,539	\$	34,789,610	\$	(481,929)
Grand Total - Revenues - Component Unit School Board	\$	34,873,721	\$	35,271,539	\$	34,789,610	\$	(481,929)

cont'd

Fund Function Activity and Flaments:	Ori		inal	Actual	Schedule 2 Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements: Primary Government:	DU	ıdget	DI	ıdget	Actual		(Negative)
General Fund:							
General Government Administration:							
Legislative:			_				
City Council	\$	100,694	\$	100,694	\$ 96,234	\$	4,460
Clerk of Council	-	61,571		62,076	 66,117		(4,041
Total Legislative		162,265		162,770	162,351		419
0 1 15:							
General and Financial Administration:							
Manager		414,255		412,346	408,789		3,557
City Attorney		150,458		150,458	150,929		(471
Human Resources		268,697		272,566	289,096		(16,530
Commissioner of Revenue		321,893		321,893	313,104		8,789
Assessor		243,038		254,923	240,442		14,481
Treasurer		293,962		295,036	305,817		(10,781
Finance		651,824		651,922			•
					687,355		(35,433
Information Technology		902,674		972,394	972,329		65
Employee Health and Safety		10,000		10,000	71,440		(61,440
Risk Management		316,909		316,909	287,847		29,062
Central Office		36,807		37,023	37,307		(284
Total General and Financial Administration		3,610,517		3,695,470	 3,764,455		(68,985
		-,,		2,222,112	 2,1 2 1,1 2 2		(55,555
Board of Elections:							
Electoral Board and Officials	-	128,770		205,571	207,295		(1,724
Total Canaral Cayaramant Administration		2 004 552		4 062 044	4 424 404		(70.200
Total General Government Administration		3,901,552	-	4,063,811	 4,134,101		(70,290
Judicial Administration:							
Courts:		00.010		00.010	04.000		4 000
Circuit Court		60,340		63,818	61,889		1,929
General District Court		36,544		36,673	34,307		2,366
Juvenile and Domestic Relations		7,842		24,323	9,348		14,975
Clerk of the Circuit Court		397,043		404,095	376,357		27,738
Sheriff		452,081		453,061	445,605		7,456
Victim/Witness Assistance		66,078		66,078	62,031		4,047
Total Courts		1,019,928		1,048,048	 989,537		58,511
Total Courts		1,019,920		1,040,040	 909,537		30,311
Commonwealth Attorney:							
Commonwealth Attorney		500,258		500,515	504,062		(3,547)
o o minor modular / klosmoy		000,200	-	000,010	 001,002		(0,017
Total Commonwealth Attorney		500,258		500,515	 504,062		(3,547)
Total Judicial Administration		1,520,186		1,548,563	1.493.599		54,964
		 _			· · · · ·		•
Public Safety:							
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:							
Police Department		4,602,335		4,670,087	 4,648,316		21,771
	<u></u>						
Fire and Rescue Services:							
Fire Department		2,689,095		2,723,797	2,645,728		78,069
First Aid Crew		50,000		50,000	50,000		_
EMS Council		9,620		9,620	9,620		_
Total Fire and Rescue Services		2,748,715		2,783,417	 2,705,348		70.060
Total Fire and Rescue Services	-	2,748,715		2,783,417	 2,705,348		78,069
Correction and Detention:							
		1,206,646		1 206 646	1,122,888		83,758
Middle River Regional Jail				1,206,646			
Juvenile Detention Home		126,967		126,967	 128,440		(1,473
Total Correction and Detention		1,333,613		1,333,613	 1,251,328		82,285
Inappations							
Inspections:		444 = 00		4440.0	004 100		00 ===
Inspector's Office		414,783	-	414,940	 391,190		23,750
Other Protection:							
Emergency Operations Center		1,019,363		1,042,709	1,012,740		29,969
Emorgonoy Operations defited		1,015,000		1,072,109	 1,012,740		23,309
Total Public Safety	1	0,118,809		10,244,766	10,008,922		235,844
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d Function Activity, and Florente.	Original	Final	Actual	Schedule 2 (cont'd) Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
nd, Function, Activity, and Elements: mary Government: (cont'd)	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
General Fund: (cont'd) Public Works:					
Maintenance of Highways, Streets,					
Bridges, and Sidewalks: General Engineering/Administration	\$ 798,480	\$ 866,122	\$ 809.347	\$ 56,775	
Public Works Operations Administration	116,877	128,943	116.004	12,939	
Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks	2,810,290	3,790,341	3,026,727	763,614	
Traffic Engineering	388,905	454,251	298,087	156,164	
Total Maintenance of Highways, Streets,					
Bridges, and Sidewalks	4,114,552	5,239,657	4,250,165	989,492	
Sanitation and Waste Removal:					
Landfill closure	171,788	231,767	206,199	25,568	
Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds:					
General Properties:	205 505	247.002	102 006	65.006	
Maintenance of buildings and grounds	205,505	247,992	182,896	65,096	
Total Public Works	4,491,845	5,719,416	4,639,260	1,080,156	
Health and Welfare: Health:					
Supplement of Local Health Department	192,498	192,498	194,498	(2,000)	
Contribution to VCSB	122,416	122,416	122,416	-	
Total Health	314,914	314,914	316,914	(2,000)	
Welfare:					
Area Agency on Aging	25,250	25,250	25,250	_	
Property Tax Relief-Elderly Handicapped	97,833	97,833	83,515	14,318	
Other Contributions	26,100	26,100	26,100	· -	
Total Welfare	149,183	149,183	134,865	14,318	
Total Health and Welfare	464,097	464,097	451,779	12,318	
Education:					
Contributions to Community Organizations	750	750	750	_	
Contribution to Community College	35,346	35,346	35,346	-	
Contribution to City School Board	13,869,086	13,869,086	13,239,886	629,200	
Total Education	13,905,182	13,905,182	13,275,982	629,200	
Parks, Recreation and Cultural:					
Parks and Recreation:					
Administration	431,996	432,527	434,344	(1,817)	
Municipal Parks	723,297	725,782	670,833	54,949	
Municipal Pools	168,366	170,966	152,656	18,310	
Recreation Programs	183,259	199,045	172,797	26,248	
Custodial	584,384	651,252	617,800	33,452	
Cemeteries	141,586	142,174	122,828	19,346	
Total Parks and Recreation	2,232,888	2,321,746	2,171,258	150,488	
Library:					
Library Administration	841,563	879,497	859,233	20,264	
Cultural Enrichment:					
Contributions	39,500	48,960	48,959	1	
Total Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	3,113,951	3,250,203	3,079,450	170,753	
Community Davidson mants	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Community Development: Planning and Community Development:					

cont'd

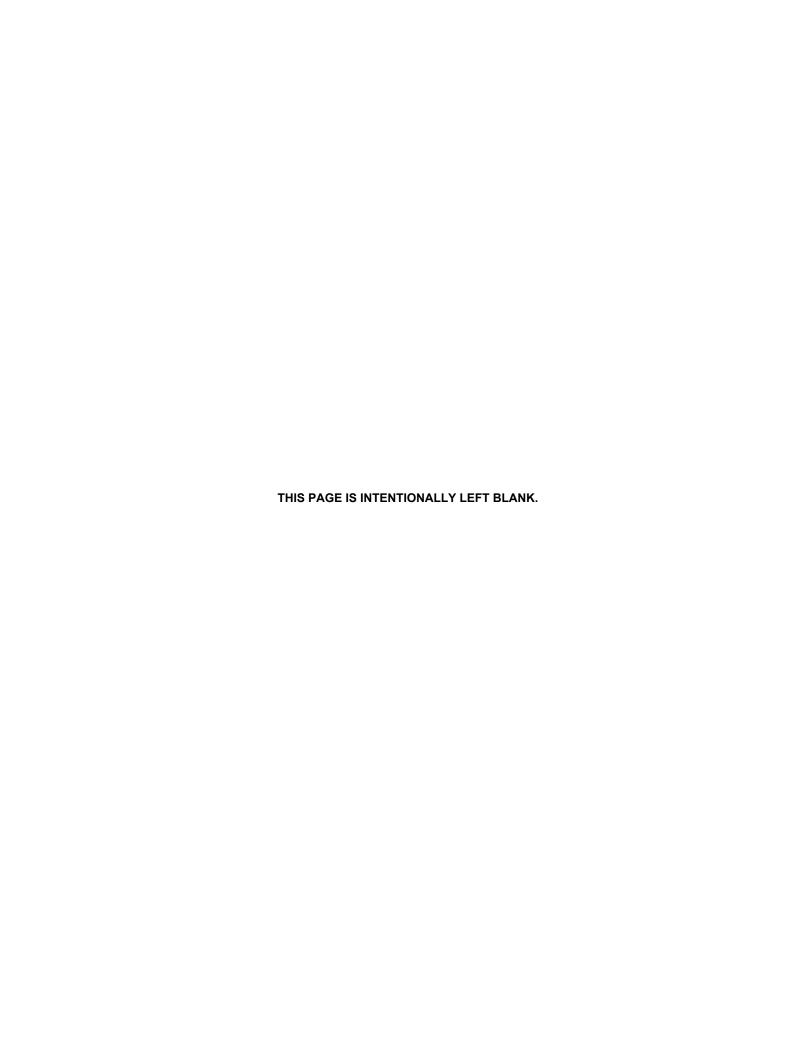
CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original		Final			\	edule 2 (cont'd) /ariance with inal Budget - Positive
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements:		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
Primary Government: (cont'd)								
General Fund: (cont'd)								
Community Development: (cont'd)								
Planning and Community Development: (cont'd)			_					
Tourism Department	\$	213,582	\$	228,743	\$	211,793	\$	16,950
Economic Development		268,352		272,121		225,630		46,491
Downtown Development		-		-		507		(507)
Shenandoah Valley Airport		44,052		44,052		44,052		
Total Planning and Community Development		924,420		955,917		881,809		74,108
Total Community Development		924,420	_	955,917		881,809		74,108
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		2,019,688		2,019,688		2,029,358		(9,670)
Interest and Fiscal Charges		555,978		555,978		547,045		8,933
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-		15,600		(15,600)
Total Debt Service		2,575,666		2,575,666	-	2,592,003		(16,337)
	_		_		_		_	
Total General Fund	\$	41,015,708	\$	42,727,621	\$	40,556,905	\$	2,170,716
Special Revenue Funds:								
Virginia Public Assistance Fund:								
Health and Welfare:								
Welfare/Social Services:	_		_		_		_	
Public Assistance	\$	2,547,790	\$	2,547,790	\$	2,207,217	\$	340,573
Comprehensive Services Act Fund: Health and Welfare:								
Welfare/Social Services:	_		_		_		_	
Comprehensive Services	\$	2,200,000	\$	2,280,878	\$	2,270,346	\$	10,532
Youth and Family Services Fund: Public Safety:								
Correction and Detention:								
Youth Services		591,454		606,514		538,140		68,374
VJCCA Programs		146,988		146,988		130,875		16,113
Total Public Safety		738,442		753,502		669,015		84,487
Health and Welfare:								
Welfare/Social Services:								
Teen Pregnancy Prevention		75,500		108,048		101,196		6,852
reen Fregulaticy Frevention		75,500		100,040		101,190		0,032
Total Youth and Family Services Fund	\$	813,942	\$	861,550	\$	770,211	\$	91,339
Community Action Partnership of Staunton, Augusta and Waynes Health and Welfare:	boro	Fund:						
Welfare/Social Services:								
CAPSAW operations		311,192		395,769		379,528		16,241
Total Community Action Partnership of								
,	•	044.400	•	005 700	•	070 500	•	10.011
Staunton, Augusta and Waynesboro Fund	\$	311,192	\$	395,769	\$	379,528	\$	16,241
Shenandoah Valley Animal Service Center Fund: Public Safety:								
Other Protection: Animal Control				204 746		270 020		(97.400)
Allillai Collio			_	291,746		378,938		(87,192)
Total Shenandoah Valley Animal Serivce Center Fund	\$	-	\$	291,746	\$	378,938	\$	(87,192)
•		E 070 004						
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	5,872,924	\$	6,377,733	\$	6,006,240	\$	371,493
								امالحصمم

