County of Wise, Virginia

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

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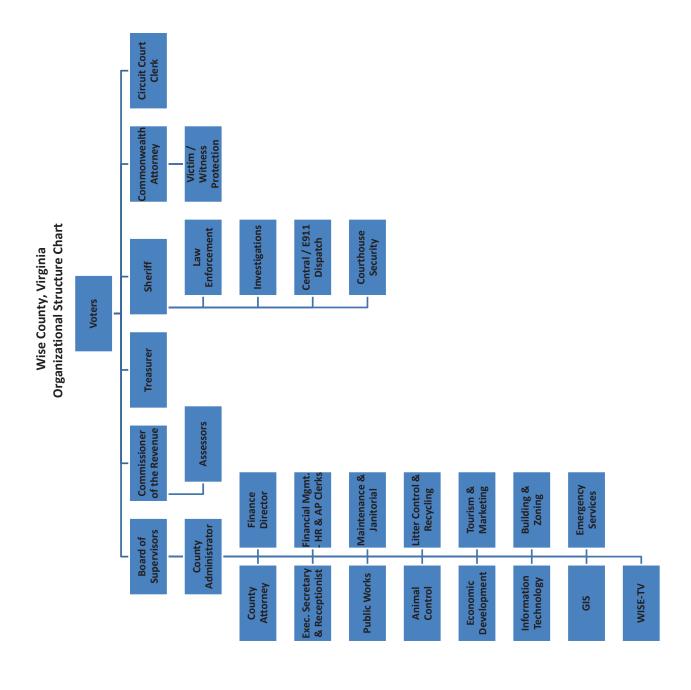
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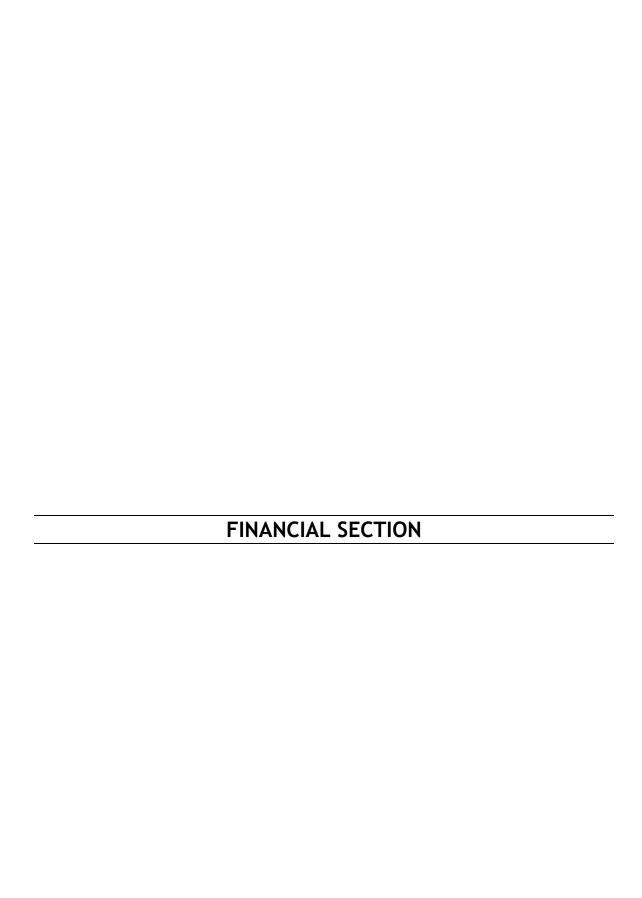
COUNTY OF WISE, VIRGINIA

	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS						
Robert R. Adkins James Lawson Robert Robbins	J. H. Rivers, Chairperson Steve Bates, Vice Chairperson	John Schoolcraft Fred Luntsford Bobby Cassell					
	COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD						
Martha Jett Herbert Shortt Donnese Kern	Larry Greear, Chairperson Phillip Bates, Vice Chairperson Judy Durham, Clerk of the School Board	Dr. Mark Raymond John Graham Vicki Williams					
	PUBLIC SERVICE AUTHORITY						
J.H. Rivers, Treasurer Worley Smith Bob Adkins	Ralph Gilley, Chairperson Fred Luntsford, Vice Chairperson	Hibert Tackett Jr. Robert R. Adkins Ruthie Rainey					
SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD							
Bobby Cassell Duane Miller Charles Miller Sandra Adkins	Steve Bates, Chairperson Dianne Abbott, Vice Chairperson	Gilmer W. Blackburn Wayne Wheatley James Boardwine					

COUNTY OF WISE, VIRGINIA

OTHER OFFICIALS

COUNTY ADMINISTRATION
County Administrator
CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS
Clerk of the Circuit Court
COURTS
Chief Judge of the Circuit Court
COMPONENT UNITS
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Social Services





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Wise, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units (School Board and Public Service Authority (PSA)), each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wise, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements. We were not engaged to audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit - Industrial Development Authority. These financial statements collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the PSA which represents 63.69% of the total assets of the discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the PSA, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. Because of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the discretely presented component unit - Industrial Development Authority.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Except for the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority" paragraph, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit Type of Opinion

Governmental Activities Unmodified **Business-Type Activities** Unmodified Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Unmodified Discretely Presented Component Unit - PSA Unmodified Discretely Presented Component Unit - IDA Disclaimer General Fund Unmodified Coal Road Improvement Fund Unmodified Aggregate Remaining Fund Information Unmodified

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

The financial statements of the Industrial Development Authority of the County of Wise, VA (IDA) have been omitted, and we were not engaged to audit the IDA financial statements as part of our audit of the County's basic financial statements as the IDA is audited by another CPA firm. The amounts by which these omissions would affect the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflow of resources, net position, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units have not been determined.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority" paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence from other auditors to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit IDA. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on these financial statements.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units School Board and PSA, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wise, Virginia as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 25 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 25 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 7-14, 105-106, and 107-125 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the

information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Wise, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of other auditors, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2021, on our consideration of the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Polymson, JMMM, Cox, Associated Blacksburg, Virginia November 26, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Wise County County of Wise, Virginia 24293

As management of the County of Wise, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on page i-v of this report.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$23,592,903 (net position). Of this amount, \$9,518,913 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,299,334 a decrease of \$2,140,980 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 54% of this total amount, \$15,240,464 is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$15,240,464, or 26% of total general fund expenditures.

The County of Wise, Virginia's total primary government long-term obligations increased by \$590,456. Although bonds were reduced by \$2,364,305, various capital equipment was reduced by \$956,910, there was a \$3,911,671 increase in payroll related liabilities.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are composed of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information showing the County's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Wise, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district, Public Service Authority, and an Industrial Development Authority for which the County of Wise, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Wise, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains an individual general fund and many special revenue funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Special Revenue funds.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Emergency Numbers, Coal Road Improvement, School Board and Law Library Funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for those funds to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's custodial funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules, schedules related to pension and OPEB funding, and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$23,592,903 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the County's net position (45%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The county uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens: consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

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Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

	Р	rimary Governi	men	tal Activities
		and Business-	Гуре	Activities
		2020		2021
Current and other assets	\$	64,208,243	\$	62,885,869
Capital assets		76,068,080		76,094,921
Total assets	\$	140,276,323	\$	138,980,790
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,695,608	\$	6,054,935
Long-term liabilities	\$	91,613,789	\$	91,686,089
Current liabilities		8,797,956		10,827,120
Total liabilities	\$	100,411,745	\$	102,513,209
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,805,133	\$	18,929,613
Net investment in capital assets	\$	8,976,559	\$	10,582,489
Restricted - capital projects		282,165		158,061
Restricted - other purposes		3,489,123		3,333,440
Unrestricted		11,007,206		9,518,913
Total net position	\$	23,755,053	\$	23,592,903

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive net position, both for the County as a whole and as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

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Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - Governmental and business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$162,150.

Key elements of this increase are as follows:

	Primary Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities							
		2020	2021					
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	576,553	\$	568,772				
Operating grants and contributions		18,237,114		23,886,130				
General revenues:								
Property taxes		28,169,580		28,569,290				
Other local taxes		5,555,965		4,952,761				
Grants and contributions		2,567,104		2,439,649				
Other		916,285		625,298				
Total revenues	\$	56,022,601	\$	61,041,900				
Expenses:								
General government	\$	2,957,136	\$	4,235,889				
Judicial administration		3,514,730		3,785,132				
Public safety		11,607,368		15,870,766				
Public works		1,354,630		1,263,577				
Health and welfare		12,722,714		12,859,194				
Education		12,427,899		11,374,656				
Parks, recreation, and cultural		963,477		978,329				
Community development		2,735,920		4,418,959				
Interest		2,736,556		2,327,066				
Business-type activities		4,143,896		4,090,482				
Total expenses	\$	55,164,326	\$	61,204,050				
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	858,275	\$	(162,150)				
Net position - beginning		22,896,778		23,755,053				
Net position - ending	\$	23,755,053	\$	23,592,903				

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$28,299,334 a decrease of \$2,140,980. Approximately 54% of this total amount, \$15,240,464 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted, committed, and non-spendable to indicate that is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for:

- Future special revenue expenditures
- Future debt service
- Future EMS-Fire expenditures
- Future blighted properties expenditures
- Future employee benefits

The General Fund is the operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$15,240,464, while the total fund balance was \$24,818,213. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

Major and Non-Major special revenue and capital project funds have a total fund balance of \$3,481,121, all of which is restricted or committed for future projects. The fund balance decreased \$285,442 during the current year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were \$10,053,589 (increase in appropriations) and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$211,952 increase in general government administration
- \$121,990 increase in judicial administration
- \$8,247,363 increase in public safety expenditures
- \$125,924 increase in public works expenditures
- \$0 increase in health and welfare
- \$0 increase in education
- \$0 increase in parks, recreation, and cultural
- \$1,346,360 increase in community development
- \$0 increase in non-departmental

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$67,776,849 (net of accumulated depreciation). The County's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$8,318,072 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and equipment.

Change in Capital Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type	Activities
	2020	2021	2020	2021
Land	\$ 2,195,643	\$ 2,195,643	\$ 314,816 \$	314,816
Buildings and infrastructure	91,803,662	91,990,819	15,749,016	15,749,016
Equipment	7,564,146	10,595,782	5,690,968	5,690,968
Total Capital Assets	\$ 101,563,451	\$ 104,782,244	\$ 21,754,800 \$	21,754,800
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (34,402,164)	\$ (37,005,395)	\$ (12,848,007) \$	(13,436,728)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 67,161,287	\$ 67,776,849	\$ 8,906,793 \$	8,318,072

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 10.

<u>Long-term obligations</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total governmental activity obligations of \$82,063,252, including claims, judgments, pension liabilities, OPEB liabilities, and compensated absences of \$19,317,695. The County had total business-type activity obligations outstanding of \$14,207,474, including claims, judgments, landfill closure and post closure liabilities, pension liabilities, OPEB liabilities, and compensated absences of \$11,453,660.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities
	2020	<u>2020</u> <u>2021</u> <u>2020</u>	
Bonds	\$ 62,612,999	\$ 60,248,694	\$ 3,329,096 \$ 2,753,814
Capital Leases	3,453,773	2,496,863	-
Net Pension Liability	10,341,521	13,852,305	627,197 845,776
Net OPEB Liabilities	4,443,913	4,736,324	161,302 159,717
Landfill Closure/Post Closure Liability	-	-	9,875,022 10,326,640
Compensated Absences	620,590	729,066	122,886 121,527
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 81,472,796	\$ 82,063,252	\$ 14,115,503 \$ 14,207,474

Of the total governmental and business-type obligations, \$63,002,508 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

During the current fiscal year, the County's total primary government long-term obligations increased by \$590,456. Although bonds were reduced by \$2,364,305, various capital equipment was reduced by \$956,910, there was a \$3,911,671 increase in payroll related liabilities.

Additional information on the County of Wise, Virginia's long-term obligations can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors

The unemployment rate is one of the factors considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2022 fiscal year. The October 2021 unemployment rate for the County is 4 percent, which is a decrease from the rate of 6.8 percent in 2020. This is higher than the state's unemployment rate of 3.6 percent and is below the national average rate of 4.6 percent as of October 2021.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

Budget and Rates

The approved budget is \$57,174,108.90 for fiscal year 2021-2022. The tax rates for the 2021-2022 year are as follows: .69 per \$100 value for real estate, mobile home taxes, and public utilities real estate, 1.65 per \$100 of assessed value for personal property and public service personal property, 2.85 per \$100 of assessed value for merchants capital, and 1.41 per \$100 of assessed value for machinery and tools.

Acknowledgements

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Wise, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Mr. Michael W. Hatfield, County Administrator, P.O. Box 570, Wise, Virginia 24293.



		Pri	mary	y Governmen	t		Component Units				
	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Ви	usiness-type Activities		<u>Total</u>	<u>S</u>	chool Board	Pι	ublic Service Authority	
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,582,951	\$	438,674	\$	17,021,625	\$	5,325,377	\$	1,188,245	
Investments		11,172,544		7,495,107		18,667,651		1,463,398		-	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		40 4/2 024				10 1/2 021					
Taxes receivable		19,463,931		-		19,463,931		-		-	
Other local taxes receivable Accounts receivable		75,428 77,968		83,710		75,428 161,678		188,173		707,766	
Due from component unit		2,356,806		03,710		2,356,806		100,173		707,700	
Due from other governmental units		4,363,304				4,363,304		4,184,854		120,778	
Internal balances		149,683		(149,683)		-				.20,770	
Prepaid items		147,566		-		147,566		882,535			
Restricted assets:		,				,		,,,,,,			
Cash and cash equivalents		-				-		-		2,638,126	
Investments		215,380				215,380		-			
Net pension asset		-				-		-		197,346	
Other assets (net of amortization)		-		412,500		412,500		-		-	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):											
Land		2,195,643		314,816		2,510,459		2,003,463		246,719	
Buildings and improvements		61,408,030		-		61,408,030		23,927,265		763,994	
Machinery and equipment		4,173,176		316,695		4,489,871		3,281,786		641,729	
Infrastructure		-		7,686,561		7,686,561		-		65,671,588	
Construction in progress		-		-		-		110,151		397,735	
Total assets	\$	122,382,410	\$	16,598,380	\$	138,980,790	\$	41,367,002	\$	72,574,026	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Pension related items	\$	4,272,467	\$	281,567	\$	4,554,034	\$	13,473,402	\$	168,486	
OPEB related items		1,472,108		28,793		1,500,901		2,379,584		18,246	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	5,744,575	\$	310,360	\$	6,054,935	\$	15,852,986	\$	186,732	
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	1,278,050	¢	168,098	\$	1,446,148	\$	995,814	¢	663,080	
Salaries payable	7	408,539	,	484	,	409,023	Ţ	595,014	7	43,506	
Customer deposits		100,337				107,023		373,011		491,840	
Accrued interest payable		728,859		27,848		756,707		-		18,623	
Due to primary government		-		- , ,		-		2,356,806		,	
Unearned revenue		3,630,605		-		3,630,605		-			
Long-term liabilities:		-,,				-,,					
Due within one year		3,903,842		680,795		4,584,637		254,336		580,356	
Due in more than one year		78,159,410		13,526,679		91,686,089		68,464,186		8,930,363	
Total liabilities	\$	88,109,305	\$	14,403,904	\$	102,513,209	\$	72,666,156	\$	10,727,768	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	17,580,945	ć		\$	17,580,945	\$		\$	_	
Deferred charge on refunding	J	228,441	٠		۲	228,441	J		J	_	
Unearned revenue		220,441		_		-		_		10,390	
Pension related items		27,701		875		28,576		5,655,574		129,920	
OPEB related items		1,053,415		38,236		1,091,651		2,875,373		7,526	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	18,890,502	\$	39,111	\$	18,929,613	\$	8,530,947	\$	147,836	
		_									
NET POSITION	ć	E 049 224	ŕ	E E44 2E0	ć	10 502 400	ć	20 222 4/5	ċ	E0 20E E/O	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,018,231	\$	5,564,258	þ	10,582,489	\$	29,322,665	\$	58,385,560	
Restricted:		450.074				450.074					
Construction		158,061		•		158,061		-			
Asset forfeiture funds		146,527		•		146,527		-			
Law library funds Coal road funds		10,380		-		10,380		-		454,987	
Debt services reserves		3,176,533		-		3,176,533		-			
		-		-		-		-		1,001,247	
American Rescue Plan Act		-		-		-		•		169,560	
Dominion replacement funds Textbooks		-		-		-		1,719,037		234,617	
School Cafeteria		-		-		-		3,506,306		-	
Unrestricted		12,617,446		(3,098,533)		9,518,913		(58,525,123)		1,639,183	

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues	les			_	Net (Expensi Changes in	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	put		
							Primary			Comp	Component	
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	19,05	Covernmental	Bueiness-fyne			5	Dublic Corvice	gi
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	OI	Acti	Activities	Activities		Total	School Board	Authority	ity
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:												
General government administration	\$ 4,235,889	\$ 1,837	s	. \$ 5	\$	(3,809,577)	s	\$	(3,809,577)			
Judicial administration	3,785,132	9,653		6.1	9	(2,289,840)			(2,289,840)			
Public safety	15,8/0,/66	111,402	10,060,625	c.		(5,698,739)			(5,698,739)			
Fubility works Health and welfare	17.859.194	70,07	9.959.482			(1,234,734)			(2.899.712)			
Education	11,374,656				້	11,374,656)		Έ.	(11,374,656)			
Parks, recreation, and cultural	978,329		. 14,500	. 0		(963,829)			(963,829)			
Community development	4,418,959		1,929,426	. 9)	(2,489,533)			(2,489,533)			
Interest on long-term debt						(2,327,066)			(2,327,066)			
Total governmental activities	\$ 57,113,568	\$ 151,715	5 23,874,147	- \$ 2	\$ (3	(33,087,706)	\$	\$ (3:	(33,087,706)			
Business-type activities:		1					, ,		ć			
Sewer	5, 3,431,563	417,057	11,983	, , ,	Λ		(3,002,523) (658 919)	٨	(3,002,523)			
Total business-type activities	\$ 4.090.487	\$ 417.057	7 \$ 11.983	\ \sigma \	٠,		(3.661.442)	<u>ر</u>	(3.661.442)			
			,						(
Total primary government	\$ 61,204,050	\$ 568,772	\$ 23,886,130	\$	\$ (3	(33,087,706)	\$ (3,661,442)	s	(36,749,148)			
COMPONENT UNITS:												
School Board	\$ 67,593,591	\$ 1,366,604	\$ 56,655,529	s						\$ (9,571,458)	٠ د	' !
Public Service Authority Total component units	4,955,256	3,973,751	5 56.655.529	- 16,861,102 9 \$ 16.861.102						\$ (9.571.458)	15,87	15,879,597
		50.00	,	,								32,4
	General revenues and transfers:	and transfers:				000			000	·	·	
	General property taxes Other local taxes:	taxes			γ	76,369,290	^	7 ^	067,690,590	· ^	^	
	Local sales and use taxes	use taxes				3,072,015			3,072,015			
	Coal severance taxes	taxes				1,049,098		`	1,049,098	•		
	Consumers' utility taxes	ty taxes				468,338			468,338			
	Other local taxes	S				363,310			363,310	•		
	Unrestricted reve	nues from use of	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property			136,620	101,771		238,391	16,831		4,419
	Miscellaneous					350,196	36,711		386,907	239,599		
	Payments from tl	Payments from the County of Wise								11,321,058	1	73,699
	Grants and contr	ibutions not restric	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	rams		2,439,649			2,439,649	•		. !
	Gain on disposal of capital assets	ot capital assets			,		- CE 1034			•		16,76/
	Total general revenues and transfers	nues and transfers			\$	32.897.482	3.689.516	Ş	36.586.998	\$ 11.577.488	Ş	94.885
	Change in net position	tion				(190,224)		s	(162,150)		\$ 15,97	15,974,482
	Net position - beginning,	nning, as restated			2	21,317,402	2,437,651		23,755,053	(25,983,145)	45,91	45,910,672
	Net position - ending	ng			\$ 2	21,127,178	\$ 2,465,725	\$	3,592,903	\$ (23,977,115)	\$ 61,88	61,885,154

