

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Rockingham County, Virginia Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017



Prepared by:

Department of Finance 20 East Gay Street Harrisonburg, Virginia 22802 (540) 564-3010

www.rockinghamcountyva.gov

COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





BOARD OF SUPERVISORS PABLO CUEVAS Broker Dablet No. 1 FREDERICK E. EBERLY Broker Dablet No. 2 RICK L. CHANDLER Elscher Dablet No. 3 WILLIAM B. KYGER, JR.

> Election Classica No. 4 MICHAEL A. BREEDEN

> > Election District No. 5

ROCKINGHAM COUNTY

November 6, 2017

Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham 20 East Gay Street Harrisonburg, VA 22802

Gentlemen:

It is my pleasure to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This report has been prepared in accordance with Section 15.2-2503 of the *Code of Virginia*, 1950, as amended. The report is designed to present fairly the respective financial position of the government activities, business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County in all material respects, and to demonstrate compliance with applicable finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has been established for this purpose. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgements by management.

Upon completing your review of this introductory section, you are encouraged to review the narrative introduction, overview, and analysis found in management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) for a more detailed overview of the County's financial position. The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors report, compliments this letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The County of Rockingham, located in the heart of the Shenandoah Valley, is the third largest county in Virginia in land area with 853.65 square miles and an estimated population of 79,134. The independent city of Harrisonburg, with an estimated population of 52,478 serves as the County seat, and is the largest city in western Virginia between the Roanoke and the Washington, D.C. metropolitan areas.

The County was established in 1778 by an act of the Virginia General Assembly, and is organized under the traditional form of County government. Under this form, the County's governmental operations are directed by a five-member Board of Supervisors (Board) who are elected by election districts. The Board is responsible for establishing the policies and ordinances that provide the direction for the government and for approving the annual budget.

This report includes the financial activities of the County (primary government); as well as, the financial activities of the County's component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable and, therefore, are included in the primary government's CAFR.

The County provides a full range of services including law enforcement, emergency medical response, and fire protection; judicial services; correctional facilities; disposal of solid waste; utility services; planning and zoning; and recreational and cultural activities.

The County provides courthouse and jail facilities; as well as, the services of the Sheriff, Commonwealth's Attorney, and Clerk of the Circuit Court for the City of Harrisonburg (City). The total costs of these services are presented in this report and supporting schedules. The City reimburses the County for one-half of the net local cost incurred in the provision of these services.

Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. The Rockingham County School Board is a legally separate entity and is reported as a major discretely presented component unit. The Economic Development Authority is a separate legal entity and is reported as a nonmajor discretely presented component unit. The Rockingham Recreation Foundation is a separate legal entity and is reported as a nonmajor discretely presented component unit. The County has consolidated social service operations with the City which is named the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District). The District is also a separate legal entity and is a major discretely presented component unit in the government-wide financial statements.

The School Operating and School Cafeteria Funds are included in the supporting statistical schedules in this report since the Board is required to approve the budget for these operations. The County believes that the omission of these funds from the Statistical Section would not give the reader an accurate depiction of the overall results of the operations of County government.

Additional information on the financial reporting entity can be found in Note 1.A. in the notes to the financial statements.

State law requires the County Administrator to submit a balanced budget to the Board no later than April 15th of each year. Each department and agency prepares its budget request for review and amendment by the County Administrator prior to inclusion in the County's general operating budget. The School Board and Social Services Administrative Board prepare their budgets and transmit them to the County Administrator. The County Administrator then submits his recommendation to the Board's Finance Committee for consideration and recommendation to the full Board.

The Board establishes a time and place for a public hearing on the budget. A hearing must be held at least seven days prior to the adoption of the budget. Except for the School's budget, which may only be increased or decreased by major category or as a whole, the Board may insert new items of expenditure or may increase, decrease or remove items of expenditure (other than debt service or other legal requirements). On April 27, 2016 the Board approved the budget for fiscal year 2017. During the fiscal year 2017, as is customary, the Board also approved supplemental budget amendments.

Local Economy

The County continues to enjoy a relatively stable and diverse local economy. The County has a varied manufacturing, industrial, distribution, services, and higher education base that adds to the relative stability of the unemployment rate (currently 3.3%). Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the County's boundaries include a chemical manufacturer, brewery, printer, foodservice marketer and distributor, retail distributors, four-season resort, and several poultry processors. Higher education also has a major presence within the area with a state university, private university, and a private college with a combined full-time enrollment of over 26,848 students.

According to the 2012 U.S. Census of Agriculture, Rockingham County is ranked 1st in the state for total value of agricultural products sold (\$659 million) with 1,902 farms totaling 222,049 acres. Also from the census, Rockingham County is ranked 1st in the state for the following four commodity group sales: Milk and other dairy products from cows, cattle and calves, poultry and eggs, and other crops and hay. Rockingham County further ranked 1st in the state for all five livestock categories.

The economy of the region remains relatively strong, influenced by the steady growth of three local universities and colleges (James Madison University, Eastern Mennonite University and Bridgewater College), and a very diverse local economy. Despite the economic challenges in other areas of Virginia and the United States which impact the funding received from other governments, the County is meeting critical service demands for its citizens. As a result of the Commonwealth's budget difficulties and continued uncertainty of federal funding, management continues a restrained, targeted strategy for local operations with close coordination with the School Board and the Constitutional Officers.

The downturn in the economy that started in 2008 presented fiscal challenges for all local governments, including the County. The Commonwealth of Virginia reduced funding for its share of education, transportation, and social services costs, and for those services provided by the County's five elected Constitutional Officers. Funding continues to lag behind 2008 levels in many areas. With the leadership of the Board and support from the Constitutional Officers and School Board, the County continues to be poised to meet the challenges ahead. Building inspections for 2016 were at their highest levels since 2008. There have been expansions of existing businesses, including Miller-Coors, Merck, Sysco, Shenandoah Growers and Virginia Poultry Growers Cooperative. Private commercial development continues along the new Stone Spring Road corridor, particularly in the area of Port Republic Road and Reservoir Street.

Significant events and actions during this past year include:

- Began Phase 1 School renovation projects at John Wayland Elementary and Pleasant Valley Elementary Schools and construction of a new Dayton Learning Center, now called Rockingham Academy.
- Implemented device deployment at all Middle Schools in the County. Fiscal Year 2018 will continue the digital technology effort with the deployment of devices at County High Schools.
- Also worked with the Virginia Department of Transportation (VDOT), to complete critical road infrastructure projects:
 - Completed acquisition of right of way and began utility relocations for the Reservoir Street widening project in coordination with the City of Harrisonburg (City) to improve Reservoir Street east from the City limits to Stone Spring Road; with construction expected to be complete early in calendar year 2018.

- Completed design of the Massanetta Springs Road improvement project in cooperation with the Preston Lake development. The project will begin from just north of the Massanetta Springs conference center and extend to Route 33, with construction expected to be initiated early in calendar year 2018.
- Completed design of a third lane on Route 33 eastbound, between Stone Spring Road and Massanetta Springs Road and began construction with completion early in calendar year 2018.
- Opened a new Landfill entrance;
- Began construction of a new Landfill cell;
- Continued the phased upgrade of the County's financial management software. Payroll and Human Resources modules were implemented in early 2015. The next phases are the Commissioner of the Revenue, Treasurer, and Utilities billing systems to be implemented in Fiscal Year 2018;
- Began design of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) system upgrades in the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Jail.

Looking to the future, there are several projects and financial issues which need to be part of the County's short- and long-term financial planning.

These items include:

- Evaluate partnerships with the City and the seven towns in the County to develop water supply resources and related delivery infrastructure, and look to acquire additional wastewater treatment capacity to meet long-term needs in the County.
- Meet the financial commitment required by the Commonwealth to phase-in the increased cost of the local share of the school professional employee (teacher) retirement system. The increased funding is necessary to reduce the long-term unfunded liability of the system to an acceptable level. Over the past several years, the Virginia General Assembly used reduced contribution rates for teachers as a means to soften the financial burden of the economic downturn on the Commonwealth and its localities. However, the national ratings agencies are putting additional pressure on the General Assembly to increase the rate to restore the fund's fiscal integrity.
- Analyze the options provided in the Fire Programs Board evaluation to meet the increased demand for County-funded fire and rescue services.
- Plan and prepare for continued demands for General District and Juvenile and Domestic Courts space in order to accommodate the addition of judge(s) to meet case-load demands.

The Board of Supervisors and School Board are to be commended for collaborating to maintain a highquality education system, which is critical for the development of an educated workforce. An educated workforce stimulates economic activity by encouraging private sector business investment in our community.

The Board of Supervisors and its management team, working with the Constitutional Officers and the School Board, developed a five-year strategic capital and operational plan (2020 Plan) for the County in 2014, with the goal to provide the high quality of services necessary to sustain positive economic growth for our community, while operating within a restrained financial environment. It is important for the Board to annually revisit this plan to analyze changes to the identified needs in the community and the priorities set forth, to evaluate the resources available, and make modifications to the plan if necessary.

During the strategic planning session, public safety was identified as experiencing the greatest pressure for increased funding, including law enforcement, corrections and fire and rescue services. Law enforcement in Virginia counties is a service jointly funded by the Commonwealth and local government (in this case, 50% County/50% City). Increased calls for service resulted in the County adding three deputy sheriff positions two years ago. However, due to limited state funding, the County and City are responsible for 100% of the cost. Increasing fire and emergency medical service calls, coupled with a declining volunteer support, resulted in the County adding fire and rescue responders. The 2020 Plan includes adding up to forty public safety positions to meet an increasing call load, with the largest number of new positions (30) in fire & rescue. Staff continues to look to federal grant funding and other options to fund the cost of the new fire & rescue staffing level. The County was awarded a Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER) grant which will provide funding to offset salary expenses for nine new positions in Fiscal Year 2017. That grant covers a two year period, which means that additional County funding will be required for the years that follow.

The Schools' instructional technology initiative for the County's K-12 education is to being phased in over a five-year period. In addition to capital costs, the program when fully implemented will increase school operational costs by almost \$4M per year. This cost will be partially offset by elimination of some current school operational costs. However, the net cost of the program, when fully implemented, equates to three cents on the real estate tax rate over a five-year period.

Rockingham County holds a financial rating from the United States' three largest credit rating agencies - Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investor Service, and Fitch Ratings, including a "AAA" from Standard & Poor's, and a "AA" from Moody's and Fitch. In 2015, the County was notified by Standard & Poor's that after a review of the County's financial position the firm was upgrading Rockingham County from a "AA+" to "AAA" indicating that the agency found the County's economy strong and that the actions taken by the Board to sustain the County's financial strength were significant. These strong ratings reflect recognition by the credit ratings agencies of the strong leadership of the Board and the County's economic viability.

The policies and actions by the Board of Supervisors encourage steady, sustainable growth, fostering a strong local economy. For more information on the services provided by the County, please refer to the County's website at <u>www.rockinghamcountyva.gov</u>.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada has awarded the County a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for thirty-four consecutive years. This award certifies the County's continuing efforts to achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

On behalf of the County's management team, we extend our sincerest appreciation to the members of County staff that assisted and contributed in the preparation of this report and to the Board of Supervisors for the confidence expressed and resources entrusted to us throughout the year, which allow for the implementation of the Board's policies. We look forward to continuing to work with you to provide high quality, efficient and effective services for our community.

Respectfully submitted,

Stephen G. King County Administrator

auroso

Director of Finance

COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, VIRGINIA

Directory of Principal Officials June 30, 2017

Board of Supervisors

Rich Chandler, Chairman District 3 Frederick E. Eberly, Vice-Chairman District 2

Michael A. Breeden District 5 William B. Kyger Jr. District 4

Pablo Cuevas District 1

County Administrator

Stephen G. King

School Board

Renee A. Reed, Chairman District 3 Dan Breeden, Vice-Chairman District 5

Lowell Fulk District 2 Charlette E. McQuilkin District 4

LaDonna A. Shiflet District 1

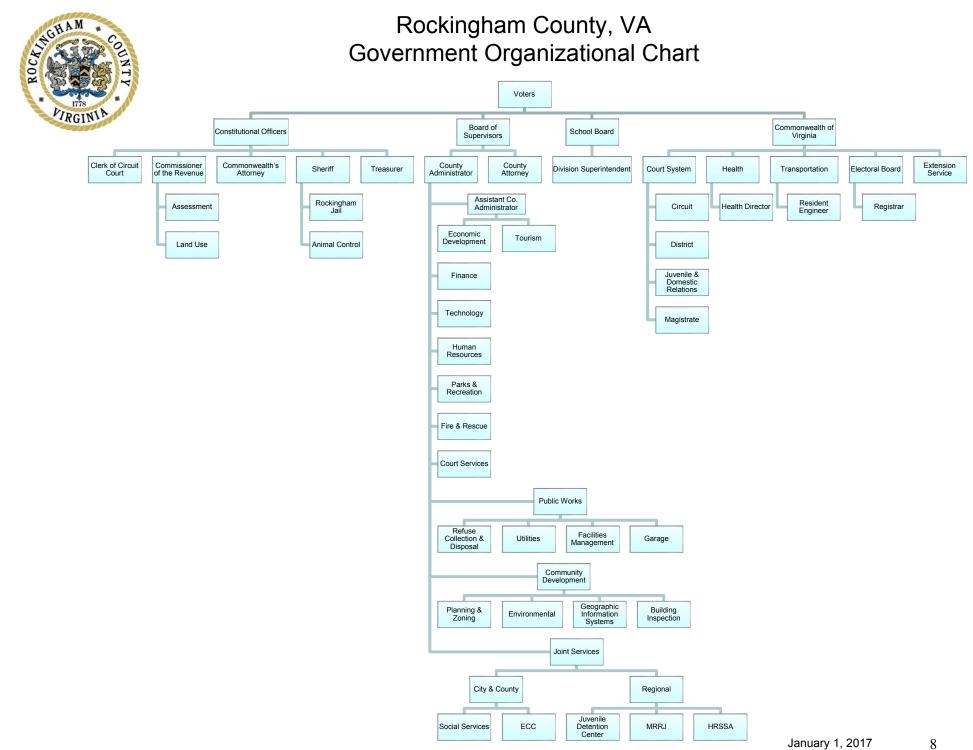
Superintendent of Schools

Dr. Carol Fenn

Other Officials

George K. Anas, II Thomas H. Miller, Jr. Lowell R. Barb Bryan F. Hutcheson L. Todd Garber Marsha L. Garst Chaz W. Haywood Patricia D. Davidson Celest D. Williams Terri M. Perry Katherine S. McQuain Barry E. Hertzler Ann Marie Freeman Jennifer J. Mongold Lisa B. Gooden Jeremy C. Holloway Casey Armstrong

Assistant County Administrator **County Attorney** Commissioner of the Revenue Sheriff Treasurer Commonwealth Attorney Clerk of the Circuit Court **Director of Finance** Director of Social Services Director of Technology Director of Parks and Recreation Director of Public Works **Director of Court Services** Director of Human Resources Registrar Director of Fire and Rescue Director of Community Development





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Rockingham Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

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Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2017, the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 13-27 and 108-117, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, supplemental schedules, introductory section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, supplementary information, and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, supplementary information and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2017 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PBMares, JZP

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 6, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the County of Rockingham, Virginia, (County) we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the Introductory Section of this report and the County's financial statements following this analysis. **All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.**

Financial Highlights

- The County's total net position, excluding component units, totaled \$48,000 at June 30, 2017. Of this amount, there was \$66,820 invested in the County's capital assets, net of related debt, \$10,802 in restricted funds assets, and a negative \$29,622 in unrestricted funds.
- The negative \$29,622 in unrestricted funds is a result of recording \$61,627 in debt for the component unit School Board within the governmental activities. Debt is recorded within the primary government since the County is legally obligated to make payments for this debt; however, the corresponding assets are reported in the component unit School Board statements since the School Board holds title to the assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,268. Approximately 60 percent of this total amount, \$23,537 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). There is an additional \$7,312 in the General Capital Projects Fund assigned to unspecified future capital outlays that could be returned to the General Fund at the Board of Supervisors' (Board) discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$23,537, which represents 19 percent of total General Fund expenditures. As mentioned above, an additional \$7,312, which represents 6 percent of total General Fund expenditures, is assigned to future unspecified capital outlays in the General Capital Projects Fund.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or declining.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and social services, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. The business-type activities of the County include water and sewer, solid waste, and other proprietary fund operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school board, legally separate social services district, legally separate economic development authority, and a legally separate recreation foundation, for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 28-31 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the General Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds and the Asset Forfeiture Fund, which is considered to be a nonmajor fund.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-35 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activities and for its solid waste operation. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County has two internal service funds. The Central Stores Fund accounts for providing office supplies to various departments or agencies of the County and recording the related costs. The Self-Insurance Fund accounts for the costs associated with providing health insurance benefits and managing claims for employees of the County and its component units.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer, Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority, and Solid Waste Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds of the County. Conversely, the non-major enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37-40 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 41 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the County's pension plans and its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources by \$48,000 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. This is an increase of \$9,442 in comparison with the prior year's net position. The explanation for this change is provided below.

By far, the largest portion of the County's net position, \$66,820, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, easements, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, software, and construction in progress, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not readily available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves would not likely be used to liquidate these liabilities. The balance did not significantly change from the prior year balance of \$64,965 to \$66,820.

An additional portion of the County's net position, \$10,802, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. There was an increase of \$5,060 in restricted net assets reported in connection with the County's business-type activities and governmental activities.

The unrestricted portion of the County's net position for the primary government's governmental activities increased from negative \$32,149 to negative \$29,622. This change in the unrestricted portion of the County's net position was impacted by the recording of construction in progress.

The unrestricted portion of the County's net position for the primary government is also lower than the preferred balance due to the County financing the necessary capital asset projects of the component unit School Board. Since the County is legally obligated for the retirement of the debt, it is required to record the liability for this financing; however, the capital asset which statutorily is owned by the School Board is recorded with the component unit. Please refer to Note 1(E)(10) of the financial statements for further explanation.

The largest portion of the component unit School Board's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, easements, buildings, improvements, equipment, and construction in progress, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). As explained above and in Note 1(E)(10) of the financial statements, the School Board does not have taxing authority by law and, therefore, cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds for its capital assets.

County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Govern Acti			Busine Acti		• •]	To Primary G	otal ove	ernment
	2017	2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Current and other assets	\$ 58,747	\$ 61,819	\$	29,097	\$	22,718	\$	87,844	\$	84,537
Capital assets, net	50,975	48,987		57,339		50,494		108,314		99,481
Total assets	109,722	110,806		86,436		73,212		196,158		184,018
Deferred outflows of resources	3,992	2,392		856		699		4,848		3,091
Other liabilities	7,660	7,017		1,788		1,559		9,448		8,576
Noncurrent liabilities	101,436	106,690		41,884		31,162		143,320		137,852
Total liabilities	109,096	113,707		43,672		32,721		152,768		146,428
Deferred inflows of resources	224	1,999		14		124		238		2,123
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets	38,693	34,854		28,127		30,111		66,820		64,965
Restricted	235	196		10,567		5,546		10,802		5,742
Unrestricted (deficit)	(34,534)	(37,558)		4,912		5,409		(29,622)		(32,149)
Total net position	\$ 4,394	\$ (2,508)	\$	43,606	\$	41,066	\$	48,000	\$	38,558
						Compone	ent I	Jnits		
								Harris	onh	urg_
								Rocki	ngh	am
					hoo			Rocki Social S	ngh Serv	am vices
				Bo	hoo ard			Rocki Social S Dis	ngh Serv	am vices t
Current and other assets			\$	Bo 2017	ard	2016		Rocki Social S Dis 2017	ngh Serv tric	aam vices t 2016
Current and other assets Capital assets, net			\$	Bo			\$	Rocki Social S Dis	ngh Serv	ham vices t 2016 6,851
			\$	Bo 2017 30,841	ard	2016 29,376	\$	Rocki Social S Dis 2017 8,067	ngh Serv tric	aam vices t 2016
Capital assets, net Total assets			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444	ard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302
Capital assets, net			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603	ard	2016 29,376 129,762	\$	Rocki Social S <u>Dis</u> 2017 8,067 2,366	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451
Capital assets, net Total assets			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444	ard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444 18,223	ard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138 11,394	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433 1,133	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302 473
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444 18,223 26,061	ard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138 11,394 22,821	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433 1,133 1,348	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302 473 1,342
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444 18,223 26,061 130,396	ard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138 11,394 22,821 116,945	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433 1,133 1,348 3,388	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302 473 1,342 2,474
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444 18,223 26,061 130,396 156,457	ard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138 11,394 22,821 116,945 139,766	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433 1,133 1,348 3,388 4,736	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302 473 1,342 2,474 3,816
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Net position: Net investment in capital assets			\$	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444 18,223 26,061 130,396 156,457	ard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138 11,394 22,821 116,945 139,766	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433 1,133 1,348 3,388 4,736 44 2,366	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302 473 1,342 2,474 3,816 355 2,451
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted			- - -	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444 18,223 26,061 130,396 156,457 4,426 129,603	sard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138 11,394 22,821 116,945 139,766 9,052	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433 1,133 1,348 3,388 4,736 44 2,366 2,020	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302 473 1,342 2,474 3,816 355 2,451 1,741
Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred outflows of resources Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities Deferred inflows of resources Net position: Net investment in capital assets			- - -	Bo 2017 30,841 129,603 160,444 18,223 26,061 130,396 156,457 4,426	sard	2016 29,376 129,762 159,138 11,394 22,821 116,945 139,766 9,052	\$	Rocki Social S 2017 8,067 2,366 10,433 1,133 1,348 3,388 4,736 44 2,366	ngh Serv tric	am vices t 2016 6,851 2,451 9,302 473 1,342 2,474 3,816 355 2,451

County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

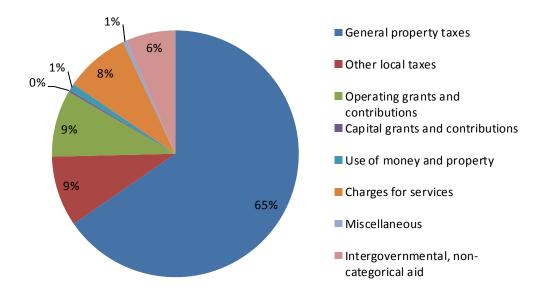
		rnmental ivities		ess-type ivities		otal overnment
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 10,574	\$ 9,415	\$ 12,601	\$ 12,059	\$ 23,175	\$ 21,474
Operating grants and						
contributions	10,897	9,818	2,192	953	13,089	10,771
Capital grants and						
contributions	306	254	-	-	306	254
General revenues:						
General property taxes	81,434	77,183	-	-	81,434	77,183
Other local taxes	11,484	11,217	-	-	11,484	11,217
Intergovernmental						
non-categorical aid	8,051	8,984	-	27	8,051	9,011
Use of money and property	1,133	1,720	172	60	1,305	1,780
Miscellaneous	628	681	763	850	1,391	1,531
Total revenues	124,507	119,272	15,728	13,949	140,235	133,221
Expenses:						
General government						
administration	5,933	5,437	-	-	5,933	5,437
Judicial administration	4,107		-	-	4,107	3,884
Public safety	27,124		-	-	27,124	36,779
Public works	3,365	4,340	13,188	11,340	16,553	15,680
Health and social services	5,786	5,762	-	-	5,786	5,762
Education	60,962	55,512	-	-	60,962	55,512
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,434	2,343	-	-	2,434	2,343
Community development	4,745	3,904	-	-	4,745	3,904
Interest	3,149	3,624	-	-	3,149	3,624
Total expenses	117,605	121,585	13,188	11,340	130,793	132,925
Change in net position	6,902	(2,313)	2,540	2,609	9,442	296
Net position, beginning	(2,508) (195)	41,066	38,457	38,558	38,262
Net position, ending	\$ 4,394	\$ (2,508)	\$ 43,606	\$ 41,066	\$ 48,000	\$ 38,558

County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Changes in Net Position (Continued) Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

			Compone	ent U	nits					
		1001 ard		Harrisonburg- Rockingham Social Services District						
	 2017	uru	2016		2017	inet	2016			
Revenues:	2017		2010		2017		2010			
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 5,596	\$	5,426	\$	-	\$	-			
Operating grants and contributions	76,639		72,855		17,128		16,034			
Capital grants and contributions	176		83		-		_			
General revenues:										
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	60,962		55,512		8,092		7,723			
Intergovernmental non-categorical aid	77		75		-		-			
Use of money and property	44		36		32		12			
Miscellaneous	 543		586		50		49			
Total revenues	 144,037		134,573		25,302		23,818			
Expenses:										
Health and social services	-		-		24,120		22,880			
Education	 147,967		138,710		-		-			
Total expenses	 147,967		138,710		24,120		22,880			
Change in net position	(3,930)		(4,137)		1,182		938			
Net position, beginning	 21,714		25,851		5,604		4,666			
Net position, ending	\$ 17,784	\$	21,714	\$	6,786	\$	5,604			

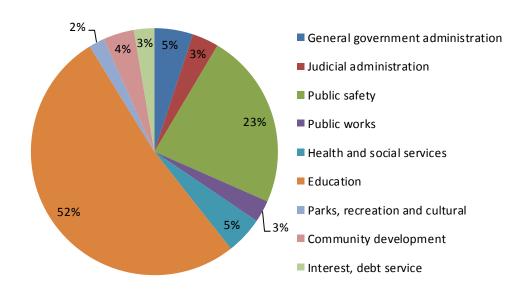
Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the deficit in the County's net position by \$6,902 compared to a decrease in net position of \$2,313 in fiscal year 2016. Key factors for this change are as follows:

Total revenues increased \$5,235 (from \$119,272 to \$124,507) compared to last year. Revenues by source are shown in the chart below. Revenues from general property taxes make up 65% of total revenues.



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

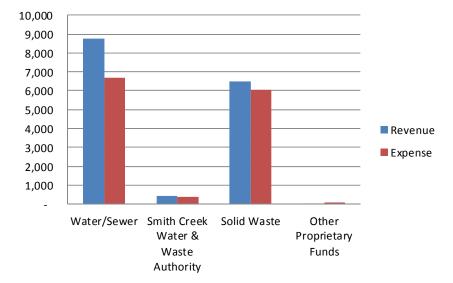
Total expenses decreased by \$3,980 (from \$121,585 to \$117,605) compared to last year. The local transfer to Education in the amount of \$60,962 makes up 52% of total Governmental activities with Public Safety coming in second at 23% of the total.



Expenditures by Type – Governmental Activities

A detailed explanation of the key components for the revenue and expense changes is outlined on pages 21-22 under the Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds.

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$2,540 compared to an increase of \$2,609 last fiscal year. Each of these businesses is monitored on a regular basis to assure that they are operating as a self-sustaining enterprise.



Revenues and Expenses – Business-type Activities

Component Unit – School Board. The School Board's net position decreased by \$3,930 this fiscal year compared to a decrease of \$4,137 in fiscal year 2016. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- 1. Revenues increased by \$9,464 (from \$134,573 to \$144,037) primarily due to an increase in the grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs (from \$55,512 to \$60,962).
- 2. Expenses also increased by a total of \$9,257 (from \$138,710 to \$147,967) due to modestly higher operating costs as follows:

Instruction	\$ 6,879
Administration, attendance and health	(607)
Pupil transportation services	216
Operation and maintenance services	2,692
School food services	 77
	\$ 9,257

3. Included in 2017 Expenses listed above are depreciation and amortization totaling \$8,753 which are a non-cash reduction in net position.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,268, a decrease of \$5,715 in comparison with the prior year.

Approximately 60 percent of this total amount (\$23,537) constitutes unassigned general fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. In addition, another 19 percent of this total amount (\$7,312) constitutes fund balance assigned to future unspecified capital outlays in the General Capital Projects Fund. However, these funds may be returned to the General Fund at the Board's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$23,537, while total fund balance reached \$27,431. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 19 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 22 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the County's General Fund decreased \$2,900 during the current fiscal year compared to an increase of \$2,044 for fiscal year 2016. This \$2,900 decrease is significantly better than the original budget which projected a \$4,711 decrease, and the final budget projecting a \$11,362 decrease. The key factors influencing these results are as follows:

- Total revenues increased by \$5,245 compared to last year. The largest revenue changes were:
 - General property taxes increased \$4,336 primarily due to an increase in the real estate tax rate of 4 cents in June 2017. Other local taxes increased \$267. Local sales and use tax makes up \$219 of the increase due to additional businesses locating to the County.
- Total expenditures increased by \$10,188 compared to last year. Many of the expenditure categories remained relatively flat. The key components with changes were:
 - General government administration increased \$340 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$5,204.
 - > Judicial administration increased \$384 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$3,773.
 - > Public safety increased \$2,425 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$26,210.
 - Health and social services increased \$364 compared to the prior fiscal year total of \$5,808.
 - Education increased \$5,808 compared to the prior fiscal year increase of \$2,754.
 - Community development increased \$869 compared to prior fiscal year total of \$3,091.

The General Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$11,601, of which the entire amount is committed to specified future capital outlays or assigned to unspecified future capital outlays. The County had capital outlays of \$4,099 during the current fiscal year which were funded by revenues and the fund balance.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of these funds increased \$2,540 this fiscal year to \$43,606. The largest portion of the net position, \$28,127, continues to reflect the County's net investment in capital assets.

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year there was a \$7,196, increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. The following are the largest components of the increase:

- \$4,485 supplemental appropriation for a transfer to the School Capital Projects Fund for the purchase of radios for school transportation and building renovations at John Wayland Elementary School, Pleasant Valley Elementary School and Dayton Learning Center, and for HVAC repairs.
- \$1,016 supplemental appropriation for public safety on areas to include personnel, vehicles and machinery & equipment.
- \$352 supplemental appropriation for judicial administration for Technology Trust Funds and video equipment for building maintenance and repairs projects.
- \$711 supplemental appropriation for expenses related to children's services programs.
- \$625 supplemental appropriation for community development for grants in regards to economic development.

Total revenues were \$1,123 over the final budgeted amounts and the key factors for this were:

- General property taxes were \$1,897 over the final budget amount. Real property taxes were \$434 over the final budget due to an increase in the real property rate of 4 cents in commercial property values of one commercial tax payer. This is not expected to repeat in fiscal year 2018.
- Other local taxes were \$492 over the final budget amount due to sales and use tax, or being higher due to the improved economy.
- Intergovernmental revenue was \$766 less than budgeted due to the timing of expected grants.

Total expenditures were \$7,320 under the final budgeted amounts and the key factors were:

- The appropriation to the Rockingham County School Board for general operations was less than the final budget by \$3,082. The remaining funds were left unspent at year-end by the School Board in recognition of the need to conserve resources.
- Most of the other expenditure categories were less than the final budget amounts to varying degrees, but primarily due to containment of costs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$108,314 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, easements, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and software. The County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased to \$108,314 compared to \$99,481 last year.

	 Goverr Activ	 		Busine Activ		- 1	Total Primary Government				
	2017	2016		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Non-depreciable assets:											
Land	\$ 3,226	\$ 3,226	\$	2,449	\$	2,449	\$	5,675	\$	5,675	
Easements	-	-		227		227		227		227	
Construction in progress	4,778	1,971		4,443		5,255		9,221		7,226	
Depreciable capital assets:											
Buildings	49,279	48,508		929		412		50,208		48,920	
Improvements	11,774	11,541		77,043		67,848		88,817		79,389	
Machinery and equipment	19,378	18,570		5,945		5,469		25,323		24,039	
Software	1,803	1,612		44		44		1,847		1,656	
Accumulated depreciation											
and amortization	 (39,263)	(36,441)		(33,741)		(31,210)		(73,004)		(67,651)	
Capital assets, net	\$ 50,975	\$ 48,987	\$	57,339	\$	50,494	\$	108,314	\$	99,481	

County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Capital Assets June 30, 2017 and 2016

Major capital expenditures during the current fiscal year for the primary government included:

- Construction in progress under Governmental Activities of \$2,024 for the Rockingham Park.
- Machinery and equipment under Governmental Activities of \$668 for 120 self-contained breathing apparatuses for firefighters.
- Improvements and construction in progress under Business-type Activities of \$8,080 for new landfill entrance and earthwork for a new landfill cell.
- Improvements under Business-type Activities of \$1,972 for water and sewer lines along Pleasant Valley Road.

County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Capital Assets (Continued) June 30, 2017 and 2016

			Compon	ent U	nits							
	 Harrisonburg- Rockingham School Social Services											
	 Во	ard			Dist	rict						
	2017		2016		2017	2016						
Non-depreciable assets:												
Land	\$ 5,470	\$	5,470	\$	202	\$	-					
Easements	37		37		-		-					
Construction in progress	5,813		243		-		-					
Depreciable capital assets:												
Buildings	176,685		176,685		501		703					
Improvements	54,032		52,624		1,929		1,929					
Machinery and equipment	40,826		39,332		625		582					
Software	49		49		-		-					
Accumulated depreciation												
and amortization	 (153,309)		(144,678)		(891)		(763)					
Capital assets, net	\$ 129,603	\$	129,762	\$	2,366	\$	2,451					

The increase in construction in progress for the component unit School Board of \$5,508 was the renovation of John Wayland Elementary School, Pleasant Valley Elementary School and construction of Rockingham Academy.

The increase in improvements for the component unit School Board was the purchase of \$1,207 for the replacement of chillers in several schools and replacement of bleachers at Spotswood High School.

The increase in machinery and equipment for the component unit School Board was the purchase of \$1,313 for the replacement of 12 passenger buses and 10 other vehicles during the current fiscal year.

There were no major capital events for the component unit Social Services District.

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Note 5 of the financial statements.

Long-term obligations. At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total net bonded debt outstanding of \$64,261. All general obligation bonds issued by the County are for educational purposes, primarily for the construction of school facilities.

	Govern	nme	ntal	Busine	ss-t	ype		Тс	otal	
	 Activ	vitie	es	 Acti	vitie	es	I	Primary G	overnment	
	2017		2016	 2017		2016		2017		2016
General obligation bonds	\$ 61,627	\$	67,585	\$ -	\$	-	\$	61,627	\$	67,585
Unamortized premiums	2,634		2,888	3,118		2,003		5,752		4,891
Capital leases	12,283		14,133	-		-		12,283		14,133
Note payable	7,827		8,714	-		-		7,827		8,714
Revenue bonds	-		-	26,594		18,380		26,594		18,380
Landfill obligation	-		-	10,833		9,699		10,833		9,699
Compensated absences	910		760	197		180		1,107		940
Net pension liability	13,902		10,556	872		658		14,774		11,214
Other postemployment benefits	 2,253		2,054	270		242		2,523		2,296
	\$ 101,436	\$	106,690	\$ 41,884	\$	31,162	\$	143,320	\$	137,852

County of Rockingham, Virginia Summary Statement of Long-Term Obligations June 30, 2017 and 2016

Article VII, Section 10(b), *Constitution of Virginia*, stipulates that no debt shall be contracted by or on behalf of any county or district thereof unless approved by an affirmative vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the County. No referendum was called to issue general obligation debt in the fiscal year.

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the County's debt position to management, citizens, and investors. Data for the County at the end of the 2017 fiscal year is presented as actual amounts as follows:

	Assessed			Ratio		Net
	Valuation of		Net	of Debt to	Be	onded
Estimated	All Taxable		Bonded	Assessed	De	ebt per
Population	Property	Debt		Valuation	C	lapita
79,735	\$ 9,360,695,786	\$	62,260,913	0.0067	\$	781

More detailed information about the County's long-term obligations is presented in Note 7 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- The unemployment rate for August 2017 in Rockingham County was 3.9 percent, which is slightly higher than the 3.4 percent rate a year ago. This compares close to the Virginia statewide unemployment rate of 3.8 percent and the United States national average of 4.2 percent.
- Fiscal year 2018 General Fund Revenue is budgeted to increase 6.3 percent to \$130,580 in comparison to the fiscal year 2017 Amended Budget of \$122,842.
- Federal revenues are primarily from grant sources, and with the federal fiscal year not beginning until October 1, it is difficult to project which grants will be approved. However, it is important to mention that those expenditures dependent upon federal grants will not be incurred until the grant is approved and the County has assurances that it will receive those funds.

