

Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT** 

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2015



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Clerk of the Circuit Court	Diane H. Mumford
Judge of the General District Court	Ricardo Rigual
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	R. Michael McKenney
Commonwealth's Attorney	Robert L. Cunningham
Commissioner of the Revenue	George E. Thomas, Jr.
Treasurer	Bonnie J. D. Haynie
Sheriff	Ronald D. Crockett
Superintendent of Schools	Steve Parker
Director of Social Services	Edna G. Davenport
County Administrator	Frank A. Pleva



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# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Lancaster Lancaster, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Lancaster, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Lancaster, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension funding on pages 4-10, 67-68, and 69-73 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Lancaster, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, supporting schedules and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

#### Other Information (Continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures, applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2015, on our consideration of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia December 29, 2015

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Lancaster County Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Lancaster County County of Lancaster, Virginia

The administrative management staff of the County of Lancaster, Virginia offers the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

• The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$6,119,168 (net position).

#### Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other financing sources by \$7,344,041 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$10,080,025 to the School Board.

- As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$12,209,518, an increase of \$7,344,041 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,293,767, or 22% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations increased \$4,801,015 during the current fiscal year.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Lancaster, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Lancaster, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Lancaster, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has three major governmental funds - the General Fund, County Special Revenue Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

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#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6,119,168 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Lancaster, Virginia's Net Position

	Governmental Activities							
	_	2015		2014				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$_	14,313,530 8,969,446	\$	7,632,936 9,220,756				
Total assets	\$_	23,282,976	\$	16,853,692				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$_	575,891	\$	-				
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$	1,455,524	\$	1,944,721				
	_	15,241,372		6,540,007				
Total liabilities	\$_	16,696,896	\$_	8,484,728				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$_	1,042,803	\$	43,934				
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	\$	2,989,235	\$	2,863,014				
Forfeited asset Wetlands special project		17,529 15,303		14,472 15,288				
Unrestricted	_	3,097,101		5,432,256				
Total net position	\$_	6,119,168	\$	8,325,030				

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The County's net position increased \$1,131,694 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

### County of Lancaster, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
		2015	_	2014			
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$	600,783	\$	519,542			
contributions Capital grants and		3,340,098		3,261,746			
contributions		212,096		644,332			
General property taxes		15,827,037		14,722,918			
Other local taxes Grants and other contri-		1,936,429		1,892,069			
butions not restricted		1,317,854		1,323,904			
Other general revenues		295,640		201,430			
				_			
Total revenues	\$	23,529,937	\$_	22,565,941			
General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Interest and other fiscal charges	\$	1,611,832 807,803 4,613,799 1,238,203 2,511,962 10,403,350 172,119 661,086 378,089	\$	1,345,631 804,040 4,889,888 827,480 2,603,743 10,495,867 182,973 1,244,682 194,525			
Total expenses	\$	22,398,243	\$_	22,588,829			
Change in net position	\$	1,131,694	\$	(22,888)			
Net position, beginning of year		4,987,474	_	8,347,918			
Net position, end of year	\$	6,119,168	\$	8,325,030			

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations. Therefore, beginning net position for 2015 as displayed above does not agree to ending net position for 2014.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$12,209,518, an increase of \$7,344,041 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 43% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The decrease was largely due to the completion of a capital project.

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for all major general public improvements. At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance was \$6,881,418.

During the year, actual revenues and other sources of the General Fund exceeded budgetary estimates by \$1,708,231. Actual expenditures and other uses exceeded budgetary estimates by \$291,747. The combination of the two resulted in a positive variance of \$1,416,484.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

• <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2015 amounts to \$8,969,446 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$12,007,000. Of this amount, \$1,810,000 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. lease revenue bonds).

The County's total debt increased \$6,236,000 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Lancaster, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in notes of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Future Years' Budgets and Rates

• Inflationary trends in the region are comparable to state and national indexes.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2016 budget increased by approximately 5%. All tax rates remained the same.

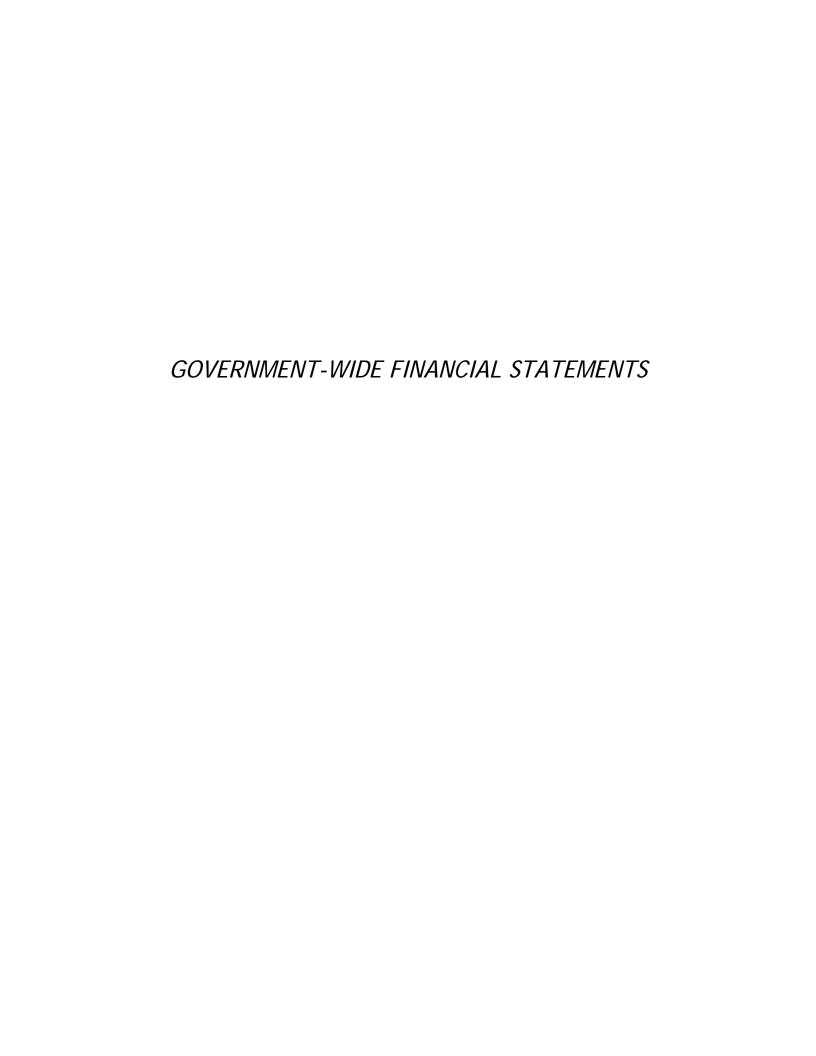
#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Lancaster, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 8311 Mary Ball Road, Lancaster, Virginia 22503.











#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	0	Primary						
		overnment	-					
		vernmental		Compone	ent U			
		<u>Activities</u>	<u>S</u>	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,181,058	\$	115,860	\$	116,162		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		860,431		-		-		
Accounts receivable		69,614		-		-		
Notes receivable		17,905		-		-		
Due from other governmental units		725,915		1,594,187		-		
Restricted assets:								
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents- unspent bond proceeds		6,458,607		-		-		
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								
Land and land improvements		883,755		6,271		-		
Buildings and improvements		7,544,972		6,618,449		-		
Machinery and equipment		408,326		1,297,635		-		
Construction in progress		132,393		-		-		
Total assets	\$	23,282,976	\$	9,632,402	\$	116,162		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension contributions subsequent to								
measurement date	\$	575,891	\$	1,230,466	\$	_		
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	575,891	\$	1,230,466	\$			
Total deferred outrows of resources		373,071	٠,	1,230,400	٠,			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	23,858,867	\$	10,862,868	\$	116,162		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	325,880	\$	137,003	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities		-		1,458,413		-		
Accrued interest payable		128,114		-		-		
Due to other governmental units		996,117		-		-		
Unearned revenue		5,413		28,800		-		
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		1,670,254		31,739		-		
Due in more than one year		13,571,118		12,657,494		-		
Total liabilities	\$	16,696,896	\$	14,313,449	\$	-		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	25,926	\$	-	\$	-		
Items related to measurement of net								
pension liability		1,016,877		1,978,719		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,042,803	\$	1,978,719	\$	-		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,989,235	\$	7,922,355	\$	-		
Restricted:	•	,,		, ,	•			
Forfeited asset		17,529		-		-		
Wetlands special project		15,303		-		-		
Unrestricted (deficit)		3,097,101		(13,351,655)		116,162		
Total net position	\$	6,119,168	\$	(5,429,300)	\$	116,162		
Tatal Liabilities Defended by Charact December 1								
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	ċ	22 8E0 047	¢	10 862 969		114 147		
nee i osicion	\$	23,858,867	Ş	10,862,868		116,162		

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			ī	Pro	gram Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
Functions/Programs		<u>Expenses</u>		Charges for <u>Services</u>		Operating Grants and Contributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions		Primary Government overnmental Activities	<u>s</u>	Componen	t Uni	ts <u>IDA</u>	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:															
Governmental activities:															
General government administration	\$	1,611,832	Ś	-	\$	213,928	Ś		\$	(1,397,904)					
Judicial administration	•	807,803	•	17,020	•	418,631	•	-	•	(372,152)					
Public safety		4,613,799		573,760		1,370,369				(2,669,670)					
Public works		1,238,203		7,393		23,900		-		(1,206,910)					
Health and welfare		2,511,962		· -		1,298,458				(1,213,504)					
Education		10,403,350		2,520		-				(10,400,830)					
Parks, recreation, and cultural		172,119		-		-		-		(172,119)					
Community development		661,086		90		-		212,096		(448,900)					
Interest on long-term debt		378,089		-		14,812		-		(363,277)					
Total governmental activities	\$	22,398,243	\$	600,783	\$	3,340,098	\$	212,096	\$	(18,245,266)					
Total primary government	\$	22,398,243	\$	600,783	\$	3,340,098	\$	212,096	\$	(18,245,266)					
COMPONENT UNITS:															
School Board	\$	15,725,439	\$	104,785	\$	4,796,888	\$	-			\$	(10,823,766)	\$	-	
IDA		48,125		42,376								-		(5,749)	
Total component units	\$	15,773,564	\$	147,161	\$	4,796,888	\$	-			\$	(10,823,766)	\$	(5,749)	
	_														
		eral revenues:		_					,	45 027 027	,		,		
		neral property t	.axes	•					\$	15,827,037	þ	-	Þ	-	
		her local taxes: .ocal sales and u	ıco t	2405						1,518,641					
		ocal sales and d Notor vehicle lic								196,255		-			
		Other local taxes		.3						221,533		_		_	
				from use of mon	ev :	and property				153,280		1,738		54	
		scellaneous	iucs	moni use or mon	Сус	and property				142,360		206,105		-	
		yments from Lar	ncast	ter County						- 12,500		10,581,673		_	
		-		-	to	specific programs				1,317,854		-			
		tal general reve				-p			Ś	19,376,960	Ś	10,789,516	Ś	54	
		nge in net position							\$	1,131,694		(34,250)		(5,695)	
		position - beginr		as restated						4,987,474		(5,395,050)		121,857	
		position - ending							\$	6,119,168	\$	(5,429,300)	\$	116,162	





