

FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

## COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA JUNE 30, 2015

#### **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

Douglas V. Bowman, Chairman Lottie T. Nunn, Vice-Chairman

J.T. Davis Thomas E. West William Bryant Claiborne S. Lawrence Giordano Hubert Pannell Barry A. Bank

#### **COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD**

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#### **BOARD OF SOCIAL SERVICES**

Debbie Ferguson, Chairman Jewel Medley, Vice-Chairman

Barry Bank

Lottie Nunn

**Earl Howerton** 

#### OTHER OFFICIALS

Judge of the Circuit Court
Judge of the Circuit Court
Clerk of the Circuit Court
Judge of the General District Court
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court
Commonwealth's Attorney
Commissioner of the Revenue
Treasurer
Sheriff
Superintendent of Schools
Director of Department of Social Services
County Administrator

Leslie M. Osborn
Joel C. Cunningham
Cathy M. Cosby
Robert G. Woodson
S. Anderson Nelson
Tracy Q. Martin
Brenda P. Powell
Ruth Ann Oakes
Fred S. Clark
Merle Herndon
Kathy Andrews
James Halasz

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## ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Halifax, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Halifax, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Halifax, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 18 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-9, 76-77, and 78-83 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Halifax, Virginia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information (Continued)

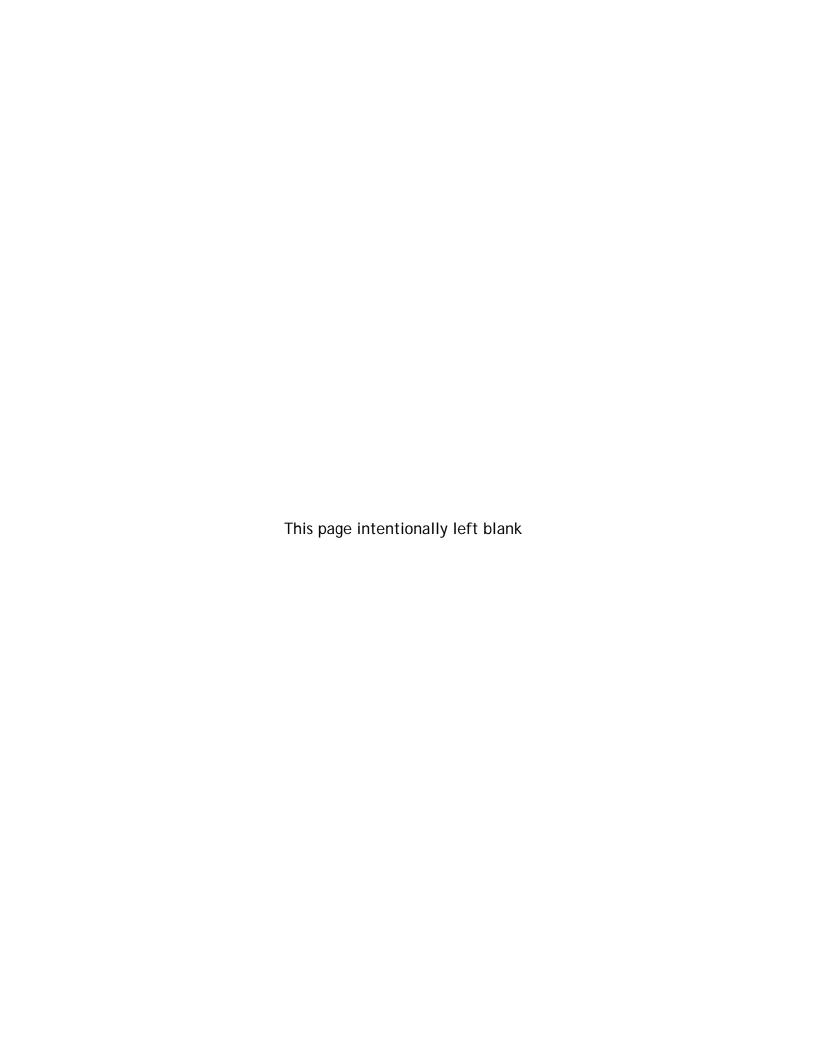
The other statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Halifax, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Halifax, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mobinson, Jarmy Cox Associates
Charlottesville, Virginia

January 15, 2016



### County of Halifax, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the County of Halifax (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources position of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by approximately \$23.9 million (net position). Of this amount, approximately \$16.2 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position increased by \$3,686,160 in fiscal year 2015 in comparison to an increase of \$3,006,166 in fiscal year 2014.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22.3 million, an increase of \$2,684,388. Thirty-nine percent, or \$8.6 million of this amount, is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance for the General Fund was approximately \$19.5 million, or 55% of total governmental fund expenditures less any capital outlay.
- The County's total governmental activities debt decreased by \$6,137,681 during the current fiscal year after the payment of principal and recognizing the decrease in the net pension liability.
- The County implemented Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Accordingly, the net pension liability and related information are reported on the statement of net position along with a more comprehensive measure of pension expense and enhanced, note disclosures and required supplementary information. More information regarding the implementation of this new accounting standard can be found in Notes 18 and 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of how the financial position of the County may be changing. Increases in net position may indicate an improved financial position; however, even decreases in net position may reflect a changing manner in which the County may have used previously accumulated funds.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Government-wide financial statements: (Continued)

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and education.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school board and a legally separate industrial development authority for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 12 of this report.

#### Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The County maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Virginia Public Assistance Fund and the Capital Projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other County funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Virginia Public Assistance fund, Capital Projects fund, State and Federal Grants fund, William M. Tuck Airport fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 16 of this report.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Fund financial statements: (Continued)

*Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund statement can be found on page 17 of this report.

#### Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 75 of this report.

#### Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required* supplementary information concerning budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the Virginia Public Assistance Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 76 through 83 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 84 of this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$23.9 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A large portion of the County's net position (\$7.6 million, 32% of total) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities (i.e., the County's investment in capital assets are of a permanent nature as assets acquired are generally not sold or otherwise disposed of during their useful life).

The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position.

As noted previously, the County's total net position increased by \$3,686,160 during the current fiscal year.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

## Comparative Statement of Changes in Net Position As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governmental Activities				
	_	2015		2014	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	741,032	\$	706,508	
Operating grants and contributions	Ф	8,951,159	Ф	8,537,054	
Capital grants and contributions		201,229		928,245	
General revenues:		201,229		720,243	
Property taxes		25,366,255		24,807,716	
Other taxes		7,083,089		6,583,756	
Unrestricted revenues		314,961		343,804	
Miscellaneous		309,273		507,624	
Grants and contributions not		307,273		307,024	
restricted to specific programs		2,874,716		2,897,174	
Total revenues	\$ -	45,841,714	\$	45,311,881	
Total revenues	Ψ_	43,041,714	Ψ.	43,311,001	
Expenses:					
General governmental administration	\$	2,245,594	\$	2,198,400	
Judicial administration		1,623,467		1,638,022	
Public safety		8,236,832		7,190,142	
Public works		3,238,819		3,810,125	
Health and welfare		6,958,509		6,813,100	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		413,002		454,679	
Community development		1,249,001		2,014,030	
Interest on long-term debt		2,000,501		1,177,375	
Education		16,189,829		17,009,842	
Total expenses	\$	42,155,554	\$	42,305,715	
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	3,686,160	\$	3,006,166	
Net position - beginning of year (restated FY 2015)		20,212,874		19,716,555	
Net position - end of year	\$	23,899,034	\$	22,722,721	
	=	<u> </u>			

The beginning net position was restated as of July 1, 2014 to implement GASB Statement Number 68. Reference Note 18 for additional details.

Generally, net position changes are the difference between revenues and expenses. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- General property taxes, excluding the payments received from the State as reimbursement under the State's personal property tax relief program, were \$25.4 million, which represents an increase of approximately \$550,000 or 2%.
- Other local taxes increased \$499,333, primarily due to an increase in local sales tax.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis: (Continued)

• Expenses of the governmental activities were approximately \$150,000 less than fiscal year 2014. This decrease is attributable to decreases in public works, community development and education expense.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds**: The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22.3 million, an increase of \$2,684,388 in comparison with the prior year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. Including transfers to and from other funds, the general fund's revenues exceeded expenditures by \$3,503,831. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$19.6 million. The unassigned fund balance is \$8,602,332 nonspendable amounts total \$122,358, restricted amounts total \$93,500, committed amounts total \$569,924, and assigned amounts represent \$10,174,758. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, the fund balance represents 55% of general government expenditures, excluding capital outlay.

The County Capital Improvements Fund accounts for all major general public improvements, excluding capital projects related to business-type activities and education, which are accounted for elsewhere. At the end of the fiscal year, the fund balance was \$1,746,169, representing unexpended debt proceeds to be used for capital projects.

Nonmajor special revenue funds included the Airport Fund and the State and Federal Grants Fund. Both funds accounted for the total reported as committed special revenue funds in the amount of \$969,386.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

There was a increase of \$1,505,374 between the original budget and the final amended budget expenditures excluding transfers out.

Actual revenues were more than the budgeted amounts by \$1,427,329 and actual expenditures were less than budgeted amounts by \$2,384,514.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015, amounts to \$54.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, and machinery and equipment as well as construction in progress. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of several vehicles for various County departments
- Courthouse needs assessment
- Sheriff's office relocation and renovation
- Renovation of the STEM building

#### <u>Capital Asset and Debt Administration: (Continued)</u>

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are illustrated in the following table:

	Governmental				
	_	Activities	_	Total	
Land	\$	5,075,550	\$	5,075,550	
Buildings and systems		45,820,665		45,820,665	
Machinery & Equipment		1,544,324		1,544,324	
Contruction in progress		2,079,431		2,079,431	
Total	\$	54,519,970	\$	54,519,970	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 7 on pages 32 through 33 of this report.

**Long-term obligations**: At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total outstanding obligations of \$51.9 million excluding premium on bond issuance. Details are summarized in the following table:

	Governmental Activities		Total
Bonds Payable:		-	
General obligation bonds	\$ 39,498,037	\$	39,498,037
Revenue bonds	3,844,000		3,844,000
Literary loans	4,200,141		4,200,141
Landfill Closure/Postclosure	1,635,005		1,635,005
Net pension liability	734,249		734,249
Capital leases	276,968		276,968
Note payable	627,304		627,304
Net OPEB obligation	223,700		223,700
Compensated absences	943,966		943,966
Total	\$ 51,983,370	\$	51,983,370

Debt associated with governmental activities decreased \$6,137,681 due to principal payments and recognizing a decrease in the net pension liability.

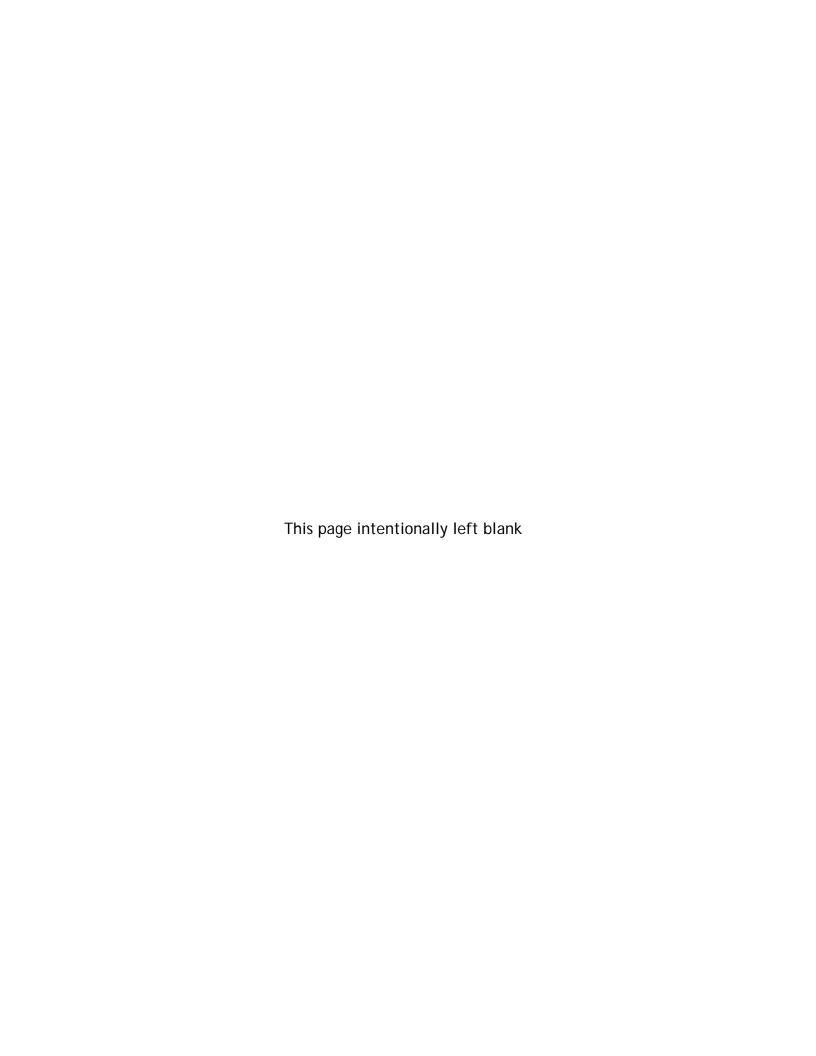
#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County as of September 2015 was 6%. The State's average unemployment rate was 4.1% and the national average rate was 4.9%.
- One of the greatest economic impacts to the County currently is the uncertainty of how the State allocations to local governments will be adjusted due to State budgetary issues being addressed by the State.

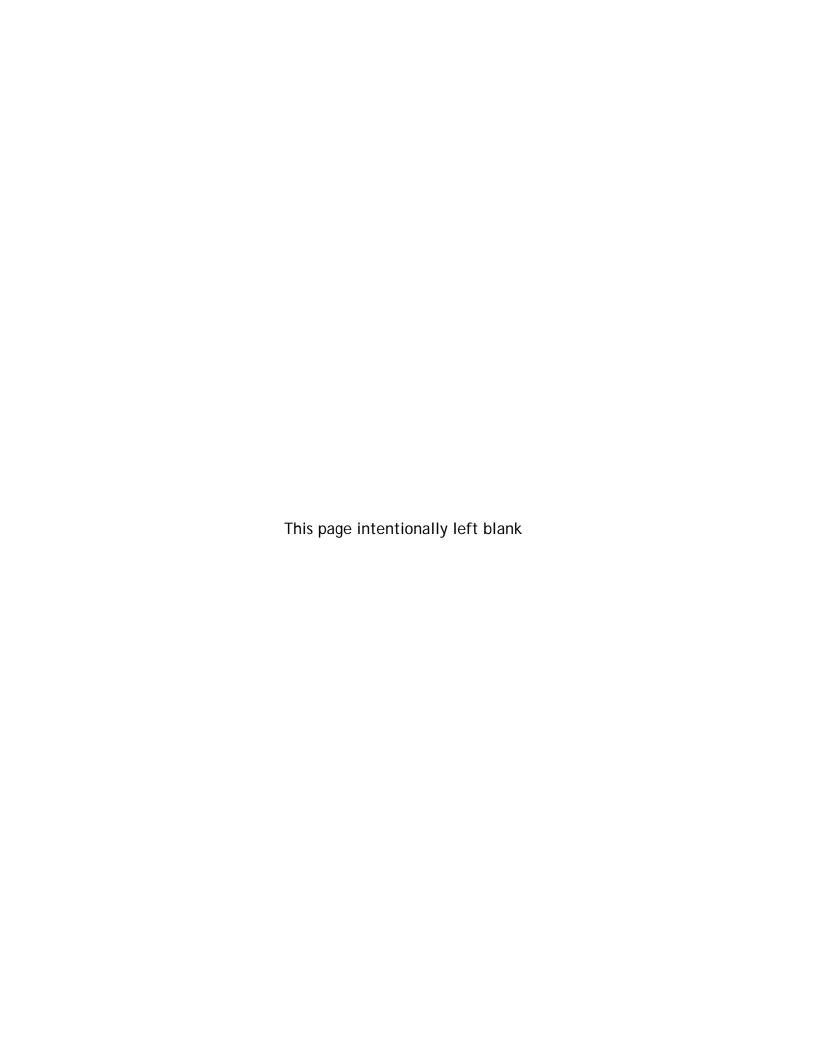
#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, County of Halifax, 1030 Cowford Road, P.O. Box 699, Halifax, VA 24558.









		Primary			
		Government	Com	ponent Units	
				Industrial	
	G	Sovernmental	School	Development	Regional
		Activities	Board	Authority	Library
	-				
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,251,386 \$	6,588,533 \$	2,684,354 \$	38,288
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):					
Taxes receivable		17,798,659	-	-	-
Accounts receivable		409,266	787,180	3,200	-
Notes receivable		-	-	51,755	-
Due from component unit		4,869,212	-	-	-
Due from other governmental units		1,810,990	3,214,671	43,092	-
Prepaid items		122,358	948,508	-	-
Property held for resale		-	-	2,666,598	-
Restricted assets:		1 000 047			
Cash and cash equivalents		1,892,047	-	-	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):  Land		5,075,550	130,523	1,328,342	
Buildings and systems		45,820,665	22,660,288	29,301,283	-
Machinery and equipment		1,544,324	1,413,974	1,602,790	_
Construction in progress		2,079,431	-	4,211,694	_
Total assets	\$	95,673,888 \$	35,743,677 \$		38,288
	· —			11/212/100	
DEFERRED OUTLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Post measurement date employer pension contributions	\$	687,092 \$	3,988,652 \$	21,380 \$	13,099
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ <u></u>	687,092 \$	3,988,652 \$		13,099
10141 40101104 11110110 01 100041 000	*-	00.7072 +	4	2.7000 +	.07077
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	94,653 \$	322,970 \$	129,293 \$	_
Accrued liabilities	•	105	5,798,186	-	-
Accrued interest payable		914,402	-	_	-
Unearned revenue		-	_	198,720	_
Due to primary government		-	4,619,812	249,400	-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year		3,720,744	182,512	869,947	-
Due in more than one year		49,088,308	48,234,727	9,335,715	19,999
Total liabilities	\$	53,818,212 \$	59,158,207 \$	10,783,075 \$	19,999
	_				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	16,684,416 \$	- \$	- \$	-
Changes in proportionate share of employer contributions		-	1,089,000	-	-
Net difference of actual and expected pension liability earni	ngs	1,959,318	7,491,416	60,968	37,356
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	18,643,734 \$	8,580,416 \$	60,968 \$	37,356
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,621,311 \$	23,672,920 \$	26,251,466 \$	-
Restricted:					
Asset forfeiture		93,500	-	-	-
Unrestricted		16,184,223	(51,679,214)	4,818,979	(5,968)
Total net position	\$	23,899,034 \$	(28,006,294) \$	31,070,445 \$	(5,968)

			Program Revenues					
			_			Operating		Capital
				Charges for		<b>Grants and</b>		<b>Grants and</b>
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Services		Contributions		Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$	2,245,594	\$	-	\$	279,740	\$	-
Judicial administration		1,623,467		60,165		871,737		-
Public safety		8,236,832		336,863		2,545,507		84,010
Public works		3,238,819		317,704		17,998		-
Health and welfare		6,958,509		-		5,231,177		-
Education		16,189,829		-		-		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		413,002		11,280		5,000		-
Community development		1,249,001		15,020		-		117,219
Interest on long-term debt		2,000,501		-		-	_	
Total governmental activities	\$	42,155,554	\$	741,032	\$	8,951,159	\$	201,229
Total primary government	\$_	42,155,554	\$	741,032	\$	8,951,159	\$	201,229
COMPONENT UNITS:								
School Board	\$	57,744,757	\$	797,576	\$	40,580,986	\$	-
Industrial Development Authority		2,944,743		1,863,401		-		2,019,336
Regional Library		426,457	_	30,192		197,427	_	-
Total component units	\$	61,115,957	\$	2,691,169	\$	40,778,413	\$	2,019,336

General revenues:

General property taxes

Other local taxes:

Local sales and use tax

Consumers utility taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Solid waste disposal fee

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Payments from Halifax County

