

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

County of Nottoway, Virginia Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2017



Board of Supervisors

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Clerk of the Circuit Court	Jane L. Brown
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Treasurer	Ellen F. Myatt
Sheriff	Larry J. Parrish
Superintendent of Schools	Rodney L. Berry
Director of Social Services	Bernetta Watkins
Commissioner of the Revenue	Christy A. Hudson
County Administrator	Ronald E. Roark



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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Nottoway, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Nottoway, Virginia, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-9, 69-71, and 72-77 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Nottoway, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2017, on our consideration of County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia November 10, 2017

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Nottoway County County of Nottoway, Virginia

As management of the County of Nottoway, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$34,549,319 (net position).

Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$1,590,743 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$4,252,731 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$21,520,963, an increase of \$1,590,743 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$14,257,015 or 112% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased by \$424,245 during the current fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deterioraing.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Nottoway, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the County of Nottoway, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Nottoway, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has three major governmental funds - the General Fund, the Landfill Fund, and the LRA Land Sale Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$34,549,319 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Nottoway, Virginia's Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
	2017	2016				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 22,916,096 19,418,467	\$ 21,567,765 20,976,972				
Total assets	\$ 42,334,563	\$ 42,544,737				
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 473,558	\$ 211,302				
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	\$ 147,794 7,604,928	\$ 159,897 8,029,173				
Total liabilities	\$ 7,752,722	\$ 8,189,070				
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 506,080	\$ 897,199				
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 16,604,005	\$ 17,656,648				
Unrestricted	17,945,314	16,013,122				
Total net position	\$ 34,549,319	\$ 33,669,770				

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

During the current fiscal year, the County's net position increased by \$879,549. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities

County of Nottoway, Virginia's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2017	2016		
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 560,025	\$ 523,796		
Operating grants and contributions	3,374,947	3,188,576		
General revenues:				
General property taxes	6,918,150	6,833,044		
Other local taxes	1,703,463	1,612,326		
Grants and other contributions not restricted	1,508,408	1,511,423		
Other general revenues	846,766	704,454		
Total revenues	\$ 14,911,759	\$ 14,373,619		
Expenses:				
General government administration	\$ 1,631,110	\$ 936,027		
Judicial administration	816,258	768,920		
Public safety	2,517,124	2,530,134		
Public works	1,046,610	1,074,068		
Health and welfare	2,188,527	1,996,214		
Education	4,704,799	5,231,092		
Parks, recreation, and cultural	357,724	338,200		
Community development	659,625	608,120		
Interest and other fiscal charges	110,433	130,484		
Total expenses	\$ 14,032,210	\$ 13,613,259		
Change in net position	\$ 879,549	\$ 760,360		
Net position, beginning	33,669,770	32,909,410		
Net position, ending	\$ 34,549,319	\$ 33,669,770		

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$21,520,963, an increase of \$1,590,743 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 66.25% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues and other financing sources were less than budgetary estimates by \$211,857 and expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$2,856,034 resulting in a positive variance of \$2,644,177.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$19,418,467 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

< <u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$2,745,395. Of this amount, \$2,691,744 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

During the current fiscal year, the County's total debt decreased by \$499,583.

Additional information on the County of Nottoway, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

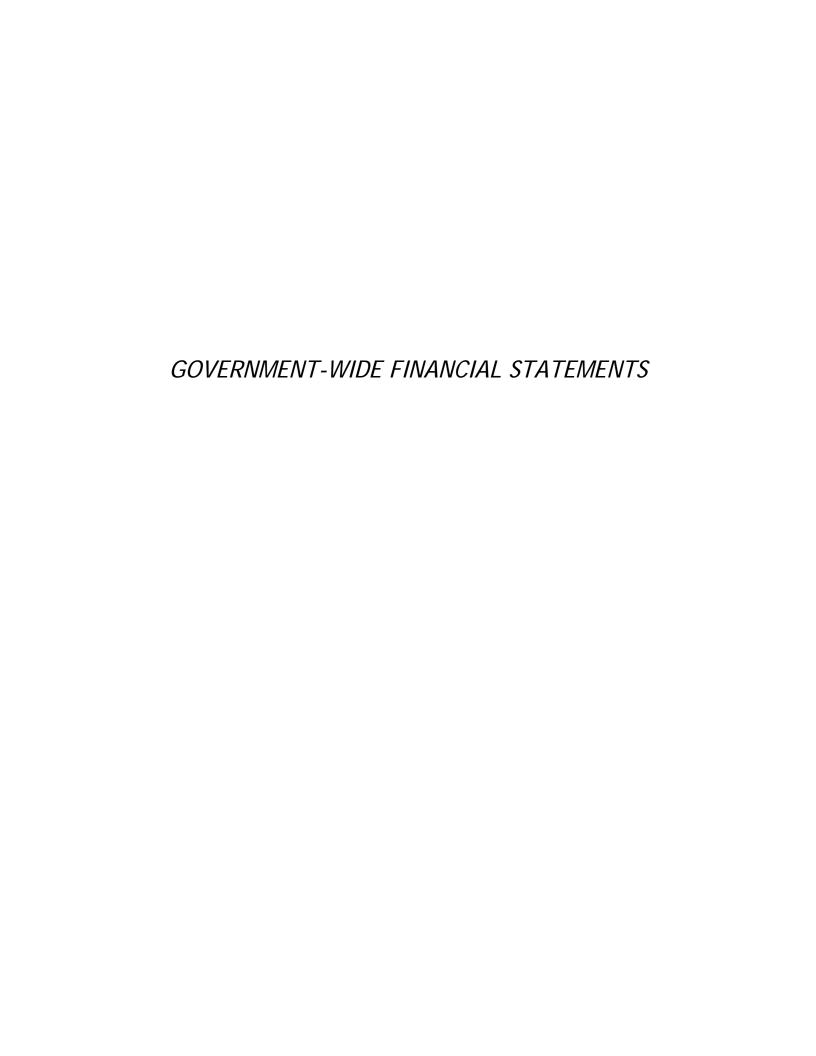
The fiscal year 2018 budget increased by approximately 3.3 percent. The County increased real estate tax rates from \$.47 to \$.50. All other tax rates did not change for the fiscal year 2018.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Nottoway, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, 328 West Court House Road, Nottoway, Virginia 23955.









County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	_	Primary				
	Governmental Activities			Compone		
		<u>Activities</u>	<u> </u>	School Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,039,391	\$	3,695,796	\$	735,648
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		987,552		-		-
Accounts receivable		49,094		-		-
oue from other governmental units		2,459,654		749,771		-
repaid items		-		573,560		-
et pension asset		380,405		-		-
ther assets:						
Notes receivable		-		-		1,417,933
apital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land		8,808,090		88,670		-
Buildings and improvements		7,135,506		· -		-
Equipment and vehicles		783,126		1,465,467		-
Jointly owned assets		2,691,745		10,756,777		-
Total assets	\$	42,334,563	\$	17,330,041	\$	2,153,581
EFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES						
ension contributions subsequent to						
measurement date	\$	67,821	\$	1,715,975	\$	-
ems related to measurement of net pension liability / asset		405,737		1,299,613		-
Total deferred outflow of resources	\$	473,558	\$	3,015,588	\$	-
IABILITIES						
accounts payable	\$	88,917	\$	74,186	\$	-
ccrued liabilities		-		1,130,772		-
nearned revenue		2,647		-		-
ccrued interest payable		56,230		-		_
ue to other governmental units		-		1,724,042		76,378
ong-term liabilities:				, ,-		-,-
Due within one year		407,675		13,340		-
Due in more than one year		7,197,253		21,097,084		-
Total liabilities	\$	7,752,722	\$	24,039,424	\$	76,378
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
eferred revenue - property taxes	\$	31,236	\$	-	\$	-
ems related to measurement of net		ŕ	•		•	
pension liability / asset		474,844		1,383,384		_
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	506,080	\$	1,383,384	\$	-
ET POSITION						
et investment in capital assets	\$	16,604,005	\$	12,310,914	\$	-
nrestricted	•	17,945,314	•	(17,388,093)	•	2,077,203
Total net position	\$	34,549,319	S	(5,077,179)	5	2,077,203

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues	es		Net (Exper Changes	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and	
	·		Operating	Capital	Primar	Primary Government	Component Units	nent Un	its
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	60v	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	School Board		IDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
Governmental activities:									
General government administration	\$ 1,631,110	\$ 1,465	\$ 185,094	,	s	(1,444,551) \$	•	s	•
Judicial administration	816,258	41,394	436,214	•		(338,650)	•		•
Public safety	2,517,124	95,196	1,070,727			(1,351,201)	•		1
Public works	1,046,610	421,970	4,560	•		(620,080)	•		•
Health and welfare	2,188,527	•	1,568,599			(619,928)	•		
Education	4,704,799					(4,704,799)	•		
Parks, recreation, and cultural	357,724	٠	109,753			(247,971)	•		•
Community development	659,625			•		(659,625)	•		•
Interest on long-term debt			•			(110,433)	•		•
ies	\$ 14,032,210	\$ 560,025	\$ 3,374,947	- \$	\$	(10,097,238) \$		\$	
COMPONENT UNITS:									
School Board	\$ 23,810,085	\$ 209,570	\$ 18,033,947	· \$	s	\$	(5,566,568)	\$ (8	
Industrial Development Authority	98,269	167,331		-			-		69,062
Total component units	\$ 23,908,354	\$ 376,901	\$ 18,033,947	. \$	ş	\$ -	(5,566,568)	\$ (8	69,062
	General revenues:	es:							
	General property taxes	rty taxes			\$	6,918,150 \$		s	•
	Local sales and use taxes	d use taxes				1,170,738	•		,
	Consumer utility taxes	ity taxes				148,815	•		
	Business licenses	ses				167,855	•		
	Motor vehicle licenses	licenses				114,811	•		
	Other local taxes	kes				101,244	•		ı
	Unrestricted re	evenues from	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	d property		640,964	1,611	_	1,143
	Miscellaneous					205,802	67,376	9	,
	Grants and cor	ntributions not	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ecific programs		1,508,408	•		,
	Contribution from Nottoway County	rom Nottoway	County				4,494,170	0	ı
	Total general revenues	revenues			\$	10,976,787 \$	4,563,157	\$ 2	1,143
	Change in net position	osition				879,549	(1,003,411)		70,205
	Net position - beginning	eginning				33,669,770	(4,073,768)		2,006,998
	Net position - ending	nding			s	34,549,319 \$	(5,077,179)	Ş	2,077,203

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.





County of Nottoway, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

		General <u>Fund</u>	Landfill <u>Fund</u>	LRA Land Sale <u>Fund</u>	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,163,687	\$ 171,821	\$ 5,228,188	\$	475,695	\$ 19,039,391
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		987,552	-	-		-	987,552
Accounts receivable		12,676	36,418	-		-	49,094
Due from other governmental units	_	2,392,167	 46,211	 -		21,276	 2,459,654
Total assets	\$	16,556,082	\$ 254,450	\$ 5,228,188	\$	496,971	\$ 22,535,691
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$	88,917 2,647	-	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$ 88,917 2,647
Total liabilities	\$	91,564	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ 91,564
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	923,164	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 923,164
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	923,164	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 923,164
Fund balances:							
Committed	\$	1,284,339	\$ 254,450	\$ 5,228,188	\$	496,971	\$ 7,263,948
Unassigned		14,257,015	-	-		-	14,257,015
Total fund balances	\$	15,541,354	\$ 254,450	\$ 5,228,188	\$	496,971	\$ 21,520,963
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources							
and fund balances	\$	16,556,082	\$ 254,450	\$ 5,228,188	\$	496,971	\$ 22,535,691