- Revenue estimates continue to be projected conservatively by staff to be responsible to the County's citizens in funding planned levels of service for next year.
- Fiscal year 2018 General Fund Expenditures are budgeted to decrease in 2.1 percent to \$130,580 in comparison to the fiscal year 2017 Amended Budget of \$133,385.
- The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund at fiscal year-end was \$23,620. The County has appropriated \$2,960 of this amount for spending in the fiscal year 2018 budget. The drawdown in the fund balance is used for one-time capital and maintenance expenditures and, therefore, lessens the need to raise taxes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for fiscal year 2018.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, County of Rockingham, P.O. Box 1252, Harrisonburg, Virginia 22803, telephone (540) 564-3010. The County's website address is www.rockinghamcountyva.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM, VIRGINIA

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

								omponent Units arrisonburg-	5	
		F	ary Governmer	t				Rockingham		Nonmajor
	C	overnmental	usiness-type			School	So	ocial Services		Discretely
		Activities	Activities		Totals	 Board		District		Presented
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,070,105	\$ 9,295,983	\$	30,366,088	\$ 12,319,729	\$	2,001,085	\$	46,850
Investments		18,350,227	7,888,102		26,238,329	8,682,006		1,838,747		2,724
Receivables, net:										
Property taxes		3,573,156	-		3,573,156	-		-		-
Utility taxes		168,080	-		168,080	-		-		-
Trade and other accounts		898,118	1,253,478		2,151,596	258,553		23,098		3,019
Accrued interest		116,715	60,558		177,273	31,648		11,630		-
Due from other governments		9,013,297	-		9,013,297	5,790,105		4,037,186		-
Internal balances		223,472	(223,472)		-	-		-		-
Prepaid items		529,676	79,517		609,193	3,597,042		155,226		-
Inventory		37,632	176,453		214,085	162,061		-		-
Restricted cash		-	10,566,691		10,566,691	-		-		-
Investment in Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District		4,766,217	-		4,766,217	-		-		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation										
and amortization:										
Land		3,225,766	2,449,023		5,674,789	5,469,535		202,036		-
Easements		-	227,156		227,156	36,654		-		-
Buildings		49,279,517	929,335		50,208,852	176,685,780		500,979		-
Improvements other than buildings		11,774,542	77,043,044		88,817,586	54,031,695		1,929,189		-
Machinery and equipment		19,377,964	5,945,181		25,323,145	40,826,316		624,956		-
Software		1,802,762	44,004		1,846,766	49,407		-		-
Construction in progress		4,777,700	4,442,583		9,220,283	5,813,081		-		-
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(39,263,250)	(33,740,772)		(73,004,022)	(153,309,347)		(890,844)		-
Total assets		109,721,696	86,436,864		196,158,560	 160,444,265		10,433,288		52,593
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred charge on refunding		-	499,726		499,726	-		-		-
Pension plan		3,991,937	356,357		4,348,294	18,223,469		1,133,373		-
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,991,937	856,083		4,848,020	18,223,469		1,133,373		-

LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	1,241,775	1,460,446	2,702,221	4,853,796	1,084,376	-
Accrued payroll	1,040,571	102,466	1,143,037	17,727,133	264,364	-
Accrued liabilities	395,350	-	395,350	-	-	-
Accrued interest	1,529,741	225,687	1,755,428	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	2,932,871	-	2,932,871	1,722,797	-	-
Insurance and benefit claims	519,162	-	519,162	1,557,487	-	-
Due to other governments	-	-	-	200,000	-	-
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Bonds payable	5,105,034	1,778,061	6,883,095	-	-	-
Capital leases	1,870,938	-	1,870,938	-	-	-
Note payable	906,453	-	906,453	-	-	-
Compensated absences	612,199	111,940	724,139	2,373,070	27,845	-
Due in more than one year:						
Bonds payable, net	59,155,879	27,933,479	87,089,358	-	-	-
Capital leases	10,411,515	-	10,411,515	-	-	-
Note payable	6,920,499	-	6,920,499	-	-	-
Landfill obligation	-	10,833,464	10,833,464	-	-	-
Compensated absences	298,125	85,103	383,228	914,778	15,658	-
Net pension liability	13,902,280	872,531	14,774,811	117,768,632	2,751,524	-
Other postemployment benefits	2,253,167	269,571	2,522,738	9,339,622	592,748	-
Total liabilities	109,095,559	43,672,748	152,768,307	156,457,315	4,736,515	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension plan	223,912	14,054	237,966	4,426,036	44,316	-
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	38,692,548	28,127,740	66,820,288	129,603,121	2,366,316	-
Restricted:						
Nonexpendable minority interest	-	-	-	-	2,019,613	-
Capital projects	-	10,566,691	10,566,691	-	-	-
Judicial administration	94,509	-	94,509	-	-	-
Public safety	140,599	-	140,599	-	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(34,533,494)	4,911,714	(29,621,780)	(111,818,738)	2,399,901	52,593
Total net position	\$ 4,394,162 \$	43,606,145	\$ 48,000,307	\$ 17,784,383 \$	6,785,830 \$	52,593

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

						Net (Expense) R	evenue and Chan	ges in Net Position	l	
									Component Units	
		I	Program Revenue	es					Harrisonburg-	
			Operating	Capital	Pr	imary Government			Rockingham	Nonmajor
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		School	Social Services	Discretely
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	Board	District	Presented
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 5,932,529			\$ -	\$ (5,504,528)	\$ - 5	(-))	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial administration	4,107,387	1,304,471	2,349,172	-	(453,744)	-	(453,744)	-	-	-
Public safety	27,123,823	7,298,651	7,630,019	-	(12,195,153)	-	(12,195,153)	-	-	-
Public works	3,365,230	1,085,426	-	306,062	(1,973,742)	-	(1,973,742)	-	-	-
Health and social services	5,786,160	18,565	237,994	-	(5,529,601)	-	(5,529,601)	-	-	-
Education	60,961,694	-	-	-	(60,961,694)	-	(60,961,694)	-	-	-
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,433,990	863,175	-	-	(1,570,815)	-	(1,570,815)	-	-	-
Community development	4,744,578	1,855	254,000	-	(4,488,723)	-	(4,488,723)	-	-	-
Interest	3,148,719	-	-	-	(3,148,719)	-	(3,148,719)	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	117,604,110	10,573,911	10,897,418	306,062	(95,826,719)	-	(95,826,719)		-	-
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	7,160,783	6,837,014	2,168,073	-	-	1,844,304	1,844,304	-	-	-
Solid waste	6,026,658	5,764,198	23,830	-	-	(238,630)	(238,630)	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	13,187,441	12,601,212	2,191,903			1,605,674	1,605,674		-	
Total primary government	\$ 130,791,551	\$ 23,175,123	\$ 13,089,321	\$ 306,062	(95,826,719)	1,605,674	(94,221,045)		-	-
Component Units:										
Rockingham County School Board:										
Education:										
Instruction	\$ 113,232,867	\$ 3,602,360	\$ 73,217,551	\$ 175,791	-	-	-	(36,237,165) -	-
Administration, attendance and health	5,824,903	• 5,002,500		-	-	-	-	(5,824,903)		-
Pupil transportation services	9,555,551	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,555,551)		-
Operation and maintenance services	14,110,378	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,110,378)		-
School food services	5,243,049	1,994,181	3,421,109	-	-	-	-	172,241	-	-
Total school board	147,966,748	5,596,541	76,638,660	175,791		-		(65,555,756) -	

Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social										
Services District: Social Services:										
Public assistance	6,816,763	-	4,961,568	_	_	_	_	_	(1,855,195)	_
Children's services	9,573,881	-	5,215,483		_				(4,358,398)	-
Administration:	9,975,001		5,215,405						(4,550,570)	
Welfare	7,642,598	-	6,868,035	-	-	-	-	-	(774,563)	-
VJCCA	87,171	-	83,534	-	-	-	-	-	(3,637)	-
	· · · · ·		· · · ·							
Total social services district	24,120,413	-	17,128,620	-	-	-	-	-	(6,991,793)	-
Economic Development Authority:										
Economic development	1,416,948	10,000	-	1,412,058		-	-		-	5,110
Rockingham County Recreation Foundation:										
Parks and recreation	29,580	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	(29,580)
Total component units	\$ 173,533,689 \$	5,606,541	\$ 93,767,280	\$ 1,587,849		-	-	(65,555,756)	(6,991,793)	(24,470)
	General Revenues:									
	Taxes:									
	General property ta	axes			81,433,734	-	81,433,734	-	-	-
	Other local taxes:									
	Local sales and	use			6,324,892	-	6,324,892	-	-	-
	Consumer utility	7			1,058,481	-	1,058,481	-	-	-
	Motor vehicle li	censes			1,278,070	-	1,278,070	-	-	-
	Food and bevera	ige			1,155,637	-	1,155,637	-	-	-
	Other				1,666,630	-	1,666,630	-	-	-
	Grants and contributi			rograms	-	-	-	60,961,694	8,091,663	-
	Intergovernmental, n	-	aid		8,050,669	-	8,050,669	77,475	-	-
	Use of money and pr	operty			1,133,428	171,908	1,305,336	44,232	32,086	37
	Miscellaneous				627,835	762,982	1,390,817	542,927	50,286	73,221
	Total general re	evenues			102,729,376	934,890	103,664,266	61,626,328	8,174,035	73,258
	Change in net p	oosition			6,902,657	2,540,564	9,443,221	(3,929,428)	1,182,242	48,788
	Net position, beginning	ş			(2,508,495)	41,065,581	38,557,086	21,713,811	5,603,588	3,805
	Net position, ending				\$ 4,394,162	6 43,606,145	\$ 48,000,307	\$ 17,784,383 \$	6,785,830 \$	52,593

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

		General	General Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Asset Forfeiture	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,683,469	\$ 6,559,030	\$ 200,313	\$	19,442,812
Investments		9,471,883	5,565,308	169,963		15,207,154
Receivables, net:						
Property taxes		3,573,156	-	-		3,573,156
Utility taxes		168,080	-	-		168,080
Trade and other accounts		878,633	14,230	-		892,863
Accrued interest		71,656	35,477	1,061		108,194
Due from other governments		4,046,407	279,671	-		4,326,078
Prepaid items		529,676	-	-		529,676
Inventory		31,992	-	-		31,992
Advance to other funds		223,472	-	-		223,472
Investment in Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District		3,026,483	-	-		3,026,483
Total assets	\$	34,704,907	\$ 12,453,716	\$ 371,337	\$	47,529,960
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	758,189	\$ 462,509	\$ 1,394	\$	1,222,092
Accrued payroll	·	1,039,262	-	1,309	•	1,040,571
Accrued liabilities		-,	389,998	-,,-		389,998
Unearned revenue		2,225,079		133,526		2,358,605
Total liabilities		4,022,530	852,507	136,229		5,011,266
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3,251,189	-	-		3,251,189
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,251,189	-	-		3,251,189
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items		529,676	-	-		529,676
Inventory		31,992	-	-		31,992
Advance to other funds Restricted for:		223,472	-	-		223,472
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District		3,026,483	-	_		3,026,483
Judicial administration		5,020,105	-	94,509		94,509
Public safety		_	_	140,599		140,599
Committed to:				110,577		110,000
General government administration		30,000				30,000
			-	-		
Public safety		52,374	-	-		52,374
Parks, recreation and cultural		-	4,288,809	-		4,288,809
Assigned to:			7 212 400			7 212 400
Capital outlay		-	7,312,400	-		7,312,400
Unassigned:		00 505 101				00 507 101
General fund		23,537,191	-	-		23,537,191
Total fund balances		27,431,188	11,601,209	235,108		39,267,505

fund balances

\$ 34,704,907 \$ 12,453,716 \$ 371,337	/ \$	47,529,960
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RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	Governme	
Fotal fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 39,267,505
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 90,238,251	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(39,263,250)	
Net capital assets		50,975,00
Unearned revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		3,251,189
Other assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Investment in Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District		1,739,734
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental funds.		3,991,93
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of goods provided to other departments or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		3,676,67
Long-term due from other government - pension		4,112,110
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits		575,10
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the funds.		
General obligation bonds, including unamortized premiums	(64,260,913)	
Capital leases	(12,282,453)	
Note payable	(7,826,952)	
Compensated absences	(910,324)	
Arbitrage payable	(5,352)	
Interest payable	(1,529,741)	
Other postemployment benefits	(2,253,167)	
Net pension liability	 (13,902,280)	(102,971,182
Deferred inflows of resources - pension plan represent an acquisition of net position		·
that applies to a future period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in		/ - · · · ·
the governmental funds.		 (223,912
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 4,394,162

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General	General Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Asset Forfeiture	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$ 81,459,657 \$	-	\$ -	\$	81,459,657
Other local taxes	11,483,710	-	-		11,483,710
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	1,730,059	-	-		1,730,059
Fines and forfeitures	160,451	-	79,945		240,396
Use of money and property	1,013,002	96,344	2,150		1,111,496
Charges for services	3,645,601	-	-		3,645,601
Miscellaneous	586,349	41,486	-		627,835
Recovered costs	4,957,855	-	-		4,957,855
Intergovernmental	 18,928,268	306,062	19,819		19,254,149
Total revenues	 123,964,952	443,892	101,914		124,510,758
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government administration	5,543,460	-	-		5,543,460
Judicial administration	4,156,703	-	31,287		4,187,990
Public safety	28,634,443	-	31,319		28,665,762
Public works	3,108,156	-	-		3,108,156
Health and social services	6,171,569	-	-		6,171,569
Education	60,756,694	205,000	-		60,961,694
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,365,854	-	-		2,365,854
Community development	3,959,791	-	-		3,959,791
Capital outlay	-	3,894,304	-		3,894,304
Debt service:					
Principal	7,809,066	-	-		7,809,066
Interest and fiscal charges	 3,558,960	-	-		3,558,960
Total expenditures	 126,064,696	4,099,304	62,606		130,226,606
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (2,099,744)	(3,655,412)) 39,308		(5,715,848)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	800,000	-		800,000
Transfers out	 (800,000)	-	-		(800,000)
Other financing sources (uses), net	 (800,000)	800,000	-		-
Net change in fund balances	(2,899,744)	(2,855,412)) 39,308		(5,715,848)
Fund balance, beginning	 30,330,932	14,456,621	195,800		44,983,353
Fund balance, ending	\$ 27,431,188 \$	11,601,209	\$ 235,108	\$	39,267,505

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governme	ntal Fu	unds
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(5,715,848
econciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of			
Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported			
as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays			
exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 5,626,572		
Less depreciation and amortization expense	(3,556,170)		
Excess of capital outlays over depreciation and amortization			2,070,402
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and			
donations) is to decrease net position.			(82,452)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not			
reported as revenues in the funds.			
Unearned revenue	(25,923)		
Investment in Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	428,607		
Due from other government - pension	1,048,587		
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits	52,736		
			1,504,007
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan contributions subsequent to measurement date			(422,032
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but			
issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of			
principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term			
liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Principal repayments:			
General obligation debt	7,809,066		
Note payable - payment recorded in public safety	887,201		
Note payable - payment recorded in public safety	867,201		8,696,267
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial			, ,
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Accrued interest	157,323		
Compensated absences	(150,085)		
Arbitrage	(213)		
Other postemployment benefits	(198,687)		
Amortization of premium	253,131		
Pension expense	450,318		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to			511,787
individual funds. The net income of the internal service funds are reported with			
governmental activities.			
Total revenues	6,989,146		
Total expenses	(6,648,620)		
rotur expenses	(0,040,020)		340,526
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	6,902,657
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	6,902,6

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund									
		Budgeted	Amc			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over			
	(Driginal		Final		Amounts	(Under)			
Revenues:	¢	70 5 (2 500	¢	70 5(2 500	¢	01 450 (57 ¢	1 007 157			
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	79,562,500 10,991,300	\$	79,562,500 10,991,300	\$	81,459,657 \$	<u> </u>			
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		1,310,230		1,310,230		11,483,710 1,730,059	492,410 419,829			
Fines and forfeitures		1,310,230		1,310,230		1,730,039	419,829 48,951			
Use of money and property		1,483,502		1,483,502		1,013,002	(470,500)			
Charges for services		3,916,607		3,925,107		3,645,601	(470,500) (279,506)			
Miscellaneous		272,822		329,922		586,349	(279,300) 256,427			
Recovered costs		5,396,243		5,433,915		4,957,855	(476,060)			
		18,451,804					(765,626)			
Intergovernmental		18,431,804		19,693,894		18,928,268	(763,626)			
Total revenues		121,496,508		122,841,870		123,964,952	1,123,082			
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government administration		5,821,820		5,828,720		5,543,460	(285,260)			
Judicial administration		3,953,594		4,306,460		4,156,703	(149,757)			
Public safety		29,168,741		30,184,647		28,634,443	(1,550,204)			
Public works		4,190,039		4,190,039		3,108,156	(1,081,883)			
Health and social services		5,870,326		6,581,474		6,171,569	(409,905)			
Education		59,353,791		63,839,053		60,756,694	(3,082,359)			
Parks, recreation and cultural		2,407,827		2,407,827		2,365,854	(41,973)			
Community development		3,926,553		4,551,401		3,959,791	(591,610)			
Debt service:		, ,				<i>, ,</i>				
Principal		7,929,176		7,929,176		7,809,066	(120,110)			
Interest and fiscal charges		3,566,288		3,566,288		3,558,960	(7,328)			
Total expenditures		126,188,155		133,385,085		126,064,696	(7,320,389)			
		120,100,100		100,000,000		120,000,000	(1,520,500)			
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(4,691,647)		(10,543,215)		(2,099,744)	8,443,471			
Other financing uses:										
Transfers out		(18,958)		(818,958)		(800,000)	18,958			
Total other financing uses		(18,958)		(818,958)		(800,000)	18,958			
Net change in fund balance		(4,710,605)		(11,362,173)		(2,899,744)	8,462,429			
Fund balance, beginning		4,710,605		11,362,173		30,330,932	18,968,759			
Fund balance, ending	\$		\$		\$	27,431,188 \$	27,431,188			

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

		Business-typ	e Activities - Enter	rprise Funds		Governmental
		Smith Creek				Activities -
		Water &		Nonmajor		Internal
	Water and	Waste	Solid	Proprietary		Service
	Sewer	Authority	Waste	Funds	Totals	Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,307,986 \$	- 5	\$ 2,929,103			
Investments	5,352,299	-	2,485,831	49,972	7,888,102	5,502,947
Trade and other accounts receivable	654,174	39,693	552,750	6,861	1,253,478	8,326
Accrued interest	33,146	-	27,106	306	60,558	34,083
Prepaid items	29,410	-	50,107	-	79,517	-
Inventory	176,453	-	-	-	176,453	5,640
Restricted cash	-	-	10,566,691	-	10,566,691	-
Total current assets	12,553,468	39,693	16,611,588	116,033	29,320,782	12,036,529
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land	262,198	-	2,166,225	20,600	2,449,023	-
Easements	206,525	-	-	20,631	227,156	-
Buildings	12,995	-	916,340	-	929,335	-
Improvements other than buildings	41,649,206	6,616,233	26,754,684	2,022,921	77,043,044	-
Machinery and equipment	1,316,642	361,546	4,232,631	34,362	5,945,181	-
Software	-	-	44,004	-	44,004	-
Construction in progress	326,554	-	4,116,029	-	4,442,583	-
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(14,654,936)	(2,104,582)	(16,525,078)	(456,176)	(33,740,772)	-
Total capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation and amortization	29,119,184	4,873,197	21,704,835	1,642,338	57,339,554	-
Total noncurrent assets	29,119,184	4,873,197	21,704,835	1,642,338	57,339,554	-
Total assets	41,672,652	4,912,890	38,316,423	1,758,371	86,660,336	12,036,529
		· · ·		· · ·	· · · ·	· · ·
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding	499,726	-	-	-	499,726	-
Pension plan	166,974	-	189,383	-	356,357	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	666,700	-	189,383	-	856,083	-
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and deposits	250,692	14,140	1,192,942	2,672	1,460,446	77,133
Compensated absences	51,147	-	60,793	-	111,940	-
Accrued payroll	45,482	-	56,984	-	102,466	-
Accrued interest	110,261	17,222	89,705	8,499	225,687	-
Advance from other funds	-	98,867	-	124,605	223,472	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-	2,297,063
Insurance and benefit claims	-	-	-	-	-	2,076,649
Revenue bonds	610,000	193,305	925,000	49,756	1,778,061	-
Total current liabilities	1,067,582	323,534	2,325,424	185,532	3,902,072	4,450,845
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	39,604	-	45,499	-	85,103	-
Other postemployment benefits	119,085	-	150,486	-	269,571	-
Revenue bonds	10,564,565	1,430,262	15,363,289	575,363	27,933,479	-
Net pension liability	422,978	-	449,553	-	872,531	-
Landfill obligation	-	-	10,833,464	-	10,833,464	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,146,232	1,430,262	26,842,291	575,363	39,994,148	-
Total liabilities	12,213,814	1,753,796	29,167,715	760,895	43,896,220	4,450,845
	12,213,014	1,755,790	29,107,715	700,895	45,690,220	4,450,845
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension plan	6,813	-	7,241	-	14,054	-
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	18,444,345	3,249,630	5,416,546	1,017,219	28,127,740	-
Restricted		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,566,691	-,	10,566,691	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	11,674,380	(90,536)	(6,652,387)	(19,743)	4,911,714	7,585,684
Total net position	\$ 30,118,725 \$	3,159,094	\$ 9,330,850	\$ 997,476	\$ 43,606,145	\$ 7,585,684
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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Business-type A	\cti	vities - Enterp	prise l	Funds		C	Governmental
		Water and Sewer	Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority		Solid Waste		onmajor oprietary Funds	Totals		Activities - Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	6,321,788	\$ 300,770	\$	5,764,198	\$	55,279 \$	12,442,035	\$	27,740,744
Sale of processed gas		-	-		497,732		-	497,732		-
Connection fees		151,557	7,620		-		-	159,177		-
Other revenue		160,595	150		104,452		53	265,250		-
Total operating revenues		6,633,940	308,540		6,366,382		55,332	13,364,194		27,740,744
Operating expenses:										
Personal services		870,578	-		1,096,824		-	1,967,402		-
Fringe benefits		357,037	-		423,285		-	780,322		-
Contractual services		418,309	79,313		882,617		10,021	1,390,260		2,696,527
Regional Sewer Authority assessment:										
Operations and maintenance		1,107,402	-		-		-	1,107,402		-
Debt service		1,576,441	-		-		-	1,576,441		-
Risk financing and benefit payments		-	-		-		-	-		23,745,763
Internal services		67,102	-		35,786		-	102,888		-
Electrical services		320,147	11,923		60,356		-	392,426		-
Repairs and maintenance		-	-		216,227		-	216,227		-
Landfill closure		-	-		1,133,978		-	1,133,978		-
Other charges		567,913	112,993		383,892		17,553	1,082,351		38,048
Loss on disposal of capital assets		41,311			87,171		-	128,482		
Depreciation and amortization		1,001,904	138,907		1,585,507		42,229	2,768,547		-
Total operating expenses		6,328,144	343,136		5,905,643		69,803	12,646,726		26,480,338
Operating income (loss)		305,796	(34,596)		460,739		(14,471)	717,468		1,260,406
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Connection availability fees		2,013,543	144,780		-		-	2,158,323		-
Intergovernmental		9,750	-		23,830		-	33,580		-
Interest revenue		86,609	-		82,866		2,433	171,908		87,727
Interest expense		(352,156)	(47,242)		(121,015)		(20,302)	(540,715)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net		1,757,746	97,538		(14,319)		(17,869)	1,823,096		87,727
Change in net position		2,063,542	62,942		446,420		(32,340)	2,540,564		1,348,133
Total net position, beginning		28,055,183	3,096,152		8,884,430		1,029,816	41,065,581		6,237,551
Total net position, ending	\$	30,118,725	\$ 3,159,094	\$	9,330,850	\$	997,476 \$	43,606,145	\$	7,585,684
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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Business-type	e Activities - Enter	rprise Funds		Governmental Activity -	
		Smith Creek					
		Water &		Nonmajor		Internal	
	Water and	Waste	Solid	Proprietary		Service	
	Sewer	Authority	Waste	Funds	Totals	Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,893,834	
Receipts from customers	6,387,106	294,793	5,725,689	65,602	12,473,190	-	
Claims and benefits paid	-	-	-	-	-	(24,185,917)	
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(4,240,264)	(204,813)	(2,168,626)	(27,343)	(6,641,046)	(3,270,791)	
Payments to employees for services	(1,236,956)	-	(1,550,708)	-	(2,787,664)	-	
Internal activity - payments to other funds	(67,102)	-	(35,786)	-	(102,888)	-	
Other receipts, net	160,595	150	602,184	53	762,982	-	
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,003,379	90,130	2,572,753	38,312	3,704,574	437,126	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Intergovernmental - grants	9,750	-	23,830	-	33,580	-	
Net cash provided by noncapital							
financing activities	9,750	-	23,830	-	33,580	-	
Cash flows from capital and related							
financing activities:							
Advance from other funds	-	2,145	-	17,151	19,296	-	
Connection availability fees	2,013,543	144,780	-	-	2,158,323	-	
Proceeds from issuance of bond	-	-	9,845,000	-	9,845,000	-	
Premium on issuance of bond	-	-	1,272,191	-	1,272,191	-	
Principal paid on bonds	(585,000)	(187,858)	(810,000)	(48,331)	(1,631,189)	-	
Interest paid and fiscal charges on outstanding debt	(387,667)	(49,197)	(142,265)	(21,020)	(600,149)	-	
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(458,124)	-	(8,303,884)	-	(8,762,008)	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital							
and related financing activities	582,752	(90,130)	1,861,042	(52,200)	2,301,464	-	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Proceeds on sale of investments, net	3,725,448	-	4,325,848	70,323	8,121,619	5,964,345	
Interest received on investment securities	78,249	-	74,872	2,459	155,580	84,062	
Net cash provided by investing activities	3,803,697	-	4,400,720	72,782	8,277,199	6,048,407	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	5,399,578	-	8,858,345	58,894	14,316,817	6,485,533	
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Beginning	908,408	-	4,637,449	-	5,545,857	-	
Ending	\$ 6,307,986	\$ -	\$ 13,495,794	\$ 58,894	\$ 19,862,674	\$ 6,485,533	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds Smith Creek							-	Governmental Activity -	
	Water & Water and Waste Sewer Authority		Water & Waste	Nonmajor Solid Proprietary Waste Funds			Totals		Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash										
provided by operating activities:										
Operating income (loss)	\$	305,796	\$	(34,596) \$	460,739	\$	(14,471)	\$ 717,468	\$	1,260,406
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)										
to net cash provided by operating activities:										
Depreciation and amortization		1,001,904		138,907	1,585,507		42,229	2,768,547		-
Pension expense		(26,243)		-	(49,759)		-	(76,002)	1	-
Loss on disposal of assets		41,311		-	87,171		-	128,482		-
Change in assets and liabilities:										
Decrease (increase) in:										
Accounts receivable		(86,239)		(13,597)	(38,509)		10,323	(128,022)		(4,569)
Prepaid items		(7,144)		-	(6,567)		-	(13,711)	1	-
Inventory		(45,234)		-	-		-	(45,234)	1	(126)
Increase (decrease) in:										
Accounts payable and deposits		(197,674)		(584)	(618,967)		231	(816,994)	1	(536,090)
Accrued liabilities		26,527		-	35,272		-	61,799		-
Unearned revenue		-		-	-		-	-		157,659
Insurance and benefit claims		-		-	-		-	-		(440,154)
Deferred outflows		(9,625)		-	(16,112)		-	(25,737))	-
Landfill obligation		-		-	1,133,978		-	1,133,978		-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,003,379	\$	90,130 \$	2,572,753	\$	38,312	\$ 3,704,574	\$	437,126
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing activities: Capital assets acquired through incurrence of accounts payable	\$	76,457	\$	- \$	904,105	\$	-	\$ 980,562	\$	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Agency Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,360,467		
Accounts receivable	 160,123		
Total assets	\$ 1,520,590		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$ 1,520,590		
Total liabilities	\$ 1,520,590		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (County), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the activities of the County and its component units.

In determining how to define the financial reporting entity, management considered all potential component units using the standards prescribed under GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 34.* Component units include any legally separate organizations for which the Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. Financial accountability results where 1) there is fiscal dependence and a financial benefit or burden relationship, 2) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by the Board of Supervisors and a financial benefit or burden relationship, or 3) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by the Board of Supervisors has the ability to impose its will on the organization.

Even if financial accountability is not established, a potential component unit may still need to be reported simply because it would be misleading to exclude it.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The County was created by an act of the General Assembly of Virginia in 1778, and provides a wide range of municipal services contemplated by statute or charter. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the County (primary government) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they legally separate from the government. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year end.

Blended Component Units:

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations, and function as an integral part of the primary government, so data from these units are combined with data of the County.

The Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District, the Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority, the Penn Laird Sewer Authority, and the Countryside Sanitary District serve the citizens of the primary government that are in their respective districts and authorities and are governed by a board comprised of the primary government's Board of Supervisors. The rates for user charges and bond issuances are approved by the primary government, and the primary government is primarily obligated to provide resources in case there are deficits in debt service payments. The districts and authorities are reported as enterprise funds and do not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

The County reports the following two major discretely presented component units:

1) School Board

The School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the County's jurisdiction and is elected by the voters of the County. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the government because the County's Board of Supervisors approves the School Board's budget, levies taxes and must approve any debt issuances of the School Board. School Board related debt, including leases, is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with the resources of the primary government. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and consists of three special revenue funds and one capital projects fund which include the following:

<u>School Operating Fund</u> accounts for the general operations of the School Board. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the primary government by the Board of Supervisors, and charges for services.

School Cafeteria Fund accounts for the centralized school cafeteria operations.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities of the School Board, other than those financed by the Massanutten Technical Center.

<u>Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund</u> accounts for the general operations of the Massanutten Technical Center. The Massanutten Technical Center funds are under the control of the Massanutten Technical Center Board of Control appointed by the Rockingham County School Board and Harrisonburg City School Board.

Additionally, the School Board reports two agency funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds consist of the School Activity Fund and Massanutten Technical Center Activity Fund.

The Component Unit - School Board does not issue a separate set of financial statements. All independently audited financial information of the School Board is presented within this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Complete financial statements for the School Activity Fund, Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund, and Massanutten Technical Center Activity Fund can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

Rockingham County School Board	Massanutten Technical Center
100 Mt. Clinton Pike	325 Pleasant Valley Road
Harrisonburg, Virginia 22802	Harrisonburg, Virginia 22801

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued)

2) Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District

The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District) is a regional district created by the governing bodies of the County of Rockingham and City of Harrisonburg to provide social services for the residents of the County of Rockingham and the City of Harrisonburg. The City and County each appoint 50% of the governing board. The District is a legally separate organization and its financial statements are presented as a discrete presentation of the County's financial statements because the District is fiscally dependent on the County and has a financial benefit or burden relationship with the County. The County has the ability to impose its will on the District. The District cannot enter into a contract or issue debt without the County's and City's approvals. The District is presented as a governmental fund type consisting of two funds as follows:

<u>Social Services Operating Fund</u> accounts for the general operations of the District. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the County by the Board of Supervisors, and by the City of Harrisonburg.

<u>Special Revenue Fund – Children's Services Act (CSA)</u> accounts for funds designated for the CSA program.

The Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District does not issue a separate set of financial statements. All financial information of the District is presented within this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The County reports the following two nonmajor discretely presented component units:

1) Economic Development Authority

The Economic Development Authority of Rockingham County, Virginia (Authority), formerly the Industrial Development Authority, was created as a governmental subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Rockingham, Virginia on December 11, 1972, pursuant to the provisions of the Economic Development and Revenue Bond Act, Title 15.2, Chapter 49, Sections 15.2-4900 et. seq. (formerly Title 15.1, Chapter 33, Sections 15.1-1373, et. seq.) of the *Code of Virginia* of 1950, as amended. The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Rockingham, Virginia. The Authority is empowered, among other things, to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of any of its facilities and to make loans or grants in furtherance of its purposes as set forth by law, including to promote industry and develop trade by indicating manufacturing, economic, governmental, nonprofit and commercial enterprises and institutions of higher education to locate in or remain in the Commonwealth of Virginia and further the use of its agricultural products and natural resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units: (Continued)

1) Economic Development Authority (Continued)

The Authority is specifically authorized to issue revenue bonds for any of its purposes, including the payment of the cost of its facilities and the payment or retirement of bonds previously issued by the Authority. All bonds issued by the Authority are payable solely from the revenues and receipts derived from the leasing or sale by the Authority of its facilities or any part thereof, or from the payments received by the Authority in connection with its loans. In addition, depending upon the financing structure, the bonds of the Authority may be further secured by a deed of trust or other collateral documents. No bonds of the Authority shall be deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith of credit of the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, including the County.

The Authority is reported as a discretely presented component unit because the voting majority of the Authority's governing body is appointed by the Board of Supervisors and there is a benefit and burden relationship. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements but is included in the County's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 as a discretely presented component unit.

2) Rockingham County Recreation Foundation

The Recreation Foundation of Rockingham County, Virginia was created as a non-stock corporation duly formed under the provisions of the Virginia Non-stock Corporation Act. The Foundation was organized on September 21, 2015 and is governed by a five-member Board. The members consist of two members of the Board of Supervisors of Rockingham County, two members of the Rockingham County Recreation Commission and the County Administrator. The Foundation was created to provide diverse opportunities that enhance the quality of life and deliver accessible recreation and leisure to the community for a lifetime.

The Foundation is reported as a discretely presented component unit because the voting majority of the Foundation's governing body is appointed by the Board of Supervisors and there is a benefit and burden relationship. The Foundation does not issue separate financial statements but is included in the County's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 as a discretely presented component unit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

taxes, are presented as *general revenues*.

B. <u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

Government-Wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a *particular* function. Indirect expense allocations made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The governmentwide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus*. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from the property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 75 days after year-end, except property taxes which are recognized as revenue if they have been collected within 45 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt, acquisitions under capital leases and sales of capital assets are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted components of net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues to fund the program.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Operating expenses include cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

General Capital Projects Fund. This fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund accounts for services to the general public which are financed primarily by charges to users of such services.

Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority. This fund accounts for services provided to those areas within the Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority and is financed primarily by charges to users of such services. This fund has been judgmentally determined to be major for public interest reasons, in that the presentation is of particular importance to the financial statement users.

Solid Waste Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, and development of various landfills and disposal sites.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The County reports the following internal service funds:

Central Stores Fund. This fund accounts for revenue and expenses associated with providing office supplies to other departments or agencies of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Self-Insurance Fund. This fund accounts for the costs associated with providing health insurance benefits to employees of the County, School Board, and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District and with managing claims pertaining thereto.

The County also reports the following fund type:

Agency Funds. These funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds consist of the following: Special Welfare, Employee Benefits, Bond Escrow, Massanutten Technical Center, Emergency Medical Services, Soil and Water Conservation, and Laird L Conrad Law Library.

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u>

The Board of Supervisors' fiscal control is exercised through two distinct processes: budgeting and appropriations. The County budget is developed for informative and fiscal planning purposes only and presents an itemized listing of contemplated expenditures and estimated revenues for the ensuing fiscal year. Certain expenditures are mandated by statute and need to be included in the County budget. Mandated expenditures include the matching share of the expenditures of the Treasurer and Commissioner of the Revenue, support of public schools, Sheriff, Commonwealth Attorney, Clerk of Circuit Court, jail, voter registration, social service programs, and the operating costs of the state/local public health program. The Board of Supervisors approves the budget after a public hearing.