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Total general revenues

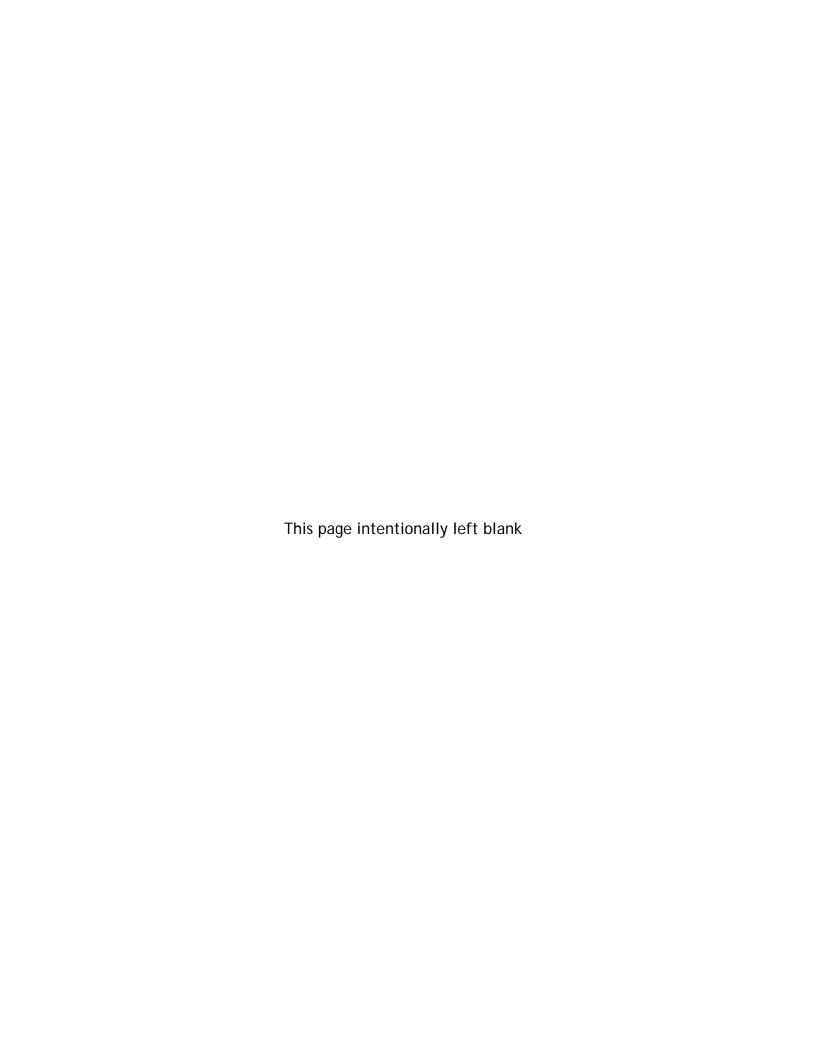
Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated

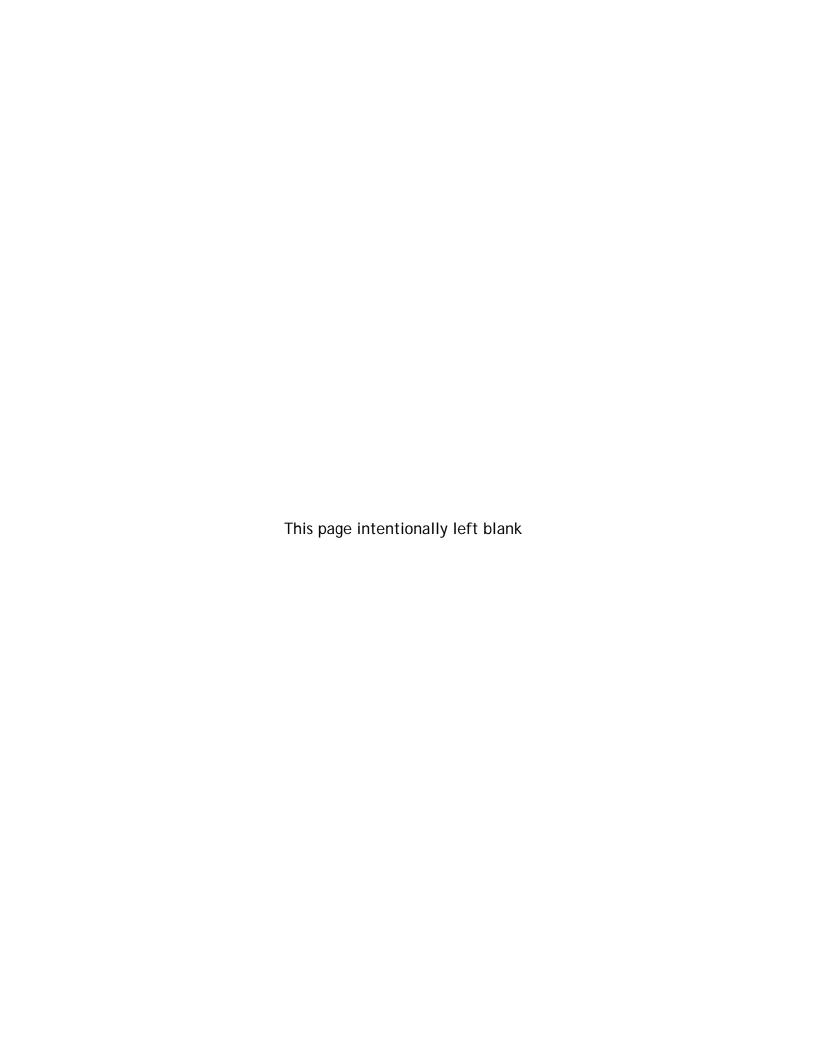
Net position - ending

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Component Units								
	Primary Government	Industrial								
	Governmental			Development		Regional				
	Activities	School Board		Authority		Library				
\$	(1,965,854) \$		\$		\$					
Ф	(691,565)	-	Φ	-	Ф	-				
	(5,270,452)	_		_		_				
	(2,903,117)	_		_		_				
	(1,727,332)	_		_		_				
	(16,189,829)	_		-		_				
	(396,722)	-		-		-				
	(1,116,762)	-		-		-				
	(2,000,501)	-		-		-				
\$	(32,262,134) \$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
\$	(32,262,134) \$	-	\$	-	\$					
\$	- \$	(16,366,195)	\$	-	\$	-				
	-	-		937,994						
	<u>-</u>			-		(198,838)				
\$	\$	(16,366,195)	\$	937,994	\$	(198,838)				
\$	25,366,255 \$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
	3,483,971	-		-		-				
	919,447	-		-		-				
	926,169	-		-		-				
	580,534	-		-		-				
	1,172,968	-		-		-				
	314,961	-		23,338		-				
	-	16,068,813		557,032		178,112				
	309,273	1,693,038		-		30,318				
	2,874,716	-		-	٠,٠	-				
\$	35,948,294 \$		\$	580,370	\$	208,430				
\$	3,686,160 \$		\$	1,518,364	\$	9,592				
\$	20,212,874 23,899,034 \$	(29,401,950) (28,006,294)	¢.	29,552,081 31,070,445	\$	(15,560) (5,968)				
Φ	23,077,034 \$	(20,000,294)	Φ	31,070,443	Φ.	(0,700)				







Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	_	General	Virginia Public Assistance	County Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	13,282,000 \$	- \$	-	\$ 969,386 \$	14,251,386
Taxes receivable		17,798,659	-	-	-	17,798,659
Accounts receivable		409,266	-	-	-	409,266
Due from other funds		778,709	-	-	-	778,709
Due from component units		4,869,212	-	-	-	4,869,212
Due from other governmental units		1,032,281	778,709	-	-	1,810,990
Prepaid items Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted:		122,358	-	-	-	122,358
Cash and cash equivalents		93,500	-	1,798,547	-	1,892,047
Total assets	\$	38,385,985 \$	778,709 \$	1,798,547	\$ 969,386 \$	41,932,627
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	42,275 \$	- \$	52,378	\$ - \$	94,653
Accrued liabilities		105	-	-	-	105
Due to other funds			778,709		<u> </u>	778,709
Total liabilities	\$	42,380 \$	778,709 \$	52,378	\$\$	873,467
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$_	18,780,733 \$	\$		\$\$	18,780,733
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	18,780,733 \$	\$_		\$\$_	18,780,733
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:	Φ.	400.050.4	Φ.			400.050
Prepaid items Restricted:	\$	122,358 \$	- \$	-	\$ - \$	122,358
Asset forfeiture, state and Federal		93,500	-	-	-	93,500
Capital projects Committed:		-	-	1,746,169	-	1,746,169
Future projects/grant matching		_	_	_	393,484	393,484
Airport operations		_	_	_	575,902	575,902
Asset forfeiture, local share		21,578	-	-	-	21,578
E-911 operations		280,386	-	-	-	280,386
Courthouse maintenance		189,051	_	-	-	189,051
Law library		78,909	-	-	-	78,909
Assigned:						
Budget carryovers		2,243,151	-	-	-	2,243,151
Long-term debt		6,521,893	-	-	-	6,521,893
Fiscal policy - capital & long-term deb	ot	1,409,714	_	_	-	1,409,714
Unassigned	-	8,602,332	-	-	-	8,602,332
Total fund balances	\$	19,562,872 \$	- \$	1,746,169	\$ 969,386 \$	22,278,427
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	38,385,985 \$	778,709 \$	1,798,547	\$ 969,386 \$	41,932,627

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	22,278,427
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation	\$_	78,386,342 (23,866,372)	_	54,519,970
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable or capitalized in the funds.				
Unavailable property taxes		2,096,317		
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	_	(1,959,318)	)	136,999
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				687,092
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Bonds and notes payable	\$	(48,169,482)		
Capital leases		(276,968)		
Unamortized premium on bonds		(825,682)		
Accrued interest payable		(914,402)		
Net OPEB obligation		(223,700)		
Compensated absences		(943,966)		
Net pension liability		(734,249)		
Landfill postclosure liability	_	(1,635,005)		(53,723,454)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	23,899,034

Interest and other fiscal charges

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

Total other financing sources (uses)

Total expenditures

(under) expenditures

Net change in fund balances

Fund balances - beginning

Fund balances - ending

Transfers in

Transfers out

2,079,057

44,378,350

2,684,388

1,921,618

(1,921,618)

2,684,388

19,594,039

22,278,427

693,598 \$

58,961 \$

58,961 \$

969,386 \$

910,425

- \$

\$

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General	Public Assistance	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES	_					
General property taxes	\$	25,975,109 \$	- :	\$ - \$	- 9	25,975,109
Other local taxes		7,083,089	-	-	-	7,083,089
Permits, privilege fees,						
and regulatory licenses		181,932	-	-	-	181,932
Fines and forfeitures		89,105	-	-	-	89,105
Revenue from the use of						
money and property		244,284	-	3,033	67,644	314,961
Charges for services		469,995	-	-	-	469,995
Miscellaneous		256,217	53,056	-	-	309,273
Recovered costs		612,170	-	-	-	612,170
Intergovernmental:						
Local government		147,111	-	-	-	147,111
Commonwealth		5,903,468	2,896,819	-	573,254	9,373,541
Federal		60,433	2,334,358	-	111,661	2,506,452
Total revenues	\$	41,022,913 \$	5,284,233	\$ 3,033	752,559	47,062,738
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	2,208,915 \$	- :	\$ - \$	- 9	2,208,915
Judicial administration		1,594,174	-	-	62,198	1,656,372
Public safety		7,981,325	-	-	487,119	8,468,444
Public works		3,477,487	-	-	-	3,477,487
Health and welfare		391,720	6,736,816	-	-	7,128,536
Education		12,763,750	-	-	-	12,763,750
Parks, recreation, and cultural		402,663	-	-	10,000	412,663
Community development		1,247,789	-	-	134,281	1,382,070
Nondepartmental		753	-	-	-	753
Capital projects		_	-	1,350,472	-	1,350,472
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		3,449,831	-	-	-	3,449,831

2,079,057

35,597,464

(1,921,618)

(1,921,618) \$

3,503,831 \$

19,562,872 \$

16,059,041

- \$

\$

\$

6,736,816 \$

(1,452,583)\$

1,452,583 \$

1,452,583 \$

- \$

1,350,472 \$

(1,347,439)\$

469,035 \$

469,035 \$

(878,404) \$

1,746,169 \$

2,624,573

Virginia

County

**Total Nonmajor** 

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 2,684,388

(24 000)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the details of this difference:

Capital asset additions	\$ 1,916,996	
Net transfer of joint tenancy assets	(2,343,675)	
Depreciation expense	 (1,979,149)	(2,405,828)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes recognized as revenue (608,854)

Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability (1,959,318) (2,568,172)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. The following are the details of these differences:

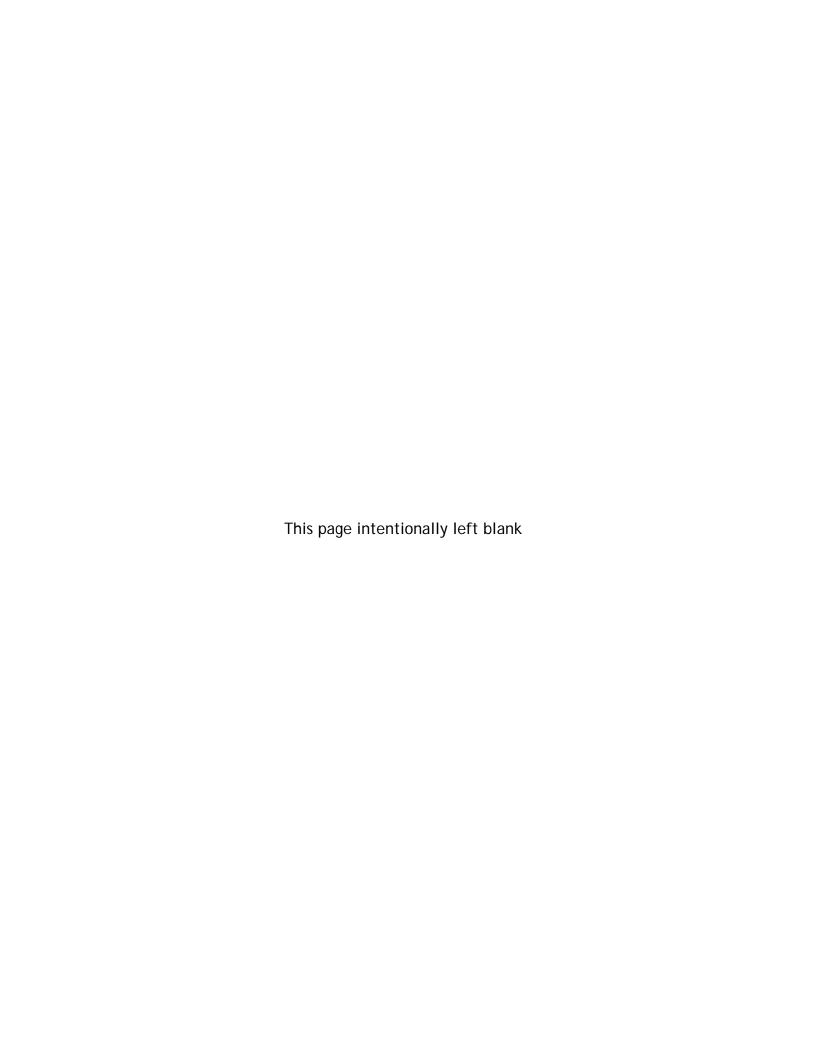
Principal payments 3,449,831

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation	\$ (31,800)	
(Increase) decrease in premium on bond issuance	136,767	
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	40,656	
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	(58,211)	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability	2,566,390	
Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent		
to the measurement date	(103,698)	
(Increase) decrease in landfill postclosure liability	 (24,163)	2,525,941
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,686,160

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	 Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 201,869	
Total assets	\$ 201,869	
LIABILITIES		
Accrued liabilities	\$ 13,593	
Amounts held for social services clients	61,050	
Amounts held for other organizations	 127,226	
Total liabilities	\$ 201,869	



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Halifax, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected eight member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and volunteer fire protection and rescue services; sanitation services; recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of Halifax, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Financial Statement Presentation

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense, the cost of "using up" capital assets, in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### A. Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses. The Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants. Internal service charges are eliminated and the net income or loss from internal service activities are allocated to the various functional expenses categories based on the internal charges to each function.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, internal service funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the government's original budget, final budget and actual results.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

#### B. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Halifax (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### C. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Units. The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units.

The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Halifax County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding of the school board is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The Halifax County Industrial Development Authority is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority's board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2015. Complete financial statements for the Authority are available from the Authority in South Boston, Virginia.

The Halifax County - South Boston Regional Library provides public library services to residents of the County and Town. The County appoints four of the five members of the library board. The library is fiscally dependent upon the County for operating contributions. The financial statements of the library are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The library does not issue separate financial statements.

#### D. Other Related Organizations

### Included in the County's Financial Report

None

## Jointly Governed Organizations

A jointly governed organization is a multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility.

The County, in conjunction with other localities, has created the Southside Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$87,450 to the Southside Community Services Board.

The County in conjunction with the Towns of Halifax and South Boston jointly govern the Halifax County Service Authority, a regional authority providing water and sewer service. The Authority's governing body is appointed by the participating governments. The participating governments do not have access to resources and surpluses nor are they liable for the Authority's debt or deficits. During the year, the County contributed \$125,275 to the Halifax County Service Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Other Related Organizations: (Continued)

**Jointly Governed Organizations: (Continued)** 

Southside Regional Public Service Authority

The County, in conjunction with the Counties of Mecklenburg and Charlotte are members of the Southside Regional Public Service Authority. The Authority operates as a regional solid waste landfill facility. The County paid the Authority tipping fees of \$908,952 for solid waste transferred to the Authority in fiscal year 2015.

## E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditures. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

### 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund as a major governmental fund.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for services, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

## 1. Governmental Funds: (Continued)

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund, State and Federal Grants Fund and William M. Tuck Airport Fund.

The Virginia Public Assistance Fund is a major special revenue fund used to account for and report the administration of the County's social services program.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The Capital Projects Funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The County Capital Projects Fund is reported as a major fund.

- Proprietary Funds Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. The County does not have a proprietary fund(s).
- 3. Fiduciary Funds (Agency Funds) Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds. Agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Agency Funds consist of the Special Welfare Fund, Halifax County War Memorial Fund, Heritage Festival Fund, pass-through funds of the Southside Community Services Board Fund and the Undistributed Local Sales tax Fund.

## 4. Component Unit

The Halifax County School Board has the following funds:

## **Governmental Funds:**

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - This fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Halifax and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

### 4. Component Unit: (Continued)

Governmental Funds: (Continued)

<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. Special revenue funds consist of the following funds:

The School Cafeteria Fund - Accounts for and reports the operations of the School Board's food service program. Financing is provided primarily by food and beverage sales and state and federal grants. This fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

The School Textbook Fund - Accounts for and reports the operations of the textbook rental program. This fund is considered a nonmajor fund.

<u>The Capital Projects Fund:</u> Capital projects funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The School Capital Projects Fund - Accounts for and reports all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. This fund is considered a major fund.

### F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

### G. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

### H. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### H. Receivables and Payables: (Continued)

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$596,035 at June 30, 2015 for property taxes.

### Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Due Date	June 5	N/A
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

## I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Component Unit Industrial Development Authority, a proprietary fund type, is required to capitalize its capital assets including the infrastructure constructed at the business park.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Plant, equipment and system	35-45
Motor vehicles	5-10
Equipment	2-15
Infrastructure	25
Buildings	15-40

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to received sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

### K. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### L. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
  expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
  authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The County establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### M. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

## N. Bond Issuance Costs

Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

### O. Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority consists of land held for resale. Inventory is valued and recorded at the lower of cost and market.

### P. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

### Q. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## R. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources: (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three types of items that qualify for Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue reporting in this category. representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup>, and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

### S. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County of Halifax, Virginia's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County of Halifax, Virginia's Retirement Plan net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the Component Unit School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year and budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Funds of the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting: (Continued)

- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. Several Supplemental Appropriations were necessary during the fiscal year.

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds at June 30, 2015:

- William M. Tuck Airport Fund
- School Cafeteria Fund
- School Capital Projects Fund
- State and Federal Grants Fund
- School Textbook Fund

## Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

## **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The County does not have a formal investment policy addressing the various types of risks associated with investments.

### Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by <u>Standard and Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using the <u>Standard and Poor's</u> rating scale.

#### Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fa	ir Quality Ratings
		AAAm
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	1,035,240
State Non-Arbitrage Program		1,798,547
Total	\$	2,833,787

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

### **External Investment Pools**

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of the positions in the external investment pools (Local Government Investment Pool and State Non-Arbitrage Pool) are the same as the value of the pool shares. As these pools are not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

### Note 4—Due from Other Governments:

At June 30, 2015, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

			Compone	nt Units
	_(	Primary Government	School Board	Industrial Development Authority
Component Units:				
Halifax County School Board	\$	4,619,812 \$	- \$	-
Halifax County Industrial Development Authority		249,400		
Total due from component units	\$	4,869,212 \$	- \$	
Other Governments:				
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Local sales tax	\$	608,720 \$	- \$	-
Communications tax		190,188	-	-
Shared revenues		19,926	-	-
Shared expenses		201,248	-	-
VPA funds		96,321	-	-
CSA funds		504,968	-	-
State Sales Tax		-	1,011,127	-
Other state grants		12,199	-	43,092
Federal Government:				
School fund grants		-	2,203,544	-
VPA funds	_	177,420	<u>-</u>	
Total due from other governments	\$_	1,810,990 \$	3,214,671 \$	43,092
Amounts due to other governments are as follows:				
Other Local Governments:				
Halifax County	\$	- \$	4,619,812 \$	249,400

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 5—Interfund Obligations:

Details of the Primary Government's interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Fund	 Interfund Receivable	 Interfund Payable
General Virginia Public Assistance	\$ 778,709 -	\$ - 778,709_
Total	\$ 778,709	\$ 778,709

## Note 6—Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In	_	Transfers Out
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,921,618
State and Federal Grants		-		-
County Capital Projects		469,035		-
Virginia Public Assistance		1,452,583		-
School Operating		-		200,000
School Textbook		200,000	_	
Total	\$	2,121,618	\$	2,121,618

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund and School Operating Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 7—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	_	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Primary Government:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:		5 075 550 A			
Land	\$	5,075,550 \$	- \$	- \$	5,075,550
Construction in progress	-	1,388,891	1,172,213	481,673	2,079,431
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	6,464,441 \$	1,172,213 \$	481,673 \$	7,154,981
Capital assets being depreciated:	Ψ_	Ψ_	1,172,213 ψ	Ψ01,073 ψ	7,134,701
Buildings and systems	\$	65,217,411 \$	- \$	2,936,469 \$	62,280,942
Machinery and equipment		7,723,963	1,226,456	<del>-</del>	8,950,419
Total capital asset being					
depreciated	\$_	72,941,374 \$	1,226,456 \$	2,936,469 \$	71,231,361
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and systems	\$	15,470,760 \$	1,582,311 \$	592,794 \$	16,460,277
Machinery and equipment	_	7,009,259	396,836	<del>-</del> .	7,406,095
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	22,480,019 \$	1,979,147 \$	592,794 \$	23,866,372
Capital assets, depreciable, net	\$_	50,461,355 \$	(752,691) \$	2,343,675 \$	47,364,989
Net capital assets primary					
government	\$ _	56,925,796 \$	419,522 \$	2,825,348 \$	54,519,970
Component Unit-School Board:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	130,523 \$	- \$	- \$	130,523
Construction in progress	_	380,689	72,511	453,200	
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	\$_	511,212 \$	72,511 \$	453,200 \$	130,523
Capital assets being depreciated:				4 440 050 4	0.000 5.40
Machinery and equipment Buildings and systems	\$	9,420,908 \$	- \$	1,112,359 \$	8,308,549 42,320,571
•	-	38,928,203	3,392,368	<del></del> .	42,320,371
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	48,349,111 \$	3,392,368 \$	1,112,359 \$	50,629,120
Accumulated depreciation:	Ψ_	40,347,111 ψ	<u>3,372,300</u> ψ	1,112,337 ψ	30,027,120
Machinery and equipment	\$	7,688,698 \$	318,236 \$	1,112,359 \$	6,894,575
Buildings and systems	Ψ	18,091,627	1,568,656	-	19,660,283
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	25,780,325 \$		1,112,359 \$	26,554,858
Capital assets, depreciable, net	\$	22,568,786 \$	1,505,476 \$	- \$	24,074,262
Net capital assets component	· <del>-</del>			· .	, ., .
unit school board	\$ =	23,079,998 \$	1,577,987 \$	453,200 \$	24,204,785

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 7—Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$ 53,094
Public safety	228,141
Public works	613,943
Parks, recreation and cultural	 1,565
Subtotal depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 896,743
Education - depreciation on joint tenancy assets	 1,082,404
Total Governmental activities	\$ 1,979,147
Component Unit School Board:	
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,294,098
Depreciation on joint tenancy assets	 592,794
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 1,886,892

Legislation enacted during the year ended June 30, 2002, Section 15.2-1800.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, 1950, as amended, has changed the reporting of local school capital assets and related debt for financial statement purposes. Historically, debt incurred by local governments "on-behalf" of school boards was reported in the school board's discrete column along with the related capital assets. Under the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, local governments have a "tenancy in common" with the school board whenever the locality incurs any financial obligation for any school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. For financial reporting purposes, the legislation permits the locality to report the portion of school property related to any outstanding financial obligation eliminating any potential deficit from capitalizing assets financed with debt. The effect on the County of Halifax, Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2015, is that school financed assets in the amount of \$43,296,178 (excluding accumulated depreciation) are reported in the Primary Government for financial reporting purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 8—Long-Term Obligations:

# **Primary Government:**

A summary of the long-term obligations' transactions are as follows:

		Restated Balance July 1, 2014	Issuance/	Retirement/ Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Obligations:	_					
Incurred by County:						
Compensated absences	\$	984,622 \$	- 5	\$ 40,656 \$	943,966 \$	94,397
Net OPEB obligation		191,900	50,100	18,300	223,700	-
Net pension liability		3,300,639	2,985,124	5,551,514	734,249	-
Landfill postclosure and corrective						
action costs		1,610,842	24,163	-	1,635,005	-
General obligation bond		455,000	-	53,000	402,000	54,000
Revenue bonds		4,053,000	-	209,000	3,844,000	219,000
Capital leases		489,552	-	212,584	276,968	128,003
Note payable	_	666,082		38,778	627,304	40,541
Total incurred by County	\$_	11,751,637 \$	3,059,387	6,123,832 \$	8,687,192 \$	535,941
Incurred by School Board:						
State Literary Fund Loans	\$	4,666,811 \$	- 9	\$ 466,670 \$	4,200,141 \$	466,670
General obligation bonds	_	41,565,836	-	2,469,799	39,096,037	2,590,344
Total incurred by School Board	\$	46,232,647 \$	- 5	2,936,469 \$	43,296,178 \$	3,057,014
Premium on bond issuance		962,449		136,767	825,682	127,789
Total incurred by School Board-						
Financial Statement Presentation	\$_	47,195,096 \$		\$ 3,073,236 \$	44,121,860 \$	3,184,803
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$_	58,946,733 \$	3,059,387	9,197,068	52,809,052 \$	3,720,744

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

				County Obli	gations			
Year	Gene	ral						
Ending	Obligatio	n Bond	Revenue	Bonds	Capital	Lease	Note Pa	yable
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 54,000 \$	8,442 \$	219,000 \$	126,982 \$	128,003 \$	7,261 \$	40,541 \$	28,547
2017	55,000	7,308	224,000	120,228	73,341	4,636	42,304	26,776
2018	56,000	6,153	235,000	113,232	75,624	2,354	44,066	24,896
2019	58,000	4,977	240,000	105,936	-	-	45,829	22,896
2020	59,000	3,759	250,000	98,296	-	-	48,473	20,774
2021	60,000	2,520	256,000	90,328	-	-	50,236	18,428
2022	60,000	1,260	267,000	82,135	-	-	52,880	15,982
2023	-	-	180,000	73,641	-	-	55,523	13,515
2024	-	-	189,000	66,726	-	-	58,167	10,900
2025	-	-	194,000	59,552	-	-	60,811	8,042
2026	-	-	203,000	52,238	-	-	63,455	4,935
2027	-	-	208,000	44,665	-	-	65,019	1,675
2028	-	-	153,000	38,318	-	-	-	-
2029	-	-	158,000	33,345	-	-	-	-
2030	-	-	163,000	28,210	-	-	-	-
2031	-	-	168,000	22,912	-	-	-	-
2032	-	-	173,000	17,452	-	-	-	-
2033	-	-	179,000	11,830	-	-	-	-
2034			185,000	6,012				
Total	\$ 402,000 \$	34,419 \$	3,844,000 \$	1,192,038 \$	276,968 \$	14,251 \$	627,304 \$	197,366

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Incurred	d by
School B	nard

Year	School Board							
Ending	General Obligat	ion Bonds	State Literary Fund Loans					
June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
	 			_				
2016	\$ 2,590,344 \$	1,826,456 \$	466,670 \$	74,669				
2017	2,711,442	1,691,260	466,670	65,336				
2018	2,846,095	1,551,517	466,670	56,003				
2019	2,979,485	1,406,661	466,670	56,003				
2020	3,118,537	1,254,642	466,670	46,669				
2021	3,267,990	1,095,335	466,670	37,336				
2022	3,413,489	933,830	466,670	28,002				
2023	3,564,581	769,619	466,670	18,669				
2024	3,730,870	599,880	466,781	9,336				
2025	3,892,866	423,655	-	-				
2026	4,065,754	239,408	-	-				
2027	 2,914,584	72,948	<u> </u>					
Total	\$ 39,096,037_\$	11,865,211 \$	4,200,141_\$	392,023				

Year	 School Board		
Ending	Capital Le	ase	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	
		_	
2016	\$ 102,796 \$	9,095	
2017	104,555	7,337	
2018	106,342	5,549	
2019	108,161	3,731	
2020	 110,011	1,881	
		_	
Total	\$ 531,865 \$	27,593	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 8—Long-Term Obligations: (	(Continued)
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# Primary Government: (Continued)

Details of Long-term Obligations:

Revenue Bonds:	-	Amount Outstanding
\$677,000 Public Facilities Lease Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2014 dated April 11, 2014, issued to refund the remaining balance of the \$985,995 Lease Revenue Refunding Bond dated May 8, 2009. The refunding bond is due in varying annual installments through May 2022 with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 2.1%. The refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$30,000.	\$	599,000
\$2,771,000 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 dated April 11, 2014 due in varying annual principal installments through May 2034 with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 3.25%.		2,675,000
\$670,000 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 (Energy Efficiency Improvements) dated April 15, 2011 due in varying annual principal installments through October 2026 with interest payable semi-annually, interest at 2.125% - 5.125%.	_	570,000
Total Revenue Bonds - Incurred by Primary Government	\$_	3,844,000
General Obligation Bond - Incurred by Primary Government:		
\$455,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond dated April 11, 2014, issued to refund the remaining balance of the \$663,075 General Obligation Refunding Bond dated May 8, 2009. The refunding bond is due in varying annual installments through May 2022 with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 2.1%. The refunding resulted in an		
economic gain of \$20,000.	\$_	402,000
Total General Obligation Bond - Incurred by Primary Government	\$_	402,000
General Obligation Bonds - Incurred by School Board:		
\$16,615,000 School Bonds, issued November 10, 2005, through the Virginia Public School Authority, due in varying annual installments each July 15 through 2025, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.6% to 5.1%.	\$	11,125,000
\$31,030,000 School Bonds, issued May 11, 2006, through Virginia Public School Authority, due in varying annual installments each July 15 through fiscal year 2027, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.6% to 5.1%.		22,135,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<b>Primary</b>	Government:	(Continued)

Details of Long-term Obligations:

Details of Long-term Obligations:		
		Amount Outstanding
General Obligation Bonds - Incurred by School Board: (Continued)		
\$8,920,992 School Bonds, issued November 9, 2006, through the Virginia Public School Authority due in varying annual installments each July 15 through 2026, interest payable semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.6% to 5.1%.	\$	5,836,037
Premium on bonds issued	Ψ	825,682
Total General Obligation Bonds - Incurred by School Board	\$	39,921,719
State Literary Fund Loans:	· <del>-</del>	
\$2,500,000, authorized, due in annual principal installments of \$466,670 over 20 years, interest payable annually at 2%. Amount drawn to date.	\$	1,017,197
\$4,000,000, authorized, due in annual principal installments of \$183,655 over 20 years, interest payable annually at 2%. Amount drawn to date.		1,652,902
\$3,500,000, authorized, due in annual principal installments of \$170,003 over 20 years, interest payable annually at 2%. Amount drawn to date.		1,530,042
Total State Literary Fund Loans	\$_	4,200,141
<u>Capital Lease</u> :		
\$1,150,000 Lease Purchase Agreement dated November 2005, secured by property due in monthly installments of \$11,775 through November 2016, includes interest at 4.12%.	\$	56,876
\$296,506 Equipment Lease Purchase Agreement dated June, secured by equipment due in monthly installments of \$22,400 through August 15, 2017, includes interest at 3.112%.		220,092
Total Capital Leases	\$	276,968
Note Payable:	_	
\$900,000 note payable to the Town of South Boston for the Prizery renovations. The note is due in varying annual payments with interest at a rate of 1.94%. Principal and		
interest payable through fiscal year 2027.	\$_	627,304
Compensated absences	\$_	943,966
Net OPEB obligation	\$_	223,700
Landfill postclosure and corrective action costs	\$_	1,635,005
Net pension liability	\$_	734,249
Total long-term obligations	\$	52,809,052

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 8-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Component Units: (Continued)

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component Units for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Component Unit—School Board:	-	Restated Balance July 1, 2014	Issuance/ Increases	Retirement/ Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated absences	\$	876,196 \$	- \$	79,035 \$	797,161 \$	79,716
Capital lease		632,933	-	101,068	531,865	102,796
Net pension liability		55,402,938	14,594,383	23,094,008	46,903,313	-
Net OPEB obligation	_	136,800	268,100	220,000	184,900	
Total long-term obligations	\$_	57,048,867 \$	14,862,483 \$	23,494,111 \$	48,417,239 \$	182,512

## Capital Lease Obligations:

\$744,118 Equipment Lease Purchase Agreement dated June 25, 2013, secured by equipment due in annual installments of \$111,891 through July 2019, includes interest at 1.71%.

Component Unit-Library:	_	Restated Balance July 1, 2014	Issuance/ Increases	Retirement/ Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Net pension liability	\$	62,926 \$	56,911 \$	105,838 \$	13,999 \$	-
Net OPEB obligation		5,000	1,000	<u> </u>	6,000	
Total long-term obligations	\$	67,926 \$	57,911 \$	105,838 \$	19,999_\$	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

#### Note 9—Landfill Postclosure Costs:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County records a liability for a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. Closure of the County's landfill site is complete. The \$1,243,157 reported as landfill postclosure care liability, and corrective action liability of \$384,638 at June 30, 2015, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 100% percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care and corrective action in 2015. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulation. Additionally, the County reports closure care liability in the amount of \$7,210, the estimated liability for the transfer station. The County intends to fund these costs from tipping fee revenues and from any fund accumulated for this purpose, including available bond issue proceeds in the County Capital Projects Fund. The County provides for financial assurance requirements for closure and postclosure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC-20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

In addition to the landfill owned and operated by the County, the County participates in the Southside Regional Public Service Authority (SRPSA). SRPSA is a regional authority created by three localities to accept waste. The County is required to demonstrate financial assurance through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC-20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code for the County's allocable portion of the future liability.

### Note 10-Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Deferred inflows of resources from unavailable property taxes is comprised of the following:

#### Primary Government - Deferred Inflows of Resources

### General fund:

Delinquent taxes not collected within 60 days	\$	2,096,317
Prepaid property taxes - property taxes paid in advance		1,399,846
2nd half property tax assessments	_	15,284,570
Total deferred inflows of resources - governmental funds (Exhibit 3)	\$	18,780,733

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2015 the County and School Board had the following commitments:

	Amount of
	Contract
Project	Outstanding
STEM Center renovation	247,170
Sheriffs Office renovation	719,871

### Note 12—Litigation:

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to such entities.

## Note 13—Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. The County pays an annual premium to the pool for substantially all of its insurance coverage. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee dishonesty and employee health and accident insurance. The Component Unit - School Board, carry commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 14—Pension Plan:

## Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County (Primary Government and component units Industrial Development Authority and Regional Library) and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members")  • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	UED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)  • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.  The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-Apri 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employee who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.		
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.  Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)  Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.  • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.  • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.  • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.  Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit  Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)  Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.  For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving	
		employment, subject to restrictions.	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.  Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.  For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	
unreduced retirement eligibility date.			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

# Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:  • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.  • The member retires on disability.  • The member retires directly from short-term or long- term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).  • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.  • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Plan Description (Continued)

Plan Description (Continueu)			
RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1  Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	PLAN 2  Disability Coverage  Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN  Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.  Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming	
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.  Purchase of Prior Service  Defined Benefit Component:  Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:  • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.  • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.  • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government, Industrial Development Authority and Regional Library	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	116	124
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	40	19
Non-vested inactive members	42	56
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	85	12
Total inactive members	167	87
Active members	201	146
Total covered employees	484	357

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Primary Government and Component Units, Halifax County Industrial Development Authority and Halifax County Regional Library

### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's (Primary Government and Component Units Industrial Development Authority and Regional Library) contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 9.35% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Primary Government were \$687,092 and \$790,791; Component Unit Industrial Development Authority were \$21,380 and \$24,607 and Component Unit Regional Library were \$13,099 and \$15,076, for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 10.98% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$235,378 and \$217,626 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

### Net Pension Liability

The County's (Primary Government and Component Units Industrial Development Authority and Regional Library) and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's (Primary Government and Component Units Industrial Development Authority and Regional Library) and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

### Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

## All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	8.33%		

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County (Primary Government and Component Units Industrial Development Authority and Regional Library) and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Holifoy County

## Changes in Net Pension Liability

								Ha	alifax County			
		Pı	rin	nary Governme	nt		Industrial Development Authority					
	-	Ir	ncı	rease (Decrease	e)		Increase (Decrease)					
	-	Total		Plan		Net	Total		Plan	Net		
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	Pension		Fiduciary	Pension		
		Liability		Net Position		Liability	Liability		Net Position	Liability		
	_	(a)		(b)	_	(a) - (b)	(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$_	31,327,890	\$	28,027,250 \$		3,300,640 \$	974,818	\$	872,113 \$	102,705		
Changes for the year:												
Service cost	\$	826,346	\$	- \$		826,346 \$	25,713	\$	- \$	25,713		
Interest		2,135,142		-		2,135,142	66,438		-	66,438		
Contributions - employer		-		790,792		(790,792)	-		24,607	(24,607)		
Contributions - employee		-		367,756		(367,756)	-		11,443	(11,443)		
Net investment income		-		4,392,966		(4,392,966)	-		136,694	(136,694)		
Benefit payments, including												
refunds of employee contributions		(1,651,739)		(1,651,739)		-	(51,396)		(51,396)	-		
Administrative expenses		-		(23,867)		23,867	-		(743)	743		
Other changes	_	-	_	232		(232)	-		7	(7)		
Net changes	\$	1,309,749	\$	3,876,140 \$	_	(2,566,391) \$	40,755	\$	120,612 \$	(79,857)		
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$_	32,637,639	\$	31,903,390 \$		734,249 \$	1,015,573	\$	992,725 \$	22,848		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Changes in Net Pension Liability

			•	onent School Bo onprofessional)		Halifax County Regional Library					
	-		•	rease (Decrease			Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	Total Pension Liability N (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$_	13,314,401	\$	10,972,463 \$		2,341,938 \$	597,259	\$	534,333 \$	62,926	
Changes for the year:											
Service cost	\$	332,205	\$	- \$		332,205 \$	15,754	\$	- \$	15,754	
Interest		905,803		-		905,803	40,706		-	40,706	
Contributions - employer		-		217,625		(217,625)	-		15,076	(15,076)	
Contributions - employee		-		148,448		(148,448)	-		7,011	(7,011)	
Net investment income		-		1,699,873		(1,699,873)	-		83,751	(83,751)	
Benefit payments, including											
refunds of employee contributions		(748,730)		(748,730)		-	(31,490)		(31,490)	-	
Administrative expenses		-		(9,403)		9,403	-		(455)	455	
Other changes		-		90		(90)	-		4	(4)	
Net changes	\$	489,278	\$	1,307,903 \$	_	(818,625) \$	24,970	\$	73,897 \$	(48,927)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	13,803,679	\$	12,280,366 \$	_	1,523,313 \$	622,229	\$	608,230 \$	13,999	

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Primary Government, Component Units Industrial Development Authority and Regional Library and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
County of Halifax - Primary Government Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,992,924	\$	734,249	\$	(2,803,870)
Halifax County Industrial Development Authority Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 155,413	\$	22,848	\$	(87,248)
Halifax County Regional Library Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 96,794	\$	13,999	\$	(53,456)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,041,026	\$	1,523,313	\$	235,435

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Primary Government, Component Unit Industrial Development Authority, Component Unit Regional Library and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$183,720, \$5,717, \$3,503 and \$155,416, respectively. At June 30, 2015, the Primary Government, Component Unit Industrial Development Authority, Component Unit Regional Library and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

				Component U	nit Industrial	Compone	ent Unit	Component Unit School			
	Primary Government			Developmer	nt Authority	Regional	Library	Board (nonprofessional)			
		Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	\$	1,959,318	\$	60,968	-	37,356	-	756,416		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	687,092		21,380		13,099		235,378			
Total	\$	687,092 \$	1,959,318 \$	21,380 \$	60,968	13,099	37,356	235,378 \$	756,416		

\$687,092, \$21,380, \$13,099 and \$235,378 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Primary Government, Component Unit Industrial Development Authority, Component Unit Regional Library and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	 Primary Government	_	Component Unit Industrial Develop- ment Authority	Component Unit Regional Library	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2016	\$ (489,830)	\$	(15,242)	\$ (9,339)	\$ (189,104)
2017	(489,830)		(15,242)	(9,339)	(189,104)
2018	(489,830)		(15,242)	(9,339)	(189,104)
2019	(489,828)		(15,242)	(9,339)	(189,104)
Thereafter	_		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional)

## Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$3,753,274 and \$3,189,674 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$45,380,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was .37552% as compared to .38517% at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$3,345,051. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	-	\$ 1,089,000		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	6,735,000		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,753,274	 		
Total	\$	3,753,274	\$ 7,824,000		

\$3,753,274 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2016	\$ (1,924,000)
2017	(1,924,000)
2018	(1,924,000)
2019	(1,924,000)
Thereafter	(128,000)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 14-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
<b>*</b>	Expected arithme	tic nominal return	8.33%

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

Note 14—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate								
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)			
School division's proportionate									
share of the VRS Teacher									
Employee Retirement Plan									
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	66,637,000	\$	45,380,000	\$	27,880,000			

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 15—Surety Bonds:

	_	Amount
Commonwealth of Virginia - Division of Risk Management - Surety		
Cathy Cosby, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	1,500,000
Ruth A. Oakes, Treasurer		400,000
Brenda P. Powell, Commissioner of the Revenue		50,000
Fred Clark, Sheriff		30,000
Above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond		50,000
Nationwide Insurance Company - Surety		
Merle Herndon, Superintendent of Schools		50,000
Merle Herndon, Clerk of the School Board		50,000
Continental Insurance Company - Surety		
All County employees - blanket bond		25,000
Selective Insurance Company of America - Surety		
Faithful performance blanket position bond all social service employees		100,000

## Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

#### Background

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to postemployment health-care and non-pension benefits, such as the County's retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the County's subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the County accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other postemployment benefits during the period of the employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of post-employment benefits and the financial impact on the County. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

## A. Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 14, the County, including the discretely presented component units, provides post-retirement healthcare insurance benefits for employees who are eligible for retirement benefits through a single-employer plan. Retired employees, who are participating in the County's medical coverage are eligible to elect post-retirement coverage if the retiree was employed before July 1, 2010 and is at least age 55 with at least 5 years of service; age 50 with at least 10 years of service; or has at least 30 years of service and retirees employed after July 1, 2010 is at least 60 years of age with 5 years of service. Retirees are eligible to remain on the County's medical plan with 100% of the premium paid by the retiree. The retiree's spouse can receive benefits under the plan with the premium to be paid by the retiree. Retirees' coverage ceases at eligibility for Medicare. The Plan does not issue separately audited financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

#### B. Funding Policy:

The County establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will partially fund the plan or fully fund the plan. Again this is determined annually as part of the budgetary process. Retirees pay the full premium for health insurance coverage. Retirees pay 100% of spousal premiums.

