# ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF YORK COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(A Component Unit of the County of York, Virginia)

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

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#### **Report of Independent Auditor**

Authority Members and Officials Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia (the "Authority") a component unit of the County of York, Virginia, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority, as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The Schedules of Conduit Debt Outstanding are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedules of Conduit Debt Outstanding are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2015, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Virginia Beach, Virginia November 25, 2015

Cherry Bekaut LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2015 and 2014

This section of the Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia's (the "Authority") annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements following this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In fiscal year 2015, the Authority continued to successfully operate the Yorktown waterfront commercial development, Riverwalk Landing, which has continued to be a popular destination for tourists and locals. Riverwalk Landing was fully leased in fiscal year 2015 and the new restaurant Water Street Grille has been very successful.
- Two new mixed use communities, Commonwealth Green and Yorktown Crescent, broke ground in fiscal year 2015. The two projects combined will add over 78,000 square feet of commercial space to the County.
- Sam's Club closed on a 13.5 acre parcel in the Marquis and plans to build a new store in 2016. This
  destination retailer along with new residential development in the second phase of the Marquis should
  spark additional retail and restaurant development.
- Spain Commercial purchased five acres in the York River Commerce Park from the Authority. Spain plans to break ground immediately on an 18,000 square foot flex building that is already fully leased.
- Commercial building permit values increased significantly in fiscal year 2015 increasing from \$23.4 million to \$36.2 million.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all Authority assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Summary of Statement of Net Position at:	(	6/30/2015		6/30/2014	6/30/2013
Current assets	\$	563,403	\$	538,773	\$ 401,160
Noncurrent assets		2,136,235		2,008,131	1,294,738
Capital assets		759,224		788,165	 817,106
Total assets	\$	3,458,862	\$	3,335,069	\$ 2,513,004
Current liabilities	\$	82,741	\$	106,170	\$ 85,716
Noncurrent liabilities		205,857		216,121	 191,498
Total liabilities		288,598		322,291	277,214
Net investment in capital assets		759,224		788,165	817,106
Unrestricted		2,411,040		2,224,613	 1,418,684
Total net position		3,170,264		3,012,778	 2,235,790
Total liabilities and net position	\$	3,458,862	\$	3,335,069	\$ 2,513,004

At the close of the 2015 and 2014 fiscal years, the Authority's assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,170,264 and \$3,012,778, respectively. The Authority's total net position increased by \$157,486, primarily due to the receipt of donated land and a decrease in accounts payable. A significant portion of the Authority's net position, \$2,411,040, remains unrestricted and may be used to meet the Authority's ongoing objectives and obligations.

At the close of 2014, the Authority's total net position increased by \$776,988, primarily due to a purchase of land held for resale. A significant portion of the Authority's net position, \$2,224,613, was unrestricted.

Summary of Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position for the year ended:

	6/30/2015			6/30/2014	6/30/2013
Operating Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	46,250	\$	864,849	\$ 49,250
Waterfront rent		243,098		244,872	200,913
Gain on land held for resale		12,306		-	-
Administrative fees		140,798		137,361	126,462
Miscellaneous		3,000		4,965	15,350
Local Recovered Costs		-	_	2,057	 
Total operating revenues		445,452		1,254,104	 391,975
Operating Expenses					
Waterfront operations		218,097		221,838	175,912
Economic development		374,610		187,904	315,208
Other fees and miscellaneous		64,352		66,815	 92,139
Total operating expenses		657,059		476,557	 583,259
Operating Income (Loss)		(211,607)		777,547	 (191,284)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		93		(559)	1,101
Capital Contribution		369,000			
Change in Net Position		157,486		776,988	(190,183)
Net position, beginning of the year		3,012,778		2,235,790	 2,425,973
Net position, end of the year	\$	3,170,264	\$	3,012,778	\$ 2,235,790

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

York County, Virginia (the "County") contributes to the operations of the Authority on an annual basis and makes economic development contributions for certain incentives, which vary from one year to the next. These contributions are reflected as intergovernmental revenue. The County contributed \$46,250 in fiscal year 2015. In fiscal year 2014, intergovernmental revenue was the major funding source due to payments from York County of \$716,599, to assist with the purchase of additional land, to be held for resale. Further, the County contributed \$100,000 to the Authority for economic development incentives during fiscal year 2014. York County also contributed \$48,250 for operations in fiscal year 2014.