County of Nottoway, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds S (1,975,969) Bond anticipation note (95,000) Premium on general obligation bond (69,067) Capital lease (33,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset (4,953,196) Landfill closure liability (1,975,196) Compensated absences (2237,270) Accrued interest payable (7,255,421)	different because:		
are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds General obligation bond General obligation b	Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 21,520,963
Accumulated depreciation (10,738,864) 19,418,467 The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. 380,405 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds General obligation bond Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 405,737 State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable 19,418,467 380,405 380,405 380,405 380,405 380,405 3891,928 5 891,928 5 891,928 67,821 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 67,821	,		
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds S (1,975,969) Bond anticipation note Premium on general obligation bond (69,067) Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 405,737 State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (227,270) Accrued interest payable (7,255,421)	Capital assets, cost	\$ 30,157,331	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds General obligation note (95,000) Premium on general obligation bond (69,067) Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (237,770) Accrued interest payable (7,255,421)	Accumulated depreciation	(10,738,864)	19,418,467
therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Unavailable revenue - property taxes Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds General obligation note General obligation note (95,000) Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 405,737 State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (227,270) Accrued interest payable (7,255,421)	The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		380,405
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds General obligation bonde Fremium on general obligation bond Capital lease Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset A05,737 State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,		
Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds General obligation note Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 417,084 67,821	therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds General obligation note Fremium on general obligation bond Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable Accrued interest payable 67,821	Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 891,928	
the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds Bond anticipation note Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable 67,821	Deferred inflows related to measurement of net pension liability	(474,844)	417,084
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds Bond anticipation note Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease Capital lease Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset Landfill closure liability Compensated absences Accrued interest payable Lond fund and payable in the current payable in the curre	Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to/increase in		
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds Bond anticipation note Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences Accrued interest payable (56,230) (7,255,421)	the net pension liability/asset in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		67,821
items supporting this adjustment: General obligation bonds Bond anticipation note Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences Accrued interest payable \$ (1,975,969) (95,000) (69,067) (69,067) (620,775) (620,775) (4,553,776) (4,553,196) (237,270) (7,255,421)	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		
General obligation bonds \$ (1,975,969) Bond anticipation note (95,000) Premium on general obligation bond (69,067) Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 405,737 State literary loans (620,775) Landfill closure liability (4,553,196) Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable (56,230) (7,255,421)	period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of		
Bond anticipation note Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences Accrued interest payable (95,000) (69,067) (53,651) (405,737 (405,737) (4,553,196) (237,270) (7,255,421)	items supporting this adjustment:		
Premium on general obligation bond Capital lease (53,651) Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences Accrued interest payable (69,067) (53,651) (620,775) (40,5737) (4,553,196) (237,270) (56,230) (7,255,421)	General obligation bonds	\$ (1,975,969)	
Capital lease Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset 405,737 State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences 405,737 (4,553,196) (237,270) Accrued interest payable (56,230) (7,255,421)	Bond anticipation note	(95,000)	
Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset State literary loans Landfill closure liability Compensated absences Accrued interest payable 405,737 (420,775) (4,553,196) (237,270) (56,230) (7,255,421)	Premium on general obligation bond	(69,067)	
State literary loans (620,775) Landfill closure liability (4,553,196) Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable (56,230) (7,255,421)	Capital lease	(53,651)	
Landfill closure liability Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable (56,230) (7,255,421)	Deferred outflows related to measurement of net pension liability/asset	405,737	
Compensated absences (237,270) Accrued interest payable (56,230) (7,255,421)	State literary loans	(620,775)	
Accrued interest payable (56,230) (7,255,421)	Landfill closure liability	(4,553,196)	
	Compensated absences	(237,270)	
Net position of governmental activities \$ 34,549,319	Accrued interest payable	(56,230)	(7,255,421)
	Net position of governmental activities	-	\$ 34,549,319

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

REVENUES	General <u>Fund</u>	Landfill <u>Fund</u>	L	LRA Land Sale Fund	Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$ 6,806,196	¢ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 6,806,196
Other local taxes	1,526,478	۔ !176,39		_	590	
Permits, privilege fees,	1,320,470	170,37.	,		370	1,703,403
and regulatory licenses	75,720	_		-	_	75,720
Fines and forfeitures	10,984	_		-	_	10,984
Revenue from the use of	10,701					10,701
money and property	640,946	_		18	<u>-</u>	640,964
Charges for services	51,351	421,970)	-	-	473,321
Miscellaneous	205,356	-		-	446	205,802
Recovered costs	216,534	-		-	-	216,534
Intergovernmental:	,					,
Commonwealth	3,539,800	245,869	9	-	127,842	3,913,511
Federal	969,844	-		_	-	969,844
Total revenues	\$ 14,043,209	\$ 844,234	4 \$	18	\$ 128,878	
EVERNOLTHERS		·			·	· · ·
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	ć 4 222 022	ć	ċ		ć	ć 4 222 022
General government administration	\$ 1,332,833	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,332,833
Judicial administration	749,325	-		-	-	749,325
Public safety	2,332,537	72.4.021	_	-	215,020	, ,
Public works	220,040	734,82	ס	-	-	954,865
Health and welfare	2,189,144	-		-	-	2,189,144
Education	4,257,341	-		-	-	4,257,341
Parks, recreation, and cultural	275,677	-		-	-	275,677
Community development Debt service:	802,912	-		-	-	802,912
Principal retirement	444,359	55,224	4	-	-	499,583
Interest and other fiscal charges	124,488	-		-	-	124,488
Total expenditures	\$ 12,728,656	\$ 790,049	9 \$	-	\$ 215,020	\$ 13,733,725
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$ 1,314,553	\$ 54,18!	5 \$	18	\$ (86,142) \$ 1,282,614
(diddi) expenditures	7 1,511,555	7 31,10.	, ,	10	Ş (00,112)	, , 1,202,011
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of property	\$ -	\$	- \$	308,129	\$ -	\$ 308,129
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ -	\$	- \$	308,129	\$ -	\$ 308,129
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,314,553	\$ 54,18!	5 \$	308,147	\$ (86,142) \$ 1,590,743
Fund balances - beginning	14,226,801	200,26		4,920,041	583,113	19,930,220
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ 15,541,354	\$ 254,450		5,228,188	\$ 496,971	\$ 21,520,963
i and batanees chains	7 13,371,334	ب کا ر ب رک	٠ ,	3,220,100	770,771	7 21,320,703

County of Nottoway, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,	590,743
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:			
Capital asset additions Depreciation expense Jointly owned asset allocation	\$ 277,672 (728,093) (241,439)		691,860)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Increase(decrease) in unavailable property taxes Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability/asset	\$ 111,954 406,149	-	518,103
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Principal retirement on general obligation bonds Principal retirement on bond anticipation note Principal retirement on state literary fund loans Principal retirement on capital lease Increase in landfill closure liability	\$ 172,254 120,000 155,204 52,125 (58,432)	-	441,151
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Decrease (increase) in compensated absences Decrease (increase) in premium on general obligation bond Decrease (increase) in net pension liability/asset (Decrease) increase in deferred outflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability/asset (Decrease) increase in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable	\$ (23,185) 6,279 (365,069) 405,737 (143,481) 7,776		111,943)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	879,549

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2017

	_	Agency <u>Fund</u>	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,212	
Total assets	\$	7,212	
LIABILITIES			
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	7,212	
Total liabilities	\$	7,212	



Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Nottoway, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection; sanitation services; recreational activities; cultural events; education; and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Nottoway, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary comparison schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Nottoway (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2017.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Nottoway County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Board does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The Industrial Development Authority of Nottoway County is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of members that are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2017. The Industrial Development Authority of Nottoway County does not issue a separate financial report.

C. Other Related Organizations

Included in the County's Financial Report

None

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund as a major governmental fund.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds: Landfill, E-911, LRA Land Sale, Forfeited Assets, and Dare. The Landfill and LRA Land Sale funds are reported as major funds.

2. <u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds consist of the Special Welfare Fund.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

F. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

G. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$251,977 at June 30, 2017 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy Due Date	January 1 December 5	January 1 December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	15-45
Motor vehicles	3-10
Equipment	2-15

I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the statement of activities and a long-term obligation in the statement of net position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

K. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

K. Fund Equity (Continued)

- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

				Major Special		Major Special			
				Revenue Fund		Revenue Fund	Other		
		General		Landfill	-	LRA Land Sale	Governmenta	ı	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds		Total
Fund Balances:	,				-				
Committed:									
Encumbrances and carry-over from prior year	\$	1,214,103	5	82,220	\$	- \$	56,099	\$	1,352,422
Landfill		-		172,230		-	-		172,230
E-911		-		-		-	440,872		440,872
Community development block grant		70,236		-		-	-		70,236
Local Reuse Authority land sale		-	_	-		5,228,188			5,228,188
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	1,284,339	\$ _	254,450	\$	5,228,188 \$	496,971	\$	7,263,948
			_		_				
Unassigned	\$	14,257,015	} _	-	\$	\$	-	\$_	14,257,015
Total Fund Balances	\$	15,541,354	۶ =	254,450	\$	5,228,188 \$	496,971	\$	21,520,963
			_		_				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

L. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability (asset). These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. It is also comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability (asset) measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to or a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, and amounts prepaid on the next year's taxes and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability (asset) are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximate the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Expenditures and Appropriations - Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at June 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The County had no investments at June 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2017, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	_	Primary Government	<u>.</u>	Component Unit School Board	_	Component Unit Industrial Development Authority	
Other Local Governments:							
County of Nottoway School Board Nottoway County Industrial	\$	1,724,042	\$	-	\$	-	
Development Authority		76,378		-		-	
Commonwealth of Virginia:							
Local sales tax		227,159		_		-	
Shared expenses		118,733		-		-	
Recordation tax		4,034		-		-	
Rolling stock tax		76,324		-		-	
VPA funds		38,954		-		-	
State sales tax		-		403,603		-	
Mobile home titling tax		11,788		-		-	
Comprehensive services act		33,106		-		-	
Wireless grant		7,803		-		-	
Communications tax		53,895		-		-	
Other state funds		18,347		-		-	
Federal Government:							
School fund grants		-		346,168		-	
VPA funds		69,091		-		-	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_	67,671	_		-		
Total due from other governments	\$ _	2,459,654	\$_	749,771	\$_	-	
At June 30, 2017 amounts due to other l	At June 30, 2017 amounts due to other local governments are as follows:						
Other Local Governments:							
County of Nottoway	\$_	-	\$_	1,724,042	\$_	76,378	

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

Primary Government:		Balance July 1, 2016		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental activities:	-	July 1, 2010		mer cases	-	DCCI Cu3C3		3diic 30, 2017
Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land	\$_	9,674,735	\$	-	\$_	866,645	\$	8,808,090
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$_	9,674,735	\$_	-	\$_	866,645	\$	8,808,090
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	10,816,994	\$	148,260	\$		\$	10,965,254
Machinery and equipment		3,818,553		102,837		60,741		3,860,649
Jointly owned assets	-	7,052,245	_	26,575	-	555,482		6,523,338
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_	21,687,792	\$_	277,672	\$_	616,223	\$	21,349,241
Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	3,536,794	\$	292,954	\$	-	\$	3,829,748
Machinery and equipment		2,935,719		202,545		60,741		3,077,523
Jointly owned assets		3,913,042		232,594		314,043		3,831,593
	-		_		_			
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	10,385,555	\$	728,093	\$_	374,784	\$	10,738,864
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	11,302,237	\$	(450,421)	\$_	241,439	\$	10,610,377
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	20,976,972	\$	(450,421)	\$	1,108,084	\$	19,418,467
	=		_		-			
	-	, ,			-			
	=		· ·		. =		•	Balance
Component Unit - School Board:	=	Balance July 1, 2016		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2017
·	-	Balance	_		. =			
Governmental activities:	-	Balance	_		. =			
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	- -	Balance July 1, 2016	_	Increases	. =	Decreases	· · ·	June 30, 2017
Governmental activities:	- \$_	Balance	_	Increases	\$_	Decreases	\$	
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	- \$_ \$_	Balance July 1, 2016	_	Increases -	. =	Decreases	\$	June 30, 2017
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670	\$	Increases -	. \$_	Decreases	\$	June 30, 2017 88,670
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation:	\$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670	\$_ \$_	Increases -	\$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases -	• •	88,670 88,670
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment	_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041	\$_ \$_	Increases -	\$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases 43,000	• •	88,670 88,670 6,151,437
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation:	\$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670	\$_ \$_	Increases -	\$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases -	• •	88,670 88,670
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment	\$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041	\$_ \$_ \$_	Increases -	\$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases 43,000	\$	88,670 88,670 6,151,437
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$_ \$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041 25,513,155	\$_ \$_ \$_	Increases 383,396	\$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases - 43,000 (555,482)	\$	88,670 88,670 6,151,437 26,068,637
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$_ \$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041 25,513,155	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Increases 383,396	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases - 43,000 (555,482)	\$	88,670 88,670 6,151,437 26,068,637
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets Total capital assets subject to depreciation Accumulated Depreciation:	\$_ \$_ - \$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041 25,513,155 31,324,196	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Increases	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases 43,000 (555,482) (512,482)	\$	88,670 88,670 6,151,437 26,068,637 32,220,074
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets Total capital assets subject to depreciation Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041 25,513,155 31,324,196 4,376,610 14,156,354	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Increases	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases - 43,000 (555,482) (512,482) 43,000 (314,043)	\$ \$ \$	88,670 88,670 6,151,437 26,068,637 32,220,074 4,685,970 15,311,860
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets Total capital assets subject to depreciation Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery and equipment	\$_ \$_ - \$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041 25,513,155 31,324,196 4,376,610	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Increases	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Decreases 43,000 (555,482) (512,482) 43,000	\$ \$ \$	88,670 88,670 6,151,437 26,068,637 32,220,074 4,685,970 15,311,860
Governmental activities: Capital assets not subject to depreciation: Land Total capital assets not subject to depreciation Capital assets subject to depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets Total capital assets subject to depreciation Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery and equipment Jointly owned assets	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Balance July 1, 2016 88,670 88,670 5,811,041 25,513,155 31,324,196 4,376,610 14,156,354	\$_ \$_ \$_ \$_ \$_	Increases	\$_ .\$_ .\$_ .\$_	Decreases - 43,000 (555,482) (512,482) 43,000 (314,043)	\$ \$ \$	88,670 88,670 6,151,437 26,068,637 32,220,074 4,685,970 15,311,860