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

							Sche	edule 2 (cont'd)
		Original		Final				ariance with nal Budget -
Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements:		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (cont'd)								(-3)
Debt Service Funds:								
Debt Revenue Fund:								
Debt Service:	•	670.005	•	070 005	•	070.005	•	
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$	679,005 589,185	Ъ	679,005 589,185	\$	679,005 589,182	\$	- 2
Total Debt Service		,						3 3
Total Debt Service		1,268,190		1,268,190		1,268,187		<u> </u>
Total Debt Revenue Fund	\$	1,268,190	\$	1,268,190	\$	1,268,187	\$	3
Total Debt Service Funds	\$	1,268,190	\$	1,268,190	\$	1,268,187	\$	3
Capital Projects Funds:								
Capital Improvements Fund:								
Public Works:								
Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks Other Public Works Improvements		-		166,530 535,251		555,226 1,308,866		(388,696) (773,615)
Total Public Works		-	_	701,781	_	1,864,092		(1,162,311)
Total Capital Improvements Fund	\$		\$	701,781	\$	1,864,092	\$	(1,162,311)
Total Capital Projects Funds	\$		\$	701,781	\$	1,864,092	\$	(1,162,311)
• •	Ψ		Ψ	701,701	Ψ	1,004,092	Ψ	(1,102,311)
Grand Total - Expenditures - Primary Government	\$	48,156,822	\$	51,075,325	\$	49,695,424	\$	1,379,901
Component Unit - School Board: Special Revenue Funds: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration and Instruction of Schools:								
Classroom Instruction		25,709,274		25,803,495		25,051,035		752,460
Administration, Attendance, and Health		1,923,299		1,938,469		1,996,971		(58,502)
Cafeteria Administration Total Administration and Instruction of Schools		27 622 572		502 27,742,466		634		(132)
Total Administration and instruction of Schools		27,632,573		21,142,400		27,048,640		693,826
Operating Costs:								
Pupil Transportation		1,092,707		1,255,008		1,328,741		(73,733)
Operation and Maintenance of School Plant		3,249,660		3,442,246		3,362,894		79,352
Technology		845,767		921,058		1,137,647		(216,589)
Total Operating Costs		5,188,134		5,618,312		5,829,282		(210,970)
Total Education		32,820,707	_	33,360,778	_	32,877,922		482,856
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement		248,901		248,901		248,901		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		128,958		128,958		128,955		3
Total Debt Service		377,859		377,859		377,856		3
Total School Operating Fund	\$	33,198,566	\$	33,738,637	\$	33,255,778	\$	482,859
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Education: Food Service	\$	1,388,672	\$	1,390,672	\$	1,418,443	\$	(27,771)
School Textbook Fund:								
Education:								
Instructional Costs	\$	290,000	\$	290,000	\$	584,302	\$	(294,302)
Total Chariel Deversor Funds	Φ.							
Total Special Revenue Funds	\$	34,877,238	\$	35,419,309	\$	35,258,523	\$	160,786
Grand Total - Expenditures - Component Unit - School Board	\$	34,877,238	\$	35,419,309	\$	35,258,523	\$	160,786
Component offit - Control Dodia	Ψ	07,011,200	Ψ	00,710,000	Ψ	00,200,020	Ψ	100,700



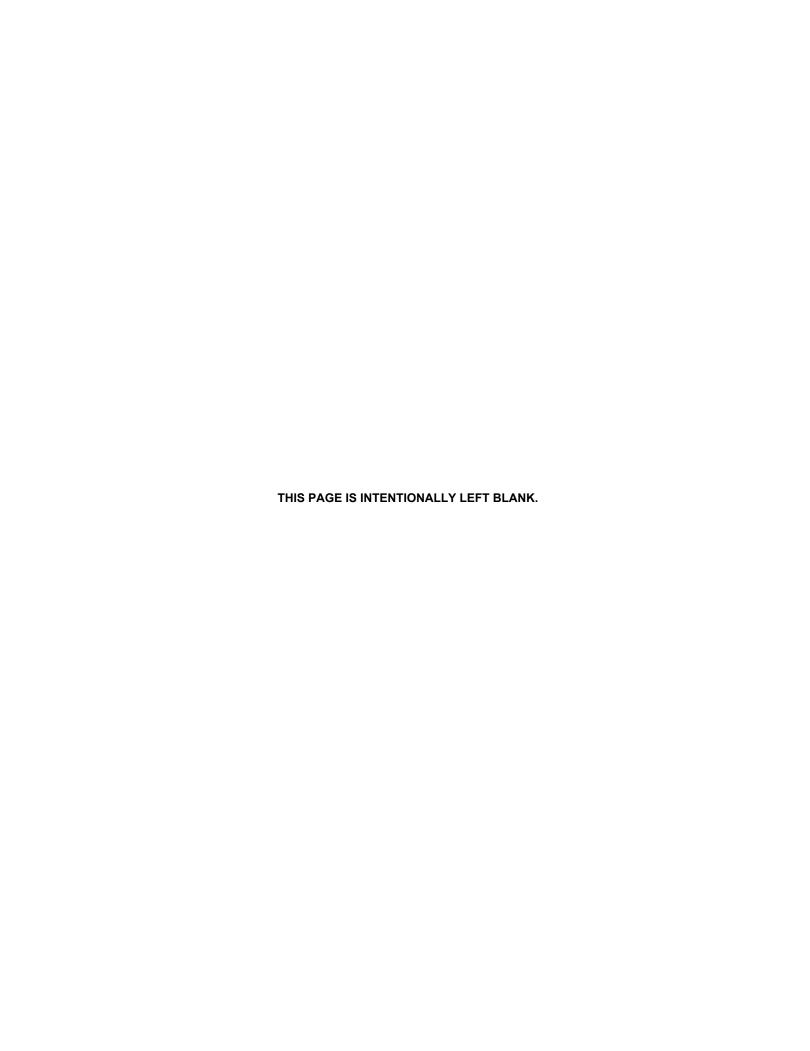


STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Waynesboro's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Tables</u>	<u>Pages</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1 - 4	103-107
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	5 - 8	108-111
Debt Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9 - 13	112-116
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	14 - 15	117-118
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and activities it performs.	16 - 18	119-121

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 (1)	2016
Governmental activities											
Net investment in capital assets	ዏ	32,011,866 \$	31,627,418 \$	30,038,195 \$	28,815,976 \$	28,479,287 \$	28,582,343 \$	28,744,563 \$	31,133,091 \$	30,091,461 \$	31,418,630
Restricted		2,500,229	2,452,322	1,827,736	895,584	1,709,659	2,342,332	1,622,944	1,743,672	2,124,875	1,793,293
Unrestricted		(21,776,627)	(19,723,629)	(17,413,909)	(14,891,347)	(13,941,412)	(9,568,762)	(10,646,382)	(9,763,913)	(11,390,137)	(6,053,354)
Total governmental activities net position	↔	12,735,468 \$	14,356,111 \$	14,452,022 \$	14,820,213 \$	16,247,534 \$	21,355,913 \$	19,721,125 \$	23,112,850 \$	20,826,199 \$	27,158,569
Business-type activities											
Net investment in capital assets		21,497,669	22,891,760	25,288,754	28,231,948	23,628,183	24,126,240	32,958,276	32,955,974	32,895,991	32,896,027
Restricted											
Unrestricted		6,212,456	5,806,391	6,285,557	6,465,365	11,988,432	11,804,718	10,494,915	9,752,065	7,933,035	8,340,522
Total business-type activities net position	છ	27,710,125 \$	28,698,151 \$	31,574,311 \$	34,697,313 \$	35,616,615 \$	35,930,958 \$	43,453,191 \$	42,708,039 \$	40,829,026 \$	41,236,549
Primary government											
Net investment in capital assets		53,509,535	54,519,178	55,326,949	57,047,924	52,107,470	52,708,583	61,702,839	64,089,065	62,987,452	64,314,657
Restricted		2,500,229	2,452,322	1,827,736	895,584	1,709,659	2,342,332	1,622,944	1,743,672	2,124,875	1,793,293
Unrestricted		(15,564,171)	(13,917,238)	(11,128,352)	(8,425,982)	(1,952,980)	2,235,956	(151,467)	(11,848)	(3,457,102)	2,287,168
Total primary government net position	ક્ક	40,445,593 \$	43,054,262 \$	46,026,333 \$	49,517,526 \$	51,864,149 \$	57,286,871 \$	63,174,316 \$	65,820,889 \$	61,655,225 \$	68,395,118
School Board Component Unit											
Net investment in capital assets	ક્ર	39,204,452 \$	41,067,451 \$	40,107,227 \$	39,518,141 \$	39,741,364 \$	38,791,483 \$	38,119,862 \$	37,224,991 \$	36,571,516 \$	36,148,835
Restricted		251,234	177,285	177,222	56,579	•	•				
Unrestricted		2,326,403	(36,603)	(224,865)	(648,481)	(718,197)	(824,406)	(1,329,615)	(2,172,690)	(33,145,847)	(32,811,413)
Total governmental activities net position	ક્ર	41,782,089 \$	41,208,133 \$	40,059,584 \$	38,926,239 \$	39,023,167 \$	37,967,077 \$	36,790,247	35,052,301	3,425,669 \$	3,337,422

