Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH

(a component unit of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia)

> For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

COMPREHENSIVE

ANNUAL

FINANCIAL REPORT

SCHOOL BOARD

OF THE

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH

(A component unit of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia)

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2014

PREPARED BY

OFFICE OF BUSINESS SERVICES



NOTICE OF NON-DISCRIMINATION POLICY

Virginia Beach City Public Schools does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or age in its programs and activities and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. School Board policies and supporting regulation (including but not limited to, <u>Policies 2-33, 4-4, 4-43, 5-7, 5-33, 5-44, 6-7, 7-11, 7-48</u>, and <u>7-49</u>, and Regulations <u>5-44.1, 7-11.1</u>, and <u>7-57.1</u>) provide equal access to courses, programs, counseling services, physical education and athletic, vocational education, instructional materials, and extracurricular activities.

To seek resolution of grievances resulting from alleged discrimination or to report violations of these policies, please contact the Title IX Coordinator/Director of Student Leadership at 757.263.2020, 1413 Laskin Road, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23451 (for student complaints) or the Section 504/ADA Coordinator/Chief Human Resources Officer at 757.263-1133, 2512 George Mason Drive, Municipal Center, Building 6, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456 (for employees or other citizens). Concerns about the application of <u>Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act</u> should be addressed to the Section 504 Coordinator/Director of Guidance Services and Student Records at 757.263.1980, 2512 George Mason Drive, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456 or the Section 504 Coordinator/Director at the student's school.

Alternative formats of this report, which may include taped, Braille, or large print materials, are available upon request for individuals with disabilities. Call or write the Director of Business Services, Virginia Beach City Public Schools, 2512 George Mason Drive, P.O. Box 6038, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456-0038, 757-263-1033 (voice) or 757-263-1739 (fax).

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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Aaron C. Spence, Ed.D. Superintendent

November 25, 2014

The Honorable Members of the School Board and the Citizens of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the School Board) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Governmental Activities and various funds of the School Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the School Board's financial activities have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is divided into four sections:

<u>Introductory Section</u> – includes this Transmittal Letter, reproductions of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) financial reporting certificate awards, the School Board members (June 30, 2014), and an Organizational Chart (June 30, 2014).

<u>Financial Section</u> – includes the Report of Independent Auditors, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Basic Financial Statements, Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information for Retirement and Other Postemployment Benefits, Required Supplementary Information for Major Funds, Notes to the Required Supplementary Information, and Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules for Nonmajor Funds.

<u>Statistical Section</u> – includes a number of tables and graphs that present various financial, student/personnel, demographic, economic, and other information, for the School Board and City of Virginia Beach, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

<u>Compliance Section</u> – includes the Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Ι

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This Transmittal Letter is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The School Board's MD&A is presented immediately following the Independent Auditors' Report.

The School Board of the City of Virginia Beach is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996. Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, if any, and auditors' reports, is included in the City of Virginia Beach's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ORGANIZATION

The present City of Virginia Beach (City) was formed on January 1, 1963 by the merger of Princess Anne County and the former, smaller City of Virginia Beach. This merger created one of the largest cities in the Commonwealth of Virginia with an area of 307 square miles and 38 miles of shoreline on the Atlantic Ocean and the Chesapeake Bay.

The School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the city. The elected eleven-member School Board, vested with the legislative powers, appoints the Superintendent who is the executive and administrative head of the public school division. The City Council approves the School Board's operating budget, levies the necessary taxes to finance their portion of the operations, and approves the borrowing of money and issuance of bonds when necessary. The City Council is prohibited from exercising any control over specific appropriations within the operating budget of the School Board. However, City Council may exercise control in total by major categories (e.g., Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Technology) as prescribed by the Code of Virginia, as amended.

In accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the City of Virginia Beach), as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the City Council is financially accountable (e.g., a component unit that is fiscally dependent on the primary government). The School Board is considered a component unit of the City and the financial position and results of operations of the School Board are also presented in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The School Board has no component units for financial reporting purposes.

The School Board is fiscally dependent (i.e., it does not have taxing or levying authority, or borrowing authority). It derives most of its funding from allocations from the City and the Commonwealth of Virginia. With more than 68,500 students, it is the third largest school division in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Leadership is provided by the School Board working in concert with the Superintendent. The School Board consists of eleven citizens directly elected to serve four-

year overlapping terms. The City's Charter designates that the composition of the School Board consists of one member from among the residents of each of the seven districts elected from the city at-large, with four additional at-large members. The School Board is responsible for setting policy, while the Superintendent and his administrative staff are charged with managing the school division's operations.

The administrative structure is divided into eight operational areas, as follows: School Administration; School Division Services (such as construction, facilities management, food services, pupil transportation, distribution services, custodial services, maintenance, safety and loss control, and similar activities); Educational Leadership and Assessment; Technology; Budget and Finance; Teaching and Learning; Human Resources; and Media and Communications Development.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The School Board serves the largest city in the Commonwealth of Virginia with a population of more than 447,000 people and oversees the third largest school system, with a school enrollment of more than 68,500 students and more than 10,300 employees. Situated on the coast of the Atlantic Ocean adjacent to the Chesapeake Bay, Virginia Beach is 146 air miles from Washington, D.C.

Since 1997, Virginia Beach City Public Schools (VBCPS) has spent \$620 million to modernize or replace 31 of the school division's facilities. Although the School Board has made great strides in modernizing and replacing aging schools/facilities, the effects of the Great Recession have reduced considerably the available funding on the local and state level. The remaining school facilities in need of modernization or replacement are provided limited funding for maintenance/repairs and upgrades (e.g., technological) through the operating budget until funding becomes available through the City's Capital Improvement Program budget process.

Virginia Beach is well known as a resort community. Its diversification, however, has been the underlying strength of the city's economy. Major components of the city's economic base include the following: construction/real estate; light industry; wholesale and retail sales; agriculture; advanced manufacturing; information technology; professional services; the military community consisting of three bases; and the omnipresent resort and convention trade. The largest employment sector in Virginia Beach is the government sector, which is composed of federal, civilian, military, state and local governments. The city has been designated as one of the "Best-Run Cities in America," by 24/7 Wall Street and a "Manufacturing Boomtown" by Forbes.

In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, Virginia Beach continued to experience "impressive growth," according to the director of the city's Department of Economic Development. In Fiscal Year 2014, the city attracted more than \$111 million in private investment. These companies created 940 new jobs and retained more than 1,200 jobs through existing industry expansions.

The Town Center of Virginia Beach is the heart of a mixed-use, "main street" style development within the city's emerging Central Business District and the home of major entertainment, cultural, business and retail activities. Town Center will eventually span 25 acres and 17 city blocks in the Pembroke area of the city, bounded by Virginia Beach Boulevard, Constitution Drive, Columbus Street and Independence Boulevard. The complex is projected to ultimately include 1,000,000 square feet of Class "A" office space and more than 830,000 square feet of multi-level upscale retail space. It currently includes a business class hotel and conference center, luxury apartments and condominiums, performing arts theater, fine dining, specialty shops and free structured parking. In Fiscal Year 2014, construction was completed on the newest addition to Town Center – a 15-story Class "A" office tower and parking garage. Work continued on the block to finish the construction of 290 apartments, and 23,000 square feet of retail space on the ground floor. This growth encouraged many high-end international retailers to move to Town Center, including Anthropologie, Lululemon Athletica, Free People, and West Elm.

Virginia Beach is a great city for business, as the city boasts a skilled, educated workforce, strategic location, low tax rates and a dynamic, diverse economy. Because of its strategic mid-Atlantic location, both global and U.S. markets are readily accessed through a superior multi-modal transportation network, which includes an extensive railway system, an international airport, vast shipping terminals and one of the East Coast's largest ports.

Virginia Beach offers a low cost environment for doing business, as well as a mix of commercial properties suitable for national and international business operations. International business development is also a key component to the Virginia Beach economy, as nearly 200 foreign-based companies are located in the area in addition to the many local companies who operate around the globe. With 12 foreign consular offices and direct shipping to all of the world's major ports, the Virginia Beach Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) is truly an international business gateway.

In addition to being a wonderful place to live, work and play, Virginia Beach is a fun place to visit. The city is well-known as a year-round destination for business and pleasure. Farm Bureau Live at Virginia Beach, which is the city's Amphitheater, attracted an average paid attendance of 10,747 at its 28 shows, a 15% rise from the year before. The Virginia Beach Convention Center stands at more than 500,000 square feet, including a 31,000 square-foot ballroom with LED lighting, a 150,000 square-foot column-free exhibit hall, 38,999 square feet of meeting space and 2,230 free parking spaces. This award-winning facility is the first Virginia Green certified convention center and is also the largest building in Virginia to achieve LEED (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design) Gold Certification for Existing Buildings. In the most recent calendar year, Virginia Beach experienced a record year for overall lodging sales. In fact, Virginia Beach was the only city in Hampton Roads to experience a growth in revenue per available hotel room over recent years. Approximately 5.5 million people visit Virginia Beach overnight on an annual basis, along with an additional 6.8 million day visitors. These visitors spent a record \$1.3 billion during their stay for accommodations, meals, entertainment and other services.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

In 2013-14, Virginia Beach City Public Schools (VBCPS) maintained its focus to provide students, teachers and the community a school division characterized by academic rigor and student excellence. In order to achieve this, the school division continued its implementation of the strategic objectives and goals outlined in its five-year strategic plan, *Compass to 2015: A Strategic Plan for Student Success.*

Among the initiatives implemented to address student achievement was the institution of a new hybrid high school schedule. This new schedule allows students to take up to eight classes a year and still have a lunch period. In addition, the schedule permits students to retake/make up courses in a 4x4 setting – which would mean taking the class every day for an entire semester as opposed to the traditional A/B block schedule for the entire year. Students who successfully pass the course would then be on track with classmates within the same school year. The school division saw 835 students benefit from the 4x4 setting, and also saw increases in elective enrollment.

Additionally, this year, the school division moved forward with the standards-based format for elementary school report cards for the 2013-14 school year. Rather than providing parents with a single letter grade for their children's performance in a subject area, the new report card shares specific feedback about students' progress towards the skills and understanding of each standard in a subject area. A standards-based approach enables parents to see which of the skills/concepts in a subject their child excels or struggles. This approach is in place from kindergarten through third grade, with it to expand to grades four and five in 2014-15 and 2015-16, respectively.

VBCPS opened the new Kellam High School in early 2014. This \$102 million school is located on West Neck Road just south of North Landing Road, and rests on 108 acres. Students were able to begin their second semester of the year at the new building, which came in under budget and ahead of schedule.

All of the school division's modernization/replacement projects programmed by VBCPS are developed in accordance with the school division's Comprehensive Long Range Facility Master Plan, a guiding document that was developed in 2007 in concert with the entire community. All construction projects are designed/constructed to achieve at minimum a LEED Silver Certification. In Virginia Beach, current LEED projects total more than 1.5 million square feet of LEED building space. VBCPS currently also has 23 Energy Star schools totaling 2.4 million square feet of building space. While overall school division-wide square footage has increased to more than 10 million square feet, VBCPS utility costs have decreased. Additionally, since September 2008, the school division has diverted more than 5,000 tons of recyclable material from the waste stream.

Including the opening of the new Kellam High School, the school division also recorded progress on the combined Old Donation Center/Kemps Landing Magnet School Building. The School Board approved an administrative recommendation to combine both gifted programs into one building. The new building will be constructed on the current Old Donation Center site. This combined school will serve students in grades two through eight who have been designated as "gifted."

In addition to the new building, VBCPS continues to enjoy a local, regional, state and national reputation for excellence in gifted education. Each school has a gifted program in-house through which gifted students are served via gifted resource teachers.

Additionally, the school division's academy/advanced academic programs remain staples of secondary schools. These unique schools-within-schools provide expanded academic opportunities for students across the school division. Five high schools, one middle school and two elementary schools are designated themed academies while two programs the International Baccalaureate Program at Princess Anne High School and the Mathematics and Science Academy at Ocean Lakes High School - are advanced academic programs featuring extended learning opportunities.

VBCPS also continued to see significant increases in Technical and Career Education (TCE) workplace readiness skills and industry certifications. For the 2013-14 school year, 123 different industry credential tests were administered to VBCPS students, who earned 9,354 industry credentials. Of the 123 industry credential tests, 118 were STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics) related.

In our comprehensive high school programs, the school division continued making progress in its work to increase student success. Compared with the six other school divisions in Hampton Roads, Virginia Beach seniors continue to have higher mean scores on all three sections of the SAT. Specifically, the class of 2014 total mean was 25 points higher than any other total mean SAT score in the region. Within the same graduating class, VBCPS exceeded the state performance on a key academic indicator — the cohort dropout rate and maintained a high On-Time Graduation (OTG) rate of 88.5 percent.

These accomplishments led all 11 VBCPS high schools to again earn a spot on the Washington Post's annual list of top public high schools. This list names the top 9 percent of the near 22,000 public high schools in the nation.

The Department of Teaching and Learning continued to increase academic opportunities for all students. Specifically, VBCPS saw continued success in increasing student access and achievement to Advanced Placement (AP) courses. 1,209 VBCPS students were designated as 2014 AP Scholars for completing three or more AP exams with scores of 3 or higher. Also, VBCPS was one of seven Virginia school divisions named to the Fourth Annual AP District Honor Roll for expanding access to AP courses while also improving the number of students earning qualifying scores on AP exams. The school division earned the honor for increasing the availability of AP courses while also increasing the percentage of students scoring 3 or higher on AP exams.

From the school division-level, VBCPS has maintained its commitment to ensuring parents have ready access to information about their children's performance in school. Parent Portal, an online gradebook, allows parents to access their child's school record including grades and attendance as well as standardized achievement data (SOL, AP, PSAT, SAT, SAT Subject, SELP, etc.), student achievement profiles, discipline records and historical student information. Using this technology, teachers and administrators also have access to curriculum guides and instructional resources as well as a state-of-the-art assessment (for local assessments) and reporting system.

The school division also maintains multiple platforms and publications to keep student families and community members engaged. The school newsletter, *Apple-A-Day*, is sent to more than 50,000 homes four to six times throughout the year. Additionally, VBCPS has an active Facebook page, Twitter page and Instagram account as well as a staff blog, *Kaleidoscope*, and a community blog, *The Core*.

In addition, the school division's *AlertNow* rapid communications system and *My School Mail* have continued to be vital electronic communication vehicles for schools to communicate with their own school communities and with parents.

In terms of engagement, the school division was selected as a first place winner in the American School Board Journal's 2014 Magna Awards program for the VBCPS Parent Connection program. The Magna Awards recognize school boards for advancing public education through innovative programs and initiatives. The Parent Connection offers workshops, guest columns, daily engagement tips and other resources to help connect parents and schools to support student learning and growth. In addition, Parent Connection coordinates programs which provide healthy weekend meals and free computers to families facing economic challenges.

On a related note, the school division saw continued success in its volunteer and Partners-in-Education programs. Last fiscal year, more than 22,000 volunteers and partners in education donated approximately 690,000 hours of service to VBCPS. The value of this service is estimated at \$15,562,883.

With the active participation of staff, parents, community members and volunteers, VBCPS has seen another tremendous year of student achievement and the school division administration looks forward to more successful years ahead.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School Board are protected from loss, theft, or misuse; and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The School Board maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated

budget. Activities of the General Fund and Special Revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the category level (i.e., Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Technology) for the General Fund and the fund level for the Special Revenue funds. In addition, certain controls are exercised administratively on the General Fund (e.g., budget units, personnel positions, capital outlay, and certain line-items; and the appropriations related thereto). A budget unit is an activity (e.g., Elementary Classroom, Gifted Education and Academy Programs) of a category (e.g., Instruction). In addition, certain controls are exercised on the Special Revenue funds (e.g., federal and state grants, and the appropriations related thereto). The School Board also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Outstanding encumbrances of certain governmental funds at the end of the fiscal year are reappropriated as part of the following fiscal year's operating budget.

The School Board has adopted budgets for the following funds: General, Grants, Cafeterias, Textbooks, Communication Towers/Technology, Vending Operations, and Equipment Replacement Funds. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the School Board continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

The local government provides an appropriation for education in excess of the Commonwealth of Virginia Standards of Quality (SOQ) payments, and determines the level of total education support by means of a Revenue Sharing Formula. The amount derived from the application of this formula is allocated to Debt Service, "Pay As You Go" Capital Improvements, and the Operating Budget. Debt Service, which is managed and controlled by the City, receives the first allocation of funds; "Pay As You Go" Capital Improvements, which are projects which can reasonably be expected to be completed within one year receives the next allocation; and the balance of the funds are allocated as operating budget support.

Long-term financial planning includes a five-year forecast submission to the City, evaluating the budget impact of post-employment benefits, evaluating the risk management program, and assessing the fiscal impact of the capital improvement program on the school division's operations.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

An independent audit of the School Board's finances is required each fiscal year by either the Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts or a firm of independent Certified Public Accountants. Accordingly, the records have been audited by Cherry Bekaert LLP and its report on the financial statements is included herein.

FINANCIAL REPORTING CERTIFICATE AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a governmental entity financial report. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements. A GFOA Certificate is the highest form of recognition awarded in the field of governmental financial reporting and is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine the School Board's eligibility for another certificate award.

In addition, the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. ASBO sponsors this Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting program to foster excellence in the preparation and issuance of school system annual financial reports. This prestigious international certificate award is the highest form of recognition in school financial reporting and is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR conforms also to the ASBO Certificate of Excellence program requirements, and we are submitting it to the ASBO to determine the School Board's eligibility for another certificate award.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Office of Business Services. During the year, they rendered professional and knowledgeable financial services to and on behalf of the school division, and maintained the financial records on a current and timely basis. We are most appreciative of these efforts and take this opportunity to recognize these outstanding public servants and their dedication, work ethics, and integrity.

In addition, appreciation and recognition is given for the strong conservative policies and practices dictated by the School Board in the oversight of the financial affairs of the school division, which have achieved the results contained in this financial report. The School Board and the administration are commended for their continuing support which is vital to the financial health of the school division and demonstration of the commitment to financial accountability, stewardship, and transparency. **Respectfully Submitted**,

n

Aaron C. Spence, Ed.D. Superintendent

Farrell &. Nanzaher

Farrell E. Hanzaker, MBA Chief Financial Officer

Sammy Cohon

A. S. "Sammy" Cohen, MPA, CPA Director of Business Services



GOVERNMENT FINANCE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

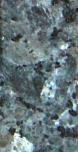
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

Executive Director / CEO

2013



SCHOOL BOARD

OF THE

CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

(June 30, 2014)



DANIEL D. "DAN" EDWARDS

CHAIRMAN DISTRICT 2 – KEMPSVILLE William J. "Bill" Brunke, IV

VICE CHAIRMAN DISTRICT 7 – PRINCESS ANNE





Beverly M. Anderson At-Large



Emma L. "Em" Davis District 5 – Lynnhaven



Dorothy M. Holtz At-Large



Elizabeth E. Taylor At-Large



Joel A. McDonald District 3 – Rose Hall



Robert N. Melatti At-Large





Leonard C. Tengco District 1 - Centerville

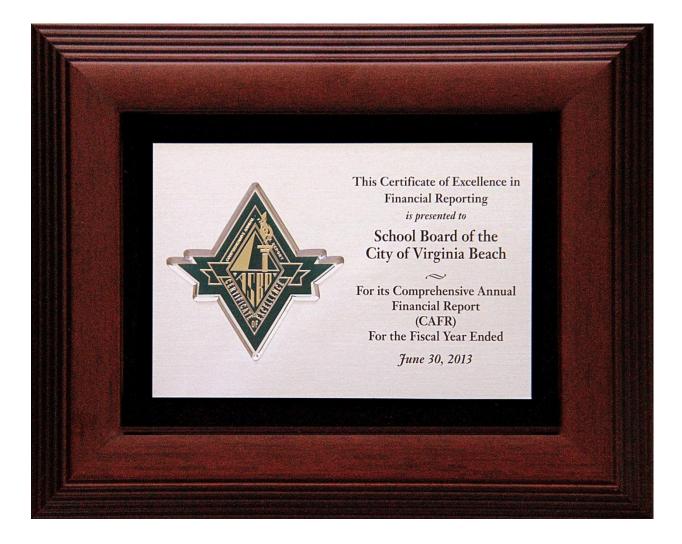


Carolyn D. Weems At-Large





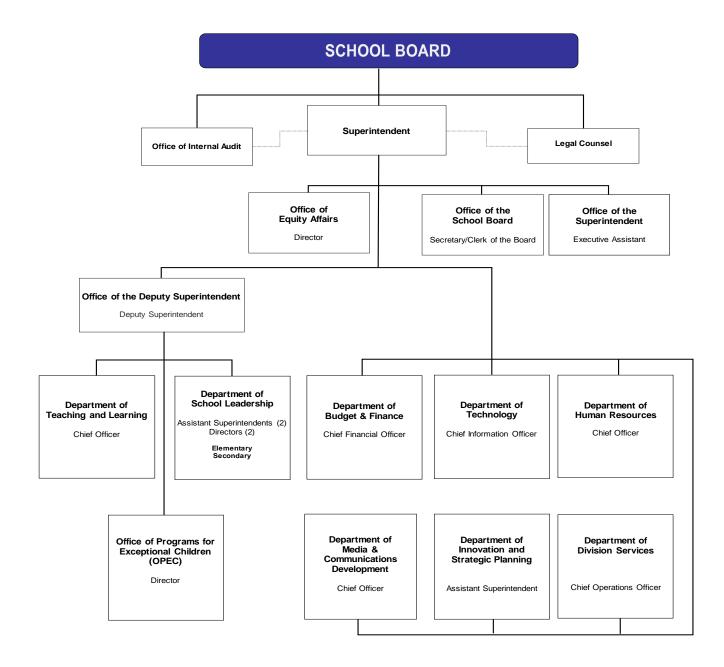
Dr. Aaron C. Spence Superintendent



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

Organizational Chart

(June 30, 2014)



FINANCIAL SECTION



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Report of Independent Auditor

The Members of the School Board City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the "School Board"), a component unit of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules of the general fund and major annually budgeted special revenue funds, and the schedule of funding progress and contributions for employer defined benefit pension plan and other post-employment benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules of the non-major funds, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules of the non-major funds, and the statement of changes in assets and liabilities-agency fund are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements and the statement of changes in assets and liabilities-agency fund are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, budgetary comparison schedules of the non-major funds and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2014, on our consideration of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cheny Bekaert LLP

Virginia Beach, Virginia November 25, 2014

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the School Board) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the transmittal letter, which begins on page I, and the financial statements and notes, which immediately follow the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the assets of the School Board exceeded its liabilities by \$532,097,070 (net position) at June 30, 2014. Of this amount, \$492,959,880 is invested in capital assets, \$37,810,688 is restricted for capital projects, grants, cafeterias, and textbooks, and \$1,326,502 is unrestricted for future use in certain governmental activities.

On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the School Board's revenues of \$797,708,435 exceeded expenses of \$794,961,419 by \$2,747,016.

The School Board's Governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$53,763,765 at June 30, 2014. Of this amount, \$1,538,370 is nonspendable (i.e., inventories and prepaid items), \$37,810,688 is restricted (e.g., federal and state grantor agencies, capital projects bond proceeds from local government, textbook adoptions), \$3,298,600 is committed (e.g., capital projects contracts), and \$11,116,107 is assigned (e.g., instructional technology, equipment replacement, operations and maintenance).

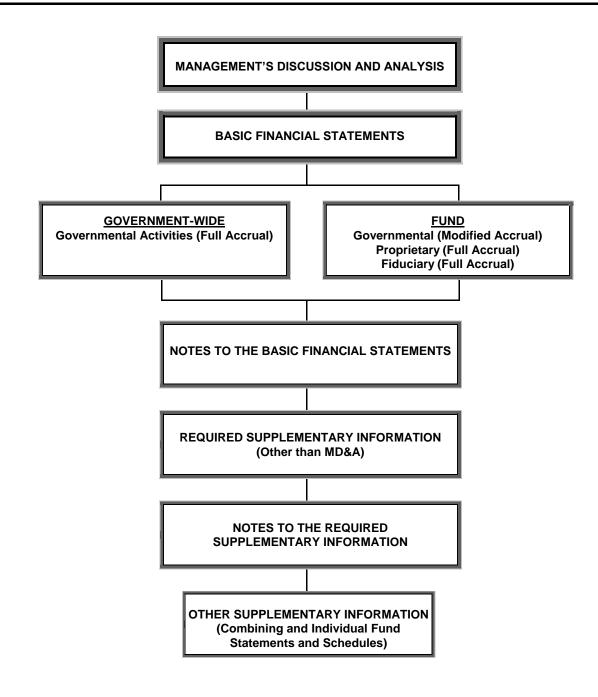
In the General Fund, the School Board returned unexpended appropriations for the Fiscal Year 2013-14 to the City of Virginia Beach (City) in the amount of \$15,554,787, as required by the Code of Virginia, as amended.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A serves as an introduction to the School Board's basic financial statements. The School Board's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) consists of four sections, as follows: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Compliance. The following presents the components of the Financial Section of the CAFR.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to present a broad overview of the School Board's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School Board's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases and decreases in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School Board is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School Board's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave, claims and judgments).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions related to governmental activities (principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and business-type activities (intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges). The School Board reports only governmental activities, since it has no business-type activities.

Both of the government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) present governmental activities of the School Board. These governmental activities are principally supported by the City, State sales tax, and intergovernmental revenues. The reported governmental activities of the School Board are Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Cafeterias; and Technology.

The government-wide financial statements are presented in Exhibits A-1 and A-2 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School Board, like other state and local governments and public school divisions, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School Board can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, Proprietary funds, and Fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same activities reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on nearterm inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By conducting this comparison, a better understanding may be achieved in the long-term impact of the School Board's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Exhibit A-3) and the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit A-4) provide a reconciliation for each statement to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School Board maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Exhibit A-3) and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit A-4) for the General, School Grants, School Textbooks, and Capital Projects Funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds, which are considered nonmajor funds, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is presented in the form of combining statements in Statements C-1 and C-2 of this report.

The School Board adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its major and nonmajor governmental funds, except the Capital Projects Fund (appropriations for capital projects do not parallel the School Board's fiscal year). Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General, School Grants, and School Textbooks Funds in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report (Schedules B-1 through B-3) to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Individual fund budgetary comparison schedules for each nonmajor fund are presented in Schedules C-3 through C-6 of this report to also demonstrate compliance with this budget.

As noted above, the basic governmental fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits A-3 and A-4 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The School Board maintains one type of Proprietary fund, which is the Internal Service Fund type. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School Board's various activities and the City. The School Board uses Internal Service funds to account for its Risk Management and Health Insurance programs. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Both Internal Service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements (Exhibits A-5 through A-7). Individual fund data for the Internal Service funds is presented in the form of combining statements in Statements D-1 through D-3 of this report.

As noted above, the basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits A-5 through A-7 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements, because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School Board's programs.

The School Board's Fiduciary funds are Agency funds. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the School Board as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations, as they are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). The Agency funds of the School Board are the Payroll Deductions, Fringe Benefits, and School Activity Accounts Funds and are presented in Schedule E-1 of this report.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement is presented in Exhibit A-8 of this report.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> <u>and the Required Supplementary Information</u>

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and the required supplementary information.

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements begin after Exhibit A-8 and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information begin after Schedule B-3 of this report.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School Board's progress in funding the retirement benefits for its nonprofessional employees through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), and retirement health benefits for its professional and nonprofessional employees through the Virginia Pooled Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Trust Fund.

Required supplementary information on these retirement benefits begin after the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

As noted above, the combining statements for the Nonmajor Governmental funds are presented in Statements C-1 and C-2; the combining statements for the Internal Service funds are presented in Statements D-1 through D-3; and the combining statement for the Agency funds is presented in Schedule E-1 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

NET POSITION

The assets of the School Board exceeded its liabilities by \$532,097,070 (net position) at June 30, 2014, as illustrated in the Summary of Net Position (with comparative amounts at June 30, 2013), as follows:

Summary of Net Position				
	2014	2013		
Current Assets	\$ 153,871,414	\$ 141,535,637		
Capital Assets	492,959,880	503,613,147		
Total Assets	<u>\$ 646,831,294</u>	<u>\$ 645,148,784</u>		
Current Liabilities	\$ 98,001,594	\$ 100,005,338		
Noncurrent Liabilities	16,732,630	15,793,392		
Total Liabilities	<u>\$114,734,224</u>	<u>\$115,798,730</u>		
Net Position:				
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 492,959,880	\$ 503,613,147		
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	15,947,262	-		
Grants	1,058,973	1,060,524		
Cafeterias	4,556,868	3,825,795		
Textbooks	16,247,585	16,044,853		
Unrestricted	1,326,502	4,805,735		
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 532,097,070</u>	<u>\$ 529,350,054</u>		

The largest portion of the School Board's net position (92.6%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles). The School Board uses these assets (e.g., schools, buses) for elementary and secondary educational purposes; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the School Board's net position (7.1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The remaining balance of net position (.3%) is unrestricted for future use in certain governmental activities.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The School Board's revenues of \$797,708,435 exceeded expenses of \$794,961,419 by \$2,747,016 during Fiscal Year 2014, as illustrated in the Changes in Net Position (with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013), as follows:

Changes in Net Position				
	2013			
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 15,965,935	\$ 15,980,680		
Operating Grants	143,414,642	134,612,328		
General Revenues:				
Local Government	392,169,735	368,549,605		
State Basic Aid	167,421,241	166,739,680		
State Sales Tax	67,915,112	68,889,270		
Federal Impact Aid	10,145,630	19,404,512		
Interest Earnings	145,635	137,633		
Miscellaneous	530,505	655,857		
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 797,708,435</u>	<u>\$ 774,969,565</u>		
Expenses				
Instruction	\$ 587,975,312	\$ 577,046,558		
Admin, Attendance, & Health	20,499,059	20,504,499		
Pupil Transportation	33,585,459	34,224,798		
Operations and Maintenance	88,060,958	89,634,735		
Cafeterias	28,720,848	26,525,914		
Technology	36,119,783	36,593,114		
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 794,961,419</u>	<u>\$ 784,529,618</u>		
Change in Net Position	\$ 2,747,016	\$ (9,560,053)		
Net Position – July 1	529,350,054	538,910,107		
Net Position – June 30	<u>\$ 532,097,070</u>	<u>\$ 529,350,054</u>		

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

The Operating Grants revenue source increased by \$8,802,314 (6.5%) mainly due to the increase in the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education Salary Supplement funding and various operating grants (e.g., Technology Initiative). The Local Government revenue source increased by \$23,620,130 (6.4%) mainly due to additional funding provided by City Council through a revenue sharing formula and an allocation of prior year reversion funds. Federal Impact Aid decreased by \$9,258,882 (47.7%) due to a decrease in funding from the U.S. Department of Education.

The Instruction expenses increased by \$10,928,754 (1.9%) mainly due to the increase in materials and supplies needed to open a new/replacement high school and depreciation on school buildings.