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:

Primary Government:	
General government administration	\$ 14,621
Judicial administration	111,703
Public safety	128,094
Public works	59,640
Health and welfare	63,989
Education	232,594
Parks, recreation and cultural	91,398
Community development	26,054
Total Governmental activities	\$ 728,093
Component Unit School Board	\$1,193,823

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2016		Issuances/ Increases	_	Retirements/ Decreases		Balance at June 30, 2017		Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Obligations:										
Incurred by County:	÷	244.005	÷	44 504	,	24 400	÷	227 270	÷	22.727
Compensated absences	\$	214,085	\$	44,594	\$	•	\$	237,270	>	23,727
Capital lease		105,776				52,125		53,651		52,125
Landfill closure liability	_	4,494,764		58,432	_			4,553,196		
Total incurred by County	\$	4,814,625	Ś	103,026	Ś	73,534	Ś	4,844,117	Ś	75,852
rotat incurred by country	۷_	1,011,023	٠ ٠	103,020	- ~	73,331	- ~ .	1,011,117	- ~ -	73,032
Incurred by School Board:										
State Literary Fund Loans	\$	775,979	\$	-	\$	155,204	\$	620,775	\$	155,204
Bond anticipation note		215,000		-		120,000		95,000		-
General obligation bonds		2,148,223		-		172,254		1,975,969		176,619
Add issuance premium	_	75,346		-	_	6,279		69,067		-
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	3,214,548	\$	-	\$	453,737	\$	2,760,811	\$_	331,823
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$_	8,029,173	\$	103,026	\$	527,271	\$	7,604,928	\$_	407,675

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

		School Obligations									
Year General					State						
Ending		Obligatio	on Bonds		Literary F	und	Loans				
June 30		Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest				
		_	_	_							
2018	\$	176,619	\$ 92,901	\$	155,204	\$	12,415				
2019		181,213	83,766		155,204		9,311				
2020		186,048	74,410		155,204		6,207				
2021		190,783	65,146		155,163		3,103				
2022		195,448	55,949		-		-				
2023		200,034	46,831		-		-				
2024		204,988	37,347		-		-				
2025		210,683	27,121		-		-				
2026		139,109	18,391		-		-				
2027		143,311	11,189		-		-				
2028		147,733	3,767		-		-				
				_							
Total	\$_	1,975,969	\$ 516,818	\$_	620,775	\$	31,036				

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term	Obligations:	(Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Governmental Activities Obligations:

Incurred by County:	_	Amount Outstanding
Landfill closure liability	\$_	4,553,196
\$161,000 lease for the purchase of a Kenworth T880 dump truck issued on April 21, 2016, due in annual installments of \$55,224 on each April 21 through 2018; interest rate of 2.93%. At June 30, 2016, acuumulated depreciation for the dump truck		
amounted to \$16,100.	\$_	53,651
Compensated absences (Payable from the General Fund)	\$_	237,270
Total Incurred by County	\$_	4,844,117
Incurred by School Board:		
General Obligation Bonds:		
\$1,204,354 general obligation bond, issued November 10, 2004, due in varying installments of principal and interest through January 15, 2025, interest payable semi-annually at varying rates.	\$	556,576
\$2,324,114 general obligation bond, issued November 1, 2007, due in varying installments of principal and interest through July 15, 2027, interest payable semi-annually at 5.10%. Face amount of bonds outstanding \$1,637,357 plus unamortized issuance premium of \$81,624.		1,488,460
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$_	2,045,036

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term	Obligations:	(Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations are as follows: (Continued)

		Amount Outstanding
Bond Anticipation Note:	_	
\$2,000,000 Bond Anticipation Note issued March 1, 2009; due in one lump principal payment no later than January 31, 2019, interest payable semi-annually at varying rates.	\$_	95,000
State Literary Fund Loans:		
\$1,439,954 State Literary Fund Loan issued April 15, 2000; due in annual principal installments of \$72,000 through 2020; interest payable annually at 2%	\$	287,954
\$1,664,085 State Literary Fund Loan issued August 15, 2000, due in annual principal installments of \$83,204 through 2020; interest payable annually at 2%	=	332,821
Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$_	620,775
Total Incurred by School Board	\$_	2,760,811
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$_	7,604,928

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Component Unit - School Board:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

	_	Balance at July 1, 2016		Increases	 Decreases	 Balance at June 30, 2017	 Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Obligations : Incurred by School Board:							
Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation	\$_	141,203 18,709,255 213,827	\$	6,317 5,036,892 99,338	\$ 14,120 3,051,402 30,886	\$ 133,400 20,694,745 282,279	\$ 13,340
Total Governmental Obligations	\$_	19,064,285	\$_	5,142,547	\$ 3,096,408	\$ 21,110,424	\$ 13,340

Details of long-term obligations are as follows:

Net pension liability	\$	20,694,745
Net OPEB obligation		282,279
Compensated absences (Payable from the School Fund)	_	133,400
Total governmental obligations	\$	21,110,424

Note 7—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Property tax revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$891,928 at June 30, 2017.

<u>Deferred Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2017 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$31,236 at June 30, 2017.

Other Unearned Revenue - Other unearned revenue items totaled \$2,647 at June 30, 2017, which consisted of forfeited asset funds.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 8—Contingent Liablities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate in were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 9—Litigation:

At June 30, 2017, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Note 10—Risk Management:

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County and the School Board are members of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County also participates with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with Virginia Municipal League and public officials liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County and Component Unit School Board pay an annual premium to the pools for general insurance through member premiums. The County and Component Unit School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11—Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

	IREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	·
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)
		 In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible t participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	NUED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2017. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2017.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined Contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1 Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component:	
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.			
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.) The member retires directly from short-term or longterm disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.) Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.) Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Cont.) Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
Disability Coverage (Cont.) VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage (Cont.) VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage (Cont.) Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.						
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	 Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.						

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	44	32
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	15	2
Non-vested inactive members	11	5
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	40	11
Total inactive members	66	18
Active members	83	40
Total covered employees	193	90

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 2.02% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$67,821 and \$211,302 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 5.96% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$57,781 and \$78,505 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability/asset were measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability/asset were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-term	Long-term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	8.33%		

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Primary Government					
	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	14,686,215	\$_	15,431,689	\$_	(745,474)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	294,153	\$	-	\$	294,153	
Interest		1,001,985		-		1,001,985	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(317,448)		-		(317,448)	
Contributions - employer		-		206,557		(206,557)	
Contributions - employee		-		158,802		(158,802)	
Net investment income		-		258,106		(258, 106)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
Refunds of employee contributions		(744,286)		(744,286)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(9,732)		9,732	
Other changes		-		(112)		112	
Net changes	\$	234,404	\$	(130,665)	\$	365,069	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	14,920,619	\$	15,301,024	\$	(380,405)	

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Component School Board (nonprofessional) Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	5,835,252	\$_	5,571,997	\$_	263,255	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	98,522	\$	-	\$	98,522	
Interest		398,827		-		398,827	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(58,959)		_		(58,959)	
Contributions - employer		-		76,827		(76,827)	
Contributions - employee		-		44,242		(44,242)	
Net investment income		-		93,374		(93, 374)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
Refunds of employee contributions		(275,438)		(275,438)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(3,503)		3,503	
Other changes		-		(40)		40	
Net changes	\$	162,952	\$_	(64,538)	\$	227,490	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	5,998,204	\$_	5,507,459	\$_	490,745	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate					
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,334,106	\$	(380,405) \$	(1,819,804)		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	ć	1 20E 209	Ċ	400 74E ¢	(111 726)		
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Ş	1,205,398	Ş	490,745 \$	(111,736)		

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$(240,260) and \$(11,237) respectively. At June 30, 2017, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School						Jnit School		
		Primary (90/	ernment/		Board (nonprofessional)			
	-	Deferred		Deferred	_	Deferred	Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of	Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources	_	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	474,844	\$	- \$	137,384		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		405,737		-		145,613	-		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	=	67,821		-	_	57,781			
Total	\$_	473,558	\$	474,844	\$	203,394 \$	137,384		

\$67,821 and \$57,781 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2018	(32,829)	(83,374)
2019	(123,268)	(43,383)
2020	213,289	76,759
2021	161,701	58,227
2022	-	-
Thereafter	-	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 and reflects the transfer in June 2015 of \$192,884,000 as an accelerated payback of the deferred contribution in the 2010-12 biennium. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 16.32%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,658,194 and \$1,545,205 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported a liability of \$20,204,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2016, the school division's proportion was 0.14417% as compared to 0.14656% at June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,548,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience S	-	\$ 655,000		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,154,000	-		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	591,000		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,658,194			
Total S	2,812,194	\$ 1,246,000		

\$1,658,194 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2018	(324,000)
2019	(324,000)
2020	369,000
2021	258,000
2022	(71,000)
Thereafter	-

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2016, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 44,182,326 30,168,211 14,014,115
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.28%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 11-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	. <u> </u>	(8.00%)
School Board's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher				
Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 28,801,000	\$ 20,204,000	\$	13,122,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 12–Surety Bonds:

Note 13-Jointly Governed Organizations:

The County in conjunction with other localities, has created the Piedmont Regional Jail, the Piedmont Juvenile Detention Center, the Amelia-Nottoway Vocational Center and the Crossroads Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdiction. During the year, the County contributed \$42,000 to the operations of the Crossroads Community Services Board.

Note 14-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The \$4,553,196 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2017, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 70% of the estimated capacity of the landfill with the total amount of \$6,504,565 to be recognized over the landfill's remaining life. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2017. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in the technology, or changes in regulation. The County intends to fund these costs from tipping fee revenues and from any funds accumulated for this purpose in the Landfill Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 14-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost: (Continued)

The County has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 15-Lease-Purchase/Notes Receivable:

On May 15, 2001, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Colonial Forest Products to sell a shell building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$7,567 for 20 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 5.5%, and the total amount financed was \$1,100,000. At June 30, 2017, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$428,919.

On February 25, 2000, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant to sell a shell building. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$6,060 for 20 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The interest rate is 5.24% and the total amount financed was \$900,000. At June 30, 2017, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$421,122.

On August 30, 2013, the Industrial Development Authority entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Trout River Plant. The agreement called for monthly installments of principal and interest of \$5,084 for 15 years to be received by the Industrial Development Authority. The total amount financed is \$700,000. At June 30, 2017, the balance of the lease-purchase receivable was \$567,892.

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Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits VRS Health Insurance Credit:

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 11.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$125,554, \$116,493 and \$115,922, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

Beginning in fiscal year 2010, the School Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. The standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to postemployment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the School Board retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the School Board subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the School Board accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other post-employment benefits during the period of the employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of post-employment benefits and the financial impact on the School Board. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Nottoway County Public Schools retirees must meet one of the following requirements to be eligible for health benefits.

- retire with years of service and years of participation in the school's health plan that is greater or equal to 20.
- has medical coverage prior to retirement.

The retirees are responsible for 100% of the premiums. Benefits end at the age of 65.

B. <u>Funding Policy</u>

The School Board's retirees pay 100% of the premiums. The Schools currently have 8 retirees on their plan.

C. <u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u>

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The School Board has elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the School Board. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

	i	School Board
Annual required contribution	\$	102,003
Interest on net OPEB obligation		5,815
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(8,480)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	99,338
Estimated Contributions made		(30,886)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$	68,452
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		213,827
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	282,279

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Three Year Trend Information for School Board

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	Net
Year	OPEB	Annual OPEB	OPEB
Ended	Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
			_
School Board:			
6/30/2017 \$	99,338	31.09% \$	282,279
6/30/2016	99,338	31.09%	213,827
6/30/2015	94,759	31.34%	145,375

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation, the School Board's actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$783,821, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$11,123,014 (based on annual payroll reported to VRS), and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 7.05 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 17-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Cost Method

In the July 1, 2015 most recent actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method, with linear pro-ration to assumed benefit commencement was used. The unfunded liability is amortized over 20 years on a level percentage of pay.

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement age was estimated based on tables used for the VRS pension valuation and assumed that participants begin to retire when they become eligible to receive healthcare benefits.

Mortality-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 1994 Group Annuity mortality tables for males and females.

Coverage elections - The actuary assumed that 23% of eligible retirees who qualify will elect coverage.

