

COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



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BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Ronnie R., Campbell, Chairman Albert W. Lewis, Jr., Vice-Chairman

Russell L. Ford John M. Higgins David W. Hinty, Jr.

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Laura C. Hoffnagle, Chairman Ben Swisher, Vice-Chairman

> Albert "Jay" Lewis, II David B. McDaniel Warren Schmid

OTHER OFFICIALS

Judge of the Circuit Court	Michael S. Irvine
Clerk of the Circuit Court	D. Bruce Patterson
Judge of the General District Court	Gordon F. Saunders
Judge of the Juvenile & Domestic Relations Court	Anita D. Filson
Commonwealth's Attorney	Robert N. "Bucky" Joyce, Jr.
Commissioner of the Revenue	David C. Whitesell
Treasurer	Betty S. Trovato
Sheriff	Christopher J. Blalock
Superintendent of Schools	John T. Reynolds
Clerk of the School Board	
County Administrator	Spencer H. Suter
Director of Fiscal Services	Steven J. Bolster
County Attorney	Vickie L. Huffman

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE, VIRGINIA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the county of Rockbridge, Virginia, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2013, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-12, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Rockbridge, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information and supporting schedules, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The other supplementary information and supporting schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information and supporting schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rolinson, Farmer, lax Associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2013, on our consideration of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Rockbridge, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Staunton, Virginia

December 6, 2013

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia, we offer the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative. The narrative provides an overview and analysis of our financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.

Financial Highlights

The assets of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia exceeded its liabilities by \$41,019,576 (net position) at the close of the most recent fiscal year. Of the total net position, \$37,695,712 is associated with governmental activities and \$3,323,864 is associated with business-type activities. Of the net governmental activities net position, \$21,297,930 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to creditors and citizens. Included in restricted net position is \$71,412, which meets the debtservice reserve requirement for a \$15,000,000 revenue bond issued January 5, 2006. There is an additional \$8,285,095 in fund balance which is restricted/committed/assigned by the County Board of Supervisors to ensure the availability of funds for specific functions, programs, and anticipated specific future liabilities. These restricted accounts are shown on the Balance Sheet of Government Funds. Of the business-type activities net position, \$1,073,661 is unrestricted and available to meet the businesstype activity's obligations. For the year ending June 30, 2013, the governmental activities' assets include \$9,542,923 in taxes receivable and \$7,984,033 in unearned revenues. This is shown as part of compliance with GASB. The \$9,542,923 in taxes receivable are booked in the first half of calendar year 2013, but because of twice-a-year tax billing, \$7,984,033 is not due until December 2013 and is shown as an unearned revenue. When compared to the net position at year's end June 30, 2012, total net position increased by \$5,310,141. This net position increase is associated with: (1) greater revenue from new property tax rates for the first-half in 2013; (2) collecting higher than estimated general property taxes, other local taxes, and charges for services; and (3) sale of equipment.

At the fiscal year end, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$17,219,353 or 46.14% of total general fund expenditures. This is a 2.21% increase in fund balance to expenditure ratio compared to year ending June 30, 2012.

As of the close of the fiscal year June 30, 2013, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$25,462,928. This is an increase of \$601,175 as compared with the previous fiscal year. The increase in fund balance is associated with increased revenues in several areas: (1) general property taxes - \$1,486,748, (2) other local revenue sources - \$267,791, (3) the Commonwealth - \$113,377, and (4) the federal government - \$2,138,060. The remaining fund balance of \$16,989,750, or 66.7%, is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. These statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Local government accounting and financial reporting originally focused on funds that were designed to enhance and demonstrate fiscal accountability. Now and in accordance with GASB 34, fund statements are accompanied by government-wide financial statements, to ensure objectives of operational accountability will also be met. These objectives will provide financial statement users with confirmation from the government that public monies have been used to comply with public decisions, and to confirm that operating objectives were met efficiently and effectively and can be met in the future.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements provide users with a general overview of County finances. The statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. All current year revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. Both the financial overview and accrual accounting factors are used in the reporting of a private-sector business.

Two financial statements are used to present this information: 1) the statement of net position and 2) the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents all of the County's permanent accounts, or assets, liabilities and net position. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors such as changes in restricted accounts will also need to be considered to determine the overall financial position of the County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. The statement is focused on the gross and net cost of various government functions that are supported by general tax and other revenue. The statement of activities presents expenses before revenues, emphasizing that in government, revenues are generated for the express purpose of providing services rather than as an end in themselves.

Both government-wide financial statements separate governmental activities and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. They include general government administration; judicial administration; public safety; public works; health and welfare; parks, recreation and cultural; community development; and transfers to other funds. The County also created the Broadband Technology Opportunities Program fund to account for the activities of the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act Broadband Initiative. Business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The County currently shows the Rockbridge County Solid Waste Authority as a business-type activity.

The government-wide financial statements include, in addition to the primary government or County, five component units: 1) the Rockbridge County School Board, 2) the Rockbridge Area Social Services Board, 3) the Rockbridge Regional Jail Commission, and 4) the Rockbridge County Public Service Authority. Although the component units are legally separate entities, the County is accountable or financially accountable for them. A primary government is accountable for an organization if the primary government appoints a majority of the organization's governing body. A primary government is financially accountable if, in addition, either the government is able to impose its will on the organization or the organization is capable of imposing specific financial burdens on the primary government. For example, the primary government may approve debt issuances, rate structures, and/or provide significant funding for operations of the component unit.

Fund Financial Statements

The *fund financial statements* present only major or significant funds. A fund is a group of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions, or services, reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Proprietary funds

There are two types of proprietary funds: *enterprise funds*, which are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the public and *internal service funds* that account for the delivery of goods and services to other departments or agencies of the government. Proprietary funds use accrual basis accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Rockbridge County Solid Waste Authority is a blended component unit/business-type activity of the County of Rockbridge. The Authority's financial statements are shown as a proprietary/enterprise fund in the County's fund financial statements. The Authority owns the only permitted landfill site within the County of Rockbridge. The Authority has a separate yearly financial report that provides more financial details.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government as a trustee or agent for another organization or individual. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the funds are not available to support the County's own activities.

Notes to the financial statements

These notes provide additional information that is needed to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the County of Rockbridge, assets exceeded liabilities by \$41,019,576 at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's net position is divided into three categories: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, (2) restricted, and (3) unrestricted. A comparative analysis has been provided on the next page:

COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE'S NET POSITION June 30, 2013

		Governmer	ntal	Activities		Business-f	уре	e Activities		To	tal	
	_	2013		2012	_	2013		2012		2013		2012
Current and other assets	\$	38,846,660	\$	35,952,402	\$	4,000,751	\$	4,144,101	\$	42,847,411	\$	40,096,503
Capital Assets		77,696,252		53,391,352		2,491,604		1,863,589		80,187,856		55,254,941
Total Assets	\$_	116,542,912	\$_	89,343,754	\$	6,492,355	\$_	6,007,690	\$_	123,035,267	\$_	95,351,444
Deferred Outflows												
of Resources	\$_	1,121,006	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	_	\$_	1,121,006	\$_	_
Long-term liabilities	\$	67,150,597	\$	46,608,372	\$	3,040,223	\$	2,680,034	\$	70,190,820	\$	49,288,406
Other liabilities		4,833,436		10,349,811		128,268		182,685		4,961,704		10,532,496
Total liabilities	\$_	71,984,033	`\$ <u> </u>	56,958,183	\$	3,168,491	\$_	2,862,719	\$_	75,152,524	\$_	59,820,902
Deferred Outflows												
of Resources	\$_	7,984,173	\$_	-	\$_	_	\$_	-	\$_	7,984,173	\$_	_
Net Position: Net investment in												
capital assets	\$	10,937,946	\$	12,943,272	\$	1,397,575	\$	1,086,965	\$	12,335,521	\$	14,030,237
Unrestricted (deficit)		21,297,930		18,507,278		924,040		2,058,006		22,221,970		20,565,284
Restricted		5,459,836		935,021		1,002,249	_	-		6,462,085		935,021
Total net position	\$_	37,695,712	\$_	32,385,571	\$	3,323,864	\$_	3,144,971	\$	41,019,576	\$_	35,530,542

For the County, investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), net of related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets is \$12,335,521 which represents 54.45% of total net position. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. It is of note that a portion of the capital assets is used to encourage economic development and in turn may produce revenue for operations in either fees or sale of property.

The restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external or internal restrictions on how they may be used. The restricted net position for fiscal year 2013 included assets restricted by external sources. For fiscal year 2013, the restricted asset continues to meet the reserve requirements from a county debt discussed earlier in this report.

The unrestricted net position is \$22,221,970, which is 54% of total net position that may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County is able to report positive changes in all categories of net position. For the year ending June 30, 2013, the government's total net position increased in value by \$5,497,435. The changes in net position shows an increase in unrestricted assets of \$1,089,798 and an increase in restricted assets of \$7,467,449. This overall increase represents the reserved, additional proceeds from refinancing the original courthouse loan used to pay off the refunded debt. The business-type activities restrict a yearly amount for closure and post closure of the landfill.

During the year ending June 2013, total County liabilities increased by \$15,278,572. The majority of this increase is linked to the second bond issued for \$20,460,000 to complete the expansion of Maury River Middle School. During fiscal year 2013, \$5,098,312 was spent on the Broadband Technology Opportunities Program with a goal to complete the fiber-optic internet project for the citizens and community-anchor institutes of Rockbridge County.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities accounted for an increase of \$6,551,921 in net position for the year ending June 30, 2013. This increase in net position is primarily represented by the surplus revenues related to the approved budget. The total result is better than expected when considering the slow-growth economy we continue to experience. The Board of Supervisors is committed to maintaining net position at a level which ensures the availability of assets to provide required services to maintain a reserve cash balance to fund emergencies, to fund opportunities that provide economic development, or to enhance the quality of life for County citizens.

Revenues increased by \$5,366,045 compared to last year. Local revenue increased in conjunction with increased real property tax rates. The County also received an increase in state and federal funding.

For the year, the Boards of Supervisors' expenditure priorities were to maintain support for improvements in education, public safety, and economic development. In addition, the Board approved a 3% cost-of-living adjustment to employees with a goal of retaining and attracting a quality workforce via competitive compensation. Overall expenses increased by \$595,668 over the period. Key elements of the expenditures are as follows:

- Increase of \$248,588 in public safety outlays were realized during the fiscal year
- Over the course of the funding year, judicial administration expenses rose \$246,399

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities/enterprise fund (landfill and recycling) net position increased by \$178,893. The fee structure for trash disposal associated with our locality partners remained the same as last fiscal year. Revenues derived from fees for services decreased by \$52,253 during the year. Charges for services to the City of Lexington rose by \$1,299 while Buena Vista went down \$20,750. The increase in net position is primarily associated with the transfer from the general fund to support payment towards the Maury Service Authority wastewater treatment plant and recycling activities. This transfer is up 1% from the prior year.

The County of Rockbridge's changes in net position chart below details these government activities changes.

COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION June 30, 2013

	Governmer	ıtal	Activities		Business-t	Activities		Total			
	 2013		2012	-	2013		2012	_	2013		2012
Revenues:		•		_		•		_		_	
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 1,889,975	\$	2,065,220	\$	1,034,968		1,087,221	\$	2,924,943	\$	3,152,441
Operating grants	2,412,618		2,257,672		26,161		18,461		2,438,779		2,276,133
Capital grants	5,816,685		1,993,245		-		-		5,816,685		1,993,245
General Revenues:											
Property taxes	22,519,602		20,241,098		_		-		22,519,602		20,241,098
Other taxes	8,157,801		7,890,010		-		_		8,157,801		7,890,010
Use of money and property	78,229		74,448		4,676		4,000		82,905		78,448
Other	743,278		1,710,031		3,815		68		747,093		1,710,099
Grants and contributions not											
restricted to specific programs	 2,741,009		2,761,428		-		-	_	2,741,009		2,761,428
Total Revenues	\$ 44,359,197	. \$.	38,993,152	. \$ _	1,069,620	\$_	1,109,750	\$_	45,428,817	_ \$ _	40,102,902
Expenses:											
General											
General Govt. Admin	\$ 2,011,030	\$	2,335,818	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,011,030	\$	2,335,818
Judicial administration	1,267,789		1,021,390		-		-		1,267,789		1,021,390
Public safety	5,700,091		5,406,165		-		-		5,700,091		5,406,165
Public works	3,052,847		2,949,751		2,117,295		1,984,753		5,170,142		4,934,504
Health and welfare	1,414,009		1,505,526		-		-		1,414,009		1,505,526
Education	16,126,417		16,631,591		-		-		16,126,417		16,631,591
Parks, recreation, and culture	1,442,669		1,299,526		-		-		1,442,669		1,299,526
Community development	2,246,495		2,369,189		-		-		2,246,495		2,369,189
Non-departmental	1,718,759		1,730,059		-		-		1,718,759		1,730,059
interest on long-term debt	 2,833,978		1,969,401		-		-		2,833,978		1,969,401
Total expenses	\$ 37,814,084	\$.	37,218,416	\$_	2,117,295	. \$.	1,984,753	. \$ _	39,931,379	. \$ _	39,203,169
ncrease (decrease) in net											
position before transfers	\$ 6,545,113		1,774,736	\$	(1,047,675)	\$	(875,003)	\$	5,497,438	\$	899,733
Transfers	(1,234,972)		(1,111,015)		1,234,972		1,111,015		-		-
ncrease (decrease) net position	5,310,141		663,721		187,297		236,012		5,497,438		899,733
Net position - beginning, as restated	32,385,571		31,721,850		3,136,567		2,900,555		35,522,138		34,622,405
Fund balance - ending	\$ 37,695,712	\$	32,385,571	\$	3,323,864	\$	3,136,567	\$	41,019,576	\$	35,522,138

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As previously mentioned, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of financial resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,462,928, an increase of \$601,175 over the prior year. The increase is associated with the increase of local, state, and federal revenues.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of June 30, 2013, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$17,219,353. This is an increase in unassigned fund balance of \$1,935,140 as compared with the previous year. The total fund balance of the general fund was \$21,053,801. This is an increase over the previous year by \$678,417.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 46.14% of total general fund expenditures, which includes transfers to the School Board component unit of \$14,147,962. Total fund balance represents 56.42% of total general fund expenditures. The Board of Supervisors goal is to maintain the highest possible ratio of unassigned fund balance to expenditures.

Proprietary funds

The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Solid Waste Authority owns and the County operates a permitted landfill that must close no later than December 2014. A request for permit extension to June 30, 2017 is currently being considered by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (VA DEQ). Part of the fund balance will be used to meet landfill closure requirements of the VA DEQ. The net position associated with financing these requirements are restricted. The remaining fund balance will support landfill operations and equipment purchases as needed. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund were discussed in the County's business-type activities section of this summary. Net position of the landfill fund at the end of the year was \$3,133,068.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budgeted appropriations and the final, amended-budget appropriations was a \$2,332,592 increase. This is 6.60% of the total original budget. The actual expenditures were \$614,863 below the final appropriation total. This total is 1.63% below the final budget. The major components of these changes are:

- Total health and welfare expenditures were \$134,399 more than its combined final budget
- Total law enforcement expended \$17,524 more than planned
- Total protective services exceeded budget by \$12,331

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2013 was \$77,696,252 (net of accumulated depreciation). This is an increase of \$24,235,500 from the previous year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment. The total net increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 45% for government activities. These increases are associated with construction in progress: Maury River Middle School and the Broadband Technologies Opportunities Program. The remaining change in capital assets is the result of depreciation.

The County's investment in capital assets for its proprietary funds is \$2,491,604, an increase of \$628,015 from the previous year. This is a result of completing the modification of the former baler facility into a transfer station and the purchase an loader during the fiscal year.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE'S CAPITAL ASSETS

Net of Depreciation

	_	Governme	ntal Activities			Business-	Activities		Total				
	_	2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012	
Land	\$	2,393,836	\$	2,393,836	\$	540,137	\$	540,137	\$	2,933,973	\$	2,933,973	
Buildings and systems		40,816,541		46,031,586		1,433,559		694,048		42,250,100		46,725,634	
Machinery & equipment		779,468		793,888		376,916		97,413		1,156,384		891,301	
Construction in progress	_	33,706,407	_	4,241,442	_	140,992		589,282		33,847,399		4,830,724	
Total	\$_	77,696,252	\$_	53,460,752	\$_	2,491,604	\$_	1,920,880	\$ <u>_</u>	80,187,856	\$_	55,381,632	

Long-term debt

The County's long-term debt includes the Rockbridge County School Board debt and the business-type activities debt. For the year, the total long-term debt increased by \$21,490,175. A second (and final) school bond was issued in the amount of \$20,460,000 to complete the modification of the Maury River Middle School. The OPEB obligation is included in the long-term debt to meet GASB requirements. The obligation increased by \$10,000 for Government Activities and remained level for business-type activities for the year. The County also took advantage of low-interest rates available in the market, successfully completing two refinancing efforts during fiscal year 2013. First, we completed a current refunding on a 2002 Literary Loan to reduce total debt service payments resulting in a net present value savings of \$200,956. Secondly, the County executed an advanced refunding on the 2006 courthouse loan and garnered an economic gain of \$742,744 which will be realized over 23 years. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the County had the following outstanding debt:

COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE'S LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

		Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tota	otal		
	2013 2012		2012	2013	2012	2013	2012		
General Obligation Bonds	\$	46,590,095 \$	24,907,549 \$	- 9	- \$	46,590,095 \$	24,907,549		
Revenue Bonds		18,359,697	19,055,719	776,624	776,624	19,136,321	19,832,343		
Literary Loans		1,635,000	2,000,000	-	-	1,635,000	2,000,000		
Capital Leases		173,515	290,703	317,405	39,940	490,920	330,643		
OPEB Obligation		120,000	110,000	2,000	2,000	122,000	112,000		
Landfill closure liability		-	_	1,916,329	1,884,296	1,916,329	1,884,296		
Compensated Absences		272,290	256,511	27,865	17,114	300,155	273,625		
Total long-term obligations	\$	67,150,597 \$	46,620,482 \$	3,040,223	\$ 2,719,974 \$	70,190,820 \$	49,340,456		

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- For the fiscal year (FY) ending June 30, 2013, the unemployment rate for the Commonwealth and County were 5.9% and 6.0% respectively. During the progress of this management discussion and analysis report, the October 2013 unemployment rate dropped to 5.4% in the County. Local efforts by the Board of Supervisors to fund a variety of economic development initiatives continue to bear fruit via business inquiries and interest.
- The Board of Supervisors continued its commitment to the School Board in providing the maximum support possible during the slow-growth economic environment. The County student population continues to remain level at approximately 2,500. The strategy to maximize results in school programs resulted in the prior decision to move forward with the expansion of Maury River Middle School. Thereby consolidating all education efforts at the middle school level. The final financing (Virginia Public School Authority) for \$21,460,000 was secured in support of this effort. Substantially completed in August 2013, the renovated school now serves all Rockbridge County middle-school students. For the long term, we maintain the expectation of reductions in operating cost.
- The final six months of FY 2013 involved changes to the County's real property tax rate. To meet the funding priorities approved by the Board of Supervisors and to meet the strategic goals of the County, the real property tax rate was increased to \$0.67 per \$100.00 of assessed valuation. The personal property rate of \$4.25 remained at the prior year's level. During the FY 13-14 budget process, the Board of Supervisors also published a 5-year real estate tax increase projection in anticipation of increasing capital, debt service, and operational needs.
- The Rockbridge Area Network Authority was created through a partnership of Rockbridge County, the cities of Lexington and Buena Vista, and Washington & Lee University in 2009 to promote high-speed communication infrastructure for the area localities. The County's match to support construction of the high-speed "big broadband" fiber infrastructure and the initial administration costs for the Authority was \$206,016. Using the calculations recommended by the Council of Economic Advisors, the Authority expects to see nearly 110 new jobs created, including 70 direct and indirect plus 36 induced job-years. The project completion date was September 30, 2013.
- The federal government faces a second round of automatic spending cuts (sequestration) in 2014 which includes an additional \$20B+ in cuts beyond those established in 2013. In addition, the federal government reached a negotiated, temporary fix to the October 2013 shutdown. The provisional agreement includes funding the federal government through January 15, 2014 and suspending the national debt ceiling until February 7, 2014. While the national economy is expected to grow by 2.6% in 2014, the impacts of federal decisions will continue to impact the County at the local level.

- The state budget reduction in Aid to Locality ended after FY 13-14. However, the impact of the Commonwealth's fiscal austerity measures, which began in FY 08-09, will not be offset by modest gains in FY 14-15. Also, there is no change in the state-directed funding of the Line of Duty Act to the local level. It is anticipated that localities will likely continue to see a shift in funding of basic and mandated services down to the local level. Lastly, the General Assembly passed legislation to implement a new Virginia Retirement System Hybrid Plan on January 1, 2104. The plan requires local government agencies to fund Hybrid Plan employees' short and long-term disability coverage.
- We also face our own, local fiscal challenges with financing several current and potential projects. These include a "piggyback" lined landfill, a radio system upgrade, and the potential for constructing of a new regional 911 center, as well as meeting increased challenges involving the provision of Fire and EMS services. Future decisions on these and other funding requests will be guided by mission, vision and values statements that will drive strategic plans and future funding priorities. These statements were adopted by the Board of Supervisors on March 11, 2013.
- The Board of Supervisors fiscal year 14-15 budget priorities include limiting overall expenditures in all areas except education, "safety net" programs, public safety, solid waste management, and economic development. These activities may require increased funding compared to prior years. Additionally, the Board's goals include meeting all mandates, debt services, and legal obligations.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide readers with a general overview of the County of Rockbridge finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administration, 150 S. Main Street, Lexington, Virginia 24450.