Rental and lease income, as well as expenses, remained level with 2014 due to continued full occupancy at Riverwalk Landing.

The Authority continues to work cooperatively and receive significant funding from the County. As a result of this relationship, the Authority's fiscal position continues to remain positive and stable.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

	<u>6</u>	/30/2015	<u>6</u>	6/30/2014	9	<u>6/30/2013</u>	
Land improvements	\$	7,364	\$	8,004	\$	8,644	
Infrastructure		751,860		780,161		808,462	
Total	\$	759,224	\$	788,165	\$	817,106	

Capital assets at June 30, 2015, reflect assets that provide water and sewer access to property owned by the Authority. Additional information can be found in note 4 to the basic financial statements.

#### NOTES PAYABLE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - YORK COUNTY

<u>6</u> ,	<u> 30/2015</u>	<u>6</u> ,	<u>/30/2014</u>	<u>6/30/2013</u>				
\$	156,667	\$	176,667	\$	196,667			

At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the notes payable to the County relate to the Riverwalk Landing direct financing lease.

Additional information on these can be found in Notes 3 and 5 to the basic financial statements.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide users (citizens, taxpayers, bondholders, and creditors) with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning the report or requests for additional information should be directed to Director of Economic Development, York County Economic Development Authority, 224 Ballard Street, Yorktown, Virginia 23690 or telephone (757) 890-3317.

Statements of Net Position

	<u>6/30/2015</u> <u>6/30/2</u>			6/30/2014
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and equivalents	\$	529,746	\$	503,051
Accounts receivable		13,657		15,722
Investment in direct finance lease, current		20,000		20,000
Total current assets		563,403	_	538,773
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and equivalents		13,936		11,994
Land held for resale		1,985,279		1,838,949
Prepaid expense		19		20
Investment in Waterside Capital Corporation		334		501
Investment in direct finance lease, net current		136,667		156,667
Depreciable capital assets:		0.004		0.004
Land improvements		9,604		9,604
Infrastructure Accumulated depreciation		850,913		850,913
•		(101,293)		(72,352)
Total noncurrent assets		2,895,459		2,796,296
Total assets	\$	3,458,862	\$	3,335,069
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	4,497	\$	61,069
Due to Primary Government - York County		5,509		25,101
Collaborative project deposit		52,735		-
Note payable to Primary Government - York County, current		20,000		20,000
Total current liabilities	_	82,741	_	106,170
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Deposits payable		13,936		11,994
Unearned revenues		55,254		47,460
Note payable to Primary Government - York County, net current	_	136,667		156,667
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	205,857		216,121
Total liabilities		288,598	_	322,291
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		759,224		788,165
Unrestricted		2,411,040		2,224,613
Total net position		3,170,264		3,012,778
Total liabilities and net position	\$	3,458,862	\$	3,335,069

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year <u>6/30/2015</u>	Ended 6/30/2014
Operating Revenues		
Intergovernmental	\$ 46,250	\$ 864,849
Waterfront rent	218,097	
Gain on sale, net of \$222,669 costs	12,306	-
Lease income	25,001	25,001
Industrial revenue bond administrative fees	140,798	137,361
Miscellaneous	3,000	4,965
Local Recovered Costs		2,057
Total operating revenues	445,452	1,254,104
Operating Expenses		
Waterfront operations	105,686	105,938
Waterfront rentals	112,411	·
Economic development incentives	374,610	187,904
Professional fees	17,769	15,873
Board member fees	4,200	4,100
Miscellaneous	13,442	17,901
Depreciation	28,941	28,941
Total operating expenses	657,059	476,557
Operating Income	(211,607	777,547
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	6,373	5,721
Interest expense	(6,280	) (6,280)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	93	(559)
Capital Contribution	369,000	. <u>-</u>
Change in Net Position	157,486	776,988
Total net position, beginning of year	3,012,778	2,235,790
Total net position, end of year	\$ 3,170,264	\$ 3,012,778