Healthcare cost trend rate -The rate of change in per capita health claims cost over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological advances. Rates vary from 5% to 10% of medical benefits.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 4.0% was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015 was twenty years.

Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 87, Leases, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.





County of Nottoway, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	-	Actual		ariance with nal Budget - Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	6,703,714	\$	6,703,714	\$	6,806,196	\$	102,482
Other local taxes		1,492,600		1,492,600		1,526,478		33,878
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		84,460		84,695		75,720		(8,975)
Fines and forfeitures		4,000		4,000		10,984		6,984
Revenue from the use of money and property		572,800		572,800		640,946		68,146
Charges for services		51,112		51,112		51,351		239
Miscellaneous		211,500		332,214		205,356		(126,858)
Recovered costs		14,964		14,964		216,534		201,570
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,837,703		3,948,492		3,539,800		(408,692)
Federal		1,050,475		1,050,475		969,844		(80,631)
Total revenues	\$	14,023,328	\$	14,255,066	\$	14,043,209	\$	(211,857)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,953,128	\$	1,840,848	\$	1,332,833	\$	508,015
Judicial administration		755,678		836,498		749,325		87,173
Public safety		2,718,202		3,031,870		2,332,537		699,333
Public works		284,706		286,563		220,040		66,523
Health and welfare		2,898,744		2,898,744		2,189,144		709,600
Education		4,641,128		4,832,122		4,257,341		574,781
Parks, recreation, and cultural		264,667		342,694		275,677		67,017
Community development		765,040		1,071,402		802,912		268,490
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		326,633		326,633		444,359		(117,726)
Interest and other fiscal charges		117,316		117,316		124,488		(7,172)
Total expenditures	\$	14,725,242	\$	15,584,690	\$	12,728,656	\$	2,856,034
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(701,914)	\$	(1,329,624)	\$	1,314,553	\$	2,644,177
Not change in fund halances	ć	(704.04.4)	¢	(4 330 /34)	¢	4 244 552	ć	2 444 477
Net change in fund balances	\$	(701,914)	þ	(1,329,624)	þ	1,314,553	þ	2,644,177
Fund balances - beginning balance		701,914	Ċ	1,329,624	Ċ	14,226,801	Ċ	12,897,177
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,541,354	\$	15,541,354

County of Nottoway, Virginia Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Landfi	ll Fu	und		
	Budgeted Amounts			•	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
	<u>(</u>	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>	9	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Other local taxes	\$	181,629	\$	181,629	\$	176,395	\$	(5,234)
Charges for services		387,700		387,700		421,970		34,270
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		267,103		267,103		245,869		(21,234)
Total revenues	\$	836,432	\$	836,432	\$	844,234	\$	7,802
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration		-		-		-		-
Judicial administration		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works	\$	857,834	\$	830,961	\$	734,825	\$	96,136
Principal retirement		-		55,224		55,224		-
Total expenditures	\$	857,834	\$	886,185	\$	790,049	\$	96,136
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(21,402)	\$	(49,753)	\$	54,185	\$	103,938
Net change in fund balances	\$	(21,402)	\$	(49,753)	\$	54,185	\$	103,938
Fund balances - beginning balance	•	21,402	•	49,753	•	200,265	•	150,512
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	254,450	\$	254,450

County of Nottoway, Virginia Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			LRA La	nd S	ale Fund	
	 Budget	ed Am	ounts	_		/ariance with inal Budget -
DELIFABLIES	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- \$	-	\$	18	\$ 18
Total revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	18	\$ 18
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	- \$	-	\$	18	\$ 18
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets	\$	- \$	-	\$	308,129	\$ 308,129
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	-	\$	308,129	\$ 308,129
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning balance	\$	- \$ -	-	\$	308,147 4,920,041	\$ 308,147 4,920,041
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	5,228,188	\$ 5,228,188

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Healthcare Plan

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll*	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
School Board:						
7/1/2011	\$ - \$	757,095 \$	757,095	0.00% \$	12,232,094	6.19%
7/1/2015	-	730,812	730,812	0.00%	10,934,055	6.68%
7/1/2016	-	783,821	783,821	0.00%	11,113,132	7.05%

^{*} Based on annual payroll reported to the Virginia Retirement System

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

		2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability	·				
Service cost	\$	294,153 \$	5	298,465	\$ 281,373
Interest		1,001,985		1,004,479	951,942
Differences between expected and actual experience		(317,448)		(710,757)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(744,286)		(511,345)	(454,219)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	234,404 \$	5	80,842	\$ 779,096
Total pension liability - beginning		14,686,215		14,605,373	13,826,277
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	14,920,619 \$	5	14,686,215	\$ 14,605,373
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	206,557 \$	5	209,913	\$ 240,675
Contributions - employee		158,802		161,754	160,078
Net investment income		258,106		680,665	2,040,771
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(744,286)		(511,345)	(454,219)
Administrative expense		(9,732)		(9,323)	(10,945)
Other		(112)		(143)	108
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(130,665)	·	531,521	\$ 1,976,468
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		15,431,689		14,900,168	12,923,700
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	15,301,024 \$	5	15,431,689	\$ 14,900,168
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(380,405) \$	5	(745,474)	\$ (294,795)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
pension liability		102.55%		105.08%	102.02%
Covered payroll	\$	3,270,921 \$	5	3,298,543	\$ 3,211,013
County's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		-11.63%		-22.60%	-9.18%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 98,522	\$ 105,472	\$ 107,776
Interest	398,827	397,914	378,446
Differences between expected and actual experience	(58,959)	(231,118)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(275,438)	(243,013)	(173,181)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 162,952	\$ 29,255	\$ 313,041
Total pension liability - beginning	5,835,252	5,805,997	5,492,956
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 5,998,204	\$ 5,835,252	\$ 5,805,997
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 76,827	\$ 85,134	\$ 97,577
Contributions - employee	44,242	49,309	57,300
Net investment income	93,374	246,344	743,198
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(275,438)	(243,013)	(173,181)
Administrative expense	(3,503)	(3,430)	(3,985)
Other	(40)	(54)	39
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (64,538)	\$ 134,290	\$ 720,948
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,571,997	5,437,707	4,716,759
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 5,507,459	\$ 5,571,997	\$ 5,437,707
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 490,745	\$ 263,255	\$ 368,290
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability	91.82%	95.49%	93.66%
Covered payroll	\$ 918,183	\$ 1,009,199	\$ 1,148,431
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	53.45%	26.09%	32.07%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

	 2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.14417%	0.14656%	0.14748%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 20,204,000 \$	18,446,000 \$	17,822,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	10,656,586	10,934,055	10,831,896
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	189.59%	168.70%	164.53%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	70.88%	70.88%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	(Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gover	nment					_		
2017	\$	67,821	\$	67,821	\$ -	\$	3,357,499	2.02%
2016		211,302		211,302	-		3,270,921	6.46%
2015		213,086		213,086	-		3,298,543	6.46%
2014		241,147		241,147	-		3,211,013	7.51%
2013		228,542		228,542	-		3,043,168	7.51%
2012		190,628		190,628	-		2,960,066	6.44%
2011		190,306		190,306	-		2,955,067	6.44%
2010		238,111		238,111	-		3,060,558	7.78%
2009		241,516		241,516	-		3,104,313	7.78%
2008		131,169		131,169	-		2,870,229	4.57%
Component Ur	nit School	Board (nonprofessi	onal)					
2017	\$	57,781.00	\$	57,781	\$ -	\$	969,477	5.96%
2016		78,504.66		78,505	-		918,183	8.55%
2015		86,286.50		86,287	-		1,009,199	8.55%
2014		97,731.50		97,732	-		1,148,431	8.51%
2013		97,628.44		97,628	-		1,147,220	8.51%
2012		63,681.89		63,682	-		1,097,964	5.80%
2011		63,198.89		63,199	-		1,089,636	5.80%
2010		67,961.42		67,961	-		1,127,055	6.03%
2009		70,767.19		70,767	-		1,173,585	6.03%
2008		85,146		85,146	-		1,117,399	7.62%
Component Un	nit School	Board (professiona	I)					
2017	\$	1,658,194	\$	1,658,194	\$ -	\$	11,409,651	14.50%
2016		1,545,205		1,545,205	-		10,656,586	14.50%
2015		1,585,438		1,585,438	-		10,934,055	14.50%
2014		1,262,999		1,262,999	-		10,831,896	11.66%
2013		1,270,428		1,270,428	-		10,895,610	11.66%
2012		1,185,685		1,185,685	-		10,465,003	11.33%
2011		937,764		937,764	-		10,501,273	8.93%
2010		1,533,606		1,533,606	-		11,105,039	13.81%
2009		1,566,857		1,566,857	-		11,345,814	13.81%
2008		1,617,008		1,617,008	-		10,568,682	15.30%

Current year contributions are from County records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 is not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2017

	E-911 <u>Fund</u>	Dare <u>Fund</u>		Forfeited Asset <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 475,150	\$ 9	9 \$	446	\$ 475,695
Due from other governmental units	21,276		-	-	21,276
Total assets	\$ 496,426	\$ 9	9 \$	446	\$ 496,971
FUND BALANCES Fund balances:					
Committed	\$ 496,426	\$ 9	9 \$	446	\$ 496,971
Total fund balances	\$ 496,426	\$ 9	9 \$	446	\$ 496,971



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

DEVENUE		E-911 <u>Fund</u>		Dare <u>Fund</u>		Forfeited Asset <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES Other local taxes	ċ	590	Ś		Ś		ċ	590
	\$	390	Ş	-	Ş	-	\$	
Miscellaneous		-		-		446		446
Intergovernmental:		107.010						107.010
Commonwealth		127,842		-		-		127,842
Total revenues	\$	128,432	\$	-	\$	446	\$	128,878
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public safety	\$	215,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	215,020
Total expenditures	\$	215,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	215,020
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(86,588)	\$	-	\$	446	\$	(86,142)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(86,588)	\$	-	\$	446	\$	(86,142)
Fund balances - beginning		583,014		99		-		583,113
Fund balances - ending	\$	496,426	\$	99	\$	446	\$	496,971

			E-911 Fu	und			
							riance with nal Budget
	 Budgeted	Amo					Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(</u>	<u>Negative)</u>
REVENUES							
Other local taxes	\$ 400	\$	400	\$	590	\$	190
Miscellaneous	-		=		-		-
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth	147,382		147,382		127,842		(19,540)
Total revenues	\$ 147,782	\$	147,782	\$	128,432	\$	(19,350)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety	\$ 247,782	\$	379,233	\$	215,020	\$	164,213
Total expenditures	\$ 247,782	\$	379,233	\$	215,020	\$	164,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$ (100,000)	\$	(231,451)	\$	(86,588)	\$	144,863
Net change in fund balances	\$ (100,000)	\$	(231,451)	\$	(86,588)	\$	144,863
Fund balances - beginning	100,000		231,451		583,014		351,563
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	496,426	\$	496,426

	Dare Fund	I			Forfeited A	SSE	et Fund		
Budgeted Amount	s <u>inal</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	 Budgeted Am <u>Original</u>	ounts <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	-	\$ -	\$ - \$ -	-	\$	- 446	\$	- 446
\$ - - \$	- - \$	-	\$ -	\$ - \$	-	\$	446	\$	446
\$ - \$ - \$	99 \$ 99 \$	<u>-</u>	\$ 99 99	\$ - \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$ - \$	(99) \$	<u>-</u>	\$ 99	\$ - \$	-	\$	446	\$	446
\$ - \$ -	(99) \$ 99	- 99	\$ 99	\$ - \$ -	-	\$	446	\$	446
\$ - \$	- \$	99	\$ 99	\$ - \$	=	\$	446	\$	446

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund

For the Year	Ended	June	30,	2017
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Balance End of Additions Deletions Year
\$ 1,354 \$ - \$ 7,212
7 1,554
\$ 1,354 \$ - \$ 7,212
\$ 1,

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2017

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		Textbook <u>Fund</u>		School Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	G	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,437,282	\$	660,438	\$	598,076	\$	3,695,796
Due from other governmental units		749,771	·	, -		, -	·	749,771
Prepaid items		573,560		-		-		573,560
Total assets	\$	3,760,613	\$	660,438	\$	598,076	\$	5,019,127
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	74,186	\$	-	\$	-	\$	74,186
Accrued liabilities		1,091,483		-		39,289		1,130,772
Due to other governmental units		1,724,042		-		-		1,724,042
Total liabilities	\$	2,889,711	\$	-	\$	39,289	\$	2,929,000
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable	\$	573,560	Ś	-	\$	-	\$	573,560
Committed	,	870,901	•	660,438	•	558,787	•	2,090,126
Unassigned		(573,559)		-		-		(573,559)
Total fund balances	\$	870,902	\$	660,438	\$	558,787	\$	2,090,127
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,760,613	\$	660,438	\$	598,076	\$	5,019,127
different because: Total fund balances per above							\$	2,090,127
Capital assets used in governmental activities are are not reported in the funds. The following is					nent	::		
Capital assets, cost					\$	32,308,744		
Accumulated depreciation						(19,997,830)		12,310,914
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for therefore, are deferred in the funds. Items related to measurement of net pension			ditu	res and,				(1,383,384)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measuren pension liability in the next fiscal year and, the								1,715,975
Long-term liabilities, including compensated abser- period and, therefore, are not reported in the			oaya	ble in the currer				
Compensated absences Items related to measurement of net pension	on liab	ility/asset			\$	(133,400) 1,299,613		
Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation						(20,694,745) (282,279)		(19,810,811)
						()/)		
Net position of governmental activities							\$	(5,077,179)



