

CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Prepared by

Timothy Dudley, Director of Finance

Buena Vista, Virginia

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF BUENA VISTA

City Manager's Office 2039 Sycamore Avenue Buena Vista, Virginia 24416 (540) 261-8600



November 30, 2017

The Honorable Mayor, City Council Members and Citizens of the City of Buena Vista

Commonwealth of Virginia law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Buena Vista's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows this letter of transmittal and provides an overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The City of Buena Vista is situated at the foot of the Blue Ridge Mountains and is centrally located in the historic and scenic Shenandoah Valley in west-central Virginia, approximately 50 miles north of Roanoke; 135 miles west of Richmond; and 180 miles southwest of Washington, D.C. This position in west-central Virginia is at the heart of a major transportation network and has immediate access to air, rail, and highway transportation. It is within a one-day drive of half of the population of the United States. Buena Vista is served by interstates 81 and 64, the Blue Ridge Parkway and Route 60 that flows through the city. Thousands of tourists travel to our visitor's center from the Blue Ridge Parkway every year.

Buena Vista was a focal point of the Shenandoah Valley land boom initiated in 1889 by several land development companies, one of which was the Buena Vista Company. In less than three years, Buena Vista grew from a sparsely populated rural area to a town with 19 industries that employed in excess of 1,000 workers. Buena Vista was incorporated as a city by the Virginia General Assembly in 1892 encompassing a land area of approximately 6.5 square miles. It was during the land boom era that Buena Vista established its role as an industrial city, and is currently the industrial and manufacturing nucleus of the area.

The City of Buena Vista is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Buena Vista has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1892. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing City Council, consisting of the mayor and six other members, all elected on a non-partisan basis. The Council appoints the government's manager, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments. Council members serve four-year terms, with three members elected every two years. The mayor is elected for a two-year term.

The City of Buena Vista provides a full range of services, including police, fire, rescue squad, public works, water treatment plant, water and sewer, parks and recreation including a golf course. The City of Buena Vista also is financially accountable for a legally separate school district that is reported separately within the City of Buena Vista's financial statements.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than May 30 for the next fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Buena Vista's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, department and general account code. Department heads may transfer resources within a department, except personnel, as they see fit. Transfers between departments, however, need special approval from the governing council.

Local Economy

Buena Vista City Council is committed to creating jobs for its citizens and generating new revenue sources by encouraging business and industry to locate in the City. The current labor force is 3,308 with 3,135 employed for an unemployment rate of 5.2 percent.

The City of Buena Vista has experienced devastating floods in 1969 and 1985. To eliminate future flood damage arising from the flood of record (1969); the City has completed an extensive capital expenditure program with the aid of federal and state governments to construct a flood wall and concrete channelization of its interior streams. Dedication of the flood wall was in October 1997. Such improvements protect the existing industrial facilities and permit reuse of two plants closed following the 1985 flood. This results in protecting and creating many industrial jobs. The flood improvements also protect the City's commercial district and assist in downtown redevelopment.

Southern Virginia University (SVU) is a tremendous asset to the City. SVU has an ongoing capital campaign that has raised more than \$28 million toward its \$50 million goal. The funds have been used to build student housing, athletic field complex to include a soccer field, new softball field, new bleachers, and a new lighting system for the fields. The funds have also been used to renovate the Kimball student center, install heating and air conditioning in the Main Hall and fund scholarships and professorships. Future plans include renovating and remodeling existing campus facilities, constructing a multi-purpose facility, a fine and performing arts center, new residential units, as well as more scholarships and professorships. SVU is responsible for approximately \$9 million dollars in the City's economy every year.

It has been a period of reinvestment into our community. The City has gotten back to doing the core infrastructure and development projects that make communities strong. The City is working to assist the development of small business. The City Council created a new façade grant program that will be administered through our Economic Development Authority. This program will provide a 50/50 match up to \$7,500 per business for improvements to the main façade of the building. This partnership will help improve the appearance of our downtown and assist our businesses in creating an inviting environment.

The City staff is also working with the Small Business Development Center in Harrisonburg to provide business counseling services and training for our business owners.

Buena Vista has increased marketing efforts to help attract new businesses and families to our community. The City was able to create a video centering on the outdoors and our musical heritage. The video had over 1,000 views the first week and still tracks well as a centerpiece of our website page.

Long-term Planning and Major Initiatives and Accomplishments

The City prepares a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) that is used as a fiscal management tool to coordinate the location, timing and financing of capital improvements over a five year period. The CIP includes a description of proposed capital improvement projects ranked by priority, a year-by-year schedule of expected project funding and an estimate of project costs. The CIP is a working document and is reviewed and updated annually to reflect changing needs, priorities and funding opportunities.

The past fiscal year saw the completion of some significant projects as well as the beginning or approval of other major initiatives.

The engineering/public works department oversaw an active program of projects related to water distribution, roads, sidewalks, drainage and sewers. The City received a \$1 Million dollar VDOT grant to update the sidewalks, right-of-ways and streets. The project started in FY 2016 and continued into FY 2017. This project along with additional sidewalk work through a safe route to schools grant are another step in creating a link to our outdoor trails and making our City a walkable community.

The City received a Transportation Alternative Grant from VDOT to build a connection under the Route 60 Russell Robey Memorial Bridge to extend the Chessie Trail and create a connection to the Buena Vista River Walk. This work is all part of larger regional initiative for outdoor recreation. City staff has been working with Rockbridge Regional Tourism to build an inventory and create a new website dedicated to our outdoor activities in the Rockbridge Region.

Efforts to improve the appearance of the community have been increased. City staff is sweeping the City for code enforcement violations and will be bringing additional ordinance changes to assist with that effort.

The City has engaged volunteers for many projects. Groups have helped build playground improvements, painted fences, removed graffiti, and helped preserve buildings for years to come.

City staff is also working with Southern Virginia University and other volunteers to clear and repair trails in Glen Maury Park in an effort to offer greater recreational access in the community.

The City also partnered with Dabney S. Lancaster Community College, local businesses, and city schools to create a community garden. The City provided land and materials for 21 raised beds on a site that could not be developed due to flood restrictions. This provided a beatification effort as well as provided food for needy families in the community.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Buena Vista for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the 15th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. The report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration department. We also would like to thank the Mayor, members of the City Council, and the City staff for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsive and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

in Dulles

Tim Dudley Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Buena Vista Virginia

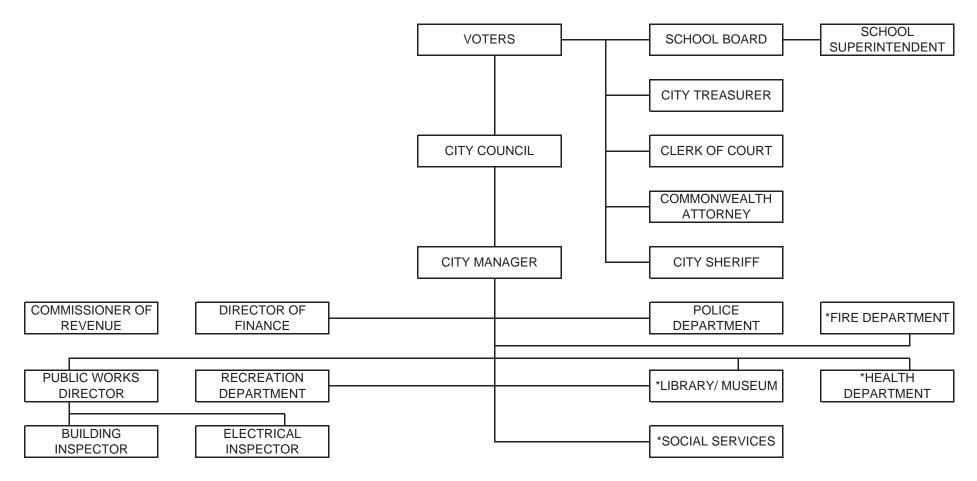
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

frey R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF BUENA VISTA ORGANIZATION CHART



*=ADMINISTERED BY OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CITY COUNCIL	
Larry Tolley	
Tim Petrie	Lisa Clark
John Dyer	Steve Baldridge
William Fitzgerald	Melvin Henson
CITY OFFICIAL	S
Larry Tolley	Mayor
Lisa Clark	Vice-Mayor
Jay Scudder	City Manager
MarVita F. Flint	Commissioner of Revenue
Timothy Dudley	Director of Finance
Mary Lee Huffman	City Treasurer
Keith Hartman	Chief of Police
Chris Coleman	Clerk of Court
Randy Hamilton	Sheriff
Chris Russell	Commonwealth's Attorney
Brian Kearney	City Attorney

FINANCIAL SECTION

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Buena Vista, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Buena Vista, Virginia, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 11-19, 94, and 95-100, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supporting schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Farmer, Cax Associates

Staunton, Virginia November 30, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia we offer readers of the City of Buena Vista's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Buena Vista for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in our letter of transmittal that can be found on pages 1-4 of this report.

Financial Highlights

The net position of the City of Buena Vista's, Primary Government at the close of the current fiscal year was \$9,064,152 (net position). Of this amount, (\$818,802) (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The governmental activities total net position increased \$472,182 from the prior fiscal year largely due to the increase in property taxes receivable, increase due from governmental units, increase in capital assets and decrease in due to governmental units and overall liabilities.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Buena Vista's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,043,920, a decrease of \$194,426 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$2,705,145 is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance). The decrease is attributable to increases in health and welfare, public safety, and education expenditures.

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$2,790,572, or 21 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The City of Buena Vista's primary government long-term liabilities decreased \$28,177, or .001 percent. The Long-term debt retirements included the Literary Loan for the building of Parry McCluer High that was reduced by \$375,000. Also the 2.5 million dollar loans to finance the Dabney Lancaster Community College educational satellite was reduced by \$52,582. The City also paid \$16,318 for a loan on a medical building. The net pension liability increased \$480,912 to offset the decreases. The total long-term debt for the City stands at \$25,655,930. Of this amount, there is a charge of \$484,001 for Other Postemployment Benefits. This charge is an actuarial estimate of the costs of future retiree benefits. Also included in long-term indebtedness is \$309,322 for employee compensated absences. The amount of pension liability is \$3,340,448, an increase of \$480,912.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Buena Vista's basic financial statements. The City of Buena Vista's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Buena Vista's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net position presents information on all of the City of Buena Vista's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Buena Vista is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Buena Vista that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Buena Vista include general government, judicial administration, public works, health and welfare, education, parks recreation and cultural, community development, and interest expense. The business-type activities of the City of Buena Vista include water and sewer and the golf course operation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Buena Vista itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district for which the City of Buena Vista is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Buena Vista, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Buena Vista can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Buena Vista maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and School Construction Fund. The other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Buena Vista maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Buena Vista uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer Fund and the Golf Course Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer and the operation of the golf course, both of which are considered major funds of the City of Buena Vista.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fiduciary fund statements provide information on the Special Welfare Fund. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City of Buena Vista's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents a statistical section and compliance section.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The FY 2017 General Fund Budget required a \$204,861 or 1.6% increase over FY 2016 expenditures. The appropriation for the schools budget remained level and there was level funding for many of our departmental service operations. Some areas of the budget include both increases and reductions as a result of accurate budgeting adjustments that reflect the true cost of the activity or commodity.

There were some increases in the budget this year that were not in our control. These were primarily salary and benefit increases such as health and liability insurance increases and Regional 911 communications costs. The real estate rate remained the same at \$1.21 per one hundred dollar valuation.

It included additional revenue increases in commercial waste collection fees, food tax revenues and a transfer from appropriated surplus. These alternative taxing areas reduce the pressure on increasing the real property rate and capture a broader population of tax payers.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Buena Vista, primary government assets exceeded liabilities by \$9,064,152 at the close of fiscal year 2017 for the primary government.

The City of Buena Vista's governmental activities net position of \$10,313,294 reflects its investment in capital assets of 89 percent (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Buena Vista uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. These assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Buena Vista's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The net position of the governmental activities increased \$472,182 during FY 2017. Key components of this change are discussed on page 16 in the MD&A.

The following is a condensed summary of the City's statement of net position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016:

		Gover	rnm	nental	Business-type											
	_	Act	ivit	ies		Act	tivit	ies		Т	ota	I				
	_	2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016				
Current and																
other assets	\$	5,383,228	\$	6,344,026	\$	2,926,363	\$	3,108,956	\$	8,309,591	\$	9,452,982				
Capital Assets	_	14,396,978		14,063,337		14,372,389		14,745,557		28,769,367		28,808,894				
Total Assets	\$	19,780,206	\$	20,407,363	\$	17,298,752	\$	17,854,513	\$	37,078,958	\$	38,261,876				
Deferred Outflows Long-term	\$_	852,747	\$_	657,124	\$_	169,935	\$	132,599	\$_	1,022,682	\$	789,723				
Liabilities	\$	8,623,263	\$	8,423,702	\$	17,032,667	\$	17,260,405	\$	25,655,930	\$	25,684,107				
Other liabilities		814,223		1,671,456		1,595,376		1,187,264		2,409,599		2,858,720				
Total Liabilities	\$	9,437,486	\$	10,095,158	\$	18,628,043	\$	18,447,669	\$	28,065,529	\$	28,542,827				
Deferred inflows resources	of	000 470	•	4 400 047	•		•	70.000	•	074 050	•	4 00 4 007				
Net Position:	\$_	882,173	\$_	1,128,217	_\$_	89,786	\$_	76,690	\$_	971,959	\$_	1,204,907				
Net investment in capital assets	٠	0 404 700	•	0 554 047	•	(074,400)	¢	(405.000)	¢	0.000.007	^	0.405.004				
·	\$	9,164,709	\$	8,551,947	\$	(271,422)	\$	(125,963)	\$	8,893,287	\$	8,425,984				
Restricted Unrestricted		207,337		205,881		782,330		815,382		989,667		1,021,263				
(deficit)	_	941,248		1,083,284		(1,760,050)		(1,226,666)		(818,802)		(143,382)				
Total Net Position	\$	10,313,294	\$	9,841,112	\$	(1,249,142)	\$	(537,247)	\$	9,064,152	\$	9,303,865				

Governmental Activities. Net position of governmental activities increased for the City of Buena Vista by \$472,182 for FY 2017, while net position of business-type activities decreased \$711,895 for the fiscal year. Key components of the change are discussed on page 16 of the MD&A.

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CITY OF BUENA VISTA'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND JUNE 30, 2016

		Gover Acti				Business Activiti		Tota	1
	_	2017		2016	-	2017	2016	2017	2016
	_								
Revenues:									
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	916,221	\$	881,497	\$	2,376,154 \$	2,417,924 \$	3,292,375 \$	3,299,421
Operating grants		4,526,619		3,330,959		-	-	4,526,619	3,330,959
Capital grants		-		-		-	100	-	100
General Revenues:									
Property taxes		5,905,508		5,974,703		-	-	5,905,508	5,974,703
Other taxes		1,514,465		1,519,303		-	-	1,514,465	1,519,303
Grants and									
contributions not									
restricted to specific									
programs		973,816		982,759		-	-	973,816	982,759
Use of money and				,					,
property		183,630		182,946		902	40	184,532	182,986
Miscellaneous		160,503		235,226		780	(45,691)	161,283	189,535
Total Revenue	\$	14,180,762	\$	13,107,393	\$	2,377,836 \$	2,372,373 \$	16,558,598 \$	15,479,766
		, ,		, ,		· ·	· ·	, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , ,, , , ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Expenses:									
General Government									
admin	\$	1,451,815	\$	1,433,595	\$	- \$	- \$	1,451,815 \$	1,433,595
Judicial Admin		860,720		784,356		-	- '	860,720	784,356
Public Safety		2,631,032		2,265,851		-	-	2,631,032	2,265,851
Public works		2,064,999		1,960,690		-	-	2,064,999	1,960,690
Health and Welfare		2,094,471		1,595,545		-	-	2,094,471	1,595,545
Education		3,053,399		2,461,405		-	-	3,053,399	2,461,405
Parks, Recreation,		-,		, - ,				-,	, - ,
Culture		616,884		541,016		-	-	616,884	541,016
Community				,					
Development		483,507		437,882		-	-	483,507	437,882
Interest on long-		100,001		101,002				100,001	101,002
term debt		180,959		195,175		-	-	180,959	195,175
Water and Sewer				-		2,298,746	2,264,248	2,298,746	2,264,248
Golf Course		-		_		1,061,779	1,072,226	1,061,779	1,072,226
Total Expenses	\$	13,437,786	\$	11,675,515	s –	3,360,525 \$	3,336,474 \$	16,798,311 \$	15,011,989
	Ψ_	10,107,700	Ψ-	11,070,010	Ψ-	φ_	φ_	<u>10,700,011</u> ¢	10,011,000
Increase (decrease)									
in net position									
before transfers	\$	742,976	\$	1,431,878	\$	(982,689) \$	(964,101) \$	(239,713) \$	467,777
Transfers	Ŧ	(270,794)	Ŧ	(241,196)	Ŧ	270,794	241,196		-
Increase (decrease)	-	(210,101)	-	(211,100)	-	210,101			
in net position	\$	472,182	\$	1,190,682	\$	(711,895) \$	(722,905) \$	(239,713) \$	467,777
-	Ψ	112,102	Ψ	.,	Ψ	(,, σοο, φ	(,σσσ, φ	(200,110) ψ	,
Net position, beginning, as restated		0 8/1 110		8,650,430		(537 247)	185,658	0 303 965	8 836 000
Net position, ending	\$	9,841,112 10,313,294	\$		\$	(537,247) (1,249,142) \$	(537,247) \$	9,303,865 9,064,152 \$	8,836,088 9,303,865
Not position, enality	Ψ=	10,010,204	Ψ=	5,071,112	″ =	$(1,270,172)$ φ	(001,271) \$	0,007,102 ψ	0,000,000

Governmental Activities

Key factors contributing to the increase of \$472,182 in net position for governmental activities were:

- The City had an increase in property taxes receivable of \$98,866 or 7.5%. Due from other governmental units increased \$355,385.
- Total liabilities decreased \$549,313 or 5.5% for FY 2017 primarily from a decrease in due to other governmental units and component unit.
- Net investment in capital assets also increased \$612,762 for the fiscal year primarily due to construction in progress on public works projects.

Business-type Activities

The Golf Course Fund received a transfer from the General Fund (Governmental Activities) in the amount of \$270,794. This is slightly larger than the \$241,196 that was transferred in FY2016. Prior to this transfer, net position of the golf course business-type activity decreased by \$459,339. The golf course required a transfer of \$270,794. Both funds that make up the business-type activities of the City (Water/Sewer Fund and Golf Course Fund) combined, experienced a decrease in net position of \$711,895, mainly due to the golf course operating losses. Additional information follows concerning the City's Business-Type Activities:

- Since the inception of the golf course in 2004, it has had an operating loss of \$4,149,026. The golf course was originally planned to bring development to the community of Buena Vista. It was hoped that both single family dwellings and commercial development would offset some of the cost of the course through a higher tax base and user fees. The recent economical climate in both the national and regional economies has had a detrimental effect on both the rounds of golf being played and the development of the area. The golf course revenues are not able to support both the operational expenditures and the interest and fiscal charges. The General Fund has subsidized the golf course with transfers totaling \$5,934,022 leaving the golf course with a (\$4,149,026) ending balance of assets. For the fiscal budget 2017, the City council did not appropriate funds for the debt service. The council met with ACA Financial Guaranty Corp. and could not reach an acceptable compromise to restructuring the debt.
- The Water/Sewer Fund posted a decrease in net position of \$252,556 for the fiscal year. Most of this decrease is due to an increase in water and sewer expenditures across all departments and decrease in water/sewer revenues.

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Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Buena Vista uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Buena Vista's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Buena Vista's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of FY 2017, the City of Buena Vista's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,043,920, a decrease of \$194,426 in comparison with the prior year. The decrease was the result of unplanned increases in expenditures for the comprehensive services act program and for education. Additionally, increases in wages and benefits for public safety staff exceeded expectations. Cash and cash equivalents decreased as a result of the use of fund balance to fund public safety and public works projects during the year. Approximately 89 percent or \$2,705,145 represents unassigned fund balance that is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been assigned toward such items as 1) for subsequent expenditure in the School Construction Fund 2) for subsequent expenditure in capital projects and special revenue funds 3) for debt service and prepaid expense in the general fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Buena Vista. At the end of FY 2017, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,790,572. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to the general fund total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary funds. The City of Buena Vista's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

- The Water and Sewer fund had a decrease in net position of \$252,556. As discussed earlier, the decrease is primarily due to an increase in the water and sewer expenditures and decrease in water/sewer revenues. The cash position of the Water and Sewer fund had a decrease of \$115,231. The fund began the year with \$1,487,883 unrestricted cash. The fund ended the year with \$1,372,652 in unrestricted cash. The City increased water rates \$2.55 in FY 2012 to cover debt service on the new bond financing and anticipates that water and sewer rates will cover depreciation and other operational expenses for the foreseeable future. For grant purposes, the City keeps the water rate at a level that will not impact households and therefore disqualify the City from grant revenue.
- The golf course has been subsidized by the general fund since it began operation. This has resulted in net position of (\$4,149,026), at June 30, 2017.

Capital project funds. The City's capital project funds are used to account for activities related to City capital projects.

• The Floodwall debt was paid off in FY 2015. The School Construction Fund balance increased \$548 for FY 2017. It was a steady year for revenues and expenditures.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City of Buena Vista's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounts to \$28,769,367 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total decrease in the City of Buena Vista's capital assets for FY 2017 was \$39,527 or .002 percent. The main reason was the annual depreciation expenses.

The City completed a variety of public works projects to include, pavement of City streets, curb and guttering, and water and sewer line replacement. The following is a summary of the City's capital assets. Further information on the City's capital assets can be found at (Note 17-Capital Assets) to the financial statements.