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Wise, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		General <u>Fund</u>	Coal Road Improvemer <u>Fund</u>	t	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,448,372	1,914,0	22 :	\$ 220,557	\$	16,582,951
Investments		9,625,582	1,319,0	73	227,889		11,172,544
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		19,463,931		-	-		19,463,931
Other local taxes receivable		75,428		-	-		75,428
Accounts receivable		68,138	9,8	30	-		77,968
Due from other funds		350,210	41,8	37	-		392,097
Due from component unit		2,356,806		-	-		2,356,806
Due from other governmental units		4,363,304		-	-		4,363,304
Prepaid items		147,566		-	-		147,566
Restricted assets:							
Investments		215,380		-	-		215,380
Total assets	\$	51,114,717	\$ 3,284,8	12 :	\$ 448,446	\$	54,847,975
LIABILITIES	_					_	
Accounts payable	\$	1,163,225	\$ 108,2	/9	\$ 6,546	\$	1,278,050
Salaries payable		408,539		-			408,539
Due to other funds		105,102		-	137,312		242,414
Unearned revenue		3,630,605		•	-		3,630,605
Total liabilities	\$	5,307,471	\$ 108,2	79	\$ 143,858	\$	5,559,608
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	20,989,033	\$	- !	\$ -	\$	20,989,033
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	\$	147,566	\$	- 9	\$ -	\$	147,566
Restricted:	•	,	•		•	•	,
Capital Projects Fund		_			158,061		158,061
Coal Road Improvement Fund		_	3,176,5	33	-		3,176,533
Forfeitured Assets Fund		_	-, -,-		146,527		146,527
Law Library Fund		10,380			-		10,380
Unspent capital lease proceeds		215,380			-		215,380
Committed:		-,					-,
Debt Service		8,596,294			-		8,596,294
Blighted Properties		106,263			-		106,263
EMS-Fire		298,188			-		298,188
Assigned:		,					,
Drug Court Fund		30,534		_	-		30,534
IT Fund		16,512		_	-		16,512
Software Engineering Fund		43,393			-		43,393
Dog and Cat Sterilization Fund		18,281		_	-		18,281
Transient Occupancy Fund		35,774			_		35,774
Supervisor Fees - SWVCC Fund		58,196		_	-		58,196
E-Summons Fund		988		_	-		988
Unassigned		15,240,464			_		15,240,464
Total fund balances	\$	24,818,213	\$ 3,176,5	33 '	\$ 304,588	\$	28,299,334
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	51,114,717				\$	54,847,975
rotat tiabitities, deferred lintows of resources, and fund balances	٠	J1,114,717	3,204,0	٠.	· ++0,+40	ڔ	JT,UT1,71J

County of Wise, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of fice position are different because.			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	28,299,334
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds. Jointly owned assets are			
included in the total capital assets.			
Land	\$ 2,195,643		
Buildings and improvements	61,408,030		
Machinery and equipment	 4,173,176		67,776,849
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are deferred in the funds.			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes			3,408,088
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ 4,272,467		
OPEB related items	 1,472,108		5,744,575
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds	\$ (44,928,003)		
Lease revenue notes	(13,555,000)		
Capital leases	(2,496,863)		
Unamortized premiums	(1,765,691)		
Deferred charges on refundings	(228,441)		
Accrued interest payable	(728,859)		
Net OPEB liabilities	(4,736,324)		
Net pension liability	(13,852,305)		
Compensated absences	 (729,066)		(83,020,552)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ (27,701)		
OPEB related items	 (1,053,415)		(1,081,116)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	21,127,178
		_	

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		Coal Road provement <u>Fund</u>	G	Nonmajor iovernmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	Ś	29,222,240	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	29,222,240
Other local taxes	,	4,453,515	•	499,246	•	_	•	4,952,761
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		36,538		-		-		36,538
Fines and forfeitures		49,007		-		-		49,007
Revenue from the use of money and property		127,901		8,693		26		136,620
Charges for services		52,962		, -		13,208		66,170
Miscellaneous		279,367		-		70,829		350,196
Recovered costs		709,456		79,833		-		789,289
Intergovernmental		25,843,749		-		470,047		26,313,796
Total revenues	\$	60,774,735	\$	587,772	\$	554,110	\$	61,916,617
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	\$	4 020 479	ċ	_	\$		\$	4 020 479
General government administration Judicial administration	Ş	4,020,178 3,849,482	\$	-	Ş	-	Ş	4,020,178 3,849,482
Public safety		17,520,298		-		97,838		17,618,136
Public works		990,843		235,139		77,030		1,225,982
Health and welfare		12,592,310		233,139		_		12,592,310
Education		14,770,364						14,770,364
Parks, recreation, and cultural		934,527						934,527
Community development		3,094,987		493,994		_		3,588,981
Nondepartmental		91,567		7/3,//7		_		91,567
Capital projects		228,823		_		600,353		829,176
Debt service:		220,023				000,333		027,170
Principal retirement		956,910		-		-		956,910
Interest and other fiscal charges		28,950		_		-		28,950
Total expenditures	\$	59,079,239	\$	729,133	\$	698,191	\$	60,506,563
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	1,695,496	\$	(141,361)	\$	(144,081)	\$	1,410,054
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(3,551,034)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,551,034)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,855,538)	ς	(141,361)	¢	(144,081)	ς .	(2,140,980)
Fund balances - beginning	Ţ	26,673,751	Ţ	3,317,894	7	448,669	7	30,440,314
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	24,818,213	\$	3,176,533	\$	304,588	\$	28,299,334
i and batanees - Chaing	ب	27,010,213	٧	3,170,333	ڔ	JUT, JUU	٧	20,277,337

County of Wise, Virginia

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds $\label{eq:Funds} % \begin{center} \end{center} \begin{center} \begin{cente$

To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (2,140,980)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$ 3,298,775 (2,682,658)	616,117
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Disoposal of assets		(555)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes		(652,950)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal Payments:		
General obligation bonds Lease revenue bonds Capital leases	\$ 2,020,000 100,000 956,910	3,076,910
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Changes to OPEB related items Changes to pension related items Amortization of bond premium	\$ (108,476) 10,257 (122,328) (1,141,079) 244,305	
Amortization of charges on refunding	 28,555	(1,088,766)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (190,224)

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

		Enterprise Funds				
		Landfill		Sewer	-	
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	438,674	\$	-	\$	438,674
Investments		7,495,107		-		7,495,107
Accounts receivables, net of allowances for uncollectibles		65,210		18,500		83,710
Due from other funds		63,215			_	63,215
Total current assets	\$	8,062,206	\$	18,500	\$	8,080,706
Noncurrent assets:			_	442 500	,	442 500
Other assets (net of amortization)	\$	-	\$	412,500	\$	412,500
Capital assets: (net of related depreciation)		214 914				214 914
Land Machineny and equipment		314,816		•		314,816
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		316,695 7,538,346		140 215		316,695
Total capital assets	Ċ	8,169,857	\$	148,215	\$	7,686,561 8,318,072
Total noncurrent assets	,	8,169,857	\$	560,715	\$	8,730,572
Total assets	,	16,232,063	\$	579,215	\$	16,811,278
Total assets		10,232,003	ڔ	3/7,213	ڔ	10,011,270
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	281,567	Ś	_	\$	281,567
OPEB related items	,	28,793	•	_	Ċ	28,793
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	310,360	\$		\$	310,360
		,				
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	100,817	\$	67,281	\$	168,098
Accrued salaries		484		-		484
Due to other funds		-		212,898		212,898
Interest payable		27,848		-		27,848
Compensated absences - current portion		91,145		-		91,145
Bonds payable - current portion		589,650		-		589,650
Total current liabilities	\$	809,944	\$	280,179	\$	1,090,123
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Landfill closure/postclosure liability	\$	10,326,640	\$	-	\$	10,326,640
Bonds payable - net of current portion		2,164,164		-		2,164,164
Compensated absences - net of current portion		30,382		-		30,382
Net OPEB liabilities		159,717		-		159,717
Net pension liability		845,776		-		845,776
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	13,526,679	\$	-	\$	13,526,679
Total liabilities	\$	14,336,623	\$	280,179	\$	14,616,802
DEFENDED INTO ONE OF DECOMPOSES						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		075	_		,	075
Pension related items	\$	875	>	-	\$	875
OPEB related items	_	38,236	ċ		ċ	38,236
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	39,111	\$	•	\$	39,111
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,416,043	\$	148,215	Ś	5,564,258
Unrestricted	7	(3,249,354)		150,821	~	(3,098,533)
Total net position	\$	2,166,689	\$	299,036	\$	2,465,725
·	<u> </u>	,,	_	- ,		

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise	e Fu	ınds		
	 Landfill Sewer		-		
	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Solid waste collections	\$ 417,057	\$	-	\$	417,057
Miscellaneous	12,586		24,125		36,711
Total operating revenues	\$ 429,643	\$	24,125	\$	453,768
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and fringes	\$ 1,553,448	\$	-	\$	1,553,448
Professional services	144,339		-		144,339
Repairs and maintenance	85,698		-		85,698
Operating materials and supplies	52,610		-		52,610
Vehicle supplies and fuel	372,531		-		372,531
Utilities	84,338		-		84,338
Office and insurance expenses	23,068		-		23,068
Improvements and closure costs	451,617		-		451,617
Miscellaneous	23,371		-		23,371
Sewer operation costs	-		630,323		630,323
Depreciation and amortization	 573,875		28,596		602,471
Total operating expenses	\$ 3,364,895	\$	658,919	\$	4,023,814
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,935,252)	\$	(634,794)	\$	(3,570,046)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	\$ 101,771	\$	-	\$	101,771
Grants	11,983		-		11,983
Interest expense	(66,668)		-		(66,668)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 47,086	\$	-	\$	47,086
Income (loss) before transfers	\$ (2,888,166)	\$	(634,794)	\$	(3,522,960)
Transfers in	2,951,480		599,554		3,551,034
Change in net position	\$ 63,314	\$	(35,240)	\$	28,074
Net position - beginning	\$ 2,103,375	\$	334,276	\$	2,437,651
Net position - ending	\$ 2,166,689	\$	299,036	\$	2,465,725

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Enterprise		
		Landfill Sewer		
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	407,749		
Payments to suppliers		(730,194)	(608,540)	, , , ,
Payments to employees		(1,502,625)	-	(1,502,625)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,825,070)	\$ (602,915)	\$ (2,427,985)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from other funds	\$	2,888,265	\$ 599,554	\$ 3,487,819
Grants		11,983	-	11,983
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	2,900,248	\$ 599,554	\$ 3,499,802
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal payments on bonds and capital leases	\$	(525,000)	\$ -	\$ (525,000)
Interest expense	·	(122,508)	· -	(122,508)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(647,508)	\$ -	\$ (647,508)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest income	\$	101,771	\$ -	\$ 101,771
interest income	_ 2	101,771) -	3 101,771
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	529,441	\$ (3,361)	\$ 526,080
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including investments of \$7,396,418)		7,404,340	3,361	7,407,701
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including investments of \$7,495,107)	\$	7,933,781	\$ -	\$ 7,933,781
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,935,252)	\$ (634,794)	\$ (3,570,046)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		() , - ,	, (== , = ,	, (=,==,,==,,
provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	\$	573,875	\$ 28,596	\$ 602,471
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(21,894)	(18,500)	(40,394)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net pension liability		(127,203)	` _ ′	(127,203)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to net OPEB liabilities		(2,244)	-	(2,244)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries		(11)	-	(11)
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure/postclosure liability		451,618	-	451,618
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		55,760	21,783	77,543
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(1,359)		(1,359)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities		(1,585)	_	(1,585)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		218,579	_	218,579
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to net pension liability		(40,298)	_	(40,298)
Increase (decrease) in deferred lintows related to net OPEB liabilities		4,944	_	4,944
Total adjustments	¢		\$ 31,879	\$ 1,142,061
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(1,825,070)		
net cash provided by (asea for) operating activities	<u> </u>	(1,023,070)	y (UUL,713)	y (L,7L1,703)

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 158,097
Accounts receivable	115,587
Total assets	\$ 273,684
LIABILITIES	
Due to other local governments	\$ 251,016
Due to DSS clients	21,770
Total liabilities	\$ 272,786
NET POSITION	
Restricted:	
Special Welfare	\$ 15,107
Lonesome Pine Youth Services	(14,209)
Total net position	\$ 898

County of Wise, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Custodial <u>Funds</u>		
Additions			
Contributions:			
Expenditure reimbursement	\$	77,690	
Sales tax collection for other governments		115,587	
Grants		86,077	
Total contributions	\$	279,354	
Deductions			
Special welfare payments	\$	109,624	
Payments of sales tax to other governments		115,587	
Salaries and fringes		78,661	
Total deductions	\$	303,872	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(24,518)	
Net position, beginning - as restated		25,416	
Net position, ending	\$	898	

COUNTY OF WISE, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Wise, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Wise, Virginia was established by an act of the Virginia General Assembly in 1856. It is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia operating under the board-administrator form of government. The Board of Supervisors consists of a chairman and seven other board members elected from four magisterial districts. The Board is responsible for appointing the County Administrator, County Attorney and County Finance Director. The County has taxing powers subject to statewide restrictions and tax limits.

The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units.

The County provides education through its own school system administered by the Wise County School Board (the School Board). The School Board has been classified as a discretely presented component unit in the financial reporting entity because it is legally separate, but financially dependent. The Board of Supervisors administers the School Board's appropriation of funds at the category level, approves transfers between categories and authorizes school debt issuances. The eight member school board is elected by Wise County voters with two members being elected per magisterial district. Financial statements of the School Board are included in a discretely presented component unit column and/or row of the government-wide financial statements, as well as in the supplementary information section. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

The County is financially accountable for the Wise County Industrial Development Authority (the IDA), including the appointment of the IDA's governing body, and the issuance of debt in conjunction with the IDA. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Wise County Industrial Development Authority.

The County is financially accountable for the Wise County Public Service Authority (the Authority), including the appointment of the Authority's governing body, the contribution of a material amount of funds to the Authority, providing support agreements for the Authority's debt, and serving as the agent for grant receipts for the Authority's capital projects. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Wise County Public Service Authority.

COUNTY OF WISE, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

Related Organizations - The Wise County Redevelopment and Housing Authority is a related organization because the County's officials are responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

- 1. The County, along with the Counties of Buchanan, Dickenson, Lee, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County paid \$2,328,751 for services provided by the Authority.
- 2. The County, along with the Counties of Dickenson, Buchanan, Tazewell, Smyth, Washington, Russell, Scott, Lee, and the Cities of Bristol, and Norton, participates in supporting the Appalachian Juvenile Detention Commission. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County paid \$573,156 for services provided by the Commission.
- 3. The County, along with the Counties of Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Planning District One Behavioral Health Services Board. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County provided an appropriation to the Board of \$260,150.
- 4. The County, along with the Counties of Dickenson, Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Lonesome Pine Regional Library. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County provided an appropriation to the Library of \$822,446.
- 5. The County, along with the Counties of Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Lonesome Pine Office on Youth. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County provided an appropriation to the Office of \$23,014. In addition, the County provides payroll services for the Office at no charge.
- 6. The County, along with the Counties of Dickenson, Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting the Lonesome Pine Airport (Cumberland Airport Commission). The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County provided an appropriation to the Airport of \$107,500.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

7. The County, along with the Counties of Lee, Scott, and the City of Norton, participates in supporting LENOWISCO, a regional planning district. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County provided an appropriation to LENOWISCO of \$66,684.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and it's discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund as reported in the County financial statements includes the following merged County funds: Law Library Fund, Emergency Numbers Fund, Dog and Cat Sterilization Fund, Community Corrections Fund, Information Technology Fund, Software Engineering Intiative Fund, Transient Occupancy Tax Fund, and the Drug Court Fund.

The *Coal Road Improvement Fund* is the government's only major special revenue fund. Revenues in this fund are derived from coal road severance taxes and dedicated to road improvement projects.

The nonmajor governmental funds of the County are:

The Forfeited Assets Fund is a nonmajor special revenue fund of the County. Revenues in this fund are derived from federal, state, and local asset forfeitures and related grants and dedicated to law enforcement services. The Forfeited Assets Fund as reported includes the merged Drug Seizure and Forfeiture Fund and the Special Fund of the Commonwealth Attorney.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The *Capital Projects Fund* is reported as a nonmajor capital project fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the County is that the cost of providing services to the general public be financed or recovered through user charges. The County reports the following enterprise funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operations of the Riverview Sewer Project.

The *Landfill Fund* accounts for the activities of the landfill, including charges for services, expenses, assets, and related debts.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds (Custodial funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Fiduciary funds include the Special Welfare Fund, Local Sales Tax Fund, and Lonesome Pine Youth Services Fund.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The School Operating Fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from appropriations from the County of Wise, Virginia and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund also includes the merged School Textbook Fund.

The School Cafeteria Fund is a Special Revenue Fund. It accounts for and reports the proceeds from charges for services and state and federal grants and reports the expenditures of those funds on school nutrition services.

The School Capital Projects Fund accounts for all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital needs.

The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund. It accounts for and reports all funds received from extracurricular school activities, such as entertainment, athletic contests, club dues, fundraisers, etc., and from any and all activities of the individual schools.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Restricted amounts for the Primary Government represent unspent debt proceeds.

2. Inventory

Inventories of material and supplies are recorded at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of valuation.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on May 31st and October 31st. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

5. Coal Severance Taxes

Coal severance tax is assessed monthly based on the gross receipts of the mining operation for the preceding month. Coal severance taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the mining operation in the month of assessment. Taxes are payable in the month of assessment. The County bills and collects its own coal severance taxes.

6. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$669,226 and \$33,910 for property taxes and landfill receivables, respectively, at June 30, 2021.

7. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

8. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

9. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There was no interest capitalized in fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

9. Capital Assets (continued)

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the Component Unit - School Board, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	35-50
Infrastructure	35-50
Machinery and equipment	2-15

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. The final item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

11. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

12. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

13. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

14. Fund Balance

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments general only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

The Board of Supervisors is the County's highest level of decision-making authority. This governing body has the authority to designate or rescind committed or assigned fund balance by a majority vote.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Finance Director and County Treasurer to assign fund balance in accordance with the County's fund balance policy.

The County will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 10% of expenditures/revenues. The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be cause for concern, barring unusual, or deliberate circumstances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)

14. Fund Balance (Continued)

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

15. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred
 inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when
 constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through
 constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 16. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, Teacher HIC, and LODA OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to March 30, the County Finance Director submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund) and the General Capital Projects Funds. The School Operating Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

A. Budgetary Information (continued)

- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

At June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations for several departments within the General and Asset Forfeiture Funds.

C. Deficit fund balance

At June 30, 2021, no funds had deficit fund balance.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

At year end, the County was not exposed to any custodial credit risk for deposits or investments. The County limits deposits to those banks fully collateralized under the Commonwealth's Security for Public Deposits Act. The County policy in regard to investments requires that all investments be held in the County's name.