County of Nottoway, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017		
School		

		School Operating Fund	Т	extbook Fund		School Cafeteria Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES		<u>r drid</u>		<u>r unu</u>		<u>- ana</u>		ranas
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,611	\$	1,611
Charges for services		2,800		-		206,770		209,570
Miscellaneous		19,258		2,220		45,898		67,376
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		4,252,731		-		-		4,252,731
Commonwealth		15,118,202		-		90,726		15,208,928
Federal	_	1,969,128		-		855,891		2,825,019
Total revenues	\$	21,362,119	\$	2,220	\$	1,200,896	\$	22,565,235
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	21,418,152	\$	109,487	\$	1,208,439	\$	22,736,078
Capital projects		372,762		-		-		372,762
Total expenditures	\$	21,790,914	\$	109,487	\$	1,208,439	\$	23,108,840
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(428,795)	Ś	(107,267)	Ś	(7,543)	Ś	(543,605)
		(-,,		(- , - ,		(, ,	•	(= =,===,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							_	
Transfers in	\$	- (222, 227)	\$	222,227	\$	-	\$	222,227
Transfers out	\$	(222,227)	Ċ	222,227	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(222,227)
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	(222,227)	,	222,227	Ą	-	Ş	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(651,022)	\$	114,960	\$	(7,543)	\$	(543,605)
Fund balances - beginning		1,521,924		545,478		566,330		2,633,732
Fund balances - ending	\$	870,902	\$	660,438	\$	558,787	\$	2,090,127
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	activi	ities (Exhibit 2)	are (different be	caus	se:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	/e						\$	(543,605)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. Howe activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimas depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the dep capital outlays in the current period.	ated u	seful lives and r	еро					
Capital asset additions					\$	383,396		
Depreciation expense					•	(1,193,823)		
Jointly owned asset allocation						241,439		(568,988)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide currer	nt fina	ncial resources	are					
not reported as revenues in the funds. (Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of new	t pens	ion liability						763,443
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expendi				ds.				
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation					\$	(68,452)		
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability					ب	(1,985,490)		
(Decrease) increase in deferred outflows related to the						(1,700,170)		
measurement of the net pension liability/asset						1,299,613		
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension	paym	nents				•		
subsequent to the measurement date						92,265		
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences						7,803		(654,261)
Change in net position of governmental activities						:	\$	(1,003,411)

Part					School Ope	ratir	ng Fund		
REVENUES Final Final Positive (vertical profess) Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 0.0 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>٧</th> <th>ariance with</th>								٧	ariance with
REVENUES Final Actual Necentive Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 0.0 \$ 0.								ı	Final Budget
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property \$			Budgeted	Amo	ounts				Positive
Revenue from the use of money and property \$.			<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)
Charges for services - - 2,800 2,800 Miscellaneous 47,033 47,033 19,258 (27,775) Recovered costs 125,000 125,000 - (125,000) Intergovernmental 2,800 125,000 - - (125,000) Intergovernment 4,636,518 4,827,512 4,252,731 (574,781) Commonwealth 15,811,935 15,833,987 15,118,202 (715,785) Federal 1,923,790 2,425,072 1,969,128 (455,944) Total revenues 22,544,276 23,258,604 21,362,119 (1,896,485) Current: 20 22,934,111 24,487,725 21,418,152 3,069,573 Current: 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures 22,959,111 25,195,366 21,799,914 3,340,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 2,414,835 1,936,762 4,28,795 1,507,967 Transfers in 5 5 5 5									
Miscellaneous 47,033 47,033 19,258 (27,775) Recovered costs 125,000 125,000 - (125,000) Intergovernmental: Local government 4,636,518 4,827,512 4,252,731 (574,781) Commonwealth 15,811,935 15,833,987 15,118,202 (715,785) Federal 1,923,790 2,425,072 1,969,128 (455,944) Total revenues \$ 22,544,276 \$ 23,258,604 \$ 21,362,119 \$ (1,896,485) EXPENDITURES Current: Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 30,69,573 Capital projects 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,004,452 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,004,452 \$ 3,00		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-
Recovered costs 125,000 125,000 125,000 - (125,000) Intergovernmental: 4,636,518 4,827,512 4,252,731 (574,781) Commonwealth 15,811,935 15,833,987 15,118,202 (715,785) Federal 1,923,790 2,425,072 1,969,128 (455,944) Total revenues \$ 22,544,276 \$ 23,258,604 \$ 21,362,119 \$ (455,944) EXPENDITURES Current: Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 Capital projects 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 21,790,914 \$ 3,004,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 22,222,227 \$ (222,227) \$ (222,227) \$ (222,227) \$ (_		-		-		,		•
Name of Commonweal common co			,				19,258		
Local government 4,636,518 4,827,512 4,252,731 (574,781) Commonwealth 15,811,935 15,833,987 15,118,202 (715,785) Federal 1,923,790 2,425,072 1,969,128 (455,944) Total revenues \$ 22,544,276 \$ 23,258,604 \$ 21,362,119 \$ (1,896,485) EXPENDITURES Current: Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 Capital projects 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,934,111 \$ 25,195,366 21,790,914 \$ 3,069,573 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 21,790,914 \$ 3,069,573 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6 \$ 6	Recovered costs		125,000		125,000		-		(125,000)
Commonwealth 15,811,935 15,833,987 15,112,202 (715,785) Federal 1,923,790 2,425,072 1,969,128 (455,944) Total revenues \$ 22,544,276 \$ 23,258,604 \$ 21,362,119 \$ (1,896,485) EXPENDITURES Current: Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 Capital projects \$ 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,004,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Intergovernmental:								
Federal Total revenues 1,923,790 2,425,072 1,969,128 (455,944) EXPENDITURES Current: S 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 Capital projects \$ 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,404,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$	Local government		4,636,518		4,827,512		4,252,731		(574,781)
Total revenues \$ 22,544,276 \$ 23,258,604 \$ 21,362,119 \$ (1,896,485)	Commonwealth		15,811,935		15,833,987		15,118,202		(715,785)
EXPENDITURES Current: Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 \$ 20,000 \$ 707,641 \$ 372,762 \$ 334,879 \$ 70tal expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,404,452 \$ 20,000 \$ 20,	Federal		1,923,790		2,425,072		1,969,128		(455,944)
Current: Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 Capital projects 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,404,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Transfers out \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ Total other financing sources (uses) \$ \$ \$ (222,227) \$ (222,227) Net change in fund balances \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (651,022) \$ 1,285,740 Fund balances - beginning 414,835 1,936,762 1,521,924 (414,838)	Total revenues	\$	22,544,276	\$	23,258,604	\$	21,362,119	\$	(1,896,485)
Education \$ 22,934,111 \$ 24,487,725 \$ 21,418,152 \$ 3,069,573 Capital projects 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,404,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ </td <td>EXPENDITURES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects 25,000 707,641 372,762 334,879 Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,404,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$	Current:								
Total expenditures \$ 22,959,111 \$ 25,195,366 \$ 21,790,914 \$ 3,404,452 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Transfers out (222,227) (222,227) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ \$ - \$ - \$ (222,227) \$ (222,227) Net change in fund balances \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (651,022) \$ 1,285,740 Fund balances - beginning 414,835 1,936,762 1,521,924 (414,838)	Education	\$	22,934,111	\$	24,487,725	\$	21,418,152	\$	3,069,573
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$ Transfers out	Capital projects		25,000		707,641		372,762		334,879
expenditures \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (428,795) \$ 1,507,967 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Transfers out (222,227) (222,227) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ (222,227) (222,227) Net change in fund balances \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (651,022) \$ 1,285,740 Fund balances - beginning 414,835 1,936,762 1,521,924 (414,838)	Total expenditures	\$	22,959,111	\$	25,195,366	\$	21,790,914	\$	3,404,452
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ (222,227) <th< td=""><td>Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
Transfers in \$ - \$ <t< td=""><td>expenditures</td><td>\$</td><td>(414,835)</td><td>\$</td><td>(1,936,762)</td><td>\$</td><td>(428,795)</td><td>\$</td><td>1,507,967</td></t<>	expenditures	\$	(414,835)	\$	(1,936,762)	\$	(428,795)	\$	1,507,967
Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out - - (222,227) (222,227) (222,227) Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ (222,227) \$ (222,227) Net change in fund balances \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (651,022) \$ 1,285,740 Fund balances - beginning 414,835 1,936,762 1,521,924 (414,838)		\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ - \$ - \$ (222,227) \$ (222,227) Net change in fund balances \$ (414,835) \$ (1,936,762) \$ (651,022) \$ 1,285,740 Fund balances - beginning 414,835 1,936,762 1,521,924 (414,838)	Transfers out		_	•	-	·	(222,227)		(222,227)
Fund balances - beginning 414,835 1,936,762 1,521,924 (414,838)		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
Fund balances - beginning 414,835 1,936,762 1,521,924 (414,838)	Net change in fund balances	S	(414,835)	\$	(1,936,762)	\$	(651,022)	\$	1,285,740
	-	•	` ' '	-			` ' '		
		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	870,902

		Textbo	ok F	und						School Cafe	eter	ia Fund		
	Budgeted Am	ounts				ariance with Final Budget Positive		Budgeted	Am			ariance with inal Budget Positive		
<u>Ori</u>	<u>ginal</u>	<u>Final</u>	-	<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	•	<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)
\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,000 228,000	\$	2,000 228,000	\$	1,611 206,770	\$	(389) (21,230)
	-	110,000		2,220		(107,780)		40,600		40,600		45,898		5,298
	-	-		, -		-		-		· -		-		-
	_	_		_		_		_		_		_		-
	-	-		-		-		15,989		15,989		90,726		74,737
	-	-		-		-		750,000		823,618		855,891		32,273
\$	- \$	110,000	\$	2,220	\$	(107,780)	\$	1,036,589	\$	1,110,207	\$	1,200,896	\$	90,689
\$	- \$ -	110,000	\$	109,487	\$	513 -	\$	1,199,464 -	\$	1,474,637 -	\$	1,208,439	\$	266,198 -
\$	- \$	110,000	\$	109,487	\$	513	\$	1,199,464	\$	1,474,637	\$	1,208,439	\$	266,198
\$	- \$		\$	(107,267)	\$	(107,267)	\$	(162,875)	\$	(364,430)	\$	(7,543)	\$	356,887
\$	- \$	-	\$	222,227	\$	222,227	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	- \$	<u> </u>	\$	222,227	\$	222,227	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>
\$	- \$	-	\$	114,960	\$	114,960	\$	(162,875)	\$	(364,430)	\$	(7,543)	\$	356,887
\$	- \$	-	\$	545,478 660,438	\$	545,478 660,438	\$	162,875	\$	364,430	\$	566,330 558,787	Ċ	201,900 558,787
ب	- 3		Ç	000,436	Ş	000,436	Ą	-	Ş	-	Ą	556,767	Ç	556,767



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Net Position

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2017

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 735,648
Notes receivable - current portion	173,179
Total current assets	\$ 908,827
Noncurrent assets:	
Notes receivable - net of current portion	\$ 1,244,754
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 1,244,754
Total assets	\$ 2,153,581
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Due to other governmental units	\$ 76,378
Total current liabilities	\$ 76,378
Total liabilities	\$ 76,378
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 2,077,203
Total net position	\$ 2,077,203

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Rents	\$ 74,525
Other revenues	92,806
Total operating revenues	\$ 167,331
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other charges	\$ 98,269
Total operating expenses	\$ 98,269
Operating income (loss)	\$ 69,062
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	\$ 1,143
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 1,143
Change in net position	\$ 70,205
Total net position - beginning	2,006,998
Total net position - ending	\$ 2,077,203

County of Nottoway, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Payments for operating activities (98,269) Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ 610,950 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income \$ 1,143 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities \$ 1,143	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities \$ 1,143 Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	Receipts from customers and users	\$ 709,219
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities \$ 1,143 \$ 1,143	Payments for operating activities	(98,269)
Interest income Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities \$ 1,143 \$ 1,143	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 610,950
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities \$ 1,143	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
	Interest income	\$ 1,143
	Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ 1,143
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$ 612,093	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 612,093
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning 123,555	Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	123,555
Cash and cash equivalents - ending \$ 735,648	Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 735,648
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	• •	
		\$ 69,062
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	. , ,	 07,002
provided (used) by operating activities:	provided (used) by operating activities:	
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable \$ 541,888	(Increase) decrease in notes receivable	\$ 541,888
Total adjustments \$ 541,888	Total adjustments	\$ 541,888
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$ 610,950	Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 610,950