NET OF DEPRECIATION

FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND JUNE 30, 2016										
		Governr Activi					s-type ties		Tot	al
	-	2017	2016	-	2017		2016	2017	_	2016
Land	\$	2,108,097 \$	2,108,097	\$	1,364,900	\$	1,364,900 \$	3,472,997	′\$	3,472,997
Construction in										
Progress		767,168	-		7,750		-	774,918	3	-
Buildings and										
Improvements		8,749,093	9,039,065		501,941		517,528	9,251,034	Ļ	9,556,593
Infrastructure		2,004,459	2,169,290		12,371,547		12,747,711	14,376,006	5	14,917,001
Machinery and										
Equipment		768,161	746,885		126,251		115,418	894,412	2	862,303
Total	\$	14,396,978 \$	14,063,337	\$	14,372,389	\$	14,745,557 \$	28,769,367	′\$	28,808,894

Long – term liabilities. At the end of FY 2017, the City of Buena Vista's primary government had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$25,655,930. This represents a 0.001 percent decrease or \$28,177 from the last fiscal year. The City's bond issuer rating from Moody's is Ba1. Further information on the City's long-term debt can be found at (Note 10-Long-term Obligations) to the financial statements.

		Governm Activiti		Busines: Activit		Tota	al
	-	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
General Obligation Bonds	\$	417,249 \$	440,430 \$	- \$	- \$	417,249 \$	440,430
Lease-Revenue Bonds		-	-	11,084,552	11,136,798	11,084,552	11,136,798
Revenue Bonds		-	-	4,003,500	4,178,500	4,003,500	4,178,500
Literary Loans		1,875,000	2,250,000	-	-	1,875,000	2,250,000
Capital Leases		477,636	289,678	-	-	477,636	289,678
Loan Payable		2,462,382	2,531,282	1,201,840	1,201,840	3,664,222	3,733,122
OPEB		383,726	359,726	100,275	94,275	484,001	454,001
Compensated absences		227,698	250,100	81,624	91,942	309,322	342,042
Net Pension Liability	_	2,779,572	2,302,486	560,876	557,050	3,340,448	2,859,536
Total	\$	8,623,263 \$	8,423,702 \$	17,032,667 \$	17,260,405 \$	25,655,930 \$	25,684,107

CITY OF BUENA VISTA'S LONG-TERM DEBT FOR YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND JUNE 30, 2016

State statutes limit the amount of general bonded debt a governmental entity may issue up to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limit for the City of Buena Vista is approximately \$32,731,346.

Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following factors were considered in preparing the City of Buena Vista's budget for FY 2018.