			Pı	imary Governme	nt	
		Governmental		Business-type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
			_			
ASSETS	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,049,322	\$	966,341	\$	17,015,663
Cash in custody of others		=		-		-
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		0.540.000				0.540.000
Taxes receivable		9,542,923		- 		9,542,923
Accounts receivable Internal balances		590,234		52,936		643,170
		(62,896)		62,896		1 545 040
Due from component units Due from other governmental units		1,545,248		-		1,545,248
Inventories		1,023,392		-		1,023,392
Advances to other entities		116,671 1,683,691		-		116,671 1,683,691
Prepaid items		24,533		-		24,533
Restricted assets:		24,000		-		24,555
Temporarily restricted:						
Cash and cash equivalents		8,333,542		2,918,578		11,252,120
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		0,000,042		2,510,570		11,202,120
Land		2,393,836		540,137		2,933,973
Buildings and improvements		40,816,541		1,433,561		42,250,102
Machinery and equipment		779,468		376,914		1,156,382
Utility plant and equipment		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-		1,100,002
Construction in progress		33,706,407		140,992		33,847,399
Total assets	\$_	116,542,912	\$	6,492,355	\$	123,035,267
	·		- ' -			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•	4 404 000	•			4 404 000
Deferred charge on refunding	\$_	1,121,006	.Ψ __		. Ъ _	1,121,006
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,584,224	¢	53,976	æ	2,638,200
Advances from participating entities	Ψ	2,004,224	Ψ	74,292	Ψ	74,292
Retainage payable		1,055,171		1 1,202		1,055,171
Accrued interest payable		1,063,288		-		1,063,288
Due to primary government		-,555,255		_		.,000,=00
Performance deposits		130,753		_		130,753
Due to other governments		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		_		-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		2,436,123		118,712		2,554,835
Due in more than one year		64,714,474		2,921,511		67,635,985
Total liabilities	\$_	71,984,033	\$_	3,168,491	\$_	75,152,524
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$	7,984,173	\$	_	\$	7,984,173
and an analysis of the policy takes	Ť	.,,00.,,	. + _		т	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	10,937,946	\$	1,397,575	\$	12,335,521
Restricted for:						
Fire funds		53,912		-		53,912
Rental assistance		15,016		-		15,016
Capital projects		5,319,496		-		5,319,496
School carryover		-		-		-
Debt service		71,412		1,002,249		1,073,661
Unrestricted (deficit)		21,297,930		924,040	·	22,221,970
Total net position	\$	37,695,712	\$_	3,323,864	\$_	41,019,576

_	Component Unit School Board		Component Unit Rockbridge Area Social Services		Component Unit Rockbridge Regional Jail Commission	_	Component Unit Rockbridge Public Service Authority
\$	189,381 -	\$	429,808 -	\$	- 5,136	\$	4,236,560 -
	- 187,552 -		12,540 -		- 15,035 -		494,329 -
	867,646 40,531		- 361,244 - -		- 255,598 - -		- 60,457 -
	253,400		-		-		-
	-		-		-		39,269
	117,555 18,179,301 1,071,722		- - 3,601		1,206,242 50,233		381,259 80,963 293,134 23,740,862
\$_ *_	20,907,088	- \$_	807,193		151,053 1,683,297	. \$.	1,801,266 31,128,099
\$_	_	_\$_		\$_	-	_\$_	-
\$	220,459 -	\$	159,415 -	\$	40,505 -	\$	341,278
	- 998,707		- 546,541		- - -		73,672 - -
	-		- 101,677 -		- - -		- 38,070
\$	103,235 1,029,823 2,352,224		61,271 35,770 904,674	·	109,818 73,212 223,535	- - \$	986,955 12,587,994 14,027,969
\$. · _ \$. • -		- · - \$	_
Ψ_	3477411111	- Ψ_		. ¥ ~		-Ψ-	
\$	19,368,578	\$	(4,016)	\$	1,407,528	\$	12,779,380
	-		-		- -		-
	-		-		-		-
	-				-		-
\$	(813,714) 18,554,864	\$_ \$_	(93,465) (97,481)	\$	52,234 1,459,762	\$	4,320,750 17,100,130

						Program Revenue	98		
						Operating		Capital	
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
Governmental activities:									
General government administration	\$	2,011,030	\$	23,400	\$	215,455	\$	-	
Judicial administration		1,267,789		457,916		563,840			
Public safety		5,700,091		22,078		1,345,327		-	
Public works		3,052,847		1,122,809		872		-	
Health and welfare		1,414,009		-		66,598		-	
Education		16,126,417		-		-		-	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,442,669		85,038		5,000		-	
Community development		2,246,495		178,734		215,526		5,816,685	
Nondepartmental		1,718,759		-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		2,833,978		-	_	-			
Total governmental activities	\$	37 <u>,814</u> ,084	\$_	1,889,975	\$_	2,412,618	\$_	5,816,685	
Business-type activities:									
Landfill Fund	\$	960,797	\$	1,034,968	\$	-	\$	_	
Recycling Fund		1,156,498		-		26,161		-	
Total business-type activities	\$	2,117,295	\$	1,034,968	`\$	26,161	· \$ _	-	
Total primary government	\$	39,931,379	\$_	2,924,943	\$_	2,438,779	\$_	5,816,685	
COMPONENT UNITS:									
Governmental activities:									
School Board	\$	30,791,136	\$	1,573,376	\$	13,883,833	\$	_	
Rockbridge Area Social Services Board	•	4,228,145		· · · · -		4,241,773	•	-	
Rockbridge Regional Jail Commission		2,767,831		1,126,342		1,578,026		-	
Business-type activities:		• •				• •			
Rockbridge Public Service Authority	_	2,797,499		2,584,307	_		_	312,517	
Total component units	\$	40,584,611	\$_	5,284,025	\$_	19,703,632	\$_	312,517	
rotal component units	Ψ	40,304,011	Ψ=	5,204,025	= ^Ψ =	19,700,002	· Ψ=	0,210	

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales tax

Consumers utility tax

Business license tax

Meals tax

Motor vehicle licenses

Lodging tax

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning as restated

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

				Changes in	Net Assets		
		mary Government		Component Unit	Component Unit	Component Unit	Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-type		School	Rockbridge Area	Rockbridge Regional	Rockbridge Public
	Activities	Activities	Total	Board	Social Services	Jail Commission	Service Authority
\$	(1,772,175) \$	- \$	(1,772,175)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	(246,033)	-	(246,033)	-	-	~	-
	(4,332,686)	-	(4,332,686)	-	=	-	-
	(1,929,166)	-	(1,929,166)	-	-	-	-
	(1,347,411)	-	(1,347,411)		-	-	-
	(16,126,417)	-	(16,126,417)	-	-	-	-
	(1,352,631)	-	(1,352,631)	-	-	-	-
	3,964,450	-	3,964,450	-	-	-	-
	(1,718,759)	-	(1,718,759)	-	•	-	-
	(2,833,978)		(2,833,978)		<u>-</u>	-	
\$.	(27,694,806) \$	\$	(27,694,806)	<u> </u>	\$	\$	\$
\$	- \$		74,171	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		(1,130,337)	(1,130,337)			-	
\$.			(1,056,166)		\$		\$
\$	(27,694,806) \$	(1,056,166) \$	(28,750,972)	\$	\$	\$	\$
\$	- \$ \$	- \$ - -	- { - -	\$ (15,333,927) - -	\$ - 13,628	\$ - (63,463)	\$ -
						(00,100)	00.005
\$			- ((15,333,927)	\$ 13,628	\$ (63,463)	\$ 99,325 \$ 99,325
Ψ=	- ψ			(10,000,921)	13,020	(03,403)	99,323
\$	22,519,602 \$	- \$	22,519,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	2,392,591	-	2,392,591	•	-	-	-
	1,522,050	-	1,522,050	-	-	-	-
	913,827	-	913,827	-	-	-	-
	1,317,225	-	1,317,225	-	-	-	-
	537,855	-	537,855	-	-	-	-
	1,194,689	-	1,194,689	-	-	-	-
	279,564		279,564		-	-	
	78,229	4,676	82,905	121		82	10,242
	743,278	3,815	747,093	108,573	-	5,395	-
	2,741,009	1 224 272	2,741,009	16,058,033	-	-	185,211
_m -	(1,234,972)	1,234,972	24.240.440	40 400 707			405.450
\$_	33,004,947 \$ 5,310,141	1,243,463 \$ 187,297	34,248,410 5,497,438		13,628	\$ <u>5,477</u> (57,986)	\$\$ <u>195,453</u> 294,778
	5,310,141 32,385,571	3,136,567	5,497,438 35,522,138	832,800 17,722,064	(111,109)		294,778 16,805,352
\$	37,695,712 \$	3,323,864 \$	41,019,576				
Ψ	UI,UUU,IIZ P		+1,018,010 C	P 10,004,004	Ψ (57,401)	Ψ 1,405,702	Ψ 17,100,130

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		General Fund		Broadband Technology Opportunities Program		School Capital Projects Fund		Courthouse Construction Fund	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	15,779,671	\$	-	\$	15,396	\$	254,255 \$	16,049,322
Taxes receivable		9,542,923		-		_		=	9,542,923
Accounts receivable		543,444		46,790		-		-	590,234
Advances to other entities		1,683,691				-		_	1,683,691
Due from other funds		209,183		-		-		-	209,183
Due from component units		1,545,248		-		-		-	1,545,248
Due from other governmental units		905,718		117,674		-		-	1,023,392
Inventories		116,671		-		-		-	116,671
Prepaid items Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		24,533						-	24,533
Cash and cash equivalents		1,006,433		•		7,327,109		_	8,333,542
Total assets	\$_	31,357,515	\$	164,464	\$_	7,342,505	\$_	254,255_\$	39,118,739
LIABILITIES	=		= =		: =		_		
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	496,481	\$	179,331	\$	1,908,412	\$	- \$	2,584,224
Retainage payable	•	-	-	7,390	•	1,047,781	•	- '	1,055,171
Due to other funds		62,896		207,346		1,837		-	272,079
Performance deposits	_	130,753					_		130,753
Total liabilities	\$_	690,130	- \$ -	394,067	. \$ _	2,958,030	\$_	\$	4,042,227
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$_	9,613,584	\$.		. \$_		\$_	\$	9,613,584
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable:									
Inventories	\$_	116,671			.\$_ \$	-	\$_	\$	116,671
Total nonspendable	\$_	116,671	_\$_		. \$_		\$_	\$	116,671
Restricted:	•	74 440	Φ.				•	•	74 440
Debt service and bond covenants Capital projects	\$	71,412 935,021	Ф	-	\$	- 4,384,475	\$	- \$	71,412 5,319,496
Rental assistance		15,016		_		4,304,473		-	15,016
Fire program		53,912		_		_		-	53,912
Total restricted	\$	1,075,361	\$		\$~	4,384,475	\$	- \$	5,459,836
Committed:	_	······································							
School retirement	\$_	707,419	\$_		\$_		\$_		707,419
Total committed	\$_	707,419	\$_	•	.\$_	•	\$_	\$	707,419
Assigned:			_		_		_		007.045
Garage	\$	227,045	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	227,045
Industrial property School carryover		587,989 868,718		-		-		-	587,989 868,718
Convenience centers		12,075				_		_	12,075
Partnership		82,097		-		_		-	82,097
Revenue recovery		157,073		_		-		-	157,073
Capital projects funds		<u> </u>						254,255	254,255
Total assigned	\$_	1,934,997	\$		\$_		\$_	254,255 \$	2,189,252
Unassigned:								_	
General fund	\$	17,219,353	\$		\$	-	\$	- \$	17,219,353
Special revenue funds	e -	17,219,353	٠, -	(229,603)		**	· s -		(229,603) 16,989,750
Total unassigned	\$_	17,219,353	- ^Ф -	(229,603)	- Φ_		Φ_		10,808,700
Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	\$_	21,053,801	\$.	(229,603)	\$_	4,384,475	\$_	254,255_\$	25,462,928
resources and fund balances	\$_	31,357,515	\$.	164,464	\$_	7,342,505	\$_	<u>254,255</u> \$	39,118,739

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position a	re
different because:	

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

\$ 25,462,928

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

77,696,252

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

1,629,411

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

(67,092,879)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 37,695,712

REVENUES		General	Broadband Technology Opportunities Program		School Capital Projects Fund	Courthouse Construction Fund	Total
General property taxes	\$	22,414,930 \$		\$	- \$	- \$	22,414,930
Other local taxes	φ	8,157,801	• •	φ	- ψ -	- φ	8,157,801
Permits, privilege fees,		0,137,001	•		-	•	0,107,001
and regulatory licenses		172,766	_		_	_	172,766
Fines and forfeitures		235,024	_		_		235,024
Revenue from the use of		200,024	_				200,024
money and property		53,549			24,680	_	78,229
Charges for services		1,482,185	_		21,000	-	1,482,185
Miscellaneous		764,848	1.706.530		_		2,471,378
Recovered costs		350,799	1,700,000		-	_	350,799
Intergovernmental revenues:		000,700					000,733
Commonwealth		4,847,109	_		_	_	4,847,109
Federal		306,518	4,110,155		-	_	4,416,673
Total revenues	\$	38,785,529 \$	5,816,685	\$	24,680 \$	- \$	44,626,894
Total forendes	Ψ		0,010,000	. * .			71,020,004
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government administration	\$	1,588,585 \$	_	\$	- \$	- \$	1,588,585
Judicial administration	•	1,278,954	_	•	· •	<u>-</u>	1,278,954
Public safety		5,784,020	-		_	_	5,784,020
Public works		3,082,574	=		_		3,082,574
Health and welfare		1,413,425	-		-	-	1,413,425
Education		14,216,366	-		-	-	14,216,366
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,345,586	-		-	-	1,345,586
Community development		2,238,899	5,098,312		-		7,337,211
Nondepartmental		1,723,096			-	•	1,723,096
Capital projects		-	-		21,849,069	-	21,849,069
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		2,074,994	-		1,600,000	-	3,674,994
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,289,521	-		22,444	-	2,311,965
Bond issue costs		281,128			6,644	-	287,772
Total expenditures	\$	37,317,148 \$	5,098,312	\$	23,478,157 \$		65,893,617
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$	1,468,381 \$	718,373	_\$.	(23,453,477) \$	\$	(21,266,723)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out	\$	(1,234,972) \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	(1,234,972)
Refunding bonds issued		11,760,000	-		-	-	11,760,000
General obligation bonds issued		-	-		21,895,000	-	21,895,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued		1,771,014	-		<u>.</u>	-	1,771,014
Premium on general obligation bonds issued		-	-		762,862	-	762,862
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(13,086,006)			_		(13,086,006)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	<u>(789,964)</u> \$		\$	22,657,862 \$	\$	21,867,898
	_			_	/=o=	_	ae==
Net change in fund balances	\$	678,417 \$	718,373		(795,615) \$	- \$	601,175
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		20,375,384	(947,976)		5,180,090	254,255	24,861,753
Fund balances - ending	\$	21,053,801 \$	(229,603)	. ^ф :	4,384,475 \$	254,255 \$	25,462,928

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	601,175
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		24,313,760
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net assets.		(21,569)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	;	104,672
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	f S	(19,382,730)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(305,167)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	5,310,141

June 30, 2013		Enterprise Fund	Enterprise Fund	
	_	Landfill Fund	Recycling Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	966,341 \$	- \$	966,341
Accounts receivable		52,936	-	52,936
Due from other funds	_	62,896	-	62,896
Total current assets	\$	1,082,173 \$	\$	1,082,173
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	<u>2,918,578</u> \$	\$_	2,918,578
Total restricted assets	\$_	2,918,578 \$	\$_	2,918,578
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:				
Land	\$	540,137 \$	- \$	540,137
Buildings and improvements		1,232,030	201,531	1,433,561
Machinery and equipment		372,498	4,416	376,914
Construction in progress		140,992		140,992
Total capital assets	\$_	2,285,657 \$	205,947 \$	2,491,604
Total noncurrent assets	\$_	5,204,235 \$	205,947 \$	5,410,182
Total assets	\$_	6,286,408 \$	205,947_\$_	6,492,355
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:	•	40 700 4		=
Accounts payable	\$	49,783 \$	4,193 \$	53,976
Advances from participating entities		74,292	-	74,292
Bonds payable - current portion		20,000	-	20,000
Capital lease payable - current portion		75,912	-	75,912 6,081
Unamortized premium on bond issue-current portion Compensated absences-curent portion		6,081 10,144	6,575	16,719
Total current liabilities	\$	236,212 \$	10,768 \$	246,980
Noncurrent liabilities:	Ψ-	Φ	10,700_φ_	240,900
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$	6,763 \$	4,383 \$	11,146
Net OPEB obligation	Ψ	2,000	4,505 φ	2,000
Closure and post-closure liability		1,916,329	_	1,916,329
Bonds payable - net of current portion		635,000	_	635,000
Unamortized premium on bond issue -		000,000		000,000
net of current portion		115,543	_	115,543
Capital lease payable - net of current portion		241,493	_	241,493
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,917,128 \$	4,383 \$	2,921,511
Total liabilities	\$_	3,153,340 \$	15,151 \$	3,168,491
NET POSTION				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,191,628 \$	205,947 \$	1,397,575
Restricted for debt service	•	1,002,249	-	1,002,249
Unrestricted (deficit)		939,191	(15,151)	924,040
Total net position	\$ ~	3,133,068 \$	190,796 \$	3,323,864

For the Year Ended Julie 30, 2013		Enterprise Fund Landfill Fund		Enterprise Fund Recycling Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Landfill Rockbridge County	\$	713,282	\$	- \$	713,282
Landfill City of Lexington		212,132		-	212,132
Landfill City of Buena Vista		109,554		-	109,554
Sale of recycles		-		3,671	3,671
Miscellaneous	_	144			144
Total operating revenues	\$_	1,035,112	\$_	3,671 \$	1,038,783
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	\$	264,061	\$	260,535 \$	524,596
Fringe benefits	Ψ	76,160	Ψ	80,348	156,508
Contractual services		261,289		45,037	306,326
Other charges		134,522		25,993	160,515
Rent		43,319		-	43,319
Depreciation		113,013		26,480	139,493
Total operating expenses	\$ _	892,364	\$_	438,393 \$	1,330,757
Operating income (loss)	\$_	142,748	\$_	(434,722) \$	(291,974)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings	\$	4,676	\$	- \$	4,676
Contribution-Maury Service Authority	Ψ	-	Ψ	(718,105)	(718,105)
Commonwealth of Virginia-litter control grant		_		26,161	26,161
Interest expense		(36,400)		, <u>.</u>	(36,400)
Landfill closure costs and post-closure liability		(32,033)		-	(32,033)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ _	(63,757)		(691,944) \$	(755,701)
Income before transfers	\$	78,991	\$	(1,126,666) \$	(1,047,675)
Transfers in	\$	139,993	\$	1,094,979 \$	1,234,972
Change in net position	\$	218,984		(31,687) \$	187,297
Total net position - beginning, as restated		2,914,084		222,483	3,136,567
Total net position - ending	\$ -	3,133,068	\$ -	190,796 \$	3,323,864
	* =		:		

		Enterprise Fund Landfill Fund	Enterprise Fund Recycling Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,016,866 \$		1,024,730
Payments to suppliers		(493,211)	(71,366)	(564,577)
Payments to employees	<u>_</u>	(330,820)	(339,533)	(670,353)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	192,835 \$	(403,035) \$_	(210,200)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Commonwealth of Virginia-litter control grant	\$	- \$		26,161
Operating transfer from general fund		153,098	1,094,979	1,248,077
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	153,098 \$	1,121,140 \$	1,274,238
activities	Ψ	100,000 φ	1,121,140 ψ	1,274,200
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES	_		_	
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(710,217) \$	- \$	(710,217)
Proceeds from indebtedness		309,436	•	309,436
Principal payments on capital lease		(31,972)	-	(31,972)
Interest paid on capital lease Contribution-Maury Service Authority		(36,400)	(718,105)	(36,400) (718,105)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related	_		(710,103)	(710,103)
financing activities	\$	(469,153) \$	(718,105) \$	(1,187,258)
indianal delivities	Ψ_	(-100,100) φ	(/ 10,100) Ψ	(1,107,200)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received	\$_	4,676 \$	\$_	4,676
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	(440 544)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(118,544) \$	- \$	(118,544)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted		4,003,463	-	4,003,463
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted	\$_	3,884,919 \$	- \$	3,884,919
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$_	142,748 \$	(434,722) \$_	(291,974)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		440.040	00.400	100 100
Depreciation expense		113,013	26,480	139,493
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(18,246) (54,081)	4,193 (336)	(14,053) (54,417)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(54,061) 9,401	1,350	(54,417) 10,751
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	s ⁻	192,835 \$		(210,200)
That addit provided by (used for) operating determines	Ψ_	102,000 φ	(400,000) Ψ_	(210,200)
Schedule of non-cash capital and related financing activities: Landfill closure costs	\$_	32,033_\$	\$_	32,033

	_	Primary Government Agency Funds		Component Unit Rockbridge Area Social Services Board Agency Funds		Component Unit Rockbridge Regional Jail Commission Agency Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	91,403	\$_	4,062		28,121
Total assets	\$_	91,403	\$_	4,062	\$_	28,121
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	(68,642)	\$	-	\$	-
Amounts held for payroll deductions		68,642	•	-		-
Amounts held for veterans memorial		10,385		-		_
Amounts held for drug enforcement		67,679		-		-
Amounts held for employee benefits		2,164		-		-
Amounts held for commonwealth attorney forfeitures		11,175		-		-
Amounts held for social services clients		-		4,062		-
Amounts held for inmates/jail	_	-		-		28,121
Total liabilities	\$_	91,403	[\$]	4,062	_\$_	28,121

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Rockbridge, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - The Rockbridge Solid Waste Authority has been determined to be a component unit of Rockbridge County in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14. The Authority is a legally separate organization whose Board members are appointed by the Rockbridge County Board of Supervisors. Since the Board of Supervisors is able to impose its will on the Authority, the Authority is a component unit of Rockbridge County. Complete financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at the Authority's administrative office at 150 South Main Street, Lexington, Virginia 24450.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Rockbridge County School Board:

The School Board members are elected and are responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary local sources of funding are from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation in the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission:

The Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission is a regional board organized to manage and confine prisoners from the localities of Lexington, Buena Vista and Rockbridge County. The Rockbridge County Board of Supervisors appoints one (1) member to the Commission, while the City of Lexington and the City of Buena Vista each appoint one member respectively. The Jail Commission is included in these financial statements because of the County's ability to designate the management and exercise significant control over the operations of the entity. The financial statements of the Commission are presented as a discrete presentation in the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Complete financial statements of the Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission are available at the Rockbridge County Jail, 258 Greenhouse Road, Lexington, Virginia 24450.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued)

Rockbridge County Public Service Authority:

The Rockbridge County Public Service Authority is organized to provide water and sewer services to customers located in the County. The Authority is a legally separate entity from the County. The County is financially accountable for the Authority in that the County appoints the Authority's Board of Directors and has a financial indebtedness burden related to the Authority. The financial statements of the Authority are presented as a discrete presentation in the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Complete financial statements of the Rockbridge County Public Service Authority are available at the Authority's office: 150 South Main Street, Lexington, Virginia 24450.