Notes:
(1) The City implemented net pension liability reporting in fiscal year 2015 as required by GASB 68.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
General government	⇔	3,320,789 \$	3,941,896 \$		3,513,547 \$	3,287,456 \$	3,483,499 \$	3,468,784 \$	3,613,629 \$	7,015,817 \$	9,900,958
Judicial administration		1,269,518	1,379,141	1,467,058	1,343,998	1,382,610	1,375,669	1,541,889	1,530,639	1,478,788	1,393,274
Public safety		9,052,280	9,810,982	9,881,777	9,828,150	10,117,442	10,543,735	11,041,793	10,965,288	10,962,688	10,574,111
Public works		6,635,621	7,110,417	7,537,332	6,577,485	6,868,683	4,888,803	7,084,792	6,832,130	5,690,103	6,813,144
Health and welfare		3,624,327	3,986,651	4,331,885	3,654,529	3,814,915	3,960,411	3,896,292	4,852,442	5,375,620	5,325,427
Education		17,847,241	11,220,709	11,160,168	12,095,786	12,613,857	12,474,733	12,952,643	13,442,240	13,845,320	13,275,982
Parks, recreation and culture		2,372,588	2,571,051	2,735,276	2,624,705	2,190,791	2,955,145	2,852,606	2,911,705	2,904,112	2,935,329
Community development		1,298,951	1,217,097	1,960,369	2,045,703	2,556,858	1,497,846	688,295	91,647	1,352,385	644,256
Interest on long-term debt		1,239,572	1,415,580	1,528,816	1,530,649	1,453,059	1,477,542	1,605,156	1,453,602	1,633,675	1,100,085
Total governmental activities expenses		46,660,887	42,653,524	44,190,881	43,214,552	44,285,671	42,657,383	45,132,250	45,693,322	50,258,508	51,962,566
Business-type activities:											
Water		1,870,141	2,537,545	3,193,050	3,079,569	3,084,115	3,004,078	3,078,347	3,297,434	3,101,533	2,946,249
Sewer		3,040,972	3,380,232	3,809,431	3,996,227	4,335,813	4,469,768	5,340,416	5,741,003	5,418,648	5,452,764
Landfill Operations		591,641	772,907	2,194,854	1,039,018	423,090	414,018	688,241	714,131	626,565	610,135
Garbage		930,127	1,131,628	1,018,808	910,371	957,700	1,104,390	1,011,546	1,070,287	1,085,308	909,655
Stormwater				•					•		917,556
Total business-type activities expenses		6,432,881	7,822,312	10,216,143	9,025,185	8,800,718	8,992,254	10,118,550	10,822,855	10,232,054	10,836,359
Total primary government expenses	€.	53.093.768	50.475.836 \$		52 239 737 \$	53.086.389	51.649.637	55,250,800 \$	56.516.177 \$	60.490.562	62 798 925
-											,
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
General government		35,285	22,826	26,269	24,446	25,148	40,182	36,338	30,922	22,921	12,239
Judicial administration		195,104	172,295	167,312	147,024	170,118	197,290	212,018	226,112	281,363	207,183
Public safety		12,043	12,300	17,923	21,189	35,325	436,082	268,103	327,960	305,586	377,559
Public works		23,616	23,153	45,487	15,874	15,738	22,500	17,627	18,052	53,749	14,083
Health and welfare			i			69,765	69,765	143,038	87,250	87,250	87,250
Parks, recreation and culture		276,411	319,154	308,305	353,479	369, 128	394,767	327,945	250,997	251,192	251,196
Community development		344,194	262,748	193,518	200,676	168,425	155,923	225,882	219,301	184,136	228,503
Operating grants and contributions		7,152,598	7,046,973	7,681,113	7,389,284	8,171,171	7,444,708	8,326,003	8,524,997	12,307,578	15,122,085
Capital grants and contributions		7,104,865	21,274	380,641	585,973	1,437,657	368,431	180,832	1,321,893	667,397	942,253
Total governmental activities revenues		15,144,116	7,880,723	8,820,568	8,737,945	10,462,475	9,129,648	9,737,786	11,007,484	14,161,172	17,242,351
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services:											
Water		1,797,368	2,148,094	2,287,371	2,653,141	2,659,951	2,832,835	3,457,578	3,595,736	3,602,682	3,573,258
Sewer		3,553,837	3,654,850	3,377,798	3,747,884	4,051,980	5,156,159	5,066,599	5,382,235	5,368,271	5,312,609
Landfill operations		888,552	950,049	763,988	681,827	971,976	670,726	781,904	626,250	960,069	731,978
Garbage		972,114	970,030	1,054,859	1,122,743	1,128,021	1,126,637	1,124,421	1,196,942	1,194,867	1,161,423
Stormwater		•	1		•	ı	•	•	,	•	1,200,963
Operating grants and contributions		2,940	1		5,125	5,910	2,000	7,216	998'9	6,357	8,558
Capital grants and contributions		10,617,960	777,586	6,712,151	3,279,541	1,417,616	155,346	21,275	282,689	64,170	22,000
Total business-type activities revenues		17,832,771	8,500,609	14,196,167	11,490,261	10,235,454	9,946,703	10,458,993	11,090,218	10,926,442	12,010,789
Total primary government revenues	↔	32,976,887 \$	16,381,332 \$	23,016,735 \$	20,228,206 \$	\$ 626,697,929	19,076,351	20,196,779 \$	22,097,702 \$	25,087,614 \$	29,253,140
]	Ī	Ī							

Part Expense) Payment		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Companies Comp	Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	(31,516,771)								\$ (96,097,336)	(34,720,215)
recessed by Changes in 14,460, Brit 1	Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	11,399,890 (20,116,881)			2,465,076 (32,011,531) \$		954,449 (32,573,286) \$			(35,402,948) \$	1,174,430 (33,545,78 <u>5</u>)
14,480,811 17,012,250 17,072,546 17,424,487 17,778,371 19,820,066 18,827,350 18,864,334 16,103,9428 17,025,4487 17,025,644 10,046,623 10,046,123 10,004,124 10,004,123 10,004,123 10,004,123 10,004,123 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,124 10,004,104,104 10,004,104,104 10,004,104,104 10,004,104,104,104 10,004,104,104 10,004,104,104,104 10,004,104,104,104 10,004,104,104,104 10,004,104,104,104,104 10,004,104,104,104,104 10,004,104,104,104,104,104,104,104,104,1	General Revenues and Other Changes in										
14480.811 17.012.260 17.072.544 17.72.4487 17.778.371 19.820.066 18.827.350 18.864.334 19.820.066 18.827.350 19.801.837 19.820.066 19.827.350 19.827.320 19.8	Net Position										
14,480,811 17,012,250	Governmental activities:										
414460 81 1707254	Taxes:										
Accession of the control of	Property taxes	14,480,811	17,012,250	17,072,546	17,424,487	17,778,371	19,820,066	18,527,350	18,864,334	19,228,131	19,577,555
1613.39 1069.168 1079.468 1025.627 1026.014 1004.623 1097.0103 1613.39 1069.663 1971.825 1796.865 1975.667 1935.728 2.050.863 1997.603 2.482.776 2.244.743 2.244.743 2.382.861 3.244.743 3.264.742 3.266.743 3.264.743 3.264.743 3.264.743 3.264.743 3.264.743 3.264.743 3.266.743 3.267.742 3.269.246 4.109.877 4.1	Sales taxes	4,112,598	4,673,601	4,611,094	4,276,967	4,489,608	4,856,522	4,818,357	4,939,849	5,548,840	5,493,561
axes 1,865,555 2,086,063 1,971,825 1,756,885 1,825,607 1,895,708 2,056,063 1,897,600 axes 6,885,77 2,726,913 1,382,913 1,382,817 3,276,948 4,037,742 4,259,246 4,448,874 axes 1,682,71 1,480,033 1,382,913 1,382,913 1,382,817 3,94,680 4,16,691 3,98,681 3,713 ontributions 1,682,721 3,892,81 2,900,025 2,220,044 2,900,125 4,103,486 4,120,323 4,415,912 ontributions 1,682,72 7,03,686 2,220,044 2,900,125 4,034,686 4,120,323 4,151,912 ontributions 575,240 2,000,000 20	Utility taxes	1,613,339	1,069,158	1,039,426	1,022,522	1,025,014	1,004,623	1,031,726	1,030,193	1,041,682	1,032,821
cases C 248,776 2 268,913 2 844,749 2 878,849 3 276,948 4 037,742 4 259,446 4 4448,874 cases C 638,517 1 489,033 1 32,844 1 328,860 3 284,883 4 16,891 3 386,811	Business license taxes	1,865,555	2,095,063	1,971,825	1,795,885	1,822,607	1,935,728	2,050,853	1,997,600	2,068,303	2,206,222
Accession of the contributions of the contributions 2 body 40 minututions 3 minututions 2 body 40 minututions 2 body 40 minututions 3 minututions 3 minututions 3 minututions 2 body 40 minututions 3 minut	Hotel and meals taxes	2,482,776	2,726,913	2,844,749	2,878,449	3,276,948	4,037,742	4,259,246	4,448,874	4,751,154	4,970,141
1,089,771	Communication sales taxes	638,517	1,489,033	1,352,919	1,358,560	•		•			
1,056,7cm 1,056,7cm 1,056,7cm 1,056,7cm 1,056,7cm 1,056,7cm 1,056,7cm 1,056,7cm 1,044,4c4 1,064,5cm 1,056,7cm 1,044,4c4 1,064,5cm 1,066,7cm 1,064,4c4 1,064,5cm 1,066,7cm 1,06	Tobacco taxes	427,431	432,587	414,921	392,881	394,680	416,691	398,681	378,197	378,828	370,607
1,059,761 770,915 770,915 793,431 828,617 834,833 776,661 842,557 863,752 776,617 847,627 863,752 776,617 847,627 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,617 863,752 776,917 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,917 776,752 776,917 776,	E-911 taxes	,									
1 mile bullions 2.861,755 3.895,384 2.900,104 2.900,155 4,109,887 4,034,685 4,120,323 4,215,91 136,103 200,000	Other local taxes	1,059,761	770,915	793,431	828,617	834,833	776,681	842,557	853,752	908,019	905,552
1,147,454 569,901 540,066 315,789 200,000 20	Unrestricted grants and contributions	2,861,725	3,895,364	2,920,104	2,900,125	4,109,897	4,034,685	4,120,323	4,215,912	4,796,487	5,043,586
588 662 706,382 252,686 314,491 244,466 113,331 145,171 136,103 575,240 626,028 40,8872 458,724 392,888 680,575 535,939 476,393 315,741 254,744 1248,572 71,774 644,665 722,000 648,000 855,796 32,507,284 36,383,444 35,466,224 34,682,926 36,239 44,976 855,796 260,480 540,849 140,797 12,731 33,932 37,849 37,539 36,507 4,338 17,164 15,005 22,549 95,299 44,046 41,976 36,507 4,338 31,574 36,734 34,064,369 34,006 37,539 37,639 36,507 5 32,456,945 5 36,703,173 34,006,432 34,721,115 37,996,000 648,000 65,5796 5 32,456,945 36,703,173 34,006,432 34,721,115 37,996,000 37,008,000 5 11,349,567 36,806	Payment from Component Unit School Board	1,474,454	569,901	540,069	315,789	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	
10,658 10,658 10,658 10,659 1	Investment earnings	588,662	706,362	252,686	314,491	244,466	113,331	145,171	136,103	142,359	165,902
10,658	Miscellaneous	575,240	626,028	403,882	458,724	392,858	680,575	535,939	476,393	297,710	410,838
315,741 254,744 1,248,572 711,774 644,665 722,000 648,000 855,795 38,386,438	Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets	10,658	71,525		3,655	22,602	37,470	19,388	(10,564)	15,280	9,814
315,741 254,744 1,248,572 711,774 644,665 722,000 648,000 855,795 38,636,144 35,466,224 35,466,224 35,236,549 37,849 37,849 37,539 39,093 39,093 39,093 315,741 646,665 646,000 648,00	Special items	1	•	•		,		•		6,359,697	
260,480 540,849 140,797 12,731 33,932 37,849 37,597,591 38,386,438 260,480 540,849 140,797 12,731 33,932 37,849 37,539 39,093 4,938 17,164 15,005 22,549 96,299 44,045 41,976 26,572 6,480 (1,1034) - - - - 96,299 44,045 41,976 26,572 (50,323) 303,723 (1,1034) - - - - 96,579 - (50,323) 303,723 (1,1034) (1,1034) (1,1034) (1,1034) (1,1034) (1,103,844,901) (1,103,844,901) (1,103,8	Transfers	315,741	254,744	1,248,572	711,774	644,665	722,000	648,000	855,795	678,000	865,986
260,480	Total governmental activities	32,507,268	36,393,444	35,466,224	34,682,926	35,236,549	38,636,114	37,597,591	38,386,438	46,414,490	41,052,585
260,480 540,849 140,797 12,731 33,932 37,849 37,539 39,093 4,938 17,164 15,005 22,549 95,299 44,045 41,976 26,572 10,5741 (254,744) (1,248,572) (711,774) (644,665) (722,000) (648,000) (658,796) 10,0323 309,729 (1,103,864) (676,494) (615,434) (640,106) (698,000) (698,000) \$ 32,456,945 \$ 36,703,173 \$ 34,362,360 \$ 34,006,432 \$ 34,721,115 \$ 37,996,008 \$ 37,029,106 \$ 37,086,838 11,349,567 98,026 2,876,160 1,788,582 919,302 314,343 (228,042) 432,237 \$ 12,340,667 \$ 2,608,669 \$ 2,972,071 \$ 1,994,901 \$ 2,332,655 \$ 1,975,085 \$ 3,268,383	Business-type activities:										
applial assets 4,938 17,164 15,005 22,549 95,299 44,045 41,976 26,572 applial assets 6,400 (11,094) (11,094) (11,024,642) (771,774) (644,665) (722,000) (648,000) (855,795) ies (50,323) 309,729 (1,103,864) (676,494) (615,434) (640,106) (668,485) (696,600) s 32,456,945 36,703,173 34,362,360 34,721,115 \$ 37,996,008 37,029,106 37,686,838 990,497 1,620,643 2,876,160 1,788,582 1,413,353 5,108,379 2,203,127 3,700,600 11,349,567 986,026 2,876,160 1,788,582 1,994,901 \$ 2,332,655 \$ 1422,722 \$ 1,975,085 \$ 3,268,337	Investment earnings	260,480	540,849	140,797	12,731	33,932	37,849	37,539	39,093	38,771	46,249
papiral assets (315,74) (254,744) (11,094) (11,074,004) (676,494)	Miscellaneous	4,938	17,164	15,005	22,549	95,299	44,045	41,976	26,572	185,139	52,611
(315,741) (254,744) (1,248,572) (711,774) (644,665) (722,000) (648,000) (655,795)	Gain(loss) on sale of capital assets	,	6,460	(11,094)				•	90,530	10,342	219
ies (50,323) 309,729 (1,103,864) (676,494) (515,434) (640,106) (568,485) (699,600) (990,497) (1,020,643) (1,103,864) (1,103,864) (1,103,865) (1,103,86	Transfers	(315,741)	(254,744)	(1,248,572)	(711,774)	(644,665)	(722,000)	(648,000)	(855,795)	(678,000)	(865,986)
\$ 32,456,945 \$ 36,703,173 \$ 34,362,360 \$ 34,006,432 \$ 34,721,115 \$ 37,996,008 \$ 37,029,106 \$ 37,686,838 990,497 1,620,643 96,911 206,319 1,413,353 5,108,379 2,203,127 3,700,600 \$ 12,349,567 \$ 2,608,669 \$ 2,972,071 \$ 1,994,901 \$ 2,332,655 \$ 5,422,722 \$ 1,975,085 \$ 3,268,383	Total business-type activities	(50,323)	309,729	(1,103,864)	(676,494)	(515,434)	(640,106)	(568,485)	(009,669)	(443,748)	(766,907)
990,497 1,620,643 96,911 206,319 1,413,353 5,108,379 2,203,127 3,700,600 11,349,567 988,026 2,876,160 1,788,582 919,302 314,343 (228,042) (432,237) \$ 12,340,064 \$ 2,608,669 \$ 2,972,071 \$ 1,994,901 \$ 2,332,655 \$ 5,422,722 \$ 1,975,085 \$ 3,268,363	Total primary government			34,362,360 \$	34,006,432 \$	34,721,115 \$	37,996,008	37,029,106	37,686,838 \$	45,970,742 \$	40,285,678
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Change in Net Position									1	
nt \$ 12,340,064 \$ 2,608,669 \$ 2,872,071 \$ 1,994,901 \$ 2,332,665 \$ 5,422,722 \$ 1,975,085 \$ 3,268,363	Governmental activities Rusiness-type activities	990,497	1,620,643	95,911	206,319 1 788 582	1,413,353	5,108,379	2,203,127	3,700,600	10,317,154 250.640	6,332,370
	Total primary government	12,340,064						_		10.567.794 \$	6.739.893
							-				cont'd