- Fund balances should be maintained in normal budget operations such that emergency needs may be met and sufficient funds are available to operate before tax proceeds are received.
- The City shall not sacrifice the maintenance of buildings, equipment or infrastructure for new projects or programs.
- The City shall continue to provide adequate employee compensation and training recognizing our workforce is a very important resource. An attractive compensation package helps attract and retain a quality group of employees.
- The City will actively evaluate the adequacy of current user charges for enterprise activities and will adjust rates as necessary to ensure these activities are self-sustaining.
- The City's real estate tax rate remained \$1.21 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The City's personal property tax rate is \$5.85 per \$100 of assessed valuation.
- The City did not make any adjustments to the operation portion of the water rate or the sewer rate. The water rate is \$7.48 per 1000 gallons used and the sewer rate is \$7.44 per 1000 gallons used.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 2039 Sycamore Avenue, Buena Vista, Virginia 24416.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		P	rin	nary Government		Component Unit
	-	Governmental		Business-type		
	-	Activities		Activities	Total	School Board
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,034,563	\$	1,380,011 \$	3,414,574	5 1,132,475
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		1,423,427		-	1,423,427	-
Accounts receivable		262,450		366,889	629,339	15,420
Due from other governmental units		1,145,778			1,145,778	391,895
Due from component unit		246,076		-	246,076	-
Internal balances		59,363		(59,363)	,	-
Inventories		17,433		-	17,433	8,926
Prepaid items		81,726		12,718	94,444	-,
Restricted assets:		01,120		,	0.,	
Cash and cash equivalents		112,412		1,115,809	1,228,221	-
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)				110,299	110,299	-
Net pension asset				-	-	282,106
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						202,100
Land		2,108,097		1,364,900	3,472,997	4,634
Buildings and improvements		8,749,093		501,941	9,251,034	3,916,141
		768,161		126,251	894,412	13,079
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		2,004,459				13,079
		, ,		12,371,547	14,376,006	-
Construction in progress	\$	767,168 19,780,206	- م		774,918	5,764,676
Total assets	Φ_	19,760,200	Φ_	<u>11,290,152</u> φ	37,078,958	o <u> </u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension contributions subsequent to						
measurement date	\$	360,624	\$	72,768 \$	433,392 \$	5 756,473
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		492,123		97,167	589,290	685,778
Total Deferred Ouflows of Resources	\$	852,747	\$	169,935 \$	1,022,682	1,442,251
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	411,186	\$	90,085 \$	501,271 \$	6 168,353
Accrued liabilities	÷	28,137	Ψ	7,254	35,391	809,793
Contracts payable		37,966		-	37,966	
Accrued interest payable		31,252		1,426,912	1,458,164	-
Due to other governmental units		186,984		-	186,984	-
Due to component unit		100,004		_	-	246,076
Deposits held in escrow				71,125	71,125	240,070
Unearned revenue		118,698		71,125	118,698	525
Long-term liabilities:		110,030		_	110,030	525
Due within one year		752,498		9,667,684	10,420,182	140,484
•					15,235,748	10,175,828
Due in more than one year Total liabilities	\$	7,870,765 9,437,486	¢	7,364,983		
I otal habilities	φ_	9,437,400	φ_	18,628,043 \$	28,065,529	5 11,541,059
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	803,720	\$	- \$	803,720 \$	
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	_	78,453		89,786	168,239	358,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$_	882,173	\$_	89,786 \$	971,959 \$	358,000
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,164,709	\$	(271,422) \$	8,893,287 \$	3,933,854
Restricted:	Ψ	3,104,100	Ψ	$(- i), \neg i) \Psi$	0,000,201 4	, 0,000,004
Community development block grant		94,925		-	94,925	-
Repayment of loans payable		112,412		782,330	894,742	-
Unrestricted (deficit)		941,248		(1,760,050)	(818,802)	(8,625,986
Total net position	\$	10,313,294	¢	(1,249,142) \$	9,064,152	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Program Revenu	les	
					Operating		Capital
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services		Contributions		Contributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$	1,451,815 \$	2,583	\$	364,818	\$	-
Judicial administration	Ŷ	860,720	1,669	Ψ	300,520	Ψ	-
Public safety		2,631,032	73,081		552,465		-
Public works		2,064,999	744,410		1,963,751		-
Health and welfare		2,094,471	-		1,345,065		-
Education		3,053,399	_		1,040,000		_
Parks, recreation, and cultural		616,884	94,478		_		_
Community development		483,507	34,470		-		-
Interest on long-term debt			-		-		-
	¢	180,959			4 526 640		-
Total governmental activities	\$	13,437,786 \$	916,221	- ⊅	4,526,619	_⊅_	-
Business-type activities:							
Water and Sewer	\$	2,298,746 \$	2,044,753	\$	-	\$	-
Golf Course		1,061,779	331,401		-		-
Total business-type activities	\$	3,360,525 \$	2,376,154	\$	-	\$	-
Total primary government	\$	16,798,311 \$	3,292,375	\$	4,526,619	\$	-
COMPONENT UNIT:							
School Board	\$	11,499,829 \$	122,284	\$	8,230,624	\$	-
Total component unit	\$	11,499,829 \$			8,230,624		-
	*	<u> </u>		=*=	0,200,021	=*=	
		eneral revenues: General property					
		Other local taxes:					
	```	Local sales and					
		Consumers' util	ity taxes				
		Meals taxes	reference licen	00 to			
		•	rofessional licen	seta	axes		
		Motor vehicle lie					
		Other local taxe		¢			
			nues from use o	r mo	ney and property		
		Miscellaneous	had an a start of the				
			putions not restr	icted	d to specific program	ms	
		ansfers					
		Fotal general reve		rers			
		hange in net posi					
		et position - begir		d			
	N	et position - endir	ng				

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

			Net (Expense) Re			
_		Prir	Changes in Net mary Government	Position	C	omponent Unit
	Governmental		Business-type		0	
	Activities		Activities	Total		School Board
_						
\$	(1,084,414)		- \$	(1,084,414)	\$	-
	(558,531)		-	(558,531)		-
	(2,005,486)		-	(2,005,486)		-
	643,162		-	643,162		-
	(749,406)		-	(749,406)		-
	(3,053,399)		-	(3,053,399)		-
	(522,406)		-	(522,406)		-
	(483,507)		-	(483,507)		-
	(180,959)			(180,959)		-
\$	(7,994,946)	\$	\$	(7,994,946)	\$	
\$	-	\$	(253,993) \$	(253,993)	\$	-
	-		(730,378)	(730,378)		-
\$	-	\$	(984,371) \$	(984,371)	\$	-
\$_	(7,994,946)	\$	(984,371) \$	(8,979,317)	\$	
\$	-	\$	\$	-	\$	(3,146,921)
\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	(3,146,921)
\$	5,905,508	\$	- \$	5,905,508	\$	-
	377,061		-	377,061		-
	263,392		-	263,392		-
	319,870		-	319,870		-
	184,093		-	184,093		-
	168,992		-	168,992		-
	201,057		-	201,057		-
	183,630		902	184,532		149
	160,503		780	161,283		71,272
	973,816		-	973,816		3,020,435
	(270,794)	_	270,794	-		-
\$	8,467,128	\$	272,476 \$	8,739,604		3,091,856
\$	472,182	\$	(711,895) \$	(239,713)	\$	(55,065)
_	9,841,112		(537,247)	9,303,865		(4,637,067)
\$	10,313,294	\$	(1,249,142) \$	9,064,152	\$	(4,692,132)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	_	General		School Construction Fund	(	Other Governmental Funds	 Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	1,959,053	\$	547 \$	\$	74,963 \$	2,034,563
Taxes receivable		1,423,427		-		-	1,423,427
Accounts receivable		206,523		-		55,927	262,450
Due from other funds		357,040		-		-	357,040
Due from other governmental units		1,145,778		-		-	1,145,778
Inventories		17,433		-		-	17,433
Prepaid items		80,908		-		818	81,726
Restricted assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents		112,412		-	_	-	 112,412
Total assets	\$	5,302,574	\$	547 \$	\$_	131,708 \$	 5,434,829
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	375,347	\$	14,374 \$	\$	21,465 \$	411,186
Accrued liabilities		25,917		-		2,220	28,137
Contracts payable		37,966		-		-	37,966
Due to other funds		-		-		51,601	51,601
Due to other governmental units		186,984		-		-	186,984
Unearned revenue		118,698		-		-	 118,698
Total liabilities	\$	744,912	\$	14,374	\$_	75,286 \$	 834,572
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	1,556,337	_\$_	- 9	\$_	\$	 1,556,337
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid items	\$	80,908	\$	- 3	\$	818 \$	81,726
Inventory		17,433		-		-	17,433
Restricted:							
Repayment of loans payable		112,412		-		-	112,412
Community development block grant		-		-		94,925	94,925
Assigned:							
Senior Center		-		-		5,715	5,715
Green Hill Cemetary		-		-		26,564	26,564
Unassigned:							
General fund		2,790,572		-		-	2,790,572
School construction fund		-		(13,827)		-	(13,827)
Parks and recreation		-		-		(71,600)	 (71,600)
Total fund balances	\$	3,001,325	_\$_	(13,827) \$	5	56,422 \$	 3,043,920
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	5,302,574	\$	547	\$_	131,708 \$	 5,434,829

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$	3,043,920
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are no reported in the funds.	ot	14,396,978
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, an reported as unavailable in the funds.	e	674,164
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	'n	360,624
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1, 	(8,162,392)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	10,313,294

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

		General		School Construction Fund		Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES	•		•		•	•	
General property taxes	\$	5,803,302	\$	-	\$	- \$	5,803,302
Other local taxes		1,514,465		-		-	1,514,465
Permits, privilege fees,							
and regulatory licenses		66,319		-		-	66,319
Fines and forfeitures		57,544		-		-	57,544
Revenue from the use of							
money and property		48,430		18,233		116,967	183,630
Charges for services		746,505		-		45,853	792,358
Miscellaneous		156,409		-		4,094	160,503
Recovered costs		23,173		-		7,614	30,787
Intergovernmental:							
Local government		-		193,474		-	193,474
Commonwealth		5,102,195		-		-	5,102,195
Federal		204,766		-	_	-	204,766
Total revenues	\$	13,723,108	\$	211,707	\$	174,528 \$	14,109,343
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government administration	\$	1,198,390	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,198,390
Judicial administration		844,801		-		-	844,801
Public safety		2,647,082		-		-	2,647,082
Public works		2,843,347		-		-	2,843,347
Health and welfare		2,105,861		-		9,281	2,115,142
Education		2,812,881		-		-	2,812,881
Parks, recreation, and cultural		148,450		-		466,666	615,116
Community development		491,121		-		-	491,121
Capital projects		-		55		-	55
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		68,900		442,965		-	511,865
Interest and other fiscal charges		112,644		73,273		-	185,917
Total expenditures	\$	13,273,477	\$	516,293	\$	475,947 \$	14,265,717
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$	449,631	\$	(304,586)	\$	(301,419) \$	(156,374)
(and of) experiataree	Ψ	110,001	Ψ_	(001,000)	Ψ-	<u>(001,110)</u> ψ	(100,071)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$	10,000	\$	305,134	\$	294,858 \$	609,992
Transfers out		(870,786)		-		(10,000)	(880,786)
Issuance of capital leases		232,742		-		-	232,742
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(628,044)	\$	305,134	\$	284,858 \$	(38,052)
Not observe in fund holes and	¢	(470 440)	ሱ	E 40	ሱ	(40 504) 0	(404 400)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(178,413)	Ф	548	Ф	(16,561) \$	(194,426)
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	<u> </u>	3,179,738		(14,375)		72,983	3,238,346
Fund balances - ending	\$	3,001,325	⇒_	(13,827)	\$	56,422 \$	3,043,920

### City of Buena Vista, Virginia

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(194,426)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		333,641
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	ł	331,947
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	t t า	279,123
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financia resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	I _	(278,103)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$_	472,182

			En	terprise Funds	
		Water &		Golf	
		Sewer		Course	
	_	Fund	_	Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,372,652	\$	7,359 \$	1,380,011
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		365,049		1,840	366,889
Prepaid expenses		9,845		2,873	12,718
Total current assets	\$	1,747,546	\$	12,072 \$	1,759,618
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,115,809	\$	- \$	1,115,809
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)	_	-		110,299	110,299
Total restricted assets	\$	1,115,809	۶ <u> </u>	110,299 \$	1,226,108
Capital assets: Land	\$		\$	1,364,900 \$	1,364,900
Buildings	φ		φ	722,543	722,543
Equipment		390,593		455,722	846,315
Infrastructure		16,623,285		5,854,800	22,478,085
Construction in progress		7,750		-	7,750
Accumulated depreciation		(10,094,997)		(952,207)	(11,047,204)
Total capital assets	\$		\$	7,445,758 \$	14,372,389
Total noncurrent assets	\$	8,042,440	\$	7,556,057 \$	15,598,497
Total assets	\$	9,789,986	\$	7,568,129 \$	17,358,115
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	62,222	\$	10,546 \$	72,768
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	. —	83,008	. —	14,159	97,167
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	145,230	\$	24,705 \$	169,935
Current liabilities:	¢	72 560	ድ	10 510 0	00.095
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	73,569 5,377	Φ	16,516 \$ 1,877	90,085 7,254
Due to other funds		5,577		59,363	59,363
Accrued interest payable		85,761		1,341,151	1,426,912
Customer deposits		71,125		-	71,125
Other obligations - current portion		-		1,201,840	1,201,840
Bonds payable - current portion		148,489		8,256,137	8,404,626
Compensated absences - current portion		29,296		31,922	61,218
Total current liabilities	\$	413,617	\$	10,908,806 \$	11,322,423
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	5,968,720	\$	714,706 \$	6,683,426
Net OPEB obligation		81,701		18,574	100,275
Compensated absences - net of current portion		9,765		10,641	20,406
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	¢	479,587	<u>م</u>	81,289	560,876
Total liabilities	\$	6,539,773		825,210 \$	7,364,983
Total habilities	Ф	6,953,390	φ	11,734,016 \$	18,687,406
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$	81,942	\$	7,844 \$	89,786
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	81,942	_	7,844 \$	89,786
	Ψ_	0.,012	۰	<u> </u>	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,253,663	\$	(1,525,085) \$	(271,422)
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants		672,031		110,299	782,330
Unrestricted	_	974,190		(2,734,240)	(1,760,050)
Total net position	\$	2,899,884	\$	(4,149,026) \$	(1,249,142)
	_				

Exhibit 7

			En	terprise Funds	
		Water &		•	
		Sewer		Golf	
		Fund		Course	Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Water revenues	\$	1,046,265	\$	- \$	1,046,265
Sewer revenues		885,283		-	885,283
Penalties		52,028		-	52,028
Course fees		-		123,224	123,224
Golf cart rentals		-		171,864	171,864
Golf clubs and balls		-		12,378	12,378
Meter service charges		45,132		-	45,132
Reconnection fees and other charges		16,045		-	16,045
Food and beverage sales		-		23,935	23,935
Miscellaneous	_	535		245	780
Total operating revenues	\$	2,045,288	\$	331,646 \$	2,376,934
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	\$	681,589	\$	219,305 \$	900,894
Fringe benefits		236,674		67,150	303,824
Contractual services		73,942		-	73,942
Other charges		516,099		187,537	703,636
Depreciation		408,377		49,009	457,386
Rentals and leases	_	2,833		-	2,833
Total operating expenses	\$	1,919,514	\$	523,001 \$	2,442,515
Operating income (loss)	\$	125,774	\$	(191,355) \$	(65,581)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest revenue	\$	902	\$	- \$	902
Interest expense		(329,004)	-	(538,778)	(867,782)
Nutrient credit purchase		(50,228)		-	(50,228)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(378,330)	\$	(538,778) \$	(917,108)
Income before transfers	\$	(252,556)	\$	(730,133) \$	(982,689)
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	270,794 \$	270,794
Change in net position	\$	(252,556)	\$	(459,339) \$	(711,895)
Total net position - beginning		3,152,440		(3,689,687)	(537,247)
Total net position - ending	\$	2,899,884	\$	(4,149,026) \$	(1,249,142)
				·· · / ·	, <i>, , , ,</i>

#### Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

		F	nterprise Funds	
		Water &		
		Sewer	Golf	
		Fund	Course	Total
		Fund	Course	TOTAL
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,088,989 \$	331,138 \$	2,420,127
Payments to suppliers		(598,560)	(189,510)	(788,070)
Payments to employees		(972,624)	(293,405)	(1,266,029)
Other receipts (payments)		535	-	535
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	518,340 \$	(151,777) \$	366,563
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from other funds	\$	- \$	270,794 \$	270,794
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing				
activities	\$	\$	270,794 \$	270,794
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets	\$	(84,218) \$	- \$	(84,218)
Purchase of nutrient credits		(50,228)	-	(50,228)
Principal payments on bonds		(195,081)	(32,165)	(227,246)
Interest expense		(331,834)	(86,473)	(418,307)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related		· · ·	<u> </u>	
financing activities	\$	(661,361) \$	(118,638) \$	(779,999)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(142,119) \$	379 \$	(141,740)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning, including restricted cash of \$1,142,697 and \$116,463, respectively	_	2,630,580	117,279	2,747,859
Cash and cash equivalents - ending, including				
restricted cash of \$1,115,809 and \$110,299, respectively	\$	2,488,461 \$	117,658 \$	2,606,119
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	125,774 \$	(191,355) \$	(65,581)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	408,377 \$	49,009 \$	457,386
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	Ŷ	41,361	(508)	40,853
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(36,646)	(690)	(37,336)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(8,969)	(1,349)	(10,318)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		5,100	900	6,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(5,686)	(1,973)	(7,659)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		2,875	(1,575)	2,875
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(26,120)	(10,459)	(36,579)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(20,120) 15,464		13,096
			(2,368)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	<u>م</u>	(3,190)	7,016	3,826
Total adjustments	\$	392,566 \$	39,578 \$\$	432,144
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	Ф_	518,340 \$	(151,777) \$	366,563

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

	-	Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust		Agency Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$_	13,428	\$	2,153
Total assets	\$_	13,428	\$	2,153
LIABILITIES				
Amounts held for social services clients	\$_	-	\$	2,153
Total liabilities	\$_	-	\$	2,153
<b>NET POSITION</b> Restricted for grant awards	\$_	13,428	=	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

	-	Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Donations	\$_	3,693
Total contributions	\$	3,693
Investment earnings:	_	
Interest	\$_	2
Total investment earnings	\$_	2
Total additions	\$_	3,695
DEDUCTIONS		
Grants awarded	\$	2,671
Administrative expenses		25
Total deductions	\$_	2,696
Change in net position	\$	999
Net position - beginning	_	12,429
Net position - ending	\$	13,428

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

# A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Buena Vista, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected sevenmember City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

**Blended Component Units** – The City has no blended component units for the year ended June 30, 2017.

**Discretely Presented Component Units** – The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the City's discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

The Buena Vista City School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the City. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The Buena Vista City School Board does not prepare separate financial statements.

The Buena Vista City School Board maintains an internal service fund entitled Health Insurance Fund that has been included in the discretely presented component unit financial statements. The purpose of this fund is to disclose the School Board's self-insured health insurance transactions for the fiscal year as required by GASB 10.

## **Other Organizations:**

## Included in the City's Financial Report: None

### Excluded from the City's Financial Report:

## Rockbridge Area Community Services Board:

The Rockbridge Area Community Services Board is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. The Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge provide the financial support for the Board and appoint its governing Board in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Board's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Rockbridge Area Community Services Board.

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

### A. Financial Reporting Entity (continued)

### Other Organizations: (continued)

### Maury Service Authority:

The Maury Service Authority is responsible for acquiring, financing, constructing, and maintaining facilities for the improvement, treatment, storage and transmission of potable water. The Maury Service Authority is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. The Cities of Buena Vista and Lexington and the County of Rockbridge appoint the Board of Directors and each provides substantially all of the Authority's revenues. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements of the Maury Service Authority are available at the Authority's office in Lexington, Virginia.

### Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission:

The Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission is a regional board organized to manage and confine prisoners from the localities of Lexington, Buena Vista, and Rockbridge County. The City of Buena Vista, City of Lexington, and the County of Rockbridge each appoint one member to the Commission. The Commission is considered an intergovernmental (joint) venture and therefore its operations are not included in the City's financial statements. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements of the Rockbridge County Regional Jail Commission are available at the Rockbridge County Jail, 258 Greenhouse Road, Lexington, VA 24450.

### Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center:

The Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center is organized for the purpose of establishing a mutually beneficial basis for the use and operation of a consolidated public safety dispatch center for the County of Rockbridge and Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista, Virginia. The Cities of Buena Vista and Lexington and the County of Rockbridge appoint the Board of Directors and each provides substantially all of the Center's revenues. The Center is not included in these financial statements because the City does not have ability to designate the management and exercise significant control over the operations of the entity. Summary financial information is included in Note 5 of these financial statements. Complete financial statements of the Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center are available at the Center's office in Lexington, Virginia.

### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business–type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expenses – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories – 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

## B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the City, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the City.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

*Capital project funds* account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Major capital project funds consist of the School Construction Fund.

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water and Sewer Fund* operates the sewage treatment plants, sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the water distribution system.

The Golf Course Fund operates the golf course constructed by the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of the specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures. Senior Center, Park and Recreation, and Green Hill Cemetery funds are nonmajor special revenue funds of the City.

Capital projects funds account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The Community Development Block Grant fund is a nonmajor capital projects fund of the City.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The City's two fiduciary funds are the Special Welfare fund and the Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust. The Special Welfare fund maintains funds belonging to individuals, primarily children, in the care of the local social services agency. The Blues Education Foundation Private-Purpose Trust consists of funds held in trust to be used to award grants to selected recipients. All resources of the Private-purpose trust, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support charitable and educational grant activities. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Buena Vista, Virginia's own programs.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer and golf course functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer and Golf Course funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. The principal operating revenues of the government's internal service fund are charges to funds for services. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of service and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

### D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposits (CDs) and external investment pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

### 2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

## 3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are also payable in two installments on June 5th and December 5th. The City bills and collects its own property taxes.

### 4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The City calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$212,379 at June 30, 2017 and is comprised of property tax and water and sewer receivables of \$118,306, and \$94,073, respectively.

### 5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

# D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

### 6. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

The City has elected to record infrastructure costs beginning with costs incurred in 1980. No infrastructure costs prior to 1980 have been recorded.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current or previous year.

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government's governmental activities, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Governmental Activities				
Buildings	50 years				
Building improvements	50 years				
Infrastructure, lines, and	accessories 30-50 years				
Machinery and equipmen	t 5-10 years				

Property, plant and equipment and infrastructure purchased by the Enterprise Funds are stated at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated property is recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Depreciation has been provided over the following estimated useful lives using the straight-line method:

<u>Assets</u>	Enterprise Funds
Water/sewer infrastructure	30-50 years
Equipment (all proprietary)	8-10 years
Golf Course	50 years

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

# D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

## 7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The City accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## 8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

## 9. Fund equity

The City reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, funds must be committed through action by City Council, its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority; City Council has delegated this authority to the City Manager.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

# D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

## 9. Fund equity (continued)

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the City's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

### 10. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

### 11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

## 12. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

### 13. Restricted Assets

The enterprise funds maintain restricted cash for debt service that are limited by applicable bond covenants. At June 30, 2017 the general, golf, and water and sewer funds had restricted cash for debt service of \$112,412, \$110,299, and \$671,568, respectively. Additionally, the water and sewer fund had unspent bond proceeds of \$444,241.

As of June 30, 2017 the City was not in compliance with the bond agreement for the Series 2005A lease revenue bonds for the golf course fund. The 2005A bond agreement indicates that the City is required to maintain the lesser of the maximum annual debt services on the bonds or 10% of the stated principal amount of the bonds in a debt service reserve account. At year end the balance in the restricted debt service account was \$110,299.