# County of Lancaster, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	Jui	10 30, 2013						
		<u>General</u>		County Special <u>Revenue</u>		County Capital <u>Projects</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,498,102	\$	39,746	\$	643,210	\$	6,181,058
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		860,431		-		-		860,431
Accounts receivable		69,614		-		-		69,614
Notes receivable		17,905		-		-		17,905
Due from other funds		220,000		-		-		220,000
Due from other governmental units		725,915		-		-		725,915
Restricted assets:								
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		6,458,607		6,458,607
Total assets	\$	7,391,967	\$	39,746	\$	7,101,817	\$	14,533,530
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	325,481	\$	-	\$	399	\$	325,880
Due to other funds		-		-		220,000		220,000
Due to other governmental units		996,117		-		-		996,117
Unearned revenue		-		5,413		-		5,413
Total liabilities	\$	1,321,598	\$	5,413	\$	220,399	\$	1,547,410
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	776,602	\$	_	\$	_	\$	776,602
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	776,602	\$	-	\$	-	\$	776,602
Fund balances:								
Restricted	\$	_	\$	32,832	\$	_	\$	32,832
Committed	Y	_	7	1,501	7	6,881,418	ų	6,882,919
Unassigned		5,293,767		1,501		-		5,293,767
Total fund balances	\$	5,293,767	\$	34,333	\$	6,881,418	\$	12,209,518
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		5,2,3,101	7	3 1,333	~	5,551,110	~	, _ 0 / , 3 / 0
resources and fund balances	\$	7,391,967	\$	39,746	\$	7,101,817	\$	14,533,530

# County of Lancaster, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

\$ 12,209,518

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

 Capital assets, cost
 \$ 15,941,805

 Accumulated depreciation
 (6,972,359)
 8,969,446

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.

Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 750,676

Items related to measurement of net pension liability (1,016,877) (266,201)

Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

575,891

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

 Revenue bonds
 \$ (10,197,000)

 General obligations bond
 (1,810,000)

 Capital lease
 (84,580)

 Accrued interest payable
 (128,114)

 Bond premium
 (347,238)

 Net pension liability
 (2,615,818)

 Compensated absences
 (186,736)
 (15,369,486)

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 6,119,168

# County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENUES		<u>General</u>		County Special <u>Revenue</u>		County Capital <u>Projects</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	ċ	1E 027 200	ċ		Ļ		Ś	1E 027 209
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	15,927,308 1,936,429	\$	-	\$	-	Þ	15,927,308 1,936,429
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		1,930,429		-		-		101,185
Fines and forfeitures		21,134		-		-		21,134
Revenue from the use of money and property		120,199		38		33,043		153,280
Charges for services		478,464		-		33,043		478,464
Miscellaneous		141,360		_		1,000		142,360
Recovered costs		25,541		_		1,000		25,541
Intergovernmental:		25,541						25,541
Commonwealth		3,833,674		4,236		_		3,837,910
Federal		820,042		-,230		212,096		1,032,138
Total revenues	Ś	23,405,336	\$	4,274	\$	246,139	Ś	23,655,749
rotatrevenues		23,403,330	٠	7,277	_	2-10,137	<del>,</del>	23,033,747
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,539,813	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,539,813
Judicial administration		694,752		-		-		694,752
Public safety		4,622,133		-		-		4,622,133
Public works		1,203,081		-		-		1,203,081
Health and welfare		2,565,290		-		-		2,565,290
Education		10,086,842		-		-		10,086,842
Parks, recreation, and cultural		183,454		-		-		183,454
Community development		476,841		-		-		476,841
Capital projects		475,708		-		222,752		698,460
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		1,955,080		-		-		1,955,080
Interest and other fiscal charges		286,312		-		108,750		395,062
Total expenditures	\$	24,089,306	\$	-	\$	331,502	\$	24,420,808
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	(683,970)	\$	4,274	\$	(85,363)	\$	(765,059)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	1,551,163	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,551,163
Transfers out		-		(1,200)		(1,549,963)		(1,551,163)
Issuance of bonds		21,100		-		8,088,000		8,109,100
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,572,263	\$	(1,200)	\$	6,538,037	\$	8,109,100
Net change in fund balances	\$	888,293	\$	3,074	\$	6,452,674	\$	7,344,041
Fund balances - beginning		4,405,474		31,259		428,744		4,865,477
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,293,767	\$	34,333	\$	6,881,418	\$	12,209,518

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 7,344,041
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and transfers exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government	\$ 690,136 (573,060) (368,386)	(251,310)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes  Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$ (100,271) (1,016,877)	(1,117,148)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Principal retirement of county lease revenue bonds  Principal retirement of school general obligation bond  Principal retirement of capital lease  Issuance of bonds	\$ 1,748,100 125,000 81,980 (8,109,100)	(6,154,020)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:  Amortization of bond premium  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability  (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date  (Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	\$ 72,944 (4,471) 1,284,532 13,097 (55,971)	1,310,131
Change in net position of governmental activities	_ =	\$ 1,131,694

# County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2015

	Agency <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,937
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	 120
Total assets	\$ 18,057
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 18,057



# Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Lancaster, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police, refuse disposal, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Lancaster, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports including the government's original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Lancaster (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2015.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Lancaster County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The Industrial Development Authority is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Industrial Development Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

#### C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

#### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

#### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General, County Capital Projects and County Special Revenue Funds as major governmental funds.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County also reports the County Capital Projects Fund as a major Capital Projects Fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The County Special Revenue Fund reports the operations of the following activities: Forfeited Asset, Wetlands Special Project, and E-911. This is reported as a major fund.

2. <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include the Special Welfare Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component unit, are reported at fair value.

### G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$242,932 at June 30, 2015 is comprised solely of property taxes.

### Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	5-20
Buses	10

#### I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to received sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### J. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### K. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### L. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

#### M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on next year's taxes and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

### O. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### O. Fund Equity (Continued)

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

	General Fund	Major Special Revenue Fund County Special Revenue Fund	Major Capital Projects Fund County Capital Projects Fund	Total
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				
Forfeited asset	\$ - \$	17,529	\$ - \$	17,529
Wetlands special project	-	15,303	-	15,303
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ - \$	32,832	\$ <u> </u>	32,832
Committed:				
Sheriff's K-9 Unit	\$ - \$	1,501	\$ - \$	1,501
Capital Improvements	-	-	6,881,418	6,881,418
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ - \$	1,501	\$ 6,881,418 \$	6,882,919
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 5,293,767 \$	<u>-</u>	\$ \$	5,293,767
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,293,767 \$	34,333	\$ 6,881,418 \$	12,209,518

### P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### Q. Adoption of Accounting Principles:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of these Statements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a restatement of net position, reference Note 17.

### Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30<sup>th</sup>, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments.
- All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

#### **Expenditures and Appropriations**

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

General Fund \$291,747 County Capital Projects Fund \$222,752

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

### Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

### Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by <u>Standard & Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values						
Rated Debt Investments	Fair C	Quality Rating				
		AAAm				
Local Government Investment Pool State Non-Arbitrage Pool	\$	6,733 131,205				
Total	\$	137,938				

#### **External Investment Pools**

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-ended management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The fair value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As the LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

### *Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:*

At June 30, 2015, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Other Local Governments:		
County of Lancaster	\$ -	\$ 996,117
Town of Kilmarnock	10,210	-
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	318,111	-
Welfare	31,970	-
Local jails	11,176	-
State sales tax	-	227,820
VPSA technology	-	80,000
Constitutional officer reimbursements	155,694	-
Additional tax on deeds	3,981	-
Recordation tax	12,536	-
Auto rental tax	923	-
Comprehensive services act	55,926	-
E-911 wireless	7,063	-
Commmunications tax	54,213	-
VHDA fees	2,205	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	290,250
Emergency management	2,047	-
Welfare	59,860	
Total due from other governments	\$ 725,915	\$ 1,594,187

At June 30, 2015, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:			
Lancaster County School Board	\$ <u></u>	996,117 \$	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions		Deletions		Jı	Balance une 30, 2015
Primary Government:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land and land improvements	\$	883,755	\$	-	\$	-	\$	883,755
Construction in progress		-		132,393				132,393
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	883,755	\$	132,393	\$		\$	1,016,148
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	7,611,330	\$	113,029	\$	-	\$	7,724,359
Machinery and equipment		2,894,794		150,045		-		3,044,839
Jointly owned assets		4,402,808		294,669		541,018		4,156,459
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	14,908,932	\$	557,743	\$	541,018	\$	14,925,657
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,860,405	\$	213,564	\$	-	\$	2,073,969
Machinery and equipment		2,410,279		226,234		-		2,636,513
Jointly owned assets		2,301,247		133,262		172,632		2,261,877
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	6,571,931	\$	573,060	\$	172,632	\$	6,972,359
Total capital assets subject to								
depreciation, net	\$	8,337,001	\$	(15,317)	\$	368,386	\$	7,953,298
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	9,220,756	\$	117,076	\$	368,386	\$	8,969,446