At June 30, 2021, the County did not have any investments requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

At year-end, the Primary Government's and the Component Unit - School Board's deposit and investment balances were as follows:

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

	Fair Quality Rating					
Rated Debt Investments		Unrated		Aa+f/S1	AAAm	
Primary Government:						
Demand and time deposits	\$	7,710,487	\$	-	\$	-
VML/VACO - Liquidity Pool		-		-		8,414,353
VML/VACO - 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund		-		2,747,150		-
Virginia LGIP		-		-		11,041
Total Primary Government	\$	7,710,487	\$	2,747,150	\$	8,425,394
Component Unit - School Board: VML/VACO Liquidity Pool	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,463,398

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Pool investments at the net asset value (NAV).

External Investment Pools

The value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Redemption Restrictions

VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool allows the County to have the option to have access to withdraw funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, etc.).

Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk and had no investments subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1 Year	1 - 5 Years
Primary Government:			
Demand and time deposits	\$ 7,710,487	\$ 7,710,487	\$ -
VML/VACO - Liquidity Pool	8,414,353	8,414,353	-
VML/VACO - 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund	2,747,150	-	2,747,150
Virginia LGIP	11,041	11,041	-
Total Primary Government	\$ 18,883,031	\$ 16,135,881	\$ 2,747,150
Component Unit - School Board:			
VML/VACO - Liquidity Pool	\$ 1,463,398	\$ 1,463,398	\$ -

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board	
Local Governments:				
City of Norton - shared expenses reimbursement	\$	271,913	\$	-
SWVA Regional Jail - shared expenses reimbursement		1,058,900		-
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Communications tax		115,302		-
State sales tax		-		539,424
Local sales tax		656,598		-
Non-categorical aid		133,508		-
Categorical aid - shared expenses		334,036		-
Categorical aid - Virginia Public Assistance funds		303,176		-
Categorical aid - Comprehensive Services Act funds		424,414		-
Categorical aid - other		516,126		-
Federal Government:				
Categorical aid - Virginia Public Assistance funds		474,729		-
Categorical aid - other		74,602		3,645,430
Total Amount due from Other Governmental Units	\$	4,363,304	\$	4,184,854

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

	Due to Primary		Due from Primary		
	Go	Government/		overnment/	
Fund	Component Unit		Cor	mponent Unit	
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,356,806	
Component Unit - School Board					
School Operating Fund	\$	2,356,806	\$	-	

Interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Fund	Due To		D	ue From
Primary Government:		_		_
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	105,102	\$	350,210
Coal Road Fund		-		41,887
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Capital Projects Fund		137,312		-
Enterprise Funds:				
Landfill Fund		-		63,215
Sewer Fund		212,898		-
Total Primary Government	\$	455,312	\$	455,312

All balances are the results of time lag between dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. The County expects all balances to be repaid within one year.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
Primary Government:				
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,551,034
Enterprise Funds:				
Sewer Fund		599,554		-
Landfill Fund		2,951,480		-
Total Primary Government	\$	3,551,034	\$	3,551,034
Component Unit - School Board:				
Major Governmental Funds:				
School Operating Fund	\$	-	\$	675,022
School Activity Fund		675,022		-
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$	675,022	\$	675,022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations: (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning Balance	Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Ending Balance	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 46,948,003	\$ -	\$ (2,020,000)	\$ 44,928,003	
Bond Premium	2,009,996	-	(244, 305)	1,765,691	
Lease Revenue Bonds	13,655,000	-	(100,000)	13,555,000	
Capital Leases	3,453,773	-	(956,910)	2,496,863	
Net Pension Liability	10,341,521	6,071,678	(2,560,894)	13,852,305	
Net OPEB Liabilities	4,443,913	1,785,716	(1,493,305)	4,736,324	
Compensated Absences	620,590	573,919	(465,443)	729,066	
Total	\$ 81,472,796	\$ 8,431,313	\$ (7,840,857)	\$ 82,063,252	

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowings and Placements					
June 30,	Principal		Interest			
2022	\$ 2,165,000	\$	2,586,934			
2023	2,670,947		2,516,182			
2024	3,099,552	2,412,537				
2025	3,218,607		2,295,059			
2026	3,323,137		2,192,509			
2027-2031	16,420,760		9,553,135			
2032-2036	17,570,000	17,570,000 4,132,				
2037-2041	10,015,000		521,626			
Totals	\$ 58,483,003	\$	26,210,815			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Installment Amounts	Amount of Original Issue	G	Balance overnmental Activities	Amount ue Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements:								
General Obligation Bonds:								
VPSA General obligation bond	3.67%	11/9/2011	7/15/2036	\$1,045,000 - \$1,870,000 a+	\$ 29,265,000	\$	21,445,000	\$ -
VPSA General obligation bond	5.10%	5/15/2008	7/15/2028	\$310,947 - \$368,877 a+	5,834,463		2,373,003	-
Refunding bond	2.39-3.54%	5/15/2014	7/15/2036	\$680,000 - \$855,000 a+	13,910,000		12,410,000	865,000
VPSA QSCB bond	0.00%	12/15/2011	12/1/2030	\$300,000 - \$1,200,000 a+	15,000,000		8,700,000	1,200,000
Total GO Bonds						\$	44,928,003	\$ 2,065,000
Lease Revenue Bonds:								
Refunding Bond - Series 2019	1.5-5%	10/30/2019	11/1/2039	\$100,000 - \$2,080,000 a+	\$ 13,655,000	\$	13,555,000	\$ 100,000
Premiums								
\$29,265,000 VPSA GO bond						\$	121,493	\$ 52,475
\$13,910,000 refunding bond							211,974	42,676
\$13,655,000 refunding bond							1,432,224	131,325
Total Premiums						\$	1,765,691	\$ 226,476
Total Direct Borrowings and Place	ments					\$	60,248,694	\$ 2,391,476
Capital Leases:								
Banc Corp - equipment schedule 1	0.8608%	4/13/2020	4/15/2023	\$352,229 sa	\$ 2,082,757	\$	1,394,842	\$ 693,949
Banc Corp - equipment schedule 2	0.9460%	4/13/2020	4/15/2025	\$140,701 sa	1,371,016		1,102,021	271,617
Total Capital Leases						\$	2,496,863	\$ 965,566
Other Obligations:								
Net pension liability						\$	13,852,305	\$ -
Net OPEB liabilities							4,736,324	-
Compensated absences							729,066	546,800
Total Other Obligations						\$	19,317,695	\$ 546,800
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	82,063,252	\$ 3,903,842

⁽a+) - annual principal installments shown does not include semi-annual interest installments

In the event of default on the lease revenue note, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

⁽sa) - semi-ammual principal and interest installments

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Beginning	Increases/	Decreases/	Ending
	Balance	Issuances	Retirements	Balance
Direct Borrowings and Placements:				
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 3,115,000	\$ -	\$ (525,000)	\$ 2,590,000
Bond Premium	214,096	-	(50,282)	163,814
Landfill Closure/				
Postclosure Liability	9,875,022	451,618	-	10,326,640
Net Pension Liability	627,197	374,939	(156, 360)	845,776
Net OPEB Liabilities	161,302	31,437	(33,022)	159,717
Compensated Absences	122,886	90,806	(92,165)	121,527
Total	\$ 14,115,503	\$ 948,800	\$ (856,829)	\$14,207,474

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Direct Borrowings and Placements					
June 30,		Principal		Interest		
2022	\$	545,000	\$	101,952		
2023		565,000		79,185		
2024		270,000		59,338		
2025		285,000		46,738		
2026		295,000		34,334		
2027-2031		630,000		25,506		
Totals	\$	2,590,000	\$	347,053		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness</u> (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

			Final		Amount of		Balance	,	Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Installment	Original	Βι	usiness-Type	Dι	ıe Within
	Rates	Issued	Date	Amounts	Issue		Activities	С	ne Year
Direct Borrowings and Placeme	nts:								
General Obligation Bonds:									
VRA General obligation bond	2.48%	6/5/2013	4/1/2028	\$190,000 - \$320,000 a+	\$3,450,000	\$	1,985,000	\$	250,000
VRA General obligation bond	3.28%	5/25/2010	10/1/2022	\$230,000 - \$310,000 a+	2,985,000		605,000		295,000
Total GO Bonds						\$	2,590,000	\$	545,000
Premiums:									
\$3,450,000 VRA GO bond						\$	154,580	\$	37,822
\$2,985,000 VRA GO bond							9,234		6,828
Total Premiums						\$	163,814	\$	44,650
Total Direct Borrowings and	i Placeme	nts				\$	2,753,814	\$	589,650
Other Obligations:									
Landfill closure/postclosure lia	bility					\$	10,326,640	\$	-
Net pension liability							845,776		-
Net OPEB liabilities							159,717		-
Compensated absences							121,527		91,145
Total Other Obligations						\$	11,453,660	\$	91,145
Total Long-Term Obligation	ns					\$	14,207,474	\$	680,795

⁽a+) - annual principal installments shown does not include semi-annual interest installments

In the event of default on the general obligation bonds, the lender may declare the entire unpaid principal and interest on the issuance as due and payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations-Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	 Beginning Balance	 Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Net pension liability Net OPEB liabilities Compensated absences	\$ 48,259,315 15,749,760 317,487	\$ 20,837,909 3,036,209 259,743	\$ (16,186,095) (3,317,691) (238,115)	\$ 52,911,129 15,468,278 339,115
Total	\$ 64,326,562	\$ 24,133,861	\$ (19,741,901)	\$ 68,718,522

Details of long-term indebtedness:

		A	Amount	
	Total	Due Within		
	 Amount	One Year		
Other Obligations:				
Net pension liability	\$ 52,911,129	\$	-	
Net OPEB liabilities	15,468,278		-	
Compensated absences	 339,115		254,336	
			_	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 68,718,522	\$	254,336	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 8-Capital Leases:

Primary Government

The County has entered into two lease agreements for the purchase of 70 vehicles for public safety and other departments within the primary government. As of June 30, 2021, the County had not purchased all of the vehicles and there is a balance of \$215,380 in unspent capital lease proceeds reported.

Total assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Vehicles	\$ 3,425,918
Accumulated depreciation	(571,716)
Net book value of assets	\$ 2,854,202

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
		Banc Corp		Banc Corp		
Year Ending June 30,	equipr	ment schedule 1	equipr	ment schedule 2		
2022	\$	704,457	\$	281,401		
2023		705,414		281,401		
2024		-		281,401		
2025		-		281,398		
Subtotal	\$	1,409,871	\$	1,125,601		
Less: amount representing interest		(15,029)		(23,580)		
Present Value of Lease Agreement	\$	1,394,842	\$	1,102,021		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report participate in the VRS plan through Wise County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Benefit Structures (continued)

c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 13.12% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,470,649 and \$1,231,295 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$14,698,081 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Contributions to the plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the County's proportion was 98.8143% and 98.6242%, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Wise County's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rates	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County of Wise Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
retirement healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rates	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Pension Plan: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.14%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions complied for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Pension Plan: (continued)

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1% Decrease (5.75%)		Current Discount (6.75%)		1% Increase (7.75%)	
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	22,652,465	\$	14,698,081	\$	8,095,341

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,663,819. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government				
	De	eferred Outflows of	Deferi	ed Inflows of	
		Resources	R	esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	902,747	\$	15,307	
Change in assumptions		690,302		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		18,463		13,269	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,471,873		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,470,649		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	4,554,034	\$	28,576	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$1,470,649 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Primary
Year ended June 30	Government
2022	\$ 983,537
2023	1,011,557
2024	587,523
2025	472,192

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board
	Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	184
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	9
Non-vested inactive members	18
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	16
Total inactive members	43
Active members	60
Total covered employees	287

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 20.05% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$314,988 and \$303,640 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component School Board (Nonprofessional)				
	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total		Plan		Net
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
		Liability		Net Position		Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	13,139,235	\$	9,133,647	\$	4,005,588
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	135,207	\$	-	\$	135,207
Interest		853,794		-		853,794
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		19,528		-		19,528
Contributions - employer		-		303,541		(303,541)
Contributions - employee		-		76,187		(76, 187)
Net investment income		-		168,053		(168,053)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(980,872)		(980,872)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(6,181)		6,181
Other changes		-		(196)		196
Net changes	\$	27,657	\$	(439,468)	\$	467,125
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	13,166,892	\$	8,694,179	\$_	4,472,713

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	1% Decrease Current Discount 1% Incr				
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)			_		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 5,840,824	\$	4,472,713	\$ 3,308,453	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$462,490. At June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)		
	-	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
		Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual	_			_
experience	\$	5,967	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actue earnings on pension plan investments	ıal	262,278		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		314,988		-
Total	\$	583,233	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)</u> (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$314,988 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Component Unit
		School Board
	Year ended June 30	(Nonprofessional)
_	2022	\$ 6,360
	2023	84,233
	2024	92,060
	2025	85,592

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$4,984,281 and \$4,423,004 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional)</u> (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$48,438,416 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion was 0.32800% as compared to 0.33626% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$3,967,837. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit School Board (Professional)			
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	2,839,237		
Change in assumptions		3,306,529	-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,684,278	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		915,081	2,816,337		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$	4,984,281 12,890,169 \$	5,655,574		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9—Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

\$4,984,281 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30		Component Unit School Board (Professional)
2022	 \$	(1,006,212)
2023	7	570,898
2024 2025		1,472,419 1,288,688
2026		(75,479)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment
	expenses, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75 investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year
	age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Tead	cher Employee
	Ret	irement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	51,001,855
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		36,449,229
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,552,626
	-	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		71.47%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
		1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS		_		
Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net				
Pension Liability (Asset)	\$_	71,070,035	48,438,416	29,719,206

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 9-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

		Primary Government						Component Unit School Board							
						Net Pension							Net Pension		
		Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension		Deferred	Deferred		Liability		Pension
	-	Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)	-	Expense	_	Outflows	Inflows		(Asset)	_	Expense
VRS Pension Plans:															
Primary Government	\$	4,554,034	\$	28,576	\$	14,698,081	\$	2,663,819	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-		-		583,233	-		4,472,713		462,490
School Board Professional		-		-		-		-		12,890,169	5,655,574		48,438,416		3,967,837
Totals	\$	4,554,034	\$	28,576	\$	14,698,081	\$	2,663,819	\$	13,473,402 \$	5,655,574	\$	52,911,129	\$	4,430,327

Note 10-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Primary Government:

Trimary dovernment.		Beginning Balance		Increases	De	ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,195,643	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,195,643
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	91,803,662	\$	187,157	\$	-	\$	91,990,819
Machinery and equipment		7,564,146		3,111,618		(79,982)		10,595,782
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	99,367,808	\$	3,298,775	\$	(79,982)	\$	102,586,601
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(28,781,392)	\$	(1,801,397)	\$	-	\$	(30,582,789)
Machinery and equipment	•	(5,620,772)	·	(881,261)	·	79,427	·	(6,422,606)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(34,402,164)	\$	(2,682,658)	\$	79,427	\$	(37,005,395)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	64,965,644	\$	616,117	\$	(555)	\$	65,581,206
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	67,161,287	\$	616,117	\$	(555)	\$	67,776,849

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Capital Assets: (continued)

Primary Government: (continued)

Frimary Government, (continued)						
	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	li	ncreases	Dec	reases	Balance
Business-type Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 314,816	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 314,816
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 314,816	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 314,816
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Infrastructure	\$ 15,749,016	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 15,749,016
Machinery and equipment	5,690,968		-		-	5,690,968
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 21,439,984	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 21,439,984
Accumulated depreciation:						
Infrastructure	\$ (7,654,361)	\$	(408,094)	\$	-	\$ (8,062,455)
Machinery and equipment	(5, 193, 646)		(180,627)		-	(5,374,273)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (12,848,007)	\$	(588,721)	\$	-	\$ (13,436,728)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 8,591,977	\$	(588,721)	\$		\$ 8,003,256
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,906,793	\$	(588,721)	\$	-	\$ 8,318,072

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General governmental administration	\$ 126,129
Judicial administration	24,509
Public safety	796,908
Public works	314,971
Health and welfare	70,814
Education	1,305,525
Parks, recreation, and cultural	43,802
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$2,682,658
Business-type activities: Public works	\$ 588.721
i dotte morte	7 330,721

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 10-Capital Assets: (continued)

Business-type Other Assets:

The Sewer Enterprise Fund contains a balance of \$412,500 in Other Assets. This amount is for a connectivity fee with the City of Norton for the flow of wastewater. This agreement states that a fee of \$550,000 is for a forty year period and will be amortized over that period. Amortization in fiscal year 2021 was \$13,750 and accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$137,500.

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

,	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		 Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,973,463	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$ 2,003,463	
Construction in progress		-		110,151		-	110,151	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	1,973,463	\$	140,151	\$	-	\$ 2,113,614	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	63,813,572	\$	720,042	\$	-	\$ 64,533,614	
Machinery and equipment		12,898,543		1,010,525		=	13,909,068	
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	76,712,115	\$	1,730,567	\$	-	\$ 78,442,682	
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(38,984,110)	\$	(1,622,239)	\$	-	\$ (40,606,349)	
Machinery and equipment		(10,045,083)		(582, 199)		-	(10,627,282)	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(49,029,193)	\$	(2,204,438)	\$	-	\$ (51,233,631)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	27,682,922	\$	(473,871)	\$		\$ 27,209,051	
School board capital assets, net	\$	29,656,385	\$	(333,720)	\$	-	\$ 29,322,665	

Note 11-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of each of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 12-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Constitutional Officer Risk Management Plan - Surety:	
Jack Kennedy, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 500,000
Delores W. Smith, Treasurer	500,000
Douglas Mullins, Jr., Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Grant Kilgore, Sheriff	30,000
Travelers Casualty & Surety Co:	
Public Officials Bond - Board of Supervisors	\$ 3,000
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company Surety:	
Greg Mullins, Superintendent of Schools	\$ 10,000
Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:	
Judy Durham, Clerk of the School Board	\$ 10,000
Elizabeth Shupe, Deputy Clerk of the School Board	10,000
All School Board Employees: Blanket Bond	5,000
All Social Services Employees: Blanket Bond	100,000

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

According to laws and regulations the County must perform closure and postclosure care to the Landfill as specified in Part V, Section 5.1.E of the Virginia Solid Waste Management Regulations (VR 672-20-10). The regulations require the County to close its facility in a manner that minimizes the need for further maintenance and controls, minimizes or eliminates the post-closure escape of uncontrolled leachate, surface runoff, decomposition gas, migration or waste decomposition products to the groundwater, surface water or to the atmosphere. The regulations also require that the County conduct postclosure care for ten years after the date of completing closure or for as long as leachate is generated, whichever is later.

The total estimated closure and postclosure care costs for the County's landfill operation is \$18,321,459. The accrued liability for these costs reported as of June 30, 2021 is based on the capacity of the landfill used to date. The landfill capacity used at year end is approximately 56.36% and the remaining life of the landfill is approximately 24 years. The remaining cost to be accrued in the future is as follows:

Total Estimated Liability	\$ 18,321,459
Accrued Liability of June 30, 2021	10,326,640
Total Closure and Postclosure Care Costs Remaining to be Recognized	\$ 7,994,819

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost: (Continued)

It should be noted that the total estimated liability for the closure and post-closure care costs is only an estimate based on current projections. The estimates are reviewed by our engineer, Thompson & Litton, on an annual basis. Inflation factors are provided by the Department of Environmental Quality to apply to the estimates. Uncontrollable factors such as inflation, changes in technology, and changes in applicable laws and regulations may affect these projections.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and post-closure costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with 9 VAC 20-70-10 of the Virginia Administrative Code. The regulation requires local government owners and operators to maintain a financial mechanism, or combination of mechanisms, demonstrating assurance for the closure, post-closure care, and, if applicable, corrective actions costs associated with their owned and operated solid waste facilities. The County has fulfilled the requirements as set forth in the financial ratio test mechanism.