Table 2 (Cont'd)

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses School Board Component Unit: Education Total School Board component unit expenses	မ	31,211,201 \$	32,243,465 \$ 32,243,465	33,197,562 33,197,562	33,673,788 \$	31,807,568 \$	32,721,840 \$ 32,721,840	34,443,290 \$ 34,443,290	35,093,147 35,093,147	35,624,368 35,624,368	34,877,857 34,877,857
Program Revenues School Board Component Unit: Charges for services: Education Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		531,282 18,843,656 8,253,141	567,854 19,254,634 760,012	504,427 19,913,135 574,981	553,422 19,640,208 115,789	488,202 18,697,345	559,761 18,493,906	431,285 19,746,721	478,999 19,255,186	577,445 20,289,940	870,221 20,462,618
Total School Board component unit revenues		27,628,079	20,582,500	20,992,543	20,309,419	19,185,547	19,053,667	20,178,006	19,734,185	20,867,385	21,332,839
Net (Expense)/Revenue School Board Component Unit		(3,583,122)	(11,660,965)	(12,205,019)	(13,364,369)	(12,622,021)	(13,668,173)	(14,265,284)	(15,358,962)	(14,756,983)	(13,545,018)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position School Board Component Unit: Payment from City of Waynesboro		9,946,467	10,804,096	10,896,054	12,065,383	12,583,454	12,444,330	12,920,240	13,411,837	13,812,917	13,239,886
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		525,207 116,758	83,853 199,060	10,552 149,864	3,992 161,649	19,232 116,263	27,752 140,001	33,864 134,350	33,719 175,460	35,232 183,843	37,293 179,59 <u>2</u>
Total School Board Component Unit		10,588,432	11,087,009	11,056,470	12,231,024	12,718,949	12,612,083	13,088,454	13,621,016	14,031,992	13,456,771
Change in Net Position School Board Component Unit	↔	7,005,310 \$	(573,956)	(1,148,549) \$	(1,133,345) \$	96,928 \$	(1,056,090) \$	(1,176,830) \$	(1,737,946) \$	(724,991) \$	(88,247)

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2007	2008	80	2009		2010	2011 (1)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Fund													
Reserved	↔	2,065,121	2	715,167 \$	892,304	69	1,807,457 \$,	· •	'	· ·	'	•
Unreserved		6,599,014	8,2	8,280,974	9,402,818		8,849,322	,	•		•	•	•
Restricted		•		,	1		,	1,046,961	1,667,383	642,134	1,089,914	1,358,725	938,389
Committed		,		1	1		,	1,014,335	683,745	4,134,909	4,190,258	3,900,782	4,155,703
Assigned		,		,	,		,	123,126	1,277,007	526,948	319,698	502,899	167,899
Unassigned		,		1	1		,	8,204,385	11,385,888	8,923,216	9,054,972	9,761,313	11,058,122
Total general fund	₩	8,664,135	8,9	8,996,141	10,295,122	↔	10,656,779 \$	10,388,807	\$ 15,014,023	\$ 14,227,207	\$ 14,654,842	15,523,719 \$	16,320,113
All Other Governmental Funds													
Reserved		440,722	4	452,099	592,766		813,025	,	•	•	,	,	,
Unreserved, reported in:													
Special revenue funds		177,141	_	157,527	292,120		307,281	•	•	•	•	•	•
Capital projects funds		(13,537)	3,0	3,018,578	7,929,490		7,269,278	1	•		•	•	•
Debt service funds		1,935,922	1,7	1,759,592	1,040,748		180,303		•				
Nonspendable		,		,	•		,	510,549	522,799	542,549	561,049	582,549	586,029
Restricted		,		1	1		,	5,478,065	3,617,202	2,479,482	1,599,807	391,432	358,415
Committed		,		,	1		,	926,928	487,621	1,033,646	246,579	386,498	903,444
Assigned		•		,	•			705,774	751,682	719,023	1,036,474	1,894,804	2,574,832
Total all other governmental funds	မှ	2,540,248	\$ 5,3	5,387,796	9,855,124	s	8,569,887	7,621,346	\$ 5,379,304	\$ 4,774,700	\$ 3,443,909 \$	3,255,283	4,422,720

