COUNTY OF SCOTT, VIRGINIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

COUNTY OF SCOTT, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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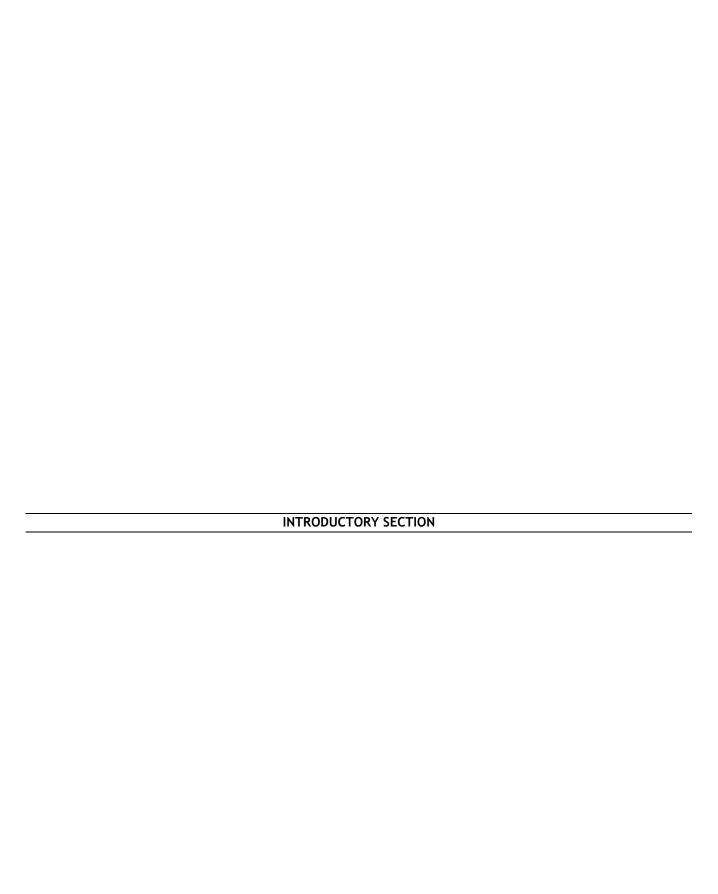
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COUNTY OF SCOTT, VIRGINIA

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Michael K. Brickey, Chair

Christopher S. Maness, Vice Chair Darrel W. Jeter Eddie N. Skeen Stefanie A. Addington Laura M. Glover Danny M. Casteel

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

David M. Templeton, Chair L. Stephen Sallee, Jr. Daniel K. Meade William D. Houseright Patricia C. Edwards Robin Hood