When the budget becomes effective at the beginning of the fiscal year, the Board of Supervisors must make appropriations before money may be expended for any budgeted program, project or operation. Appropriations are made on an annual basis with supplemental appropriations made as needed. Such appropriations may be greater than contemplated in the annual budget. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the primary government functions. The discretely presented component units, the School Board and the District, are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within their major categories. The County may amend its budget to increase the aggregate amount to be appropriated during the current fiscal year as shown in the currently adopted budget. A supplemental appropriation which exceeds one percent of the total expenditures shown in the currently adopted budget, must be accomplished by publishing a notice of a meeting and a public hearing in a newspaper having general circulation in that locality seven days prior to the meeting date. The notice shall state the County's intent to amend the amounts to be appropriated and include a brief synopsis of the proposed action.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Budgetary Data</u> (Continued)

The budgets are prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare the financial reports for each fund; thus, the budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with GAAP. Budgetary compliance is monitored and reported at the operating function level. Budgetary control is maintained at the subfunction level by the encumbrance of estimated purchase orders prior to release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders which will result in an overrun of function balances are not released until additional appropriations are made.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u>

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the County considers all cash accounts, including cash on hand, demand deposits, and all short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Cash of individual funds other than the Special Welfare, School Activity, and the Massanutten Technical Center Activity Fund is combined to form a pool of cash and investments. The pool consists primarily of government and corporate obligations, money market mutual funds, and an external local government investment pool. The government and corporate securities are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices (level 1 inputs). The external local government investment pool is reported at amortized cost and classified as cash and cash equivalents. The money market mutual funds are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices and classified as cash and cash equivalents. Interest earned as a result of pooling is distributed to the appropriate funds utilizing a formula based on average monthly balances.

2. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 with real estate values reassessed every four years and personal property values assessed annually. The last general real property reassessment was effective January 1, 2014. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, by June 5 and December 5 in the same year as levied. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually by December 5 in the same year as levied. That portion of the taxes receivable which is not collected within 45 days after June 30 is shown as deferred revenue. A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest is charged to all unpaid accounts beginning July 1 and January 1, as applicable, at an annual rate of 10%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Prepaid Items</u>

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method.

4. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. <u>Restricted Cash</u>

A portion of the Solid Waste Funds' cash balance is restricted in accordance with bond agreements.

6. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and are accounted for at cost. Assets acquired by gift are accounted for at the asset's acquisition value at the date the property was received. The Commonwealth of Virginia, not the County, has primary responsibility to construct and maintain infrastructure, such as streets, roads, and bridges, within the County. The County may, at its option, contribute to improvements to the road system. Such expenditures would be expensed during the year incurred. Interest incurred during construction on governmental activities' capital assets is not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Capitalized interest is amortized using the straight-line method over the useful life of the asset. In the current year \$202,830 and \$66,154 was capitalized in the Solid Waste Fund and Water and Sewer Fund, respectively.

The County's intangible assets include land easements and software. Land easements have indefinite useful lives and thus are not subject to amortization.

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 to 30 years
Improvements other than buildings	5 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 15 years
Software	3 to 5 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The County and discretely presented component units, the School Board and the District, have five items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is a deferred charge on refunding resulting from the difference in carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The four additional items are the employer's fiscal year 2017 Virginia Retirement System contributions, the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and differences between expected and actual experience and are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the County, School Board, and District, the Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Three types of items qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, one item, unavailable revenue, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The two additional items, the difference between expected and actual experience plus the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the County, School Board, and District, the Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.

8. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Legacy employees, hired before January 1, 2014, accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement based on full-time or part-time status. In the primary government and the discretely presented component unit, the District, an employee can accumulate up to 42 days of vacation and no more than \$5,000 of sick leave liability. In the District, an employee will receive an accrued sick leave payout upon leaving their employment after five years of vested service.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2014, accumulate paid time off (PTO) for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement based on full-time status. In the primary government and the discretely presented component unit, the District, an employee may carry forward to a new calendar year PTO leave balance of no more than the applicable maximum annual hours per year. In the District, an employee will receive a PTO payout upon leaving their employment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

8. <u>Compensated Absences</u> (Continued)

Also, in the primary government, compensatory time can be earned at $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours in lieu of overtime pay. Accumulated compensatory time will be paid out to the employee in the months of June and December. The County receives payment from the State Compensation Board for certain employees. For those employees, compensated absences balances are not accrued by the County, as the County's policy is to not pay for those employees' compensated absences balances from local revenue sources.

Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a fund liability. The General Fund is responsible for paying the liability for compensated absences for general government employees and has been used in prior years to liquidate the governmental funds' liability.

In the discretely presented component unit, the School Board, a 12-month employee can accumulate up to 36 days of vacation and an unlimited amount of sick leave. An employee earns one day of sick leave at the end of each month worked up to a maximum of 12 days per year. Upon retirement after age 55, all full-time school employees will be compensated at one day for every three days of unused sick leave up to a maximum of two months of current salary.

Compensated absences expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities of the governmental fund that will pay it. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured. All amounts accrued for compensated absences are recorded on the entity-wide statements.

9. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

10. <u>Net Position</u>

By law, the School Board does not have taxing authority and, therefore, it cannot incur debt through general obligation bonds to fund the acquisition, construction or improvement to its capital assets. That responsibility lies with the local governing body who issues the debt on behalf of the School Board. However, the *Code of Virginia* requires the School Board to hold title to the capital assets (buildings and equipment) due to their responsibility for maintaining the asset.

In the Statement of Net Position, this scenario presents a dilemma for the primary government. Debt issued on behalf of the School Board is reported as a liability of the primary government, thereby reducing the net position of the primary government. The corresponding capital assets are reported by the Component Unit - School Board (title holder), thereby increasing their net position.

The Virginia General Assembly legislature amended the *Code of Virginia* to allow a tenancy in common with the School Board whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation which is payable over more than one fiscal year for any school property. The tenancy in common terminates when the associated debt has been paid in full. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of the school property related to any outstanding financial obligation, thus eliminating a potential deficit from financing capital assets with debt. The legislation also allows local governments to elect not to acquire a tenancy in common by adopting a resolution to that effect.

The County concluded, while joint tenancy would resolve a deficit in the primary government's net position, the continual computation process that would be required to allocate principal, interest, asset amount, and depreciation between the County and the School Board would be cumbersome and not provide any added benefit to the financial statements. Therefore, the Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution declining tenancy in common for current and future obligations.

11. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications of fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact (such as prepaid items, inventory, and the principal of a permanent fund that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact).

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, creditors, or laws and regulations of other governments), or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and</u> <u>Fund Balance/Net Position</u> (Continued)

11. <u>Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

Committed fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board of Supervisors. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Supervisors takes the action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned – amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Supervisors has by resolution authorized the Director of Finance to assign fund balance. The Board of Supervisors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance – residual balance of the General Fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund and negative unassigned fund balances of other governmental funds.

The Board of Supervisors, as the highest level of authority within the County, establishes the commitment of fund balance to purposes through the approval of the annual budget plan by resolution, in conjunction with the resolutions associated with the establishment of fee and tax rates, and acceptance or appropriation of funds. All subsequent changes to the budget plan to add, reduce, or redirect resources to other purposes are also accomplished by Board resolution. As a result, all unrestricted amounts directed toward a purpose are shown as committed. Balances shown as assigned in the General Fund represent encumbrances which would otherwise be unassigned.

The County considers restricted balances to be expended first in cases where both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When utilizing unrestricted balances, committed balances are applied first, followed by assigned then unassigned balances.

F. <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County of Rockingham and its component units, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District and the Rockingham County School Board, retirement plans and the additions to/deductions from the County, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, and the Rockingham County School Board's retirement plans net fiduciary positions have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The County has evaluated subsequent events through November 6, 2017, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u>. Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et., seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk (Deposits)</u>. This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires all deposits to be insured under FDIC or comply with the Act. At year end, none of the County's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

<u>Investments</u>. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is a professionally managed money market fund which invests in qualifying obligations and securities as permitted by Virginia statutes. Pursuant to Section 2.2-4605 of the *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings. The County's investments in the LGIP, totaling \$43,170,268, are stated at amortized cost and classified as cash and cash equivalents. The LGIP has been assigned an "AAAm" rating by Standard & Poor's. The maturity of the LGIP is less than one year.

Investment Policy:

State statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the LGIP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The goal of the County is to obtain the highest possible yield on available financial assets invested consistent with state law, while observing the primary goal of preservation of principal and providing necessary liquidity to meet cash flow needs.

As of June 30, 2017, the County's investment policy establishes the maximum percentages of the portfolio permitted in each of the following instruments:

Permitted Investment	Sector Limit	Issuer Limit
U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%	100%
Federal Agency Obligations	100%	35%
Municipal Obligations	20%	5%
Commercial Paper	25%	5%
Bankers' Acceptances	25%	5%
Corporate Notes	20%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit and Bank Deposit Notes	20%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	100%	50%
LGIP	100%	100%
Repurchase Agreements	35%	35%

The Sector Limit and Issuer Limit should be applied to the total investment portfolio value at the date of acquisition.

Credit Risk:

As of June 30, 2017, as required by state statute, the Policy requires commercial paper, with a maturity of 270 days or less, have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) by at least two of the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs). Corporate notes with final maturity of less than five years must have a rating of at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service. Negotiable certificates of deposit and negotiable bank deposit notes of domestic banks and domestic offices of foreign banks, maturing in one year or less, must have a rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service. Negotiable certificates of deposit and negotiable bank deposit notes of domestic banks and domestic offices of foreign banks, maturing over one year but less than five years, must have a rating of at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service. Federal agency obligations, with final maturity less than five years, must have a rating of at least "AA" (or its equivalent) by at least two of the NRSROs, one of which will be either Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's. Municipal obligations, with final maturity less than five years, must have a rating of at least "AA" by Standard & Poor's and/or "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service. Bankers' Acceptances, with a maturity of 180 days or less, must have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) by at least two of the NRSROs. Money market mutual funds must be rated at least "AAA" or the equivalent by at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's, Fitch Investors Service, or Duff and Phelps, Inc.

As of June 30, 2017, 71% was invested in "AA+" U. S. Agency Securities, 23% was invested in "AAA, AA+, AA-, AA, A-1+, and A-" Corporate obligations, and 6% was invested in "AAAm" rated Short-Term Investment Funds (STIF) and Money Market Funds. All credit ratings presented in this paragraph are Standard & Poor's ratings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk:

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. If certain investments in any one issuer represent 5% of total investments, there must be a disclosure for the amount and issuer. At June 30, 2017, the portion of the County's portfolio, excluding the LGIP, U. S. Government guaranteed obligations and money market mutual funds that exceed 5% of the total portfolio are as follows:

Corporate Notes (no one issuer represents 5% or more of total investments)	11%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	4%
Federal National Mortgage Association	3%
Federal Home Loan Bank	8%

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk that changes of interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

			aturities		
	Fair		Less Than		
	Value		1 Year		1 - 5 Years
U.S. Treasury Obligations	\$ 11,970,636	\$	-	\$	11,970,636
STIF and money market mutual funds	2,040,080		2,040,080		-
Corporate notes	7,539,432		2,503,290		5,036,142
Federal Agency Obligations	11,103,160		13,750		11,089,410
LGIP	 43,170,268	_	43,170,268		-
		-			
	\$ 75,823,576	=			

To manage the volatility of the Investment Portfolio, the County shall determine an appropriate duration or weighted average maturity target for each component of the Investment Portfolio. At no time shall the duration of the weighted average maturity of any component of the Investment Portfolio exceed two years.

The average duration of the Investment Portfolio will not deviate by more than +/-25% of the average duration of the performance benchmark.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

- U.S. Treasury obligations of \$11,970,636 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Federal agency obligations of \$11,103,160 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Money market mutual funds of \$2,040,080 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Corporate notes of \$7,539,432 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Receivables, Unavailable and Unearned Revenues

Receivables at June 30, 2017 for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Primary Government

							mith Creek
		General		General		Water and	ater & Waste
		Fund		pital Projects	S	ewer Fund	Authority
Property taxes	\$	4,373,156	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Utility taxes		168,080		-		-	-
Trade and other accounts		878,633		14,230		666,374	41,193
Gross receivables		5,419,869		14,230		666,374	41,193
Less allowance for uncollectable						10 000	1 500
accounts		800,000		-		12,200	1,500
Net receivables	\$	4,619,869	\$	14,230	\$	654,174	\$ 39,693
				Nonmajor			
		Solid	F	Proprietary		Internal	
	W	Vaste Fund		Funds	Se	rvice Funds	Totals
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,373,156
Utility taxes		-		-		-	168,080
Trade and other accounts		553,750		8,261		8,326	2,170,767
Gross receivables		553,750		8,261		8,326	6,712,003
Less allowance for uncollectable							
accounts		1,000		1,400		-	816,100
Net receivables	\$	552,750	\$	6,861	\$	8,326	\$ 5,895,903

The County determines its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and specific account analysis. The total allowance for uncollectible accounts amounted to \$816,100 as of June 30, 2017.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Receivables, Unavailable and Unearned Revenues (Continued)

Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable and unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$	3,251,189	\$ -
Advance collection of 2017-2018 taxes (General Fund)		-	1,030,264
Personal Property Tax Relief Act – state reimbursement			
(General Fund)		-	1,158,676
Advance collection of 2017-2018 rent (General Fund)		-	36,139
Equitable Sharing Program (Asset Forfeiture Fund)		-	133,526
	\$	3,251,189	\$ 2,358,605

Component Units - School Board and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District

The component units' receivables are considered fully collectible and, therefore, an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not applicable for those receivables.

Internal Service Funds – Self-Insurance

Internal service funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the component of *unearned revenue* reported in the internal service funds was as follows:

Health insurance premiums

\$ 2,297,063

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Due From Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments include the following:

Primary Government: Governmental Funds:	
General Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Local sales and use taxes	\$ 1,168,625
Communications sales and use taxes	247,201
Categorical aid:	,
Shared costs:	
Commissioner of the Revenue	16,666
Commonwealth Attorney	71,989
Sheriff	513,245
Clerk of Circuit Court	49,167
Treasurer	15,365
Other	87,966
Federal government:	,
Boarding and care of prisoners	16,632
Categorical aid:	
Homeland Security Program - AFG	679,153
Homeland Security Program - SAFER	213,496
Ground transportation	9,254
Emergency Management Performance	18,094
Bureau of Justice Assistance	21,358
Other	3,680
City of Harrisonburg	914,516
Total General Fund	4,046,407
General Capital Projects Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Revenue sharing	279,671
Total General Capital Projects Fund	279,671
1 0	
Total Governmental Funds	4,326,078
Government-wide:	
Governmental Activities:	
City of Harrisonburg – pension plan	4,112,116
City of Harrisonburg – other postemployment benefits	575,103
City of Humsonoung – other postemployment benefits	575,105
Total Governmental Activities	4,687,219
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,013,297

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Due From Other Governments (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board: Governmental Funds:		
School Operating Fund:		
Commonwealth of Virginia: State sales tax receipts	\$	2,448,125
Other	φ	104,714
Federal government:		104,714
Education grants		843,055
Total School Operating Fund		3,395,894
School Cafeteria Fund:		
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
School food program		21,357
Federal government:		
School food program		69,097
Total School Cafeteria Fund		90,454
Massanutten Technical Center:		
Federal government:		
Education grants		51,901
Total Massanutten Technical Center		51,901
Total Component Unit - School Board - Governmental Funds		3,538,249
Government-wide:		
Governmental Activities:		
City of Harrisonburg – pension plan		2,176,965
City of Harrisonburg – other postemployment benefits		74,891
Total Component Unit – School Board - Governmental Activities	\$	5,790,105

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Due From Other Governments (Continued)

Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District: Governmental Funds: Operating Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Public assistance and administration	\$ 516,812
Federal government:	
Public assistance and administration	 764,988
Total Operating Fund	 1,281,800
Special Revenue – Children's Services Act Fund:	
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Children's Services Act	1,083,250
Total Special Revenue Fund	 1,083,250
Total Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District – Governmental Funds	2,365,050
Government-wide:	
Governmental Activities:	
City of Harrisonburg – pension plan	1,375,762
City of Harrisonburg – other postemployment benefits	 296,374
Total Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District - Governmental Activities	\$ 4,037,186

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Primary Government:

Trimary Governmeni.					ſ	$\mathbf{D} = 1 + (1 + 1) 1$	
	Destinations			(Deletions)/		Endina	
	1	Beginning Balance Increases		Increases	Reclassifications/ Transfers		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:		Dalance		mereases		Transfers	Dalalice
Capital assets not being depreciated							
or amortized:							
Land	\$	3,225,766	\$	_	\$	- \$	3,225,766
Construction in progress	Ψ	1,971,484	Ψ	3,002,396	Ψ	(196,180)	4,777,700
Total capital assets not being		1,771,404		5,002,570		(190,100)	ч,///,/00
depreciated or amortized		5,197,250		3,002,396		(196,180)	8,003,466
depreciated of amortized		5,177,250		5,002,570		(190,100)	0,005,400
Capital assets being depreciated							
or amortized:							
Buildings and improvements		48,508,579		745,938		25,000	49,279,517
Improvements other than buildings		11,540,744		212,933		20,865	11,774,542
Machinery and equipment		18,570,012		1,584,136		(776,184)	19,377,964
Software		1,611,529		81,169		110,064	1,802,762
Total capital assets being		, ,		,			, , ,
depreciated or amortized		80,230,864		2,624,176		(620,255)	82,234,785
Less accumulated depreciation							<u> </u>
and amortization for:							
Buildings and improvements	((21,380,971)		(1,608,078)		-	(22,989,049)
Improvements other than buildings		(4,539,399)		(536,824)		40,251	(5,035,972)
Machinery and equipment		(9,008,774)		(1,301,688)		693,732	(9,616,730)
Software		(1,511,919)		(109,580)		-	(1,621,499)
Total accumulated depreciation							
and amortization	((36,441,063)		(3,556,170)		733,983	(39,263,250)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated or amortized, net		43,789,801		(931,994)		113,728	42,971,535
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$	48,987,051	\$	2,070,402	\$	(82,452) \$	50,975,001

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 572,382
Judicial administration	328,003
Public safety	1,543,470
Public works	151,472
Health and social services	43,730
Parks, recreation and cultural	81,182
Community development	 835,931
Total depreciation and amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 3,556,170

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)						
					(Deletions)/	
]	Beginning		Re	classifications/	Ending
		Balance	Increases		Transfers	Balance
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
or amortized:						
Land	\$	2,449,023	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,449,023
Easements		227,156	-		-	227,156
Construction in progress	_	5,254,929	2,815,407		(3,627,753)	4,442,583
Total capital assets not being						
depreciated or amortized		7,931,108	2,815,407		(3,627,753)	7,118,762
Capital assets being depreciated						
or amortized:						
Buildings		411,606	517,729		-	929,335
Improvements other than buildings		67,848,546	5,622,570		3,571,928	77,043,044
Machinery and equipment		5,468,702	786,864		(310,385)	5,945,181
Software		44,004	-		-	44,004
Total capital assets being		1				/
depreciated or amortized		73,772,858	6,927,163		3,261,543	83,961,564
Less accumulated depreciation and						
amortization for:						
Buildings		(189,313)	(37,949)		-	(227,262)
Improvements other than buildings		(27,398,398)	(2,248,156)		14,513	(29,632,041)
Machinery and equipment		(3,600,240)	(467,774)		223,215	(3,844,799)
Software		(22,002)	(14,668)		-	(36,670)
Total accumulated depreciation						
and amortization		(31,209,953)	(2,768,547)		237,728	(33,740,772)
Total capital assets being						
depreciated and amortized, net		42,562,905	4,158,616		3,499,271	50,220,792
Business-type activities capital						
assets, net	\$	50,494,013	\$ 6,974,023	\$	(128,482)	\$ 57,339,554

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer	\$	1,001,904
Solid Waste		1,585,507
Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority		138,907
Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District		10,820
Countryside Sanitary District		6,120
Penn Laird Sewer Authority		25,289
	¢	
Total depreciation and amortization expense - business-type activities	\$	2,768,547

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Component Unit – School Board:

Component Unit – School Board:				
	D · ·		(Deletions)/	
	Beginning	Ŧ	Reclassifications/	Ending
	Balance	Increases	Transfers	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated				
or amortized:	¢ 5.460.505	¢	¢	ф <u>с 160 сос</u>
Land	\$ 5,469,535	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,469,535
Easements	36,654	-	-	36,654
Construction in progress	243,066	5,570,015	-	5,813,081
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated or amortized	5,749,255	5,570,015	-	11,319,270
Capital assets being depreciated				
or amortized:				
Buildings	176,685,780	-	-	176,685,780
Improvements other than buildings	52,623,784	1,442,575	(34,664)	54,031,695
Machinery and equipment	39,331,788	1,591,250	(96,722)	40,826,316
Software	49,407	-	-	49,407
Total capital assets being	· · · · · ·			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
depreciated or amortized	268,690,759	3,033,825	(131,386)	271,593,198
Less accumulated depreciation and				
amortization for:				
Buildings	(91,257,736)	(5,161,603)	-	(96,419,339)
Improvements other than buildings	(21,897,048)			(23,993,858)
Machinery and equipment	(31,473,621)		,	(32,846,743)
Software	(49,407)	,	-	(49,407)
Total accumulated depreciation	(19,107)			(19,107)
and amortization	(144,677,812)	(8,752,935)	121,400	(153,309,347)
			,	
Total capital assets being				
depreciated and amortized, net	124,012,947	(5,719,110)	(9,986)	118,283,851
School Board capital assets, net	\$ 129,762,202	\$ (149,095)	\$ (9,986)	\$ 129,603,121

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions of the Component Unit – School Board as follows:

Component Unit - School Board:	
Instruction	\$ 6,750,844
Administration, attendance and health	6,783
Pupil transportation services	995,535
Operation and maintenance services	 999,773
Total depreciation and amortization expense - Component	
Unit - School Board	\$ 8,752,935

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	(Deletions)/ Reclassifications/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized:				
Land	\$ - 5	s -	\$ 202,036	\$ 202,036
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized	-	-	202,036	202,036
Capital assets being depreciated or amortized:				
Buildings	703,015	-	(202,036)	500,979
Improvements other than buildings	1,929,189	-	-	1,929,189
Machinery and equipment	582,275	42,681	-	624,956
Total capital assets being				
depreciated or amortized	3,214,479	42,681	(202,036)	3,055,124
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Buildings	(87,877)	206	-	(87,671)
Improvements other than buildings	(153,933)	(104,352)	-	(258,285)
Machinery and equipment	(521,364)	(23,524)	-	(544,888)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(763,174)	(127,670)	-	(890,844)
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized, net	2,451,305	(84,989)	(202,036)	2,164,280
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District capital assets, net	\$ 2,451,305	5 (84,989)	\$-	\$ 2,366,316

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to the function of the Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District as follows:

Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District:	
Administration - Welfare	\$ 127,670
Total depreciation and amortization expense - Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	\$ 127,670

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Commitments

The County has active projects and significant project commitments as of June 30, 2017 as follows:

Primary Government:

Governmental Activities

Project		xpended to ne 30, 2017	Remaining Commitment		
Reservoir St. expansion	<u> </u>	608,800	\$	3,780,891	
Computer financial software conversion - phase 2	Ŧ	427,549	*	192,275	
Rockingham Park project		3,605,329		3,735,674	
Spotswood Trail Route 33 project		152,563		2,852,503	
	\$	4,794,241	\$	10,561,343	
Business-type Activities					
	E	xpended to		Remaining	
Project	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Commitment		
Landfill phase five expansion	\$	2,578,282	\$	7,401,446	
	\$	2,578,282	\$	7,401,446	
School Board Component Unit:					
	E	xpended to		Remaining	
Project	Ju	ne 30, 2017	C	Commitment	
John Wayland renovation	\$	2,661,815	\$	6,883,914	
Pleasant Valley renovation		1,978,213		4,993,006	
Rockingham Academy		856,507		4,034,596	
	\$	5,496,535	\$	15,911,516	

These projects are being financed through grants, revenue sharing agreements, and internal funding.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Primary Government:

	Beginning Balance	Iı	ncreases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:						
Bonds and notes payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 67,585,259	\$	-	\$ (5,958,636) \$	61,626,623	\$ 5,105,034
Capital leases	14,132,883		-	(1,850,430)	12,282,453	1,870,938
Note payable	8,714,153		-	(887,201)	7,826,952	906,453
Unamortized premiums	2,887,421		-	(253,131)	2,634,290	-
	93,319,716		-	(8,949,398)	84,370,318	7,882,425
Compensated absences	760,239		279,358	(129,273)	910,324	612,199
Governmental activities long-term activities	\$ 94,079,955	\$	279,358	\$ (9,078,671) \$	85,280,642	\$ 8,494,624

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt other than compensated absences are as follows:

		General Obligation Bonds			 Capital	Lea	ises
Year(s) Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest	Principal		Interest
2018	\$	5,105,034	\$	2,900,476	\$ 1,870,938	\$	315,180
2019		5,266,477		2,636,694	1,897,218		259,119
2020		5,425,890		2,370,235	1,919,297		202,160
2021		5,060,678		2,113,721	1,315,000		156,186
2022		4,973,635		1,864,075	1,315,000		121,614
2023-2027		26,069,085		5,486,703	3,965,000		156,599
2028-2030		9,725,824		565,106	-		-
	\$	61,626,623	\$	17,937,010	\$ 12,282,453	\$	1,210,858

	Note Payable			
Year(s) Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest
2018	\$	906,453	\$	169,845
2019		926,124		150,175
2020		946,220		130,078
2021		966,753		109,545
2022		987,732		88,566
2023-2025		3,093,670		135,226
	\$	7,826,952	\$	783,435

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

\$8,421,223 1999A series, issued November 1999, due in annual maturities of \$487,359 to \$517,103 through July 2019, plus interest at 6.10%	\$ 1,506,239
\$4,190,343 2000 series, issued November 2000, due in annual maturities of \$233,196 to \$247,440 through July 2020, plus interest at 5.10%	960,788
\$5,077,993 2003 series, issued November 2003, due in annual maturities of \$266,400 to \$297,277 through July 2023, plus interest at 4.60% to 5.35%	1,967,829
\$9,404,190 2005 series, issued November 2005, due in annual maturities of \$475,070 to \$545,699 through July 2025, plus interest at 4.60% to 5.10%	4,588,326
\$13,147,200 2006 series, issued November 2006, due in annual maturities of \$665,996 to \$744,134 through July 15, 2026, plus interest at 4.23% to 4.60%	7,013,358
\$10,610,000 2007 series, issued May 2007, due in annual maturities of \$500,000 to \$810,000 through July 15, 2027, plus interest at 4.10% to 5.10%	7,090,000
\$6,364,713 2007 series, issued November 2007, due in annual maturities of \$312,965 to \$371,160 through July 2027, plus interest at 4.35% to 5.10%	3,738,817
\$11,630,000 2008 series, issued May 2008, due in annual maturities of \$515,000 to \$900,000 through July 2028, plus interest at 4.60% to 5.10%	8,320,000
\$12,701,410 2008 series, issued December 2008, due in annual maturities of \$604,048 to \$742,320 through July 2028, plus interest at 5.10% to 5.35%	8,011,266
\$24,560,000 2009 series, issued May 2009, due in annual maturities of \$1,045,000 to \$1,855,000 through July 2029, plus interest at 4.05% to 5.05%	 18,430,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 61,626,623

All general obligation bonds were issued for the purpose of school construction and renovation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

The following capital leases were entered into for general government purposes:

Capital Leases:

Emergency Communications Center: \$7,150,000 lease purchase contract, entered into December 2004, due in annual installments ranging from \$563,938 to \$609,297 through December 2019, plus interest payable semi-annually at 3.76%	\$ 1,762,453
SRI Project - tax exempt: \$7,875,000 lease purchase contract, entered into November 2007, due in annual	
installments ranging from \$785,000 to \$795,000 through October 2024, plus interest payable semi-annually at 2.15%	6,310,000
SRI Project - taxable: \$5,250,000 lease purchase contract, entered into November 2007, due in annual installments ranging from \$520,000 to \$530,000 through October 2024, plus	
interest payable semi-annually at 3.35%	 4,210,000
Total capital leases	\$ 12,282,453

Pursuant to Article VII, Section 10, (b) of the *Constitution of Virginia*, no debt shall be contracted by or on behalf of any county or district thereof unless approved by a majority vote of the qualified voters of said county. There is no limit on the amount of debt which a county may incur. Repayment of the capital leases will be funded through the General Fund.

The capital lease obligation associated with the Emergency Communications Center was to finance the acquisition and construction of emergency use equipment and radio towers throughout the County. The obligation associated with the SRI Project lease was to finance the costs to construct and equip a research facility for the benefit of and use by SRI International in the County's technology park.

The assets acquired through capital leases, included in the Statement of Net Position, are as follows:

	Governme	Governmental Activities			
	Emergency				
	Communication	15			
	Center		SRI Project		
Capital assets:					
Buildings	\$	- \$	18,249,809		
Machinery and equipment	9,449,72	9	-		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,178,97	8)	(4,417,119)		
	\$ 6,270,75	1 \$	13,832,690		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Note Payable:

Augusta County, Virginia

\$10,771,794 to become a member jurisdiction of the Middle River Regional	
Jail Authority, entered into July 2015, due in annual installments ranging from	
\$906,453 to \$1,053,439 through December 2024, plus interest payable at	
2.17%	\$ 7,826,952

Total note payable\$7,826,952

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity for the County's business-type activities:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 18,379,876	\$ 9,845,000	\$ (1,631,189) \$	26,593,687	\$ 1,778,061
Landfill obligation	9,699,486	1,133,978	-	10,833,464	-
Compensated absences	179,968	50,022	(32,947)	197,043	111,940
Unamortized premiums	2,003,442	1,272,191	(157,780)	3,117,853	-
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 30,262,772	\$ 12,301,191	\$ (1,821,916) \$	40,742,047	\$ 1,890,001

Annual requirements to amortize the revenue bonds are as follows:

	Revenue Bonds			onds
Year(s) Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest
2018	\$	1,778,061	\$	1,077,078
2019		1,800,135		1,033,376
2020		1,857,415		957,270
2021		1,699,907		884,981
2022		1,757,618		809,870
2023-2027		8,903,439		2,795,357
2028-2032		7,052,112		997,109
2033-2036		1,745,000		133,897
	\$	26,593,687	\$	8,688,938

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Water and Sewer Fund

Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$1,580,000 issued June 2004, due in final installment of \$155,000 in October 2017, plus interest payable semi-annually at 4.10%	\$ 155,000
Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$3,065,000 issued June 2007, due in annual installments of \$275,000 to \$290,000 through October 2018, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging from 4.70% to 4.73%	565,000
Infrastructure Revenue and Refunding Bonds (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$9,630,000 issued August 2015, due in annual installments of \$180,000 to \$805,000 through October 2035, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging from 3.13% to 5.13%	9,305,000
Solid Waste Fund	
Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$2,280,000 issued June 2009, due in annual installments of \$225,000 through October 2019, plus interest payable semi-annually at 5.13%	675,000
Infrastructure Revenue Bond (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$4,000,000 issued May 2016, due in annual installments of \$200,000 through October 2035, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging from 3.80% to 5.13%	3,800,000
Infrastructure Revenue Bond (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$9,845,000 issued May 2017, due in annual installments of \$500,000 to \$870,000 through October 2031, plus interest payable semi-annually ranging from 3.01% to 5.13%	9,845,000
Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority	
Virginia Revolving Loan Fund: \$2,078,500 issued November 2001, due in semi-annual installments of \$60,090 to \$69,737 through September 2022, including interest at 3.0%	712,859
Wastewater System Revenue Refunding Bond, Series 2012: \$1,250,936 issued in April 2012, due in annual installments of \$72,073 to \$94,236 through August 2027, including interest at 2.66%	910,708
Countryside Sanitary District	
Virginia Revolving Loan Fund: \$171,288 issued June 2006, due in semi-annual installments of \$4,382 to \$5,763 through April 2026, including interest at 3.25%	90,776

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District

Infrastructure Revenue Bonds (Virginia Pooled Financing Program): \$456,490 issued April 2008, due in semi-annual installments of \$9,699 to \$13,531 through August 2028, including interest at 3.05%	\$ 264,807
Penn Laird Sewer Authority	
Wastewater System Revenue Refunding Bond Series 2012: \$370,232 issued April 2012, due in annual installments of \$21,528 to \$27,890	
through August 2027, including interest at 2.66%	 269,537
	\$ 26,593,687

Repayment of the revenue bonds will be funded through the Water and Sewer Fund, the Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority, Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District, Penn Laird Sewer Authority, Solid Waste Fund, and the Countryside Sanitary District.

A rate covenant exists with respect to the 2015 revenue bonds of the Water and Sewer Fund. The County has agreed that it will fix and collect rates, fees, and other charges to satisfy the required debt service in each fiscal year.

Information relative to the County's landfill obligation is contained in Note 15.

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity transactions of the Component Unit – School Board, for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Component Unit - School Board:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 3,469,138	\$ 4,140,245	\$ (4,321,535) \$	3,287,848	\$ 2,373,070

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity of the Component Unit – Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, for the year ended June 30, 2017:

Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District:

	ginning alance	In	creases	D	ecreases	Ending Balance	e Within ne Year
Compensated absences	\$ 42,825	\$	12,582	\$	(11,904) \$	6 43,503	\$ 27,845

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Government Services Provided by Authorities

The County of Rockingham, City of Harrisonburg, and the Towns of Bridgewater, Mt. Crawford, and Dayton entered into a guaranty agreement with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority) dated December 15, 1992. Under the terms of this agreement, these municipalities jointly and severally guaranteed the Authority's 2007 Sewer Revenue Bonds and 2008 Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds. In December 2007, the Authority issued \$30,000,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds bearing interest at 2.52% to upgrade and expand its treatment plant due in semi-annual installments of combined principal and interest of \$984,273, final maturity at September 1, 2030. The bonds currently outstanding total \$22,408,444. In June 2008, the Authority issued \$12,650,000 Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 bearing interest from 2.95% to 4.80% with final maturity at October 1, 2021. The bonds currently outstanding are \$5,433,129. In November 2008, the Authority issued \$33,219,297 Sewer Revenue Bonds, series 2008 bearing interest at 2.72%, due in semi-annual installments of combined principal and interest of \$1,116,129, with final maturity at September 1, 2030. The bonds currently outstanding are \$25,081,130. In February 2015, with an allonge dated September 2015, the Authority issued \$8,665,505 Sewer Revenue Bonds bearing interest at 1.2% due in semi-annual installments beginning November 1, 2017 of combined principal and interest of \$249,865 thereafter, with a final maturity at November 1, 2036. The bonds currently outstanding total \$8,174,606.

The County is obligated for 3.407% of the above debt service.

The Authority bills the localities a monthly charge which includes an assessment for their respective shares of the Authority's debt service, construction, and operating expenditures based on the locality usage of the sewage treatment facilities. Based on the current average usage, the County's assessment for the Authority's operating and maintenance and capital outlay, construction, and debt service expenditures for the ensuing year will approximate \$1,300,000, \$140,000, and \$1,610,000, respectively. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Authority at 856 North River Road, P. O. Box 8, Mt. Crawford, Virginia 22841.