# NOTE 1—SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (CONTINUED)

# D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position/fund balance (continued)

### 14. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items to report in this category. One item is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset or liability. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The other item is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset or liability measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to or a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of items that gualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset or liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include the difference between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

## 15. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the City's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

# A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balances—total governmental funds* and *net position—governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statements of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of these \$(8,162,392) and \$(9,630,534) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

Government Unit	
Sevenment entry	
Bonds payable \$ (417,249) \$	-
Accrued interest payable (31,252)	-
Net OPEB obligation (383,726) (496,0	00)
Capital leases (477,636)	-
Loans payable and literary loan (4,337,382)	-
Compensated absences (227,698) (187,3	12)
Net pension liability (2,779,572) (9,633,0	00)
Items related to measurement of net pension liability 492,123 685,7	78
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental funds to arrive at net position-	
governmental activities \$ (8,162,392) \$ (9,630,5	34)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds." The details of these \$674,164 and \$(358,000) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

	Primary	Component
	Government	Unit
Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$	752,617 \$	-
Items related to measurement of net pension asset/liability	(78,453)	(358,000)
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) <i>net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds</i> to arrive at		
changes in net position of governmental activities \$	674,164 \$	(358,000)

# NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

# B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances—total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of these \$333,641 and \$(84,354) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary	Component
	_	Government	Unit
Capital outlay	\$	964,225 \$	60,688
Depreciation expense		(390,121)	(385,505)
Allocation of debt financed school assets	_	(240,463)	240,463
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at			
changes in net position of governmental activities	\$_	333,641 \$	(84,354)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$279,123 difference in the primary government are as follows:

		Primary Government
Debt issued or incurred:	_	
Issuance of capital lease	\$	(232,742)
Principal repayments:		
General obligation debt		23,181
Loans payable and literary loan		443,900
Capital leases	_	44,784
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-total		
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of		
governmental activities	\$_	279,123

# NOTE 2—RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these \$(278,103) and \$(354,498) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary	Component
		Government	Unit
Compensated absences	\$	22,402 \$	187,643
Net OPEB obligation		(24,000)	(61,000)
Accrued interest payable		4,958	-
Net pension liability		(477,086)	(1,018,000)
Net pension asset		-	(116,810)
Deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent			
to the measurement date		(30,794)	25,891
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	_	226,417	627,778
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in func	1		
balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in new	t		
position of governmental activities	\$_	(278,103) \$	(354,498)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds." The details of these \$331,947 and \$396,085 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary Government	Component Unit
	-		Onit
Property taxes	\$	102,206 \$	-
Changes in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability	_	229,741	396,085
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	-		
position of governmental activities	\$	331,947 \$	396,085

# NOTE 3—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

### A. Budgetary information

- 1. Prior to April 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budgets include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriations ordinance.
- 4. The Appropriations Ordinance places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. The appropriation for each department can be revised only by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between the school system's departments without the approval of the City Council.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Proprietary Funds.
- 6. Budgets for all funds are legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. All appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 8. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes both the original and the amended budget for the year ended June 30, 2017. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year.
- 9. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General, Park and Recreation, Emergency 911, Senior Center, School Construction, Flood Protection, Water and Sewer, Golf Course, School Operating and School Cafeteria Funds. The legal level of control, the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations, is the departmental level.
- 10. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the City's accounting system.

### B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the following funds incurred expenditures exceeding appropriations:

		Excess
		Expenditures
		over
Fund		Appropriations
General	\$	90,406
Park and Recreation		96,255
Senior Center Fund		5,381
School Construction	_	53,529
Total All Funds	\$	245,571
	-	

# NOTE 3—STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY: (CONTINUED)

## C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2017, the parks and recreation, golf course, and school construction funds had deficit fund equity of \$70,782, \$4,149,026, and \$13,827 respectively.

# NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

### Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the state Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

## Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

The City of Buena Vista sets forth the following authorized investments to mitigate custodial credit risk. Whereas, authorized investments for public funds are limited to those set forth in Chapter 18, Section 2.2-4501 of the Code of Virginia. Investment vehicles for the City of Buena Vista shall be further restricted in consideration of the size of the portfolio and the absence of professional investment personnel. The City's investment policy for credit risk is consistent with the investments allowed by statutes as detailed above. The City does not have a formal policy for investment-related risk.

City's Rated Debt Investments' Values					
Rated Debt Investments		Fair Quality Ratings			
	_	AAAm			
Local Government					
Investment Pool	\$	14,845			
Total	\$	14,845			

# NOTE 4—DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED):

### External Investment Pool

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio under the provisions of GASB Statements No. 79. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

### Interest Rate Risk

The City invests funds in low risk investments backed by U.S. government agencies.

	Fair Value	Less than 1 yr	<u>1-5 years</u>	<u>6-10 years</u>	<u>10+ years</u>
LGIP	\$ 14,845	\$ 14,845 \$		\$ 	6

# NOTE 5—JOINT VENTURES:

As described in Note 1-A, the following boards are construed as operating as joint ventures between the Cities of Lexington and Buena Vista and the County of Rockbridge. Summary financial information for the Boards at June 30, 2017 is provided below:

							Rockbridge
				Rockbridge			Regional
		Maury		County		Rockbridge Area	Public Safety
		Service		Regional Jail		Community	Communications
	_	Authority (1)	_	Commission	_	Services Board (1)	 Center
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	40,045,761 \$	\$	3,684,989	\$	8,387,808	\$ 6,510,732
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	15,702,707	_	1,723,401	_	5,262,836	 6,216,759
Total net position	\$	24,343,054 \$	5	1,961,588	\$	3,124,972	\$ 293,973
For the year ended June 30, 2017	-				•		
Operating revenue	\$	2,816,879 \$	5	3,270,292	\$	4,290,086	\$ 219,003
Operating expenses		(3,265,818)		(3,446,033)		(7,349,343)	(1,678,702)
Nonoperating income (expense)	_	1,225,263	_	9,970	_	3,312,570	1,588,750
Change in net position	\$	776,324 \$	5	(165,771)	\$	253,313	\$ 129,051
Net position at beginning of year		23,566,730	_	2,127,359		2,871,659	 164,922
Net position at end of year	\$	24,343,054 \$	6	1,961,588	\$	3,124,972	\$ 293,973

(1) Information provided for these entities is as of June 30, 2016, and for the year then ended. Final reported amounts for fiscal year 2017 were not available prior to the City's report release date.

# NOTE 6—DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government	Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board
Federal Government:		
Categorical aid - welfare	\$ 5,605 \$	- ÷
Categorical aid - Edward Byrne Memorial JAG	3,500	-
Categorical aid - victim witness grant	15,652	-
Categorical aid - Seized funds	3,181	-
Categorical aid - IDEA part B section 611		
special education	-	73,355
Categorical aid - title I	-	34,452
Categorical aid - title II part A	-	8,547
Categorical aid - twenty-first century	-	63,314
Categorical aid - title VI	-	3,500
Categorical aid - vocational education	-	17,200
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Local sales tax	-	191,527
State sales tax	64,977	-
Personal property tax relief funds	374,445	-
Categorical aid - street maintenance	275,135	-
Communications tax	48,909	-
Comprehensive Service Act funds -		
Rockbridge County	289,000	-
Other state funds	65,374	
Totals	\$\$	391,895

# NOTE 7—DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

During fiscal year 2013 the City entered into an agreement with the County of Rockbridge, Virginia and the City of Lexington, Virginia in order to fund certain renovation improvements to the Rockbridge County Regional Jail. The agreement stipulates that each locality shall be responsible for a portion of the debt issued to finance the project. The City of Lexington serves as fiscal agent for the project and as such, will pay the annual debt service. The participating localities will reimburse the City of Lexington for the debt service. As of June 30, 2017 the portion of the debt allocable to the City of Buena Vista, Virginia amounted to \$186,984.

# NOTE 8—INTERFUND OBLIGATIONS:

Fund		Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds		Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit
	• •	Other Funds		Other Funds		Unit	 Unit
Primary Government:							
General Fund	\$	-	\$	110,964	\$	-	\$ 246,076
Park and Recreation Fund		51,601		-		-	-
Golf Course	_	59,363		-	_	-	 -
Total Primary Government	\$	110,964	\$	110,964	\$	-	\$ 246,076
Component Unit-School Board:	•		- ' -				 · · · · ·
School Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	246,076	\$ -
Total Component Unit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	246,076	\$ -
Total reporting entity	\$	110,964	\$	110,964	\$	246,076	\$ 246,076

The amount receivable from the component unit School Fund relates to cash necessary to cover the balance of local appropriations overspent at year-end due back from the School Fund. The amounts payable to the General Fund resulted from cash advances to the Park and Recreation Fund and Golf Course Fund.

# NOTE 9—INTERFUND TRANSFERS:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Fund		Transfers In	Transfers Out
Primary Government:			
Governmental activities:			
General Fund	\$	10,000	\$ 870,786
Park Activities Fund		294,858	-
School Construction Fund		305,134	-
Green Hill Cemetery Fund		-	 10,000
Total governmental activities	\$	609,992	\$ 880,786
Business-type activities:			
Golf Course Fund	\$_	270,794	\$ -
Total business-type activities	\$_	270,794	\$ -
Total primary government	\$_	880,786	\$ 880,786

During the year, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

# NOTE 9—INTERFUND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED):

The following table provides the purposes of interfund transfers throughout the year:

Transfers to/from other funds:

Transfer to the General Fund from the Green Hill Cemetery Fund: to fund capital projects	′ \$	10,000
Transfer to the Park and Recreation Fund from the Genera Fund: to supplement Park and Recreation Fund operations	I	294,858
Transfer to School Construction Fund from the Genera Fund: to fund debt service payments for long-term obligations	I	305,134
Transfer to the Golf Course Fund from the General Fund to supplement Golf Course Fund operations Total transfers	-	270,794 880,786

## NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

### Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the City's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2017.

	Balance		Increases/		Decreases/		Balance	
	 July 1, 2016		Issuances		Retirements		June 30, 2017	
Governmental activities obligations:								
General obligation bonds	\$ 440,430	\$	-	\$	23,181	\$	417,249	
Literary loan	2,250,000		-		375,000		1,875,000	
Capital leases	289,678		232,742		44,784		477,636	
Loans payable	2,531,282		-		68,900		2,462,382	
Net OPEB obligation	359,726		60,000		36,000		383,726	
Compensated absences	250,100		165,173		187,575		227,698	
Net pension liability	2,302,486		1,385,725		908,639		2,779,572	
Total governmental activities obligations	\$ 8,423,702	\$	1,843,640	\$	1,644,079	\$	8,623,263	

For governmental activities, net pension liability, compensated absences and the net OPEB obligation are generally liquidated in the General and Parks and Recreation Funds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

# NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

# Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	_	General Obligation Bonds				
June 30,		Principal	Principal			
2018	\$	23,181	\$	19,583		
2019		23,181		19,583		
2020		23,181		19,583		
2021		23,181		19,583		
2022		23,181		19,583		
2023		23,181		19,583		
2024		23,181		19,583		
2025		23,181		19,583		
2026		23,181		19,583		
2027		23,181		19,583		
2028		23,181		19,583		
2029		23,181		19,583		
2030		23,181		19,583		
2031		23,181		19,583		
2032		23,181		19,583		
2033		23,181		19,583		
2034		23,181		19,583		
2035	_	23,172	_	9,791		
Totals	\$	417,249	\$	342,702		

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# NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

# Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (continued)

Year											
Ending		Literary F	unc	d Loan		Capita	al Le	eases		Loans Pa	ayable
June 30,		Principal		Interest	• •	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest
2018	\$	375,000	\$	37,500	\$	120,444	\$	17,066	\$	63,099 \$	100,329
2019		375,000		30,000		125,158		12,352		65,788	97,640
2020		375,000		22,500		129,714		7,795		68,594	94,834
2021		375,000		15,000		50,404		3,070		71,523	91,905
2022		375,000		7,500		51,916		1,558		72,493	89,209
2023		-		-		-		-		77,134	87,234
2024		-		-		-		-		80,613	83,755
2025		-		-		-		-		84,256	80,112
2026		-		-		-		-		88,072	76,296
2027		-		-		-		-		92,069	72,300
2028		-		-		-		-		96,255	68,113
2029		-		-		-		-		100,640	63,728
2030		-		-		-		-		86,831	58,953
2031		-		-		-		-		79,079	56,114
2032		-		-		-		-		82,295	52,898
2033		-		-		-		-		85,645	49,548
2034		-		-		-		-		89,135	46,058
2035		-		-		-		-		92,770	42,423
2036		-		-		-		-		96,558	38,636
2037		-		-		-		-		100,504	34,690
2038		-		-		-		-		104,615	30,579
2039		-		-		-		-		108,898	26,295
2040		-		-		-		-		113,361	21,832
2041		-		-		-		-		118,012	17,182
2042		-		-		-		-		122,858	12,335
2043		-		-		-		-		127,909	7,285
2044	_	-		-		-		-	_	93,376	2,021
Totals	\$	1,875,000	\$	112,500	\$	477,636	\$	41,841	\$_	2,462,382 \$	1,502,304

# NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

# Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

	Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Indebtedness:		
General Obligation Bonds:		
\$509,973 School Tax Credit Bonds, Series 2012-1, dated September 26, 2012 maturing annually with principal payments of \$23,181 through December 1, 2034, with interest payable semi-annually at a rate of 1.9%.		
Interest is reimbursed by a federal interest subsidy.	<u> </u>	23,181
Total general obligation bonds \$	<u> </u>	23,181
Loans Payable: \$7,500,000 issued February 2, 2000, due in annual installments of \$375,000 plus interest at 2%, through 2022.	6 1,875,000 \$	375,000
\$1,800,000 loan payable dated March 5, 2009, due in annual installments of \$109,179 including interest at 5% through 2044.	1,587,259	35,802
\$700,000 loan payable dated March 5, 2009, due in annual installments of \$42,459 including interest at 5% through 2044.	615,030	11,451
\$300,000 loan payable dated October 1, 2014, issued to finance the purchase of real property, due in monthly installments of \$2,431 including interest at 4.875% through October 1, 2029.	260,093	15,846
Total loans payable \$	<u>4,337,382</u> \$	438,099

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

# NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

### Primary Government-Governmental Activities Obligations (continued)

Details of long-term obligations (continued)

	Total	Amount Due Within
_	Amount	One Year
Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (continued)		
Capital Leases:		
\$294,292 capital lease for school buses, dated July 7, 2015, due in annual payment of \$53,474, including interest at 3% through August 15, 2021.	244,895	\$46,127_
\$97,045 capital lease for police cars, dated July 27, 2016, due in annual payment of \$35,107, including interest at 4%, through 2020.	97,044	30,860
\$135,697 capital lease for a refuse truck, dated July 8, 2016, due in annual payment of \$48,929, including interest at 4%, through 2020.	135,697	43,457
Sub-total capital leases \$_	477,636	\$120,444
Net OPEB Obligation \$_	383,726	\$
Compensated absences (payable from the General and Park and Recreation Funds) \$_	227,698	\$170,774
Net pension liability	2,779,572	
Total governmental activities obligations	8,623,263	\$752,498

### Primary Government-Business-type Activities Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for the City's enterprise funds for the year ended June 30, 2017:

		Balance July 1, 2016	Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements		Balance June 30, 2017
Business-type activities obligations:	-	<b>,</b> ,	 	-		• •	
Revenue bonds	\$	4,178,500	\$ -	\$	175,000	\$	4,003,500
Lease-revenue bonds		11,136,798	-		52,246		11,084,552
Other obligations		1,201,840	-		-		1,201,840
Net OPEB obligations		94,275	15,000		9,000		100,275
Compensated absences		91,942	58,639		68,957		81,624
Net pension liability		557,050	264,099		260,273		560,876
Total business-type obligations	\$	17,260,405	\$ 337,738	\$	565,476	\$	17,032,667

Compensated absences are generally liquidated in the water/sewer fund and golf course fund based on which fund incurred the related liability.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

# NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

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# Primary Government-Business-type Activities Obligations (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	-	Revenue Bonds/Other Obligation					
June 30,		Principal	Interest				
2018	\$	9,606,466 \$	366,920				
2019		147,135	359,091				
2020		254,760	352,304				
2021		267,505	339,565				
2022		280,377	326,187				
2023		293,380	312,165				
2024		306,522	297,493				
2025		324,807	280,107				
2026		343,244	261,670				
2027		361,838	242,176				
2028		385,598	221,616				
2029		404,530	198,184				
2030		433,644	173,594				
2031		457,945	147,193				
2032		716,008	119,294				
2033		107,151	74,613				
2034		112,074	69,690				
2035		117,223	64,541				
2036		122,608	59,156				
2037		128,240	53,524				
2038		134,132	47,632				
2039		140,294	41,470				
2040		146,739	35,025				
2041		153,480	28,284				
2042		160,531	21,233				
2043		167,905	13,859				
2044		175,619 6,1					
2045	_	40,137	290				
Total	\$	16,289,892 \$	4,513,021				

# NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

Details of long-term obligations:

		Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities Indebtedness:	_		
Revenue Bonds: \$4,765,000, Series 2011A Revenue Bond, dated July 14, 2011, maturing semi-annually through 2032 with interest payable at rates varying from 3.625% to 6.500%. Principal payments vary from \$90,000 to \$615,000.		4,003,500 \$	115,000
\$3,300,000 Rural Development Revenue Bond, Series 2004, dated November 18, 2004, issued through the Industrial Development Authority of Buena Vista at 4.50% interest per annum. Monthly payments of principal and interest of \$15,147 are due through September 18, 2044.			
September 18, 2044. \$9,205,000 Lease-Revenue Bond, Series 2005A, dated April 14, 2005 issued through the Public Recreation Facilities Authority of Buena Vista at interest rates from 4.125% to 5.500% per annum. Semi- annual interest payments commence January 1, 2006 through maturity. Annual principal payments ranging from \$180,000 to \$630,000 commence July 1, 2010 through July 1, 2035. The City has ceased paying rent payments to the Public Recreational Facilities Authority of Buena Vista and the bonds are in default of the debt agreement. The full principal balance of the bonds is classified as current because violation of the debt agreement makes the full obligation callable by the lender. See Note 22 for additional information on events related to these bonds. Sub-total revenue bonds		2,849,552 8,235,000 15,088,052 \$	54,626 8,235,000 8,404,626
Other Obligations: Forbearance agreement dated July 18, 2011 for the deferral of 50% of the annual debt service on the Series 2005A lease revenue bond for fiscal years 2012 through 2016. The Deferred payments are payable to the bond insurer, ACA, in semi-annual installments commencing July 1, 2035 through January 1, 2040. See Note 22 for additional information on events related to this agreement. Net OPEB obligation	\$_ \$_	<u>1,201,840</u> \$ <u>100,275</u> \$	1,201,840
Compensated absences (payable from the Water and Sewer and Golf Course Funds)	\$_	81,624_\$	61,218
Net pension liability Total business-type activities indebtedness	\$	<u>560,876</u> \$ <u>17,032,667</u> \$	- 9,667,684

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

# NOTE 10—LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (CONTINUED)

### Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Discretely Presented Component Unit—School Board for the year ended June 30, 2017.

			Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements		Balance June 30, 2017
General Long-Term Obligations				-			
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 435,000	\$	251,000	\$	190,000	\$	496,000
Compensated absences	374,955		93,573		281,216		187,312
Net pension liability	8,615,000		2,166,000		1,148,000		9,633,000
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 9,424,955	\$	2,510,573	\$	1,619,216	\$	10,316,312

Details of Long-term Indebtedness:

			Amount Due
		Total	Within
		Amount	 One Year
Net OPEB obligation	\$	496,000	\$ -
Compensated absences (payable from the School Fund)	\$	187,312	\$ 140,484
Net pension liability	\$	9,633,000	\$ -
Total Long-term obligations, Discretely Presented Componen	t		
Unit - School Board	\$_	10,316,312	\$ 140,484

## NOTE 11—CAPITAL LEASES:

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing a street sweeper, general equipment, and school buses. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore, have been recorded at the present values of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

		Governmental Activities
Asset:	•	
Machinery and Equipment	\$	747,037
Less: Accumulated depreciation	_	(309,375)
Total	\$	437,662

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

	Governmental
Year Ended June 30,	 Activities
2018	\$ 137,510
2019	137,510
2020	137,510
2021	53,474
2022	53,474
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 519,478
Less: Amount representing interest	 (41,842)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 477,636

# NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN:

# Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the City and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multipleemployer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	<ul> <li>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan</li> <li>The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members")</li> <li>The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.</li> <li>The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.</li> </ul>	

# NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

# Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)	
		<ul> <li>In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Eligible Members</li> <li>Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</li> <li>Hybrid Opt-In Election</li> <li>VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</li> <li>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</li> <li>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Eligible Members</li> <li>Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</li> <li>Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members returned to work during the election window, they were allow If eligible deferred members returned to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Eligible Members</li> <li>Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: <ul> <li>Political subdivision employees*</li> <li>School division employees</li> <li>Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.</li> </ul> </li> <li>*Non-Eligible Members</li> <li>Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: <ul> <li>Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

# NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

# Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.	
<b>Retirement Contributions</b> Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees are paying the full 5% as of July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component. Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	<ul> <li>Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.</li> <li>After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.</li> <li>After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.</li> <li>After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.</li> <li>Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.</li> </ul>	
<b>Calculating the Benefit</b> The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	<b>Calculating the Benefit</b> See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
<b>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)</b> An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
<ul> <li>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.</li> <li>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.</li> </ul>	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.	
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.	
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving	
		employment, subject to restrictions.	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 2. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Not applicable. <u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	
<ul> <li>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:</li> <li>The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.</li> <li>The member retires on disability.</li> <li>The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).</li> <li>The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.</li> <li>The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.</li> </ul>	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt- ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one- year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work- related disability benefits.	
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	<ul> <li>Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:</li> <li>Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.</li> <li>The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.</li> <li>Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.</li> <li>Defined Contribution <u>Component:</u> Not applicable.</li> </ul>	

#### Plan Description (Continued)

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf</u> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	69	21
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	6	5
Non-vested inactive members	8	21
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	28	8
Total inactive members	42	34
Active members	73	22
Total covered employees	184	77

#### Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 13.17% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$433,392 and \$456,213 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 0.04% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

#### NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$136 and \$7,034 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

#### Net Pension Liability/Asset

The City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability/asset were measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability/asset were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2015, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

#### Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% – 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

#### NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the City's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

#### NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Primary Government Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	. <u> </u>	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$	17,530,647	\$	14,671,111	\$_	2,859,536	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	370,108	\$	-	\$	370,108	
Interest		1,193,493		-		1,193,493	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		(234,737)		-		(234,737)	
Contributions - employer		-		456,213		(456,213)	
Contributions - employee		-		152,926		(152,926)	
Net investment income		-		248,114		(248,114)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(961,506)		(961,506)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(9,194)		9,194	
Other changes		-		(107)		107	
Net changes	\$	367,358	\$_	(113,554)	\$_	480,912	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	17,898,005	\$	14,557,557	\$	3,340,448	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

#### NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Changes in Net Pension (Asset)

	 Component School Board (nonprofessional) Increase (Decrease)					
	 Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	<u></u>	Net Pension (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 1,370,348	\$	1,769,264	\$	(398,916)	
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest	\$ 36,487 90,797	\$	-	\$	36,487 90,797	
Differences between expected and actual experience	38,859				38,859	
Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income	-		7,034 16,078 27,381		(7,034) (16,078) (27,381)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other changes	(146,497) - -		(146,497) (1,148) (12)		- 1,148 12	
Net changes	\$ 19,646	\$	(97,164)	\$	116,810	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 1,389,994	\$	1,672,100	\$	(282,106)	

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	 (6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
City of Buena Vista, Virginia Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,592,719 \$	3,340,448 \$	1,464,082
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (143,358) \$	(282,106) \$	(400,955)

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$461,180 and \$13,981 respectively. At June 30, 2017, the City and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Primary Government				Componen Board (nor	
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	_ ,	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	209,993	\$	168,239	\$	16,654	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		379,297		-		44,124	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	433,392		-		136	 
Total	\$_	1,022,682	\$	168,239	\$	60,914	\$ -

\$433,392 and \$136 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 3	0,	Primary Government	_	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2018 2019 2020	\$	55,524 25,521 186,764	\$	16,072 (583) 26,869
2021 Thereafter		153,242		18,420

## NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional)

#### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

#### Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 was 14.66% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 89.84% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$756,473 and \$736,862 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported a liability of \$9,633,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2016 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the school division's proportion was .06874% as compared to .06844% at June 30, 2016.

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the school division recognized pension expense of \$836,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2017, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 312,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		550,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		75,000	46,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	756,473	 
Total	\$	1,381,473	\$ 358,000

\$756,473 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2018	\$ (57,000)
2019	(57,000)
2020	245,000
2021	156,000
2022	(20,000)
Thereafter	-

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% – 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

#### Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

. . . . .

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	8.33%

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2016, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		reacher Employee
	_	Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	44,182,326
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	30,168,211
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,014,115
	-	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		

of the Total Pension Liability

68.28%

Toophor Employee

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,732,000	\$ 9,633,000	\$ 6,257,000

## NOTE 12—PENSION PLAN: (CONTINUED)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016</a> VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016</a> VRS 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2016 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2016-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### NOTE 13—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

Beginning in fiscal year 2009, the City and School Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. This standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to postemployment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the City and School Board retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the City and School Board's subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you go basis, but GASB Statement No. 45 requires that the City and School Board accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other postemployment benefits during the period of the employee's active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of postemployment benefits and the financial impact on the City and School Board. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

#### City:

#### A. Plan Description:

The City offers its employees the option to participate in the group health insurance program offered to other employee's upon retirement, through a single-employer defined benefit plan. Employees who retire after June 30, 1997, are 55 years of age, and were employed for at least 10 years of continuous service immediately prior to retirement are eligible to remain enrolled in the health insurance group plan and continue to have the premiums paid for health insurance coverage subject to specific terms. The City will pay a portion of the medical insurance for eligible retirees equal to that received by regular working full time employees (\$470.20 for fiscal year 2017). Retirees shall have participated in the group insurance program for the five years preceding retirement. Spouses and dependents listed for coverage by the employee prior to retirement may remain in the group program. Once the employee has retired, only the deletion or termination of coverage will be permitted. Full cost of dependent coverage will be the responsibility of the retired employee. Eligibility for this benefit terminates at the time the retiree obtains other health coverage or reaches the age of 65. Should an employee be granted full retirement by VRS and/or Social Security because of disability, he/she will be eligible to receive the payments made by the City for retirees regardless of age if he/she has been employed by the City for at least 10 years immediately prior to the disability. The City reserves the right to change the terms of the retirees' health insurance coverage at any time, including the right to terminate any or all coverage provided to retirees.

#### B. Funding Policy:

The City establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. Retiree contributions are adjusted as insurance rates change, with the maximum City subsidy remaining at \$2,500 per year.

## NOTE 13—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

#### City: (continued)

## C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The City's general fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the net other post-employment benefit obligation of the governmental funds. The annual cost of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is based on the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is \$76,000 for fiscal year 2017. The City has paid \$45,000 towards this obligation during fiscal year 2016. The ARC is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the actual amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 76,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	18,000
Adjustment to annual required contributions	 (19,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$ 75,000
Contributions made	 (45,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 30,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	 454,001
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$ 484,001

For 2017, the City's expected cash payment of \$45,000 was \$30,000 short of the OPEB cost. The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding two years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost (ARC)	Percentage of ARC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/17	\$ 75,000	60.00%	\$ 484,001
6/30/16	73,000	64.38%	454,001
6/30/15	82,001	57.32%	428,001

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, rolled forward for the current year is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 968,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 968,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/ AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 3,160,075
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	30.63%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

## NOTE 13—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

#### **City: (continued)**

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Presumptions used in determining the health care cost trends include that Medical Per Capita costs, Average Costs and premiums are assumed to increase 7.5% for Pre-Medicare coverage in 2017. This rate decreases at a rate of .5% per year until an ultimate rate of 5.00% is reached. Additionally, the actuarial valuation uses 2.5% as a "general inflation rate" assumption for the OPEB plan. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

#### Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal cost method is used to determine the Plan's funding liabilities and costs. Under this cost method, the actuarial present value of projected benefits of every active participant as if the Plan's provisions on the valuation date had always been in effect, is determined as a level percentage of expected annual earnings for each future year of expected service. A normal cost for each year from the assumed entry date is determined by applying this level percentage of pay to the assumed earnings for that year (or if benefits are not pay related, the level amount for each year). Under this method, inactive participants have no normal cost, and the actuarial liability is the present value of the plan benefits to which they and their beneficiaries are entitled. The Plan's total annual normal cost and actuarial liability are the sum of the individual participant amounts. An experienced gain or loss is a decrease or increase in the unfunded actuarial liability attributable to actual experience that differed from that expected by the actuarial assumptions. Such gains or losses are explicitly recognized under this method. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% rate of return and a medical trend rate of 5.0%. The UAAL is being amortized on an increasing basis. The remaining open amortization at July 1, 2015 was 30 years. Data is net of any retiree contributions.

#### Interest Assumptions

Funding interest rate	4.00%
Annual amortization increase rate	2.50%

## NOTE 13—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

#### School Board:

#### A. Plan Description:

The School Board offers its employees the option to participate in the group health insurance program offered to other employee's upon retirement, through a single-employer defined benefit plan. Employees who retire after June 30, 1997, are 55 years of age, and were employed for at least 10 years of continuous service immediately prior to retirement are eligible to remain enrolled in the health insurance group plan. The retiree shall pay the same rate as an active employee for coverage. Retirees shall have participated in the group insurance program for the ten years preceding retirement. Spouses and dependents listed for coverage by the employee prior to retirement may remain in the group program. Once the employee has retired, only the deletion or termination of coverage will be permitted. Full cost of dependent coverage will be the responsibility of the retired employee. Spouses and dependents may maintain coverage after the death of the retiree as long as they meet the eligibility requirements of the plan and assume full responsibility for the premiums. Eligibility for this benefit terminates at the time the retiree obtains other health coverage or reaches the age of 65. Should an employee be granted full retirement by VRS and/or Social Security because of disability, he/she will be eligible to receive the payments made by the School Board for retirees regardless of age if he/she has been employed by the School Board for at least 10 years immediately prior to the disability. The School Board reserves the right to change the terms of the retirees' health insurance coverage at any time, including the right to terminate any or all coverage provided to retirees.

#### B. Funding Policy:

The School Board establishes employer contribution rates for plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. Retiree contributions are adjusted as insurance rates change, with the maximum City subsidy remaining at \$2,500 per year.

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation:

The annual cost of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is based on the annual required contribution or ARC. The estimated pay as you go cost for OPEB benefits is \$252,000 for fiscal year 2017. The School Board has paid \$190,000 towards this obligation during FY17. The ARC is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the actual amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution	\$	252,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation		17,000
Adjustment to annual required contributions	_	(18,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	251,000
Contributions made	_	(190,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$	61,000
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year	_	435,000
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	496,000

## NOTE 13—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

#### School Board: (continued)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: (Continued)

For 2017, the School Board's expected cash payment of \$190,000 was \$61,000 short of the OPEB cost. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding two years are as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	OPEB	of ARC	OPEB
Ending	Cost (ARC)	Contributed	 Obligation
6/30/17 \$	251,000	75.70%	\$ 496,000
6/30/16	247,000	83.81%	435,000
6/30/15	292,000	81.51%	395,000

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, rolled forward for the current year is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,687,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$ 2,687,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/ AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 4,932,300
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	54.48%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Presumptions used in determining the health care cost trends include that Medical Per Capita costs, Average Costs and premiums are assumed to increase 7.5% for Pre-Medicare coverage in 2017. This rate decreases at a rate of .5% per year until an ultimate rate of 5.00% is reached. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

## NOTE 13—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

#### School Board: (continued)

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

#### Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal cost method is used to determine the Plan's funding liabilities and costs. Under this cost method, the actuarial present value of projected benefits of every active participant as if the Plan's provisions on the valuation date had always been in effect, is determined as a level percentage of expected annual earnings for each future year of expected service. A normal cost for each year from the assumed entry date is determined by applying this level percentage of pay to the assumed earnings for that year (or if benefits are not pay related, the level amount for each year). Under this method, inactive participants have no normal cost, and the actuarial liability is the present value of the plan benefits to which they and their beneficiaries are entitled. The Plan's total annual normal cost and actuarial liability are the sum of the individual participant amounts. An experienced gain or loss is a decrease or increase in the unfunded actuarial liability attributable to actual experience that differed from that expected by the actuarial assumptions. Such gains or losses are explicitly recognized under this method. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% rate of return and a medical trend rate of 5.0%. The UAAL is being amortized on an increasing basis. The remaining open amortization at July 1, 2015 was 30 years. Data is net of any retiree contributions.

Interest Assumptions

Funding interest rate	4.00%
Annual amortization increase rate	2.50%

#### **VRS Health Insurance Credit Program**

#### A. <u>Plan Description</u>

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4.00 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a maximum monthly credit, which is \$4.00 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service for (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age sixty if they had remained in service to that age.

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the Code of Virginia. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 12.

#### NOTE 13—OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS: (CONTINUED)

#### School Board: (continued)

#### VRS Health Insurance Credit Program (Continued)

#### B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.11% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$59,755, \$55,577, and \$53,442, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

#### NOTE 14—DEFERRED, UNAVAILABLE, AND UNEARNED REVENUE:

Deferred and unavailable revenue represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Deferred and unavailable revenue in the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements totaling \$803,720, and \$1,556,337, respectively is comprised of the following:

- A. <u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u>—Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2017 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$203,502 at June 30, 2017.
- B. <u>Unbilled Property Taxes</u>—Property taxes for the second half of 2017 that had not been billed as of June 30, 2017 amounted to \$600,218.
- C. <u>Unavailable Property Taxes</u>—Uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$752,617.

Unearned revenue reported in the primary government and component unit school board represent lease revenue of \$118,698 and Non-resident tuition fees of \$525, neither of which are available to fund current expenditures.

#### NOTE 15—CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Federal programs in which the City and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Pursuant to the terms of an annexation agreement, the City is obligated to make certain improvements to the City infrastructure. While the exact cost of these improvements is unknown, the cost will be significant.

The City along with the City of Lexington and County of Rockbridge, have entered into an agreement with the Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center, for the purpose of providing contributions for the payment of debt associated with its radio upgrade project through June 30, 2030. Each locality will contribute a percentage of the total cost of the upgrade based upon its annual assessed value of real estate. The County of Rockbridge is serving as fiscal agent for the radio upgrade project. The amount owed by the Rockbridge Regional Public Safety Communications Center on the capital lease obligation at June 30, 2017 was \$4,945,909 and an annual payment of \$435,327 will be paid by the Center through June 2030.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

#### NOTE 16—HEALTH INSURANCE FUND:

The Buena Vista City School Board maintains an internal service fund entitled Health Insurance Fund that has been included in the discretely presented component unit financial statements. The purpose of this fund is to disclose the School Board's self-insured health insurance transactions for the fiscal year as required by GASB 10. The School Board uses Piedmont Community Health as the administrator of their self-insured plan. The Health Insurance fund pays Piedmont Community Health an administrative fee for these services. This fund serves the School Board component unit and accounts for the health insurance activities of the aforementioned funds but does not constitute a transfer of risk from the City.

Significant losses, over \$80,000, are covered by commercial insurance. Stop loss insurance coverage began in October 2015. During fiscal year 2017, \$74,676 in settlement amounts exceeded coverage.

The School Board records an estimated liability for indemnity health care claims. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) based on historical experience.

Piedmont Community Health has established a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. At June 30, 2017 the plan liability was \$65,160. The net position of the Plan maintained by the School Board can be found on Exhibit 31. The following represents the change in approximate aggregate liabilities for the fund:

	Beginning of			Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Claims and		Fiscal Year End
	(Surplus)	Changes in	Claim	(Surplus)
	Liability	Estimates	Payments	 Liability
2016-2017 \$	257,379 \$	1,400,789	\$ 1,592,558	\$ 65,610
2015-2016	-	791,019	533,640	257,379

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## NOTE 17—CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

## **Primary Government**

i minary Government								
		Balance						Balance
		July 1,				Transfers/		June 30,
		2016	_	Increases	Re	classifications	_	2017
Governmental activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	2,108,097	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$	2,108,097
Construction in progress		-		767,168		-		767,168
Total capital assets not	_		-	i				i
•	\$	2,108,097	\$	767,168	\$	- 5	\$	2,875,265
Capital assets being depreciated:	·	, ,		- ,	·		-	,,
	\$	13,080,375	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$	13,080,375
Infrastructure	T	28,138,633	T	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	28,138,633
Machinery and Equipment		2,884,617		197,057		-		3,081,674
	\$	44,103,625	\$	197,057	\$	- 5	\$	44,300,682
Accumulated depreciation:	Ť —	,	-	,	-		-	
•	\$	(4,041,310)	\$	(114,473)	\$	(175,499) \$	\$	(4,331,282)
Infrastructure	Ŧ	(25,969,343)	Ŧ	(164,831)	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	(26,134,174)
Machinery and Equipment		(2,137,732)		(110,817)		(64,964)		(2,313,513)
	\$ <b>-</b>	(32,148,385)	\$	(390,121)	\$	(240,463)	\$	(32,778,969)
	т		÷- \$	(193,064)		(240,463)		11,521,713
Governmental activities	· —	,	-	(100,001)	·	( , , .	-	,
	\$	14,063,337	\$	574,104	\$	(240,463)	\$	14,396,978
				,	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
		Balance						Balance
		July 1,						June 30,
		2016		Increase	S	Decreases		2017
Business-type activities	•		_					
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	1,364,900		\$	- \$	- \$	5	1,364,900
Land	\$	1,364,900				- \$	5	1,364,900 7.750
Land Construction in progress				7,75	0			7,750
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ \$	1,364,900 - 1,364,900		7,75				
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated:	\$	1,364,900		7,75 \$7,75	0 0 \$	\$	5	7,750 1,372,650
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure		1,364,900 22,434,114		7,75 \$7,75	0 0 \$		5	7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings	\$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543		7,75 <u>7,75</u> 43,97	60 50 \$ 71 \$	\$	5	7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818		7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49	60 60 71 - 77	\$ \$ 		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543		7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49	60 60 71 - 77	\$ \$ 		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation:	\$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475		7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 <u>32,49</u> <u>76,46</u>	0 0 1 7 8 8 8	  		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure	\$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475 (9,686,403		7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 <u>32,49</u> <u>76,46</u> (420,13	0 50 1 7 57 55) \$	\$ \$ 		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943 (10,106,538)
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings	\$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475 (9,686,403 (205,015		7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 <u>76,46</u> (420,13 (15,58	0 50 51 57 55) 55) 57)	  		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943 (10,106,538) (220,602)
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475 (9,686,403 (205,015 (698,400		7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 <u>32,49</u> <u>32,49</u> (420,13 (15,58 (21,66	0 50 51 57 55) 55) 57) 54)	- \$ - \$ - \$ - - \$ - - \$ -		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943 (10,106,538) (220,602) (720,064)
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475 (9,686,403 (205,015 (698,400 (10,589,818		7,75 7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 76,46 (420,13 (15,58 (21,66 (457,38	0 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	- \$ - \$ - \$ - - - \$ - - \$ - \$ - \$		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943 (10,106,538) (220,602) (720,064) (11,047,204)
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475 (9,686,403 (205,015 (698,400		7,75 7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 76,46 (420,13 (15,58 (21,66 (457,38	0 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	- \$ - \$ - \$ - - - \$ - - \$ - \$ - \$		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943 (10,106,538) (220,602) (720,064)
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets being depreciated, net Business-type activities	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475 (9,686,403 (205,015 (698,400 (10,589,818 13,380,657		7,75 7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 76,46 (420,13 (15,58 (21,66 (457,38 (380,91	0 0 1 1 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	- \$ - \$ - \$ - - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943 (10,106,538) (220,602) (720,064) (11,047,204) 12,999,739
Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation: Infrastructure Buildings Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,364,900 22,434,114 722,543 813,818 23,970,475 (9,686,403 (205,015 (698,400 (10,589,818		7,75 7,75 7,75 43,97 32,49 76,46 (420,13 (15,58 (21,66 (457,38 (380,91	0 0 1 1 8 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	- \$ - \$ - \$ - - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$		7,750 1,372,650 22,478,085 722,543 846,315 24,046,943 (10,106,538) (220,602) (720,064) (11,047,204)

## NOTE 17—CAPITAL ASSETS: (CONTINUED)

#### **Primary Government (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 266,403
Judicial administration	6,739
Public safety	59,562
Public works	45,297
Health and welfare	2,502
Education	240,463
Parks, recreation and cultural	 9,618
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 630,584
Business-type activities:	
Water and Sewer	\$ 408,377
Golf course	 49,009
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 457,386

## **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

#### **School Board**

		Balance July 1, 2016	Increases	Transfers/ Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2017
Governmental activities	_				
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and land improvements	\$	4,634	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,634
Total capital assets	_				
not being depreciated	\$	4,634	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,634
Capital assets being depreciated:	_				
Buildings and improvements	\$	7,875,411	\$ 45,437	\$ -	\$ 7,920,848
Machinery and equipment		529,638	15,251	-	544,889
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	8,405,049	\$ 60,688	\$ -	\$ 8,465,737
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	(3,869,877)	\$ (310,329)	\$ 175,499	\$ (4,004,707)
Machinery and equipment		(521,598)	(75,176)	64,964	(531,810)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(4,391,475)	\$ (385,505)	\$ 240,463	\$ (4,536,517)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	4,013,574	\$ (324,817)	\$ 240,463	\$ 3,929,220
Governmental activities	_				
capital assets, net	\$_	4,018,208	\$ (324,817)	\$ 240,463	\$ 3,933,854

Depreciation expense for the Component Unit School Board was \$145,042 for the year ended June 30, 2017 and was charged to the education function.