(1) With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 in Fiscal Year 2011, the fund balance terminology was changed.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues										
General property taxes Sales taxes Sales taxes Other local taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures Revenues from use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs Intergovernmental	\$ 14,624,266 \$ 4,112,598 8,087,379 227,255 170,508 750,952 418,956 412,950 319,744	16,516,401 \$ 4,673,601 8,583,669 219,523 150,275 870,168 403,498 462,222 314,203	16,951,430 4,611,094 8,417,271 150,889 163,322 329,146 361,624 327,422 357,849 11,366,090	\$ 17,604,173 \$ 4,276,967 8,276,914 177,958 145,287 372,488 396,579 450,724 333,526 10,367,422	17,860,376 \$ 4,489,608 7,354,082 170,838 167,027 310,851 387,367 322,391 394,505	19,956,957 4,856,522 8,171,465 156,939 190,807 155,142 439,765 510,028 799,509 11,782,542	\$ 18,418,234 \$ 4,818,357 8,583,063 208,253 195,247 195,246 389,346 355,209 699,041	19,003,063 \$ 4,939,849 8,708,616 219,973 206,543 181,754 304,491 373,154 704,473	19,356,344 \$ 5,548,840 9,147,986 180,351 258,418 196,296 343,875 5,157,768 668,130	19,534,896 5,493,561 9,469,518 216,732 186,866 223,189 320,243 8,186,878 741,411
Total revenues	40,363,575	43,430,775	43,036,137	42,402,038	43,944,814	47,019,676	46,443,310	48,629,832	54,172,839	58,029,100
Expenditures										
Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education (1) Parks, recreation and culture Community development Capital projects Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs Redemption of debt	1,194,039 8,930,552 5,519,983 3,621,412 17,847,241 2,274,105 1,289,363 167,250 1,116,990 1,116,990	1,308,577 10,115,145 5,756,366 5,756,366 3,979,258 11,220,709 2,759,849 1,198,317 2,055,794 1,274,495 74,292	1,374,825 9,540,225 5,550,039 4,323,371 11,160,168 2,704,053 1,947,500 1,997,519 1,568,976 1,568,976 1,568,976	1,244,498 9,537,907 5,630,528 3,647,964 12,095,786 2,764,188 1,599,940 2,223,843 1,588,914	1,307,187 9,941,487 9,941,487 6,761,493 3,805,952 12,113,857 2,330,164 2,920,682 500,000 2,307,296 1,499,775 23,112	1,295,198 10,181,785 4,836,876 3,953,428 12,474,733 2,442,398 1,762,793 4,960,867 1,794,863 1,522,276 15,800 1,8965,083	1,472,117 11,008,118 7,666,797 3,887,883 12,950,643 2,723,097 1,329,120 2,396 2,396 2,678,211 1,634,500	1,455,629 10,798,557 7,774,030 4,843,683 13,442,240 2,745,531 1,222 2,626,338 1,540,320	1,453,153 10,693,388 6,585,131 5,395,565 13,845,320 2,826,740 1,315,093 2,360,894 100,430 15,965,000	1,493,599 11,056,875 6,503,352 5,410,066 13,275,982 3,079,450 1,319,981 - - 2,708,363 1,136,227 1,136,227 1,5600
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,139,258)	(272,431)	(844,414)	(1,386,559)	(2,770,902)	(1,945,407)	(2,315,048)	(1,437,599)	(18,412,810)	1,144,457

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Insurance recoveries		ı		1	115,957	128,736	141,036	79,009	56,302	36,644
Sale of property	4,590			ı					16 200 512	
Netgring portus issued Debt issued	000'009'2	9,704,713	5,870,000		985,000	3,519,100			2,225,219	216,083
Premium on debt		394,877	139,199	•	14,567				742,144	•
Capital lease	•			•	32,718		278,806			
Refunded bonds redeemed		(6,708,062)								
Transfers in	2,262,292	2,485,276	2,652,677	2,402,169	3,734,651	3,539,351	4,818,149	4,820,987	4,211,415	5,417,342
Transfers out	(2,210,833)	(2,424,819)	(2,051,153)	(1,939,190)	(3,342,472)	(2,858,606)	(4,407,371)	(4,365,553)	(4,531,532)	(4,850,695)
Total other financing sources and uses	7,656,049	3,451,985	6,610,723	462,979	1,540,421	4,328,581	830,620	534,443	19,093,061	819,374
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,516,791	\$ 3,179,554 \$	5,766,309 \$	(923,580)	(1,230,481) \$	2,383,174 \$	\$ (1,484,428) \$	(903,156) \$	680,251 \$	1,963,831
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	5.1%	8.1%	8.6%	8.9%	8.8%	7.8%	9.3%	%0.6	33.2%	%0.7

Notes:
(1) Education expenditures include the City's contribution to the School Board Component Unit.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 5 Assessed	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value	95.73% 96.66%	96.61% 97.18%	97.02% 96.69%	96.59% 96.45%	96.38% 96.32%
Estimated	Actual Taxable Value	\$ 1,503,183,298 1,962,012,744	2,027,197,586 2,178,833,278	2,202,136,392 2,005,091,948	2,041,974,715	1,994,917,925 2,020,597,423
	Total Direct Tax Rate	\$ 1.13	0.95	1.04	1.01	1.08
	Total Taxable Assessed Value	1,438,956,524 1,896,497,921	1,958,522,328 2,117,313,987	2,136,503,397 1,938,692,757	1,972,396,751	1,922,787,214 1,946,254,716
	Tax Rate per \$100	\$ 3.00 \$	3.00 3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
	Rolling Stock	\$ 630,281 697,368	904,972 787,070	786,156 729,408	825,558	884,170 757,350
	Tax Rate per \$100	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
perty (2)	Machinery & Tools	63,630,108 55,169,022	40,263,315 36,118,308	23,683,493 23,476,451	36,141,279	36,083,097 37,017,769
Personal Property (2)	Tax Rate per \$100	\$ 5.00 \$	5.00 5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
	Public Service	\$ 165,439 180,604	205,781 250,296	231,250 254,081	93,205	221,268 189,109
	Tax Rate per \$100		5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
	Motor Vehicles and Tangibles	\$ 87,681,456 89,306,919	94,533,504 150,126,941	157,670,813 96,414,492	100,131,159	109,676,225
	Tax Rate per \$100	\$ 0.78	0.70	0.70	0.75	0.80
1)(3)	Public Service	\$ 67,274,407 77,021,271	75,009,122 71,816,305	80,980,848	93,455,183	100,000,407 101,047,914
Real Property (1)(3)	Commercial		374,581,700 478,952,000	444,059,100 426,129,100	426,330,400	440,617,500 424,794,500
	Residential	\$ 889,455,133 \$ 1,345,440,737	1,373,023,934 1,379,263,067	1,429,091,737	1,315,419,967	1,237,499,214
	Fiscal Year	2007	2009 2010	2011 2012	2013	2015 2016

Notes: (1) (2) (3)

Property assessed at 100% of actual value. Tax rates are assessed per \$100 of assessed value.

Motor vehicles assessed at 50% of actual value and all others assessed at 100% of actual value. Tax rates are assessed per \$100 of assessed value. Assessed values include properties eligible for tax relief for the elderly.

Source: City of Waynesboro, Assessor's Office

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA DIRECT PROPERTY TAX RATES (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Table 6

_		City Direct	Rates (2)	
		Motor		Total
Fiscal	Real	Vehicles	Machinery	Direct
Year	Estate	and Tangibles	& Tools	Rate
2007	0.70	0.30	0.13	1.13
2008	0.65	0.24	0.09	0.98
2009	0.65	0.24	0.06	0.95
2010	0.64	0.35	0.05	1.04
2011	0.64	0.37	0.03	1.04
2012	0.70	0.25	0.04	0.99
2013	0.70	0.25	0.05	1.01
2014	0.74	0.27	0.06	1.07
2015	0.74	0.28	0.06	1.08
2016	0.74	0.28	0.06	1.08

Notes:

- (1) The City is autonomous from any other political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and there are no overlapping taxing powers with other political subdivisions.
- (2) Direct rates are derived by calculating a weighted average that multiplies each rate by the proportion of the revenue base to which it applies.

Source:

City of Waynesboro, Assessor's Office

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 7

	Dec	ember 31,	2015	Dece	mber 31	, 2006
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank (1)	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>
<u> </u>						
Avintiv/Poly-Bond, Inc.	\$ 37,043,795	1	3.90%	\$ 22,934,915	2	1.67%
Ntelos	21,939,439	2	2.90%	-		-
Invista/DuPont	23,823,413	3	1.74%	73,306,983	1	5.34%
Waynesboro TC LLC	26,242,498	4	1.04%	-		-
Wal-Mart	17,819,930	5	0.86%	12,410,655	3	0.90%
Lumos	3,005,209	6	0.74%	-		-
DuPont Community Credit Union	10,888,636	7	0.69%	7,893,660	6	0.58%
Lowe's Home Center	12,683,406	8	0.67%	-		-
Target Corporation	12,250,971	9	0.59%	-		-
Windigrove LLC	13,127,800	10	0.52%	-		-
Venture Properties IV, LLC	-		-	10,675,500	4	0.78%
WT Acquisitions	-		-	8,467,400	5	0.62%
Waynesboro Plaza, LLC	-		-	6,704,900	7	0.49%
Mohawk Industries	-		-	2,158,348	10	0.16%
Allied Ready Mix Co.	-		-	3,394,119	8	0.25%
Kroger Limited Partnership	 -			 2,832,227	9	0.21%
Total	\$ 178,825,097		13.65%	\$ 150,778,707		11.00%

Source:

City of Waynesboro, Commissioner of the Revenue

Notes

(1) Taxpayers are ranked based on total dollar value of taxes paid.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 8

	Taxes Levied for the				Collected Fiscal Year o			Collections		Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal	Fiscal Year		Total			Percentage of	in	Subsequent			Percentage of
Year	(Original Levy)	Adjustments	Adjusted Levy		Amount	Original Levy		Years		Amount	Adjusted Levy
2007	\$ 16.272.801	\$ (106,587)	\$ 16.166.214	\$	15.755.640	96.82%	\$	409.811	\$	16.165.451	100.00%
2008	18,270,937	(100,807)	18,170,130	•	17,685,561	96.80%	•	485,884	•	18,171,445	100.01%
2009	18,591,502	(84,285)	18,507,217		17,868,396	96.11%		634,013		18,502,409	99.97%
2010	18,947,394	(55,532)	18,891,862		18,344,884	96.82%		530,257		18,875,141	99.91%
2011	19,072,989	(19,567)	19,053,422		18,584,504	97.44%		437,054		19,021,558	99.83%
2012	19,079,144	(11,943)	19,067,201		18,708,395	98.06%		320,271		19,028,666	99.80%
2013	19,811,574	(18,491)	19,793,083		19,331,996	97.58%		385,638		19,717,634	99.62%
2014	20,238,326	(18,638)	20,219,688		19,814,287	97.90%		315,546		20,129,833	99.56%
2015	20,602,887	4,202	20,607,089		20,291,309	98.49%		183,256		20,474,565	99.36%
2016	20,926,459	-	20,926,459		20,634,703	98.61%		-		20,634,703	98.61%

Source:

City of Waynesboro, Treasurer

Notes

(1) Includes the Commonwealth's personal property tax reimbursement.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per	Capita (1)	1,862	2,561	3,399	3,578	3,539	3,514	3,544	3,362	3,186	2,999
	Percentage	of Personal	Income (1)	6.46%	8.62%	10.91%	10.79%	10.69%	10.49%	10.29%	9.19%	8.46%	7.50%
	Total	Primary	Sovernment	39,937,632	54,953,746	74,619,324	79,576,433	74,342,822	74,896,501	74,807,048	71,488,868	68,071,770	64,449,249
	Virginia	Revolving	Loan	5,890,174 \$	6,126,042	5,882,666	5,631,935	5,373,625	5,107,508	4,833,347	4,550,900	4,259,916	3,960,137
usiness-Type Activities	Sewer	Revenue	Bonds	٠	2,972,122	19,233,595	26,900,278	21,149,556	20,575,114	19,556,559	19,507,164	19,170,953	18,753,439
B	General	Obligation	Bonds	2,872,733 \$	13,740,000	13,515,000	13,280,000	15,345,000	15,015,000	14,670,000	14,310,000	13,835,487	13,422,539
		Capital	Leases	20,244	14,461	8,292	1,711	32,718	16,240	228,806	120,499	3,108	
Activities		Notes	Payable (2)	٠						3,201,542	2,423,847		•
Governmental Activities	State	Literary	Loans	3,250,000 \$	3,000,000	2,750,000	2,500,000	2,250,000	2,000,000	1,750,000	1,500,000	1,250,000	1,000,000
				↔									
	General	Obligation	Bonds	27,904,481	29,101,121	33,229,771	31,262,509	30,191,923	32,182,639	30,566,794	29,076,458	29,552,306	27,313,134
				↔									
		Fiscal	Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Notes:

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 117 for personal income and population data.
 (2) Beginning in 2013, the Economic Development Authority was presented as a blended component unit.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per	Capita (2)	1,362	1,414	1,592	1,510	1,531	1,590	1,676	1,552	1,441	1,317
Percentage of	Estimated Actual	Taxable Value of	Property (1)	1.94%	1.55%	1.72%	1.54%	1.46%	1.69%	1.73%	1.67%	1.54%	1.40%
	Net General	Bonded Debt	Outstanding	29,218,559	30,341,529	34,939,023	33,582,206	32,167,915	33,876,457	35,366,146	33,000,305	30,797,904	28,308,729
	Less: Amounts	Available in Debt	Service Fund	1,935,922 \$	1,759,592	1,040,748	180,303	274,008	306,182	152,190	•	4,402	4,405
			Total	31,154,481 \$	32,101,121	35,979,771	33,762,509	32,441,923	34,182,639	35,518,336	33,000,305	30,802,306	28,313,134
d Debt		Notes	Payable (3)	()	•	•	•	•	•	3,201,542	2,423,847		1
General Bonded Debt	State	Literary	Loans	3,250,000 \$	3,000,000	2,750,000	2,500,000	2,250,000	2,000,000	1,750,000	1,500,000	1,250,000	1,000,000
	General	Obligation	Bonds	27,904,481 \$	29,101,121	33,229,771	31,262,509	30,191,923	32,182,639	30,566,794	29,076,458	29,552,306	27,313,134
		Fiscal	Year	2007 \$	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 108 for property value data. Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 117. Beginning in 2013, the Economic Development Authority was presented as a blended component unit.

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CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (1) As of June 30, 2016

Table 11

			Percei	ntage		Amount
		Debt	Applica	able to	A	Applicable to
Jurisdiction	(Outstanding	City of Wa	ynesboro	City	of Waynesboro
City of Waynesboro	\$	28,313,134	100)%	\$	28,313,134

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ The City is autonomous from any other political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and there is no overlapping debt or taxing powers.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2007	2	2008		2009		2010	2011		2012	2013		2014	2015		2016
Debt limit	\$ 12	8,684,924	\$ 17.5	5,114,401	8	182,261,476	\$	93,003,137	, 195,413,169	↔	\$ 128,684,924 \$ 175,114,401 \$ 182,261,476 \$ 193,003,137 \$ 195,413,169 \$ 181,781,833 \$ 183,520,555 \$ 176,336,613 \$ 177,811,712 \$ 179,861,426	\$ 183,52	0,555 \$	176,336,613	\$ 177,811,7	12 \$	179,861,426
Total net debt applicable to limit	3	37,981,466	5(50,207,571		54,336,689		52,494,141	52,886,540		53,998,965	54,869,493	9,493	51,861,205	48,893,307	700	45,691,405
Legal debt margin	& ⊕	90,703,458 \$ 124,906,830 \$ 127,924,787	\$ 124	4,906,830	8		↔	\$ 140,508,996	\$ 142,526,629		\$ 127,782,868	\$ 128,651,062		\$ 124,475,408	\$ 128,918,405		\$ 134,170,021
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		29.52%		28.67%		29.81%		27.20%	27.06%		29.71%	8	29.90%	29.41%	27.50%	%0	25.40%
	Legall	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2016) Calcu	lation for F	Fisca	II Year 2016											
	Assess Debt Li	Assessed Value of Real Property Debt Limit - 10%	Real Pı	roperty												& .,	\$1,798,614,263 179,861,426
	Debt A Genel	Debt Applicable to Limit: General obligation debt	Limit: debt		•												45,695,810
	gen Total n	Less: Amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit	aside ri on debt icable te	or repaymer o limit	in or												(4,405) 45,691,405
	Legal [Legal Debt Margin														€	\$ 134,170,021

Note: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed real property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Nine Fiscal Years (4)

Table 13

			Sewer R	eveni	ue Bonds				
	Sewer	Less:	Net						
Fiscal	Charges	Operating	Available		Debt	Servic	e		
Year	and Other (1)	Expenses (2)	Revenue		Principal		Interest		Coverage
2008	\$ 3,681,685	\$ 1,784,424	\$ 1,897,261	\$	-	\$	-	(3)	N/A
2009	3,394,191	2,094,784	1,299,407		-		39,997		32.49
2010	3,755,032	2,178,984	1,576,048		60,000		101,181		9.78
2011	4,091,496	2,306,988	1,784,508		435,622		98,450		3.34
2012	5,203,047	2,167,385	3,035,662		780,021		849,756		1.86
2013	5,095,721	2,575,558	2,520,163		1,018,555		613,747		1.54
2014	5,408,414	2,659,610	2,748,804		817,036		812,515		1.69
2015	5,394,218	2,264,042	3,130,176		2,170,626		787,477		1.06
2016	5,352,566	2,373,561	2,979,005		910,735		753,579		1.79

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Notes:

- Sewer charges and other includes investment earnings. (1)
- (2) Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.
- (3) No debt service payments were scheduled in this period.
 (4) Sewer revenue bonds were issued in fiscal year 2008 and 2009. Data will be added until a 10 year comparison is achieved.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 14

		Personal Income (amounts	Per		Educational a	attainment (4) Bachelor's		
Fiscal	Popu-	expressed	capita	Median	Graduate	Degree	School	Unemployment
Year	lation(1)	in thousands)	income(2)	age(1)	or higher	or higher	enrollment(5)	rate (3)
2007	21,454	\$ 618,004	\$ 28,806	38.9	77.9%	20.6%	2,993	3.30%
2008	21,454	637,656	29,722	38.9	77.9%	20.6%	3,007	4.50%
2009	21,953	684,077	31,161	40.6	77.9%	20.6%	2,999	9.00%
2010	22,241	737,534	33,161	40.6	77.9%	20.6%	3,024	8.60%
2011	21,006	695,593	33,114	38.8	78.9%	21.7%	3,102	7.10%
2012	21,311	713,961	33,502	38.8	81.2%	21.8%	3,079	7.10%
2013	21,107	726,968	34,442	38.8	82.4%	21.1%	3,010	6.50%
2014	21,263	778,163	36,597	38.8	82.2%	22.3%	3,024	5.50%
2015	21,366	804,730	37,664	38.8	83.6%	19.1%	3,048	5.30%
2016	21,491	859,645	40,000	38.8	84.6%	19.0%	3,033	4.00%

Sources:

- U.S. Census Bureau Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (1) (2) (3) (4) Virginia Employment Commission
 U.S. Census Bureau - Data presented is percentage of persons 25 years or older attaining the described educational status; 2010 census is latest available data.
 City of Waynesboro School Board.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 15

	;	2016 (1)			2007 (1)	
<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total City Employment	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total City Employment
Waynesboro School Board	500-999	1	5.31%	500-999	2	5.12%
Invista/Dupont	250-499	2	2.65%	500-999	1	5.12%
City of Waynesboro	250-499	3	2.65%	250-499	4	2.56%
Walmart	250-499	4	2.65%	250-499	5	2.56%
Ntelos	250-499	5	2.65%	250-499	6	2.56%
Lumos	250-499	6	2.65%			
Chicopee Incorporated	100-249	7	1.06%			
Adecco	100-249	8	1.06%			
Kroger	100-249	9	1.06%			
Virginia Panel Corporation	100-249	10	1.06%	100-249	10	1.02%
Mohawk Inc.				250-499	3	2.56%
Mundy Maintenance Service				250-499	7	2.56%
Augusta Lumber				100-249	8	1.02%
Allied Ready Mix Company		_		100-249	_ 9	1.02%
Total	2,150	=	22.82%	2,550	_	26.09%

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

Percentage calculations and totals are based on the minimum number of employees in the respective range.

Notes:

(1) Data is for January, February, and March of 2016 and 2007, respectively.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 16

	2007	2008	5009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Function/Program										
General government administration	37.5	48.5	39.8	41.5	31.2	33.5	30.2	31.0	31.6	32.7
Judicial administration	6.4	5.2	9.4	6.9	8.4	8.9	9.5	9.2	8.9	9.7
Public safety:										
Police	2.69	70.1	73.3	7.79	65.4	68.1	65.0	63.8	65.7	62.9
Fire	33.5	36.7	37.1	37.4	37.0	38.5	37.4	35.5	38.1	38.5
Correction and detention	21.7	20.9	18.5	14.7	15.3	16.6	15.6	13.1	12.0	12.0
Building inspections	8.9	9.9	6.4	5.6	5.8	5.4	5.9	5.8	5.6	5.8
Emergency management	18.1	18.7	17.4	16.8	17.3	22.7	22.9	24.6	23.1	24.8
Animal control	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	5.4	7.4	8.3	8.3	9.3
Public works:										
General engineering/administrative	31.6	31.3	49.9	44.3	44.4	45.4	41.8	40.9	40.9	21.0
Building and grounds	10.8	10.5	11.1	12.6	31.3	6.4	8.0	8.3	8.7	7.0
Equipment rental	0.0	9.3	9.1	8.4	0.0	8.9	6.7	6.8	7.2	7.2
Waterworks	22.6	17.7	24.3	24.3	21.9	24.2	28.2	29.6	27.8	27.9
Sewage/collection	17.1	41.4	41.5	41.5	43.1	46.4	31.9	35.3	35.5	36.0
Sanitation	30.4	36.7	0.09	33.4	32.2	31.4	28.7	29.0	31.4	28.7
Stormwater	√N V	√ Z	√Z	∀/Z	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/Z	A/N	8.2
Parks, recreation and cultural:										
Parks	32.5	32.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	8.4	7.9	7.3	7.3	23.1
Library	17.0	17.1	16.4	15.7	15.6	15.5	15.0	14.8	14.5	14.5
Community development	2.8	5.7	6.1	5.6	5.2	6.1	5.9	6.2	6.2	5.9
Schools	529.0	539.3	486.0	488.0	485.0	484.0	482.0	488.0	480.0	484.0
Total	888.5	948.9	908.5	869.0	861.2	873.7	849.6	857.4	852.8	862.2