Governmental Activities

The following illustration presents the cost of the governmental activities: Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Cafeterias; and Technology during Fiscal Years 2014 and 2013. The illustration also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants). The net cost shows the financial impact that is placed on the School Board's general revenue sources (local government, federal and state aid, interest earnings, and other nonspecific revenue sources).

Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities				
	Total Cost of Services 2014	Net Cost of Services 2014	Total Cost of Services 2013	Net Cost of Services 2013
<u>Expenses</u>				
Instruction	\$ 587,975,312	\$ 466,766,477	\$ 577,046,558	\$ 459,286,389
Admin, Attendance, & Health	20,499,059	20,499,059	20,504,499	20,496,129
Pupil Transportation	33,585,459	33,585,459	34,224,798	34,224,798
Operations and Maintenance	88,060,958	87,504,399	89,634,735	89,208,098
Cafeterias	28,720,848	(72,645)	26,525,914	(551,320)
Technology	36,119,783	27,298,093	36,593,114	31,272,516
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 794,961,419</u>	\$ 635,580,842	<u>\$ 784,529,618</u>	<u>\$ 633,936,610</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the School Board uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the School Board's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School Board's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School Board's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2014, the School Board's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$53,763,765, an increase of \$17,265,519 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Of the total amount of the combined fund balances, 2.9% or \$1,538,370 is nonspendable (i.e., inventories and prepaid items), 70.3% or \$37,810,688 is restricted (e.g., federal and state grantor agencies, capital projects bond proceeds from local government, textbook adoptions), 6.1% or \$3,298,600 is committed (e.g., capital projects contracts), and 20.7% or \$11,116,107 is assigned (e.g., instructional technology, equipment replacement, operations and maintenance).

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board that is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. At June 30, 2014, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,349,632. \$761,330 is nonspendable (i.e., prepaid items) and \$6,588,302 is assigned (e.g., instructional technology, school athletics, operations and maintenance).

General Fund Budget Amendment

Amount

<u>Purpose</u>

\$ 2,831,522 There were supplemental budget amendments, other than for encumbrances, during fiscal year 2014. The General Fund budget amendments (e.g., elementary instructional and improvement initiatives support, athletic equipment, school buses, operations and maintenance project) were funded through an increase in revenue from the local government.

General Fund Original Budget to Final Budget Difference Reconciliation

General Fund:

5,492,230 – FY 2013 Outstanding Encumbrances Appropriated
2,831,522 – Budget Amendment (See above)
8,323,752 – Original Budget to Final Budget Difference (including the Othe
Financing Uses budget)

General Fund Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance Reconciliation

Instruction Category:

927,141 – Outstanding Encumbrances as of June 30, 2014
 <u>13,532,583</u> – Remaining Available Balance (2.6% of the category budget less transfers)
 <u>\$14,459,724</u> – Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance

The remaining available balance, which is not expected to affect future services, was mainly in the Elementary Classroom (personnel services, fringe benefits, materials and supplies, capital outlay); Technical and Career Education (personnel services, fringe benefits, capital outlay); Special Education (personnel services, fringe benefits, materials and supplies); Alternative Education – Renaissance (personnel services, fringe benefits, materials and supplies); Office of the Principal – Elementary (personnel services, fringe benefits); Office of the Principal – Senior High (personnel services, fringe benefits); Educational Leadership and Assessment (personnel services, purchased services); Middle School Classroom (personnel services, fringe benefits, capital outlay); and Remedial Education (personnel services, fringe benefits) budget units.

Administration, Attendance and Health Category:

\$ 10,664 – Outstanding Encumbrances as of June 30, 2014

<u>1,361,132</u> – Remaining Available Balance (6.3% of the category budget less transfers)

<u>\$ 1,371,796</u> – Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance

The remaining available balance, which is not expected to affect future services, was mainly in the Office of the Superintendent (personnel services, fringe benefits, purchased services); Budget and Finance (personnel services, fringe benefits, purchased services); and Health Services (personnel services, fringe benefits, purchased services, materials and supplies) budget units.

<u>Pupil Transportation Category</u>:

\$ - – Outstanding Encumbrances as of June 30, 2014
 <u>657,257</u> – Remaining Available Balance (2.0% of the category budget less transfers)
\$ <u>657,257</u> – Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance

The remaining available balance, which is not expected to affect future services, was mainly in the Vehicle Operations (personnel services, materials and supplies) and Vehicle Maintenance (personnel services, fringe benefits) budget units.

Operations and Maintenance Category:

\$ 4,075,416 – Outstanding Encumbrances as of June 30, 2014
 <u>2,250,020</u> – Remaining Available Balance (2.5% of the category budget less transfers)
 <u>\$ 6,325,436</u> – Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance

The remaining available balance, which is not expected to affect future services, was mainly in the School Plant (personnel services, purchased services, other charges); Custodial Services (personnel services, fringe benefits, materials and supplies); and Safety and Loss Control (personnel services, fringe benefits) budget units.

Technology Category:

- \$ 1,239,578 Outstanding Encumbrances as of June 30, 2014
 1 810,556 Remaining Available Balance (6.2%) of the astagowy budge
- <u>1,810,556</u> Remaining Available Balance (6.2% of the category budget less transfers)
- <u>\$ 3,050,134</u> Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance

The remaining available balance, which is not expected to affect future services, was mainly in the Instructional Technology and Technology Maintenance budget units.

Transfers:

<u>\$</u> 240,819 – Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance

Transfers are budgeted in the Instructional and Technology Categories and presented separately as required for reporting purposes. The variance (7.0% of the category budget) is mainly due to adjustments to the local match requirements of federal and state grants budgeted in the Grants Special Revenue Fund.

(continued)

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects), which are legally restricted or committed to be expended for specified purposes. These funds are used to finance designated programs and are generally not available for other purposes. The School Board's Special Revenue funds are as follows:

Major Funds:

<u>School Grants</u> – accounts for certain private, Commonwealth of Virginia, and Federal grants (with matching local funds, if required).

<u>School Textbooks</u> – accounts for the financing (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia) and acquisitions of textbooks and related materials used in the school division.

Nonmajor Funds:

<u>School Cafeterias</u> – accounts for the revenues (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia, Federal Government) and expenditures associated with the food services operations of the school division.

<u>School Communication Towers/Technology</u> – accounts for the rent receipts (long-term contracts with telecommunication companies) relating to the communication towers constructed on School Board property and technology related expenditures.

<u>School Vending Operations</u> – accounts for receipts (long-term exclusive contract with a vending company) relating to the bottled drinks vending operations of the school division and expenditures (including school-level allocations).

<u>School Equipment Replacement</u> – accounts for the financing (e.g., local government) and acquisition of various replacement equipment.

<u>School Grants Fund</u>: During Fiscal Year 2014, revenues and other financing sources totaled \$48,104,540 and expenditures totaled \$48,106,091. This resulted in a decrease in the fund balance of \$1,551, due to a net decrease in local match requirements. The remaining fund balance will be used for the required local match of Commonwealth of Virginia approved FY 2014 grant proceeds to be disbursed in FY 2015.

<u>School Textbooks Fund</u>: During Fiscal Year 2014, revenues totaled \$3,709,976 and expenditures totaled \$3,489,343. This resulted in an increase in the fund balance of \$220,633. The remaining fund balance will be used for future textbook adoptions.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2014

<u>Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds</u>: During Fiscal Year 2014, revenues totaled \$29,545,625 and expenditures totaled \$29,496,141. This resulted in a combined increase in the fund balances of all nonmajor Special Revenue funds of \$49,484. The increase in the combined fund balance was in the School Cafeterias and School Communication Towers/Technology Special Revenue Funds, as the School Vending and School Equipment Replacement Funds each incurred a planned decrease in fund balance. The remaining fund balances of these nonmajor Special Revenue funds will be used in the future for technology purposes, equipment replacements, cafeteria equipment, and other appropriate needs.

Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit (and to other governmental units), on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School Board operates Internal Service funds for the school division's Risk Management and Self-Insured Health Care Benefits programs.

During Fiscal Year 2014, total revenues including nonoperating revenues amounted to \$140,549,210. Expenses totaled \$144,100,776. This resulted in a decrease in net position of \$3,551,566, due to the planned use of the School Health Insurance Fund Net Position Balance to absorb most of the projected increase in medical, pharmaceutical, and similar health costs during the latter half of plan year 2013 and first half of plan year 2014.

Capital Projects Fund (Major Fund)

During Fiscal Year 2014, revenues including other financing sources totaled \$50,627,605 expenditures totaled \$34,817,178. This resulted in an increase in the fund balance of \$15,810,427. The remaining fund balance consisting of the below Capital Projects Fund revenue proceeds will be used to complete capital projects as approved by the School Board and appropriated in the Capital Improvement Program by City Council, accordingly.

Proceeds from public improvement charter bond issues, State Literary Fund Loans, Virginia Public School Authority financing, local funding sources, and construction grants (including lottery proceeds) from the Commonwealth of Virginia are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund until improvement projects are completed. The City provides the aforementioned sources of revenues (classified as From Local Government in the financial statements, except interest earnings and Commonwealth of Virginia revenues).

When capital projects are completed, the costs of the improvements (meeting the capitalization threshold) are transferred from construction in progress to the appropriate capital asset account. The various significant active capital projects for the current fiscal year are presented below.

Kellam High School Replacement Renovations/Replacements-HVAC Systems Renovations/Replacements-Reroofing Renovations/Replacements-Grounds Renovations/Replacements-Various Energy Performance Contracts Kemps Landing Magnet School and Old Donation Center Consolidated Replacement

CAPITAL ASSETS

Section 15.2-1800.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, affects the reporting of local School Board capital assets and related debt for financial reporting purposes. Under this legislation, the City has a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the City incurs "on-behalf of" debt for any school property which is payable over more than one year. For financial reporting purposes, the City will report the Net Book Value of School Board property equal to the total outstanding principal balance of the applicable "on-behalf of" debt at June 30, 2014. The below illustration reflects capital assets remaining with the School Board (net of those that have been transferred between the School Board and the City as the outstanding principal balance changes).

The School Board's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$492,959,880 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. The total decrease in the School Board's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 2.1%, as follows:

Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation) As of June 30, 2014 and 2013								
			Percentage					
	2014	2013	Change					
Land	\$ 39,670,603	\$ 39,670,603	0.0%					
Construction in Progress	5,045,181	71,559,129	(92.9)%					
Buildings and Improvements	406,660,858	351,652,416	15.6%					
Equipment and Vehicles	41,583,238	40,730,999	2.1%					
Total Capital Assets (net)	<u>\$ 492,959,880</u>	<u>\$ 503,613,147</u>	(2.1)%					

Additional information on the School Board's capital assets is presented in Note 4 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The unemployment rate for Virginia Beach continues to be below the state and U.S. rates. The unemployment rate, for August 2014, is 5.5% for Virginia Beach, 5.7% for the state, and 6.3% for the U.S.

Virginia Beach had a per capita personal income of \$49,898 in 2012 (most recent information available), which was 2.4% greater than the per capita income for the state at \$48,715, and 16.9% greater than the nation's at \$42,693 (U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis). Virginia Beach median household income in 2013 increased 2.0% to \$62,855 from 2012; however, it is greater than the national median household income by 20.3%.

Factors Influencing Future Budgets

- Employee health care costs
- Employee postemployment benefits
- Inadequate state and federal aid
- Unfunded state and federal mandates
- Competitive salaries and pay raises
- Various magnet schools and academies
- Public charter schools
- Economic conditions
- Student enrollment slightly declining

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is designed to provide a general overview of the School Board's finances and to demonstrate the School Board's commitment to financial accountability, stewardship, and transparency. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Business Services, Virginia Beach City Public Schools, 2512 George Mason Drive, P.O. Box 6038, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456-0038.



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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
	Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6)	\$ 128,669,041
Accounts Receivable	776,988
Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A)	14,005,344
Due from Federal Government (Note 2B)	8,859,535
Inventories (Note 1F)	754,794
Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)	805,712
Total Current Assets	\$ 153,871,414
Noncurrent Assets:	<u> </u>
Capital Assets (Note 4):	
Land	\$ 39,670,603
Buildings, Improvements, Equipment, and Vehicles	\$ 00,010,000
(net of accumulated depreciation)	448,244,096
Construction in Progress	5,045,181
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 492,959,880
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$ 492,939,880
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 646,831,294
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Salaries Payable (Note 7C)	\$ 55,147,209
Vouchers and	· ···,···,_···
Accounts Payable	13,073,876
Deposits Payable	75,000
Due to Federal Government	87,914
Unearned Revenue (Note 3)	8,459,898
Long-term Liabilities (due within one year) (Note 5A)	21,157,697
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 98,001,594
	φ 90,001,394
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Long-term Liabilities (due in more than one year)	40 700 000
(Notes 1G, 5, and 9)	16,732,630
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 114,734,224</u>
NET POSITION (Note 1I)	
Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 492,959,880
Restricted for: (Note 10D)	,
Capital Projects	15,947,262
Grants	1,058,973
Cafeterias	4,556,868
Textbooks	16,247,585
Unrestricted	1,326,502
	i
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 532,097,070

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

			Program Revenues		Net (Expenses)
		Charman for	Operating Grants and	Capital	Revenues and
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Change In Net Position
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Instruction	\$ 587,975,312	\$ 2,841,159	\$ 118,367,676	\$-	\$ (466,766,477)
Administration, Attendance, & Health	20,499,059	-	-	-	(20,499,059)
Pupil Transportation	33,585,459	-	-	-	(33,585,459)
Operations and Maintenance	88,060,958	456,559	100,000	-	(87,504,399)
Cafeterias	28,720,848	12,047,776	16,745,717	-	72,645
Technology	36,119,783	620,441	8,201,249	<u> </u>	(27,298,093)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 794,961,419	\$ 15,965,935	\$ 143,414,642	<u>\$-</u>	\$ (635,580,842)
			General Revenues:		
			Local Sources:		
			Local Governmer	nt	\$ 392,169,735
			Miscellaneous		530,505
			Federal and State Ai to Specific Purp		
			State Basic Aid		167,421,241
			State Sales Tax		67,915,112
			Federal Impact Ai	id	10,145,630
			Interest Earnings		145,635
			Total General R	levenues	\$ 638,327,858
			Change in Net F	Position	\$ 2,747,016
			Total Net Positi	on - July 1	529,350,054
			Total Net Positi		\$ 532,097,070

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

					Other	Total
		School	School	Capital	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Grants	Textbooks	Projects	Funds	Funds
ASSETS	General	Grants	TEXIDOORS	110ject3	T unus	T unus
Cash and Investments						
(Notes 1J1 and 6)	\$ 50,036,052	\$-	\$ 16,423,506	\$ 21,760,348	\$ 10,054,154	\$ 98,274,060
Accounts Receivable	207,951	198,289	65	-	-	406,305
Due from Other Funds	. ,	,				,
(Note 10B)	3,993,232	-	-	-	-	3,993,232
Due from Commonwealth						
(Note 2A)	9,874,836	3,997,200	-	-	-	13,872,036
Due from Federal		, ,				
Government (Note 2B)	488,997	7,656,637	-	-	713,901	8,859,535
Inventories (Note 1F)	-	-	-	-	754,794	754,794
Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)	761,330	-	17,901	-	4,345	783,576
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 65,362,398	\$ 11,852,126	\$ 16,441,472	\$ 21,760,348	\$ 11,527,194	\$ 126,943,538
LIABILITIES AND						
FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Salaries Payable (Note 7C)	\$ 51,263,891	\$ 2,969,154	\$ 564	\$ 5,806	\$ 907,368	\$ 55,146,783
Vouchers and Accounts					· •	
Payable	6,357,559	3,329,283	175,422	2,420,766	311,023	12,594,053
Deposits Payable	-	-	-	-	75,000	75,000
Due to Other Funds						
(Note 10B)	-	3,993,232	-	-	-	3,993,232
Due to Federal Government	-	-	-	87,914	-	87,914
Unearned Revenue (Note 3)	391,316	501,484	-	-	389,991	1,282,791
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 58,012,766	\$ 10,793,153	\$ 175,986	\$ 2,514,486	\$ 1,683,382	\$ 73,179,773
Fund Balances: (Notes 1H						
and 10D)						
Nonspendable	\$ 761,330	\$-	\$ 17,901	\$-	\$ 759,139	\$ 1,538,370
Restricted	-	1,058,973	16,247,585	15,947,262	4,556,868	37,810,688
Committed	-	-	-	3,298,600	-	3,298,600
Assigned	6,588,302	-	-	-	4,527,805	11,116,107
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 7,349,632	\$ 1,058,973	\$ 16,265,486	\$ 19,245,862	\$ 9,843,812	\$ 53,763,765
TOTAL LIABILITIES						
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 65,362,398	\$ 11,852,126	\$ 16,441,472	\$ 21,760,348	\$ 11,527,194	\$ 126,943,538

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Sta are different from amounts reported for governmenta			
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (this exh	ibit)		\$ 53,763,765
Capital assets used in governmental activities are are not reported in the governmental funds.	e not financial resources and, therefore,		
	Cost of Capital Assets less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 856,549,348 363,589,468	492,959,880
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in th reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. of the following:	•		
	Compensated Absences		(20,602,327)
Internal Service Funds are used to account for the programs; and related charges to the various liabilities of the internal service funds are inclu Statement of Net Position.	governmental funds. The assets and		
	Total Assets less: Total Liabilities Total Net Position	\$ 30,921,108 24,945,356	5,975,752
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities in the	e Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1)		<u>\$ 532,097,070</u>

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		General		School Grants		School Textbooks		Capital Projects	G	Other Sovernmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
<u>REVENUES</u> From Use of Money and												
Property	\$	383,359	\$	-	\$	31,700	\$	15,915	\$	559,582	\$	990,556
Charges for Services		1,586,450	·	-		-		-	·	11,999,811		13,586,261
Miscellaneous		1,896,618		220,507		54,348		-		240,516		2,411,989
From Local Government		341,558,045		-		-		50,611,690		-		392,169,735
From Commonwealth		311,159,635		11,366,773		3,623,928		-		479,200		326,629,536
From Federal Government		12,316,895		33,331,536		-		-		16,266,516		61,914,947
Total Revenues	\$	668,901,002	\$	44,918,816	\$	3,709,976	\$	50,627,605	\$	29,545,625	\$	797,703,024
EXPENDITURES Current:												
Instruction	\$	501,762,265	\$	40,200,268	\$	3,193,917	\$	3,514,449	\$	609,528	\$	549,280,427
Administration, Attendance,	Ψ	501,702,205	Ψ	40,200,200	Ψ	3,133,317	Ψ	3,314,443	Ψ	003,320	Ψ	343,200,421
& Health		20,265,565		_		_		_		_		20,265,565
Pupil Transportation		31,613,426		_		_		_		_		31,613,426
Operations and Maintenance		84,881,195		_		-		2,792,647		-		87,673,842
Cafeterias	•	-		_		-		-		28,369,866		28,369,866
Technology		26,011,712		7,905,823		295,426		1,002,929		516,747		35,732,637
Capital Outlay				-		-		27,507,153		-		27,507,153
Total Expenditures	\$	664,534,163	\$	48,106,091	\$	3,489,343	\$	34,817,178	\$	29,496,141	\$	780,442,916
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	4,366,839	\$	(3,187,275)	\$	220,633	\$	15,810,427	\$	49,484	\$	17,260,108
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers In (Note 10A)	\$	-	\$	3,185,724	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,185,724
Transfers Out (Note 10A)		(3,185,724)		-		-		-		-		(3,185,724)
Sale of Capital Assets		5,411		-	_	-		-	_	-		5,411
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(3,180,313)	\$	3,185,724	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,411
	<u> </u>	(2,220,0.0)	<u> </u>	-, - ,1	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>.</u>	
<u>NET CHANGES IN</u> FUND BALANCES	\$	1,186,526	\$	(1,551)	\$	220,633	\$	15,810,427	\$	49,484	\$	17,265,519
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		6,163,106		1,060,524		16,044,853		3,435,435		9,794,328		36,498,246
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	7,349,632	\$	1,058,973	\$	16,265,486	\$	19,245,862	\$	9,843,812	\$	53,763,765

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

et Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (this exh	ihit)		\$	17,265,519
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are report expenditures. However, for governmental activities those Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estim depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities. This is outlay exceeded depreciation expense (including other disposals)) for the fiscal year (Note 10C).	rted in governmental funds as se costs are shown in the nated useful lives as annual s the amount by which capital		Ð	11,090,579
Compensated absences (annual, sick, and personal leave) funds as expenditures, which are measured by the amoun (essentially, the amounts actually paid). However, for gover are shown and measured by the net of the amounts of leave year in the Statement of Activities.	t of financial resources used nmental activities those costs			
	Leave Used Leave Earned	\$ 7,953,104 (8,266,774)		(313,670
Internal Service Funds are used to account for the risk mana programs, and related charges to the various government position for the Internal Service Funds for the fiscal year is activities in the Statement of Activities.	al funds. The change in net			
	Risk Management Health Insurance	\$ (360,384) (3,191,182)		(3,551,566
Section 15.2-1800.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended,	affects the reporting of local porting purposes. Under this			

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6) \$ 30,394,981 Accounts Receivable 370,683 Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A) 133,308 Prepaid Items (Note 1J5) 22,136 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 30,921,108 LLABILITIES \$ 30,921,108 Current Liabilities: \$ 426 Vouchers and 479,823 Accounts Payable \$ 7,177,107 Estimated Claims and 7,177,107 Estimated Claims and 12,966,000 Judgments (due within one year) \$ 20,623,356 Noncurrent Liabilities: \$ 20,623,356 Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 24,945,356 Net POSITION \$ 5,975,752		Governmental
ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6) Accounts Receivable Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A) Prepaid Items (Note 1J5) TOTAL ASSETS Salaries Payable Vouchers and Accounts Payable Accounts Payable Vouchers and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9) Total Current Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) Total LIABILITIES Sologenetic States State Sologenetic States State Sologenetic States Sologenetic States Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) Total LIABILITIES Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) Total LIABILITIES States States States States States States States States States		•••••
Service Funds Service Funds ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6) \$ 30,394,981 Accounts Receivable 370,683 Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A) 133,308 Prepaid Items (Note 1J5) 22,136 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 30,921,108 LIABILITIES \$ 426 Current Liabilities: \$ 426 Salaries Payable \$ 479,823 Unearned Revenue (Note 3) 7,177,107 Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 12,966,000 ToTAL Liabilities: \$ 20,623,356 Noncurrent Liabilities: \$ 24,945,356 Not Liabilities: \$ 24,945,356 NET POSITION \$ 24,945,356		
Current Assets:SignatureCash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6)\$ 30,394,981Accounts Receivable370,683Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A)133,308Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)22,136TOTAL ASSETS\$ 30,921,108LIABILITIES\$ 30,921,108Current Liabilities:\$ 426Vouchers and479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and12,966,000Judgments (due within one year)\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities:\$ 20,623,356Estimated Claims and4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356		
Current Assets:SignatureCash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6)\$ 30,394,981Accounts Receivable370,683Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A)133,308Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)22,136TOTAL ASSETS\$ 30,921,108LIABILITIES\$ 30,921,108Current Liabilities:\$ 426Vouchers and479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and12,966,000Judgments (due within one year)\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities:\$ 20,623,356Estimated Claims and4,322,000Judgments (due in more than one year)4,322,000Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356		
Cash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6)\$ 30,394,981Accounts Receivable370,683Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A)133,308Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)22,136TOTAL ASSETS\$ 30,921,108LIABILITIES\$ 30,921,108Current Liabilities:\$ 426Vouchers and479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and12,966,000Judgments (due within one year)\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities:\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities:\$ 4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356	ASSETS	
Accounts Receivable370,683Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A)133,308Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)22,136TOTAL ASSETS\$ 30,921,108LIABILITIES\$ 30,921,108Current Liabilities: Salaries Payable\$ 426Vouchers and Accounts Payable479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356	Current Assets:	
Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A)133,308Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)22,136TOTAL ASSETS\$ 30,921,108LIABILITIES\$ 426Current Liabilities: Salaries Payable\$ 426Vouchers and Accounts Payable479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$	Cash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6)	\$ 30,394,981
Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)22,136TOTAL ASSETS\$ 30,921,108LIABILITIES\$ 426Current Liabilities: Salaries Payable\$ 426Vouchers and Accounts Payable479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION*	Accounts Receivable	370,683
TOTAL ASSETS\$ 30,921,108LIABILITIES\$ 426Current Liabilities: Salaries Payable\$ 426Vouchers and Accounts Payable479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION*	Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A)	133,308
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Salaries Payable Vouchers and Accounts Payable Accounts Payable 479,823 Unearned Revenue (Note 3) Total Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9) Total Current Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 24,945,356	Prepaid Items (Note 1J5)	22,136
Current Liabilities: Salaries Payable\$ 426Vouchers and Accounts Payable479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 30,921,108
Salaries Payable\$ 426Vouchers and479,823Accounts Payable479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and7,177,107Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356	LIABILITIES	
Vouchers and Accounts Payable479,823 479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION10,000	Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable479,823Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and7,177,107Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356	Salaries Payable	\$ 426
Unearned Revenue (Note 3)7,177,107Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION\$ 24,945,356	Vouchers and	
Estimated Claims and Judgments (due within one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 12,966,000 Total Current Liabilities \$20,623,356 Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$24,945,356 <u>NET POSITION</u>	Accounts Payable	479,823
Judgments (due within one year) 12,966,000 (Notes 5A and 9) \$ 20,623,356 Noncurrent Liabilities: \$ 20,623,356 Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 24,945,356 NET POSITION \$ 24,945,356	Unearned Revenue (Note 3)	7,177,107
(Notes 5A and 9)12,966,000Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities:Estimated Claims andJudgments (due in more than one year)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION	Estimated Claims and	
Total Current Liabilities\$ 20,623,356Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9)4,322,000TOTAL LIABILITIES\$ 24,945,356NET POSITION	Judgments (due within one year)	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 24,945,356 NET POSITION \$ 24,945,356	(Notes 5A and 9)	12,966,000
Estimated Claims and Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 24,945,356 <u>NET POSITION</u>	Total Current Liabilities	\$ 20,623,356
Judgments (due in more than one year) (Notes 5A and 9) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 24,945,356 NET POSITION \$ 24,945,356	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
(Notes 5A and 9) 4,322,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 24,945,356 NET POSITION \$	Estimated Claims and	
TOTAL LIABILITIES <u>\$ 24,945,356</u> <u>NET POSITION</u>	Judgments (due in more than one year)	
NET POSITION	(Notes 5A and 9)	4,322,000
	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 24,945,356
Unrestricted <u>\$ 5,975,752</u>	NET POSITION	
	Unrestricted	<u>\$ 5,97</u> 5,752
TOTAL NET POSITION \$ 5,975,752	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5,975,752

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental
	Activities:
	Internal
	Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for Services	\$ 140,462,311
Miscellaneous Revenue	34,977
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 140,497,288
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel Services	\$ 635,915
Fringe Benefits	222,302
Other Charges (Note 1J2)	143,242,559
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 144,100,776
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ (3,603,488)</u>
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest Income	<u>\$ 51,922</u>
Total Nonoperating	
Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$ 51,922</u>
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	\$ (3,551,566)
TOTAL NET POSITION - JULY 1	9,527,318
TOTAL NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 5,975,752

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	
ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 140,890,151
Payments to Vendors for Goods/Services	(141,800,188)
Payments to Employees for Services	(859,210)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (1,769,247)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING	
ACTIVITIES:	
Interest Received on Investments	<u>\$ 51,922</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN	
CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ (1,717,325)
CASH AND INVESTMENTS.	
BEGINNING OF YEAR	32,112,306
CASH AND INVESTMENTS.	
END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 30,394,981</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING	
INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH	
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING	
ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$ (3,603,488)</u>
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating	
Income to Net Cash Provided	
(Used) by Operating Activities (Increase) Decrease in Assets	
Accounts Receivable	\$ 1,941
Due from Commonwealth	(13,292)
Prepaid Items	88,103
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities	00,100
Salaries Payable	(993)
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	(83,732)
Unearned Revenue	404,214
Estimated Claims and Judgments	1,438,000
Total Adjustments	<u>\$ 1,834,241</u>
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (1,769,247)

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2014

	Agency
	Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments (Notes 1J1 and 6)	\$ 16,583,387
Due from Federal Government (Note 2B)	228
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 16,583,615</u>
LIABILITIES	
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 16,583,615
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 16,583,615

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

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SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The present City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (City) was formed on January 1, 1963 by the merger of Princess Anne County and the former smaller City of Virginia Beach. The elected eleven-member School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the School Board), vested with the legislative powers, appoints the Superintendent who is the executive and administrative head of the public school division.

The accounting policies of the School Board conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the School Board:

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School Board are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses, as appropriate.

The basic financial statements and required supplementary information include both the government-wide (based upon the School Board as a whole) financial statements (i.e., Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and fund financial statements. While the previous reporting model emphasized fund types (i.e., the total of all funds of a particular fund type), the new reporting model emphasizes either the School Board as a whole or a major individual fund (within the basic financial statements and required supplementary information).

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a full accrual and economic resources basis. This basis incorporates long-term assets and receivables, and long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of an activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific activity. Program revenues are those that are directly associated with the specific activity (e.g., Instruction, Pupil Transportation, Cafeterias). Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School Board does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretional (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds (i.e., internal service funds), and fiduciary funds (i.e., agency funds). By definition, the assets of the fiduciary funds are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government; therefore, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Furthermore, the internal service funds have been incorporated into the governmental activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the general operating fund of the School Board which is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from the Federal Government (including impact aid and grants), Commonwealth of Virginia (including basic aid, grants, and sales tax), and the City of Virginia Beach.

<u>School Grants Special Revenue Fund</u> – accounts for certain private, Commonwealth of Virginia, and Federal grants (with matching local funds, if applicable).

<u>School Textbooks Special Revenue Fund</u> – accounts for the financing (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia) and acquisitions of textbooks and related materials used in the school division.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the School Board reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – (including the above special revenue funds) are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, which are restricted or committed to be expended for specified purposes. The Special Revenue funds (other than the above Special Revenue funds reported as major governmental funds) of the School Board are the Cafeterias, Communication Towers/Technology, Vending Operations, and Equipment Replacement Funds.

<u>Proprietary Funds-Internal Service Funds</u> – are used to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit (and to other governmental units), on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School Board has established Internal Service Funds for the Risk Management and Health Insurance programs.

<u>Fiduciary Funds-Agency Funds</u> – are used to account for assets held by the School Board as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency Funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations, as they are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). The Agency Funds of the School Board are the Payroll Deductions, Fringe Benefits, and School Activity Accounts Funds.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the city. Members of the School Board are elected by the voters and serve staggered terms on the School Board. The City Council approves the School Board's operating budget, levies the necessary taxes to finance the operations, and approves the borrowing of money and issuance of bonds when necessary. The City Council is prohibited from exercising any control over specific appropriations within the operating budget of the School Board. However, City Council may exercise control in total by major categories (e.g., Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Technology) as prescribed by the Code of Virginia, as amended.