Rockbridge Area Social Services Board:

The Rockbridge Area Social Services Board is a regional board organized to provide social services to Rockbridge County, and the Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista. All three participating entities appoint members of the Board. The Board is a legally separate organization. The financial statements of the Board are presented as a discrete presentation in the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The Board is included in these financial statements because of the Board's fiscal dependency on the County. Complete financial statements of the Rockbridge Area Social Services Board are available at the Rockbridge Area Social Services office: 20 East Preston Street, Lexington, Virginia 24450.

B. Other Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report: None

Excluded from the County's Financial Report:

Rockbridge County Industrial Development Authority:

The County created the Industrial Development Authority to attract industry to the County and to provide financing for such industries. The Authority is comprised of seven members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority was created by resolution pursuant to state statute, and it is legally separate from the County. The County cannot impose its will on the Authority since it does not have the ability to modify or approve the budget or overrule or modify the decisions of the Authority. The Authority is fiscally independent, and there is no financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. Therefore, it is not included in the County's financial statements.

Rockbridge Area Community Services Board:

The Rockbridge Area Community Services Board is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge provide the financial support for the Board and appoint its governing Board in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Summary financial information is included in Note 4 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Rockbridge Area Community Services Board offices: 241 Greenhouse Road, Lexington, Virginia 24450.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

B. Other Organizations (continued)

Excluded from the County's Financial Report: (Continued)

Maury Service Authority:

The Maury Service Authority is responsible for acquiring, financing, constructing, and maintaining facilities for the improvement, treatment, storage and transmission of potable water. The Maury Service Authority is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The Cities of Buena Vista and Lexington and the County of Rockbridge appoint the Board of Directors and each provides substantially all of the Authority's revenues. Summary financial information is included in Note 4 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements of the Maury Service Authority are available at the Authority's office in Lexington, Virginia.

C. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expenses – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories – 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues or deferred inflows of resources. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund includes the activities of the central stores and the South River flood mitigation funds.

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Broadband Technology Opportunities Program Fund is a special revenue fund of the County.

The *capital projects funds* account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital project funds consist of the School Capital Projects Fund and the Courthouse Construction Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *landfill and recycling funds* account for and report the activities of the Rockbridge County Solid Waste Authority, a blended component unit of the government. The County operates the landfill and recycling operations of the Authority.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Trust and Agency funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Payroll Deduction, Drug, Veterans Memorial, Employee Benefit and the Commonwealth Attorney Forfeitures Funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond and grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources, in order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (continued)

2. Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Inventory

Inventory is valued using the *first in, first out* method. Inventories in the General Fund and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are accounted for under the consumption method. Cost is recorded as an expense at the time the individual inventory items are used.

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$572,934 at June 30, 2013 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Restricted Assets

The governmental funds maintain restricted cash for debt service, garage, fire funds, industrial property, and the discretely presented component unit-school board. The Landfill fund maintains restricted assets invested in the Local Government Investment Pool. These funds are restricted for the payment of future closure and post-closure costs associated with the County's landfill. The Component Unit Rockbridge Public Service Authority maintains restricted assets that are limited by applicable bond covenants.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (continued)

8. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current or previous year.

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Utility, plant and equipment	5-30

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences.

10. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (continued)

10. Long-term obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discount, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

11. Fund equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body
 delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The County establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (continued)

12. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The County shows a deferred charge on refunding reported in to government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

14. Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, Statement No. 63 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement provides guidance for reporting deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on an entity's net position. With the implementation of this Statement, certain terminology has changed and financial statement descriptions have changed from "net asset" to "net position.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

E. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance (continued)

15. Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, Statement No. 65 of the governmental Accounting Standards Board

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The net equity reported in the financial statements was changed as a result of implementing this Statement and a restatement of prior balances was required to record a loan due from the Rockbridge Public Service Authority and to write off bond issue costs in the amount of \$1,295,130 in the governmental activities and \$25,753 in the business-type activities, respectively.

NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net position-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The details of these (\$67,092,879) and (\$1,133,058) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary	Component Unit
		Government	School Board
Bonds and loans payable	\$	(63,450,639) \$	-
Capital leases payable		(173,515)	-
Unamoritzed premium on debt		(3,134,153)	-
Accrued interest payable		(1,063,288)	-
Deferred charge on refunding		1,121,006	-
Net OPEB obligation		(120,000)	(961,000)
Compensated absences		(272,290)	(172,058)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total	'		
governmental funds to arrive at net position-			
governmental activities	\$.	(67,092,879) \$	(1,133,058)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The details of these \$24,313,760 and \$1,180,534 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Capital outlay	\$ _	28,305,957 \$	(412,347)
Depreciation expense		(1,100,462)	(1,298,854)
Allocation of debt financed school assets	3		
based on current year repayments	_	(2,891,735)	2,891,735
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmenta funds to arrive at changes in net position of	1		
governmental activities	\$_	24,313,760 \$	1,180,534

Another element of that reconciliation states that the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The details of this (\$19,382,730) difference in the primary government are as follows:

Issuances:		
General obligation debt	\$	(21,895,000)
Revenue bonds		(11,760,000)
Premium on bonds		(2,533,876)
Principal repayments:		
General obligation debt		3,557,806
Capital leases		117,188
Payment to escrow agent for refunding		13,086,006
Amortization of premium on general obligation bonds		45,146
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in		
fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at		
changes in net position of governmental activities	\$_	(19,382,730)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The details of these (\$305,167) and (\$194,615) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Compensated absences	\$_	(15,780) \$	4,385
Net OPEB obligation		(10,000)	(199,000)
Accrued interest payable	_	(279,387)	
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities)	(305,167) \$	(194,615)

NOTE 3—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to revise appropriations for each department or category as needed to meet actual operational expenditures. The County Administrator is also authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 3—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations:

For the year ended June 30, 2013, the following funds had expenditures exceeding appropriations:

		Excess of		
		Expenditures		
		over		
Fund		Appropriations		
Broadband Technology Opportunities	\$	5,098,312		
School Capital Projects		3,964,920		
Component Unit School Board		535,643		
Component Unit School Cafeteria		20,317		
Total	\$_	9,619,192		

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2013, the Broadband Technology Opportunities Fund had deficit fund equity of (\$229,603). Expenditures paid by the County towards the BTOP program are collected within approximately sixty days after payment through a grant reimbursement from the federal government and its local partners. The delay between expenditures and collection of the reimbursement resulted in this deficit fund equity.

NOTE 4—JOINT VENTURES:

As described in Note 1-B, the following boards are construed as operating as joint ventures between the Cities of Lexington, Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge. Summary financial information for the Boards at June 30, 2013 is provided below:

	Maury		Rockbridge Area
	Service		Community
	 Authority	_	Services Board
Total assets	\$ 40,628,959	\$	7,661,029
Total liabilities and deferred outflows of resources	19,082,652		4,983,257
Total net position	\$ 21,635,423	\$_	2,677,772
For the year ended June 30, 2013			
Operating revenue	\$ 2,611,051	\$	4,896,759
Operating expenses	(2,854,758)		(8,327,560)
Nonoperating income (expense)	 1,219,035		3,175,404
Change in net position	\$ 975,328	\$	(255,397)
Net position at beginning of year as restated	 20,660,095		2,933,169
Net position at end of year	\$ 21,635,423	\$_	2,677,772

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 5—DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS:

Due from other governments consists of payments due from federal, state, and local governmental units at June 30, 2013 as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Component Unit School Board		Component Unit Jail Commission		Component Unit Rockbridge Area Social Services Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:						
State sales taxes	\$ -	\$ 489,387	\$	-	\$	-
Local sales taxes	457,302	-		-		-
Public assistance grants	-	-		-		43,447
Comprehensive services act	-	-		-		249,690
Communications tax	150,890	-		-		
Shared expenses	157,099	-		114,520		-
Other	124,447	232,000		85,870		-
Federal Government:						
BTOP	117,674					
Other	15,980	146,259		-		68,107
Other Governmental Units:						
City of Lexington	-	-		17,467		_
City of Buena Vista	-	-		9,674		-
County of Rockbridge	-	_		28,067		-
Totals	\$ 1,023,392	\$ 867,646	\$ _	255,598	\$_	361,244

NOTE 6—INTERFUND OBLIGATIONS:

The purpose of interfund obligations due to/from component unit is to report the balance of local appropriations unspent at year-end due back to the respective funds. The purpose of interfund obligations due to/from other funds is to repay the general fund for expenditures related to the landfill and school capital projects.

					Due From		Due To
					Component		Component
		Due From		Due To	Unit/Primary		Unit/Primary
Fund		Other Funds		Other Funds	 Government		Government
General	\$	209,183	\$	62,896	\$ 1,545,248	\$	-
Broadband Technology Opportunities		-		207,346	-		-
Landfill Fund		62,896		-	-		-
School Capital Projects		-		1,837	-		_
Component Unit Rockbridge							
Area Social Services		-		-	-		546,541
Component Unit School Board	_	_			 -	_	998,707
Total	\$	272,079	_\$	272,079	\$ 1,545,248	\$_	1,545,248

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

<u>Primary Government – Governmental Activity Indebtedness:</u>

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Revenue I	Bonds	General Oblig	ation Bonds
June 30,		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	\$	489,697 \$	769,836	1,298,061 \$	1,900,320
2015		480,000	799,255	1,340,037	1,738,271
2016		500,000	779,655	1,822,118	1,677,894
2017		135,000	767,293	1,884,665	1,602,878
2018		445,000	754,839	1,952,709	1,523,642
2019		580,000	732,727	2,015,553	1,444,548
2020		605,000	705,999	2,082,446	1,368,716
2021		635,000	675,846	2,154,438	1,286,916
2022		660,000	649,493	2,227,271	1,195,869
2023		685,000	621,918	2,195,253	1,106,851
2024		715,000	587,843	2,183,391	1,025,326
2025		755,000	553,655	1,950,000	957,604
2026		785,000	519,293	2,005,000	899,189
2027		820,000	483,146	1,780,000	844,779
2028		855,000	444,711	1,835,000	787,088
2029		905,000	403,852	1,895,000	723,456
2030		940,000	361,030	1,160,000	681,125
2031		990,000	316,196	1,185,000	498,036
2032		1,035,000	269,002	815,000	314,185
2033		1,075,000	219,561	840,000	288,946
2034		1,130,000	169,169	865,000	262,945
2035		1,180,000	117,726	890,000	236,181
2036		1,230,000	63,961	920,000	208,579
2037		355,000	27,625	950,000	180,061
2038		375,000	9,379	980,000	150,629
2039		-	-	1,010,000	119,650
2040		-	-	1,040,000	87,106
2041		-	-	1,075,000	53,531
2042			-	1,105,000	18,233
Total	\$_	18,359,697 \$	11,803,006	\$ <u>43,455,942</u> \$	23,182,554

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness: (continued)

Year Ending		Litera	ry l	Loans		Capital Leases				
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2014	\$	200,000	\$	48,944	\$	120,235	\$	2,549		
2015		180,000		57,173		53,280		499		
2016		180,000		51,683		-		-		
2017		180,000		45,293		-		-		
2018		180,000		38,003		-		-		
2019		175,000		30,814		-		-		
2020		180,000		22,725		-		_		
2021		180,000		13,635		-		_		
2022	_	180,000		4,545	_	_				
Total	\$_	1,635,000	\$	312,812	\$_	173,515	\$	3,048		

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2013:

		Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Unamortized Bond Premium	Literary Loans	Capital Leases	Net OPEB Obligation	Compensated Absences	Total
Balance	_	Donus	Donus		Loans	Leases	Obligation	Absences	Total
at July 1, 2012 Issuances:	\$	19,055,719 \$	24,262,126 \$	645,423 \$	2,000,000 \$	290,703 \$	110,000	\$ 256,511 \$	46,620,482
General obligation bonds		_	20,460,000	_	_	-	-	_	20,460,000
Revenue bonds		11,760,000	· · ·	-		~	-	-	11,760,000
Literary loans		-	-	-	1,435,000	-	-	-	1,435,000
Premium on bonds Retirements:		-	-	2,533,876	-	-	-	-	2,533,876
Revenue Bonds General obligation		(12,456,022)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,456,022)
bonds			(1,266,184)	-	**	-	_	_	(1,266,184)
Capital leases Premium on bond		•	-	**	-	(117,188)	-	-	(117,188)
issues		_	_	(45,146)	_	_	-		(45,146)
Literary loans Increase in net OPEB		•	-		(1,800,000)	-	-	-	(1,800,000)
obligation		-	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	10,000
Increase in compensated absences Balance	· _		-					15,779	15,779
at June 30, 2013	\$_	18,359,697 \$	43,455,942 \$	3,134,153 \$	1,635,000 \$	173,515 \$	120,000	\$ 272,290 \$	67,150,597

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Obligations: (continued)

Details of Long-Term Obligations:

	Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Revenue bonds:		
\$1,299,514, issued March 15, 2001 payable in semi-annual installments of principal and interest on March 1, and September 1, interest at 4.8%, through January 15, 2023	24,697 \$	24,697
\$15,000,000, issued January 5, 2006 payable in semi-annual installments of principal and interest on February 1, and August 1, variable interest at 3.5%-5.0%, through August 1, 2015	1,070,000	345,000
\$6,000,000 issued December 19, 2007 payable in annual installments of approximately \$383,000, with interest at 4.58%, through June 30, 2038	5,505,000	120,000
\$11,760,000, issued June 5, 2013 at a premium of \$1,771,014, payable in semi-annual installments of principal and interest on October 1, and April 1, variable interest at 4.261%-4.823% through April 1, 2036	11,760,000	
Total revenue bonds \$	18,359,697 \$	489,697
General obligation bonds:		
\$1,500,000 issue dated May 17, 2001, payable in semi-annual installments of principal and interest on January 15, and July 15, through January 2022, interest at 4.79%	865,000 \$	80,000
\$1,000,000 issue dated October 1, 2002 due in various annual principal installments, interest payable semi-annually at rates varying from 2.6% to 4.95% through January 15, 2023.	590,000	45,000
\$10,625,000 issued October 6, 2003 at a premium of \$378,615, due in various annual principal installments, interest payable semi-annually at interest rates varying from 3.1% to 5.35% through July 15, 2028	8,585,000	355,000
\$5,514,484 issued October 6, 2003 at a premium of \$360,006 due in various annual principal installments, interest payable semi-annually at interest rates varying from 3.1% to 5.35% through January 15,	0.40= 0.40	070.004
2024	3,135,942	273,061

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government – Governm	nental Activity Obligations:	(continued)
		

Details of Long-Term Details of Obligations:				
	-	Total Amount	_	Amount Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds: (continued)				
\$3,590,000 issued May 12, 2005 at a premium of \$213,677 due in various annual principal installments, interest payable semi-annually at interest rates varying from 3.1% to 5.1% through July 15, 2025		2,710,000	\$	150,000
\$7,500,000 School tax credit bonds issued December 15, 2011 due in various annual principal installments, interest payable semi-annually at an interest rate of 4.25% through June 30, 2031		7,110,000		395,000
\$20,460,000 VPSA bonds issued November 15, 2012 at a premium of \$540,453, due in various annual principal installments, interest payable semi-annually at variable interest rates through November 15 2042	t	20,460,000	_	
Total school bonds	\$_	43,455,942	\$_	1,298,061
Literary loans:				
\$4,000,000 issue dated January 1, 2002, payable in various annua principal and interest installments through January 1, 2014, interest at 4%		200,000	\$	200,000
\$1,435,000 issue dated May 9, 2013, payable in various annua principal and interest installments, interest rates varying from 3.05%-4% through January 15, 2021		1,435,000	\$_	_
Total literary loans Capital leases:	\$_	1,635,000	\$_	200,000
\$150,000 issued May 31, 2011 for vehicles for the Sheriff Department due in quarterly payments of \$12,970 through May 13, 2014, interest at 2.29%		51,146	\$	51,146
\$206,315 issued March 7, 2012 for vehicles for the Sheriff Department, due in quarterly payments of \$17,726 through March 7, 2015 interest at 1,80%		422.260		60.090
2015, interest at 1.89%	.	122,369	<u>-</u>	69,089
Total capital lease obligations Unamortized bond premium	\$ ₋	173,515	_	120,235
Net OPEB obligation (payable from the General Fund)	\$ ₋ \$	3,134,153	_	164,756
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)	Ψ. \$	120,000 272,290	_	163,374
Total long-term obligations	Φ. \$	67,150,597	_	2,436,123
rotal long-term obligations	Ψ=	07,100,087	Ψ=	2,400,123

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

<u>Primary Government – Enterprise Activity Obligations:</u>

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

		Landfill Fund										
Year Ending		Rever	nue	Bond		Capita	al Le	eases				
June 30,		Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest				
2014	\$	20,000	\$	31,456	\$	75,912	\$	9,080				
2015		20,000		30,631		60,199		6,853				
2016		20,000		29,656		62,154		4,898				
2017		25,000		28,653		64,172		2,880				
2018		25,000		27,522		54,968		811				
2019		25,000		26,316		-		_				
2020		25,000		25,109		-		_				
2021		30,000		23,700		-		-				
2022		30,000		22,238		_		-				
2023		30,000		20,800		-		-				
2024		30,000		19,288		-		-				
2025		35,000		17,622		-		-				
2026		35,000		15,828		-		-				
2027		35,000		14,134		-		-				
2028		40,000		12,462		_		-				
2029		40,000		10,763		_		-				
2030		45,000		8,584		-		-				
2031		45,000		6,278		_		-				
2032		50,000		3,844		-		-				
2033	_	50,000		1,281		-		-				
Total	\$_	655,000	\$_	376,165	\$	317,405	\$	24,522				

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Landfill

Primary Government - Enterprise Activity Obligations: (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions of the enterprise activities for the year ended June 30, 2013.