Source: City and School Finance Departments

Stormwater information will be added until 10 years of comparable information is available.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Building & Zoning Building permits issued (total)	1,494	1,185	714	772	730	946	896	875	874	296
Building inspections conducted (total)	3,995	3,339	1,757	1,716	1,593	1,587	2,179	2,502	2,522	2,431
New residential construction	92	71	51	42	28	29	63	48	40	41
New commercial construction	20	22	7	7	2	4	12	4	80	2
Zoning permits issued	167	165	26	114	112	146	140	114	112	110
Property Maintenance Cases	107	128	135	160	340	307	357	340	320	334
Property Maintenance Inspections	202	240	272	248	299	661	865	176	654	929
Economic Development (1) Business prospects Development inquiries	33 52	35 54	17 25	N/N N/A	N/N N/A	A'N N	N N N/A	N. N.A	N/A N/A	Υ Δ Σ Σ
Planning Conditional use nermits	α	σ	ιc	er:	LC.	4	ıc	^	4	^
Rezoning requests	7 0	വ	က	0	0	. 0	5 0	7	. 2	1 70
Major subdivision reviews	∞ ;	7	S.	- !	- !	← (← (- (0 ;	← ;
Minor subdivision reviews Vacate streets/alleys	4t 8	<u>5</u> 2	2 2	2 2	3 2	0 0	7 '	∞ ←		0 -
Public Safety										
Arrests	3,438	2,575	2,602	2,390	2,099	2,414	2,134	2,051	1,651	2,364
Parking violations Traffic citations	8/6 3,567	2,942	631 3,319	1,707	696 1,700	592 2,131	133 1,800	263 1,920	750 2,269	296 1,368
Judicial - Circuit Court	072	0.70	0 7 7	197	8	0	ç	,	600	173
Civil alid Cilillia Caves	2 - 7 2 - 7 - 2	240	3 4 26	1,137	080	930	910	1,001	1,300	1,1/3
	1,087	4,090 958	1 129	1,023	2,704 958	1,001	5,724 943	974	2,2,2	2,43-
Passports issued	673	881	672	616	631	628	777	927	1,059	1,523
Library Total collection	178,160	177,135	169,977	155,212	151,038	148,050	152,829	153,022	147,030	146,927
Total circulation Visitors/patrons	309,057 219,430	306,339 217,607	320,129 227,291	318,703 224,540	294,945 215,458	267,440 166,207	309,659 167,314	317,896 183,023	307,630 172,459	309,672 162,191
Public Works										
Meters placed for new construction Meters replaced	154 631	134 1,196	68 1,084	56 173	48 155	35 179	43 724	51 853	58 1,684	46 613
Education		7	, 1	7	, ,	7	,	6	4	6
Number of teachers, Elementary (n-5) Number of teachers, Secondary (6-12)	83	90	87	82	82	80	82	. 82 78	101	8 8
Number of teachers, District-Wide (K-12) Number of students, District-Wide (K-12)	2.993	3.007	9 2 9 9 9	3.024	3.102	3.079	3.010	3.024	3.048	10 3.033
	Î)) Î	1	i : :))	i i o		

Source: Various Departments in the City

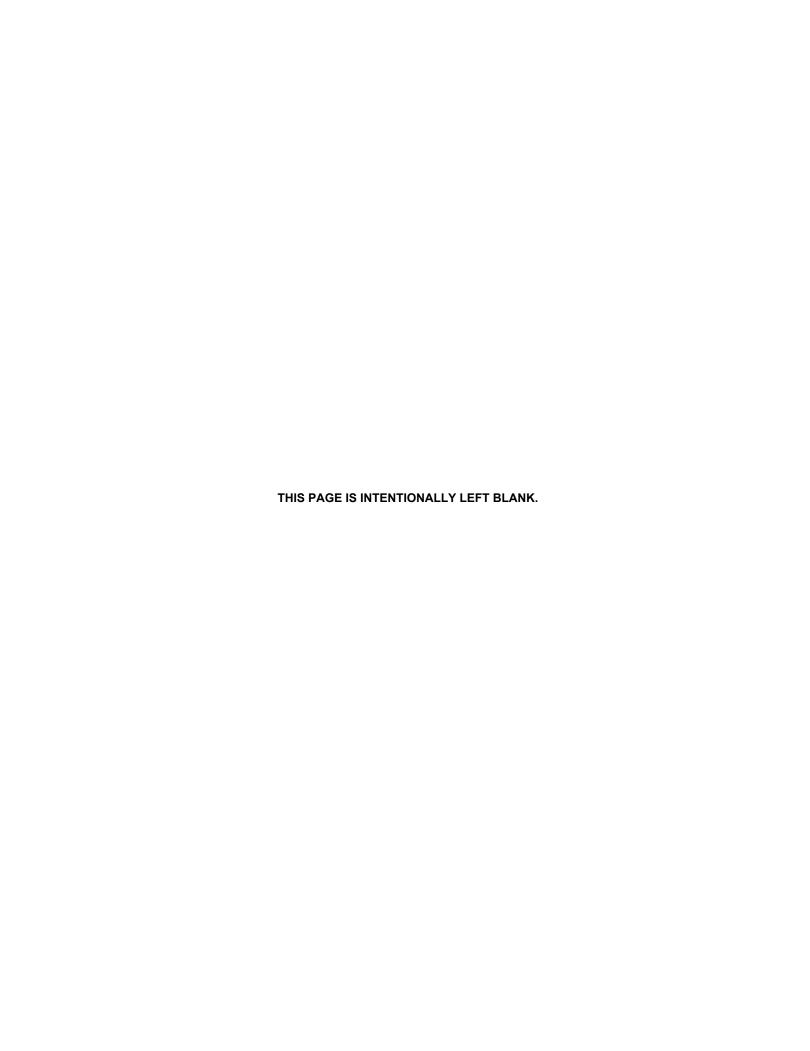
Notes: (1) The Economic Development Director stopped tracking this information beginning in FY2010

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

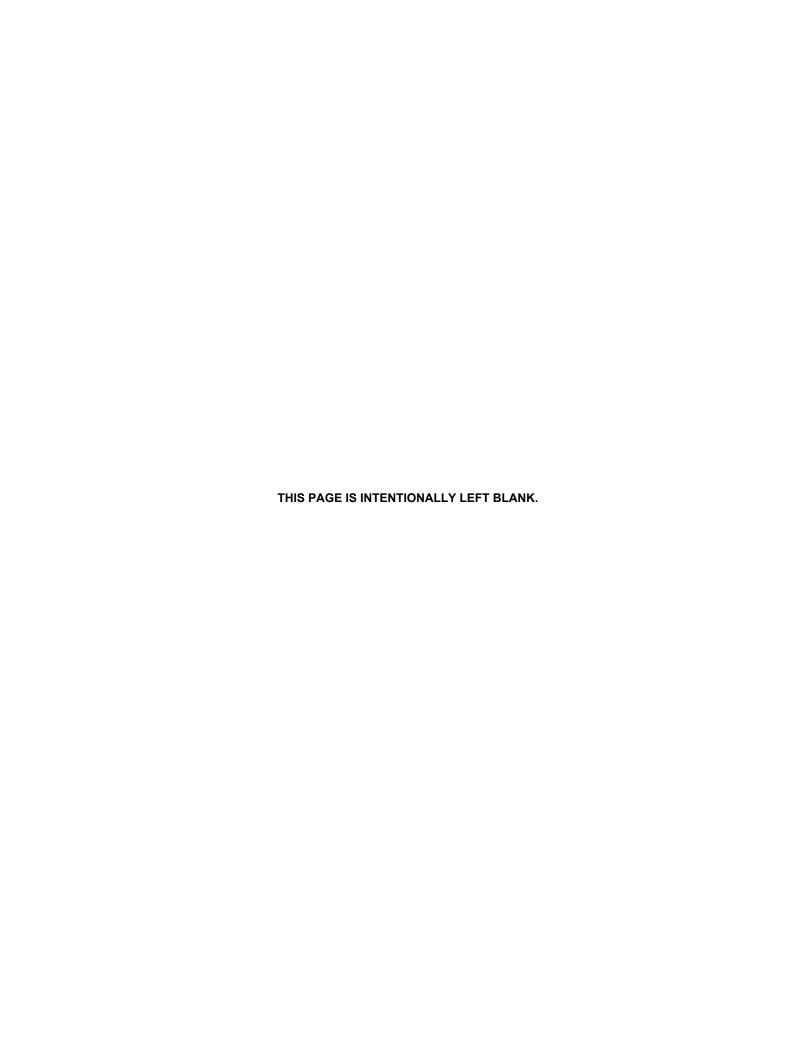
Function	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Public Safety Police Stations	~	-	-	←	~	~	~	-	-	~
Patrol units (1)	12	12	12	12	12	10	13	10	10	10
Fire Stations	_	~	~	_	-	_	~	_	~	_
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	116.18	116.18	116.96	117.1	117.24	117.24	117.24	117.24*	119.15#	125.69
Water lines (miles)	115.34	115.69	116.92	116.92	117.4	117.4	117.4	117.4*	149.02#	149.02
Fire hydrants	292	778	800	804	808	808	808	*608	729#	736
Waste water treatment plant	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Sanitary sewers (miles)	105.36	105.36	107	108.02	108.04	108.04	108.04	108.04*	130.72#	130.72
Parks, Recreation & Cultural										
Parks	2	ນ	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Acreage	365	365	365	365	365	365	365	365	365	365

Source: Various Departments in the City

Notes: (*) Updated data not available for fiscal year 2014.







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Waynesboro, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Waynesboro, Virginia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be a material weakness. 08-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to the City's management in a separate letter dated November 22, 2016.

City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Didawick & Company, P.C.

November 22, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Waynesboro, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Waynesboro, Virginia's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United Stated of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 22, 2016

Didawick & Company, P.C.

CEDA No

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

I. SUMMARY OF THE AUDITORS' RESULTS

- The auditors' report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the City of Waynesboro.
- b. One deficiency disclosed during the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Item 08-1 is reported as a material weakness.
- c. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the City of Waynesboro were disclosed during the audit.
- No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs were disclosed during the audit.
- e. The auditors' report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the City of Waynesboro expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- f. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance are reported in this Schedule.
- g. The programs tested as major programs included:

i.	Nutrition Cluster:	CI DA NO.
	School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.553 10.555 10.582
ii.	Highway Planning and Construction	20.205
iii.	Adult Education – Basic Grants to States	84.002

- h. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- i. The City of Waynesboro was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

II. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

08-1 Financial Statements - City and School Board (Material Weakness)

Condition:

Material audit adjustments were required in order for the City's financial statements to be fairly stated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governments.

Criteria:

A system of internal controls over financial reporting includes controls over the general ledger and the preparation of the financial statements. The auditor cannot be a compensating control for the client.

Cause:

Internal controls over financial reporting under GAAP were inadequately designed.