The School Board is considered a component unit of the City of Virginia Beach and, accordingly, the financial position and results of operations of the School Board are also presented in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The School Board uses the following criteria in determining reportable component units (legally, separate organizations): 1) significance of their operational or financial relationship with the School Board, 2) for which the School Board is financially accountable, and 3) whose relationship with the School Board is such that exclusion would cause the School Board's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The School Board has no component units.

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings (e.g., schools, portables), improvements other than buildings (e.g., parking lots, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, drainage systems, fences), machinery and equipment, and vehicles (including school buses) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is recorded on the capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method with the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	50 years
Portables	25 years
Improvements other than Buildings	20 years
Machinery and Equipment	5 – 20 years
Vehicles	8 – 12 years

All capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value in the year donated.

D. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial

D. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (continued)

statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, interfund services (e.g., risk management, health insurance) provided and used are not eliminated (elimination of these charges would distort the reported function expenses and program revenues).

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position.

The Agency funds are used to account for the assets held by the School Board as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations, as they are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities).

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types and the full accrual basis of accounting is used by the agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (for the most part, revenues are considered available, if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the fiscal year). Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

The following is a list of the major revenue sources, which meet the "susceptible to accrual" criteria:

Commonwealth of Virginia State Sales Taxes Federal Government

All Proprietary Funds are reported under the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's

(continued)

D. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (continued)

principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service Funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Funds include administrative expenses, insurance premiums, and claims payments. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for the same purpose, restricted resources are used first, where practicable and permitted.

The School Board reports unearned revenue on its government-wide financial statements, when revenues are received prior to the period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Unearned revenue at the fund level arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

E. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, in which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded (reduces the applicable available appropriation), is followed in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding do not constitute expenditures until expended or accrued as liabilities.

F. Inventories

All inventories are reported using the weighted average cost inventory method. Reported inventories are accounted for under the consumption method (i.e., recorded as expenditures when used) in the governmental funds.

The School Cafeterias Fund's inventory includes United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities under the Donated Commodity Program (operated as an adjunct to the National School Lunch Program). This program provides free agricultural products for use in the preparation of school lunches. The contributions are recorded in the financial statements as revenue upon receipt (*title of products pass upon delivery*) and expenditures at the time of consumption of the products based on the estimated wholesale market value (provided by the USDA). Other inventories are reported using the weighted average cost inventory method.

G. Accrued Compensated Leave

Annual leave, according to a graduated scale based on years of employment, is credited to each employee as it accrues. In general, administrative personnel may accrue a maximum of 50 days. Instructional personnel may accrue a maximum of 8 personal leave days. Upon

G. Accrued Compensated Leave (continued)

employment termination, payment is made by the School Board to the respective employee on the unused portion.

School Board employees are granted one sick leave day per month and may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave days. However, no payment is made by the School Board on the unused portion upon employment termination, except on the condition of retirement. School Board retirees are paid for their unused sick leave.

An accrual has been made in the financial statements for certain accumulated annual, personal, and sick leave days. This estimate includes salary, and the related Social Security and Medicare taxes.

The estimated amount of accrued compensated leave for the School Board's governmental activities is reported in the government-wide financial statements. See Note 5B for the estimated amounts related thereto.

Accrued compensated leave is typically liquidated by the General Fund, or the applicable special revenue (e.g., School Cafeterias) or internal service (e.g., Risk Management) fund.

H. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School Board is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid items.

<u>Restricted</u> – The restricted fund balance classification is used when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the School Board to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School Board can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary, to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed fund balance classification, includes amounts, if applicable, that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a resolution adopted by the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

(continued)

H. Fund Balance (continued)

Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> – The assigned fund balance classification represents amounts intended to be used by the School Board for specific purposes. Assigned amounts are established by the School Board (see Note 10D).

<u>Unassigned</u> – The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School Board applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

I. Net Position

The difference between assets and liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position must be labeled as *net position*. In addition, net position must be subdivided into three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position, as follows:

<u>Investment in Capital Assets</u> – The invested in capital assets component presents the net position that comprise the capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation).

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – The restricted net position component presents the net position that is restricted when constraints placed on the net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – The unrestricted net position component consists of net position that does not meet the "invested in capital assets" or "restricted net position" definition.

J. Miscellaneous

1. Cash and Investments

The School Board's cash and investments are pooled and invested with the City's centralized cash and investment pool (see Note 6). Cash invested at June 30 is included in the various cash accounts reflected in the financial statements. Investments are stated at fair value. Interest earnings on investments are allocated to certain funds based upon the average monthly cash balance of each fund.

2. Proprietary Funds' Other Charges

The Proprietary Funds' Other Charges category mainly consists of premiums and claims payments (including current estimated claims and judgments) in the Risk Management and Health Insurance Internal Service Funds.

3. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all highly liquid debt instruments and certificates of deposit, regardless of maturity date, are grouped into cash and temporary investments. The proprietary funds participate in the City's centralized cash and investment pool (see Note 6); therefore, separate information on cash equivalents (i.e., investments with original maturities of three months or less upon acquisition) for the fund is not available.

4. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term liabilities (see Note 5) are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

5. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are certain required/negotiated payments made during Fiscal Year 2014 for goods/services to be delivered/rendered (and recorded as an expenditure/expense on a consumption basis, accordingly) during the following fiscal year(s).

6. Debt Service

The School Board has debt service payments on debt incurred by the City "on behalf of" the School Board (see Note 4B for related information). However, information on the School Board and City debt service payments and outstanding debt as a whole are presented in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. <u>RECEIVABLES</u>

A. Due from Commonwealth

The following revenues were due from the Commonwealth of Virginia at June 30, 2014:

State Share Sales Tax	\$ 5,686,874
Special Education – Regional Program	4,187,962
Technology Initiative	3,729,831
Juvenile Detention Center	202,495
Other Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues	64,874
Total Due from Commonwealth–Governmental Funds (Exhibit A-3)	\$ 13,872,036
School Health Insurance Internal Service Fund–Health Insurance-City	
Line of Duty (Exhibit A-5)	133,308
Total Due from Commonwealth–Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1)	<u>\$ 14,005,344</u>

B. Due from Federal Government

The following revenues were due from various federal agencies at June 30, 2014:

Adult Basic Education	\$	67,187
Carl Perkins		773,055
DoDEA MCASP		403,342
DoDEA S-FLEP		95,098
Medicaid		391,073
National School Meal Program		713,901
NJROTC		76,646
Preschool Incentive		89,392
Title I		3,735,122
Title II		478,471
Title III		90,712
Title IV		71,385
Title VI-B		1,825,154
Other Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues	_	<u>48,997</u>
Total Due from Federal Government (Exhibits A-3 and A-1)	<u>\$</u>	<u>8,859,535</u>
Agency Funds–Payroll Deductions (Exhibit A-8)	<u>\$</u>	228

3. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Unearned revenue consists of the following as of June 30, 2014:

General Fund – Summer School Tuition and School Rentals School Grants Fund – Early Reading Intervention, Technology Initiative, and	\$	391,316
other grants		501,484
Other Governmental Funds – School Cafeterias and Cell Towers – Charges for		
Services		<u>389,991</u>
Total Unearned Revenue – Governmental Funds (Exhibit A-3)	\$ [^]	1,282,791
School Health Insurance Internal Service Fund – Prepayment of July health		
insurance premiums (Exhibit A-5)		7,177,107
Total Unearned Revenue – Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1)	<u>\$</u> 8	<u>8,459,898</u>

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Summary of Changes in Capital Assets

Governmental Activities:	Balance July 1, 2013	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 39,670,603	\$-	\$-	\$ 39,670,603
Construction in Progress	71,559,129	22,762,926	89,276,874	5,045,181
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 111,229,732	\$ 22,762,926	\$ 89,276,874	\$ 44,715,784
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 564,511,524	\$ 83,191,262	\$ 8,883,898	\$ 638,818,888
Improvements Other Than Buildings	52,403,215	9,546,551	-	61,949,766
Machinery and Equipment	105,462,962	9,411,679	3,809,731	111,064,910
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 722,377,701	\$ 102,149,492	\$ 12,693,629	\$ 811,833,564
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ 231,532,436	\$ 26,896,011	\$ 299,788	\$ 258,128,659
Improvements Other Than Buildings	33,729,887	2,249,250	-	35,979,137
Machinery and Equipment	64,731,963	8,174,852	3,425,143	69,481,672
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>\$ 329,994,286</u>	<u>\$ 37,320,113</u>	<u>\$ 3,724,931</u>	<u>\$ 363,589,468</u>
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	<u>\$ 392,383,415</u>	<u>\$ 64,829,379</u>	<u>\$ 8,968,698</u>	<u>\$ 448,244,096</u>
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 503,613,147</u>	<u>\$ 87,592,305</u>	<u>\$ 98,245,572</u>	<u>\$ 492,959,880</u>

4. <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (continued)

B. Tenancy in Common by the City on Certain School Buildings

Section 15.2-1800.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, affects the reporting of local School Board capital assets and related debt for financial reporting purposes. Under this legislation, the City has a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the City incurs "on behalf of" debt for any school property owned by the School Board which is payable over more than one year. For financial reporting purposes, the City will report the Net Book Value of School Board property (the School Board incurs the depreciation expense) equal to the total outstanding principal balance of the applicable "on behalf of" debt at June 30, 2014, as follows:

School Buildings reported by the City Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 355,313,615 <u>25,705,963</u>	
Net Book Value reported by the City	<u>\$ 329,607,652</u>	
C. Depreciation Expense on Capital Assets		

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities, as follows:

630
4,036,388
647,535
332,248
3,594,702

Note: Approximately \$13 million of the depreciation expense is on buildings owned by the School Board and reported by the City, and the net accumulated depreciation change/ transfer on buildings owned by the School Board and previously reported by the City as a result of the Tenancy in Common provisions disclosed in Note 4B.

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Summary of Changes In Long-Term Liabilities

Balance <u>July 1, 2013</u>	_Additions_	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2014	Amounts Due Within _One Year_
\$ 20.288.657	\$ 8.266.774	\$ 7.953.104	\$ 20.602.327	\$ 8,191,697
15.850.000	143.242.000	141.804.000	17.288.000	12,966,000
\$ 36.138.657	\$151.508.774	\$149.757.104	\$ 37.890.327	\$ 21.157.697
	July 1, 2013 \$ 20,288,657 	July 1, 2013 Additions \$ 20,288,657 \$ 8,266,774	July 1, 2013 Additions Reductions \$ 20,288,657 \$ 8,266,774 \$ 7,953,104	July 1, 2013 Additions Reductions June 30, 2014 \$ 20,288,657 \$ 8,266,774 \$ 7,953,104 \$ 20,602,327

Note: Long-term liabilities are typically liquidated by the General Fund, or the applicable special revenue (e.g., School Cafeterias) or internal service (e.g., Risk Management) fund.

B. Accrued Compensated Leave

The accrued compensated leave is as follows at June 30, 2014:

Compensated Leave	
Annual	\$ 9,532,620
Sick	9,220,062
Personal	1,849,645
Total	<u>\$20,602,327</u>

Accrued compensated leave is typically liquidated by the General Fund, or the applicable special revenue (e.g., School Cafeterias) or internal service (e.g., Risk Management) fund.

6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Constitution of Virginia and the Code of Virginia, as amended, require the election of a City Treasurer. The City's Charter provides that the City Treasurer is the custodian of City cash and has powers and duties prescribed by general law. Cash and temporary investments pertaining to the School Board's funds (except school activity account funds) are pooled and invested with the cash and temporary investments of the City. The bank balance of the City's deposits, which includes the School Board's cash pooled with the City, is covered by Federal Depository Insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. Information to categorize investments for the School Board only, by the level of risk assumed, is unavailable for disclosure. However, information on the pooled deposits and investments (including the investments stated at amortized cost and the investments stated at fair value) for the School Board and City as a whole is presented in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and below, as follows:

6. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (continued)

Deposits:

Custodial credit risk for deposits policy – All cash of the City including the School Board Component Unit (excluding the School Board's School Activity Accounts) is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

The City has compensating balance arrangements with two financial institutions. Bank of America provides services to the City while a \$3.5 million balance is maintained in a demand deposit account. A fluctuating checking account balance based on monthly investment services is a requirement of Branch Banking & Trust (BB&T).

As of June 30, 2014, the City had the following investments. Except for the investments in the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), all investments are in an internal investment pool.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturities (in months)	
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 116,500,000	1.40	
State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	165,000,000	0.28	
Virginia Investment Pool (VIP)	10,030,272	0.02	
BB&T Insured Cash Sweep	100,039,944	0.17	
Commercial Paper Disc. – Amortizing	57,916,450	0.30	
U. S. Government Securities	63,000,000	1.84	
State Non Arbitrage Program – SNAP	 68,555,823	0.12	
Total Fair Value	\$ 581,042,489		
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity		0.64	

Reconciliation of total deposits and investments:

	Prim			Component		
		Government		Unit	Total	
Cash and Investments	\$	293,810,246	\$	128,669,041	\$ 422,479,287	
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		476,859,077		-	476,859,077	
Fiduciary Funds		340,270		16,583,387	16,923,657	
Total	\$	771,009,593	\$	145,252,428	\$ 916,262,021	
Less: Cash on Deposit					(335,219,532)	
Total Market Value of Investments at	June 3	30, 2014			\$ 581,042,489	

School Boord

Interest Rate Risk:

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value loses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits maximum final stated maturities of investments to five years. In addition, the City will structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements. Reverse and escrow funds may be invested in securities exceeding five years to maturity if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

6. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u> (continued)

The City assumes all investments will be held until maturity or until called at their par value. However, an investment may be sold at an earlier date to meet certain obligations or if the investment's credit quality drops. This makes the City's investments sensitive to market rate fluctuations. To mitigate the impact of market rate fluctuations, the City maintains enough liquidity to meet its short-term needs with a smaller portion invested in long-term government-sponsored organizations and high-quality corporate notes.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk an investor is subject to as a result of the credit quality of investments in debt securities. Statutes, as well as the City's investment policy, authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank); the Asian Development Bank; the African Development Bank; commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record; bankers' acceptance instruments; repurchase agreements which are collateralized with securities approved for direct investment; State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP); and corporate notes with at least a rating of Aa by Moody's or AA by Standard and Poor's.

The LGIP is an externally managed investment pool that is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission but is managed as a "2a-7 like pool". Pursuant to the Code of Virginia, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings. The LGIP values portfolio securities by the amortized cost method and on a monthly basis this valuation is compared to current market to monitor any variance. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Custodial credit risk for investments policy – For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City requires that all investments be clearly marked as to ownership and to the extent possible, be registered in the name of the City. In addition, the City pre-qualify's the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City will do business.

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2014 were rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the respective rating scale from both agencies.

Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings			
		AAA		<u>A1/P1/F1+</u>	
State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$	165,000,000	\$	-	
U. S. Government Securities		63,000,000		-	
State Non Arbitrage Program (SNAP)		68,555,823		-	

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk represents the risk of investments in any one issue that represents 5% or more of investments. The City's investment policy limits the amount it can invest in commercial paper and bankers acceptance instruments. By policy, investments in commercial paper are limited to 35% of the total available for investment, and not

6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

more than 5% of the total available for investment can be invested in any one issuing corporation. Bankers' acceptance instruments shall not exceed 50% of the total investment portfolio's book value on the date of acquisition.

At June 30, 2014, investments in bankers' acceptance instruments and U.S. Government Securities are recorded at fair value. All other investments are reported utilizing amortized cost due to maturity dates less than one year. The fair valuing of bankers' acceptance instruments and U.S. Government Securities at June 30, 2014 resulted in a net increase of \$302,924.

All City and School Board Funds participate in a centralized cash and investment pool. Interest earnings on investments are allocated to the appropriate funds based upon the average monthly cash balance of each fund.

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The School Board, as of June 30, 2014, is a named defendant in various lawsuits. The School Board is vigorously defending all cases, and expects no losses will be incurred which would have a material effect on the School Board's financial position.

B. Intergovernmental Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues

The School Board participates in a number of federal and state grants, entitlements, and shared revenues programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the applicable federal or state agency or their representatives. Furthermore, the U.S. Congress passed legislation entitled the "Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996" which requires most governmental recipients of federal assistance to have an annual independent organization-wide financial and compliance audit. The results thereof are incorporated in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by these audits cannot be determined at this time, although the School Board expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Salaries Payable

The outstanding Salaries Payable amount represents salaries due (in July and August 2014) to school employees (e.g., teachers) who have opted to be paid over a twelve-month period; and salaries that are due (e.g., for services rendered in June 2014 and not paid until July 2014) to substitutes, part-time employees, and other school personnel.

D. Construction Projects

The School Board has active construction projects and related contractual commitments as of June 30, 2014, as follows:

 Construction in Progress
 Commitments

 \$5,045,181
 \$18,184,304

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

E. Encumbrances

The School Board has encumbrances such as purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies for goods and/or services not received as of June 30, 2014. These outstanding encumbrances (listed below) do not constitute expenditures until expended or accrued as liabilities and, therefore, are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

	Amount of
<u>Fund</u>	Encumbrances
General	\$ 6,252,799
Capital Projects	18,184,304
Other Governmental	69,423
Total	<u>\$24,506,526</u>

8. <u>RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS</u>

- A. Virginia Retirement System
 - 1. Plan Description

Name of Plan:	Virginia Retirement System (VRS)
Identification of Plan:	Agent and Cost-Sharing, Multiple Employer Pension Plan
Administering Entity:	Virginia Retirement System (System)

The School Board is a separate cost-sharing pool within VRS, and makes contributions based on rates set by VRS's actuarial calculations of the annual required contributions. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government and School Board employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set forth in the table below:

VRS PLAN 1	VRS PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
	FLAN Z	
About VRS Plan 1	About VRS Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan
VRS Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan.	VRS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan
The retirement benefit is based on a	The retirement benefit is based on a	combines the features of a defined
member's age, creditable service	member's age, creditable service	benefit plan and a defined
and average final compensation at	and average final compensation at	contribution plan. Most members
retirement using a formula.	retirement using a formula.	hired on or after January 1, 2014 are
Employees are eligible for VRS Plan	Employees are eligible for VRS Plan	in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1
1 if their membership date is before	2 if their membership date is on or	and VRS Plan 2 members who were
July 1, 2010, and they were vested	after July 1, 2010, or their	eligible and opted into the plan

as of January 1, 2013.	membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a
		member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
		• The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
		• In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • State employees*
<u>Hybrid Opt-In Election</u> VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt	<u>Hybrid Opt-In Election</u> VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan	 School division employees Political subdivision employees* Judges appointed or elected to an original term on or after January 1, 2014
into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	• Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	 Plan. They include: Members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS) Members of the Virginia Law
Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1	Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2	Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) • Political subdivision employees

were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.	were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.	who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees Those employees eligible for an
		optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.
Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some school divisions and political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.
<u>Creditable Service</u> Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	<u>Creditable Service</u> Same as VRS Plan 1.	<u>Creditable Service</u> <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in

		retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as VRS Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.Defined Contribution Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions.• After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.• After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

		Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	<u>Calculating the Benefit</u> See definition under VRS Plan 1.	<u>Calculating the Benefit</u> <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under VRS Plan 1 <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as VRS Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non- hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is 1.0%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
<u>Normal Retirement Age</u> Age 65.	<u>Normal Retirement Age</u> Normal Social Security retirement age.	<u>Normal Retirement Age</u> <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as VRS Plan 2.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. <u>Exceptions to COLA Effective</u> <u>Dates:</u> The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as VRS Plan 1	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2.
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement. VSDP members are subject to a	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement. VSDP members are subject to a	Disability Coverage Eligible political subdivision and school division (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under

(continued)

one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement. Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non- work related disability benefits.
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	<u>Purchase of Prior Service</u> Same as VRS Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as VRS Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

2. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their creditable compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee paid member contribution.

In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board (non-teacher employees) contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 14.11% of annual covered payroll.

The School Board 2014 contribution to the VRS statewide teacher pool was \$62,857,681. This amount represented 16.66% of annual covered payroll for 2014. The contribution for 2013 was \$63,194,423 and 16.66% of annual covered payroll. The contribution for 2012 was \$42,884,174 and 11.33% of annual covered payroll. The actual contribution for each of these years was equal to the required contribution.

3. Annual Pension Cost

For the Fiscal Year ended 2014, the School Board's annual pension cost of \$5,646,424 for non-teachers and \$62,857,681 for teachers was equal to the School Board's actual contributions.

4. Trend Information

	Annual Pension	Annual Pension	Percentage	Net Pension
Fiscal Year	Cost (APC)	Cost (APC)	of APC	Obligation
Ended	Non-Teachers	Teachers	Contributed	(Assets)
June 30, 2012	\$4,488,305	\$42,884,174	100.0%	\$ -
June 30, 2013	\$5,686,650	\$63,194,423	100.0%	\$-
June 30, 2014	\$5,646,424	\$62,857,681	100.0%	\$-

5. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The FY 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.0%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability

A. Virginia Retirement System (continued)

is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

6. Funding Status and Progress

As of June 30, 2013 for the School Board, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 82.67% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$191,185,052, and the actuarial value of assets was \$158,045,061, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$33,139,991. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$40,464,375, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 81.90%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Plan Description. The City and School Board Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans are each a single-employer, defined benefit plan, administered by the City and School Board in accordance with State and City statutes. Section 15.2-1500 of the Virginia State Code provides that every locality shall provide for the governmental functions of the locality, including employment of the officers and other employees. In connection with this employment, the School Board has established certain plans to provide post-employment benefits other than pensions as defined in Section 15.2-1545 of the Virginia Code to retirees and their spouses and eligible dependents. Employees who retire with at least 25 years of service with the School Board as well those who retire on a work-related disability compensable under the Workers' Compensation Act before age 65 are eligible for access to health insurance coverage. This benefit is payable until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare.

Separate financial statements can be obtained from VML/VACO Finance, 1108 East Main Street, Suite 801, Richmond, VA 23219.

In accordance with Article 8, Chapter 15, Subtitled II of Title 15.2 of the Virginia Code, the City and School Board have elected to establish a trust for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund OPEB. The School Board in accordance with this election have joined the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund which invests funds contributed by each participating employer. It does not administer the retiree health benefits of each participating employer. Deposits to this trust are irrevocable and are held solely for the payment of OPEB benefits for the School Board.

2. Funding Policy. Contribution requirements of the School Board and plan members are established and may be amended by the respective legislative bodies. The required contributions were actuarially determined and are based upon projected pay as you go financing requirements with an additional amount to prefund benefits. For the period ending June 30, 2014 the School Board contributed \$5,700,900. Plan members from each organization contributed \$90.73 per month for retiree-only point of services coverage. Retirees who elect HMO coverage will contribute less. The School Board retirees with coverage for their spouses will contribute \$448.39 per month to age 65. Retirees who participate

B. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

in the Wellness for Life program will receive reduced retiree rates. Employees who retire with at least 25 years of service with the School Board as well as those who retire on a work-related disability compensable under the Workers' Compensation Act before age 65 are eligible for access to health insurance coverage. This benefit is payable until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare. The School Board has determined that all current employees and retirees shall contribute to the cost of their health care coverage and no level of benefit shall be provided free of charge. The retiree contribution rate shall be based on the experience of the plan, the School Board's annual contribution amount and the remaining premium cost.

3. Annual OPEB Cost and Contribution. For 2014, the School Board's OPEB cost for 2014 totaled \$6,041,800 and exceeded its annual required contribution of \$5,700,900 by \$340,900. This overage was withdrawn from the School Boards Trust Account and returned to the School Board. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 is presented below (and presented with multi-year information as RSI following the notes to the financial statements).

		Percentage		
Fiscal Year	Annual	of ARC	Net OPE	ЕВ
Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	_Obligati	on_
June 30, 2014	\$5,700,900	100.0%	\$ -	

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2014, was as follows:

	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded (Overfunded)			UAAL as a Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Actuarial Accrued	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	Liability (AAL)	Liability (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
January 1, 2014	\$ 23,164,800	\$ 65,951,300	\$ 42,786,500	35.12%	\$ 421,065,100	10.16%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

4. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

In the January 1, 2014, actuarial valuation, for the years ending June 30, 2014 and 2015 the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend assumption of 5.9% initially, graded to 4.5% over 83 years with no projected salary increase assumed. An inflation rate assumption of 2.5% was incorporated in the actuarial valuation. Employer and retiree contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as the medical cost trend assumptions. There were no additional postretirement benefit increases assumed. Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities for each organization are being amortized as a level dollar amount over an open 30 year period. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

A. School Self-Insurance Program

The School Board is self-insured for a portion of its risks. The self-insurance coverage for Fire and Property Insurance is \$100,000 per occurrence and 1% of the total insured value of the damaged covered property when such loss or damage results from a named storm (minimum deductible – \$250,000 per occurrence); Boiler and Machinery is \$10,000 per occurrence; School Leaders Liability (errors and omissions) is \$350,000 per occurrence; Employee Dishonesty is \$1,000 per occurrence; General Liability is \$350,000 per occurrence; Vehicle Liability is \$350,000 per occurrence; Vehicle Catastrophic Fleet Damage is \$60,000 per occurrence; and Workers' Compensation is \$850,000 per occurrence.

Commercial insurance is purchased to cover the amount in excess of the above self-insured levels for specific losses. When economically feasible, commercial insurance is purchased to cover certain exposures completely. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The insurance coverage is substantially the same as in prior fiscal years, except for Fire and Property Insurance. During 2006, the coastal property insurance marketplace faced severe capacity restrictions as reinsurers recovered from the catastrophic losses from Hurricanes Katrina and Rita. The property insurance program for the School Board was greatly affected due to the heavy coastal exposures. The insurance marketplace offered very little capacity for coverage limits and the premiums associated with this coverage were costly. A hurricane modeling study combined with a thorough analysis of insured buildings and their proximity to the water resulted in a considerable reduction in insurance coverage limits.

Claims processing and payments for all insurance claims are made through commercial carriers and third-party administrators. The School Board uses the information provided by the third-party administrators to aid in the determination of self-insurance liabilities. The computed liability as of June 30, 2014 is \$7,896,000 (undiscounted), as follows:

9. RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

A. School Self-Insurance Program (continued)

		Current-Year		
	Beginning-of-	Claims and		Balance at
Fiscal	Fiscal-Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year-End
2011-12	\$6,788,342	\$6,038,595	\$4,940,937	\$7,886,000
2012-13	\$7,886,000	\$4,014,814	\$4,628,814	\$7,272,000
2013-14	\$7,272,000	\$6,246,000	\$5,622,000	\$7,896,000

B. Surety Bonds

All School Board employees are covered by a faithful performance bond in the amount of \$100,000 to protect the School Board in the event of fraudulent acts.

C. Self-Insured Health Care Benefits Program

Effective January 1, 2000, the School Board established a self-insured health care benefits program for all School Board and City employees. Certain claims expenses paid on behalf of each employee during a single policy year are covered by excess loss insurance with a specific stop-loss limit of \$500,000. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Claims processing and payments for all health care claims are made through third-party administrators. The School Board uses the information provided by the third-party administrators and a health care benefits consultant to aid in the determination of self-insurance liabilities. The computed liability as of June 30, 2014 is \$9,392,000 (undiscounted), as follows:

		Current-Year		
	Beginning-of-	Claims and		Balance at
Fiscal	Fiscal-Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year-End
2011-12	\$ 7,571,000	\$118,744,637	\$117,642,637	\$ 8,673,000
2012-13	\$ 8,673,000	\$129,897,947	\$129,992,947	\$ 8,578,000
2013-14	\$ 8,578,000	\$136,996,000	\$136,182,000	\$ 9,392,000

10. <u>CERTAIN INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, EXHIBITS A-4 TO A-2 RECONCILIATION FOR CAPITAL</u> OUTLAY, AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

A. Interfund Transfers

The following are the School Board's interfund transfers in and transfers out that occurred during fiscal year 2014:

	Interfund	Interfund
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$-	\$ 3,185,724
School Grants		
Special Revenue	<u>3,185,724</u>	
Total per Exhibit A-4	<u>\$ 3,185,724</u>	<u>\$ 3,185,724</u>

Purpose: Operational support during Fiscal Year 2013-14

B. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following are the School Board's interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2014:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables					
<u>Fund</u>	<u>(Due from Other Funds)</u>	(Due to Other Funds)					
General Fund	\$ 3,993,232	\$-					
School Grants							
Special Revenue	<u> </u>	<u>3,993,232</u>					
Total per Exhibit A-3	<u>\$ 3,993,232</u>	<u>\$ 3,993,232</u>					

Purpose: Eliminate School Grants Fund negative cash balance at June 30, 2014 (expected to be repaid within one year)

C. Exhibits A-4 to A-2 Reconciliation for Capital Outlay

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures (Exhibit A-4). However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit A-2). The below is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense (including other transactions (e.g., loss on disposals)) for the fiscal year.

10. <u>CERTAIN INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, EXHIBITS A-4 TO A-2 RECONCILIATION FOR CAPITAL</u> <u>OUTLAY, AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS</u> (continued)

C. Exhibits A-4 to A-2 Reconciliation for Capital Outlay (continued)

Capital Outlay:	
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 27,507,153
General Fund	4,660,491
Grants Special Revenue Fund	2,673,544
School Cafeterias Special Revenue Fund	186,919
School Equipment Replacement	
Special Revenue Fund	307,455
School Communication Towers/Technology	
Special Revenue Fund	299,983
Total Capital Outlay	<u>\$ 35,635,545</u>
Less:	
Depreciation Expense	\$(37,320,113)
Depreciation Expense and Accumulated	
Depreciation change/transfer related to	
the Tenancy in Common by the City	
certain School Buildings (Notes 4B&C)	13,181,507
Loss on Disposals	(406,360)
Total Depreciation Expense and Other	<u>\$(24,544,966)</u>
Total Amount by which Capital	
Outlay Exceeded Depreciation	
Expense and Other (Exhibit A-4)	<u>\$ 11,090,579</u>

D. Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned (Note 1H) based primarily on the extent to which the School Board is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all of the other governmental funds are presented below.