The City retains 100% of the value of School Board assets financed with general City debt on the City's books until the related debt associated with each asset is fully defeased.

#### NOTE 18—RISK MANAGEMENT:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. The City pays an annual premium to the association for its workers compensation, auto property, liability, flood, and crime coverage.

In the event of the loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including general liability and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 19—ARBITRAGE REBATE COMPLIANCE:

As of June 30, 2017 and for the year then ended, the City was not liable for any amounts due under current rules governing arbitrage earnings.

#### NOTE 20—LITIGATION:

In June 2016, ACA Financial Guaranty Corporation filed a State suit against the City for its default on \$9.2 million in lease revenue bonds issued in 2005 to refund debt the City had incurred building Vista Links, a municipal golf course. In February 2017, the State suit was nonsuited by ACA and refiled in Federal court. The new Federal suit requests damages of at least \$75,000 in addition to the City making its lease payments. The Series 2005A lease revenue bonds are secured by the City's municipal building and police station in addition to the Vista Links municipal golf course. It is anticipated that failure to pay the debt service on the bonds may result in the loss of these properties, and will likely have a negative impact on the City's ability to borrow funds in future years. The City Council has since filed a Motion to Dismiss the Federal suit that was filed by ACA. The Motion to Dismiss is under consideration.

#### NOTE 21—UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS:

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and should be applied retroactively.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

## NOTE 21—UPCOMING PRONOUNCEMENTS: (CONTINUED)

Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Statement No. 87, Leases, increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

## NOTE 22—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:

The City's Public Recreational Facilities Authority issued Series 2005A lease revenue bonds dated April 14, 2005 to finance the procurement and construction of the Vista Links municipal golf course. The City entered into an agreement to lease the golf course from the Public Recreational Facilities Authority. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is responsible for the annual debt service on the Series 2005a lease revenue bonds issued in the Public Recreational Facilities Authority's name.

On July 1, 2011, City Council moved to accept a forbearance and reimbursement agreement for the repayment of the Series 2005A lease revenue bonds as scheduled, however, for a period of 5 years from the date of the agreement, the City would defer one half of the original amount due. At the conclusion of the scheduled debt payments, the City would repay the trustee the deferred amount over a 5 year period.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017 CONTINUED

## NOTE 22—COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES: (CONTINUED)

On December 8, 2014, City Council passed an ordinance that redirected funds originally budgeted to pay the fiscal year 2015 golf course rent to the City's general operating fund. In the same meeting, City Council passed a resolution to discontinue rent payments to the Public Recreational Facilities Authority of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia and to enter into negotiations to resolve the debt associated with the Vista Links golf course.

In June 2016, the ACA filed a State suit against the City requesting the City honor its obligations by making its obligated payments related to the lease revenue bonds. In February 2017, the ACA refiled its suit against the City in Federal court, requesting specified damages and repayment of the City's obligations. The City subsequently filed a Motion to Dismiss the Federal suit; the Motion to Dismiss is currently under Consideration.

The Series 2005A lease revenue bonds are secured by the City's municipal building and police station in addition to the Vista Links golf course. It is anticipated that failure to pay the debt service on the bonds may result in the loss of these buildings, and it will likely have a negative impact on the City's ability to borrow funds in future years.

#### NOTE 23—RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION:

The City restated beginning fund balance in the General Fund in order to increase the accrual for comprehensive services act expenditures that were omitted from accounts payable as of June 30, 2016. The restatement is as follows:

	_	General Fund
Fund balance at 7/1/2016, as previously reported	\$	3,288,097
Accrual of expenses relating to FY2016	_	(108,359)
Fund balance at 7/1/2016, as restated	\$	3,179,738

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The City restated beginning net position in the Governmental Activities as follows:

	Governmental		
	 Activities		
Net position at 7/1/2016, as previously reported	\$ 9,949,471		
Accrual of expenses relating to FY2016	 (108,359)		
Net position at 7/1/2016, as restated	\$ 9,841,112		

## **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

Presented budgets were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## City of Buena Vista, Virginia

#### General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2017

	-	Budgeted . Original	Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$	5,543,810 \$	5,543,810	\$	5,803,302	
Other local taxes		1,474,015	1,474,015		1,514,465	40,450
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		37,050	37,050		66,319	29,269
Fines and forfeitures		60,700	60,700		57,544	(3,156)
Revenue from the use of money and property		88,450	88,450		48,430	(40,020)
Charges for services		739,530	739,530		746,505	6,975
Miscellaneous		184,450	184,450		156,409	(28,041)
Recovered costs		-	102,106		23,173	(78,933)
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		3,687,955	5,159,040		5,102,195	(56,845)
Federal	<u> </u>	50,000	50,000		204,766	154,766
Total revenues	\$_	11,865,960 \$	13,439,151	\$_	13,723,108	283,957
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	1,200,180 \$	1,213,659	\$	1,198,390	5 15,269
Judicial administration		865,166	865,166		844,801	20,365
Public safety		2,439,448	2,583,798		2,647,082	(63,284)
Public works		1,926,162	3,101,192		2,843,347	257,845
Health and welfare		1,498,568	1,897,215		2,105,861	(208,646)
Education		2,616,711	2,616,711		2,812,881	(196,170)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		144,375	144,375		148,450	(4,075)
Community development		511,028	511,028		491,121	19,907
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		111,602	111,602		68,900	42,702
Interest and other fiscal charges		138,325	138,325		112,644	25,681
Total expenditures	\$	11,451,565 \$	13,183,071	\$	13,273,477	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	414,395 \$	256,080	\$	449,631	§ <u> </u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	- \$	_	\$	10,000 \$	\$ 10,000
Transfers out	Ψ	(414,395)	(256,080)		(870,786)	(614,706)
Issuance of capital leases		(414,393)	(200,000)		232,742	232,742
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(414,395) \$	(256,080)	\$	(628,044)	
Not do a ser la facilitada a	_ _				(470.440)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	-	\$	(178,413) \$	
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-		3,179,738	3,179,738
Fund balances - ending	\$_	\$	-	\$	3,001,325	3,001,325

Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress June 30, 2017

#### **PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:**

#### **City Other Postemployment Benefit Program**

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ( (b-a)/c )
6/30/2016 (1)	\$ - \$	968,000 \$	968,000	0.00% \$	3,160,075	30.63%
6/30/2015	-	938,000	938,000	0.00%	3,083,000	30.42%
6/30/2014 (2)	-	1,017,000	1,017,000	0.00%	2,998,484	33.92%

(1) Rollforward of valuation date results from June 30, 2015

(2) Rollforward of valuation date results from June 30, 2012

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT:

#### School Board Other Postemployment Benefit Program

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets ( a )	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) ( b )	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio ( a/b )	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as % of Covered Payroll ( (b-a)/c )
6/30/2016 (1)	\$ - \$	2,687,000 \$	2,687,000	0.00% \$	4,932,300	54.48%
6/30/2015	-	2,626,000	2,626,000	0.00%	4,812,000	54.57%
6/30/2014 (2)	-	3,289,001	3,289,001	0.00%	5,118,645	64.26%

(1) Rollforward of valuation date results from June 30, 2015

(2) Rollforward of valuation date results from June 30, 2012

		2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	370,108 \$	376,655 \$	357,099
Interest		1,193,493	1,122,225	1,081,457
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		(234,737)	449,987	-
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(961,506)	(900,002)	(812,332)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	367,358 \$	1,048,865 \$	626,224
Total pension liability - beginning		17,530,647	16,481,782	15,855,558
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	17,898,005 \$	17,530,647 \$	16,481,782
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	456,213 \$	422,230 \$	421,903
Contributions - employee		152,926	142,031	147,251
Net investment income		248,114	649,744	1,976,108
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(961,506)	(900,002)	(812,332)
Administrative expense		(9,194)	(9,098)	(10,762)
Other		(107)	(136)	104
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(113,554) \$	304,769 \$	1,722,272
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	. —	14,671,111	14,366,342	12,644,070
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	14,557,557 \$	14,671,111 \$	14,366,342
City's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	3,340,448 \$	2,859,536 \$	2,115,440
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.34%	83.69%	87.16%
Covered payroll	\$	3,112,616 \$	2,867,942 \$	2,947,103
City's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		107.32%	99.71%	71.78%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

		2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability				
Service cost	\$	36,487 \$	36,673 \$	35,849
Interest		90,797	90,772	89,028
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		38,859	(1,342)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(146,497)	(105,003)	(94,923)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	19,646 \$	21,100 \$	29,954
Total pension liability - beginning		1,370,348	1,349,248	1,319,294
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	1,389,994 \$	1,370,348 \$	1,349,248
Plan fiduciary net position				
Contributions - employer	\$	7,034 \$	7,976 \$	16,821
Contributions - employee		16,078	17,257	16,427
Net investment income		27,381	78,925	246,211
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(146,497)	(105,003)	(94,923)
Administrative expense		(1,148)	(1,143)	(1,367)
Other		(12)	(17)	13
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(97,164) \$	(2,005) \$	183,182
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,769,264	1,771,269	1,588,087
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,672,100 \$	1,769,264 \$	1,771,269
School Division's net pension				
liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(282,106) \$	(398,916) \$	(422,021)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total pension liability		120.30%	129.11%	131.28%
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Covered payroll	\$	337,453 \$	346,316 \$	328,542
School Division's net pension liability (asset)				
		-83.60%	-115.19%	-128.45%
as a percentage of covered payroll		-03.00%	-115.19%	-120.45%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2017

	_	2016	2015	2014
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.06874%	0.06844%	0.06896%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	9,633,000 \$	8,615,000 \$	8,334,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$	5,140,491 \$	5,088,648 \$	5,027,238
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		187.39%	169.30%	165.78%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		70.68%	70.68%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions Years Ended June 30, 2008 through June 30, 2017

Required Required Deficiency Covered Cov Contribution Contribution (Excess) Payroll Pay	% of ered /roll
Date (1) (2) (3) (4) (4)	5)
2017 \$ 433,392 \$ 433,392 \$ - \$ 3,343,997	12.96%
2016 456,213 456,213 - 3,112,616	14.66%
2015 423,595 423,595 - 2,867,942	14.77%
2014 420,846 420,846 - 2,947,103	14.28%
2013 415,104 415,104 - 2,906,889	14.28%
2012 293,068 293,068 - 2,864,790	10.23%
2011 293,015 - 2,864,273	10.23%
2010 242,981 242,981 - 3,025,911	8.03%
2009 260,033 260,033 - 3,238,274	8.03%
2008 280,373 280,373 - 3,136,160	8.94%
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	
2017 \$ 136 \$ 136 \$ - \$ 340,987	0.04%
2016 7,034 7,034 - 337,453	2.08%
2015 8,035 8,035 - 346,316	2.32%
2014 16,821 16,821 - 328,542	5.12%
2013 16,769 16,769 - 327,519	5.12%
2012 385,558	0.00%
2011 334,395	0.00%
2010 361,393	0.00%
2009 394,481	0.00%
2008 459,574	0.00%
Component Unit School Board (professional)	
2017 \$ 756,473 \$ 756,473 \$ - \$ 5,108,630	14.81%
2016 736,862 736,862 - 5,140,491	14.33%
2015 737,854 737,854 - 5,088,648	14.50%
2014 586,176 586,176 - 5,027,238	11.66%
2013 532,330 532,330 - 4,565,437	11.66%
2012 324,200 324,200 - 5,121,643	6.33%
2011 211,283 211,283 - 5,376,158	3.93%
2010 372,292 372,292 - 4,225,789	8.81%
2009 525,202 525,202 - 5,961,430	8.81%
2008 569,820 569,820 - 5,532,233	10.30%

Current year contributions are from City records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2017

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Reitrement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2016 are not material.

**Changes of assumptions** – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

School Construction Fund – The School Construction Fund was created to account for School capital projects constructed with funds from the City.

## School Construction Fund-Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2017

	-	Budgeted Ar	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	-					
Revenue from the use of money and property Intergovernmental:	\$	18,173 \$	18,173 \$	18,233	\$ 60	
Local government		139,457	139,457	193,474	54,017	
Total revenues	\$	157,630 \$	157,630 \$	211,707	\$ 54,077	
EXPENDITURES Capital projects Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges	\$	- \$ 398,181 64,583	- \$ 398,181 64,583	55 \$ 442,965 73,273	(55) (44,784) (8,690)	
Total expenditures	\$	462,764 \$	462,764 \$	516,293		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(305,134) \$	(305,134) \$	(304,586)	548	
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b> Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)	\$_ \$_	305,134 \$	305,134 \$	<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ \$_ \$_	- \$ - - \$	- \$ \$	548 \$ (14,375) (13,827) \$	(14,375)	

# FIDUCIARY FUND

Special Welfare Fund – The Special Welfare Fund accounts for funds held in an agency capacity for social service recipients.

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance End of Year
Special Welfare Fund: ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,368 \$	1,602 \$	5 1.817 \$	2,153
Total assets	\$ 2,368 \$	1,602 \$	5 1,817 \$	2,153
LIABILITIES				
Amounts held for social services clients	\$ 2,368 \$	1,602 \$	5 1,817 \$	2,153
Total liabilities	\$ 2,368 \$	1,602 \$	5 1,817 \$	2,153

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Park and recreation fund – This fund is issued to account for activities related to the operation of the City's Parks and Recreation Department. Funds generated by the Department are restricted and used to support operations of the Department.

Senior Center fund – This fund was created to account for revenues and expenditures of the Senior Center pursuant to an operating agreement with Rockbridge County in which the City will reimburse certain expenditures of the funds.

Green Hill Cemetery – This fund was created to account for revenues received for the maintenance of the Green Hill Cemetery.

# CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Community Development Block Grant Fund – The Community Development Block Grant Fund was created to account for Federal revenues earmarked for community development capital projects.

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

	_	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	28,215	\$	46,748	\$	74,963
Accounts receivable		7,750		48,177		55,927
Prepaid items		818		-		818
Total assets	\$	36,783	\$	94,925	\$	131,708
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	21,465	\$	-	\$	21,465
Accrued liabilities		2,220		-		2,220
Due to other funds		51,601		-		51,601
Total liabilities	\$	75,286	\$	-	\$	75,286
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$	818	\$	-	\$	818
Restricted:						
Community development block grant		-		94,925		94,925
Assigned:						
Green Hill Cemetary		26,564		-		26,564
Senior citizens program		5,715		-		5,715
Unassigned	. —	(71,600)	. —	-		(71,600)
Total fund balances	\$	(38,503)		94,925	- : -	56,422
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	36,783	\$	94,925	\$	131,708

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

	_	Special Revenue Funds	 Capital Projects Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	116,515 45,853 4,094	\$ 452 - -	\$	116,967 45,853 4,094
Recovered costs Total revenues	\$	7,614 174,076	\$ 452	\$	7,614 174,528
EXPENDITURES Current: Health and welfare Parks, recreation, and cultural Total expenditures	\$ 	9,281 466,666 475,947	 	\$ \$	9,281 466,666 475,947
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(301,871)	\$ 452	\$	(301,419)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 	294,858 (10,000) 284,858	 - - -	\$ \$	294,858 (10,000) 284,858
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ \$	(17,013) (21,490) (38,503)	 452 94,473 94,925		(16,561) 72,983 56,422

# Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2017

	-	Park and Recreation Fund	 Senior Center Fund		Green Hill Cemetery Fund	 Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	-	\$ 6,983	\$	26,564	\$ 33,547
Accounts receivable		7,750	-		-	7,750
Prepaid items	_	818	 -		-	 818
Total assets	\$_	8,568	\$ 6,983	\$	26,564	\$ 42,115
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Reconciled overdraft Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ \$	5,332 20,197 2,220 51,601 79,350	 - 1,268 - - 1,268	\$	- - - - -	\$ 5,332 21,465 2,220 51,601 80,618
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$	818	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 818
Assigned: Green Hill Cemetary Senior citizens program		-	- 5,715		26,564 -	26,564 5,715
Unassigned	<u> </u>	(71,600)	 		-	 (71,600)
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_ \$_	(70,782) 8,568	\$ 5,715 6,983	\$\$	26,564 26,564	 (38,503) 42,115

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

DEVENUES	_	Park and Recreation Fund	 Senior Center Fund	-	Green Hill Cemetery Fund	Total
<b>REVENUES</b> Revenue from the use of money and property Charges for services Miscellaneous Recovered costs	\$	116,403 42,403 4,094	\$ - - 7,614	\$	112 \$ 3,450 -	116,515 45,853 4,094 7,614
Total revenues	\$	162,900	\$ 7,614	\$	3,562 \$	174,076
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current: Health and welfare Parks, recreation, and cultural Total expenditures	\$ 	- 466,666 466,666	\$  9,281 - 9,281	\$	- \$ - \$_	9,281 466,666 475,947
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(303,766)	\$ (1,667)	\$_	3,562 \$_	(301,871)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ 	294,858 - 294,858	 - - -	\$ \$	- \$ (10,000) (10,000) \$	294,858 (10,000) 284,858
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$ \$	(8,908) (61,874) (70,782)	 (1,667) 7,382 5,715	\$ \$	(6,438) \$ 33,002 26,564 \$	(17,013) (21,490) (38,503)

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Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Park and Recreation Fund					
	_	Budgeted An			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	106,000 \$	106,000 \$	116,403 \$	10,403		
Charges for services		35,300	35,300	42,403	7,103		
Miscellaneous		2,200	2,200	4,094	1,894		
Recovered costs Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u> 	143,500 \$	162,900 \$	- 19,400		
Total revenues	Ψ_	<u>143,500</u> φ	143, <u>500</u> \$	102,900 φ	19,400		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Health and welfare	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-		
Parks, recreation, and cultural		370,411	370,411	466,666	(96,255)		
Total expenditures	\$	370,411 \$	370,411 \$	466,666 \$	(96,255)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	(226,911) \$	(226,911) \$	(303,766) \$	(76,855)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	•	000.044	000.044	004050 \$	07.047		
Transfers in Transfers out	\$	226,911 \$	226,911 \$	294,858 \$	67,947		
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	226,911 \$	226,911 \$	294,858 \$	67,947		
	Ψ_	φ_	φ_	φ	01,041		
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	- \$	(8,908) \$	(8,908)		
Fund balances - beginning	_	-	-	(61,874)	(61,874)		
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	- \$	(70,782) \$	(70,782)		

		Senior	Center Fund			Green Hill	Cemetery Fund	kk
-	Budgeted Ar Original	nounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Budgeted / Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
-				(11094110)				(
\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$	5 - \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	112 \$ 3,450	112 3,450
	- 8,500	- 8,500	- 7,614	- (886)	-	-	-	-
\$	8,500 \$	8,500 \$	7,614		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,562 \$	3,562
\$	3,900 \$	3,900 \$	9,281 \$	5 (5,381) \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	
\$_	3,900 \$	3,900 \$	9,281 \$	 5(5,381)_\$	\$	<u> </u>	- \$	-
\$_	4,600 \$	4,600 \$	(1,667) \$	6,267) \$	\$	\$	3,562 \$	3,562
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	*	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
\$_	(4,600) (4,600) \$	(4,600) (4,600) \$	- \$	4,600 4,600 \$	\$	- \$	(10,000) (10,000) \$	(10,000) (10,000)
\$	- \$	- \$ -	(1,667) \$ 7,382	5 (1,667) \$ 7,382	- \$ -	- \$ -	(6,438) \$ 33,002	(6,438) 33,002
\$	- \$	- \$	5,715 \$		- \$	- \$	26,564 \$	26,564

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Community Development Block Grant						t	
		Budgeted	d An	nounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	452	\$	452
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	452	_\$_	452
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	452	_\$_	452
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	452	\$	452
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		94,473		94,473
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	94,925	\$	94,925

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

# MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

School Operating Fund – The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the City's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

School Cafeteria Fund – The School Cafeteria Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the City's school lunch program. Financing is provided from lunch sales and State and Federal reimbursements.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Health Insurance Fund – The Health Insurance Fund is an internal service fund that accounts for the School Board's self-insured health insurance transactions. Financing is provided by employee and School Board contributions.

#### Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2017

	_	School Operating Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,033,904	\$	98,571	\$	1,132,475
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Accounts receivable		9,504		5,916		15,420
Due from other governmental units		391,895		-		391,895
Inventories		-		8,926		8,926
Total assets	\$_	1,435,303	\$	113,413	_\$_	1,548,716
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	160,833	\$	7,520	\$	168,353
Contracts payable		809,793		-		809,793
Due to primary government		246,076		-		246,076
Unearned revenue	. –	525		-		525
Total liabilities	\$_	1,217,227	_\$	7,520	_\$_	1,224,747
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Inventories	\$	-	\$	8,926	\$	8,926
Committed:	Ŷ		Ψ	0,010	Ŷ	0,020
School capital projects		218,076		-		218,076
School lunch program		-		96,967		96,967
Total fund balances	\$	218,076	\$	105,893	\$	323,969
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,435,303	\$	113,413	\$	1,548,716

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:

Total fund balances per above	\$	323,969
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	,	3,933,854
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	۱	282,106
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable in the funds.		(358,000)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		756,473
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the curren period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	t	(9,630,534)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	(4,692,132)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Total		
		School Operating Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				• •	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	149	\$ -	\$	149
Charges for services		16,570	105,714		122,284
Miscellaneous		71,272	-		71,272
Recovered costs Intergovernmental:		142,626	-		142,626
Local government		2,779,973	-		2,779,973
Commonwealth		7,114,427	12,372		7,126,799
Federal		856,339	 247,486		1,103,825
Total revenues	\$	10,981,356	\$ 365,572	\$	11,346,928
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Education	\$	10,991,486	\$ 367,740	\$	11,359,226
Total expenditures	\$	10,991,486	367,740		11,359,226
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	\$	(10,130)	\$ (2,168)	\$	(12,298)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(10,130)	\$ (2,168)	\$	(12,298)
Fund balances - beginning	_	228,206	 108,061		336,267
Fund balances - ending	\$	218,076	\$ 105,893	\$	323,969

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	\$	(12,298)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays	as	
the current period.		(84,354)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		396,085
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current finance resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	ial	(354,498)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	(55,065)

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2017

	-	Budgete	ed A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Original		Final	-	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	-	•					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	149 \$	5 149
Charges for services		25,000		25,000		16,570	(8,430)
Miscellaneous		-		-		71,272	71,272
Recovered costs		164,000		164,000		142,626	(21,374)
Intergovernmental:							
Local government		2,583,803		2,583,803		2,779,973	196,170
Commonwealth		7,572,453		7,572,453		7,114,427	(458,026)
Federal	_	805,425		805,425		856,339	50,914
Total revenues	\$	11,150,681	\$	11,150,681	\$	10,981,356	6 (169,325)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$	11,150,681	\$	11,150,681	\$	10,991,486 \$	5 159,195
Total expenditures	\$	11,150,681	\$	11,150,681		10,991,486	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	(10,130) \$	6 (10,130)
Not change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(10,130) \$	(10,120)
Net change in fund balances	φ	-	φ	-	φ	(10,130) ‡ 228,206	
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	-		-	\$	228,206	<u>228,206</u> 218,076
i unu balances - enuling	φ_	-	- Ψ =	-	= ^φ =	210,070 4	210,070

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2017

	School Cafeteria Fund							
		Budgeted A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
		Original	Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES								
Charges for services Intergovernmental:	\$	20,000 \$	20,000	\$	105,714 \$	85,714		
Commonwealth		45,000	45,000		12,372	(32,628)		
Federal		410,043	410,043		247,486	(162,557)		
Total revenues	\$	475,043 \$	475,043	\$	365,572 \$	(109,471)		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	475,043 \$	475,043	\$	367,740 \$	107,303		
Total expenditures	\$	475,043 \$	475,043	\$	367,740 \$	107,303		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	\$	-	\$	(2,168) \$	(2,168)		
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	-	\$	(2,168) \$	(2,168)		
Fund balances - beginning		-	-		108,061	108,061		
Fund balances - ending	\$	- \$	-	\$	105,893 \$			

Statement of Net Position Internal Service Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2017

	Health Insurance Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets	\$ <u>190,933</u> \$ <u>190,933</u>	
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Liabilities:		
Claims payable	\$ 65,16	0
Total liabilities	\$ 65,16	0
Net position:		
Unrestricted	\$125,775	5
Total net position	\$ 125,77	
Total liabilities and net position	\$190,93	5

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Health Insurance Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Insurance premiums	\$	1,460,912
Total operating revenues	\$	1,460,912
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Insurance claims paid and expenses	\$	1,335,179
Total operating expenses	\$	1,335,179
Operating income (loss)	\$	125,733
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	\$	42
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	42
Change in not position	\$	105 775
Change in net position	Φ	125,775
Total net position - beginning		-
Total net position - ending	\$	125,775

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Year Ended June 30, 2017

