

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Annual Financial Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012



Board of Supervisors

Jack J. Green, Chairperson

Gary L. Simmons Sherman C. Vaughn, Vice-Chairperson Steve W. Bowen Clarence A. Simpson

School Board

Helen M. Simmons, Chairperson

Wallace B. Hurt, Vice-Chairperson Shelli Hinton, Jr.

Jackie Hawkes Robert L. Horn, Sr.

Board of Social Services

Erika Jackson Quarles, Chairperson

Lisa D. Wallace, Vice-Chairperson Betsy Davis

Lillie Lewis Nicole Martin

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	Honorable Paul W. Cella
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Jane L. Brown
Commonwealth's Attorney	Mayo K. Gravatt
Treasurer	Barbara L. Senger
Sheriff	Larry J. Parrish
Superintendent of Schools	Daniel Grounard
Director of Social Services	Robert H. Reitmeier
Commissioner of the Revenue	Irving J. Arnold
County Administrator	Ronald E. Roark



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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Nottoway, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Nottoway, Virginia, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2012, on our consideration of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Nottoway, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The other supplementary information and schedules and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The other supplementary information and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Richmond, Virginia December 27, 2012

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Nottoway County County of Nottoway, Virginia

As management of the County of Nottoway, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$38,620,450 (net assets).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$1,029,691 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$4,183,752 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$14,647,459, an increase of \$1,029,691 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$12,471,453 or 96% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased by \$174,014 during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-wide financial statements (Continued)

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Nottoway, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Nottoway, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Nottoway, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the Landfill Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$38,620,450 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Assets:

County of Nottoway,	Virginia's Net Assets
---------------------	-----------------------

	Governmental Activities					
	2012	2011				
Current and other assets	\$ 15,424,681 32,662,731	\$ 14,271,587 33,166,741				
Capital assets Total assets	48,087,412					
Current liabilities		47,438,328 \$ 252,471				
Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 252,550 9,214,412	\$ 252,471 9,388,426				
Total liabilities	9,466,962	9,640,897				
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$ 26,657,104 11,963,346	\$ 26,689,127 11,108,304				
Total net assets	\$ 38,620,450	\$ 37,797,431				

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

During the current fiscal year, the County's net assets increased by \$823,019. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities

County of Nottoway, Virginia's Changes in Net Assets

	Governmenta	al Activities
	2012	2011
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 473,252	\$ 462,676
Operating grants and contributions	4,031,460	3,240,693
Capital grants and contributions	71,955	1,372,452
General revenues:		
General property taxes	6,396,185	6,189,091
Other local taxes	1,474,067	1,458,257
Grants and other contributions not restricted	1,443,945	1,489,054
Other general revenues	823,201	944,970
Total revenues	\$ 14,714,065	\$ 15,157,193
Expenses:		
General government administration	\$ 1,052,738	\$ 853,235
Judicial administration	749,812	715,061
Public safety	2,134,591	2,619,360
Public works	1,281,092	1,106,481
Health and welfare	2,550,832	2,490,161
Education	4,779,326	6,279,361
Parks, recreation, and cultural	328,756	293,289
Community development	839,415	1,178,707
Interest and other fiscal charges	174,484	253,573
Total expenses	\$ 13,891,046	\$ 15,789,228
Change in net assets	\$ 823,019	\$ (632,035)
Net assets, beginning of year	37,797,431	38,429,466
Net assets, end of year	\$ 38,620,450	\$ 37,797,431

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$14,647,459, an increase of \$1,029,691 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 85% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget were increases of \$2,534,887 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- < \$1,623,831 increase in capital project expenditures
- < \$307,979 increase in public safety expenditures
- < \$155,323 increase in education expenditures
- < \$447,754 net increase in various other expenditures

During the year, budgetary estimates exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$50,954 and expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$2,566,566, resulting in a positive variance of \$2,515,612.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2012 amounted to \$32,662,731 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and utility plant.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

< <u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$5,785,166. Of this amount, \$5,785,166 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

During the current fiscal year, the County's total debt decreased by \$465,708.

Additional information on the County of Nottoway, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- < The unemployment rate for the County was 7.5 percent compared to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.7 percent.
- < Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2013 fiscal year.

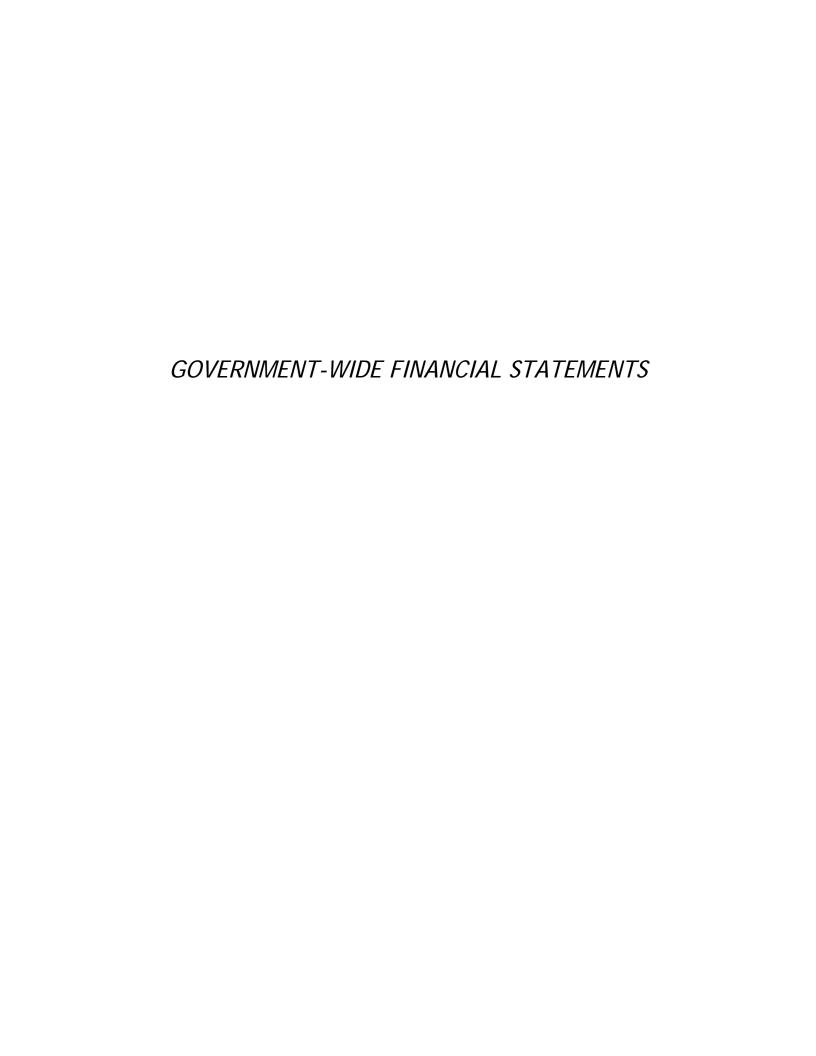
The fiscal year 2013 budget increased by approximately 0.60 percent. The County's Real Estate rate decreased from \$0.49 per \$100 of assessed value to \$0.44 in order to equalize the rate due to reassessment. All other tax rates remain unchanged.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 328 West Court House Road, Nottoway, Virginia 23955.









County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

		Primary				
		overnment	_	_		
	Governmental			Compor	nent l	
		<u>Activities</u>		chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,628,322	\$	3,666,364	\$	260,794
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		682,725		-		-
Accounts receivable		45,344		-		-
Due from other governmental units		2,068,290		616,374		-
Prepaid expenses		-		266,107		-
Other assets:						
Notes receivable		-		-		2,239,324
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land		18,287,557		88,670		-
Buildings and improvements		13,325,688		12,524,227		-
Equipment and vehicles		1,049,486		1,873,642		-
Total assets	\$	48,087,412	\$	19,035,384	\$	2,500,118
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	121,757	\$	22,343	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		1,003,280		-
Accrued interest payable		111,375		-		2,273
Due to other governmental units		-		1,372,677		76,378
Unearned revenue		19,418		-		-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		1,211,233		128,657		64,037
Due in more than one year		8,003,179		320,785		582,327
Total liabilities	\$	9,466,962	\$	2,847,742	\$	725,015
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	26,657,104	\$	14,486,539	\$	_
Unrestricted (deficit)	Ψ	11,963,346	Ψ	1,701,103	Ψ	1,775,103
Total net assets	\$	38,620,450	\$	16,187,642	\$	1,775,103

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

					Program Revenues					
						Operating				
			С	harges for	Grants and					
Functions/Programs		<u>Expenses</u>		<u>Services</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>ontributions</u>				
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$	1,052,738	\$	2,005	\$	203,493				
Judicial administration		749,812		64,718		370,708				
Public safety		2,134,591		89,024		1,280,302				
Public works		1,281,092		317,425		1,977				
Health and welfare		2,550,832		-		1,801,032				
Education		4,779,326		-		-				
Parks, recreation, and cultural		328,756		-		42,286				
Community development		839,415		80		331,662				
Interest on long-term debt		174,484		-		<u>-</u> _				
Total government activities	\$	13,891,046	\$	473,252	\$	4,031,460				
COMPONENT UNITS:										
School Board	\$	22,765,864	\$	270,217	\$	17,355,295				
Industrial Development Authority	Ψ	141,953	Ψ	231,938	Ψ	-				
Total component units	\$	22,907,817	\$	502,155	\$	17,355,295				
·						<u> </u>				
		eral revenues:								
		neral property ta								
		al sales and us		es						
		nsumer utility tax	xes							
	Business licenses									
		tor vehicle licens	ses							
		er local taxes		,						
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property									
	Miscellaneous Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs									
					i to sp	becilic programs				
		ment from Nott	•	County						
		al general rever nge in net asset								
		assets - beginnii		e adjusted						
	NEL	assets - Degiiiiii	ny - a	is aujusieu						

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net assets - ending

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets							
<u> </u>	apital	Prim	ary Government		Compone	nt Uı	nits		
Gra	ants and		Sovernmental						
Cont	Contributions		<u>Activities</u>		School Board		<u>IDA</u>		
\$	-	\$	(847,240)	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		(314,386)		-		-		
	-		(765,265)		-		-		
	-		(961,690)		-		-		
	-		(749,800)		-		-		
	-		(4,779,326)		-		-		
	-		(286,470)		-		-		
	71,955		(435,718)		-		-		
	-		(174,484)		-		-		
\$	71,955	\$	(9,314,379)	\$	-	\$	-		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,140,352)	\$	- 89,985		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,140,352)	\$	89,985		
		\$	6,396,185	\$	-	\$	-		
			964,902		-		-		
			148,180		-		-		
			146,742		-		-		
			138,557		-		-		
			75,686		-		-		
			728,438		3,113		655		
			94,763		232,517		-		
			1,443,945		-		-		
			-		4,487,571		-		
		\$	10,137,398	\$	4,723,201	\$	655		
			823,019		(417,151)		90,640		
			37,797,431		16,604,793		1,684,463		
		\$	38,620,450	\$	16,187,642	\$	1,775,103		







County of Nottoway, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	<u>General</u>	<u>Landfill</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,807,105	\$ 298,808	\$	522,409	\$ 12,628,322
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable	682,725	-		-	682,725
Accounts receivable	8,285	37,059		-	45,344
Due from other governmental units	 2,004,414	45,407		18,469	2,068,290
Total assets	\$ 14,502,529	\$ 381,274	\$	540,878	\$ 15,424,681
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 121,757	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 121,757
Deferred revenue	655,465	-		-	655,465
Total liabilities	\$ 777,222	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 777,222
Fund balances:					
Committed	\$ 1,253,854	\$ 381,274	\$	540,878	\$ 2,176,006
Unassigned	 12,471,453	-		-	12,471,453
Total fund balances	\$ 13,725,307	\$ 381,274	\$	540,878	\$ 14,647,459
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 14,502,529	\$ 381,274	\$	540,878	\$ 15,424,681

County of Nottoway, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

\$ 14,647,459

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital assets, cost	\$ 41,477,496	
Accumulated depreciation	(8,814,765)	32,662,731

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

636,047

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

General obligation bonds	\$ 2,797,769	
Bond anticpation note	590,602	
Premium on general obligation bond	100,461	
Note payable	120,000	
State literary loans	2,396,795	
Landfill closure liability	3,023,092	
Compensated absences	185,693	
Accrued interest payable	111,375_	(9,325,787)