Note 9. Pension Plan

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plans

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

A. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County of Rockingham and its component units, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (the District) and the Rockingham County School Board (School Board), are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan or the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. **Pension Plan (Continued)**

A. Plan Description (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan

- using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member employer contributions and made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
- In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees.* • School division employees
 Hybrid Opt-In Election Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan 1 or ORP. 	 Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	 (teachers). Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. <u>*Non-Eligible Members</u> Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. **Pension Plan (Continued)**

A. Plan Description (Continued)

		пурги
Plan 1	Plan 2	Retirement Plan
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions
Employees contribute 5% of their	1 5	A member's retirement benefit is
compensation each month to their	their compensation each	funded through mandatory and
member contribution account	month to their member	voluntary contributions made by the
through a pre-tax salary reduction.	contribution account through	member and the employer to both
Some school divisions and political	a pre-tax salary reduction.	the defined benefit and the defined
subdivisions elected to phase in the	Some school divisions and	contribution components of the plan.
required 5% member contribution,	political subdivisions elected	Mandatory contributions are based
but all employees will be paying the	to phase in the required 5%	on a percentage of the employee's
full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member	member contribution; all	creditable compensation and are
contributions are tax-deferred until	employees will be paying the	required from both the member and
they are withdrawn as part of a	full 5% by July 1, 2016.	the employer. Additionally,
retirement benefit or as a refund.		members may choose to make
The employer makes a separate		voluntary contributions to the
actuarially determined contribution		defined contribution component of

Creditable Service

payment.

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

to VRS for all covered employees.

VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide

funding for the future benefit

Creditable Service

Same as Plan 1.

Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component

percentages.

the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary

contributions according to specified

Hybrid

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. member's А total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contribution Component

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	 Vesting Defined Benefit Component Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contribution Component Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution service. After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70 1/2.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component See definition under Plan 1.
compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.		Defined Contribution Component The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.		earnings on mose contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable	Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.
hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	-	For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	
subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.		Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Normal Retirement Age Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional

Benefits Program.

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility:	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 2%) up to a maximum COLA of 3%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Same as Plan 2. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component</u> Not applicable.
For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement	<u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1.	<u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
 eligibility date. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: School Division (Teachers) and Political Subdivision Employees: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to rational and the member of the member of the set of the member of the member of the member of the set of the member of the set of the member of the set of the member of the m	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: School Division (Teachers) and Political Subdivision Employees: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: School Division (Teachers) and Political Subdivision Employees: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. **Pension Plan (Continued)**

A. Plan Description (Continued)

rid	Hybrid		
ent Plan	Retirement	Plan 2	Plan 1
ent	Retirement	Plan 2	Plan 1

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued) **Exceptions to COLA Effective**

Dates: (Continued) School Division (Teachers) and **Political Subdivision Employees**

(continued): The member dies in service and • member's survivor the beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit.

or

- The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.
- Political Subdivision Employees: The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).

Disability Coverage

Political subdivision employees: Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a oneyear waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage

Political subdivision employees: Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivisions and school divisions (teachers), including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins, participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an comparable employer-paid program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	 Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

County and the District (Agent Plan)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	251
Inactive members:	
Vested	89
Non-vested	131
Active elsewhere in VRS	269
Total inactive members	489
Active members	550
Total covered employees	1,290

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County and the District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 10.88% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by an employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County and the District were \$2,705,378 and \$3,003,059 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

School Board Non-Professional (Agent Plan)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	220
Inactive members:	
Vested	35
Non-vested	61
Active elsewhere in VRS	44
Total inactive members	140
Active members	414
Total covered employees	774

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The School Board non-professional's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 5.98% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by an employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board for the non-professional plan were \$464,646 and \$641,139 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

School Board Professional (Cost-Sharing Plan)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The School Board Professional's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 16.32%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the professional plan were \$8,895,330 and \$8,853,455 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

B. Net Pension Liability

The County, the District and the School Board's non-professional plan net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2017, the School Board reported a liability for the professional plan of \$115,739,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the School Board's proportion was 0.82587% as compared to 0.82758% at June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employee's in the County and the District's retirement plan and the total pension liability for the General Employees in the School Board non-professional retirement plan were based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension benefits.

Mortality Rates:	14% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
– Pre-retirement:	RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.
– Post-retirement:	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.
– Post-disablement:	RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County and the District's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date as of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension benefits.

Mortality Rates:	60% of deaths are assumed to be service related.
– Pre-retirement:	RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.
– Post-retirement:	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.
– Post-disablement:	RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – School Board Professional Plan

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date as of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality Rates:

– Pre-retirement:	RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years.
– Post-retirement:	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years.
– Post-disablement:	RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2016, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher
	Employee
	Retirement Plan
Total pension liability	\$ 44,182,326
Plan fiduciary net position	30,168,211
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 14,014,115
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	68.28%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. <u>Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non-U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non-Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%	=	5.83%
	Inflation	1	2.50%
* Expected a	rithmetic nominal return	1	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liabilities was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County, the District, and the School Board's retirement plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liabilities.

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

County and the District

	Т	otal Pension Liability	an Fiduciary Net Position	N	Net Pension Liability
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	94,014,786	\$ 80,925,650	\$	13,089,136
Changes for the Year:					
Service cost		2,758,824	-		2,758,824
Interest		6,430,742	-		6,430,742
Difference between expected and actual					
experience		852,638	-		852,638
Contributions – employer		-	3,003,059		(3,003,059)
Contributions – employee		-	1,224,047		(1,224,047)
Net investment income		-	1,428,469		(1,428,469)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(4,294,088)	(4,294,088)		-
Administrative expense		-	(49,968)		49,968
Other changes		-	(602)		602
Net changes		5,748,116	1,310,917		4,437,199
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	99,762,902	\$ 82,236,567	\$	17,526,335

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

C. <u>Changes in the Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

School Board Non-Professional

	Т	otal Pension Liability	an Fiduciary Jet Position	et Pension Liability
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	31,119,695	\$ 30,222,095	\$ 897,600
Changes for the Year:				
Service cost		820,429	-	820,429
Interest		2,128,901	-	2,128,901
Difference between expected and actual				
experience		(259,762)	-	(259,762)
Contributions – employer		-	641,139	(641,139)
Contributions – employee		-	407,589	(407,589)
Net investment income		-	527,774	(527,774)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(1,413,634)	(1,413,634)	-
Administrative expense		-	(18,743)	18,743
Other changes		-	(223)	223
Net changes		1,275,934	143,902	1,132,032
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	32,395,629	\$ 30,365,997	\$ 2,029,632

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liabilities of the County and the District, the School Board non-professional plan, and the School Board professional plan, using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County and the District, the School Board non-professional plan, and the School Board professional plan is net pension liabilities would be if they were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

			Current	
	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
County and District net pension liability	\$	31,697,135	\$ 17,526,335	\$ 5,899,287
School Board non-professional net pension				
liability (asset)		5,730,990	2,029,632	(1,101,125)
School Board professional net pension				
liability		164,986,000	115,739,000	75,171,000
School Board non-professional net pension liability (asset) School Board professional net pension		, ,	, ,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

C. <u>Changes in the Net Pension Liability</u> (Continued)

Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position are available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions</u>

County and the District

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County and District recognized pension expense of \$2,467,607. The County and District also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows			Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	649,629	\$	(282,282)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,126,660		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,705,378		-
Total	\$	5,481,667	\$	(282,282)

\$2,705,378 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2018	\$ 112,200
2019	112,202
2020	1,382,562
2021	 887,043
	\$ 2,494,007

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions</u> (Continued)

School Board Non-Professional

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School Board recognized pension expense related to its non-professional plan of \$307,229. The School Board also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to its non-professional plan from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows	Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (311,036)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	784,493	_
	,	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	464,646	
Total	\$ 1,249,139	\$ (311,036)

\$464,646 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board non-professional plan's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2018	\$ (151,367)
2019	(108,344)
2020	418,299
2021	 314,869
	\$ 473,457

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Pension Plan (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to</u> <u>Pensions</u> (Continued)

School Board Professional

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School Board recognized pension expense related to the professional plan of \$10,217,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the professional plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	o	f Resources	0	f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(3,750,000)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		6,611,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,468,000		(365,000)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,895,330		
Total	\$	16,974,330	\$	(4,115,000)

\$8,895,330 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions for the professional plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2018	\$ (510,000)
2019	(510,000)
2020	3,226,000
2021	2,023,000
2022	 (265,000)
	\$ 3,964,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits – County (Including the District) and School Board Sponsored

A. Plan Description

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided by the County, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District) and the Rockingham County School Board (School Board) include single-employer defined benefit retiree health insurance premium plans.

The District and the County have the same plan. A retiree, eligible for the plan, is defined as a fulltime employee who retires directly from the County or the District and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. The County will provide a premium credit toward a retiree's health insurance premium at a rate of four dollars per year of service per month not to exceed \$120 per month based on 30 years of service in the VRS. To be eligible for this premium credit, the retiree must have a minimum of 15 years of service in the VRS and must have enrolled in the County's health insurance plan at the time of retirement. The premium credit may only be applied to the retiree's individual health insurance plan, and is not applicable to the premium charges for family members. The premium credit is made only until the employee is eligible for Medicare coverage, usually at age 65. The plan was established by the County's Board of Supervisors and any amendments to the plan must be approved by the Board.

A School Board retiree, eligible for the School Board's retiree health insurance premium contribution plan must have served a minimum of ten consecutive years as an employee of the School system and be eligible for retirement under VRS. The School Board will pay \$10 monthly for the retiree until the retiree becomes eligible for or obtains other health coverage. The plan was established by the School Board and any amendments to the plan must be approved by the School Board.

The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports.

B. Funding Policy

The County's Board of Supervisors and the School Board establish employer contribution rates for their respective plan participants. The Boards have chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County and School Board had a roll-forward actuarial valuation of postemployment benefits performed as of July 1, 2015. The annual cost of OPEB under GASB Statement No. 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The pay-as-you-go amount for OPEB benefits for the County's plan is \$211,305 and the annual benefit cost is \$475,035. The percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed is 44.48%. The pay-as-you-go amount for OPEB benefits for the School Board's plan is \$525,483 and the annual benefit cost is \$1,450,209. The percentage of OPEB cost contributed is 36.23%.

GASB Statement No. 45 does not require prefunding of OPEB liabilities and the County and School Board have elected not to prefund OPEB liabilities at this time. The difference between the OPEB annual expense and cash payments for OPEB benefits is treated as a liability in the financial statements when the liability is not prefunded. At June 30, 2017, the County has recorded a liability of \$2,522,738, the District has recorded a liability of \$592,748, and the School Board has recorded a liability of \$9,339,622 on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits – County (Including the District) and School Board Sponsored (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The County and School Board are required to contribute the ARC of the employer an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years on an open basis. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB costs for the year, the amounts actually contributed for the year, and the changes in the net OPEB obligations.

	County	School
	and District	Board
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 479,697 \$	1,463,964
Interest on net OPEB obligation	114,070	336,596
Adjustment to ARC	(118,732)	(350,351)
Annual OPEB cost	475,035	1,450,209
Contributions made	(211,305)	(525,483)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	263,730	924,726
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	2,851,756	8,414,896
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 3,115,486 \$	9,339,622

Trend Information

Three-year trend information is as follows:

County and District:

	Percentage of Annual Annual OPEB Net OPEB				
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB Costs	Cost Contributed	Obligation		
June 30, 2017	\$ 475,035	44.48%	\$ 3,115,486		
June 30, 2016	483,470	37.89%	2,851,756		
June 30, 2015	616,689	46.00%	2,551,496		

School Board:

		Percentage of				
	Annual		Annual OPEB		Net OPEB	
Fiscal Year Ended	0	PEB Costs	Cost Contributed		Obligation	
June 30, 2017	\$	1,450,209	36.23%	\$	9,339,622	
June 30, 2016		1,468,979	35.31%		8,414,896	
June 30, 2015		1,632,234	44.25%		7,464,578	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits – County (Including the District) and School Board Sponsored (Continued)

D. Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2015, the most recent roll-forward actuarial valuation date, the plans were not funded. The actuarial value of assets was \$-0-, resulting in UAAL of \$5,148,313 for the County and District's plan and a UAAL of \$16,620,776 for the School Board's plan.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made for the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, present trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The following table shows the funding status for the County and District and the School Board.

						Unfunded Actuarial
						Accrued
			Unfunded			Liability as
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial		Annual	a Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll

Primary Government and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, a component unit - employees:

July 1, 2016 \$	- \$	5,148,313	\$ 5,148,313	0.00% \$ 24,914,187	20.66%					
July 1, 2015	-	4,989,233	4,939,233	0.00% 22,493,713	21.96%					
July 1, 2014	-	5,967,732	5,967,732	0.00% 21,178,806	28.18%					
Component Unit - School Board employees:										
July 1, 2016 \$	- \$	5 16,620,776	\$ 16,620,776	0.00% \$ 73,029,341	22.76%					
July 1, 2015	-	15,931,442	15,931,442	0.00% 70,784,181	22.51%					
July 1, 2014	-	17,238,883	17,238,883	0.00% 68,433,038	25.19%					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits – County (Including the District) and School Board Sponsored (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2015 roll-forward actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% discount rate, 2.5% per annum salary scale, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8% in first year of the valuation then future annual increases are assumed to grade uniformly to 5.0% over a six year period. The unfunded liability is amortized over a period of 30 years based on a level percent of payroll method on an open basis.

Note 11. Other Postemployment Benefits – VRS Health Insurance Credit Program

A. Plan Description

To assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage, the VRS administers a health insurance credit program. Retirees that have a minimum of 15 years of service and are enrolled in a qualified health insurance plan may receive a monthly credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service. The health insurance credit is funded by the School Board on behalf of its VRS eligible employees. For the years June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the School Board paid \$715,525, \$665,116, and \$653,356, respectively, for professional employees and \$51,701, \$49,446, and \$49,520, respectively, for non-professional employees toward these benefits, which was equal to the required contributions.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia* (1950, as amended), to contribute an actuarially determined percentage of their annual reported compensation to the VRS for the retiree health insurance credit. The School Board assumed the member contribution for its employees. The contribution rate of annual covered payroll was 1.11% and 1.06% for the School Board's professional employees and 0.65% and 0.63% for the School Board's non-professional employees for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The required contributions for the School Board were determined as part of annual actuarial valuations using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a 7.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 3.0% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.5%. The actuarial value of the School Board's assets is equal to the market value of the assets. With the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, any UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of the projected payroll on a closed basis, over a period of 27 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Other Postemployment Benefits – VRS Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

C. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of the actuarial valuation performed at June 30, 2016, the Plan for the School Board's non-professional employees was 39.68% funded. The AAL was \$961,598, and the actuarial value of assets was \$381,566, with a resulting UAAL of \$580,032.

The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

D. Trend information

The tables below summarize the required three-year trend information for the School Board.

Schedule of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed for the Component Unit – School Board – non-professional employees

	Percentage of				
	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB		
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB Costs	Cost Contributed	Obligation		
June 30, 2017	\$ 51,701	100%	\$ -		
June 30, 2016	49,446	100%	-		
June 30, 2015	49,520	100%	-		

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Component Unit – School Board – non-professional employees

						Unfunded Actuarial Accrued
			Unfunded			Liability as
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial		Annual	a Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
July 1, 2016	\$ 381,566	\$ 961,598	\$ 580,032	39.68%	\$ 8,031,639	7.22%
July 1, 2015	392,008	928,207	536,199	42.23%	7,852,919	6.83%
July 1, 2014	384,839	922,980	538,141	41.70%	7,741,274	6.95%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Advances To/From Other Funds

Interfund balances as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund
Primary Government:	General Fund:
Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District	\$ 98,867 124,605
	\$ 223,472

The advance from the General Fund to the Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority Fund is a temporary advance to cover a deficit cash balance and will be repaid in fiscal year 2018.

The advance from the General Fund to the Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District includes an advance to be repaid through 2024 with annual principal payments of \$6,500 plus interest at 3.25%.

Note 13. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfer activity is presented as follows:

Transfer to Fund	d General Fund			Total ansferred In
Primary Government:				
Governmental funds:				
General Capital Projects Fund	\$	800,000	\$	800,000
Total transferred out	\$	800,000	\$	800,000

The transfer from the General Fund to the General Capital Projects Fund was to fund the County's 2020 plan.

Note 14. Major Customers

The Water and Sewer Fund has one major customer. For the year ended June 30, 2017, water and sewer revenue from this customer was approximately \$2.85 million. Accounts receivable from this customer were approximately \$240,000 at June 30, 2017.

The Solid Waste Fund has two major customers. Revenues from these customers for the year ended June 30, 2017 were approximately \$2.8 million. Accounts receivable from these customers were approximately \$266,000 at June 30, 2017.

The Smith Creek Water & Waste Authority has one major customer. For the year ended June 30, 2017, revenue from this customer was approximately \$79,000. Accounts receivable from this customer were approximately \$8,000 at June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

An agreement between the County and City of Harrisonburg divided the closure and post-closure liability pro rata for all cells active as of December 31, 2011. The City of Harrisonburg's liability for closure and post-closure was capped at that amount calculated pursuant to the regulations and percentage of waste disposed in the active cells as of December 31, 2011. The City of Harrisonburg's landfill closure and postclosure care liability totals \$2,697,965.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the Solid Waste Fund reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The County has recorded \$10,833,464 as landfill closure and postclosure liability at June 30, 2017. The landfill's total capacity used to date is 78% for active cells.

The Solid Waste Fund will report the County's estimated liability of closure and postclosure care of \$2,913,000 for the active cell as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on the cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2017. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The estimated remaining life of the landfill is approximately three years and does not account for future expansion.

Note 16. Risk Management

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; employee health and accident claims; and natural disasters. The County and its component units have chosen to retain a portion of the risks through a self-insurance program and have also purchased insurance to transfer other risks to outside parties. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage during the past year. A description of the County and its component units' risk management program is presented below:

Auto, Liability and Workers' Compensation Insurance

The County has coverage with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Association (Association) for auto, liability, and workers' compensation insurance. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays the Association contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 16. Risk Management (Continued)

Health Insurance

County employees, retirees and employee dependents are eligible for medical benefits from a health insurance internal-service fund. Funding is provided by charges to County departments, employees, and retirees. The program is supplemented by stop loss protection, which limits the County's annual liability.

Based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, the County records an estimated liability for indemnity healthcare claims. The following represents the change in the fund's claims liability for 2017, 2016 and 2015:

	Claims and							
	I	Beginning	(Changes in	Claim		Ending	
Fiscal Year Ended		Liability		Estimates		Payments	Liability	
June 30, 2017	\$	2,516,803	\$	23,745,763	\$	24,185,917	\$	2,076,649
June 30, 2016		1,751,000		23,474,862		22,709,059		2,516,803
June 30, 2015		1,838,000		22,113,826		22,200,826		1,751,000
			G	overnmental	Co	mponent Unit		
Fiscal Year Ended				Activities	- S	School Board		Total
June 30, 2017			\$	550,016	\$	1,526,633	\$	2,076,649
June 30, 2016				629,201		1,887,602		2,516,803
June 30, 2015				437,750		1,313,250		1,751,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 17. Tax Abatements and the Technology Zone Grant Program

Pursuant to the provisions of Title 15.2, Chapter 9, Section 15.2-953 of the *Code of Virginia*, localities are permitted to make appropriations of money to industrial development authorities for the purposes of promoting economic development. Furthermore, Title 58.1, Chapter 38, Section 58.1-3850 of the *Code of Virginia* permits any city, county or town the authority to establish one or more technology zones, within which incentives may be offered for investments in technological advances. The tax incentives may be provided for up to ten years and may include, but not be limited to: (i) reduction of permit fees; (ii) reduction of user fees; and (iii) reduction of any type of gross receipts tax.

The County has established the Technology Zone Grant Program and currently maintains four technology zones. The County has entered into grant agreements with local businesses within those zones. Once the business has satisfactorily paid all current year property taxes due, a calculation is performed to determine the grant amount that will ultimately be returned to the business. This transaction, in essence, is an abatement of taxes collected, as it is a reduction in tax revenues available for spending by the County. Once the grant amount is determined, the County transfers funds to the Rockingham Economic Development Authority, who subsequently returns the funds to the business. Grants shall be used for investment in technological advancements to machinery and tools and tangible personal property in the construction of new or expanded facilities within the technology zone.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the County abated property taxes totaling \$1,412,058 under this grant program, including the following tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

- Property tax abatement to an aviation facility in the amount of \$303,583.
- Property tax abatement to a pharmaceutical facility in the amount of \$217,330.
- Property tax abatement to a beverage facility in the amount of \$167,813.
- Property tax abatement to a dairy facility in the amount of \$429,629.
- Property tax abatement to a printing facility in the amount of \$293,703.

Note 18. Pending GASB Statements

At June 30, 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued statements not yet implemented by the County. The statements which might impact the County are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. It will also require the recognition of the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. Statement No. 75 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (ARO's). This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for ARO's. Statement No. 83 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will improve the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. Statement No. 84 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 18. Pending GASB Statements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, will enhance consistency in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements. Consistent reporting will improve the usefulness of information for users of state and local government financial statements. Statement No. 85 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*, will improve accounting and financial reporting for debt extinguishments by establishing uniform guidance for derecognizing debt that is defeased in substance. Statement No. 86 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, will increase the usefulness of the County's financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. Statement No. 87 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management has not determined the effects these new Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

Note 19. Joint Venture

The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Emergency Communications Center (HRECC) is a joint venture of the County and the City of Harrisonburg (City). The HRECC was created in August 2003, to provide for the purchase, operation, and maintenance of a two-way radio system for public safety and general government operations in the County and City. The County's Board of Supervisors and the Harrisonburg City Council approve the annual operating and maintenance budget, as submitted by the HRECC Administrative Board comprised of the County Administrator and the City Manager. Both localities are contractually obligated to provide appropriations for the operating costs of the HRECC. The County has no explicit and measurable financial interest in the HRECC. Complete financial statements for the HRECC can be obtained from the Director of Finance, City of Harrisonburg, 345 South Main Street, Harrisonburg, Virginia, 22801.

In fiscal year 2017, the County's contributions to the HRECC totaled approximately \$2,085,000.

Note 20. Middle River Regional Jail Authority

The Middle River Regional Jail Authority (MRRJA), which opened in April 2006, was established by the County of Augusta, City of Staunton and City of Waynesboro (the Original Member Jurisdictions) to house prisoners from their own jurisdictions as well as others. An agreement was executed as of July 1, 2015 among the Original Member Jurisdictions and the County of Rockingham and City of Harrisonburg to allow the County and City to become Member Jurisdictions of MRRJA, effectively allowing the County and City to no longer pay MRRJA's per diem rental fee. The Original Member Jurisdictions agreed to admit the County as an additional member jurisdiction effective July 1, 2015 for \$10,771,794. See Note 7 for details of the long-term liability associated with becoming a member jurisdiction.

The total paid by the County to become a member jurisdiction of MRRJA was \$887,201 in fiscal year 2017, which has been shown as a public safety expenditure in the General Fund, and as a reduction in the liability on the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 21. Contingency

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The County has received proceeds from several federal and state grant programs. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. Based upon past experience, no provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 22. Subsequent Events

The Board held a public hearing and approved the application for a Virginia Resources Authority loan to be paid out of the water and sewer fund in the amount up to \$4.8 million.

The Board held a public hearing and approved the application for a Virginia Public School Authority loan in the amount up to \$24.5 million.

The Board issued a Request for Proposal on September 11, 2017 for bank placement of a \$3.3 million 5-year radio equipment lease. The closing date was October 27th.

The Board approved a contract for Aaron Conner to perform the McGaheysville Waterline Extension project. The contract is for \$3.3 million. Work is scheduled to begin in December of 2017.

The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District entered into a lease agreement effective July 1, 2017 for office space under a lease expiring June 30, 2027, with the option to renew for an additional year. The first year annual rental of \$18,280, is payable in equal monthly installments of \$1,523.33. The annual rental shall increase by 1.5% each subsequent year.

The total minimum rental commitment at July 1, 2017, under this lease is as follows:

	Mini	Minimum Rental		
	Co	mmitment		
During the next five years	\$	94,183		
During the remaining term of the lease		101,462		
	\$	195,645		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

Actuarial Valuation Date	1	Actuarial Value of sets (AVA)	-	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	1	Jnfunded Actuarial Accrued ility (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Component Unit - Sch	iool Bo	ard non-profe	ssional	employees:					
June 30, 2014	\$	384,839	\$	922,980	\$	538,141	41.70%	\$ 7,741,274	6.95%
June 30, 2015		392,008		928,207		536,199	42.23%	7,852,919	6.83%
June 30, 2016		381,566		961,598		580,032	39.68%	8,031,639	7.22%

SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL OPEB COST – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM – HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM

100.00%

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Annual OPEB Costs	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Be	let nefit gation
Component Unit - Sch	ool Boa	ard non-profe	essional employees:		
2015	\$	49,520	100.00%	\$	-
2016		49,446	100.00%		-

51,701

2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	tuarial alue of ts (AVA)	Li	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued bility (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
A. Primary Government and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, a component unit, employees:									
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$	5,967,732	\$	5,967,732	0.00%	\$ 21,178,806	28.18%
July 1, 2015		-		4,939,233		4,939,233	0.00%	22,493,713	21.96%
July 1, 2016		-		5,148,313		5,148,313	0.00%	24,914,187	20.66%
B. Component Unit -	School B	oard employ	yees:						
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$	17,238,883	\$	17,238,883	0.00%	\$ 68,433,038	25.19%
July 1, 2015		-		15,931,442		15,931,442	0.00%	70,784,181	22.51%
July 1, 2016		-		16,620,776		16,620,776	0.00%	73,029,341	22.76%

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Fiscal Year	Annual	
Ended	Required	Percentage
June 30,	Contribution	Contributed

A. Primary Government and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, a component unit, employees:

2015	\$ 620,317	45.73%
2016	487,643	37.57%
2017	479,697	44.05%
B. Component Unit -		

2015	\$ 1,642,900	43.96%
2016	1,481,181	35.02%
2017	1,463,964	35.89%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY AND THE DISTRICT NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Fiscal Year June 30,				
		2014	2015	2016	
Total Pension Liability:					
Service cost	\$	2,559,508 \$	2,661,858 \$	2,758,824	
Interest		5,820,012	6,141,573	6,430,742	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(528,816)	852,638	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,578,397)	(3,993,176)	(4,294,088)	
Net change in total pension liability		4,801,123	4,281,439	5,748,116	
Total pension liability - beginning		84,932,224	89,733,347	94,014,786	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	89,733,347 \$	94,014,786 \$	99,762,902	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:					
Contributions - employer	\$	2,759,564 \$	2,826,572 \$	3,003,059	
Contributions - employee		1,125,148	1,139,839	1,224,047	
Net investment income		10,584,504	3,573,047	1,428,469	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,578,397)	(3,993,176)	(4,294,088)	
Administrative expense		(56,223)	(48,216)	(49,968)	
Other changes		558	(753)	(602)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		10,835,154	3,497,313	1,310,917	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		66,593,183	77,428,337	80,925,650	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	77,428,337 \$	80,925,650 \$	82,236,567	
County and District's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	12,305,010 \$	13,089,136 \$	17,526,335	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		86.29%	86.08%	82.43%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	21,677,643 \$	22,204,022 \$	24,865,606	
County and District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		56.76%	58.95%	70.48%	

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County and the District will present information for those years which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Fiscal Year June 30,				
		2014	2015	2016	
Total Pension Liability:					
Service cost	\$	832,108 \$	817,545 \$	820,429	
Interest		1,948,144	2,045,747	2,128,901	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	(294,432)	(259,762)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,423,602)	(1,348,250)	(1,413,634)	
Net change in total pension liability		1,356,650	1,220,610	1,275,934	
Total pension liability - beginning		28,542,435	29,899,085	31,119,695	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	29,899,085 \$	31,119,695 \$	32,395,629	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:					
Contributions - employer	\$	722,711 \$	635,842 \$	641,139	
Contributions - employee		390,659	394,565	407,589	
Net investment income		4,013,113	1,334,387	527,774	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,423,602)	(1,348,250)	(1,413,634)	
Administrative expense		(21,667)	(18,317)	(18,743)	
Other changes		212	(283)	(223)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,681,426	997,944	143,902	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		25,542,725	29,224,151	30,222,095	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	29,224,151 \$	30,222,095 \$	30,365,997	
School Board non-professional net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	674,934 \$	897,600 \$	2,029,632	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		97.74%	97.12%	93.73%	
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$	8,867,620 \$	7,801,742 \$	7,770,000	
School Board's non-professional net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		7.61%	11.51%	26.12%	

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY VRS TEACHER RETIREMENT PLAN (COST-SHARING) – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Fiscal Year June 30,				
		2014	2015	2016
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability		0.81091%	0.82758%	0.82587%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	97,996,000 \$	104,163,000 \$	115,739,000
Employer's covered-employee payroll		47,690,683	61,488,041	60,677,558
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		205.48%	169.40%	190.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.88%	70.68%	68.28%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Fiscal Year June 30,					
	_	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$	2,759,564 \$	2,826,572 \$	3,003,059 \$	2,705,378	
Contributions in relation to the CRC		2,759,564	2,826,572	3,003,059	2,705,378	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$		
Employer's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee	\$	21,677,643 \$	22,204,022 \$	23,590,408 \$	24,865,606	
payroll		12.73%	12.73%	12.73%	10.88%	

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County and the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD NON-PROFESSIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Fiscal Year June 30,				
		2014	2015	2016	2017
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$	722,711 \$	635,842 \$	641,139	\$ 464,646
Contributions in relation to the CRC		722,711	635,842	641,139	464,646
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- 5	\$
Employer's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee	\$	8,867,620 \$	7,801,742 \$	7,866,736	\$ 7,770,000
payroll		8.15%	8.15%	8.15%	5.98%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF SCHOOL BOARD PROFESSIONAL CONTRIBUTIONS – VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	Fiscal Year June 30,							
	-	2014		2015		2016		2017
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$	6,915,149	\$	8,915,766 \$	5	8,853,455	\$	8,895,330
Contributions in relation to the CRC		6,915,149		8,915,766		8,853,455		8,895,330
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	- \$	3		\$	
Employer's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee	\$	47,690,683	\$	61,488,041 \$	5	62,969,097	\$	60,677,558
payroll		14.50%		14.50%		14.06%		14.66%

Note to Schedule:

(1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School Board will present information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 are not material.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ended June 30, 2012:

County, District and School Board Non-Professional:

Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

School Board Professional:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rate of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Note 3. Contractually Required Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

County, District and School Board Non-Professional:

Non-LEOS:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	19-28 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed marked
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.25%-2.50%
Projected salary increases	3.50%-5.35%, including inflation at 2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, including inflation at 2.50%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 3. Contractually Required Contributions (Continued)

County, District and School Board Non-Professional:

LEOS:

0.01	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	19-28 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed marked
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.25%-2.50%
Projected salary increases	3.50%-4.75%, including inflation at 2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, including inflation at 2.50%

School Board Professional:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Cost-of-living adjustments Projected salary increases Investment rate of return Entry age Level percentage of payroll, closed 19-28 years 5-year smoothed marked 2.25%-2.50% 3.50%-5.95%, including inflation at 2.50% 7.0%, including inflation at 2.50%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District, a blended component unit.

<u>Countryside Sanitary District</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the Countryside Sanitary District, a blended component unit.

<u>Penn Laird Sewer Authority</u> - This fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the Penn Laird Sewer Authority, a blended component unit.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Lilly Subdivision Countryside Sanitary Sanitary District District		Penn Laird Sewer Authority	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$ 20,711		\$ 58,894
Investments	2 0 1	- 17,573		49,972
Trade and other accounts receivable, net Accrued interest	3,816	627 - 108	,	6,861 306
Total current assets	3,816	5 39,019	73,198	116,033
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land	20,600) –	-	20,600
Easements			20,631	20,631
Improvements other than buildings	596,932			2,022,921
Machinery and equipment	5,470		28,892	34,362
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(149,378	3) (70,385) (236,413)	(456,176)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated				
depreciation and amortization	473,624	235,637	933,077	1,642,338
Total noncurrent assets	473,624	235,637	933,077	1,642,338
Total assets	477,440) 274,656	1,006,275	1,758,371
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and deposits	887			2,672
Accrued interest	4,774		2,987	8,499
Advance from other funds	124,605		-	124,605
Revenue bonds	19,545	8,835	21,376	49,756
Total current liabilities	149,811	10,402	25,319	185,532
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Revenue bonds	245,262	81,941	248,160	575,363
Total noncurrent liabilities	245,262	81,941	248,160	575,363
Total liabilities	395,073	92,343	273,479	760,895
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	208,817 (126,450		663,541 69,255	1,017,219 (19,743)
Total net position	\$ 82,367	\$ 182,313	\$ 732,796	\$ 997,476

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Lilly Subdivision Countryside Sanitary Sanitary District District		Penn Laird Sewer Authority	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	29,434	\$ 15,382	\$ 10,463	\$ 55,279
Miscellaneous		50	-	3	53
Total operating revenues		29,484	15,382	10,466	55,332
Operating expenses:					
Contractual services		7,237	2,582	202	10,021
Other charges		10,637	6,910	6	17,553
Depreciation and amortization		10,820	6,120	25,289	42,229
Total operating expenses		28,694	15,612	25,497	69,803
Operating income (loss)		790	(230)	(15,031)	(14,471)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Interest revenue		393	356	1,684	2,433
Interest expense		(9,996)	(3,090)	(7,216)	(20,302)
Total nonoperating expenses, net		(9,603)	(2,734)	(5,532)	(17,869)
Change in net position		(8,813)	(2,964)	(20,563)	(32,340)
Total net position, beginning		91,180	185,277	753,359	1,029,816
Total net position, ending	\$	82,367	\$ 182,313	\$ 732,796	\$ 997,476

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	S	Lilly bdivision Sanitary District	(Countryside Sanitary District		Penn Laird Sewer Authority		Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers	\$	29,863	\$	15,377	\$	20,362	\$	65,602
Payments from (to) suppliers for goods and services		(18,083)		(9,328)		68		(27,343)
Other receipts		50		-		3		53
Net cash provided by operating activities		11,830		6,049		20,433		38,312
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Advance from other funds		17,151		-		-		17,151
Principal paid on outstanding debt		(18,961)		(8,555)		(20,815)		(48,331)
Interest paid and fiscal charges on outstanding debt		(10,414)		(3,159)		(7,447)		(21,020)
Net cash used in capital and related								
financing activities		(12,224)		(11,714)		(28,262)		(52,200)
muncing uch (Mes		(12,221)		(11,711)		(20,202)		(02,200)
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Proceeds on sale of investments, net		-		26,009		44,314		70,323
Interest received on investment securities		394		367		1,698		2,459
Net cash provided by investing activities		394		26,376		46,012		72,782
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-		20,711		38,183		58,894
Cash and Cash Equivalents: Beginning		-		-		-		
Ending	\$	-	\$	20,711	\$	38,183	\$	58,894
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	¢		•		•	(12.00)	<u>_</u>	
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	790	\$	(230)	\$	(15,031)	\$	(14,471)
Depreciation and amortization Change in assets and liabilities:		10,820		6,120		25,289		42,229
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		429		(5)		9,899		10,323
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and deposits		(209)		164		276		231
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	11,830	\$	6,049	\$	20,433	\$	38,312

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Central Stores</u> – This fund accounts for the costs of providing office supplies to various departments or agencies of the County.