COUNTY WELFARE BOARD

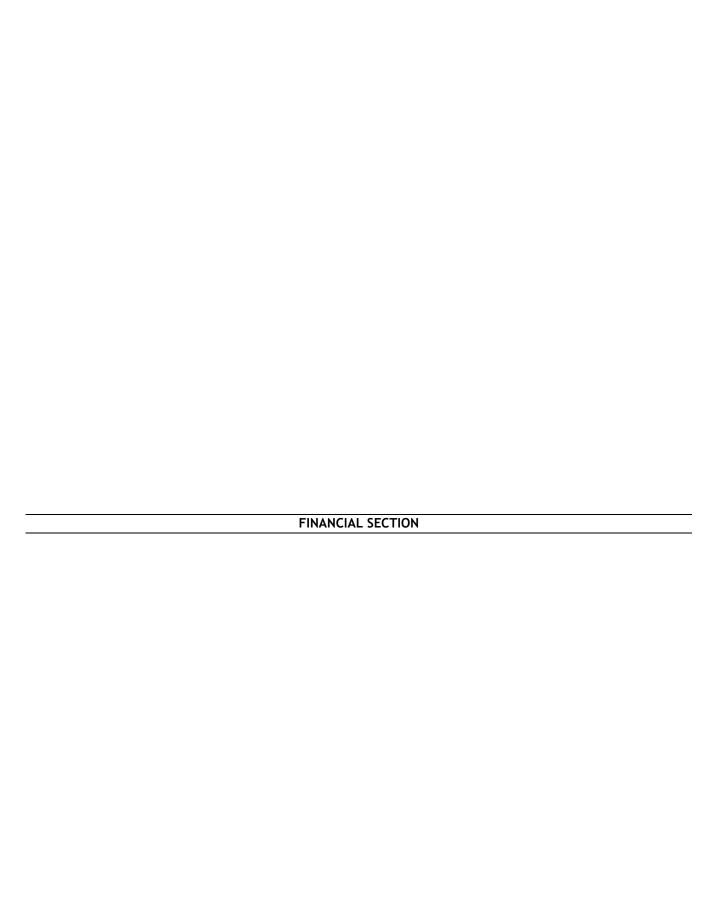
Michael K. Brickey

Nina C. Culbertson

Jennifer B. Frazier

OTHER OFFICIALS

Chief Magistrate	Hon. Jonathan Robbins
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Mark "Bo" Taylor
Commonwealth's Attorney	Kyle Kilgore
Commissioner of the Revenue	Tammy Tiller
Treasurer	Kevin Helms
Sheriff	Jeff Edds
Superintendent of Schools	John Ferguson
Director of Social Services	
County Administrator	Freda R. Starnes





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Virginia Gate City, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Scott, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Virginia, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Scott, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2024, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatement and/or Adjustment of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2024, the County restated beginning balances to reflect several corrections to the prior financial statements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Scott, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Scott, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Scott, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Scott, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us. In our opinion, based on our audit, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and other statistical information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 3, 2025, on our consideration of the County of Scott, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report solely is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Scott, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Scott, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

April 3, 2025



	Prima	ry Government			Cor	nponent Units		
		overnmental <u>Activities</u>	<u>Sc</u>	chool Board		ublic Service Authority	De	Economic evelopment Authority
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,562,046	\$	649,221	\$	401,815	\$	1,093,215
Cash held at schools Investments		7,777,334		824,833		1,909,231		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		7,777,334				1,707,231		
Taxes receivable		19,262,753		-				
Accounts receivable		2,089,329		-		881,869		-
Notes receivable		-		-		-		440,144
Leases receivable		-		-		•		1,468,736
Due from component unit		45,803		-		•		110.000
Due from primary government Due from other governmental units		2,076,393		3,556,216		175,403		110,000 39,676
Inventories		-		-		94,977		6,087,608
Prepaid items		45,136		1,027,796		-		10,050
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		111,383		592,475		337,491		7,493
Investments		-		-		136,659		-
Net pension asset		-		188,409		-		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): Land		1 259 224		1,947,912		486,753		2,486,836
Buildings and improvements		1,258,236 6,205,007		26,056,828		361,512		12,010,332
Machinery and equipment		1,781,580		9,753,494		798,897		-
Infrastructure		-		-		46,960,534		-
Construction in progress		2,440,493		5,910,814		6,232,698		-
Lease assets:								
Buildings and improvements		1,265,946		119,610		-		-
Machinery and equipment	^	507	_	20,447		-		
Total assets	\$	47,921,946	\$	50,648,055	\$	58,777,839	\$	23,754,090
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related items	\$	2,588,985	\$	8,004,737	\$	402,878	\$	-
OPEB related items		602,262		1,135,668		25,199		-
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,191,247	\$	9,140,405	\$	428,077	\$	•
LIADULTUS								
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	632,248	\$	781,076	ç	130,119	¢	131,785
Accounts payable - construction	7	-	~	29,457	~	99,697	~	-
Accrued liabilities		-		4,129,161		87,187		
Customers' deposits		-		-		337,491		-
Accrued interest payable		16,098		-		45,211		28,144
Due to primary government		-		45,803		-		-
Due to Tobacco Road Commission		1 712 100		1 724 002		-		40,906
Unearned grant revenue Line of credit		1,712,100		1,734,902		498,442		
Long-term liabilities:						470,442		
Due within one year		770,303		854,301		1,378,494		333,180
Due in more than one year		14,170,698		33,805,848		18,135,771		6,752,413
Total liabilities	\$	17,301,447	\$	41,380,548	\$	20,712,412	\$	7,286,428
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		47 242 205	_		,		_	
Deferred revenue - property taxes Deferred revenue - prepaid taxes	\$	17,343,385 225,173	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Pension related items		919,087		3,109,069		53,377		
OPEB related items		694,434		2,265,627		12,154		
Leases related items		-		-		-		1,586,614
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,182,079	\$	5,374,696	\$	65,531	\$	1,586,614
NET POSITION		0.053.030		12 (22 247		25 725 055		7 752 025
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,953,238	\$	43,632,347	\$	35,725,855	\$	7,753,935
Restricted: Future pension costs		_		188,409		_		_
Opioid Settlement Fund		943,781		100,407		-		-
E911 services		185,176		-		-		-
Cafeteria operations		,		185,772				-
Headstart program		-		38,350		-		-
Asset forfeiture		7,702		-		-		-
Emergency equipment projects		111,383		-		-		-
Debt service		- 2 420 207		- (24 044 442)		136,659		7,493
Unrestricted (deficit)	Ċ	3,428,387	_	(31,011,662)	ċ	2,565,459	ċ	7,119,620
Total net position	\$	14,629,667	\$	13,033,216	\$	38,427,973	Ş	14,881,048