Net assets of governmental activities \$ 38,620,450

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES	<u>General</u> <u>Landfill</u>		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	
General property taxes	\$ 6,304,420) \$	_	\$ -	\$ 6,304,420
Other local taxes	1,300,008		173,654	405	1,474,067
Permits, privilege fees,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		.,,
and regulatory licenses	78,966	3	_	_	78,966
Fines and forfeitures	16,740		_	_	16,740
Revenue from the use of					10,110
money and property	718,438	3	_	10,000	728,438
Charges for services	60,121		317,425	-	377,546
Miscellaneous	94,763		-	_	94,763
Recovered costs	190,890		_	_	190,890
Intergovernmental revenues:	190,090	,			190,090
Commonwealth	3,632,034	1	265,875	278,625	4,176,534
Federal	1,370,826		205,675	210,023	1,370,826
Total revenues	\$ 13,767,206		756,954	\$ 289,030	\$ 14,813,190
Total revenues	φ 13,707,200	у ф	730,934	φ 209,030	\$ 14,613,190
EXPENDITURES Current:					4
General government administration	\$ 1,192,422		-	\$ -	\$ 1,192,422
Judicial administration	638,417		-	<u>-</u>	638,417
Public safety	1,896,378		-	278,253	2,174,631
Public works	259,001		840,328	-	1,099,329
Health and welfare	2,516,591		-	-	2,516,591
Education	4,187,340		-	-	4,187,340
Parks, recreation, and cultural	238,858	3	-	-	238,858
Community development	738,042	2	-	-	738,042
Capital projects	509,223	3	-	-	509,223
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	585,708	3	-	-	585,708
Interest and other fiscal charges	212,322	2	-	-	212,322
Total expenditures	\$ 12,974,302	2 \$	840,328	\$ 278,253	\$ 14,092,883
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	\$ 792,904	1 \$	(83,374)	\$ 10,777	\$ 720,307
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Issuance of note payable	\$	- \$	120,000	\$ -	\$ 120,000
Sale of property	189,384	1	-	-	189,384
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 189,384		120,000	\$ -	\$ 309,384
J , ,			, -		,
Net change in fund balances	\$ 982,288	3 \$	36,626	\$ 10,777	\$ 1,029,691
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted	12,743,019		344,648	530,101	13,617,768
Fund balances - ending	\$ 13,725,307		381,274	\$ 540,878	\$ 14,647,459

County of Nottoway, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund bala	nces - total governmental funds
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\$ 1,029,691

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital asset additions	\$ 921,129	
Depreciation expense	(931,936)	
Jointly owned asset allocation	 (303,819)	(314,626)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net assets.

(189,384)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

91,765

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Principal retirement on general obligation bonds	\$ 153,475	
Principal retirement on bond anticipation note	27,029	
Principal retirement on state literary loan	405,204	
Issuance of note payable	(120,000)	
Increase in landfill closure liability	 (319,184)	146,524

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

mowing is a summary of items supporting this adjustment.			
Decrease in compensated absences	\$	21,211	
Decrease in premium on general obligation bond		6,279	
Decrease in interest payable		31,559	59,049
	<u>-</u>		

Change in net assets of governmental activities

823.019

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

		Agency <u>Fund</u>	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ \$	7,324 7,324	
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Total liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	7,324 7,324	







Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Nottoway, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education; and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Nottoway, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Assets</u> - The Statement of Net Assets is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net assets of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Nottoway (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2012.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Nottoway County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

The Industrial Development Authority of Nottoway County is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of members that are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2012. The Industrial Development Authority of Nottoway County does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report

None

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The County applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund as a major governmental fund.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds: Landfill, E-911, and Dare. The Landfill fund is reported as a major fund.

2. <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

F. Investments

Investments for the primary government, as well as for its component units, are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$377,306 at June 30, 2012 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy Due Date	January 1 December 5	January 1 December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	35-45
Motor vehicles	5-10
Equipment	2-15

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Assets. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Retirement Plan

Retirement plan contributions are actuarially determined and consist of current service costs and amortization of prior service cost over a 30-year period. The County's policy is to fund pension cost as it accrues.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint:
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Fund Equity (Continued)

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

		Major Special				
		Revenue Fund		Other		
General		Landfill	-	Governmental		
Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
	_		_		_	
\$ 1,253,854	\$	249,992	\$	87,442	\$	1,591,288
-		131,282		-		131,282
-		-		443,436		443,436
-		-		10,000		10,000
\$ 1,253,854	\$	381,274	\$	540,878	\$	2,176,006
\$ 12,471,453	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,471,453
\$ 13,725,307	\$	381,274	\$	540,878	\$	14,647,459
\$ _	Fund \$ 1,253,854 \$ 1,253,854 \$ 12,471,453	Fund \$ 1,253,854 \$ \$ 1,253,854 \$	General Fund Revenue Fund Landfill Fund \$ 1,253,854 \$ 249,992 - 131,282 5 1,253,854 \$ 381,274 \$ 12,471,453 \$ -	General Fund Revenue Fund Landfill Fund \$ 1,253,854 \$ 249,992 - 131,282	General Fund Revenue Fund Fund Other Governmental Funds \$ 1,253,854 \$ 249,992 \$ 87,442 - 131,282 - - 443,436 - - 10,000 \$ 1,253,854 \$ 381,274 \$ 540,878 \$ 12,471,453 \$ - \$ -	General Fund Revenue Fund Landfill Funds Other Governmental Funds \$ 1,253,854 \$ 249,992 \$ 87,442 \$ 131,282 - 443,436 - 443,436 - 10,000 \$ 1,253,854 \$ 381,274 \$ 540,878 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

M. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

N. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The County had no investments at June 30, 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2012, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board		Component Unit Industrial Development Authority
Other Local Governments:		•		•	riamonity
County of Nottoway School Board	\$ 1,372,677	\$	-	\$	-
Nottoway County Industrial	_,				
Development Authority	76,378		-		-
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Local sales tax	177,731		-		-
Shared expenses	109,921		-		-
Recordation tax	3,905		-		-
Rolling stock tax	308		-		-
VPA funds	39,757		-		-
State sales Tax	-		355,333		-
Mobile home titling tax	11,841		-		-
Comprehensive services act	75,153		-		-
Fire program fund	3,579		-		-
Wireless grant	3,333		-		-
Communications tax	60,543		-		-
State police - gasoline purchased	26		-		-
Local law enforcement block grant	2,323		-		-
Other state funds	338		-		-
Federal Government:					
School fund grants	-		261,041		-
ISTEA funds	71,955		-		-
VPA funds	58,522	•		,	
Total due from other governments	\$ 2,068,290	\$	616,374	\$	-

At June 30, 2012 amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:			
County of Nottoway	\$ \$	1,372,677 \$	76,378

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

Primary Government:		Balance						Balance
Governmental activities:		July 1, 2011	. –	Increases	_	Decreases		June 30, 2012
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$_	18,316,941	\$_	160,000	\$_	189,384	\$	18,287,557
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	18,316,941	\$_	160,000	\$_	189,384	\$	18,287,557
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	9,850,120	\$		\$	-	\$	9,850,120
Equipment and vehicles		2,401,992		685,097		-		3,087,089
Jointly owned assets		10,668,346		76,032	_	491,648		10,252,730
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	22,920,458	\$_	761,129	\$_	491,648	\$	23,189,939
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	2,160,226	\$	249,834	\$	-	\$	2,410,060
Equipment and vehicles		1,719,701		317,902		_		2,037,603
Jointly owned assets		4,190,731		364,200		187,829		4,367,102
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	8,070,658	\$	931,936	\$	187,829	\$	8,814,765
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	14,849,800	\$	(170,807)	\$	303,819	\$	14,375,174
•	_		_		_			
Governmental capital assets, net	\$_	33,166,741	\$_	(10,807)	\$_	493,203	\$	32,662,731
Component Unit - School Board:		Balance July 1, 2011	_	Increases	_	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2012
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	88,670	\$	_	\$	_	\$	88,670
	· –		·		· -			22/2:2
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	88,670	. \$_	-	\$_	-	\$.	88,670
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Equipment and vehicles	\$	4,859,052	\$	473,634	\$	133,732	\$	5,198,954
Jointly owned assets	_	21,325,486		-	_	(491,648)		21,817,134
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	26,184,538	\$_	473,634	\$_	(357,916)	\$	27,016,088
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and vehicles	\$	3.103.912	\$	355,132	\$	133.732	\$	3.325.312
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and vehicles Jointly owned assets	\$	3,103,912 8,377,061	\$	355,132 728,017	\$	133,732 (187,829)	\$	3,325,312 9,292,907
Equipment and vehicles	\$ _ \$		_		_			
Equipment and vehicles Jointly owned assets Total accumulated depreciation	- \$_	8,377,061 11,480,973	\$_ \$_	728,017 1,083,149	\$_	(187,829) (54,097)	\$	9,292,907
Equipment and vehicles Jointly owned assets	_	8,377,061	\$_ \$_	728,017	\$_ \$_ \$_	(187,829)	\$	9,292,907

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs/funds as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works	\$ 26,790 111,740 247,733 36,033
Health and welfare Education	41,011 364,199
Parks, recreation and cultural Community development	 93,579 10,851
Total Governmental activities	\$ 931,936
Component Unit School Board	\$ 1,083,149

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2011		Increases		Decreases		Balance at June 30, 2012		Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations: Incurred by County: Compensated absences										
payable	\$	206,904	\$	-	\$	21,211	\$	185,693	\$	18,569
Non-interest bearing note payable		-		120,000		-		120,000		40,000
Landfill closure liability	_	2,703,908		319,184		-		3,023,092		
Total incurred by County	\$_	2,910,812	\$_	439,184	\$_	21,211	\$_	3,328,785	\$_	58,569
Incurred by School Board:										
State Literary Fund Loans payable	\$	2,801,999	\$	-	\$	405,204	\$	2,396,795	\$	405,204
Bond anticipation note		617,631		-		27,029		590,602		590,602
General Obligation Bonds payable Add deferred amounts for:		2,951,244		-		153,475		2,797,769		156,858
issuance premium	_	106,740		-		6,279		100,461		
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	6,477,614	_\$_	-	\$_	591,987	\$_	5,885,627	\$_	1,152,664
Total Governmental Obligations	\$_	9,388,426	\$	439,184	\$	613,198	\$	9,214,412	\$	1,211,233

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

				School	Ob	ligations			
Year	Gen	eral		Во	ond				
Ending	Obligatio	on Bonds		Anticipa	tio	n Note		Literary Fur	nd Loans
June 30	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest
2012	457.050	4 405 045	_	500 (00	_	40 (00	.	405.004	47.007
2013 \$	156,858	•	\$	590,602	\$	12,698	\$	405,204 \$	47,936
2014	160,418	127,226		-		-		405,204	39,832
2015	164,164	118,949		-		-		405,204	31,728
2016	168,106	120,475		-		-		405,204	18,623
2017	172,254	101,796		-		-		155,204	15,520
2018	176,619	92,901		-		-		155,204	12,415
2019	181,213	83,766		-		-		155,204	9,311
2020	186,048	74,410		-		-		155,204	6,207
2021	190,783	65,146		-		-		155,163	3,103
2022	195,448	55,949		-		-		-	-
2023	200,034	46,831		-		-		-	-
2024	204,988	37,347		-		-		-	-
2025	210,683	27,121		-		-		-	-
2026	139,109	18,391		-		-		-	-
2027	143,311	11,189		-		-		-	-
2028	147,733	3,767	_	-	_	-	_	<u> </u>	
Total \$	2,797,769	\$ <u>1,120,579</u>	\$_	590,602	\$_	12,698	\$_	2,396,795 \$	184,675

	County Obligations										
Year	Non-Interest										
Ending	Bearing Note Payable										
June 30	Principal		Interest								
2013	\$ 40,000	\$	-								
2014	40,000		-								
2015	40,000		-								
Total	\$ 120,000	\$_	-								

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations:	(Continued)	
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Primary	Government:	(Continued)
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Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Governmental Obligations:

Incurred	by County	:
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Incurred by County:	
Landfill closure liability	\$ 3,023,092
Non-interest bearing note payable, issued March 7, 2012, due in annual installments of \$40,000 through 2014 (Payable from the General Fund)	\$ 120,000
Compensated absences payable (Payable from the General Fund)	\$ 185,693
Total Incurred by County	\$ 3,328,785
Incurred by School Board:	
General Obligation Bonds Payable:	
\$1,204,354 general obligation bond, issued November 10, 2004, due in varying installments of principal and interest through January 15, 2025, interest payable semi-annually at varying rates.	\$ 851,411
\$2,324,114 general obligation bond, issued November 1, 2007, due in varying installments of principal and interest through July 15, 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 5.10%. Face amount of bonds outstanding \$1,946,358 plus unamortized issuance premium of \$100,461.	 2,046,819
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,898,230
Bond Anticipation Notes:	
\$2,000,000 Bond Anticipation Note issued March 1, 2009; due in one lump principal payment in 2013, interest payable semi-annually at varying rates.	\$ 590,602
State Literary Fund Loans:	
\$1,439,954 State Literary Fund Loan issued April 15, 2000; due in annual principal installments of \$72,000 through 2020; interest payable annually at 2%	\$ 647,954
\$1,664,085 State Literary Fund Loan issued August 15, 2000, due in annual principal installments of \$83,204 through 2020; interest payable annually at 2%	748,841
\$2,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May 1996, due in annual principal installments of \$125,000 through 2016; interest payable annually at 2%	500,000
\$2,500,000 State Literary Fund Loan issued May, 1996, due in annual principal installments of \$125,000 through 2016; interest payable annually at 2%	 500,000
Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$ 2,396,795
Total Incurred by School Board	\$ 5,885,627
Total Governmental Obligations	\$ 9,214,412