10. <u>CERTAIN INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, EXHIBITS A-4 TO A-2 RECONCILIATION FOR CAPITAL</u> <u>OUTLAY, AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS</u> (continued)

D. Fund Balance Classifications (continued)

		School General Grants			School Textbooks		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental		Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable Inventories and												
Prepaid Items	\$	761,330	\$	-	\$	17,901	\$	-	\$	759,139	\$	1,538,370
Restricted												
Federal and State												
Grantor Agencies	\$	-	\$	1,058,973	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,058,973
Capital Projects												, ,
Bond Proceeds Balance		-		-		-		15,947,262		-		15,947,262
State DOE/Textbooks		-		-		16,247,585		-		-		16,247,585
USDA/Cafeterias Charges		-		-		-		-		4,556,868		4,556,868
Total Restricted	\$	-	\$	1,058,973	\$	16,247,585	\$	15,947,262	\$	4,556,868	\$	37,810,688
Committed												
Capital Projects Contracts	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,298,600	\$	-	\$	3,298,600
Assigned												
	\$	232,235	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	232,235
Instructional Technology School Athletics	Φ	232,235 329,454	Φ	-	Φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	Φ	232,235 329,454
Green Run Collegiate		329,434		-		-		-		-		329,434
Public Charter		1,022										1,022
Communication Towers/		1,022		-		-		-		-		1,022
Technology		_		_		_		_		2,962,977		2,962,977
Vending Operations/		-		-		-		-		2,902,977		2,902,911
School Allocations		_		_		_		_		88,886		88.886
Equipment Replacement		_		-		-		-		1,475,942		1,475,942
Instruction Category		699.933		-		-		-		-		699,933
Administration, Attendance		033,355		-		-		-		-		033,333
and Health Category		10,664		_		_		_		_		10,664
Operations and		10,004		_		_		_		_		10,004
Maintenance Category		4,075,416		-		-		-		-		4,075,416
Technology Category		1,239,578		-		-		-		-		1,239,578
Total Assigned	\$	6,588,302	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,527,805	\$	11,116,107
Total Abbightu	<u> </u>	0,000,00 L	¥		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	.,021,000	¥	,
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,349,632	\$	1,058,973	\$	16,265,486	\$	19,245,862	\$	9,843,812	\$	53,763,765
I Utar i unu baidilles	Ψ	1,343,032	Ψ	1,030,373	Ψ	10,203,400	ψ	13,243,002	Ψ	3,043,012	ψ	55,105,105

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Retirement Analysis of Funding Progress – Nonprofessional Employees Other Postemployment Benefits – Annual OPEB Cost and Contribution Other Postemployment Benefits – Funding Status and Progress

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board which is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SCHOOL GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The School Grants Fund accounts for certain private, Commonwealth of Virginia, and Federal grants (with matching local funds, if required).

SCHOOL TEXTBOOKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The School Textbooks Fund accounts for the financing (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia) and acquisition of textbooks and related materials used in the school division.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Unaudited) JUNE 30, 2014

Retirement

Analysis of Funding Progress

		<u>Nonprofe</u>	essional Employee	<u>es</u>		
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>	Actuarial Accrued <u>Liability (AAL)</u>	Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2011	\$ 155,756,190	\$ 187,196,469	\$ 31,440,279	83.20%	\$ 40,672,520	77.30%
June 30, 2012	\$ 153,700,081	\$ 192,573,584	\$ 38,873,503	79.81%	\$ 40,059,396	97.04%
June 30, 2013	\$ 158,045,061	\$ 191,185,052	\$ 33,139,991	82.67%	\$ 40,464,375	81.90%

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Source: Virginia Retirement System Actuarial Valuation Reports.

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Other Postemployment Benefits Annual OPEB Cost and Contribution

For 2014, the School Board's annual OPEB cost of \$5.7 million was equal to the required contribution. The School Board's annual OPEB cost and the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan is presented below.

		Percentage
Fiscal Year	Annual	of ARC
Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed
June 30, 2012	\$7,721,500	100.0%
June 30, 2013	\$7,858,100	100.0%
June 30, 2014	\$5,700,900	100.0%

Source: Postretirement Benefit Valuation Reports.

The financial statements relating to the City and School Board's OPEB trust are presented in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Status and Progress

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2014 was, as follows:

	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u>	Actuarial Accrued <u>Liability (AAL)</u>	Unfunded (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
January 1, 2010 January 1, 2012 January 1, 2014	\$ 8,648,413 \$ 17,306,300 \$ 23,164,800	\$ 75,347,493 \$ 77,083,800 \$ 65,951,300	\$ 66,699,080 \$ 59,777,500 \$ 42,786,500	11.50% 22.45% 35.12%	\$ 432,476,829 \$ 409,662,700 \$ 421,065,100	15.40% 14.59% 10.16%

Source: Postretirement Benefit Valuation Reports.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress above presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014	
with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013	

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)		2013 Actual
REVENUES		Lagu		244901		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(
From Use of Money and Property										
Rents	\$	450,000	\$	450,000	\$	383,359	\$	(66,641)	\$	350,637
Charges for Services										
Tuition and Educational Fees	\$	1,481,100	\$	1,481,100	\$	1,586,450	\$	105,350	\$	1,571,466
<u>Miscellaneous Revenue</u>										
Sale of Salvage	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	322,743	\$	310,743	\$	150,673
Insurance Proceeds		-		-		36,517		36,517		35,184
Settlements		-		-		-		-		148
Donations		-		-		9,637		9,637		16,165
Miscellaneous		95,000		95,000		141,101		46,101		153,352
Indirect Costs		550,000		550,000		648,969		98,969		673,441
Natl Institute of Aerospace-Other		-		-		54,580		54,580		52,215
VA Education Association		-		-		77,055		77,055		-
Athletics		504,000		504,000		533,481		29,481		499,097
Instructional Technology		-		-		72,535		72,535		52,783
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	1,161,000	\$	1,161,000	\$	1,896,618	\$	735,618	\$	1,633,058
From Local Government										
City - General Fund	\$	339,645,772	\$	342,477,294	\$	326,922,507	\$	(15,554,787)	\$	326,313,499
City - School Reserve Fund	•	14,000,000	•	14,000,000	•	14,000,000	•	-	•	11,000,000
City for Consolidated Benefits Office		722,283		722,283		635,538		(86,745)		662,283
Total From Local Government	\$	354,368,055	\$	357,199,577	\$	341,558,045	\$	(15,641,532)	\$	
From Commonwealth									_	
Basic Aid	\$	165,146,295	\$	165,146,295	\$	167,421,241	\$	2,274,946	\$	166,739,680
Reimbursement-Social Security	Ŷ	9,966,493	Ŷ	9,966,493	Ŷ	10,015,983	Ŷ	49,490	Ŷ	10,022,605
Reimbursement-Retirement		16,637,613		16,637,613		16,720,230		82,617		16,731,284
Reimbursement-Life Insurance		643,000		643,000		646,192		3,192		646,620
Remedial Education		3,295,373		3,295,373		3,311,736		16,363		3,313,926
Remedial Education-Summer School		299,770		299,770		325,958		26,188		299,770
Special Education		18,405,861		18,405,861		18,497,259		91,398		18,388,246
Special Education-Regional Program		8,643,658		8,643,658		8,612,358		(31,300)		8,353,821
Special Education-Homebound		99,199		99,199		82,129		(17,070)		92,709
Special Education-Foster Children		-		-		104,891		104,891		157,600
Foster Home Children		265,116		265,116		114,204		(150,912)		86,780
Vocational		2,491,623		2,491,623		2,503,996		12,373		2,505,65
Vocational-Occupational/Tech		348,222		348,222		168,059		(180,163)		205,690
Vocational-Equipment-State		-		-		-		-		81,588
Sales Tax		70,522,688		70,522,688		67,915,112		(2,607,576)		68,889,270
Class Size Initiative		2,997,943		2,997,943		3,092,809		94,866		3,010,285
At-Risk Initiative		1,935,709		1,935,709		1,945,240		9,531		1,945,431
English as a Second Language		556,287		556,287		520,114		(36,173)		556,287
Visually Impaired		-		-		-		-		28,608
Salary Supplement		- 3,843,201		- 3,843,201		- 3,861,573		- 18,372		- 20,000
Industry Credentials for Students		-		-		-		-		- 8,680
Gifted and Talented Aid		- 1,848,624		- 1,848,624		- 1,857,803		- 9,179		1,859,032
Supplemental Support for Operating						3,442,748		9,179		3,479,228
Total From Commonwealth	\$	<u>3,442,748</u> 311,389,423	\$	<u>3,442,748</u> 311,389,423	\$	311,159,635	\$	- (229,788)	¢	307,402,791

B-1

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013

				Variance -	
	Original	Final		Positive	2013
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
REVENUES (continued)					
From Federal Government					
	\$ 14,461,723	\$ 14,461,723	\$ 7,050,733	\$ (7,410,990)	\$ 15,191,212
Public Law 874-Special Education	-	-	1,046,199	1,046,199	1,898,511
Dept of the Navy-NJROTC	100,000	100,000	317,898	217,898	324,892
Department of Defense	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,798,414	298,414	1,995,873
Dept of Defense-Special Education	-	-	250,283	250,283	318,916
Medicaid Reimbursement	575,000	575,000	1,763,507	1,188,507	732,618
Natl Institute of Aerospace	-	-	20,630	20,630	23,304
Library of Congress	-	-	67,247	67,247	-
Other Federal Funds	-	-	1,984	1,984	779
Total From Federal Government	\$ 16,636,723	\$ 16,636,723	\$ 12,316,895		\$ 20,486,105
Total Revenues	\$ 685,486,301	\$ 688,317,823	\$ 668,901,002	\$ (19,416,821)	\$ 669,419,839
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
	\$ 137,207,570	\$ 137,073,344	\$ 134,648,102	\$ 2,425,242	\$ 136,680,851
Senior High Classroom	71,637,634	71,295,243	70,828,988	466,255	72,767,204
Technical and Career Education	18,412,590	17,980,301	17,063,818	916,483	16,940,802
Gifted Education and Academy Programs	13,196,882	13,259,935	12,875,301	384,634	12,789,685
Special Education	85,182,869	85,185,998	82,988,958	2,197,040	82,758,607
Summer School	1,722,293	1,723,137	1,493,939	229,198	1,504,455
General Adult Education	1,628,050	1,608,309	1,620,924	(12,615)	1,679,664
Alternative Education - Renaissance	6,836,124	6,843,146	6,070,603	772,543	6,294,631
Student Activities	3,006,846	3,045,483	2,952,961	92,522	2,985,348
Student Athletics	4,910,642	5,176,941	4,786,213	390,728	5,067,225
Office/Principal - Elementary	24,830,838	24,478,998	23,529,288	949,710	23,188,224
Office/Principal - Senior High	10,229,409	10,287,802	9,650,672	637,130	9,434,058
Office/Principal - Tech & Career	569,416	567,547	521,516	46,031	519,387
Guidance Services	16,127,834	15,887,903	15,554,267	333,636	15,635,775
Social Work Services	3,050,055	3,240,055	3,235,987	4,068	2,996,418
Media and Communications	1,623,947	1,599,565	1,501,355	98,210	1,443,265
Instructional Support	11,206,171	11,088,715	10,994,906	93,809	11,029,453
Instructional Center for Teacher Leadership		1,358,707	1,130,489	228,218	1,249,000
Diversity	9,775	9,775	8,504	1,271	10,093
Special Education Support	2,834,323	2,809,099	2,506,062	303,037	2,777,144
Gifted Educ & Academy Programs Support	2,453,423	2,165,420	1,951,041	214,379	2,083,275
Media Services Support	12,345,414	12,413,539	12,290,950	122,589	12,420,293
Educational Leadership and Assessment	2,815,857	2,929,084	2,398,395	530,689	2,296,714
Middle School Classroom	55,697,087	55,688,181	54,546,844	1,141,337	55,932,656
Remedial Education	9,654,628	9,674,187	8,506,218	1,167,969	9,289,761
Office/Principal - Middle Schools	8,572,694	8,566,974	8,459,900	107,074	8,244,275
Homebound Services					
Technical and Career Ed Support	509,269 931,290	509,269 928,197	374,002 837,920	135,267 90,277	462,894 899,566
Student Leadership		1,253,659	1,233,882	90,277 19,777	
-	1,229,159 3 383 800	• •		136,551	1,226,633 3 284 692
Psychological Services	3,383,800	3,383,808 412,710	3,247,257 382,485		3,284,692
Audiological Services School Administration	412,710	,	382,485	30,225 3 807	354,407 876 251
Alternative Education	1,208,485	1,310,485	1,306,678	3,807	876,251 1,213,647
	1,317,601	1,319,859	1,191,930	127,929	1,213,047
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter Total Instruction	- ¢ 516 250 000	1,146,614	1,071,910	\$ 14 459 724	- \$ 506,336,353
	\$ 516,250,090	\$ 516,221,989	\$ 501,762,265	\$ 14,459,724	\$ 506,336,353

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013

								Variance -		
		Original		Final				Positive		2013
		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		Actual
EXPENDITURES (continued)		Duuget		Duuget		Autual		(Negative)		Addul
Admin, Attendance, & Health										
Board, Legal, & Governmental	\$	1,001,274	\$	969,876	\$	965,745	\$	4,131	\$	925,642
Office of the Superintendent	•	1,258,721	Ŧ	1,315,119	•	1,034,032	Ŧ	281,087	•	1,125,089
Department of Budget & Finance		3,696,387		3,688,387		3,387,053		301,334		3,234,362
Department of Human Resources		4,795,149		4,795,149		4,596,664		198,485		4,468,099
Internal Audit		400,679		400,679		389,240		11,439		382,918
Purchasing		1,020,736		1,017,514		999,008		18,506		1,028,894
Center for Teacher Leadership		549,081		549,081		482,084		66,997		429,834
Consolidated Benefits Office		1,867,429		1,867,429		1,704,623		162,806		1,808,826
Health Services		7,026,127		7,026,127		6,707,116		319,011		6,754,360
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter		7,020,127		8,000		0,707,110		8,000		0,754,500
Total Admin, Attendance, & Health	¢	21,615,583	\$	21,637,361	\$	- 20,265,565	\$	1,371,796	\$	20,158,024
	φ	21,015,565	φ	21,037,301	φ	20,205,505	φ	1,371,790	φ	20,130,024
Pupil Transportation	\$	4 070 440	¢	4 070 440	•	4 000 252	¢	0.765	\$	4 004 705
Management	Ф	1,978,118	\$	1,978,118	\$	1,968,353	\$	9,765	Ф	1,924,795
Vehicle Operation		17,894,925		18,784,037		18,443,202		340,835		17,901,245
Vehicle Operation - Special Education		5,098,236		5,505,716		5,473,574		32,142		5,365,961
Vehicle Maintenance		3,030,197		2,990,197		2,825,073		165,124		2,841,371
Monitoring Services		2,891,615		2,891,615		2,782,483		109,132		2,816,792
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter	_		_	121,000	_	120,741	_	259	_	
Total Pupil Transportation	\$	30,893,091	\$	32,270,683	\$	31,613,426	\$	657,257	\$	30,850,164
Operations and Maintenance										
Facility Planning & Construction	\$	706,278	\$	735,391	\$	734,850	\$	541	\$	712,785
School Plant		44,314,160		47,120,727		43,295,123		3,825,604		43,928,628
Supply Services		1,555,908		1,597,055		1,516,450		80,605		1,508,913
Grounds Services		3,564,352		3,564,352		3,564,352		-		3,751,950
Custodial Services		27,920,243		28,026,539		26,842,827		1,183,712		26,485,010
Safety and Loss Control		6,723,011		6,942,380		6,682,263		260,117		6,681,190
Vehicle Services		1,050,631		1,353,631		1,060,040		293,591		1,013,472
Telecommunications		1,129,064		1,850,556		1,185,290		665,266		1,143,107
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter		-		16,000		-		16,000	_	-
Total Operations & Maintenance	\$	86,963,647	\$	91,206,631	\$	84,881,195	\$	6,325,436	\$	85,225,055
<u>Technology</u>					_					
Instruction	\$	14,542,843	\$	15,702,437	\$	14,018,535	\$	1,683,902	\$	17,585,717
Admin, Attendance & Health		1,734,704		1,602,699		1,280,701		321,998		1,607,704
Pupil Transportation		46,787		268,624		63,323		205,301		49,443
Operations and Maintenance		10,209,590		11,463,086		10,624,268		838,818		10,390,738
Green Run Collegiate Public Charter		-		25,000		24,885		115		-
Total Technology	\$	26,533,924	\$	29,061,846	\$	26,011,712	\$	3,050,134	\$	29,633,602
Total Expenditures	\$	682,256,335	_	690,398,510		664,534,163	\$	25,864,347	_	672,203,198
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	, ,	<u> </u>	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	3,229,966	\$	(2,080,687)	\$	4,366,839	\$	6,447,526	\$	(2,783,359)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers Out	\$	(3,244,966)	¢	(3,426,543)	¢	(3,185,724)	¢	240,819	\$	(3,059,471)
Sale of Capital Assets	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	15,000	Ψ	5,411	Ψ	(9,589)	Ψ	21,765
Total Other Financing		15,000		13,000		3,411		(3,303)		21,705
•	¢	(2 220 066)	¢	(2 444 542)	¢	(2 100 212)	¢	224 220	¢	(2.027.706)
Sources (Uses)	φ	(3,229,966)	\$	(3,411,543)	φ	(3,180,313)	φ	231,230	\$	(3,037,706)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	(5,492,230)	\$	1,186,526	\$	6,678,756	\$	(5,821,065)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		6,163,106		6,163,106		6,163,106		-		11,984,171
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	6,163,106	\$	670,876	\$	7,349,632	\$	6,678,756	\$	6,163,106
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<i>i</i>	_	· · ·	É			. /

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2013 Actual
REVENUES	Duuget	Duugei	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
	\$ 229,113	\$ 436,163	\$ 220,507	\$ (215,656)	\$ 274,39 [°]
From Commonwealth	12,926,861	13,272,713	11,366,773	(1,905,940)	6,982,08
From Federal Government	43,639,590	41,302,940	33,331,536	(7,971,404)	35,940,39
Contingency	7,200,000	 7,781,967	 -	 (7,781,967)	 -
Total Revenues	\$ 63,995,564	\$ 62,793,783	\$ 44,918,816	\$ (17,874,967)	\$ 43,196,86
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
, ,	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 364,53
Adult Education & Family Literacy Act - FY14	356,817	395,047	395,047	-	-
Advanced Placement Program FY14	26,050	63,262	63,262	-	-
AFCEA Science Teaching Tools FY11	-	-	-	-	4
Algebra Readiness FY12	-	-	-	-	10,70
Algebra Readiness FY13	-	166,385	166,385	-	635,52
Algebra Readiness FY14	798,791	812,022	791,088	20,934	-
Allstate Foundation Safe Teen Driving FY07	-	2,897	999	1,898	9 1
Asia Society Confucius Classroom Network FY11	I -	-	-	-	3,01
Asia Society Confucius Classroom Network FY13	3 -	16,294	11,404	4,890	3,00
Career Switcher Program Mentor Reimb. FY14	11,000	23,000	21,570	1,430	-
Career Switcher FY13	-	-	-	-	-
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY13	-	-	-	-	590,60
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY14	734,936	611,180	611,180	-	-
Chesapeake Restoration Grant FY12	-	-	-	-	3
College Exposure Program-Rosemont ES FY13	-	-	-	-	71
College Exposure Program-Rosemont ES FY14	-	1,460	1,135	325	-
COPS Secure Our Schools FY12	-	-	-	-	17,64
DoDEA MCASP FY12	112,209	150,211	150,211	-	458,85
DoDEA MCASP FY13	741,149	761,598	370,119	391,479	-
DoDEA MCASP Operation PRIDE FY14	-	646,614	153,440	493,174	-
DoDEA S-FLEP FY12	5,750	5,433	5,157	276	92,93
DoDEA S-FLEP FY13	97,842	97,375	89,941	7,434	-
Dual Enrollment - TCC FY14	-	275,918	275,918	-	-
Early Reading Initiative FY12	-	-		-	48,87
Early Reading Initiative FY13	-	243,084	243,084	-	960,32
Early Reading Initiative FY14	1,146,719	1,409,168	818,840	590,328	-
EPA Grant-Plaza MS FY12	-	1,592	1,592	-	40
EPI Pen Grant FY13	-	-	-	-	8,37
General Adult Education FY13	34,586	34,586	34,586	_	34,58
Girls on the Run Program-Rosemont ES FY13	-	-	-	_	6(
Girls on the Run Program-Rosemont ES FY14	_	2,043	1,202	841	-
Governors STEM Academy Start Up FY12		-	-	-	- :
Green Run Collegiate Charter Start Up FY13		- 17,718	17,718	_	7,28
Green Run Collegiate Support FY14	_		20,200	4,800	7,20
Inclusion Leadership Support-Salem HS FY13	-	25,000 757		4,800 457	-
	-	757	300	457	19
Industry Credentials for Students FY13	-		-	-	48,52
Industry Credentials for Students FY14	57,201	73,640	73,640	-	-
ISAEP FY13	-	-	-	-	63,71
ISAEP FY14	62,170	62,869	62,869	-	-
Jail Education Program FY13	-	-	-	-	200,51
Jail Education Program FY14	213,253	213,425	198,211	15,214	-
Juvenile Detention Center FY13	-		-	-	669,20
Juvenile Detention Center FY13 LQ	-	744,697	709,862	34,835	202,62
Juvenile Detention Center FY14	915,513	-	-	-	-
Juvenile Detention Center FY14 LQ	-	925,913	202,495	723,418	-
LENS FY12	-	47,056	45,153	1,903	21,93

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2013 Actual
PENDITURES (continued)	Budgot	Buugot	/ lotuur	(Hoganito)	/iotuui
nstruction (continued)					
LENS FY13	\$ -	\$ 3,845	\$ 3,845	\$ -	\$ 1
LENS FY14	-	77,864	3,885	73,979	-
LTG (RET) Pete Taylor Partnership Excell. FY14	-	7,500	921	6,579	-
McKinney Homeless FY12	-	-	-	-	6,6
McKinney Homeless FY13	6,600	529	529	-	69,4
McKinney Homeless FY14	70,000	70,000	67,452	2,548	-
MyCAA - ALC Courses FY13	-	-	-	-	14,2
MyCAA - ALC Courses FY14	5,000	2,869	2,869	-	-
MyCAA - LPN Program FY13	-	-	-	-	1,0
MyCAA - LPN Program FY14	10,000	-	-	-	-
Nat'l Board Certified Teachers Stipend FY13	-	-	-	-	265,0
Nat'l Board Certified Teachers Stipend FY14	265,000	285,000	285,000	-	-
New Teacher Mentor FY13	-	-	-	-	46,
New Teacher Mentor FY14	59,325	34,303	34,303	-	-
NJROTC FY13	-	-	-	-	43,
NJROTC FY14	-	34,256	34,256	-	-
Opportunity Inc STEM Grant FY12	-	-	-	-	43,
Opportunity Inc STEM Grant FY13	48,663	73,290	65,822	7,468	144,
Opportunity Inc STEM Grant FY14	180,450	220,000	133,467	86,533	-
Opportunity Inc Adult Learning Center FY14	-	104,000	2,208	101,792	-
Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY14	-	33,998	3,695	30,303	-
Preschool Incentive Grant FY11	-	-	-	-	15,
Preschool Incentive Grant FY12	-	5,317	5,317	-	141,
Preschool Incentive Grant FY13	181,445	141,404	130,745	10,659	353,
Preschool Incentive Grant FY14	494,934	466,975	351,959	115,016	-
Project Hope - City Wide SCA FY14	-	4,883	-	4,883	-
Race to GED FY13	-	-	-	-	64,
Race to GED FY14	64,188	64,188	64,188	-	-
Region 2 Teacher of the Year Award FY14	-	538	538	-	-
Risk Management Grant Program FY13	-	-	-	-	2,
School Improvement - Title VI B FY14	-	83,207	9,741	73,466	-,-
School Security Equipment Grant FY14	-	13,409	13,409	-	-
SpEd Gov's STEM AcadLandstown HS FY14	-	21,401	-	21,401	-
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY12	-		-	-	53,
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY13	57,866	54,199	54,199	-	6,
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY14	-	78,871	11,664	67,207	-
STEM Teacher Recruitment/Retention FY14	-	5,000	5,000	-	-
Teaching American History-SAIL FY10	-	-	-	-	63.
Title I Part A 128-12 FY12	-	173,913	173,913	-	3,187,
Title I Part A 128-13 FY13	3,141,259	2,357,344	2,324,919	32,425	7,221,
Title I Part A 128-14 FY14	9,500,418	8,986,796	6,465,624	2,521,172	-
Title I Part A School Improvement FY11	-	-	-	_,=	27,8
Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY12	-	-	-	-	21,0
Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY13	21,270	27,359	15,467	11,892	9,7
Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY14	35,103	5,000	-	5,000	-
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY11	-	-	-	-	- 12, ⁻
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY12	-	11,598	- 11,598	-	140,
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY13	138,904	139,166	125,272	13,894	34,8
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY14	178,539	203,293	44,938	158,355	- 54,0
Title II NCLB128-11 FY11	-	- 203,293	- 44,930	-	- 10,9
	- 48,086	- 29,261	- 29,261	-	675,8
Title II NCLB128-12 FY12 Title II NCLB128-13 FY13	40,000 215,741	455,905	376,652	- 79,253	1,809,7
					1.003./

(continued)

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		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2013 Actual
EXPENDITURES (continued)		V					
Instruction (continued)							
Title III Part A Immigrant & Youth FY11	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 7,719
Title III Part A Immigrant & Youth FY14		-	88,246		61,541	26,705	-
Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY11		-	-		-	-	27,182
Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY12		13,258	15,269		15,269	-	96,734
Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY13		116,011	114,675		112,347	2,328	1,516
Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY14		116,011	103,983		5,083	98,900	-
Title IV Pell Grant FY13		-	-		-	-	24,617
Title IV Pell Grant FY14		-	34,878		34,878	-	-
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Bayside MS FY12		-	-		-	-	63,486
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Bayside MS FY13		49,729	72,104		72,104	-	110,308
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Tri Campus FY13		50,780	87,423		87,423	-	111,613
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Bayside MS FY14		185,320	185,483		143,970	41,513	-
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Williams ES FY14		197,500	197,500		82,892	114,608	-
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY12		-	860,637		860,637	-	9,200,918
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY13		8,592,922	5,915,589		5,915,589	-	8,932,984
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY14		14,505,627	13,458,696		10,392,054	3,066,642	-
VA Geographic Alliance FY11		-	2,229		2,194	35	1,100
VA loceographic Analice F FT		_	-		2,134	- 55	8,000
VA Incentive Program for Speech Lang. FY14		- 22 607	_		_	_	0,000
VA Intentive Program for Speech Lang. P114 VA Initiative-At Risk Four-Year Olds FY12		22,607 -	- 10,000		- 10,000	-	10.000
VA Initiative-At Risk Four-Year Olds FY12		-	10,000		10,000	-	10,000
		-	-		-	-	4,214,000
VA Initiative-At Risk Four-Year Olds FY14		4,224,000	4,224,000		4,080,561	143,439	-
VA Middle School Teacher Corps. FY13		-	-		-	-	70,000
VA Middle School Teacher Corps. Profess FY13		-	-		-	-	1,560
VA Star FY12		-	504		-	504	3,496
Virginia Advanced Study Strategies-VASS FY13		-	-		-	-	70,718
Virginia Bch Police Benevolent Assoc. FY10		-	1,062		1,056	6	813
Virginia Middle School Teacher Corps. FY14		45,000	40,000		40,000	-	-
Virtual VA Advanced Placement FY12		-	-		-	-	7,264
Virtual VA Advanced Placement FY14			6,885		6,885	-	-
Workplace Readiness Skills for State Exam FY1	3	-	-		-	-	14,685
Contingency		7,200,000	 7,781,967		-	 7,781,967	 -
Total Instruction	\$	57,636,223	\$ 57,479,561	<u></u>	40,200,268	\$ 17,279,293	\$ 41,910,211
<u>Technology</u>							
Adult Education & Family Literacy Act - FY13	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 14,889
Adult Education & Family Literacy Act - FY14		1,000	1,000		1,000	-	-
Career & Technical Education Equipment FY14		-	83,412		83,412	-	-
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY13		-	-		-	-	245,986
C. Perkins Vocational & Tech. Act FY14		101,658	217,520		161,875	55,645	-
COPS Secure Our Schools FY12		-	-		-	-	322,596
DoDEA MCASP FY12		1,000	55,827		55,827	-	119,940
DoDEA MCASP FY13		144,500	122,588		84,722	37,866	-
DoDEA MCASP Operation PRIDE FY14		-	159,015		121,027	37,988	-
DoDEA S-FLEP FY12		-	-		-	-	30
DoDEA S-FLEP FY13		100	-		-	-	-
Early Reading Initiative FY12		-	-		-	-	138
Early Reading Initiative FY13		-	-		-	-	1,727
Early Reading Initiative FY14		-	5,143		3,143	2,000	-
Governors STEM Academy Start Up FY13		-	-		-	-	122
ISAEP FY13		-	-		-	-	3,157
ISAEP FY14		- 699	-		-	-	-
Jail Education Program FY13			-		-	-	- 9,404
		-	-		-	-	3,404
Jail Education Program FY14		4,850	7,872		3,377	4,495	_

(continued)

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		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)		2013 Actual
EXPENDITURES (continued)								(J ,		
<u>Technology (continued)</u>										
Juvenile Detention Center FY13	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,746
Juvenile Detention Center FY13 LQ		-		7,036		6,262		774		-
Juvenile Detention Center FY14		6,200		-		-		-		-
Juvenile Detention Center FY14 LQ		-		8,390		-		8,390		-
LENS FY13		-		1,020		1,020		-		-
LENS FY14		-		375		-		375		-
McKinney Homeless FY12		-		-		-		-		137
Opportunity Inc STEM Grant FY14		-		-		100		(100)		-
Preschool Incentive Grant FY12		-		-		-		- '		31,048
Preschool Incentive Grant FY13		3,000		3,208		1,255		1,953		-
Preschool Incentive Grant FY14		6,387		8,000		-		8,000		-
School Improvement - Title VI B FY14		-		36,793		-		36,793		-
School Security Equipment Grant FY14		_		111,591		111,591		-		_
SpEd Gov's STEM AcadLandstown HS FY14		_		599		-		599		_
Startalk Elementary Chinese Academy FY14		_		575		- 611		(36)		_
Supplemental Tech. Initiative-Bayside MS FY13		-		575		011		(30)		-
		-		-		-		-		31,200
Supplemental Tech. Initiative-Bayside MS FY14		-		31,200		31,200		-		-
Supplemental Tech. Initiative-Williams ES FY14		31,536		31,200		31,200		-		-
Technology Initiative FY11		153,825		24,460		24,460		-		1,743,106
Technology Initiative FY12		2,587,200		2,184,652		2,179,452		5,200		406,251
Technology Initiative FY13		2,618,400		2,592,400		2,278,588		313,812		-
Technology Initiative FY14		2,618,400		2,618,400		1,553,317		1,065,083		-
Title I Part A 128-12 FY12		-		-		-		-		1,329,029
Title I Part A 128-13 FY13		258,000		290,218		290,218		-		67,190
Title I Part A 128-14 FY14		423,803		754,001		816,048		(62,047)		-
Title I Part A School Improvement FY11		-		-		-		-		36,894
Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY13		-		6,865		481		6,384		-
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY11		-		-		-		-		29,549
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY12		-		32,240		32,240		-		20,688
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY13		9,750		17,464		17,464		-		-
Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY14		13,500		54,250		10,093		44,157		-
Title II NCLB128-13 FY13		-		-		-		-		560
Title II NCLB128-14 FY14		-		2,500		-		2,500		-
Title II Part D FY11		_		_,000		_		_,000		38,798
Title III Part A Immigrant & Youth FY11		_		_		_		_		1,225
Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY14		-		- 20		- 20		-		1,225
		-		20		20		-		- 18,950
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Bayside MS FY12		-		-		-		-		5,408
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Bayside MS FY13		-		-		-		-		
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Tri Campus FY13		-		80		80		-		884
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Bayside MS FY14		2,500		2,337		1,036		1,301		-
Title IV Part B 21st CCLC-Williams ES FY14		2,500		2,500		-		2,500		-
Title VI B PL 105-17 FY14		415,000		85,719		4,704		81,015		-
Total Technology	\$	9,403,808	\$	9,560,470	\$	7,905,823	\$	1,654,647	\$	4,490,652
Total Expenditures	\$	67,040,031	\$	67,040,031	\$	48,106,091	\$	18,933,940	\$	46,400,863
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(3,044,467)	\$	(4,246,248)	\$	(3,187,275)	\$	1,058,973	\$	(3,203,997)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		3,044,467		4,246,248		3,185,724		(1,060,524)		3,059,471
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,551)	\$	(1,551)	\$	(144,526)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	Ŧ	1,060,524	Ŧ	1,060,524	÷	1,060,524	÷	-	*	1,205,050
	\$	1,060,524	\$	1,060,524	\$	1,058,973	\$	- (1,551)	\$	1,060,524
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	Ψ	1,000,024	Ψ	1,000,024	Ψ	1,000,013	Ψ	(1,001)	Ψ	1,000,024

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL TEXTBOOKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance - Positive (Negative)		2013 Actual
REVENUES										
From Use of Money										
and Property	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	31,700	\$	(68,300)	\$	36,495
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		54,348		44,348		44,556
From Commonwealth		3,606,022		3,606,022		3,623,928		17,906		3,626,324
Total Revenues	\$	3,716,022	\$	3,716,022	\$	3,709,976	\$	(6,046)	\$	3,707,375
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction										
Personnel Services	\$	64,581	\$	64,581	\$	77,749	\$	(13,168)	\$	65,410
Fringe Benefits		25,549		25,549		29,374		(3,825)		24,813
Purchased Services		1,500		1,500		-		1,500		-
Materials and Supplies		9,464,798		11,553,166		3,086,794		8,466,372		4,086,766
Total Instruction	\$	9,556,428	\$	11,644,796	\$	3,193,917	\$	8,450,879	\$	4,176,989
Technology								, ,		
Purchased Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	295,426	\$	(295,426)	\$	235,500
Materials and Supplies	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	1,214,576
Total Technology	\$	-	\$	-	\$	295,426	\$	(295,426)	\$	1,450,076
Total Expenditures	\$	9,556,428	\$	11,644,796	\$	3,489,343	\$	8,155,453	\$	5,627,065
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF										
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES	\$	(5,840,406)	\$	(7,928,774)	\$	220,633	\$	8,149,407	\$	(1,919,690)
	<u> </u>	(0,010,100)	<u> </u>	(1,0=0,111)	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	-,,	<u> </u>	(1,010,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(5,840,406)	\$	(7,928,774)	\$	220,633	\$	8,149,407	\$	(1,919,690)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		16,044,853		16,044,853		16,044,853		-		17,964,543
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	¢	10,204,447	\$	8,116,079	÷	16,265,486	\$	8,149,407	\$	16,044,853

A. Budget Information

The following presents the procedures followed by the School Board in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements and other budget information:

- 1. The Superintendent is required by Section 22.1-92 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, to prepare and submit to the City Council, with the approval of the School Board, the estimate of the amount of money deemed to be needed during the next fiscal year for the support of the public schools of the school division. Before the School Board gives final approval to its operating and capital improvement program budgets, the School Board is required to hold at least one public hearing.
- 2. The City Manager is required by the City Charter to present a proposed operating budget to the City Council, which includes the School Board's operating budget, at least 90 days before the beginning of each fiscal year, which begins July 1. The proposed operating budget must be balanced with projected expenditures equal to estimated revenues and/or the required financing from the proper undesignated fund balances. The necessary budget ordinances are also submitted at this time.
- 3. The City Council is required by the City Charter to hold a public hearing on the budget at which time all interested persons are given an opportunity to comment.
- 4. If the proposed operating budget is not legally adopted by the City Council upon one reading of the budget ordinances by June 1, the operating budget is automatically adopted as proposed.
- 5. Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General and Special Revenue funds. The budgets for these funds are adopted on a basis consistent with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The legal level of budgetary control for the General Fund is at the category level (i.e., Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Technology); and for the Special Revenue Funds, they are at the fund level. These categories or funds cannot legally be exceeded.
- 6. Additional appropriations require one reading of the ordinance for approval by the School Board and the City Council, and must be offset by additional estimated revenues and/or a transfer from the proper undesignated fund balances. Additional appropriations, which exceed 1% of the total estimated revenues shown in the adopted City budget, require one reading by City Council for approval after a public hearing.
- 7. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer appropriations up to a maximum of \$250,000. Transfers in excess of \$250,000 require one reading by the School Board for approval.

