

**INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY
OF PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY, VIRGINIA**

FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF
PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY, VIRGINIA

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY
PRINCE GEORGE, VIRGINIA**

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position, and, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Governmental Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 2, 2022, on our consideration of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia

November 2, 2022

Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

As of June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Prior Year)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ <u>91,288</u>	\$ <u>91,782</u>
Total assets	\$ <u><u>91,288</u></u>	\$ <u><u>91,782</u></u>
NET POSITION		
Net Position:		
Unrestricted	\$ <u>91,288</u>	\$ <u>91,782</u>
Total net position	\$ <u><u>91,288</u></u>	\$ <u><u>91,782</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Prior Year)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Operating revenues:		
Contribution from County of Prince George	\$ -	\$ 100
Administrative fees	<u>3,523</u>	<u>3,694</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>\$ 3,523</u>	<u>\$ 3,794</u>
Operating expenses:		
Professional services	\$ 3,992	\$ 4,700
Economic development	225	-
Miscellaneous	<u>271</u>	<u>-</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 4,488</u>	<u>\$ 4,700</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (965)</u>	<u>\$ (906)</u>
Nonoperating income:		
Interest income	<u>\$ 471</u>	<u>\$ 523</u>
Total nonoperating income	<u>\$ 471</u>	<u>\$ 523</u>
Change in net position	\$ (494)	\$ (383)
Net position, beginning of year	<u>91,782</u>	<u>92,165</u>
Net position, end of year	<u><u>\$ 91,288</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 91,782</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Totals for the Prior Year)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,523	\$ 3,794
Payments for operating activities	<u>(4,488)</u>	<u>(4,700)</u>
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ <u>(965)</u>	\$ <u>(906)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest received	\$ <u>471</u>	\$ <u>523</u>
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (494)	\$ (383)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>91,782</u>	<u>92,165</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u><u>\$ 91,288</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 91,782</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2022

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

A. Organization and Purpose:

Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia (the Authority) was created as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of Board of Supervisors pursuant to the provisions of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act (Chapter 33, Section 15.2-4901 Et Seq., of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended.) The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Virginia.

In addition, the Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of obtaining and constructing facilities. Liability under the bonds may be retained by the Authority or it may be assumed by the enterprises for whom facilities are constructed. Collection of revenues pledged to liquidate the bonds may be assigned to a trustee. The revenue bonds are not deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof. The bonds are payable solely from revenues generated from the lease of the facilities constructed or acquired and are normally collateralized by a deed of trust on those facilities. Collection of revenues pledged to liquidate the bonds are typically assigned to the bond trustee. As of June 30, 2022, the aggregate principal amount payable of these conduit revenue bonds outstanding was \$2,758,761.

B. Determination of the Reporting Entity:

The basic criterion for including organizations within the reporting entity is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in the reporting entity. These financial statements present Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia (the primary government), which is not considered a component unit of Prince George County. Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's financial statements include all operations of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia.

C. Financial Statement Presentation:

Management's Discussion and Analysis—Financial statements are accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). Management elected to omit the Management's Discussion and Analysis in these financial statements.

Enterprise Fund Financial Statements

Since the Authority is only engaged in business-type activities, it is required to present only financial statements for Enterprise Funds. For the Authority, the basic financial statements consist of the following:

- a) Statement of Net Position
- b) Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
- c) Statement of Cash Flows
- d) Notes to Financial Statements

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

C. Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Enterprise Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from developing real estate for business use. Nonoperating revenues consist of interest income. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

E. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Net Position:

The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF PRINCE GEORGE COUNTY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements
As of June 30, 2022 (Continued)

NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

G. Bond Maintenance Fees:

Bond maintenance fees are due to the Authority while bonds are outstanding.

NOTE 2—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

NOTE 3—CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS:

From time to time, the Authority has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entities served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 4—RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Authority is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority has not obtained liability insurance coverage to cover claims if they were to arise. The Authority indicates that there are no current unpaid claims outstanding and therefore estimates that there would be no liability for claims. The Authority has not incurred any costs, nor have they been subject to any claims during the current year.

NOTE 5—LITIGATION:

At June 30, 2022, there were no matters of litigation involving the Authority which would materially affect the Authority's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the Authority.

Compliance



**Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements
Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

**To the Honorable Members of
Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia
Prince George, Virginia**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Industrial Development Authority of Prince George County, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia

November 2, 2022