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2011	 Increases		Decreases	 Balance at June 30, 2012	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations : Incurred by School Board: Compensated absences							
payable OPEB liability Early retirement liability	\$	153,555 47,589 339,183	\$ 4,627 78,047 -	\$ _	69,080 104,479	\$ 158,182 \$ 56,556 234,704	15,818 - 112,839
Total Governmental Obligations	\$ _	540,327	\$ 82,674	\$	173,559	\$ 449,442 \$	128,657

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Early Retirement liability, issued July 1, 1994 at 8% over 20 years	\$_	234,704
OPEB liability	\$_	56,556
Compensated absences payable (Payable from the School Fund)	\$_	158,182
Total governmental obligations	\$_	449,442

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year	Early Retirement							
Ending	Liability Payable							
June 30	 Principal		Interest					
2013	\$ 112,839	\$	18,776					
2014	121,865	_	9,750					
Total	\$ 234,704	\$	28,526					

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit Industrial Development Authority:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

		Balance at July 1,				Balance at June 30,		Amounts Due Within
	_	2011	 Increases	Decreases	_	2012	-	One Year
Notes Payable	\$_	700,309	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 53,945	\$	646,364	\$_	64,037

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Notes Payable						
June 30		Principal	Interest					
		_						
2013	\$	64,037	\$ 24,278					
2014		64,593	23,722					
2015		67,419	20,895					
2016		70,369	17,946					
2017		73,448	14,867					
2018		76,662	11,653					
2019		80,016	8,299					
2020		83,517	4,798					
2021	_	66,303	1,214					
Total	\$	646,364	127,672					

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Notes Payable:

\$700,309 deed of trust note payable, issued June, 2011 due in monthly installments of \$7,359 including principal and interest at 4.29% through March 2021.

646,364

Total Notes payable

646,364

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 7—Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$655,465 is comprised of the following:

<u>Deferred Property Tax Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$636,047 at June 30, 2012.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2012 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$19,418 at June 30, 2012.

Note 8—Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate in were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The following construction contract was outstanding at June 30, 2012:

	Project	Contractor	 Contract	<u> </u>	Outstanding		
Primary Government	Farm to Fuel Project	W.A. Stratton	\$ 617,752	\$	617,752		
Note 9—Litigation:							

At June 30, 2012, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 10—Risk Management:

The County and the Component Unit School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County and the School Board are members of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 10—Risk Management: (Continued)

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County also participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with Virginia Municipal League and public officials liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County and Component Unit School Board pay an annual premium to the pools for general insurance through member premiums. The County and Component Unit School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11-Defined Benefit Pension Plan:

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered
 under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit
 beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of
 service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least five years of
 service credit or age 50 with at least ten years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 11—Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: (continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1, of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Website at: http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County and School Board are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund their participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County and School Board non-professional's contribution rates for the fiscal year ended 2012 were 6.44% and 5.80% of annual covered payroll, respectively.

The Nottoway County School Board professional employees rate was 6.33%, 3.93% and 8.81% of annual covered payroll the years ending June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The contribution requirements of plan members and Nottoway County School Board are established and may be amended by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$662,435, \$412,700 and \$698,954, respectively, and equal to the required contributions for each year.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 11—Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: (continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2012, the County's annual pension cost of \$338,631 (which includes the portion of the employee share assumed by the employer which was \$148,003) was equal to the County's required and actual contributions.

For the fiscal year 2012, the County School Board's annual pension cost for the Board's non-professional employees was \$118,515 (which includes the portion of the employees share assumed by the County which was \$54,868) which was equal to the Board's required and actual contributions.

Three Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	 Annual Pension Cost (APC) (1)	Percentage of APC Contributed	<u> </u>	Net Pension Obligation
County:				
June 30, 2012	\$ 190,628	100%	\$	-
June 30, 2011	190,267	100%		-
June 30, 2010	238,025	100%		-
School Board:				
Non-Professional:				
June 30, 2012	\$ 63,647	100%	\$	-
June 30, 2011	63,199	100%		-
June 30, 2010	67,961	100%		-

(1) Employer portion only

The fiscal year 2012 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 11—Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued):

Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 86.09% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$13,437,615, and the actuarial value of assets was \$11,568,387, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,869,228. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2,966,754, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 63.01%.

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the School Board's Non-Professions plan was 82.62% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5,246,746 and the actuarial value of assets was \$4,334,673, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$912,073. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,089,636 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 83.70%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Note 12–Surety Bonds:

	<u>Amount</u>
Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of General Services, Division of Risk Management-Surety	
Jane L. Brown, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 500,000
Barbara L. Senger, Treasurer	400,000
Irving J. Arnold, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Larry J. Parrish, Sheriff	30,000
State Farm Insurance - Surety	
Jack J. Green, Chairperson	2,500
Sherman C. Vaughn, Vice-Chairperson	2,500
Gary L. Simmons, Supervisor	2,500
Clarence A. Simpson, Supervisor	2,500
Steve Bowen, Supervisor	2,500
Ronald E. Roark, County Administrator	5,000
Utica Mutual Insurance - Surety	
Clerk of the School Board	15,000
Deputy Clerk of School Board	15,000
Payroll Clerk	15,000
Great American Insurance Company - Surety	
All Social Services Employees - Blanket Bond	100,000

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 13-Jointly Governed Organizations:

The County in conjunction with other localities, has created the Piedmont Regional Jail, the Piedmont Juvenile Detention Center, the Amelia-Nottoway Vocational Center and the Crossroads Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdiction. During the year, the County contributed \$43,700 to the operations of the Crossroads Community Services Board.

Note 14-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The \$3,023,092 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2012, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 60% of the estimated capacity of the landfill with the total amount of \$5,038,486 to be recognized over the landfill's remaining life. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2012. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in the technology, or changes in regulation. The County intends to fund these costs from tipping fee revenues and from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the Landfill Fund.

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 15-Lease-Purchase/Notes Receivable:

On June 1, 1998, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Hudson Industries Plant to sell a shell building and improvements. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$5,697 for 20 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 4.344%, and the total amount financed was \$883,329. At June 30, 2012, the balance of the lease purchase receivable was \$369,299.

On May 15, 2001, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Colonial Forest Products to sell a shell building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$7,567 for 20 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 5.5%, and the total amount financed was \$1,100,000. At June 30, 2012, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$770,337.

On February 25, 2000, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant to sell a shell building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$6,060 for 20 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 5.24% and the total amount financed was \$900,000. At June 30, 2012, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$596,670.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 15-Lease-Purchase/Notes Receivable (Continued):

On June 5, 2002, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant to sell a storage building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$1,900 for 15 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 6.10% and the total amount financed is \$223,720. At June 30, 2012, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$147,513.

On February 18, 2005, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$3,344 for 15 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The total amount financed is \$440,000. At June 30, 2012, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$355,505.

Note 16-Restatement of Beginning Fund Balances/Net Assets:

The following adjustments were made to beginning fund balances/net assets:

		Fund Ba	lance	Net Assets		
			Component Unit-		Component Unit-	
	_	General Fund	Textbook Fund	Governmental Activities	School Fund	
Fund balances/net assets as previously reported	\$	12,693,019 \$	179,378	\$ 37,747,431 \$	16,479,896	
Adjustment to record prior year payment from the School Board posted to miscellaneous revenue		50,000	-	50,000	-	
Adjustment to correct a transfer from the prior year from the School Fund to the Textbook Fund	r _	<u>-</u> .	124,897		124,897	
Fund balances/net assets, as restated	\$	12,743,019 \$	304,275	\$ 37,797,431 \$	16,604,793	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB):

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 11.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is .60% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010 were \$62,790, \$63,008 and \$82,937, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 18-Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions:

Beginning in fiscal year 2010, the School Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. The standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to post-employment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the School Board retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the School Board subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the School Board accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other post-employment benefits during the period of the employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of post-employment benefits and the financial impact on the School Board. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 18-Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions: (Continued)

Plan Description

Nottoway County Public Schools retirees must meet one of the following requirements to be eligible for health benefits.

- retire with years of service and years of participation in the school's health plan that is greater or equal to 20.
- has medical coverage prior to retirement.

The retirees are responsible for 100% of the premiums. Benefits end at the age of 65.

Funding Policy

The School Board's retirees pay 100% of the premiums. The Schools currently have 12 retirees on their plan.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The School Board has elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the School Board. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	_	School Board
Annual required contribution	\$	78,790
Interest on net OPEB obligation		1,622
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(2,365)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	78,047
Estimated Contributions made		(69,080)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$	8,967
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		47,589
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	56,556

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 18-Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions: (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2012, and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal		Percentage of	Net		
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB		
Ended	OPEB	Cost Contributed	Obligation		
Schools:					
6/30/2012 \$	78,047	88.51% \$	56,556		
6/30/2011	85,300	78.31%	47,589		
6/30/2010	82,329	64.67%	29,089		

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$757,095, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$12,232,094, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 6.19 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2012 (Continued)

Note 18-Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions: (Continued)

Cost Method

In the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement was used. The unfunded liability is amortized over 20 years a level percentage of pay.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS pension valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.

Mortality-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 1994 Group Annuity mortality tables for males and females.

Coverage elections - The actuary assumed that 23% of eligible retirees who qualify will elect coverage.

Healthcare cost trend rate -The rate of change in per capita health claims cost over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological advances. Rates vary from 5% to 10% of medical benefits.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 4.0% was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012 was twenty years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



County of Nottoway, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>			Final	Actual <u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)		
REVENUES		<u> </u>		<u></u>				(in Spanish)	
General property taxes	\$	5,813,157	\$	5,813,157	\$	6,304,420	\$	491,263	
Other local taxes		1,264,880		1,264,880		1,300,008		35,128	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		66,230		66,230		78,966		12,736	
Fines and forfeitures		10,000		10,000		16,740		6,740	
Revenue from the use of money and property		783,800		799,692		718,438		(81,254)	
Charges for services		27,342		34,556		60,121		25,565	
Miscellaneous		113,400		334,266		94,763		(239,503)	
Recovered costs		39,447		39,447		190,890		151,443	
Intergovernmental revenues:									
Commonwealth		3,550,179		4,507,770		3,632,034		(875,736)	
Federal		1,137,546		1,137,546		1,370,826		233,280	
Total revenues	\$	12,805,981	\$	14,007,544	\$	13,767,206	\$	(240,338)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government administration	\$, ,	\$		\$	1,192,422	\$	167,651	
Judicial administration		642,097		677,986		638,417		39,569	
Public safety		1,922,156		2,230,135		1,896,378		333,757	
Public works		266,944		266,461		259,001		7,460	
Health and welfare		2,808,692		2,808,697		2,516,591		292,106	
Education		4,325,106		4,480,429		4,187,340		293,089	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		223,143		240,381		238,858		1,523	
Community development		806,663		1,059,938		738,042		321,896	
Capital projects		33,287		1,657,118		509,223		1,147,895	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		586,874		560,374		585,708		(25,334)	
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	172,776	_	199,276		212,322		(13,046)	
Total expenditures	_\$_	13,005,981	\$	15,540,868	\$	12,974,302	\$	2,566,566	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	Φ	(000,000)	Φ	(4 500 004)	Φ	700.004	Φ	0.000.000	
expenditures	\$	(200,000)	Ъ	(1,533,324)	Ъ	792,904	\$	2,326,228	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of property	\$	_	\$	_	\$	189,384	\$	189,384	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$		\$		\$	189,384	\$	189,384	
Total other interioring sources (uses)	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	100,004	Ψ	100,004	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(200.000)	\$	(1,533,324)	\$	982,288	\$	2,515,612	
Fund balances - beginning balance, as adjusted	Ψ	500,000	Ψ	1,533,324	4	12,743,019	4	11,209,695	
Fund balances - ending	\$	300,000	\$	-	\$	13,725,307	\$	13,725,307	
	<u> </u>	223,000	-			,		-,- ==,	

County of Nottoway, Virginia Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Landfill Fund							
DEVENUES	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Other local taxes	\$	172,589	\$	172,589	\$	173,654	\$	1,065
Charges for services	Ψ	485,524	Ψ	485.524	Ψ	317,425	Ψ	(168,099)
Intergovernmental revenues:		.00,02		.00,02		011,120		(100,000)
Commonwealth		250,000		250,000		265,875		15,875
Total revenues	\$	908,113	\$	908,113	\$	756,954	\$	(151,159)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public works Total expenditures	\$ \$	908,113 908,113	\$	1,022,732 1,022,732	\$	840,328 840,328	\$	182,404 182,404
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	(114,619)	\$	(83,374)	\$	31,245
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance of note payable Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	120,000 120,000	\$	120,000 120,000
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning balance	\$	-	\$	(114,619) 114,619	\$	36,626 344,648	\$	151,245 230,029
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	· -	\$	381,274	\$	381,274