The County has a reserve fund designated for the purpose of landfill closure. The closure and post closure costs are being funded by an annual transfer from the general fund to this fund. As of June 30, 2021, the County has a balance of \$7,495,107 in this fund which is the aggregate funding to date including interest earned.

Note 14-Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred/Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred. Deferred/Unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

	Go	vernment-wide		
		Statements	В	Balance Sheet
	Gover	Governmental Activities		ernmental Funds
Taxes receivable-2nd half installment	\$	15,828,827	\$	15,828,827
Prepaid taxes		1,752,118		1,752,118
Delinquent taxes receivable due prior				
to June 30 not collected within 60 days		-		3,408,088
Total	\$	17,580,945	\$	20,989,033

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 15-Commitments and Contingencies:

Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirement, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirement for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

The County and School Board each administer a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plans provide postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's and School Board's pension plans. The plans do not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

The Wise and Wise School Board Post-Retirement Medical Plans (the Plans) are single-employer defined benefit healthcare plans administered by the County and School Board. The Plans provide health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and School Board and can be amended through County and School Board action, respectively.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2021 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	County	School Board
Total active employees with coverage	235	505
Total active employees without coverage	40	216
Total retirees with coverage	14	52
Total retirees without coverage	-	1
	289	774

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

Contributions

The County and School Board do not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County and School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$75,408 and \$297,695, respectively.

Total OPEB Liability

The County and School Board's total OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2021 and are based on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2020 projected to June 30, 2021 on a "no loss/no gain" basis.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Percentage of Salary					
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Medical rates start at 7.50% and decrease by varying amounts to					
	an ultimate rate of 4.50%					
Salary Increases	3.50%					
Discount Rate	2.19%					
Inflation	2.50%					

Mortality rates use SOA Pub-2010 General, Public Safety, Contingent Survivor, Teacher, as applicable, Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on July 1, 2020 with results actuarially projected on a "no gain/no loss" basis to get to the June 30, 2021 measurement date. Liabilities as of June 30, 2021 are based on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the S%P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 2.19% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the County and School Board will continue contributing the Actuarially Determined Contribution and paying the pay-go cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	County	Sc	:hool Board
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 1,932,685	\$	8,911,073
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 112,165	\$	647,736
Interest cost	53,397		250,331
Difference between expected and actual experience	(245,501)		(1,155,123)
Changes in assumptions	66,523		292,417
Benefit payments	 (75,408)		(297,695)
Net changes	\$ (88,824)	\$	(262, 334)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,843,861	\$	8,648,739

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.19%) or one percentage point higher (3.19%) than the current discount rate:

į.	Prima	ry Governmen	t	Component Unit School Board							
		Rate			Rate						
1% Decrease	Cur	rent Discount	1% Increase	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase					
(1.19%)		(2.19%)	(3.19%)	(1.19%)	(2.19%)	(3.19%)					
\$1,994,456	\$	1,843,861	\$ 1,705,569	\$ 9,289,134	\$ 8,648,739	\$ 8,034,134					

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Primary Government					Com	one	nt Unit School	Boa	rd
		Rate					Rate		
1% Decrease	Cur	rent Trend	1% Increase		1% Decrease	Cu	rrent Trend	1	% Increase
\$ 1,740,394	\$	1,843,861	\$ 1,968,382		\$ 7,551,368	\$	8,648,739	\$	9,941,913

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$91,280 and \$711,939, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the County and School Board reported the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB:

Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Total

Primary (Gον	ernment		Component Unit School Board					
Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred			
Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of			
Resouces		Resources		Resouces		Resources			
\$ 35,764	\$	594,275	\$	-	\$	2,123,275			
256,168		3,947		1,190,062		9,397			
\$ 291,932	\$	598,222	\$	1,190,062	\$	2,132,672			

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	 Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
2022	\$ (74,282) \$	(186,128)
2023	(74,282)	(186, 125)
2024	(74,282)	(121,107)
2025	(32,902)	(125,734)
2026	(32,902)	(107,838)
Thereafter	(17,640)	(215,678)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. The amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,616 as of June 30, 2021.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Contributions (continued)

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$63,003 and \$59,342 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (non-professional) were \$8,807 and \$8,389 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit-School Board (professional) were \$165,595 and \$149,220 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$926,106 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2021, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$130,837 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2021, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) reported a liability of \$2,327,026 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.05553% as compared to 0.05536% at June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2020, the Component Unit-School Board (nonprofessional) proportion was 0.00780% as compared to 0.00797% at June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2020, the Component Unit-School Board (professional) proportion was 0.13940% as compared to 0.14180% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$28,103. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component-Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$1,667. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component-Unit School Board (professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$45,696. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2021, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government				
	Deferred Outflows Deferred I			Deferred Inflows	
		of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	59,401	\$	8,318	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		27,819		-	
Change in assumptions		46,316		19,338	
Changes in proportionate share		10,457		36,751	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		63,003		-	
Total	\$	206,996	\$	64,407	

	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)					Component Unit School Board (Professional)			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,392	\$	1,175	\$	149,257	\$	20,900	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		3,930		-		69,902		-	
Change in assumptions		6,543		2,732		116,378		48,590	
Changes in proportionate share		2,059		12,423		59,068		190,398	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>,</u>	8,807	- , -	-		165,595	·	-	
Total	۶.	29,731	Ş.	16,330	۶.	560,200	Ş_	259,888	

\$63,003, \$8,807, and \$165,595 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Component-Unit School Board (Nonprofessional), and Component-Unit School Board (Professional), respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Program OPEB (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

			Component Unit-School	Component Unit-School
Year Ended June 30		Primary Government	Board (Non- professional)	Board (Professional)
	-	Covernment	 proressionar)	(1101c35ioilat)
2022	\$	6,735	\$ (1,352) \$	(7,993)
2023		14,592	(242)	11,747
2024		25,057	1,636	41,629
2025		26,483	3,659	71,842
2026		6,118	893	17,495
Thereafter		601	-	(3)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and			
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75			
Withdrawal Dates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit			
Withdrawal Rates	experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%			
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older
	ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
Withdrawat Nates	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,523,937
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,855,102
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ _	1,668,835
		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		52.64%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected aritl	hmetic nominal return	7.14%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate							
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase			
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)		
Proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability:								
County	\$	1,217,437	\$	926,106	\$	689,517		
Component Unit-School Board								
(Nonprofessional)	\$	3,059,054	\$	2,327,026	\$	1,732,550		
Component Unit-School Board								
(Professional)	\$	171,995	\$	130,837	\$	97,412		

GLI Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	43
Active members	60
Total covered employees	103

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional (Continued)</u>

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board (Nonprofessional)'s contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.53% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board (Nonprofessional) to the HIC Plan were \$8,611 and \$7,080 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board (nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional (Continued)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and			
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit			
Withurawat Nates	experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%			
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional (Continued)</u>

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investement Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Exp	ected arithme	tic nominal return	7.14%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional (Continued)</u>

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

		Increase (Decrease)						
		Total HIC OPEB Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)		
Palancos at June 20, 2010	<u>,</u> –	(a)	<u> </u>	(b)	- ح	(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ <u> </u>	247,083	^ې –	182,460	ې _	64,623		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	2,532	\$	-	\$	2,532		
Interest		15,703		-		15,703		
Benefit changes		16,593		-		16,593		
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		4,112		-		4,112		
Contributions - employer		-		7,080		(7,080)		
Net investment income		-		3,497		(3,497)		
Benefit payments		(28,884)		(28,884)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(310)		310		
Other changes	_	-		(2)	_	2		
Net changes	\$	10,056	\$ _	(18,619)	\$ _	28,675		
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	257,139	\$_	163,841	\$ _	93,298		

Sensitivity of the County's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1%	Decrease	Curre	nt Discount		1% Increase
	(5.75%)	(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School Board (Nonprofessional)'s						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	114,925	\$	93,298	\$	72,403

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Component Unit School Board - Nonprofessional (Continued)

HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Program OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB expense of \$27,254. At June 30, 2021, the School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s HIC Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows	
	_	of Resources	_	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,172	\$	2,929	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		5,436		-	
Change in assumptions		2,441		333	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		8,611		-	
Total	\$	23,660	\$	3,262	

\$8,611 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ 4,138
2023	3,132
2024	2,892
2025	1,625

HIC Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website <u>at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$370,861 and \$344,216 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$4,268,378 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan was 0.32720% as compared to 0.33129% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$282,069. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	57,003
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		18,916		-
Change in assumptions		84,380		23,321
Change in proportionate share		101,774		382,897
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	. -	370,861		<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	575,931	\$_	463,221

\$370,861 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ (67,484)
2023	(65,609)
2024	(66,237)
2025	(50,461)
2026	(7,163)
Thereafter	(1,197)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50%-5.95%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	1,448,676 144,160
Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ <u>_</u>	1,304,516
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		9.95%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arith	7.14%	

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time On October 10, 2019 the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	19	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1	% Increase
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
School division's proportionate						
share of the VRS Teacher						
Employee HIC OPEB Plan						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	4,778,004	\$	4,268,378	\$	3,835,233

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program:

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) was established pursuant to \$9.1-400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members. As required by statute, the Virginia Retirement System (the System) is responsible for managing the assets of the program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the System. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in FY 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the System's actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers.

The specific information for the LODA Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 20—Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Eligible Employees

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities as well as hazardous duty employees who are covered under the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) are automatically covered by the Line of Duty Act Program (LODA).

Benefit Amounts

The LODA program death benefit is a one-time payment made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries of a covered individual. Amounts vary as follows: \$100,000 when a death occurs as the direct or proximate result of performing duty as of January 1, 2006, or after; \$25,000 when the cause of death is attributed to one of the applicable presumptions and occurred earlier than five years after the retirement date; or an additional \$20,000 benefit is payable when certain members of the National Guard and U.S. military reserves are killed in action in any armed conflict on or after October 7, 2001.

The LODA program also provides health insurance benefits. Prior to July 1, 2017, these benefits were managed through the various employer plans and maintained the benefits that existed prior to the employee's death or disability. These premiums were reimbursed to the employer by the LODA program. Beginning July 1, 2017, the health insurance benefits are managed through the Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM). The health benefits are modeled after the State Employee Health Benefits Program plans and provide consistent, premium-free continued health plan coverage for LODA-eligible disabled individuals, survivors and family members. Individuals receiving the health insurance benefits must continue to meet eligibility requirements as defined by LODA.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the LODA Program are governed by §9.1-400.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the LODA Program for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$717.31 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and represents the pay-as-you-go funding rate and not the full actuarial cost of the benefits under the program. The actuarially determined pay-as-you-go rate was expected to finance the costs and related expenses of benefits payable during the year. Contributions to the LODA Program from the entity were \$74,063 and \$68,989 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 20—Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the entity reported a liability of \$2,126,074 for its proportionate share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability. The Net LODA OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total LODA OPEB liability used to calculate the Net LODA OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The entity's proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability was based on the entity's actuarially determined pay-asyou-go employer contributions to the LODA OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the entity's proportion was 0.50760% as compared to 0.49430% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the entity recognized LODA OPEB expense of \$214,901. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the LODA OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2021, the entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 225,687	\$	289,854
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on LODA OPEB program investments	-		3,023
Change in assumptions	569,166		132,487
Change in proportionate share	133,057		3,658
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ 74,063 1,001,973	- \$ -	429,022
	 , ,	- ' -	,

\$74,063 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB resulting from the entity's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net LODA OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB will be recognized in LODA OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2022	\$ 70,073
2023	70,631
2024	71,227
2025	71,402
2026	71,589
Thereafter	143,966

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total LODA OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality employees N/A

Medical cost trend rates assumption:

Under age 65 7.00%-4.75% Ages 65 and older 5.375%-4.75%

Year of ultimate trend rate

Under age 65 Fiscal year ended 2028 Ages 65 and older Fiscal year ended 2023

Investment rate of return 2.21% including inflation*

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

^{*}Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 2.21% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 20—Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-			
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020			
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older			
	ages			
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit			
	experience at each age and service year			
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience			
Salary Scale	No change			
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%			

Net LODA OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the LODA Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the LODA Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

,		LODA Program
Total LODA OPEB Liability	¢	423,147
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Ţ	4,333
LODA Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	418,814
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total LODA OPEB Liability		1.02%

The total LODA OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 20—Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA OPEB Program's investments was set at 2.21% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS Pooled Investments 6.75% assumption. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 2.21% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total LODA OPEB liability was 2.21%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and that they will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by participating employers to the LODA OPEB Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly.

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the discount rate of 2.21%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.21%) or one percentage point higher (3.21%) than the current rate:

			Di	scount Rate		
	19	1% Decrease		Current	1	% Increase
		(1.21%)		(2.21%)		(3.21%)
County's proportionate share of the LODA						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,523,621	\$	2,126,074	\$	1,826,412

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

Because the LODA Program contains a provision for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

			Health (Care Trend Rates			
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%)		(7.00	Current 0% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%)		
County's proportionate share of the total LODA Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,757,270	\$	2,126,074	\$	2,608,466	

LODA OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LODA Program Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 21—Aggregate OPEB Information:

			Primary Go	overnment			Component Unit School Board						
	Deferred		Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB	_	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB
	Outflows	_	Inflows	Liability	 Expense	_	Outflows	_	Inflows		Liability		Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:													
Group Life Insurance Plan:													
County	\$ 206,996	\$	64,407	\$ 926,106	\$ 28,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional	-		-	-	-		29,731		16,330		130,837		1,667
School Board Professional	-		-	-	-		560,200		259,888		2,327,026		45,696
County Health Insurance Credit Plan	-		-	-			575,931		463,221		4,268,378		282,069
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan	-		-	-	-		23,660		3,262		93,298		27,254
Line of Duty Act Program	1,001,973		429,022	2,126,074	214,901		-		-		-		-
County Stand-Alone Plan	291,932		598,222	1,843,861	91,280		-		-		-		-
School Stand-Alone Plan			-	-	-		1,190,062		2,132,672		8,648,739		711,939
Totals	\$ 1,500,901	\$	1,091,651	\$ 4,896,041	\$ 334,284	\$	2,379,584	\$	2,875,373	\$	15,468,278	\$	1,068,625

Note 22—Litigation:

As of June 30, 2021, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions pending matters not be favorable.

Note 23—Concentration Risk:

Historically, the County has relied on taxes generated by the Coal Industry. Direct taxes remitted from same include coal and gas severance and machinery and tools taxes. In the past five years, general fund net revenue generated from these sources has declined significantly. This decline in revenue has occurred due to changes in environmental policies of the United States Government. The County does not anticipate significant changes in these policies to occur in the near term. As such, the County does not anticipate continued reliance on the aforementioned revenues. In addition, the County anticipates that other revenue sources will be negatively impacted by a shrinking coal economy; however, estimates (projections) of these declines are not readily available. To date, the County has not identified alternative sources of revenue to maintain historical budget levels.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 24— COVID-19 Pandemic Funding Subsequent Event:

The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on operations continues to evolve. Specific to the County, COVID-19 impacted various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness and shortages of personnel. Federal relief has been received through various programs. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact operations in subsequent years remains uncertain, and management is unable to estimate the effects on future results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

CARES Act Funding

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the federal government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which included direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF).

Each locality received its CRF allocations based on population in two equal payments, with the second and final round of funding being received during fiscal year 2021. The County received total CRF funding of \$6,699,207. In addition, the School Board received CRF funding from the Virginia Department of Education in the amount of \$916,685. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 31, 2021 will be returned to the federal government. There were no unspent CRF funds reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

ARPA Funding

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

On May 20, 2021, the County received its share of the first half of the CSLFRF funds. As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpended by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. Unspent funds in the amount of \$3,630,605 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

ESF Funding

The CARES Act also established the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and allocated \$30.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Education. The ESF is composed of three primary emergency relief funds: (1) a Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, (2) an Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, and (3) a Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA Act) was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and added \$81.9 billion to the ESF. In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP Act), in support of ongoing state and institutional COVID-19 recovery efforts, added more than \$170 billion to the ESF. The School Board is receiving this funding from the Virginia Department of Education on a reimbursement basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 25—Adoption of Accounting Principle:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purpose and how those activities should be reported. The implementation of this Statement resulted in the following restatement of net position:

	Fu	ınd Balance		Net Pos	sition		
	Con	nponent unit -	Con	nponent unit -	C	Custodial	
	So	chool Board	S	chool Board	Funds		
Beginning balance, as previously stated	\$	4,328,652	\$	(28,038,468)	\$	-	
Implementation of GASB 84		2,055,323		2,055,323		25,416	
Beginning balance, as restated	\$	6,383,975	\$	(25,983,145)	\$ 25,416		

Note 26—Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 87, Leases, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

Note 26—Upcoming Pronouncements: (continued)

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement, except for removal of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate and the requirements related to lease modifications, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All requirements related to lease modifications in this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements*, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement. No 32, (1) increases consistency and comparability related to reporting of fiduciary component units in certain circumstances; (2) mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from June 2020 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Wise, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				ariance with nal Budget -
					-	Actual		Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	28,534,919	\$	28,536,400	\$	29,222,240	\$	685,840
Other local taxes		4,928,249		4,928,249		4,453,515		(474,734)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		33,687		33,687		36,538		2,851
Fines and forfeitures		39,408		39,408		49,007		9,599
Revenue from the use of money and property		373,000		373,000		127,901		(245,099)
Charges for services		40,343		40,343		52,962		12,619
Miscellaneous		244,711		637,903		279,367		(358,536)
Recovered costs		783,988		783,988		709,456		(74,532)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		13,740,757		14,132,733		13,409,350		(723,383)
Federal		5,739,311		12,838,830		12,434,399		(404,431)
Total revenues	\$	54,458,373	\$	62,344,541	\$	60,774,735	\$	(1,569,806)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	3,950,385	\$	4,162,337	\$	4,020,178	\$	142,159
Judicial administration		4,046,085		4,168,075		3,849,482		318,593
Public safety		13,167,536		21,414,899		17,520,298		3,894,601
Public works		1,034,987		1,160,911		990,843		170,068
Health and welfare		12,994,694		12,994,694		12,592,310		402,384
Education		16,183,025		16,183,025		14,770,364		1,412,661
Parks, recreation, and cultural		953,292		953,292		934,527		18,765
Community development		1,921,126		3,267,486		3,094,987		172,499
Nondepartmental		101,340		101,340		91,567		9,773
Capital projects		-		120,661		228,823		(108,162)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		647,626		647,626		956,910		(309,284)
Interest and other fiscal charges		20,030		20,030		28,950		(8,920)
Total expenditures	\$	55,020,126	\$	65,194,376	\$	59,079,239	\$	6,115,137
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(561,753)	\$	(2,849,835)	\$	1,695,496	\$	4,545,331
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	189,300	\$	189,300	\$	-	\$	(189,300)
Transfers out		(3,811,624)		(3,811,624)		(3,551,034)		260,590
Issuance of refunding bond		1,715		2,287,794		-		(2,287,794)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,620,609)	\$	(1,334,530)	\$	(3,551,034)	\$	(2,216,504)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(4,182,362)	¢	(4,184,365)	¢	(1,855,538)	¢	2,328,827
Fund balances - beginning	Ţ	4,182,362	7	4,184,365	7	26,673,751	7	22,489,386
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	4,102,302	\$	4,104,303	\$	24,818,213	\$	24,818,213
i una palances - chung	ڔ		ڔ		ڔ	47,010,413	ڔ	4,010,213