Effect:

Because of the failure to adjust financial accounts, such as capital asset-related accounts, accrued revenues and expenditures, and misclassifications of transactions between funds, the financial statements, prior to the posting of audit adjustments, were not fairly stated.

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2016

II. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT (Continued)

08-1 Financial Statements - City and School Board (Material Weakness) (cont'd)

Recommendation:

The City and School Board should implement procedures to ensure that all adjustments for GAAP financial reporting have been made at the close of the City's fiscal year.

City Response:

The City's Finance Department is aware of this weakness and continues to review and modify the City's financial reporting process, with the goal to have all data completely and accurately posted prior to the year-end audit.

School Board Response:

The School Board's Finance Office is aware that not all adjustments have been finalized prior to the audit, but will continue to strive to execute as many adjustments as possible before the audit begins.

III. FINDINGS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None

IV. SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS RELATIVE TO FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

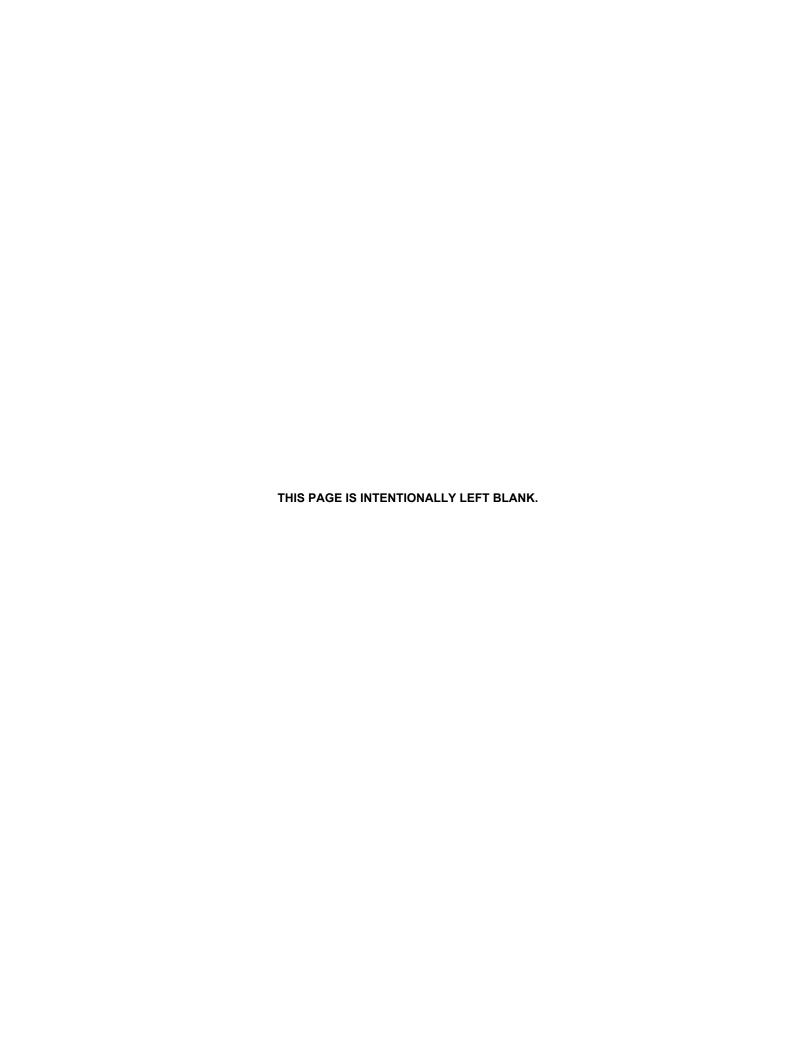
Federal Granting Agency/Pass-Through State Agency/ Grant Program	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency Identifying Number Assigned	Program <u>Expenditures</u>
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Pass-Through Programs:			
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services:			
Nutrition Cluster: National School Lunch Program - non-cash commodities	10.555	N/A	\$ 92,663
Rural Business Enterprise Grants	10.769	N/A	42,600
Department of Education:			
Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.553 10.555 10.582	40591 & 40253 40623 & 40254 40251 & 40601	279,287 807,502 8,451
Department of Forestry: Forest Stewardship Program	10.678	15VTCW18	2,131
Total Department of Agriculture - Pass-Through Programs:			1,232,634
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT:			
<u>Direct Programs</u>			
Community Development Block Grants - Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A	57,643
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development - Direct Programs:			57,643
Pass-Through Programs:			
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Community Development Block Grants - State's Program	14.228	50790	150,277
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development - Pass-Through Pro	grams:		150,277
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:			
Pass-Through Programs:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	102840, 102842, 102843, & 102844	683,318
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC-2015-55240-5979	13,373
Total Department of Transportation - Pass-Through Programs:			696,691
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			
Direct Programs			
Asset Forfeiture Transfer Program	21.000	N/A	103,998
Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) Matching Grant Program	21.009	16VITA0013	14,250
Total Department of Treasury - Direct Programs:			118,248 cont'd

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Granting Agency/Pass-Through State Agency/ Grant Program	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency Identifying Number Assigned	Program Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Pass-Through Programs:			
Department of Education:			
Adult Literacy Grants Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education - Grants to States Vocational Education - Basic Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Rural Education English Language Acquisition Grants Title II Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.002 84.010 84.027 84.048 84.173 84.358 84.365 84.367	42801, 61111 & 61380 42901 43071 61095 62521 43481 60509 & 60512 61480	\$ 584,233 925,716 598,934 67,899 17,920 217 18,739 149,884
Total Department of Education - Pass-Through Programs:			2,363,542
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
<u>Direct Programs</u>			
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Personal Responsibility Education Program	93.092	90AK000403	68,098
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grants	93.276	14SP20534A	97,393
Total Department of Health and Human Services - Direct Programs:			165,491
Pass-Through Programs:			
Department of Social Services:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families: VIEW-Component & Supportive Services VIEW-Transitional VIEW-Transportation	93.558	87201 & 87202 87204 & 87211 87207	8,166 2,300 21,779
Community Services Block Grant	93.569	CVS-16-001-05	211,495
Child Care and Development Block Grant: Discretionary Recouping	93.575	88302	(391)
Foster Care - Title IV-E: ARRA - Residential Foster Care Payments Child Placing Agencies Agency Foster Homes Licensed Child	93.658	81107 81108 81110 81112	129,960 54,868 46,302 66,607
Adoption Assistance: Subsidized Adoption Nonrecurring IV-E Adoption Federal Adoption	93.659	81201 81202 81203	191,417 2,265 103,932
Social Services Block Grant: Child Protective Services State Adoption Adult Services - Homebound Companion Adult Protective Services	93.667	82402 81701 83304 89501	145,032 31,513 14,787 1,229
Total Department of Health and Human Services - Pass-Through Programs:			1,031,261 cont'd

CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

Federal Granting Agency/Pass-Through State Agency/ Grant Program	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Agency Identifying <u>Number Assigned</u>	Program Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:			
Pass-Through Programs:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	52743	\$ 7,500
Total Department of Health and Human Services - Pass-Through Programs:			7,500
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY			
<u>Direct Programs</u>			
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	BF96317601	51,015
Total Environmental Protection Agency - Direct Programs:			51,015
Pass-Through Programs:			
National Fish and Wildlife Foundation:			
Chesapeake Bay Program	66.466	51502	22,000
Total Environmental Protection Agency - Pass-Through Programs:			22,000
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,896,302
LOANS OUTSTANDING: (Note 2)			
Pass-Through Programs:			
Virginia Resources Authority:			
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	N/A	\$ 3,300,114



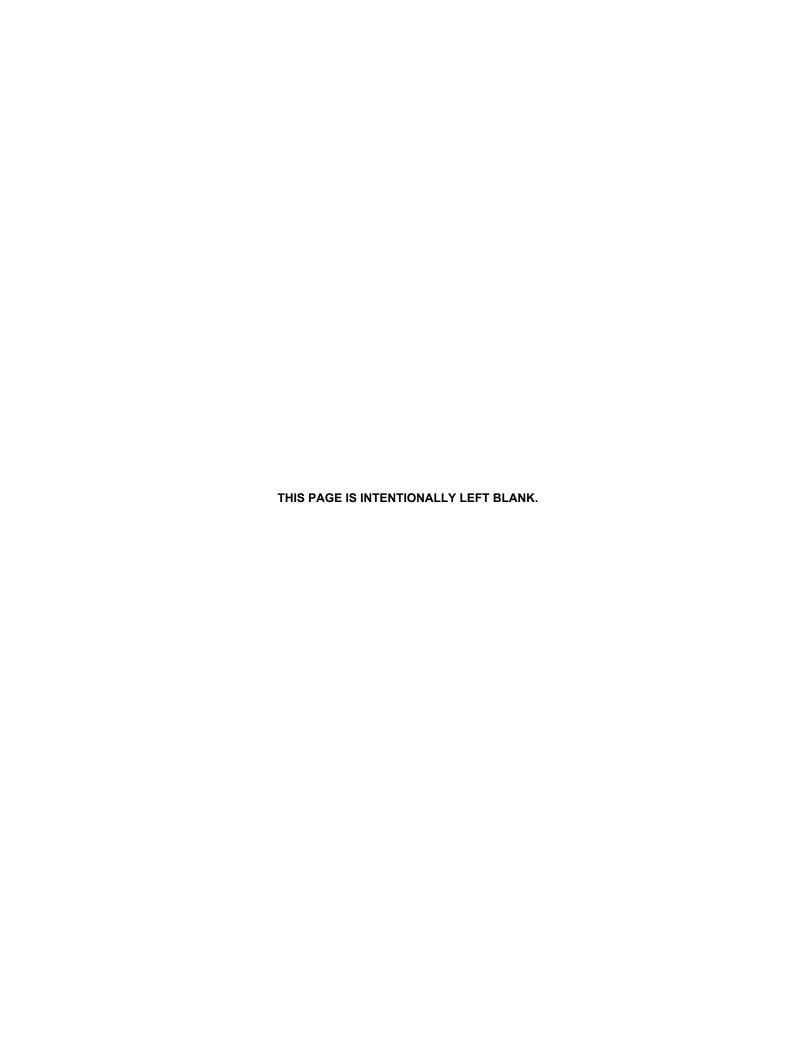
CITY OF WAYNESBORO, VIRGINIA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2016

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City of Waynesboro, Virginia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

2. LOANS OUTSTANDING

During prior years, the City received federal funding from the Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, authorized under the Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds program. The outstanding loan balance under this program of \$3,300,114 is included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as of June 30, 2016.





SUMMARY OF STATE AND LOCAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

The Honorable Members of the City Council City of Waynesboro, Virginia

As more fully described in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the year ended June 30, 2016, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia:

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investments Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Debt Provisions
Retirement Systems
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Sheriff Internal Controls

State Agency Requirements:

Education Comprehensive Service Act Funds Social Services Highway Maintenance Funds

LOCAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Budget and Appropriation Ordinances

Didawick & Company, P.C.

November 22, 2016