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended 6/30/2015 6/30/2			ed /30/2014
	<u> </u>	130/2013	<u> </u>	130/2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from primary government - York County	\$	46,250	\$	864,849
Receipts from rental income		252,957		297,397
Receipt from the net proceeds of land held for resale		234,976		-
Other receipts		143,798		144,383
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(645,404)		(424,227)
Payments to Board members for services		(4,200)		(4,100)
Net cash provided by operating activities		28,377		878,302
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		-		(738,200)
Interest paid on debt		(6,280)		(6,280)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(6,280)		(744,480)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Note proceeds paid to debtor		_		6,600
Interest income		6,540		6,611
Net cash provided by investing activities		6,540		13,211
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		28,637		147,033
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	515,045	_	368,012
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	543,682	\$	515,045
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and equivalents	\$	529,746	\$	503,051
Restricted cash and equivalents	_	13,936	_	11,994
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	543,682	\$	515,045
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:				
	•	(0.4.4.00=)		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(211,607)	\$	777,547
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation		28,941		28,941
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		2,065		5,086
Prepaid expense		1		1,651
Land held for resale		222,670		-
Accounts payable		(56,572)		14,223
Unearned revenue		7,794		47,439
Deposits payable		1,942		(2,816)
Collaborative project deposit		52,735		-
Due to Primary Government - York County		(19,592)		6,231
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	28,377	\$	878,302
Noncash capital and financing activities:				
Change in direct financing lease and corresponding change in	Φ	(00.000)	Φ.	(00.000)
note payable to primary government - York County	\$	(20,000)	\$	(20,000)
Change in fair value of Waterside Capital Corporation investment	\$	(167)	\$	(890)
Contribution of land held for resale	\$	369,000	\$	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia (the "Authority") was created as a tax-exempt political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of York, Virginia (the "County") on July 6, 1972, pursuant to the provisions of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act of the Commonwealth of Virginia, duly enacted into law as Chapter 33, Section 15.1-1373, et seq., of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended. The Authority is governed by seven directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of the County. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease and dispose of properties in order to promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Virginia. In addition, the Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds for the purpose of obtaining and constructing facilities. Liability under such bonds may be retained by the Authority, or it may be assumed by the enterprises for which the facilities are constructed. Collection of revenues pledged to liquidate the bonds may be assigned to the bond trustee. The revenue bonds are not deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the County, the Commonwealth of Virginia or any municipality thereof. The bonds are payable solely from revenues generated from the lease of the facilities constructed and may be collateralized by a deed of trust on those facilities.

#### The Reporting Entity

The Authority is considered a component unit of the County. Component units are legally separate entities for which a Primary Government is financially accountable. The information in these financial statements will also be included in the County's basic financial statements because of the significance of the Authority's financial relationship with the County.

The Authority exists as a legal entity with a Board of Directors appointed by the County's Board of Supervisors. The Board of Directors manages and allocates operating and marketing budgets and capital funds recorded on the books of the Authority.

#### Basis of Accounting

The Authority's operations are accounted for as a proprietary fund, using the economic resources measurement focus. This proprietary fund is used to account for the activities of the Authority as noted above. The financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, using the economic resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred without regard to receipt or disbursement of cash. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted under the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 1. **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**, Continued

#### Pass-thru Financing Leases

Most activities of the Authority represent pass-through leases. These agreements provide for periodic rental payments in amounts equal to the principal and interest payments due to project bondholders.