County of Wise, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts Final	-	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Other local taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	499,246	\$	499,246	
Revenue from the use of money and property	-		-		8,693		8,693	
Recovered costs	 -		-		79,833		79,833	
Total revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	587,772	\$	587,772	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public works	\$ 315,000	\$	315,000	\$	235,139	\$	79,861	
Community development	385,000		385,000		493,994		(108,994)	
Total expenditures	\$ 700,000	\$	700,000	\$	729,133	\$	(29,133)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (700,000)	\$	(700,000)	\$	(141,361)	\$	558,639	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (700,000)	\$	(700,000)	\$	(141,361)	\$	558,639	
Fund balances - beginning	700,000		700,000		3,317,894		2,617,894	
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,176,533	\$	3,176,533	

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Primary Government and Component Unit School Board (professional) Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA (3)	-	Covered Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset) (6)
Primary	y Government - Co	ounty Retirement Pl	an (A)			
2020	98.8143%	\$ 14,698,081	\$	11,450,820	128.36%	76.94%
2019	98.6242%	10,968,718		10,794,432	101.61%	81.90%
2018	98.8547%	9,146,168		10,917,731	83.77%	84.11%
2017	98.8547%	8,641,811		10,346,115	83.53%	84.34%
2016	99.1244%	12,283,747		10,456,826	117.47%	77.87%
2015	99.2317%	9,438,135		10,518,844	89.73%	82.24%
Compoi	nent Unit School B	Board (professional)				
2020	0.3328%	\$ 48,438,416	\$	28,684,823	168.86%	71.47%
2019	0.3363%	44,253,727		27,789,528	159.25%	73.51%
2018	0.3250%	38,222,000		25,921,458	147.45%	74.81%
2017	0.3509%	43,158,000		27,395,796	157.54%	72.92%
2016	0.3689%	51,696,000		28,122,127	183.83%	68.28%
2015	0.3846%	48,405,000		28,625,391	169.10%	70.68%
2014	0.4036%	48,771,000		29,497,431	165.34%	70.88%

⁽A) During fiscal year 2016, the County's presentation was changed to a cost-sharing presentation. Information prior to this period is not available.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Pension Plans
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability								
Service cost	s	135,207 \$	128,781 \$	135,411 \$	144,679 \$	150,120 \$	158,445 \$	153,753
Interest		853,794	869,715	841,768	838,566	863,535	854,409	840,738
Differences between expected and actual experience		19,528	313,383	234,486	(148,415)	(573,018)	(46,397)	
Changes in assumptions			(187,100)		3,628			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(980,872)	(820,095)	(804,736)	(780,696)	(813,973)	(858, 196)	(740,191)
Net change in total pension liability	<u>~</u>	27,657 \$	304,684 \$	406,929 \$	57,762 \$	(373,336) \$	108,261 \$	254,300
Total pension liability - beginning		13,139,235	12,834,551	12,427,622	12,369,860	12,743,196	12,634,935	12,380,635
Total pension liability - ending (a)	S	13,166,892 \$	13,139,235 \$	12,834,551 \$	12,427,622 \$	12,369,860 \$	12,743,196 \$	12,634,935
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	s	303,541 \$	293,796 \$	248,631 \$	267,012 \$	262,641 \$	272,831 \$	205,764
Contributions - employee		76,187	74,964	72,079	77,810	79,498	83,286	84,864
Net investment income		168,053	582,288	642,004	985,712	139,335	385,024	1,226,210
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(980,872)	(820,095)	(804,736)	(780,696)	(813,973)	(858, 196)	(740,191)
Administrative expense		(6,181)	(6,110)	(5,825)	(5,994)	(5,576)	(5,702)	(6,930)
Other		(196)	(365)	(625)	(998)	(61)	(80)	9
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	s	(439,468) \$	124,478 \$	151,594 \$	542,978 \$	(338,136) \$	(122,837) \$	769,782
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		9,133,647	9,009,169	8,857,575	8,314,597	8,652,733	8,775,570	8,005,788
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	s	8,694,179 \$	9,133,647 \$	9,009,169 \$	8,857,575 \$	8,314,597 \$	8,652,733 \$	8,775,570
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	s	4,472,713 \$	4,005,588 \$	3,825,382 \$	3,570,047 \$	4,055,263 \$	4,090,463 \$	3,859,365
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.03%	69.51%	70.19%	71.27%	67.22%	%06'.29	69.45%
Covered payroll	s	1,609,045 \$	1,542,918 \$	1,479,309 \$	1,584,431 \$	1,629,068 \$	1,669,474 \$	1,700,246
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		277.97%	259.61%	258.59%	225.32%	248.93%	245.02%	226.99%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)*		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)
Primary G									
2021	\$	1,470,649	\$	1,470,649	\$	-	\$	11,667,036	12.61%
2020		1,231,295		1,231,295		-		11,450,820	10.75%
2019		1,175,304		1,175,304		-		10,794,432	10.89%
2018		1,207,506		1,053,722		153,784		10,917,731	9.65%
2017		1,151,234		1,007,941		143,293		10,346,115	9.74%
2016		1,329,063		1,072,374		256,689		10,456,826	10.26%
2015		1,336,945		1,069,766		267,179		10,518,844	10.17%
2014		1,130,659		791,968		338,691		10,140,435	7.81%
2013		1,054,605		738,696		315,909		9,458,338	7.81%
2012		666,270		666,270		-		9,215,355	7.23%
Componer	nt Uni	t School Board	(no	nprofessional)					
2021	\$	314,988	\$	314,988	\$	-	\$	1,624,655	19.39%
2020		303,640		303,640		-		1,609,045	18.87%
2019		293,796		293,796		-		1,542,918	19.04%
2018		248,630		248,630		-		1,479,309	16.81%
2017		267,012		267,012		-		1,584,431	16.85%
2016		331,027		264,897		66,130		1,629,068	16.26%
2015		339,237		272,831		66,406		1,669,474	16.34%
2014		275,950		205,764		70,186		1,700,246	12.10%
2013		271,233		202,380		68,853		1,671,183	12.11%
2012		202,132		202,132		-		1,669,133	12.11%
Componer	nt Uni	t School Board	(pro	ofessional)					
2021	\$	4,984,281	ີ \$	4,984,281	\$	-	\$	30,648,076	16.26%
2020	•	4,423,004	•	4,423,004	•	_	•	28,684,823	15.42%
2019		4,309,619		4,309,619		-		27,789,528	15.51%
2018		4,203,485		4,203,485		-		25,921,458	16.22%
2017		3,994,553		3,994,553		-		27,395,796	14.58%
2016		3,943,479		3,943,479		-		28,122,127	14.02%
2015		4,140,057		4,140,057		-		28,625,391	14.46%
2014		4,914,272		4,914,272		-		29,497,431	16.66%
2013		5,360,684		5,360,684		-		28,273,650	18.96%
2012		3,638,140		3,638,140		-		29,796,396	12.21%

^{*}The difference relates to the County and School Board using an agreed upon reduced rate from the VRS. This amount will impact the calculation of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year.

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Healthcare OPEB Plan - Primary Government For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	 		 	
Service cost	\$ 112,165	\$ 112,683	\$ 100,176	\$ 100,914
Interest	53,397	71,745	70,754	73,033
Changes in assumptions	66,523	218,163	59,374	(9,205)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(245,501)	(359,332)	57,222	(280,453)
Benefit payments	(75,408)	(83,086)	(85,382)	(105,155)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ (88,824)	\$ (39,827)	\$ 202,144	\$ (220,866)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	1,932,685	1,972,512	1,770,368	1,991,234
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,843,861	\$ 1,932,685	\$ 1,972,512	\$ 1,770,368
County's covered payroll	\$ 11,692,249	\$ 11,224,552	N/A	N/A
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	16%	17%	N/A	N/A

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Healthcare OPEB Plan - School Board For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	-				
Service cost	\$	647,736	\$ 471,052	\$ 432,303	\$ 435,248
Interest		250,331	313,286	329,685	307,380
Changes in assumptions		292,417	1,218,609	243,583	(28,197)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(1,155,123)	(1,325,960)	(215,851)	(361,926)
Benefit payments		(297,695)	(437,012)	(406,775)	(426,552)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(262,334)	\$ 239,975	\$ 382,945	\$ (74,047)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		8,911,073	8,671,098	8,288,153	8,362,200
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	8,648,739	\$ 8,911,073	\$ 8,671,098	\$ 8,288,153
School Board's covered payroll	\$	36,418,070	\$ 30,676,023	\$ 30,775,590	\$ 29,734,870
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		23.7%	29.0%	28.2%	27.9%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Healthcare OPEB Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 7/1/2020 Measurement Date: 6/30/2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

County and School Board

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

•	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Percentage of Salary
Discount Rate	2.19%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	Medical rates start at 7.50% and decrease by varying amounts to an ultimate rate of 4.50%
Salary Scale	3.50%
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	Mortality rates use SOA Pub-2010 General, Public Safety, Contingent Survivor, Teacher, as applicable, Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP 2019.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2020

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)		Proportion of the Share of the Em Net GLI OPEB Net GLI OPEB C Liability (Asset) Liability (Asset)				Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Go	vernment:								
2020	0.05553%	\$	926,106	\$	11,433,566	8.10%	52.64%		
2019	0.05536%		899,050		10,827,351	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.05741%		871,898		10,917,731	7.99%	51.22%		
2017	0.05660%		851,478		10,346,115	8.23%	48.86%		
Component	t Unit School Board (nonpr	ofessio	nal):						
2020	0.00780%	\$	130,837	\$	1,613,028	8.11%	52.64%		
2019	0.00797%		129,693		1,562,802	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.00778%		118,000		1,479,309	7.98%	51.22%		
2017	0.00859%		130,000		1,584,431	8.20%	48.86%		
Component	Unit School Board (profes	sional)	<u>:</u>						
2020	0.13940%	\$	2,327,026	\$	28,702,275	8.11%	52.64%		
2019	0.14180%		2,307,463		27,798,901	8.30%	52.00%		
2018	0.13635%		2,071,000		25,921,458	7.99%	51.22%		
2017	0.14852%		2,235,000		27,395,796	8.16%	48.86%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Date	Re	tractually equired atribution (1)	Re Cor R	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)				, ,		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gove	rnment:										
2021	\$	63,003	\$	63,003	\$	-	\$	11,667,036	0.54%		
2020		59,342		59,342		-		11,433,566	0.52%		
2019		56,302		56,302		-		10,827,351	0.52%		
2018		56,773		56,773		-		10,917,731	0.52%		
2017		54,287		54,287		-		10,346,115	0.52%		
Component U	nit Schoo	ol Board (non	professi	onal):							
2021	\$	8,807	\$	8,807	\$	-	\$	1,630,920	0.54%		
2020		8,389		8,389		-		1,613,028	0.52%		
2019		8,127		8,127		-		1,562,802	0.52%		
2018		7,692		7,692		-		1,479,309	0.52%		
2017		8,239		8,239		-		1,584,431	0.52%		
2016		7,837		7,837		-		1,632,719	0.48%		
2015		8,013		8,013		-		1,669,474	0.48%		
2014		8,161		8,161		-		1,700,245	0.48%		
2013		8,022		8,022		-		1,671,251	0.48%		
2012		4,712		4,712		-		1,682,775	0.28%		
Component U	nit Schoo	ol Board (prof	essiona	<u>l)</u> :							
2021	\$	165,595	\$	165,595	\$	-	\$	30,665,424	0.54%		
2020		149,220		149,220		-		28,702,275	0.52%		
2019		144,554		144,554		-		27,798,901	0.52%		
2018		134,827		134,827		-		25,921,458	0.52%		
2017		142,456		142,456		-		27,395,796	0.52%		
2016		135,002		135,002		-		28,125,471	0.48%		
2015		137,246		137,246		-		28,593,019	0.48%		
2014		141,665		141,665		-		29,513,563	0.48%		
2013		135,711		135,711		-		28,273,180	0.48%		
2012		83,652		83,652		-		29,875,563	0.28%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available for the County as multiple employers participate in the plan. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased Rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

	, , ,
	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age
	and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

County of Wise, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in the School Board (Nonprofessional)'s Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2020

	2020	2019		2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability		 			
Service cost	\$ 2,532	\$ 2,478	\$	2,000	\$ 3,000
Interest	15,703	16,439		16,000	17,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,112	(5,857)		15,000	-
Changes in assumptions	16,593	4,881		-	(3,000)
Benefit payments	(28,884)	(22,858)		(25,000)	(17,000)
Other changes	 -	 -	_	-	 (1,000)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ 10,056	\$ (4,917)	\$	8,000	\$ (1,000)
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	 247,083	 252,000	_	244,000	 245,000
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 257,139	\$ 247,083	\$	252,000	\$ 244,000
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 7,080	\$ 6,789	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000
Net investment income	3,497	11,293		13,000	21,000
Benefit payments	(28,884)	(22,858)		(25,000)	(17,000)
Administrator charges	(310)	(751)		-	-
Other	(2)	(13)		(1,000)	1,000
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (18,619)	\$ (5,540)	\$	(8,000)	\$ 10,000
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	182,460	188,000		196,000	186,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 163,841	\$ 182,460	\$	188,000	\$ 196,000
School Board (Nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 93,298	\$ 64,623	\$	64,000	\$ 48,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	63.72%	73.85%		74.60%	80.33%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,609,045	\$ 1,542,918	\$	1,479,309	\$ 1,584,431
School Board (Nonprofessional)'s net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	5.80%	4.19%		4.33%	3.03%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - School Board (Nonprofessional) Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	 Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	. <u>-</u>	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2021	\$ 8,611	\$ 8,611	\$ -	\$	1,624,655	0.53%
2020	7,080	7,080	-		1,609,045	0.44%
2019	6,789	6,789	-		1,542,918	0.44%
2018	4,882	4,882	-		1,479,309	0.33%
2017	5,228	5,228	-		1,584,431	0.33%
2016	5,864	5,864	-		1,629,068	0.36%
2015	6,010	6,010	-		1,669,474	0.36%
2014	6,800	6,800	-		1,700,245	0.40%
2013	6,690	6,690	-		1,672,583	0.40%
2012	7,177	7,177	-		1,669,133	0.43%

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 though June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

on this good for the country this point of the country this country the country this country the count								
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014							
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020							
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75							
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year							
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates							
Salary Scale	No change							
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%							
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%							

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2020

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) Name of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2020	0.32720% \$	4,268,378	\$	28,684,823	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.33129%	4,336,908		27,789,528	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.32052%	4,069,000		25,681,458	15.84%	8.08%
2017	0.34702%	4,403,000		27,395,796	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Date	 (1)	 (2)	_	(3)	_	(4)	(5)
2021	\$ 370,861	\$ 370,861	\$	-	\$	30,648,076	1.21%
2020	344,216	344,216		-		28,684,823	1.20%
2019	333,474	333,474		-		27,789,528	1.20%
2018	318,834	318,834		-		25,681,458	1.24%
2017	303,993	303,993		-		27,395,796	1.11%
2016	298,130	298,130		-		28,125,471	1.06%
2015	303,086	303,086		-		28,593,019	1.06%
2014	327,600	327,600		-		29,513,563	1.11%
2013	313,527	313,527		-		28,245,719	1.11%
2012	178,624	178,624		-		29,770,762	0.60%

County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from
Retirement Rates	70 to 75
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
Withdrawal Rates	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rates	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net LODA OPEB Liability Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2020

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)	Covered- Employee Payroll *	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll (3)/(4)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total LODA OPEB Liability
	, ,	, ,	•	, , , ,	•
2020	0.50760% \$	2,126,074	(4) n/a	(5) n/a	1.02%
2019	0.49430%	1,773,480	n/a	n/a	0.79%
2018	0.49005%	1,537,000	n/a	n/a	0.60%
2017	0.49187%	1,293,000	n/a	n/a	1.30%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of the employees in the OPEB plan. However, when volunteers and part-time employees make up a significant percentage of the employer's members in the plan, the employer may determine that covered-employee payroll is misleading and, therefore, not applicable for disclosure.

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

Date	Red	ractually quired ribution (1)	(Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered - Employee Payroll (5)
Date	-	(1)	_	(2)	-	(3)	 (7)	(3)
2021	\$	74,063	\$	74,063	\$	-	n/a	n/a
2020		68,989		68,989		-	n/a	n/a
2019		66,342		66,342		-	n/a	n/a
2018		52,198		52,198		-	n/a	n/a
2017		53,049		53,049		-	n/a	n/a

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of employees in the OPEB plan. However, when volunteers and part-time employees make up a significant percentage of the employer's members in the plan, the employer may determine that covered-employee payroll is misleading and, therefore, not applicable for disclosure.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2017 is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

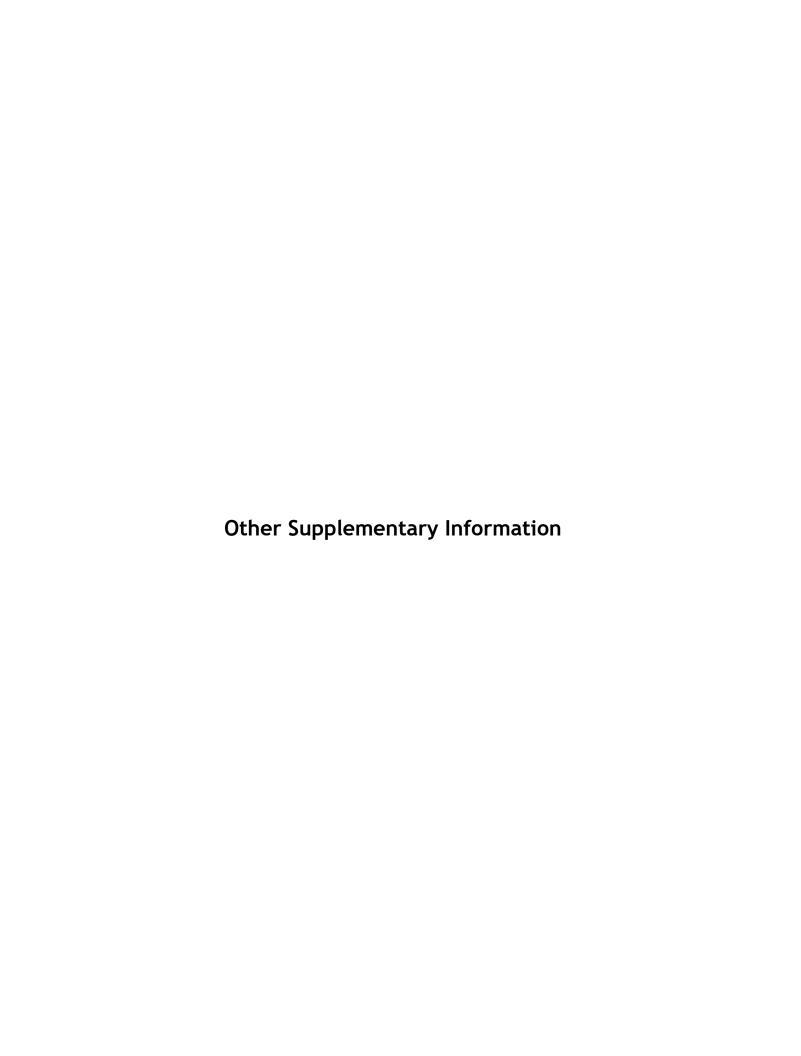
County of Wise, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Employees in the Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%



County of Wise, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Sp.	ecial Revenue Funds	•		
	:	Forfeited Assets Fund		Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	153,073	\$	67,484	\$ 220,557
Investments		-		227,889	227,889
Total assets	\$	153,073	\$	295,373	\$ 448,446
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	6,546	\$	_	\$ 6,546
Due to other funds		-		137,312	137,312
Total liabilities	\$	6,546	\$	137,312	\$ 143,858
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted:					
Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	158,061	\$ 158,061
Asset forfeiture funds		146,527		-	146,527
Total fund balances	\$	146,527	\$	158,061	\$ 304,588
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	153,073	\$	295,373	\$ 448,446