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	4,267,164	\$	4,267,164	\$	4,185,057	\$	(82,107)
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		444,350		444,350		471,803		27,453
Personal property taxes		1,612,200		1,612,200		1,768,533		156,333
Mobile home taxes		12,000		12,000		13,280		1,280
Machinery and tools taxes		168,000		168,000		126,492		(41,508)
Penalties		140,000		140,000		152,876		12,876
Interest		60,000		60,000		88,155		28,155
Total general property taxes	\$	6,703,714	\$	6,703,714	\$	6,806,196	\$	102,482
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	1,130,000	\$	1,130,000	\$	1,170,738	\$	40,738
Business license taxes		156,600		156,600		167,855		11,255
Motor vehicle licenses		125,000		125,000		114,811		(10,189)
Taxes on recordation and wills		80,000		80,000		72,009		(7,991)
Hotel and motel room taxes		1,000		1,000		1,065		65
Total other local taxes	\$	1,492,600	\$	1,492,600	\$	1,526,478	\$	33,878
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	15,710	\$	15,945	\$	13,379	\$	(2,566)
Permits and other licenses		68,750		68,750		62,341		(6,409)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	84,460	\$	84,695	\$	75,720	\$	(8,975)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	10,984	\$	6,984
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	10,984	\$	6,984
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	32,319	\$	(12,681)
Revenue from use of property		527,800		527,800		608,627		80,827
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	572,800	\$	572,800	\$	640,946	\$	68,146
Charges for services:								
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,042	\$	1,042	\$	-	\$	(1,042)
Charges for court costs	•	8,200	•	8,200	•	7,509	•	(691)
Charges for courthouse security		36,000		36,000		30,547		(5,453)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,210		1,210		1,739		529
Charges for law library		1,500		1,500		1,599		99
Charges for other protection		1,500		1,500		8,492		6,992
Charges for data processing		1,535		1,535		1,465		(70)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source General Fund: (Continued)	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Charges for services: (Continued)						
Charges for sale of historical material	\$ 125	\$	125	\$ -	\$	(125)
Total charges for services	\$ 51,112	\$	51,112	\$ 51,351	\$	239
Miscellaneous:						
Miscellaneous	\$ 211,500	\$	332,214	\$ 205,356	\$	(126,858)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 211,500	\$	332,214	\$ 205,356	\$	(126,858)
Recovered costs:						
Dispatching - Towns	\$ 8,274	\$	8,274	\$ 18,891	\$	10,617
Library contribution	3,500	·	3,500	3,500		-
Cost allocation plan	-		-	190,994		190,994
Planning council contributions	3,190		3,190	3,149		(41)
Total recovered costs	\$ 14,964	\$	14,964	\$ 216,534	\$	201,570
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 9,135,150	\$	9,256,099	\$ 9,533,565	\$	277,466
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Noncategorical aid:						
Rolling stock tax	\$ 86,000	\$	86,000	\$ 76,459	\$	(9,541)
Mobile home titling tax	16,000		16,000	21,608		5,608
Tax on Deeds	15,000		15,000	14,851		(149)
Motor vehicle rental tax	-		-	741		741
State recordation tax	-		-	17,134		17,134
Personal property tax relief funds	1,049,790		1,049,790	1,049,790		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,166,790	\$	1,166,790	\$ 1,180,583	\$	13,793
Categorical aid:						
Shared expenses:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 218,106	\$	218,106	\$ 222,519	\$	4,413
Sheriff	783,500		802,497	795,187		(7,310)
Commissioner of revenue	79,000		79,000	66,672		(12,328)
Treasurer	90,000		90,000	81,393		(8,607)
Registrar/electoral board	40,873		40,873	37,029		(3,844)
Clerk of the Circuit Court	 177,800		231,757	183,695		(48,062)
Total shared expenses	\$ 1,389,279	\$	1,462,233	\$ 1,386,495	\$	(75,738)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	522,699	ς	522,699	\$	429,428	ς	(93,271)
Comprehensive services act	~	634,858	7	634,858	7	276,145	7	(358,713)
Litter control grant		6,000		6,113		4,469		(1,644)
Bio solids fees		800		800		91		(709)
Virginia center for rehabilitation		-		-		100,000		100,000
Victim witness grant		57,500		76,950		30,000		(46,950)
Library grant		40,867		55,796		109,753		53,957
• •		40,007		•		3,437		33,737 94
Forfeited assets		10.010		3,343				
VJCCCS grant	_	18,910	_	18,910	_	19,399		489
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,281,634	\$	1,319,469	\$	972,722	\$	(346,747)
Total categorical aid	\$	2,670,913	\$	2,781,702	\$	2,359,217	\$	(422,485)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,837,703	\$	3,948,492	\$	3,539,800	\$	(408,692)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,050,475	Ċ	1 050 475	\$	863,026	¢	(187,449)
Forfeited assets	٠	1,030,473	ڔ	1,030,473	ڔ	56,149	۲	56,149
		-		-		43,515		43,515
Victim witness		-		-				
Ground transportation safety		-		-		6,031		6,031
Byrne justice assistance	_	- 4 050 475	_	- 4 050 475	_	1,123		1,123
Total categorical aid	<u>\$</u>	1,050,475	\$	1,050,475	\$	969,844	\$	(80,631)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,050,475	\$	1,050,475	\$	969,844	\$	(80,631)
Total General Fund	\$	14,023,328	\$	14,255,066	\$	14,043,209	\$	(211,857)
Special Revenue Funds: Landfill Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:								
Consumer utility tax	\$	152,629	ċ	152,629	ċ	148,815	ċ	(2.914)
•	Ş		Ş	•	Ş		Ş	(3,814)
Consumption tax	_	29,000	,	29,000	ć	27,580	÷	(1,420)
Total other local taxes	\$	181,629	\$	181,629	\$	176,395	\$	(5,234)
Charges for services:								
Landfill use fees	\$	387,700	\$	387,700	\$	421,970	\$	34,270
Total charges for services	<u> </u>	387,700	\$	387,700	\$	421,970	\$	34,270
TOTAL CHAIRES TO SCITICES	-	307,700	ڔ	307,700	ڔ	721,770	٠	J-1, L / U
Total revenue from local sources	\$	569,329	\$	569,329	\$	598,365	\$	29,036

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
Landfill Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:		0.47 400		2/7 /02		2.5.040		(0.4.00.4)
Communications tax	\$	267,103	\$	267,103	\$	245,869	\$	(21,234)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	267,103	\$	267,103	\$	245,869	\$	(21,234)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	267,103	\$	267,103	\$	245,869	\$	(21,234)
Total Landfill Fund	\$	836,432	\$	836,432	\$	844,234	\$	7,802
E-911 Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Other local taxes:								
E-911 taxes	\$	400	\$	400	\$	590	\$	190
Total other local taxes	\$	400	\$	400	\$	590	\$	190
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid:								
Communications Tax	\$	92,000	\$	92,000		81,956		(10,044)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	\$	81,956	\$	(10,044)
Categorical aid:								
Wireless grant funds	\$	55,382	\$	55,382	\$	45,886	\$	(9,496)
Total categorical aid	\$	55,382	\$	55,382	\$	45,886	\$	(9,496)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	147,382	\$	147,382	\$	127,842	\$	(19,540)
Total E-911 Fund	\$	147,782	\$	147,782	\$	128,432	\$	(19,350)
Forfeited Asset Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	446	\$	446
Total miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	446	\$	446
Total revenue from local sources	<u> </u>	_	\$		\$		\$	446
Total Teveniue Holli total Sources	\$	-	Ç	-	Ş	440	ډ	440
Total Forfeited Asset Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	446	\$	446
Total Primary Government	\$ 1	15,007,542	\$	15,239,280	\$	15,016,321	\$	(222,959)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:									
School Operating Fund:									
Revenue from local sources:									
Charges for services:									
Charges for education	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,800	\$	2,800	
Miscellaneous:									
Other miscellaneous	\$	47,033	\$	47,033	\$	19,258	\$	(27,775)	
Total miscellaneous	\$	47,033	\$	47,033	\$	19,258	\$	(27,775)	
Recovered costs:									
Dual enrollment	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	(125,000)	
Total recovered costs	\$	125,000	\$	125,000	\$	-	\$	(125,000)	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	172,033	S	172,033	\$	22,058	\$	(149,975)	
Total revenue from local sources		172,033	ڔ	172,033	ڔ	22,036	ڔ	(147,773)	
Intergovernmental:									
Revenues from local governments:		4 (2) 540	,	4 007 540	,	4 252 724	,	(574 704)	
Contribution from County of Nottoway, Virginia	\$	4,636,518	\$	4,827,512	\$	4,252,731	\$	(574,781)	
Total revenues from local governments	<u>\$</u>	4,636,518	\$	4,827,512	\$	4,252,731	\$	(574,781)	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Categorical aid:									
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,345,880	\$	2,345,880	\$	2,285,075	\$	(60,805)	
Basic school aid		7,644,688		7,644,688		7,421,268		(223,420)	
ISAEP		7,859		7,859		8,418		559	
Remedial education		134,245		134,245		124,301		(9,944)	
Regular foster care		22,687		22,687		6,794		(15,893)	
Gifted and talented		76,401		76,401		74,177		(2,224)	
Remedial summer school		469,548		469,548		455,878		(13,670)	
Preschool and 4 year old at risk		196,385		196,385		196,385		-	
Special education		1,002,764		1,002,764		973,571		(29,193)	
Project Graduation		14,000		16,992		12,247		(4,745)	
Vocational education		325,071		325,071		306,182		(18,889)	
Textbook payments		174,735		174,735		169,649		(5,086)	
Social security and retirement fringe benefits		1,651,076		1,651,076		1,485,082		(165,994)	
State lottery payments		83,436		83,436		81,224		(2,212)	
Early reading intervention		47,360		47,360		54,838		7,478	
Homebound education		15,328		15,328		24,218		8,890	
At risk payments		538,699		538,699		523,257		(15,442)	
VPSA technology funds		325,600		325,600		206,000		(119,600)	
Primary class size		621,816		621,816		580,414		(41,402)	
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		48,579		48,579		48,714		135	
Middle school corps		-		15,000		15,000		-	
English as a second language		62,206		62,206		63,193		987	
Mentor teacher program		3,572		3,572		2,317		(1,255)	
Other grants Total categorical aid	\$	15,811,935	\$	4,060 15,833,987	\$	15,118,202	\$	(4,060)	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth		15,811,935		15,833,987		15,118,202	\$	(715,785)	
. State 1. State of the continuity cated		. 5,5 . 1,755	7	. 5,005,707	~	. 5, 5, 202	٠	(5,,,,,,)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	nriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Migrant education	\$	5,120	\$	6,890	\$	5,119	\$	(1,771)
Rural education		41,481		71,481		54,110		(17,371)
Title I		795,934		1,076,260		742,548		(333,712)
Title II, Part A		126,168		136,168		110,104		(26,064)
Title III, Part A		-		-		5,699		5,699
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		551,055		701,055		665,104		(35,951)
Vocational education		60,955		65,955		50,807		(15,148)
Preschool special education		14,946		34,466		16,464		(18,002)
Sliver grant		12,004		12,004		-		(12,004)
21st century grant		257,600		257,600		222,332		(35,268)
Consortium incentive grant		2,527		7,193		5,340		(1,853)
ROTC		56,000		56,000		91,501		35,501
Total categorical aid	\$	1,923,790	\$	2,425,072	\$	1,969,128	\$	(455,944)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,923,790	\$	2,425,072	\$	1,969,128	\$	(455,944)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	22,544,276	\$	23,258,604	\$	21,362,119	\$	(1,896,485)
Special Revenue Funds:								
School Cafeteria Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,611	\$	(389)
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	228,000	\$	228,000	\$	206,770	\$	(21,230)
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	40,600	\$	40,600	\$	45,898	\$	5,298
Total revenue from local sources	\$	270,600	\$	270,600	\$	254,279	\$	(16,321)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	15,989	\$	15,989	\$	90,726	\$	74,737
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	750,000	\$	750,000	\$	782,273	\$	32,273
Commodities		-		73,618		73,618		<u>-</u>
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	750,000	\$	823,618	\$	855,891	\$	32,273
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,036,589	\$	1,110,207	\$	1,200,896	\$	90,689