	Closure and Post-Closure Liability	Net OPEB Obligation	-	Compensated Absences	Bond Payable	Premium on Bond Issue	Capital Leases	Total
Balance at July 1, 2012 Increase in	\$ 1,884,296	\$ 2,000	\$	17,114	\$ 655,000 \$	121,624 \$	39,940 \$	2,719,974
compensated absences	-	-		10,751	-	-	-	10,751
Issuance of capital leases Landfill closure and post-	-	-		-	-	-	309,437	309,437
closure liability	32,033	-		_	-	-	-	32,033
Retirements: Principal on capital leases	-	-		-	-	-	(31,972) \$	(31,972)
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ 1,916,329	\$ 2,000	\$	27,865	\$ 655,000 \$	121,624 \$	317,405 \$	3,040,223

Details of long-term obligations:

Details of long-term obligations:				
				Amount
		Total		Due Within
	_	Amount	_	One Year
Revenue bond: \$655,000 obligation due in varying annual principal installments and semi-annual payments totaling \$51,456 annually with interes from 3.625% to 5.125% beginning October 1, 2012 through April 1	st ,		_	20.000
2033.	\$_	655,000	\$_	20,000
Captial leases: \$66,840 Issued April 24, 2011 for an excavator, due in monthly payments of \$1,982 through March 27, 2014, interest at 4.550%	\$	17,606	\$	17,606
\$309,436 Issued April 13, 2013 for a track loader, due in monthly payments of \$5,588 through April 15, 2018, interest at 4.550% Total capital leases	\$_	299,799 317,405	\$_	58,306 75,912
Unamortized bond premium	\$_	121,624	_	6,081
Landfill closure and post-closure liability	\$_	1,916,329	\$_	-
Net OPEB obligation	\$_	2,000	\$_	_
Compensated absences	\$_	27,865	\$_	16,719
Total long-term obligations	\$_	3,040,223	\$_	118,712

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Rockbridge County Public Service Authority:

Annual requirements to amortize the long-term bonds payable and the related interest are as follows:

Years Ending	_	Revenue Bonds								
June 30,		Principal	_	Interest						
2014	\$	943,309	\$	85,099						
2015		954,642		72,991						
2016		968,476		60,379						
2017		886,759		47,214						
2018		802,116		41,091						
2019-2023		3,986,753		142,346						
2024-2028		2,720,597		79,412						
2029-2033		337,257		47,343						
2034-2038	_	299,182	_	12,532						
Total	\$_	11,899,091	[\$_	588,407						

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

		Balance July 1, 2012		Issuance/ Additions		Retirement/ Reductions		Balance June 30, 2013
Water Fund:					_			
Revenue Bonds	\$	1,307,601	\$	-	\$	192,791	\$	1,114,810
Rural Development Bond		-		1,468,752		1,048		1,467,704
Net OPEB obligation		5,700		1,140		-		6,840
Compensated Absences		20,244		4,634	_			24,878
Total Water Fund	\$	1,333,545	\$	1,474,526	\$	193,839	\$	2,614,232
Sewer Fund:			_					
Revenue Bonds	\$	10,006,694	\$	-	\$	690,117	\$	9,316,577
Advances		1,259,130		361,082		-		1,620,212
Net OPEB obligation		4,300		860		-		5,160
Compensated Absences	_	15,272	_	3,496		-		18,768_
Total Sewer Fund	\$_	11,285,396	\$_	365,438	\$_	690,117	\$	10,960,717
Totals	\$_	12,618,941	\$_	1,839,964	\$_	883,956	[\$ <u>_</u>	13,574,949

Operating contributions from Rockbridge County consisted of the following:

Principal and interest payments on the 2001 Water Revenue Refunding Bond	\$ 117,107
Principal and interest payments on the Route 60 Project	 68,104
Total	\$ 185,211

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Rockbridge County Public Service Authority: (continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

		Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Water Fund: Revenue Bonds:	_		
\$1,266,223 Water Revenue Refunding Bond dated March 1, 2001, payable in semi-annual installments through October 1, 2016. Interest rate of 4.74%. Payments on this bond are anticipated to be made by Rockbridge County.	t	373,637 \$	100,338
\$767,900 Water Revenue Obligation issued through the Buena Vista Industrial Development Authority (Authority portion of \$1,400,000 issue), dated August 1, 1996, payable semi-annually through July 14, 2016, average interest rate of approximately 6.3%. Payments on this bond are anticipated to be made by Rockbridge County.	,	211,173	54,850
\$940,000 Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Series 2002A) issued through the Virginia Resources Authority, dated June 6, 2002, payable annually through April 1, 2022, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 3.1% to 5.35%.	′	530,000	50,000
\$2,081,000 Water System Revenue Bonds (Series 2012) issued through the United States Department of Agriculture, dated June 28, 2012, payable annually through June 28, 2052, stated interest rate of 2.0%.		1,467,704	48,004
Total Bonds	\$	2,582,514 \$	253,192
Compensated absences	\$	24,878 \$	24,878
Net OPEB obligation	·	6,840	<u>-</u>
Total Water Fund	\$	2,614,232 \$	278,070
Sewer Fund:			
Revenue Bonds: \$14,700,000 Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2005 issued through the Virginia Revolving Loan Fund payable through December 31, 2027 in equal installments with no interest. Amount advanced and outstanding at year-end.	ì	9,316,577 \$	690,117
Advances:		, , .	•
Loan from Rockbridge County, dated September 1, 2010. No agreed			
upon repayment terms.		1,620,212	-
Compensated absences		18,768	18,768
Net OPEB obligation	_	5,160	-
Total Sewer Fund	\$_	10,960,717 \$	708,885
Total long-term obligations	\$ _	13,574,949 \$	986,955

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission:

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

	Balance July 1, 2012	 Additions	-	Reductions	 Balance June 30, 2013
Net OPEB Obligation (payable from Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission)	27,000	\$ 12,000	\$	4,000	\$ 35,000
Compensated Absences (payable from Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission)	140,301	7,729		_	148,030
Total Long-Term Obligations		 \$ 19,729	- \$	4,000	 \$ 183,030

Details of long-term obligations:

		Amount
	Total	Due Within
	Amount	One Year
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 35,000	\$ -
Compensated absences	\$ 148,030	\$ 109,818
Total obligations	\$ 183,030	\$ 109,818

Component Unit - Rockbridge Area Social Services Board:

Changes in Long-Term Obligations:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Issuance/ Additions	Retirement/ Reductions	Balance June 30, 2013
Capital lease	\$ 19,846	\$ 	\$ 12,229	\$ 7,617
Compensated Absences (payable from Rockbridge Area Social Services				
Board)	107,677	<u></u>	 18,253	89,424
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 127,523	\$ -	\$ 30,482	\$ 97,041

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 7—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit - Rockbridge Area Social Services Board: (continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

	Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Capital Lease:		
\$36,709 capital lease, issued May 27, 2009, payable in monthly installments of \$729, at 7% interest beginning June 2009 and ending May		
2014	7,617	7,617
Compensated absences	89,424	53,654
9	§97,0 <u>41</u> \$	61,271

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Years Ending	_	Capital Leases									
June 30,		Principal		Interest							
2014	\$	7,617	\$	246							
Total	\$_	7,617	\$	246							

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the School Board Component Unit for the year ended June 30, 2013:

	Balance				Balance
	 July 1, 2012	Additions	 Reductions	_	June 30, 2013
Compensated Absences	\$ 176,443 \$	_	\$ 4,385	\$	172,058
Net OPEB Obligation	 762,000	199,000	 	_	961,000
Total	\$ 938,443 \$	199,000	\$ 4,385	\$	1,133,058

Details of long-term obligations:

			Amount
		Total	Due Within
		Amount	 One Year
Compensated absences (payable from the School Fund)	\$	172,058	\$ 103,235
Net OPEB obligation		961,000	
Total long-term obligations	\$_	1,133,05 <u>8</u>	\$ 103,235

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan:

Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and Plan 1 members who were not vested on January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70 %. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. The multiplier for Plan 2 members was reduced to 1.65% effective January 1, 2013 unless they are hazardous duty employees and their employer has elected the enhanced retirement multiplier. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued):

A. Plan Description (continued)

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2012-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's and School's non-professional employee contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2013 were 13.34% and 7.98%, respectively of annual covered payroll.

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$1,939,535, \$943,498, and \$577,090, to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively and these contributions represented 11.66%, 6.33%, and 3.93% for 2013, 2012, and 2011 respectively, of current covered payroll.

Component Unit - Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the Commission is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Commission's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 9.86% of annual covered payroll.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued):

B. Funding Policy (continued)

Component Unit - Rockbridge County Public Service Authority

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the Authority is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Authority's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 8.52% of annual covered payroll.

Component Unit - Rockbridge Area Social Services Board

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2013 was 9.14% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2013, the Primary Government's annual pension cost of \$762,643 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2013, the County School Board's annual pension cost for the Board's non-professional employees was \$134,701 which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2013, the Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission's annual pension cost for the Board's non-professional employees was \$132,585 which was equal to the Commission's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2013, the Rockbridge County Public Service Authority's annual pension cost of \$30,417 was equal to the Authority's required and actual contributions.

For fiscal year 2013, the Rockbridge Area Social Services Board's annual pension cost of \$75,830 was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued):

C. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

Trend information for the County and its discretely presented component units is as follows:

,	, ,	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
	_	Cost (APC)	Contributed	 Obligation
Primary Government:				
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2013	\$	762,643	100%	\$ _
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2012		580,976	100%	_
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2011		588,669	100%	-
Component Unit - School Board Non-Professional	Em	ployees:		
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2013	\$	134,701	100%	\$ _
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2012		67,096	100%	-
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2011		65,169	100%	-
Component Unit - Rockbridge Regional Jail Comm	ıissi	on:		
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2013	\$	132,585	100%	\$ -
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2012		137,598	100%	_
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2011		146,261	100%	-
Component Unit - Rockbridge County Public Servi	ce A	Authority:		
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2013	\$	30,417	100%	\$ -
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2012		29,625	100%	_
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2011		27,440	100%	-
Component Unit - Rockbridge Area Social Service	s Bo	oard:		
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2013	\$	75,830	100%	\$ -
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2012		60,610	100%	-
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2011		61,217	100%	-

The FY 2013 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.755 to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and the component units' assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and component units' unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 8—DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 73.56% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$28,278,010, and the actuarial value of assets was \$20,802,708, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$7,475,302. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$5,366,128, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 139.31%. The Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission Participates in the County's plan and does not have a separate actuarial valuation.

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County School Board's non-professional plan was 83.16% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,193,562, and the actuarial value of assets was \$5,981,938, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,211,624. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,499,893, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 80.78%.

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Rockbridge Area Social Services Board's plan was 84.86% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$4,686,433, and the actuarial value of assets was \$3,977,054, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$709,379. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$773,190, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 91.75%.

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Rockbridge County Public Service Authority's plan was 89.68% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$1,234,153, and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,106,807, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$127,346. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$326,909, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 38.95%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

County and Other Participating Entities:

Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. This standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to postemployment health care and other non-pension benefits. Historically, the plan subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the County accrue the cost of other postemployment benefits during the period of the employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future costs of postemployment benefits and the financial impact on the County. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

A. Plan Description

The County offers its employees the option to participate in the group health insurance program offered to other employees upon retirement, through a single-employer defined benefit plan. Employees must meet the age and service criteria for reduced VRS retirement and be a current employee at least 50 years of age and have been employed by the County in a benefits-eligible position for 10 of the last 13 years prior to retirement are eligible to remain enrolled in the health insurance group plan and continue to have the premiums paid for health insurance coverage subject to specific terms. Spouses and dependents listed for coverage by the employee prior to retirement may remain in the group program. Once the employee has retired, only the deletion or termination of coverage will be permitted. Full cost of dependent coverage will be the responsibility of the retired employee. Eligibility for this benefit terminates at the time the retiree obtains other health coverage or reaches the age of 65. Should an employee be granted full retirement by VRS and/or Social Security because of disability, he/she will be eligible to receive the payments made by the County for retirees regardless of age if he/she has been employed by the County for at least 10 years immediately prior to the disability. The County reserves the right to change the terms of the retirees' health insurance coverage at any time, including the right to terminate any or all coverage provided to retirees.

The Rockbridge Landfill and Component Units Rockbridge Regional Jail Commission and Rockbridge Public Service Authority (herein are referred to as Other Participating Entities) are included in this plan.

B. Funding Policy

The Rockbridge County Government establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Retirees pay 100% of spousal premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of other post employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is based on the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is presented in the following table for fiscal year 2013. The County has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The County is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (of funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

County and Other Participating Entities: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The following table shows the components of the County and Other Participating entities' annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated contribution to the Plan, and changes in the County and Other Participating Entities' net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

						Rockbridge
				Rockbridge	Rockbridge	Public Service
		County		Regional Jail	Landfill	Authority
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	39,000	\$	12,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000
Interest on OPEB Obligation		5,000		1,000	-	-
Adjustment to ARC	_	(5,000)	_	(1,000)	 -	 ~
Annual OPEB Cost	\$	39,000	\$	12,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000
Contributions Made	_	(29,000)		(4,000)	 (2,000)	 -
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$	10,000	\$	8,000	\$ =	\$ 2,000
Net OPEB Obligation -beginning of year		110,000		27,000	2,000	10,000
Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$_	120,000	\$	35,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 12,000

For fiscal year 2013, the County's expected cash payment of \$29,000 was \$10,000 short of the OPEB cost.

For fiscal year 2013, the Rockbridge Regional Jail Commission's expected cash payment of \$4,000 was \$8,000 short of the OPEB cost.

For fiscal year 2013, the Rockbridge Landfill's expected cash payment was equal to the OPEB cost.

For fiscal year 2013, the Rockbridge Public Service Authority's expected cash payment of \$0 was \$2,000 short of the OPEB cost.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

County and Other Participating Entities: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

The plan's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Annual OPEB Cost:			Percentage	
			of Annual	
	Fiscal	Annual	OPEB	Net
	Year	OPEB	Cost	OPEB
	Ended	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
County	June 30, 2013 \$	39,000	74.36% \$	120,000
	June 30, 2012	46,000	67.39%	110,000
	June 30, 2011	43,000	44.19%	95,000
Rockbridge Regional Jail	June 30, 2013	12,000	33.33%	35,000
	June 30, 2012	14,000	42.86%	19,000
	June 30, 2011	17,000	50.00%	12,000
Rockbridge Landfill	June 30, 2013	2,000	100.00%	2,000
	June 30, 2012	1,000	0.00%	2,000
	June 30, 2011	1,000	100.00%	2,000
Rockbridge Public				
Service Authority	June 30, 2013	2,000	0.00%	12,000
	June 30, 2012	3,000	123.33%	10,000
	June 30, 2011	3,000	0.00%	8,000

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 448,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 448,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 6,655,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	6.73%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

County and Other Participating Entities: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal cost method is used to determine the Plan's funding liabilities and costs. Under this method, the actuarial present value of projected benefits of every active Participant as if the Plan's provisions on the valuation date had always been in effect, is determined as a level percentage of expected annual earnings for each future year of expected service. A normal cost for each year from the assumed entry date is determined by applying this level percentage of pay to the assumed earnings for that year (or if benefits are not pay related, the level amount for each year). Under this method, inactive Participants have no normal cost, and the actuarial liability is the present value of the plan benefits to which they and their beneficiaries are entitled. The Plan's total annual normal cost and actuarial liability are the sum of the individual Participant amounts. An experience gain or loss is a decrease or increase in the unfunded actuarial liability attributable to actual experience that differed from that expected by the actuarial assumptions. Such gains or losses are explicitly recognized under this method. Data is net of any retiree contributions. The UAAL is being amortized on an open basis. The remaining amortization at July 1, 2012 was 20 years.

Interest Assumptions Not funded Discount rate 4% Payroll growth 2.50%

School Board Health Insurance Plan

A. Plan Description

The Rockbridge County School Board offers its employees the option to participate in the group health insurance program offered to other employees upon retirement, through a single-employer defined benefit plan. Employees must meet the age and service criteria for reduced VRS retirement and be a current employee at least 50 years of age and have been employed by the School Board in a benefits-eligible position for 10 of the last 13 years prior to retirement are eligible to remain enrolled in the health insurance group plan and continue to have the premiums paid for health insurance coverage subject to specific terms. Spouses and dependents listed for coverage by the employee prior to retirement may remain in the group program. Once the employee has retired, only the deletion or termination of coverage will be permitted.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

School Board Health Insurance Plan (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

Full cost of dependent coverage will be the responsibility of the retired employee. Eligibility for this benefit terminates at the time the retiree obtains other health coverage or reaches the age of 65. Should an employee be granted full retirement by VRS and/or Social Security because of disability, he/she will be eligible to receive the payments made by the School Board for retirees regardless of age if he/she has been employed by the School Board for at least 10 years immediately prior to the disability. The School Board reserves the right to change the terms of the retirees' health insurance coverage at any time, including the right to terminate any or all coverage provided to retirees.

B. Funding Policy

The Rockbridge County School Board establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The School Board also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Retirees pay 100% of spousal premiums. Coverage ceases when retirees reach the age of 65. Surviving spouses are not allowed access to the plan.

The annual cost of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is based on the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is \$330,000 for fiscal year 2013. The School Board has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities. The School Board is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (of funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated contributions to the Plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

		School
		Board
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ _	332,000
Interest on OPEB Obligation		30,000
Adjustment to ARC		(32,000)
Annual OPEB Cost	\$	330,000
Contributions Made		(131,000)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$	199,000
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year		762,000
Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$_	961,000

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

School Board Health Insurance Plan (continued)

B. Funding Policy (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost. For 2013, the School Board's expected cash payment of \$233,000 is \$199,000 less than the OPEB cost (expense) of \$332,000. The Government's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the two preceding years are as follows:

Fiscal Annual Year OPEB Ended Cost		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation	
June 30, 2013	\$	330,000	40%	\$ 961,000
June 30, 2012		399,000	58%	762,000
June 30, 2011		387,000	52%	596,000

C. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 4,290,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	4,290,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 16,081,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	26.68%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PROGRAM: (CONTINUED)

School Board Health Insurance Plan (continued)

D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal cost method is used to determine the Plan's funding liabilities and costs. Under this method, the actuarial present value of projected benefits of every active Participant as if the Plan's provisions on the valuation date had always been in effect, is determined as a level percentage of expected annual earnings for each future year of expected service. A normal cost for each year from the assumed entry date is determined by applying this level percentage of pay to the assumed earnings for that year (or if benefits are not pay related, the level amount for each year). Under this method, inactive Participants have no normal cost, and the actuarial liability is the present value of the plan benefits to which they and their beneficiaries are entitled. The Plan's total annual normal cost and actuarial liability are the sum of the individual Participant amounts. An experience gain or loss is a decrease or increase in the unfunded actuarial liability attributable to actual experience that differed from that expected by the actuarial assumptions. Such gains or losses are explicitly recognized under this method. Data is net of any retiree contributions. The UAAL is being amortized on an open basis. The remaining amortization at July 1, 2010 was 20 years.

Interest Assumptions
Discount rate
Payroll growth

Not funded 4% 2.50%

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly established the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service of (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 9—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

VRS Health Insurance Credit Program (continued)

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.1% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$179,165, \$89,464, and \$88,130, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 10—DEFERRED INFLOWS/OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

Deferred inflows of resources totaling \$7,984,173 is comprised of the following:

- A. <u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u>: Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2013 but paid in advance by taxpayers totaled \$407,793 at June 30, 2013.
- B. <u>Unbilled Property Taxes</u>: Property taxes for the second half of 2013 that had not been billed as of June 30, 2013 amounted to \$7,576,380.

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$1,121,006 is comprised of the following:

A. <u>Deferred Charge on Refunding</u>: Deferred inflows representing gain on refunding of debt but not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$1,121,006 at June 30, 2013.

NOTE 11—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Federal programs in which the County participates were audited in accordance with the provisions of U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the federal government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

NOTE 12-DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 12—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (CONTNUED)

Investments:

Statutes authorize the County and its discretely component units to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, prime quality commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County investment policy for credit risk is consistent with the investments allowed by statutes as detailed above.

The County and its discretely presented component units rated debt investments as of June 30, 2013 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments' Values						
Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings				
		AAAm				
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ -	10,001,654				
SNAP External Investment Pool		7,327,109				
Total	\$	17 328 763				

External Investment Pool

The fair value of the positions in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7. The State Non-arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Interest Rate Risk

All County investments must be in securities maturing within five years.