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	•	al Revenue Funds		
	- -	orfeited sets Fund	Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	26	\$ -	\$ 26
Charges for services		-	13,208	13,208
Miscellaneous		70,829	-	70,829
Intergovernmental:				
Commonwealth		7,006	-	7,006
Federal		-	463,041	463,041
Total revenues	\$	77,861	\$ 476,249	\$ 554,110
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public safety	\$	97,838	\$ -	\$ 97,838
Capital projects		-	600,353	600,353
Total expenditures	\$	97,838	\$ 600,353	\$ 698,191
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	\$	(19,977)	\$ (124,104)	\$ (144,081)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(19,977)	\$ (124,104)	\$ (144,081)
Fund balances - beginning		166,504	282,165	448,669
Fund balances - ending	\$	146,527	\$ 158,061	\$ 304,588

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

		Cust	odial Funds	5		i	
	Special Welfare <u>Fund</u>	S	Local Sales Tax <u>Fund</u>	Pi	onesome ne Youth Services <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 119,324	\$	-	\$	38,773	\$	158,097
Accounts receivable	-		115,587		-		115,587
Total assets	\$ 119,324	\$	115,587	\$	38,773	\$	273,684
LIABILITIES							
Due to other local governments	\$ 82,447	\$	115,587	\$	52,982	\$	251,016
Due to DSS clients	21,770		-		-		21,770
Total liabilities	\$ 104,217	\$	115,587	\$	52,982	\$	272,786
NET POSITION							
Restricted:							
Special Welfare	\$ 15,107	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,107
Lonesome Pine Youth Services	 -		-		(14,209)		(14,209)
Total net position	\$ 15,107	\$	-	\$	(14,209)	\$	898

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

			Cus	todial Funds	i			
		Special Welfare <u>Fund</u>	9	Local Sales Tax <u>Fund</u>	P	onesome line Youth Services <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Additions								
Contributions:			_		_		_	
Expenditure reimbursement	\$	77,690	\$		\$	-	\$	77,690
Sales tax collection for other governments		-		115,587		-		115,587
Grants		-		-		86,077		86,077
Total contributions	<u>\$</u>	77,690	\$	115,587	\$	86,077	\$	279,354
Deductions								
Special welfare payments	\$	109,624	\$	-	\$	-	\$	109,624
Payments of sales tax to other governments		-		115,587		-		115,587
Salaries and fringes		-		-		78,661		78,661
Total deductions	\$	109,624	\$	115,587	\$	78,661	\$	303,872
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(31,934)	\$	-	\$	7,416	\$	(24,518)
Net position, beginning - as restated		47,041		-		(21,625)		25,416
Net position, ending	\$	15,107	\$	-	\$	(14,209)	\$	898

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2021

	June	School Operating		School Activity		School Cafeteria		School Capital Projects		
ACCETTO		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS Cash and each equivalents	\$	1,016,266	ė	1,985,443	ć	2,046,059	ċ	277,609	\$	5,325,377
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	723,538	\$	1,900,443	Þ	739,860	Ş	277,609	Ş	1,463,398
		723,336		-		739,000		-		1,403,390
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Accounts receivable		180,145		2 202		1 6 16				188,173
Due from other governmental units		3,358,193		3,382		4,646 826,661		-		4,184,854
Prepaid items		877,760		4,775		020,001		_		882,535
Total assets	\$	6,155,902	\$	1,993,600	\$	3,617,226	\$	277,609	\$	12,044,337
Total assets	3	0,133,902	Ş	1,773,000	Ş	3,017,220	Ç	277,009	<u> </u>	12,044,337
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	941,547	Ś	_		54,267	Ś	-	\$	995,814
Salaries payable	,	538,361	•	_		56,653	•	-	•	595,014
Due to primary government		2,079,197		_		-		277,609		2,356,806
Total liabilities	\$	3,559,105	\$	-	\$	110,920	\$	277,609	\$	3,947,634
Total liabilities		3,337,103	7		7	110,720	,	277,007		3,717,031
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items	\$	877,760	\$	4,775	\$	-	\$	-	\$	882,535
Restricted:										
School cafeteria		-		-		3,506,306		-		3,506,306
Committed:										
Textbooks		1,719,037		-		-		-		1,719,037
School Activity Funds		-		1,988,825		-		-		1,988,825
Total fund balances	\$	2,596,797	\$	1,993,600	\$	3,506,306	\$	-	\$	8,096,703
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,155,902	\$	1,993,600	\$	3,617,226	\$	277,609	\$	12,044,337
Total fund balances per above Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource are not reported in the funds. Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	es and, theref	ore,					\$	2,003,463 110,151 23,927,265 3,281,786	\$	8,096,703 29,322,665
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-per therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items	riod expenditu	es and,					\$	13,473,402 2,379,584		15,852,986
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and reported in the funds. Net pension liability	l, therefore, a	re not					\$	(52,911,129)		13,632,760
Net OPEB liabilities Compensated absences							_	(15,468,278) (339,115)		(68,718,522)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current p are not reported in the funds. Pension related items	eriod and, the	refore,					\$	(5,655,574)		
OPEB related items							_	(2,875,373)		(8,530,947)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	(23,977,115)

County of Wise, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>	•	School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>		School Capital Projects <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	9,995	ċ		\$	6,836	ċ		\$	16,831
Charges for services	Ş	321,367	Ş	1,008,063	Ş	37,174	Ş	-	ş	1,366,604
Miscellaneous		211,099		1,000,003		28,500		_		239,599
Recovered costs		1,204,239		-		20,500		_		1,204,239
Intergovernmental:		.,20.,257								1,201,207
Local government		14,378,513		-		-		338,253		14,716,766
Commonwealth		42,584,478		-		41,340		362,000		42,987,818
Federal		9,500,426		-		4,167,285		-		13,667,711
Total revenues	\$	68,210,117	\$	1,008,063	\$	4,281,135	\$	700,253	\$	74,199,568
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Education	\$	62,164,023	\$	1,744,808	\$	3,176,523	\$	-	\$	67,085,354
Capital projects		-		-		-		700,253		700,253
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		2,120,000		-		-		-		2,120,000
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	2,581,233				<u>-</u>				2,581,233
Total expenditures	\$	66,865,256	\$	1,744,808	\$	3,176,523	\$	700,253	\$	72,486,840
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	\$	1,344,861	\$	(736,745)	\$	1,104,612	\$		\$	1,712,728
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	675,022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	675,022
Transfers out		(675,022)		-		-				(675,022)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(675,022)	\$	675,022	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	669,839	\$	(61,723)	\$	1,104,612	\$	-	\$	1,712,728
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		1,926,958		2,055,323		2,401,694		-		6,383,975
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,596,797	\$	1,993,600	\$	3,506,306	\$	-	\$	8,096,703
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit	2) are	e different beca	use:							
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above									\$	1,712,728
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciated as the control of the con	ation	expense. This is								
the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current p Capital asset additions Depreciation in current year	erioc	1.					\$	1,870,718 (2,204,438)		(333,720)
Capital asset additions Depreciation in current year Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of curre financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental (Increase) decrease in compensated absences	ent						\$	(2,204,438)		(333,720)
Capital asset additions Depreciation in current year Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of curre financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental	ent							(2,204,438)		(333,720) 627,022

County of Wise, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			School Operating Fund	ting Fund			School Cafeteria Fund	eria Fund			S	hool Capi	School Capital Projects Fund	s Fund	
					Variance with Final Budget			λ.	Variance with Final Budget					ν _a	Variance with Final Budget
		Budgeted Amounts	nounts		Positive	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Positive	Bu	Budgeted Amounts	mounts	ĺ		Positive
REVENUES		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	nal	Final	Act	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	s	10,000 \$	10,000 \$	9,995 \$	(5)	\$	s,	6,836 \$	6,836	s	٠.		s	٠.	
Charges for services		•		321,367	321,367	484,874	484,874	37,174	(447,700)						
Miscellaneous		180,000	180,000	211,099	31,099			28,500	28,500			•			
Recovered costs		1,495,700	1,495,700	1,204,239	(291,461)										
Intergovernmental:															
Local government		11,474,947	11,474,947	14,378,513	2,903,566	•							ω.	338,253	338,253
Commonwealth		43,088,569	43,088,569	42,584,478	(504,091)	32,056	32,056	41,340	9,284				ñ	362,000	362,000
Federal		8,170,354	8,170,354	9,500,426	1,330,072	2,400,000	2,400,000	4,167,285	1,767,285						
Total revenues	s	64,419,570 \$	64,419,570 \$	68,210,117 \$	3,790,547	\$ 2,916,930 \$	2,916,930 \$	4,281,135 \$	1,364,205	\$	\$ -		\$ 70	700,253 \$	700,253
EXPENDITURES Current:															
Education	s	65,043,500 \$	65,043,500 \$	62,164,023 \$	2,879,477	\$ 2,943,000 \$ 2,943,000 \$	2,943,000 \$	3,176,523 \$	(233,523)	\$			s	٠,	
Capital projects Debt service:												'	K	700,253	(700,253)
Principal retirement				2,120,000	(2,120,000)										
Interest and other fiscal charges				2,581,233	(2,581,233)										
Total expenditures	S	65,043,500 \$	65,043,500 \$	66,865,256 \$	(1,821,756)	\$ 2,943,000 \$	2,943,000 \$	3,176,523 \$	(233,523)	s	\$		\$ 7	700,253 \$	(700,253)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	s	(623,930) \$	(623,930) \$	1,344,861 \$	1,968,791	\$ (26,070) \$	\$ (020,92)	1,104,612 \$	1,130,682	s			s	٠,	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	S			(675,022) \$	(675,022)	\$.	\$.	٠.		S			ss		
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	(623,930) \$	(623,930) \$	669,839 \$	1,293,769	\$ (26,070) \$	(26,070) \$ 26.070	1,104,612 \$	1,130,682	s	٠ ،		s	· ·	
Fund balances - ending	s	\$	\$	2,596,797 \$	2,596,797	\$ - \$	\$.	3,506,306 \$	3,506,306	\$	\$ -		\$	\$.	



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real Property Tax	\$ 12,485,161	\$ 12,485,161	\$	12,585,175	\$	100,014
Real and Personal PSC Tax	9,900,000	9,900,000		10,012,266		112,266
Personal Property Tax	4,093,757	4,093,757		4,525,828		432,071
Mobile Home Tax	166,637	166,637		190,923		24,286
Machinery and Tools Tax	578,994	578,994		540,934		(38,060)
Merchants Capital Tax	775,456	775,456		725,808		(49,648)
DMV stops/administration fees	213,882	215,363		265,915		50,552
Penalties	217,695	217,695		230,505		12,810
Interest	 103,337	103,337		144,886		41,549
Total general property taxes	\$ 28,534,919	\$ 28,536,400	\$	29,222,240	\$	685,840
Other local taxes:						
Local Sales and Use Tax	\$ 2,908,922	\$ 2,908,922	\$	3,072,015	\$	163,093
Consumers' Utility Tax	471,782	471,782		468,338		(3,444)
Consumption Tax	95,284	95,284		89,110		(6,174)
Coal Severance Tax	1,165,237	1,165,237		549,852		(615,385)
Utility License Tax	26,327	26,327		19,113		(7,214)
Transient Occupancy Tax	28,859	28,859		56,303		27,444
Bank Stock Tax	18,580	18,580		20,972		2,392
Moped Sales Tax	20,212	20,212		22,441		2,229
Taxes on Recordation and Wills	193,046	193,046		155,371		(37,675)
Total other local taxes	\$ 4,928,249	\$ 4,928,249	\$	4,453,515	\$	(474,734)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:						
Building permits	\$ 20,527	\$ 20,527	\$	27,488	\$	6,961
Zoning permits	2,800	2,800		1,075		(1,725)
Animal licenses	8,410	8,410		5,524		(2,886)
Land use application fees	-	-		2,251		2,251
Erosion and sediment permits	1,950	1,950		200		(1,750)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$ 33,687	\$ 33,687	\$	36,538	\$	2,851
Fines and forfeitures:						
Court fines and forfeitures	\$ 39,408	\$ 39,408	\$	49,007	\$	9,599
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$	55,391	\$	(244,609)
Revenue from use of property	73,000	73,000	·	72,510	·	(490)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 373,000	\$ 373,000	\$	127,901	\$	(245,099)
Charges for services:						
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 3,395	\$ 3,395	\$	5,820	\$	2,425
Excess Fees of Clerk	948	948		1,112		164
Charges for electronic summons				7,902		7,902
Charges for Community Corrections	12,135	12,135		12,135		· -
Courthouse maintenance fees	11,249	11,249		15,615		4,366
Court recording fees	7,869	7,869		5,299		(2,570)
Court appointed attorney	82	82		-		(82)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney	3,990	3,990		3,242		(748)
Other Charges for Services	675	675		1,837		1,162
Total charges for services	\$ 40,343	\$ 40,343	\$	52,962	\$	12,619
•	 -,	 -,	•	- , , -		,

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source General Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued)	Continued) cal sources: (Continued)			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Miscellaneous:									
Miscellaneous revenue	\$	244,711	\$	637,903	\$	279,367	\$	(358,536)	
Recovered costs:									
Recovered costs - City of Norton shared services	\$	250,035	\$	250,035	\$	271,913	\$	21,878	
Recovered costs - Pre-trial services		240,000		240,000		240,000		-	
Recovered costs - Social Services		190,345		190,345		103,349		(86,996)	
Recovered costs - Health Department		-		-		52,970		52,970	
Recovered costs - other		103,608		103,608		41,224		(62,384)	
Total recovered costs	\$	783,988	\$	783,988	\$	709,456	\$	(74,532)	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	34,978,305	\$	35,372,978	\$	34,930,986	\$	(441,992)	
Intergovernmental:									
Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Noncategorical aid:		420.242	,	420.242	_	422.440		(4.405)	
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	\$	138,363	\$	138,363	\$	•	\$	(6,195)	
Mobile home titling tax		107,834		107,834		80,386		(27,448)	
Motor vehicle rental tax		5,355		5,355		8,613		3,258	
Payment in Lieu Taxes		21,741		21,741		14,568		(7,173)	
State recordation tax		31,251		31,251		(170)		(31,421)	
Communications tax		795,843		795,843		727,998		(67,845)	
Personal property tax relief act funds	_	1,380,233	_	1,380,233		1,380,233			
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,480,620	\$	2,480,620	\$	2,343,796	\$	(136,824)	
Categorical aid:									
Shared expenses:									
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	790,106	\$	790,106	\$	788,597	\$	(1,509)	
Sheriff		2,253,465		2,253,465		2,266,873		13,408	
Commissioner of revenue		207,257		207,257		207,207		(50)	
Treasurer		168,379		168,379		171,515		3,136	
Registrar/electoral board		42,436		42,436		45,753		3,317	
Clerk of the Circuit Court		526,085		638,459		582,662		(55,797)	
Total Shared Expenses	\$	3,987,728	\$	4,100,102	\$	4,062,607	\$	(37,495)	
Other categorical aid:									
Victim witness grant	\$	22,611	¢	22,611	¢	28,588	¢	5,977	
Domestic Violence Grant	7	11,250	Ţ	11,250	7	22,500	7	11,250	
Pre-trial services grant		11,230		40,463		20,384		(20,079)	
SW VA Corrections grant		1,259,410		1,259,410		1,259,410		(20,077)	
Law enforcement grants		1,237,410		26,995		186,167		159,172	
-		- 65 000		65,000		52,256			
Drug court grant Four for life grant		65,000 32,608		32,608		33,273		(12,744) 665	
		43,000		43,000		33,273			
Emergency services grants Hazmat mitigation						90,992		(43,000) 45,800	
Fire Program Funds		45,183 97,071		45,183 97,071		-		45,809 4,500	
•						101,571			
Library grants		14,500		24,500		14,500		(10,000)	
Public assistance and welfare administration		3,542,032		3,542,032		3,353,143		(188,889)	
Comprehensive services act		1,924,707		1,924,707		1,216,937		(707,770)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)								
Games of skill distribution	\$	-	\$	_	\$	6,624	\$	6,624
School resource officer		-		_		358,043		358,043
CDBG state grants		668		193,197		-		(193,197)
Juror reimbursement		905		905		-		(905)
CCRP circuit court		-		9,615		9,615		-
VDH grant		_		-,015		9,158		9,158
Sheriff grants		213,464		213,464		239,786		26,322
Total other categorical aid	\$	7,272,409	\$	7,552,011	\$	7,002,947	\$	(549,064)
Total Other Categorical and	<u> </u>	7,272,409	Ş	7,332,011	Ç	7,002,947	Ç	(349,004)
Total categorical aid	\$	11,260,137	\$	11,652,113	\$	11,065,554	\$	(586,559)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	13,740,757	\$	14,132,733	\$	13,409,350	\$	(723,383)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of tax	\$	93,423	\$	93,423	\$	95,853	\$	2,430
Categorical aid:								
DMV ground transportation safety grant	\$	267,965	¢	554,779	¢	378,999	¢	(175,780)
Law enforcement grants	7	400,000	٧	553,817	7	22,593	7	(531,224)
Crime victim assistance		67,833		67,833		76,177		8,344
		18,713		18,713		18,713		0,344
Violence against women grant		10,713		•		•		(222 422)
COVID-19 CARES Funds		-		6,598,158		6,275,036		(323,122)
EPA grants		4 004 277		4 004 277		12,385		12,385
Public assistance		4,891,377		4,891,377		5,380,244		488,867
HAVA - Election Security		-		60,730		31,568		(29,162)
CESF grant		-		-		57,783		57,783
HITDA		-		-		34,833		34,833
VOCA		-		-		50,215		50,215
Total categorical aid	\$	5,645,888	\$	12,745,407	\$	12,338,546	\$	(406,861)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	5,739,311	\$	12,838,830	\$	12,434,399	\$	(404,431)
Total General Fund	\$	54,458,373	\$	62,344,541	\$	60,774,735	\$	(1,569,806)
Special Revenue Funds:								
Coal Road Improvement Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:								
Coal road taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	499,246	\$	499,246
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,693	\$	8,693
Recovered costs:								
Other recovered costs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	79,833	\$	79,833
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	587,772	\$	587,772
	_		_		_		_	
Total Coal Road Improvement Fund	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$	587,772	\$	587,772

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
Forfeited Assets Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	_						_	
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	•	\$	26	\$	26
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	70,829	\$	70,829
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	70,855	\$	70,855
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Other categorical aid	\$	_	\$	-	\$	7,006	\$	7,006
					<u> </u>	.,	<u> </u>	1,000
Total Forfeited Assets Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77,861	\$	77,861
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: Capital Projects Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Charges for services:								
Charges for courthouse mainenance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,208	\$	13,208
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
CDBG	\$	-	\$	-	\$	221,179	\$	221,179
EPA		-		-		241,862		241,862
Total categorical aid	\$	-	\$	-	\$	463,041	\$	463,041
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	463,041	\$	463,041
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	476,249	\$	476,249
Total Primary Government	\$	54,458,373	\$	62,344,541	\$	61,916,617	\$	(427,924)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	8,305	\$	(1,695)
Revenue from the use of property		-		-		1,690		1,690
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,995	\$	(5)
Charges for services:								
Tuition and payments from other divisions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	321,367	\$	321,367
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$	211,099	\$	31,099
Recovered costs:								
ERATE reimbursements	\$	200,000	Ś	200,000	\$	198,639	\$	(1,361)
Other recovered costs	*	1,295,700	r	1,295,700	•	1,005,600	•	(290,100)
Total recovered costs	\$	1,495,700	\$	1,495,700	\$	1,204,239	\$	(291,461)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	1,685,700	\$	1,685,700	\$	1,746,700	\$	61,000