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	,	ginal dget	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)						
School Textbook Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Miscellaneous revenue						
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$ 110,000	\$ 2,220	\$	(107,780)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$ 110,000	\$ 2,220	\$	(107,780)
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	-	\$ 110,000	\$ 2,220	\$	(107,780)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board		80,865	\$ 24,478,811	\$ 22,565,235	\$	(1,913,576)



Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	680,368	\$	528,253	\$ 255,043	\$	273,210	
Total legislative	\$	680,368	\$	528,253	\$ 255,043	\$	273,210	
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	279,773	\$	281,444	\$ 273,812	\$	7,632	
Legal services		13,918		13,918	12,285		1,633	
Commissioner of revenue		382,972		383,291	292,195		91,096	
Treasurer		217,275		220,720	194,005		26,715	
Data processing		182,149		216,549	114,351		102,198	
Other general and financial administration		41,000		41,000	36,550		4,450	
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,117,087	\$	1,156,922	\$ 923,198	\$	233,724	
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	155,673	\$	155,673	\$ 154,592	\$	1,081	
Total board of elections	\$	155,673	\$	155,673	\$ 154,592	\$	1,081	
Total general government administration	\$	1,953,128	\$	1,840,848	\$ 1,332,833	\$	508,015	
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	19,750	\$	19,750	\$ 9,752	\$	9,998	
General district court		11,800		11,800	5,063		6,737	
Commissioner of accounts		150		150	-		150	
Magistrate		100		100	-		100	
Juvenile and domestic relations district court		22,500		22,500	13,957		8,543	
Clerk of the circuit court		232,176		286,732	274,537		12,195	
Jurors and witnesses		9,412		9,412	4,190		5,222	
Sheriff		145,820		145,820	130,657		15,163	
Law library		1,500		4,909	579		4,330	
Total courts	\$	443,208	\$	501,173	\$ 438,735	\$	62,438	
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	312,470	\$	335,325	\$ 310,590	\$	24,735	
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	312,470	\$	335,325	\$ 310,590	\$	24,735	
Total judicial administration	\$	755,678	\$	836,498	\$ 749,325	\$	87,173	

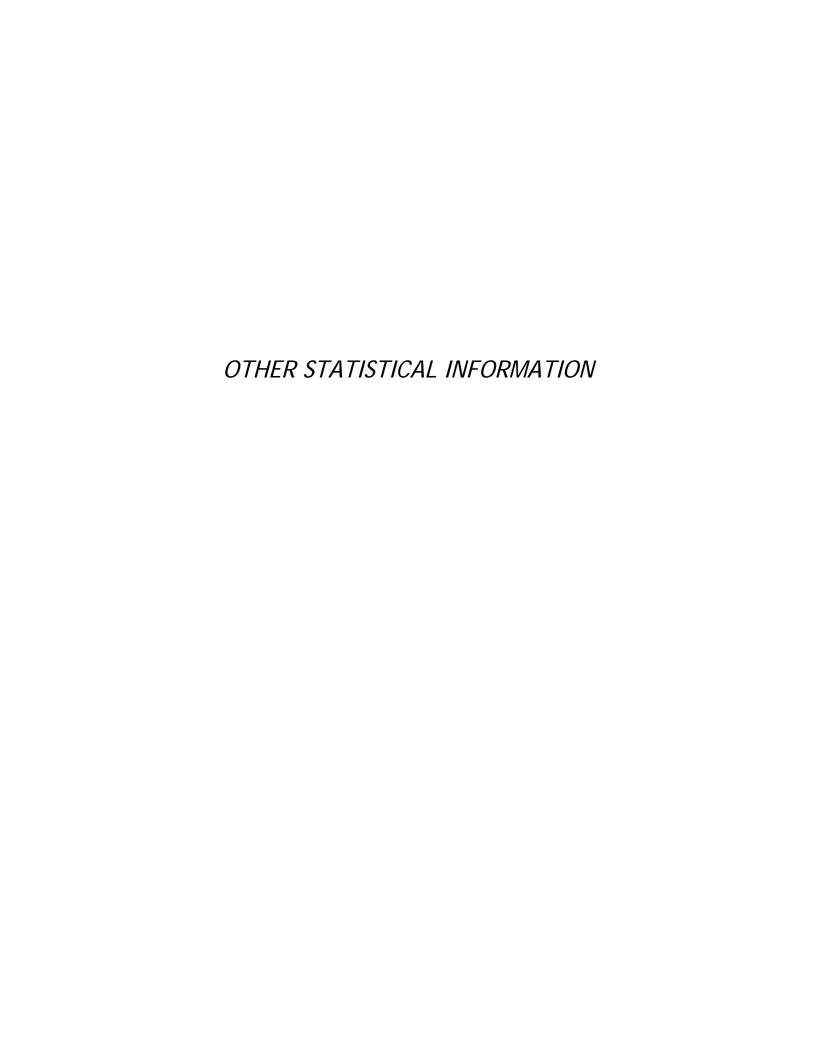
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,029,951	\$		\$	1,043,233	\$	223,893
Central dispatching	_	405,188	_	433,274		371,430		61,844
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,435,139	\$	1,700,400	\$	1,414,663	\$	285,737
Fire and rescue services:								
Volunteer fire department	\$	200,000	\$	230,027	\$	186,113	\$	43,914
Rescue service		113,060		113,060		92,448		20,612
State forestry service		12,122		12,122		12,122		
Total fire and rescue services	\$	325,182	\$	355,209	\$	290,683	\$	64,526
Correction and detention:								
Detention home	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	66,851	\$	(1,851)
Piedmont regional jail		753,902		753,902		426,598		327,304
Total correction and detention	\$	818,902	\$	818,902	\$	493,449	\$	325,453
Inspections:								
Building	\$	76,718	\$	95,927	\$	94,432	\$	1,495
Total inspections	\$	76,718	\$	95,927	\$	94,432	\$	1,495
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	62,061	\$	61,232	¢	39,250	¢	21,982
Medical examiner	7	200	~	200	~	60	~	140
Total other protection	\$	62,261	\$	61,432	\$	39,310	\$	22,122
Total public safety	\$	2,718,202	\$	3,031,870	\$	2,332,537	\$	699,333
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Litter control	\$	6,000	\$	6,113	\$	5,558	\$	555
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	6,000	\$	6,113	\$	5,558	\$	555
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	278,706	\$	280,450	\$	214,482	\$	65,968
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	278,706	\$	280,450	\$	214,482	\$	65,968
Total public works	\$	284,706	\$	286,563	\$	220,040	\$	66,523

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>					<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)									
Health and welfare: Health:									
Supplement of local health department	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	99,470	Ś	530	
Total health	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$		\$	530	
Mental health and mental retardation:									
Community services board	\$	57,355	\$	57,355	\$	57,355	\$	-	
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	57,355	\$	57,355	\$	57,355	\$	-	
Welfare:									
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,844,554	\$	1,844,554	\$	1,484,249	\$	360,305	
Comprehensive Services Act		896,835		896,835		548,070		348,765	
Total welfare	\$	2,741,389	\$	2,741,389	\$	2,032,319	\$	709,070	
Total health and welfare	\$	2,898,744	\$	2,898,744	\$	2,189,144	\$	709,600	
Education:									
Other instructional costs:									
Contribution to community colleges	\$	4,610	\$	4,610	\$	4,610	\$	-	
Contribution to County School Board		4,636,518		4,827,512		4,252,731		574,781	
Total education	\$	4,641,128	\$	4,832,122	\$	4,257,341	\$	574,781	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:									
Parks and recreation:									
Parks and recreation	\$	19,500	\$	69,059		19,500		49,559	
Total parks and recreation	\$	19,500	\$	69,059	\$	19,500	\$	49,559	
Library:									
Library administration	\$	245,167	\$	273,635	\$	256,177	\$	17,458	
Total library	\$	245,167	\$	273,635	\$	256,177	\$	17,458	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	264,667	\$	342,694	\$	275,677	\$	67,017	
Community development:									
Planning and community development:			_						
Economic development	\$	26,391	\$	26,434	\$	23,778	\$	2,656	
Planning commission		84,427		90,463		77,827		12,636	
Zoning board		2,850	Ċ	2,850	Ċ	2,226	ŕ	624	
Total planning and community development	\$	113,668	\$	119,747	\$	103,831	\$	15,916	
Environmental management:									
Soil and water conservation district	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	-	
Other environmental management	_	11,188		11,118	_	4,098	ć	7,020	
Total environmental management	\$	19,688	\$	19,618	\$	12,598	\$	7,020	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Community development: (Continued)								
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	52,282	\$	52,282	\$	50,993	\$	1,289
Total cooperative extension program	\$	52,282	\$	52,282	\$	50,993	\$	1,289
Other community development:								
Ft. Pickett local reuse authority	\$	351,177	\$	634,120	\$	442,541	\$	191,579
Community development block grant		6,000		6,000		41		5,959
Small business incubator		24,553		30,553		20,700		9,853
Lodge at Ft. Pickett		197,672		209,082		172,208		36,874
Total other community development	\$		\$	879,755	\$	635,490	\$	244,265
Total community development	\$	765,040	\$	1,071,402	\$	802,912	\$	268,490
	<u> </u>	,		, ,	•			
School debt service:	ċ	227 722	¢	227 722	ċ	444.250	Ļ	(447.72()
Principal retirement	\$	326,633	\$	326,633	>	444,359	\$	(117,726)
Interest and other fiscal charges	<u>_</u>	117,316	_	117,316	<u>,</u>	124,488	<u>,</u>	(7,172)
Total school debt service	\$	443,949	\$	443,949	\$	568,847	\$	(124,898)
Total General Fund	\$	14,725,242	\$	15,584,690	\$	12,728,656	\$	2,856,034
Special Revenue Funds:								
Landfill Fund:								
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill	\$	857,834	\$	830,961	\$	734,825	\$	96,136
Editoria		037,031	Ţ	030,701	7	731,023	7	70,130
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	52,125	\$	52,125	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges	-	-		3,099		3,099		-
Total debt service	\$	-	\$	55,224	\$	55,224	\$	_
				,		,		
Total Landfill Fund	\$	857,834	\$	886,185	\$	790,049	\$	96,136
E-911 Fund:								
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Emergency 911 services	\$	247,782	\$	379,233	\$	215,020	\$	164,213
	_		,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total E-911 Fund	<u>\$</u>	247,782	\$	379,233	\$	215,020	\$	164,213

Fund, Function, Activity and Element Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Dare Program Fund: Public safety:							
Law enforcement and traffic control:							
Dare program	\$	-	\$ 99	\$	-	\$	99
Total Dare Program Fund	\$	-	\$ 99	\$	-	\$	99
Total Primary Government	\$	15,830,858	\$ 16,850,207	\$	13,733,725	\$	3,116,482
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Instruction costs:							
Elementary and secondary schools	Ś	17,612,774	\$ 18,768,669	Ś	16,498,807	\$	2,269,862
Total instruction costs	\$	17,612,774	\$ 18,768,669		16,498,807	\$	2,269,862
Operating costs: Administration, attendance and health services Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant Total operating costs Total education Capital projects: School capital projects Total capital projects Total School Operating Fund	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,366,339 1,565,975 2,389,023 5,321,337 22,934,111 25,000 25,000 22,959,111	\$ 1,558,116 1,421,235 2,739,705 5,719,056 24,487,725 707,641 707,641 25,195,366	\$ \$	1,297,421 1,387,757 2,234,167 4,919,345 21,418,152 372,762 372,762 21,790,914	\$	260,695 33,478 505,538 799,711 3,069,573 334,879 334,879 3,404,452
Special Revenue Funds: School Textbook Fund: Education: Instruction: Elementary and secondary schools	\$	-	\$ 110,000		109,487	\$	513
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	-	\$ 110,000	\$	109,487	\$	513
School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services: Administration of school food program Commodities	\$	1,199,464 -	\$ 1,401,019 73,618	\$	1,134,821 73,618	\$	266,198 -
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	1,199,464	\$ 1,474,637	\$	1,208,439	\$	266,198
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	24,158,575	\$ 26,780,003	\$	23,108,840	\$	3,671,163