The Authority has assigned all rights to the rental payments to the trustees of the bondholders and the lessees have assumed responsibility for all operating costs such as utilities, repairs and property taxes. In such cases, the Authority neither receives nor disburses funds. Although title to these properties rests with the Authority, bargain purchase options or other lease provisions eliminate any equity interest that would otherwise be retained. Deeds of trust collateralize outstanding bond obligations and title will revert to the lessee when the bonds are fully paid.

Although the Authority provides a conduit to execute such transactions, it does not retain either the benefits of asset ownership or the liability for bond liquidation. Accordingly, the Authority does not recognize associated assets or liabilities. Outstanding conduit debt amounted to \$82,515,500 and \$83,757,500 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both (a) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and (b) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The Authority considers all certificates of deposits, regardless of their maturity, and other investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Restricted Cash and Equivalents

At June 30, 2015 and 2014, restricted cash consisted of tenant security deposits of \$13,936 and \$11,994, respectively.

#### Land Held for Resale

Land is stated at acquisition cost plus improvements, not to exceed net realizable value. As land is sold, all costs associated with that land are charged to cost of land sold.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, if purchased. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their fair market value on the date of donation. The Authority utilizes the County's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 or more for recording equipment, land improvements and infrastructure and \$30,000 for buildings and building improvements, for assets with useful lives greater than one year. Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line, half-year convention method. The estimated useful lives are as follows: equipment (3-20), land improvements (15-20), buildings and improvements (10-50), and infrastructure (10-50).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Authority's cash and investments consisted of:

	<u>Jur</u>	<u>ne 30, 2015</u>	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2014	
Bank deposits	\$	395,798	\$	192,433	
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)		147,884		322,612	
Waterside Capital Corporation Stock		334	50		
	\$	544,016	\$	515,546	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:					
Cash and equivalents	\$	529,746	\$	503,051	
Restricted cash and equivalents		13,936		11,994	
Investment in Waterside Capital Corporation		334		501	
	\$	544,016	\$	515,546	

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*.

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's LGIP. LGIP is managed in accordance with the "2a7 like pool" risk limiting requirements of GAAP with the portfolio securities valued by the amortized cost method. The fair value of the Authority's position in the LGIP is the same as the pool shares.

The Authority holds common stock equity in Waterside Capital Corporation ("WSCC"). In January 1998, WSCC changed its name from Eastern Virginia Small Business Investment Corporation to Waterside Capital Corporation and completed its initial public offering to raise additional equity to support growth strategy. The goal of WSCC is to provide equity financings for new ventures that will bring new jobs and additional revenue to the area.

By originally investing in WSCC prior to its' initial public offering, the Authority was able to provide capital through the WSCC to the new ventures, which they could not get from other lending institutions. The investment is stated at approximate fair value. The Authority does not intend to actively trade the investment and when approved by management, the investment will be sold.

#### Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Authority's investment in the LGIP was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 3. <u>INVESTMENT IN DIRECT FINANCE LEASE</u>

In November 2012, the Authority executed a property lease for the Riverwalk Restaurant and an adjacent vacant space for another restaurant to a new private company. As part of the negotiations, the Authority also entered into an equipment lease. The lease is for \$200,000, with repayment over 120 months and with interest on the outstanding balance of 3.14% per annum. Repayments began on May 1, 2013.

The following schedule reflects the net investment in the direct financing lease:

	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2015	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2014
Minimum lease payments to be received	\$	205,860	\$	232,140
Less unearned revenue		(49,193)		(55,473)
Net investment in direct finance lease	\$	156,667	\$	176,667
Classified as: Current Noncurrent	\$	20,000	\$	20,000
Noncurrent		136,667		156,667
Total	\$	156,667	\$	176,667

Minimum future rental receipts under the direct financing lease as of June 30, 2015 are:

2016	\$ 26,280
2017	26,280
2018	26,280
2019	26,280
2020	26,280
2021-2023	 74,460
Total	\$ 205,860