NOTE 13—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

The County and the City of Lexington entered into a modified voluntary settlement of Annexation and Immunity Agreement on May 6, 1986. This agreement is based on real estate assessed values and on non property local taxes. The amount due the City of Lexington is payable on January 1 of each year. Included in these financial statements is the payment for the year ended June 30, 2012 in the amount of \$1,718,759. The amount to be paid on January 1, 2014, and which is not included in the financial statements, totals \$1,742,885 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

The Government had the following material construction contracts outstanding at June 30, 2013:

Project	Project Contractor		Original Contract Amount		Amount Spent to Date		
Component units:							
School Board:	115.0			40 000 570	_	4 000 404	
Maury River Middle School	MB Contractors, Inc.	\$ <u>23,955,000</u>	_ \$	19,662,579	.\$.	<u>4,292,421</u>	
Total School Board		\$ <u>23,955,000</u>	_ \$	19,662,579	\$.	4,292,421	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 14—CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Primary Government:

		Beginning					Ending
		Balance	Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	2,393,836 \$	-	\$	- \$	5	2,393,836
Construction in progress		4,241,442	29,464,965		-		33,706,407
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	\$	6,635,278 \$	29,464,965	\$	- \$	}	36,100,243
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	53,374,524 \$	57,425	\$	(4,635,264) \$	5	48,796,685
Machinery and equipment		3,092,084	307,503		(331,078)		3,068,509
Total capital assets being				'			
depreciated	\$	56,466,608 \$	364,928	\$	(4,966,342) \$	5	51,865,194
Accumulated depreciation:				•			
Buildings and improvements	\$	(7,342,938) \$	(856,799)	\$	219,593 \$	5	(7,980,144)
Machinery and equipment		(2,298,196)	(243,663)		252,818		(2,289,041)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(9,641,134) \$		\$	472,411 \$; -	(10,269,185)
Total capital assets being				•			
depreciated, net	\$	46,825,474 \$	(735,534)	\$	(4,493,931) \$	5	41,596,009
Governmental activities capital						_	
assets, net	\$	53,460,752 \$	28,729,431	\$	(4,493,931) \$	6	77,696,252
Business-type activities:						_	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	540,137 \$	-	\$	- \$	6	540,137
Construction in progress	, .	589,282	384,376	•	(832,666)		140,992
Total capital assets not being			,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
depreciated	\$	1,129,419 \$	384,376	\$	(832,666) \$	6	681,129
Capital assets being depreciated:	-						
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,583,181 \$	832,666	\$	- \$	6	2,415,847
Machinery and equipment	•	1,141,876	325,841	·			1,467,717
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	2,725,057 \$		\$	- \$	5 -	3,883,564
Accumulated depreciation:					,	_	
Buildings and improvements	\$	(889,133) \$	(93,153)	\$	- \$	5	(982,286)
Machinery and equipment	7	(1,044,463)	(46,340)	•			(1,090,803)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(1,933,596) \$	United the second secon	\$	- \$, –	(2,073,089)
Total capital assets being	Ψ.	(1/000/000)	(100,100)	Τ,		_	(210,01000)
depreciated, net	\$	791,461 \$	1,019,014	\$	- \$	6	1,810,475
Business-type activities	*	, ι Ψ	.,0.0,0.1	Τ,		_	.,,
capital assets, net	\$	1,920,880 \$	1,403,390	\$	(832,666) \$	6	2,491,604
suprice according	Ψ	-1,020,000 φ	1,100,000	Ψ.	(002,000)	_	2,101,001

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 14—CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 812,916
Public safety	156,124
Public works	18,543
Parks, recreation, and cultural	101,529
Community Development	11,350
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,100,462
Business-type activities:	
Solid Waste Authority	\$ 139,493
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	\$ 139,493

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:	-	<u> </u>	morcasco	-	<u> Deoreacee</u>	-	Dalarioo
Land	\$	117,555 \$	_	\$	-	\$	117,555
Construction in progress	Ψ	2,519,686	-	т	(2,519,686)	7	-
Total capital assets not being	-			-		-	
depreciated	\$	2,637,241 \$	-	\$	(2,519,686)	\$	117,555
Capital assets being depreciated:				-		-	
Buildings and improvements	\$	28,349,055 \$	4,929,206	\$	_	\$	33,278,261
Machinery and equipment	_	4,298,898_	436,295	_	(420,779)	_	4,314,414
Total capital assets being	_						
depreciated	\$_	32,647,953_\$	5,365,501	\$	(420,779)	\$_	37,592,675
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	(13,782,583) \$	(1,316,377)	\$	-	\$	(15,098,960)
Machinery and equipment	_	(3,260,215)	(348,904)	_	366,427	_	(3,242,692)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	<u>(17,042,798)</u> \$ _	(1,665,281)	\$	366,427	\$_	(18,341,652)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$_	15,605,155\$_	3,700,220	_\$	(54,352)	\$_	19,251,023
School Board capital assets, net	\$_	<u>18,242,396</u> \$	3,700,220	\$	(2,574,038)	\$_	<u> 19,368,578</u>

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 14—CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board</u>: (continued)

Reconciliation of increases in accumulated depreciation to depreciation expense:

Depreciation expense \$ 1,445,688

Transfer of accumulated depreciation from primary government for corresponding debt financed assets \$ 219,593

Net increase in accumulated depreciation \$ 1,665,281

a. Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local government on-behalf of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the new law, local governments have a tenancy in common with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Rockbridge, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2013, is that school financed assets in the amount of \$39,126,978 are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit—Rockbridge Area Social Services Board:</u>

Capital asset activity for the Social Services Board for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

		Beginning				Ending
	_	Balance	_	Additions	_	Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:						_
Equipment	\$	75,693	\$	-	\$	75,693
Vehicle		73,036		-		73,036
Furniture and fixtures		8,857	_	-		8,857
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	157,586	\$	-	\$_	157,586
Accumulated depreciation						
Equipment	\$	(70,893)	\$	(1,200)	\$	(72,093)
Vehicle		(62,642)		(10,393)		(73,035)
Furniture and fixtures		(8,857)		_	_	(8,857)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(142,392)	\$_	(11,593)	\$_	(153,985)
Net capital assets	\$_	15,194	\$	(11,593)	\$_	3,601
Furniture and fixtures Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation Equipment Vehicle Furniture and fixtures Total accumulated depreciation	\$	8,857 157,586 (70,893) (62,642) (8,857) (142,392)	\$	(1,200) (10,393) - (11,593)	\$ _	8,857 157,586 (72,093 (73,035 (8,857 (153,985

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$11,593.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 14—CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit—Regional Jail Commission:

A summary of capital assets is summarized below:

	_	Beginning Balance		Additions		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated	_		-			
Construction in progress	\$_	151,053	\$_		\$_	151,053
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Jail facility	\$	3,711,513	\$	-	\$	3,711,513
Food service equipment		73,170		-		73,170
Washers/dryers		20,253		-		20,253
Communications		7,106		_		7,106
Office equipment		98,157		-		98,157
Telephone system		24,765		-		24,765
Other equipment	_	229,857	_	42,117		271,974
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	4,164,821	\$	42,117	\$	4,206,938
Accumulated depreciation		(2,844,618)	_	(105,845)		(2,950,463)
Net capital assets	\$ _	1,471,256	\$_	(63,728)	\$_	1,407,528

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year totaled \$105,845.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 14—CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

Component Unit—Rockbridge County Public Service Authority:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2013 follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	369,989 \$	11,270 \$	- \$	381,259
Construction in progress	_	773,782	1,771,366	(743,882)	1,801,266
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	\$	1,143,771 \$	1,782,636 \$	(743,882) \$	2,182,525
Capital assets being depreciated:	_				
Buildings and improvements	\$	176,866 \$	- \$	- \$	176,866
Machinery and equipment		357,300	306,329	(3,373)	660,256
Utility plant and equipment	_	33,835,274	516,524	(22,747)	34,329,051
Capital assets being depreciated	\$	34,369,440 \$	822,853 \$	(26,120) \$	35,166,173
Accumulated depreciation	_				
Buildings and improvements	\$	(91,481) \$	(4,422) \$	- \$	(95,903)
Machinery and equipment		(326,286)	(44,209)	3,373	(367,122)
Utility plant and equipment	_	(9,784,856)	(825,841)	22,508	(10,588,189)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(10,202,623) \$	(874,472) \$	25,881 \$	(11,051,214)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	24,166,817 \$	(51,619) \$	(239) \$	24,114,959
Net capital assets	\$]	25,310,588 \$	1,731,017 \$	(744,121) \$	26,297,484

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year totaled \$874,472.

NOTE 15—ADVANCES TO/FROM PARTICIPATING ENTITIES:

The general fund has established an asset for advances to other entities in the amount of \$1,683,691. This is comprised of advances to the component unit Rockbridge Public Service Authority and the Solid Waste Authority in the amounts of \$1,620,212 and \$63,479, respectively.

The Solid Waste Authority has established a liability for advances from participating localities as follows:

		Balance		Balance
		July 1,	Increase	June 30,
	_	2012	(Decrease)	2013
City of Lexington	\$	5,303 \$	- \$	5,303
City of Buena Vista		5,510	-	5,510
Rockbridge County		63,479		63,479
Total	\$_	<u>74,292</u> \$	\$	74,292

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 16—LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COST:

The Solid Waste Authority owns the only permitted landfill site within the County of Rockbridge. The Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista also use the landfill site. Landfill costs are prorated to each jurisdiction based on tonnage of solid waste accepted each month. The County of Rockbridge is responsible for the management and operation of the landfill. Rockbridge County's share of tonnage has historically been approximately 70%, the City of Lexington's share has been approximately 20%, and Buena Vista's approximately 10%.

State and federal laws and regulations require the Solid Waste Authority to place a final cover on the landfill site when it is filled to capacity or stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Solid Waste Authority reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity at each balance sheet date.

The landfill began operation during 1972 and currently has an estimated capacity to last until the year 2014. The \$1,916,329 reported as accrued closure and post-closure liability at June 30, 2013 represents the cumulative amount reported based on the estimated number of years remaining (one). The Authority expects to close the landfill in the year 2014. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$1,916,329 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2013. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The Solid Waste Authority intends to fund these costs from tipping revenues and from any funds derived and accumulated for this purpose in the upcoming years.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Assurance Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

NOTE 17—RISK MANAGEMENT:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County carries commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 18—SURETY BONDS:

The County had the following surety bonds on hand at June 30, 2013:

	 Amount
Department of Treasury - Division of Rick Management	
D. Bruce Patterson, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 230,000
Betty S. Trovato, Treasurer	400,000
David C. Whitesell, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Christopher J. Blalock, Sheriff	30,000
Above constitutional officers' employees-blanket bond	50,000
VACORP	
Rhonda Humprhies, Clerk of the School Board	10,000
Blanket position - all employees	250,000

NOTE 19—INTERFUND TRANSFERS:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In		Transfers Out
Primary Government:			-	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,234,972
Landfill Fund		139,993		-
Recycling Fund		1,094,979		-
Total	\$ _	1,234,972	\$	1,234,972

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 20—CAPITAL LEASES:

The government has financed the acquisition of sheriff's vehicles and landfill equipment by means of capital leases. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore, have been recorded at their present values of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		Governmental Activities	Component-unit Social Services Board
Assets:			
Machinery and equipment	\$	371,950 \$	52,088
Accumulated depreciation	_	(164,797)	(52,088)
Total	\$]	207,154 \$	_

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2013, are as follows:

			Component-unit
Year Ended		Governmental	Social Services
June 30,		Activities	 Board
2014	_\$_	122,784	\$ 7,787
2015		53,779	
Total minimum lease payments	\$	176,563	\$ 7,787
Amount representing interest		(3,048)	 (170)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$_	173,515	\$ 7,617

NOTE 21—CURRENT REFUNDING:

On May 9, 2013, the County issued and \$1,435,000 general obligation bond, Series 2013A (Refunding Bond) and sold it to the Virginia Public School Authority (VPSA). The proceeds from the issuance and sale of the current refunding bond were used to redeem, refinance, and refund the outstanding principal amount of the County for one literary loan in the amount of \$1,600,000. The net carrying amount (including premium) of the new debt equaled the carrying amount of the old debt. The current refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next sixteen years by \$212,188 and resulted in total net present value savings of \$200,956 for the County.

NOTE 22—ADVANCE REFUNDING:

The government issued \$11,760,000 in revenue bonds at interest rates ranging from 4.261% to 4.823%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$11,965,000 of outstanding 2005 Series C, public improvement bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$13,531,014 (including a \$1,777,014 premium, and after payment of \$252,391 in underwriting fees, and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt services payment on the refunding bonds. As a result, the 2005 Series C, 2005 Series B revenue bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2013

NOTE 22—ADVANCE REFUNDING: (CONTINUED)

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,121,006. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The government advance refunded the 2005 Series C revenue bonds to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$742,744.

NOTE 23—BEGINNING FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION RESTATEMENT:

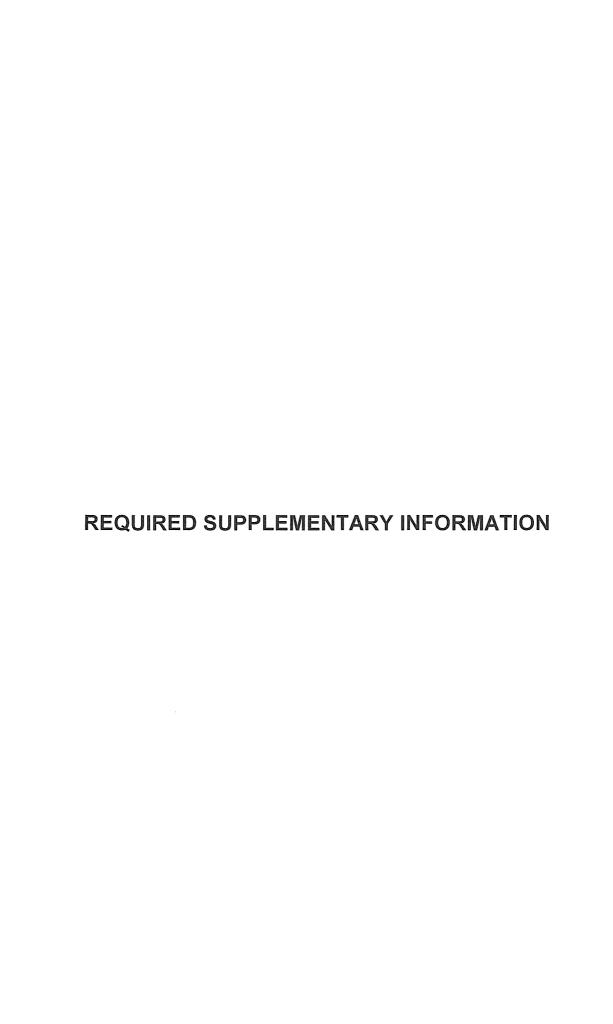
The beginning fund balance/net position of the General Fund, Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities (Solid Waste Authority) was adjusted to record advances to other entities not previously recorded, reclassify equipment and write off bond issue costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65-Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities as follows:

	General Fund	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Fund Balance/Net position at July 1, 2012 as soriginally reported To adjust for due from other entities-Rockbridge	19,116,254	31,143,791 \$	2,922,487
County PSA not previously recorded To adjust for landfill excavator equipment	1,259,130	1,259,130	-
originally recorded in the governmental activities	-	(17,350)	17,350
To adjust for write-off of bond issue costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65.			(25,753)
Fund Balance/Net position at July 1, 2012 as restated \$ _	20,375,384	32,385,571 \$	2,914,084

NOTE 24—UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 related to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The County has not determined the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.





·					Variance with
	_	Budgeted A	Amounts		Final Budget -
				Actual	Positive
DEVENUE		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES	ď	21 040 604 6	24 049 440 €	22 414 020 Ф	1 266 520
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	21,049,684 \$ 7,937,700	21,048,410 \$ 7,937,850	22,414,930 \$ 8,157,801	1,366,520 219,951
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		208,500	208,500	172,766	(35,734)
Fines and forfeitures		171,000	171,000	235,024	64,024
Revenue from the use of money and property		74,000	74,000	53,549	(20,451)
Charges for services		1,345,100	1,345,100	1,482,185	137,085
Miscellaneous		541,700	541,700	764,848	223,148
Recovered costs		342,780	342,780	350,799	8,019
Intergovernmental revenues:		·	·		
Commonwealth		4,789,472	4,789,472	4,847,109	57,637
Federal	_	125,000_	125,000	306,518	181,518
Total revenues	\$_	36,584,936 \$	36,583,812 \$	38,785,529 \$	2,201,717
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	•	4 000 700	4 704 740	4 500 505 6	440.450
General government administration	\$	1,603,709 \$	1,704,743 \$	1,588,585 \$	•
Judicial administration Public safety		1,299,720 5,509,687	1,317,060 5,881,315	1,278,954 5,784,020	38,106 97,295
Public works		2,760,458	3,178,965	3,082,574	96,391
Health and welfare		1,274,148	1,279,026	1,413,425	(134,399)
Education		16,020,165	17,108,216	14,216,366	2,891,850
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,265,942	1,349,277	1,345,586	3,691
Community development		2,262,701	2,603,454	2,238,899	364,555
Nondepartmental		1,809,000	1,737,485	1,723,096	14,389
Debt service:		.,,	.,, ,	-111	,
Principal retirement		1,504,320	1,482,902	2,074,994	(592,092)
Interest and other fiscal charges		8,441	8,440	2,289,521	(2,281,081)
Bond issue costs		-	·	281,128	(281,128)
Total expenditures	\$_	35,318,291 \$	37,650,883 \$	37,317,148 \$	333,735
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	•	1 000 045	(4 007 074) #	4 400 004 0	0.505.450
expenditures	\$_	1,266,645 \$	(1,067,071) \$	1,468,381_\$	2,535,452
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	\$	210,000 \$	210,000 \$	- \$	(210,000)
Transfers out	Ψ	(1,109,217)	(1,297,252)	(1,234,972)	62,280
Refunding bonds issued		(1,100,211)	(',20' ,202 /	11,760,000	11,760,000
Premium on refunding bonds issued		_	-	1,771,014	1,771,014
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	_	(13,086,006)	(13,086,006)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(899,217) \$	(1,087,252) \$	(789,964) \$	
	_				
Net change in fund balances	\$	367,428 \$	(2,154,323) \$	678,417 \$	· · ·
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		(367,428)	2,154,323	20,375,384	18,221,061
Fund balances - ending	\$_	\$_	\$	21,053,801	21,053,801

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress As of June 30, 2013

PRIMAF	RY GOV	ERN	ME	N.	T	
County	Retiren	nent	Pla	n		

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/12 \$	20,802,708 \$	28,278,010 \$ 26,305,910 25,317,355	7,475,302	73.56% \$	5,366,128	139.31%
06/30/11	20,969,792		5,336,118	79.72%	5,386,435	99.07%
06/30/10	20,189,345		5,128,010	79.75%	5,498,053	93.27%

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS:

School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/12 \$ 06/30/11 06/30/10	5,981,938 \$ 6,138,518 6,152,494	7,193,562 \$ 6,811,806 6,637,912 \$	673,288	83.16% \$ 90.12% 92.69%	1,499,893 1,455,186 1,537,350	80.78% 46.27% 31.57%

Component Unit-Rockbridge Area Social Services Board

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/12 \$	3,977,054 \$	4,686,433 \$ 4,823,665 4,556,809	709,379	84.86% \$	773,190	91.75%
06/30/11	4,193,626		630,039	86.94%	835,926	75.37%
06/30/10	4,136,771		420,038	90.78%	867,390	48.43%

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress As of June 30, 2013 (continued)

Component Unit Rockbridge County Public Service Authority

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfun Actua Accru Liabii (UAA (b-a	rial ed ity Funded L) Ratio	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/12 \$	1,106,807 \$	1,234,153	\$ 12	7,346 89.68% \$	\$ 326,909	38.95%
06/30/11	1,096,792	1,153,178	50	5,386 95.11%	304,331	18.53%
06/30/10	1,070,765	1,298,027	22	7,262 82.49%	301,331	75.42%

Other Postemployement Benefit Program Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress As of June 30, 2013

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:

County Other Postemployment Benefit Program (includes Rockbridge Regional Jail Commission, Landfill, and Rockbridge County Public Service Authority)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/12 \$	- \$	448,000 \$	448,000	0.00% \$	6,655,000	6.73%
06/30/11	-	580,000	580,000	0.00%	6,387,000	9.08%
06/30/10	-	547,000	547,000	0.00%	6,387,000	8.56%

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

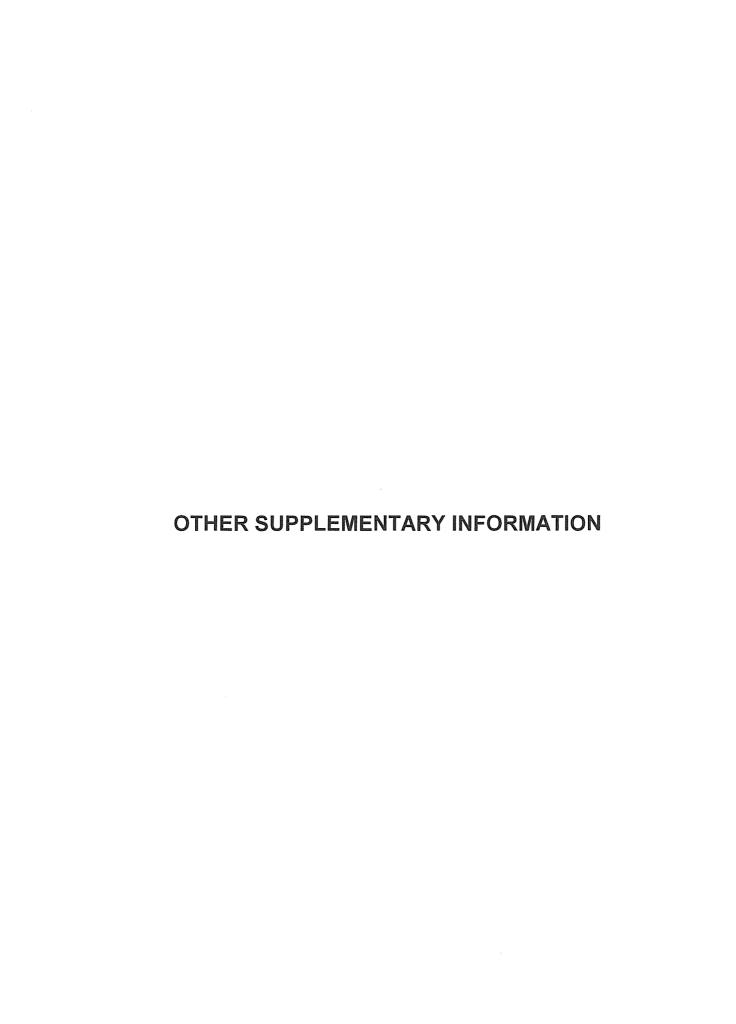
School Board Other Postemployment Benefit Program

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued			UAAL as % of
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
06/30/12 \$	- \$	4,290,000 \$	4,290,000	0.00% \$	16,081,000	26.68%
06/30/10	-	4,406,000	4,406,000	0.00%	16,143,000	27.29%

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

Rockbridge County Public Service Authority

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
06/30/12 \$	- \$	12,000 \$	12,000	0.00% \$	133,738	8.97%
01/01/09	-	11,000	11,000	0.00%	128,352	8.57%



	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$. \$ _		\$	24,680		24,680
Total revenues	\$. \$_		. \$_	24,680	. \$_	24,680
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects	\$	_	\$	19,513,237	\$	21,849,069	\$	(2,335,832)
Debt service:								,,,,,
Principal retirement		-		_		1,600,000		(1,600,000)
Interest and other fiscal charges		_		-		22,444		(22,444)
Bond issue costs		_		-		6,644		(6,644)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$_	19,513,237	\$_	23,478,157	\$_	(3,964,920)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$		\$_	(19,513,237)	\$_	(23,453,477)	.\$_	(3,940,240)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$	_	\$	19,513,237	\$	21,895,000	\$	2,381,763
Premium on bonds	•	~				762,862		762,862
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	[\$_	19,513,237°	\$_	22,657,862	\$_	3,144,625
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(795,615)	\$	(795,615)
Fund balances - beginning	τ	_	7	-	т	5,180,090	_	5,180,090
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	- \$ -	4,384,475	\$	4,384,475