County of Nottoway, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	320.456 \$ 15.707.074	13,691,478	13,746,204	15,789,228	13,891,046	14,177,998	15,490,846	14,481,150	13,613,259	14,032,210
st	-56	ebt	.456 \$ 1	253,282		253,573 1	174,484 1	_	161,935 1	131,132	`	110.433
Interest	on Long-	Term Debt	Ş		267	253,	174	211	161	131	130	110
	Community	and Cultural Development	\$ 1.249.191		1,192,922	1,178,707	839,415	1,457,207	774,358	771,383	608,120	659,625
Parks,	Recreation,	nd Cultural	235.504	288,816	332,705	293,289	328,756	339,258	358,507	361,174	338,200	357,724
	ž	ar	\$,						_			_
		Education	4.509.077	4,105,917	4,271,797	6,279,361	4,779,326	4,526,212	5,262,880	4,834,848	5,231,092	4,704,799
			\$	-								
	Health and	Welfare	\$ 2.436.410	2,960,851	2,719,493	2,490,161	2,550,832	2,623,446	2,440,221	2,263,211	1,996,214	2,188,527
	Public	Works	\$ 3.193.667	1,451,886	1,211,446	1,106,481	1,281,092	613,101	1,776,879	1,543,166	1,074,068	1,046,610
	Public	Safety	742.287 \$ 2.017.296	2,164,176	1,985,731	2,619,360	2,134,591	2,508,940	2,788,375	2,589,898	2,530,134	2,517,124
			\$	-								
	Judicial	ninistration	742,287	751,950	734,255	715,061	749,812	760,916	766,111	753,595	768,920	816,258
	•	Adn	Ş	•								
General	Government	Administration Administration	\$ 1.003.186	952,744	1,030,374	853,235	1,052,738	1,137,841	1,161,580	1,232,743	936,027	1,631,110
	Fiscal	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

County of Nottoway, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Total	16,204,428	14,709,387	14,712,082	15,107,193	14,714,065	14,516,681	14,469,725	10,567,550	14,373,619	14,911,759
Gain/	(Loss) on	Disposal of	Capital	Assets	\$ 773,975 \$		258,158			56,853		(3,756,634)		
Grants and	Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	40,470 \$ 1,723,017 \$	797,297	1,470,004	1,489,054	1,443,945	1,538,961	1,440,129	1,625,711	1,511,423	1,508,408
SI		_		Miscellaneous	\$ 40,470	209,941	121,783	109,817	94,763	112,145	81,512	68,162	74,480	205,802
GENERAL REVENUES		Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	\$ 936,444	1,136,271	825,800	785,153	728,438	716,771	727,700	711,772	629,974	640,964
GEL		Other	Local	Taxes	\$ 1,979,024	1,840,115	1,425,465	1,458,257	1,474,067	1,555,276	1,586,886	1,556,878	1,612,326	1,703,463
		General	Property	Taxes	\$ 6,024,635	5,926,926	6,143,978	6,189,091	6,396,185	6,034,409	6,666,598	6,653,238	6,833,044	6,918,150
S	Capital	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 82,300	50,048	242,157	1,372,452	71,955	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	\$ 4,075,732	4,204,403	3,698,189	3,240,693	4,031,460	4,026,666	3,489,580	3,125,217	3,188,576	3,374,947
PRO		Charges	for	Services	5 568,831	544,386	526,548	462,676	473,252	475,600	477,320	583,206	523,796	560,025
I			Fiscal	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) County of Nottoway, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	32,277,021	34,836,690	33,847,751	32,169,015	31,647,142	31,214,472	31,888,676	31,777,571	31,931,648	32,589,834
		Ş									
49	Service	841,086	944,246	962,444	2,340,248	929,645	540,574	924,557	888,881	932,866	624,071
		⋄									
Parks, Community	and Cultural Development	\$ 1,091,767 \$	748,890	2,332,406	729,300	738,042	660,920	758,808	976,404	690,964	802,912
Parks,	and Cultural	\$ 183,570	237,571	243,572	235,094	238,858	246,125	276,770	277,835	264,371	275,677
	Education (2)	22,412,062	24,954,627	21,989,394	21,782,328	22,119,207	22,049,473	21,925,848	21,667,654	22,071,187	23,113,450
	ш	Ş									
Hoolth and	Welfare	2,390,868	2,903,489	2,666,628	2,434,336	2,516,591	2,646,524	2,368,329	2,285,888	2,153,350	2,189,144
		Ş									
d id	Works	1,572,814	1,122,463	1,998,718	962,552	1,099,329	1,030,169	1,146,247	1,104,173	1,270,202	954,865
		Ş									
ر الم	Safety	2,067,127	2,179,682	1,957,030	1,991,119	2,174,631	2,285,758	2,683,293	2,560,867	2,617,795	2,547,557
		\$									
- - - -	Administration	\$ 673,492	674,133	658,721	602,921	638,417	650,265	996,299	675,769	726,542	749,325
	, E	35	66	<u>∞</u>	_	7	4	4	0	_	23
General	Administration	1,044,235	1,071,589	1,038,838	1,091,117	1,192,422	1,104,66	1,136,864	1,340,10	1,204,371	1,332,833
י	γ	\$									
Fish	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

County of Nottoway, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	34,757,444	34,663,967	33,837,514	33,340,735	32,674,332	32,211,528	32,312,925	31,973,659	32,353,209	33,328,843
	⋄									
Inter- governmental (2)	5 24,623,214	24,251,463	24,398,578	23,546,461	22,902,655	22,796,756	21,881,997	21,934,976	22,190,197	22,917,302
On.					_					
Recovered Costs	106,774	102,799	107,158	391,575	190,890	17,747	421,890	131,576	375,401	216,534
~	Ş									
Miscellaneous	234,618	378,287	304,172	305,322	327,280	362,340	274,961	242,480	172,295	273,178
Mis	⋄									
Charges for Services	828,754	755,632	714,884	637,966	647,763	617,069	592,821	928,689	655,673	682,891
	δ.									
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	937,816	1,137,683	831,138	790,040	731,551	720,347	730,188	715,020	631,785	642,575
	- ♦									
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 10,133	16,137	17,068	16,200	16,740	7,972	5,574	3,848	4,007	10,984
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	59,693	106,037	88,505	79,701	78,966	79,368	83,156	87,022	70,251	75,720
ā	. Υ									
Other Local Taxes	1,979,024	1,840,115	1,425,465	1,458,257	1,474,067	1,555,276	1,586,886	1,556,878	1,612,326	1,703,463
	\$									
General Property Taxes	5,977,418	6,075,814	5,950,546	6,115,213	6,304,420	6,054,653	6,735,452	6,611,983	6,641,274	6,806,196
	δ.									
Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Nottoway, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Percent of Total Tax Outstanding Delinquent Collections Delinquent Taxes to ns to Tax Levy	.063 101.05% \$ 792,924 11.65%	226 97.98% 835,419 11.62%	896 98.92% 793,701 11.50%	229 98.05% 832,656 11.78%	548 100.07% 747,418 10.50%		97.81%	490 98.44% 747,240 9.75%	795 97.03% 844,418 10.79%	955 97.71% 837,051 10.74%
Total Tax Collections	\$ 6,878,063	7,047,226	6,829,896	6,933,229	7,121,548	6,919,618	7,529,386	7,543,490	7,595,795	7,614,955
Delinquent Tax (1,2) Collections	\$ 330,336	145,342	257,267	226,796	319,368	260,350	327,871	250,767	289,698	303,828
Percent of Levy Collected	96.19%	92.96%	95.19%	94.84%	95.58%	94.73%	93.56%	95.17%	93.33%	93.81%
Current Tax Collections (1)	\$ 6,547,727	6,901,884	6,572,629	6,706,433	6,802,180	6,659,268	7,201,515	7,292,723	7,306,097	7,311,127
Total Tax Levy (1)	\$ 86,806,898 \$	7,192,469	6,904,508	7,071,099	7,116,812	7,029,394	7,697,598	7,662,773	7,827,966	7,793,788
Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. Includes personal property tax relief funds. (2) Does not include land redemptions.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property (in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Public Service (2)	Total
2008	\$ 790,448	\$ 76,093	\$ 18,237	\$ 66,339	\$ 951,116
2009	798,086	80,427	14,482	57,123	950,118
2010	805,070	69,447	13,998	56,230	944,746
2011	819,717	73,693	15,516	62,734	971,660
2012	819,870	72,893	14,799	72,922	980,484
2013	945,617	72,954	13,089	77,364	1,109,024
2014	878,681	77,330	14,849	84,102	1,054,962
2015	878,668	80,115	10,050	90,207	1,059,040
2016	892,421	90,649	9,280	90,207	1,082,557
2017	814,187	83,507	9,661	113,068	1,020,423

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Public Utilit			ity		
						Machinery				
Fiscal		Real		Personal		and		Real		Personal
Year		Estate		Property		Tools		Estate		Property
2008	\$	0.47	\$	3.40	\$	1.35	\$	0.47	\$	3.40
2009	•	0.49	*	3.50	•	1.35	•	0.49	•	3.50
2010		0.49		3.50		1.35		0.49		3.50
2011		0.49		3.50		1.35		0.49		3.50
2012		0.49		3.50		1.35		0.49		3.50
2013		0.44		3.50		1.35		0.44		3.50
2014		0.47		3.75		1.35		0.47		3.75
2015		0.47		3.75		1.35		0.47		3.75
2016		0.47		3.75		1.35		0.47		3.75
2017		0.47		3.75		1.35		0.47		3.75

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Nottoway, Virginia Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2008	15,725	\$ 951,116	\$ 7,529,614	\$ 7,529,614	0.79% \$	479
2009	15,725	950,118	8,979,904	8,979,904	0.95%	571
2010	15,853	944,746	8,421,596	8,421,596	0.89%	531
2011	15,853	971,660	6,477,614	6,477,614	0.67%	409
2012	15,853	980,484	5,885,627	5,885,627	0.60%	371
2013	15,853	1,109,024	5,301,684	5,301,684	0.48%	334
2014	15,853	1,054,962	4,609,783	4,609,783	0.44%	291
2015	15,853	1,059,040	4,609,783	4,609,783	0.44%	291
2016	15,853	1,082,557	3,214,548	3,214,548	0.30%	203
2017	15,853	1,020,423	2,760,811	2,760,811	0.27%	174

⁽¹⁾ Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service - University of Virginia

⁽²⁾ From Table 6

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, notes payable, landfill closure liability and compensated absences.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Nottoway Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Nottoway, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Nottoway Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Nottoway, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia November 10, 2017

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Nottoway Nottoway, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Nottoway, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Nottoway, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Nottoway, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Nottoway, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Nottoway, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia November 10, 2017

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County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Entity	F	ederal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number		enditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950116/0950117	\$	6,443
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400116/0400117		183,882
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500116/0500117		543
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600416/0600417		18,672
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760116/0760117		26,309
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160116/9160117		491
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900116/0900117		263
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100116/1100117		82,910
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1130116/1130117		27,349
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000116/1000117		120,654
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150116/9150117		1,353
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540116/0540117		6,517
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200116/1200117		207,883
otal Department of Health and Human Services			\$	683,269
Department of Agriculture: Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Food DistributionSchool	10.555	17901-45707	\$	73,618
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-40623	_	563,796
Total CFDA# 10.555	40 FF2	17004 40504	\$	637,414
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17901-40591		206,784
Department of Health:	10.559	unavailable		11 (02
Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	unavanable	\$	11,693 855,891
Total Citied Natificial Claster				033,071
Department of Health:				
Pilot Projects to Reduce Dependency and Increase Work Requirements				
and Work Effort Under SNAP	10.596	unavailable		15,996
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010113/0010114		163,761
otal Department of Agriculture			s	1,035,648
			-	1,033,040
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Compensation Board:	16 575	unavailable	\$	<i>1</i> 2 515
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575 16.738		Þ	43,515
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	10.730	unavailable		1,123
Total Department of Justice			\$	44,638
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	605007-53000	\$	6,031
Department of the Defense:				
Direct Payments:				
JROTC	12.xxx	N/A	\$	91,501

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title (Pass - Through Grantor's Number)	Federal Catalog Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	penditures
Department of the Treasury:				
Direct Payments:				
Commonwealth of Virginia Attorney General's Office:				
Forfeited assets	21.XXX	N/A	\$	56,149
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901	\$	742,548
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	17901-42910		5,119
Migrant Education - Coordination Program	84.144	17901-61399		5,340
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071		665,104
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17901-62521		16,464
Total Special Education Cluster			\$	681,568
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095		50,807
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	17901-60565		222,332
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	17901-60512		5,699
Rural Education	84.358	17901-43481		54,110
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	17901-61480		110,104
Total Department of Education			\$	1,877,627
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	3,794,863

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Nottoway, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Nottoway, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Nottoway, Virginia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2017, the County received and disbursed food commodities totaling \$73,618.

Note 4 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

Note 5 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	969,844
Total primary government	\$	969,844
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	1,969,128
School Cafeteria Fund		855,891
Total component unit school board	\$	2,825,019
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures	_	
of Federal Awards	\$ _	3,794,863
Rural development loan proceeds	\$_	40,000
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$ _	3,834,863

County of Nottoway, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	<u>unmodified</u>	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified?	yes <u>√</u> no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes none repo	orted
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes✓no	
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes √ no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes ✓ none repo	orted
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>unmodified</u>	
Any findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	yes✓no	
Identification of major programs:		
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.553/10.555/10.559	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Child Nutrition Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A		
and type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yesno	
Section II-Financial S	Statement Findings	
None		
Section III-Federal Award Find	dings and Questioned Costs	
None		

County of Nottoway, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

There were no prior audit findings.