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Schedule of Pension Funding Progress

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Valuation Date (1)		Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (3-2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
County:							
6/30/2011	\$	11,568,387 \$	13,437,615 \$	1,869,228	86.09% \$	2,966,754	63.01%
6/30/2010		11,152,626	12,817,339	1,664,713	87.01%	2,999,941	55.49%
6/30/2009		10,890,168	11,924,799	1,034,631	91.32%	3,148,349	32.86%
6/30/2008		10,586,780	11,264,205	677,425	93.99%	2,942,340	23.02%
6/30/2007		9,574,377	10,102,698	528,321	94.77%	2,798,719	18.88%
6/30/2006		8,489,219	9,304,738	815,519	91.24%	2,623,258	31.09%
6/30/2005		7,971,700	8,680,164	708,464	91.84%	2,379,574	29.77%
6/30/2004		7,712,013	7,339,235	(372,778)	105.08%	2,277,421	-16.37%
6/30/2003		7,554,053	6,752,348	(801,705)	111.87%	2,234,052	-35.89%
6/30/2002		7,387,510	6,265,536	(1,121,974)	117.91%	2,248,001	-49.91%
School Board	No	n-Professionals:					
6/30/2011	\$	4,334,673 \$	5,246,746 \$	912,073	82.62% \$	1,089,636	83.70%
6/30/2010		4,252,104	5,183,492	931,388	82.03%	1,115,662	83.48%
6/30/2009		4,302,604	4,728,249	425,645	91.00%	1,166,326	36.49%
6/30/2008		4,307,256	4,543,896	236,640	94.79%	1,106,182	21.39%
6/30/2007		4,019,545	4,324,245	304,700	92.95%	1,133,856	26.87%
6/30/2006		3,450,173	3,917,270	467,097	88.08%	1,085,719	43.02%
6/30/2005		3,207,861	3,684,206	476,345	87.07%	1,050,934	45.33%
6/30/2004		3,086,522	3,172,098	85,576	97.30%	969,813	8.82%
6/30/2003		3,057,916	3,072,281	14,365	99.53%	966,975	1.49%
6/30/2002		3,031,237	2,814,363	(216,874)	107.71%	962,212	-22.54%

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Schedule of Funding Progress - Retiree Healthcare Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded (Excess Funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (3-2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
School Board:						
7/1/2009 \$	- \$	872,423 \$	872,423	0.00% \$	12,232,094	7.13%
7/1/2011	-	757,095	757,095	0.00%	12,232,094	6.19%





COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUNDS STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2012

	E-911 <u>Fund</u>	Dare <u>Fund</u>	LRA Land Sale <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 512,067	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 522,409
Due from other governmental units	18,469	-	-	18,469
Total assets	\$ 530,536	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 540,878
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Fund balances:				
Committed	\$ 530,536	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 540,878
Total fund balances	\$ 530,536	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 540,878
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 530,536	\$ 342	\$ 10,000	\$ 540,878



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		E-911 <u>Fund</u>		Dare <u>Fund</u>		LRA Land Sale <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	Φ	405	Φ		Φ		Φ	405
Other local taxes	\$	405	\$	-	\$	40.000	\$	405
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-		10,000		10,000
Intergovernmental revenues:		070.005						070.005
Commonwealth		278,625		-				278,625
Total revenues	\$	279,030	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	289,030
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety	\$	278,253	\$	-	\$	-	\$	278,253
Total expenditures	\$	278,253	\$	-	\$	-	\$	278,253
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	777	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	10,777
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	777 529,759	\$	- 342	\$	10,000	\$	10,777 530,101
Fund balances - ending	\$	530,536	\$	342	\$	10,000	\$	540,878

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				E-911	Fur	nd		
		Budgeted	l Am	nounts				riance with nal Budget Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	_							
Other local taxes	\$	500	\$	500	\$	405	\$	(95)
Revenue from the use of money and property		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		124,803		357,127		278,625		(78,502)
Total revenues	\$	125,303	\$	357,627	\$	279,030	\$	(78,597)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	125,303	\$	370,322	\$	278,253	\$	92,069
Total expenditures	\$	125,303	\$	370,322	\$	278,253	\$	92,069
Total Oxpoliditaree		.20,000	Ψ	0.0,022	Ψ_	2.0,200	Ψ	02,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(12,695)	\$	777	\$	13,472
·				, , ,	-			<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(12,695)	\$	777	\$	13,472
Fund balances - beginning		-		12,695		529,759		517,064
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	530,536	\$	530,536

		Dare F	und					LRA L	and	l Sa	ale Fund		
Bud Origi	dgeted Am nal	ounts <u>Final</u>	<u>A</u> (ctual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	Budgeted A Original	mounts <u>Final</u>			Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
\$	- \$ -	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$ -		-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ - \$		-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
\$ \$	- \$ - \$	342 342	\$ \$	- -	\$ \$	342 342	\$ - \$ - \$		<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
\$	- \$	(342)	\$	-	\$	342	\$ - \$		-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
\$	- \$ -	(342) 342		- 342	\$	342	\$ - \$		-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
\$	- \$	-	\$	342	\$	342	\$ - \$		-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Ве	alance ginning f Year	,	Additions	De	eletions	_	alance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund: Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,174	\$	11,830	\$	12,680	\$	7,324
Liabilities Amounts held for social services clients	\$	8,174	\$	11,830	\$	12,680	\$	7,324

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2012

	•	School Operating <u>Fund</u>		Textbook <u>Fund</u>		Total Nonmajor overnmental <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units Prepaid items Total assets	\$	2,744,880 599,755 266,107 3,610,742	\$	391,343 - - - 391,343	\$	530,141 16,619 - 546,760	\$	3,666,364 616,374 266,107 4,548,845
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governmental units Total liabilities	\$	22,343 970,338 1,372,677 2,365,358	\$		\$	32,942 - 32,942	\$	22,343 1,003,280 1,372,677 2,398,300
Fund balances: Nonspendable Committed Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ \$ \$	266,107 979,277 1,245,384 3,610,742	\$ \$	391,343 391,343 391,343	\$ \$	513,818 513,818 546,760	\$ \$	266,107 1,884,438 2,150,545 4,548,845
Amounts reported for governmental activities in different because: Total fund balances per above	the s	statement of n	et a	assets (Exhibit	1)	are	\$	2,150,545
Capital assets used in governmental activities a are not reported in the funds. The following								
Capital assets, cost Accumulated Depreciation					\$	27,104,758 (12,618,219)		14,486,539
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absperiod and, therefore, are not reported in the			e aı	nd payable in t	the	current		(449,442)
Net assets of governmental activities							\$	16,187,642

County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property			ded June 30, 20 [,] School Operating <u>Fund</u>		extbook <u>Fund</u>	G	Total Nonmajor overnmental <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Charges for services 3,889 - 266,528 270,217 Intergovernmental revenues: 19,915 1,143 32,229 232,517 Local governmental revenues: 4,183,782 - - 23,886 13,681,887 20,881,6581 - 23,886 32,898 32,898,3223 13,681,875 20,881,6581 - 20,893,4223 13,681,875 20,893,4223 1,143 \$ 1,202,698 \$ 22,044,894 20,893,423 1,143 \$ 1,202,698 \$ 22,044,894 20,893,423 1,143 \$ 1,202,698 \$ 22,044,894 20,202,893,423 1,143 \$ 1,202,698 \$ 22,044,894 20,202,809 20,203,893,223 1,143 \$ 1,107,814 \$ 22,115,619 20,203,209 20,20		\$	_	\$	_	\$	3 113	\$	3 113
Miscolaneous 199,146		Ψ	3.689	Ψ	-	Ψ	•	Ψ	•
The Engine Promise of the Engine Promise Promise and other Fiscal changes of the Engine Promise and other Fiscal changes of the Engine Promise Promise and other Fiscal changes of the Engine Promise Promise and Other Fiscal changes of the Engine Promise Promise and Other Fiscal changes of the Engine Promise Promise and Other Fiscal changes of the Engine Promise Promise and Other Fiscal Changes of the Engine Promise Promise and Other Fiscal Changes of the Engine Promise Pro	•		•		1,143				•
Total revenues	Intergovernmental revenues:								
Peter Pete					-		-		
Section Sect					-				
EXPENDITURES Current: Education \$ 20,893,794 \$ 114,011 \$ 1,107,814 \$ 22,115,619 Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) Exc				Φ	- 4 4 4 0	Φ.		Φ.	
Education	l otal revenues		20,841,053	\$	1,143	\$	1,202,698	\$	22,044,894
Debt service: Principal retirement 104,479 -									
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges		\$	20,893,794	\$	114,011	\$	1,107,814	\$	22,115,619
Total expenditures Total									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures S			•		-		-		,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Sample Sampl		<u> </u>	•	¢	114 011	Ф.	1 107 914	Φ	
expenditures \$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$	Total experiditures	<u> </u>	21,025,409	Ф	114,011	Φ	1,107,014	Φ	22,241,234
expenditures \$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted 1,629,676 304,275 418,934 2,352,885 Fund balances - ending 1,245,384 391,343 513,818 2,150,545 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences 1,252,845 1,245,384 1,2		\$	(184,356)	\$	(112,868)	\$	94,884	\$	(202,340)
Fund balances - beginning, as adjusted 1,629,676 304,275 418,934 2,352,885 Fund balances - ending 1,245,384 391,343 513,818 2,150,545 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences 1,252,275,288 2,150,545 2,150,5	·		,				-		
Fund balances - ending \$ 1,245,384		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because: Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above \$ (202,340) Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences \$ (202,340)				Φ.		•		Φ.	
Severnmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability 104,479 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences \$ (8,967) (13,594)	Fund balances - ending	<u>\$</u>	1,245,384	\$	391,343	\$	513,818	\$	2,150,545
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	of activitie	es (Exhibit 2) are	diffe	rent becaus	e:			
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences 473,634 (1,083,149) 303,819 (305,696)	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per	above						\$	(202,340)
Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (1,083,149) 303,819 (305,696)	activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their es as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the	timated us	seful lives and rep	orte					
Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (1,083,149) 303,819 (305,696)	Capital asset additions					\$	473.634		
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability 104,479 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences \$ (8,967) (Increase) decrease in compensated absences						•			
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal retirement on early retirement liability Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences \$ (8,967) (13,594)	Jointly owned asset allocation						303,819		(305,696)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences \$ (8,967) (13,594)	governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of the current financial resources of governmental funds. Ne any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first is are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	of long-terr ither trans the effect ssued, who This amou	n debt consumes action, however, of issuance costs ereas these amount is the net effect.	has s, unts					
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences \$ (8,967) (4,627) (13,594)	Principal retirement on early retirement liability								104,479
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences (4,627) (13,594)	·	•		unds	3.				
Change in not accept of governmental activities						\$, ,		(13,594)

County of Nottoway, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			School Operating Fund	oerat	ing Fund				Textboo	Textbook Fund		
						Variance with Final Budget	ىد ع				Varial Final	Variance with Final Budget
		Budgeted Amounts	mounts			Positive		Budgeted Amounts	mounts		S.	Positive
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>	Final		Actual	(Negative)		<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	(Ne	(Negative)
Charges for services	↔	9		↔	3,689	\$ 3,689	\$	•	ج	· છ	↔	٠
Miscellaneous		15,000	15,000	_	199,145	184,145	ري کا	•	176,519	1,143	_	(175,376)
Recovered costs		20,000	20,000	_	•	(20,000)	6	1	•	•		•
Intergovernmental revenues:												
Local government		4,321,518	4,476,841	_	4,183,752	(293,089)	6	1	ı	•		
Commonwealth		13,544,755	13,634,755	10	13,637,886	3,131	_	•	ı	ı		•
Federal		2,360,114	2,980,700		2,816,581	(164,119)	6)		-	•		•
Total revenues	↔	20,261,387 \$	3 21,127,296	\$	20,841,053	\$ (286,243)	3) \$	•	\$ 176,519	\$ 1,143	\$	(175,376)
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	↔		\$ 22,148,528	8	20,893,794	\$ 1,254,734	4 &	1	\$ 176,519	\$ 114,011	S	62,508
Capital projects		553,155	482,145	10	1	482,145	5	•	•	•		1
Debt service:		0.00	70.4	,	707							
Principal retirement		53,000	104,479 65 515	<i>2</i> 10	104,479	- 38 370	י ס					
Total expenditures	U.	20,814,542 \$	22.8	\ \(\sigma\)	21,130	\$ 1.775.258	υ 0 α	1	\$ 176,519	\$ 114.011	υ:	62.508
	+										+	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	↔	(553,155)	\$ (1,673,371)	9	(184,356)	\$ 1,489,015	5	ı	S	\$ (112,868)	<u>ۍ</u>	(112,868)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	8	ن ا		∨	(199,936)	(199,936)	\$	1	. ↔	\$ 199,936	s	199,936
Total other financing sources and uses	ઝ			\$	(199,936)	\$ (199,936)	\$ (9	1	- \$	\$ 199,936	\$	199,936
	•								•		•	0
Net cnange in tund balances Fund halances - heginning as adiusted	Ð	(553,155)	(1,6/3,3/1) 1,673,371	↔ 	(384,292)	\$ 1,289,079 (43,695)	e D		, , D	304,068	Ð	87,068 304.275
Fund balances - ending	S	\$		د . ا	1,245,384	\$ 1,245,384	4 \$		· •	\$ 391,343	s	391,343
)												