	 Budgeted An	nounts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	 Original	Final	Amounts	~	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 	\$_	-	\$_	-
Total revenues	\$ 	- \$_	-	\$_	_
EXPENDITURES					
Capital projects	\$ \$	- \$	-	\$_	-
Total expenditures	\$ \$	\$	-	\$_	_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$ \$			\$_	
Net change in fund balances	\$ - \$	- \$	-	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning	 		254,255		254,255
Fund balances - ending	\$ \$	\$	254,255	\$_	254,255

	-				 Agency Fu	ınd	ls			
	;	Payroll Deduction Fund		Drug Fund	Veterans Memorial Fund		Employee Benefit Fund		Commonwealth Attorney Forfeitures Fund	Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	67,679 \$	\$ 10,385	\$	2,164	\$	11,175 \$	91,403
Total assets	\$ _		\$_	67,679 \$	\$ 10,385	\$_	2,164	\$	11,175_\$	91,403
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	(68,642)	\$	- \$	\$ _ (\$	-	\$	- \$	(68,642)
Amounts held for payroll deduction		68,642		-	-		-		-	68,642
Amounts held for veterans memorial		-		-	10,385		-		-	10,385
Amounts held for drug enforcement		-		67,679	-		-		-	67,679
Amounts held for employee benefits		-		-			2,164		~	2,164
Amounts held for commonwealth attorney forfeiture	s		_	_	 -	•			11,175	11,175
Total liabilities	\$_		\$_	67,679	\$ 10,385	\$_	2,164	\$	11,175 \$	91,403

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	_	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance End of Year
Payroll Deduction Fund					
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Amounts held for payroll deduction Total liabilities	\$ \$_	(71,586) \$ 71,586 - \$	\$ 304,567 (304,567) \$	\$ 301,623 \$ (301,623) \$ \$	(68,642) 68,642
Drug Fund ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$_ \$_	49,556 49,556			67,679 67,679
LIABILITIES Amounts held for drug enforcement Total liabilities	\$_ \$_	49,556 49,556		\$ 5,111 \$ \$ 5,111 \$	67,679 67,679
Veterans Memorial Fund ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$_ \$_	10,385 10,385		\$\$ \$\$	10,385 10,385
LIABILITIES Amounts held for veterans memorial Total liabilities	\$_ \$_	10,385 10,385		\$\$ \$\$	10,385 10,385
Employee Benefit Fund ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$_ \$	2,164 2,164 3	5. -	\$\$ \$ - \$	2,164 2,164
LIABILITIES Amounts held for employee benefits Total liabilities	\$_ \$_	2,164 2,164		\$\$ \$\$	2,164 2,164
Commonwealth Attorney Forfeitures Fund ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$_ \$_	1,621 1,621		\$ 2,715 \$ \$ 2,715 \$	11,175 11,175
LIABILITIES Amounts held for commonwelath's attorney forfeitures Total liabilities	\$_ \$_	1,621 1,621		\$ <u>2,715</u> \$ \$ <u>2,715</u> \$	11,175 11,175
Totals - All Agency Funds: ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	63,726_\$	35,503	\$\$	91,403
Total assets	\$_	63,726	35,503	\$\$	91,403
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Amounts held for payroll deduction Amounts held for drug enforcement Amounts held for veterans memorial Amounts held for employee benefits Amounts held for commonwelath's attorney forfeitures	\$	(71,586) \$ 71,586 49,556 10,385 2,164 1,621	304,567 (304,567) 23,234 - 12,269	\$ 301,623 \$ (301,623) 5,111 - 2,715	(68,642) 68,642 67,679 10,385 2,164 11,175
Total liabilities	\$_	63,726			91,403

	_	School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		Permanent Scholarship Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	200 \$	148,779	\$	40,402	\$	189,381
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts receivable		184,204	3,348				187,552
Due from other governmental units Inventories		785,709 -	81,937 40,531		- -		867,646 40,531
Prepaid items Total assets	\$_ =	248,664 1,218,777 \$	4,736 279,331	\$_	40,402	\$_	253,400 1,538,510
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	220,070 \$	389	\$	-	\$	220,459
Due to primary government Total liabilities	\$_	998,707 1,218,777 \$	389	\$	-	\$_	998,707 1,219,166
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable: Inventory	\$	- \$	40,531	\$	-	\$	40,531
Prepaid items Endowments		248,664 -	4,736		- 40,402		253,400 40,402
Committed:			000 675		-70,-702		•
Special revenue funds Unassigned		- (248,664)	233,675	_		. <u></u>	233,675 (248,664)
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_ \$_	- \$ \$\$	278,942 279,331	\$ \$	40,402 40,402	\$_ \$_	319,344 1,538,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in different because:	the	statement of net p	position (Exhibi	t 1)	are		
Total fund balances per above						\$	319,344
Capital assets used in governmental activities a are not reported in the funds.	ire n	ot financial resour	ces and, there	fore	9,		19,368,578
Long-term liabilities, including compensated ab- period and, therefore, are not reported in the			nd payable in t	he (current	_	(1,133,058)
Net position of governmental activities						\$_	18,554,864

		School Operating Fund	School Cafeteria Fund		Permanent Scholarship Fund	C	Total Sovernmental Funds	
REVENUES	_					_		
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- \$	113	\$	8	\$	121	
Charges for services		1,106,198	467,178		-		1,573,376	
Miscellaneous		162,925	-		-		162,925	
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government		14,147,982	-		-		14,147,982	
Commonwealth		11,073,326	16,371		-		11,089,697	
Federal		2,101,825	692,311		-		2,794,136	
Total revenues	\$_	28,592,256 \$	1,175,973	\$_	8	\$_	29,768,237	
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education	\$	28,588,376 \$	1,274,748	\$	_	\$	29,863,124	
Debt service:	*	,, +	.,,	*		•		
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,880	_		_		3,880	
Total expenditures	\$	28,592,256 \$	1,274,748	- \$ -	-	\$	29,867,004	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	\$	(98,775)	_\$_	8	.\$_	(98,767)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	(98,775)	\$	8	\$	(98,767)	
Fund balances - beginning			377,717		40,394		418,111	
Fund balances - ending	\$_	\$	278,942	\$_	40,402	\$_	319,344	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in	the s	tatement of activi	ties (Exhibit 2)) ar	e different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total government	al fur	ids - per above				\$	(98,767)	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as exactivities the cost of those assets is allocated as depreciation expense. This is the amount	ove	r their estimated ເ	useful lives an	d re				
depreciation in the current period.							1,180,534	
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net assets.								
Some expenses reported in the statement of ac financial resources and, therefore are not rep		•					(194,615)	
Change in net position of governmental activitie	S					\$_	832,800	

	School Operating Fund									
		Budgeted A	mounts		•		Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)			
REVENUES				_		-				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Charges for services		1,371,250	1,371,250		1,106,198		(265,052)			
Miscellaneous		-	-		162,925		162,925			
Intergovernmental revenues:							•			
Local government		13,902,454	14,017,502		14,147,982		130,480			
Commonwealth		11,072,935	11,070,659		11,073,326		2,667			
Federal		1,597,202	1,597,202		2,101,825		504,623			
Total revenues	\$	27,943,841 \$	28,056,613	\$_	28,592,256	\$_	535,643			
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Education	\$	27,940,841 \$	28,053,613	\$	28,588,376	\$	(534,763)			
Debt service:	_									
Principal retirement		-	-		-		-			
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,000	3,000		3,880		(880)			
Total expenditures	\$	27,943,841 \$	28,056,613	\$_	28,592,256	\$_	(535,643)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	\$_	\$_		\$_	-	\$_				
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Fund balances - beginning			-	-			_			
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-			

School Cafeteria Fund								
	Budgete	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final	<u> </u>	Actual		(Negative)	
ď	100	ď	100	¢.	110	æ	. 40	
\$	100 611,556	\$	100 611,556	\$	113 467,178	\$	13 (144,378)	
	-		-		-		(144,576)	
	-		-		-		-	
	13,300		13,300		16,371		3,071	
	629,475		629,475		692,311		38,048	
\$.	1,254,431	. \$_	1,254,431	_\$_	1,175,973	\$	(103,246)	
\$_	1,254,431	\$_	1,254,431	\$_	1,274,748	\$	(20,317)	
	-		-		_		-	
\$	1,254,431	- \$ -	1,254,431	\$	1,274,748	\$	(20,317)	
-	····					•		
Φ.		¢.		ው	(00 775)	Φ.	(400.500)	
\$_	-	_\$_		_\$_	(98,775)	Ф.	(123,563)	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(98,775)	\$	(123,563)	
	-				377,717		377,717	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	278,942	\$	254,154	

County of Rockbridge, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board June 30, 2013

		Scholarship Private-Purpose Trust
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,780
NET POSITION Held in trust for scholarships	\$	13,780

		Scholarship Private-Purpose Trust	
ADDITIONS			
Investment earnings:			
Interest	\$_	5	
Total additions	\$_	5	
DEDUCTIONS			
Contributions to others	\$	(787)	
Scholarships		(14,296)	
Total deductions	\$_	(15,083)	
Change in net position	\$	(15,078)	
Net position - beginning	_	28,858	
Net position - ending	\$_	13,780	



SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	- -	Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	15,446,084	\$	15,446,084	\$	16,152,227	\$	706,143
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		722,000		722,000		802,734		80,734
Personal property taxes		4,194,600		4,193,326		4,521,469		328,143
Mobile home taxes		44,000		44,000		37,399		(6,601)
Machinery and tools taxes		333,000		333,000		356,921		23,921
Penalties		210,000		210,000		276,343		66,343
Interest		100,000		100,000		267,837		167,837
Total general property taxes	\$	21,049,684	- \$ _	21,048,410	- \$ _	22,414,930	·\$_	1,366,520
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	2,375,000	\$	2,375,000	\$	2,392,591	\$	17,591
Consumers' utility taxes		1,554,000		1,554,000		1,522,050		(31,950)
Business license taxes		800,000		800,000		913,827		113,827
Motor vehicle licenses		541,700		541,850		537,855		(3,995)
Bank stock taxes		102,000		102,000		87,703		(14,297)
Taxes on recordation and wills		200,000		200,000		191,861		(8,139)
Lodging tax Meals tax		1,140,000		1,140,000		1,194,689		54,689
Total other local taxes	\$	1,225,000 7,937,700	- _e –	1,225,000 7,937,850	- _e	1,317,225	- ۾	92,225 219,951
Total other local taxes	Ψ	7,937,700	- ^φ	7,937,650	- ^Φ –	8,157,801	Ψ	219,901
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	8,300	\$	8,300	\$	11,489	\$	3,189
Land use application fees		2,000		2,000		1,340		(660)
Transfer fees		700		700		693		(7)
Permits and other licenses		197,500		197,500		159,244		(38,256)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	208,500	\$_	208,500	\$_	172,766	\$_	(35,734)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	171,000	\$_	171,000	\$_	235,024	\$_	64,024
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	55.000	\$	55.000	\$	26,018	\$	(28,982)
Revenue from use of property	•	19,000	•	19,000	•	27,531	_	8,531
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	74,000	\$_	74,000	\$_	53,549	\$_	(20,451)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	6,700	\$	6,700	\$	10,269	\$	3,569
Charges for courthouse maintenance	*	56,000	•	56,000	~	51,257	*	(4,743)
Courthouse security fees		161,200		161,200		167,288		6,088
Consolidated share-Buena Vista		23,400		23,400		23,400		-,
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		2,000		2,000		4,347		2,347
Charges for garage services		473,000		473,000		645,400		172,400
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		507,100		507,100		477,409		(29,691)
Charges for parks and recreation		99,100		99,100		85,038		(14,062)
Erosion Sediment Control Fee		14,000		14,000		17,457		3,457
DNA Fee		600		600		320		(280)
Total charges for services	\$	1,345,100	\$_	1,345,100	\$_	1,482,185	\$_	137,085

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued) Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	541,700 541,700		541,700 541,700		764,848 \$ 764,848 \$	
Recovered costs: Lexington contribution-court building Joint services City of Lexington Charges for hazard materials cleanup Fiscal agent fees Other recovered costs Total recovered costs	\$ \$	170,000 40,000 50,600 82,180 342,780	\$ 	170,000 40,000 50,600 82,180 342,780	\$ - - - - -	9,407 \$ 170,690 16,162 48,193 106,347 350,799 \$	690 (23,838) (2,407) 24,167
Total revenue from local sources	\$	31,670,464	\$	31,669,340	.\$_	33,631,902 \$	1,962,562
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Motor vehicle carriers' tax Mobile home titling tax Timber sales Motor vehicle rental tax State recordation tax Personal property tax relief funds Total noncategorical aid	\$	63,000 20,000 2,000 35,000 67,700 2,449,624 2,637,324		63,000 20,000 2,000 35,000 67,700 2,449,624 2,637,324		77,033 \$ 14,889 1,871 45,385 50,897 2,449,624 2,639,699 \$	(5,111) (129) 10,385 (16,803)
Categorical aid: Shared expenses: Commonwealth's attorney Sheriff Commissioner of revenue Treasurer Registrar/electoral board Clerk of the Circuit Court Total shared expenses	\$	322,814 1,098,258 98,818 79,666 48,381 248,191 1,896,128		322,814 1,098,258 98,818 79,666 48,381 248,191 1,896,128		312,824 \$ 1,046,784 97,248 79,337 33,549 251,016 1,820,758 \$	(51,474) (1,570) (329) (14,832) 2,825
Other categorical aid: Emergency medical services Victim-witness grant Fire program NBSWCD support Other Total other categorical aid	\$	30,235 49,000 117,018 59,767 256,020	\$ 	30,235 49,000 117,018 59,767 256,020	\$	11,590 \$ 30,776 112,605 120,573 111,108 386,652 \$	541 63,605 3,555 51,341
Total categorical aid	\$	2,152,148	_\$_	2,152,148	\$_	2,207,410 \$	55,262
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	4,789,472	_\$_	4,789,472	.\$_	4,847,109 \$	57,637

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
i did, Major and Millor Nevenue Cource		Buuget		Duuget		Actual		(ivegative)
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government: Noncategorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$_	101,310	\$	36,310
Categorical aid: Ground transportation grant Rental assistance DEQ mining rents and royalties Homeland security grant Economic development grant Domestic violence DHCD Total categorical aid Total revenue from the federal government	\$ \$ \$	60,000 - - - - - 60,000 125,000		60,000 - - - - - 60,000 125,000		14,379 \$ 56,582 872 70,228 27,000 33,147 3,000 205,208 \$ 306,518 \$	5	14,379 (3,418) 872 70,228 27,000 33,147 3,000 145,208
Total General Fund	\$	36,584,936	\$_	36,583,812	\$_	38,785,529	ß	2,201,717
Capital Projects Funds: Broadband Technology Opportunities Program Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$_ \$_	1,706,530 \$ 1,706,530 \$		1,706,530 1,706,530
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Broadband technology opportunities program Total categorical aid	\$		- \$	<u>-</u>	-\$_ -\$	4,110,155 4,110,155 \$	<u> </u>	4,110,155 4,110,155
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	-	_	. * <u>-</u> . \$ _			4,110,155
Total Broadband Technology Opportunities Program	\$	-	\$_	-	. \$ _	5,816,685	<u> </u>	5,816,685
School Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of property	\$	-	. \$_	<u>-</u>	_\$_	24,680_\$	ß	24,680
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$	*	\$	_	\$_	24,680 \$	S	24,680
Total Primary Government	\$	36,584,936	. \$	36,583,812	\$_	44,626,894	<u> </u>	8,043,082

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Charges for services:					
Tuition -private day school	\$	- \$	- \$	6,198 \$	
Tuition-City of Lexington, Buena Vista		1,371,250	1,371,250	1,100,000	(271,250)
Total charges for services	\$	1,371,250 \$_	1,371,250 \$	1,106,198 \$	(265,052)
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Other miscellaneous	\$	- \$	- \$	162,925 \$	162,925
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,371,250 \$	1,371,250 \$	1,269,123	(102,127)
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenues from local governments:					
Contribution from County of Rockbridge, Virginia	\$	13,902,454 \$	14,017,502 \$	14,147,982 \$	
Total revenues from local governments	\$	13,902,454 \$	14,017,502 \$	14,147,982 \$	130,480
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,859,970 \$	2,859,970 \$	2,860,950 \$	980
Basic school aid	•	5,146,960	5,146,960	5,192,162	45,202
Remedial summer education		26,520	26,520	-	(26,520)
Regular foster care		15,656	15,656	-	(15,656)
Gifted and talented		58,437	58,437	59,036	599
Remedial education		144,823	144,823	146,307	1,484
Special education		706,251	706,251	693,033	(13,218)
Textbook payment		113,991	113,991	115,159	1,168
Vocational standards of quality payments		166,419	166,419	168,125	1,706
Social security fringe benefits		344,272	344,272	347,800	3,528
Retirement fringe benefits		574,210	574,210	580,094	5,884
Early reading intervention		46,149	46,149	44,557	(1,592)
Homebound education		10,578	10,578	14,019	3,441
Vocational education other		56,990	56,990	41,455	(15,535)
At risk payments		114,788	114,788	115,916	1,128
Composite index		102,293	102,293	102,293	-
Standards of learning algebra readiness		19,551	19,551	19,551	-
Reduced class size		171,660	171,660	169,761	(1,899)
Group life insurance		21,596	21,596	21,818	222
Technology grant		232,000	232,000	232,000	(0.050)
At risk four-year olds		97,862 16,107	97,862	94,804	(3,058)
English as a second language		16,107	16,107	11,934	(4,173)
Adult Ed GED		23,576 2,276	23,576	28,576 13.976	5,000 13,976
Other state funds Total categorical aid	<u>s</u> —	11,072,935 \$	11,070,659 \$	11,073,326	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ \$	11,072,935 \$		11,073,326 \$	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	Φ	11,012,833 \$_	<u> 11,070,008</u> Φ_	11,010,020	2,007

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:							
Federal land use Adult literacy Title I Title VI-B, special education flow-through Vocational education Title VI-B, special education pre-school Title II, Part A Twenty-first century community learning centers Total action against poverty	\$ 63,000 54,060 415,953 466,054 40,422 11,653 96,371 417,475 31,989	\$	63,000 54,060 415,953 466,054 40,422 11,653 96,371 417,475 31,989	\$	80,891 5 68,470 526,829 668,062 51,197 14,759 122,059 528,756 40,516	\$	17,891 14,410 110,876 202,008 10,775 3,106 25,688 111,281 8,527
Technology grant	 226	. <u> </u>	226		286		60
Total categorical aid	\$ 1,597,202	. \$	1,597,202	\$_	2,101,825	\$_	504,623
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 1,597,202	\$_	1,597,202	\$_	2,101,825	\$	504,623
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 27,943,841	\$_	28,056,613	\$_	28,592,256	\$	535,643
Special Revenue Fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money	\$ 100	.\$_	100	\$_	113 \$	\$_	13
Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$ 611,556	\$	611,556	\$_	467,178	\$	(144,378)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 611,656	.\$_	611,656	\$_	467,291	\$_	(144,365)
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:							
School food program grant	\$ 13,300	.\$_	13,300	\$_	16,371	\$	3,071
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:							
School food program grant Twenty-first century community learning centers Commodities	\$ 629,475 - -	\$	629,475 - -	\$	596,133 \$ 770 70.620	\$	(33,342) 770 70,620
Total action against poverty		_	-		24,788		24,788
Total categorical aid	\$ 629,475	\$_	629,475	\$_	692,311	\$_	38,048
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 629,475	\$_	629,475	\$_	692,311	\$_	38,048
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,254,431	\$_	1,254,431	\$_	1,175,973	\$	(103,246)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 29,198,272	\$_	29,311,044	\$_	29,768,229	\$_	432,397

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration: Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$_	66,993	\$	77,105	\$_	77,862	_\$_	(757)
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	204,331	\$	207,389	\$	204,670	\$	2,719
Legal services		153,888		161,120		156,051		5,069
Commissioner of revenue		257,103		257,405		251,167		6,238
Land use		1,260		958		798		160
Treasurer		300,591		300,591		283,016		17,575
Central accounting		129,630		131,060		127,406		3,654
Data processing		136,790		139,790		123,447		16,343
Director of fiscal services		211,435		290,637		202,768		87,869
Central stores		_		-		28,918		(28,918)
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,395,028	\$_	1,488,950	\$_	1,378,241	\$_	110,709
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	141,688		138,688		132,482		6,206
Total board of elections	\$	141,688	\$_	138,688	\$_	132,482	- \$_	6,206
Total general government administration	\$	1,603,709	\$	1,704,743	\$	1,588,585	\$_	116,158
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	65,329	\$	65,329	\$	59,209	\$	6,120
County court		21,797		25,370		23,450		1,920
Victim witness coordinator		55,735		55,735		53,611		2,124
Clerk of the circuit court		366,625		380,392		364,743		15,649
Courthouse security		357,535		357,535		350,167		7,368
Total courts	\$	867,021	\$	884,361	\$	851,180	. ¥	33,181
Commonwealth's attorney:	.	400.000	Φ.	400.000	Φ.	407 774	Φ.	4.005
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	432,699		432,699		427,774		4,925
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	432,699	\$	432,699	\$	427,774	_\$_	4,925
Total judicial administration	\$	1,299,720	\$	1,317,060	\$	1,278,954	\$_	38,106
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$_	2,025,415	\$_	2,301,342	\$	2,318,866	- \$_	(17,524)
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire prevention	\$	862,000	\$	841,283	\$	837,831	\$	3,452
Emergency management		106,232		156,922		143,891		13,031
Rescue services		578,199		726,433		704,778		21,655
Consolidated Dispatch		653,882		722,014		677,019		44,995
Total fire and rescue services	\$	2,200,313	\$_	2,446,652	\$_	2,363,519	- \$_	83,133
Correction and detention:								
Contribution to Component Unit Jail Commission	\$	766,000	\$	637,363	\$	619,253	\$	18,110
Probation office		6,150		6,150		4,726		1,424
Juvenile probation and detention		42,196	. —	42,196	. —	42,196		<u> </u>
Total correction and detention	\$_	814,346	\$	685,709	\$	666,175	_\$_	19,534