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The annual cost of other post-employment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits for the County, School Board, and Library was \$50,100, \$268,100, \$1,000, respectively, for fiscal year 2015. The County and component units have paid \$18,300, \$220,000, and \$0, respectively towards this obligation during the fiscal year. The County is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC) an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retirees by the County. The following table shows the components of the County's and component units' (excluding IDA) annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated annual contributions to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation.

	 County	_	School Board	_	Regional Library
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 50,200 8,200 (8,300)	\$	268,100 5,800 (5,800)	\$	1,000 200 (200)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Estimated contributions made	\$ 50,100 (18,300)	\$	268,100 (220,000)	\$	1,000 -
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 31,800	\$	48,100	\$	1,000
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 191,900	_	136,800	_	5,000
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 223,700	\$_	184,900	\$_	6,000

## Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

For 2015, the County, School Board's, and Library's expected cash payments of \$18,300, \$220,000, and \$0, respectively were \$31,800, \$48,100, and \$1,000 less than the OPEB cost, respectively. The County's and component units' annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

Percentage

Co	un	tν	:

		Percentage	
Fiscal	Annual	of Annual	Net
Year	OPEB	<b>OPEB Cost</b>	OPEB
Ended	 Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$ 47,700	13% \$	153,900
June 30, 2014	50,600	25%	191,900
June 30, 2015	50,100	37%	223,700
School Board:			
		Percentage	
Fiscal	Annual	of Annual	Net
Year	OPEB	<b>OPEB Cost</b>	OPEB
Ended	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$ 299,300	79% \$	96,300
June 30, 2014	305,400	87%	136,800
June 30, 2015	268,100	82%	184,900
Regional Library:			
,		Percentage	
Fiscal	Annual	of Annual	Net
Year	OPEB	<b>OPEB Cost</b>	OPEB
Ended	 Cost	Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$ 1,000	0% \$	3,900
June 30, 2014	1,100	0%	5,000
June 30, 2015	1,000	0%	6,000

## Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

## D. Funded Status and Funding Progress: (Continued)

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2015 (based on the July 1, 2014 valuation) is as follows:

		School	Regional
	 County	Board	Library
		_	
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 509,500 \$	3,136,700 \$	11,400
Actuarial value of plan assets	-	-	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	509,500	3,136,700	11,400
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%	0%	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	N/A	N/A	N/A
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25% investment rate of return. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over a period of 30 years.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.25 percent investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.00 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after 5 years. Both rates included a 2.50 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1, 2014 was 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

## E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

#### Cost Method

The entry age normal cost method is used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. Under this cost method, the actuarial present value of projected benefits of every active participant as if the plan's provisions on the valuation date had always been in effect, is determined as a level percentage of expected annual earnings for each future year of expected service. A normal cost for each year from the assumed entry date is determined by applying this level percentage of pay to the assumed earnings for that year (or if benefits are not pay related, the level amount for each year).

Under these methods, inactive participants have no normal cost, and their actuarial liability is the present value of the plan benefits to which they and their beneficiaries are entitled. The plan's total annual normal cost and actuarial liability are the sum of the individual participant amounts.

An experience gain or loss is a decrease or increase in the unfunded actuarial liability attributable to actual experience that differed from that expected by the actuarial assumptions. Such gains or losses are explicitly recognized under this method.

## <u>Assumptions</u>

Discount rate (unfunded)	4.25%
Amortization payment increase rate	2.50%
Amortization period	30 years
Health care trend rates	8% - 5%

## VRS Health Insurance Credit Program

#### A. Plan Description

The County and School Board participate in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of either the County or School Board who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

## VRS Health Insurance Credit Program: (Continued)

## A. Plan Description: (Continued)

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements.

## B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County and School Board are required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <a href="Code of Virginia">Code of Virginia</a> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County and School Board's nonprofessional contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was .10% and .64%, respectively, of annual covered payroll.

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County and School Board are required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2015, the County and School Board's contribution of \$7,688 and \$15,236, respectively, was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years are as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	of ARC		
	Lituing	 COST (ARC)	Continuated		Obligation	
County:						
	June 30, 2015	\$ 7,688	100%	6 \$	-	
	June 30, 2014	5,124	100%	6	-	
	June 30, 2013	10,062	100%	6	-	
School Board (r	nonprofessional):					
	June 30, 2015	\$ 15,236	100%	6\$	-	
	June 30, 2014	20,811	1009	6	-	
	June 30, 2013	37,407	100%	6	-	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

## VRS Health Insurance Credit Program: (Continued)

## D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

			School
	_	County	Board
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	154,512	\$ 364,746
Actuarial value of plan assets		103,378	132,554
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)		51,134	232,192
Funded Ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)		66.91%	36.34%
Covered payroll (active plan members)		3,975,154	2,946,669
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		1.29%	7.88%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2014 was 20-29 years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 16—Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

## VRS Health Insurance Credit Program: (Continued)

#### F. Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contribution to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 was \$304,817, \$304,817 and \$304,412, respectively, and equaled the required contributions for each year.

#### Note 17—Restricted Cash:

Cash is temporarily restricted for the following purposes:

Asset forfeiture \$ 93,500 Unexpended debt proceeds 1,798,547

## Note 18—Adoption of Accounting Principles & Other Restatement:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a restatement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 18—Adoption of Accounting Principles & Other Restatement: (Continued)

	_	Primary Government	[	Industrial Development Authority	 Regional Library	School Board
Net Position as reported at June 30, 2014	\$	22,722,721 \$	•	29,630,179	\$ 32,290 \$	22,398,129
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 68	_	(2,509,847)		(78,098)	 (47,850)	(51,800,079)
Net Position as restated at June 30, 2014	\$_	20,212,874 \$	·	29,552,081	\$ (15,560) \$	(29,401,950)

## Note 19—Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 (Continued)

## Note 19—Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

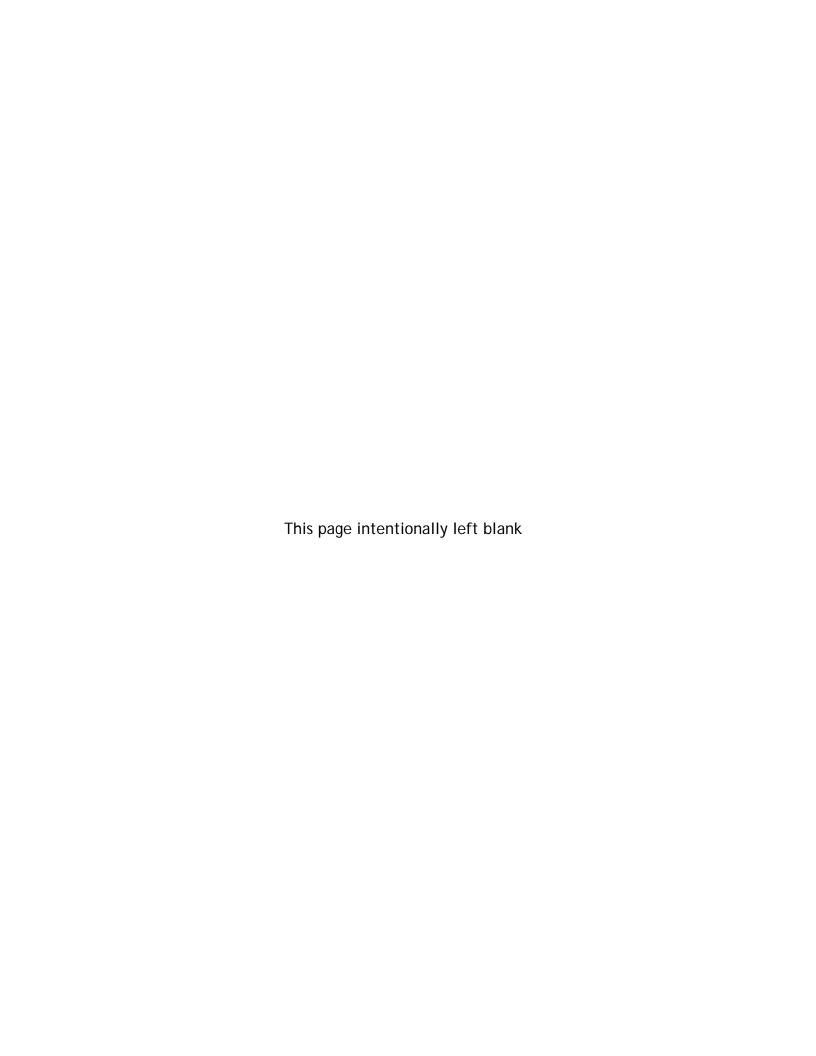
Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

## Required Supplementary Information

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget -		
DEVENUE	_	Original		Final	_	Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Conoral property toyon	¢	24 001 121	ф	OE 117 747	¢	25,975,109	<b>.</b>	857,342
General property taxes Other local taxes	\$	24,801,121 6,435,000	Ф	25,117,767 6,435,000	Ф	7,083,089	Þ	648,089
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		161,000		166,796		181,932		15,136
Fines and forfeitures		60,000		60,000		89,105		29,105
Revenue from the use of money and property		266,545		266,545		244,284		(22,261)
Charges for services		421,317		438,040		469,995		31,955
Miscellaneous		48,000		119,583		256,217		136,634
Recovered costs		106,222		651,390		612,170		(39,220)
Intergovernmental:		100,222		031,370		012,170		(37,220)
Local government		158,000		158,000		147,111		(10,889)
Commonwealth		5,751,579		6,142,463		5,903,468		(238,995)
Federal		40,000		40,000		60,433		20,433
Total revenues	\$	38,248,784	- <sub>\$</sub> -	39,595,584	- <sub>\$</sub> -	41,022,913		1,427,329
Total Toverides	Ψ-	00,210,701	- <sup>Ψ</sup> -	07,070,001	- " —	11,022,710		1,127,027
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	2,325,744	\$	2,385,999	\$	2,208,915	\$	177,084
Judicial administration		1,617,151		1,760,387		1,594,174		166,213
Public safety		7,552,565		8,338,905		7,981,325		357,580
Public works		3,215,808		3,573,165		3,477,487		95,678
Health and welfare		348,649		348,649		391,720		(43,071)
Education		13,498,545		13,498,545		12,763,750		734,795
Parks, recreation, and cultural		411,213		415,386		402,663		12,723
Community development		1,282,993		1,281,036		1,247,789		33,247
Nondepartmental		135,275		135,275		753		134,522
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		3,449,831		3,449,831		3,449,831		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		2,638,830		2,794,800		2,079,057		715,743
Total expenditures	\$	36,476,604	\$	37,981,978	\$	35,597,464	\$	2,384,514
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		1 770 100		1 (10 (0)		5 405 440		0.011.010
expenditures	\$_	1,772,180	- \$ -	1,613,606	\$	5,425,449		3,811,843
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(1,772,180)	¢	(2,575,700)	¢	(1 021 410)	1	654,082
Total other financing sources (uses)	φ_	(1,772,180)				(1,921,618)	_	
Total other finalicity sources (uses)	Φ_	(1,112,100)	φ_	(2,575,700)	- Ψ —	(1,921,618)	<u> </u>	654,082
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	(962,094)	\$	3,503,831	\$	4,465,925
Fund balances - beginning	*	_	*	962,094	*	16,059,041		15,096,947
Fund balances - ending	\$	_	- \$ -	-	\$	19,562,872	<u> </u>	19,562,872
g	-		= ´=		= =	.,,002,012		.,,002,072

Virginia Public Assistance Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	-	Budgete Original	ed <i>F</i>	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
DEVENUE								
REVENUES			_		_	50.05/		50.05/
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	53,056	\$	53,056
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		3,525,124		3,545,474		2,896,819		(648,655)
Federal		2,301,379		2,301,379		2,334,358	_	32,979
Total revenues	\$	5,826,503	\$	5,846,853	\$	5,284,233	\$	(562,620)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Health and welfare	\$	7,466,764	\$	7,487,114	\$	6,736,816	\$	750,298
Total expenditures	\$	7,466,764	\$	7,487,114	\$	6,736,816	\$	750,298
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(1,640,261)	\$	(1,640,261)	\$	(1,452,583)	\$	187,678
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	1,640,261	\$	1,640,261	\$	1,452,583	\$	(187,678)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,640,261	\$	1,640,261	\$	1,452,583	\$	(187,678)
Total other financing sources (uses)	Ψ.	1,040,201	Ψ	1,040,201	Ψ.	1,402,000	- Ψ	(107,070)
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning					_		_	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Primary Government and Component Units Halifax County Industrial Development Authority and
Halifax County Regional Library
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				2014		
	•			Industrial		
		Primary		Development		Regional
		Government	-	Authority	_	Library
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	826,346	\$	25,713	\$	15,754
Interest		2,135,142		66,438		40,706
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(1,651,739)	_	(51,396)		(31,490)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	1,309,749	\$	40,755	\$	24,970
Total pension liability - beginning		31,327,890	_	974,818	_	597,259
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	32,637,639	\$	1,015,573	\$_	622,229
			_			
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	790,792	\$	24,607	\$	15,076
Contributions - employee		367,756		11,443		7,011
Net investment income		4,392,966		136,694		83,751
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(1,651,739)		(51,396)		(31,490)
Administrative expense		(23,867)		(743)		(455)
Other		232		7		4
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	3,876,140	\$	120,612	\$	73,897
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		28,027,250		872,113		534,333
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	31,903,390	\$	992,725	\$	608,230
	•		=		=	
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	734,249	\$	22,848	\$	13,999
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage						
of the total pension liability		97.75%		97.75%		97.75%
of the total pension hability		77.7570		77.7570		77.7370
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,410,339	\$	230,587	\$	141,278
Net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll		9.91%		9.91%		9.91%
covered employee payron		7.7170		7.7170		7.7170

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014
Total pension liability	
Service cost	\$ 332,205
Interest	905,803
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(748,730)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 489,278
Total pension liability - beginning	13,314,401
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 13,803,679
Plan fiduciary net position	
Contributions - employer	\$ 217,625
Contributions - employee	148,448
Net investment income	1,699,873
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(748,730)
Administrative expense	(9,403)
Other	90
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 1,307,903
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	10,972,463
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 12,280,366
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,523,313
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.96%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,946,669
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	51.70%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015\*

	_	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.37552%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	45,380,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll		27,484,133
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		165.11%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		70.88%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Date		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (1) Contribution Contribution (2)			l	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
Primary Go	 overn		-		-	ζ-7	-	<u> </u>	
2015	\$	687,092	\$	687,092	\$	-	\$	7,322,059	9.38%
Componen	ıt Uni	t Industrial Dev	elop	ment Authority	1				
2015	\$	21,380	\$	21,380	\$	-	\$	227,840	9.38%
Componen	ıt Uni	t Regional Libra	ry						
2015	\$	13,099	\$	13,099	\$	-	\$	139,595	9.38%
Componen	ıt Uni	t School Board (	non	professional)					
2015	\$	235,378	\$	235,378	\$	-	\$	2,143,702	10.98%
Componen	ıt Uni	t School Board (	pro	fessional)					
2015	\$	3,753,274	\$	3,753,274	\$	-	\$	26,974,861	13.91%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

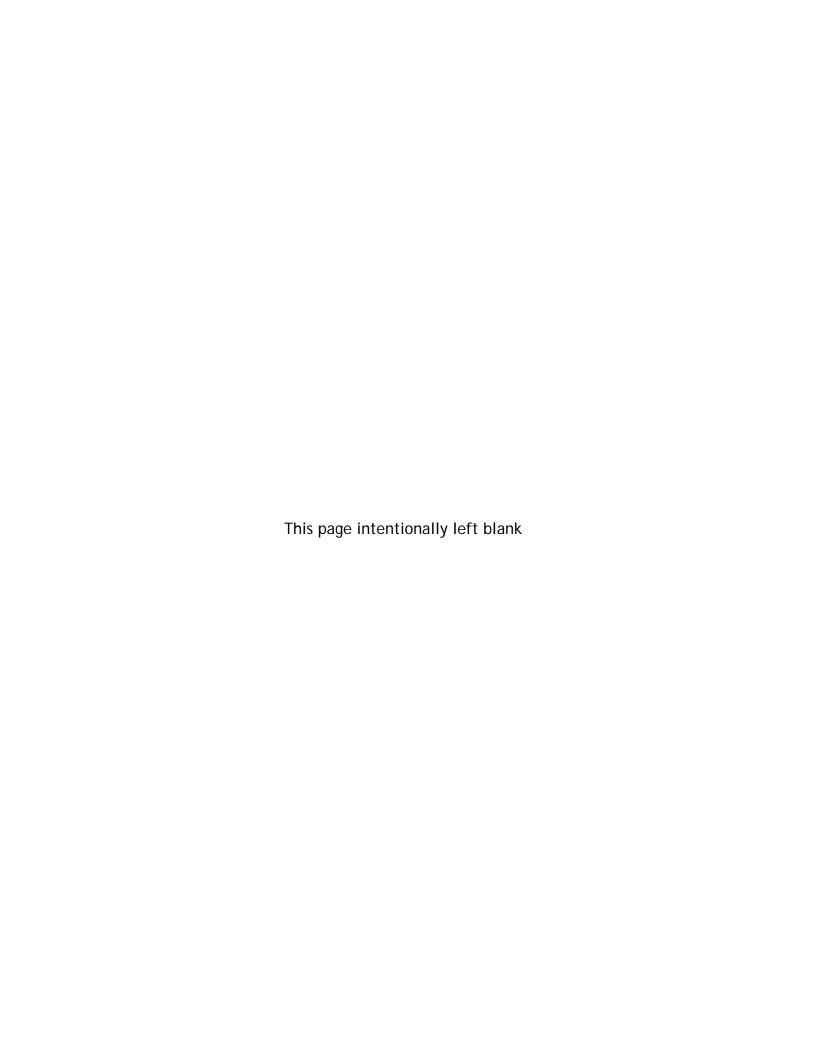
## Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

## Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress

County:							
Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
7/1/2010 \$ 7/1/2012 7/1/2014	- - -	\$	395,000 \$ 438,000 509,500	395,000 438,000 509,500	0.00% \$ 0.00% 0.00%	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a
School Board:							
Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
7/1/2010 \$ 7/1/2012 7/1/2014  Regional Libra	-	\$	3,704,300 \$ 3,394,400 3,136,700	3,704,300 3,394,400 3,136,700	0.00% \$ 0.00% 0.00%	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1) 7/1/2010 \$ 7/1/2012 7/1/2014	(2) - - -	\$	(3) 40,000 \$ 8,800 11,400	(4) 40,000 8,800 11,400	(5) 0.00% \$ 0.00% 0.00%	(6) n/a n/a n/a	(7) n/a n/a n/a
Actuarial Valuation Date (1) 6/30/2012 \$ 6/30/2014	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	_	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3) 160,723 \$ 160,658 154,512	ram:  Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (3) - (2) (4)  66,969 63,059 51,134	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5) 58.33% \$ 60.75% 66.91%	Covered Payroll (6) 3,276,279 3,846,475 3,975,154	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6) (7) 2.04% 1.64% 1.29%
School Board	· VRS Healtl	h lı	nsurance Credi	t Program:			
Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2) / (3) (5)	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
6/30/2012 \$ 6/30/2013 6/30/2014	114,209 120,246 132,554	\$	371,903 \$ 370,780 364,746	257,694 \$ 250,534 232,192	30.71% \$ 32.43% 36.34%	3,090,616 2,934,210 2,946,669	8.34% 8.54% 7.88%





Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual County Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		County Capital Projects Fund							
	_	Budgete Original	d Ar	mounts Final		Actual	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES									
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,033	\$	3,033	
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,033	\$	3,033	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital projects	\$	130,000	\$	3,565,307	\$	1,350,472	\$	2,214,835	
Total expenditures	\$	130,000	\$	3,565,307	\$	1,350,472	\$	2,214,835	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	(130,000)	\$_	(3,565,307)	\$_	(1,347,439)	\$_	2,217,868	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	130,000	\$	929,509	\$	469,035	\$	(460,474)	
Issuance of lease revenue bonds		-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	130,000	\$	929,509	\$	469,035	\$	(460,474)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(2,635,798)	\$	(878,404)	\$	1,757,394	
Fund balances - beginning		-		2,635,798		2,624,573		(11,225)	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,746,169	\$	1,746,169	

Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	_	Special Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	969,386	\$	969,386
Total assets	\$	969,386	\$	969,386
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	\$ 	<u>-</u>	\$ _	<u>-</u>
Fund balances: Committed:				
Future projects/grant matching	\$	393,484	\$	393,484
Airport operations		575,902		575,902
Total fund balances	\$	969,386	\$	969,386
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	969,386	\$	969,386

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Special Revenue Funds	 Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES		
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ 67,644	\$ 67,644
Intergovernmental:		
Commonwealth	573,254	573,254
Federal	 111,661	111,661
Total revenues	\$ 752,559	\$ 752,559
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Judicial administration	\$ 62,198	\$ 62,198
Public safety	487,119	487,119
Parks, recreation, and cultural	10,000	10,000
Community development	134,281	134,281
Total expenditures	\$ 693,598	\$ 693,598
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		
expenditures	\$ 58,961	\$ 58,961
Net change in fund balances	\$ 58,961	\$ 58,961
Fund balances - beginning	910,425	910,425
Fund balances - ending	\$ 969,386	\$ 969,386

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2015

	State and Federal Grants Fund	· <del>-</del>	William M. Tuck Airport Fund		Total
\$	393,484	\$	575,902	\$	969,386
\$	393,484	\$	575,902	\$	969,386
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
\$		\$	-	\$	-
\$	393.484	\$	_	\$	393,484
*	-	*	575,902	*	575,902
\$	393,484	\$		\$	969,386
\$	393,484	\$	575,902	\$	969,386
	\$ \$	\$ 393,484 \$ 393,484 \$	Federal Grants Fund  \$ 393,484 \$ \$ 393,484 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Federal Grants Fund       Tuck Airport Fund         \$ 393,484       \$ 575,902         \$ 393,484       \$ 575,902         \$ -       \$ -         \$ -       \$ -         \$ 393,484       \$ -         575,902         \$ 393,484       \$ 575,902         \$ 393,484       \$ 575,902	Federal Grants Fund  \$ 393,484 \$ 575,902 \$ \$ 393,484 \$ 575,902 \$ \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ 575,902 \$ \$ 393,484 \$ - \$ \$ 575,902 \$

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	State and Federal Grants Fund	 William M. Tuck Airport Fund	 Total
REVENUES			
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 67,644	\$ 67,644
Intergovernmental:			
Commonwealth	565,945	7,309	573,254
Federal	20,138	 91,523	111,661
Total revenues	\$ 586,083	\$ 166,476	\$ 752,559
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Judicial administration	\$ 62,198	\$ -	\$ 62,198
Public safety	487,119	-	487,119
Parks, recreation, and cultural	10,000	-	10,000
Community development	69,061	65,220	134,281
Total expenditures	\$ 628,378	\$ 65,220	\$ 693,598
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	\$ (42,295)	\$ 101,256	\$ 58,961
Net change in fund balances	\$ (42,295)	\$ 101,256	\$ 58,961
Fund balances - beginning	435,779	474,646	910,425
Fund balances - ending	\$ 393,484	\$ 575,902	\$ 969,386

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	State and Federal Grants Fund								
	-	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	_	Original		Final	_	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES							_		
Revenue from the use of money and property Intergovernmental:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Commonwealth		578,222		566,022		565,945		(77)	
Federal		-		-		20,138		20,138	
Total revenues	\$	578,222	\$	566,022	\$	586,083	\$	20,061	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Judicial administration	\$	56,706	\$	56,706	\$	62,198	\$	(5,492)	
Public safety		499,448		487,248		487,119		129	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		10,000		10,000		10,000		-	
Community development		13,987		17,998		69,061		(51,063)	
Total expenditures	\$	580,141	\$	571,952	\$	628,378	\$	(56,426)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$_	(1,919)	\$_	(5,930)	\$	(42,295)	\$	(36,365)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	1,919	\$	5,930	\$	-	\$	(5,930)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	1,919	\$	5,930	\$	-	\$	(5,930)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(42,295)	\$	(42,295)	
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		435,779		435,779	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	393,484	\$	393,484	

			vviiiiaiii ivi.	Tuck	Airport Fund		Variance with
							Final Budget
_	Budgete	ed Am					Positive
_	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	67,644	\$	7,644
	-		-		7,309		7,309
	-		-		91,523		91,523
\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	166,476	\$	106,476
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	60,000		60,000		65,220		(5,220)
\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	65,220	\$	(5,220)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,256	\$	101,256
						_	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
ф		Φ.		¢	101.057	ф	101 057
\$	-	\$	-	\$	101,256	\$	101,256
_	-		-		474,646		474,646
\$	-	\$	-	\$	575,902	\$	575,902

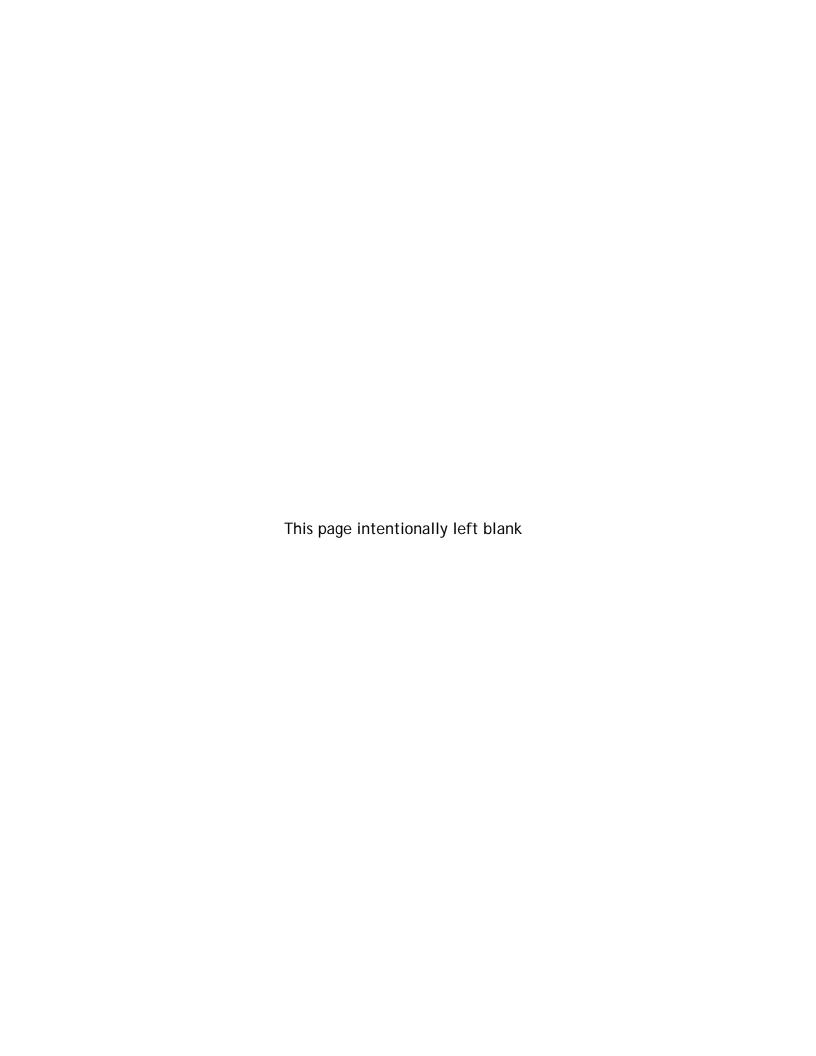
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	_							
	_	Special Welfare		Halifax County War Memorial		Heritage Festival		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	61,050	\$_	13,593	\$ <b>_</b>	127,226	\$ <b>_</b>	201,869
LIABILITIES  Accrued liabilities  Amounts held for social services clients  Amounts held for other organizations	\$	- 61,050 -	\$	13,593	\$	- - 127,226	\$	13,593 61,050 127,226
Total liabilities	\$	61,050	\$	13,593	\$	127,226	\$	201,869

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

For 1	the \	ear/	Ended	June	30,	2015
-------	-------	------	-------	------	-----	------

0 1111115		Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,876 \$	118,362 \$	95,188 \$	61,050
Liabilities: Amounts held for social service clients	\$	37,876 \$	118,362 \$	95,188 \$	61,050
Heritage Festival: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	101,858 \$	55,372 \$	30,004 \$	127,226
Liabilities: Amounts held for other organizations	\$	101,858 \$	55,372 \$	30,004 \$	127,226
Halifax County War Memorial: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,043 \$	- \$	450 \$	13,593
Liabilities: Accrued liabilities	\$	14,043 \$	<u> </u>	450 \$	13,593
Southside Community Services Board: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	390,765 \$	390,765 \$	-
Liabilities: Amounts held for other organizations	\$	<u>-</u> \$	390,765 \$	390,765 \$	
Undistributed Local Sales Tax Fund: Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	524,684 \$	524,684 \$	
Liabilities: Amounts held for other organizations	\$	\$	524,684 \$	524,684 \$	
Totals All agency funds Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	153,777 \$	1,089,183 \$	1,041,091 \$	201,869
Liabilities: Amounts held for social service clients	\$	37,876 \$	118,362 \$	95,188 \$	61,050
Accrued liabilities Amounts held for other organizations	-	14,043 101,858	970,821	450 945,453	13,593 127,226
Total liabilities	\$	153,777 \$	1,089,183 \$	1,041,091 \$	201,869





Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2015

	_	School Operating Fund		School Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,608,157	\$	408,074	\$	572,302	\$	6,588,533
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles):								
Accounts receivable		787,180		-		-		787,180
Due from other governmental units Inventories		3,214,671		-		-		3,214,671
Prepaid items		929,307		_		19,201		948,508
Total assets	\$	10,539,315	\$	408,074	\$	591,503	\$	11,538,892
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	311,346	¢		\$	11,624	¢	322,970
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	Ф	5,608,157	Ф	-	Ф	190,029	Ф	5,798,186
Due to primary government		4,619,812		-		-		4,619,812
Total liabilities	\$	10,539,315		-	\$	201,653	\$	10,740,968
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items	\$	929,307	\$	-	\$	19,201	\$	948,508
Committed:								
Education - major capital projects Education - food service		-		408,074		40.754		408,074
Education - textbooks		-		-		40,754 329,895		40,754 329,895
Unassigned		(929,307)	)	-		-		(929,307)
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	408,074	- \$	389,850	\$	797,924
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	10,539,315	\$	408,074	\$	591,503	\$	11,538,892
Amounts reported for governmental activities different because:	in the	statement of	net	t position (Exh	ibit	: 1) are		
Total fund balances per above							\$	797,924
Capital assets used in governmental activities therefore, are not reported in the funds.	are n	ot financial re	nuos	rces and,				
Capital assets					\$	50,759,643		
Accumulated depreciation					Ψ	(26,554,858)		24,204,785
Other long-term assets are not available to pa and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	y for	current-period	d ex	penditures	_		-	
Items related to measurement of net pe	nsion	liability						(8,580,416)
Pension contributions subsequent to the meas the net pension liability in the next fiscal year the funds.								3,988,652
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, current period and, therefore, are not repo			ayab	ole in the				
Net OPEB obligation					\$	(184,900)		
Net pension liability						(46,903,313)		
Capital lease						(531,865)		
Compensated absences					_	(797,161)		(48,417,239)
Net position of governmental activities							\$_	(28,006,294)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	School Operating Fund		School Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajo Governmei Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	1,693,038	\$	- 1	\$ 797,	.576 \$ -	797,576 1,693,038
Intergovernmental: Local government		12,642,734		_		_	12,642,734
Commonwealth		34,585,387		-	28,	714	34,614,101
Federal Total revenues	_	3,934,498	- <sub>-</sub> -	<del>-</del>	2,032, \$ 2.858.	387 677 \$	5,966,885
	Φ_	52,855,657	- <sup>-</sup>		Φ <u>Ζ,000,</u>	.0// \$	55,714,554
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Education	\$	52,543,766	\$	- :	\$ 3,306,	243 \$	
Capital projects  Debt service:		-		101,753		-	101,753
Principal retirement		101,068		-		-	101,068
Interest and other fiscal charges	\$	10,823 52,655,657		101 752		243 \$	10,823
Total expenditures	Φ_	52,055,057	- <sup>-</sup>	101,753	3,300,	243 \$	56,063,653
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	200.000	\$	(101,753)	\$ (447	566) \$	(349,319)
(under) experial cares	Ψ_	200,000	- ~ -	(101,700)	<u> </u>	Ψ	(817,817)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 200	.000 \$	200,000
Transfers out	Ψ	(200,000)		-	φ 200,	-	(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(200,000)	\$	-	\$ 200	000 \$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(101,753)	\$ (247)	566) \$	(349,319)
Fund balances - beginning	_	-		509,827	637	416	1,147,243
Fund balances - ending	\$_	-	\$_	408,074	\$ 389,	850 \$	797,924
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st	atem	ent of activitie	es (E	Exhibit 2) are	different beca	use:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental fund	s - pe	er above				\$	(349,319)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendit of those assets is allocated over their estimated usef the amount by capital outlays exceeded depreciation of	ul liv	es and reporte	ed a	s depreciation			
Capital asset additions					\$ 75,	210	
Net transfer of joint tenancy assets					2,343,		1 124 707
Depreciation expense					(1,294)	.098)	1,124,787
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-t governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, h report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discount hese amounts are deferred and amortized in the stathese differences in the treatment of long-term debt as	erm as an ts, ai teme	debt consume y effect on ne nd similar item nt of activitie	s th et as ns w	e current fina ssets. Also, g hen debt is fir	ancial resource overnmental f rst issued, whe	es of funds ereas	
Principal payments							101,068
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not prevenues in the funds.	ovide	current finan	cial	resources are	not reported	as	
Change in deferred inflows related to the measure	ment	of the net per	nsio	n liability			(8,580,416)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activitie and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in gov (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to to the measurement date	ernm	ental funds.				,100)	
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability (Increase) decrease in compensated absences					8,499,		9,099,536
Change in net assets of governmental activities						\$	1,395,656

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		School Operating Fund									
		Budgete	ıA b	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	_	Original	701 711	Final	-	Actual		(Negative)			
REVENUES	_	or ignia.		· · · · ·		7.0144.	_	(itogativo)			
Miscellaneous	\$	1,889,000	\$	1,889,000	\$	1,693,038	\$	(195,962)			
Intergovernmental:								, ,			
Local government		13,377,529		13,377,529		12,642,734		(734,795)			
Commonwealth		33,874,561		33,874,561		34,585,387		710,826			
Federal		4,967,570		4,967,570		3,934,498		(1,033,072)			
Total revenues	\$	54,108,660	\$	54,108,660	\$	52,855,657	\$	(1,253,003)			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Education	\$	54,075,660	\$	54,075,660	\$	52,543,766	\$	1,531,894			
Capital projects		-		-		-		_			
Debt service:											
Principal retirement		33,000		33,000		101,068		(68,068)			
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		10,823		(10,823)			
Total expenditures	\$	54,108,660	\$	54,108,660	\$	52,655,657	\$	1,453,003			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)											
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$_	200,000	\$_	200,000			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(200,000)	\$	(200,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(200,000)	_	(200,000)			
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		-		-			
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-			

		School Cap	ital I	Projects Fun	d	
Budgete	ed Ar	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
Original		Final	· 	Actual	_	(Negative)
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-
-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	\$	-
	· <u> </u>		· Ť <del>-</del>		Ť <b>-</b>	
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		101,753		(101,753)
-		-		-		-
-	\$	-	\$	101,753	\$	(101,753)
	\$		\$_	(101,753)	\$_	(101,753)
_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	\$	-	\$		\$	(101,753)
-	\$	-	\$		\$ -	509,827 408,074
		Original - \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final  - \$	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final  - \$ - \$ - \$  \$ - \$  \$ - \$  \$ - \$	Budgeted Amounts         Original       Final       Actual         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       -       \$         -       \$       - <td>Original         Final         Actual           -         \$         -         \$           -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -</td>	Original         Final         Actual           -         \$         -         \$           -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2015

	_	School Cafeteria Fund	. <u>-</u>	School Textbook Fund	 Total
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	235,608	\$	336,694	\$ 572,302
Prepaid items		19,201		-	19,201
Total assets	\$	254,809	\$	336,694	\$ 591,503
	-		_		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	11,624	\$	-	\$ 11,624
Accrued liabilities	_	183,230	_	6,799	 190,029
Total liabilities	\$_	194,854	\$_	6,799	\$ 201,653
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$	19,201	\$	-	\$ 19,201
Committed:					
Education - food service		40,754	\$	-	\$ 40,754
Education - textbooks		-		329,895	329,895
Total fund balances	\$	59,955	\$	329,895	\$ 389,850
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	254,809	\$	336,694	\$ 591,503

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		School Cafeteria Fund		School Textbook Fund		Total
REVENUES	_		-		-	
Charges for services	\$	779,599	\$	17,977	\$	797,576
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		28,714		-		28,714
Federal		2,032,387	_	-	_	2,032,387
Total revenues	\$	2,840,700	\$	17,977	\$	2,858,677
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	2,854,984	\$	451,259	\$	3,306,243
Total expenditures	\$	2,854,984	\$	451,259	\$	3,306,243
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$_	(14,284)	\$	(433,282)	\$	(447,566)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	200,000
Not always in fined halaness	¢	(14 204)	¢.	(222 202)	ф	(247.5//)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(14,284)	<b>\$</b>	(233,282)	<b>\$</b>	(247,566)
Fund balances - beginning	_	74,239		563,177		637,416
Fund balances - ending	\$ _	59,955	\$	329,895	\$_	389,850

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

				School	Caf	eteria Fund		
	_	Budgete	ed A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	_	Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	850,000	\$	850,000	\$	779,599	\$	(70,401)
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		-		-		28,714		28,714
Federal	_	2,000,000	_	2,000,000		2,032,387		32,387
Total revenues	\$	2,850,000	\$	2,850,000	\$	2,840,700	\$	(9,300)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	2,850,000	\$	2,850,000	\$	2,854,984	\$	(4,984)
Total expenditures	\$	2,850,000	\$	2,850,000	\$	2,854,984	\$	(4,984)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	(14,284)	\$	(14,284)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ _	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(14,284)	\$	(14,284)
Fund balances - beginning	<b>~</b>	-	Ŧ	-	+	74,239	Ŧ	74,239
Fund balances - ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$	59,955	\$	59,955
J	_		: =				-	