<u>Self-Insurance</u> – This fund accounts for the costs associated with providing health insurance benefits to employees of the County, School Board, and Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District, and with managing claims pertaining thereto.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2017

				Total Internal
	Central		Self -	Service
	Stores Insurance			Funds
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,880	\$	6,477,653	\$ 6,485,533
Investments	6,687		5,496,260	5,502,947
Trade and other accounts receivable	4,231		4,095	8,326
Accrued interest	-		34,083	34,083
Inventory	 5,640		-	5,640
Total assets	 24,438		12,012,091	12,036,529
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	533		76,600	77,133
Unearned revenue	-		2,297,063	2,297,063
Insurance and benefit claims	 -		2,076,649	2,076,649
Total liabilities	 533		4,450,312	4,450,845
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	 23,905		7,561,779	7,585,684
Total net position	\$ 23,905	\$	7,561,779	\$ 7,585,684

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Central Stores	Self - Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 42,704	\$ 27,698,040	\$ 27,740,744
Total operating revenues	 42,704	27,698,040	27,740,744
Operating expenses:			
Contractual services	-	2,696,527	2,696,527
Risk financing and benefit payments	-	23,745,763	23,745,763
Other charges	 38,048	-	38,048
Total operating expenses	 38,048	26,442,290	26,480,338
Operating income	 4,656	1,255,750	1,260,406
Nonoperating revenue: Interest	 -	87,727	87,727
Total nonoperating revenue	 -	87,727	87,727
Change in net position	4,656	1,343,477	1,348,133
Total net position, beginning	 19,249	6,218,302	6,237,551
Total net position, ending	\$ 23,905	\$ 7,561,779	\$ 7,585,684

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Central Stores	Self - Insurance		Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 40,567	\$ 27,853,267		27,893,834
Claims and benefits paid	-	(24,185,917)		(24,185,917)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	 (37,841)	(3,232,950)		(3,270,791)
Net cash provided by operating activities	 2,726	434,400		437,126
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Proceeds on sale of investments, net	5,154	5,959,191		5,964,345
Interest received on investment securities	 -	84,062		84,062
Net cash provided by investing activities	 5,154	6,043,253		6,048,407
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	7,880	6,477,653	Internal Service Funds \$ 27,893,8 (24,185,9) (3,270,7 437,1 5,964,3 84,0 6,048,4 6,485,5 \$ 6,485,5 \$ 6,485,5 \$ 1,260,4 (1) (536,0 157,6) (440,1	6,485,533
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning	 -	-		-
Ending	\$ 7,880	\$ 6,477,653	\$	6,485,533
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by				
operating activities:				
Operating income	\$ 4,656	\$ 1,255,750	\$	1,260,406
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Increase in:	(2, 107)	(2, 122)		(4.5(0))
Accounts receivable	(2,137)	(2,432)		(4,569)
Inventory Increase (decrease) in:	(126)	-		(126)
Accounts payable	333	(536,423)		(536,090)
Unearned revenue	-	157,659		157,659
Insurance and benefit claims	 -	(440,154)		(440,154)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,726	\$ 434,400	\$	437,126

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Special Welfare</u> – This fund is used to account for assets held by the County for individuals under custody of the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District.

<u>Employee Benefits</u> – This fund is used to account for assets held by the County for employees selecting voluntary benefits through payroll deductions and benefits provided through COBRA.

<u>Bond Escrow</u> – This fund is used to account for subdivision, sediment and erosion control bonds held by the County for developers.

<u>Massanutten Technical Center</u> – This fund is used to account for assets held by the County for the Massanutten Technical Center.

<u>Emergency Medical Services</u> – This fund is used by the County to account for assets held by the County for emergency medical services billings.

<u>Soil and Water Conservation</u> – This fund is used to account for activities relating to the improvement of water quality and in conjunction with soil and water conservation.

Laird L. Conrad Law Library – This fund is used to account for the assets held by the County for the Law Library.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

								Agei	ncy l	Funds																	
							Μ	assanutten	E	mergency	S	oil and															
	;	Special	E	mployee		Bond	Т	Fechnical		Medical	1	Water	Laiı	d L Conrad													
	I	Welfare	F	Benefits	Escrow		Escrow		Center		Center Services Conservation Law		Center		Services		Services		ices Conservat		Conservation		Law Library		Law Library		Totals
ASSETS																											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,309	\$	33,586	\$	347,380	\$	475,377	\$	308,532	\$	-	\$	135,283	\$ 1,360,467												
Accounts receivable		-		-		1,073		66,630		4,786		87,254		380	160,123												
Total assets	\$	60,309	\$	33,586	\$	348,453	\$	542,007	\$	313,318	\$	87,254	\$	135,663	\$ 1,520,590												
LIABILITIES																											
Accounts payable	\$	60,309	\$	33,586	\$	348,453	\$	542,007	\$	313,318	\$	87,254	\$	135,663	\$ 1,520,590												

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017
SPECIAL WELFARE				
<u>SI LCIAL WELFARE</u>				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 54,716	\$ 82,111	\$ 76,518	\$ 60,309
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 54,716	\$ 82,111	\$ 76,518	\$ 60,309
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 140,664	\$ 459,780	\$ 566,858	\$ 33,586
Accounts receivable	 10,751	-	10,751	-
Total assets	\$ 151,415	\$ 459,780	\$ 577,609	\$ 33,586
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 151,415	\$ 459,780	\$ 577,609	\$ 33,586
BOND ESCROW				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 450,080	\$ 216,176	\$ 318,876	\$ 347,380
Accounts receivable	 1,164	1,073	1,164	1,073
Total assets	\$ 451,244	\$ 217,249	\$ 320,040	\$ 348,453
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 451,244	\$ 217,249	\$ 320,040	\$ 348,453

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance July 1,					Balance June 30,
	2016	Additions		Deductions		2017
MASSANUTTEN TECHNICAL CENTER						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 656,766 99,396	\$ 5,251,752 66,630	\$	5,433,141 99,396	\$	475,377 66,630
Total assets	\$ 756,162	\$ 5,318,382	\$	5,532,537	\$	542,007
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 756,162	\$ 5,318,382	\$	5,532,537	\$	542,007
EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 357,364 3,348	\$ 1,314,989 4,786	\$	1,363,821 3,348	\$	308,532 4,786
Total assets	\$ 360,712	\$ 1,319,775	\$	1,367,169	\$	313,318
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 360,712	\$ 1,319,775	\$	1,367,169	\$	313,318
SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION						
ASSETS						
Accounts receivable	\$ 88,799	\$ 320,455	\$	322,000	\$	87,254
LIABILITIES	\$ 88,799	\$ 320,455	\$	322,000	\$	97 751
Accounts payable	\$ 88,799	\$ 520,455	Э	522,000	Ф	87,254

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017
LAIRD L CONRAD LAW LIBRARY				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 146,879	\$ 32,426	\$ 44,022	\$ 135,283
Accounts receivable	 407	380	407	380
Total assets	\$ 147,286	\$ 32,806	\$ 44,429	\$ 135,663
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 147,286	\$ 32,806	\$ 44,429	\$ 135,663
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,806,469	\$ 7,357,234	\$ 7,803,236	\$ 1,360,467
Accounts receivable	 203,865	393,324	437,066	160,123
Total assets	\$ 2,010,334	\$ 7,750,558	\$ 8,240,302	\$ 1,520,590
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,010,334	\$ 7,750,558	\$ 8,240,302	\$ 1,520,590

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DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

<u>School Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the School Board. Financing is provided by specific allocations from the state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the primary government by the Board of Supervisors, and charges for services.

School Cafeteria Fund – This fund accounts for the centralized school cafeteria operations.

<u>School Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund accounts for financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities of the School Board, other than those financed by the Massanutten Technical Center.

<u>Massanutten Technical Center – Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Massanutten Technical Center.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD June 30, 2017

		School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	Sc	hool Capital Projects Fund	Т	Nonmajor Governmental and - Massanutten echnical Center - Operating Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,052,950	\$	1,010,946	\$	140,423	\$	257,170	\$	7,461,489
Investments		5,135,477		849,299		119,149		218,207		6,322,132
Trade and other accounts receivable		192,250		49,662		-		13,570		255,482
Accrued interest		-		4,927		-		1,159		6,086
Due from other governments		3,395,894		90,454		-		51,901		3,538,249
Prepaid items		3,343,957		188,275		-		64,810		3,597,042
Inventory		90,586		71,475		-		-		162,061
Total assets	\$	18,211,114	\$	2,265,038	\$	259,572	\$	606,817	\$	21,342,541
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	1,304,045	\$	57,098	\$	3,362,431	\$	72,772	\$	4,796,346
Accrued payroll		16,907,069		483,850		2,169		334,045		17,727,133
Due to other governments		-		-		-		200,000		200,000
Total liabilities		18,211,114		540,948		3,364,600		606,817		22,723,479
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items		3,343,957		188,275		-		64,810		3,597,042
Inventory		90,586		71,475		-		-		162,061
Assigned to:										
Cafeteria		-		1,464,340		-		-		1,464,340
Unassigned		(3,434,543)		-		(3,105,028)		(64,810)		(6,604,381)
Total fund balances (deficits)		-		1,724,090		(3,105,028)		-		(1,380,938)
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	\$	18,211,114	\$	2,265,038	\$	259,572	\$	606,817	\$	21,342,541
Total fund balances (deficits)									\$	(1,380,938)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net I Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financi are not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation and amortization Net capital assets							\$	282,912,468 (153,309,347)		129,603,121
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan represents a consumpt and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the gove			that	applies to a f	uture	e period				18,223,469
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of			oth	er department	s					10,223,407
or funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are i activities in the Statement of Net Position.	ncluc	ded in governm	nent	al						3,909,013
Long-term due from other government - pension plan Long-term due from other government - other postemployment bene	fits							2,176,965 74,891		
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period ar therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	nd,									2,251,856
Compensated absences								(3,287,848)		
Other postemployment benefits								(9,339,622)		
Net pension liability								(117,768,632)	(130,396,102)
Deferred inflows of resources - pension plan represents an acquisition are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the government			at aj	pplies to a fut	ure p	period and				(4,426,036)
Net position of governmental activities								-	\$	17,784,383

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD Year Ended June 30, 2017

	School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	Scl	nool Capital Projects Fund	Fun Tec	Nonmajor overnmental d - Massanutten hnical Center - perating Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Appropriation from Primary Government Intergovernmental	\$ 27,561 2,942,127 513,874 56,271,432 68,768,339		11,731 1,994,181 - 3,421,109	\$	1,927 - 4,690,262	\$	3,013 660,233 29,053 - 4,526,687	\$	44,232 5,596,541 542,927 60,961,694 76,716,135
Total revenues	128,523,333		5,427,021		4,692,189		5,218,986		143,861,529
Expenditures: Current: Education Capital outlay	128,518,178		5,243,995		7,876,933		5,218,986		138,981,159 7,876,933
Total expenditures	128,518,178		5,243,995		7,876,933		5,218,986		146,858,092
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	5,155		183,026		(3,184,744)		-		(2,996,563)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(5,155	/	5,155		-		-		5,155 (5,155)
Other financing sources (uses)	(5,155)	5,155		-		-		
Net change in fund balances		•	188,181		(3,184,744)		-		(2,996,563)
Fund balances, beginning			1,535,909		79,716		-		1,615,625
Fund balances (deficits), ending	\$ -	\$	1,724,090	\$	(3,105,028)	\$	-	\$	(1,380,938)
Net change in fund balances								\$	(2,996,563)
Reconciliation of amounts reported for governmental activitie Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives an This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization Expenditure for capital assets Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital of	However, in the Si d reported as depre were more than cap utlays	aterr ciatio	nent of Activiti	ation	expense.	\$	8,428,049 (8,752,935)		(324,886)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involv (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to increase net positio									165,805
Due from other government - pension plan Long-term due from other government - other postemployn	ent benefits						200,851 13,308		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan contributions	subsequent to mea	sure	ment date						214,159 (143,024)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do n therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Pension expense	ot require the use o			esou	rces and,		181,290 (924,726) (1,109,090)		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge th funds. The net income of the internal service funds are rep Total revenues Total expenses				al			20,839,325 (19,831,718)		(1,852,526)
							(17,001,710)		1,007,607
Change in net position of governmental a	octivities							\$	(3,929,428)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD

School Activity Fund – This fund accounts for the activity funds at each individual school.

<u>Massanutten Technical Center Activity Fund</u> – This fund accounts for activities to raise funds for school use. The Massanutten Technical Center Funds are under control of the Massanutten Technical Center Board of Control appointed by the Rockingham County School Board and Harrisonburg City School Board.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SCHOOL BOARD – FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Agency Funds								
			N	Aassanutten					
				Technical					
		School		Center					
		Activity		Activity					
	Funds Fu					Totals			
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,667,555	\$	87,459	\$	1,755,014			
Accounts receivable		26,633		1,197		27,830			
Total assets	\$	1,694,188	\$	88,656	\$	1,782,844			
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	1,694,188	\$	88,656	\$	1,782,844			
Total liabilities	\$	1,694,188	\$	88,656	\$	1,782,844			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES SCHOOL BOARD – ALL AGENCY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Balance July 1, 2016		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2017
SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,558,341	\$	4,239,010	\$	4,129,796	\$	1,667,555
Accounts receivable		17,167		26,633		17,167		26,633
Total assets	\$	1,575,508	\$	4,265,643	\$	4,146,963	\$	1,694,188
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,575,508	\$	4,265,643	\$	4,146,963	\$	1,694,188
MASSANUTTEN TECHNICAL CENTER ACTIVITY FUND								
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	113,096	\$	184,293	¢	209,930	\$	87,459
Accounts receivable	Ф	6,431	Ф	1,197	φ	209,930 6,431	Ф	87,439 1,197
Total assets	\$	119,527	\$	185,490	\$	216,361	\$	88,656
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	119,527	\$	185,490	\$	216,361	\$	88,656
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,671,437	\$	4,423,303	\$	4,339,726	\$	1,755,014
Accounts receivable		23,598		27,830		23,598		27,830
Total assets	\$	1,695,035	\$	4,451,133	\$	4,363,324	\$	1,782,844
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,695,035	\$	4,451,133	\$	4,363,324	\$	1,782,844

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – HARRISONBURG-ROCKINGHAM SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT

<u>Social Services Operating Fund</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Social Services District. Financing is provided by specific allocations from state and federal governments, by appropriation from the General Fund of the County by the Board of Supervisors and by the City of Harrisonburg.

<u>Special Revenue Fund – Children's Services Act (CSA)</u> – This fund is used to account for funds designated for the CSA program.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – HARRISONBURG-ROCKINGHAM SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT June 30, 2017

	Operating Fund		Special Revenue Children's Services Act Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Trade and other accounts receivable Accrued interest Due from other governments	\$ 2,001,085 1,697,912 6,698 11,630 1,281,800	\$	140,835 16,400 1,083,250	\$	2,001,085 1,838,747 23,098 11,630 2,365,050
Prepaid items	 151,385	¢	3,841	¢	155,226
Total assets	\$ 5,150,510	\$	1,244,326	\$	6,394,836
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$ 209,240 257,950	\$	875,136 6,414	\$	1,084,376 264,364
Total liabilities	 467,190		881,550		1,348,740
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid items Restricted for minority interest Assigned to: Social services	151,385 1,858,093 2,673,842		3,841 161,520 197,415		155,226 2,019,613 2,871,257
Total fund balances	 4,683,320		362,776		5,046,096
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,150,510	\$	1,244,326	\$	6,394,836
Fund balances				\$	5,046,096
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds. Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation and amortization Net capital assets		\$	3,257,160 (890,844)		2,366,316
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan represents a consumption of net position the period and are not recognized as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental func-	oplies to a futur	e			1,133,373
Long-term due from other government - pension plan Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits			1,375,762 296,374		1,672,136
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits			(43,503) (592,748)		-,
Net pension liability		1	(2,751,524)		(a a a - - - -
Deferred inflows of resources - pension plan represents an acquisition of net position that	lies to a future				(3,387,775)
period and are not recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds					(44,316)
Net position of governmental activities				\$	6,785,830

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – HARRISONBURG-ROCKINGHAM SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Operating Fund	 Special Revenue Children's Services Act Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	\$	31,076	\$ 1,010	\$	32,086
Miscellaneous		1,675,544	1,869,890		3,545,434
Appropriation from Primary Government		2,339,956	2,256,559		4,596,515
Intergovernmental		11,913,137	5,215,483		17,128,620
Total revenues		15,959,713	9,342,942		25,302,655
Expenditures:					
Current: Health and social services		14 067 202	0 5 9 1 9 1 7		24 540 020
Health and social services		14,967,203	9,581,817		24,549,020
Total expenditures		14,967,203	9,581,817		24,549,020
Net change in fund balances		992,510	(238,875)		753,635
Fund balances, beginning		3,690,810	601,651		4,292,461
Fund balances, ending	\$	4,683,320	\$ 362,776	\$	5,046,096
Net change in fund balances				\$	753,635
Reconciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statem Activities:	ent of				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estim useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is by which depreciation and amortization exceeded capital outlays in the cur Expenditure for capital assets Less depreciation and amortization expense Excess of depreciation and amortization over capital outlays	nated s the ar		\$ 42,681 (127,670)		(84,989)
Due from other government - pension plan			437,887		
Long-term due from other government - other postemployment benefits			18,642		
			 - •,• · -		456,529
Deferred outflows of resources - pension plan contributions subsequent to	measu	rement date			85,898
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the u current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures governmental funds.					
Compensated absences			(678)		
Other postemployment benefits			(37,284)		
Pension expense			 9,131		/# = = · ·
					(28,831)
Change in net position of governmental activities				\$	1,182,242

NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

<u>Economic Development Authority</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Economic Development Authority.

<u>Rockingham County Recreation Foundation</u> – This fund accounts for the general operations of the Rockingham County Recreation Foundation.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2017

						Total		
					Nonmajor			
			Ro	ckingham	Discretely Presented			
	Ec	onomic	(County				
	Deve	elopment	Re	ecreation	Co	omponent		
	Au	uthority	Fo	undation	Units			
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,209	\$	43,641	\$	46,850		
Investments		2,724		-		2,724		
Accounts receivable		3,019		-		3,019		
Total assets	\$	8,952	\$	43,641	\$	52,593		
NET POSITION								
Unrestricted	\$	8,952	\$	43,641	\$	52,593		
Total net position	\$	8,952	\$	43,641	\$	52,593		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Econor Develop Author	ment	Rockingham County Recreation Foundation	,	Total Nonmajor Discretely Presented Component Units
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1	0,000	\$	- \$	10,000
Miscellaneous - gifts and donations		-	73,22	[73,221
Total operating revenues	1	0,000	73,22	[83,221
Operating expenditures:					
Parks and recreation		-	29,580)	29,580
Economic development	1,41	6,948		-	1,416,948
Total operating expenditures	1,41	6,948	29,580)	1,446,528
Operating income (loss)	(1,40	6,948)	43,64	l	(1,363,307)
Nonoperating revenues:					
Revenue from use of money		37		-	37
Income (loss) before capital grants and contributions	(1,40	06,911)	43,64	l	(1,363,270)
Capital grants and contributions	1,41	2,058		-	1,412,058
Change in net position		5,147	43,64	l	48,788
Net position, beginning		3,805		-	3,805
Net position, ending	\$	8,952	\$ 43,64	l \$	52,593

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Economic Developmen Authority				Total Nonmajor Discretely Presented Component Units
Cash flows from operating activities:	^		•	.	
Receipts from customers	\$	9,999	\$ -	\$	9,999
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Other (payments) receipts		(1,424,608)	(29,580)		(29,580)
Net cash provided by (used in)		(1,424,698)	73,221		(1,351,477)
operating activities		(1,414,699)	43,641		(1,371,058)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:					
Intergovernmental - grants		1,412,058	-		1,412,058
Net cash provided by capital and related					
financing activities		1,412,058	-		1,412,058
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchase of investments, net		(2,724)	-		(2,724)
Interest received on investment securities		37	-		37
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,687)	-		(2,687)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(5,328)	43,641		38,313
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning		8,537	-		8,537
Ending	\$	3,209	\$ 43,641	\$	46,850
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,406,948)	\$ 43,641	\$	(1,363,307)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to					
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Decrease in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		2,999	-		2,999
Unearned revenue		(3,000)	-		(3,000)
Accounts payable and deposits		(7,750)	-		(7,750)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(1,414,699)	\$ 43,641	\$	(1,371,058)

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted		Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government: General Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
General property taxes:	¢ 52,420,000	¢ 52.420.000 ¢	52 964 502	¢ 424.502
Real property taxes	\$ 53,430,000	\$ 53,430,000 \$	53,864,502	\$ 434,502
Real and personal public service	2 4 40 000	2 4 4 9 9 9 9	2 2 00 <i>4</i> 4	(151.005)
corporation property taxes	2,440,000	2,440,000	2,288,665	(151,335)
Personal property taxes	13,387,500	13,387,500	14,923,239	1,535,739
Machinery and tools taxes	8,425,000	8,425,000	8,186,509	(238,491)
Merchants' capital taxes	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,397,162	147,162
Penalties and interest	630,000	630,000	799,580	169,580
Total general property taxes	79,562,500	79,562,500	81,459,657	1,897,157
Other local taxes:				
Local sales and use taxes	5,800,000	5,800,000	6,324,892	524,892
Consumer utility taxes	1,081,300	1,081,300	1,058,481	(22,819)
Utility gross receipts taxes	400,000	400,000	351,829	(48,171
Bank stock taxes	60,000	60,000	98,871	38,871
Motor vehicle licenses	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,278,070	28,070
Taxes on recordation and wills	1,020,000	1,020,000	957,414	(62,586
Hotel and motel room taxes	230,000	230,000	258,516	28,516
Food and beverage taxes	1,150,000	1,150,000	1,155,637	5,637
Total other local taxes	10,991,300	10,991,300	11,483,710	492,410
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses:				
Animal licenses	23,000	23,000	20,833	(2,167)
Permits and other licenses	1,287,230	1,287,230	1,709,226	421,996
Total permits, privilege fees and				
regulatory licenses	1,310,230	1,310,230	1,730,059	419,829
		, ,	, ,	,
Fines and forfeitures	111,500	111,500	160,451	48,951
Use of money and property:				
Revenue from use of money	105,000	105,000	(133,624)	(238,624)
Revenue from use of property	1,378,502	1,378,502	1,146,626	(231,876)
Total use of money and property	1,483,502	1,483,502	1,013,002	(470,500)

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actual			ariance with inal Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	 Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Charges for services:							
Excess fees of clerk	\$ 533,000	\$	533,000	\$	546,205	\$	13,205
Commonwealth attorney	207,000		207,000		206,921		(79)
Law enforcement and traffic control	345,607		354,107		275,931		(78,176)
EMS transport	510,000		510,000		464,483		(45,517)
Correction and detention	870,500		870,500		719,399		(151,101)
Parks and recreation	819,500		819,500		863,175		43,675
Computer services	2,000		2,000		1,768		(232)
Health	2,500		2,500		18,565		16,065
Garage fees	625,000		625,000		547,299		(77,701)
Planning and community development	 1,500		1,500		1,855		355
Total charges for services	 3,916,607		3,925,107		3,645,601		(279,506)
Miscellaneous	 272,822		329,922		586,349		256,427
Recovered costs:							
City of Harrisonburg:							
Judicial administration	549,124		553,250		510,401		(42,849)
Public safety	3,885,222		3,914,418		3,611,242		(303,176)
Public works	578,954		583,304		538,127		(45,177)
Other entities:	,		,		,		())
Public safety	 382,943		382,943		298,085		(84,858)
Total recovered costs	 5,396,243		5,433,915		4,957,855		(476,060)
Total revenue from local sources	 103,044,704		103,147,976		105,036,684		1,888,708
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Non-categorical aid:							
Communications sales and use taxes	1,600,000		1,600,000		1,503,643		(96,357)
Mobile home titling taxes	80,000		80,000		76,088		(3,912)
Rental vehicle taxes	9,000		9,000		7,371		(1,629)
Personal property tax relief	6,000,000		6,000,000		5,722,793		(277,207)
Recordation taxes	 300,000		300,000		300,693		693
Total non-categorical aid	 7,989,000		7,989,000		7,610,588		(378,412)

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:				
General Fund:				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Shared costs:				
Commonwealth attorney	\$ 924,600	\$ 924,600	\$ 898,897	\$ (25,703)
Sheriff	6,028,200	6,028,200	5,843,556	(184,644)
Commissioner of the revenue	201,100	201,100	198,662	(2,438)
Treasurer	183,700	183,700	180,591	(3,109)
Registrar/Electoral Board	50,000	50,000	46,980	(3,020)
Clerk of circuit court	589,100	867,628	678,636	(188,992)
Jail operations	403,000	403,000	516,175	113,175
Total shared costs	8,379,700	8,658,228	8,363,497	(294,731)
Other categorical aid:				
Emergency medical services	80,000	80,000	78,134	(1,866)
Community corrections	430,494	430,494	431,440	946
Fire program	173,000	173,000	186,702	13,702
Hazardous materials program	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
Victim witness	44,697	44,697	42,281	(2,416)
Records preservation	-	18,038	30,625	12,587
Domestic violence	40,000	40,000	45,000	5,000
OEMS training	1,500	1,500	-	(1,500)
Other	-	265,000	270,546	5,546
Total other categorical aid	779,691	1,062,729	1,094,728	31,999
Total categorical aid	9,159,391	9,720,957	9,458,225	(262,732)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	17,148,391	17,709,957	17,068,813	(641,144)
Revenue from the federal government: Non-categorical aid:				
Payment for federal lands	396,000	396,000	440,081	44,081

								/ariance with Final Budget
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual		Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:	¢	124 000	¢	124.000	¢	10 (00 4	•	(= 00.0)
Victim witness	\$	134,090	\$	134,090	\$	126,994	\$	(7,096)
FEMA		19,022		19,022		18,094		(928)
Highway safety		35,127		35,127		34,872		(255)
Welfare		180,000		180,000		237,994		57,994
Behavioral health		41,664		41,664		51,349		9,685
Domestic violence coordinator		22,520		22,520		21,171		(1,349
SAFER		454,928		454,928		213,496		(241,432
Edward Byrne crisis intervention		15,062		15,062		15,280		218
State criminal alien assistance		-		-		19,400		19,400
Incarceration		5,000		5,000		200		(4,800
Assistance to firefighters		-		679,153		679,153		-
Other		-		1,371		1,371		-
Total categorical aid		907,413		1,587,937		1,419,374		(168,563
Total revenue from the federal government		1,303,413		1,983,937		1,859,455		(124,482
Total intergovernmental		18,451,804		19,693,894		18,928,268		(765,626)
Total General Fund	\$	121,496,508	\$	122,841,870	\$	123,964,952	\$	1,123,082
Special Revenue Fund:								
Asset Forfeiture Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Fines and forfeitures:								
Seized funds - judicial administration	\$	17,900	\$	17,900	\$	40,944	\$	23,044
Seized funds - public safety		17,900	+	17,900	*	39,001	-	21,101
Total fines and forfeitures		35,800		35,800		79,945		44,145
Revenue from use of money		-		-		2,150		2,150
Total revenue from local sources		35,800		35,800		82,095		46,295
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Seized funds - judicial administration		40,050		40,050		7,499		(32,551
Seized funds - public safety		40,050		40,050		12,320		(27,730)
Total intergovernmental		80,100		80,100		19,819		(60,281)
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$	115,900	\$	115,900	\$	101,914	\$	(13,986)
roun operative chur runu	*	110,000	¥	. 10,700	¥	101,714	Ŷ	(15,500

								ariance with Final Budget
		Budgeted	Amo		-	Actual		Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government:								
Capital Projects Fund:								
General Capital Projects Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:	¢	100.000	¢	100.000	^	0.6.0.1.1	¢	(2.650)
Revenue from use of money	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	96,344	\$	(3,656)
Miscellaneous		1,100,000		1,100,000		41,486		(1,058,514)
Total revenue from local sources		1,200,000		1,200,000		137,830		(1,062,170)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
VDOT Revenue Sharing		3,175,000		3,175,000		306,062		(2,868,938)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		3,175,000		3,175,000		306,062		(2,868,938)
Total intergovernmental		3,175,000		3,175,000		306,062		(2,868,938)
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$	4,375,000	\$	4,375,000	\$	443,892	\$	(3,931,108)
Grand Total Revenues - Primary Government	\$	125,987,408	\$	127,332,770	\$	124,510,758	\$	(2,822,012)
Major Component Units:								
Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of property	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	27,561	\$	(2,439)
Charges for services		2,736,000		2,736,000		2,942,127		206,127
Miscellaneous		370,000		370,000		513,874		143,874
Appropriation from Primary Government		59,353,791		59,353,791		56,271,432		(3,082,359)
Total revenue from local sources		62,489,791		62,489,791		59,754,994		(2,734,797)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2017

	T)	J A		A - 41		Variance with Final Budget	
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Origii	Budgetee	u Am	Final	Actual Amount		Over (Under)	
Major Component Units:	Oligii	141		1 mai	Anoun	.5	(Older)	•
Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Non-categorical aid:								
Rolling stock tax	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$ 5	77,475	\$ 7,475	
Roning stock are		70,000	Ψ	70,000	ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$ 7,175	•
Categorical aid:								
State sales tax receipts	13,7	32,258		13,732,258	13,46	51,843	(270,415)	
Basic school aid	32,0	012,674		32,012,674	32,02	27,456	14,782	
Other state school funds	18,4	81,815		18,481,815	18,38	30,900	(100,915)	_
Total categorical aid	64.7	226,747		64,226,747	63.87	70,199	(356,548)	
Total categorical and		20,747		04,220,747	05,01	,177	(550,540)	•
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	64,2	296,747		64,296,747	63,94	47,674	(349,073)	_
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Title I	1,5	50,000		1,550,000	1,66	64,876	114,876	
Title VIB		185,000		2,485,000	2,44	14,723	(40,277)	
Other school funds	(513,000		613,000	71	11,066	98,066	_
Total revenue from the federal government	4.0	548,000		4,648,000	4,82	20,665	172,665	
C C		,				,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-
Total intergovernmental	68,9	944,747		68,944,747	68,76	58,339	(176,408)	-
Total School Operating Fund	131,4	134,538		131,434,538	128,52	23,333	(2,911,205)	_
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money		8,000		8,000	1	11,731	3,731	
Charges for services	2,1	41,293		2,141,293		94,181	(147,112)	
		,		, ,		, -		•
Total revenue from local sources	2,1	49,293		2,149,293	2,00	05,912	(143,381)	-
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant		90,000		90,000	14	49,589	59,589	
	-	,		,		,	,	-

Page 6

				Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted A		Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Major Component Units:				
Component Unit - School Board:				
School Cafeteria Fund:				
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
School food program	\$ 3,157,653 \$	3,157,653 \$	3,271,520 \$	113,867
Total intergovernmental	3,247,653	3,247,653	3,421,109	173,456
Total School Cafeteria Fund	5,396,946	5,396,946	5,427,021	30,075
School Capital Projects Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money	-	-	1,927	1,927
Miscellaneous	3,635,000	3,635,000	-	(3,635,000
Appropriation from Primary Government	205,000	4,690,262	4,690,262	
Total revenue from local sources	3,840,000	8,325,262	4,692,189	(3,633,073
Total School Capital Projects Fund	3,840,000	8,325,262	4,692,189	(3,633,073
Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money	_	-	3,013	3,013
Charges for services	644,100	644,100	660,233	16,133
Miscellaneous	6,000	6,000	23,553	17,553
House project	35,000	35,000	5,500	(29,500
Total revenue from local sources	685,100	685,100	692,299	7,199
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth	539,680	539,680	387,748	(151,932
Revenue from the federal government	224,146	224,146	251,501	27,355
Local governments:				
Appropriation from Rockingham County School Board	3,250,171	3,250,171	3,091,139	(159,032
Appropriation from the City of Harrisonburg	837,267	837,267	796,299	(40,968
Total local governments	4,087,438	4,087,438	3,887,438	(200,000
Total intergovernmental	4,851,264	4,851,264	4,526,687	(324,577
Total Maganuttan T-shiish Contar				
Total Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund	5,536,364	5,536,364	5,218,986	(317,378
Total Revenues - Component Unit - School Board	\$ 146,207,848 \$	150,693,110 \$	143,861,529 \$	6,831,581

				Variance with Final Budget
				Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Final Buggeted Amounts Actual Ove Source Original Final Actual Mounts Ove ngham $$$ - \$ 31,076 \$ 1,700,539 1,685,853 1,625,258 0 43,592 43,343 50,286 0 1,744,131 1,729,196 1,675,544 0 - 1,744,131 1,729,196 1,675,544 0 - - 4,084,087 4,049,816 4,046,576 Idsources 4,084,087 4,049,816 4,046,576 0 Idsources 4,084,087 7,495,917 4,961,568 (2,5) Idsources 4,084,087 7,495,917 4,961,568 (2,5) Inth: - - - (2,5) intro: - 7,251,512 7,495,917 4,961,568 (2,5) intro: - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(Under)		
Major Component Units:				
Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham				
Social Services District:				
Operating Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:	ф	n d	21.07(¢ 21.07(
Revenue from use of money	\$ - 3	> - 3	5 31,076	\$ 31,076
Miscellaneous:				
City of Harrisonburg share	1 700 539	1 685 853	1 625 258	(60,595)
Other				6,943
		15,515	50,200	0,715
Total miscellaneous	1,744,131	1,729,196	1,675,544	(53,652)
Appropriation from the Primary Government	2,339,956	2,320,620	2,339,956	19,336
			· · ·	
Total revenue from local sources	4,084,087	4,049,816	4,046,576	(3,240)
Intergovernmental:				
Revenue from the Commonwealth:				
Categorical aid:				
Social services administration:				
Public assistance and administration	7,251,512	7,495,917	4,961,568	(2,534,349)
Virginia department of juvenile justice:				
Virginia juvenile community crime control				
act grant	84,404	86,831	83,534	(3,297)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	7.335.916	7.582.748	5.045.102	(2,537,646)
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7,002,710	0,010,102	(2,007,010)
Revenue from the federal government:				
Categorical aid:				
Social services administration:				
Welfare	6,383,049	6,687,411	6,868,035	180,624
Total intergovernmental	13,718,965	14,270,159	11,913,137	(2,357,022)
Total Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social				
Services District - Operating Fund	17.803.052	18.319.975	15,959,713	(2,360,262)
	.,,.	-))		())-/
Special Revenue Fund:				
Children's Services Act Fund:				
Revenue from local sources:				
Revenue from use of money	-	-	1,010	1,010
Miscellaneous:				
City of Harrisonburg share			1,869,890	-
Appropriation from the Primary Government	1,526,075	2,256,559	2,256,559	
Total revenue from local sources	3,395,965	4,126,449	4,127,459	1,010
i our revenue irom iotar sources	5,575,705	7,120,777	т,127,т37	1,010

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2017

							ariance with inal Budget
	Budgeted .	Amou	ints		Actual	1	Over
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	 Original		Final	F Actual Amounts	(Under)		
Special Revenue Fund:							
Children's Services Act Fund:							
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Social services administration:							
Children's Services Act	\$ 5,839,185	\$	5,839,185	\$	4,853,378	\$	(985,807)
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Social services administration:							
Children's Services Act	 -		-		362,105		362,105
Total intergovernmental	5,839,185		5,839,185		5,215,483		(623,702)
C C	 						<u>`</u>
Total Children's Services Act Fund	 9,235,150		9,965,634		9,342,942		(622,692)
Total Revenues - Component Unit -							
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social							
Services District	\$ 27,038,202	\$	28,285,609	\$	25,302,655	\$	(2,982,954)