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2014		Additions		Deletions	_Jı	Balance une 30, 2015
Component Unit-School Board:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	ċ	( 271	ć		ć		ċ	( 271
Land and land improvements	\$	6,271	\$		\$		<u> </u>	6,271
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	6,271	\$		\$		\$	6,271
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	51,100	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,100
Machinery and equipment		4,279,240		28,000		114,882		4,192,358
Jointly owned assets		13,900,583				(541,018)		14,441,601
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	18,230,923	\$	28,000	\$	(426,136)	\$	18,685,059
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	11,970	\$	3,394	\$	-	\$	15,364
Machinery and equipment		2,755,274		254,331		114,882		2,894,723
Jointly owned assets		7,265,519		420,737		(172,632)		7,858,888
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	10,032,763	\$	678,462	\$	(57,750)	\$	10,768,975
Total capital assets subject to								
depreciation, net	\$	8,198,160	\$	(650,462)	\$	(368,386)	\$	7,916,084
Component unit school board capital								
assets, net	\$	8,204,431	\$	(650,462)	\$	(368,386)	\$	7,922,355
Depreciation expense was charged to functions	/pro	grams as fo	llov	vs:				
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	on					\$	6,3	
Judicial administration							10,1	
Public safety							3,6	
Public works							31,6	
Health and welfare							27,9	
Education						13	3,2	62
Total Governmental activities						\$ 57	73,0	60
Component Unit School Board						\$ 67	78,4	62_

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 6—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In		Transfers Out		
Primary Government: General Fund	¢	1,551,163	¢		
County capital projects fund	Ş	1,001,100	Ş	1,549,963	
County special revenue fund		-		1,200	
Total	\$	1,551,163	\$	1,551,163	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

### Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:

### **Primary Government:**

The following is a summary of long-term obligations transactions for the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Restated				Amounts
	Balance at	Issuances/	Retirements/	Balance at	Due Within
	July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2015	One Year
Governmental Activities Obligations: Incurred by County:					
Compensated absences	\$ 182,265	\$ 22,698	\$ 18,227	\$ 186,736	\$ 18,674
Net pension liability	3,900,350	1,779,275	3,063,807	2,615,818	-
Lease revenue bonds	3,836,000	8,109,100	1,748,100	10,197,000	1,437,000
Total incurred by County	\$ 7,918,615	\$ 9,911,073	\$ 4,830,134	\$ 12,999,554	\$ 1,455,674
Incurred by School Board:					
General obligation bond	\$ 1,935,000	\$ -	\$ 125,000	\$ 1,810,000	\$ 130,000
Bond premium	420,182	-	72,944	347,238	-
Capital lease (Note 8)	166,560	-	81,980	84,580	84,580
Total incurred by School Board	\$ 2,521,742	\$ -	\$ 279,924	\$ 2,241,818	\$ 214,580
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$ 10,440,357	\$ 9,911,073	\$ 5,110,058	\$ 15,241,372	\$ 1,670,254

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

### **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	County Obligations									
	Lease									
Year Ending		Revenue Bonds								
June 30		Principal		Interest						
		_								
2016	\$	1,437,000	\$	256,592						
2017		1,475,000		213,761						
2018		1,525,000		169,356						
2019		1,312,000		124,636						
2020		702,000		97,856						
2021		717,000		82,412						
2022		733,000		66,638						
2023		749,000		50,512						
2024		765,000		34,034						
2025		782,000		17,204						
Total	\$	10,197,000	\$	1,113,001						

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

	School Obligations									
		General Obligation								
Year Ending		Bond								
June 30		Principal		Interest						
		_								
2016	\$	130,000	\$	88,769						
2017		135,000		82,529						
2018		140,000		75,854						
2019		150,000		68,314						
2020		160,000		60,254						
2021		165,000		51,804						
2022		175,000		43,397						
2023		180,000		34,870						
2024		185,000		25,723						
2025		190,000		15,933						
2026		200,000		5,438						
Total	\$	1,810,000	<u>\$</u>	552,885						

### Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Total
	Amount
Incurred by County:	
Lease Revenue Bonds:	
\$3,870,000 lease revenue bond issued November 16, 2011 due in annual installments of varying amounts through October 1, 2018, with varying	
interest rates	\$ 2,345,000
\$7,107,000 lease revenue bond issued September 26, 2014 due in annual installments of varying amounts through January 15, 2025, with interest rate	
of 2.2%	7,107,000
\$981,000 lease revenue bond issued September 26, 2014 due in annual installments of varying amounts through January 15, 2018, with interest rate	745,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 10,197,000
Compensated absences (payable from General Fund)	\$ 186,736
Net pension liability	\$ 2,615,818
Total incurred by County	\$ 12,999,554

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

**Primary Government: (Continued)** 

Details of long-term indebtedness	s: (Continued)				
				Total Amount	
Incurred by School Board:					
General Obligation Bond:					
\$2,280,000 General Obligation bon installments of varying amounts throu				\$ 1,810,0	00
Bond premium				\$ 347,2	38
Capital Lease (Note 8)				\$ 84,5	80
Total incurred by School Board				\$ 2,241,8	18
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary	Government			\$ 15,241,3	72
Component Unit - School Board:					
	Restated				Amounts
	Balance at	lacrosos	Dogwood	Balance at	Due Within
	July 1, 2014	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2015	One Year
Component Unit-School Board:					
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 336,889 14,297,910	\$ 14,190 1,217,888	\$ 33,689 3,143,955	\$ 317,390 12,371,843	\$ 31,739
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$ 14,634,799	\$ 1,232,078	\$ 3,177,644	\$ 12,689,233	\$ 31,739

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

### Note 8—Capital Lease:

The government has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of energy efficiency upgrades for the component unit-school board's schools with a down payment of \$1. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through capital lease is as follows:

	Primary
G	overnment
(I	ncurred by
Sc	hool Board)
\$	1,079,090
	(984,686)
\$	94,404
	(I Sc

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	Р	rimary
	Gov	ernment
	(Inc	urred by
Year Ended June 30	Scho	ool Board)
2016	\$	87,395
Total minimum lease payments	\$	87,395
Less: amount representing interest		(2,815)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	84,580

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 9—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Unavailable revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$750,676 at June 30, 2015.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$25,926 at June 30, 2015.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing prepaid taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 totaled \$25,926.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> - Other miscellaneous unearned revenue items totaled \$34,213, of which \$5,413 are related to asset forfeiture grant funds and \$28,800 are related to school grant funds.

### Note 10—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

### *Note 11—Litigation:*

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

### Note 12 —Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the VACO Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays VACO contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13—Pension Plan:

### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members")  • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.  • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.	

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)
		<ul> <li>In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receivin distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions investment gains or losses, and any required fees.</li> </ul>
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-Apr 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting  Defined Benefit Component:  Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit.  Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service.  Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.  Defined Contributions  Component:  Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)  Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.  • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.  • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.  • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.  Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit  Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1	

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)  Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.  For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)			
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to			
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.  Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.  For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015  $\,$ 

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)			
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:  • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.  • The member retires on disability.  • The member retires directly from short-term or long- term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).  • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.  • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.			

# Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.			
becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.			
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service  Defined Benefit Component:  Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:  • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.  • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.  • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

### Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

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	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	50	21
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	8	1
Non-vested inactive members	10	17
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	35	8
Total inactive members	53	26
Active members	93	48
Total covered employees	196	95

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.88% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

### Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$575,891 and \$562,794 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 10.74% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$90,334 and \$95,208 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

#### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

### Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	8.33%		

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Primary Government						
		Increase (Decrease)						
		Total	Net					
		Pension		Fiduciary	Pension			
		Liability		Net Position	Liability			
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	18,269,086	\$_	14,368,736 \$	3,900,350			
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	513,722	\$	- \$	513,722			
Interest		1,253,422		-	1,253,422			
Contributions - employer		-		562,794	(562,794)			
Contributions - employee		-		222,340	(222,340)			
Net investment income		-		2,278,553	(2,278,553)			
Benefit payments, including refund	ls							
of employee contributions		(726, 122)		(726, 122)	-			
Administrative expenses		-		(12,131)	12,131			
Other changes		-		120	(120)			
Net changes	\$	1,041,022	\$_	2,325,554 \$	(1,284,532)			
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	19,310,108	\$_	16,694,290 \$	2,615,818			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)						
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	In:	crease (Decrease Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	<del>-</del> -	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$_	2,729,878	\$_	2,131,968	\$_	597,910		
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds	\$	94,669 187,434 - - -	\$	95,208 38,144 338,585	\$	94,669 187,434 (95,208) (38,144) (338,585)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other changes Net changes	\$ <u></u>	(104,491) - - 177,612		(104,491) (1,785) 18 365,679	\$ <u></u>	1,785 (18) (188,067)		
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	2,907,490	\$	2,497,647	\$	409,843		

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate				
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u> </u>	4 917 761	· -	2,615,818	ς –	681,860
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	7	4,717,701	7	2,013,010	Ţ	001,000
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	774,917	\$	409,843	\$	102,828

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$295,139 and \$57,860 respectively. At June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Component	Unit School	
		<b>Primary Government</b>				Board (nonprofessional)		
	(	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	1,016,877	\$	- \$	150,719	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		575,891	_	-	_	90,334		
Total	\$	575,891	\$	1,016,877	\$	90,334 \$	150,719	

\$575,891 and \$90,334 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
	 	•	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
2016	\$ (254,219)	\$	(37,680)
2017	(254,219)		(37,680)
2018	(254,219)		(37,680)
2019	(254,220)		(37,679)
Thereafter	-		-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional)

#### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,140,132 and \$844,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$11,960,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was 0.09898% as compared to 0.09945% at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of 934,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D(	eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	- 9	1,775,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	53,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,140,132	
Total	\$	1,140,132	1,828,000

\$1,140,132 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2016	\$ (456,000)
2017	(456,000)
2018	(456,000)
2019	(456,000)
Thereafter	(4,000)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	8.33%		

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13—Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
- -	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	17,564,000 \$	11,962,000 \$	7,349,000			

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 14-Surety Bonds:

	A	Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:		•
Commonwealth Funds		
Diane H. Mumford, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	110,000
Bonnie J. D. Haynie, Treasurer		400,000
George E. Thomas, Jr., Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Ronald D. Crockett, Sheriff		30,000
Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
All School Board Employees-blanket bond		25,000
VA Risk Pool-Surety:		
All Department of Social Services Employees-blanket bond		1,000,000

#### Note 15-Jointly Governed Organizations:

The County in conjunction with other localities has created the Middle Peninsula/Northern Neck Community Services Board. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year the County contributed \$37,846, for operations to the Middle Peninsula/Northern Neck Community Services Board.

#### Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit:

#### A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 13.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance Credit:

#### B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$77,841, \$80,195, and \$77,223, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

#### Note 17-Restatement of Net Position:

The following adjustments were made to beginning net position:

	(	Governmental Activities	Component-Unit School Board
Net position as previously reported	\$	8,325,030 \$	7,963,652
Implementation of GASB 68: Deferred outflows of resources Net pension liability	_	562,794 (3,900,350)	939,208 (14,297,910)
Net position as restated	\$_	4,987,474 \$	(5,395,050)

#### Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by Statement 68 are effective for financial employers

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.







#### County of Lancaster, Virginia General Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted	An	nounts				riance with al Budget -
						Actual		Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	(	Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	14,971,000	\$	14,971,000	\$	15,927,308	\$	956,308
Other local taxes		2,083,000		2,083,000		1,936,429		(146,571)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		117,700		117,700		101,185		(16,515)
Fines and forfeitures		20,000		20,000		21,134		1,134
Revenue from the use of money and property		95,000		95,000		120,199		25,199
Charges for services		396,900		396,900		478,464		81,564
Miscellaneous		40,000		40,000		141,360		101,360
Recovered costs		28,100		28,100		25,541		(2,559)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,967,408		3,967,408		3,833,674		(133,734)
Federal		588,060		588,060		820,042		231,982
Total revenues	\$	22,307,168	\$	22,307,168	\$	23,405,336	\$	1,098,168
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,318,962	\$	1,318,962	\$	1,539,813	\$	(220,851)
Judicial administration	•	707,114		707,114	Ċ	694,752		12,362
Public safety		4,547,796		4,548,996		4,622,133		(73,137)
Public works		1,159,362		1,159,362		1,203,081		(43,719)
Health and welfare		2,537,916		2,537,916		2,565,290		(27,374)
Education		10,546,694		10,625,838		10,086,842		538,996
Parks, recreation, and cultural		182,595		182,595		183,454		(859)
Community development		476,699		476,699		476,841		(142)
Capital projects		66,925		66,925		475,708		(408,783)
Debt service:								, , ,
Principal retirement		954,991		1,915,991		1,955,080		(39,089)
Interest and other fiscal charges		257,161		257,161		286,312		(29,151)
Total expenditures	\$	22,756,215	\$	23,797,559	\$	24,089,306	\$	(291,747)
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	¢	(440,047)	ċ	(1 400 201)	ċ	(692.070)	ċ	904 421
expenditures	\$	(449,047)	Ş	(1,490,391)	Ş	(683,970)	Ş	806,421
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	941,100	\$	1,551,163	\$	610,063
Issuance of bonds		-	-	21,100		21,100		, -
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	962,200	\$	1,572,263	\$	610,063
Net change in fund balances	\$	(449,047)	\$	(528,191)	\$	888,293	\$	1,416,484
Fund balances - beginning		449,047		528,191	_	4,405,474		3,877,283
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,293,767	\$	5,293,767

# County of Lancaster, Virginia County Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgete	d Am	nounts		•	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive
	<u>(</u>	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>			<u>Amounts</u>	<u>(</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES									
Revenue from the use of money and property Intergovernmental:	\$	-	\$		-	\$	38	\$	38
Commonwealth		-			-		4,236		4,236
Total revenues	\$	-	\$		-	\$	4,274	\$	4,274
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	-	\$		-	\$	4,274	\$	4,274
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	\$	-	\$		-	\$	(1,200)	\$	(1,200)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$		-	\$	(1,200)	\$	(1,200)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$		-	\$	3,074	\$	3,074
Fund balances - beginning		-			-		31,259		31,259
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		-	\$	34,333	\$	34,333

## County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 513,722
Interest	1,253,422
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(726,122)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 1,041,022
Total pension liability - beginning	18,269,086
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 19,310,108
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 562,794
Contributions - employee	222,340
Net investment income	2,278,553
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(726,122)
Administrative expense	(12,131)
Other	 120
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 2,325,554
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 14,368,736
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 16,694,290
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,615,818
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	86.45%
pension liability	00.43%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,300,610
County's net pension liability as a percentage of	<b>(0.03</b> %
covered-employee payroll	60.82%

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia

#### Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	 
Service cost	\$ 94,669
Interest	187,434
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(104,491)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 177,612
Total pension liability - beginning	2,729,878
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 2,907,490
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 95,208
Contributions - employee	38,144
Net investment income	338,585
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(104,491)
Administrative expense	(1,785)
Other	 18
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 365,679
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,131,968
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 2,497,647
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 409,843
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	05.00%
pension liability	85.90%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 747,441
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of	
covered-employee payroll	54.83%

## County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015\*

	_	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.09898%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	11,962,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll		7,862,979
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		152.13%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		70.88%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Data		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Employer's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
Date		(1)		(2)	 (3)	 (4)	(5)
Primary Gov	vern	ment					
2015	\$	575,891	\$	575,891	\$ -	\$ 4,471,202	12.88%
Component	Unit	School Board	(nor	professional)			
2015	\$	90,334	\$	90,334	\$ -	\$ 841,096	10.74%
Component	Unit	: School Board (	(pro	fessional)			
2015	\$	1,140,132	\$	1,140,132	\$ -	\$ 7,862,979	14.50%

## County of Lancaster, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

#### Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



#### County of Lancaster, Virginia County Capital Projects Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>0</u>	Budgeted riginal	l Am	nounts <u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
REVENUES	¢	Г 000	ċ	г 000	Ļ	22.042	ċ	20.042
Revenue from the use of money and property  Miscellaneous	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	33,043 1,000	\$	28,043 1,000
Intergovernmental:		_		_		1,000		1,000
Federal		_		-		212,096		212,096
Total revenues	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	246,139	\$	241,139
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects	\$	-	\$	-	\$	222,752	\$	(222,752)
Debt service:								
Bond issuance costs		-		108,750		108,750		
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	108,750	\$	331,502	\$	(222,752)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	5,000	\$	(103,750)	\$	(85,363)	\$	18,387
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(939,900)	\$	(1,549,963)	\$	(610,063)
Issuance of bonds		-		8,088,000		8,088,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	7,148,100	\$	6,538,037	\$	(610,063)
Net change in fund balances	\$	5,000	\$	7,044,350	\$	6,452,674	\$	(591,676)
Fund balances - beginning	•	(5,000)		(7,044,350)		428,744	•	7,473,094
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,881,418	\$	6,881,418

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2015

	Age	ncy Fund
		Special Velfare
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,937
Receivables:		
Accounts receivable		120
Total assets	\$	18,057
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	18,057
Total liabilities	\$	18,057

## County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund:					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,609	\$ 6,639	\$ 6,311	\$ 17,937
Accounts receivable		4,757	-	4,637	120
Total assets	\$	22,366	\$ 6,639	\$ 10,948	\$ 18,057
Liabilities:					
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	22,366	\$ 6,639	\$ 10,948	\$ 18,057



## DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



# County of Lancaster, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2015

	(	School Operating Fund		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	19,763	\$	115,860	\$	115,860 19,763
Due from other governmental units  Total assets	Ś	1,571,246 1,591,009	\$	22,941 138,801	\$	1,594,187 1,729,810
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	137,003 1,425,206	\$	- 33,207 19,763	\$	137,003 1,458,413 19,763
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	28,800 1,591,009	\$	52,970	\$	28,800 1,643,979
Fund balances: Committed	\$	1,391,009	\$	85,831	\$	85,831
Total fund balances	\$		\$	85,831	\$	85,831
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,591,009	\$	138,801	\$	1,729,810
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of N different because:  Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resonare not reported in the funds.					\$	85,831
Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation			\$	18,691,330 (10,768,975)		7,922,355
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period entherefore, are deferred in the funds.	xpen	iditures and,				
Items related to measurement of net pension liability						(1,978,719)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not re-				t		1,230,466
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	and	payable in th	ie ci	urrent		
Compensated absences Net pension liability			\$	(317,390) (12,371,843)		(12,689,233)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(5,429,300)

## County of Lancaster, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
	\$	1,387	ċ	351	\$	1,738
Revenue from the use of money and property	Ş		Ş		Þ	1,736
Charges for services Miscellaneous		5,050 206,055		99,735 50		206,105
Recovered costs		170,915		50		170,915
Intergovernmental:		170,913		-		170,913
Local government		10,080,025		_		10,080,025
Commonwealth		3,341,504		7,034		3,348,538
Federal		997,418		450,932		1,448,350
Total revenues	\$	14,802,354	\$	558,102	\$	15,360,456
	<u> </u>	,	т		<u> </u>	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:				= 40 004		
Education	\$	14,802,354	\$	568,381	\$	15,370,735
Total expenditures	\$	14,802,354	\$	568,381	\$	15,370,735
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	-	\$	(10,279)	\$	(10,279)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(10,279)	\$	(10,279)
Fund balances - beginning		-		96,110		96,110
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	85,831	\$	85,831
different because:  Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above					\$	(10,279)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimate as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation capital outlays in the current period. The following is a sumary of	ed us on e	eful lives and xceeded	rep	oorted		
adjustment: Capital asset additions						
adjustment: Capital asset additions Depreciation expense			\$	28,000 (678,462)		
Capital asset additions	ary			28,000		(282,076)
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense		Government	\$	28,000 (678,462) 368,386		(282,076)
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Prim Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current from the statement of activities and the statement of activities that do not provide current from the statement of activities are supplied to the statement of activities and the statement of activities are supplied to the statement of activitie	finar	Government	\$	28,000 (678,462) 368,386		(282,076)
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Prim Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current f not reported as revenues in the funds.	finar enside e the	Government acial resources on liability acide use of current government	\$ arr	28,000 (678,462) 368,386		, , ,
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Prim Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current f not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net personance of the statement of the Statement of Activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditur. This adjustment represents the net change in compensated absences  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences	ensione the res in	Government  orial resources  on liability  e use of curre in government	\$ arr	28,000 (678,462) 368,386		, , ,
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Prim Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current f not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net personance of the statement of the Statement of Activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditur. This adjustment represents the net change in compensated absertal (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension pages.	ensione the res in	Government  orial resources  on liability  e use of curre in government	\$ are	28,000 (678,462) 368,386 e		, , ,
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Transfer of joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Prim Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current f not reported as revenues in the funds.  (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net personance of the statement of the Statement of Activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditur. This adjustment represents the net change in compensated absences  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences	ensione the res in	Government  orial resources  on liability  e use of curre in government	\$ are	28,000 (678,462) 368,386 e		