	_	Health Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts for insurance premiums Payments for premiums	\$	1,718,291 (1,527,398)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	190,893
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	\$	42
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	42
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	190,935
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	190,935
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	125,733
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	\$	257,379
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	<u> </u>	(192,219)
Total adjustments	\$_	65,160
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	190,893

SUPPORTING SCHEDULES

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	4,021,810	\$	4,021,810	\$	3,908,427	\$ (113,383
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	Ψ	115,000	Ψ	115,000	Ψ	254,811	139,811
Personal property taxes		1,058,000		1,058,000		1,221,524	163,524
Machinery and tools taxes		280,000		280,000		334,921	54,921
Penalties		48,000		48,000		58,611	10,611
Interest		21,000		21,000		25,008	4,008
Total general property taxes	\$	5,543,810		5,543,810	\$	5,803,302	
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$	385,000	\$	385,000	\$	377,061	\$ (7,939
Consumers' utility taxes	Ŷ	275,000	Ŷ	275,000	Ŷ	263,392	(11,608
Meals taxes		312,764		312,764		319,870	7,106
Lodging taxes		17,300		17,300		20,133	2,833
Business and professional license taxes		170,000		170,000		184,093	14,093
Motor vehicle licenses		159,000		159,000		168,992	9,992
Water utility taxes		85,000		85.000		106,170	21,170
Bank stock taxes		44,084		44,084		48,715	4,631
Recordation taxes		25,867		25,867		26,039	172
Total other local taxes	\$	1,474,015	\$	1,474,015	\$	1,514,465	
Demaite within a face and requilatery licenses.							
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:	¢	1 000	¢	1 000	ሱ	4 400 (	۲ (AZC
Animal licenses	\$	1,900	Ф	1,900	Ф	1,422 \$	
Right of way fees		22,000		22,000		22,185	185
Transfer fees		150		150		197	47
Permits and other licenses	¢	13,000	- <u>-</u>	13,000	<u>م</u>	42,515	29,515
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	37,050		37,050	<u></u> Ф	66,319 \$	\$29,269
Fines and forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	57,224 \$	\$ (2,776
Parking fines		700		700	_	320	(380
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	60,700	_\$	60,700	\$	57,544	\$(3,156
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,912 \$	\$ (88
Sale of property		26,000		26,000		-	(26,000
Sale of cemetery lots		32,000		32,000		19,950	(12,050
Carilion lease revenue		28,450		28,450		26,568	(1,882
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	88,450	_\$	88,450	\$	48,430	\$(40,020
Charges for services:							
Sheriff fees	\$	500	\$	500	\$	950 \$	•
Commonwealth attorney fees		500		500		1,669	1,169
Charges for waste collection and disposal		570,000		570,000		585,039	15,039
Landfill tipping fees		85,000		85,000		85,502	502
Grave openings		63,091		63,091		48,625	(14,466
Courthouse maintenance fees		4,000		4,000		7,550	3,550
Courthouse security fees		12,739		12,739		12,887	148
Jail administration fees		1,150		1,150		1,700	550
Other charges for services		2,550		2,550	. —	2,583	33
Total charges for services	\$	739,530	_\$	739,530	\$	746,505	§ <u>6,975</u>

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	47,650 \$	47,650 \$	51,663	\$ 4,013
Regional Industrial Park		-	-	94	94
Dabney lease revenue		136,800	136,800	104,652	(32,148)
Total miscellaneous	\$	184,450 \$	184,450 \$	156,409	
Recovered costs:					
Social service refunds	\$	- \$	- \$	1,142 \$	\$ 1,142
Other recovered costs	Ψ	- Ψ -	102,106	22,031	(80,075)
Total recovered costs	\$	- \$	102,106 \$	23,173	
	Ψ	Ų	102,100 \$	20,170	¢ <u>(70,933)</u>
Total revenue from local sources	\$	8,128,005 \$	8,230,111 \$	8,416,147	\$ 186,036
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Mobile home titling tax	\$	500 \$	500 \$	480 \$	\$ (20)
Communication tax		326,000	326,000	297,496	(28,504)
Rolling stock		4,000	4,000	6,045	2,045
Auto rental tax		10	10	33	23
State recordation tax		12,000	12,000	6,843	(5,157)
Personal property tax relief funds		662,919	662,919	662,919	-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,005,429 \$	1,005,429 \$	973,816	\$ (31,613)
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	159,768 \$	159,768 \$	158,041	\$ (1,727)
Sheriff		160,444	160,444	157,944	(2,500)
Commissioner of revenue		67,073	67,073	76,952	9,879
Treasurer		63,566	63,566	62,152	(1,414)
Registrar/electoral board		29,000	29,000	32,240	3,240
Police		176,732	218,976	182,424	(36,552)
Juror Expense		3,000	3,000	1,710	(1,290)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		131,871	131,871	140,769	8,898
Total shared expenses	\$	791,454 \$	833,698 \$	812,232	\$ (21,466)
Other categorical aid:					
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	120,000 \$	120,000 \$	80,060	\$ (39,940)
Comprehensive services act	Ŧ	586,000	984,647	1,199,262	214,615
Street and Highway Maintenance		1,074,471	2,104,665	1,959,310	(145,355)
Victim-witness grant		69,317	69,317	16,700	(52,617)
Fire programs		22,000	22,000	42,656	20,656
Four for life				12,463	12,463
Other state grants		12,284	12,284	441	(11,843)
Seized funds		7,000	7,000	5,255	(1,745)
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,891,072 \$	3,319,913 \$	3,316,147	
Total categorical aid	\$	2,682,526_\$	4,153,611 \$	4,128,379	\$(25,232)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,687,955 \$	5,159,040 \$	5,102,195	\$(56,845)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Categorical aid:							
Welfare administration and assistance	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	65,743	\$ 15,743
Ground transportation safety grant	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	12,600	12,600
Seized funds		-		-		3,181	3,181
Victim-witness grant		-		-		50,105	50,105
Byrne justice assistance grant		-		-		69,137	69,137
USDA forestry grant		_		_		4,000	4,000
Total categorical aid	\$	50,000	¢	50,000	\$	204,766	
Total categorical aid	φ	30,000	_Φ	30,000	φ	204,700	▶ <u>154,700</u>
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	204,766	\$154,766
Total General Fund	\$	11,865,960	\$	13,439,151	\$	13,723,108	\$283,957
Special Revenue Funds:							
Park and Recreation Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of property	\$	106,000	\$	106,000	\$	116,403	\$ 10,403
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	106,000		106,000		116,403	
Total revenue norm use of money and property	Ψ	100,000	_Ψ	100,000	Ψ	110,400_0	¢ <u>10,400</u>
Charges for services:							
Recreation fees	\$	35,300		35,300		42,403	
Total charges for services	\$	35,300	\$	35,300	\$	42,403	\$7,103
Miscellaneous:							
Micellaneous	\$	2,200	\$	2,200	\$	4,094 \$	\$ 1,894
Total miscellaneous	\$	2,200	\$	2,200	\$	4,094	\$1,894
Total revenue from local sources	\$	143,500	\$	143,500	\$	162,900	\$19,400
Total Park and Recreation Fund	\$	143,500	\$	143,500	\$	162,900	\$19,400
Senior Center Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Recovered costs:							
Payments from other localities	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	7,614 \$	§(886
Total recovered costs	\$	8,500		8,500		7,614	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	7,614	\$(886
Total Senior Center Fund	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	7,614	\$(886
Green Hill Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources:					_		`
Revenue from use of money and property:	ዮ		¢		¢	440 (	E 440
Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ \$	-	\$\$	-	\$	<u>112</u> 112	\$ <u>112</u> \$ <u>112</u>
Charges for services:							
Cemetery perpetual care receipts	\$		¢		\$	2 150 0	\$ 3,450
Total charges for services	¢	-	-Ψ		Ψ	<u>3,450</u> 3,450 S	
I Ulai Chaiges IVI Selvices	Φ	-	_Ψ		φ	3,430 3	⊅ <u>3,45U</u>
Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	_\$		\$	3,562	\$3,562

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Funds:					
School Construction Fund:					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from local governments: Contribution from City of Buena Vista School Board	\$	139,457 \$	139,457 \$	193,474 \$	54,017
Total revenues from local governments	\$	139,457 \$	139,457 \$	193,474 \$	
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	18,173 \$	18,173 \$	18,233 \$	60
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	18,173 \$	18,173 \$	18,233 \$	60
Total School Construction Fund	\$	157,630 \$	157,630 \$	211,707 \$	54,077
Community Development Block Grant:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	\$	\$	452 \$	
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	\$	\$	452_\$	452
Total Community Development Block Grant Fund	\$	\$	\$	452_\$	452
Total Primary Government	\$	12,175,590 \$	13,748,781 \$	14,109,343 \$	360,562
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:					
School Operating Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:	¢	¢	¢	140 0	140
Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	<u> </u>	<u>149</u> 149
rotal revenue nom use of money and property	Φ	- Þ_	- \$	<u>149</u> φ	<u> </u>
Charges for services:					
Charges for education	\$	25,000 \$	25,000 \$	16,570 \$	
Total charges for services	\$	25,000 \$	25,000 \$	16,570 \$	(8,430)
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$	\$	\$\$	71,272 \$	
Total miscellaneous	\$	\$	\$	71,272 \$	71,272
Recovered costs:					
Other recovered costs	\$	164,000 \$	164,000 \$	142,626 \$	
Total recovered costs	\$	164,000 \$	164,000 \$	142,626 \$	(21,374)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	189,000 \$	189,000 \$	230,617 \$	41,617

Original Final	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (continued) School Operating Fund: (continued) Intergovernmental:	
Revenue from local governments:	
Contribution from City of Buena Vista, Virginia \$ 2,583,803 \$ 2,583,803 \$ 2,779,973 \$	196,170
Total revenue from local governments         \$ 2,583,803         \$ 2,583,803         \$ 2,779,973         \$	196,170
Revenue from the Commonwealth:	
Categorical aid:	
Share of state sales tax \$ 1,080,824 \$ 1,080,824 \$ 1,058,383 \$	(22,441)
Basic school aid 3,666,153 3,666,153 3,338,002	(328,151)
At-risk 134,702 134,702 124,414	(10,288)
Project graduation 6,611	6,611
Alternative education 44,260 44,260 79,762	35,502
Gifted and talented 39,909 39,909 36,847	(3,062)
Special Education 588,050 542,924	(45,126)
Remedial summer school 57,292 57,292 32,974	(24,318)
Remedial education 193,845 178,969	(14,876)
Vocational education 125,429 125,429 115,804	(9,625)
Technology funds 180,000 180,000 179,970	(30)
Fringe benefits 798,184 736,932	(61,252)
Adult education 7,859 7,859 9,982	2,123
Reduced class size (K-3) 211,600 190,631	(20,969)
Enrollment loss - 99,574	99,574
Free textbooks 89,413 89,413 82,552	(6,861)
Early reading intervention 24,177 24,177 21,490	(2,687)
Early reading intervention 24,177 24,177 21,430 Early reading specialist 26,783 26,783 38,897	(2,007)
Math reading specialist 160,028 160,028 103,800	(56,228)
Special education - homebound         5,806         5,806         5,285	(50,228)
	· · · ·
Salary supplement 60,816 60,816 39,524	(21,292)
English as a second language 1,064	1,064
Vocational occupational preparedness 16,717 16,717 7,209	(9,508)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness 16,556 16,556 16,556 20,000	-
Other state funds	22,221
Total categorical aid         \$	(458,026)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth         \$7,572,453_\$7,572,453_\$7,114,427_\$	(458,026)
Revenue from the federal government:	
Categorical aid:	
Title I \$ 266,586 \$ 251,583 \$	(15,003)
Title VI-B, special education         235,522         235,522         253,038	17,516
	,
	3,101
	45,453
Vocational Education         16,500         16,500         35,206           Title II         Image: Standard Standar	18,706
Title II, Improving teacher quality72,11272,11269,609Ochorada and and the state20,05020,05040,404	(2,503)
Schools and roads - grants to states         26,850         26,850         10,494	(16,356)
Total categorical aid         \$805,425_\$805,425_\$856,339_\$	50,914
Total revenue from the federal government         \$805,425 \$\$856,339 \$\$	50,914
Total School Operating Fund \$ <u>11,150,681</u> \$ <u>10,981,356</u>	(169,325)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (cont	inued	)				
Special Revenue Fund:						
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Charges for services:						
Cafeteria Sales	\$	20,000	 20,000	_	105,714	
Total charges for services	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	105,714	\$ 85,714
Total revenue from local sources	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	105,714	\$85,714
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$	45,000	\$ 45,000	\$	12,372	\$ (32,628)
Total revenue from the commonwealth	\$	45,000	\$ 45,000	\$	12,372	\$ (32,628)
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
USDA Commodities	\$	-	\$ -	\$	29,045	\$ 29,045
School food program grant		410,043	410,043		218,441	(191,602)
Total categorical aid	\$	410,043	\$ 410,043	\$	247,486	\$ (162,557)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	410,043	\$ 410,043	\$	247,486	§(162,557)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	475,043	\$ 475,043	\$	365,572	\$(109,471)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	11,625,724	\$ 11,625,724	\$	11,346,928	(278,796)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:					
General government administration:					
Legislative:					
City Council	\$	39,598 \$	39,598_\$	39,347 \$	251
General and financial administration:					
City Manager	\$	72,142 \$	72,142 \$	69,588 \$	2,554
City Attorney/Legal Services	Ť	70,000	83,479	83,230	249
Finance		288,928	288,928	269,444	19,484
Independent Auditor		38,000	38,000	52,957	(14,957)
Commissioner of Revenue		219,875	219,875	197,797	22,078
City Treasurer		284,323	284,323	294,320	(9,997)
Reassessment		36,000	36,000	4,724	31,276
Other general and financial administration		83,000	83,000	61,507	21,493
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,092,268 \$	1,105,747 \$	1,033,567 \$	72,180
Board of elections:					
Electoral board and officials	\$	68,314 \$	68,314 \$	125,476 \$	(57,162)
Total board of elections	\$	68,314 \$	68,314 \$	125,476 \$	(57,162)
Total general government administration	\$	1,200,180 \$	1,213,659 \$	1,198,390 \$	15,269
Judicial administration:					
Courts:					
Circuit court	\$	6,250 \$	6,250 \$	3,630 \$	2,620
General district court		6,650	6,650	4,120	2,530
Juvenile/Domestic relations court		48,340	48,340	34,690	13,650
Clerk of the circuit court		241,250	241,250	237,105	4,145
Sheriff	_	306,520	306,520	313,501	(6,981)
Total courts	\$	609,010 \$	609,010 \$	593,046 \$	15,964
Commonwealth's attorney:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	256,156 \$	256,156 \$	251,755 \$	4,401
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	256,156 \$	256,156 \$	251,755 \$	4,401
Total judicial administration	\$	865,166 \$	865,166 \$	844,801 \$	20,365
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Criminal Justice Service Department	\$	69,317 \$	69,317 \$	68,038 \$	1,279
Police Department	_	1,453,130	1,597,480	1,667,125	(69,645)
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,522,447 \$	1,666,797 \$	1,735,163 \$	(68,366)
Fire and rescue services:					
Fire department	\$	153,500 \$	153,500 \$	182,139 \$	(28,639)
Rescue Squad		109,103	109,103	104,287	4,816
Central Shenandoah EMS Council	_	350,948	350,948	318,923	32,025
Total fire and rescue services	\$	613,551 \$	613,551 \$	605,349 \$	8,202
Correction and detention:			_		
Probation Office	\$	3,000 \$	3,000 \$	1,083 \$	1,917
Magistrate		300	300	100	200
Regional Jail	. —	300,000	300,000	305,307	(5,307)
Total correction and detention	\$	303,300 \$	303,300 \$	306,490 \$	(3,190)

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Public safety: (Continued)					
Other protection:					
Medical Examiner	\$	150 \$	150 \$	80 \$	70
Total other protection	\$	150 \$	150 \$	80 \$	70
Total public safety	\$	2,439,448 \$	2,583,798 \$	2,647,082 \$	(63,284
Public works:					
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:					
Administrative and Engineering	\$	143,476 \$	143,476 \$	125,213 \$	18,263
Street Maintenance Department	Ŷ	681,065	1,711,259	1,462,500	248,759
Storm Drainage Department		30,824	30,824	29,952	872
Street Lights		66,000	66,000	63,699	2,301
Street Improvements		00,000	00,000	233	(233
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	\$	921,365 \$	1,951,559 \$	1,681,597 \$	269,962
Sanitation and waste removal:	•				<i>(, , = , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</i>
Refuse Department	\$	364,949 \$	364,949 \$	512,296 \$	(147,347
Refuse Disposal	. —	204,000	204,000	204,045	(45
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	568,949 \$	568,949 \$	716,341 \$	(147,392
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:					
Maintenance Buildings and Grounds	\$	319,074 \$	463,910 \$	359,214 \$	104,696
Green Hill Cemetary Maintenance		116,774	116,774	86,195	30,579
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	435,848 \$	580,684 \$	445,409 \$	135,275
Total public works	\$	1,926,162 \$	3,101,192 \$	2,843,347 \$	257,845
Mental health and mental retardation:					
Mental Health	\$	86,170 \$	86,170 \$	86,170 \$	-
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	86,170 \$	86,170 \$	86,170 \$	
Welfare:					
Property Tax Relief	\$	81,000 \$	81,000 \$	75,765 \$	5,235
Social Services		1,250,000	1,648,647	1,860,695	(212,048
VA Municipal League		4,606	4,606	9,139	(4,533
Valley Program for Aging		43,912	43,912	43,912	( ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total Action Against Poverty		2,700	2,700	-	2.700
Rockbridge Area Hospice		1,000	1,000	1,000	2,700
Rockbridge Area Rental Assistance		11,180	11,180	11,180	
Rockbridge Free Clinic		18,000	18,000	18,000	
Total welfare	\$	1,412,398 \$	1,811,045 \$	2,019,691 \$	(208,646
Total health and welfare	\$	1,498,568 \$	1,897,215 \$	2,105,861 \$	(208,646

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Education:					
Other instructional costs:					
Contribution to City School Board	\$	2,583,803 \$	2,583,803 \$	2,779,973 \$	(196,170)
Contribution to Community Colleges		30,408	30,408	30,408	-
Contribution to Buena Vista Colored School	. –	2,500	2,500	2,500	-
Total education	\$	2,616,711 \$	2,616,711 \$	2,812,881 \$	(196,170)
Library:					
Rockbridge/ Buena Vista Regional Library	\$	144,375 \$	144,375 \$	148,450 \$	(4,075)
Total library	\$	144,375 \$	144,375 \$	148,450 \$	(4,075)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	144,375 \$	144,375 \$	148,450 \$	(4,075)
Community developments	_				
Community development: Planning and community development:					
Community development administration	\$	345,773 \$	345,773 \$	340.013 \$	5,760
Central Shenandoah Planning District Commission	Ψ	20,315	20,315	20,315	5,700
Rockbridge Area Occupation Center		12,543	12.543	12,543	_
Blue Ridge Legal Services		1,293	1,293	1,293	
Beautification Committee		2,000	2,000	1,000	1,000
Arts Council		2,000	2,000	10,000	(10,000)
Visitor's Center		45,800	45,800	45,800	(10,000)
Project Horizon		2,140	2,140	2,140	-
Paxton House		10,000	10,000	10,000	-
Rockbridge Area transportation system		25,000	25,000	19,443	5.557
VEPGA		23,000	23,000	429	5,557
Rockbridge Area Relief Association		1,500	1,500	429	1,500
Food Bank		500	500	- 500	1,500
Talking book center		1,664	1,664	1,664	-
Employee programs		40,000	40,000	23,981	16,019
Total planning and community development	\$	509,028 \$	509,028 \$	489,121 \$	19,907
Environmental management:					
Soil and Water Conservation	\$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	-
Total environmental management	Ψ	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	2,000 \$	
rotal environmental management	Ψ_	<u>2,000</u> \$	<u>2,000</u> \$	<u>2,000</u> \$	
Total community development	\$	511,028 \$	511,028 \$	491,121 \$	19,907
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	111,602 \$	111,602 \$	68,900 \$	42,702
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	138,325	138,325	112,644	25,681
Total debt service	\$_	249,927 \$	249,927 \$	181,544 \$	68,383
Total General Fund	\$	11,451,565 \$	13,183,071 \$	13,273,477 \$	(90,406)
Special Revenue Fund:					
Park & Recreation Fund:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:	-		·		
	\$	3,000 \$	3,000 \$	2,200 \$	800
Administration		107,415	107,415	132,163	(24,748)
Recreation		95,852	95,852	105,576	(9,724)
Parks and Ground Maintenance		87,872	87,872	126,696	(38,824)
Activities		17,800	17,800	23,072	(5,272)
Swimming Pool	. –	58,472	58,472	76,959	(18,487)
Total Parks and Recreation	\$_	370,411 \$	370,411 \$	466,666 \$	(96,255)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017 (Continued)

Fund, Function, Activity, and Elements		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (continued)					
Senior Center Fund:					
Health and Welfare:					
Senior center	\$	3,900 \$	3,900 \$	9,281 \$	
Total health and welfare	_	3,900	3,900	9,281	(5,381)
Total Senior Center Fund	\$_	3,900 \$	3,900 \$	9,281 \$	(5,381)
Capital Projects Funds:					
School Construction Fund:					
Capital Outlay:					
School construction	\$	- \$	- \$	55 \$	(55)
Total capital outlay	\$	- \$	- \$	55 \$	(55
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$	398,181 \$	398,181 \$	442,965 \$	(44,784
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	64,583	64,583	73,273	(8,690
Other debt service					-
Total debt service	\$_	462,764 \$	462,764 \$	516,238 \$	(53,474
Total School Construction Fund	\$	462,764 \$	462,764 \$	516,293 \$	(53,529
Total Primary Government	\$_	12,288,640 \$	14,020,146 \$	14,265,717 \$	(245,571
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board					
Special revenue funds:					
School Operating Fund:					
Education:					
Instruction	\$	8,406,861 \$	8,406,861 \$	8,083,135 \$	323,726
Administration and Health Services		528,951	528,951	545,108	(16,157
Transportation		323,741	323,741	383,754	(60,013
Operation and Maintenance		920,082	920,082	1,210,232	(290,150
Technology		593,479	593,479	575,783	17,696
Contribution to City of Buena Vista, Virginia	<u> </u>	377,567	377,567	193,474	184,093
Total Education of Schools	\$_	11,150,681 \$	11,150,681 \$	10,991,486 \$	159,195
Total education	_	11,150,681	11,150,681	10,991,486	159,195
Total School Operating Fund	\$	11,150,681 \$	11,150,681 \$	10,991,486 \$	159,195
Special Revenue Fund:		_			
School Cafeteria Fund:					
Education:					
School food services:					
School Nutrition	\$	475,043 \$	475,043 \$	367,740 \$	107,303
	· <u> </u>				
Total education	\$_	475,043 \$	475,043 \$	367,740 \$	107,303
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	475,043 \$	475,043 \$	367,740 \$	107,303
	-				

# STATISTICAL SECTION

Contents	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends	
These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-6
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	7-10
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue debt in the future.	11-14
Demographic and Economic Information	
This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	15
Operating Information	
These tables contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relate to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	16-19

STATISTICAL SECTION

Sources:

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

## Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	 Fiscal Year						
	2008		2009		2010		2011
Governmental activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,977,056	\$	7,547,301	\$	7,199,549	\$	7,461,749
Restricted	-		-		-		104,685
Unrestricted	 2,954,996		2,615,596		2,401,537		1,955,998
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 10,932,052	\$	10,162,897	\$	9,601,086	\$	9,522,432
Business-type activities							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,781,984	\$	2,911,128	\$	2,574,999	\$	1,304,944
Restricted	867,659		848,559		848,452		186,704
Unrestricted	 (656,977)		(1,231,929)		(989,540)		548,085
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 2,992,666	\$	2,527,758	\$	2,433,911	\$	2,039,733
Primary government							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 10,759,040	\$	10,458,429	\$	9,774,548	\$	8,766,693
Restricted	867,659		848,559		848,452		291,389
Unrestricted	 2,298,019		1,383,667		1,411,997		2,504,083
Total primary government net position	\$ 13,924,718	\$	12,690,655	\$	12,034,997	\$	11,562,165

_	Fiscal Year										
_	2012	2013	2014	_	2015		2016	_	2017		
\$	7,825,868 \$ 107,314 1,602,552	8,383,865 \$ 191,002 1,991,915	8,787,455 203,321 2,535,594	\$	7,963,203 204,585 482,642	\$	8,551,947   \$ 205,881 1,191,643	\$	9,164,709 207,337 941,248		
\$	9,535,734 \$	10,566,782 \$	11,526,370	\$	8,650,430	\$	9,949,471	\$_	10,313,294		
\$	(2,890,305) \$ 3,211,557 1,288,213	(1,603,483) \$ 814,994 1,225,491	(805,396) \$ 849,815 994,498	\$	49,145 839,260 (702,747)	\$	(125,963) \$ 815,382 (1,226,666)	\$	(271,422) 782,330 (1,760,050)		
\$	1,609,465 \$	437,002 \$	1,038,917	\$_	185,658	\$	(537,247)	\$_	(1,249,142)		
\$	4,935,563 \$	6,780,382 \$	7,982,059	\$	8,012,348	\$	8,425,984	\$	8,893,287		
	3,318,871	1,005,996	1,053,136		1,043,845		1,021,263		989,667		
-	2,890,765	3,217,406	3,530,092	-	(220,105)		(35,023)	_	(818,802)		
\$_	11,145,199 \$	11,003,784 \$	12,565,287	\$_	8,836,088	\$	9,412,224	\$_	9,064,152		

### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_			Fisca	al Y	/ear	
	_	2008		2009		2010	2011
Expenses	-						
Governmental activities:	•		•		•	• • • • • <b>• • •</b>	
General government administration	\$	1,191,515	\$	2,013,515	\$	2,000,877 \$	1,488,136
Judicial administration Public safety		596,948 1,666,689		666,736 1,774,179		718,851 1,896,548	698,976 1,853,412
Public works		2,994,946		2,032,597		1,785,838	1,645,412
Health and welfare		1,117,070		1,471,928		1,423,633	1,373,423
Education		554,187		2,225,190		2,540,852	2,429,651
Parks, recreation and cultural		581,445		543,381		455,459	470,587
Community development		544,350		477,741		532,525	440,144
Interest on long-term debt	_	346,791		374,344		370,086	340,654
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	9,593,941	\$	11,579,611	\$	11,724,669 \$	10,740,401
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer	\$	1,875,328	\$	1,840,673	\$	1,826,382 \$	1,734,258
Golf course	-	1,645,137		1,454,701	· -	1,188,907	1,191,768
Total business-type activities expenses	\$_	3,520,465		3,295,374	\$	3,015,289 \$	2,926,026
Total primary government expenses	\$_	13,114,406	\$	14,874,985	\$	14,739,958 \$	13,666,427
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government administration	\$	26,616	\$	30,253	\$	65,834 \$	8,441
Judicial administration		644		667		341	2,041
Public safety		12,017		81,937		91,828	71,311
Public works		557,235		634,775		605,353	471,529
Parks, recreation and cultural Operating grants and contributions		86,423 2,897,897		90,478 3,107,371		60,268 3,274,247	69,415 2,913,191
Capital grants and contributions		1,071,492				34,923	2,913,191
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	4,652,324	 \$	3,945,481	\$	4,132,794 \$	3,535,928
Business-type activities:	• -	, - , -	- · _	- , , -	· · -	, <u> </u>	- , ,
Charges for services:							
Water and sewer	\$	1,658,072	\$	1,541,154	\$	1,647,493 \$	1,587,034
Golf course	Ψ	835,938	Ψ	655,199	Ψ	591,335	418,580
Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-	-
Total business-type activities program revenues	\$	2,494,010	\$	2,196,353	\$	2,238,828 \$	2,005,614
Total primary government program revenues	\$	7,146,334	\$	6,141,834	\$	6,371,622 \$	5,541,542
Net (expense) / revenue							
Governmental activities	\$	(4,941,617)	\$	(7,634,130)	\$	(7,591,875) \$	(7,204,473)
Business-type activities	_	(1,026,455)		(1,099,021)		(776,461)	(920,412)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(5,968,072)	\$	(8,733,151)	\$	(8,368,336) \$	(8,124,885)

Fiscal Year										
_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017				
\$	1,555,693 \$	1,434,120 \$	1,352,667 \$	1,331,648 \$	1,433,595 \$	5 1,451,815				
·	834,369	781,762	744,136	739,630	784,356	860,720				
	1,974,531	2,094,716	2,421,580	2,078,802	2,265,851	2,631,032				
	1,532,334	1,528,167	1,543,028	1,710,983	1,960,690	2,064,999				
	1,387,794	1,262,700	1,430,280	1,515,132	1,487,186	2,094,471				
	2,388,442	2,678,335	2,507,520	3,987,920	2,461,405	3,053,399				
	493,121	502,721	512,800	467,036	541,016	616,884				
	524,202	380,195	476,304	443,371	437,882	483,507				
_	329,680	328,515	244,753	237,479	195,175	180,959				
\$_	11,020,166 \$	10,991,231 \$	11,233,068 \$	12,512,001 \$	11,567,156 \$	13,437,786				
\$	2,057,106 \$	2,147,225 \$	2,164,971 \$	2,111,346 \$	2,309,955 \$	\$ 2,298,746				
_	1,201,667	1,060,556	1,041,770	1,171,247	1,072,226	1,061,779				
\$_	3,258,773 \$	3,207,781 \$	3,206,741 \$	3,282,593 \$	3,382,181 \$	3,360,525				
\$_	14,278,939 \$	14,199,012 \$	14,439,809 \$	15,794,594 \$	14,949,337 \$	6 16,798,311				
\$	19,321 \$ 1,488 107,031 526,476 97,802 3,042,330	12,854 \$ 894 92,936 594,270 103,445 2,952,688	3,129 \$ 1,413 101,687 732,987 92,251 3,287,030	2,418 \$ 1,082 65,546 716,207 85,177 2,869,831	6,111 \$ 1,657 72,387 714,462 86,880 3,330,959	2,583 1,669 73,081 744,410 94,478 4,526,619				
	-	_,000_,000	-	_,000,001	-					
\$_	3,794,448 \$	3,757,087 \$	4,218,497 \$	3,740,261 \$	4,212,456 \$	5,442,840				
\$	1,975,335 \$	2,006,397 \$	2,064,255 \$	2,113,865 \$	2,065,614 \$	5 2,044,753				
٣	487,851	471,885	439,807	385,436	352,310	331,401				
	-	190,455	813,106	38,901	100	-				
\$_	2,463,186 \$	2,668,737 \$	3,317,168 \$	2,538,202 \$	2,418,024 \$	2,376,154				
\$_	6,257,634 \$	6,425,824 \$	7,535,665 \$	6,278,463 \$	6,630,480 \$	5 7,818,994				
				(0.774.740) ¢		(7.004.040				
\$	(7,225,718) \$ (795,587)	(7,234,144) \$ (539,044)	(7,014,571) \$ 110,427	(8,771,740) \$ (744,391)	(7,354,700) \$ (964,157)	\$ (7,994,946 (984,371				

### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (continued)

	_		Fiscal Y	ear	
		2008	2009	2010	2011
General Revenues and Other Changes					