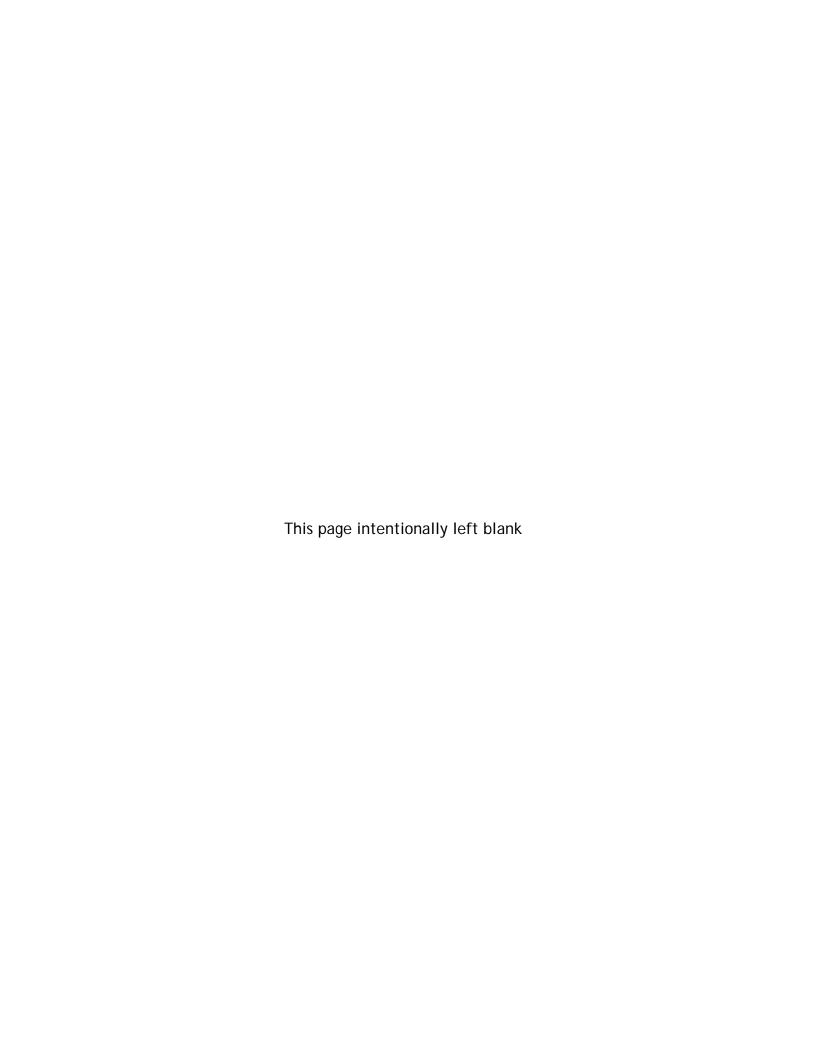
			Scho	ol T	extbook Fund	d	
	Budgete	ed Aı	mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,977	\$	17,977
	_		_		_		-
	-		_		-		-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,977	\$	17,977
\$	_	\$	_	\$	451,259	\$	(451,259)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	451,259	\$	(451,259)
•		_		_		_	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(433,282)	\$	(433,282)
•				-		_	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	200,000
\$	-	\$	-	\$	200,000	\$	200,000
		_		_		_	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(233,282)	\$	(233,282)
		_		_	563,177	_	563,177
\$	-	\$	-	\$	329,895	\$	329,895

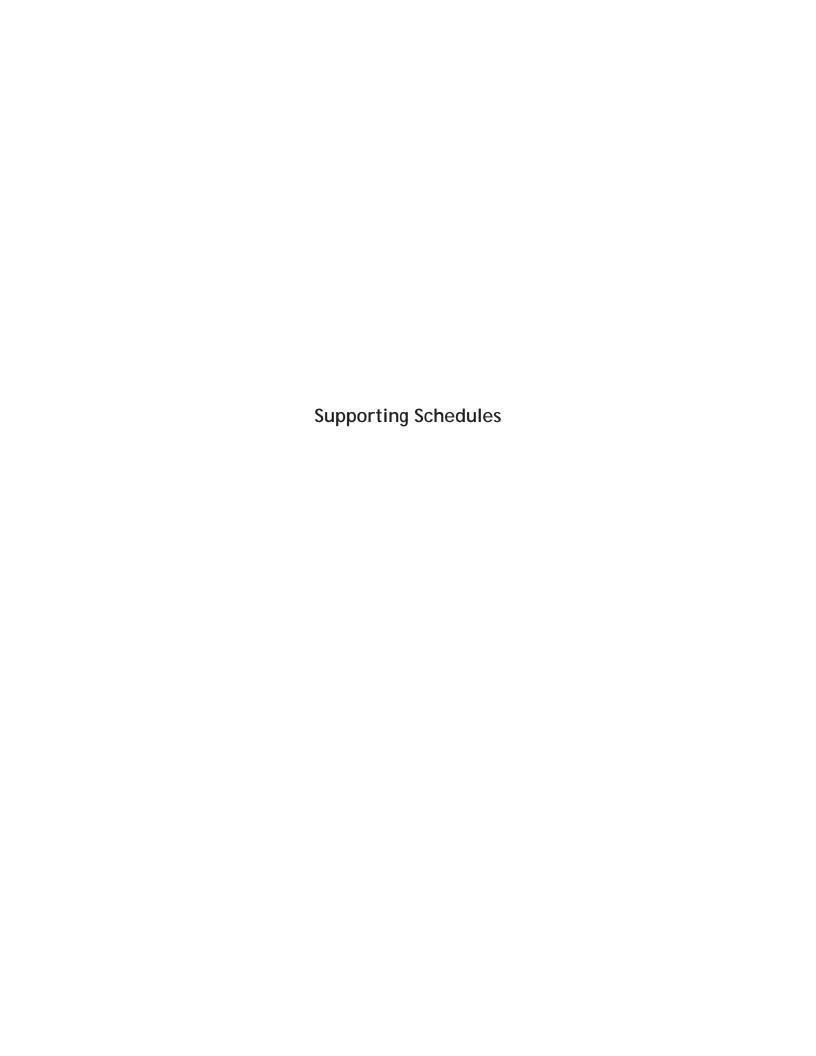
Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - Regional Library June 30, 2015

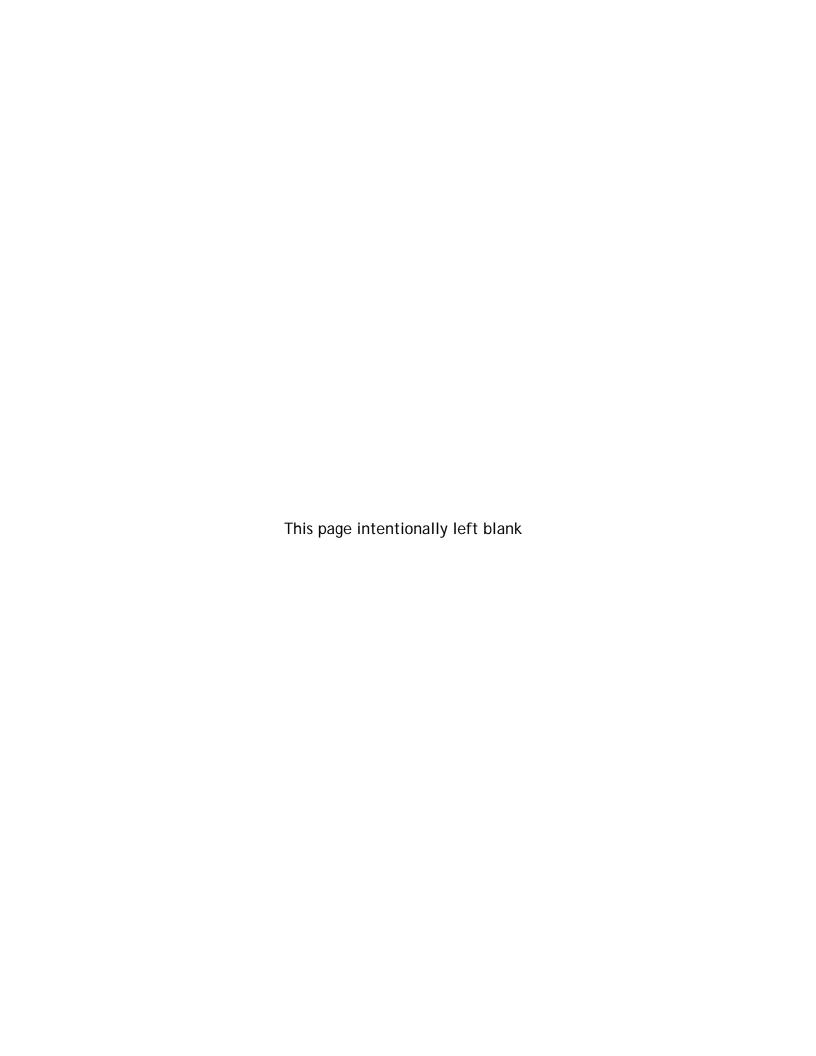
		_	Regional Library
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	38,288
Total assets		\$	38,288
FUND BALANCES			
Fund balance:			
Assigned			
Library operations		\$	38,288
Total fund balances		\$	38,288
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Total fund balances per above		\$	38,288
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.			
Items related to measurement of net pension liability			(37,356)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported			
in the funds.			13,099
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not			
reported in the funds.	(6,000)		
Net OPEB obligation \$ Net pension liability	(6,000)		(19,999)
ivet pension nability	(13,777)	_	(17,77)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(5,968)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Discretely Presented Component Unit - Regional Library For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Regional Library
REVENUES			
Charges for services		\$	30,192
Miscellaneous			30,318
Intergovernmental:			
Local government			265,112
Commonwealth		. —	110,427
Total revenues		\$	436,049
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Parks, recreation, and cultural		\$	435,051
Total expenditures		\$	435,051
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
expenditures		\$	998
Net change in fund balances		\$	998
Fund balances - beginning		*	37,290
Fund balances - ending		\$	38,288
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities			
(Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above		\$	998
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Change in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability			(37,356)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date  (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation  (Increase) decrease in net pension liability	\$ (1,977) (1,000) 48,927		45,950
(more ease, accordage in not pension numity	 40,727	_	43,730
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	9,592







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	11,888,500	\$	11,888,500	\$	12,896,017	\$	1,007,517
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	*	4,402,621	,	4,703,279	•	4,526,831	,	(176,448)
Personal property taxes		6,450,000		6,450,000		6,278,672		(171,328)
Mobile home taxes		60,000		60,000		51,434		(8,566)
Machinery and tools taxes		1,375,000		1,375,000		1,374,353		(647)
Penalties and administrative fees		375,000		390,988		496,613		105,625
Interest		250,000		250,000		351,189		101,189
Total general property taxes	\$	24,801,121	\$	25,117,767	\$	25,975,109	\$	857,342
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	2,900,000	\$	2,900,000	\$	3,483,971	\$	583,971
Consumers' utility taxes		900,000		900,000		919,447		19,447
Utility consumption tax		101,000		101,000		117,632		16,632
Business license taxes		300,000		300,000		358,982		58,982
Utility license taxes		44,000		44,000		46,015		2,015
Motor vehicle licenses		1,050,000		1,050,000		926,169		(123,831)
Solid waste disposal fee		550,000		550,000		580,534		30,534
Taxes on recordation and wills		150,000		150,000		165,513		15,513
Transient lodging tax		190,000		190,000		196,487		6,487
Meals tax		250,000		250,000		288,339	_	38,339
Total other local taxes	\$	6,435,000	\$	6,435,000	\$	7,083,089	\$	648,089
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	40,000	\$	45,796	\$	48,802	\$	3,006
Transfer fees		1,000		1,000		1,093		93
Building permits		120,000	_	120,000	_	132,037		12,037
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$_	161,000	\$_	166,796	\$_	181,932	_\$_	15,136
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$_	60,000	\$_	60,000	\$_	89,105	. \$_	29,105
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	1,200	\$	1,200	\$	1,472	\$	272
Revenue from use of property		265,345		265,345		242,812		(22,533)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	266,545	\$	266,545	\$	244,284	\$	(22,261)
Charges for services:								
Charges for law library	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	11,842	\$	3,342
Sheriff fees		2,717		2,717		667		(2,050)
Charges for courthouse maintenance		22,000		22,000		18,466		(3,534)
Courthouse construction fees		21,000		21,358		24,346		2,988
Charges for courthouse security		50,000		54,078		62,979		8,901
Charges for commonwealth's attorney		2,500		2,500		4,418		1,918
Animal redemption fees		4,100		4,307		1,848		(2,459)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Charges for services: (Continued)								
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	\$	289,000	\$	298,000	\$	317,704	\$	19,704
Charges for parks and recreation		6,000		9,080		11,280		2,200
Charges for planning fees		15,500		15,500		15,020		(480)
Charges for project lifesaver program	. –	-		-		1,425		1,425
Total charges for services	\$_	421,317	_ \$ _	438,040	\$_	469,995	\$_	31,955
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	\$	30,000	\$	100,491	\$	231,106	\$	130,615
County fair donations and other revenue		18,000		19,092		19,153		61
Crime prevention collections		-		-		5,958		5,958
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	48,000	\$	119,583	\$	256,217	\$	136,634
Recovered costs:								
Soil & water conservation technician	\$	99,522	\$	99,522	\$	104,566	\$	5,044
Insurance recoveries		-		475,658		476,227		569
Other recovered costs		6,700		76,210		31,377		(44,833)
Total recovered costs	\$	106,222	\$	651,390	\$	612,170	\$	(39,220)
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	32,299,205	\$_	33,255,121	\$_	34,911,901	\$_	1,656,780
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from local government:								
Town of South Boston	\$_	158,000	\$_	158,000	\$_	147,111	\$_	(10,889)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	69,162	\$	(838)
Mobile home titling tax		40,000		40,000		57,236		17,236
Motor vehicle rental tax		10,000		10,000		6,856		(3,144)
State recordation tax		50,000		50,000		40,446		(9,554)
Personal property tax relief funds Communications taxes		1,503,234 1,150,000		1,503,234 1,150,000		1,503,234 1,158,634		8,634
Total noncategorical aid	<u> </u>	2,823,234	-	2,823,234	\$	2,835,568	\$	12,334
Categorical aid:	· –		-		- <sup>-</sup> -		- · -	
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	446,935	\$	446,935	\$	451,265	\$	4,330
Drug prosecutor	Ψ	115,058	Ψ	115,058	Ψ	111,202	Ψ	(3,856)
Sheriff		1,521,389		1,521,389		1,487,387		(34,002)
Commissioner of revenue		124,881		124,881		125,947		1,066
Treasurer		113,264		113,264		113,521		257
Registrar/electoral board		50,000		50,000		40,272		(9,728)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		293,224		341,850		309,270	_	(32,580)
Total shared expenses	\$	2,664,751	\$	2,713,377	\$	2,638,864	\$	(74,513)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) Other categorical aid:						
Emergency medical services grants Virginia juvenile community crime control act grant Fire program funds Other state funds Total other categorical aid	\$ \$_	109,832 63,762 70,000 20,000 263,594	63,762 70,000 196,577	61,82 84,01 23,41	2 0 3	(15,722) (1,940) 14,010 (173,164) (176,816)
Total categorical aid	\$_	2,928,345	\$ 3,319,229	\$ 3,067,90	0 \$	(251,329)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	5,751,579	\$ 6,142,463	\$ 5,903,46	8 \$	(238,995)
Revenue from the federal government: Noncategorical aid: Payments in lieu of taxes	\$_	40,000	\$	\$ 39,14	8 \$	(852)
Categorical aid: Disaster grants - public assistance State and community highway safety Total categorical aid	\$ \$_	- ! - !	-	\$ 12,19 9,08 \$ 21,28	9	12,196 9,089 21,285
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 60,43	3 \$	20,433
Total General Fund	\$_	38,248,784	\$ 39,595,584	\$ 41,022,91	3 \$	1,427,329
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ 53,05	6 \$	53,056
Total revenue from local sources	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ 53,05	6 \$	53,056
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Public assistance and welfare administration Comprehensive Services Act program Total categorical aid	\$ \$	1,170,322 2,354,802 3,525,124	2,354,802	1,706,17	1	(24) (648,631) (648,655)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Public assistance and welfare administration Comprehensive Services Act program - Federal Total categorical aid	\$ \$ \$	2,301,379	\$ 2,301,379	\$ 2,301,37 32,97	9 \$ 9	32,979 32,979
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$_	5,826,503	\$ 5,846,853	\$ 5,284,23	3 \$	(562,620)
	=		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		=	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)							
State and Federal Grants Fund: Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Litter control grant	\$	18,000	\$	18,000 \$	17,998	\$	(2)
Community corrections board grant		499,448		487,248	487,248		- (75)
Crime victims grant Commission for the arts grant		55,774 5,000		55,774 5,000	55,699 5,000		(75)
Total categorical aid	\$	578,222	\$	566,022 \$		\$	(77)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	578,222	\$	566,022 \$	565,945	\$	(77)
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,751	\$	1,751
Community development block grant Total categorical aid	\$	-	- \$	<u> </u>	18,387 20,138	<u> </u>	18,387 20,138
Total revenue from the federal government	* <u></u>		- * — \$		20,138		20,138
·	· —		-	·.			_
Total State and Federal Grants Fund	\$ <u></u>	578,222	*=	566,022 \$	586,083	\$ =	20,061
William M. Tuck Airport Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of property	\$	60,000	_\$	60,000 \$	67,644	\$_	7,644
Total revenue from local sources	\$	60,000	\$	60,000 \$	67,644	\$	7,644
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Airport aid Total categorical aid	\$_ \$_	- -	\$\$	- \$ - \$	7,309 7,309	\$_	7,309 7,309
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	- \$	7,309	\$	7,309
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Airport aid - FAA	\$	-	\$	\$	91,523	_	91,523
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	- \$	91,523	\$	91,523
Total William M. Tuck Airport Fund	\$	60,000	\$	60,000 \$	166,476		106,476
	_					- =	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		•		Final Budget			Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	- \$	3,033	\$	3,033
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	-	\$	- \$	3,033	\$	3,033
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	-	\$	- \$	3,033	\$	3,033
Total Primary Government	\$	44,713,509	\$	46,068,459 \$	47,062,738	\$	994,279
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous	<del>=</del> \$	1,889,000	= =	1,889,000 \$	1,693,038	¢	(195,962)
	· -					_	
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	1,889,000	\$_	1,889,000 \$	1,693,038	. \$	(195,962)
Intergovernmental: Revenues from local governments: Contribution from County of Halifax, Virginia Total revenues from local governments	\$_ \$	13,377,529 13,377,529		13,377,529 \$ 13,377,529 \$	12,642,734 12,642,734		(734,795) (734,795)
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: Share of state sales tax Basic school aid Remedial summer education Gifted and talented Remedial education Special education Textbook payment Foster home children Vocational standards of quality payments Fringe benefits Early reading intervention	\$	5,623,453 16,235,229 251,826 167,039 785,437 3,404,743 341,967 28,067 501,116 3,426,067 101,936	\$	5,623,453 \$ 16,235,229 251,826 167,039 785,437 3,404,743 341,967 28,067 501,116 3,426,067 101,936	5,682,859 16,469,840 48,492 169,151 985,877 3,485,401 346,293 981 507,453 3,550,570	\$	59,406 234,611 (203,334) 2,112 200,440 80,658 4,326 (27,086) 6,337 124,503 (101,936)
Homebound education K-3 Primary class At risk payments GED funding Virginia preschool initiative Algebra readiness		65,483 1,016,543 870,283 23,576 649,977 93,194		65,483 1,016,543 870,283 23,576 649,977 93,194	83,120 1,041,230 881,342 23,576 649,977		17,637 24,687 11,059 - - (93,194)
Technology English as a second language		30,513		30,513	90,867 37,004		90,867 6,491
Other state funds		258,112		258,112	531,354		273,242
Total categorical aid	\$	33,874,561	\$	33,874,561 \$	34,585,387	\$	710,826
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	33,874,561		33,874,561 \$	34,585,387	_	710,826