County of Lancaster, Virginia
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			School Operating Fund	eratinį	g Fund				School Cafeteria Fund	eria Fund		
						Variance with Final Budget					Variance with Final Budget	with
	_	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>	mounts			Positive	Budge	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>	ounts		Positive	, e
	Ori	Original	Final	1	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)	ve)
REVENUES												
Revenue from the use of money and property	Ş	2,500 \$	2,500	s	1,387	\$ (1,113)	Ş	٠ '	\$	351	s	351
Charges for services		2,960	5,960		5,050	(910)	141,050	20	141,050	99,735	4)	(41,315)
Miscellaneous		151,144	204,737		206,055	1,318			٠	20		20
Recovered costs		85,000	85,000		170,915	85,915			٠	•		•
Intergovernmental:												
Local government	10,	10,539,877	10,619,021	`	10,080,025	(538,996)			•	•		
Commonwealth	3,	3,462,754	3,542,754		3,341,504	(201,250)	9,6	000,6	000,6	7,034		(1,966)
Federal		853,098	1,117,598		997,418	(120, 180)	466,550	20	501,233	450,932	(20	(50,301)
Total revenues	\$ 15,	15,100,333 \$	15,577,570	\$	14,802,354	\$ (775,216)	\$ 616,600	\$ 000	651,283 \$	558,102	\$ (93	(93,181)
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	\$ 15,	\$ 15,100,333 \$	15,577,570 \$		14,802,354	\$ 775,216	\$ 616,600	\$ 00	651,283 \$	5 568,381	\$ 82	82,902
Total expenditures	\$ 15,	15,100,333 \$	15,577,570	s	14,802,354	\$ 775,216	\$ 616,600	\$ 000	651,283 \$	568,381	\$ 87	82,902
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	s	\$ -	•	\$	•	٠.	\$	٠	,	\$ (10,279) \$		(10,279)
Net change in fund balances	۰	\$	•	\$	•	· \$	۰,	٠ •	\$	(10,279)	\$	(10,279)
Fund balances - beginning			•		-	-			-	96,110	96	96,110
Fund balances - ending	\$	\$ -	•	\$	•	- \$	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,831	\$ 82	85,831



### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



### County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Net Position

### Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2015

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 116,162
Total assets	\$ 116,162
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 116,162
Total net position	\$ 116,162

### County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Bond fees	\$ 42,376
Total operating revenues	\$ 42,376
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other expenses	\$ 48,125
Total operating expenses	\$ 48,125
Operating income (loss)	\$ (5,749)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income	\$ 54
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 54
Change in net position	\$ (5,695)
Total net position - beginning	 121,857
Total net position - ending	\$ 116,162

### County of Lancaster, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts from customers and users  Payments for operating activities	\$	42,376
Payments for operating activities  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(48,125) (5,749)
the cash promote by (asserted) operating activities	<del></del>	(0): 17)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	\$	54
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	54
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(5,695)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		121,857
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	116,162







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u>
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	12,650,000	\$	12,650,000	\$	13,480,655	\$	830,655
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		230,000		230,000		310,946		80,946
Personal property taxes		1,750,000		1,750,000		1,703,642		(46,358)
Mobile home taxes		25,000		25,000		27,088		2,088
Machinery and tools taxes		11,000		11,000		5,031		(5,969)
Merchant's capital taxes		110,000		110,000		112,413		2,413
Penalties		150,000		150,000		220,719		70,719
Interest		45,000		45,000		66,814		21,814
Total general property taxes	Ś	14,971,000	Ś	14,971,000	Ś	15,927,308	Ś	956,308
rotal general property taxes		14,771,000	7	14,771,000	7	13,727,300	7	730,300
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,650,000	\$	1,650,000	\$	1,518,641	\$	(131,359)
Consumption tax		40,000		40,000		44,790		4,790
Motor vehicle licenses		200,000		200,000		196,255		(3,745)
Bank stock taxes		23,000		23,000		29,227		6,227
Taxes on recordation and wills		170,000		170,000		147,516		(22,484)
Total other local taxes	Ś	2,083,000	\$	2,083,000	\$	1,936,429	\$	(146,571)
		_,,,,,,,,	-	_,,,,,,,,		1,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	(****)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	5,498	\$	(1,002)
Land use application fees		1,000		1,000		400		(600)
Transfer fees		1,000		1,000		594		(406)
Permits and other licenses		109,200		109,200		94,693		(14,507)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	117,700	\$	117,700	\$	101,185	\$	(16,515)
, ,, ,				•		· · ·	•	( , ,
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	21,134	\$	1,134
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	47,918	\$	7,918
Revenue from use of property		55,000		55,000		72,281		17,281
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	95,000	\$	95,000	\$	120,199	\$	25,199
Charges for services:								
Courthouses maintenance fees	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	2,443	\$	(57)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,300		1,300		1,301		1
Charges for correction and detention		5,000		5,000		3,151		(1,849)
Charges for other protection		4,000		4,000		2,367		(1,633)
Sheriff's fees		1,000		1,000		1,613		613
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		10,000		10,000		7,393		(2,607)
Charges for planning and community development		100		100		90		(10)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Vegative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Charges for services: (Continued)					
Charges for ambulance and rescue services	\$ 360,000	\$ 360,000	\$ 444,310	\$	84,310
Court fees	13,000	13,000	13,276		276
Charges for education	-	-	2,520		2,520
Total charges for services	\$ 396,900	\$ 396,900	\$ 478,464	\$	81,564
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 141,360	\$	101,360
Recovered costs:					
Tri-county landfill	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$	(1,000)
VHDA	27,000	27,000	25,541		(1,459)
Other recovered costs	100	100	-		(100)
Total recovered costs	\$ 28,100	\$ 28,100	\$ 25,541	\$	(2,559)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 17,751,700	\$ 17,751,700	\$ 18,751,620	\$	999,920
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Communications tax	\$ 320,000	\$ 320,000	\$ 330,268	\$	10,268
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	6,500	6,500	10,039		3,539
Mobile home titling tax	9,000	9,000	3,662		(5,338)
Additional tax on deeds	41,000	41,000	48,913		7,913
State recordation tax	51,000	51,000	53,955		2,955
Personal property tax relief funds	 870,000	870,000	871,017		1,017
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,297,500	\$ 1,297,500	\$ 1,317,854	\$	20,354
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 249,529	\$ 249,529	\$ 250,008	\$	479
Sheriff	1,171,207	1,171,207	1,157,543		(13,664)
Commissioner of revenue	92,553	92,553	92,562		9
Treasurer	86,847	86,847	86,121		(726)
Registrar/electoral board	41,000	41,000	35,155		(5,845)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	169,326	169,326	167,316		(2,010)
Local jails	 71,000	71,000	45,144		(25,856)
Total shared expenses	\$ 1,881,462	\$ 1,881,462	\$ 1,833,849	\$	(47,613)
Other categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ 520,446	\$ 520,446	\$ 364,629	\$	(155,817)
Emergency medical services	-	-	12,273		12,273
Comprehensive services act	200,000	200,000	197,886		(2,114)

Original Final Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source Budget Budget Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)	
Intergovernmental: (Continued)	
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)	
Categorical aid: (Continued)	
Other categorical aid: (Continued)	
Wireless grant \$ 34,000 \$ 34,000 \$ 47,728	\$ 13,728
DMV - animal tags 90	90
Victim-witness grant 10,000 10,000 9,291	(709)
Fire programs fund 24,000 24,000 28,893	4,893
Rescue squad assistance - 10,964	10,964
EMS training grant - 2,212	2,212
Disaster assistance - 8,005	8,005
Total other categorical aid \$ 788,446 \$ 788,446 \$ 681,971	\$ (106,475)
Total categorical aid \$ 2,669,908 \$ 2,669,908 \$ 2,515,820	\$ (154,088)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 3,967,408 \$ 3,967,408 \$ 3,833,674	\$ (133,734)
Revenue from the federal government:	
Categorical aid:	
Public assistance and welfare administration \$ 588,060 \$ 588,060 \$ 735,943	\$ 147,883
Emergency management - 7,500	7,500
Hazmat grant 23,900	23,900
BABs subsidy 14,812	14,812
Justice assistance 1,307	1,307
Crime victim assistance - 9,291	9,291
Disaster recovery - 27,289	27,289
Total categorical aid \$ 588,060 \$ 588,060 \$ 820,042	\$ 231,982
Total revenue from the federal government \$ 588,060 \$ 588,060 \$ 820,042	\$ 231,982
Total General Fund \$ 22,307,168 \$ 22,307,168 \$ 23,405,336	\$ 1,098,168
Special Revenue Fund:	
County Special Revenue Fund:	
Revenue from local sources:	
Revenue from use of money and property:	
	\$ 38
Total revenue from local sources \$ - \$ - \$ 38	\$ 38
Intergovernmental:	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	
Categorical aid:	
Asset forfeiture proceeds \$ - \$ - \$ 4,236	\$ 4,236
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ - \$ - \$ 4,236	\$ 4,236
Total County Special Revenue Fund \$ - \$ - \$ 4,274	\$ 4,274