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Inspections: Building	\$	284,958	\$	260,227	.	235,744	\$_	24,483
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	13,650	\$	16,380	\$	16,380	\$	-
Other protective services		171,005		171,005		183,336		(12,331)
Total other protection	\$_	184,655	\$_	187,385	\$	199,716	\$	(12,331)
Total public safety	\$_	5,509,687	\$_	5,881,315	\$	5,784,020	. \$_	97,295
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Road maintenance	\$	12,500	\$	8,500	\$	7,198	\$	1,302
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges & sidewalks	\$_	12,500	\$_	8,500	§	7,198	\$_	1,302
Sanitation and waste removal:								
County pickup	\$	1,139,500	\$	1,260,164	\$	1,231,049	\$	29,115
Special enforcement-litter control	*	114,682	*	112,221	•	100,497	*	11,724
Total sanitation and waste removal	. \$_	1,254,182	\$_	1,407,613	\$ <u> </u>	1,366,774	\$	40,839
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	æ	E08 C03	æ	606 725	atr.	E74 007	Φ.	24.000
General properties Central garage	\$	508,692 985,084	Ф	606,725 1,156,127	Ф	574,827 1,133,775	Ф	31,898
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$_	1,493,776	- \$	1,762,852	\$	1,708,602	\$	22,352 54,250
		0.700.450		0.470.005		0.000.574		
Total public works	\$	2,760,458	- *	3,178,965	Ф	3,082,574	. ^ֆ _	96,391
Health and welfare: Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	248,395	\$	229,161	\$	229,161	\$	-
Other contributions	•	66,677		66,902		66,677		225
Total health	\$_	315,072	_\$_	296,063	\$	295,838	\$_	225
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	140,736	\$	158,161	\$	158,161	\$	_
·					_		-	
Welfare:	•	770.050	•	770.050	•	7.40.050	•	00.004
Contribution to Rockbridge Area Social Services Board	\$	772,659	\$	772,659	Ъ	746,358	\$	26,301
Other public assistance and welfare administration Tax relief for the elderly		45,681		52,143		48,368 164,700		3,775
Total welfare	\$_	818,340		824,802	s	959,426	· s -	(164,700)
Total health and welfare	* \$	1,274,148		1,279,026		1,413,425	_	(134,399)
Total fleatin and working	Ψ	1,277,170	- Ψ <u> </u>	1,210,020	Ψ_	1,710,720	- Ψ-	(104,009)
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Community colleges/other programs	\$	68,384		68,384	\$	68,384	\$	0.004.0=
Contribution to County School Board		15,951,781		17,039,832	_т —	14,147,982	- ₄ -	2,891,850
Total education	\$	16,020,165	_ \$ _	17,108,216	Ф_	14,216,366	_ ¥ _	2,891,850

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:						·
Parks and recreation Preschool	\$	606,988 104,697		679,830 \$ 105,190	630,451 \$ 104,795	395
Total parks and recreation Library: Contribution to county libraries	\$ \$	711,685 554,257	_	785,020 \$ 564,257 \$	735,246 \$ 610,340 \$	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	Ψ \$	1,265,942	-	1,349,277 \$	1,345,586 \$	
Community development: Planning and community development:	·					
Planning and zoning Geographic information system Rental assistance Industrial development Other community development	\$	273,374 156,767 75,324 886,230	Þ	277,090 \$ 161,295 75,324 1,123,455	266,830 \$ 150,143 73,292 1,179,901	11,152 2,032 (56,446)
Contribution to Public Service Authority Total planning and community development	s	68,605 510,136 1,970,436	- _C -	120,605 480,416 2,238,185 \$	102,761 117,944 1,890,871 \$	17,844 362,472 347,314
Environmental management: Agriculture and home economics	\$ \$	80,600	- '	80,600 \$	67,716 \$	
Other environmental management		80,069		149,073	145,657	3,416
Total environmental management Cooperative extension program:	\$	160,669	. \$_	229,673 \$	213,373 \$	16,300
Extension office Total community development	\$ \$	131,596 2,262,701	- ' -	135,596 \$ 2,603,454 \$	134,655 \$ 2,238,899 \$	
Nondepartmental:	Ψ_	2,202,701	- ~ —	φ	Σ,200,000 φ	
Miscellaneous Annexation payment	\$	59,000 1,750,000		18,726 \$ 1,718,759	4,337 \$ 1,718,759	
Total nondepartmental Debt service:	\$_	1,809,000	- \$_	1,737,485 \$	1,723,096 \$	14,389
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Bond issue costs	\$	1,504,320 8,441	\$	1,482,902 \$ 8,440	2,074,994 \$ 2,289,521 281,128	(592,092) (2,281,081) (281,128)
Total debt service	\$_	1,512,761		1,491,342 \$	4,645,643 \$	(3,154,301)
Total General Fund	\$	35,318,291	\$_	37,650,883 \$	37,317,148 \$	333,735
Capital Projects Funds: Broadband Technology Opportunities Program: Community development: Planning and community development:						
Capital projects Total planning and community development	\$ \$	-	- \$ _ - \$ _		5,098,312 \$ 5,098,312 \$	
Total Rockbridge Area Net Authority School Capital Projects Fund:	\$	_	= \$=	\$	5,098,312 \$	(5,098,312)
Capital projects expenditures: Capital projects Total capital projects	\$ \$	-	- \$ <u>_</u> - \$ <u>_</u>	19,513,237 \$ 19,513,237 \$	21,849,069 21,849,069 \$	
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Bond issue costs	\$ \$	-	\$	- \$ - \$	1,600,000 \$ 22,444 \$ 6,644	
Total debt service	\$_	-	\$_	- \$	1,629,088 \$	(1,629,088)
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$	-	. ^{\$} =	19,513,237 \$	23,478,157	(3,964,920)
Total Primary Government	\$_	35,318,291	_\$_	57,164,120 \$	65,893,617_\$	(8,729,497)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget	Mary	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Administration of schools: Instruction Administration, attendance and health Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance Facilities	\$	21,551,137 1,313,090 1,955,922 3,100,692 20,000	\$	21,162,426 1,360,477 2,052,794 3,270,393 207,523	\$	21,898,342 1,234,306 2,014,463 3,221,120 220,145	\$	(735,916) 126,171 38,331 49,273 (12,622)
Total education	\$_	27,940,841	\$_	28,053,613	\$	28,588,376	\$_	(534,763)
Debt service: Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service Total School Operating Fund	\$_ \$_ \$_	3,000 3,000 27,943,841	\$_	3,000 3,000 28,056,613	\$	3,880 3,880 28,592,256	\$_	(880) (880) (535,643)
Special revenue fund: School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services:								
Administration of school food program	\$_	1,254,431	\$_	1,254,431	\$_	1,274,748	\$_	(20,317)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	1,254,431	\$_	1,254,431	\$_	1,274,748	\$ _	(20,317)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	29,198,272	\$_	29,311,044	\$_	29,867,004	\$_	(555,960)



Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	***************************************		***************************************		
O control costs (III co		2004	2005	2006	2007
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	811,714 \$ 526,198 7,862,482	2,664,635 \$ 572,094 7,031,749	1,034,139 \$ 1,597,814 10,533,679	4,760,174 1,990,486 12,595,832
Total governmental activities net position	\$_	9,200,394 \$	10,268,478	13,165,632 \$	19,346,492
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	1,522,102 \$ - (193,120)	1,319,499 \$ - 285,740	1,445,213 \$ - 344,247	1,458,874 - 400,752
Total business-type activities net position	\$_	1,328,982 \$	1,605,239	\$1,789,460_\$_	1,859,626
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ _	2,333,816 \$ 526,198 7,669,362	3,984,134 \$ 572,094 7,317,489	2,479,352 \$ 1,597,814 10,877,926	6,219,048 1,990,486 12,996,584
Total primary government net position	\$_	10,529,376 \$_	11,873,717	14,955,092 \$_	21,206,118

_				·	Fiscal Year						
_	2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
\$	9,678,247 1,441,943 13,004,039	\$	12,942,462 935,021 17,260,280	\$	12,355,645 935,021 16,443,020	\$	11,866,668 960,040 17,653,362	\$	12,943,272 1,002,603 17,197,916	\$	10,937,946 5,459,836 21,297,930
\$_	24,124,229	\$_	31,137,763	\$	29,733,686	\$_	30,480,070	\$_	31,143,791	\$_	37,695,712
						_					
\$	1,373,896	\$	1,421,280	\$	1,427,172	\$	1,338,861	\$	1,086,965 1,176,854	\$	1,397,575 1,002,249
_	575,480		875,031		1,201,435		1,570,098		881,152		924,040
\$_	1,949,376	\$_	2,296,311	\$.	2,628,607	\$_	2,908,959	\$_	3,144,971	\$_	3,323,864
\$	11,052,143	\$	14,363,742	\$	13,782,817	\$	13,205,529	\$	14,030,237	\$	12,335,521
	1,441,943 13,579,519		935,021 18,135,311		935,021 17,644,455		960,040 19,223,460		2,179,457 18,079,068		6,462,085 22,221,970
_						_			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
\$_	26,073,605	\$_	33,434,074	\$	32,362,293	\$	33,389,029	\$_	34,288,762	\$_	41,019,576

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2004		2005	2006		2007
Expenses		***************************************					
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$	1,111,450	\$	1,500,137 \$	925,309	\$	1,516,336
Judicial administration		536,139		225,334	1,070,338		573,554
Public safety		3,689,644		4,084,091	4,108,605		4,518,686
Public works		1,975,258		2,454,678	2,558,759		2,547,356
Health and welfare		696,286		1,128,269	1,021,507		1,429,744
Education		10,412,045		12,086,002	12,660,147		12,426,048
Parks, recreation and cultural		1,100,441		991,522	1,089,369		1,131,484
Community development		1,078,395		1,393,738	2,136,809		2,250,998
Interest on long-term debt		1,091,455		1,280,603	2,082,251		1,469,578
Nondepartmental		1,111,003		1,138,150	1,227,014		2,035,190
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	22,802,116	_\$_	26,282,524 \$	28,880,108	\$_	29,898,974
Business-type activities:							
Landfill	\$	909,617	\$	959,640 \$	1,106,115	\$	1,336,355
Recycling		745,718		762,301	770,109		871,600
Total business-type activities expenses	\$_	1,655,335	\$_	1,721,941 \$	1,876,224	\$_	2,207,955
Total primary government expenses	\$	24,457,451	\$_	28,004,465_\$	30,756,332	\$_	32,106,929
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government administration	\$	397,816	\$	472,096 \$	501,055	\$	17,550
Judicial administration		201,399		155,163	294,156		264,441
Public safety		12,075		3,510	14,876		13,424
Public works		414,127		475,341	537,203		793,320
Parks, recreation and cultural		72,386		71,357	71,673		84,576
Community development		243,994		449,386	428,816		390,853
Operating grants and contributions		2,136,026		1,918,191	2,346,099		2,550,447
Capital grants and contributions	-	144,064			778,179	_	53,776
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$_	3,621,887	_\$_	3,545,044 \$	4,972,057	\$	4,168,387

			Fisc	al \	/ear						
-	2008		2009	_	2010		2011		2012	_	2013
\$	1,398,329 4,699,190 4,658,008 3,001,287 1,471,189 14,126,792 1,236,686 1,699,223 2,087,610 1,698,751	\$	2,170,904 2,725,181 4,926,453 2,856,775 1,527,149 14,178,044 1,358,529 1,831,694 1,733,021 2,060,962	\$	2,332,278 1,211,172 5,364,665 3,040,215 1,459,423 14,437,698 1,361,665 2,109,085 1,932,209 1,944,765	\$	2,333,275 1,186,366 5,160,253 2,824,461 1,498,930 13,085,583 1,267,868 2,585,270 1,862,608 1,747,190	\$	2,335,818 1,021,390 5,406,165 2,949,751 1,505,526 16,631,591 1,299,526 2,369,189 1,730,059 1,969,401	\$	2,011,030 1,267,789 5,700,091 3,052,847 1,414,009 16,126,417 1,442,669 2,246,495 1,718,759 2,833,978
\$_	36,077,065	_\$_	35,368,712	\$_	35,193,175	\$_	33,551,804	\$_	37,218,416	\$_	37,814,084
\$	1,215,648 1,059,036	\$	1,058,560 1,001,618	\$	969,972 954,393	\$ -	862,292 983,111	\$	825,011 1,159,742	\$_	960,797 1,156,498
\$_	2,274,684	\$_	2,060,178	\$_	1,924,365	. \$ _	1,845,403	\$_	1,984,753	\$_	2,117,295
\$_	38,351,749	\$_	37,428,890	\$_	37,117,540	\$ =	35,397,207	\$_	39,203,169	\$ =	39,931,379
\$	23,400 443,137 17,878 1,153,570 113,061 350,169 2,416,922 46,189	\$	35,100 388,462 16,838 1,028,928 84,892 190,262 2,398,519 4,260,000	\$	11,700 346,456 15,584 1,154,832 90,891 204,569 2,165,017	\$	23,400 437,863 5,840 958,805 96,748 181,875 2,426,783 303,653	\$	23,400 510,896 6,317 1,236,913 95,487 192,207 2,257,672 1,993,245	\$	23,400 457,916 22,078 1,122,809 85,038 178,734 2,412,618 5,816,685
\$	4,564,326	\$_	8,403,001	\$_	3,989,049	\$_	4,434,967	\$_	6,316,137	\$_	10,119,278

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

•		2004	2005	2006	2007
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Landfill	\$	998,041 \$	1,185,681 \$	1,185,380 \$	1,261,870
Recycling		72,938	77,592	66,982	85,533
Operating grants and contributions	_	16,789	16,393	23,975	19,626
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$_	1,087,768 \$	1,279,666 \$	1,276,337 \$	1,367,029
Total primary government program revenues	\$_	4,709,655 \$	4,824,710 \$	6,248,394 \$	5,535,416
Net (expense) / revenue					
Governmental activities	\$	(19,180,229) \$	(22,737,480) \$	(23,908,051) \$	(25,730,587)
Business-type activities	_	(567,567)	(442,275)	(599,887)	(840,926)
Total primary government net expense	\$_	(19,747,796) \$	(23,179,755)	(24,507,938) \$	(26,571,513)
General Revenues and Other Changes					
in Net Position					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$	13,190,248 \$	15,058,380 \$		17,743,425
Local sales and use taxes		2,021,305	2,317,974	2,401,773	2,486,192
Motor vehicle licenses taxes		423,550	545,606	556,542	567,994
Consumer utility taxes		854,444	963,485	1,130,956	1,326,139
Business licenses taxes		597,177	665,463	733,059	740,306
Other local taxes		2,227,495	2,823,964	3,107,199	3,057,021
Unrestricted grants and contributions		2,651,634	2,520,022	2,836,695	2,822,212
Unrestricted revenues from use					
of money and property		191,814	423,668	729,779	1,467,557
Miscellaneous		75,420	78,567	180,730	1,962,010
Transfers	-	(657,216)	(657,299)	(634,154)	(767,116)
Total governmental activities	\$_	21,575,871 \$	24,739,830 \$	26,805,205 \$	31,405,740
Business-type activities:					
Unrestricted revenues from use					
of money and property	\$	24,132 \$	57,820 \$	•	143,976
Miscellaneous		627	3,413	24,790	•
Transfers		657,216	657,299	634,154	767,116
Total business-type activities	\$_	681,975 \$	718,532 \$	784,108 \$	911,092
Total primary government	\$_	22,257,846_\$	25,458,362 \$	27,589,313 \$	32,316,832
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$	2,395,642 \$	2,002,350 \$	2,897,154 \$	5,675,153
Business-type activities	• _	114,408	276,257	184,221	70,166
Total primary government	\$_	2,510,050 \$	2,278,607	3,081,375 \$	5,745,319

		Fiscal	Year						
-	2008	2009	2010	-	2011	_	2012	-	2013
\$	1,184,892 \$ 189,307 23,798	1,266,573 \$ 101,959 23,013	1,213,411 104,549 18,913	\$	1,116,260 \$ 77,872 21,503	\$	1,063,507 23,714 18,461	\$	1,034,968 - 26,161
\$_	1,397,997 \$	1,391,545 \$	1,336,873	\$_	1,215,635	\$_	1,105,682	\$_	1,061,129
\$_	5,962,323 \$	9,794,546 \$	5,325,922	\$ _	5,650,602	\$_	7,421,819	\$ _	11,180,407
\$	(31,512,739) \$ (876,687)	(26,965,711) \$ (668,633)	(31,204,126) (587,492)	\$ -	(29,116,837) \$ (629,768)	\$ 	(30,902,279) (879,071)	\$ -	(27,694,806) (1,056,166)
\$_	(32,389,426) \$	(27,634,344) \$	(31,791,618)	\$ _	(29,746,605)	\$_	(31,781,350)	\$ _	(28,750,972)
\$	19,225,297 \$ 2,484,176 565,841 1,616,873 831,582 2,777,979 2,669,612 1,461,742	20,100,078 \$ 2,337,807 556,865 1,529,343 855,953 2,579,150 2,895,242 462,662	19,737,346 2,238,747 547,407 1,538,143 723,687 2,662,945 2,766,489 240,641	\$	19,903,929 S 2,226,190 542,034 1,541,967 775,021 2,642,418 2,706,042	\$	20,241,098 2,292,809 537,280 1,520,806 851,571 2,687,544 2,761,428	\$	22,519,602 2,392,591 537,855 1,522,050 913,827 2,791,478 2,741,009
	8,211,798 (890,124)	3,643,804 (981,659)	272,957 (948,313)		239,873 (859,771)		1,710,031 (1,111,015)		743,278 (1,234,972)
\$_	38,954,776 \$	33,979,245 \$	29,780,049	\$_	29,863,221	- \$_		\$ _	33,004,947
\$	76,310 \$ 3 890,124	32,743 \$ 1,166 981,659	6,505 117 948,313	\$	4,938 5 10,264 859,771	\$	4,000 68 1,111,015	\$	4,676 3,815 1,234,972
\$_	966,437 \$	1,015,568 \$	954,935	\$_	874,973	\$_	1,115,083	\$.	1,243,463
\$_	39,921,213 \$	34,994,813 \$	30,734,984	\$ _	30,738,194	\$_	32,681,083	\$	34,248,410
\$_	7,442,037 \$ 89,750	7,013,534 \$ 346,935	(1,424,077) 367,443	\$ -	746,384 S 245,205	\$_	663,721 236,012	\$	5,310,141 187,297
\$_	7,531,787 \$_	7,360,469 \$	(1,056,634)	\$_	991,589	\$_	899,733	\$	5,497,438

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

										
	_	2004		2005		2006		2007	_	2008
General fund										
Reserved	\$	526,198	\$	572,094	\$	1,597,814	\$	1,549,574	\$	1,404,760
Unreserved		7,756,750		9,181,652		10,578,376		13,409,914		14,292,634
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		· -		_
Committed		-		-		-				_
Assigned		-		-				-		_
Unassigned	_					_			_	
Total general fund	\$_	8,282,948	\$:	9,753,746	_ \$ _	12,176,190	\$ =	14,959,488	\$_	15,697,394
All other governmental funds Restricted										
Assigned, reported in:	•		•		•		Φ.		Φ.	
Capital projects funds Unassigned, reported in: Special revenue funds	\$	-	Þ	- -	\$	-	\$	- ,	\$	-
Capital projects funds	_	11,193,011		4,946,271		14,314,160		10,582,108	_	6,620,625
Total all other governmental funds	\$	11,193,011	\$	4,946,271	\$	14,314,160	\$	10,582,108	\$	6,620,625

⁽¹⁾ The County implemented GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011, the fund balances for previous years have not been restated per GASB 54 classifications.