<u>Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source</u> Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)		Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
School Operating Fund: (Continued)										
Intergovernmental:										
Revenues from local governments:										
Contribution from County of Wise, Virginia	\$	11,474,947	\$	11,474,947	\$	14,378,513	\$	2,903,566		
Revenue from the Commonwealth:										
Categorical aid:										
Share of state sales tax	\$	6,367,374	\$	6,367,374	\$	6,808,201	\$	440,827		
Basic Aid		20,633,070		20,633,070		20,267,683		(365,387)		
Remedial summer education		78,156		78,156		117,650		39,494		
Regular foster care				-		8,241		8,241		
Special education		1,997,163		1,997,163		1,968,705		(28,458)		
Alternative education		365,544		365,544		354,866		(10,678)		
Algebra readiness		120,274		120,274		131,610		11,336		
Mentor teacher program		-		-		2,451		2,451		
Social security fringe benefits		1,261,366		1,261,366		1,239,408		(21,958)		
Group life fringe benefits		88,942		88,942		87,675		(1,267)		
Retirement fringe benefits		2,943,188		2,943,188		2,889,294		(53,894)		
Governor's School		34,000		34,000		33,930		(70)		
Early reading intervention		197,958		197,958		195,246		(2,712)		
Adult education		52,539		52,539		86,632		34,093		
Homebound education		86,360		86,360		18,982		(67,378)		
Vocation education		945,416		945,416		939,498		(5,918)		
At risk payments		1,999,512		1,999,512		1,705,514		(293,998)		
Primary class size		1,242,676		1,242,676		1,231,221		(11,455)		
VPSA technology		362,000		362,000		37,786		(324,214)		
At risk 4 year olds		806,865		806,865		855,813		48,948		
English as a second language		-		-		8,530		8,530		
Textbook/lottery payments		434,484		434,484		428,293		(6,191)		
GED prep program		-		-		25,159		25,159		
Gifted and talented		214,271		214,271		211,217		(3,054)		
Remedial education		836,868		836,868		824,943		(11,925)		
Teacher salary incentive		-		-		322,762		322,762		
Project graduation		4,012		4,012		4,012		-		
Salary supplement		538,728		538,728		-		(538,728)		
Other state funds		4,012		4,012		95,470		91,458		
Lottery support for schools		1,473,791		1,473,791		1,661,915		188,124		
Special Education- jail program		-		-		16,585		16,585		
School security equipment grant		-		-		5,186		5,186		
Total categorical aid	\$	43,088,569	\$	43,088,569	\$	42,584,478	\$	(504,091)		
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	43,088,569	\$	43,088,569	\$	42,584,478	\$	(504,091)		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government:		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Noncategorical aid:									
QSCB federal interest subsidy	\$	-	\$	-	\$	601,160	\$	601,160	
Categorical aid:									
Title I	\$	2,920,000	\$	2,920,000	\$	2,034,212	\$	(885,788)	
Special education		1,320,354		1,320,354		1,254,796		(65,558)	
Title VI-B, preschool		30,000		30,000		39,422		9,422	
Vocational education		120,000		120,000		163,547		43,547	
Improving teacher quality		400,000		400,000		419,594		19,594	
Title VI rural education		-		-		70,800		70,800	
ESSER		3,000,000		3,000,000		4,196,830		1,196,830	
Adult literacy		375,000		375,000		291,909		(83,091)	
Title IV Part A 84.424		-		-		117,844		117,844	
TANF		-		-		263,697		263,697	
Forest reserve		5,000		5,000		46,615		41,615	
Total categorical aid	\$	8,170,354	\$	8,170,354	\$	8,899,266	\$	728,912	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	8,170,354	\$	8,170,354	\$	9,500,426	\$	1,330,072	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	64,419,570	\$	64,419,570	\$	68,210,117	\$	3,790,547	
School Cafeteria Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
Revenue from use of money and property:									
	ċ		\$		\$	6,836	ċ	4 924	
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	Ş	-	Ş	0,030	Ş	6,836	
Charges for services:									
Cafeteria sales	\$	484,874	\$	484,874	\$	37,174	\$	(447,700)	
Miscellaneous revenue:									
Rebates and refunds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,500	\$	28,500	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	484,874	\$	484,874	\$	72,510	\$	(412,364)	
Intergovernmental:									
Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Categorical aid:									
School food program grant	\$	32,056	\$	32,056	\$	41,340	\$	9,284	
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
School food program grant	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,400,000	\$	4,167,285	\$	1,767,285	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,400,000	\$	4,167,285	\$	1,767,285	
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	2,916,930	\$	2,916,930	\$	4,281,135	\$	1,364,205	

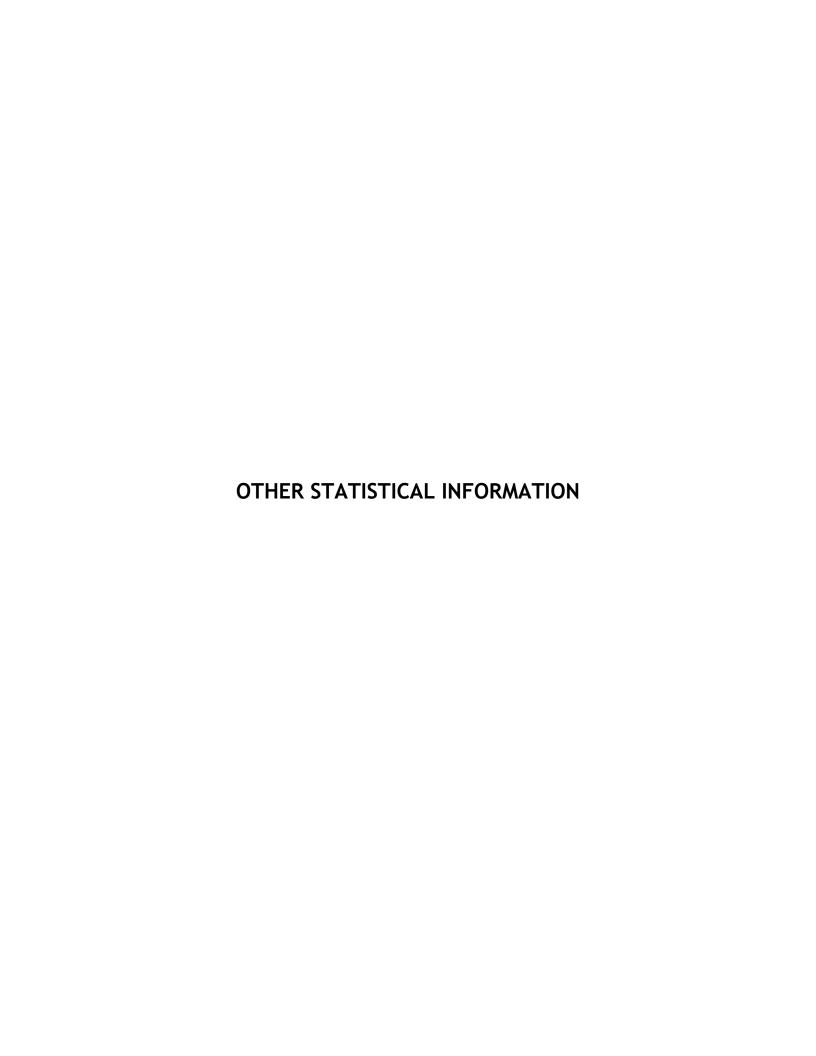
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Capital Projects Fund: School Capital Projects Fund: Intergovernmental:	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Wise, Virginia	\$ -	\$ -	\$	338,253	\$	338,253		
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:								
VPSA technology grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$	362,000	\$	362,000		
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$	700,253	\$	700,253		
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 67,336,500	\$ 67,336,500	\$	73,191,505	\$	5,855,005		

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
<u> </u>				<u>Budget</u>				
General Fund: General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of Supervisors	\$	346,650	ς	346,650	\$	371,725	\$	(25,075)
bound of supervisors		3 10,030	· ·	3 10,030	<u> </u>	371,723	<u> </u>	(23,073)
General and financial administration:								
County Administrator	\$	799,295	\$	799,295	\$	773,937	\$	25,358
Legal services		182,957		182,957		203,884		(20,927)
Commissioner of Revenue		781,365		781,365		775,277		6,088
Assessor		130,696		130,696		139,781		(9,085)
Treasurer		721,300		744,852		744,033		819
Data Processing		245,926		245,927		232,339		13,588
GIS		364,825		492,494		400,663		91,831
Total general and financial administration	\$	3,226,364	\$	3,377,586	\$	3,269,914	\$	107,672
Board of elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	16,496	¢	16,496	¢	10,284	¢	6,212
Registrar	Į.	360,875	Ų	421,605	٠	368,255	J	53,350
Total board of elections	\$	377,371	\$	438,101	\$	378,539	\$	59,562
		·		-				
Total general government administration	\$	3,950,385	\$	4,162,337	\$	4,020,178	\$	142,159
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	184,662	\$	117,351	\$	131,542	\$	(14,191)
General district court		16,850		16,850		10,941		5,909
Juvenile and domestic court clerk		8,575		8,575		6,711		1,864
Juvenile and domestic relations court		652,370		652,370		576,504		75,866
Clerk of the circuit court		975,814		1,097,804		1,090,486		7,318
Sheriff - court services		770,148		770,148		501,618		268,530
Magistrate		3,506		3,506		3,629		(123)
Victim witness		98,663		98,663		103,129		(4,466)
Drug court		15,000		82,311		68,760		13,551
Law library		10,000		10,000		2,498		7,502
Total courts	\$	2,735,588	\$	2,857,578	\$	2,495,818	\$	361,760
Commonwealth's Attorney:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	1,310,497	\$	1,310,497	\$	1,353,664	\$	(43,167)
Total judicial administration	\$	4,046,085	¢	4,168,075	Ś	3,849,482	ς	318,593
•		4,040,003	~	4,100,073		3,047,402	7	310,373
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff - law enforcement	\$		\$	7,426,301	\$	5,712,298	\$	1,714,003
Dispatcher/E911		1,196,781		1,196,781		1,074,671		122,110
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	6,265,702	\$	8,623,082	\$	6,786,969	\$	1,836,113
Fire and rescue services:								
Volunteer fire departments	\$	516,230	\$	516,230	\$	383,116	\$	133,114
Ambulance and rescue services		247,500		247,500		248,241		(741)
Total fire and rescue services	\$	763,730	\$	763,730	\$	631,357	\$	132,373
Correction and detention:								
Southwest Virginia Regional Jail	\$	3,147,651	\$	3,147,651	\$	2,328,751	\$	818,900
Pre-trial services		869,646		910,109		978,333		(68,224)
SWVA Community Corrections Center		719,964		719,964		743,772		(23,808)
Total correction and detention	\$	4,737,261	\$	4,777,724	\$	4,050,856	\$	726,868

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)									
Public safety: (Continued)									
Inspections: Building inspector	\$	172,459	ς	174,459	ς	162,211	ς	12,248	
banding inspector		172,137	7	,	Ť	.02,2		12,210	
Other protection:									
Animal control	\$	213,060	\$	218,060	\$	190,718	\$	27,342	
Pandemic Response		682,506.00		6,161,702		4,951,151		1,210,551	
Emergency services		332,818		696,142		747,036		(50,894)	
Total other protection	\$	1,228,384	\$	7,075,904	\$	5,888,905	\$	1,186,999	
Total public safety	\$	13,167,536	\$	21,414,899	\$	17,520,298	\$	3,894,601	
Public works:									
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:									
General properties	\$	1,034,987	\$	1,160,911	\$	990,843	\$	170,068	
Health and welfare:									
Health:									
Local health department	\$	542,623	\$	542,623	\$	542,623	\$	-	
Behavioral Health and Development Services:									
Mental health	\$	260,150	\$	260,150	\$	260,150	\$	-	
Welfare:									
Welfare administration	\$	9,710,400	Ś	9,710,400	Ś	9,809,215	Ś	(98,815)	
Comprehensive Services Act	•	2,374,707	•	2,374,707	*	1,873,508	•	501,199	
Youth Service Board		83,800		83,800		83,800		-	
Lonesome Pine Office on Youth		23,014		23,014		23,014		-	
Total welfare	\$	12,191,921	\$	12,191,921	\$	11,789,537	\$	402,384	
Total health and welfare	\$	12,994,694	\$	12,994,694	\$	12,592,310	\$	402,384	
Education:									
Other instructional costs:									
Contribution to School Board	\$	16,129,427	Ś	16,129,427	Ś	14,716,766	Ś	1,412,661	
Contribution to Community College	•	53,598	•	53,598	•	53,598	•	-	
Total education	\$	16,183,025	\$	16,183,025	\$	14,770,364	\$	1,412,661	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:									
Parks and recreation:									
Recreation Authority	\$	49,000	\$	49,000	\$	44,700	\$	4,300	
Cultural enrichment:									
Cultural organizations	\$	95,731	\$	95,731	\$	67,381	\$	28,350	
		73,731		75,751	~	07,301	~	20,330	
Library:		000 544	ć	000 544	,	022 444	,	(42.005)	
Regional library	\$	808,561	\$	808,561	<u> </u>	822,446	\$	(13,885)	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	953,292	\$	953,292	\$	934,527	\$	18,765	
Community development:									
Planning and community development:									
Economic development	\$	1,474,155	\$	1,474,155	\$	1,544,363	\$	(70,208)	
Pandemic response - contributions to Towns		-		1,311,491		1,272,800		38,691	
Community development		38,405		58,405		33,986		24,419	
Contribution to Housing Authority		10,000		10,000		10,000		-	
Contribution to Cumberland Airport Commission		107,500		107,500		107,500		-	
Contribution to LENOWISCO		66,684		66,684		66,684		-	
Planning Commission		6,500		6,500		5,630		870	
Community Project- Transient Occupancy		47,500		47,500		40,951		6,549	
Software Engineering Initiative		13,000		13,000		2,000		11,000	
Technology Initiative	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	Ċ	2 002 04 4	\$	15,000	
Total planning and community development	<u> </u>	1,778,744	Ş	3,110,235	\$	3,083,914	ډ	26,321	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Community development: (Continued)								
Cooperative extension program:								
Virginia Tech Extension Office	\$	142,382	\$	157,251	\$	11,073	\$	146,178
Total community development	\$	1,921,126	\$	3,267,486	\$	3,094,987	\$	172,499
Nondepartmental:								
Nondepartmental	\$	101,340	\$	101,340	\$	91,567	\$	9,773
Capital projects:								
Capital outlay	\$	-	\$	120,661	\$	228,823	\$	(108,162)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	647,626	\$	647,626	\$	956,910	\$	(309,284)
Interest and other fiscal charges		20,030		20,030		28,950		(8,920)
Total debt service	\$	667,656	\$	667,656	\$	985,860	\$	(318,204)
Total General Fund	\$	55,020,126	\$	65,194,376	\$	59,079,239	\$	6,115,137
Special Revenue Funds: Coal Road Improvement Fund: Public Works: Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks: Coal road projects	\$	315,000	\$	315,000	\$	235,139	\$	79,861
Community Development								
Community Development: Planning and community development:								
Distribution to Towns	\$	140,000	ċ	140,000	ċ	90,387	ċ	49,613
Community development	J	245,000	Ų	245,000	٠	403,607	٠	(158,607)
Total planning and community development	\$	385,000	\$	385,000	\$	493,994	\$	(108,994)
Total community development	\$	385,000	\$	385,000	\$	493,994	\$	(108,994)
Total Coal Road Improvement Fund	\$	700,000	\$	700,000	\$	729,133	\$	(29,133)
Forfeited Assets Fund: Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff - law enforcement	\$		\$	-	\$	97,838	\$	(97,838)
Total Forfeited Asset Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,838	\$	(97,838)
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds: Capital Projects Fund: Capital Projects:								
Capital projects:								
Community Development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	600,353	\$	(600,353)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	600,353	\$	(600,353)
Total Primary Government	\$	55,720,126	\$	65,894,376	\$	60,506,563	\$	5,387,813

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	~			<u>Actual</u>		/ariance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board							
School Operating Fund:							
Education:							
Administration of schools:							
Administration and health services	\$ 3,051,100	\$	3,051,100	\$	2,845,171	\$	205,929
Instruction costs:							
Instructional costs	\$ 48,113,800	\$	48,113,800	\$	47,855,602	\$	258,198
Technology	 3,068,000		3,068,000		2,132,321		935,679
Total instruction costs	\$ 51,181,800	\$	51,181,800	\$	49,987,923	\$	1,193,877
Operating costs:							
Pupil transportation	\$ 3,899,100	\$	3,899,100	\$	3,130,268	\$	768,832
Operation and maintenance of school plant	6,411,500		6,411,500		6,200,661		210,839
Facilities	500,000		500,000		-		500,000
Total operating costs	\$ 10,810,600	\$	10,810,600	\$	9,330,929	\$	1,479,671
Total education	\$ 65,043,500	\$	65,043,500	\$	62,164,023	\$	2,879,477
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,120,000	\$	(2,120,000)
Interest and other fiscal charges	-		-		2,581,233		(2,581,233)
Total debt service	\$	\$	-	\$	4,701,233	\$	(4,701,233)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 65,043,500	\$	65,043,500	\$	66,865,256	\$	(1,821,756)
School Cafeteria Fund:							
Education:							
School food services:							
Administration of school food program	\$ 2,943,000	\$	2,943,000	\$	3,176,523	\$	(233,523)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 2,943,000	\$	2,943,000	\$	3,176,523	\$	(233,523)
School Capital Projects Fund:							
Capital projects:							
School improvements	\$ -	\$	-	\$	700,253	\$	(700,253)
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$	700,253	\$	(700,253)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 67,986,500	\$	67,986,500	\$	70,742,032	\$	(2,755,532)



County of Wise, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 61,204,050	55,164,326	52,819,059	50,816,807	50,865,888	50,802,705	54,878,048	58,107,480	60,935,043	62,827,232
Sewer	658,919	640,600	640,255	640,201	642,461	654,744	583,948	597,251	299,792	277,990
Landfill	3,431,563 \$	3,503,296	3,448,988	3,338,361	1,633,053	3,691,980	3,730,221	3,998,594	3,856,656	3,856,963
Interest on Long- Term Debt	0,		2,310,715	2,366,473	2,430,958	2,527,285	2,317,504	793,150	723,949	183,724
Community Development	\$ 4,418,959 \$	2,735,920	3,151,793	2,764,056	4,470,285	3,653,709	4,693,677	4,455,867	7,652,569	10,917,533
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 978,329	963,477	956,101	954,346	958,367	960,030	958,043	1,024,785	1,050,295	1,030,994
Education	3 11,374,656	12,427,899	12,523,405	12,139,102	12,365,676	12,576,685	13,878,690	18,185,662	17,014,461	16,628,227
Health and Welfare	\$ 12,859,194	12,722,714	11,600,611	10,837,850	10,836,164	10,168,893	10,961,298	10,961,298	13,967,744	14,372,186
Public Works	\$ 1,263,577	1,354,630	1,347,697	1,213,476	1,270,770	1,312,160	2,124,587	2,619,880	1,379,473	1,380,443
Public Safety	\$ 15,870,766	11,607,368	10,602,502	10,368,554	9,877,567	9,786,433	10,012,966	9,700,296	9,558,466	8,033,901
Judicial Administration	3,785,132 \$	3,514,730	3,059,783	2,994,850	2,864,928	2,610,691	2,865,850	2,769,871	2,917,968	2,955,941
General Government Administration	4,235,889 \$	2,957,136	3,177,209	3,199,538	3,515,659	2,860,095	2,751,264	3,000,826	2,513,670	3,189,330
Fiscal Year A	\$ 2020-21 \$	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12