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:								
County Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	33,043	ς	28,043
Revenue from the use of money		3,000	7	3,000	7	33,043	7	20,043
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,000	\$	1,000
						,		
Total revenue from local sources	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	34,043	\$	29,043
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:					_		_	
Community development block grant	\$ \$	-	\$	-	\$	212,096	\$	212,096
Total categorical aid	_\$	-	\$	-	\$	212,096	\$	212,096
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	212,096	\$	212,096
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	246,139	\$	241,139
Total Primary Government	\$	22,312,168	\$	22,312,168	\$	23,655,749	\$	1,343,581
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	<b>,</b>	2 500	,	2 500	,	4 207	,	(4.442)
Revenue from the use of property	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	1,387	\$	(1,113)
Charges for services:								
Charges for education	\$	5,960	\$	5,960	\$	5,050	\$	(910)
<b>.</b>	<u> </u>	-,	•	-,		-,	•	(* 2)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	151,144	\$	204,737	\$	206,055	\$	1,318
Recovered costs:								
Other recovered costs	\$	85,000	\$	85,000	\$	170,915	\$	85,915
Total revenue from local sources	\$	244,604	\$	298,197	\$	383,407	\$	85,210
Intergovernmentals								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:  Contribution from County of Lancaster, Virginia	\$	10 530 877	¢	10 610 021	¢	10,080,025	¢	(538,996)
Contribution from Country of Lancaster, Yingilia		10,337,077	ڔ	10,017,021	٠	10,000,023	ڔ	(330,770)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source  Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	1,271,396	ċ	1,271,396	ċ	1,284,044	ċ	12,648
Basic school aid	Ą	1,170,440	۲	1,170,440	۲	1,128,703	Ş	(41,737)
Security equipment grant		1,170,440		80,000		80,000		(41,737)
Remedial summer education		31,994		31,994		11,091		(20,903)
Vocational education		26,546		26,546		25,823		(723)
Special education foster care		20,340		20,340		7,940		7,940
Gifted and talented		11,882		11,882		11,559		(323)
Remedial education		78,120		78,120		75,995		(2,125)
School fringes		228,799		228,799		220,852		(7,947)
Early reading intervention		8,401		8,401		9,801		1,400
Class size reduction		66,023		66,023		79,466		13,443
Homebound		1,256		1,256		259		(997)
Vocational education - equipment		3,944		3,944		2,977		(967)
Special education		147,645		147,645		143,628		(4,017)
Textbook payment		24,326		24,326		23,664		(662)
GED preparation assistance		7,859		7,859		7,859		(662)
		183,237		183,237		180,990		(2.247)
At risk payments ESL		1,653		1,653		•		(2,247)
		1,000		1,655		2,063 943		410 943
Virtual Virginia		15 000		15 000				
Project graduation		15,000		15,000 2,208		10,765		(4,235) 503
Mentor teacher program		2,208		•		2,711		
Technology grant		173,200		173,200		20,866		(152,334)
SOL algebra readiness		7,877		7,877		7,912		35
Workplace readiness		- 0.40		0.40		1,548		1,548
CTE industry certification	<u> </u>	948 3,462,754	Ś	948	Ś	2 244 504	Ś	(903)
Total categorical aid	<u> </u>	3,402,734	Ş	3,542,754	Ş	3,341,504	þ	(201,250)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,462,754	\$	3,542,754	\$	3,341,504	\$	(201,250)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Title VI-B	\$	265,000	\$	378,000	\$	360,675	\$	(17,325)
Title I		366,619		481,619		410,194		(71,425)
Vocational education		28,461		28,461		41,950		13,489
CTE equipment		3,320		3,320		-		(3,320)
Title II, Part A - Improving teacher quality		99,082		124,082		90,582		(33,500)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source  Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the federal government: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Title VI - Rural education	\$	26,616	\$	26,616	\$	24,797	\$	(1,819)
Advanced placement testing		-		-		185		185
Title III, Part A		-		1,500		-		(1,500)
Parent resource center		-		10,000		-		(10,000)
JROTC grant	_	64,000	_	64,000	_	69,035	_	5,035
Total categorical aid	\$	853,098	\$	1,117,598	\$	997,418	\$	(120,180)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	853,098	\$	1,117,598	\$	997,418	\$	(120,180)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	15,100,333	\$	15,577,570	\$	14,802,354	\$	(775,216)
Special Revenue Fund:								
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	351	\$	351
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	141,050	\$	141,050	\$	99,735	\$	(41,315)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50	\$	50
Total revenue from local sources	\$	141,050	\$	141,050	\$	100,136	\$	(40,914)
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	7,034	\$	(1,966)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	466,550	\$	466,550	\$	412,490	\$	(54,060)
Summer food		-		-		3,759		3,759
Commodities	_	-	_	34,683	_	34,683	_	
Total categorical aid	\$	466,550	\$	501,233	\$	450,932	\$	(50,301)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	466,550	\$	501,233	\$	450,932	\$	(50,301)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	616,600	\$	651,283	\$	558,102	\$	(93,181)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	15,716,933	\$	16,228,853	\$	15,360,456	\$	(868,397)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	44,199	\$	44,199	\$	261,227	\$	(217,028)
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	390,902	Ś	390,902	Ś	348,784	Ś	42,118
Information Technology	•	107,750	•	107,750	•	108,347	•	(597)
Legal services		40,000		40,000		92,689		(52,689)
Commissioner of revenue		286,848		286,848		288,164		(1,316)
Independent Auditor		34,200		34,200		39,900		(5,700)
Treasurer		290,981		290,981		288,133		2,848
Other general and financial administration		270,701		270,701		100		(100)
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,150,681	\$	1,150,681	\$	1,166,117	\$	(15,436)
Total general and initialicial administration		1,130,001	ڔ	1,130,001	ڔ	1,100,117	٠	(13,430)
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	32,551	\$	32,551	\$	25,613	\$	6,938
Registrar		91,531		91,531		86,856		4,675
Total board of elections	\$	124,082	\$	124,082	\$	112,469	\$	11,613
Total general government administration	\$	1,318,962	\$	1,318,962	\$	1,539,813	\$	(220,851)
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	13,053	Ś	13,053	Ś	13,121	Ś	(68)
General district court	*	3,400	*	3,400	*	2,730	7	670
Special Magistrates		600		600		102		498
Juvenile and domestic relations court		1,975		1,975		2,057		(82)
Victim/witness assistance		22,298		22,298		24,365		(2,067)
Court appointed special advocates		5,000		5,000		5,000		(2,007)
Clerk of the circuit court		315,584		315,584		295,277		20,307
Total courts	S	361,910	\$	361,910	Ś	342,652	Ś	19,258
Total Courts		301,710	~	301,710	~	3 12,032	~	17,230
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	345,204	\$	345,204	\$	352,100	\$	(6,896)
Total judicial administration	\$	707,114	\$	707,114	\$	694,752	\$	12,362
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	S	1,853,169	Ś	1,854,369	\$	1,868,578	5	(14,209)
School resource officer	~	106,666	7	106,666	7	116,141	7	(9,475)
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,959,835	\$	1,961,035	Ś	1,984,719	\$	(23,684)
Total law emoreement and traffic control	<del>-</del>	1,737,033	ڔ	1,701,033	ڔ	1,704,717	ڔ	(23,004)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	283,855	\$	283,855	\$	289,748	\$	(5,893)
Ambulance and rescue services		999,706		999,706		1,049,035		(49,329)
Forestry service		4,000		4,000		3,991		9
Local emergency services		27,120		27,120		27,560		(440)
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,314,681	\$	1,314,681	\$	1,370,334	\$	(55,653)
Correction and detention:								
Sheriff	\$	957,573	\$	957,573	\$	956,053	\$	1,520
Probation office		50,450		50,450		48,762		1,688
Total correction and detention	Ś	1,008,023	Ś	1,008,023	Ś	1,004,815	\$	3,208
		.,,		.,,		.,,		-,
Inspections:								
Building	\$	133,862	ς	133,862	\$	137,439	\$	(3,577)
bullaning	<del>-</del>	133,002	7	133,002	<u> </u>	137, 137	<u> </u>	(3,377)
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	131,195	\$	131,195	\$	124,746	\$	6,449
Medical examiner	٠	200	ڔ	200	٠	80	٠	120
Total other protection	\$	131,395	\$	131,395	\$	124,826	\$	6,569
Total other protection	<u> </u>	131,393	Ç	131,393	Ş	124,020	Ş	0,309
Total public safety	\$	4,547,796	\$	4,548,996	\$	4,622,133	\$	(73,137)
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse disposal	\$	896,774	ς	896,774	\$	863,902	\$	32,872
Nerose disposal		070,771	~	070,771		003,702	<u> </u>	32,072
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	262,588	\$	262,588	\$	339,179	\$	(76,591)
deficial properties		202,300	7	202,300	٠,	337,177	٠,	(70,371)
Total public works	\$	1,159,362	\$	1,159,362	\$	1,203,081	\$	(43,719)
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Local health department	\$	201,352	\$	201,352	\$	201,352	\$	-
Free health clinic		100,477		100,477		100,477		
Total health	\$	301,829	\$	301,829	\$	301,829	\$	-
			_		_		_	_
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	37,846	\$	37,846	\$	37,846	\$	-
Welfare:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1 452 502	ċ	1,452,592	ċ	1 304 474	¢	58 121
	Ş	1,452,592 70,549	Ç	70,549	ډ	1,394,471 70,549	ډ	58,121
Area agency on aging		70,549		70,549		70,549		-

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Health and welfare: (Continued)								
Welfare: (Continued)								
Comprehensive services act	\$	600,000	\$	600,000	\$	684,720	\$	(84,720)
Chamber of commerce		500		500		1,275		(775)
Rappahannock legal services		5,600		5,600		5,600		-
The Haven crisis shelter		4,000		4,000		4,000		-
Virginia quality of life		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Boys and girls club of America		55,000		55,000		55,000		-
Total welfare	\$	2,198,241	\$	2,198,241	\$	2,225,615	\$	(27,374)
Total health and welfare	\$	2,537,916	\$	2,537,916	\$	2,565,290	\$	(27,374)
Education:								
Contributions to Community College	\$	6,817	Ś	6,817	Ś	6,817	Ś	-
Contribution to County School Board	·	10,539,877	•	10,619,021	•	10,080,025	·	538,996
Total education	\$		\$	10,625,838	\$	10,086,842	\$	538,996
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	
	<u>\$</u> \$		\$		\$		\$	
Total parks and recreation	<u> </u>	75,000	Ş	75,000	Ş	75,000	Ş	
Cultural enrichment:								
Museum	\$	4,400	\$	4,400	\$	5,459	\$	(1,059)
Historic resources commission		200		200		-		200
Total cultural enrichment	\$	4,600	\$	4,600	\$	5,459	\$	(859)
Library:								
Library	\$	102,995	\$	102,995	\$	102,995	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	182,595	\$	182,595	\$	183,454	\$	(859)
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Land use administration	\$	273,790	\$	273,790	\$	257,529	\$	16,261
Section 8 housing		56,079		56,079		57,360		(1,281)
Indoor plumbing		-		-		16,292		(16,292)
Planning district commission		30,331		30,331		27,010		3,321
Zoning board		2,167		2,167		972		1,195
Greentown/Gaskins Rd - CDBG		-		-		40,277		(40,277)