Table 3

	2009		2010		2011 (1)		2012		2013
\$		\$	2,531,217	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	15,037,799		13,602,863		- 102,799		- 121,348		- 116,671
	_		_		1,018,434		1,002,603		1,075,361
	_		-		856,172		646,172		707,419
	_		_		1,259,523		2,061,918		1,934,997
_					14,124,282		15,284,213	_	17,219,353
\$_	16,901,268	\$:	16,134,080	\$.	17,361,210	. \$:	19,116,254	\$	21,053,801
									4,384,475
\$	-	\$	-	\$	278,115	\$	5,434,345	\$	254,255
	-		-		(90,345)		(947,976)		_
_	535,995		314,661						(229,603)
\$_	535,995	\$	314,661	\$	187,770	\$	4,486,369	\$	4,409,127

<u></u>				Fiscal Year	
_	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Revenues				45.000.000.00	17 107 005
General property taxes \$	12,215,031 \$	13,468,616 \$	14,703,809 \$	15,926,023 \$	17,167,695
Other local taxes	5,941,358 223,126	6,123,971 251,559	7,316,492 449,386	7,929,529 437,233	8,177,652 377,199
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses Fines and forfeitures	32,965	40,230	66,080	71,574	80,978
Revenue from use of money and property	180,966	191,814	423,668	729,779	1,467,557
Charges for services	834,074	1,050,008	1,111,387	1,338,972	1,105,987
Miscellaneous	96,132	75,420	78,567	162,730	537,870
Recovered costs	190,333	490,319	502,562	974,760	1,748,308
Intergovernmental:	,	•	,	•	, ,
Commonwealth	3,983,568	4,549,699	4,160,230	4,864,082	5,038,154
Federal _	282,401	382,025	277,983	1,096,891	388,281
Total revenues \$_	28,739,739 \$	26,623,661 \$_	29,090,164 \$_	33,531,573 \$_	36,089,681
Expenditures					
General government administration \$	1,162,054 \$	1,316,118 \$	1,486,047 \$	1,623,703 \$	1,609,206
Judicial administration	503,983	610,563	605,384	1,068,975	1,156,273
Public safety	3,540,944	3,960,581	4,088,831	4,273,230	4,863,985
Public works	2,065,034	1,985,848	3,144,564	2,506,206	2,413,698
Health and welfare Education	690,819 9,382,117	696,286	1,128,269 10,547,631	1,021,506 10,974,800	1,429,744 10,596,063
Parks, recreation and cultural	903,723	10,187,881 1,097,492	1,011,319	1,087,400	1,124,798
Community development	1,207,784	1,086,868	1,392,441	2,131,787	2,258,256
Non-Departmental	1,070,839	1,117,968	1,145,122	1,227,971	1,469,578
Capital projects	4,590,930	2,557,207	12,496,492	6,801,707	5,056,909
Debt service	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,	• •	. ,
Principal	997,242	7,086,362	2,376,378	2,487,469	2,795,373
Interest and other fiscal charges Bond issue costs	743,435	644,397 	1,440,657 	1,746,288 	2,153,457
Total expenditures \$_	26,858,904_\$	32,347,571 \$	40,863,135 \$_	36,951,042 \$	36,927,340
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures \$_	1,880,835 \$	(5,723,910) \$	(11,772,971) \$_	(3,419,469) \$	(837,659)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in \$	(635,811) \$	278,708 \$	84,940 \$	1,059,250 \$	750,000
Transfers out	-	(935,924)	(742,239)	(1,693,404)	(1,517,116)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds issued	1,000,000	17,878,104	6,469,871	15,620,130	-
Premium on bonds issued	404.044	000 174	213,677	000 000	450.044
Capital leases	161,614	206,471	970,780	223,826	150,314
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent					-
Total other financing sources (uses) \$_	525,803 \$	17,427,359 \$	6,997,029 \$	15,209,802 \$	(616,802)
Net change in fund balances \$=	2,406,638 \$	11,703,449 \$	(4,775,942) \$	11,790,333 \$	(1,454,461)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.48%	25.95%	13.46%	14.04%	15.53%

	2008		2009		2010	_	2011		2012		2013
\$	19,267,635	\$	19,905,850	\$	19,568,375	\$	19,778,269	\$	20,928,182	\$	22,414,930
•	8,276,451		7,859,118	•	7,710,929		7,727,630		7,890,010		8,157,801
	335,529		188,491		202,087		181,875		192,207		172,766
	196,529		177,259		153,837		223,673		284,725		235,024
	1,461,742		462,662		240,641		145,518		74,448		78,229
	1,569,157		1,378,732		1,468,108		1,298,983		1,588,288		1,482,185
	657,112		363,416		257,616		239,873		2,150,539		2,471,378
	8,187,010		3,798,055		359,866		343,712		303,718		350,799
	4,904,117		4,686,608		4,652,229		4,935,567		4,733,732		4,847,109
_	228,606		607,153	-	299,277		500,911		2,278,613		4,416,673
\$	45,083,888	.\$_	39,427,344	\$_	34,912,965	\$_	35,376,011	\$_	40,424,462	\$	44,626,894
\$	1,592,669	\$	1,592,002	\$	1,774,607	\$	1,642,181	\$	-1,612,340	\$	1,588,585
•	1,149,258	•	1,292,358	•	1,199,478	•	1,183,984	_	1,188,236	-	1,278,954
	5,081,176		5,144,522		5,334,327		5,198,378		5,535,432		5,784,020
	2,853,198		2,709,261		2,911,708		2,944,557		2,956,944		3,082,574
	1,471,189		1,527,091		1,459,363		1,498,725		1,503,694		1,413,425
	12,166,930		12,259,269		12,565,769		11,514,555		12,848,581		14,216,366
	1,230,352		1,248,904		1,257,674		1,170,665		1,197,527		1,345,586
	2,093,877		1,838,680		2,101,876		2,998,230		6,177,505		7,337,211
	1,698,751		1,733,021		1,932,209		1,747,190		1,730,059		1,723,096
	17,915,845		9,482,489		62,263		36,677		2,335,173		21,849,069
	3,923,340		2,326,302		2,320,388		1,758,226		1,854,205		3,674,994
	2,040,141		2,172,542		2,033,512		1,939,473		2,026,423		2,311,965
_	-	_		_	_		-		-		287,772
§	53,216,726	\$_	43,326,441	\$_	34,953,174	\$	33,632,841	. \$ _	40,966,119	\$	65,893,617
5	(8,132,838)	\$_	(3,899,097)	\$_	(40,209)	\$	1,743,170	\$_	(541,657)	\$	(21,266,723
6	1,750,000	\$	_	\$	175,135	\$	_	\$	1,087,294	\$	_
	(2,640,124)		(981,659)		(1,123,448)		(859,771)		(2,198,309)		(1,234,972
	-		· · · · ·		-				-		11,760,000
	6,000,000		-		-		-		7,500,000		21,895,000
	157,000						240 040		200.215		2,533,876
	157,000			_			216,840	- <u>-</u>	206,315		(13,086,006
S	5,266,876	\$	(981,659)	\$_	(948,313)	\$_	(642,931)	\$_	6,595,300	\$	21,867,898
·	(2,865,962)	\$_	(4,880,756)	\$_	(988,522)	\$_	1,100,239	\$_	6,053,643	\$	601,175

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Public Service	Total Taxable Assessed Value
2013 \$	2,406,225,814 \$	181,627,780 \$	6,529,754 \$	14,352,182 \$	130,966,279 \$	2,739,701,809
2012	2,393,006,606	174,030,130	6,943,019	13,415,023	118,289,855	2,705,684,633
2011	2,381,260,966	168,167,630	9,112,766	10,822,737	113,384,467	2,682,748,566
2010	2,436,189,073	161,297,226	9,172,343	11,287,004	92,656,310	2,710,601,956
2009	2,403,426,774	185,101,529	9,042,587	11,098,157	85,950,278	2,694,619,325
2008	2,361,326,219	178,824,784	9,418,745	11,110,174	99,002,561	2,659,682,483
2007	2,329,760,003	176,096,685	9,629,610	10,784,021	104,485,747	2,630,756,066
2006	1,925,857,100	161,836,619	9,040,714	9,153,108	76,590,621	2,182,478,162
2005	1,508,942,650	144,732,914	9,500,275	8,822,636	87,857,810	1,759,856,285
2004	1,474,592,453	111,618,056	9,428,608	18,327,547	98,018,619	1,711,985,283

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

Real estate is assessed at 100% of market value.

Table 5

_	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
\$	2,739,701,809 2,705,684,633 2,682,748,566 2,710,601,956 2,694,619,325 2,659,682,483 2,630,756,066 2,182,478,162 1,759,856,285 1,711,985,283	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%

Property Tax Rates (1)
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Direct Rates

	Rea	l Estate			
Тах	1st	2nd	 Personal	Mobile	Machinery
Year	Half	Half	 Property	 Homes	 and Tools
2013 \$	0.67	\$ 0.67	\$ 4.25	\$ 0.67	\$ 2.55
2012	0.64	0.64	4.25	0.64	2.55
2011	0.61	0.61	4.25	0.61	2.55
2010	0.59	0.59	4.25	0.59	2.55
2009	0.59	0.59	4.25	0.59	2.55
2008	0.55	0.59	4.25	0.55	2.55
2007	0.55	0.55	4.25	0.55	2.35
2006	0.73	0.55	3.75	0.73	2.35
2005	0.685	0.73	3.75	0.685	2.35
2004	0.64	0.685	3.25	0.64	2.35

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

⁽²⁾ Tax year refelcts calendar year

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total Tax	Collected with Year of the		Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal	Levy for		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage	
<u>Year</u>	Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy	
2013 \$	23,894,710 \$	23,332,287	97.65% \$	- \$	23,332,287	97.65%	
2012	23,041,039	22,189,814	96.31%	172,877	22,362,691	97.06%	
2011	21,983,597	21,203,088	96.45%	365,902	21,568,990	98.11%	
2010	21,601,653	20,791,246	96.25%	521,506	21,312,752	98.66%	
2009	22,272,956	21,510,651	96.58%	567,812	22,078,463	99.13%	
2008	21,315,874	20,582,879	96.56%	559,146	21,142,025	99.18%	
2007	20,300,479	18,785,345	92.54%	1,482,598	20,267,943	99.84%	
2006	18,873,765	17,083,003	90.51%	1,762,564	18,845,567	99.85%	
2005	16,929,945	15,896,003	93.89%	1,007,674	16,903,677	99.84%	
2004	15,006,213	14,438,618	96.22%	537,864	14,976,482	99.80%	

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, County Treasurer's office.

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest, includes Commonwealth of Virginia PPTRA reimbursement.

Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

		Fiscal Ye	ar 2013	Fiscal Ye	ear 2004
		2013	% of Total	2004	% of Total
	Type	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Business	Valuation	Valuation	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Valuation</u>
Lexington Retirement Community, Inc.	Health Provider	27,726,900	1.152%	11,138,500	0.755%
Stonewall/Medusa/CWB&S/Barger	Real Estate & Industry	20,980,790	0.872%	14,319,700	0.971%
White's/Lee Hi/Berkstresser	Industry & Service	18,503,000	0.769%	10,913,600	0.740%
Natural Bridge of Virginia, LLC	Hospitality	17,138,400	0.712%	8,431,700	0.572%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	Retail	8,992,900	0.374%	7,586,200	0.514%
Aladdin Manufacturing Corporation	Industry	8,978,700	0.373%	14,705,600	0.997%
Elmech, Inc. (Wingate Hotel)	Hospitality	8,415,600	0.350%	3,009,000	0.204%
Lowe's Home Center	Retail	7,912,500	0.329%	413,800	0.028%
West Airslie Farms, LLC	Agriculture	3,795,700	0.158%	5,310,200	0.360%
Laurie Jeanne Landeau	Individual	3,634,600	0.151%	6,716,700	0.455%
		126,079,090	5.241%	82,545,000	5.598%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE, VIRGINIA Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Gross	Less:		Ratio of	
			and	Debt		Net Bonded	Net
			Net	Service	Net	Debt to	Bonded
Fiscal		Assessed	Bonded	Monies	Bonded	Assessed	Debt per
Year	Population (1)	Value (2)	Debt (3)	Available	Debt	Value	Capita
2013	22,090	2,406,225,814	66,584,792	-	66,584,792	2.77%	3,014
2012	22,307	2,393,006,606	45,963,268	-	45,963,268	1.92%	2,060
2011	22,307	2,381,260,966	40,486,947	-	40,486,947	1.70%	1,815
2010	22,307	2,436,189,073	42,006,156	-	42,006,156	1.72%	1,883
2009	22,498	2,403,426,774	44,154,212	-	44,154,212	1.84%	1,963
2008	22,450	2,361,326,219	46,190,760	~	46,190,760	1.96%	2,057
2007	22,313	2,329,760,003	43,845,628	_	43,845,628	1.88%	1,965
2006	22,379	1,925,857,100	46,363,901	-	46,363,901	2.41%	2,072
2005	21,737	1,508,942,650	31,977,315	-	31,977,315	2.12%	1,471
2004	21,570	1,400,236,275	28,411,746		28,411,746	2.03%	1,317

⁽¹⁾ www.coopercenter.org

⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (\$million)*	Per Capita Personal Income*	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemploy- ment Rate
2013	22,090	989	\$28,442	47	2,505	6.00%
2012	22,155	989	\$28,442	40	2,498	5.60%
2011	22,307	989	\$28,442	40	2,498	5.90%
2010	22,498	989	\$28,442	40	2,650	6.30%
2009	22,450	989	\$28,442	40	2,677	6.70%
2008	22,313	989	\$28,442	40	2,801	4.10%
2007	22,379	989	\$28,442	40	2,714	2.90%
2006	21,737	989	\$28,442	40	2,748	2.70%
2005	21,570	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,724	3.10%
2004	21,371	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,765	3.20%

Souce: www.fedstats.gov, www.bls.gov, Weldon Cooper Center, & Rockbridge County School Division.

^{*}Data as of 2006. Independent cities of Buena Vista and Lexington included with Rockbridge County. Data not available separately.

Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fis	cal Year	2013 % of Total	Fis	cal Year	% of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	County Employment	Employees	Rank	County Employment
Mohowk*	750	1	12.39%	900	n/a	0.00%
Walmart	266	2	4.40%	n/a	n/a	0.00%
Whites Travel Center	170	3	2.81%	n/a	n/a	0.00%
Kendall	154	4	2.54%	120	n/a	0.00%
Rockbridge Community Services Board	146	5	2.41%	n/a	n/a	0.00%
Vesuvius Corporation	120	6	1.98%	n/a	n/a	0.00%
Lowes	111	7	1.83%	n/a	n/a	0.00%
Fitzgerald Lumber	84	8	1.39%	75	n/a	0.00%
Natural Bridge Hotel (off season)	75	9	1.24%	75	n/a	0.00%
Stella Jones (Burke Parsons Bowlby Corp)**	50	10	0.83%	n/a	n/a	0.00%
Totals	1,926		31.82%	n/a		n/a

^{*}Figures do not include temporary employees - with temporary employees, employment is at 800. Businesses with 2004 Employment figure marked n/a do not maintain their records that far back.

Sources: Individual company human resource departments. Note: Excludes government, schools, and state/local agencies.

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		ļ.	Fiscal Year		
Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General government Judicial administration	24 11	24 12	25 12	25 13	25 13
Public safety Sheriffs department	36	36	36	38	38
Building inspections Animal control	4 2	4 2	4 2	4 2	4 2
Public works					
General maintenance Landfill	6 14	6 14	6 14	6 16	6 16
Engineering Health and welfare	1	1	1	1	1
Department of social services Culture and recreation	26	25	25	25	25
Parks and recreation Community development	3	3	3	3	3
Planning	3_	3	4	4	4
Totals	130	130	132	137	137

Source: Individual county departments

Table 12

		Fiscal Year		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
22 12	22 12	21 12	21 12	21 12
36 5 2	38 4 2	38 4 2	38 4 2	38 4 2
6 15 1	6 15 -	6 10 -	6 10 -	6 10 -
25	25	25	25	25
3	3	3	3	3
5	5	5	5	5
132	132	126	126	126

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year					
Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
Fire and rescue: Number of calls answered Building inspections:	4,549	2,443	1,671	3,829	4,962	
Permits issued Landfill:	724	589	535	688	409	
Refuse collected (tons/day) Recycling (tons/day)	142 9	140 12	160 14	167 15	113 15	
Health and welfare Department of Social Services: Caseload	717	1,495	2,342	2,412	2,850	

^{*}Calls dispatched; excludes Lexington and Buena Vista Fire and Rescue

^{**}Tons per day based on 287 work days

***Includes cities of Buena Vista and Lexington, excludes private enterprises

Source: Individual county departments--only information that is currently available.

Table 13

		Fiscal Year	<u>,</u>	
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
4,876	4,876	4,983	5,636	4791*
281	294	310	274	310
110 16	97 13	138** 11***	138** 11***	141** 13***
2,931	3,622	6,714	6,714	6,366

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal `	Year	
Function	2004	2005	2006	2007
General government				
Administration buildings	1	1	1	1
Public safety				
Building inspections:				
Vehicles	3	3	3	4
Animal control:				
Vehicles	2	2	2	2
Landfill:				
Sites	1	1	1	1
Health and welfare				
Department of Social Services:				
Vehicles	-	1	1	1
Culture and recreation				
Parks and recreation:				
Vehicles	3	3	3	3
Swimming pools	2	2	2	2
Community development				
Planning:				
Vehicles	3	3	3	3
Sheriff (Law Enforcement):				
Vehicles	37	37	37	37

Source: Individual county departments--only information that is currently available

Table 14

-		Fisca	l Year		
2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
1	1	1	1	1	1
4	4	4	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	4	4	4
3 2	3 2	3 2	3 2	3 2	3 2
3	3	3	3	3	3
37	38	38	39	39	39

Schedule of the City of Lexington's and Buena Vista's Share of Certain General Government Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Total		State and		City o	of Lexington S	hare
Description		Cost to the County		Other Reimbursement	N	et County Cost	% Used	Total Cost
Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	364,743	\$	251,016	\$	113,727	24.95% \$	28,375
Circuit Court - Expenses		59,209		-		59,209	24.95%	14,773
General District and J&D Court		23,450		-		23,450	24.95%	5,851
Courthouse Maintenance		298,224		-		298,224	24.95%	74,407
Administration Building, 150 S. Main Street		225,346		-		225,346	5.90%	13,295
25th Court Services Unit-Juvenile Probation		4,726		-		4,726	20.37%	963
Commonwealth's Attorney		427,774		312,824		114,950	24.95%	28,680
Sheriff's Salary		110,262		89,339		20,923	24.95%	5,220
Advancement of Agriculture (City Agent)	_	134,655			Monoconada	134,655	15.00%	20,198
Totals	\$_	1,648,389	\$_	653,179	\$	995,210	\$	191,762

Table 15

	City of Buen	a Vista Share
	% Used	Total Cost
\$	- \$	-
	-	-
	-	-
	_	-
	-	-
	18.34%	867
	-	-
	-	-
•	-	-





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE, VIRGINIA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Rockbridge, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Rockbridge, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Rockbridge, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Rockbridge, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Rockbridge, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Robinson, Farm, lox Associates

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Staunton, Virginia December 6, 2013

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE, VIRGINIA

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Rockbridge, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Rockbridge, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. County of Rockbridge, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Rockbridge, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States*, *Local Governments*, and *Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Rockbridge, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Rockbridge, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Rockbridge, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of County of Rockbridge, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Rockbridge, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Rockbridge, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Staunton, Virginia December 6, 2013

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Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments: Child Nutrition Cluster Department of Agriculture: Food Distribution	10.555	40623	\$	70,620
Department of Education: National School Lunch Program Total School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	\$_	466,584 537,204
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	\$	129,549
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841		80,891
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	747,644
Department of Commerce: Pass Though Payments: Department of Commerce: Broadband Technology Opportunities Program Environmental Protection Agency:	11.557	Not/Available	\$_	4,110,155
Pass Through Payments: Department of Environmental Quality: DEQ Royalty Grants	66.000	Not/Available	\$_	872
Department of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments: Department of Emergency Services: State Homeland Security Program Hazard Mitigation Grant	97.073 97.039	Not/Available Not/Available	\$_	51,228 19,000
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$_	70,228
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program	14.195	Not/Available	\$	56,582
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non- Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	Not/Available	\$	30,000
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$_	86,582

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Service: Violence Aagainst Women Formula Grants	16.588	2009-WF-AX0037	\$33,147
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: State and Cmmunity Highway Safety	20.600	SC-2010 50364 3984	\$14,379_
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:			
Adult Education-Basic Grants to States Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster	84.002 84.010	42801 42901	\$ 68,470 526,829
Title VI-B: Special Education Grants to States Title VI-B: Special Education Preschool Grant Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers Action Against Poverty ARRA - Education Technology State Grants	84.027 84.173 84.048 84.367 84.287 84.000 84.386	43071 Not/Available 61095 61480 60565 Not/Available Not/Available	668,062 14,759 51,197 122,059 529,526 65,304 286
Total Department of Education			\$2,046,492
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$7,109,499_

NOTE 1-BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2013. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Rockbridge, Virginia.

NOTE 2-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE 3-FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2013, the County had food commodities totaling \$40,531 in inventory.

NOTE 4 - RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government: Governmental funds General fund 306,518 Broadband Technology Opportunities Program 4,110,155 Department of the Interior - Payment in Lieu of Taxes (101,310)Total primary government 4,315,363 Discretely presented component unit - School Board: School operating fund 2,101,825 School cafeteria fund 692,311 Total discretely presented component unit - School Board 2,794,136 Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of 7,109,499 Federal awards

COUNTY OF ROCKBRIDGE, VIRGINIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results				
Financial Statements				
Type of auditors' report issued		unmodified		
Internal control over financial report - Material weakness(es) identified? - Significant deficiency(ies) identifie		yes x no yes x none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial	statements noted?	yes x no		
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major program: - Material weakness(es) identified? - Significant deficiency(ies) identifie		yes x no yes x none reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on co	ompliance for major programs	unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are in accordance with section 510(a) o Identification of major programs:	•	yes <u>x</u> no		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
11.557	Broadband Technology Opportunities Program			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$300,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	?	<u>x</u> yes <u>no</u>		
	Section II-Financial Statement Findings			
There are no financial statement fin	dings to report.			
	Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
There are no federal award findings	and questioned costs to report.			
	Section IV-Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings			

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