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Cont School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government:	tinued	1)					
Categorical aid:							
Title I	\$	_	\$	- \$	1,458,192	\$	1,458,192
Title VI-B, special education flow-through	*	1,667,570	*	1,667,570	1,433,622	•	(233,948)
Vocational education		-		-	135,179		135,179
Title VI-B, special education pre-school		-		-	97,168		97,168
English language acquisition grants		-		-	18,077		18,077
21st Century community learning		-		-	250,380		250,380
Title II, Part A; Improving teacher quality - state grants		-		-	225,076		225,076
JROTC		-		-	52,497		52,497
Title VI, Rural and low income schools		-		-	120,751		120,751
Title II, Part D; Education technology state grants		-		-	24,237		24,237
Education and human resources  AP incentive payments		-		-	118,283 1,036		118,283
Other federal funds		3,300,000		3,300,000	1,030		1,036 (3,300,000)
Total categorical aid	-2	4,967,570	- <sub>\$</sub> -	4,967,570 \$	3,934,498	_ 2	(1,033,072)
Total categorical aid	Ψ_	4,707,370	-Ψ-	Ψ,707,370 ψ	3,734,470	Ψ_	(1,033,072)
Total revenue from the federal government	_	4,967,570		4,967,570	3,934,498	_	(1,033,072)
Total School Operating Fund	\$_	54,108,660	\$	54,108,660 \$	52,855,657	\$_	(1,253,003)
Special Revenue Funds: School Cafeteria Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services: Cafeteria sales	\$	850,000	\$	850,000 \$	779,599	\$	(70,401)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	850,000	\$	850,000 \$	779,599	\$	(70,401)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid: School food program grant	\$	_	\$	- \$	28,714	\$	28,714
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$		- · - \$		28,714	_	28,714
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:	Φ_		_ <sup>Φ</sup> _		20,714	Ψ_	20,714
School food program grant	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000 \$	2,032,387	\$	32,387
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000 \$	2,032,387	\$	32,387
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	2,850,000	\$	2,850,000 \$	2,840,700	\$	(9,300)
School Textbook Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services: Textbook rentals	<u>=</u> \$_	-	_\$_	- \$	17,977	\$_	17,977
Total School Textbook Fund	\$	=	\$	- \$	17,977	\$	17,977
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	56,958,660	\$	56,958,660 \$		_	(1,244,326)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	_	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:						
General government administration:						
Legislative:						
Board of supervisors	\$ 215,948	\$ 191,736	\$_	182,103	\$_	9,633
General and financial administration:						
County administrator	\$ 271,958	\$ 280,535	\$	265,812	\$	14,723
Legal services	80,000	124,656		121,152		3,504
Commissioner of revenue	366,309	381,223		380,387		836
Assessment	198,980	195,842		172,186		23,656
Treasurer	424,351	443,809		410,237		33,572
Central accounting	524,645	524,645		483,460		41,185
Professional services	 60,000	 60,000	_	49,250	_	10,750
Total general and financial administration	\$ 1,926,243	\$ 2,010,710	\$_	1,882,484	\$_	128,226
Board of elections:						
Electoral board and officials	\$ 73,088	\$ 73,088	\$	39,376	\$	33,712
Registrar	110,465	110,465		104,952		5,513
Total board of elections	\$ 183,553	\$ 183,553	\$	144,328	\$	39,225
Total general government administration	\$ 2,325,744	\$ 2,385,999	\$	2,208,915	\$_	177,084
Judicial administration:						
Courts:						
Circuit court	\$ 53,215	\$ 53,215	\$	51,863	\$	1,352
General district court	17,950	17,950		13,784		4,166
Special magistrates	2,400	2,400		2,124		276
Juvenile and domestic relations district court	16,150	16,150		14,128		2,022
Law library	8,500	8,500		12,450		(3,950)
Courthouse security	190,079	232,180		209,991		22,189
Courthouse maintenance	22,000	22,000		2,939		19,061
Clerk of the circuit court	 525,197	 577,843	_	507,297	_	70,546
Total courts	\$ 835,491	\$ 930,238	\$_	814,576	\$_	115,662
Commonwealth's attorney:						
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 634,798	\$ 669,881	\$	629,728	\$	40,153
Multi-jurisdictional drug prosecutor	146,862	160,268		149,870		10,398
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$ 781,660	\$ 830,149	\$	779,598	\$	50,551
Total judicial administration	\$ 1,617,151	\$ 1,760,387	\$_	1,594,174	\$_	166,213
Public safety:						
Law enforcement and traffic control:						
Sheriff	\$ 2,776,636	\$ 2,864,403	\$	2,647,962	\$	216,441
Emergency operations center	877,715	1,115,803		1,090,956		24,847
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$ 3,654,351	\$ 3,980,206	\$	3,738,918	\$	241,288

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Volunteer fire department	\$	701,683	\$	720,960	\$	704,116	\$	16,844
Ambulance and rescue services		179,975		194,104		189,462		4,642
Emergency services		131,991		131,294		95,952		35,342
Forestry service	. —	31,887	—	31,887	–	31,887	. —	
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,045,536	\$	1,078,245	. \$_	1,021,417	\$_	56,828
Correction and detention:								
Regional jail and other corrections	\$	2,368,263	\$	2,769,596	\$_	2,760,777	\$	8,819
Inspections:								
Building	\$	221,219	\$	221,219	\$	211,263	\$	9,956
					_			
Other protection:		0/0/0/	_	000 100	_	0.40 740	_	40, 400
Animal control	\$	262,696	\$	289,139	\$	248,710	\$	40,429
Medical examiner Total other protection	s <sup>—</sup>	500 263,196	_ <sub>¢</sub> _	500 289,639	φ_	240 248,950	_	260 40,689
Total other protection	φ	203,170	- Φ —	207,037	Φ_	240,730	Φ_	40,007
Total public safety	\$	7,552,565	\$_	8,338,905	\$_	7,981,325	\$_	357,580
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Public works and environmental services	\$	2,284,509	\$	2,637,866	\$	2,566,762	\$	71,104
Contribution to Halifax County Service Authority -debt service		125,275		125,275		125,275		-
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	2,409,784	\$	2,763,141	\$	2,692,037	\$	71,104
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	931,299	\$	935,299	\$	785,450	\$	149,849
23	· —	,=		,=	·	,	-	,
Total public works	\$	3,341,083	\$	3,698,440	\$_	3,477,487	\$	220,953
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	249,199	\$	249,199	\$	249,199	\$	
Markel hardkhand wantel retendation								
Mental health and mental retardation:  Community services board	¢	87,450	ф	07 450	ф	07.450	φ	
Confindinty Services board	\$	67,430	- <sup>ъ</sup> —	87,450	- ф _	87,450	<b>—</b>	
Welfare:								
Tax relief for the elderly	\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,071	\$	(43,071)
Other social services	_	12,000		12,000		12,000	_	
Total welfare	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	55,071	\$	(43,071)
Total health and welfare	\$	348,649	\$	348,649	¢	391,720	¢	(43,071)
Total licaltii aliu wellale	Φ_	340,049	Φ_	340,049	Φ_	371,120	Φ_	(43,071)

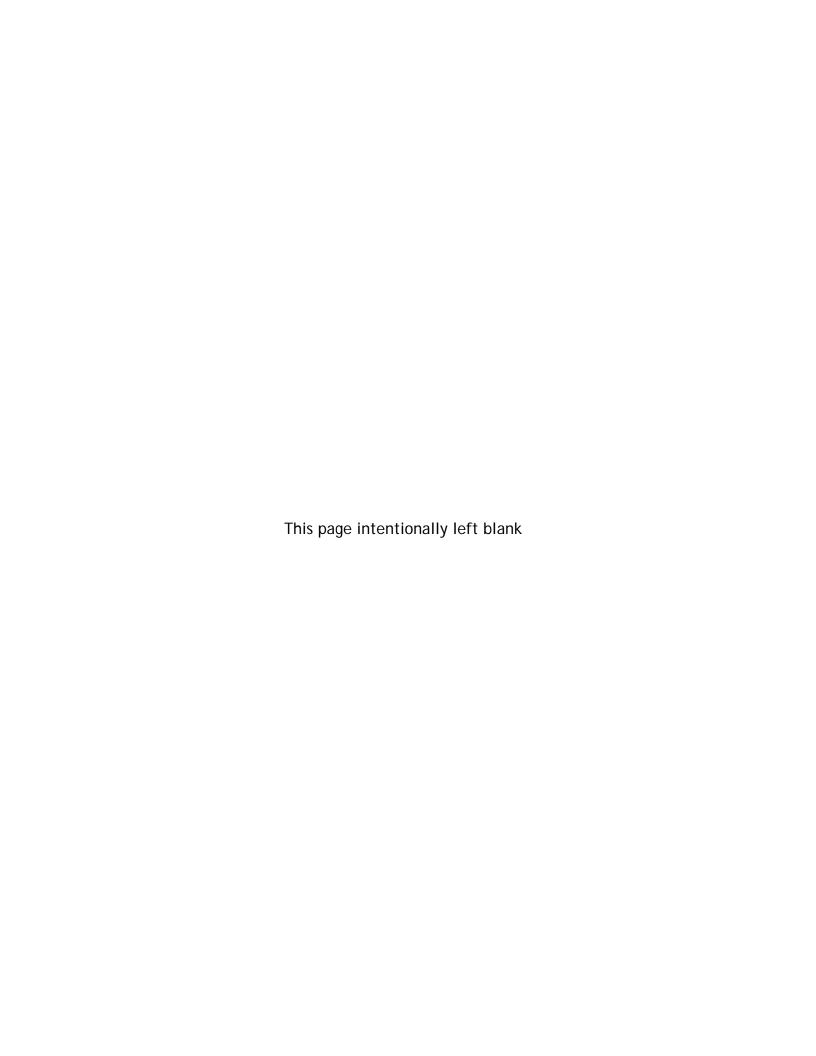
Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
General government administration: (Continued)								
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to community colleges	\$	121,016	\$	121,016	\$	121,016	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board	_	13,377,529		13,377,529		12,642,734		734,795
Total education	\$_	13,498,545	_\$_	13,498,545	\$_	12,763,750	\$_	734,795
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	196,601	\$	199,681	\$	185,747	\$	13,934
Contribution to YMCA		6,500		6,500		6,500		-
County fair		30,000		31,093	_	32,304		(1,211)
Total parks and recreation	\$ <u>_</u>	233,101		237,274	_ \$ _	224,551	\$_	12,723
Library:								
Contribution to county library	\$_	178,112	\$_	178,112	\$_	178,112	\$_	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$_	411,213	\$_	415,386	\$_	402,663	\$_	12,723
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning & zoning	\$	167,059	\$	167,059	\$	157,417	\$	9,642
Tri-County Community Action Agency	Ψ	50,766	Ψ	50,766	Ψ	50,765	Ψ	1
Southside Planning District		45,175		45,175		45,175		-
Halifax County tourism		119,538		119,538		115,183		4,355
Contribution to Industrial Development Authority		580,802		580,802		567,406		13,396
Total planning and community development	\$	963,340	\$	963,340	\$	935,946	\$	27,394
	_				_		_	
Environmental management:								
Environmental management	\$_	126,975	_\$_	126,975	\$_	132,179	\$_	(5,204)
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	136,081	\$	121,496	\$	115,867	\$	5,629
Agricultural development agent		56,597		69,225		63,797		5,428
Total cooperative extension program	\$	192,678	\$	190,721	\$	179,664	\$	11,057
Total community development	\$	1,282,993	\$_	1,281,036	\$_	1,247,789	\$	33,247
Nondepartmental:								
Miscellaneous	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	753	\$	9,247
Total nondepartmental	\$	10,000		10,000		753	_	9,247
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Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Debt service:	\$	2 440 021	φ.	2 440 021	ተ	2 440 021	φ	
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges	Ф	3,449,831 2,638,830	Ф	3,449,831 2,794,800	Ф	3,449,831	Ф	715,743
Total debt service	- 2	6,088,661	- <sub>\$</sub> -	6,244,631	¢ –	2,079,057 5,528,888	<u> </u>	715,743
Total debt service	Ψ_	0,000,001	-Ψ—	0,244,031	Ψ_	3,320,000	Ψ	713,743
Total General Fund	\$_	36,476,604	\$_	37,981,978	\$_	35,597,464	\$	2,384,514
Special Revenue Funds: Virginia Public Assistance Fund: Health and welfare: Welfare and social services:								
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	4,423,286	\$	4,443,636	\$	4,245,323	\$	198,313
Comprehensive services	Ψ	3,043,478	Ψ	3,043,478	Ψ	2,491,493	Ψ	551,985
Total welfare and social services	\$	7,466,764	- \$	7,487,114	\$	6,736,816	\$	750,298
10141 1101141 0 4114 000141 001 11000	*-	771007701		771077111	Ť –	377037010	_	700,270
Total Virginia Public Assistance Fund	\$_	7,466,764	\$_	7,487,114	\$_	6,736,816	\$	750,298
State and Federal Grants Fund: Judicial administration: Courts: Crime victims grant Refurbishing clerk of circuit court	\$	56,706 -	\$	56,706	\$	56,650 : 5,548	\$	56 (5,548)
Total judicial administration	\$	56,706	- \$	56,706	\$	62,198	\$	(5,492)
Public safety: Correction and detention: Community corrections board	\$_	499,448		487,248	\$_	487,119		129
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Cultural enrichment:								
Commission for the Arts	\$	10,000	_\$_	10,000	\$_	10,000	\$	
Community development:  Planning and community development:  Improvement council  South Boston energy plant project  Pine Heights project  Halifax downtown project	\$	13,987 - - -	\$	17,998 - - -	\$	17,996 : 15,000 12,595 23,470	\$	2 (15,000) (12,595) (23,470)
Total community development	\$	13,987	\$	17,998	\$	69,061	\$	(51,063)
Total State and Federal Grants Fund	* <u>-</u> \$	580,141		571,952	_	628,378		(56,426)
iotai state anu reuerai Grants Funu	<b>*</b>	300,141	- <sup>-</sup>	571,952	Φ=	020,370	φ	(30,420)

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	Original Budget			•				Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)								
William M. Tuck Airport Fund: Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Airport expenditures	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	65,220	\$	(5,220)
Till port experienter es	Ψ_	00,000	- * —	00,000	- ~ -	00,220	- ~ –	(0/220)
Total William M. Tuck Airport Fund	\$	60,000	\$_	60,000	\$	65,220	\$	(5,220)
Capital Projects Fund:								
County Capital Projects Fund:								
Capital projects expenditures:								
VISION - CAMA system	\$	_	\$	119,831	\$	57,658	\$	62,173
Sheriff cars	•	130,000	•	162,260	•	162,260	•	-
Sheriffs office relocation		-		209,187		12,022		197,165
Phase I: Sheriffs office renovation		_		2,635,798		810,066		1,825,732
STEM Center renovation		_		390,952		251,195		139,757
Fairgrounds master plan		_		16,000		16,000		-
Courthouse renovation				31,279		41,271		(9,992)
Total capital projects	\$	130,000	\$	3,565,307	\$	1,350,472	\$	2,214,835
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$_	130,000	\$	3,565,307	\$_	1,350,472	\$_	2,214,835
Total Primary Government	\$	44,713,509	\$	49,666,351	\$_	44,378,350	\$_	5,288,001
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:								
Education:								
Administration of schools: School board and administration	\$_	2,463,158	\$_	2,463,158	\$_	2,581,107	\$_	(117,949)
Instruction costs:								
Elementary and secondary schools	\$	38,273,040	\$	38,273,040	\$	37,861,421	\$	411,619
Federal programs		3,300,000		3,300,000		2,459,142		840,858
Total instruction costs	\$	41,573,040	\$	41,573,040	\$	40,320,563	\$	1,252,477
Operating costs:	_				_			
Pupil transportation	\$	4,190,403	\$	4,190,403	\$	4,379,422	\$	(189,019)
Operation and maintenance of school plant	Ψ	5,849,059	Ψ	5,849,059	Ψ	5,262,674	Ψ	586,385
Total operating costs	- *	10,039,462	- <u>-</u>	10,039,462	\$	9,642,096	\$	397,366
	Ψ_		_					<u> </u>
Total education	\$_	54,075,660		54,075,660	\$_	52,543,766	\$_	1,531,894

Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	33,000	\$	33,000	\$	101,068	\$	(68,068)
Interest and other fiscal charges	•	-	•	-	•	10,823	•	(10,823)
Total debt service	\$	33,000	\$	33,000	\$_	111,891	\$	(78,891)
Total School Fund	\$_	54,108,660	\$_	54,108,660	\$_	52,655,657	\$_	1,453,003
Special Revenue Funds: School Cafeteria Fund: Education:								
School food services	\$_	2,850,000	\$_	2,850,000	\$_	2,854,984	\$_	(4,984)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$_	2,850,000	\$_	2,850,000	\$_	2,854,984	\$_	(4,984)
School Textbook Fund: Education:								
Instruction	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	451,259	\$_	(451,259)
Total School Textbook Fund	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	451,259	\$_	(451,259)
School Capital Projects Fund: Capital projects expenditures:								
School construction projects	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	101,753	\$_	(101,753)
Total School Capital Projects Fund	\$_		\$_		\$_	101,753	\$_	(101,753)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$_	56,958,660	\$_	56,958,660	\$_	56,063,653	\$_	895,007





COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	566,889 \$ 36,238,729	39,960,694	54,599,930	47,038,447	44,648,857	46,662,174	44,226,803	44,510,994	42,305,715	42,155,554
Business- Type Activities (1)	\$ 688,995	625,463	4,950,117	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	•
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,211,711 \$	2,940,181	2,318,580	2,815,705	2,585,383	2,471,149	2,346,703	2,240,418	1,177,375	2,000,501
Community Develop- ment	407,606 \$ 2,949,509 \$	3,158,513	3,302,635	1,767,995	2,002,198	1,680,884	2,132,612	2,754,844	2,014,030	1,249,001
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	407,606 \$	465,052	894,038	612,848	552,569	632,558	436,121	474,772	454,679	413,002
Education a	13,397,147 \$	12,542,439	22,012,386	18,242,542	16,063,821	17,312,615	16,442,784	16,578,196	17,009,842	16,189,829
Health and Welfare	1,832,019 \$ 1,169,866 \$ 6,252,307 \$ 2,252,206 \$ 6,199,469 \$ 13,397,147 \$	7,665,807	7,708,608	8,085,471	7,787,497	7,904,249	7,760,643	7,551,029	6,813,100	6'628'206
Public Works	2,252,206 \$	2,345,652	2,096,176	3,990,358	3,812,180	5,195,264	3,752,716	3,531,002	3,810,125	3,238,819
Public Safety	6,252,307 \$	6,942,019	7,353,873	7,804,899	7,325,326	7,564,127	7,594,784	7,458,534	7,190,142	8,236,832
Judicial Admini- stration	1,169,866 \$	1,275,407	1,382,701	1,405,780	1,429,764	1,482,464	1,487,486	1,596,842	1,638,022	1,623,467
General Government Admini- stration	1,832,019 \$	2,000,161	2,580,816	2,312,849	3,090,119	2,418,864	2,272,954	2,325,357	2,198,400	2,245,594
G Fiscal Year	2002-06 \$	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15

Table includes primary government only.

<sup>(1)</sup> The water and sewer operations, including the blended component unit, were transferred to the Halifax County Service Authority during FY 2008.

COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	38,167,152	44,259,714	54,544,132	44,589,507	43,784,873	43,153,678	42,925,460	44,953,403	45,311,881	45,844,714
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs (1)	1,796,891 \$	1,822,478	2,201,320	1,502,504	2,658,996	2,577,185	2,602,321	2,667,870	2,897,174	2,874,716
SI	Miscella-	638,495 \$	435,632	718,423	437,425	1,104,045	854,368	519,922	302,982	507,624	309,273
GENERAL REVENUES	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,401,345 \$	2,274,778	2,320,614	589,508	411,274	406,707	394,117	343,065	343,804	314,961
GEN	Other Local Taxes (1)	6,163,007 \$	6,306,972	6,393,593	5,905,056	4,686,780	4,834,750	5,236,780	6,164,352	6,583,756	7,086,089
	General Property Taxes	413,539 \$ 18,119,877 \$	20,667,806	30,744,187	24,538,078	23,945,473	23,996,264	22,779,396	24,306,577	24,807,716	25,366,255
s	Capital Grants and Contri- butions	413,539 \$	1,527,388	1,774,373	1,177,293	347,708	440,717	1,442,756	1,461,144	928,245	201,229
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and Contri- butions	8,737,400 \$	10,249,711	6,808,887	9,801,128	9,934,844	9,353,614	9,329,540	9,034,629	8,537,054	8,951,159
PROG	Charges for Services	\$ 869,968	974,949	582,735	638,515	695,753	690,073	620,628	672,784	706,508	741,032
I	Fiscal	2002-06 \$	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15

Table includes primary government only.

<sup>(1)</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 2010 communication tax revenue is reported as noncategorical aid from Commonwealth. In prior years, communication tax revenue was reported as other local taxes.

COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	79,496,040	87,395,062	92,475,355	95,440,091	93,008,151	92,291,738	88,252,009	89,153,577	84,130,619	86,347,044
Debt Service	3,464 \$ 1,640,534 \$ 79,496,040	4,098,889	5,549,361	6,051,488	5,885,023	6,011,756	5,496,482	5,503,566	4,784,580	5,640,779
Non- Departmental		50,480	212,970	391,150	418,979	351,167	236,293	133,077	131,883	753
Community Development	3,279,371 \$	3,141,263	3,787,477	1,763,924	2,387,062	1,778,597	2,347,462	2,866,356	2,090,780	1,382,070
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	379,530 \$	445,885	424,717	591,205	584,207	598,521	397,131	427,362	442,560	412,663
Education (1)	\$ 28,887,887	59,971,600	61,634,425	64,323,460	61,376,043	61,062,113	57,736,555	57,919,116	55,173,973	55,971,025
Health and Welfare	6,194,497 \$	7,644,557	7,734,479	8,019,717	7,733,969	7,875,823	7,765,276	7,524,746	6,744,418	7,128,536
Public Works	1,937,473 \$	2,089,523	2,617,573	3,325,895	3,175,611	3,712,592	3,111,801	3,322,434	3,080,549	3,477,487
Public Safety	6,330,220 \$	6,828,457	6,993,742	7,440,463	7,397,339	7,242,714	7,524,324	7,625,905	7,794,656	8,468,444
Judicial Adminis- tration	1,749,241 \$ 1,182,823 \$ 6,330,220 \$ 1,937,473 \$	1,277,304	1,398,840	1,391,667	1,419,225	1,471,621	1,466,653	1,589,595	1,654,197	1,656,372
General Government Adminis- tration	1,749,241 \$	1,847,104	2,121,771	2,141,122	2,630,693	2,186,834	2,170,032	2,241,420	2,233,023	2,208,915
Fiscal Year	2005-06 \$	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15

Table includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. (1) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	83,354,225	92,386,881 103,723,768	95,337,086	92,950,674	90,724,170	86,723,151	89,952,725	88,085,416	90,131,305
Inter- governmental (1)(2)		60,237,578 60,595,023	60,305,548	59,105,452	56,726,586	54,432,215	54,462,534	52,160,431	52,608,090
Recovered	\$ 026'282	204,147 330,204	121,259	124,571	261,080	427,976	903,938	739,564	612,170
Miscella- neous	`	1,115,579 2,079,186	1,536,350	2,786,770	2,718,034	2,545,673	1,959,857	1,945,739	2,002,311
Charges for Services	1,402,700 \$ 1,485,108 \$	1,585,555 1,653,143	2,334,130	2,131,400	1,555,945	1,438,063	1,355,080	1,159,147	1,267,571
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	1,402,700 \$	2,276,997 2,254,804	591,734	413,567	407,741	394,157	343,065	342,926	311,928
Fines and Forfeitures		16,663 16,311	73,379	62,043	74,226	60,924	62,785	73,681	89,105
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses		127,543 138,168	122,761	130,416	141,352	134,832	154,721	185,344	181,932
Other Local Taxes (2)	\$ 6,163,007 \$	6,306,972 6,393,593	5,905,056	4,686,780	4,834,750	5,236,780	6,164,352	6,583,756	7,083,089
General Property Taxes	\$ 17,986,767 \$ 6,163,007 \$	20,515,847 30,263,336	24,346,869	23,509,675	24,004,456	22,052,531	24,546,393	24,894,828	25,975,109
Fiscal	2005-06 \$	2006-07 2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15

Table includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> Beginning in fiscal year 2010 communication tax revenue is reported as noncategorical aid from Commonwealth. In prior years, communication tax revenue was reported as other local taxes.

COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Current Tax Levy	7.36%	8.77%	6.63%	8.50%	9.32%	9.53%	7.81%	%96.9	7.42%	7.26%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	1,439,428	1,796,186	2,086,683	2,164,820	2,279,104	2,380,138	1,856,116	1,742,146	1,886,208	1,906,508
Percent of Current Tax Collections to Tax Levy	96.46% \$	96.51%	96.84%	98.49%	94.82%	90.18%	85.64%	89.14%	90.72%	86.81%
Total Tax Collections	19,056,749 \$	20,174,842	31,061,066	25,285,883	24,435,730	24,962,378	22,894,851	25,285,992	25,782,659	26,630,541
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)(5)	\$ 200,820 \$	416,535	570,092	199,676	1,252,839	2,446,207	2,546,293	2,972,629	2,718,690	3,834,801
Current Tax Collections (1)	•	19,758,307	30,490,974	25,086,207	23,182,891	22,516,171	20,348,558	22,313,363	23,063,969	22,795,740
Total Tax Levy (1,3,4)		20,473,289	31,484,340	25,471,645	24,450,576	24,968,092	23,760,658	25,032,718	25,423,840	26,260,762
Fiscal Year	2005-06 \$	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.
(2) Includes three most current delinquent tax years.

(3) 1999-00 was the first year for personal property tax relief by the Commonwealth of Virginia.

(4) In fiscal year 2008 the County assessed and billed property taxes in installments, Dec. 5 and June 5 (5) Delinquent tax collections represent total delinquent taxes collected by fiscal year not tax assessment year.

COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)(3	al (1)(3)	Personal Property (1)	Machinery and Tools	Mobile Homes	Public Utility (2)	Total
2005-06	2005-06 \$ 1,935,164,682	164,682 \$	282,638,875 \$	119,637,200 \$	24,397,296 \$	746,782,274 \$	3,108,620,327
2006-07	2,157,5	2,157,582,260	218,028,800	131,854,800	24,130,000	1,042,337,183	3,573,933,043
2007-08	2,186,4	2,186,407,594	218,486,973	113,786,300	24,404,648	1,020,808,708	3,563,894,223
2008-09	2,582,057,659	)57,659	221,649,707	118,967,559	24,513,892	1,025,725,027	3,972,913,844
2009-10	2,642,838,286	338,286	194,222,175	105,229,100	24,281,492	1,071,208,087	4,037,779,140
2010-11	2,682,107,14	107,141	195,399,423	102,266,400	21,607,200	1,144,472,640	4,145,852,804
2011-12	2,642,140,247	140,247	208,849,364	104,232,700	21,636,849	1,043,796,759	4,020,655,919
2012-13	2,611,941,867	741,867	206,995,250	115,491,600	21,858,449	939,796,330	3,896,083,496
2013-14	2,604,8	2,604,844,290	216,430,806	109,754,900	21,548,300	974,075,062	3,926,653,358
2014-15	2,592,875,041	375,041	214,359,000	113,167,200	18,805,800	1,012,476,276	3,951,683,317

(1) Real estate and personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.
(3) Starting in FY 2009, real estate is collected semi-annually, assessments are reported on the fiscal year basis.

Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	<u>"</u>	Real Estate (2)	ă <u>ă</u>	Personal Property	Mac	Machinery and Tools
2005-06	↔	0.41	↔	2.50	↔	1.26
2006-07		0.41		3.30		1.26
2007-08		.44 / .48		3.30		1.26
2008-09		0.44		3.60		1.26
2009-10		.44 / .43		3.60		1.26
2010-11		.43 / .43		3.60		1.26
2011-12		.43 / .45		3.60		1.26
2012-13		.45 / .45		3.60		1.26
2013-14		.45 / .46		3.60		1.26
2014-15		.46 / .48		3.60		1.26

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value. (2) In fiscal year 2008 the County assessed and billed property taxes in installments, Dec. 5 and June 5

The rates include first and second half installments, respectively.

COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	1,608	1,845	1,747	1,675	1,600	1,541	1,465	1,402	1,337	1,259
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	1.90% \$	1.89%	1.80%	1.55%	1.45%	1.35%	1.32%	1.29%	1.21%	1.12%
Net Bonded Debt	29,003,606	67,721,571	64,115,842	61,471,134	58,708,346	55,850,717	53,109,975	50,276,791	47,353,729	44,325,482
Gross Bonded Debt (3)	\$ 909'600'65	67,721,571	64,115,842	61,471,134	58,708,346	55,850,717	53,109,975	50,276,791	47,353,729	44,325,482
Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	3,108,620 \$	3,573,933	3,563,894	3,972,914	4,037,779	4,145,853	4,020,656	3,896,083	3,926,653	3,951,683
Population (1)	\$ 002'98	36,700	36,700	36,700	36,700	36,241	36,241	35,849	35,407	35,200
Fiscal	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15

(1) US Census Bureau

(2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

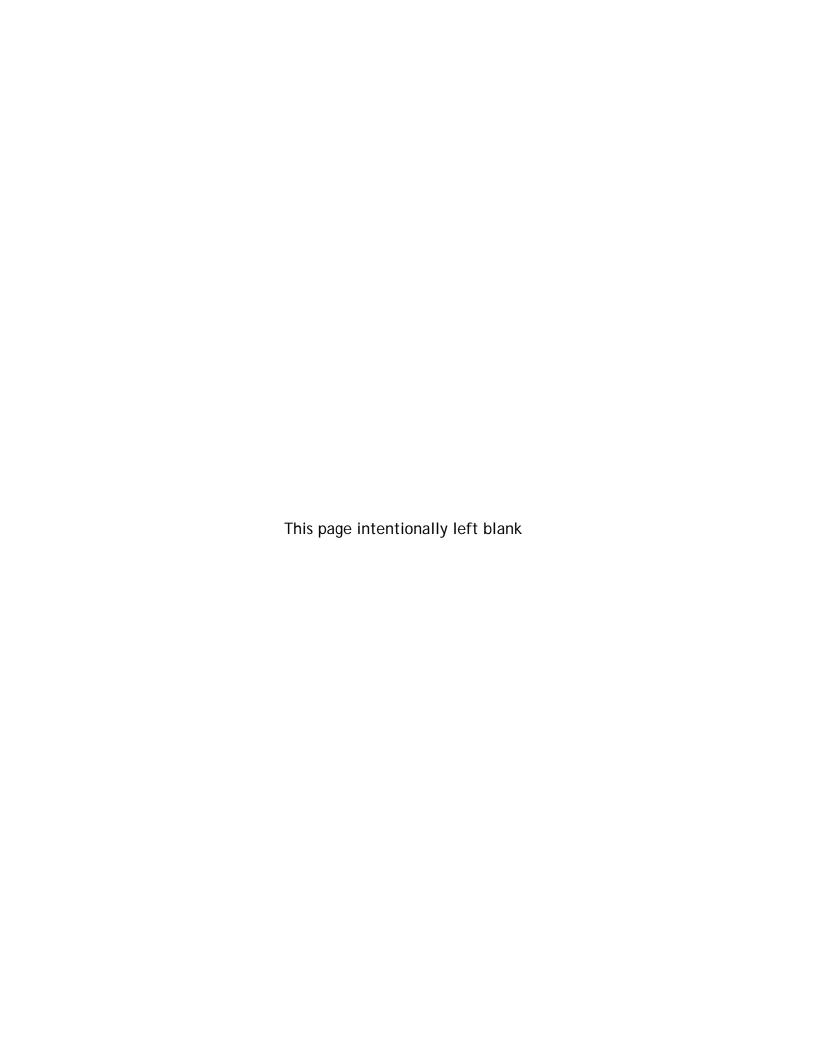
(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, general obligation notes, and literary fund loans.

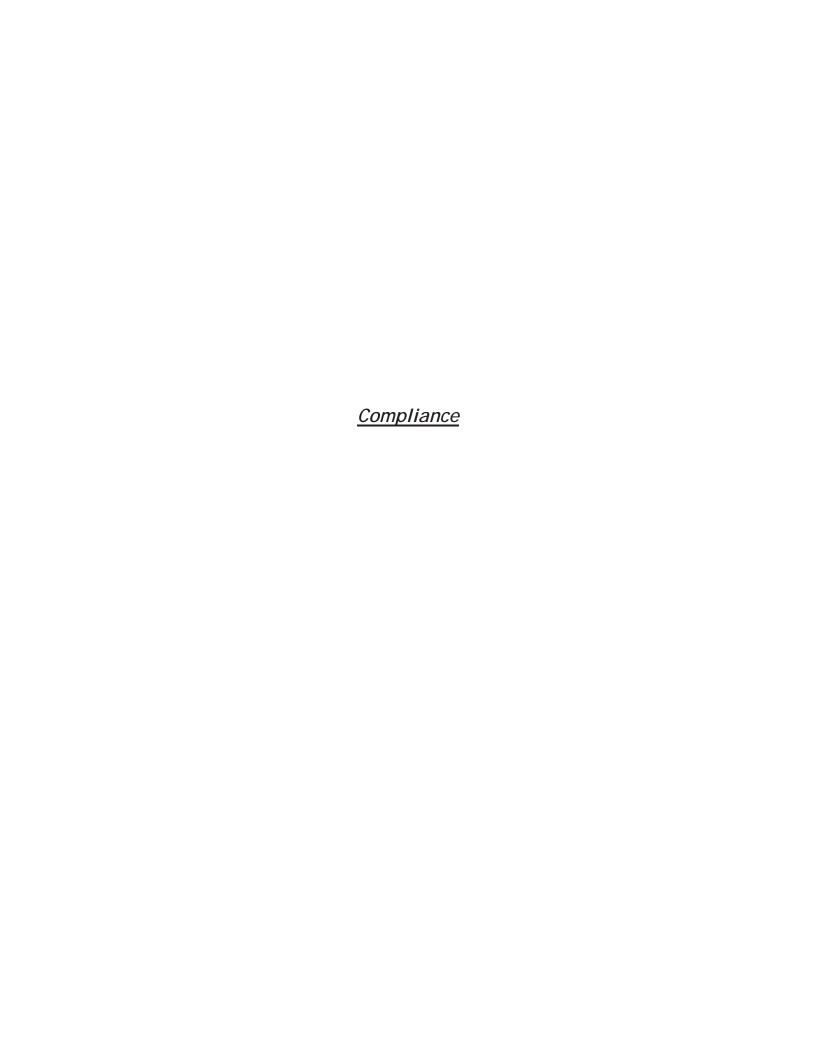
Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, compensated absences and OPEB obligation.

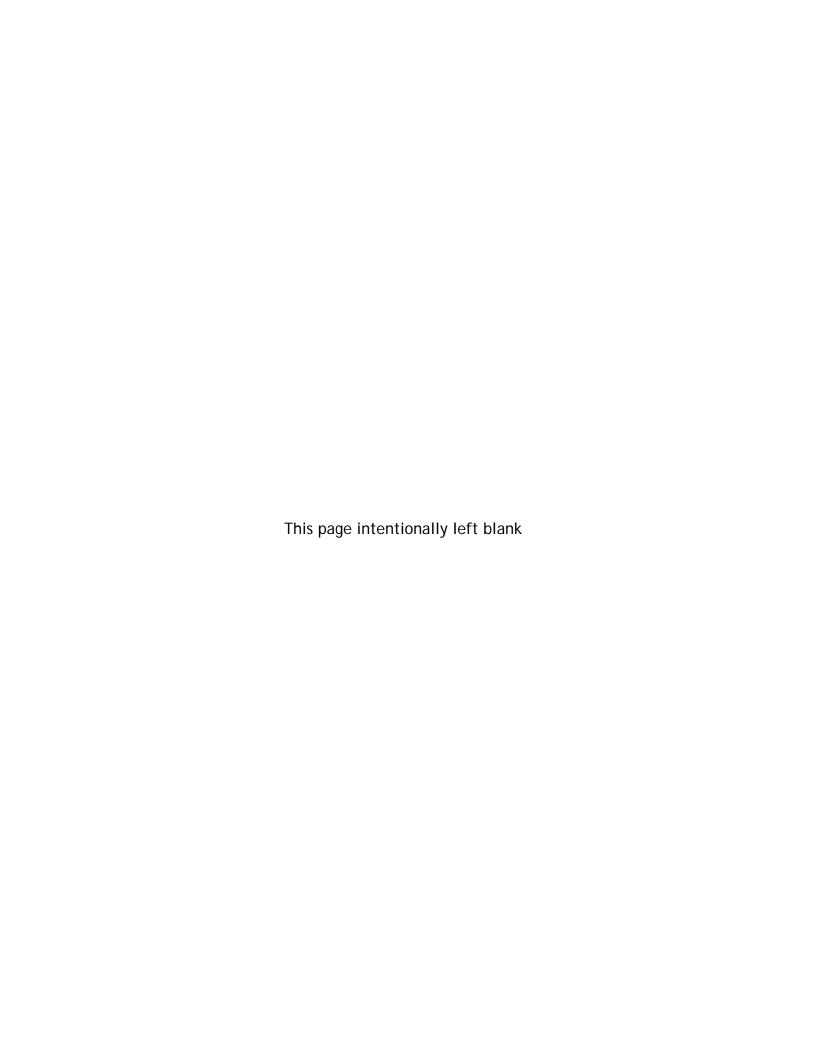
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	2.06%	4.69%	%00.9	6.41%	6.38%	6.44%	6.23%	6.17%	2.69%	5.75%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	79,496,040	87,395,062	92,475,355	95,440,091	93,008,151	92,291,738	88,252,009	89,153,577	84,130,619	86,347,044
Total Debt Service	1,640,534 \$	4,098,889	5,549,361	6,113,422	5,934,945	5,942,470	5,496,482	5,503,566	4,784,580	4,961,410
Interest	499,874 \$	2,480,060	2,623,077	3,047,366	2,816,570	2,649,193	2,557,585	2,448,246	1,503,055	1,933,163
Principal	1,140,660 \$	1,618,829	2,926,284	3,066,056	3,118,375	3,293,277	2,938,897	3,055,320	3,281,525	3,028,247
	\$ 90-9002		2007-08		2009-10		2011-12		2013-14	

(1) Includes General and Debt Service funds of the Primary Government and Special Revenue funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.







# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Halifax, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Halifax, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Halifax, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2016.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Halifax, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Halifax, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Halifax, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Halifax, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mobinson, farmy Cox fasociates Charlottesville, Virginia

January 15, 2016

# Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Halifax, Virginia

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Halifax, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Halifax, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Halifax, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Halifax, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments*, and *Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Halifax, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Halifax, Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Halifax, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Halifax, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Halifax, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Halifax, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mobinson, farmy Cox Associates Charlottesville, Virginia

January 15, 2016

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	<u></u>	Federal xpenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting safe and stable families	93.556	0950113/0950114	\$	8,187
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	0400114/0400115		430,685
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500115/0500114		715
Low-income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600415/0600414		47,463
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care				
and Development Fund	93.596	0760115/0760114		62,941
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900115/0900114		3,003
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100115/1100114		227,692
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120115/1120114		246,945
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000115/1000114		322,000
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150115/9150114		4,439
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540115/0540114		14,386
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200115/1200114		509,473
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	1,877,929
Department of Agriculture:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution	10.555	2015IN10994/2014IN10994	\$	180,604
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2015IN10994/2014IN10994		1,400,798
Subtotal CFDA 10.555			\$	1,581,402
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2015IN10994/2014IN10994		421,098
Department of Education:				
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	2015IL160341/2014IL160341		29,887
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental				
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010115/0010114/0040114/0040115	\$	456,429
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	2,488,816
Department of Defense:				
Direct payments:				
JROTC	12.000		\$	52,497
Total Department of Defense			\$	52,497

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal penditures
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Housing and Community Development:				
Community Development Block Grant/States' Program and				
Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	N/A	\$	18,387
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$	18,387
Department of Justice:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice:				
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	13DJBX0050	<u>\$</u>	1,751
Total Department of Justice			\$	1,751
Department of Transportation:				
Direct payments:	00.101			01 =0-
Airport Improvement Program	20.106		\$	91,523
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC 13 53146	\$	3,148
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL 13 53148		5,941
otal Department of Transportation			\$	100,612
lational Science Foundation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Commonwealth University:				
Education and Human Resources	47.076	N/A	\$	118,283
otal National Science Foundation:			\$	118,283
Department of Homeland Security				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Emergency Management:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	N/A	\$	12,196
otal Department of Homeland Security			\$	12,196
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010		\$	1,458,192
Special Education Cluster:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	H027A120107/H027A130107/H027A140107		1,433,622
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A130112/H173A120112		97,168
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A130046		135,179
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	S287C140047/S287C130047		250,380
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A130044/S367A140044		225,076
Advanced Placement Program	84.330	S330B140008		1,036
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	S318X140046		24,237
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	S365A110046		18,077
Rural Education	84.358	S367A140046/S367A120046/S367A130046		120,751
			¢	3,763,718
otal Department of Education			\$	3,703,710

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

## Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards ("Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the County of Halifax, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Halifax, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Halifax, Virginia.

## Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles provided in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and distributed.

#### Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:		
Primary government:		
General Fund		\$ 60,433
Special Revenue Funds:		
Virginia Public Assistance Fund		2,334,358
State and Federal Grants Fund		20,138
William M. Tuck Airport Fund		91,523
Total primary government		\$ 2,506,452
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund		\$ 3,934,498
School Cafeteria Fund		2,032,387
Total component unit School Board		\$ 5,966,885
Less amounts not reported on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		
Department of Interior - Payments in lieu of taxes	15.226	(39,148)
Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements		\$ 8,434,189
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards		\$ 8,434,189

#### COUNTY OF HALIFAX, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

**Financial Statements** 

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) indentified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant Deficiency(ies) indentified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
	Child Nutrition Cluster:	
10.555	National School Lunch Program	
10.555	Food Distribution	
10.553	School Breakfast Program	
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs \$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

#### Section IV - Prior Year Findings

There are no prior year findings