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				Variance with Final Budget
	 Budgeted A		Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:				
General Fund:				
General government administration:				
Legislative:				
Board of Supervisors	\$ 190,377 \$	190,377	\$ 178,167	\$ (12,210)
General and financial:				
Executive administration	608,981	608,981	431,206	(177,775)
Legal services	508,749	508,749	518,842	10,093
Independent auditor and actuarial services	94,500	94,500	83,000	(11,500)
Commissioner of the revenue	638,523	638,523	624,107	(14,416)
Reassessment and equalization	359,160	359,160	240,912	(118,248)
Treasurer	591,673	591,673	570,996	(20,677)
Fiscal services	876,043	876,043	995,010	118,967
Human resources	300,583	300,583	279,844	(20,739)
Technology	1,261,201	1,268,101	1,175,245	(92,856)
Land use assessment	71,847	71,847	61,480	(10,367)
Central switchboard	 48,391	48,391	66,993	18,602
Total general and financial	 5,359,651	5,366,551	5,047,635	(318,916)
Board of elections:				
Electoral board and officials	104,838	104,838	155,112	50,274
Registrar	 166,954	166,954	162,546	(4,408)
Total board of elections	 271,792	271,792	317,658	45,866
Total general government administration	 5,821,820	5,828,720	5,543,460	(285,260)
Judicial administration:				
Courts:				
Circuit court	234,792	284,792	260,972	(23,820)
General district court	34,035	34,035	25,462	(8,573)
Magistrate	9,800	9,800	9,455	(345)
Juvenile and domestic relations court	36,250	36,250	26,414	(9,836)
Clerk of the circuit court	990,609	1,287,175	1,180,911	(106,264)
Department of court services	 717,072	723,372	714,822	(8,550)
Total courts	 2,022,558	2,375,424	2,218,036	(157,388)
Commonwealth attorney	 1,931,036	1,931,036	1,938,667	7,631
Total judicial administration	 3,953,594	4,306,460	4,156,703	(149,757)

			Variance with Final Budget	
		d Amounts	Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original	Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:				
General Fund:				
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control:				
Sheriff	\$ 6,681,548	\$ 6,779,826	\$ 6,367,095	\$ (412,731)
Silenin	\$ 0,081,548	\$ 0,779,820	\$ 0,307,095	\$ (412,731)
Fire and rescue services:				
Fire department	6,405,488	6,489,523	6,293,360	(196,163)
Volunteer fire companies	1,544,627	2,291,695	2,186,066	(105,629)
Ambulance and rescue squads	302,865	389,390	303,821	(85,569)
Fire extinction service	20,962	20,962	19,984	(978)
Total fire and rescue services	8,273,942	9,191,570	8,803,231	(388,339)
Correction and detention:				
County operated institutions	11,084,666	11,084,666	10,333,406	(751,260)
Building inspections	647,920	647,920	637,050	(10,870)
Other protection:				
Animal control	413,817	413,817	408,453	(5,364)
Emergency services	2,066,848	2,066,848	2,085,208	18,360
Total other protection	2,480,665	2,480,665	2,493,661	12,996
Total public safety	29,168,741	30,184,647	28,634,443	(1,550,204)
Public works:				
General administration	126,674	126,674	140,160	13,486
Garage operations	662,767	662,767	679,010	16,243
Maintenance:				
General properties	957,083	957,083	416,653	(540,430)
Courthouse	390,778	390,778	399,573	8,795
School office building	179,675	179,675	171,315	(8,360)
Extension/central garage building	57,932	57,932	59,509	1,577
Human Services/Health department building	220,448	220,448	212,986	(7,462)
TV translator system	-	-	7,380	7,380
County administration complex	403,791	403,791	314,117	(89,674)
District courts	334,829	334,829	372,207	37,378
Sheriff department	316,732	316,732	180,585	(136,147)
Recreational facilities	539,330	539,330	117,267	(422,063)
Research and technology center		-	37,394	37,394
Total public works	4,190,039	4,190,039	3,108,156	(1,081,883)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND MAJOR DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS – SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Variance with Final Budget		
		Budgete	ed Amo		Actual	Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original		Final	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:						
General Fund:						
Health and social services:						
Health:	<u>^</u>		â		• • • • • • •	* (*** co**
Supplement to local health department	\$	658,311	\$	658,311	\$ 629,629	\$ (28,682)
Mental health and mental retardation:		500 510		5 00 5 10	500 510	
Community Services Board		798,710		798,710	798,710	-
Social services:						
Property tax relief for elderly/handicapped		360,000		360,000	434,348	74,348
Appropriation to the Harrisonburg-Rockingham						
Social Services District		3,866,031		4,577,179	4,596,515	19,336
Change in investment in the Harrisonburg-Rockingham						
Social Services District		-		-	(474,909)	(474,909
Institutional care		187,274		187,274	187,276	2
Total health and social services		5,870,326		6,581,474	6,171,569	(409,905
Education:						
Appropriation to the Rockingham						
County School Board		59,353,791		63,839,053	60,756,694	(3,082,359
Total education		59,353,791		63,839,053	60,756,694	(3,082,359
Parks, recreation and cultural:						
Parks and recreation:						
Administration		229,677		229,677	223,616	(6,061
Maintenance		-		-	7	7
Athletic events/programs		1,363,268		1,363,268	1,327,349	(35,919
Total parks and recreation		1,592,945		1,592,945	1,550,972	(41,973
Cultural:						
Regional library		814,882		814,882	814,882	
Total parks, recreation and cultural		2,407,827		2,407,827	2,365,854	(41,973
Community development:						
Planning and community development		670,691		670,691	653,501	(17,190
Geographic information systems		158,771		158,771	135,106	(23,665
Economic development		1,639,754		2,264,754	2,256,001	(8,753
Soil and water conservation district		34,000		54,000	54,000	
Cooperative extension program		133,288		133,288	121,210	(12,078
Environmental management		186,655		186,655	200,426	13,771
Contributions, grants and other		1,103,394		1,083,242	539,547	(543,695

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								ariance with inal Budget
		Budgete	ed Ar		-	Actual		Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Debt service:								
Principal:	\$	1 070 540	¢	1 070 540	¢	1 950 420	¢	(120,110)
County School Board	Э	1,970,540 5,958,636	3	1,970,540 5,958,636	Э	1,850,430 5,958,636	2	(120,110)
School Board		3,938,030		5,958,050		3,938,030		
Total principal		7,929,176		7,929,176		7,809,066		(120,110)
Interest and fiscal charges:								
County		375,959		375,959		370,181		(5,778)
School Board		3,190,329		3,190,329		3,188,779		(1,550)
								· · · · ·
Total interest and fiscal charges		3,566,288		3,566,288		3,558,960		(7,328)
Total debt service		11,495,464		11,495,464		11,368,026		(127,438)
Total General Fund	\$	126,188,155	\$	133,385,085	\$	126,064,696	\$	(7,320,389)
Special Revenue Fund:								
Asset Forfeiture Fund:								
Judicial administration:								
Commonwealth attorney	\$	65,660	\$	65,660	\$	31,287	\$	(34,373)
Public safety:								
Law enforcement		50,240		50,240		31,319		(18,921)
Total Asset Forfeiture Fund		115,900		115,900		62,606		(53,294)
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$	115,900	\$	115,900	\$	62,606	\$	(53,294)
General Capital Projects Fund:								
Capital projects	\$	8,988,458	\$	20,227,742	\$	3,894,304	¢	(16,333,438)
Education:	Φ	0,700,450	ψ	20,227,742	φ	5,674,504	φ	(10,555,458)
Appropriation to the Rockingham								
County School Board		205,000		205,000		205,000		-
		<i>.</i>		<i>,</i>		,		
Total General Capital Projects Fund	\$	9,193,458	\$	20,432,742	\$	4,099,304	\$	(16,333,438)
Grand Total Expenditures - Primary								
Government	\$	135,497,513	\$	153,933,727	\$	130,226,606	\$	(23,707,121)

	Budgete	d Am	ounts	Actual	ariance with inal Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	 Original		Final	Amounts	(Under)
Major Component Units:	-				
Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Education:					
Instruction	\$ 102,265,268	\$	103,612,286	\$ 100,684,605	\$ (2,927,681)
Administration, attendance and health	6,557,556		5,525,406	5,672,265	146,859
Pupil transportation services	9,745,644		9,430,776	9,508,224	77,448
Operation and maintenance services	 12,866,070		12,866,070	12,653,084	(212,986)
Total School Operating Fund	 131,434,538		131,434,538	128,518,178	(2,916,360)
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services	 5,396,946		5,396,946	5,243,995	(152,951)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	 5,396,946		5,396,946	5,243,995	(152,951)
School Capital Projects Fund:					
Capital projects	 3,849,500		8,334,762	7,876,933	(457,829)
Total School Capital Projects Fund	 3,849,500		8,334,762	7,876,933	(457,829)
Massanutten Technical Center - Operating Fund:					
Education:					
Secondary	4,366,475		4,366,475	4,197,307	(169,168)
Continuing education	1,169,889		1,169,889	1,021,679	(148,210)
Total Massanutten Technical Center -					
Operating Fund	 5,536,364		5,536,364	5,218,986	 (317,378)
Total Expenditures - Component Unit -					
School Board	\$ 146,217,348	\$	150,702,610	\$ 146,858,092	\$ (3,844,518)

								ariance with inal Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Over	
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)	
Major Component Units:									
Component Unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham									
Social Services District:									
Operating Fund:									
Social services:									
Public assistance	\$	9,240,664	\$	9,803,502	\$	6,816,763	\$	(2,986,739)	
Administration:									
Welfare		8,472,089		8,423,747		8,020,588		(403,159)	
Virginia juvenile community crime control act grant		84,404		86,831		87,171		340	
Capital projects		5,895		5,895		42,681		36,786	
Total Operating Fund		17,803,052		18,319,975		14,967,203		(3,352,772)	
Special Revenue Fund:									
Children's Services Act Fund:									
Children's Services Act		9,235,150		10,204,511		9,581,817		(622,694)	
Total Children's Services Act Fund		9,235,150		10,204,511			(622,694)		
Total Expenditures - Component Unit -									
Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	\$	27,038,202	\$	28,524,486	\$	24,549,020	\$	(3,975,466)	

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

The statistical section of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	2-6
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax, as well as other revenue sources.	7-11
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	12-14
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	15-16
Operating Information These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	17-19

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

STATISTICAL SECTION Comments Relative to Statistical Section

Table 1

The following statistical table recommended by the National Council on Governmental Accounting is not included for the reason stated below:

The table showing legal debt margin is omitted because counties in the State of Virginia are not subject to the 10% legal debt margin as cities and towns are.

NET POSITION / ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

						Fiscal Year Ju	ine 30,				
		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Primary government:											
Governmental activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	34,024,527 \$	33,331,094 \$	31,494,506 \$	31,571,104 \$	· · · · ·	34,110,413 \$	34,093,586 \$	33,589,878 \$		38,692,548
Restricted		2,141,716	351,245	422,337	1,383,005	420,988	2,897,307	3,782,011	235,709	195,800	235,108
Unrestricted (deficit)		(44,397,535)	(71,164,591)	(68,208,673)	(58,123,750)	(49,401,105)	(40,378,653)	(33,093,357)	(34,021,125)	(37,558,463)	(34,533,494)
Total governmental activities net assets/											
net position	\$	(8,231,292) \$	(37,482,252) \$	(36,291,830) \$	(25,169,641) \$	(14,656,373) \$	(3,370,933) \$	4,782,240 \$	(195,538) \$	(2,508,495) \$	4,394,162
Business-type activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	30,339,570 \$	32,111,181 \$	30,738,179 \$	29,369,801 \$	29,166,125 \$	28,953,581 \$	29,032,472 \$	33,482,569 \$	30,110,695 \$	28,127,740
Restricted	*	-		-					-	5,545,857	10,566,691
Unrestricted		1,170,036	145,128	1,153,253	2,261,627	3,028,033	5,479,288	7,187,340	4,974,695	5,409,029	4,911,714
Total business-type activities net assets/		, <u>,</u>	- ,	, ,	, , , , .	- , ,	-, -,	.,		-,,	<u> </u>
net position	\$	31,509,606 \$	32,256,309 \$	31,891,432 \$	31,631,428 \$	32,194,158 \$	34,432,869 \$	36,219,812 \$	38,457,264 \$	41,065,581 \$	43,606,145
Primary government:	¢	(12(1007 0	(5.440.075	(2.222.005	(0.040.005 0	(2.400.070	(2.0(2.004	(2.12(.050	(2.020.442	(4.0(4.0(2)))	((000 000
Net investment in capital assets	\$	64,364,097 \$	· · ·		60,940,905 \$	63,489,869 \$	63,063,994 \$	63,126,058 \$	67,072,447 \$		66,820,288
Restricted		2,141,716	351,245	422,337	1,383,005	420,988	2,897,307	3,782,011	235,709	5,741,657	10,801,799
Unrestricted (deficit)		(43,227,499)	(71,019,463)	(67,055,420)	(55,862,123)	(46,373,072)	(34,899,365)	(25,906,017)	(29,046,430)	(32,149,434)	(29,621,780
Total primary government net assets/	^		(5.005.0.40)	(1 100 200) (1		15 535 505 0	21.001.026	(1.000.050	20.241.524	20.555.004	10 000 007
net position	\$	23,278,314 \$	(5,225,943) \$	(4,400,398) \$	6,461,787 \$	17,537,785 \$	31,061,936 \$	41,002,052 \$	38,261,726 \$	38,557,086 \$	48,000,307
Major component units: (1)											
Component unit - school board:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$			166,440,045 \$		155,669,779 \$	148,854,227 \$	141,355,850 \$	135,289,320 \$	129,762,202 \$	129,603,121
Unrestricted (deficit)		17,399,200	11,635,128	2,949,404	407,514	(2,863,316)	(4,499,513)	(5,090,456)	(109,438,758)	(108,048,391)	(111,818,738)
Total component unit -											
school board net assets/net position	\$	123,847,302 \$	162,334,010 \$	169,389,449 \$	161,551,275 \$	152,806,463 \$	144,354,714 \$	136,265,394 \$	25,850,562 \$	21,713,811 \$	17,784,383
Component unit - Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District	¢	1 (2.0/0	110.100	5 0.010 *	10.072	10.000	0.400	A 1 4 4 601 A	0.554.500	A 451 005 *	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	162,869 \$	119,199 \$	78,918 \$	40,063 \$	18,903 \$	8,480 \$	2,144,091 \$	2,574,720 \$		2,366,316
Restricted (4)		-	-	-	-	-	2,161,138	1,448,333	1,393,537	1,740,887	2,019,613
Unrestricted		1,774,814	2,345,485	3,629,702	4,118,759	4,021,587	2,392,680	1,433,092	697,955	1,411,396	2,399,901
Total component unit - HRSSD net assets/	¢	1 027 692 0	2 161 601 0	2 709 620 0	4 150 000 P	4 040 400 \$	1562 200 0	5 0 25 5 16 0	1666 212 0	5 602 500 0	6 705 020
net position	3	1,937,683 \$	2,464,684 \$	3,708,620 \$	4,158,822 \$	4,040,490 \$	4,562,298 \$	5,025,516 \$	4,666,212 \$	5,603,588 \$	6,785,830

NET POSITION / ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	Ju	ne 30,						
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014		2015	20	016	2017
Major component units:													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 106,610,971	\$ 150,818,081	\$ 166,518,963	\$ 161,183,824	\$ 155,688,682 \$	\$	148,862,707	\$ 143,499,941 \$	5	137,864,040 \$	132	,213,507	\$ 131,969,437
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-		2,161,138	1,448,333		1,393,537	1	,740,887	2,019,613
Unrestricted (deficit)	 19,174,014	13,980,613	6,579,106	4,526,273	1,158,271		(2,106,833)	(3,657,364)	((108,740,803)	(106	,636,995)	(109,418,837)
Total major component units net assets/net position	\$ 125,784,985	\$ 164,798,694	\$ 173,098,069	\$ 165,710,097	\$ 156,846,953 \$	\$	148,917,012	\$ 141,290,910 \$	5	30,516,774 \$	27	,317,399	\$ 24,570,213
Total reporting entity: (2)													
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 93,738,763	\$ 103,933,620	\$ 121,884,712	\$ 121,414,263	\$ 124,593,294	\$	123,453,125	\$ 124,167,242 \$	5	128,405,019 \$	126	,705,690	\$ 134,528,812
Restricted	2,141,716	351,245	422,337	1,383,005	420,988		5,058,445	5,230,344		1,629,246	7	,482,544	12,821,412
Unrestricted	 53,182,820	55,287,886	46,390,622	49,374,616	49,370,456		51,467,378	52,895,376		(61,255,765)	(68	,313,749)	(74,779,704)
Total reporting entity net assets/net position	\$ 149,063,299	\$ 159,572,751	\$ 168,697,671	\$ 172,171,884	\$ 174,384,738 \$	\$	179,978,948	\$ 182,292,962 \$	5	68,778,500 \$	65	,874,485	\$ 72,570,520

Notes:

- (1) Component Unit net position/assets are included in this table due to public schools and social services being significant portions of the County operations. In Virginia, the County issues debt to finance the construction of facilities for these component units because the component units do not have borrowing or taxing authority.
- (2) The sum of the rows for the Reporting Entity identified as "Net investment in capital assets" and "Unrestricted" do not equal the sum of the rows from the total Primary Government and the total Component Units because the outstanding debt for the schools has not been subtracted from the total Primary Governments. However, when the Primary Government and the Component Units are combined, the outstanding debt needs to be accounted for by reducing the balance classified as "Net investment in capital assets."
- (3) This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 63 in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the use of the term "net assets" and now refers to this measurement as "net position."
- (4) The County implemented GASB Statement No. 61 in fiscal year 2013. As a result, the net position of the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District includes the restricted components of the County as well as the minority interest, which is also restricted.
- (5) June 30, 2014 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Primary government: Expenses: Governmental activities: General government administration Judicial administration	2008 \$ 4.932.63	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses: Governmental activities: General government administration	\$ 4.932.63									
Governmental activities: General government administration	\$ 4.032.63									
General government administration	\$ 4.032.63									
	\$ 103263									
Judicial administration	\$ 4,952,05	5 \$ 5,172,496	\$ 4,927,727	\$ 4,694,851	\$ 4,941,835 \$	\$ 5,194,117 \$	5,462,554 \$	6,039,859 \$	5,436,798 \$	5,932,52
	3,496,76	1 4,231,590	3,678,728	3,462,425	3,528,685	3,638,701	3,859,974	3,815,111	3,883,941	4,107,38
Public safety	19,040,21	7 20,558,230	19,529,025	20,392,396	20,970,030	21,372,315	23,580,101	23,826,370	36,779,233	27,123,82
Public works	2,567,40	6 2,515,660	2,384,927	2,453,101	2,587,532	5,144,874	6,898,649	6,868,624	4,339,985	3,365,23
Health and social services	4,792,35	3 5,087,755	5,212,611	5,005,635	4,834,979	4,702,838	3,769,309	5,715,170	5,761,798	5,786,16
Education	57,109,18	6 78,046,276	48,129,186	40,665,573	44,255,322	50,100,041	49,859,613	53,790,738	55,511,622	60,961,69
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,642,46	2 2,166,951	2,090,895	2,170,122	2,235,340	2,199,897	2,186,224	2,209,125	2,343,553	2,433,99
Community development	3,415,39	6,142,118	6,182,334	5,038,071	4,161,755	4,009,340	3,356,974	3,583,964	3,903,620	4,744,57
Interest	3,811,07	2 5,773,990	6,335,856	5,860,063	5,557,308	4,756,975	4,354,774	4,170,608	3,624,534	3,148,71
Total governmental activities	101,807,48	9 129,695,066	98,471,289	89,742,237	93,072,786	101,119,098	103,328,172	110,019,569	121,585,084	117,604,11
Business-type activities:										
Water and sewer	4,233,28	0 4,675,849	5,616,481	5,942,628	6,272,040	6,160,039	6,363,516	6,621,701	6,765,919	7,160,78
Solid waste	4,244,47		3,792,474	3,693,575	3,766,051	4,362,003	5,123,106	4,811,787	4,574,428	6,026,65
Total business-type activities	8,477,75		9,408,955	9,636,203	10,038,091	10,522,042	11,486,622	11,433,488	11,340,347	13,187,44
Total primary government expenses	110,285,24	, ,	107,880,244	99,378,440	103,110,877	111,641,140	114,814,794	121,453,057	132,925,431	130,791,55
Program revenue:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government administration	5,72	9 1,511	4,058	4,815	2,200	1,359	2,059	3,511	2,383	1,76
Judicial administration	1,149,62	,	1,073,326	914,178	924,169	1,005,202	990,660	1,097,413	1,119,539	1,304,47
Public safety	4,604,09		4,090,326	5,171,000	5,053,378	5,495,186	6,312,309	7,276,430	6,483,239	7,298,65
Public works	1,014,44		956,152	1,098,549	1,078,306	1,183,823	1,141,301	1,104,328	1,022,145	1,085,42
Health and social services	-,,.	- 5,665	7,953	83,232	34,717	-,	17,745	1,204	2,428	18,56
Parks, recreation and cultural	324,62		467,229	696,685	660,369	690,110	756,422	805,431	785,225	863,17
Community development	2,72	,	4,017	1,467	3,085	2,975	3,727	2,540	508	1,85
Operating grants and contributions:	y.	·	· · ·	,	- ,	,		y		,
General government administration	512,53	7 478,451	429,322	393,503	410,967	395,203	417,952	411.690	461,210	426,23
Judicial administration	2,031,76	,	2,124,717	2,088,186	2,003,636	2,034,608	2,178,098	2,135,443	2,271,957	2,349,17
Public safety	7,200,33		6,444,716	6,307,124	6,275,040	6,129,746	6,665,123	6,578,170	6,784,253	7,630,01
Public works	. , ,		1,667	-	-	-	-	-	-	.,,.
Health and social services	139,06	9 163,829	143,987	147,726	155,737	186,696	172,263	176,963	200,944	237,99
Education	,		-	-	-	562,808	-	-	-	,
Community development	236,64	0 252,985	258,319	259,647	-	-	-	-	100,000	254,00
Capital grants and contributions:		- ,,								,
Public safety		- 83,950	118,588	269,312	22,000	38,354	_	-		
Public works					36,410	2,537,447	2,802,447	2,394,638	253,442	306,06
Total governmental activities	17,221,59	1 16,895,913	16,124,377	17,435,424	16,660,014	20,263,517	21.460.106	21,987,761	19,487,273	21,777,39

CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ine 30,				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Primary government:										
Program revenue:										
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewer	\$ 5,618,815 \$	5,128,660 \$	6,075,853 \$	5,696,405 \$	6,044,184 \$	6,561,144 \$	7,436,597 \$	6,450,673 \$	6,570,101 \$	6,837,014
Solid waste	3,180,166	2,699,300	2,353,901	2,572,712	3,538,098	5,027,936	5,057,086	5,461,705	5,488,882	5,764,198
Operating grants and contributions:										
Water and sewer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,638,030	952,584	2,168,073
Solid waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,830
Capital grants and contributions:										
Water and sewer	1,302,827	930,509	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Solid waste	706,052	85,181	-	-	-	-	-	870,563	-	
Total business-type activities	10,807,860	8,843,650	8,429,754	8,269,117	9,582,282	11,589,080	12,493,683	14,420,971	13,011,567	14,793,115
Total primary government revenues	28,029,451	25,739,563	24,554,131	25,704,541	26,242,296	31,852,597	33,953,789	36,408,732	32,498,840	36,570,500
Net (expense) revenue:										
Governmental activities	(84,585,898)	(112,799,153)	(82,346,912)	(72,306,813)	(76,412,772)	(80,855,581)	(81,868,066)	(88,031,808)	(102,097,811)	(95,826,719
Business-type activities	2,330,108	303,345	(979,201)	(1,367,086)	(455,809)	1,067,038	1,007,061	2,987,483	1,671,220	1,605,674
Total primary government, net expense	(82,255,790)	(112,495,808)	(83,326,113)	(73,673,899)	(76,868,581)	(79,788,543)	(80,861,005)	(85,044,325)	(100,426,591)	(94,221,04
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
General property taxes	58,574,698	65,895,837	66,376,392	64,490,691	67,972,029	70,601,427	70,208,531	71,962,305	77,182,964	81,433,734
Local sales and use	4,764,451	4,567,854	4,168,753	4,732,665	4,991,019	4,881,368	5,309,256	5,387,061	6,105,799	6,324,892
Consumer utility and communications sales and use	2,809,135	2,667,992	2,676,009	2,680,007	1,028,014	1,035,484	1,078,402	1,095,486	1,156,055	1,058,48
Motor vehicles licenses	1,193,657	1,176,765	1,169,718	1,179,162	1,227,744	1,236,520	1,209,701	1,211,564	1,227,518	1,278,070
Food and beverage	-	-	297,906	788,452	824,844	889,702	925,336	1,034,025	1,070,535	1,155,63
Other	1,575,825	1,584,576	1,407,319	(252,325)	1,440,610	1,588,072	1,402,550	1,646,656	1,657,068	1,666,630
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	6,226,104	6,589,500	6,389,141	8,065,994	8,037,774	8,003,995	8,079,422	7,838,718	8,984,272	8,050,669
Use of money and property	1,665,526	786,523	839,375	964,574	1,067,549	1,472,098	1,505,611	1,460,029	1,720,204	1,133,428
Miscellaneous	463,242	279,146	232,721	779,782	336,457	345,024	302,430	364,608	680,439	627,835
Transfers	(43,726)	-	(20,000)	-	-	(63,336)	-	870,563	-	
Total governmental activities	77,228,912	83,548,193	83,537,334	83,429,002	86,926,040	89,990,354	90,021,239	92,871,015	99,784,854	102,729,370
Business-type activities:										
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,640	
Use of money and property	381,280	199,683	34,080	40,269	39,839	67,961	65,660	93,935	59,852	171,908
Miscellaneous	300,660	243,675	560,244	1,066,813	978,700	1,040,376	898,936	837,750	850,605	762,982
Transfers	43,726	-	20,000	-	-	63,336	-	(870,563)	-	
Total business-type activities	725,666	443,358	614,324	1,107,082	1,018,539	1,171,673	964,596	61,122	937,097	934,890
Total primary government	77,954,578	83,991,551	84,151,658	84,536,084	87,944,579	91,162,027	90,985,835	92,932,137	100,721,951	103,664,260
Changes in net assets/net position:										
Governmental activities	(7,356,986)	(29,250,960)	1,190,422	11,122,189	10,513,268	9,134,773	8,153,173	4,839,207	(2,312,957)	6,902,65
Business-type activities	3,055,774	746,703	(364,877)	(260,004)	562,730	2,238,711	1,971,657	3,048,605	2,608,317	2,540,564
Total primary government	\$ (4,301,212) \$		825,545 \$	10,862,185 \$	11,075,998 \$	11,373,484 \$	10,124,830 \$	7,887,812 \$	295,360 \$	9,443,22

CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ine 30,				
	 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Major component units: (2)										
Component unit - school board:										
Expenses:										
Instruction	\$ 92,264,138 \$	98,007,696 \$	96,112,008 \$	94,760,403 \$	97,309,064 \$	99,897,237 \$	100,536,652 \$	105,050,310 \$	106,353,926 \$	113,232,867
Administration, attendance and health	4,168,083	5,385,017	4,891,885	4,618,967	5,216,029	5,346,780	5,552,174	5,895,218	6,431,820	5,824,903
Pupil transportation	7,426,354	8,086,880	7,184,619	8,281,464	8,758,765	9,084,535	9,338,770	9,196,500	9,339,985	9,555,551
Operation and maintenance services	9,598,863	10,227,516	9,919,463	10,893,761	11,211,522	11,810,101	11,573,942	11,746,547	11,417,995	14,110,378
School food services	 4,597,701	4,766,860	4,768,548	4,906,946	5,207,956	5,242,451	5,053,123	5,105,966	5,166,363	5,243,049
Total expenses	 118,055,139	126,473,969	122,876,523	123,461,541	127,703,336	131,381,104	132,054,661	136,994,541	138,710,089	147,966,748
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	5,130,225	5,638,328	5,321,960	4,954,423	5,056,717	4,899,326	5,084,433	5,436,058	5,426,333	5,596,541
Operating grants and contributions	72,165,686	77,327,118	72,018,553	69,346,071	69,054,491	67,343,777	68,365,556	72,137,991	72,854,877	76,638,660
Capital grants and contributions	1,103,648	3,559,527	3,854,048	345,977	93,627	81,465	32,720	71,650	83,333	175,791
Total program revenues	 78,399,559	86,524,973	81,194,561	74,646,471	74,204,835	72,324,568	73,482,709	77,645,699	78,364,543	82,410,992
Net expense	 (39,655,580)	(39,948,996)	(41,681,962)	(48,815,070)	(53,498,501)	(59,056,536)	(58,571,952)	(59,348,842)	(60,345,546)	(65,555,756
General revenues and other changes in net assets:										
Grants and contributions not restricted to										
specific programs	57,109,186	78,046,276	48,129,186	40,665,573	44,255,322	50,100,041	49,859,613	53,790,738	55,511,622	60,961,694
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	130,477	91,946	93,380	91,783	99,154	107,026	79,643	72,671	75,166	77,475
Use of money and property	408,396	144,563	55,765	54,306	38,899	37,184	31,489	45,918	35,649	44.232
Miscellaneous	192.392	152,919	459,070	165,234	360,314	360,536	511,887	626,406	586,358	542,927
Total general revenues and other	 172,572	152,717	459,070	105,254	500,514	500,550	511,007	020,400	560,556	542,727
changes in net assets/net position	57,840,451	78,435,704	48,737,401	40,976,896	44,753,689	50,604,787	50,482,632	54,535,733	56,208,795	61,626,328
Total general revenues and other	 57,640,451	78,455,704	40,737,401	40,970,890	44,755,069	50,004,787	50,482,052	54,555,755	50,208,795	01,020,528
Total component unit - school board										
change in net assets/net position	\$ 18,184,871 \$	38,486,708 \$	7,055,439 \$	(7,838,174) \$	(8,744,812) \$	(8,451,749) \$	(8,089,320) \$	(4,813,109) \$	(4,136,751) \$	(3,929,428
Component unit - HRSSD:										
Expenses:										
Public assistance	\$ 4,769,948 \$	5,107,848 \$	5,730,436 \$	5,998,480 \$	6,200,265 \$	5,838,876 \$	6,452,300 \$	6,847,545 \$	6,397,049 \$	6,816,763
Comprehensive/children's services	10,237,263	10,533,322	10,236,725	10,114,771	9,196,586	9,028,213	8,874,411	9,146,513	8,883,443	9,573,881
Welfare	5,611,589	6,138,996	5,820,207	5,676,427	5,714,686	5,889,242	6,233,209	5,997,127	7,515,831	7,642,598
VJCCA	-	-		-	-	-,	-	82,081	83,474	87,171
Food stamp	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Fuel assistance	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenses	 20,618,800	21,780,166	21,787,368	21,789,678	21,111,537	20,756,331	21,559,920	22,073,266	22,879,797	24,120,413
Program revenues:										
Operating grants and contributions	14,121,228	14,843,978	15,969,252	15,401,915	14,695,587	14,869,626	15,586,617	16,200,010	16,033,541	17,128,620
Total program revenues	 14,121,228	14,843,978	15,969,252	15,401,915	14,695,587	14,869,626	15,586,617	16,200,010	16,033,541	17,128,620
	14,121,220	14,043,770	13,707,434	13,401,713	14,075,507	14,009,020	13,360,017	10,200,010	10,055,541	17,120,020
Total program revenues	 									

CHANGES IN NET POSITION / ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ne 30,				
	 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General revenues and other changes in net assets:										
Grants and contributions not restricted to										
specific programs	\$ 6,472,194 \$	7,147,789 \$	6,971,699 \$	6,790,737 \$	6,242,334 \$	6,337,742 \$	6,348,530 \$	6,739,048 \$	7,722,610 \$	8,091,663
Use of money and property	109,362	42,704	15,357	22,423	21,059	32,633	16,177	20,951	12,362	32,086
Miscellaneous	 254,078	272,696	74,996	24,805	34,225	38,138	71,814	57,963	48,660	50,286
Total general revenues and other										
changes in net assets/net position	 6,835,634	7,463,189	7,062,052	6,837,965	6,297,618	6,408,513	6,436,521	6,817,962	7,783,632	8,174,035
Total component unit - HRSSD										
change in net assets/net position	\$ 338,062 \$	527,001 \$	1,243,936 \$	450,202 \$	(118,332) \$	521,808 \$	463,218 \$	944,706 \$	937,376 \$	1,182,242
Total major component units change in										
net assets/net position	\$ 18,522,933 \$	39,013,709 \$	8,299,375 \$	(7,387,972) \$	(8,863,144) \$	(7,929,941) \$	(7,626,102) \$	(3,868,403) \$	(3,199,375) \$	(2,747,186)
Total reporting entity change in										
net assets/net position	\$ 14,221,721 \$	10,509,452 \$	9,124,920 \$	3,474,213 \$	2,212,854 \$	3,443,543 \$	2,498,728 \$	4,019,409 \$	(2,904,015) \$	6,696,035

Notes:

- (1) Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. This difference indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. Numbers in a parentheses are net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and, therefore, general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, demonstrating that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.
- (2) Component units were included in this table due to their significance to the County.
- (3) This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The County implemented GASB Statement No. 63 in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the term "net assets" and now refers to this measurement as "net position."