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				School Cafe	eter	ia Fund		
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts <u>Final</u>		Actual		/ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	_		_		_		_	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,000	\$,	\$	3,113	\$	2,113
Charges for services		375,000		375,000		266,528		(108,472)
Miscellaneous		24,400		24,400		32,229		7,829
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		26,254		26,254		23,986		(2,268)
Federal		690,000		690,000		876,842		186,842
Total revenues	\$	1,116,654	\$	1,116,654	\$	1,202,698	\$	86,044
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education	\$	1,171,654	\$	1,380,745	\$	1,107,814	\$	272,931
Total expenditures	\$	1,171,654	\$	1,380,745	\$	1,107,814	\$	272,931
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(55,000)	\$	(264,091)	\$	94,884	\$	358,975
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	(55,000) 55,000	\$	(264,091) 264,091	\$	94,884 418,934	\$	358,975 154,843
Fund balances - ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	513,818	\$	513,818

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Net Assets

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2012

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	260,794
Notes receivable - current portion		114,235
Total current assets	\$	375,029
Noncurrent assets:		
Other assets:		
Notes receivable - net of current portion	\$	2,125,089
Total noncurrent assets	\$	2,125,089
Total assets	\$	2,500,118
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accrued interest payable Due to other governmental units Notes payable - current portion	\$	2,273 76,378 64,037
Total current liabilities	\$	142,688
Noncurrent liabilities:	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Notes payable - net of current portion	\$	582,327
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	582,327
Total liabilities	\$	725,015
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted	\$	1,775,103
Total net assets	\$	1,775,103

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Rents	\$ 119,300
Other revenues	 112,638
Total operating revenues	\$ 231,938
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other charges	\$ 112,670
Total operating expenses	\$ 112,670
Operating income (loss)	\$ 119,268
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment earnings	\$ 655
Interest expense	(29,283)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ (28,628)
Change in net assets	\$ 90,640
Total net assets - beginning	1,684,463
Total net assets - ending	\$ 1,775,103

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	339,588
Payments for operating activities		(112,670)
Net cash provided by (used for) by operating activities	\$	226,918
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES		
Principal payments on notes	\$	(53,945)
Interest payments	•	(27,010)
Net cash provided by (used for) by capital and related		, ,
financing activities	\$	(80,955)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends received	\$	5,492
Net cash provided by(used for) by investing activities	\$	5,492
Net in evene (de evene) in each and each aguivalents	c	454 455
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	151,455
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		109,339
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	260,794
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	119,268
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:	_	
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable	\$	107,650
Total adjustments	\$	107,650
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	226,918







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
General property taxes:						
Real property taxes	\$	3,865,267	\$ 3,865,267	\$ 4,079,457	\$	214,190
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		320,000	320,000	370,976		50,976
Personal property taxes		1,297,890	1,297,890	1,410,666		112,776
Mobile home taxes		15,500	15,500	15,999		499
Machinery and tools taxes		200,500	200,500	194,660		(5,840)
Penalties		76,000	76,000	142,628		66,628
Interest		38,000	38,000	90,034		52,034
Total general property taxes	\$	5,813,157	\$ 5,813,157	\$ 6,304,420	\$	491,263
Other local taxes:						
Local sales and use taxes	\$	882,480	\$ 882,480	\$ 964,902	\$	82,422
Business license taxes		136,400	136,400	146,742		10,342
Motor vehicle licenses		165,000	165,000	138,557		(26,443)
Taxes on recordation and wills		75,000	75,000	44,110		(30,890)
Hotel and motel room taxes		6,000	6,000	5,697		(303)
Total other local taxes	_\$_	1,264,880	\$ 1,264,880	\$ 1,300,008	\$	35,128
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:						
Animal licenses	\$	15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,401	\$	401
Permits and other licenses		51,230	51,230	63,565		12,335
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	66,230	\$ 66,230	\$ 78,966	\$	12,736
Fines and forfeitures:						
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 16,740	\$	6,740
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 16,740	\$	6,740
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from use of money	\$	175,000	\$ 175,000	\$ 74,503	\$	(100,497)
Revenue from use of property		608,800	624,692	643,935		19,243
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	783,800	\$ 799,692	\$ 718,438	\$	(81,254)
Charges for services:						
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 9,473	\$	1,973
Charges for court costs		1,042	1,042	2,772		1,730
Charges for courthouse security		15,000	22,214	42,275		20,061
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		450	450	1,263		813
Charges for law library		2,000	2,000	1,668		(332)
Charges for other protection		-	-	585		585
Charges for data processing		1,250	1,250	2,005		755
Charges for sale of historical material		100	100	80		(20)
Total charges for services	\$	27,342	\$ 34,556	\$ 60,121	\$	25,565
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Miscellaneous	\$	113,400	\$ 334,266	\$ 94,763	\$	(239,503)
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	113,400	\$ 334,266	\$ 94,763	\$	(239,503)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Recovered costs: (Continued)								
State trooper gas charges	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,935	\$	13,935
Dispatching - Towns	,	2,758	•	2,758	Ť	-	,	(2,758)
Library contribution		3,500		3,500		3,500		-
Cost allocation plan		-		-		155,323		155,323
Indirect services - Jail		30,000		30,000		10,139		(19,861)
Planning council contributions Total recovered costs	\$	3,189 39,447	\$	3,189 39,447	\$	7,993 190,890	\$	4,804 151,443
Total recovered costs	Ψ_	33,447	Ψ	33,447	Ψ	190,090	Ψ	131,443
Total revenue from local sources	\$	8,118,256	\$	8,362,228	\$	8,764,346	\$	402,118
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Rolling stock tax	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	308	\$	(69,692)
Mobile home titling tax		16,000		16,000		16,831		831
Tax on Deeds		12,000		12,000		12,797		797
Motor vehicle rental tax		-		-		273		273
State recordation tax		4 040 700		-		9,446		9,446
Personal property tax relief funds Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,049,790 1,147,790	\$	1,049,790 1,147,790	\$	1,049,790	\$	(58,345)
Total Holloategorical ald	Ψ_	1,147,730	Ψ	1,147,730	Ψ	1,000,440	Ψ	(30,343)
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	196,231	\$	196,231	\$	196,106	\$	(125)
Sheriff	·	762,837	·	775,402		762,767	·	(12,635)
Commissioner of revenue		74,814		74,814		74,093		(721)
Treasurer		85,780		85,780		85,591		(189)
Registrar/electoral board		38,837		45,914		43,809		(2,105)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	_	169,509	Φ.	169,509	Φ.	174,602	•	5,093
Total shared expenses	\$	1,328,008	\$	1,347,650	\$	1,336,968	\$	(10,682)
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	609,802	\$	609,802	\$	457,044	\$	(152,758)
Comprehensive services act	*	400,000	Ψ	400,000	Ψ	501,735	Ψ	101,735
Litter control grant		4,500		5,000		5,000		-
Bio solids fees		-		-		1,977		1,977
Switch grass facilities and equipment		-		882,000		-		(882,000)
Emergency medical services		- -		<u>-</u>		13,140		13,140
Library grant		42,175		51,175		42,286		(8,889)
Local law enforcement block grant		17.004		10.520		5,324		5,324
VJCCCS grant Tobacco grant		17,904		19,528		19,399 88,051		(129) 88,051
Fire programs		-		_		51,841		51,841
Other grants		-		44,825		19,824		(25,001)
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,074,381	\$	2,012,330	\$	1,205,621	\$	(806,709)
		, ,		, ,	-	, -,	•	., .,/
Total categorical aid	\$	2,402,389	\$	3,359,980	\$	2,542,589	\$	(817,391)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,550,179	\$	4,507,770	\$	3,632,034	\$	(875,736)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental Revenues: (Continued)								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid: Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,123,759	\$	1,123,759	\$	842,253	\$	(281,506)
Community development block grant	Ψ	13.787	Ψ	13,787	Ψ	192,611	Ψ	178,824
Homeland security		-		-		208,124		208,124
ISTEA Grant		-		-		71,955		71,955
RDA loan/grant		-		-		46,000		46,000
Ground transportation safety		-		-		9,883		9,883
Total categorical aid	\$	1,137,546	\$	1,137,546	\$	1,370,826	\$	233,280
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,137,546	\$	1,137,546	\$	1,370,826	\$	233,280
Total General Fund	\$	12,805,981	\$	14,007,544	\$	13,767,206	\$	(240,338)
Special Revenue Funds:								_
Landfill Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes: Consumer utility tax	\$	148,100	σ	149 100	φ	140 100	Φ	90
Consumption tax	Ф	24,489	Φ	148,100 24,489	Ф	148,180 25,474	Ф	80 985
Total other local taxes	\$	172,589	\$	172,589	\$	173,654	\$	1,065
Total offici local taxoo	Ψ_	112,000	Ψ	172,000	Ψ	110,001	Ψ	1,000
Charges for services:								
Landfill use fees	\$	485,524	\$	485,524	\$	317,425	\$	(168,099)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	658,113	\$	658,113	\$	491,079	\$	(167,034)
Intergovernmental Revenues:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Communications tax	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	265,875	\$	15,875
Total noncategorical aid	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	265,875	\$	15,875
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$	265,875	\$	15,875
Total Landfill Fund	\$	908,113	\$	908,113	\$	756,954	\$	(151,159)
1010. 20.10		000,1.0	<u> </u>	000,1.0	<u> </u>	. 00,00.		(101,100)
E-911 Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:	Φ	500	Φ.	500	Φ	405	Φ	(05)
E-911 taxes	\$	500	\$	500	\$	405	\$	(95)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	500	\$	500	\$	405	\$	(95)
Intergovernmental Revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Communications Tax	\$	82,000	\$	82,000	\$	88,625	\$	6,625
		,000	-	,000		,0=0		-,0-0
Categorical aid:	•	40.000	•	40.000	•	40.000	•	(0.000)
Wireless grant funds PSAP grant	\$	42,803	\$	42,803	\$	40,000 150,000	\$	(2,803)
Total categorical aid	\$	42,803	\$	232,324 275,127	2.	190,000	\$	(82,324) (85,127)
Total categorical alu	Ψ	72,003	ψ			130,000	Ψ	(00,121)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	124,803	\$	357,127	\$	278,625	\$	(78,502)
Total E-911 Fund	\$	125,303	\$	357,627	\$	279,030	\$	(78,597)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) LRA Land Sale Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of property	\$	-	\$	_	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					<u> </u>	-,	-	
Total LRA Land Sale Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$	10,000
Total Primary Government	\$	13,839,397	\$	15,273,284	\$	14,813,190	\$	(460,094)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Special Revenue Funds: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services:								
Charges for education	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,689	\$	3,689
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	199,145	\$	184,145
Total miscellaneous revenue	<u>\$</u> \$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	199,145	\$	184,145
Recovered costs:	_		_		_		_	()
Dual enrollment	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	(20,000)
Total recovered costs	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	-	\$	(20,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	202,834	\$	167,834
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Nottoway, Virginia	\$	4,321,518	\$	4,476,841	\$	4,183,752	\$	(293,089)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	4,321,518	\$	4,476,841	\$	4,183,752	\$	(293,089)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,199,192	\$	2,199,192	\$	2,193,859	\$	(5,333)
Basic school aid		6,958,841		6,958,841		6,996,713		37,872
ISAEP		7,859		7,859		-		(7,859)
Remedial education		261,190		261,190		262,484		1,294
Regular foster care		22,918		22,918		9,995		(12,923)
Gifted and talented		72,108		72,108		72,465		357
Remedial summer school		103,770		103,770		92,505		(11,265)
Preschool and 4 year old At Risk		272,780		272,780		272,780		- - 070
Special education		1,145,712		1,145,712		1,151,388		5,676
Project Graduation Vocational education		- 281,452		12,000 281,452		279,371		(12,000) (2,081)
Textbook payments		64,993		64,993		65,315		322
Social security and retirement fringe benefits		892,534		892,534		896,954		4,420
GED payments		-		-		7,859		7,859
State lottery payments		240,289		240,289		244,419		4,130
Early reading intervention		43,026		43,026		24,910		(18,116)
Homebound education		4,820		4,820		4,576		(244)
Special education - foster children		-		-		3,979		3,979
At risk payments		352,167		352,167		353,912		1,745
VPSA technology funds		206,000		284,000		283,985		(15)
Primary class size		316,399		316,399		317,173		774
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		39,511		39,511		39,399		(112)
English as a second language		57,039		57,039		59,501		2,462