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Balance						Balance		
	<u>Ju</u>	<u>ly 1, 2014</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>ductions</u>	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2015	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Land improvements	\$	9,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,604	
Infrastructure		850,913	_	-		-		850,913	
Total capital assets being depreciated		860,517	_	-				860,517	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Land improvements		(1,600)		(640)		-		(2,240)	
Infrastructure		(70,752)	_	(28,301)		-		(99,053)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(72,352)	_	(28,941)				(101,293)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	788,165	\$	(28,941)	\$	-	\$	759,224	

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

		Balance <u>July 1, 2013</u>		Additions	Reductions		Balance June 30, 2014	
Capital assets being depreciated:		<del>, .,</del>						
Land improvements	\$	9,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,604
Infrastructure		850,913	_	-				850,913
Total capital assets being depreciated		860,517	_	-				860,517
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(960)		(640)		-		(1,600)
Infrastructure		(42,451)		(28,301)				(70,752)
Total accumulated depreciation		(43,411)		(28,941)				(72,352)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	817.106	\$	(28.941)	\$	_	\$	788.165

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 5. NOTE PAYABLE TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - YORK COUNTY

The Authority has one remaining note payable to the County. Details on the loan can be found in note 3, Investment in Direct Finance Lease.

At June 30, 2015 and 2014, the outstanding principal balance on the Note Payable, Equipment was \$156,667 and \$176,667 respectively.

The following is a summary of changes in notes payable to the County:

Balance			Balance	<b>Due Within</b>
July 1, 2014	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Reductions</b>	June 30, 2015	One Year
\$ 176,667	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$ 156,667	\$ 20,000
Balance			Balance	<b>Due Within</b>
July 1, 2013	<b>Additions</b>	<b>Reductions</b>	June 30, 2014	One Year
\$ 196,667	\$ -	\$ (20,000)	\$ 176,667	\$ 20,000

The following is a summary of the repayment schedules for fiscal years:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2016	\$ 20,000	\$ 6,280
2017	20,000	6,280
2018	20,000	6,280
2019	20,000	6,280
2020	20,000	6,280
2021-2023	 56,667	 17,793
Total	\$ 156,667	\$ 49,193

#### 6. TRANSACTIONS WITH PRIMARY GOVERNMENT - YORK COUNTY

Intergovernmental revenue received from York County consisted of the following:

<u>Purpose</u>	June 30, 201			June 30, 2014		
Operating contributions	\$	46,250	\$	48,250		
Capital contributions		-		816,599		
Due to Primary Government - York County		5,509		25,101		
Total	\$	51,759	\$	889,950		