Community development: (Continued)   Planning and community development: (Continued)   Planning and community development: (Continued)   Society	
Community development: (Continued)   Planning and community development: (Continued)   Other community development   \$ 7,000	
Planning and community development: (Continued)   Other community development   \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$     Total planning and community development   \$ 369,367 \$ 369,367 \$ 406,440 \$	
Other community development         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 369,367         \$ 406,440         \$ 369,367         \$ 36	
Total planning and community development   \$ 369,367 \$ 369,367 \$ 406,440 \$	-
Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 11,163 \$ 11,163 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430	(37,073)
Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,430         \$ 11,163 \$ 11,163 \$ 5,430         \$ 11,163 \$ 11,163 \$ 5,430         \$ 15,430 \$ \$ 5,430         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$ 5,400         \$ 10,000 \$	
Wetlands board         11,163         11,163         5,430           Total environmental management         \$ 21,163         \$ 21,163         \$ 15,430         \$           Cooperative extension program:           Extension office         \$ 61,169         \$ 61,169         \$ 29,971         \$           Rebranding intitative         25,000         25,000         25,000         25,000           Total cooperative extension program         \$ 86,169         \$ 86,169         \$ 54,971         \$           Total community development         \$ 476,699         \$ 476,699         \$ 476,841         \$           Capital projects:         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 6,324         \$           Enhanced emergency telephone system         59,925         59,925         24,431           School projects         -         -         -         230,587           Other capital projects         -         -         214,366	-
Total environmental management         \$ 21,163 \$ 21,163 \$ 21,163 \$ 15,430 \$           Cooperative extension program:         Sextension office         \$ 61,169 \$ 61,169 \$ 29,971 \$ 25,000	5,733
Extension office         \$ 61,169 \$ 61,169 \$ 29,971 \$ 25,000         \$ 29,971 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 25,000         \$ 26,001 \$ 20,000         \$ 26,001 \$	5,733
Rebranding intitative         25,000         25,000         25,000           Total cooperative extension program         \$ 86,169         \$ 86,169         \$ 54,971         \$           Total community development         \$ 476,699         \$ 476,699         \$ 476,699         \$ 476,841         \$           Capital projects:           Landfill closure         \$ 7,000         \$ 7,000         \$ 6,324         \$           Enhanced emergency telephone system         59,925         59,925         24,431           School projects         -         -         -         230,587           Other capital projects         -         -         214,366	
Total cooperative extension program         \$ 86,169 \$ 86,169 \$ 54,971 \$           Total community development         \$ 476,699 \$ 476,699 \$ 476,841 \$           Capital projects:         \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 6,324 \$           Enhanced emergency telephone system         59,925 59,925 24,431           School projects         230,587           Other capital projects         214,366	31,198
Total community development         \$ 476,699 \$ 476,699 \$ 476,699 \$ 476,841 \$           Capital projects:         Standfill closure         \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 6,324 \$ 5         \$ 6,324 \$ 5         \$ 59,925 \$ 59,925 \$ 24,431 \$ 5         \$ 230,587 \$ 5         \$ 6,324 \$ 5	-
Capital projects:         Landfill closure       \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 6,324 \$         Enhanced emergency telephone system       59,925 59,925 24,431         School projects       230,587         Other capital projects       214,366	31,198
Landfill closure       \$ 7,000 \$ 7,000 \$ 6,324 \$         Enhanced emergency telephone system       59,925 59,925 24,431         School projects       230,587         Other capital projects       214,366	(142)
Enhanced emergency telephone system59,92559,92524,431School projects230,587Other capital projects214,366	
School projects       -       -       230,587         Other capital projects       -       -       214,366	676
Other capital projects - 214,366	35,494
	(230,587)
	(214, 366)
	(408,783)
Debt service:	
Principal retirement \$ 954,991 \$ 1,915,991 \$ 1,955,080 \$	(39,089)
Interest and other fiscal charges 257,161 257,161 286,312	(29,151)
Total debt service \$ 1,212,152 \$ 2,173,152 \$ 2,241,392 \$	(68,240)
Total General Fund \$ 22,756,215 \$ 23,797,559 \$ 24,089,306 \$	(291,747)
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund:	
Capital projects expenditures:	
Greentown/Gaskins CDBG \$ - \$ - \$ 221,487 \$	(221,487)
USDA sewer system - 1,265	(1,265)
Total capital projects \$ - \$ - \$ 222,752 \$	(222,752)
Debt service:	
Bond issuance costs \$ - \$ 108,750 \$ 108,750 \$	<u> </u>
Total debt service \$ - \$ 108,750 \$ 108,750 \$	
Total County Capital Projects Fund \$ - \$ 108,750 \$ 331,502 \$	(222,752)
Total Primary Government \$ 22,756,215 \$ 23,906,309 \$ 24,420,808 \$	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with aal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Education:					
Administration, health, and attendance	\$ 700,203	\$ 700,203	\$ 661,872	\$	38,331
Instruction costs	11,698,307	12,085,544	11,460,540		625,004
Pupil transportation	1,204,038	1,204,038	1,097,944		106,094
Operation and maintenance of school plant	1,497,785	1,577,785	1,576,062		1,723
School food	 -	10,000	5,936		4,064
Total education	\$ 15,100,333	\$ 15,577,570	\$ 14,802,354	\$	775,216
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 15,100,333	\$ 15,577,570	\$ 14,802,354	\$	775,216
Special Revenue Fund:					
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services:					
School food	\$ 616,600	\$ 616,600	\$ 533,698	\$	82,902
Commodities	-	34,683	34,683		-
Total school food services	\$ 616,600	\$ 651,283	\$ 568,381	\$	82,902
Total education	\$ 616,600	\$ 651,283	\$ 568,381	\$	82,902
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$ 616,600	\$ 651,283	\$ 568,381	\$	82,902
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 15,716,933	\$ 16,228,853	\$ 15,370,735	\$	858,118







County of Lancaster, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	\$ 18,259,940	19,430,686	21,109,579	21,323,151	21,534,548	22,165,429	22,350,235	22,161,248	22,588,829	22,398,243
Interest	on Long-	Ferm Debt	284,499 \$	192,771	272,582	306,444	398,847	444,034	426,296	228,599	194,525	378,089
	Community	Development T	\$ 825,533 \$	986,907	1,294,897	1,283,578	1,711,279	1,453,260	1,119,775	633,659	1,244,682	661,086
Parks,	Recreation,	and Cultural	\$ 153,219	156,351	161,940	160,839	160,179	172,801	172,895	176,275	182,973	172,119
		Education	9,085,541	9,451,156	9,814,756	11,031,828	10,188,939	10,318,017	10,768,097	10,485,368	10,495,867	10,403,350
	Health and	Welfare	1,988,050 \$	2,380,967	2,501,442	2,202,534	2,332,650	2,391,444	2,517,020	2,740,633	2,603,743	2,511,962
	Public	Works	1,213,930 \$	1,068,661	1,236,465	1,177,914	1,048,830	1,132,419	1,110,981	1,167,822	827,480	1,238,203
	Public	Safety	3,166,110 \$	3,401,929	3,695,460	3,662,812	3,872,862	4,064,428	3,845,479	4,617,309	4,889,888	4,613,799
	Judicial	Administration	\$ 504,831 \$	595,329	610,071	599,799	616,607	761,709	807,167	779,749	804,040	807,803
General	Government	Administration Administration	\$ 1,038,227	1,196,615	1,521,966	897,403	1,204,355	1,427,317	1,582,525	1,331,834	1,345,631	1,611,832
	Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

County of Lancaster, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Total	16,902,542	18,944,041	21,543,925	23,550,276	23,520,760	22,969,676	22,987,658	22,211,600	22,565,941	23,529,937
	Grants and Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	\$ 1,048,734 \$ 16,902,542	1,054,455	997,110	900,904	980,269	1,000,772	1,337,343	1,330,494	1,323,904	1,317,854
				Miscellaneous	29,702	25,485	26,037	135,390	47,921	41,957	43,915	49,012	83,414	142,360
GENERAL REVENUES		Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	\$ 205,097 \$	190,307	266,252	337,290	205,834	161,276	135,618	120,500	118,016	153,280
GEN		Other	Local	Taxes	1,985,483 \$	2,029,167	2,212,575	2,013,343	1,865,960	1,892,761	1,950,576	1,930,588	1,892,069	1,936,429
		General	Property	Taxes	\$ 9,675,920 \$	11,358,649	12,893,466	15,383,703	15,284,455	14,656,899	14,923,610	14,403,558	14,722,918	15,827,037
S	Capital	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 47,600	185,505	801,066	943,083	668,227		50,000	18,000	644,332	212,096
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 3,437,061	3,568,636	3,862,996	3,359,779	3,975,191	4,738,390	4,019,711	3,720,366	3,261,746	3,340,098
PRC		Charges	for	Services	\$ 472,945	531,837	484,423	476,784	492,903	477,621	526,885	639,082	519,542	600,783
			Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

County of Lancaster, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1,3) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	, 23,898,210		27,305,112	26,609,860	27,700,617	28,453,728	33,118,256	27,189,559	27,319,243	29,013,058
Debt Service	1,210,862 \$	974,364	947,744	1,053,149	1,453,989	1,498,206	7,003,073	1,209,686	1,206,455	2,350,142
Community Development	857,335 \$	1,027,945	1,346,638	1,311,718	1,743,331	1,486,288	1,152,343	555,165	656,245	476,841
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 153,219 \$	156,351	161,940	160,839	160,179	172,801	172,895	176,275	182,973	183,454
Education (2)	\$ 13,926,398	15,091,424	15,389,246	15,278,613	15,389,267	15,707,417	15,285,122	15,101,887	14,752,836	15,377,552
Health and Welfare	\$ 1,979,628	2,390,250	2,491,874	2,207,354	2,288,465	2,366,967	2,482,024	2,713,142	2,596,948	2,565,290
Public Works	5 1,105,569	1,074,404	1,234,680	1,172,357	1,072,457	1,120,296	1,116,041	1,148,111	1,254,976	1,203,081
Public Safety	3,040,856	3,274,791	3,586,684	3,568,597	3,749,601	4,141,836	3,779,509	4,323,772	4,694,193	4,622,133
Judicial Administration	5 546,710 \$	596,834	605,152	604,767	607,641	618,495	625,449	637,902	663,850	694,752
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	\$ 1,077,633	1,202,178	1,541,154	1,252,466	1,235,687	1,341,422	1,501,800	1,323,619	1,310,767	1,539,813
Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.(3) Excludes Capital Projects funds.