A. <u>Budget Information</u> (continued)

- 8. The accounting system is employed as a budgetary management control device to monitor the individual schools and departments. In addition, certain controls are exercised administratively on the General Fund (e.g., budget units, personnel positions, capital outlay, and certain line-items; and the appropriations related thereto). A budget unit is an activity (e.g., Elementary Classroom, Gifted Education and Academy Programs) of a category (e.g., Instruction). In addition, certain controls are exercised on the Special Revenue Funds (e.g., federal and state grants; and the appropriations related thereto).
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse (except for the School Capital Projects Fund) and are closed to the proper fund balances at the end of each fiscal year (June 30). However, the General Fund's net assets balance (i.e., total assets (e.g., cash) less liabilities (e.g., salaries payable), outstanding encumbrances, prepaid items, and prior fiscal year net assets relating to the Instructional Technology and Athletics programs) is paid back (i.e., reverts) to the City (\$15,554,787 Fiscal Year 2014) before the aforementioned closing process. Appropriations for the subsequent fiscal year are increased in the amount necessary to satisfy the outstanding encumbrances at June 30.
- 10. Capital Projects for the School Board and City are budgeted separately from the Operating Budget. Since the School Board and City have hundreds of projects in its Capital Improvement Program and the City has an annual limitation (without a referendum) on the amount of bonds that may be issued, allocations for capital projects represent funding by phases of a number of projects based upon their anticipated execution of contractual obligations. The appropriations for Capital Projects do not parallel the School Board's fiscal year. Upon approval by the School Board, the School Board's Capital Improvement Program appropriation requests are submitted to the City Council. The appropriations require one reading of the ordinance for approval after public hearings on the Capital Improvement Program. The accounting, encumbering, and controlling of the funds are based upon the project length of each individual project which may be over several years. Therefore, budgetary comparisons are not presented for Capital Projects in this report. Appropriations reallocated to new or existing capital projects require one reading of the ordinance by City Council for approval.

B. Budget Amendments

1. There were supplemental budget amendments, other than for encumbrances, totaling \$2,831,522 for the General Fund during fiscal year 2014. The General Fund budget amendments (e.g., elementary instructional and improvement initiatives support, athletic equipment, school buses, operations and maintenance project) were funded through an increase in revenue from the local government.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted or dedicated to be expended for specified purposes. The School Board has the following Special Revenue Funds:

School Cafeterias – accounts for the revenues (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia, Federal Government) and expenditures associated with the food services operations of the school division.

School Communication Towers/Technology – accounts for the rent receipts (long-term contracts with telecommunication companies) relating to the communication towers constructed on School Board property and technology related expenditures.

School Vending Operations – accounts for the receipts (long-term exclusive contract with a vending company) relating to the bottled drinks vending operations of the school division and expenditures (including school-level allocations).

School Equipment Replacement – accounts for the financing (e.g., local government) and acquisition of various replacement equipment.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014 with comparative totals for June 30, 2013

		School Communication	School	School	Totals
	School	Towers/	Vending	Equipment	
	Cafeterias	Technology	Operations	Replacement	2014 2013
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,395,017	\$ 3,094,076	\$ 89,119	\$ 1,475,942	\$ 10,054,154 \$ 9,568,619
Accounts Receivable	-	-	-	-	- 20,333
Due from Federal					
Government	713,901	-	-	-	713,901 614,933
Inventories	754,794	-	-	-	754,794 1,127,250
Prepaid Items	4,345		-	-	4,345 3,606
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 6,868,057</u>	\$ 3,094,076	\$ 89,119	<u>\$ 1,475,942</u>	<u>\$ 11,527,194 </u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND					
BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Salaries Payable	\$ 907,361	\$ -	\$7	\$-	\$ 907,368 \$ 937,603
Vouchers and	. ,				
Accounts Payable	299,161	11,636	226	-	311,023 223,102
Deposits Payable	-	75,000	-	-	75,000 55,000
Unearned Revenue	345,528	44,463	-		389,991 324,708
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,552,050	\$ 131,099	\$ 233	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,683,382</u> <u>\$ 1,540,413</u>
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	\$ 759,139	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 759,139 \$ 1,130,856
Restricted	4,556,868	-	-	-	4,556,868 3,825,795
Assigned		2,962,977	88,886	1,475,942	4,527,805 4,837,677
TOTAL FUND					
BALANCES	\$ 5,316,007	\$ 2,962,977	\$ 88,886	\$ 1,475,942	\$ 9,843,812 \$ 9,794,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES					
	¢ c ccc c==	¢ 0.004.070	¢ 00.440	¢ 4 475 040	¢ 44 507 404 ¢ 44 004 744
BALANCES	\$ 6,868,057	\$ 3,094,076	\$ 89,119	\$ 1,475,942	<u>\$ 11,527,194 </u>

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SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 with comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013

	School	Com	School imunication Towers/	Vending		School Equipment	 То	tal	6
	Cafeterias C-3	le	chnology C-4	Operations C-5	F	Replacement C-6	2014		2013
REVENUES									
From Use of Money									
and Property	\$ 11,39	\$	544,780	\$ 173	\$	3,239	\$ 559,582	\$	483,771
Charges for Services	11,807,26		-	192,550		-	11,999,811		12,189,421
Miscellaneous	240,51	;	-	-		-	240,516		198,874
From Commonwealth	479,20)	-	-		-	479,200		507,862
From Federal Government	16,266,51	i	-	-		-	 16,266,516		14,373,628
Total Revenues	\$ 28,804,88	\$	544,780	\$ 192,723	\$	3,239	\$ 29,545,625	\$	27,753,556
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Instruction	\$-	\$	- :	\$ 302,073	\$	307,455	\$ 609,528	\$	336,137
Cafeterias	28,369,86	5	-	-		-	28,369,866		26,139,487
Technology	75,66		441,086	-		-	 516,747		459,273
Total Expenditures	\$ 28,445,52	\$	441,086	\$ 302,073	\$	307,455	\$ 29,496,141	\$	26,934,897
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 359,35</u>	<u>\$</u>	103,694	\$ (109,350)	\$	(304,216)	\$ 49,484	\$	818,659
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 359,350	5 \$	103,694	\$ (109,350)	\$	(304,216)	\$ 49,484	\$	818,659
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	4,956,65		2,859,283	198,236		1,780,158	 9,794,328		8,975,669
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 5,316,00	<u> </u>	2,962,977	\$ 88,886	\$	1,475,942	\$ 9,843,812	\$	9,794,328

								Variance -		
		Original		Final				Positive		2013
		Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		Actual
REVENUES										
From Use of Money										
and Property	\$	9,051	\$	9.051	\$	11.390	\$	2.339	\$	6.967
Charges for Services	•	13,789,527	•	13,789,527	•	11,807,261	•	(1,982,266)	*	11,996,871
Miscellaneous		207.000		207.000		240,516		33,516		198,874
From Commonwealth		488,000		488,000		479,200		(8,800)		507,862
From Federal Government		13,675,982		13,675,982		16,266,516		2,590,534		14,373,628
Total Revenues	\$	28,169,560	\$	28,169,560	\$	28,804,883	\$	635,323	\$	27,084,202
EXPENDITURES										
Cafeterias										
Personnel Services	\$	8,702,195	\$	8,702,195	\$	8,072,068	\$	630,127	\$	7,945,555
Fringe Benefits	•	4,505,879	•	4,505,879	•	3,514,453	•	991,426	•	3,591,291
Purchased Services		358,323		358,323		250,291		108,032		198,327
Other Charges		82,673		82,673		62,828		19,845		68,316
Materials and Supplies		14,702,322		14,703,083		16,323,367		(1,620,284)		14,227,038
Capital Outlay		150,000		157,670		146,859		10,811		108,960
Total Cafeterias	\$	28,501,392	\$	28,509,823	\$	28,369,866	\$	139,957	\$	26,139,487
<u>Technology</u>					-		_		_	
Purchased Services	\$	-	\$	7,714	\$	7,435	\$	279	\$	7,735
Materials and Supplies		70,000		72,765		28,166		44,599		130,465
Capital Outlay		29,562		71,128		40,060		31,068		225,360
Total Technology	\$	99,562	\$	151,607	\$	75,661	\$	75,946	\$	363,560
Total Expenditures	\$	28,600,954	\$	28,661,430	\$	28,445,527	\$	215,903	\$	26,503,047
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF										
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES	\$	(431,394)	\$	(491,870)	\$	359,356	\$	851,226	\$	581,155
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(431,394)	\$	(491,870)	\$	359,356	\$	851,226	\$	581,155
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		4,956,651		4,956,651		4,956,651		-		4,375,496
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	4,525,257	\$	4,464,781	\$	5,316,007	\$	851,226	\$	4,956,651
	-	, , -	<u> </u>	, , -	· —	, , -		, -	<u> </u>	

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL COMMUNICATION TOWERS/TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2013

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2013 Actual
REVENUES					
From Use of Money					
and Property	\$ 260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ 544,780	\$ 284,780	\$ 472,497
EXPENDITURES					
Technology					
Purchased Services	\$ -	\$ 50,172	\$ 31,214	\$ 18,958	\$ 17,961
Materials and Supplies	600,000	612,375	109,889	502,486	77,752
Capital Outlay	 -	 -	 299,983	 (299,983)	 -
Total Expenditures	\$ 600,000	\$ 662,547	\$ 441,086	\$ 221,461	\$ 95,713
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	\$ (340,000)	\$ (402,547)	\$ 103,694	\$ 506,241	\$ 376,784
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (340,000)	\$ (402,547)	\$ 103,694	\$ 506,241	\$ 376,784
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 2,859,283	 2,859,283	 2,859,283	 -	 2,482,499
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 2,519,283	\$ 2,456,736	\$ 2,962,977	\$ 506,241	\$ 2,859,283

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2013 Actual
REVENUES					
From Use of Money					
and Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 173	\$ 173	\$ 416
Charges for Services	192,550	192,550	192,550	-	192,550
Total Revenues	\$ 192,550	\$ 192,550	\$ 192,723	\$ 173	\$ 192,966
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction					
Other Charges	\$ 188,371	\$ 188,371	\$ 301,255	\$ (112,884)	\$ 301,255
Materials and Supplies	11,550	11,550	818	10,732	983
Capital Outlay	163,126	163,126	-	163,126	-
Total Expenditures	\$ 363,047	\$ 363,047	\$ 302,073	\$ 60,974	\$ 302,238
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	\$ (170,497)	\$ (170,497)	\$ (109,350)	\$ 61,147	\$ (109,272)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (170,497)	\$ (170,497)	\$ (109,350)	\$ 61,147	\$ (109,272)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 198,236	 198,236	 198,236	 -	 307,508
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 27,739	\$ 27,739	\$ 88,886	\$ 61,147	\$ 198,236

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance - Positive (Negative)	2013 Actual
<u>REVENUES</u> From Use of Money					
and Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,239	\$ 3,239	\$ 3,891
EXPENDITURES Instruction Capital Outlay	\$ 453,782	\$ 671,236	\$ 307,455	\$ 363,781	\$ 33,899
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (453,782)	\$ (671,236)	\$ (304,216)	\$ (367,020)	\$ (30,008)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (453,782)	\$ (671,236)	\$ (304,216)	\$ (367,020)	\$ (30,008)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	 1,780,158	 1,780,158	 1,780,158	 -	 1,810,166
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 1,326,376	\$ 1,108,922	\$ 1,475,942	\$ (367,020)	\$ 1,780,158



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit (and to other governmental units), on a cost reimbursement basis. The School Board has established Internal Service Funds for the following activities:

School Risk Management - provides insurance and the administration thereof for the School Board.

School Health Insurance - provides health insurance and the administration thereof for the School Board and City employees.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014 with comparative totals for June 30, 2013

	School		School Health		То	tals	
	Risk Management	Insurance			2014		2013
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Investments	\$ 9,265,363	\$	21,129,618	\$	30,394,981	\$	32,112,306
Accounts Receivable	-		370,683		370,683		372,624
Due from Commonwealth	-		133,308		133,308		120,016
Prepaid Items	 22,136		-		22,136		110,239
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,287,499	\$	21,633,609	\$	30,921,108	\$	32,715,185
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Salaries Payable	\$ 400	\$	26	\$	426	\$	1,419
Vouchers and							
Accounts Payable	240,250		239,573		479,823		563,555
Unearned Revenue	-		7,177,107		7,177,107		6,772,893
Estimated Claims and							
Judgments (due within							
one year)	 5,922,000		7,044,000		12,966,000		11,887,500
Total Current Liabilities	\$ 6,162,650	\$	14,460,706	\$	20,623,356	\$	19,225,367
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Estimated Claims and							
Judgments (due in more							
than one year)	 1,974,000		2,348,000		4,322,000		3,962,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 8,136,650	\$	16,808,706	<u></u>	24,945,356	\$	23,187,867
NET POSITION							
Unrestricted	\$ 1,150,849	\$	4,824,903	\$	5,975,752	\$	9,527,318
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,150,849	\$	4,824,903	\$	5,975,752	\$	9,527,318

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013

		School Risk	School Health	 Totals				
	1	Vanagement	Insurance	2014		2013		
OPERATING REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	6,305,724	\$ 134,156,587	\$ 140,462,311	\$	124,785,542		
Miscellaneous Revenue		34,977	 -	 34,977		18,288		
Total Operating Revenues	\$	6,340,701	\$ 134,156,587	\$ 140,497,288	\$	124,803,830		
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personnel Services	\$	345,778	\$ 290,137	\$ 635,915	\$	579,228		
Fringe Benefits		128,595	93,707	222,302		226,822		
Other Charges		6,246,280	136,996,279	143,242,559		133,912,761		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,720,653	\$ 137,380,123	\$ 144,100,776	\$	134,718,811		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(379,952)	\$ (3,223,536)	\$ (3,603,488)	\$	(9,914,981)		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Interest Income	\$	19,568	\$ 32,354	\$ 51,922	\$	62,089		
Total Nonoperating								
Revenues (Expenses)	\$	19,568	\$ 32,354	\$ 51,922	\$	62,089		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	\$	(360,384)	\$ (3,191,182)	\$ (3,551,566)	\$	(9,852,892)		
TOTAL NET POSITION - JULY 1		1,511,233	8,016,085	 9,527,318		19,380,210		
TOTAL NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	1,150,849	\$ 4,824,903	\$ 5,975,752	\$	9,527,318		

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2013

	School	School	To	tals
	Risk Management	Health Insurance	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Vendors for Goods/Services Payments to Employees for Services Net Cash Provided (Used)	\$ 6,349,054 (5,333,365) (474,116)	\$ 134,541,097 (136,466,823) (385,094)	\$ 140,890,151 (141,800,188) (859,210)	\$ 125,815,746 (133,040,539) (2,531,579)
By Operating Activities	\$ 541,573	\$ (2,310,820)	<u>\$ (1,769,247)</u>	<u>\$ (9,756,372)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest Received on Investments	<u>\$ 19,568</u>	\$ 32,354	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 62,089
<u>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN</u> CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 561,141	\$ (2,278,466)	\$ (1,717,325)	\$ (9,694,283)
CASH AND INVESTMENTS. BEGINNING OF YEAR	8,704,222	23,408,084	32,112,306	41,806,589
CASH AND INVESTMENTS. END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 9,265,363</u>	\$ 21,129,618	\$ 30,394,981	\$ 32,112,306
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities (Increase) Decrease in Assets	<u>\$ (379,952)</u>	<u>\$ (3,223,536)</u>	<u>\$ (3,603,488)</u>	<u>\$ (9,914,981)</u>
Accounts Receivable	\$ 8,353	\$ (6,412)	\$ 1,941	\$ 7,795
Due from Commonwealth Prepaid Items	- 88,103	(13,292) -	(13,292) 88,103	(120,016) (27,987)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities Salaries Payable	257	(1,250)	(993)	(228)
Vouchers and Accounts Payable	200,812	(284,544)	(83,732)	(116,092)
Unearned Revenue	-	404,214	404,214	1,124,137
Estimated Claims and Judgments Total Adjustments	624,000 \$ 921,525	814,000 \$ 912,716	<u>1,438,000</u> \$1,834,241	(709,000) \$ 158,609
Net Cash Provided (Used)				
By Operating Activities	\$ 541,573	\$ (2,310,820)	<u>\$ (1,769,247)</u>	<u>\$ (9,756,372)</u>

AGENCY FUNDS

The Agency Funds are used to account for the assets held by the School Board as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. Agency Funds do not involve the measurement of results of operations, as they are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities). The School Board has the following Agency Funds:

Payroll Deductions - accounts for employee payroll deductions.

Fringe Benefits - accounts for the School Board contributions for certain fringe benefits (e.g., life insurance, retirement).

School Activity Accounts - accounts for the individual school activity accounts.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014
PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS				
ASSETS Cash and Investments Due from Federal Government TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 4,733,022 413 \$ 4,733,435 \$ 4,733,435	\$ 128,709,589 228 \$ 128,709,817 \$ 128,709,817	\$ 128,317,332 413 \$ 128,317,745 \$ 128,317,745	\$ 5,125,279 228 \$ 5,125,507 \$ 5,125,507
FRINGE BENEFITS ASSETS Cash and Investments Due from Federal Government TOTAL ASSETS LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable	\$ 8,367,617 <u>171</u> \$ 8,367,788 \$ 8,367,788	\$ 103,105,026 <u> 103,105,026</u> <u> 103,105,026</u>	\$ 103,554,274 171 \$ 103,554,445 \$ 103,554,445	\$ 7,918,369
SCHOOL ACTIVITY ACCOUNTS ASSETS Cash and Investments LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable	<u>\$ 3,821,926</u> <u>\$ 3,821,926</u>	<u>\$ 12,009,527</u> <u>\$ 12,009,527</u>	<u>\$ 12,291,714</u> <u>\$ 12,291,714</u>	<u>\$3,539,739</u> <u>\$3,539,739</u>
<u>TOTAL - AGENCY FUNDS</u> <u>ASSETS</u> Cash and Investments Due from Federal Government TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 16,922,565 584 \$ 16,923,149	\$ 243,824,142 228 \$ 243,824,370	\$ 244,163,320 584 \$ 244,163,904	\$ 16,583,387 228 \$ 16,583,615
LIABILITIES Vouchers and Accounts Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 16,923,149</u> <u>\$ 16,923,149</u>	\$ 243,824,370 \$ 243,824,370	\$ 244,163,904 \$ 244,163,904	<u>\$ 16,583,615</u> <u>\$ 16,583,615</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School Board's financial health.

Contents		<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends	These tables contain trend information to help the reader	1 – 10
	understand how the School Board's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Operating Information		11 – 24
	These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School Board's financial report relates to the services the School Board provides and the activities it performs.	
Demographic and Economic Information		25 – 29
	These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School Board's financial activities take place.	
Revenue Capacity		30 - 33
	These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property taxes. Additional information can be found in the City of Virginia Beach Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.	
Debt Capacity		34 - 35
Japacity	These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Additional information can be found in the City of Virginia Beach Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.	JU - JU
Sources:	Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the relevant year.	

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	al Year	
	2005	2006	2007	2008
NET POSITION				
Invested in Capital Assets	\$ 249,301,625	\$ 277,400,599	\$ 316,759,489	\$ 337,880,626
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	48,449,451	64,359,412	65,850,137	81,794,572
Grants	924,505	769,517	588,734	578,724
Cafeterias	-	-	-	-
Textbooks	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	22,600,519	30,462,346	45,933,553	60,867,058
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 321,276,100	\$ 372,991,874	\$ 429,131,913	\$ 481,120,980

2010	2011	2012	0040	0044
	2011	2012	2013	2014
411,565,763	\$ 449,745,865	\$ 484,947,961	\$ 503,613,147	\$ 492,959,880
60,912,528	20,622,399	5,465,425	-	15,947,262
893,092	903,582	1,205,050	1,060,524	1,058,973
-	2,702,932	3,402,900	3,825,795	4,556,868
-	22,042,950	17,964,543	16,044,853	16,247,585
98,003,621	78,081,876	25,924,228	4,805,735	1,326,502
	60,912,528 893,092 - -	60,912,528 20,622,399 893,092 903,582 - 2,702,932 - 22,042,950	60,912,528 20,622,399 5,465,425 893,092 903,582 1,205,050 - 2,702,932 3,402,900 - 22,042,950 17,964,543	60,912,528 20,622,399 5,465,425 - 893,092 903,582 1,205,050 1,060,524 - 2,702,932 3,402,900 3,825,795 - 22,042,950 17,964,543 16,044,853

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	I Year	
	2005	2006	2007	2008
Fundado				
Expenses: Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$ 488,199,561	\$ 517,979,616	\$ 600,453,668	\$ 609.866.678
Admin, Attendance, & Health	\$ 488,199,581 19,724,530		\$ 600,453,668 20,799,559	. , ,
	, ,	20,125,163		21,304,108
Pupil Transportation	25,832,870	27,183,720	29,714,501	31,593,740
Operations and Maintenance	77,268,466	89,576,446	95,849,815	105,258,243
Cafeterias	22,084,424	22,767,136	24,028,248	25,435,324
Technology	-	-	-	-
Total Expenses	\$ 633,109,851	\$ 677,632,081	\$ 770,845,791	\$ 793,458,093
Program Revenues:				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services:				
Instruction	\$ 4,600,297	\$ 4,537,352	\$ 4,007,024	\$ 3,757,993
Operations and Maintenance	-	-	-	-
Cafeterias	12,150,115	12,698,749	13,372,457	13,711,915
Technology	-	-	-	-
Operating Grants and				
Contributions	112,724,410	121,182,452	139,853,815	143,803,458
Capital Grants and Contributions	13,064,667	12,811,040	11,859,375	11,275,914
Total Program Revenues	\$ 142,539,489	\$ 151,229,593	\$ 169,092,671	\$ 172,549,280
	\$ 142,339,409	φ 131,223,333	\$ 103,032,071	÷ 172,545,200
Net Expenses	\$(490,570,362)	\$(526,402,488)	\$(601,753,120)	\$(620,908,813)
General Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Local Government	\$ 283,549,713	\$ 313,396,238	\$ 367,354,176	\$ 383,315,703
Miscellaneous	152,251	261,141	402,152	340,667
Federal and State Aid not Restricted				
to Specific Purposes:				
State Basic Aid	181,785,490	176,296,388	196,584,793	193,474,314
State Sales Tax	64,861,559	70,134,239	72,151,255	72,904,963
Federal Impact Aid	15,162,530	14,838,644	16,834,283	18,404,950
Interest Earnings	1,370,372	3,191,612	4,566,500	4,457,283
Total General Revenues	\$ 546,881,915	\$ 578,118,262	\$ 657,893,159	\$ 672,897,880
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Change in Net Position	\$ 56,311,553	\$ 51,715,774	\$ 56,140,039	\$ 51,989,067

Note: Beginning in fiscal year 2010, the Technology governmental activity is separately reported. Financial information for fiscal years prior to 2010 is not available.