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
National Board Certification	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,500	\$	2,500
Mentor teacher program	Ψ	2,155	Ψ	2,155	Ψ	1,844	Ψ	(311)
Total categorical aid	\$	13,544,755	\$	13,634,755	\$	13,637,886	\$	3,131
		,,		,,		,,	<u> </u>	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	13,544,755	\$	13,634,755	\$	13,637,886	\$	3,131
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
Migrant education	\$	48,971	\$	48,971	\$	44,366	\$	(4,605)
Rural education		10,000	·	55,624	·	56,772	·	1,148
Title I		847,470		1,106,689		826,182		(280,507)
Title I - ARRA		, <u>-</u>		2,438		18,342		` 15,904 [°]
Title III, Part A		_		3,991		-		(3,991)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		525,000		525,000		719,350		194,350
Title VI-B, special education flow-through - ARRA		-		-		103,163		103,163
Vocational education		58,628		58,628		41,921		(16,707)
Preschool special education		50,000		68,037		15,585		(52,452)
Preschool special education - ARRA		-		53,079		18,037		(35,042)
Preschool handicapped		23,662		23,662		10,007		(23,662)
Title II Part A		182,771		182,771		132,716		(50,055)
Immigrant educations		102,771		102,771		5,420		5,420
Title II Part D		5,804		5,804		0,420		(5,804)
21st century grant		175,000		332,200		253,453		(78,747)
Drug free school		1,500		1,500		370		(1,130)
ROTC		67,000		67,000		73,484		6,484
State fiscal stabilization		07,000		07,000		12,191		12,191
Education jobs fund - ARRA		315,058		382,140		474,549		92,409
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		•		474,549		•
Learn and serve grant Gear up funds		25,000		25,000		20.690		(25,000)
•		21,250		21,250		20,680		(570)
Project hope grant	ф.	3,000	Φ	16,916	Φ	2 046 504	φ	(16,916) (164,119)
Total categorical aid	<u>\$</u>	2,360,114	\$	2,980,700	\$	2,816,581	\$, , ,
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,360,114				2,816,581		(164,119)
Total School Operating Fund	D	20,261,387	Ф	21,127,296	Ф	20,841,053	Ф	(286,243)
School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	3,113	\$	2,113
Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$	375,000	\$	375,000	\$	266,528	\$	(108,472)
Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous	\$	24,400	\$	24,400	\$	32,229	\$	7,829
Total revenue from local sources	\$	400,400	\$	400,400		301,870		(98,530)
Intergovernmental revenues: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	26,254	\$	26,254	\$	23,986	\$	(2,268)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Cafeteria Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
School food program grant Commodities	\$	690,000 -	\$	690,000 -	\$	817,922 58,920	\$	127,922 58,920
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	690,000	\$	690,000	\$	876,842	\$	186,842
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,116,654	\$	1,116,654	\$	1,202,698	\$	86,044
Textbook Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue	•		Φ.	470.540	Φ.	4.440	Φ.	(475.070)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	176,519	\$	1,143	\$	(175,376)
Total Textbook Fund	\$	-	\$	176,519	\$	1,143	\$	(175,376)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	21,378,041	\$	22,420,469	\$	22,044,894	\$	(375,575)

Central Fund: Central Grant Central Gran	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina F	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)	
Legislative	General Fund:									
Board of supervisors										
Total legislative \$279,451 \$374,437 \$277,449 \$96,986		•	070 454	•	074 407	•	077 440	•	00.000	
County administrator						_	•	_		
County administrator \$254,305 \$248,859 \$236,183 \$1,656 Legal services 11,650 1,516 7,516 2,018 Commissioner of revenue 177,609 175,099 175,591 2,018 Board of assessors 29,400 74,935 53,133 21,772 Treasurer 196,600 200,091 194,306 5,706 Other general and financial administration 35,842 35,802 34,500 1,342 Total general and financial administration \$822,791 \$62,558 795,766 \$66,792 Board of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,16001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total part of elections \$116,001 \$1,360,073 \$1,192,422 \$167,651 Juricial administration Counting to for elections \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$1,92,422 \$167,651 Juricial administration \$1,8731 \$2,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 <	rotariegistative	Φ_	279,451	Ф	374,437	Ф	277,449	Ф	96,988	
County administrator \$254,305 \$248,859 \$236,183 \$1,656 Legal services 11,650 1,516 7,516 2,018 Commissioner of revenue 177,609 175,099 175,591 2,018 Board of assessors 29,400 74,935 53,133 21,772 Treasurer 196,600 200,091 194,306 5,706 Other general and financial administration 35,842 35,802 34,500 1,342 Total general and financial administration \$822,791 \$62,558 795,766 \$66,792 Board of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,16001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total part of elections \$116,001 \$1,360,073 \$1,192,422 \$167,651 Juricial administration Counting to for elections \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$1,92,422 \$167,651 Juricial administration \$1,8731 \$2,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 <	General and financial administration:									
Legal services 11,650 1,566 . 1,516 Commissioner of revenue 177,600 177,600 177,500 175,501 2,010 Board of assessors 29,400 74,935 53,163 21,772 Treasurer 1966,006 200,001 194,305 5,766 Data processing 1117,379 123,706 99,944 23,762 Other general and financial administration 35,842 35,842 34,500 1,342 Total general and financial administration 822,791 862,558 795,668 66,792 Board of elections: Electoral board and officials \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general district court \$18,731 \$2,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 General district court \$4,600 \$4,524 \$1,427 \$1,500 General district court		\$	254 305	\$	248 859	\$	238 183	\$	10 676	
Commissioner of revenue 177,609 177,609 175,501 2,018 Board of assessors 29,400 74,355 53,167 2,076 Data processing 119,606 200,091 194,385 53,768 Other general and financial administration 35,842 23,000 99,944 23,762 Total general and financial administration \$822,791 \$825,558 795,766 \$66,792 Board of elections: \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total poard of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$1,192,472 \$167,691 Judicial administration: \$160,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,242 \$167,690 Judicial administration: \$23,824 \$2,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 General district court \$1,600 \$1,523,000 \$1,700 \$1,700 \$1,700 \$1,700 \$1,700	·	Ψ	,	Ψ	•	Ψ	230,103	Ψ	,	
Board of assessors 29,400 74,935 53,163 21,772 Treasurer 196,606 200,991 194,365 5,706 Data processing 117,379 122,706 99,944 23,622 Other general and financial administration 35,842 35,842 35,842 34,500 1,342 Total general and financial administration 822,791 862,558 \$795,766 \$66,792 Board of elections: Electoral board and officials \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$12,18,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$12,18,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Cornts: Cornts: <td rowspa<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>175 501</td><td></td><td></td></td>	<td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>175 501</td> <td></td> <td></td>							175 501		
Treasurer 196,606 200,091 194,385 5,706 Data processing 117,379 123,762 39,944 23,762 Other general and financial administration 35,842 35,842 34,500 1,342 Total general and financial administration \$822,791 \$862,558 \$795,766 \$66,792 Board of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total board of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$1,192,472 \$3,871 Judicial administration: \$12,182,433 \$1,360,073 \$1,192,472 \$3,871 Courts: \$100 \$1,580,073 \$1,192,472 \$167,695 General district court \$18,731 \$29,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 General district court \$18,731 \$29,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 General district court \$1,600 \$4,524 3,548 976 Commissioner of accounts \$18,731 \$2,9961										
Data processing Other general and financial administration Total general and financial administration Total general and financial administration 822,791 123,706 99,944 23,706 Board of elections: 822,791 \$62,595 \$795,766 \$76,706 Electoral board and officials \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total board of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Judicial administration \$18,731 \$29,961 \$12,271 \$16,065 Circuit court \$18,731 \$29,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 General district court \$18,731 \$29,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 Colicuit court \$23,999 \$23,999 \$214,903 \$9,095 Colleg total court in c										
Other general and financial administration 35,842 35,842 34,500 1,342 Board of elections: Electoral board and officials \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total poard of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total poard of elections \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$119,207 \$3,871 Udicial administration: Courts: Circuit court \$18,731 \$29,961 \$12,271 \$17,690 General district court \$4,600 \$4,524 \$3,548 976 Commissioner of accounts \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 Magistrate \$100 \$4,524 \$3,548 976 Clerk of the circuit court \$23,999 \$223,999 \$24,903 \$9,909 Juros and witnesses \$9,412 \$9,412 \$3,90 \$6,202 Sheriff \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,3			,						•	
Board of elections: Electoral board and officials \$ 116,001 \$ 123,078 \$ 119,207 \$ 3,871 Total board and officials \$ 116,001 \$ 123,078 \$ 119,207 \$ 3,871 Total board of elections \$ 116,001 \$ 123,078 \$ 119,207 \$ 3,871 Total poard of elections \$ 116,001 \$ 123,078 \$ 119,207 \$ 3,871 Total general government administration \$ 1,218,243 \$ 1,360,073 \$ 1,192,422 \$ 167,651 Judicial administration: Courts:							,			
Board of elections: Electoral board and officials \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 Total general government administration \$1,218,243 \$1,360,073 \$1,192,422 \$167,651 Judicial administration: Courts:		Φ		Ф		Ф		Φ		
Electoral board and officials \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 \$1041 \$1051 \$1	rotal general and imancial administration	Φ	022,791	Φ	002,330	Φ	795,766	Φ	00,792	
Electoral board and officials \$116,001 \$123,078 \$119,207 \$3,871 \$1041 \$1051 \$1	Board of elections:									
Total board of elections		Ф	116 001	¢	122 078	¢	110 207	Ф	2 971	
Total general government administration \$ 1,218,243 \$ 1,360,073 \$ 1,192,422 \$ 167,651 \$ 1 Judicial administration: Courts: Circuit court \$ 18,731 \$ 29,961 \$ 12,271 \$ 17,690 \$ 6 General district court \$ 1,600 \$ 4,524 \$ 3,548 \$ 976 \$ Commissioner of accounts \$ 150 \$ 150 \$ - \$ 150 \$ 150 \$ - \$ 100 \$ 1										
Dudicial administration:	Total board of elections	Ψ	110,001	Ψ	123,070	Ψ	113,207	Ψ	3,071	
Courts: Circuit court \$ 18,731 \$ 29,961 \$ 12,271 \$ 17,690 General district court 4,600 4,524 3,548 976 Commissioner of accounts 150 150 - 150 Magistrate 100 100 - 100 Juvenile and domestic relations district court 221,591 233,215 23,133 82 Clerk of the circuit court 223,999 223,999 2214,903 9,096 Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$ 403,170 \$ 428,925 390,700 \$ 38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Total judicial administration \$ 642,097 \$ 677,986 \$ 638,417 \$ 39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 <td>Total general government administration</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,218,243</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,360,073</td> <td>\$</td> <td>1,192,422</td> <td>\$</td> <td>167,651</td>	Total general government administration	\$	1,218,243	\$	1,360,073	\$	1,192,422	\$	167,651	
Courts: Circuit court \$ 18,731 \$ 29,961 \$ 12,271 \$ 17,690 General district court 4,600 4,524 3,548 976 Commissioner of accounts 150 150 - 150 Magistrate 100 100 - 100 Juvenile and domestic relations district court 221,591 233,215 23,133 82 Clerk of the circuit court 223,999 223,999 2214,903 9,096 Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$ 403,170 \$ 428,925 390,700 \$ 38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Total judicial administration \$ 642,097 \$ 677,986 \$ 638,417 \$ 39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 <td>ludicial administration:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ludicial administration:									
Circuit court \$ 18,731 \$ 29,961 \$ 12,271 \$ 17,690 General district court 4,600 4,524 3,548 976 Commissioner of accounts 150 150 - 150 Magistrate 100 100 - 100 Juvenile and domestic relations district court 21,591 23,275 23,133 82 Clerk of the circuit court 223,999 223,999 221,903 9,096 Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$ 403,170 \$ 428,925 \$ 390,700 \$ 38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Total judicial administration \$ 642,097 \$ 677,986 \$ 638,417 \$ 39,569 Public safety: \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Central dispatching										
General district court 4,600 4,524 3,548 976 Commissioner of accounts 150 150 - 150 Magistrate 100 100 - 100 Juvenile and domestic relations district court 21,591 23,215 23,133 82 Clerk of the circuit court 223,999 223,999 214,903 9,096 Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$403,170 \$428,925 \$390,700 \$38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,344 Total commonwealth's attorney: \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,344 Total judicial administration \$642,097 \$677,986 \$638,417 \$39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 <td></td> <td>Φ</td> <td>10 721</td> <td>φ</td> <td>20.064</td> <td>φ</td> <td>10 071</td> <td>ď</td> <td>17 600</td>		Φ	10 721	φ	20.064	φ	10 071	ď	17 600	
Commissioner of accounts 150 150 - 150 Magistrate 100 100 - 100 Juvenile and domestic relations district court 21,591 23,215 23,133 82 Clerk of the circuit court 223,999 223,999 214,903 9,096 Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$403,170 \$428,925 \$390,700 \$38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,344 Total judicial administration \$642,097 \$677,986 \$638,417 \$39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$429,881 \$43,395 397,869 \$45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$		Ф	,	Ф	•	Ф		Ф	,	
Magistrate 100 100 - 100 Juvenile and domestic relations district court 21,591 23,215 23,133 82 Clerk of the circuit court 223,999 223,999 221,903 9,096 Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$403,170 \$428,925 390,700 38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney: \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,344 Total judicial administration \$642,097 \$677,986 \$638,417 \$39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$127,246 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>3,548</td> <td></td> <td></td>					•		3,548			
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Clerk of the circuit court 223,999 223,999 214,903 9,096 Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$403,170 \$428,925 \$390,700 \$38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,344 Total judicial administration \$642,097 \$677,986 \$638,417 \$39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$429,881 \$443,395 397,869 \$45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,335,451 \$1,537,386 \$1,344,614 \$192,772 Fire and rescue services: Yolunteer fire department \$195,000 \$243,262 \$218,118 \$25,144 </td <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						-			
Jurors and witnesses 9,412 9,412 3,390 6,022 Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$403,170 \$428,925 \$390,700 \$38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,344 Total judicial administration \$642,097 \$677,986 \$638,417 \$39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$429,881 \$443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,335,451 \$1,537,386 \$1,344,614 \$192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$195,000 \$243,262 \$218,118 \$25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 <							•		_	
Sheriff 122,187 130,522 129,103 1,419 Law library 2,400 7,042 4,352 2,690 Total courts \$403,170 \$428,925 390,700 \$38,225 Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney: \$238,927 \$249,061 \$247,717 \$1,344 Total judicial administration \$642,097 \$677,986 \$638,417 \$39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching \$429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,335,451 \$1,537,386 \$1,344,614 \$192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$195,000 \$243,262 \$218,118 \$25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 11,435 11,435 -									•	
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Commonwealth's attorney \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Total commonwealth's attorney \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Total judicial administration \$ 642,097 \$ 677,986 \$ 638,417 \$ 39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 \$ 946,745 \$ 147,246 Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,335,451 \$ 1,537,386 \$ 1,344,614 \$ 192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 11,435 -	Total courts	\$	403,170	\$	428,925	\$	390,700	\$	38,225	
Commonwealth's attorney \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Total commonwealth's attorney \$ 238,927 \$ 249,061 \$ 247,717 \$ 1,344 Total judicial administration \$ 642,097 \$ 677,986 \$ 638,417 \$ 39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 \$ 946,745 \$ 147,246 Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,335,451 \$ 1,537,386 \$ 1,344,614 \$ 192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 11,435 -	O									
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Total judicial administration \$ 642,097 \$ 677,986 \$ 638,417 \$ 39,569 Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 \$ 946,745 \$ 147,246 Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,335,451 \$ 1,537,386 \$ 1,344,614 \$ 192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 -		\$								
Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$905,570 \$1,093,991 \$946,745 \$147,246 Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,335,451 \$1,537,386 \$1,344,614 \$192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$195,000 \$243,262 \$218,118 \$25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 -	I otal commonwealth's attorney	\$	238,927	\$	249,061	\$	247,717	\$	1,344	
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 \$ 946,745 \$ 147,246 Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,335,451 \$ 1,537,386 \$ 1,344,614 \$ 192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 11,435 -	Total judicial administration	\$	642,097	\$	677,986	\$	638,417	\$	39,569	
Law enforcement and traffic control: Sheriff \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 \$ 946,745 \$ 147,246 Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,335,451 \$ 1,537,386 \$ 1,344,614 \$ 192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 11,435 -										
Sheriff \$ 905,570 \$ 1,093,991 \$ 946,745 \$ 147,246 Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,335,451 \$ 1,537,386 \$ 1,344,614 \$ 192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 11,435 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Central dispatching 429,881 443,395 397,869 45,526 Total law enforcement and traffic control \$1,335,451 \$1,537,386 \$1,344,614 \$192,772 Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department \$195,000 \$243,262 \$218,118 \$25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 11,435 -	Law enforcement and traffic control:									
Total law enforcement and traffic control \$ 1,335,451 \$ 1,537,386 \$ 1,344,614 \$ 192,772	Sheriff	\$	905,570	\$	1,093,991	\$	946,745	\$	147,246	
Fire and rescue services: Volunteer fire department Rescue service State forestry service Fire and rescue services: \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 \$ 103,494 \$ 148,826 \$ 101,196 \$ 47,630 \$ 11,435 \$ 11,435 \$ -	Central dispatching		429,881		443,395		397,869			
Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 -	Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,335,451	\$	1,537,386	\$	1,344,614	\$	192,772	
Volunteer fire department \$ 195,000 \$ 243,262 \$ 218,118 \$ 25,144 Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 -										
Rescue service 103,494 148,826 101,196 47,630 State forestry service 11,435 11,435 -										
State forestry service 11,435		\$		\$	243,262	\$	218,118	\$		
	Rescue service						101,196		47,630	
Total fire and rescue services \$ 309,929 \$ 403,523 \$ 330,749 \$ 72,774	State forestry service						11,435			
	Total fire and rescue services	\$	309,929	\$	403,523	\$	330,749	\$	72,774	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Correction and detention:								
Detention home	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	46,227	\$	53,773
Juvenile probation and detention		31,000		31,000		31,306		(306)
Total correction and detention	\$	131,000	\$	131,000	\$	77,533	\$	53,467
Inspections:								
Building	\$	72,096	\$	70,872	\$	70,172	\$	700
Total inspections	\$ \$	72,096	\$	70,872	\$	70,172		700
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	73,480	\$	87,154	\$	73,290	\$	13,864
Medical examiner	*	200	*	200	*	20	*	180
Total other protection	\$	73,680	\$	87,354	\$	73,310	\$	14,044
Total public safety	\$	1,922,156	\$	2,230,135	\$	1,896,378	\$	333,757
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Litter control	\$	4,500	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	-
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	4,500	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	-
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	262,444	\$	261,461	\$	254,001	\$	7,460
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	262,444	\$	261,461	\$	254,001	\$	7,460
Total public works	\$	266,944	\$	266,461	\$	259,001	\$	7,460
Health and welfare:								
Health:	•	400.000	•	400.000	•	05.070	•	44.700
Supplement of local health department	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	85,270	\$	14,730
Total health	<u>\$</u>	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	85,270	\$	14,730
Montal booth and montal astrodation.								
Mental health and mental retardation:	Φ	40.700	Φ	40.700	Φ	40.700	Φ	
Community services board	<u>\$</u>	43,700		43,700		43,700	\$	
Total mental health and mental retardation	<u>\$</u>	43,700	\$	43,700	\$	43,700	\$	-
Welfare:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,985,492	\$	1,985,497	\$	1,635,715	\$	349,782
Comprehensive Services Act		679,500		679,500	•	751,906		(72,406)
Total welfare	\$	2,664,992	\$	2,664,997	\$	2,387,621	\$	277,376
Total health and welfare	\$	2,808,692	\$	2,808,697	\$	2,516,591	\$	292,106