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

									Fiscal Year J	une 30,					
Function/Program		2008		2009	2010		2011		2012	2013	2014	2015		2016	2017
Primary government:															
Governmental activities:															
General government administration	\$	518,266	\$	479,962 \$	433,380	\$	398,318	\$	413,167 \$	396,562 \$	420,011 \$,	\$	463,593 \$	428,001
Judicial administration		3,181,390		3,464,400	3,198,043		3,002,364		2,927,805	3,039,810	3,168,758	3,232,856		3,391,496	3,653,643
Public safety		11,804,424		11,099,990	10,653,630		11,747,436		11,350,418	11,663,286	12,977,432	13,854,600		13,267,492	14,928,670
Public works		1,014,447		1,021,587	957,819		1,098,549		1,114,716	3,721,270	3,943,748	3,498,966		1,275,587	1,391,488
Health and social services		139,069		169,494	151,940		230,958		190,454	186,696	190,008	178,167		203,372	256,559
Education		-		-	-		-		-	562,808	-	-		-	-
Parks, recreation and cultural		324,628		405,709	467,229		696,685		660,369	690,110	756,422	805,431		785,225	863,175
Community development		239,367		254,771	262,336		261,114		3,085	2,975	3,727	2,540		100,508	255,855
Total governmental activities		17,221,591		16,895,913	16,124,377		17,435,424		16,660,014	20,263,517	21,460,106	21,987,761		19,487,273	21,777,391
Business-type activities:															
Water and sewer		6,921,642		6,059,169	6,075,853		5,696,405		6,044,184	6,561,144	7,436,597	8,088,703		7,522,685	9,005,087
Solid waste		3,886,218		2,784,481	2,353,901		2,572,712		3,538,098	5,027,936	5,057,086	6,332,268		5,488,882	5,788,028
Total business-type activities		10,807,860		8,843,650	8,429,754		8,269,117		9,582,282	11,589,080	12,493,683	14,420,971		13,011,567	14,793,115
Total primary government	\$	28,029,451	\$	25,739,563 \$	24,554,131	\$	25,704,541	\$	26,242,296 \$	31,852,597 \$	33,953,789 \$	36,408,732	\$	32,498,840 \$	36,570,506
				· ·											
Major component units:															
Component unit - school board:															
Instruction	\$	73,762,964	\$	81,522,836 \$	75,488,678	\$	69,684,411	\$	69,099,190 \$	67,373,976 \$	68,376,769 \$	72,551,314	\$	73,069,780 \$	76,995,702
Pupil transportation services		-		-	760,680		-		-	-	-	-		-	-
Operation and maintenance services		-		-	13,723		-		-	-	-	-		-	-
School food services		4,636,595		5,002,137	4,931,480		4,962,060		5,105,645	4,950,592	5,105,940	5,094,385		5,294,763	5,415,290
Total component unit - school board		78,399,559		86,524,973	81,194,561		74,646,471		74,204,835	72,324,568	73,482,709	77,645,699		78,364,543	82,410,992
Component unit - HRSSD:															
Public assistance		3,394,896		3,851,693	4,329,056		4,351,937		4,557,975	4,803,986	5,029,280	5,047,847		4,748,681	4,961,568
Comprehensive/children's services		5,985,528		6,500,946	6,633,186		5,960,163		5,234,401	5,193,142	5,237,254	5,377,628		5,113,599	5,215,483
Welfare		4,740,804		4,491,339	5,007,010		5,089,815		4,903,211	4,872,498	5,320,083	5,712,054		6,069,231	6,868,035
VJCCA		4,740,804		4,491,559	5,007,010		5,089,815		4,905,211	4,072,490	5,520,085	62,481		102,030	83,534
VJCCA												02,401		102,050	05,554
Total component unit - HRSSD		14,121,228		14,843,978	15,969,252		15,401,915		14,695,587	14,869,626	15,586,617	16,200,010		16,033,541	17,128,620
Total major component units	\$	92,520,787	\$	101,368,951 \$	97,163,813	\$	90,048,386	\$	88,900,422 \$	87,194,194 \$	89,069,326 \$	93,845,709	\$	94,398,084 \$	99,539,612
Total reporting entity	\$	120,550,238	\$	127 108 514 \$	121 717 944	\$	115 752 927	\$	115 142 718 \$	119,046,791 \$	123 023 115 \$	130,254,441	\$	126,896,924 \$	136 110 118
1 stur reporting entity	Ψ	120,000,200	Ψ	12,,100,211 φ		Ψ		Ψ		11),010,771 ψ	120,020,110 Ø	100,201,711	Ψ	.=0,070,721 φ	120,110,110

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ne 30,				
	 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Fund:										
Reserved	\$ 1,003,102 \$	928,288 \$	1,097,948 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Unreserved	26,580,573	22,588,259	27,255,072	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	808,957	667,271	536,388	483,343	584,337	712,636	785,140
Restricted (2)	-	-	-	-	-	3,116,396	2,105,608	2,058,400	2,551,574	3,026,483
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	82,374
Assigned	-	-	-	2,851	7,551	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	-	28,661,725	28,308,023	25,803,047	25,193,314	25,644,629	27,066,722	23,537,191
Total General Fund	\$ 27,583,675 \$	23,516,547 \$	28,353,020 \$	29,473,533 \$	28,982,845 \$	29,455,831 \$	27,782,265 \$	28,287,366 \$	30,330,932 \$	27,431,188
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Reserved	\$ 2,141,716 \$	351,245 \$	422,337 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Unreserved	20,326,913	18,761,704	10,102,262	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	11,143	11,143	11,143	11,143	11,143	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	1,371,862	409,284	484,439	193,685	224,566	195,800	235,108
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,288,809
Assigned	-	-	-	12,822,866	14,439,666	19,801,602	22,093,893	17,828,714	14,456,621	7,312,400
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 22,468,629 \$	19,112,949 \$	10,524,599 \$	14,205,871 \$	14,860,093 \$	20,297,184 \$	22,298,721 \$	18,064,423 \$	14,652,421 \$	11,836,317

Notes:

- (1) In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which effectively changed the classifications used to report fund balances. The terms reserved and unreserved are no longer used to describe fund balance. Fund balance is now classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.
- (2) In fiscal year 2013, the County implemented GASB 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, which changed the reporting of the County's interest in the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District. As such, the County reports its interest in the Social Services District as an asset and Restricted Net Position, beginning with fiscal year 2013.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

					Fiscal Yea	r June 30,				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$ 58,855,180	\$ 65,570,241 \$	66,216,435 \$	64,487,098	67,611,207	\$ 70,546,928 \$	70,426,736	\$ 71,932,121 \$	77,123,724 \$	81,459,657
Other local taxes	10,343,068	9,997,187	9,719,705	9,127,961	9,512,231	9,631,146	9,925,245	10,374,792	11,216,975	11,483,710
Permits, privilege fees and licenses	1,176,374	749,140	803,462	904,624	692,745	888,111	1,003,449	1,085,078	1,056,984	1,730,059
Fines and forfeitures	155,677	148,535	238,435	274,412	274,611	167,342	159,842	184,583	151,516	240,396
Use of money and property	1,646,317	771,924	833,742	957,222	1,059,359	1,457,668	1,494,063	1,444,522	1,711,660	1,111,496
Charges for services	3,288,037	2,850,575	2,801,305	3,573,280	3,406,935	3,657,806	3,925,885	3,956,131	3,643,395	3,645,601
Miscellaneous	463,242	279,146	232,721	779,782	336,457	345,024	302,430	364,608	680,439	627,835
Recovered costs	2,480,181	3,048,135	2,759,777	3,217,501	3,381,843	3,665,254	4,134,950	5,064,878	4,563,572	4,957,855
Reimbursement from component unit	-	-	-	-	-	562,808	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	16,346,450	16,688,669	15,910,457	17,531,492	16,941,563	19,326,049	20,315,305	19,535,622	19,056,078	19,254,149
Total revenues	94,754,526	100,103,552	99,516,039	100,853,372	103,216,951	110,248,136	111,687,905	113,942,335	119,204,343	124,510,758
Expenditures:										
General government administration	4,563,051	4,659,357	4,398,991	4,149,027	4,196,686	4,463,079	4,787,939	4,804,695	5,203,673	5,543,460
Judicial administration	3,173,240	3,827,879	3,343,653	3,123,597	3,188,815	3,371,268	3,540,441	3,740,215	3,827,334	4,187,990
Public safety	21,242,649	19,874,198	18,910,325	19,817,574	20,309,292	20,575,858	22,919,965	26,121,456	26,286,332	28,665,762
Public works	2,628,117	2,482,615	2,352,738	2,522,534	2,580,230	2,705,553	2,852,182	2,921,785	2,944,236	3,108,156
Health and social services	4,748,614	5,044,027	5,168,646	4,955,083	4,777,502	4,557,024	5,898,577	5,400,366	5,807,989	6,171,569
Education	57,109,186	78,046,276	48,129,186	40,665,573	44,255,322	50,100,041	49,859,613	53,790,738	55,511,622	60,961,694
Parks, recreation and cultural	2,115,026	2,064,277	2,023,049	2,212,498	2,154,894	2,126,961	2,130,299	2,197,829	2,251,615	2,365,854
Community development	3,122,860	5,783,273	4,467,357	4,211,445	3,399,091	3,154,781	2,497,658	2,753,660	3,090,881	3,959,791
Capital outlay	9,740,578	12,088,043	1,969,136	354,404	4,325,301	2,796,798	4,593,950	5,048,279	3,965,319	3,894,304
Debt service:										
Principal	4,760,106	5,173,395	6,166,108	7,781,938	7,797,795	8,086,516	7,528,018	7,182,006	7,762,776	7,809,066
Interest and fiscal charges	3,459,559	5,473,153	6,318,727	6,257,914	6,068,489	5,148,228	4,751,292	4,581,066	3,921,002	3,558,960
Total expenditures	116,662,986	144,516,493	103,247,916	96,051,587	103,053,417	107,086,107	111,359,934	118,542,095	120,572,779	130,226,606
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(21,908,460)	(44,412,941)	(3,731,877)	4,801,785	163,534	3,162,029	327,971	(4,599,760)	(1,368,436)	(5,715,848)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	19,658,172	13,556,253	-	4,000,000	4,890,000	4,930,448	4,284,869	1,947,743	800,000	800,000
Transfers out	(19,701,898)	, ,	(20,000)	(4,000,000)	(4,890,000)	(4,960,000)	(4,284,869)	(1,077,180)	(800,000)	(800,000)
Issuance of debt	35,494,713	37,261,410	-	-	-	-	-	13,125,000	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,125,000)	-	-
Premium on issuance debt	1,115,963	2,244,149	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses), net	36,566,950	36,990,133	(20,000)	-	-	(29,552)	-	870,563	-	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ 14,658,490	\$ (7,422,808) \$	(3,751,877) \$	4,801,785	\$ 163,534	\$ 3,132,477 \$	327,971	\$ (3,729,197) \$	(1,368,436) \$	(5,715,848)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year	June 30,				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures:										
Primary government: Total debt service	\$ 8,219,665	\$ 10,646,548	\$ 12,484,835	\$ 14,039,852	\$ 13,866,284 \$	5 13,234,744	\$ 12,279,310	\$ 11,763,072 \$	5 11,683,778	\$ 11,368,026
Total expenditures Less: Capital outlay - primary government	\$ 116,662,986 (12,251,238)	\$ 144,516,493 (12,330,838)	\$ 103,247,916 (1,012,486)	\$ 96,051,587 (967,936)	\$ 103,053,417 \$ (4,807,614)	6 107,086,107 (668,787)	\$ 111,359,934 (1,258,644)	\$ 118,542,095 (2,087,485)	5 120,572,779 (2,724,796)	\$ 130,226,606 (5,626,572)
Noncapital expenditures	\$ 104,411,748	\$ 132,185,655	\$ 102,235,430	\$ 95,083,651	\$ 98,245,803 \$	5 106,417,320	\$ 110,101,290	\$ 116,454,610 \$	5 117,847,983	\$ 124,600,034
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.87%	8.05%	12.21%	14.77%	14.11%	12.44%	11.15%	10.10%	9.91%	9.12%
Major component units - School Board and HRSSD: Expenditures:										
School board HRSSD	\$ 140,207,962 20,551,545	\$ 156,426,408 21,623,271	\$ 138,094,883 21,729,506	\$ 117,956,384 21,608,529	\$ 120,957,761 \$ 21,028,646	5 124,197,953 20,668,028	\$ 123,811,920 23,594,887	\$ 131,802,060 23,264,806	5 134,799,313 22,983,663	\$ 146,858,092 24,549,020
Less: Capital outlay - school board Less: Capital outlay - HRSSD	(26,060,681) (30,132)	(36,916,024) (17,503)	(21,949,313) (16,646)	(2,405,403)	(3,307,213)	(2,037,300)	(1,421,014) (2,163,687)	(2,891,187) (530,456)	(3,267,837) (31,182)	(8,428,049) (42,681)
Noncapital expenditures	\$ 134,668,694	\$ 141,116,152	\$ 137,858,430	\$ 137,159,510	\$ 138,679,194 \$	5 142,828,681	\$ 143,822,106	\$ 151,645,223 \$	6 154,483,957	\$ 162,936,382
Total reporting entity:										
Total noncapital expenditures	\$ 176,379,713	\$ 188,815,003	\$ 185,875,702	\$ 185,478,384	\$ 186,794,179 \$	5 193,713,080	\$ 197,938,726	\$ 207,908,866 \$	5 212,140,973	\$ 227,345,449
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.66%	5.64%	6.72%	7.57%	7.42%	6.83%	6.20%	5.66%	5.51%	5.00%

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

Notes:

- (1) Expenditures of the School Board do not include those associated with the School Activity Funds or the Massanutten Technical Center Activity Funds.
- (2) In Virginia, the County issues debt to finance the construction of school facilities for the public schools because the public schools do not have borrowing or taxing authority. Therefore, the debt service payments related to school facilities are presented as debt service of the primary government. Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures for the total reporting entity more appropriately reflects the unique Virginia school debt requirement.
- (3) For the "Total Reporting Entity" amounts, the total noncapital expenditures have been reduced by the amounts given by the primary government to the public schools, Massanutten Technical Center, and the Social Services District so those expenditures are not included twice.

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

						Consumer Utility and						
Fiscal Year			Local Sales	Motor	Сс	ommunications	F	Recordation	Food and			
June 30,	I	Property (1)	and Use	Vehicle	Sal	les and Use (2)		and Wills	Beverage	Other	Т	otal
2008	\$	58,135,150	\$ 4,764,451	\$ 1,193,657	\$	2,809,135	\$	1,096,756	\$ -	\$ 479,069 \$	68	,478,218
2009		64,951,212	4,567,854	1,176,765		2,667,992		1,091,116	-	493,460	74	,948,399
2010		65,511,983	4,168,753	1,169,718		2,676,009		882,174	297,906	525,145	75	,231,688
2011		63,822,003	4,732,665	1,179,162		1,020,285		792,313	788,452	615,084	72	,949,964
2012		66,900,268	4,991,019	1,227,744		1,028,014		827,202	824,844	613,408	76	,412,499
2013		69,783,176	4,881,368	1,236,520		1,035,484		969,920	889,702	618,152	79	,414,322
2014		69,694,829	5,309,526	1,209,701		1,078,402		730,498	925,336	671,782	79	,620,074
2015		71,270,077	5,387,061	1,211,564		1,095,486		955,372	1,034,025	691,284	81	,644,869
2016		76,369,114	6,105,799	1,227,518		1,156,055		942,381	1,070,535	714,687	87	,586,089
2017		80,660,077	6,324,892	1,278,070		1,058,481		957,414	1,155,637	709,216	92	,143,787
Change												
2008-2017		38.75%	32.75%	7.07%		-62.32%		-12.70%	N/A	48.04%		34.56%

Notes:

(1) Property tax revenue does not include penalties and interest collected on delinquent tax collections.

(2) In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented the Auditor of Public Accounts' requirement that communication sales and use tax be reported as non-categorical state aid instead of other local taxes.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Exempt & Total Assessed Value Calendar Residential Commercial Industrial Farm Nontaxable Assessed Percent of Tax Deferred Year Property (1) Property (1) Property (1) Property (1) Property (1) (2) Value Growth Land Use (3) 2008 261,590,000 \$ 4,590,978,700 \$ 610,682,700 \$ \$ 1,656,580,500 \$ 847,847,400 \$ 7,967,679,300 3.47% \$ 756,364,258 611,433,100 2009 4,716,212,700 260,782,100 1,677,385,800 872,697,500 8,138,511,200 2.10% 753,312,347 4,879,919,700 2010 718,626,400 277,930,600 1,915,838,000 987,038,600 8,779,353,300 7.30% 931,781,985 2011 4,945,640,600 717,918,900 244,690,500 1,924,739,900 8,836,175,000 0.65% 922,202,345 1,003,185,100 2012 4,999,192,200 728,316,900 254,690,200 1,944,432,200 1,139,922,400 9,066,553,900 2.54% 938,573,459 2013 5,035,839,700 734,537,700 258,387,400 1,956,029,000 1,148,229,700 9,133,023,500 0.73% 950,926,733 2014 5.131.903.600 744,413,500 260,799,200 2,069,514,600 1,155,622,900 9,362,253,800 2.45% 1,060,320,506

2,073,139,200

2,080,831,900

2,083,044,800

5,286,192,700 772,036,000 2017 5,360,674,700 801,922,900

765,627,500

5,198,957,000

Rockingham County real estate records.

Notes:

Source:

2015

2016

(1) Real estate assessed values are assessed for comparison to fair market value every four years. (2010 and 2014)

258,445,700

265,826,900

263,991,000

(2) Nontaxable and exempt property includes principally real estate owned by governmental, religious, charitable or educational entities.

(3) Rockingham County has adopted land use valuation for agricultural and open space land. Rather than fair market value, the value of this property is based upon its "use" value.

1,155,559,900

1,154,888,500

1,169,407,400

9,451,729,300

9,559,776,000

9,679,040,800

0.96%

1.14%

1.25%

Tax Value as a

Percentage of

Assessed Value

79.87%

80.02%

78.14%

78.21%

77.08%

77.02%

76.33%

77.04%

77.29%

77.45%

Total Direct

Tax Rate

0.58/0.60

0.60

0.60

0.60

0.64

0.64

0.64

0.74

0.66/0.68

0.68/0.70

Total Taxable

Value

6,363,467,642 \$

6,512,501,353

6,860,189,315

6,910,787,555

6,988,058,041

7,033,867,067

7,146,310,394

7,281,735,320

7,388,605,510

7,496,019,620

\$

1,014,434,080

1,016,281,990

1,013,613,780

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Rockingham County

							Mac	chinery]	Fotal
Fiscal Year	Rea	ıl	Per	sonal	М	obile	;	and	Mer	chants'	F	arm	Γ	Direct
June 30,	Esta	te	Pro	operty	Н	omes	Т	ools	Ca	apital	Mao	chinery]	Rate
2008	\$ 0.58	/0.60	\$	2.80	\$	0.60	\$	2.55	\$	0.87	\$	0.44	\$	7.85
2009		0.60		2.80		0.60		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.86
2010		0.60		2.80		0.60		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.86
2011		0.60		2.80		0.60		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.86
2012		0.64		2.85		0.64		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.99
2013		0.64		2.85		0.64		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.99
2014		0.64 .		2.85		0.64		2.55		0.87		0.44		7.99
2015	0.66	/0.68		2.90		0.68		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.11
2016	0.68	/0.70		2.90	0	.68/0.70		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.14
2017		0.74		3.00		0.74		2.55		0.87		0.44		8.34

Note:

(1) Public Service Corporations are taxed at the real estate and the personal property tax rates for those classes of assessed values established by the State Corporation Commission.

Overlapping Governments

Fiscal Year June 30,	Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	 chants' pital	-	arm hinery
2008	\$ 0.05-0.12	\$ 0.20-0.75	\$ 0.07-0.12	\$ 0.30-0.75	\$ -	\$	-
2009	0.07-0.12	0.30-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.75	-		-
2010	0.07-0.12	0.30-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.75	-		-
2011	0.07-0.12	0.30-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.75	-		-
2012	0.07-0.12	0.30-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.75	-		-
2013	0.07-0.12	0.30-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.75	-		-
2014	0.05-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.46	-		-
2015	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.46	-		-
2016	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.46	0.30-0.46	-		-
2017	0.07-0.12	0.20-0.75	0.07-0.38	0.30-0.40	-		-

Notes:

- (1) The above table shows ranges of tax rates since individual towns set varying rates. People residing in the following towns pay property taxes to the town in addition to the taxes paid to the County. The towns included in the above table include Bridgewater, Broadway, Dayton, Elkton, Grottoes, Mt. Crawford, and Timberville.
- (2) Information obtained from the Rockingham County Commissioner of the Revenue.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

			2017			
			Percentage			Percentage of
			of Total County			Total Property
	Taxable		Taxable	Property		Taxes
	Assessed		Assessed	Taxes		Paid
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	 Paid	Rank	Value
Great Eastern Resort Management	\$ 420,623,050	1	4.72%	\$ 3,323,326	2	3.72%
MillerCoors	220,778,435	2	2.48%	3,961,617	1	4.43%
Wal-Mart Retail and Distribution Centers	134,764,765	3	1.51%	1,645,930	5	1.84%
Merck & Company, Inc.	113,455,925	4	1.27%	1,676,039	4	1.87%
White Wave	104,984,980	5	1.18%	1,799,112	3	2.01%
LSC Communications US, LLC (formerly R.R. Donnelley & Sons Co.)	78,351,440	6	0.88%	1,223,682	6	1.37%
Marshall's	70,678,575	7	0.79%	936,849	7	1.05%
Sunnyside Retirement Community	52,886,800	8	0.59%	-	-	-
Cargill	51,843,085	9	0.58%	824,039	9	0.92%
Sysco	51,757,045	10	0.58%	856,816	8	0.96%
Dynamic Aviation	 -	-	-	 540,374	10	0.60%
Total	\$ 1,300,124,100	-	14.58%	\$ 16,787,784		18.78%

			200	8			
			Percentage				Percentage of
			of Total County				Total
	Taxable		Taxable		Property		Property
	Assessed		Assessed		Tax		Taxes
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		Paid	Rank	Paid
Adolph Coors Company	\$ 409,337,365	1	5.30%	\$	8,279,915	1	11.88%
Great Eastern Resort Management	303,914,000	2	3.93%		2,007,693	2	2.88%
Wal-Mart Retail and Distribution Centers	105,919,830	3	1.37%		1,345,698	3	1.93%
Merck & Company, Inc.	90,982,250	4	1.18%		1,342,746	4	1.93%
White Wave (Morningstar Foods)	56,308,720	5	0.73%		1,078,992	5	1.55%
Marshall's	55,015,345	6	0.71%		513,961	6	0.74%
R.R. Donnelley & Sons Co.	46,575,000	7	0.60%		779,903	7	1.12%
Cargill	44,880,755	8	0.58%		624,484	8	0.90%
Sysco	30,240,840	9	0.39%		378,465	9	0.54%
Perdue	 19,400,955	10	0.25%		311,942	10	0.45%
Total	\$ 1,162,575,060	=	15.04%	\$	16,663,800		23.91%

Source:

Rockingham County Commissioner of the Revenue.

REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

		 Collected V Calendar Year			 Total Collecti	ons to Date
Calendar Year	axes Levied for the alendar Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	 ollections in ubsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2007	\$ 36,959,743	\$ 35,490,137	96.02%	\$ 1,469,606	\$ 36,959,743	100.00%
2008	39,591,283	38,147,864	96.35%	1,443,419	39,591,283	100.00%
2009	40,502,223	38,979,011	96.24%	1,508,370	40,487,381	99.96%
2010	42,621,495	40,949,099	96.08%	1,672,396	42,621,495	100.00%
2011	42,997,402	41,455,415	96.41%	1,541,987	42,997,402	100.00%
2012	46,418,364	44,793,454	96.50%	1,604,022	46,397,476	99.96%
2013	46,847,898	45,330,910	96.76%	1,504,664	46,835,574	99.97%
2014	47,634,558	46,160,931	96.91%	1,337,404	47,498,335	99.71%
2015	50,861,929	49,410,225	97.15%	1,085,846	49,410,225	97.15%
2016	53,997,527	53,187,098	98.50%	N/A	53,187,098	98.50%

Source:

Rockingham County Treasurer.

Note:

Amounts shown for levies and collections represent real estate taxes only.

Table 11

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE AND GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Gover Acti				isiness-Type Activities		Percentage of	
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Literary Loans	Note Payable		Capital Leases	 Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Per Capita Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2008	\$ 76,742,419	\$ 493,886	\$	- \$	27,271,926	\$ 17,808,546	\$ 122,316,777	5.23%	\$ 1,636
2009	112,010,877	315,859		-	26,355,902	19,696,028	158,378,666	6.87%	2,093
2010	106,724,577	142,359		-	25,396,463	18,816,715	151,080,114	6.45%	1,974
2011	100,641,607	68,859		-	23,517,864	17,687,978	141,916,308	5.71%	1,836
2012	94,585,257	-		-	21,592,147	16,526,645	132,704,049	5.10%	1,711
2013	88,473,576	-		-	19,364,182	15,275,826	123,113,584	4.65%	1,576
2014	82,458,757	-		-	17,597,852	13,602,412	113,659,021	4.30%	1,440
2015	76,531,468	-		-	16,090,003	12,359,388	104,980,859	3.72%	1,327
2016	70,472,680	-	8,714,153	3	14,132,883	20,383,318	113,703,034	N/A	1,426
2017	64,260,913	-	7,826,952	2	12,282,453	29,711,540	114,081,858	N/A	1,431

General bonded debt outstanding:

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Literary Loans	Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Debt Value of Per Property Capita
2008	\$ 76,742,419	\$ 493,886	\$ 77,236,305	1.27% \$ 1,03
2009	112,010,877	315,859	112,326,736	1.77% 1,48
2010	106,724,577	142,359	106,866,936	1.64% 1,39
2011	100,641,607	68,859	100,710,466	1.47% 1,30
2012	94,585,257	-	94,585,257	1.37% 1,22
2013	88,473,576	-	88,473,576	1.27% 1,13
2014	82,458,757	-	82,458,757	1.17% 1,04
2015	76,531,468	-	76,531,468	1.05% 96
2016	70,472,680	-	70,472,680	0.95% 88
2017	64,260,913	-	64,260,913	0.86% 80

Notes:

(1) Details regarding the County's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

(2) Population and personal income data can be found in table 15.

(3) See table 8 for property value data.

N/A - Per capita personal income was unavailable at fiscal year end.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	C	Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Ś	stimated Share of verlapping Debt
Town of Bridgewater, Virginia	\$	2,106,117	6.24%	\$	131,455
Town of Broadway, Virginia		332,377	4.16%		13,833
Town of Mt. Crawford, Virginia		127,469	0.49%		621
Town of Dayton, Virginia		38,698	2.30%		890
Town of Elkton, Virginia		2,037,680	2.69%		54,776
Town of Grottoes, Virginia		413,332	2.27%		9,402
Town of Timberville, Virginia		-	2.09%		-
Subtotal, overlapping debt					210,978
County Direct Debt					84,370,318
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	84,581,296

Note:

The estimated percentage applicable is based on total assessed value of taxable property.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years, if applicable (Unaudited)

					,	Water a	nd Sewer Fu	ind			
	Utility				Net						
	Service	Opera			ilable				Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Charges	Exper	nses	Rev	venue	Р	rincipal]	Interest	Total	Coverage
2008	\$ 5,630,23	\$ \$ 3,06	2,217	\$ 2,	568,021	\$	136,896	\$	130,042	\$ 266,938	9.6
2009	5,125,25		3,073		842,184		190,000		194,728	384,728	4.7
2010	5,953,54		2,722	1,	940,820		418,154		462,610	880,764	2.2
2011	5,564,10	15 4,19	8,941	1,	365,164		410,000		469,502	879,502	1.5
2012	5,776,77	4,49	7,157	1,	279,614		435,000		429,278	864,278	1.4
2013	6,424,82	4,51	9,326	1,	905,495		425,000		424,224	849,224	2.2
2014	7,210,34	4 4,75	4,001	2,4	456,343		425,000		517,778	942,778	2.6
2015	7,825,0	5 4,96	0,792	2,	864,223		440,000		379,548	819,548	3.4
2016	7,270,37	4,98	2,413	2,2	287,958		540,000		565,731	1,105,731	2.0
2017	8,743,84	5,28	4,929	3,4	458,913		585,000		387,667	972,667	3.5
						k Wate	r & Waste A	uthori	ty Fund		
	Utility				Net						
	Service	Opera	0		ulable				Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Charges	Exper	nses	Rev	venue	Р	rincipal]	Interest	Total	Coverage
2008	\$ 227,00	57 \$ 3	2,316	\$	194,751	\$	104,581	\$	105,936	\$ 210,517	0.9
2009	218,95	i9 9	3,376		125,583		107,915		102,602	210,517	0.6
2010	215,84	8 6	8,805		147,043		111,357		99,160	210,517	0.7
2011	200,49	16	4,332		36,160		114,912		95,605	210,517	0.1
2012	332,24	3 13	3,565		198,678		110,064		125,961	236,025	0.8
2013	255,70	6 16	7,269		88,437		174,128		62,925	237,053	0.3
2014	329,70	9 15	6,716		172,993		172,419		64,636	237,055	0.7
2015	387,03	21	7,177		169,860		177,419		59,655	237,074	0.7
2016	355,02	.9 20	3,397		151,632		182,562		54,501	237,063	0.6
2017	453,32	20 20	4,229		249,091		187,858		49,197	237,055	1.0
						ryside S	Sanitary Dist	rict Fu	nd		
	Utility Service	Opera	ting		Net uilable			Г	Debt Service		
Fiscal Year	Charges	Exper			venue	P	rincipal		Interest	 Total	Coverage
	0.000 800										
2008	\$ 18,98		,	\$	13,454	\$	6,401	\$	5,314	\$ 11,715	1.1
2009	15,74		5,408		10,340		6,610		5,103	11,713	0.8
2010	15,12		6,199		8,925		6,827		4,888	11,715	0.7
2011	16,99		6,346		10,645		7,050		4,664	11,714	0.9
2012	14,24		6,728		7,512		7,281		4,433	11,714	0.6
2013	13,2		5,814		7,403		7,520		4,194	11,714	0.6
2014	15,94		6,277		9,669		7,767		3,948	11,715	0.8
2015	14,30		7,522		6,784		8,021		3,694	11,715	0.5
2016	18,83		8,965		9,868		8,284		3,429	11,713	0.8
2017	15,73	8	9,492		6,246		8,555		3,159	11,714	0.5

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years, if applicable (Unaudited)

							Solic	l Waste Fund	1				
		Jtility				Net							
	S	ervice	Ol	perating	A	vailable			Γ	Debt Service			
Fiscal Year	C	harges	Ez	penses	R	evenue	Р	rincipal]	Interest		Total	Coverage
2008	\$ 3	457,788	\$ 3	,157,156	\$	300,632	\$	121,363	\$	17,487	\$	138,850	2.1
2009		,854,735		2,717,244	Ψ	137,491	Ψ	270,000	Ψ	130,269	Ψ	400,269	0.3
2010		,774,723		2,579,332		195,391		323,561		118,902		442,463	0.4
2011		536,054		2,533,132		1,002,922		520,000		213,115		733,115	1.3
2012		412,861		2,225,688		2,187,173		535,000		188,935		723,935	3.0
2012		,938,147		,378,630		2,559,517		550,000		162,727		712,727	3.5
2013		,840,785		,851,399		1,989,386		565,000		136,012		701,012	2.8
2014		,193,726		,524,940		2,668,786		580,000		108,207		688,207	3.8
2015		,195,720		5560,345		2,672,463		595,000		66,424		661,424	4.0
2010				, ,				,		142,265		952,265	2.3
2017	0	,473,078	2	,232,965		2,240,113		810,000		142,203		952,205	2.3
						5	Subdivi	sion Sanitary	y Distr	ict			
		Jtility				Net							
		ervice	Ol	perating		vailable				Debt Service			
Fiscal Year	C	harges	Ez	penses	R	evenue	Р	rincipal]	Interest		Total	Coverage
2009	\$	37,652	\$	20,699	\$	16,953	\$	54,904	\$	10,670	\$	65,574	0.2
2010		35,213		12,054		23,159		15,342		15,512		30,854	0.7
2011		36,812		14,721		22,091		15,813		14,829		30,642	0.7
2012		37,261		19,398		17,863		16,300		14,132		30,432	0.5
2013		35,497		22,745		12,752		16,800		13,421		30,221	0.4
2014		34,761		22,476		12,285		17,316		12,692		30,008	0.4
2011		35,671		28,300		7,371		17,849		11,949		29,798	0.2
2015		47,631		28,500 19,871		27,760		18,397		11,189		29,586	0.2
2010		29,877		17,874		12,003		18,961		10,414		29,380	0.9
						D	т .:	10	1 : 4				
	U	Jtility				Net	in Lair	d Sewer Aut	nority				
		ervice	O	berating	А	vailable			Γ	Debt Service			
Fiscal Year		harges		penses		evenue	Р	rincipal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2000	\$	18 047	\$	1.050	\$	17 000	\$	2 777	\$	77 570	\$	30,810	0.5
2009	Э	18,967	Э	1,959	Ф	17,008	Э	3,272	Э	27,538	Э	,	0.5
2010		29,628		1,222		28,406		4,072		16,051		20,123	
2011		21,745		7		21,738		4,249		15,876		20,125	1.0
2012		27,445		1,349		26,096		975		25,096		26,071	1.0
2013		30,029		778		29,251		20,658		7,604		28,262	1.0
2014		26,374		2,071		24,303		19,218		9,043		28,261	0.8
2015		26,338		902		25,436		19,735		8,525		28,260	0.9
2016		23,992		898		23,094		20,269		7,996		28,265	0.8
2017		12,150		208		11,942		20,815		7,447		28,262	0.4

Notes:

(1) Utility service charges include all revenues of the fund except gains on sales of capital assets.

(2) Operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation and amortization, interest expense and losses on sales of capital assets.

(3) Lilly Subdivision Sanitary District began making payments on its outstanding debt in fiscal year 2009.

(4) Penn Laird Sewer Authority began making payments on its outstanding debt in fiscal year 2009.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

			(2)		
		(2)	Per Capita	(3)	(4)
	(1)	Personal	Personal	School	Unemployment
Calendar Year	Population	Income	Income	Enrollment	Rate
2008	74,770	\$ 2,338,537,221	\$ 31,276	11,372	3.5%
2009	75,656	2,305,690,941	30,476	11,422	6.5%
2010	76,523	2,342,859,939	30,616	11,414	6.3%
2011	77,297	2,487,452,867	32,180	11,376	5.5%
2012	77,551	2,602,698,926	33,561	11,245	5.6%
2013	78,102	2,646,027,951	33,879	11,331	5.1%
2014	78,953	2,642,433,157	33,468	11,310	4.8%
2015	79,134	2,825,073,252	33,195	11,327	4.4%
2016	79,735	N/A	N/A	11,287	3.7%
2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	11,261	3.4%

Sources:

(1) Estimated by the Weldon Cooper Center, University of Virginia, on a calendar year basis for all years.

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis - Harrisonburg/Rockingham County (calendar year).

(3) County of Rockingham School Division as of September 30 each year.

(4) Virginia Employment Commission (fiscal year end).

N/A - Information unavailable at fiscal year end

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year June 30,			
	2017	2008		
Employer	Rank	Rank		
Rockingham County School Board	1	1		
Sentara Healthcare	2	-		
Wal-Mart	3	4		
Cargill Meat Solutions	4	2		
Great Eastern Resort Management	5	3		
Marshall's	6	10		
LSC Communications US, LLC*	7	5		
Pilgrims Pride Corp.	8	7		
Merck Sharp & Dohme Corp.	9	6		
County of Rockingham	10	-		
Perdue Products	-	8		
Stellar Management Grouping	-	9		

* Formerly R.R. Donnelley & Sons Co.

Source:

Virginia Employment Commission.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal	Year			
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011		
General government administration:						
Legislative	5	5	5	5		
General and financial:						
Commissioner of the revenue	18.3	18.3	14	13		
Treasurer	8.3	8.3	8	6		
Executive administration and legal	7.5	8	8	8		
Finance	10.5	10.5	9.4	9.4		
Human resources	3	2.5	2.4	2.4		
Information systems	11	11	11	11		
Central switchboard	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4		
Board of elections	2	2	2	2		
Judicial administration:						
Courts:						
Clerk of the circuit court	15	15	15	13		
Court services	11	8.5	6.5	8.5		
Commonwealth attorney	25	26.5	24.0	27.5		
Public safety:						
Sheriff	175	173	167	161.5		
Fire and rescue	62.5	65.5	66	70		
Building inspections	13	13	9.3	8.3		
Other protection	2	2	2	2		
Public works:	_	_	_	_		
General administration	0.8	1	0.8	0.7		
Garage operations	2	2	2	2		
Maintenance	18.4	19.4	16.4	15.4		
Parks, recreation and cultural	10.4	10.6	12.6	9.6		
Community development:	10.0	10.0	12.0	9.0		
Planning and community development	13.8	13.8	13.2	12.7		
Extension	1	15.6	-	12.7		
Economic development	-	0.5	0.5	0.5		
Water and sewer:	_	0.5	0.5	0.5		
Utilities/water treatment	25.5	27.8	24.5	22.4		
Solid waste:	25.5	27.8	24.3	22.4		
Landfill	23.0	21.3	20.6	19.7		
Container site	12.9	12.7	13.1	13.1		
	12.5	12.7	13.1	13.1		
Component unit school board:						
Education:	1 492	1 401	1 446	1 410		
Instruction	1,483	1,481	1,446	1,410		
Administration, attendance and health	48	63	63	61		
Pupil transportation services	219	223	228	229		
Operation and maintenance services	106	110	110	114		
School food services	116	114	113	116		
Component unit HRSSD:						
Social services:						
Services	53	52	52	53		
Public assistance	44	44	39	40		
Comprehensive/Children's Services Act	3	3	2.8	2.8		
Administration	9	9	9	9		
Totals	2,558.6	2,579.7	2,517.5	2,479.9		

Source:

Rockingham County Department of Human Resources.