County of Lancaster, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1,3) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	0,149,098 \$ 23,048,349	25,249,693	27,883,072	28,745,135	28,947,521	28,687,685	27,954,462	27,297,372	26,734,120	28,690,041
Inter- governmental (2)	10,149,098 \$	10,723,724	11,528,616	10,281,484	10,651,224	11,073,878	10,072,348	9,615,225	9,065,976	9,454,840
Recovered Costs g	, 72,659 \$	44,111	64,743	47,510	50,812	269,465	284,593	187,047	115,017	196,456
Miscellaneous	3 166,611 \$	183,238	251,943	352,749	319,456	70,775	77,737	173,133	180,383	347,465
Charges for Services			584,112	527,518	512,438	488,592	531,002	631,065	524,268	583,249
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	3 133,843 \$	138,119	216,879	202,512	169,681	137,139	129,677	117,827	118,770	121,975
Fines and Forfeitures	; 19,455 \$	18,184	19,840	28,029	20,168	16,314	16,626	25,797	14,759	21,134
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	171,020 \$	164,660	138,683	142,355	149,757	142,764	149,016	119,007	100,564	101,185
Other F Local Taxes	1,985,483 \$	2,029,167	2,212,575	2,013,343	1,865,960	1,892,761	1,950,576	1,930,588	1,892,069	1,936,429
General Property Taxes	\$ 9,804,068 \$	11,316,916	12,865,681	15,149,635	15,208,025	14,595,997	14,742,887	14,497,683	14,722,314	15,927,308
Fiscal	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.(3) Excludes Capital Projects funds.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Lancaster, Virginia

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	3.80%	4.58%	4.17%	4.85%	2.56%	9.50%	6.46%	6.32%	6.27%	5.21%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	401,020	516,166	531,551	728,623	835,636	941,217	1,000,012	958,038	959,942	857,726
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	\$ %66.66	99.23%	99.54%	99.14%	99.53%	99.17%	99.31%	99.82%	66.63%	100.24%
Total Tax Collections	, 10,555,046	11,173,278	12,680,841	14,908,871	14,961,245	14,351,880	15,363,521	15,124,033	15,307,198	16,510,791
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	228,678 \$	195,485	232,606	268,363	331,663	357,927	400,496	396,680	465,359	487,835
Percent of Levy Collected	97.83%	97.49%	97.71%	97.36%	97.32%	%02'96	96.72%	97.20%	%68'96	97.28%
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 10,326,368	10,977,793	12,448,235	14,640,508	14,629,582	13,993,953	14,963,025	14,727,353	14,841,839	16,022,956
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 10,555,764 \$ 10,326,368	11,260,311	12,739,466	15,037,856	15,031,753	14,472,243	15,470,572	15,151,601	15,317,462	16,471,200
Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. (2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years and first half of current tax year.

County of Lancaster, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 2,104,363,054	2,177,719,129	2,201,036,709	3,260,479,876	3,286,041,385	3,309,630,564	3,331,751,590	3,345,123,636	2,686,448,343	2,709,929,978
Public Utility (2)	35,705,141	32,717,833	28,828,991	37,970,594	42,470,454	44,516,230	44,173,669	44,806,003	44,789,060	57,257,295
	⋄									
Merchant's Capital	9,036,830	9,584,128	10,907,813	12,444,246	11,959,791	11,191,102	12,081,091	9,884,665	10,992,013	11,044,308
	٠									
Machinery and Tools	211,600 \$	190,250	343,350	309,350	248,650	199,250	181,750	742,450	433,350	327,250
	❖									
Personal Property and Mobile Homes	169,982,846	179,478,372	149,516,502	161,929,534	147,216,942	144,199,002	144,354,545	140,487,618	136,569,120	138,593,352
	٠									
Real Estate (1)	\$ 1,889,426,637	1,955,748,546	2,011,440,053	3,047,826,152	3,084,145,548	3,109,524,980	3,130,960,535	3,149,202,900	2,493,664,800	2,502,707,773
Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 7
County of Lancaster, Virginia
Property Tax Rates (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

							M	achinery
Fiscal			F	Personal	Me	erchant's		and
Year	Rea	l Estate	Р	roperty	(	Capital		Tools
2006	\$	0.41	\$	1.52	\$	1.00	\$	1.52
2007		0.46		1.52		1.00		1.52
2008		0.53		2.04		1.00		1.52
2009		0.42		2.04		1.00		1.52
2010		0.42		2.04		1.00		1.52
2011		0.40		2.04		1.00		1.52
2012		0.40		2.04		1.00		1.52
2013		0.39		2.04		1.00		1.52
2014		0.50		2.04		1.00		1.52
2015		0.54		2.04		1.00		1.52

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Lancaster, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Net	Bonded	Debt per	Capita	80	52	24	ı	•	200	191	180	170	159
Ratio of	Net Bonded	Debt to	Assessed	Value	0.04% \$	0.03%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.07%	%90.0	0.07%	0.07%
		Net	Bonded	Debt	925,000	900,009	275,000		1	2,280,000	2,170,000	2,055,000	1,935,000	1,810,000
		P	Į.	(4)	<b>ب</b>									
Less:	Debt	Assumed	by Other	Localities (4)	\$									
ĭ	Debt	Service	Monies	Available	•	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	•
		Gross	Bonded	Debt (3)	925,000 \$	900,009	275,000	ı		2,280,000	2,170,000	2,055,000	1,935,000	1,810,000
			Assessed	Value (2)	2,104,363,054 \$	2,177,719,129	2,201,036,709	2,201,036,709	3,286,041,385	3,309,630,564	3,331,751,590	3,345,123,636	2,686,448,343	2,709,929,978
				Population (1)	11,567 \$	11,567	11,567	11,567	11,391	11,391	11,391	11,391	11,391	11,391
			Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

<sup>(1)</sup> Weldon Cooper Center for 2000 and 2010 Census.

<sup>(2)</sup> From Table 6.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.

Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

<sup>(4)</sup> In accordance with the provisions of annexation settlements.





### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Lancaster Lancaster, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Lancaster Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the County of Lancaster, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2015.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Lancaster Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Lancaster, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia December 29, 2015

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### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Lancaster Lancaster, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Lancaster, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Lancaster, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Lancaster, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Lancaster, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Lancaster, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Lancaster, Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Lancaster, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Lancaster, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Lancaster, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia December 29, 2015

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#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	_			Federal enditures
Department of Health and Human Services:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Social Services:						
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950114/0950115			\$	4,724
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400114/0400115				148,662
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500114/0500115				230
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600414/00600415				17,585
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760114/0760115				21,735
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	1130114/1130115				1,000
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900114/090115				1,077
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100114/1100115				54,485
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1130114/11301115				26,187
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000114/1000115				109,087
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150114/9150115				897
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540114/0540115				5,303
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200114/1200115				183,564
otal Department of Health and Human Services					\$	574,536
Department of Homeland Security:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Department of Emergency Assistance:						
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	77501-52740			\$	7,500
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	77602-155				27,289
Fotal U.S. Department of Homeland Security					\$	34,789
Department of Agriculture:						
Direct Payments:						
Community Facilities Loans and Grants	10.766	N/A			\$	45,000
Pass Through Payments:						
Child Nutrition Cluster:						
Department of Agriculture:						
Summer Food Service Program for Children Food Distribution	10.559	Unknown	\$	278		
Department of Health:						
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	17901-45707		3,759	-	4,037
National School Lunch Food Distribution  Department of Education:	10.555	17901-45707	\$	34,405		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-40623		314,784		349,189
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17901-40591		3.1,701	-	97,706
Department of Social Services:						
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition						
Assistance Program	10.561	0010113/0010114				161,407
Fotal Department of Agriculture					\$	657,339
,					<u> </u>	,

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title		Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Housing and Community Development:				
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants				
in Hawaii	14.228	53305-50790	\$	212,096
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	39001-86000	\$	9,291
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	39001-62200		1,307
Department of Defense:				
Direct Payments:				
ROTC	12.xxx	N/A	\$	69,035
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$	410,194
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071		360,675
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095		41,950
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481		24,797
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480		90,582
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	17901-60957		185
Total Department of Education			\$	928,383
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	2,486,776

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

### County of Lancaster, Virginia Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Note A - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Lancaster, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Lancaster, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Lancaster, Virginia.

#### Note B - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note C - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

#### Note D - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	820,042
County Capital Projects Funds		212,096
Total primary government	\$ 1	,032,138
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	997,418
School Cafeteria Fund		450,932
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 1	,448,350
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$ 2	,480,488
Rural development loan proceeds	\$	21,100
BABs subsidy		(14,812)
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 2	,486,776

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>				
Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>unmodified</u>			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	√ no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓ none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	✓ no		
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	✓ no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓ none reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>unmodified</u>			
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	yes	✓ no		
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Progran	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Clu	Child Nutrition Cluster		
84.027	Special Education - Grants to States			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A				
and type B programs:	\$300,000	\$300,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	✓ yes	no		
Section II-Financial Statement Findings				
None Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned	<u>Costs</u>			
None				

#### County of Lancaster, Virginia Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### **Prior Year Findings**

None