	Fisca	l Year					
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		
\$ 602,074,151	\$ 574,177,165	\$ 567,568,792	\$ 573,843,860	\$ 577,046,558	\$ 587,975,312		
20,480,010	19,076,315	18,401,916	19,526,549	20,504,499	20,499,059		
31,046,691	31,772,212	36,105,660	34,922,875	34,224,798	33,585,459		
106,804,955	90,426,163	93,664,818	93,706,524	89,634,735	88,060,958		
25,803,414	26,140,730	26,113,779	27,294,432	26,525,914	28,720,848		
-	32,344,399	44,830,758	47,835,843	36,593,114	36,119,783		
\$ 786,209,221	\$ 773,936,984	\$ 786,685,723	\$ 797,130,083	\$ 784,529,618	\$ 794,961,419		
\$ 3,134,713	\$ 2,756,285	\$ 3,185,029	\$ 3,212,855	\$ 2,530,353	\$ 2,841,159		
440,686	422,026	367,908	332,257	424,637	456,559		
14,126,748	13,480,969	13,276,414	12,772,266	12,195,744	12,047,776		
-	370,529	438,046	447,530	829,946	620,441		
133,607,276	143,007,213	146,074,200	149,600,791	134,612,328	143,414,642		
11,075,378	9,445,175	9,710,467	1,812,470	-	-		
\$ 162,384,801	\$ 169,482,197	\$ 173,052,064	\$ 168,178,169	\$ 150,593,008	\$ 159,380,577		
\$(623,824,420)	\$(604,454,787)	<u>\$(613,633,659)</u>	\$(628,951,914)	\$(633,936,610)	\$(635,580,842		
\$ 384,210,051	\$ 361,465,466	\$ 371,517,109	\$ 343,802,519	\$ 368,549,605	\$ 392,169,735		
461,504	6,283,791	964,435	841,995	655,857	530,505		
217,584,685	181,102,083	159,342,761	165,011,640	166,739,680	167,421,241		
69,168,038	66,688,947	70,058,126	72,266,667	68,889,270	67,915,112		
11,437,201	17,057,468	13,987,750	11,630,646	19,404,512	10,145,630		
2,339,038	734,959	488,078	208,950	137,633	145,635		
\$ 685,200,517	\$ 633,332,714	\$ 616,358,259	\$ 593,762,417	\$ 624,376,557	\$ 638,327,858		
\$ 61,376,097	\$ 28,877,927	\$ 2,724,600	\$ (35,189,497)	\$ (9,560,053)	\$ 2,747,016		

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Total	Adminis- tration, Attendance											
Year	Expenses	Instruction	%	& Health	%	portation	%	Maintenance	%	Cafeterias	%	Technology	%
2005	\$633,109,851	\$488,199,561	77.1	\$19,724,530	3.1	\$25,832,870	4.1	\$77,268,466	12.2	\$22,084,424	3.5	\$-	-
2006	677,632,081	517,979,616	76.4	20,125,163	3.0	27,183,720	4.0	89,576,446	13.2	22,767,136	3.4	-	-
2007	770,845,791	600,453,668	77.9	20,799,559	2.7	29,714,501	3.9	95,849,815	12.4	24,028,248	3.1	-	-
2008	793,458,093	609,866,678	76.9	21,304,108	2.7	31,593,740	4.0	105,258,243	13.3	25,435,324	3.1	-	-
2009	786,209,221	602,074,151	76.6	20,480,010	2.6	31,046,691	3.9	106,804,955	13.6	25,803,414	3.3	-	-
2010	773,936,984	574,177,165	74.2	19,076,315	2.5	31,772,212	4.1	90,426,163	11.7	26,140,730	3.4	32,344,399	4.1
2011	786,685,723	567,568,792	72.1	18,401,916	2.3	36,105,660	4.6	93,664,818	11.9	26,113,779	3.3	44,830,758	5.8
2012	797,130,083	573,843,860	72.0	19,526,549	2.4	34,922,875	4.4	93,706,524	11.8	27,294,432	3.4	47,835,843	6.0
2013	784,529,618	577,046,558	73.6	20,504,499	2.6	34,224,798	4.4	89,634,735	11.4	26,525,914	3.4	36,593,114	4.6
2014	794,961,419	587,975,312	74.0	20,499,059	2.6	33,585,459	4.2	88,060,958	11.1	28,720,848	3.6	36,119,783	4.5

Note: Beginning in fiscal year 2010, the Technology governmental activity is separately reported. Financial information for fiscal years prior to 2010 is not available.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Prog	Iram	n Revenues				G	eneral Revenu	es			
				Operating and Capital		Federal							
Fiscal	Total	Charges	0 (Grants and	A (I	Local		and	0 (Interest		
Year	Revenues	for Services*	%	Contributions	%		Sources	%	State Aid**	%	Earnings	%	
2005	\$689,421,404	\$16,750,412	2.4	\$125,789,077	18.2		\$283,701,964	41.2	\$261,809,579	38.0	\$1,370,372	0.2	
2006	729,347,855	17,236,101	2.4	133,993,492	18.4		313,657,379	43.0	261,269,271	35.8	3,191,612	0.4	
2007	826,985,830	17,379,481	2.1	151,713,190	18.3		367,756,328	44.5	285,570,331	34.5	4,566,500	0.6	
2008	845,447,160	17,469,908	2.1	155,079,372	18.3		383,656,370	45.4	284,784,227	33.7	4,457,283	0.5	
2009	847,585,318	17,702,147	2.1	144,682,654	17.1		384,671,555	45.4	298,189,924	35.2	2,339,038	0.2	
2010	802,814,911	17,029,809	2.1	152,452,388	19.0		367,749,257	45.8	264,848,498	33.0	734,959	0.1	
2011	789,410,323	17,267,397	2.2	155,784,667	19.7		372,481,544	47.2	243,388,637	30.8	488,078	0.1	
2012	761,940,586	16,764,908	2.2	151,413,261	19.9		344,644,514	45.2	248,908,953	32.7	208,950	0.0	
2013	774,969,565	15,980,680	2.1	134,612,328	17.4		369,205,462	47.6	255,033,462	32.9	137,633	0.0	
2014	797,708,435	15,965,935	2.0	143,414,642	18.0		392,700,240	49.2	245,481,983	30.8	145,635	0.0	

* See Table 2 for Charges for Services categories

** Not restricted to specific programs

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year								
		2005		2006		2007		2008	
<u>General Fund</u> :									
Reserved for:									
Encumbrances	\$	10,279,890	\$	9,707,917	\$	15,229,736	\$	10,062,745	
Prepaid Items	φ	280,593	φ	351,056	φ	338,420	φ	348,816	
Nonspendable		200,393		331,030		550,420		540,010	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Assigned								-	
Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$	10,560,483	\$	10,058,973	\$	15,568,156	\$	10,411,561	
All Other Governmental Funds:									
Reserved for:	•		•						
Encumbrances	\$	14,754,992	\$	42,519,718	\$	-,,	\$	64,421,034	
Inventories		794,625		1,100,624		1,275,145		1,323,099	
Prepaid Items		88,975		141,226		137,640		137,670	
Unreserved, reported in:									
Designated:									
Capital Projects Fund		34,954,057		22,059,878		40,511,332		17,485,107	
Special Revenue Funds		10,736,104		9,497,143		9,716,650		6,915,613	
Undesignated:									
Special Revenue Funds		11,852,225		22,074,961		22,277,792		30,350,756	
Nonspendable:									
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		-	
Restricted:									
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		-	
Capital Projects Funds		-		-		-		-	
Committed:									
Capital Projects Funds		-		-		-		-	
Assigned:									
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned:									
Capital Projects Funds				-				-	
Total Fund Balance - Other									
Governmental Funds	\$	73,180,978	\$	97,393,550	\$	99,580,949	\$	120,633,279	

Note: Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which requires the above fund balance classifications (*in italics*), was adopted by the School Board as of July 1, 2010. Hence, the financial information for fiscal years prior to 2011 is not available.

		Fisca	Il Year		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ 15,420,804 430,209 - - \$ 15,851,013	\$ 17,799,721 232,296 - - \$ 18,032,017	\$ 600,039 31,918,365 \$ 32,518,404	\$ 357,968 11,626,203 \$ 11,984,171	\$ 511,177 5,651,929 \$ 6,163,106	\$ 761,330 6,588,302 \$ 7,349,632
\$ 33,532,579 1,207,205 92,279	\$ 64,124,641 928,866 50,794				
35,699,416	102,796				
8,365,033	10,570,187				
35,185,104	35,535,768				
-	-	\$ 1,014,413	\$ 1,326,178	\$ 1,284,493	\$ 777,040
-	-	25,649,464 20,622,399	22,218,911 5,465,425	20,777,535 -	21,863,426 15,947,262
-	-	23,487,476	9,055,815	6,839,100	3,298,600
-	-	4,549,561	4,600,173	4,837,677	4,527,805
				(3,403,665)	
\$ 114,081,616	<u>\$ 111,313,052</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 42,666,502	<u>\$ 30,335,140</u>	\$ 46,414,133

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	I Year	
	2005	2006	2007	2008
REVENUES				
From Use of Money and Property	\$ 2,176,173	\$ 3,971,256	\$ 5,366,067	\$ 5,235,264
Charges for Services	15,064,342	15,698,680	15,773,901	15,916,990
Miscellaneous	1,378,147	1,575,604	1,649,927	1,708,877
From Local Government	283,549,713	313,396,238	367,354,176	383,315,703
From Commonwealth	328,292,202	336,272,205	375,581,848	377,306,856
From Federal Government	58,960,827	58,433,872	61,259,911	61,963,470
Total Revenues	\$ 689,421,404	\$ 729,347,855	\$ 826,985,830	\$ 845,447,160
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	\$ 501,882,687	\$ 516,678,731	\$ 582,691,565	\$ 583,207,135
Admin, Attendance, & Health	19,004,766	19,630,600	20,558,582	20,992,318
Pupil Transportation	24,142,000	25,929,481	32,095,470	34,308,536
Operations and Maintenance	75,512,186	89,654,919	95,717,780	107,558,378
Cafeterias	21,859,248	22,790,369	24,247,958	25,790,724
Technology	-	-		-
Capital Outlay	38,012,973	30,952,693	63,977,893	57,694,334
Total Expenditures	\$ 680,413,860	\$ 705,636,793	\$ 819,289,248	\$ 829,551,425
	<u> </u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	\$ 9,007,544	\$ 23,711,062	\$ 7,696,582	\$ 15,895,735
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
(USES)	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			* • • • • • • • • •
Transfers In	\$ 9,558,953	\$ 15,633,190	\$ 9,176,562	\$ 9,327,290
Transfers Out	(9,558,953)	(15,633,190)	(9,176,562)	(9,327,290)
Sale of Capital Assets	-			-
Total Other Financing	•	•	•	•
Sources (Uses)	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -
NET CHANGE IN				
FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,007,544	\$ 23,711,062	\$ 7,696,582	\$ 15,895,735

Note: Beginning in fiscal year 2010, the Technology category is separately reported. Beginning in fiscal year 2011, Sale of Capital Assets is separately reported and the Cafeterias category is separately reported retroactively. Financial information relating to the Technology category and Sale of Capital Assets for fiscal years prior to 2010 and 2011, respectively, is not available.

		Fisca	l Year		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ 3,146,373	\$ 1,527,514	\$ 1,045,325	\$ 901,726	\$ 898,066	\$ 990,556
16,192,326	15,542,788	15,173,514	14,540,665	13,760,887	13,586,261
1,544,296	6,983,533	2,080,042	2,317,353	2,150,879	2,411,989
384,210,051	361,465,466	371,517,109	343,802,519	368,549,605	392,169,735
385,248,073	330,863,697	309,842,580	315,182,365	318,519,061	326,629,536
57,244,199	86,431,913	89,256,381	84,973,890	70,800,124	61,914,947
<u>\$847,585,318</u>	\$ 802,814,911	<u>\$ 788,914,951</u>	<u>\$ 761,718,518</u>	\$ 774,678,622	\$ 797,703,024
\$ 585,463,504	\$ 552,368,410	\$ 535,455,491	\$ 548,953,371	\$ 552,817,372	\$ 549,280,427
20,264,766	\$ 552,508,410 18,988,180	18,279,083	³ 348,933,371 19,064,917	20,158,024	\$ 549,280,427 20,265,565
33,354,153	31,579,245	34,411,971	29,582,245	30,850,164	31,613,426
33,354,153 110,441,124	91,466,557	96,905,759	29,582,245 93,526,365	88,576,353	87,673,842
	, ,				• •
26,084,462	25,983,743	25,899,229	26,474,564	26,139,487	28,369,866
- 73,089,520	30,462,146 52,554,190	43,577,282 56,384,860	45,877,615 57,152,553	36,174,823 38,405,769	35,732,637 27,507,153
\$ 848,697,529	\$ 803,402,471	\$ 810,913,675	\$ 820,631,630	\$ 793,121,992	\$ 780,442,916
<u>\$ 646,697,529</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 610,913,075</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 760,442,910</u>
\$ (1,112,211 <u>)</u>	\$ (587,560)	\$ (21,998,724)	\$ (58,913,112)	\$ (18,443,370)	\$ 17,260,108
\$ 9,814,672 (9,814,672)	\$ 19,093,344 (19,093,344)	\$ 2,930,631 (2,930,631)	\$ 8,494,199 (2,994,199)	\$ 3,059,471 (3,059,471)	\$ 3,185,724 (3,185,724)
		495,372	222,068	290,943	5,411
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 495,372</u>	\$ 5,722,068	<u>\$ 290,943</u>	\$ 5,411
\$ (1,112,211)	\$ (587,560)	\$ (21,503,352)	\$ (53,191,044)	\$ (18,152,427)	\$ 17,265,519

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Expen- ditures and Other Financing Uses	Instruction	%	Adminis- tration, Atten- dance, & Health	%	Pupil Trans- portation	%	Operations and Mainte- nance	%	Technology	%	Transfers	%
2005	\$572,709,409	\$448,847,686	78.4	\$18,982,883	3.3	\$24,052,995	4.2	\$74,630,511	13.0	\$ -	0.0	\$6,195,334	1.1
2006	598,351,856	464,982,665	77.7	19,630,600	3.3	25,887,449	4.3	81,289,805	13.6	-	0.0	6,561,337	1.1
2007	675,635,336	531,541,516	78.7	20,558,582	3.0	32,095,470	4.8	86,386,348	12.8	-	0.0	5,053,420	0.7
2008	689,747,477	531,787,235	77.1	20,992,318	3.0	34,298,966	5.0	97,470,465	14.1	-	0.0	5,198,493	0.8
2009	695,764,181	519,980,975	74.7	19,160,164	2.8	33,326,146	4.8	90,159,213	13.0	27,510,126	4.0	5,627,557	0.7
2010	662,431,419	496,533,051	75.0	18,988,180	2.9	31,579,245	4.8	83,235,799	12.6	24,198,885	3.7	7,896,259	1.0
2011	663,255,264	483,132,547	72.8	18,279,083	2.8	33,859,385	5.1	86,228,344	13.0	38,825,274	5.9	2,930,631	0.4
2012	656,882,672	477,573,144	72.7	19,064,917	2.9	29,578,124	4.5	88,326,990	13.4	39,345,298	6.0	2,994,199	0.5
2013	675,262,669	506,336,353	75.0	20,158,024	3.0	30,850,164	4.6	85,225,055	12.6	29,633,602	4.4	3,059,471	0.4
2014	667,719,887	501,762,265	75.1	20,265,565	3.0	31,613,426	4.7	84,881,195	12.7	26,011,712	3.9	3,185,724	0.6

Note: This table represents financial data of the School Operating Fund.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which requires for reporting purposes the School Athletics and School Instructional Technology Funds be included (retroactively beginning in fiscal year 2011) in the above table with the School Operating Fund, was adopted by the School Board as of July 1, 2010.

Beginning in Fiscal Year 2009, the Technology category is separately reported. Financial information relating to the Technology category for fiscal years prior to 2009 is not available.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Revenues	City of Virginia Beach	%	Common- wealth of Virginia	%	State Sales Tax	%	Federal Govern- ment	%	Other Revenues*	%
2005	\$578,358,164	\$253,873,724	43.9	\$239,229,348	41.4	\$64,861,559	11.2	\$16,459,127	2.8	\$3,934,406	0.7
2006	605,676,840	270,711,665	44.7	244,499,748	40.4	70,134,239	11.6	16,003,175	2.6	4,328,013	0.7
2007	677,521,883	305,018,668	45.0	277,484,029	41.0	72,151,255	10.6	18,272,087	2.7	4,595,844	0.7
2008	684,201,855	306,954,787	44.9	279,852,150	40.9	72,904,963	10.7	19,870,660	2.9	4,619,295	0.6
2009	701,884,797	321,862,271	45.9	292,200,624	41.6	69,168,038	9.9	14,100,023	2.0	4,553,841	0.6
2010	671,428,700	318,692,326	47.5	250,368,861	37.3	66,688,947	9.9	32,229,078	4.8	3,449,488	0.5
2011	657,614,497	328,999,336	50.0	231,079,376	35.1	70,058,126	10.7	23,150,301	3.5	4,327,358	0.7
2012*	636,348,439	307,940,295	48.4	233,276,203	36.7	72,266,667	11.4	13,155,684	2.1	9,709,590	1.4
2013	669,441,604	337,975,782	50.5	238,513,521	35.6	68,889,270	10.3	20,486,105	3.1	3,576,926	0.5
2014	668,901,002	341,558,045	51.1	243,244,523	36.4	67,915,112	10.2	12,316,895	1.8	3,866,427	0.5

Note: This table represents financial data of the School Operating Fund.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which requires for reporting purposes the School Athletics and School Instructional Technology Funds be included (retroactively beginning in fiscal year 2011) in the above table with the School Operating Fund, was adopted by the School Board as of July 1, 2010.

* The Other Revenues column for Fiscal Year 2012 includes \$5,500,000 transferred from the Risk Management Internal Service Fund.

	Othe	r Financial Data	
	June 30	June 30	
Fiscal	Reversion	Fund	Debt
Year	to City	Balance	Service
2005	\$10,440,838	\$10,560,483	\$ -
2006	5,392,061	10,058,973	-
2007	15,749,630	15,568,156	-
2008	35,268,898	10,411,561	-
2009	14,868,382	15,851,013	-
2010	17,691,437	18,032,017	-
2011	9,654,107	32,518,404	-
2012	15,954,726	11,984,171	44,337,710
2013	18,831,522	6,163,106	44,747,986
2014	15,554,787	7,349,632	42,537,774

Note: The above Other Financial Data presents the amount of cash that was necessary to revert to the City to yield a fund balance equal to the outstanding encumbrances and prepaid items at June 30 of each fiscal year, except after Fiscal Year 2010 it includes the fund balances of the School Athletics and School Instructional Technology Funds, as required by GASB #54 for reporting purposes. Beginning in FY 2012, Debt Service Payments (funded by the City) are presented.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PER PUPIL FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR EXPENDITURES BY MAJOR REVENUE SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Local R	evenues	State Re	evenues	State Sales T	State Sales Tax Revenue		
Fiscal Year	Per Pupil	Per Pupil State Average	Per Pupil	Per Pupil State Average	Per Pupil	Per Pupil State Average		
2005	\$3,641	\$4,539	\$3,333	\$3,154	\$874	\$853		
2006	3,919	4,890	3,446	3,250	960	925		
2007	4,561	5,145	4,071	3,770	1,012	955		
2008	4,848	5,508	4,049	3,851	1,031	962		
2009	4,790	5,505	4,459	4,175	993	907		
2010	4,891	5,423	3,700	3,509	959	890		
2011	5,166	5,371	3,469	3,375	1,009	928		
2012	5,172	5,549	3,489	3,420	1,035	935		
2013	5,237	5,776	3,600	3,652	991	954		
2014	-	-	-	-	-	-		

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

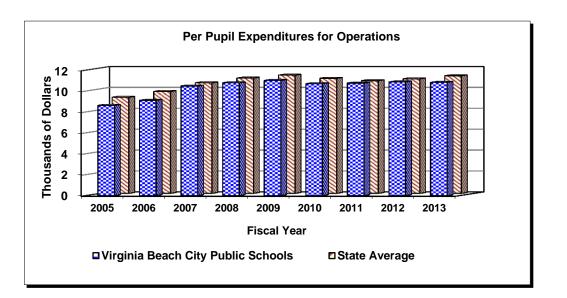
Note: This table represents the per pupil cost of operations of the Virginia Beach City Public Schools broken down by source of support. The per pupil amount for the Total Expenditures for Operations is the total expenditures of the Local Educational Agency (LEA) minus the amount for the Facilities Function (e.g., Capital Improvement Program), Debt Service, Non LEA Programs, and Capital Outlay Additions to yield Total Expenditures for Operations. The Total Expenditures for Operations include regular day school, school food services, summer school, adult education, athletics, textbooks, and other educational functions.

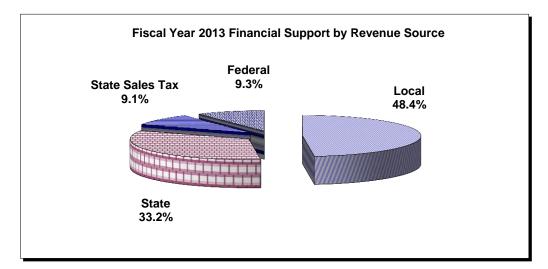
The aforementioned methodology and computations were developed by the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education (DOE). The assumption taken by the DOE is that the LEA would spend all of its State money received, all of the Sales Tax money received, and all of its Federal money received, before spending any of the local appropriations and other local receipts. Therefore, the Total Expenditures for Operations is the sum of the State portion, the Sales Tax portion, and the Federal portion, with the local portion (City appropriations and other local receipts) being the remainder after the others have been deducted.

The State amount includes all the monies sent to the LEA by the DOE minus an amount sent by the DOE for the running of the Hospital, Clinics, and Detention Home project and an amount sent by the DOE for vocational equipment. The State Sales Tax is the 1 cent tax on goods and services allocated to a particular LEA (plus a 1/8 of one percent increase allocation). The Federal portion includes all federal funds sent to the LEA directly from the Federal Government or through the State to the LEA minus an amount for additional capital outlay paid for by Federal funds. The local funds portion is equal to the Total Expenditures for Operations minus the amounts for State funds, State Sales Tax, and Federal funds.

	Federal F	Revenues	Total Exp for Ope			
Fiscal Year	Per Pupil	Per Pupil State Average	Per Pupil	Per Pupil State Average	ADM for Determining Cost Per Pupil	
2005	\$785	\$656	\$8,633	\$9,202	74,230	
2006	788	690	9,113	9,755	73,075	
2007	845	714	10,489	10,584	71,270	
2008	868	716	10,796	11,037	70,690	
2009	778	729	11,020	11,316	69,654	
2010	1,156	1,198	10,706	11,020	69,549	
2011	1,128	1,119	10,772	10,793	69,458	
2012	1,180	1,065	10,876	10,969	69,856	
2013	1,004	875	10,832	11,257	69,512	
2014	-	-	-	-	-	

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)





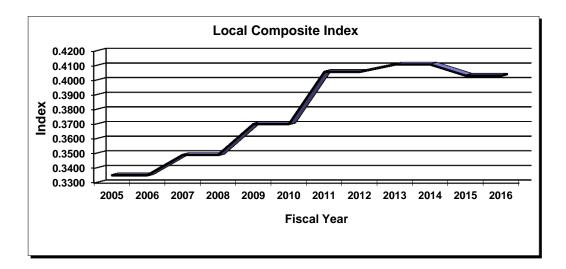
SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMPOSITE INDEX OF LOCAL ABILITY-TO-PAY COSTS OF STANDARDS OF QUALITY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Indicators of Ability Base Year	Local Composite Index	Local Share of SOQ Factor
2005	2001	.3353	.4500
2006	2001	.3353	.4500
2007	2003	.3492	.4500
2008	2003	.3492	.4500
2009	2005	.3704	.4500
2010	2005	.3704	.4500
2011	2007	.4060	.4500
2012	2007	.4060	.4500
2013	2009	.4110	.4500
2014	2009	.4110	.4500
2015	2011	.4034	.4500
2016	2011	.4034	.4500

Note: The components used in the formula for calculating the school divisions' composite index (used to distribute basic aid, standards of quality, and various other state payments) are:

True Value of Real Property Adjusted Gross Income Taxable Retail Sales March 31 ADM (year after base year) Total Population

The Local Share of Standards of Quality (SOQ) Factor is multiplied by the original calculated local composite index of each school division. This factor provides the apportioned cost of the SOQ between the State and school divisions of average ability to pay as established by the Appropriations Act.

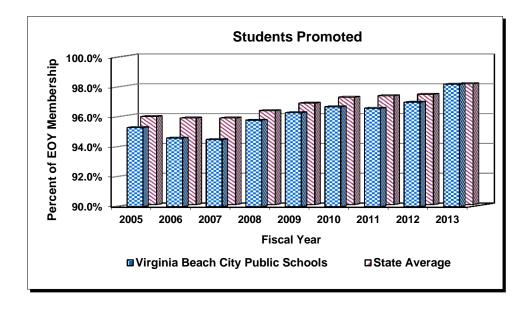


SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENTS PROMOTED Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	End-of-Year Membership	Number Promoted	Percent Promoted	Percent Promoted State Average
2005	73,072	69,605	95.3%	95.9%
2006	71,768	67,901	94.6	95.8
2007	70,920	67,042	94.5	95.8
2008	69,858	66,906	95.8	96.3
2009	69,015	66,438	96.3	96.8
2010	68,988	66,718	96.7	97.2
2011	68,935	66,624	96.6	97.3
2012	68,585	66,558	97.0	97.4
2013	69,105	67,847	98.2	98.1
2014	-	-	-	-

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents the number of pupils promoted as a percentage of end of the year membership. The data is reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions.



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT ATTENDANCE Last Ten Fiscal Years

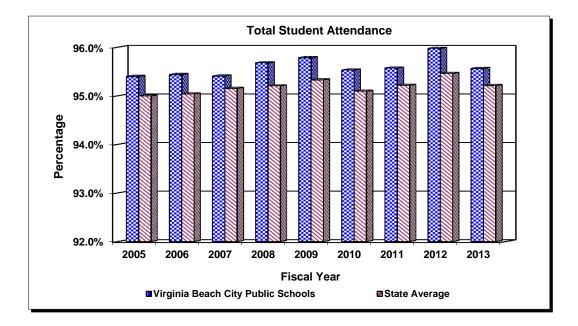
		Avera	ge Daily Memb	ership	Average Daily Attendance			
Fiscal Year	Number of Days Taught	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Elementary	Secondary	Total	
2005	183	45,111	29,116	74,227	43,263	27,517	70,780	
2006	183	43,928	29,140	73,068	42,175	27,561	69,736	
2007	183	42,946	28,760	71,706	41,188	27,226	68,414	
2008	183	42,253	28,430	70,683	40,642	26,988	67,630	
2009	183	41,840	27,805	69,645	40,235	26,476	66,711	
2010	183	41,984	27,602	69,586	40,266	26,211	66,477	
2011	183	42,184	27,337	69,521	40,433	26,011	66,444	
2012	183	42,519	26,796	69,315	40,984	25,544	66,528	
2013	183	42,481	26,509	68,990	40,767	25,164	65,931	
2014	183	42,405	26,513	68,918	40,743	25,063	65,806	

Note: This table represents the average daily membership and the average daily attendance along with the percentage of attendance to membership. Average Daily Membership (ADM) is the average number of students belonging each day in a school system for the period of report. ADM is determined by dividing the sum of the days present and absent of all students when school is in session during a given period by the number of days school is in session during this period.

Source: Commonwealth of Virginia, Superintendent's Annual Report for Virginia (except FY 2014 - school division submission by the Department of Technology)

	Studen	t Attendance	Percent	Student Attendance Percent State Average			
Fiscal Year	Elementary	Secondary	Local Average	Elementary	Secondary	State Average	
2005	95.9%	94.5%	95.4%	95.7%	94.0%	95.0%	
2006	96.0	94.6	95.4	95.7	94.0	95.0	
2007	95.9	94.7	95.4	95.8	94.1	95.2	
2008	96.2	94.9	95.7	95.9	94.1	95.2	
2009	96.2	95.2	95.8	96.0	94.3	95.3	
2010	95.9	95.0	95.5	95.7	94.2	95.1	
2011	95.8	95.1	95.6	95.8	94.3	95.2	
2012	96.4	95.3	96.0	96.1	94.4	95.5	
2013	96.0	94.9	95.6	95.7	94.4	95.2	
2014	96.1	94.5	95.5	-	-	-	

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)



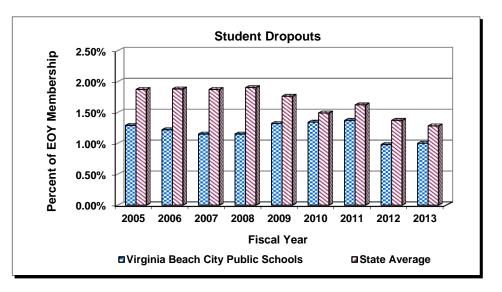
SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT DROPOUTS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	September 30 Membership (Grades 7-12)	Number of Dropouts	Percent	Percent State Average
2005	36,138	465	1.29%	1.87%
2006	35,711	435	1.22	1.88
2007	35,165	406	1.15	1.87
2008	34,471	397	1.15	1.90
2009	33,706	446	1.32	1.76
2010	33,364	447	1.34	1.49
2011	33,036	451	1.37	1.62
2012	32,524	319	0.98	1.37
2013	32,223	322	1.00	1.28
2014	-	-	-	-

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents a percentage of dropouts compared to membership in grades 7-12 and ungraded pupils ages 12 and older as reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions. Dropouts are defined as pupils who withdraw from school for reasons other than promotion, transfer, death, or graduation, and do not enter another school during the school year. Also included are pupils who are in attendance on the last day of the school year who fail to return to school by October 31 of the following school year.

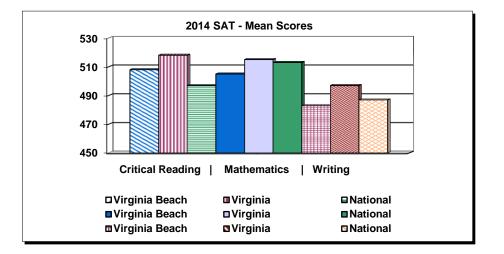
The dropout percentage is calculated as the number of dropouts divided by the membership on September 30th of that school year. A dropout is an individual in grades 7-12 or ungraded (UG) (due to not successfully completing the Literacy Testing Program (LTP)) who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year and was not enrolled on October 1 of the current school year, or was not enrolled following exclusionary conditions: transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program, temporary school-recognized absence due to suspension, illness, or death.

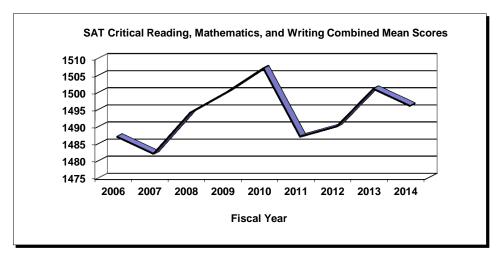


SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (SAT) - MEAN SCORES Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Critical Re	Critical Reading* - Mean Scores			atics - Mea	n Scores	Writing - Mean Scores		
Fiscal Year	Virginia Beach	Virginia	National	Virginia Beach	Virginia	National	Virginia Beach	Virginia	National
2005	506	516	508	504	514	520	-	-	-
2006	497	512	503	505	513	518	485	500	497
2007	496	511	502	504	511	515	482	498	494
2008	500	511	502	510	512	515	484	499	494
2009	503	511	501	511	512	515	486	498	493
2010	503	512	501	516	512	516	488	497	492
2011	501	512	497	504	509	514	482	495	489
2012	499	510	496	509	512	514	482	495	488
2013	505	516	496	509	514	514	487	498	488
2014	508	518	497	505	515	513	483	497	487
	*Prior to 2006,	the Critical Re	ading section				-Beginning in 2006, the Writing section		
	was called the	Verbal section	า				was implemen	ted	

Source: The College Board and the Department of Research, Evaluation, and Assessment (SAT I: Reasoning Test)



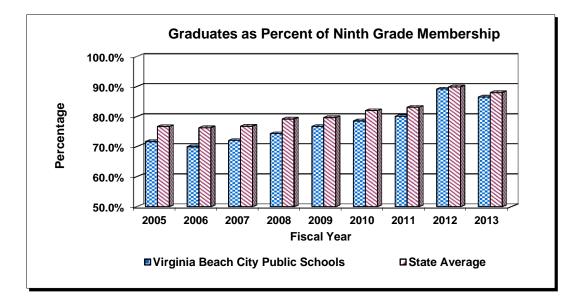


SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GRADUATES AS PERCENT OF NINTH GRADE MEMBERSHIP FOUR YEARS EARLIER Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Membership Ninth Grade Four Years Earlier	Standard Diploma	Advanced Studies Diploma	Modified Standard Diploma	Special Diploma	Certificate of Program Completion/ GAD/GED/ ISAEP	Total	Percentage	Percentage State Average
2005	6,667	2,005	2,375	36	224	138	4,778	71.7%	76.7%
2006	7.006	2.024	2,467	24	218	168	4,901	70.0	76.3
2000	7,141	2,043	2,617	41	201	245	5,147	72.1	76.8
	,	,					,		
2008	7,187	2,041	2,746	39	203	312	5,341	74.3	79.2
2009	6,824	2,151	2,638	51	177	219	5,236	76.7	79.7
2010	6,763	1,965	2,887	25	211	226	5,314	78.6	82.0
2011	6,589	1,891	2,939	42	181	223	5,276	80.1	83.1
2012	5,939	1,878	2,949	39	152	279	5,297	89.2	89.9
2013	5,815	1,815	2,863	25	141	187	5,031	86.5	88.0
2014	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents the number of graduates (includes the following summer) as a percentage of ninth grade membership four years earlier and the type of diploma awarded. No adjustments have been made to reflect the mobility of the population. This data is reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions.