in Net Position					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$	5,003,837 \$	4,868,906 \$	5,223,823 \$	5,009,886
Local sales and use taxes		391,902	363,627	345,773	397,404
Consumer utility taxes		276,078	274,681	294,001	248,874
Meals taxes		182,152	182,056	196,708	167,780
Cellular phone taxes and right of ways		361,701	328,652	330,009	328,377
Business and professional licenses taxes		182,082	179,437	175,694	174,242
Motor vehicle licenses taxes		133,238	128,123	126,257	127,561
Other local taxes		213,280	185,098	208,553	171,758
Unrestricted grants and contributions		694,017	684,393	675,957	736,104
Unrestricted revenues from use					
of money and property		209,473	356,190	151,987	139,688
Miscellaneous		135,208	130,751	170,308	146,107
Loss on disposition of assets		-	(7,272)	-	-
Transfers	—	(1,532,594)	(809,667)	(679,006)	(521,962)
Total governmental activities	\$	6,250,374 \$	6,864,975 \$	7,220,064 \$	7,125,819
Business-type activities:					
Unrestricted revenues from use					
of money and property	\$	15,278 \$	3,146 \$	- \$	-
Miscellaneous		-	-	3,608	4,272
Loss on disposition of assets		(14,773)	-	-	-
Transfers	_	1,532,594	809,667	679,006	521,962
Total business-type activities	\$	1,533,099 \$	812,813 \$	682,614 \$	526,234
	· _	· · · -	· · ·	· · ·	,
Total primary government	\$	7,783,473 \$	7,677,788 \$	7,902,678 \$	7,652,053
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$	1,308,757 \$	(769,155) \$	(371,811) \$	(78,654)
Business-type activities	*	506,644	(286,208)	(93,847)	(394,178)
Total primary government	\$	1,815,401 \$	(1,055,363) \$	(465,658) \$	(472,832)
. etc. printery government	Ψ=	ι,στο, τοτ φ	(1,000,000) ψ	(100,000) φ	(112,002)

			Fiscal \	<i>l</i> ear		
_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$	4,948,762 \$ 378,736 256,535 192,920	5,777,309 \$ 407,119 269,962 290,324	5,655,373 \$ 366,318 264,219 297,771	5,600,403 \$ 396,151 264,454 326,384	5,974,703 \$ 378,543 263,677 340,008	5,905,508 377,061 263,392 319,870
	321,702 177,887 125,579 177,095 675,434	175,858 170,345 171,903 1,007,441	172,418 170,032 195,495 994,313	174,344 166,550 203,309 1,039,468	174,412 166,467 196,196 982,759	184,093 168,992 201,057 973,816
	160,234 189,394	136,639 186,182	168,566 180,254	190,386 214,621	182,946 235,226	183,630 160,503
_	(365,258)	(327,890)	(490,600)	(441,351)	(241,196)	(270,794)
\$_	7,239,020 \$	8,265,192 \$	7,974,159 \$\$	8,134,719 \$\$	8,653,741 \$	8,467,128
\$	- \$ 61	- \$ 8,653	- \$ 888	- \$ 447	40 \$ 16	902 780
_	365,258	327,890	490,600	441,351	241,196	270,794
\$	365,319 \$	336,543 \$	491,488 \$	441,798_\$	241,252 \$	272,476
\$_	7,604,339 \$	8,601,735 \$	8,465,647 \$\$	8,576,517 \$\$	8,894,993 \$	8,739,604
\$	13,302 \$ (430,268)	1,031,048 \$ (202,501)	959,588 \$ 601,915	(637,021) \$ (302,593)	1,299,041 \$ (722,905)	472,182 (711,895)
\$	(416,966) \$	828,547 \$	1,561,503 \$	(939,614) \$	576,136 \$	(239,713)

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local sales and use Tax	Consumer Utility Tax	Meals Tax	Cell Phone Tax	Business License Tax
2017 \$	5,905,508	\$ 377,061 \$	263,392 \$	319,870 \$	- \$	184,093
2016	5,974,703	378,543	263,677	340,008	-	174,412
2015	5,600,403	396,151	264,454	326,384	-	174,344
2014	5,655,373	366,318	264,219	297,771	-	172,418
2013	5,777,309	407,119	269,962	290,324	-	175,858
2012	4,948,762	378,736	256,535	192,920	321,702	177,887
2011	5,009,886	397,404	248,874	167,780	328,377	174,242
2010	5,223,823	345,773	294,001	196,708	330,009	175,694
2009	4,868,906	363,627	274,681	182,056	328,652	179,437
2008	5,003,837	391,902	276,078	182,152	361,701	182,082

_	Motor Vehicle License Tax	 Other Local Tax	 Total
\$	168,992	\$ 201,057	\$ 7,419,973
	166,467	196,196	7,494,006
	166,550	203,309	7,131,595
	170,032	195,495	7,121,626
	170,345	171,903	7,262,820
	125,579	177,095	6,579,216
	127,561	171,758	6,625,882
	126,257	208,553	6,900,818
	128,123	185,098	6,510,580
	133,238	213,280	6,744,270

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_		Fiscal	<i>l</i> ear	
	_	2008	2009	2010	2011
General fund					
Nonspendable	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Restricted		-	-	-	104,685
Unassigned	_	1,337,155	1,353,762	1,497,759	1,178,003
Total general fund	\$_	1,337,155 \$	1,353,762 \$	1,497,759 \$	1,282,688
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable					
Prepaid items	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Restricted:					
Community development block grant		-	-	-	74,784
School capital projects		-	-	-	-
Assigned:					
Debt service		-	-	-	614,525
Senior Center		-	-	-	-
Green Hill Cemetary		-	-	-	61,627
Unassigned, reported in:					
Special revenue funds		115,176	128,822	73,167	(50,987)
Capital projects funds	_	1,260,164	1,073,011	664,549	-
Total all other governmental funds	\$_	1,375,340 \$	1,201,833 \$	737,716 \$	699,949

Note: GASB 54 was implemented during fiscal year 2011

			Fiscal Y	⁄ear		
_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$	23,647 \$ 107,314 1,028,297	24,741 \$ 108,540 1,392,969	26,568 \$ 109,520 2,297,349	27,924 \$ 110,509 2,698,796	132,433 \$ 111,408 3,044,256	98,341 112,412 2,790,572
\$_	1,159,258 \$	1,526,250 \$	2,433,437 \$	2,837,229 \$	3,288,097 \$	3,001,325
\$	- \$	- \$	1,075 \$	- \$	818 \$	818
	87,128	82,462	93,801	94,076	94,473	94,925
	-	222,846	223,184	214,496	-	-
	565,546	486,693	255,195	-	-	-
	7,806	9,529	5,761	4,512	7,382	5,715
	60,481	51,536	46,188	38,305	33,002	26,564
	(64,781)	(66,009)	(80,744)	(66,610)	(62,692)	(71,600)
_				(228,900)	(14,375)	(13,827)
\$	656,180 \$	787,057 \$	544,460 \$	55,879 \$	58,608 \$	42,595

### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year					
		2008	2009	2010	2011	
Revenues						
General property taxes	\$	5,050,037 \$	4,982,364 \$	5,036,684 \$	5,000,774	
Other local taxes		1,740,433	1,641,674	1,676,995	1,615,996	
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses		82,399	42,008	42,597	32,548	
Fines and forfeitures		67,218	68,608	73,899	56,870	
Revenue from use of money and property		209,473	356,190	151,987	139,688	
Charges for services		682,935	727,494	707,128	532,071	
Miscellaneous Recovered costs		135,208 54,075	130,751 74,215	170,308 74,733	146,107	
Intergovernmental:		54,075	74,215	74,755	30,537	
Local government		_	-	324,093	324,093	
Commonwealth		3,438,185	3,677,754	3,443,597	3,201,924	
Federal		1,225,221	114,010	217,437	123,278	
Total revenues	\$	12,685,184 \$	11,815,068 \$	11,919,458 \$	11,203,886	
	•				,,	
Expenditures	•	( ( <b>77</b> 000 <b>(</b>		005 <b></b> 00 <b>(</b>		
General government administration	\$	1,177,680 \$	1,073,527 \$	985,770 \$	1,111,062	
Judicial administration		659,675	656,622	703,827	683,819	
Public safety Public works		1,709,107 3,237,176	1,914,522 1,867,050	1,804,153 1,672,395	1,775,565 1,494,922	
Health and welfare		1,138,437	1,491,952	1,491,844	1,386,566	
Education		2,532,423	2,225,190	2,350,852	2,239,651	
Parks, recreation and cultural		585,231	537,994	455,423	478,682	
Community development		489,732	491,300	519,316	450,938	
Capital outlay		2,022,976	520,898	125,654	48,384	
Debt service						
Principal		1,081,207	1,017,383	1,037,806	942,103	
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	359,111	374,344	413,531	323,070	
Total expenditures	\$	14,992,755 \$	12,170,782 \$	11,560,571 \$	10,934,762	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(2,307,571) \$	(355,714) \$	358,887 \$	269,124	
	Ψ_	(2,307,371) φ_	(333,7 14) φ_	<u> </u>	200,124	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	\$	1,456,151 \$	911,238 \$	593,959 \$	951,086	
Transfers out		(2,988,745)	(1,720,905)	(1,272,965)	(1,473,048)	
Refunding bonds issued		-	836,849	-	-	
Issuance of long-term debt Issuance of general obligation bonds		100,752	171,632	-	-	
Issuance of bond anticipation notes		- 1,663,151	-	-	-	
Issuance of refunding loan payable		-	-	750,000	750,000	
Redemption of refunded loan		-	-	(750,000)	(750,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	231,309 \$	198,814 \$	(679,006) \$	(521,962)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,076,262) \$	(156,900) \$	(320,119) \$	(252,838)	
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		12.16%	11.95%	12.69%	11.62%	

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	2012	2010	2014	2010	2010	2011
	5,128,101 \$	5,566,575 \$	5,816,792 \$	5,687,818 \$	5,741,167 \$	5,803,302
	1,630,454	1,485,511	1,466,253	1,531,192	1,519,303	1,514,46
	43,497	35,195	56,039	44,163	40,924	66,31
	88,951	78,145	85,102	52,441	57,242	57,54
	160,234	136,639	168,566	190,386	182,946	183,63
	619,670	691,059	790,326	773,826	783,331	792,35
	211,218	186,182	180,254	214,621	235,226	160,50
	43,878	26,142	38,313	6,062	10,776	30,78
	372,953	372,953	372,953	48,860	193,474	193,47
	3,226,557	3,481,495	3,865,603	3,805,864	4,053,919	5,102,19
	118,254	105,681	42,787	54,575	66,325	204,76
	11,643,767 \$	12,165,577 \$	12,882,988 \$	12,409,808 \$	12,884,633 \$	14,109,34
	1,182,731 \$	1,069,263 \$	1,040,690 \$	1,087,930 \$	1,171,159 \$	1,198,39
	813,087	768,349	730,301	750,287	789,640	844,80
	2,104,240	2,012,328	2,344,890	2,108,910	2,205,651	2,647,08
	1,500,611	1,452,948	1,466,101	1,933,435	2,193,090	2,843,34
	1,408,127	1,268,530	1,468,281	1,512,651	1,487,742	2,115,14
	2,160,872	2,469,550	2,283,301	2,286,258	2,220,877	2,812,88
	521,591	490,914	510,236	457,666	531,499	615,11
	542,077	399,905	480,235	759,790	444,948	491,12
	51,483	328,280	15,583	223,186	294,357	5
	1,000,969	1,246,281	1,104,081	1,003,427	928,069	511,86
	335,920	343,443	284,099	229,706	217,100	185,91
	11,621,708 \$	11,849,791 \$	11,727,798 \$	12,353,246 \$	12,484,132 \$	14,265,71
	22,059 \$	315,786 \$	1,155,190 \$	56,562 \$	400,501 \$	(156,37
	, ·	, · ·	<u> </u>	, ·	<u> </u>	
	950,648 \$	879,436 \$	698,134 \$	880,904 \$	587,788 \$	609,99
	(1,315,906)	(1,207,326)	(1,188,734)	(1,322,255)	(828,984)	(880,78
	-	-	-	300,000	-	
	176,000	-	-	-	294,292	232,74
	-	509,973	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	
	(189,258) \$	182,083 \$	(490,600) \$		53,096 \$	(38,05
	<u>/</u> ·				· ·	<u> </u>
-	(167,199) \$	497,869 \$	664,590 \$	(84,789) \$	453,597 \$	(194,42

# General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local sales and use Tax	Consumer Utility Tax	Business License Tax	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Bank Stock Tax	Recordation and Wills Tax
2017 \$	5,803,302	\$ 377,061 \$	263,392 \$	184,093 \$	168,992 \$	48,715 \$	26,039
2016	5,741,167	378,543	263,677	174,412	166,467	44,278	25,412
2015	5,687,818	396,151	264,454	174,344	166,550	48,115	24,724
2014	5,816,792	366,318	264,219	172,418	170,032	38,430	25,949
2013	5,566,575	407,119	269,962	175,858	170,345	26,755	27,607
2012	5,128,101	378,736	256,535	177,887	125,579	47,100	25,867
2011	5,000,774	397,404	248,874	174,242	127,561	54,919	23,283
2010	5,036,684	345,773	294,001	175,694	126,257	51,602	41,553
2009	4,982,364	363,627	274,681	179,437	128,123	40,194	36,102
2008	5,050,037	391,902	276,078	182,082	133,238	47,515	53,119

 Meals Tax	 Other Local Tax	 Total
\$ 319,870	\$ 126,303	\$ 7,317,767
340,008	126,506	7,260,470
326,384	130,470	7,219,010
297,771	131,116	7,283,045
290,324	117,541	7,052,086
192,920	425,830	6,758,555
167,780	421,933	6,616,770
196,708	445,407	6,713,679
182,056	437,454	6,624,038
182,152	474,347	6,790,470

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property (3)	Public Service (2)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	State Sales Assessment Ratio (4)	Total Direct Rate
2017 \$	327,313,460 \$	40,865,214 \$	23,005,034 \$	391,183,708 \$	341,704,846	114.48% \$	12.52
2016	364,742,820	41,387,341	21,978,142	428,108,303	372,203,359	115.02%	12.30
2015	370,299,700	38,823,781	16,226,569	425,350,050	340,388,964	124.96%	12.30
2014	369,965,100	37,597,333	14,908,769	460,953,526	379,448,079	121.48%	12.24
2013	369,766,300	38,482,324	14,824,925	460,318,115	395,836,370	116.29%	12.24
2012	398,252,780	37,244,566	13,617,540	484,629,216	422,040,596	114.83%	11.96
2011	396,922,080	35,514,330	13,884,688	446,321,098	432,314,120	103.24%	11.90
2010	395,269,480	35,506,375	11,824,822	442,600,677	476,159,281	92.90%	11.90
2009	393,844,500	35,257,670	11,349,391	440,451,561	543,767,359	81.00%	11.79
2008	363,681,730	40,035,676	12,193,672	415,911,078	590,782,781	70.40%	11.88

(1) Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

(2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

(3) Personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value as of January 1, 1995.

(4) Source: Virginia Department of Taxation (Public Service Corporations).

Fiscal Years	Real Estate	 Personal Property	 Mobile Homes	 Machinery and Tools	 Total Direct Rate
2017 \$	1.21	\$ 5.85	\$ 1.21	\$ 4.25	\$ 12.52
2016	1.10	5.85	1.10	4.25	12.30
2015	1.10	5.85	1.10	4.25	12.30
2014	1.07	5.85	1.07	4.25	12.24
2013	1.07	5.85	1.07	4.25	12.24
2012	0.93	5.85	0.93	4.25	11.96
2011	0.90	5.85	0.90	4.25	11.90
2010	0.90	5.85	0.90	4.25	11.90
2009	0.85	5.85	0.85	4.25	11.79
2008	0.89	5.85	0.89	4.25	11.88

Amounts shown above are the City's total direct rates.

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value, there are no restrictions on the City's ability to raise tax rates.

### Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

		Fiscal Year	r 2017	Fiscal Yea	ır 2008
		2017	% of Total	2008	% of Total
	Туре	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Business	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation
Virginia Electric and Power	Utility	13,810,679	3.53%	5,998,833	1.44%
Modine	Manufacturing	5,848,700	1.50%	6,297,490	1.51%
Stag Buena Vista LLC (1)	Manufacturing	5,156,000	1.32%	-	0.00%
Columbia Gas	Utility	4,584,029	1.17%	2,286,486	0.55%
GPH Buena Vista LLC	Nursing Home	3,625,000	0.93%	5,879,830	1.41%
Eforay	Research & Develop-Air Cond	3,128,400	0.80%	3,603,460	0.87%
Rebkee Partners Hilltop LLC	Retail Merchants	3,115,500	0.80%	3,146,300	0.76%
Treemont Village Preservation (1)	Apartments	3,026,200	0.77%	-	0.00%
Everbrite	Manufacturing	2,972,700	0.76%	3,248,820	0.78%
Knopp Company	Apartments	2,818,300	0.72%	2,372,300	0.57%
Daryl Limited Co (1)	Manufacturing	2,215,200	0.57%	-	0.00%
Roy & June Southers Trust (1)	Real Estate	2,199,500	0.56%	-	0.00%
Beans Bottom LLC (1)	Real Estate	2,160,800	0.55%	-	0.00%
Hillcrest Manor LLC	Apartments	2,088,400	0.53%	2,628,800	0.63%
Norfolk & Western Railway (1)	Railroad	1,925,933	0.49%	-	0.00%
		58,675,341	15.00%	35,462,319	8.53%

### Source: Commissioner of Revenue

(1) Business not in operation in fiscal year 2008

	Total Tax	Collected with Year of the		Collections	Total Collection	ons to Date
Fiscal Year	Levy for Fiscal Year (1)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2017 \$	6,500,078 \$	6,044,153	92.99% \$	- \$	6,044,153	92.99%
2016	6,521,393	6,102,140	93.57%	221,727	6,323,867	96.97%
2015	6,374,749	6,032,482	94.63%	234,169	6,266,651	98.30%
2014	6,229,683	5,829,158	93.57%	323,411	6,152,569	98.76%
2013	6,195,432	5,838,533	94.24%	297,994	6,136,527	99.05%
2012	5,849,241	5,475,831	93.62%	342,905	5,818,736	99.48%
2011	5,661,547	5,377,064	94.98%	280,582	5,657,646	99.93%
2010	5,611,405	5,244,565	93.46%	364,295	5,608,860	99.95%
2009	5,511,443	5,356,497	97.19%	152,653	5,509,150	99.96%
2008	5,609,091	5,420,981	96.65%	186,422	5,607,403	99.97%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, County Treasurer's office

(1) Includes PPTRA reimbursement from Commonwealth of Virginia

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Goverr	nmental Activitie		Business-type Activities				
Fiscal Years	General Obligation Bonds	Literary Fund Loans	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Other Obligations	
2017 \$	417,249	\$ 1,875,000 \$	- \$	2,462,382 \$	477,636 \$	15,088,052 \$	- \$	1,201,840	
2016	440,430	2,250,000	-	2,531,282	289,678	15,315,298	-	1,201,840	
2015	463,611	2,625,000	-	3,009,116	47,437	15,535,249	-	1,201,840	
2014	486,792	3,000,000	444,864	2,760,658	156,279	15,953,006	-	983,874	
2013	823,774	3,375,000	602,188	2,892,176	259,536	16,323,696	-	655,318	
2012	627,636	3,750,000	765,422	3,163,754	382,170	16,692,334	-	424,019	
2011	941,454	4,125,000	926,292	3,193,926	101,859	13,127,451	-	-	
2010	1,255,272	4,500,000	1,080,515	3,215,680	179,167	13,512,737	-	-	
2009	1,569,090	4,875,000	1,228,397	3,250,000	345,952	13,708,989	11,500	-	
2008	1,882,910	5,250,000	1,368,860	2,413,151	362,420	13,896,720	80,164	-	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 15

Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
\$ 21,522,159	21.07% \$	3,310
22,028,528	18.51%	3,231
22,882,253	18.06%	3,332
23,785,473	18.30%	3,479
24,931,688	20.33%	3,713
25,805,335	16.37%	3,889
22,415,982	13.01%	3,464
23,743,371	13.78%	3,740
24,988,928	14.50%	3,936
25,254,225	14.66%	3,948

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 Gross Bonded Debt	Less: Amounts Reserved for Debt Service	 Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)	Net Bonded Debt per Capita (1)
2017	\$ 2,292,249	\$ -	\$ 2,292,249	0.59% \$	353
2016	2,690,430	-	2,690,430	0.63%	395
2015	3,088,611	-	3,088,611	0.73%	450
2014	3,486,792	-	3,486,792	0.76%	510
2013	4,198,774	-	4,198,774	0.91%	625
2012	4,377,636	-	4,377,636	0.90%	660
2011	5,066,454	-	5,066,454	1.14%	783
2010	5,755,272	-	5,755,272	1.30%	906
2009	6,444,090	-	6,444,090	1.45%	1,015
2008	7,132,910	-	7,132,910	1.71%	1,115

(1) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 15

(2) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 7

(3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, literary fund loans, and excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences. The School Board does not have taxing authority, therefore the literary loan funds are included as they are to be repaid from general government resources.

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Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Year		
	 2008	2009	2010		2011
Debt limit (1)	\$ 36,368,173 \$	39,384,450	39,526,9	48 \$	39,692,208
Total net debt applicable to limit (2)	 25,254,225	24,988,928	23,743,3	71	22,415,982
Legal debt margin	\$ 11,113,948 \$	14,395,522	5 15,783,5	77_\$_	20,814,660
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	69.44%	63.45%	60.0	7%	51.85%

(1) The debt limit is calculated on Table 7

(2) The total net debt applicable to limit is calcualted on Table 11

			Fiscal Y	ear		
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$	39,825,278 \$	36,976,630 \$	36,996,510 \$	37,029,970 \$	36,474,282 \$	32,731,346
_	25,805,335	24,931,688	23,785,473	22,882,353	22,028,528	21,522,159
\$	14,019,943 \$	12,044,942 \$	13,211,037 \$	14,147,717 \$	14,445,754 \$	11,209,187
	64.80%	67.43%	64.29%	61.79%	60.39%	65.75%

## Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Wat	er a	nd Sewer Rever	nı	ue Bonds (1)	)		
Fiscal Year	-	Water/Sewer Charges and Other	Less: Operating Expenses		Net Available Revenue		Debt S Principal	Ser	vice Interest	Coverage
2017 (2)	\$	2,045,288	\$ 1,919,514	\$	125,774 \$		195,081	\$	329,004	24.00%
2016		2,065,614	1,926,450		139,164		188,768		337,798	26.43%
2015		2,113,865	1,767,302		346,563		178,349		345,431	66.17%
2014		2,064,255	1,777,994		286,261		172,201		333,967	56.55%
2013		2,014,987	1,689,750		325,237		125,258		403,401	61.52%
2012		1,975,335	1,664,180		311,155		299,091		333,964	49.15%
2011		1,591,284	1,575,252		16,032		78,266		159,006	6.76%
2010		1,651,101	1,661,771		(10,670)		74,269		164,611	-4.47%
2009		1,541,154	1,682,258		(141,104)		70,338		158,415	-59.31%
2008		1,658,072	1,705,050		(46,978)		66,478		170,278	-19.84%

(1) Increase in principal and interest paid is due to the refinancing of several issues with the 2011A issue.

(2) The amount reported as 2017 principal and interest for the Golf Course Revenue Bonds reflects the amount of debt service owed in 2017 rather than the amount actually paid. Reference note 22 to the financial statements for additional information regarding the reason for this difference.

-	Golf Course		Less:	001	f Course Revenu Net				
	Charges		Operating		Available	Debt S	Ser	vice	
	and Other	_	Expenses		Revenue	Principal		Interest	Coverage
\$	331,646	\$	523,001	\$	(191,355) \$	267,165	\$	538,778	-23.74%
	352,326		554,531		(202,205)	256,246		517,695	-26.13%
	385,443		523,442		(137,999)	239,408		610,843	-16.23%
	440,695		506,793		(66,098)	228,489		534,977	-8.66%
	471,948		508,621		(36,673)	213,380		551,935	-4.79%
	487,912		617,024		(129,112)	899,525		584,643	-8.70%
	418,602		662,568		(243,966)	307,020		529,200	-29.17%
	591,335		666,547		(75,212)	121,983		521,956	-11.68%
	655,199		903,238		(248,039)	117,393		548,856	-38.39%
	835,938		1,088,193		(252,255)	112,880		551,765	-37.95%

6,471

6,349

6,349

6,397

172,309,592

172,309,592

172,309,592

172,309,592

2011

2010

2009

2008

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income	 Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemploy- ment Rate
2017	6,502 \$	102,126,914	\$ 15,707	38.1	990	5.20%
2016	6,817	119,024,820	17,460	38.1	966	5.20%
2015	6,867	126,716,751	18,453	36.8	1,046	6.40%
2014	6,836	129,979,704	19,014	36.8	1,046	6.30%
2013	6,714	122,651,352	18,268	36.8	1,198	7.70%
2012	6,636	157,624,908	23,753	37.6	1,198	7.40%

26,628

27,140

27,140

26,936

39.3

39.3

39.3

39.3

1,104

1,120

1,211

1,133

Source: Weldon Cooper Center, Annual school report - prepared by the county, United States Census Bureau, United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

8.60%

8.70%

5.60%

4.10%

# Principal Employers

# Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fis	scal Year 2	017	Fis	scal Year 2	008
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Employment
Buena Vista City Schools	198	1	8.43%	243	2	7.57%
Southern Virginia University	173	2	7.37%	250	1	7.76%
Modine Manufacturing	162	3	6.90%	203	3	6.50%
Munters	137	4	5.83%	-	-	0.00%
Sayres	112	5	4.77%	-	-	0.00%
Everbrite	112	6	4.77%	76	6	2.86%
GGNSC - Shenandoah Valley Health	77	7	3.28%	80	5	2.58%
City of Buena Vista, VA	77	8	3.28%	128	4	4.11%
Mundet	37	9	1.58%	-	-	0.00%
ADS	37	10	1.58%	25	10	2.07%
Bontex	-	-	0.00%	62	7	2.32%
Fitzgerald Lumber	-	-		50	8	1.63%
Shenandoah Hardwood		-	0.00%	49	9	1.70%
Totals	1,122		47.79%	1,166		39.10%

## Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government	13	13	12	12	12	11	11	12	12	12
Judicial administration	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9
Public safety										
Police department	13	13	12	16	15	15	15	15	17	18
Building inspections	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
Public works										
General maintenance	42	42	38	33	33	33	34	34	32	33
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation	11	5	3	5	5	3	4	4	4	4
Community development										
Planning	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Totals	97	91	92	78	77	74	76	77	77	79

# Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fis	cal Year				
Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Public safety Sheriffs department: Civil papers Building inspections: Permits issued	3,970 91	3,569 84	4,171 73	3,888 62	4,021 61	4004 66	4004 61	4004 71	4004 71	4004 61
Public works Landfill: Recycling (tons/year)	0	248	327	367	377	343	343	343	343	343
Community development Planning: Zoning permits issued	41	35	48	63	64	46	48	36	36	50
Component Unit - School Board Education: School age population Number of teachers	1,136 102	1,211 111	1,101 108	1,135 98	1,175 88	1,035 86	1,046 80	1,046 80	965 79	930 75
Local expenditures per pupil	\$ 1,878	\$ 2,219	\$ 2,051	\$ 2,276	\$ 2,114	\$ 1,944	\$ 9,238	\$ 9,709	\$ 9,709	\$ 9,709

### Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
Function	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government										
Administration buildings	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public safety										
Police department:										
Patrol units	19	19	19	19	19	16	16	16	21	21
Building inspections:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Animal control:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
General maintenance:										
Trucks/vehicles	31	29	28	28	29	30	27	27	28	28
Culture and recreation										
Parks and recreation:										
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	2	2	2	2	2	5	6	6	6	6
Parks acreage	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community development										
Planning:										
Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Component Unit - School Board										
Education:										
Schools	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
School buses	13	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	12	12

# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

## TO THE CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Buena Vista, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Buena Vista, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2017.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Buena Vista, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cax Associates

Staunton, Virginia November 30, 2017

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

TO THE CITY COUNCIL CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Buena Vista, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. City of Buena Vista, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Buena Vista, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's compliance.

## **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, City of Buena Vista, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

# **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of City of Buena Vista, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Buena Vista, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Lax Associates

Staunton, Virginia November 30, 2017

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Department of Health and Human Services:         Press Through Payments:         Department of Social Services:         Promoting Sale and Stable Families         93 555         Not available         Social Services:         Promoting Sale and Stable Families         93 555       Not available         93 555       Not available         93 559       Not available         Adoption Assistance for Needy Families       93 559         Social Services Block Grant       93 667         Department of Health and Human Services       \$         Cooperative Forestry Assistance for Needy Families       \$         Cooperative Forestry Assistance       10.664       Not available       \$         Popartment of Agriculture:       Food Distribution       10.555       40623       \$       29.045         Department of Agriculture:       Food Distribution       10.555       40623       \$       29.045         National School Linch Program       10.555       40623       \$       29.045         Department of Agriculture       \$       251.486       251.486         Total Department of Agriculture       \$       251.473       \$         Department of Chrinal Justice Service:       Crime Victin Assistance </th <th>Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster Title</th> <th>Federal CFDA Number</th> <th>Pass-through Entity Identifying Number</th> <th>Federal Expenditures</th>	Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Title or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
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Total Department of Education \$ 856,339	Rural Education	84.358	Not available	10,494
	Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	61480	69,609
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards \$	Total Department of Education			\$ 856,339
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$1,308,591

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2017

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

### NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, change in net position, or cash flows of the City of Buena Vista, Virginia.

### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principals contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

City of Buena Vista, Virginia has elected not tu use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available.

### NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

#### NOTE D - SUBRECIPIENTS

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

### NOTE E - RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal expenditures, revenues, and capital contributions are reported in the City's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:	
Governmental funds	\$ 204,766
Total primary government	\$ 204,766
Discretely presented component unit - School Board:	
School operating fund	\$ 856,339
School cafeteria fund	 247,486
Total discretely presented component unit - School Board	\$ 1,103,825
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of	
Federal awards	\$ 1,308,591

# CITY OF BUENA VISTA, VIRGINIA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

# Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statement	S		
Type of auditors' rep	oort issued:	unmodified	
Internal control over	financial reporting:		
- Material weakness	s(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no	
- Significant deficier	ncy(ies) identified?	yes <u>x</u> none reported	
Noncompliance mat	erial to financial statements noted?	yes <u>x</u> no	
Federal Awards:			
Internal control over	major programs:		
- Material weakness	s(es) identified?	yes <u>x</u> no	
- Significant deficier	ncy(ies) identified?	yes <u>x</u> none reported	
Type of auditors' rep	oort issued on compliance for major programs:	unmodified	
	sclosed that are required to be reported section 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?	yes <u>x</u> no	
Identification of majo	or programs:		
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
<b>Child Nutrition Clu</b> 10.553 10.555 10.555	ster School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Food Distribution		
Special Education	Cluster		
84.027 84.173	Title VI-B: Special Education State Gra		
Dollar threshold use	d to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified as	low-risk auditee?	<u>x</u> yes no	
Section II-Financial Statement Findings			
None Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
None			
Section IV-Status of Prior Year Audit Findings and Questioned Costs			

There were no prior year audit findings.