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contribution to community colleges	\$	3,588	\$	3,588	\$	3,588	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		4,321,518		4,476,841		4,183,752		293,089
Total education	\$	4,325,106	\$	4,480,429	\$	4,187,340	\$	293,089
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Parks and recreation	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	-
Total parks and recreation	\$ \$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	-
Library:								
Library administration	\$	217,143	\$	234,206	\$	232,683	\$	1,523
Literacy project	Ψ	-	Ψ	175	Ψ	175	Ψ	-,020
Total library	\$	217,143	\$	234,381	\$	232,858	\$	1,523
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	•	\$	240,381	\$	238,858	\$	1,523
		220,110	Ψ	210,001	Ψ_	200,000	Ψ_	1,020
Community development: Planning and community development:								
Economic development	\$	12,258	Ф	12,108	\$	9,892	Ф	2,216
Planning commission	Φ	97,478	Φ	111,208	Φ	76,857	φ	34,351
Zoning board		2,500		2,500		1,492		1,008
Total planning and community development	\$	112,236	\$	125,816	\$	88,241	\$	37,575
Total plaining and community development		112,200	Ψ	120,010	Ψ	00,211	Ψ	07,070
Environmental management:								
Soil and water conservation district	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	-
Other environmental management		14,759		14,759		4,806		9,953
Total environmental management	\$	23,259	\$	23,259	\$	13,306	\$	9,953
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	37,302	\$	37,302	\$	22,038	\$	15,264
Ft. Pickett local reuse authority		396,162		626,276		416,531		209,745
Small business incubator		28,903		38,484		10,206		28,278
Blackstone area bus service		8,000		8,000		8,000		-
Lodge at Ft. Pickett		200,801		200,801		179,720		21,081
Total cooperative extension program	\$	671,168	\$	910,863	\$	636,495	\$	274,368
Total community development	\$	806,663	\$	1,059,938	\$	738,042	\$	321,896
Capital projects:								
Other capital projects	\$	19,500	\$	426,898	\$	353,533	\$	73,365
Community development block grant		13,787		348,220		148,190		200,030
Switch grass facilities		-		732,000		7,500		724,500
Switch grass equipment		-		150,000		-		150,000
Total capital projects	\$	33,287	\$	1,657,118	\$	509,223	\$	1,147,895
School debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	586,874	¢	560,374	2	585,708	\$	(25,334)
Interest and other fiscal charges	Ψ	172,776	Ψ	199,276	Ψ	212,322	Ψ	(13,046)
Total debt service	\$	759,650	\$	759,650	\$	798,030	\$	(38,380)
			·			•		<u> </u>
Total General Fund	\$	13,005,981	\$	15,540,868	\$	12,974,302	\$	2,566,566

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: Landfill Fund: Public works:							
Sanitation and waste removal: Landfill	\$ 908,113	3 \$	1,022,732	\$	840,328	\$	182,404
Total Landfill Fund	\$ 908,113	3 \$	1,022,732	\$	840,328	\$	182,404
E-911 Fund: Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Emergency 911 services	<u>\$ 125,300</u>	3 \$	370,322	\$	278,253	\$	92,069
Total E-911 Fund	\$ 125,300	3 \$	370,322	\$	278,253	\$	92,069
Dare Program Fund: Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control: Dare program	\$ -	\$	342	\$	-	\$	342
Total Dare Program Fund	\$ -	\$	342	\$	-	\$	342
Total Primary Government	\$ 14,039,397	7 \$	16,934,264	\$	14,092,883	\$	2,841,381
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Special revenue funds: School Operating Fund: Education: Instruction costs: Elementary and secondary schools Total instruction costs	\$ 15,522,157 \$ 15,522,157	_	16,244,810 16,244,810	_	15,760,997 15,760,997	\$	483,813 483,813
Operating costs: Administration, attendance and health services Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant Total operating costs	\$ 1,114,109 1,424,258 2,079,458 \$ 4,617,818	5 3	1,162,476 1,429,380 3,311,862 5,903,718	\$	1,071,892 1,422,493 2,638,412 5,132,797	\$	90,584 6,887 673,450 770,921
Total education	\$ 20,139,97	5 \$	22,148,528	\$ 2	20,893,794	\$	1,254,734
Capital projects: School capital projects Total capital projects	\$ 553,155 \$ 553,155		482,145 482,145		-	\$	482,145 482,145
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total debt service	\$ 68,412 53,000 \$ 121,412)	104,479 65,515 169,994	\$	104,479 27,136 131,615		38,379 38,379
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 20,814,542		22,800,667	\$ 2	21,025,409	\$	1,775,258

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Special revenue funds: (Continued) Textbook Fund: Education: Instruction:					
Elementary and secondary schools	\$ -	\$ 176,519	\$ 114,011	\$	62,508
Total Textbook Fund	\$ -	\$ 176,519	\$ 114,011	\$	62,508
Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services: Administration of school food program Commodities	\$ 1,171,654 -	\$ 1,380,745 -	\$ 1,048,894 58,920	\$	331,851 (58,920)
Total Cafeteria Fund	\$ 1,171,654	\$ 1,380,745	\$ 1,107,814	\$	272,931
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 21,986,196	\$ 24,357,931	\$ 22,247,234	\$	2,110,697