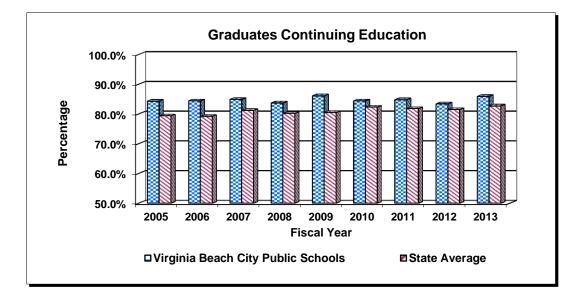


SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GRADUATES CONTINUING EDUCATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Attending Two-year		Attending Four-year		Other Continuing		Total Continuing	
Fiscal Year	Attending Two-year Colleges Percent	Colleges Percent <i>State</i> Average	Attending Four-year Colleges Percent	Colleges Percent State Average	Other Continuing Education Percent	Education Percent State Average	Total Continuing Education Percent	Education Percent <i>State</i> Average	
2005	28.0%	24.3%	47.1%	49.3%	9.2%	5.8%	84.3%	79.4%	
2006	26.7	25.4	49.9	48.7	7.8	5.1	84.4	79.2	
2007	29.1	27.5	49.4	49.3	6.4	4.4	84.9	81.2	
2008	27.8	28.7	47.6	46.9	8.3	4.6	83.7	80.2	
2009	31.6	30.3	46.0	45.7	8.5	4.5	86.1	80.5	
2010	28.1	31.2	48.7	46.3	7.6	4.8	84.4	82.3	
2011	26.8	30.6	53.7	47.2	4.3	4.0	84.8	81.8	
2012	29.2	30.9	50.5	46.7	3.7	3.9	83.4	81.5	
2013	27.8	31.4	54.5	47.2	3.6	4.1	85.9	82.7	
2014	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents the percentage of graduates (includes the following summer) that pursued continuing education and the type of education pursued. Data is reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions.



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA
RATIO OF STUDENTS TO TEACHING/INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL
Last Ten Fiscal Years

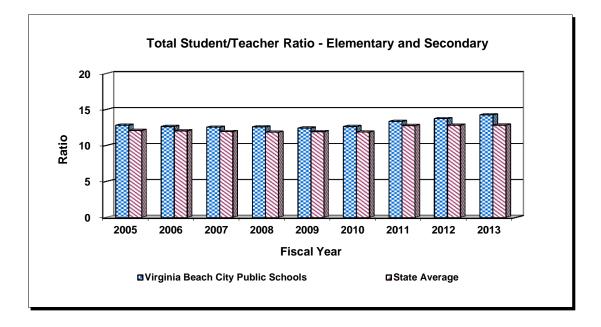
				Elementary	1	Coosedanu			
_		Elementary		Student/	Secondary				
		End-of-		Teacher		End-of-	Secondary		
		Year	Student/	Ratio	Secondary	Year	Student/		
Fiscal	Teaching	Membership	Teacher	State	Teaching	Membership	Teacher		
Year	Positions	K-7	Ratio	Average	Positions	8-12	Ratio		
2025	0.400	44.004	44.0	40.7	0.507	00.004	44.0		
2005	3,193	44,681	14.0	12.7	2,507	28,391	11.3		
2006	3,188	43,365	13.6	12.6	2,486	28,396	11.4		
2007	3,177	42,755	13.5	12.5	2,475	28,160	11.4		
2008	3,107	42,008	13.5	12.5	2,443	27,844	11.4		
2009	3,119	41,675	13.4	12.4	2,437	27,329	11.2		
2010	3,138	42,008	13.4	12.2	2,388	27,844	11.7		
2011	2,986	41,937	14.0	13.2	2,184	27,091	12.4		
2012	2,923	42,251	14.5	13.2	2,069	26,357	12.7		
2013	2,814	42,217	15.0	13.3	1,976	26,082	13.2		
2014	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents student teacher ratios based on End-of-Year Average Daily Membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, guidance counselors, and librarians.

	Secondary		Total
	Student/		Student/
	Teacher	Total	Teacher
	Ratio	Student/	Ratio
Fiscal	State	Teacher	State
Year	Average	Ratio	Average
2005	11.2	40.00	42.00
2005		12.82	12.09
2006	11.2	12.65	12.04
2007	11.1	12.55	11.94
2008	11.0	12.59	11.86
2009	11.2	12.42	11.92
2010	11.3	12.64	11.88
2011	12.1	13.35	12.78
2012	12.2	13.74	12.82
2013	12.2	14.26	12.84
2014	-	-	-

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PERSONNEL POSITIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Year	
	2005	2006	2007	2008
Full-Time Staff				
Office/Admin/Managers	38	37	40	39
Principals	84	84	85	89
Assistant Principals	159	156	151	160
Elementary Classroom Teachers	2,094	2,104	2,114	2,106
Secondary Classroom Teachers	2,775	2,760	2,702	2,643
Other Classroom Teachers	289	279	273	290
Guidance	193	190	187	182
Psychological	65	65	68	68
Librarians/AV	106	108	106	111
Supervisory	130	133	134	69
Other Professionals	321	330	337	363
Teacher Aides	1,052	1,054	1,093	1,117
Technicians	105	107	107	106
Clerical/Secretarial	591	601	606	600
Service Workers	1,105	1,107	1,116	1,109
Skilled Crafts	233	230	236	234
Total Full-Time Staff	9,340	9,345	9,355	9,286
Port Time Staff				
Part-Time Staff Professional/Instructional	244	236	255	264
Other	1.096	1.087	255 1.155	204 1.178
Total Part-Time Staff	1,340	1,323	1,155	1,178

Source: Department of Human Resources (EEO-5 Report)

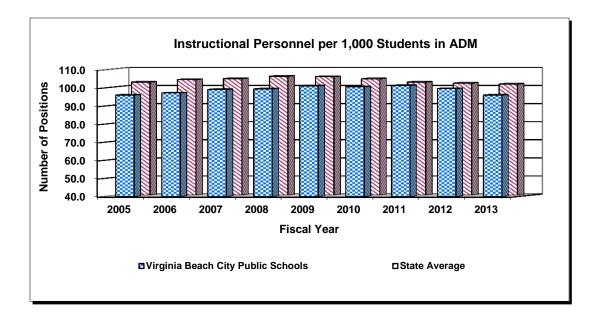
2000	2010	2011	al Year 2012	2013	2014
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
40	38	40	40	43	43
90	86	86	86	87	87
161	155	151	150	147	153
2,110	2,117	2,087	2,101	2,068	2,108
2,614	2,513	2,466	2,395	2,353	2,359
291	326	339	334	316	318
182	175	179	174	175	174
66	70	79	83	75	75
108	104	105	105	106	106
66	68	77	82	83	90
383	378	377	375	371	378
,130	1,138	1,154	1,126	1,121	1,113
107	110	112	108	111	111
599	579	586	584	578	596
,137	1,099	1,100	1,092	1,072	1,058
230	236	231	238	234	234
,314	9,192	9,169	9,073	8,940	9,003
277	239	201	193	170	153
,179	1,143	1,103	1,082	1,073	1,095

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL POSITIONS PER 1,000 STUDENTS IN ADM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Number of Instructional Personnel Positions (End of Year)	Student Average Daily Membership (End of Year)	Instructional Personnel Per 1,000 Students	Instructional Personnel Per 1,000 Students <i>State Average</i>
2005	7,136	74,161	96.2	102.5
2006	7,104	72,948	97.4	103.9
2007	7,145	71,934	99.3	104.4
2008	7,082	70,930	99.6	105.7
2009	7,082	69,886	101.3	105.5
2010	7,034	69,763	100.8	104.3
2011	7,078	69,727	101.5	102.5
2012	6,909	69,203	99.8	101.9
2013	6,622	68,857	96.2	101.4
2014	-	-	-	-

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: The number of Instructional Personnel includes all teachers, teacher assistants, guidance counselors, librarians, principals, assistant principals, and divisionwide instructors based on positions reported by the school division. Divisionwide positions include Summer School, Adult Education, Pre-Kindergarten, and other non-regular day and non-LEA instructional positions. The Student Average Daily Membership is the end-of-year unadjusted average daily membership as reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions (includes Pre-K through Post-graduate).



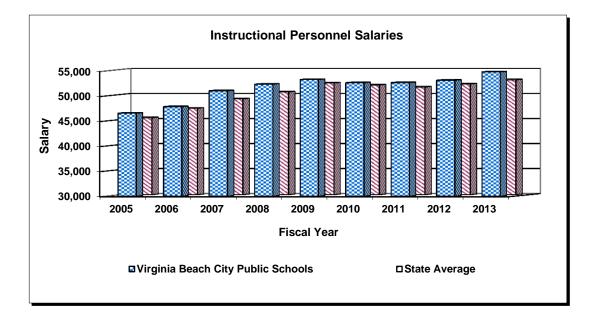
SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL SALARIES Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Minimum Salary	Maximum Salary	Average Salary	State Average
2005	\$34,227	\$60,271	\$46,591	\$45,367
2006	35,767	62,982	47,900	47,258
2007	37,280	62,982	51,075	49,152
2008	38,026	64,242	52,377	50,525
2009	38,596	65,585	53,315	52,319
2010	38,596	65,585	52,680	51,918
2011	38,596	65,585	52,701	51,494
2012	38,597	65,914	53,172	52,115
2013	39,369	66,904	54,839	52,942
2014	40,624	69,835	59,326	-

- Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: Instructional Personnel includes teachers, guidance counselors, librarians, and technology instructors.

Source: Department of Human Resources and Commonwealth of Virginia, Superintendent's Annual Report for Virginia



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA TEACHERS INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Number of Teachers			Average Teacher Age			Bachelors				
Fiscal Year	Elem	Middle	High	Other	Elem	Middle	High	Other	Elem	Middle	High	Other
2005	2,543	1,403	1,713	134	43.5	43.7	43.9	46.8	1,364	734	914	67
2006	2,537	1,372	1,718	133	43.6	44.1	44.1	48.3	1,353	705	911	72
2007	2,534	1,327	1,711	139	43.9	44.7	44.2	48.2	1,334	654	899	74
2008	2,533	1,299	1,671	146	44.0	44.9	44.6	48.7	1,312	644	867	71
2009	2,545	1,277	1,667	151	44.1	45.4	44.9	49.2	1,303	626	869	71
2010	2,539	1,217	1,560	240	44.4	46.0	46.0	47.5	1,242	578	786	114
2011	2,509	1,200	1,566	249	44.5	45.6	45.5	46.7	1,189	563	774	117
2012	2,470	1,175	1,522	267	44.4	45.6	45.5	46.8	1,152	540	746	123
2013	2,448	1,171	1,450	278	44.2	45.3	45.7	46.5	1,114	534	705	127
2014	2,398	1,138	1,414	299	44.2	45.0	45.6	46.3	1,061	524	692	133

Source: Department of Human Resources

		Mas	ters		Certificate Advance Studies				Doctorate			
Fiscal Year	Elem	Middle	High	Other	Elem	Middle	High	Other	Elem	Middle	High	Othe
2005	1,074	593	707	56	100	68	74	10	5	8	18	1
2006	1,079	592	704	52	100	64	85	8	5	11	18	1
2007	1,095	598	715	55	101	64	77	8	4	11	20	2
2008	1,122	578	699	65	95	68	83	9	4	9	22	1
2009	1,131	579	697	69	106	65	81	10	5	7	20	1
2010	1,181	565	670	102	109	68	82	23	7	6	22	1
2011	1,206	567	693	111	108	64	76	20	6	6	23	1
2012	1,201	570	686	124	109	60	65	17	8	5	25	3
2013	1,211	568	660	135	112	64	62	15	11	5	23	1
2014	1,211	565	648	149	116	54	59	15	10	2	19	2

		Fiscal \	/ear	
	2005	2006	2007	2008
Student Enrollment (October) in Meal Programs:				
Reduced	7,121	6,185	7,473	5,960
Free	14,844	13,596	15,087	13,909
Lunch Meals:				
Full	3,896,141	4,264,832	4,287,661	3,808,695
Reduced	847,029	772,341	791,084	743,790
Free	1,952,837	1,807,692	1,833,033	1,878,081
Breakfast Meals:				
Full	411,658	484,429	547,189	644,638
Reduced	204,590	208,668	243,182	260,166
Free	900,772	855,595	872,513	981,774
Lunch Price:				
Full:				
Elementary	\$1.60	\$1.60	\$1.75	\$1.75
Middle	\$1.70	\$1.70	\$1.80	\$1.80
High	\$1.70	\$1.70	\$1.80	\$1.80
Adult	\$2.50	\$2.75	\$2.75	\$2.75
Reduced	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40

Source: The Department of Administrative Support Services/Food Services

		Fiscal Y			
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
6,380	6,067	4,793	5,526	5,269	5,193
14,276	16,067	16,185	17,918	17,531	20,307
3,462,417	3,272,401	3,114,574	2,964,309	2,570,509	2,308,524
792,105	754,574	664,741	727,425	655,024	648,134
1,960,458	2,180,856	2,407,642	2,492,788	2,516,178	2,831,723
680,158	670,224	603,169	585,022	505,281	482,588
303,012	283,304	257,782	274,128	251,116	250,159
1,070,866	1,200,453	1,326,183	1,418,257	1,397,768	1,584,832
\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.15	\$2.20	\$2.30	\$2.40
\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.15	\$2.20	\$2.30	\$2.40
\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.15	\$2.20	\$2.30	\$2.40
\$3.00	\$3.00	\$3.00	\$3.75	\$3.75	\$3.75
\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40	\$0.40

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS INFORMATION BY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Yea	ar	
	2005	2006	2007	2008
Instruction:				
Elementary Schools	54	55	55	56
Middle Schools	13	13	13	13
High Schools	11	11	11	11
Auxiliary Schools/Centers	11	11	11	11
Public Charter School	-	-	-	-
Portables	363	361	357	343
Operations and Maintenance:				
Vehicles	278	279	276	294
Pupil Transportation:				
Buses	760	758	754	791
Other Vehicles	45	47	44	44

Source: School Board Capital Assets Inventory Records

		Fiscal Yea	r		
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
56	55	55	55	55	55
13	13	13	13	13	13
11	11	11	11	11	11
11	7	7	7	7	7
-	-	-	-	-	1
324	266	255	239	239	221
282	282	285	279	274	276
789	766	785	767	761	786
45	44	39	43	42	53

					Fiscal \	/ear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Elementary Schools										
Alanton Elementary (Opened	d Sept 1966; A	Addition Sept	1995; Sept 2	2006)						
Square Feet	73,761	73,761	74,049	74,049	74,049	74,049	74,049	74,049	74,049	74,049
Program Capacity	680	668	680	629	613	602	650	662	699	681
Enrollment	649	644	574	584	562	606	629	592	599	642
Arrowhead Elementary (Ope	ned Sept 196	4; Replaced	Sept 2003)							
Square Feet	79,480	79,480	79,480	79,480	79,480	79,480	79,480	79,480	79,480	79,480
Program Capacity	571	594	646	591	584	537	540	524	525	547
Enrollment	600	572	553	549	576	439	454	466	473	497
Bayside Elementary (Openeo	d Sept 1941; F	Replaced Dec	c 2000)							
Square Feet	77,428	77,428	77,428	77,428	77,428	77,428	77,428	77,428	77,428	77,428
Program Capacity	540	551	566	490	521	526	527	536	587	547
Enrollment	530	490	456	437	414	451	453	488	468	501
Birdneck Elementary (Opene	ed Sept 1986)									
Square Feet	137,250	137,250	137,250	137,250	137,250	137,250	137,250	137,250	137,250	137,250
Program Capacity	1,037	1,057	1,100	1,075	902	962	753	815	757	818
Enrollment	938	920	1,041	991	980	784	722	631	668	665
Brookwood Elementary (Ope	ened Sept 196	67; Replaced	Sept 2007)							
Square Feet	51,875	51,875	51,875	80,065	80,065	80,065	80,065	80,065	80,065	80,065
Program Capacity	503	542	554	600	607	638	689	647	661	626
Enrollment	529	499	452	522	538	692	710	784	715	701
Centerville Elementary (Ope	ned Sept 1984	4)								
Square Feet	67,082	67,082	67,082	67,082	67,082	67,082	67,082	67,082	67,082	67,082
Program Capacity	641	611	695	693	641	731	695	687	660	639
Enrollment	608	614	644	659	672	668	668	650	714	720
Christopher Farms Elementa	ary (Opened S	Sept 1997)								
Square Feet	78,740	78,740	78,740	78,740	78,740	78,740	78,740	78,740	78,740	78,740
Program Capacity	780	778	781	760	693	738	752	716	737	724
Enrollment	748	758	732	754	732	737	714	706	663	678
College Park Elementary (Op	pened Sept 19	973; Gym Ado	ded Sept 198	2; Replaced	Sept 2011)					
Square Feet	58,743	58,743	58,743	58,743	58,743	58,743	58,743	94,861	94,861	94,861
Program Capacity	542	542	542	485	420	468	450	476	431	438
Enrollment	503	464	447	422	407	407	402	388	392	428
W. T. Cooke Elementary (Op	ened Sept 19	13; Replaced	l Sept 1962;	Gym Added S	Sept 1991; Re	placed Sept	1999)			
Square Feet	92,256	92,256	92,256	92,256	92,256	92,256	92,256	92,256	92,256	92,256
Program Capacity	527	505	561	545	555	574	587	575	581	536
Enrollment	517	536	505	490	502	601	660	687	545	586
Corporate Landing Elementa	ary (Opened S	Sept 1993)								
Square Feet	96,620	96,620	96,620	96,620	96,620	96,620	96,620	96,620	96,620	96,620
Program Capacity	698	655	631	606	610	624	642	698	655	642
Enrollment	582	557	545	510	495	541	543	570	545	523
Creeds Elementary (Opened	Sept 1939; G	ym Added Se	ept 1949; Mo	dernized Sep	ot 1969; Mode	ernized Sept	2001)			
Square Feet	69,285	69,285	69,285	69,285	69,285	69,285	69,285	69,285	69,285	69,285
Program Capacity	419	421	425	426	426	448	425	373	360	360
r rogram oapacity	413	741	720	420	420	440	423	5/5	300	300

					Fiscal `	′ ear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
John B. Dey Elementary (O	pened Sept 19	56: Addition	Sept 1959: G	ivm Added S	ept 1978: Ad	dition Sept 1	995)			
Square Feet	76,641	76,641	76,641	76,641	76,641	76,641	76,641	76,641	76,641	76,641
Program Capacity	796	793	778	735	756	799	821	838	860	860
Enrollment	784	759	742	728	781	769	817	849	842	868
Diamond Springs Elementa										
Square Feet	-	-	-	97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000
Program Capacity	-	-	-	535	504	489	482	512	550	519
Enrollment	-	-	-	509	504	516	475	559	562	558
Fairfield Elementary (Open	ed Sept 1976)									
Square Feet	58,280	58,280	58,280	58,280	58,280	58,280	58,280	58,280	58,280	58,280
Program Capacity	491	540	555	526	504	482	526	547	503	526
Enrollment	522	498	511	499	479	479	499	491	474	506
Glenwood Elementary (Ope	ened Sept 1990)								
Square Feet	139,600	139,600	139,600	139,600	139,600	139,600	139,600	139,600	139,600	139,600
Program Capacity	1,120	1,101	1,057	972	1,002	995	1,024	1,036	993	1,001
Enrollment	923	1,003	955	914	894	916	900	867	880	877
Green Run Elementary (Op	ened Sept 197	6; Addition S	ept 2005)							
Square Feet	58,040	58,275	58,275	58,275	58,275	58,275	58,275	58,275	58,275	58,275
Program Capacity	520	511	494	479	424	513	451	459	412	420
Enrollment	484	463	458	473	487	478	494	508	448	491
Hermitage Elementary (Ope	ened Nov 1964	Addition Se	ept 1974; Gyn	n Added Sep	t 1995; Repla	ced Mar 200	5)			
Square Feet	94,018	94,018	94,018	94,018	94,018	94,018	94,018	94,018	94,018	94,018
Program Capacity	630	672	575	565	583	637	637	663	633	640
Enrollment	475	552	537	507	559	582	622	620	641	656
Holland Elementary (Opene	ed Sept 1967; A	ddition Sept	t 1995)							
Square Feet	73,956	73,956	73,956	73,956	73,956	73,956	73,956	73,956	73,956	73,956
Program Capacity	665	688	687	564	510	605	480	503	526	503
Enrollment	658	583	561	558	553	516	527	537	536	532
Indian Lakes Elementary (C	Opened Sept 19	79)								
Square Feet	66,816	66,816	66,816	66,816	66,816	66,816	66,816	66,816	66,816	66,816
Program Capacity	545	617	556	574	552	569	529	598	569	526
Enrollment	590	573	550	520	523	489	528	567	537	527
Kempsville Elementary (Op	ened Sept 196	1; Addition S	Sept 1963; Gy	/m Added Se	pt 1990; Moc	lernized Sep	t 2003)			
Square Feet	78,146	78,146	78,146	78,146	78,146	78,146	78,146	78,146	78,146	78,146
Program Capacity	520	519	521	521	502	520	542	558	563	586
Enrollment	447	469	467	478	445	463	457	475	490	455
Kempsville Meadows Elem	entary (Opened	d Sept 1959;	Gym Added	Sept 1990; R	eplaced Sep	t 2002)				
Square Feet	77,239	77,239	77,239	77,239	77,239	77,239	77,239	77,239	77,239	77,239
Program Capacity	519	518	540	540	540	514	514	585	518	512
Enrollment	521	533	527	530	532	468	502	515	504	470
Kings Grant Elementary (O	pened Sept 19	60; Replaced	I Sept 1969; /	Addition Sep	t 1995)					
Square Feet	71,808	72,043	72,043	72,043	72,043	72,043	72,043	72,043	72,043	72,043
Program Capacity	683	648	688	648	653	648	616	679	666	648
Enrollment	687	669	624	632	606	611	609	638	596	598

					Fiscal Y	'ear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Kingston Elementary (Ope	nod Sont 1965.	Gum Addod	Sant 1080: A	ddition Sont	1007)					
Square Feet	65,223	65,223	65,223	65,223	65,223	65,223	65,223	65,223	65,223	65,223
Program Capacity	627	626	608	626	550	568	581	566	591	641
Enrollment	602	598	565	573	523	556	501	555	572	574
Landstown Elementary (Op			505	5/5	525	550	521	555	572	574
Square Feet	81,634	81,634	81,634	81,634	81,634	81,634	81,634	81,634	81,634	81,634
Program Capacity	860	863	876	883	839	817	838	838	854	868
Enrollment	860	799	783	798	759	739	724	731	804	788
Linkhorn Park Elementary										100
Square Feet	76,285	76,285	76,285	76,285	76,285	76,285	76,285	76,285	76,285	76,285
Program Capacity	657	716	696	715	707	702	747	762	719	728
Enrollment	690	691	685	725	716	731	798	789	772	753
Luxford Elementary (Open										100
Square Feet	82,242	82,242	82,242	82,242	82,242	82,242	82,242	82,242	,, 82,242	82,242
Program Capacity	554	540	562	580	554	583	536	495	495	506
Enrollment	533	552	522	507	512	505	522	435	497	524
Lynnhaven Elementary (Or								410	431	024
Square Feet	80,670	80,670	80,670	80,670	80,670	80,670	80,670	80.670	80,670	80,670
Program Capacity	451	516	562	546	478	488	472	472	494	494
Enrollment	431	440	414	340 397	478	400	472	472	494	434
Malibu Elementary (Opene							437	+++	440	4/1
	•	•		•			72 102	72 1 9 2	72 1 9 2	73,182
Square Feet	73,182 424	73,182 431	73,182 438	73,182 398	73,182 416	73,182 380	73,182 423	73,182 402	73,182 437	437
Program Capacity Enrollment	300	292	438 304	398 327	316	341	423 319	402 313	353	437 366
			304	321	510	341	319	313	333	300
New Castle Elementary (O			97.060	97.060	97.060	97 060	97.060	97 060	97 060	97.060
Square Feet	87,060 839	87,060 784	87,060 788	87,060 780	87,060 803	87,060 797	87,060 847	87,060 846	87,060 831	87,060 853
Program Capacity	839 799	764	766	780	803 776			846	802	
Enrollment						815	793	783	002	771
Newtown Road Elementary			-	-		00 744	00 744	00 744	00 744	00 744
Square Feet	76,141	76,141	76,141	88,711	88,711	88,711	88,711	88,711	88,711	88,711
Program Capacity	556	543	520	398	505	482	466	436	436	482
Enrollment	856	609	573	410	460	490	470	467	460	517
North Landing Elementary	•••		•							
Square Feet	60,280	60,280	60,280	60,280	60,280	60,280	60,280	60,280	60,280	60,280
Program Capacity	603	609	600	615	591	582	545	505	483	455
Enrollment	684	597	564	548	553	531	527	515	507	482
Ocean Lakes Elementary (• •	,								
Square Feet	69,917	69,917	69,917	69,917	69,917	69,917	69,917	69,917	69,917	69,917
Program Capacity	666	710	680	687	722	699	647	607	658	649
Enrollment	563	589	600	583	623	553	516	570	574	568
Old Donation Center (Oper		•	•							
Square Feet	59,827	59,827	59,827	59,827	59,827	59,827	59,827	59,827	59,827	59,827
Program Capacity	438	394	394	394	273	372	393	393	393	393
Enrollment	499	501	501	511	510	507	501	504	506	495

					Fiscal Y	ear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Parkway Flomontary (Onon	d Sant 1097)									
Parkway Elementary (Opene	• •	67 940	67 940	67 940	67 940	67 940	67 940	67 940	67 940	67 940
Square Feet	67,840	67,840 579	67,840	67,840	67,840	67,840	67,840 472	67,840 496	67,840 476	67,840 514
Program Capacity	568	578	615 502	556 476	420	494	473		476	
Enrollment	582	529 Addition So	503		452 88: Madamir	482	514	511	507	561
Pembroke Elementary (Ope				-		-	-	400 770	400 770	400 770
Square Feet	108,773	108,773	108,773	108,773	108,773	108,773	108,773	108,773	108,773	108,773
Program Capacity	569	591	572	581	606	600	680	663	626	617
Enrollment	488	503	488	475	493	500	528	533	514	486
Pembroke Meadows Elemen		•								
Square Feet	55,249	55,249	75,926	75,926	75,926	75,926	75,926	75,926	75,926	75,926
Program Capacity	566	562	592	592	590	540	513	504	473	430
Enrollment	515	526	545	501	465	459	429	445	433	447
Plaza Elementary (Opened S	Sept 1961; Gyr	n Added Sep	t 1990; Addit	ion Dec 1999	9; Closed Ju	n 2009; used	for administ	trative offices	5)	
Square Feet	68,390	68,390	68,390	68,390	68,390	-	-	-	-	-
Program Capacity	476	476	505	500	414	-	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	380	389	399	358	333	-	-	-	-	-
Point O'View Elementary (O	pened Sept 19	69; Addition	Sept 1999)							
Square Feet	75,219	75,219	75,219	75,219	75,219	75,219	75,219	75,219	75,219	75,219
Program Capacity	688	648	653	572	599	599	581	628	628	772
Enrollment	558	488	468	440	404	521	530	522	584	631
Princess Anne Elementary (Opened Sept	1956; Additic	on Sept 1969;	Gym Added	Sept 1990; /	Addition Sep	t 1996)			
Square Feet	77,953	77,953	77,953	77,953	77,953	77,953	77,953	77,953	77,953	77,953
Program Capacity	899	664	627	585	650	634	635	659	585	586
Enrollment	945	572	533	539	559	532	529	511	498	502
Providence Elementary (Op	ened Sept 198	1)								
Square Feet	61,831	, 61,831	61,831	61,831	61,831	61,831	61,831	61,831	61,831	61,831
Program Capacity	621	598	642	555	620	511	554	590	572	617
Enrollment	586	569	579	583	534	526	534	516	559	585
Red Mill Elementary (Opene				505	004	520	004	010	000	000
	•	•		60 799	60 799	60 799	60 700	60 700	60 799	60 799
Square Feet	69,500	69,500 700	69,788 709	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788 709	69,788	69,788	69,788
Program Capacity	782	788	728	752	664	687	708	687	663	694
Enrollment	880	677	685	661	658	692	682	658	653	676
Rosemont Elementary (Ope	•									
Square Feet	63,667	63,667	63,667	63,667	63,667	63,667	63,667	63,667	63,667	63,667
Program Capacity	481	464	439	439	427	444	421	404	423	423
Enrollment	389	353	336	338	360	338	327	376	380	403
Rosemont Forest Elementar	ry (Opened Jai	n 1987)								
Square Feet	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788	69,788
Program Capacity	593	567	571	592	590	590	590	592	606	583
Enrollment	534	516	515	542	500	521	510	513	540	513
Salem Elementary (Opened	Sept 1988)									
Square Feet	66,890	66,890	66,890	66,890	66,890	66,890	66,890	66,890	66,890	66,890
Program Capacity	497	515	497	515	469	469	482	520	559	559
Frogram Capacity				•.•			402		000	

					Fiscal \	(ear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Seatack Elementary (Open	ed Mar 1952· Δ	ddition Sent	1955: Additio	on Sent 1959	· Gym Added	I Sent 1968	Replaced Ma	r 2000)		
Square Feet	74,375	74,375	74,375	74,375	74,375	74,375	74,375	74,375	74,375	74,375
Program Capacity	449	439	446	455	432	467	395	462	447	410
Enrollment	399	389	341	330	318	433	404	418	388	381
Shelton Park Elementary (410	000	
Square Feet	81,576	81,576	81,576	81,576	81,576	81,576	81,576	81,576	81,576	81,576
Program Capacity	533	490	491	419	428	408	418	437	437	410
Enrollment	421	426	365	320	325	330	383	394	369	399
Strawbridge Elementary (C		91)								
Square Feet	84,948	84,948	84,948	84,948	84,948	84,948	84,948	84,948	84,948	84,948
Program Capacity	724	777	788	723	722	744	746	746	782	716
Enrollment	814	808	791	757	760	751	756	745	691	697
Tallwood Elementary (Ope										
Square Feet	69,700	69,988	69,988	69,988	69,988	69,988	69,988	69,988	69,988	69,988
Program Capacity	665	674	709	621	628	650	606	625	620	620
Enrollment	637	594	616	610	570	602	598	601	593	546
Thalia Elementary (Openeo										
Square Feet	91,550	91,550	91,550	91,550	91,550	91,550	91,550	91,550	91,550	91,550
Program Capacity	728	727	705	680	645	669	692	728	771	779
Enrollment	694	677	641	636	647	615	667	634	637	595
Thoroughgood Elementary										
Square Feet	66,259	66,259	66,259	66,259	66,259	66,259	66,259	66,259	66,259	66,259
Program Capacity	649	662	635	688	615	711	598	604	646	613
Enrollment	661	642	608	634	641	637	630	662	698	710
Three Oaks Elementary (O										
Square Feet	-	92,210	92,210	92,210	92,210	92,210	92,210	92,210	92,210	92,210
Program Capacity	-	744	780	752	759	686	765	811	811	842
Enrollment	-	608	592	643	653	703	765	784	798	768
Trantwood Elementary (Or	pened Sept 1963	3: Addition S	ept 1969: Gv			ernized Sept	2003)			
Square Feet	81,040	81,040	81,040	81,040	81,040	81,040	81,040	81,040	81,040	81,040
Program Capacity	705	682	637	651	606	599	555	542	555	556
Enrollment	565	560	562	532	522	508	506	502	493	504
White Oaks Elementary (O										
Square Feet		, 77,333	77,333	77,333	77,333	77,333	77,333	77,333	77,333	77,333
Program Capacity	597	653	715	687	638	751	680	741	705	648
Enrollment	582	626	701	711	722	725	740	730	670	683
Bettie F. Williams Element										
Square Feet	77,656	77,656	77,656	77,656	77,656	77,656	77,656	77,656	77,656	77,656
Program Capacity	627	598	595	500	473	455	513	518	518	518
Enrollment	674	731	704	403	401	410	437	436	404	431
Windsor Oaks Elementary										
Square Feet	55,367	55,367	55,367	55,367	55,367	88,340	88,340	88,340	88,340	88,340
Program Capacity	577	538	552	552	552	623	621	635	690	601
Enrollment	520	528	513	526	494	622	633	641	617	600