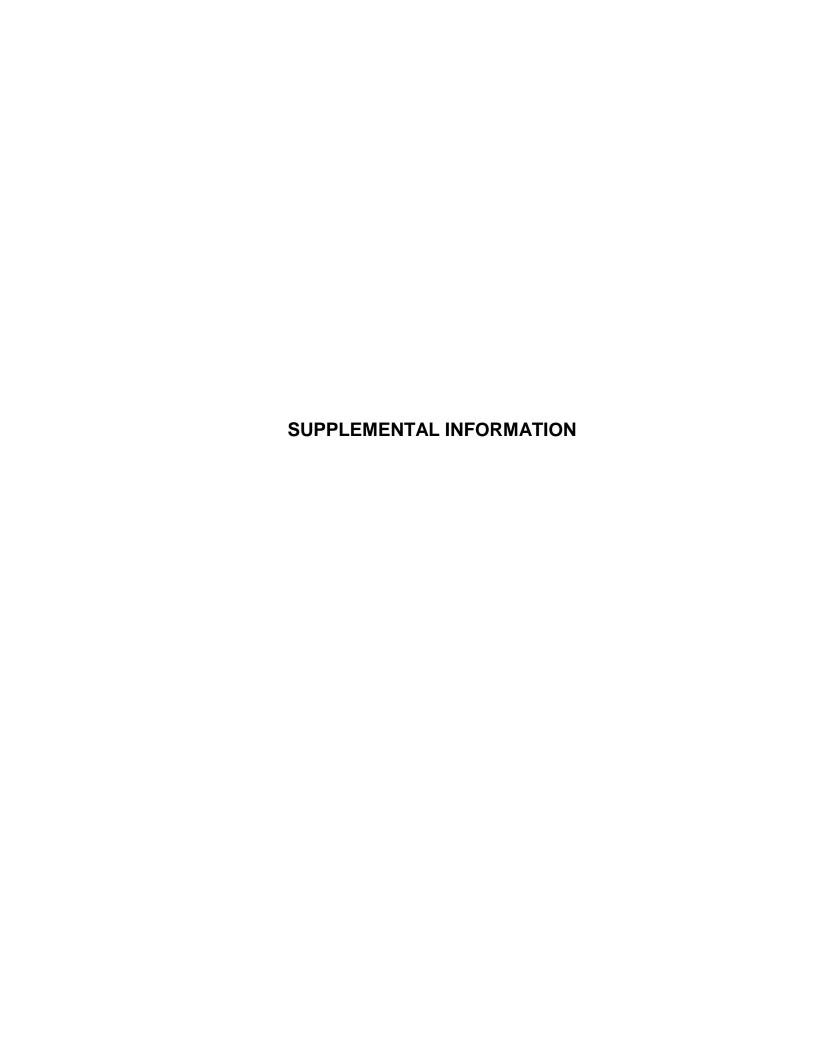
In fiscal year 2014, York County made a payment of \$716,599, to assist with the purchase of additional land, which will be held for resale. Further, the County contributed \$100,000 to the Authority for Economic Development incentives during fiscal year 2014.

In fiscal year 2014 and 2015 respectively, \$25,101 and \$5,509 was due to the County, which was primarily due to the Riverwalk Landing Lease agreement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

#### 7. WATERFRONT RENTAL INCOME

In March 2003, the Authority executed a lease agreement with the County for the Yorktown Waterfront property for \$1 per year with a term of 30 years. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority revitalized the property to include a restaurant, office and retail space, parking facilities, travel ways, landscaping and other improvements. Upon completion of the Yorktown Revitalization Project, there were 11 facilities for lease within the development, referred to as Riverwalk Landing. The Authority executed subleases for the facilities with annual rents of \$218,097 and \$219,871, respectively, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Section 4 of the lease provides that the Authority will remit all rents and profits realized from any such sublease to the County to be managed and made available for expenditures for maintenance of the property and redemption of the bonds issued for the development.



Schedules of Conduit Debt Outstanding

<u>Issue Name</u>	Facility Description	Date of Original <u>Issue</u>	<u>Trustee</u>	Bonds Aggregate Amount at <u>Issue</u>	Aggregate Outstanding Payable at 6/30/2015	Aggregate Outstanding Payable at 6/30/2014
Pollution Control Revenue Bonds (VEPCO), Series 2009A	Pollution control equipment and facility related to the conversion of the Yorktown Power Station	5/19/2009	Bank of New York Mellon	\$ 70,000,000	70,000,000	70,000,000
Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2009	York River Academy Mixed Use Project	7/1/2009	Towne Bank	\$ 3,000,000	1,137,500	1,287,500
Qualified Non-Profit Revenue and Refunding Bond, Series 2013	Colonial Community Services, Inc. Project	7/19/2013	Bank of Lancaster	\$ 2,750,000	2,453,000	2,605,000
Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (County of York, Virginia), Series 2014	Yorktown Waterfront Revitalization project; communication system improvements; fire and rescue equipment	2/27/2014	Wells Fargo Bank	\$ 9,865,000	8,925,000	9,865,000
				Total	\$ 82,515,500	\$ 83,757,500



# Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Authority Members and Officials Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the Economic Development Authority of York County, Virginia, (the "Authority"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2015.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cherry Bekaut LLP
Virginia Beach, Virginia
Navamber 25, 2015