June 30,									
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017				
5	5	5	5	5	5				
13	13	13	13.5	14	15				
6	6	6	6.5	7	7				
8	8	9	9	9	9				
9.4	9.4	9.4	9.2	9.2	11.0				
2.4	2.4	2.4	3	4	4				
11	11	11	11	11	11				
1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.0				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
14	14	14	15	15	15				
9.5	9.5	10	11	11	11				
25.9	25.9	26.3	26.3	27.3	26.0				
161.5	166.5	167	169	175	175				
71	70	74	81	76	90				
8	8	8	8.5	9	9				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
16.6	16.6	17	17	18	18				
8.6	9.6	9	11	11	11				
12	12.5	12	12.5	12	12				
- 1.3	- 1.3	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1				
19.1	19.5	19.6	20.1	21.1	21.0				
19.2	17.8	17.9	17.9	19	19				
13.1	12.4	12	12	12	12				
1,414	1,413	1,402	1,414	1,410	1,486				
62	62	62	63	64	98				
239	236	239	238	238	241				
115	115	115	115	115	116				
119	113	110	108	113	108				
53	52	57	58.5	65	65				
55 42	52 41	45	58.5 48.5	53	53				
3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5				
10	10	5	5	5.5	7				
2,500.1	2,491.9	2,490.2	2,521.2	2,543.3	2,667.5				

Table 17

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program 2008 2009 2010 2011 Police: (1) Calls for service 19,329 18,903 18,861 19,739 Adult arrest 5,050 4,748 3,776 4,100 Juvenile arrest 296 189 259 241 Traffic citations 1,704 2,068 3,304 4,329 Fire: (2) Total fire runs 10,608 10,861 9,510 6,348 Total fire runs 10,608 10,861 9,510 6,348 15,565 Public service: (3) Garbage collected (ton) 89,649 78,445 76,445 76,466 Recycle collected (ton) 15,114 12,299 17,392 28,761 Parks and recreation: (4) Recreation program attendance 18,231 19,800 20,455 42,709 Water and sewer: (3) New water connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) 58,222,109 55,403,500 62,389,333 62,629,583 Average daily sewage tr		Fiscal Year						
Calls for service19,32918,90318,86119,739Adult arrest5,0504,7483,7764,100Juvenile arrest296189259241Traffic citations1,7042,0683,3044,329Fire: (2)1,7042,06810,8619,5106,348Total fire runs10,60810,8619,5106,348Total rescue runs12,59012,84713,64815,565Public service: (3)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)11,11412,29917,39228,761Parks and recreation: (4)82,3119,80020,45542,709Water and sewer: (3)18,23119,80020,45542,709Water connections1971518746New wastewater connections2381569238Average daily water consumption (gallons)58,222,10955,403,50062,389,33362,629,583Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)39,950,16249,059,00155,244,95557,871,485Transportation: (5)1,1271,1291,1321,135Education: (6)11,34011,34011,37611,343Kindergarteners882816875880	Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011			
Calls for service19,32918,90318,86119,739Adult arrest5,0504,7483,7764,100Juvenile arrest296189259241Traffic citations1,7042,0683,3044,329Fire: (2)1,7042,06810,8619,5106,348Total fire runs10,60810,8619,5106,348Total rescue runs12,59012,84713,64815,565Public service: (3)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)11,11412,29917,39228,761Parks and recreation: (4)82,3119,80020,45542,709Water and sewer: (3)18,23119,80020,45542,709Water connections1971518746New wastewater connections2381569238Average daily water consumption (gallons)58,222,10955,403,50062,389,33362,629,583Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)39,950,16249,059,00155,244,95557,871,485Transportation: (5)1,1271,1291,1321,135Education: (6)11,34011,34011,37611,343Kindergarteners882816875880	Police: (1)							
Juvenile arrest296189259241Traffic citations1,7042,0683,3044,329Fire: (2)Total fire runs10,60810,8619,5106,348Total rescue runs12,59012,84713,64815,565Public service: (3)89,64978,44576,44576,445Garbage collected (ton)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)15,11412,29917,39228,761Parks and recreation: (4)Recreation program attendance18,23119,80020,45542,709Water and sewer: (3)18,23119,80020,45542,709New water connections1971518746New water connections2381569238Average daily water consumption (gallons)58,222,10955,403,50062,389,33362,629,583Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)39,950,16249,059,00155,244,95557,871,485Transportation: (5)1,1271,1291,1321,135Education: (6)1,2771,1291,1321,135Education: (6)11,34011,40011,37611,343Kindergarteners882816875880		19,329	18,903	18,861	19,739			
Traffic citations 1,704 2,068 3,304 4,329 Fire: (2) Total fire runs 10,608 10,861 9,510 6,348 Total rescue runs 12,590 12,847 13,648 15,565 Public service: (3) garbage collected (ton) 89,649 78,445 76,445 76,466 Recycle collected (ton) 15,114 12,299 17,392 28,761 Parks and recreation: (4) Recreation program attendance 18,231 19,800 20,455 42,709 Water and sewer: (3) New water connections 197 151 87 46 New water connections 197 151 87 46 New water connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) 58,222,109 55,403,500 62,389,333 62,629,583 Transportation: (5) 1,127 1,129 1,132 1,135 Education: (6) 1,127 1,129 1,132 1,135 Education: (6) 882 816 875 880	Adult arrest	5,050	4,748	3,776	4,100			
Fire: (2)Total fire runs10,60810,8619,5106,348Total rescue runs12,59012,84713,64815,565Public service: (3)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)15,11412,29917,39228,761Parks and recreation: (4)818,23119,80020,45542,709Water and sewer: (3)971518746New water connections1971518746New water connections2381569238Average daily water consumption (gallons)58,222,10955,403,50062,389,33362,629,583Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)11,1271,1291,1321,135Education: (6)11,34011,40011,37611,343Kindergartners882816875880	Juvenile arrest	296	189	259	241			
Total fire runs10,60810,8619,5106,348Total rescue runs12,59012,84713,64815,565Public service: (3)89,64978,44576,44576,445Garbage collected (ton)89,64978,44576,44576,466Recycle collected (ton)15,11412,29917,39228,761Parks and recreation: (4)Recreation program attendance18,23119,80020,45542,709Water and sewer: (3)New water connections1971518746New water connections2381569238Average daily water consumption (gallons)58,222,10955,403,50062,389,33362,629,583Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)39,950,16249,059,00155,244,95557,871,485Transportation: (5)1,1271,1291,1321,135Education: (6) $Average daily membership$ 11,34011,40011,37611,343Kindergarteners882816875880	Traffic citations	1,704	2,068	3,304	4,329			
Total rescue runs $12,590$ $12,847$ $13,648$ $15,565$ Public service: (3) Garbage collected (ton) $89,649$ $78,445$ $76,445$ $76,466$ Recycle collected (ton) $15,114$ $12,299$ $17,392$ $28,761$ Parks and recreation: (4) Recreation program attendance $18,231$ $19,800$ $20,455$ $42,709$ Water and sewer: (3) New water connections 197 151 87 46 New water connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) $58,222,109$ $55,403,500$ $62,389,333$ $62,629,583$ Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) $39,950,162$ $49,059,001$ $55,244,955$ $57,871,485$ Transportation: (5) 	Fire: (2)							
Public service: (3) Garbage collected (ton) $89,649$ $15,114$ $78,445$ $12,299$ $76,445$ $17,392$ $76,466$ $28,761$ Parks and recreation: (4) Recreation program attendance $18,231$ $19,800$ $20,455$ $42,709$ Water and sewer: (3) New water connections 197 238 151 156 87 92 46 38 New water connections 197 238 156 92 38 38 $39,950,162$ $49,059,001$ $55,244,955$ $57,871,485$ Transportation: (5) Total route miles $1,127$ $1,129$ $1,132$ $1,132$ $1,135$ Education: (6) Average daily membership Kindergarteners $11,340$ 882 $11,400$ 816 $11,376$ 875 $11,343$ 880	Total fire runs	10,608	10,861	9,510	6,348			
Garbage collected (ton) $89,649$ $78,445$ $76,445$ $76,466$ Recycle collected (ton) $15,114$ $12,299$ $17,392$ $28,761$ Parks and recreation: (4)Recreation program attendance $18,231$ $19,800$ $20,455$ $42,709$ Water and sewer: (3)New water connections 197 151 87 46 New water connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) $58,222,109$ $55,403,500$ $62,389,333$ $62,629,583$ Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) $39,950,162$ $49,059,001$ $55,244,955$ $57,871,485$ Transportation: (5) Total route miles $1,127$ $1,129$ $1,132$ $1,135$ Education: (6) Average daily membership $11,340$ $11,400$ $11,376$ $11,343$ Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Total rescue runs	12,590	12,847	13,648	15,565			
Recycle collected (ton) $15,114$ $12,299$ $17,392$ $28,761$ Parks and recreation: (4) Recreation program attendance $18,231$ $19,800$ $20,455$ $42,709$ Water and sewer: (3) New water connections 197 151 87 46 New water connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) $58,222,109$ $55,403,500$ $62,389,333$ $62,629,583$ Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) $39,950,162$ $49,059,001$ $55,244,955$ $57,871,485$ Transportation: (5) Total route miles $1,127$ $1,129$ $1,132$ $1,135$ Education: (6) Average daily membership $11,340$ $11,400$ $11,376$ $11,343$ Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Public service: (3)							
Parks and recreation: (4) Recreation program attendance $18,231$ $19,800$ $20,455$ $42,709$ Water and sewer: (3) New water connections 197 151 87 46 New water connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) $58,222,109$ $55,403,500$ $62,389,333$ $62,629,583$ Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) $39,950,162$ $49,059,001$ $55,244,955$ $57,871,485$ Transportation: (5) Total route miles $1,127$ $1,129$ $1,132$ $1,135$ Education: (6) Average daily membership $11,340$ $11,400$ $11,376$ $11,343$ Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Garbage collected (ton)	89,649	78,445	76,445	76,466			
Recreation program attendance $18,231$ $19,800$ $20,455$ $42,709$ Water and sewer: (3) New water connections 197 151 87 46 New water connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) $58,222,109$ $55,403,500$ $62,389,333$ $62,629,583$ Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) $39,950,162$ $49,059,001$ $55,244,955$ $57,871,485$ Transportation: (5) Total route miles $1,127$ $1,129$ $1,132$ $1,135$ Education: (6) Average daily membership $11,340$ $11,400$ $11,376$ $11,343$ Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Recycle collected (ton)	15,114	12,299	17,392	28,761			
Water and sewer: (3) New water connections1971518746New wastewater connections2381569238Average daily water consumption (gallons)58,222,10955,403,50062,389,33362,629,583Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)39,950,16249,059,00155,244,95557,871,485Transportation: (5)1,1271,1291,1321,135Education: (6)11,34011,40011,37611,343Kindergarteners882816875880	Parks and recreation: (4)							
New water connections 197 151 87 46 New wastewater connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) $58,222,109$ $55,403,500$ $62,389,333$ $62,629,583$ Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) $39,950,162$ $49,059,001$ $55,244,955$ $57,871,485$ Transportation: (5) Total route miles $1,127$ $1,129$ $1,132$ $1,135$ Education: (6) Average daily membership $11,340$ $11,400$ $11,376$ $11,343$ Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Recreation program attendance	18,231	19,800	20,455	42,709			
New wastewater connections 238 156 92 38 Average daily water consumption (gallons) 58,222,109 55,403,500 62,389,333 62,629,583 Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) 39,950,162 49,059,001 55,244,955 57,871,485 Transportation: (5) 1,127 1,129 1,132 1,135 Education: (6) 11,340 11,400 11,376 11,343 Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Water and sewer: (3)							
Average daily water consumption (gallons) 58,222,109 55,403,500 62,389,333 62,629,583 Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) 39,950,162 49,059,001 55,244,955 57,871,485 Transportation: (5) 1,127 1,129 1,132 1,135 Education: (6) 11,340 11,400 11,376 11,343 Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	New water connections	197	151	87	46			
Average daily sewage treatment (gallons) 39,950,162 49,059,001 55,244,955 57,871,485 Transportation: (5) Total route miles 1,127 1,129 1,132 1,135 Education: (6) Average daily membership 11,340 11,400 11,376 11,343 Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	New wastewater connections	238	156	92	38			
Transportation: (5) Total route miles 1,127 1,129 1,129 1,132 Education: (6) Average daily membership 11,340 11,340 11,340 882 816 875	Average daily water consumption (gallons)	58,222,109	55,403,500	62,389,333	62,629,583			
Total route miles 1,127 1,129 1,132 1,135 Education: (6) I1,340 I1,400 I1,376 I1,343 Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Average daily sewage treatment (gallons)	39,950,162	49,059,001	55,244,955	57,871,485			
Education: (6)Average daily membership11,34011,40011,37611,343Kindergarteners882816875880	Transportation: (5)							
Average daily membership11,34011,40011,37611,343Kindergarteners882816875880	Total route miles	1,127	1,129	1,132	1,135			
Kindergarteners 882 816 875 880	Education: (6)							
		11,340	11,400	11,376	11,343			
Grades 1-12 10,458 10,584 10,501 10,463	Kindergarteners	882	816	875	880			
	Grades 1-12	10,458	10,584	10,501	10,463			

Sources:

(1) Rockingham County Sheriff's Department

(2) Rockingham County Fire and Rescue Department

(3) Rockingham County Public Works Department

(4) Rockingham County Parks and Recreation Department

(5) Virginia Department of Transportation

(6) Rockingham County School Board

June 30,									
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017					
3 21,124	23,546	22,714	25,081	32,250					
9 4,162	3,749	4,119	4,201	4,253					
5 202	373	257	195	294					
6 1,879	1,363	1,479	1,682	3,081					
1 7 475	7 119	6 959	6 907	6,623					
	17,289	18,313	18,948	19,414					
2 108,882	107,977	127,842	124,278	134,879					
1 24,323	16,343	12,714	9,632	2,276					
9 42,304	42,500	42,900	43,600	45,000					
4 97	115	118	124	105					
				97					
				70,032,583					
	63,479,583	62,545,110	73,577,916	73,000,000					
-									
5 1,138	1,139	1,145	1,146	1,146					
6 11 223	11.304	11.290	11.287	11,261					
				795					
	10,484	10,436	10,449	10,466					
	3 21,124 9 4,162 5 202 6 1,879 1 7,475 8 17,283 2 108,882 1 24,323 9 42,304 4 97 2 97 0 58,389,558 0 50,065,833 5 1,138 6 11,223 2 852	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2013 2014 2015 2016 3 $21,124$ $23,546$ $22,714$ $25,081$ 9 $4,162$ $3,749$ $4,119$ $4,201$ 5 202 373 257 195 6 $1,879$ $1,363$ $1,479$ $1,682$ 1 $7,475$ $7,119$ $6,959$ $6,907$ 8 $17,283$ $17,289$ $18,313$ $18,948$ 2 $108,882$ $107,977$ $127,842$ $124,278$ 1 $24,323$ $16,343$ $12,714$ $9,632$ 9 $42,304$ $42,500$ $42,900$ $43,600$ 4 97 115 118 124 2 97 115 129 112 0 $58,389,558$ $69,591,675$ $74,113,083$ $71,094,539$ 0 $50,065,833$ $63,479,583$ $62,545,110$ $73,577,916$ 5 $1,138$ $1,139$ $1,145$ $1,146$ 6 $11,223$ $11,304$ $11,290$ $11,287$ 2 852 820 854 838					

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION / PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011			
Police Stations: (1)	1	1	1	1			
Fire Companies (not County owned): (2)	10	10	10	10			
Rescue Squads (not County owned): (2)	8	8	8	8			
Streets: (4)							
Centerline Mileage:							
Interstate (6)	54	54	54	54			
Primary (6)	184	184	184	186			
Secondary (6)	889	891	894	895			
Number of street lights (6)	16	16	16	16			
Traffic signals (6)	35	35	37	39			
Parks and Recreation: (5)							
Parks - number of acres	28	28	22	22			
Neighborhood parks - number of acres	28	28	22	22			
Baseball/softball diamonds	32	32	31	31			
Soccer/football fields	13	13	13	13			
Basketball courts	13	13	13	13			
Parks with playground equipment	1	1	1	1			
Picnic shelters	4	4	4	4			
Community centers	3	3	3	3			
Water: (3)							
Wells (County owned)	3	3	3	2			
Water lines (feet)	488,664	503,321	505,685	516,154			
Fire hydrants	643	678	684	703			
Storage capacity (MGPD)	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000			
Average daily consumption (MGPD)	1,940,737	1,995,682	2,079,644	2,059,054			
Peak consumption (MGPD)	3,035,000	2,549,500	2,988,500	3,120,000			
Wastewater: (3)							
Sanitary sewers (feet)	466,242	495,002	552,812	560,023			

Sources:

(1) Rockingham County Sheriff's Department

(2) Rockingham County Fire and Rescue Department

(3) Rockingham County Public Works Department

(4) Virginia Department of Transportation

(5) Rockingham County Parks and Recreation Department

(6) Assets are not County owned, but lie within its boundaries

		June 3	30,		
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1	1	1	1	1	1
10	10	10	10	11	11
8	8	8	7	8	8
54	54	54	54	54	54
186	186	187	192	192	192
897	898	898	899	900	900
16	16	16	16	16	16
40	41	41	42	42	43
22	22	81	81	81	81
22	22	22	19	19	19
31	31	31	31	31	31
13	13	13	13	13	13
13	13	13	13	14	13
1	1	1	1	1	1
4	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3
2	2	2	2	2	2
526,623	534,150	538,958	553,039	577,643	587,938
778	803	815	854	909	957
10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000	10,088,000
2,031,403	2,076,660	2,287,945	2,436,595	2,337,355	2,302,441
3,519,000	2,979,000	3,267,000	3,252,000	3,188,000	3,322,000
567,234	571,944	572,727	586,191	588,915	598,057

COMPLIANCE SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:					
Direct payments:					
Department of Agriculture:					
Cooperative Law Enforcement	10.U01	N/A	\$ -	\$ 5,011	
Pass-through payments: Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Total SNAP Cluster	10.561	Not provided	-	1,113,927 1,113,927	
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Child Nutrition Cluster: Commodity Distributions	10.555	40623		410,201	
	10.555	40025	-	410,201	
Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591/40623	_	696,401	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	-	2,164,918	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				3,271,520	
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster:					
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841	-	24,575	
Total Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster				24,575	
Total Department of Agriculture				4,415,033	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:					
Pass-through payments:					
Federal Highway Administration:					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Not provided	-	71,342	
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster				71,342	
Department of Motor Vehicles:					
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2016-56097-6297	-	29,862	
Total Department of Transportation				101,204	
SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION: Direct payments:					
Social Security Administration:					
Reward for Incarceration Notification	96.U01	N/A	-	200	
Total Social Security Administration				200	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Entity Identifying	Passed Through	to		Total Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipi	ents	Ex	penditures
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:						
Pass-through payments: Department of Social Services:						
•	93.556	Not provided	¢		\$	25 252
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	95.550	Not provided	\$	-	Ф	35,352
TANF Cluster:						
Temporary Assistance to Needy Families	93.558	Not provided		-		765,868
Total TANF Cluster						765,868
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered						
Programs	93.566	Not provided		-		64,349
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	Not provided		-		70,266
		Ĩ				,
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:	93.575	Not provided				(55)
Child Care and Development Block Grant	95.575	Not provided		-		(55)
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	Not provided				122.260
Total Child Care and Development Fund	95.590	Not provided		-		122,269 122,214
*						
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	Not provided		-		18,938
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	Not provided		-		1,023
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	Not provided		-		1,477,743
Adoption Assistance	93.659	Not provided		-		1,450,439
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Not provided		-		877,270
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	Not provided		-		17,119
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	Not provided		-		44,393
Medicaid Cluster:						
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	Not provided		-		1,409,235
Total Medicaid Cluster						1,409,235
Total Department of Health and Human Services						6,354,209
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, OFFICE OF JUSTICE						
PROGRAMS, BUREAU OF JUSTICE ASSISTANCE:						
Direct payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice:						
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	N/A		-		19,400
Federal Forfeiture - Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A		-		19,819
Criminal and Juvenile Justice and Mental Health						
Collaboration Program	16.745	N/A		-		51,349
						90,568
Pass-through payments:						
Department of Criminal Justice Services:						
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	16-T9349VA15/17-U9349VA16	5	-		21,171
Crime Victim Assistance - Discretionary Grants	16.575	17-T9573VW15		-		126,994
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance						
Grant Program	16.738	17-S1172LO16/17-D2870AD13		-		16,651
						164,816
Total Department of Justice, Office of Justice Prog	grams,					
Bureau of Justice Assistance						255,384

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass-Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Passed Through to	Total Federal	
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures	
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE: Direct payments:					
Bureau of Land Management:					
Payments to States in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	N/A	\$ -	\$ 440,081	
Tayments to States in Elect of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	1.171	φ -	φ ++0,001	
Total Department of Defense				440,081	
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:					
Pass-through payments:					
Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	-	1,664,876	
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071 / 61135	-	2,444,723	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	62521	-	62,573	
Total Special Education Cluster				2,507,296	
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	Not provided	-	251,501	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants					
to States	84.048	61095	-	171,139	
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	Not provided	-	1,520	
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	60512	-	78,655	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	61480	-	301,262	
Total Department of Education				4,976,249	
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:					
Direct payments:					
Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	N/A	-	679,153	
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response					
(SAFER)	97.083	N/A	-	213,496	
				892,649	
Pass-through payments:					
Department of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	Not provided	-	18,094	
Total Department of Homeland Security				910,743	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 17,453,103	
E				, ,	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (the County) and component units of the Rockingham County School Board and the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Federal Financial Assistance – The Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (Public Law 104-156) and Uniform Guidance define federal financial assistance as grants, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, food commodities, direct appropriations or other assistance. Nonmonetary deferral assistance including food commodities is considered federal assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals.

Direct Payments – Assistance received directly from the Federal government is classified as direct payments on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Pass-through Payments – Assistance received in a pass-through relationship from entities other than the Federal government is classified as pass-through payments on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Major Programs – Major programs for the County of Rockingham, Virginia and its component units were determined using a risk-based approach in accordance with Uniform Guidance.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance – The Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) is a government-wide compendium of individual federal programs. Each program included in the catalog is assigned a five-digit program identification number (CFDA Number), which is reflected in the Schedule.

Cluster of Programs – Closely related programs that share common compliance requirements are grouped into clusters of programs. A cluster of programs is considered as one federal program for determining major programs. The following are the clusters administered by the County of Rockingham, Virginia and its component units: SNAP, Child Nutrition, Forest Service Schools and Roads, Highway Planning and Construction, TANF, Child Care and Development Fund, Medicaid, and Special Education.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 4. Non-Cash Assistance

In addition to amounts reported on the Schedule, the County consumed non-cash assistance in the form of food commodities. Commodities with a fair value of \$410,201 at the time received were consumed during the year ended June 30, 2017. These commodities were included in the determination of federal awards expended during the year ended June 30, 2017.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the General Fund of the County of Rockingham, Virginia (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matter that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2017-001.

Management's Response to Finding

Management's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Management's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, JZP

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 6, 2017



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Rockingham, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Rockingham, Virginia's (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Medical Assistance Program

As described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District did not comply with the requirements of CFDA 93.778 Medical Assistance Program as described in finding number 2017-002 for Eligibility. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on the Medical Assistance Program

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the Medical Assistance Program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other Matters

The County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiency, or a combination of deficiency and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2017-002, that we consider to be a material weakness.

The County's Response to Finding

The County's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, 77P

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 6, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	 No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	 None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	 No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs: $\sqrt{}$ YesNoMaterial weakness identified? $\sqrt{}$ Yes $\sqrt{}$ None ReportedSignificant deficiencies identified?Yes $\sqrt{}$ None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

- Qualified for CFDA 93.778, Medical Assistance Program Eligibility
- Unmodified for all other applicable compliance requirements of the Medical Assistance Program and for all other major programs and applicable compliance requirements.

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

 $\sqrt{1}$ Yes No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
SNAP Cluster: 10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program					
TANF Cluster: 93.558	Temporary Assistance to Needy Famil	ies				
93.658	Foster Care – Title IV-E					
93.659	Adoption Assistance					
Medicaid Cluster: 93.778	Medical Assistance Program					
84.010	Title 1 Grants to Local Educational Ag	gencies				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs\$ 750,000						
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?YesNo						

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING

A. Compliance Finding

2017-001: Compliance with Virginia Initiative for Employment not Welfare (VIEW) requirements

Criteria and Condition: In conjunction with our audit in accordance with the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, we performed procedures to ensure a selection of VIEW purchased service transactions were in accordance with policy and appropriate based on the individual VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan.

Context: Of the 25 transactions tested, eight were not in accordance with the VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan. The Activity and Service Plans did not properly include all eligible supportive services.

Cause: Lack of documentation of services needed on the VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan.

Effect: Noncompliance with requirements may result in improper payments on behalf of individuals who participate in the VIEW program.

Recommendation: We recommend procedures be implemented to ensure all transactions are in accordance with policy and are appropriate based on the VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management concurs with the findings of the lack of documentation in the VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan in accordance with the payments for services on behalf of the individuals who participate in the VIEW program. In the implementation of new procedures to ensure all transactions are in accordance with policy including eligibility and documented as supportive services the factors, listed below, have been considered in the development of the agency's Plan of Action.

Two program plans were reviewed:

- 1- The VIEW Annual Workforce Plan designed to assist agencies in planning and implementing programs make optimum use of allocated funds to increase client employment and earnings.
- 2- The EPPE for a VIEW FSS Worker transformed to have clear job expectations which are program driven and set within the worker's Performance Evaluation.

Guidelines of the VIEW Program were reviewed:

- 1- The goal of the VIEW Program is to assist program participants in obtaining employment with wages and benefits sufficient to make continued or future receipt of public assistance unnecessary.
- 2- Identify and evaluate the participant's occupational skills, strengths, and weaknesses, and describe in detail how this information will be used to assess immediate employability.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDING (Continued)

A. Compliance Finding (Continued)

2017-001: Compliance with Virginia Initiative for Employment not Welfare (VIEW) requirements (Continued)

Views of Responsible Officials (Continued):

Guidelines of the VIEW Program were reviewed (continued):

- 3- Participant's assessment will help identify additional skills, training or education needed to enhance employability.
- 4- The VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan will include needed supportive services to obtain and enhance employability. Each specific service provided will be recorded as to the accordance with goal achievement.

Section III. FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

A. Department of Health and Human Services

2017-002: Eligibility – Medical Assistance Program

Information on the Federal Program: CFDA title and number: Medical Assistance Program – 93.778; Award period: Year Ended June 30, 2017; Name of federal agency: Department of Health and Human Services; Pass-through entity name: Virginia Department of Social Services

Criteria and Condition: According to the Code of Federal Regulations 42 CFR 435.916 – Periodic redeterminations of Medicaid eligibility, "The agency must redetermine the eligibility of Medicaid beneficiaries, with respect to circumstances that may change, at least every 12 months." The Harrisonburg – Rockingham Social Services District has not complied with this requirement.

Context: Of the 60 eligibility determinations tested, five redeterminations within the specified 12 month timeframe were not performed. Although the Code of Federal Regulations allows certain eligibility factors such as blindness and disability to be considered as continuing until the conditions are no longer met, other eligibility factors which may change require redeterminations be performed.

Cause: Due to limited resources within the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District).

Effect: Noncompliance with regulations may result in improper payments to individuals who have not received a timely redetermination of eligibility.

Questioned Costs: Undeterminable

Repeat Finding: This is a repeat finding, as the prior year finding was identified as 2016-001.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section III. FINDING AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

A. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued)

2017-002: Eligibility – Medical Assistance Program (Continued)

Recommendation: The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District should develop internal control procedures to ensure employees complete the annual eligibility redeterminations in a timely manner as required by program regulations.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management concurs with the findings. There are a number of factors which have contributed to the agency's failure to provide timely benefit renewals. Those factors, listed below, have been considered in the development of the agency's Plan of Action.

- 1- The agency, like the State as a whole, experienced increased caseloads, that is, new applications, denials, and ongoing cases, as a result of the recession of 2008. Assistance cases peaked in 2013, but have not yet significantly declined.
- 2- The Virginia Department of Social Services (VDSS) implemented a new automated benefit determination and management system, Virginia Client Management System (VaCMS), in October 2013. The program is a rule based Medical Assistance determination and case management system that has been developed and modified as it rolled out to local agencies. Although the system's functionality has improved and become more reliable and workable, it continues to expand and be modified through the various Medical Assistance programs. Effective October 2016, VACMS encompasses SNAP and all remaining assistance programs. With the inclusion of other benefit programs, VACMS has experienced other functionality complications, such as: systems outages / offline, system latency and, program enhancements for one program that has led to incorrect determinations for other programs due to incorrect application of rules and policy by the system.
- 3- Over the last two years, management has worked to establish clear job expectations which are set within the worker's Performance Evaluation criteria. Recognizing that there are staff performance concerns, special attention has been given to the Benefit Program Specialists who have been struggling to achieve agency and policy expectations.
- 4- Although agency management has increased the use of local and Virginia Department of Social Services generated data to monitor unit and individual worker performance, the focus has been upon the worker who has cases which have exceeded, or are about to exceed, new application or renewal time frames. This post monitoring perspective has resulted in improved management attention to the issues of timeliness, but has been after the fact, often failing to avoid the late determination.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2017

Identifying Number: 2017-001 Compliance with Virginia Initiative for Employment not Welfare (VIEW) requirements.

<u>Finding:</u> Eight transactions tested were not in accordance with the VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan.

Corrective Action Taken or Planned:

Management staff and VIEW case workers will ensure that proper payments on behalf of individuals who participate in the VIEW program occurs which includes increasing documentation on the VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan for each supportive service and how it is related to the participant in achieving goals on obtaining and enhancing employability.

- 1- Service Plan Review Every six months each VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan will be reviewed to ensure the funding of supportive services are identified in accordance of need as to obtain and enhance employability.
- 2- Increase Documentation Documentation will be provided for each service that the participant is provided and will be detailed on how that specific service is related to increasing the client employment and earnings.
- 3- Process of Approval of Funding Each supportive service will be checked for proper payment by the use of the purchase order. The check off system will ensure that services which a purchase order is created as approval are listed on the VIEW Participant's Activity and Service Plan as well as appropriate length of time of service indicated as a continuing need.
- 4- Management staff will review with staff the optimum use of allocated funds on a monthly basis and will use the VIEW regional consultant to help guide best practices for the program.
- 5- This Corrective Action Plan became effective November 1, 2017.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2017

Identifying Number: 2017-002 Eligibility

<u>Finding:</u> Five eligibility redeterminations tested for Medicaid beneficiaries were not performed at least every 12 months as required by 42 CFR 435.916.

Corrective Action Taken or Planned:

- 1- Management staff will increase use of VDSS and locally generated data. The following data reports will be utilized:
 - Case Eligibility Review Summary
 - a. Provides summary data by worker for:
 - i. Cases to be reviewed over next four months
 - ii. Current cases not yet reviewed

Locality Active Enrollment Report

a. Provides case specific information of each enrollee and their renewal status

MA Renewal Manager

- a. Provides case worker specific information for:
 - iii. Renewals due
 - iv. Packet sending
 - v. Renewal received

Employee Review Log

a. Provides individual worker data by case and required activities for the worker to use as a guide in case management and processing

Automated Exparte' Report

- a. Provides individual case data that indicates if the case is automatically reviewed, other information mandatory, or renewal packet is required to be generated.
- 2- Because management's prior focus has been upon cases approaching, or already out of compliance, focus will now be upon data that is prospective, that is, assessing cases which need action early enough to intercede and prevent late processing.

Monthly / Weekly Tracking Review (real time interaction with staff)

- a. Management reviews pending application status with staff on a weekly basis
- b. Management assesses current month reviews and status to ensure timely processing to prevent out of compliance issues.
- 3- Management staff will be reviewing timeline and status of various cases, to determine, (1) whether renewal packets have been sent, (2) whether check lists of needed information have been sent, and (3) whether cases are being processed timely. Same method as item number 2.
- 4- VDSS performs automated renewals on MAGI and a limited number of non MAGI (SSI recipient) cases that meet state criteria. This process helps to reduce cases either not being reviewed or an untimely review.
- 5- VDSS automatically generates and sends renewal packets to clients, eliminating worker error.
- 6- This Corrective Action Plan became effective October 1, 2017.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Identifying Number: 2016-001

Audit Finding:

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

A. Department of Health and Human Services

2016-001: Eligibility – Medical Assistance Program – CFDA Number 93.778; Award period: Year Ended June 30, 2016; Pass-through entity name: Virginia Department of Social Services

Criteria and Condition: Code of Federal Regulations 42 CFR 435.916 – Periodic redeterminations of Medicaid eligibility – "The agency must redetermine the eligibility of Medicaid beneficiaries, with respect to circumstances that may change, at least every 12 months." The program has not complied with this requirement.

Context: Of the 60 eligibility determinations tested, three redeterminations within the specified 12 month timeframe were not performed, two prior year redeterminations were not performed at all and one redetermination was approved when it should have been denied. Although the Code of Federal Regulations allows certain eligibility factors such as blindness and disability to be considered as continuing until the conditions are no longer met, other eligibility factors which may change require redeterminations be performed.

Cause: Due to limited resources within the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District (District).

Effect: Noncompliance with regulations may result in improper payments to individuals who have not received a timely redetermination of eligibility.

Questioned costs: Undeterminable

Recommendation: The Harrisonburg-Rockingham Social Services District should develop internal control procedures to ensure employees complete the annual eligibility redeterminations in a timely manner as required by program regulations.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management concurs with the findings. There are a number of factors which have contributed to the District's failure to provide timely benefit renewals. Those factors, listed below, have been considered in the development of the District's Plan of Action.

1- The District, like the State as a whole, experienced increased caseloads, that is, new applications, denials, and ongoing cases, as a result of the recession of 2008. Assistance cases peaked in 2013, but have not yet significantly declined. The workforce during that time did not change until fiscal year 2015.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Identifying Number: 2016-001 (Continued)

Audit Finding: (Continued)

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued)

A. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued)

2016-001: Eligibility – Medical Assistance Program – CFDA Number 93.778; Award period: Year Ended June 30, 2016; Pass-through entity name: Virginia Department of Social Services (Continued)

Views of Responsible Officials: (Continued)

- 2- The Virginia Department of Social Services implemented a new automated benefit determination and management system, Virginia Client Management System, VaCMS, in October 2013. The program is a rules based Medical Assistance determination and case management system that has been developed and modified as it rolled out to local agencies. Although the system's functionality has improved and become more reliable and workable, it continues to expand and be modified through the various Medical Assistance programs. Beginning October 2016, it will encompass SNAP and all remaining assistance programs. This work increase directly impacts the work of all Benefit Specialists. The implementation of this program, although it will ultimately be a significant improvement, has had and continues to have a negative impact on the functionality and timeliness of local workers.
- 3- Because of the issues cited in items 1 and 2, the District's Board approved four (4) new Benefit Program Specialist positions in fiscal year 2015. Due to the time required to recruit and train new employees, approximately one year, they had minimal impact until fiscal year 2016. Unfortunately, during the same period, turnover created new vacancies. Across fiscal years 2015 and 2016, in a unit of forty two (42) persons, there was a termination rate of 21% (9 FTEs) with a new hire rate of 33% (14 FTEs). In effect, 33% of the staff members were undergoing their initial year of training, and therefore, provided minimal contribution to unit processing. At the same time, trained workers were carrying extra cases until the new workers became functional.
- 4- Over the last two years, management has worked to establish clear job expectations which are set within the worker's Performance Evaluation criteria. Recognizing that there are staff performance concerns, special attention has been given to the Benefit Program Specialists who have been struggling to achieve District and policy expectations.
- 5- Although District management has increased the use of local and Virginia Department of Social Services generated data to monitor unit and individual worker performance, the focus has been upon the worker who has cases which have exceeded, or are about to exceed, new application or renewal time frames. This post monitoring perspective has resulted in improved management attention to the issues of timeliness, but has been after the fact, often failing to avoid the late determination.

Corrective Action Taken:

Department of Health and Human Services

Current Status: Refer to the Corrective Action Plan for finding 2017-002 for an update on the finding noted above.