					Fiscal '	rear				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
	(a.).a					_,				
Windsor Woods Elementary			-		-	-				
Square Feet	53,709	53,709	53,709	84,265	84,265	84,265	84,265	84,265	84,265	84,26
Program Capacity	436	440	477	415	392	411	429	459	437	463
Enrollment	408	418	389	384	388	407	403	392	376	36
Woodstock Elementary (Op	=			-			-			
Square Feet	82,707	82,707	82,707	82,707	82,707	82,707	82,707	82,707	82,707	82,70
Program Capacity	754	734	692	734	731	779	735	723	687	68
Enrollment	665	646	617	625	616	640	663	688	676	73
Middle Schools										
Bayside Middle (Opened Se	ept 1969; Addit	ion Sept 200	4)							
Square Feet	180,134	180,134	180,134	180,134	180,134	180,134	180,134	180,134	180,134	180,13
Program Capacity	1,218	1,269	1,187	1,129	1,088	1,089	1,070	1,046	1,176	1,11
Enrollment	1,283	1,189	1,104	1,071	1,005	1,033	977	1,006	996	99
Brandon Middle (Opened A	ug 1978)									
Square Feet	190,586	190,586	190,586	190,586	190,586	190,586	190,586	190,586	190,586	190,58
Program Capacity	1,374	1,382	1,290	1,198	1,198	1,156	1,205	1,247	1,328	1,30
Enrollment	1,416	1,389	1,326	1,248	1,208	1,203	1,237	1,254	1,237	1,18
Corporate Landing Middle	(Opened Sept	1997)								
Square Feet	235,093	235,093	235,093	235,093	235,093	235,093	235,093	235,093	235,093	235,09
Program Capacity	1,702	1,619	1,554	1,494	1,412	1,412	1,370	1,370	1,436	1,40
Enrollment	1,668	1,541	1,456	1,496	1,410	1,419	1,328	1,347	1,307	1,294
Great Neck Middle (Opened	d Sept 1961; Ad	dition Sept	1963; Replac	ed Jan 2012)					
Square Feet	126,034	126,034	126,034	126,034	126,034	126,034	126,034	219,370	219,370	219,37
Program Capacity	1,033	1,032	1,007	965	915	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,360	1,36
Enrollment	1,168	1,124	1,015	989	1,019	1,054	1,106	1,106	1,085	1,09
Independence Middle (Open	ned Sept 1974	Addition Se	pt 1996)							
Square Feet	137,656	137,656	137,656	137,656	137,656	137,656	137,656	137,656	137,656	137,65
Program Capacity	1,324	1,307	1,224	1,165	1,191	1,224	1,216	1,290	1,332	1,27
Enrollment	1,524	1,413	1,391	1,324	1,238	1,250	1,234	1,278	1,244	1,28
Kemps Landing Magnet (O	pened Sept 19	57; Gym Ade	ded Sept 199	2; Relocated	to Aragona	Elem Oct 200)1;			
Relocated to Princess An	ne Middle Sch	ool Sept. 201	14)							
Square Feet	54,516	54,516	54,516	54,516	54,516	54,516	54,516	54,516	54,516	54,51
Program Capacity	540	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	600	67
Enrollment	603	601	599	588	587	600	596	577	594	59
Kempsville Middle (Opened	d Sept 1969)									
Square Feet	136,287	136,287	136,287	136,287	136,287	136,287	136,287	136,287	136,287	136,28
Program Capacity	908	906	873	857	807	815	798	781	828	82
Enrollment	1,045	1,049	1,007	1,015	947	904	860	856	841	83
Landstown Middle (Opened	d Sept 1992)									
Square Feet	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,000	201,00
Program Capacity	1,563	1,588	1,596	1,522	1,621	1,596	1,513	1,494	1,692	1,62
Enrollment	1,602	1,612	1,587	1,566	1,536	1,543	1,477	1,477	1,482	1,51

					Fiscal '	Year				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Larkspur Middle (Opened N	lov 1994)									
Square Feet	247,264	247,264	247,264	247,264	247,264	247,264	247,264	247,264	247,264	247,264
Program Capacity	1,866	1,844	1,709	1,601	1,552	1,536	1,551	1,593	1,684	1,684
Enrollment	1,822	1,767	1,639	1,638	1,574	1,561	1,530	1,527	1,584	1,632
Lynnhaven Middle (Opened	-			1,000	1,014	1,001	1,000	1,021	1,004	1,002
Square Feet	140,099	140,099	140,099	140,099	140,099	140,099	140,099	140,099	140,099	140,099
Program Capacity	1,289	1,256	1,231	1,231	1,206	1,206	1,205	1,116	1,138	1,092
Enrollment	1,304	1,274	1,222	1,165	1,198	1,184	1,213	1,131	1,060	962
Plaza Middle (Opened Sept	-	-,	-,	.,	.,	.,	-,	.,	.,	
Square Feet	157,869	157,869	157,869	157,869	157,869	157,869	157,869	157,869	157,869	157,869
Program Capacity	1,136	1,215	1,195	1,135	1,110	1,098	1,033	1,073	1,172	1,172
Enrollment	1,208	1,201	1,156	1,126	1,121	1,113	1,073	1,066	1,083	1,095
Princess Anne Middle (Ope	-					-		1,000	1,000	1,000
Bldg. occupied by Old Do	•	-	•		•		,			
Square Feet	135,592	135,592	135,592	135,592	135,592	135,592	135,592	135,592	135,592	135,592
Program Capacity	1,468	1,250	1,275	1,250	1,225	1,300	1,299	1,332	1,456	1,474
Enrollment	1,552	1,542	1,514	1,447	1,440	1,398	1,365	1,382	1,414	1,467
Salem Middle (Opened Sep	-	.,• .=	.,•	.,	.,	1,000	1,000	.,	.,	.,
Square Feet	217,500	217,500	217,500	217,500	217,500	217,500	217,500	217,500	217,500	217,500
Program Capacity	1,198	1,187	1,164	1,095	1,008	983	999	999	1,072	1,044
Enrollment	1,289	1,264	1,200	1,124	1,054	1,027	1,042	1,057	1,026	1,009
Virginia Beach Middle (Ope	-					-				,
Square Feet	104,015	104,015	104,015	104,015	104,015	189,730	189,730	189,730	, 189,730	189,730
Program Capacity	699	724	699	699	699	925	847	923	968	968
Enrollment	732	706	676	688	679	614	740	767	899	917
High Schools										
Bayside High (Opened Sept		n Sept 1967;		Sept 1990; A	ddition Sept	1995)				
Square Feet	200,816	200,816	200,816	200,816	200,816	200,816	200,816	200,816	200,816	200,816
Program Capacity	1,896	1,901	1,895	1,760	1,733	1,708	1,708	1,895	1,895	1,895
Enrollment	2,012	2,023	1,996	1,999	1,870	1,842	1,860	1,803	1,803	1,801
Frank W. Cox High (Opened										
Square Feet	236,744	236,744	236,744	236,744	236,744	236,744	236,744	236,744	236,744	236,744
Program Capacity	1,854	1,850	1,850	1,740	1,740	1,754	1,740	1,937	1,937	1,937
Enrollment	2,116	2,054	1,991	1,925	1,889	1,927	1,932	1,947	1,947	1,894
First Colonial High (Opened	l Sept 1966; A	-	1968; Additio	on Sept 1996)					
Square Feet	178,266	178,266	178,266	178,266	178,266	178,266	178,266	178,266	178,266	178,266
Program Capacity	1,730	1,730	1,707	1,591	1,591	1,601	1,601	1,808	1,808	1,818
Enrollment	2,146	2,151	2,073	2,047	1,999	2,008	1,947	1,908	1,908	1,993
Green Run High (Opened S	ept 1979; Inclu	udes Green R	tun Collegiat	e Public Cha	rter School o	opened in Se	pt 2013)			
Square Feet	235,721	235,721	235,721	235,721	235,721	235,721	235,721	235,721	235,721	235,721
Program Capacity	1,798	1,798	1,821	1,709	1,709	1,709	1,714	1,927	1,927	1,910
Enrollment	1,712	1,756	1,809	1,737	1,725	1,675	1,631	1,636	1,636	1,689

					Fiscal	Year				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Floyd E. Kellam High (Oper	ned Sept 1962:	Addition Se	pt 1967: Mod	ernized Sept	1990: Additi	on Sept 1996	6: Replaced .	lan 2014)		
Occupied by Princess An				-		-	,			
Square Feet	222,571	222,571	222,571	222,571	222,571	222,571	222,571	222,571	222,571	222,571
Program Capacity	1,839	1,798	1,832	1,805	1,728	1,762	1,762	1,762	1,961	1,961
Enrollment	2,410	2,388	2,078	1,956	1,803	1,838	1,843	1,799	1,833	1,826
Floyd E. Kellam High (Oper		_,	_,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,	-,
Square Feet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	336,410
Program Capacity (Estir	mate)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000
Enrollment	, _	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,838
Kempsville High (Opened S	Sept 1966; Add	ition Sept 19	68: Moderniz	zed Sept 199	1; Addition S	ept 1995)				
Square Feet	202,665	202,665	202,665	202,665	202,665	202,665	202,665	202,665	202,665	202,665
Program Capacity	1,933	1,933	1,933	1,933	1,826	1,807	1,786	1,793	2,009	1,985
Enrollment	1,938	1,989	2,013	1,892	1,819	1,764	1,734	1,712	1,648	1,559
Landstown High (Opened S	Sept 2001; Add	ition Jan 200	17)							
Square Feet	274,791	274,791	308,924	308,924	308,924	308,924	308,924	308,924	308,924	308,924
Program Capacity	1,799	1,822	2,181	2,185	2,064	2,068	2,068	2,072	2,332	2,332
Enrollment	2,091	2,124	2,270	2,297	2,404	2,396	2,330	2,304	2,196	2,195
Ocean Lakes High (Opened	d Sept 1994; Ad	dition Jan 2	007)							
Square Feet	306,792	306,792	330,525	330,525	330,525	330,525	330,525	330,525	330,525	330,525
Program Capacity	2,107	2,122	2,403	2,417	2,283	2,269	2,269	2,239	2,501	2,501
Enrollment	2,350	2,370	2,516	2,446	2,449	2,407	2,367	2,291	2,211	2,177
Princess Anne High (Open	ed Aug 1954; N	Iodernized S	ept 1987; Mo	odernized (du	le to major fi	re damage) .	Jan 1997)			
Square Feet	228,860	228,860	228,860	228,860	228,860	228,860	228,860	228,860	228,860	228,860
Program Capacity	1,688	1,670	1,603	1,611	1,505	1,521	1,534	1,539	1,652	1,675
Enrollment	2,104	2,110	1,925	1,814	1,819	1,866	1,934	1,842	1,850	1,822
Salem High (Opened Sept	1989)									
Square Feet	260,889	260,889	260,889	260,889	260,889	260,889	260,889	260,889	260,889	260,889
Program Capacity	1,775	1,793	1,874	1,847	1,787	1,759	1,766	1,749	1,932	1,932
Enrollment	1,941	1,959	1,908	1,908	1,933	1,897	1,854	1,794	1,782	1,774
Tallwood High (Opened Se	pt 1992)									
Square Feet	294,457	294,457	294,457	294,457	294,457	294,457	294,457	294,457	294,457	294,457
Program Capacity	2,096	2,143	2,143	2,143	2,003	1,990	2,028	2,020	2,237	2,237
Enrollment	2,067	1,961	1,974	2,001	2,042	2,112	2,095	1,981	1,950	1,931
Renaissance Academy - Mi	iddle/High Carr	ipuses (Opei	ned Dec 2009	9)						
Square Feet	-	-	-	-	-	284,968	284,968	284,968	284,968	284,968
Program Capacity	-	-	-	-	-	1,600	1,435	1,215	1,232	1,226
Enrollment	-	-	-	-	-	709	558	634	616	556
Green Run Collegiate Publ	ic Charter Sch	ool (Opened	Sept 2014; lo	ocated at Gre	en Run High	School)				
Square Feet	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,500
Program Capacity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	400
Enrollment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123

Note: Program Capacity is the maximum capacity of the school building for a particular school year and particular student population, taking into account the number of first seats in the building (without counting portables currently on site).

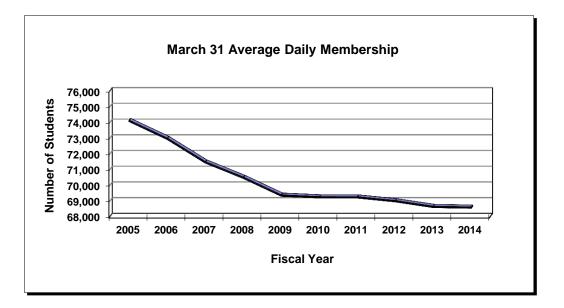
Source: The Department of School Division Services

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT MEMBERSHIP Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	September 30	March 31 Average Daily Momboratin	End-of-Year	Average Daily End-of-Year
Year	Membership	Membership	Membership	Membership
2005	75,142	74,091	73,072	74,227
2006	73,927	72,953	71,768	73,068
2007	72,252	71,452	70,920	71,706
2008	71,196	70,473	69,858	70,683
2009	70,240	69,335	69,015	69,645
2010	69,956	69,225	68,988	69,586
2011	69,959	69,219	68,935	69,521
2012	69,856	68,977	68,585	69,315
2013	68,138	68,614	68,511	68,990
2014	69,417	68,569	68,450	68,918

Note: This table represents membership data reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education at different points during the year. The September 30 Membership is the sum of pupils present and absent on September 30 or the school day closest to September 30 (however, excludes pre-kindergarten pupils). The March 31 Average Daily Membership is the average daily membership for the first seven months of the school year. The End-of-Year Membership is the sum of the pupils present and absent on the last day of the school year. The Average Daily End-of-Year Membership is the average daily membership for the school year.

Source: Commonwealth of Virginia, Superintendent's Annual Report for Virginia

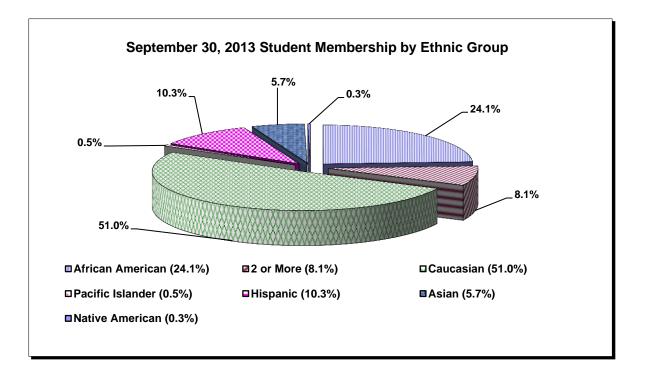


SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT MEMBERSHIP BY ETHNIC GROUP Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	African American	%	Caucasian	%	Hispanic	%	Asian	%	Pacific Islander	%	Native American	%	Unspeci- fied or 2 or More	%
2005	21,370	28.3	44,646	59.1	3,596	4.8	4,361	5.8	101	0.1	254	0.3	1,187	1.6
2006	20,591	27.7	42,797	57.6	3,789	5.1	4,123	5.5	482	0.6	327	0.4	2,204	3.1
2007	19,943	27.5	41,434	57.1	3,885	5.4	4,024	5.5	546	0.8	304	0.4	2,407	3.3
2008	20,173	27.8	40,614	56.0	4,147	5.7	4,095	5.7	578	0.8	277	0.4	2,593	3.6
2009	19,729	27.6	39,745	55.5	4,322	6.0	4,042	5.6	593	0.8	284	0.4	2,849	4.1
2010	19,456	27.3	39,282	55.2	4,375	6.1	4,118	5.8	660	0.9	273	0.4	3,034	4.3
2011	17,679	24.8	37,667	52.9	6,303	8.9	3,931	5.5	338	0.5	257	0.4	5,034	7.0
2012	17,274	24.3	37,228	52.5	6,656	9.4	3,937	5.5	335	0.5	223	0.3	5,325	7.5
2013	16,898	24.0	36,439	51.8	6,961	9.9	3,911	5.6	337	0.5	216	0.3	5,530	7.9
2014	16,990	24.1	36,000	51.0	7,251	10.3	3,998	5.7	328	0.5	237	0.3	5,752	8.1

Note: This table is based on the September 30 student membership (includes pre-kindergarten pupils).

Source: Departments of Technology and School Administration



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA JUNE 30, 2014

Date of Incorporation	January 1, 1963
Form of Government	Council - Manager
Area - Square Miles Land Water	307 248 59
Culture and Recreation: Developed District Parks Developed Community Parks Developed Neighborhood Parks Natural Parks Other Park Areas Acres in Developed Parks Golf Courses (City Owned) Recreation Centers	8 11 182 5 47 3,648 5 7
Population: Census 1970 Census 1980 Census 1990 Census 2000 Census 2010 Current Estimate	172,106 262,199 393,069 425,257 437,994 447,489

	Approximate Number of Employees	Percent of Total City Employment	Rank	Approximate Number of Employees	Percent of Total City Employment	Rank
		2014			2005	
City of Virginia Beach / Schools	17,860	8.14 %	1	16,595	8.30 %	1
Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek*	6,000	2.74	2	-	-	-
Sentara Healthcare	5,189	2.37	3	1,515	0.76	6
Naval Air Station Oceana/Dam Neck*	3,600	1.64	4	-	-	-
Lynnhaven Mall	2,600	1.19	5	3,500	1.75	2
Gold Key/PHR Hotels and Resorts*	2,365	1.08	6	-	-	-
GEICO	2,300	1.05	7	1,500	0.75	7
STIHL Inc	2,067	0.94	8	1,300	0.65	8
Amerigroup	1,850	0.84	9	1,300	0.65	8
Navy Exchange Service Command	1,550	0.71	10	1,900	0.95	3
Lillian Vernon	-	-	-	1,700	0.85	4
Pembroke Mall	-	-	-	1,700	0.85	4
Cox Communications Tota	- s 45,381	<u>-</u> 20.70 %	-	<u>1,200</u> <u>32,210</u>	<u> </u>	10

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance and Department of Economic Development

*Note: Information is not available for 2005 and, therefore. used 2004

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population*	Personal Income (thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income**	Median Age	Number of City Employees	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	Local Unemployment Rate
2005	436,156	\$17,206,799	\$41,125	34.4	6,580	13.6	3.3%
2006	435,001	18,485,529	43,726	34.7	6,831	13.5	2.9%
2007	434,058	19,165,012	45,530	35.0	6,898	13.8	2.7%
2008	436,944	19,459,762	46,766	36.0	7,131	13.6	3.7%
2009	437,275	19,510,331	45,613	36.6	7,700	14.0	6.4%
2010	437,994	19,697,709	46,266	36.7	7,713	13.9	6.5%
2011	441,246	20,718,174	48,513	34.9	7,481	14.0	6.0%
2012	447,489	22,305,272	49,898	34.7	7,477	13.8	5.5%
2013	449,628	-	49,898	35.0	7,477	13.9	5.6%
2014	452,281	-	49,898	35.7	7,669	13.9	5.5%

* Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service (except FY 2014 which is projected)

** Bureau of Economic Analysis (except FY 2014 which is projected)

- Not Available

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance The following sources were used by the City in compiling the above information:

Labor Market Statistics Virginia Employment Commission Bureau of Economic Analysis Experian Data Solutions

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Real Property ssessed Value	Percent of Total Rea Property Assessed Value 2014	I I	ank	/	Real Property Assessed Value	Percent of Total Real Property Assessed Value 2005	
E. D. & A. F. Ruffin & B. L. Thompson	\$	409,736,900	0.83	0/_	1	\$	139,730,038	0.49	% 6
Ramon W. Breeden, Jr.	φ	325,456,300	0.65		2	φ	139,730,038	0.49	3
Virginia Electric & Power Company		314,843,428	0.63		23		284,382,264	1.01	2
Armada Hoffler		305,596,200	0.03		4		284,382,204	0.47	2
Lynnhaven Mall LLC		303,390,200	0.62		- 5		131,421,130 291,150,544	1.03	1
J. M. , R.J.F. , A.D. & L.E. Caplan		241,364,200	0.01		5 6		291,130,344	-	1
Pembroke Square Assoc.		168,112,500	0.49		7		- 151,942,351	- 0.54	4
Verizon Virginia, Inc.		157,212,478	0.34		8		131,942,331	0.54	4 5
Christian Broadcasting Assoc./Net, Inc.		157,212,478	0.32		9		82,591,324	0.31	16
Cheryl P. McLeskey		118,974,700	0.31		, 10		107,047,152	0.29	10
Thomas J. Lyons, Jr.		118,709,000	0.24		11		107,047,132	0.38	8
Watergate Treehouse Associates LP		110,952,300	0.24		12		64,607,100	0.43	18
Lake Gem		108,784,600	0.22		12		92,880,361	0.23	10
Westminster Canterbury		95,747,000	0.22		13		83,585,382	0.30	12
Aimco Maple Bay & Aimco Reflections LLC		95,014,200	0.19		15		118,869,200	0.30	9
Potter Properties		93,014,200 92,994,500	0.19		15 16		71,228,793	0.42	17
Windsor Lake & Shoreline Apartments LLC		88,755,800	0.19		17		57,735,768	0.20	20
Inland Diversified Virginia Beach Landstown LLC		81,073,800	0.16		18		57,755,708	-	20
Virginia Natural Gas		80,563,914	0.10		10 19		_	_	
Sifen, Michael D.		76,485,400	0.10		20		- 56,395,174	0.20	21
Occidental Development, Ltd.		63,138,500	0.13		20 21		50,393,174 50,488,400	0.20	21 22
Wal Mart Real Estate Business Trust		61,817,300	0.13		21		30,400,400	-	22
Atlantic Shores Cooperative		55,972,300	0.12		22		- 88,873,506	0.31	13
BBR/Marina Shores LLC		51,519,900	0.11		23 24		00,075,500	-	15
Princess Anne Properties, Inc.		50,939,800	0.10		2 4 25				
Kemp River & Bonneys Corner Associates			-		20		85,911,716	0.30	14
Gale M. Levine							59,275,470	0.30	14
Sandler Development at Towne, etc.		_	-				100,061,571	0.35	11
Cecil V. Cutchins		-	-				48,426,566	0.17	23
Jack Rabbit Self Storage		_	-				44,561,522	0.16	23 24
B N P Realty LLC		-	-				41,561,522	0.15	25
Totals	\$ 3	3,730,748,520	7.51	-%		\$	2,706,296,715	9.58	-
		, ,		=		Ŧ	, , ,		

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance, Office of Real Estate Assessor, and Commissioner of the Revenue

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Real Property		Personal	Property	Public Service		Estimated	Assessed Value as a
Fiscal	Assesse	d Value	Assesse	d Value	Assessed	Total Taxable	Actual	Percentage of
Year	Residential	Commercial	Residential	Commercial	Value	Assessed Value	Taxable Value	Actual Value
2005	\$25,956,007,302	\$5,325,837,162	\$2,707,998,050	\$661,169,653	\$624,562,746	\$35,275,574,913	\$35,275,574,913	100.0%
2006	32,231,908,260	6,147,104,498	2,935,301,133	775,663,085	530,465,288	42,620,442,264	42,620,442,264	100.0%
2007	39,343,218,144	6,778,924,250	2,918,848,554	869,072,522	545,140,581	50,455,204,051	50,455,204,051	100.0%
2008	47,862,927,769	7,283,463,230	3,260,237,123	892,229,360	647,905,245	59,946,762,727	59,946,762,727	100.0%
2009	48,889,366,712	7,877,386,575	2,807,028,410	905,268,622	807,890,384	61,286,940,703	61,286,940,703	100.0%
2010	47,128,334,239	8,251,639,426	2,860,711,763	751,063,121	890,229,132	59,881,977,681	59,881,977,681	100.0%
2011	43,967,169,845	8,008,231,601	3,105,575,058	972,520,233	927,509,746	56,981,006,483	56,981,006,483	100.0%
2012	42,582,797,354	7,925,225,472	3,225,216,284	1,079,909,616	938,693,399	55,751,842,125	55,751,842,125	100.0%
2013	40,815,993,416	8,036,001,242	3,306,948,272	942,744,260	929,843,170	54,031,530,360	54,031,530,360	100.0%
2014	40,590,297,065	8,147,317,125	3,362,985,338	671,033,585	889,050,800	53,660,683,913	53,660,683,913	100.0%

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance, Office of Real Estate Assessor, Commissioner of the Revenue, and City Adopted Resource Management Plan

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected w				
	Total	Fiscal Year o	f the Levy	Collections	Total Collection	ons to Date
Fiscal	Tax		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
Year	Levy	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2005	\$505,050,845	\$468,796,012	92.8%	\$20,116,692	\$488,912,704	96.8%
2006	531,438,288	483,649,302	91.0%	13,960,164	497,609,466	93.6%
2007	527,465,143	505,518,196	95.8%	17,384,557	522,902,753	99.1%
2008	562,044,329	537,526,149	95.6%	20,582,706	558,108,855	99.3%
2009	570,582,069	547,934,162	96.0%	19,237,736	567,171,898	99.4%
2010	546,129,490	526,040,648	96.3%	16,596,835	542,637,483	99.4%
2011	523,586,269	504,769,073	96.4%	14,224,231	518,993,304	99.1%
2012	529,296,087	496,807,253	93.9%	13,603,344	510,410,597	96.4%
2013	540,797,475	515,533,542	95.3%	11,895,056	527,428,598	97.5%
2014	533,015,965	507,743,494	95.3%	-	507,743,494	95.3%

Note: Collections in subsequent years represent delinquent accounts collected during the course of any fiscal year subsequent to the fiscal year of the tax levy.

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - REVENUE RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Fiscal Year	Base Real Property Tax Rate	Additional Real Property Tax Rate Sandbridge SSD	Additional Real Property Tax Rate Town Center SSD	Additional Real Property Tax Rate Old Donation SSD	Additional Real Property Tax Rate Bayville Creek SSD	Additional Real Property Tax Rate Shadowlawn SSD	Personal Property Tax Rate
2005	\$1.1964	\$0.1200	\$0.5700	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$3.7000
2006	1.0239	0.1200	0.5700	-	-	· -	3.7000
2007	0.9900	0.0600	0.5700	-	-	-	3.7000
2008	0.8900	0.0600	0.5000	-	-	-	3.7000
2009	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500	-	-	-	3.7000
2010	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500	-	-	-	3.7000
2011	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500	-	-	-	3.7000
2012	0.8900	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	-	-	3.7000
2013	0.9500	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	0.3630	-	3.7000
2014	0.9300	0.0600	0.4500	0.1840	0.3630	0.1594	3.7000

Notes: (1) The City is the only entity with local taxing authority within its boundaries.

(2) Real Property Tax Rate is applied to real estate such as land and buildings.

(3) Personal Property Tax Rate is applied to Personal Property such as automobiles and equipment

(4) The tax bases are mutually exclusive

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance/City Adopted Resource Management Plan

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING GENERAL BONDED DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds	State Literary Fund Loans	Appropriation Backed Debt*	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Full Value of Property	General Bonded Debt Per Capita
2005		\$507,825,172	\$12,446,046	\$297,936,549	\$818,207,767	2.3%	\$1,883
2006		537,412,163	11,189,546	291,642,211	840,243,920	2.0%	1,930
2007		562,335,734	9,933,046	376,717,500	948,986,280	1.9%	2,194
2008		599,561,596	8,676,546	364,322,500	972,560,642	1.6%	2,234
2009		623,700,693	7,620,046	346,422,500	977,743,239	1.6%	2,244
2010		631,597,701	6,563,546	346,197,500	984,358,747	1.6%	2,256
2011		669,514,476	5,507,046	323,367,500	998,389,022	1.8%	2,271
2012	*	727,803,047	4,750,000	363,387,004	1,095,940,051	2.0%	2,244
2013	*	686,766,362	4,125,000	361,183,174	1,052,074,536	1.9%	2,162
2014	*	720,118,515	3,500,000	382,190,239	1,105,808,754	2.1%	2,253

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance/Annual Long-Term Debt Report

*Notes: (1) Appropriation Backed Debt includes all Governmental Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Capital Leases, COPs, Williams Farm, and Business Type Virginia Beach Development Authority debt.

(2) Fiscal Years 2012-2014 have been adjusted to reflect the related unamortized premium. Detailed premium information for prior fiscal years is not available and, therefore, is not adjusted.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Year	
	2005	2006	2007	2008
Debt Limit	\$ 3,190,640,721	\$ 3,860,707,700	\$ 4,630,515,462	\$ 5,579,429,624
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	542,613,308	571,245,135	596,810,346	635,045,232
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 2,648,027,413	\$ 3,289,462,565	\$ 4,033,705,116	\$ 4,944,384,392
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a percentage of the Debt Limit	17.01%	14.80%	12.89%	11.38%

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance/Annual Long-Term Debt Report

Note: Under state law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. However, the City has established financial affordability indicators in addition to keeping debt per capita at \$2,800 or less. The affordability indicators are as follows:

- The total annual debt service for general government supported debt will not exceed 10% of general government expenditures (excluding interfund transfers).
- The City's overall net debt will not exceed 3.5% of the estimated full value of taxable real property.
- The City's overall net debt per capita will not exceed \$2,800.
- The City's overall net debt per capita shall not exceed 6.5% of per capita personal income.

Fiscal Year					
2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$ 5,757,464,367	\$ 5,627,020,280	\$ 5,290,291,119	\$ 5,144,671,623	\$ 4,978,183,783	\$ 4,962,666,499
661,855,123	670,254,683	713,387,034	716,177,198	685,988,698	712,384,323
\$ 5,095,609,244	\$ 4,956,765,597	\$ 4,576,904,085	\$ 4,428,494,425	\$ 4,292,195,085	\$ 4,250,282,176
11.50%	11.91%	13.48%	13.92%	13.78%	14.35%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation For		
Fiscal Year 2014 Assessed Value of Real		
Property (Taxable):		
Regular	\$ 48,737,614,190	
Public Service	889,050,800	
Total Assessed Value		
of Real Property	\$ 49,626,664,990	
Debt Limit (10% of Total		
Assessed Value)	\$ 4,962,666,499	
Debt Applicable to Limit:		
General Obligation Bonds	712,384,323	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 4,250,282,176	



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COMPLIANCE SECTION



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Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Members of the School Board City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audit of Counties*, *Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach ("School Board") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Board's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purposes.

Cherry Bekaert LLP

Virginia Beach, Virginia November 25, 2014