County of Nottoway, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	152,577 \$ 10,321,695	9,149,621	10,638,592	13,095,427	12,168,191	15,707,074	13,691,478	13,746,204	15,789,228	13,891,046
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 152,577 \$	148,558	79,722	155,936	207,695	320,456	253,282	267,481	253,573	174,484
Community Development	\$ 465,756 \$	339,409	1,061,513	792,430	724,700	1,249,191	761,856	1,192,922	1,178,707	839,415
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 135,539	156,396	46,957	174,982	235,446	235,504	288,816	332,705	293,289	328,756
Education	\$ 4,618,133	3,607,359	2,542,511	5,635,335	4,053,533	4,509,077	4,105,917	4,271,797	6,279,361	4,779,326
Health and Welfare	809,278 \$ 1,733,274 \$	1,656,272	2,015,446	2,048,848	2,516,297	2,436,410	2,960,851	2,719,493	2,490,161	2,550,832
Public Works	\$ 809,278 \$	863,062	1,900,197	1,038,727	981,761	3,193,667	1,451,886	1,211,446	1,106,481	1,281,092
Public Safety	1,262,887	1,262,405	1,731,098	1,750,408	1,812,719	2,017,296	2,164,176	1,985,731	2,619,360	2,134,591
Judicial Administration	\$ 357,846 \$	389,277	425,596	596,712	606,209	742,287	751,950	734,255	715,061	749,812
General Government Administration	\$ 786,405 \$	726,883	835,552	902,049	969,831	1,003,186	952,744	1,030,374	853,235	1,052,738
Fiscal Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

County of Nottoway, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

11,853,378 11,853,378 12,254,002 13,634,108 75 16,204,428	11 852 278		
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1,324,633 1,228,986 1,235,150 1,723,017	7		
87,650 107,128 160,654 40,470		++ V+	~ ~ ~ ~ ~
568,301 762,892 986,384 936,444		77110000	€
1,776,239 1,900,662 1,996,430 1,979,024	1 776 220	1,776,239 1,900,662 1,996,430 1,979,024 1,840,115 1,425,465	1,776,239 1,900,662 1,996,430 1,979,024 1,840,115 1,425,465
4,381,189 4,620,680 5,278,029 6,024,635	7 201 100	4,381,189 4,620,680 5,278,029 6,024,635 5,926,926 6,143,978	4,381,189 4,620,680 5,278,029 6,024,635 5,926,926 6,143,978 6,189,091
387,801 - 82,300	287 BO1	387,801 - - 82,300 50,048 242,157	387,801 - - 82,300 50,048 242,157 1,372,452
2,782,173 3,245,783 3,441,827 4,075,732	2 782 173	2,782,173 3,245,783 3,441,827 4,075,732 4,204,403 3,698,189	2,782,173 3,245,783 3,441,827 4,075,732 4,204,403 3,698,189 3,240,693
545,392 447,871 535,634 568,831	EAE 202	545,392 447,871 535,634 568,831 544,386	545,392 447,871 535,634 568,831 544,386 526,548
2005 2006 2007 2008	2005	2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

County of Nottoway, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	23,814,458	24,627,691	29,283,135	28,646,129	30,032,939	32,277,021	34,836,690	33,847,751	32,169,015	31,647,142
	\$									
Debt Service	\$ 690,011	692,398	2,167,398	756,220	801,046	841,086	944,246	962,444	2,340,248	929,645
Community Development	\$ 1,007,203	1,476,266	639,856	621,278	642,529	1,091,767	748,890	2,332,406	729,300	738,042
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 128,045	150,557	170,979	165,313	182,463	183,570	237,571	243,572	235,094	238,858
Education (2)	17,185,434	17,302,429	19,629,616	20,944,482	21,646,837	22,412,062	24,954,627	21,989,394	21,782,328	22,119,207
ш	\$									
Health and Welfare	1,695,251	1,606,537	1,998,180	1,996,609	2,494,634	2,390,868	2,903,489	2,666,628	2,434,336	2,516,591
_	\$									
Public Works	766,646	777,704	1,762,435	824,331	932,939	1,572,814	1,122,463	1,998,718	962,552	1,099,329
Public Safety	1,278,945 \$	1,560,230	1,760,881	1,837,003	1,808,213	2,067,127	2,179,682	1,957,030	1,991,119	2,174,631
	\$									
Judicial Administration	343,143	349,536	338,740	482,624	595,356	673,492	674,133	658,721	602,921	638,417
Adı	\$									
General Government dministration	719,780	712,034	815,050	1,018,269	928,922	1,044,235	1,071,589	1,038,838	1,091,117	1,192,422
ĕ ĕ	↔									
Fiscal Year	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

County of Nottoway, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 25,968,477	26,660,051	29,340,109	30,109,845	33,194,602	34,757,444	34,663,967	33,837,514	33,340,735	32,674,332
Inter- governmental (2)	18,173,660	18,923,591	21,360,648	21,422,610	23,579,515	24,623,214	24,251,463	24,398,578	23,546,461	22,902,655
Recovered Costs (\$ 77,567	47,194	40,512	100,943	87,501	106,774	102,799	107,158	391,575	190,890
Miscellaneous	\$ 215,452	266,455	289,636	323,154	323,859	234,618	378,287	304,172	305,322	327,280
Charges for Services	\$ 800,209	760,411	823,801	723,932	806,563	828,754	755,632	714,884	996,289	647,763
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	\$ 404,601	462,907	569,124	763,810	988,384	937,816	1,137,683	831,138	790,040	731,551
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 4,860	4,172	7,594	6,271	6,832	10,133	16,137	17,068	16,200	16,740
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	\$ 40,211	43,557	54,335	69,822	61,140	59,693	106,037	88,505	79,701	78,966
Other Local Taxes	1,755,389	1,729,490	1,776,239	1,900,662	1,996,430	1,979,024	1,840,115	1,425,465	1,458,257	1,474,067
General Property Taxes	4,496,528 \$	4,422,274	4,418,220	4,798,641	5,344,378	5,977,418	6,075,814	5,950,546	6,115,213	6,304,420
Fiscal Year	2003 \$	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to	Tax Levy	12.05%	13.06%	17.96%	16.97%	10.71%	11.65%	11.62%	11.50%	11.78%	10.50%
Outstanding Delingment	Taxes (1,2)	\$ 646,938	714,016	967,921	990,053	685,111	792,924	835,419	793,701	832,656	747,418
Percent of Total Tax Collections	to Tax Levy	100.65%	%98'36%	%90'86	%00'66	98.54%	101.05%	%86'.26	98.92%	%90'86	100.07%
Total Tax	Collections	5,403,493	5,268,567	5,285,971	5,773,862	6,301,279	6,878,063	7,047,226	6,829,896	6,933,229	7,121,548
Delinquent Tax (1.2)	Collections	288,088 \$	173,679	177,995	165,194	146,965	330,336	145,342	257,267	226,796	319,368
Percent	Collected	95.29% \$	93.19%	94.76%	96.16%	96.24%	96.19%	%96:36	95.19%	94.84%	82.58%
Current Tax	Collections (1)	5,115,405	5,094,888	5,107,976	5,608,668	6,154,314	6,547,727	6,901,884	6,572,629	6,706,433	6,802,180
Total Tax	1	5 5,368,513 \$	5,467,461	5,390,352	5,832,438	6,394,504	6,806,898	7,192,469	6,904,508	7,071,099	7,116,812
<u></u>	Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

⁽¹⁾ Exclusive of penalties and interest. Includes personal property tax relief funds. (2) Does not include land redemptions.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property (in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes			Machinery and Tools	and Public			Total
2003 2004	\$ 517,881 527,103	\$	67,673 70,251	\$	16,880 16,145	\$	54,745 51,777	\$	657,179 665,276
2005 2006	536,061 540,862		66,966 72,809		16,417 15,956		46,611 44,394		666,055 674,022
2007 2008 2009	777,728 790,448 798,086		74,796 76,093 80,427		18,398 18,237 14,482		64,454 66,339 57,123		935,376 951,116 950,118
2010 2011 2012	805,070 819,717 819.870		69,447 73,693 72,893		13,998 15,516 14,799		56,230 62,734 72,922		944,746 971,660 980,484

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Public	: Util	ity
					Machinery			
Fiscal		Real	Personal		and	Real		Personal
Year		Estate	Property		Tools	Estate		Property
2003	\$	0.54	\$ 3.15	\$	1.25	\$ 0.54	\$	3.15
2004	·	0.54	3.15	-	1.25	0.54		3.15
2005		0.54	3.15		1.25	0.54		3.15
2006		0.56	3.35		1.25	0.56		3.35
2007		0.44	3.35		1.25	0.44		3.35
2008		0.47	3.40		1.35	0.47		3.40
2009		0.49	3.50		1.35	0.49		3.50
2010		0.49	3.50		1.35	0.49		3.50
2011		0.49	3.50		1.35	0.49		3.50
2012		0.49	3.50		1.35	0.49		3.50

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	th	Assessed Value (in ousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2003	15,725	\$	657,179	\$ 6,043,631	\$ 6,043,631	0.92%	\$ 384
2004	15,725		665,276	5,638,427	5,638,427	0.85%	359
2005	15,725		666,055	6,437,577	6,437,577	0.97%	409
2006	15,725		674,022	5,988,038	5,988,038	0.89%	381
2007	15,725		935,376	8,534,523	8,534,523	0.91%	543
2008	15,725		951,116	7,529,614	7,529,614	0.79%	479
2009	15,725		950,118	8,979,904	8,979,904	0.95%	571
2010	15,853		944,746	8,421,596	8,421,596	0.89%	531
2011	15,853		971,660	6,477,614	6,477,614	0.67%	409
2012	15,853		980,484	5,885,627	5,885,627	0.60%	371

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service - University of Virginia

⁽²⁾ From Table 6

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, notes payable, landfill closure liability and compensated absences.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Nottoway, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Nottoway, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of County of Nottoway, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Nottoway, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richmond, Virginia December 27, 2012

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Nottoway, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Nottoway, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Richmond, Virginia

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December 27, 2012

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal penditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400109/0400110	\$	229,785
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500109/0500110		241
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	06004409/00600410		14,481
Child Care Development Fund Cluster:				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770109/0770110		59,669
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760109/0760110		39,298
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900109/090110		477
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100109/1100110		50,493
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120109/1120111		31,278
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000109/1000110		102,863
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150109/9150110		1,735
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540109/0540110		5,531
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200109/1200110		115,877
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	651,728
Department of Agriculture:				
Direct Payments:	40 2004		œ	40,000
Community Facilities Grant/Loan Program Child Nutrition Cluster:	10.xxx		\$	46,000
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559			16,619
Summer 1 000 Service Program for Children	10.559			10,019
Total Department of Agriculture - direct payments			\$	62,619
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Food DistributionSchool	10.555	17901-45707		58,920
Department of Education:				
National school lunch program	10.555	17901-40623		658,402
Total CFDA# 10.555			\$	717,322
School breakfast program	10.553	17901-40591		142,901
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010109/0010100		190,525
Total Department of Agriculture - pass-through payments			\$	1,050,748
Total Danierous of Assistations			Φ.	4 440 007
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,113,367
Department of Homeland Security:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Assistance:				
State Homeland Security Program	97.073	77501-52708	\$	208,124

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Community Development Block Grants / Entitlement Grants	14.228	53305-50798	\$ 192,611
Department of Transportation:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:	00.005	ENION 007 400	ф 74.055
Highway Planning and Construction State and Community Highway Safety Program	20.205 20.600	EN03-067-106 60507-59257	\$ 71,955
State and Community Fighway Salety Program	20.600	60507-59257	9,883
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 81,838
Department of the Defense:			
Direct Payments:			
JROTC	12.xxx		\$ 73,484
Corporation for National and Community Service: Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:	04.004	17001 00105	¢ 40.404
Learn and serve America - School and Community Based programs	94.004	17901-60185	\$ 12,191
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A Cluster:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$ 826,182
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.389	17901-42913	18,342
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011 84.144	17901-42910 17901-61399	44,366 5,420
Migrant Education - Coordination Program Special Education Cluster:	04.144	17901-01399	5,420
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071	719,350
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17901-62521	15,585
ARRA - Special Education Grants to States	84.391	17901-61245	103,163
ARRA - Special Education - Preschool grants	84.392	17901-61246	18,037
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095	41,921
Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	17901-60511	370
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	17901-60565	253,453
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334	17117	20,680
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481	56,772
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480	132,716
ARRA - Education jobs fund	84.410	17901-62700	474,549
Total Department of Education			\$ 2,730,906
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 5,064,249

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Nottoway, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2012. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Nottoway, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of Nottoway, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reprited on the acrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recongnized following the cost priciples contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2012, the County received and disbursed food commodities totaling \$58,920.

Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:
Primary government:
General Fund

General Fund	\$_	1,370,826
Total primary government	\$_	1,370,826
Component Unit Public Schools:		
School Operating Fund	\$	2,816,581
School Cafeteria Fund	_	876,842
Total component unit public schools	\$	3,693,423
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$_	5,064,249
Total fordered assessed to was promitted Calcadula of Essagnitives		
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	5,064,249

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: unqualified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: unqualified Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section .510(a) of OMB

Circular A-133? ______ yes ____ ___ no

Identification of major programs:

<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.553/10.555/10.559 84.410

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Name of Federal Program or Cluster
Child Nutrition Cluster
Education Jobs Fund

no

no

none reported

none reported

\$300,000

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

There were no prior year findings.