County of Wise, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	PROGR	MW RE	PROGRAM REVENUES			GENE	GENERAL REVENUES	SΞ.			
										Grants and	
			Operating						ٽ	Contributions	
	Charges		Grants		General	Other	Unrestricted		ž	Not Restricted	
Fiscal	for		and		Property	Local	Investment			to Specific	
Year	Services	ٽ	Contributions		Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous		Programs	Total
2020-21	\$ 568,772	s	23,886,130	ب	28,569,290 \$	4,952,761	4,952,761 \$ 238,391	\$ 386,907	\$	2,439,649 \$	61,041,900
2019-20	576,553		18,237,114		28,169,580	5,555,965	564,199			2,567,104	56,022,601
2018-19	565,377		18,426,885		28,312,695	5,840,209	586,953	449,369		2,596,777	56,778,265
2017-18	563,324		16,509,679		27,204,950	5,141,459	194,816	283,444		2,673,735	52,571,407
2016-17	595,556	_	16,720,043		26,728,694	5,037,746	213,113	373,884		2,672,630	52,341,666
2015-16	619,667		14,811,290		32,254,084	5,570,865	157,597	495,169		2,690,261	56,598,933
2014-15	601,008		14,144,688		28,854,059	6,883,053	128,728	223,044	_	2,714,740	53,549,320
2013-14	1,239,369	_	14,643,641		27,604,620	8,173,503	194,916	171,736		2,749,240	54,777,025
2012-13	1,114,258		13,711,562		25,491,426	10,143,685	356,140	171,280	_	6,167,096	57,155,447
2011-12	1,182,154		13,268,121		26,638,980	16,737,347	423,101	633,049		7,215,291	66,098,043

County of Wise, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	\$ 117.314.284		96,677,559	97,642,917	92,531,083	93,233,343	94,897,850	133,712,610	123,520,521	111,619,533
	Debt	Service	5.687.093	19,480,048	3,842,504	7,666,922	3,436,914	3,676,266	3,486,386	19,059,349	19,732,283	687,471
	Non-	departmental	\$ 795.16	87,243	79,223	53,370	37,956	60,434	57,579			
	Capital		228.823 \$	' 						3,888	27,096	67,857
			\$	+								
	Community	Development	٠.	1,226,607					3,682,521			_
Parks,	Recreation,	and Cultural	934,527	919,109	911,401	909,574	912,816	914,479	912,492	629,066	1,017,808	1,003,598
		Education (2)	67.477.205	60,216,163	59,578,059	56,929,904	56,309,363	57,410,224	57,715,704	80,413,534	63,144,019	68,732,735
	Health and	Welfare	12.592.310 \$	12,728,280	11,875,631	11,201,751	10,954,895	10,569,884	11,029,381	10,837,444	13,910,634	14,389,802
	Public	Works	1.225.982	1,106,949	1,105,460	1,034,137	983,523	1,055,334	2,077,283	2,519,806	3,269,650	1,593,160
	Public	Safety	\$ 17.618.136	12,802,229	11,137,520	10,751,727	10,213,833	9,877,258	9,576,684	9,426,268	9,419,726	8,224,502
	Judicial	Administration	3.849.487	3,665,584	3,441,676	3,416,029	3,097,648	3,019,965	3,074,056	2,940,326	2,879,973	2,958,240
General	Government	Administration A	3 4.020.178 \$	3,475,972	3,285,105	3,778,223	3,519,972	3,146,419	3,285,764	3,081,896	3,085,457	3,049,267
	Fiscal	Year A	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects fund. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

County of Wise, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	120,574,378	105,306,621	104,583,319	100,626,284	95,970,401	102,090,595	102,271,417	99,641,438	101,836,975	111,585,710
	Inter- governmental (2)	82,144,284 \$	66,995,081	67,091,845	63,408,132	61,379,322	60,314,143	59,886,528	61,156,088	64,383,078	65,331,850
	Recovered Costs	\$ 1,993,528 \$	2,885,749	1,866,631	2,342,583	2,280,388	3,878,644	3,113,965	478,379	816,163	312,202
	Miscellaneous	\$ 589,795		723,384	481,650	287,399	528,163	2,363,457	819,939	488,317	1,046,635
Charges	for Services	\$ 1,432,774	571,893	675,521	742,898	916,476	1,026,242	1,079,470	1,357,273	1,299,770	1,708,891
Revenue from the Use of	Money and Property	\$	497,324			185,173		126,847		372,688	444,372
Fines	and Forfeitures	\$ 49,007	53,859	50,648	51,381	33,510	45,052	51,141	106,243	116,480	66,934
Permits, Privilege Fees,	Regulatory Licenses			33,062	32,224	40,627	67,852	35,717	52,913	34,091	58,453
Other	Local Taxes	\$ 4,952,761	5,555,965	5,840,209	5,141,459	5,037,746	5,570,865	6,883,053	8,173,503	10,143,685	16,753,643
General	Property Taxes	\$ 29,222,240 \$ 4,952,761 \$	28,400,564	27,719,402	28,257,744	25,809,760	30,520,943	28,731,239	27,259,792	24,182,703	25,862,730
	Fiscal Year	2020-21		2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. Excludes Capital Projects fund. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

County of Wise, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent	Taxes to	Tax Levy	14.21%	16.50%	18.40%	16.71%	20.03%	14.58%	10.81%	11.30%	10.03%	%00.0
Outstanding	Delinquent	Taxes (1), (3)	4,304,330	5,057,333	5,478,012	4,713,100	5,589,033	4,770,122	3,196,436	3,125,435	2,604,089	•
Percent of Total Tax	Collections	to Tax Levy	\$ %82.66	96.20%	96.54%	103.00%	96.27%	96.37%	100.16%	97.13%	98.03%	98.82%
Total	Тах	Collections (2)	30,227,082	29,491,089	28,747,760	29,056,174	26,861,686	31,524,921	29,622,326	26,875,014	25,459,226	25,394,515
Delinguent	Tax	Collections (1)	1,917,081	1,443,922	1,539,804	3,243,919	1,456,012	1,192,584	925,793	203,205	357,581	421,499
Percent	of Levy	Collected	93.45% \$	91.49%	91.37%	91.50%	91.05%	92.73%	97.03%	96.40%	%99.96	97.18%
Current	Tax	Collections (1,2)	28,310,001	28,047,167	27,207,956	25,812,255	25,405,674	30,332,337	28,696,533	26,671,809	25,101,645	24,973,016
Total	Tax	Levy (1,2) (\$ 30,293,412 \$	30,654,989	29,777,017	28,208,775	27,902,652	32,710,717	29,575,091	27,668,374	25,969,822	25,696,491
	Fiscal	Year	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Includes amount received under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property County of Wise, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	3,765,884,552	3,790,018,388	3,823,489,124	3,856,901,953	3,870,812,193	4,633,613,976	3,921,475,552	4,099,095,690	3,390,587,645	3,170,622,004
			<i>ح</i>									
	Public	Service (2)	29,267,123 \$ 1,398,197,828	1,403,610,614	1,431,399,061	1,439,558,790	1,461,492,404	2,180,583,683	1,358,254,710	1,430,798,105	582,525,325	590,253,866
			Ş									
	Mobile	Homes	29,267,123	28,930,713	28,252,703	34,457,077	34,442,807	34,320,660	33,849,030	40,491,360	40,456,220	41,181,520
			Ş									
	Merchant's	Capital	26,351,361 \$	28,878,600	28,338,431	28,638,275	29,753,723	32,109,973	34,551,733	34,979,151	35,960,355	35,346,281
			\$									
Machinery	and	Tools	45,790,500 \$	41,853,105	51,983,545	53,805,715	75,302,775	122,528,345	184,405,660	244,969,850	279,241,765	305,819,130
			Ş									
	Personal	Property	391,849,868	395,654,918	397,045,693	419,166,849	403,135,802	408,020,785	427,550,149	400,495,555	416,493,632	414,733,423
			∴	~	_	_	~!	_	_	•	~	#
	Real	Estate (1)	2020-21 \$ 1,874,427,872 \$ 391,849,868	1,891,090,438	1,886,469,691	1,881,275,247	1,866,684,682	1,856,050,530	1,882,864,270	1,947,361,669	2,035,910,348	1,783,287,784
			\$									
	Fiscal	Year	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value. (2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

County of Wise, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery & Tools	Merchant's Capital	Mobile Homes
2020-21	\$ 0.69 \$	1.65 \$	1.41 \$	2.85 \$	0.69
2019-20	0.69	1.65	1.41	2.85	0.69
2018-19	0.62/0.69	1.58	1.41	2.85	0.62
2017-18	0.60/0.62	1.56	1.41	2.85	0.60
2016-17	0.60	1.56	1.41	2.85	0.60
2015-16	0.60	1.56	1.41	2.85	0.60
2014-15	0.60	1.56	1.41	2.85	0.60
2013-14	0.60	1.56	1.41	2.85	0.60
2012-13	0.57	1.49	1.41	2.85	0.57
2011-12	0.57	1.49	1.41	2.85	0.57

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Wise, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	th	Assessed Value (in ousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Less: Debt Service Monies Available		Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Ne Bonc Debt Capi	led per
2020-21	36,130	\$	3,765,885	\$ 47,518,003	\$	_	\$ 47,518,003	1.26%	\$	1,315
2019-20	41,452		3,790,018	50,063,003		-	50,063,003	1.32%		1,208
2018-19	41,452		3,823,489	52,443,003		-	52,443,003	1.37%		1,265
2017-18	41,452		3,856,902	55,147,832		-	55,147,832	1.43%		1,330
2016-17	41,452		3,870,812	57,001,603		-	57,001,603	1.47%		1,375
2015-16	41,452		4,633,614	56,508,003		-	56,508,003	1.22%		1,363
2014-15	41,452		4,099,096	57,354,743		-	57,354,743	1.40%		1,384
2013-14	41,452		3,390,588	60,458,615		-	60,458,615	1.78%		1,459
2012-13	41,452		3,390,588	61,891,570		-	61,891,570	1.83%		1,493
2011-12	41,452		3,170,622	60,166,155		-	60,166,155	1.90%		1,451

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Table 9
County of Wise, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ratio of
		Total	Debt Service
	Total	General	to General
Fiscal	Debt	Governmental	Governmental
Year	Service	Expenditures	Expenditures
2020-21	\$ 5,687,093	\$ 117,314,284	4.85%
2019-20 (2)	4,680,048	115,708,184	4.04%
2018-19	3,842,504	96,677,559	3.97%
2017-18	7,666,922	97,642,917	7.85%
2016-17	3,436,914	92,531,083	3.71%
2015-16 (2)	3,676,266	93,233,343	3.94%
2014-15	3,486,386	94,897,850	3.67%
2013-14 (2)	4,359,349	133,712,610	3.26%
2012-13 (2)	5,732,283	123,520,521	4.64%
2011-12	687,471	111,619,533	0.62%

⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and Special Revenue funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

⁽²⁾ Excludes refunding debt service.

Table 10

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Legal Debt Margin For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Legal Debt Limit 10% of Assessed Value of Taxable Real Estate (Including public utility real estate)	\$ 327,232,636
Less: Net bonded debt	(47,518,003)
Legal margin for creation of additional debt	\$ 279,714,633





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Wise, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units (School Board and PSA), each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wise, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Wise, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2021, modified due to exclusion of the Industrial Development Authority (IDA), a discretely presented component unit of the County. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Public Service Authority (PSA), as described in our report on the County of Wise, Virginia's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Wise, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Wise, Virginia's Response to Finding

County of Wise, Virginia's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Wise, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HOWSON, JMWN, COX, ASSOLUTED Blacksburg, Virginia November 26, 2021



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Wise, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Wise, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Wise, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County of Wise, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

County of Wise, Virginia's basic financial statements include the operations of the Wise County Public Service Authority, which expended \$787,885 in federal awards which is not included in the County of Wise, Virginia's schedule of expenditures of federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2021. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Wise County Public Service Authority because the component unit engaged other auditors to perform an audit of compliance.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Wise, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Wise, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Wise, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Wise, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Wise, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wise, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 26, 2021

Pobiuson, James, Cox, associates

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	Federal Assistance Listing	Pass-through Entity Identifying			Federal	Expenditures to
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number			Expenditures	Subrecipients
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Education:						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	40274	\$	263,697		
Department of Social Services:						
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400120/0400121		650,226 \$	913,923	
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0950119/0950120			46,872	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500121			1,448	
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600421			101,034	
CCDF Cluster:	03.504	07/0400/07/0404			100 277	
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.596 93.599	0760120/0760121 9160119/9160120			128,377 773	
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	1130119, 1130120			1,182	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900120/0900121			314	
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100120/1100121			652,092	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120120/1120121			1,382,642	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000120/1000121			685,960	
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150119/9150120			12,471	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540121			8,966	
Medicaid Cluster:						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200120/1200121			726,609	
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$	4,662,663	
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Virginia Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services:						
Food Distribution-Schools (Note C)	10.555	Not applicable	\$ 124,118			
Department of Education: COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	40264	56,367			
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program	10.555	40254	3,715 \$	184,200		
COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	60175, 60176	\$ 1,141,447			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	60302, 60303	2,806,123	3,947,570		
COVID-19 - School Breakfast Program	10.553	40263		35,515 \$	4,167,285	
Department of Education:						
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:	10.445	420.44				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841			46,615	
Department of Social Services:						
SNAP Cluster:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010120/0010121				
		0040120/0040121			981,278	
					701,270	
Total Department of Agriculture				\$	5,195,178	
Total Department of Agriculture				_\$		
Total Department of Agriculture Department of Housing and Urban Development:				<u>\$</u>		
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				_\$		
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				_\$		
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments:	14.228	Not available		<u>\$</u>	5,195,178	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	Not available		<u>_\$</u>	5,195,178	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice:	14.228	Not available		<u>\$</u>	5,195,178	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments:	14.228	Not available		<u>\$</u>	5,195,178	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services:					5,195,178	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	20WFAX0011		<u>\$</u>	5,195,178 218,679	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance	16.588 16.575	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048			218,679 18,713 76,177	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.588 16.575 16.034	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141			218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance	16.588 16.575	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048			218,679 18,713 76,177	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.588 16.575 16.034	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141			218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.588 16.575 16.034	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141		\$	218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Fotal Department of Justice Department of Transportation:	16.588 16.575 16.034	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141		\$	218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Fotal Department of Justice Department of Transportation:	16.588 16.575 16.034	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141		\$	218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster:	16.588 16.575 16.034 16.738	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141 18DJBX0728		\$	218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215 202,888	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles:	16.588 16.575 16.034	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141		\$	218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Programs	16.588 16.575 16.034 16.738	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141 18DJBX0728			218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215 202,888	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Programs Department of Treasury:	16.588 16.575 16.034 16.738	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141 18DJBX0728			218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215 202,888	
Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Urban Development: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Programs Department of Treasury: Pass Through Payments:	16.588 16.575 16.034 16.738	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141 18DJBX0728			218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215 202,888	
Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Papartment of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Criminal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Oral Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Programs Department of Treasury: Pass Through Payments: Department of Treasury: Pass Through Payments: Department of Treasury: Pass Through Payments: Department of Accounts:	16.588 16.575 16.034 16.738	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141 18DJBX0728 M6OT 19 59229		s s	218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215 202,888	
Department of Housing and Urban Development: Pass Through Payments: Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Department of Justice: Pass Through Payments: Department of Grininal Justice Services: Violence Against Women Formula Grants Crime Victim Assistance COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: Highway Safety Cluster: National Priority Safety Programs Department of Treasury: Pass Through Payments:	16.588 16.575 16.034 16.738	20WFAX0011 20VA2GX0048 20VDBX0141 18DJBX0728	s		218,679 18,713 76,177 57,783 50,215 202,888	\$ 2,510,3

County of Wise, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

To the rec	ar Ended June 30, :		
	Federal	Pass-through	
	Assistance	Entity	
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/	Listing	Identifying	Federal Expenditures
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures Subrecipient
Environmental Protection Agency:			
Direct Payments:			
Department of Conservation and Recreation	66.818	Not applicable	Ć 254.247
Brownsfields Multipurpose, Assessment, Revolving Loan Fund, and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	Not applicable	\$ 254,247
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	42801, 61111	\$ 291,909
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	2,034,212
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	43071/61110	\$ 1,254,796
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	62521	39,422 1,294,218
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	60031/61095	163,547
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	60281	117,844
Rural Education	84.358	43481	70,800
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants (formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	61480	419,594
Education Stabilization Fund:	04.307	01400	417,374
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	60177/60041/60042/60172	\$ 3,179,525
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief Fund	84.425C	70037	100,620 3,280,145
Total Department of Education			\$ 7,672,269
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	4512 DRVAP00000001	\$ 84,859
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMV2019-SS-00079-S01	294,140
······································			
Total Department of Homeland Security			\$ 378,999
Department of Elections:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Elections			
COVID-19 - HAVA Election Security Grants	90,404	Not available	\$ 31,568
COVID-17 - HAVA Election Security drains	70.404	NOT available	3 31,300
Executive Office of the President:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Appalachia HIDTA			
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program	95.001	Unknown	\$ 34,833
Appalachian Regional Commission:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Housing and Community Development			
bepartment of flousing and community bevelopment			
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	Not available	\$ 2,500
	23.002	Not available	\$ 2,500 \$ 25,868,138 \$ 2,510,

Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Wise County, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Wise, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in nets position, or cash flows of the County of Wise, Virginia.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
 (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
 (3) The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note C -- Food Donation:

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2021, The Wise County School Board had no food commodities in inventory.

The County did not receive any donated items during the year.

Note E -- Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans:

The County did not have any loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

Note F -- Relationship to Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	12,434,399
Capital Projects Fund		463,041
Less: Payment in lieu of taxes	_	(95,853)
Total primary government:	\$	12,801,587
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	9,500,426
School Cafeteria Fund		4,167,285
Less: QSCB interest subsidy	_	(601,160)
Total component unit school board:	\$	13,066,551
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	25,868,138

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified: Governmental activities, business-type activities, discretely presented component units -

School Board and PSA, each major fund and aggregate remaining fund information.

Disclaimer: Discretely presented component unit - IDA

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section, 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Federal Assistance Listing #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
21.019	Coronavirus Relief Fund		
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund		
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families		
93.659	Adoption Assistance		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A			
and Type B programs		\$	776,044
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2021-001	
Criteria:	Per auditing standards, an auditee should have sufficient controls in place to produce financial statements in accordance with applicable standards.
Condition:	Trial balances as presented for audit did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, there were proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.
Cause of Condition:	There was an inadequate review of source documents, and as a result, management failed to identify and record the necessary adjustments. Staff availability is limited and there is not adequate time to devote to compiling modified and full accrual financial statement information.
Effect of Condition:	There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The County and School Board should review the proposed audit adjustments and incorporate same in the next year's financial statements presented for audit.
Management's Response:	Management agrees with this finding and will continue to work toward having the trial

balances more complete and ready for the audit process.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings or questioned costs.

County of Wise, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

2020-001	
Condition:	Per auditing standards, an auditee should have sufficient controls in place to produce financial statements in accordance with applicable standards.
Recommendation:	The County and School Board should review the proposed audit adjustments and incorporate same in the next year's financial statements presented for audit.
Current Status:	Finding 2020-001 was repeated in the current year as 2021-001.