County of Scott, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

									Net G	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	ue and ition		
			ā	Program Revenues	s		Prima	Primary Government		ŭ	Component Units		
				Operating		Capital						Economic	nic
Functions/Programs	Expenses	□	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	ত ট্র	Grants and Contributions	ც `	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Sc	School Board	Public Service <u>Authority</u>	Development <u>Authority</u>	ment <u>ity</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:													
General government administration	\$ 2,430,914	s		\$ 576,592	\$	178,211	\$	(1,676,111)	ب	٠,		\$	
Judicial administration	2,073,993		210,894	1,767,544	4			(95,555)					
Public safety	9,399,349		109,623	2,393,853	~	•		(6,895,873)					,
Public works	2,585,638		83,827	22,120	0	748,667		(1,731,024)					
Health and welfare	6,526,632		3,619	5,771,609	•	. '		(751,404)					
Education	8,405,393		•	•				(8,405,393)					
Parks, recreation, and cultural	639,715		124,017	•				(515,698)					
Community development	1,754,778		. '	110,000	0			(1,644,778)					
Interest on long-term debt	91,823		•	•				(91,823)			•		
Total governmental activities	\$ 33,908,235	s	531,980	\$ 10,641,718	\$	926,878	s	(21,807,659)	s	\$ -		\$	
Total primary government						926,878	\$	(21,807,659)	Ş	· \$		\$	
COMPONENT UNITS: School Board	\$ 68.197.643	\$	184.975	\$ 59.340.701	\$	177.510	٠.	,	\$	(8.489.457)		•	
Dithir Conico Authority			5 760 876			2 004 007	>		>		1 052 250	,	
Fubilic Service Autiliority Fronomic Development Authority (FDA)	0,416,5/3		3,469,626	293.735		760,100,7					068,360,1	6)	. (663.972)
Total component units	\$ 76,292,423	\$	6,078,301	\$ 59,634,436	\$	2,178,607	\$		s	(8,489,457) \$	1,052,350	\$ (96	(963,972)
	General revenues:												
	General property taxes	axes					s	16,913,497	\$	\$		\$	
	Other local taxes:												
	Local sales and use taxes	e taxes						2,072,292					
	Consumer's utility taxes	taxes						403,755					
	Meals taxes							351,389					
	Motor vehicle licenses	ses						430,195					
	Taxes on recordation and	on and	wills					78,395					
	Other local taxes							95,654					
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	es from	use of money					866,127		15,558	132,594	•	20,977
	Miscellaneous							1,183,893		2,875,733	64,554		09
	Contributions from Scott County	Scott Co	unty							10,447,478		7	711,330
	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	tions no	t restricted to s	pecific programs				2,148,102					,
	Total general revenues	unes					\$	24,543,299	\$	13,338,769 \$	197,148	\$ 7.	732,367
	Change in net position	on					\$	2,735,640	\$	4,849,312 \$		\$ (2)	(231,605)
	Net position - beginning, as previously reported	ning, as	previously repo	rted				12,962,427		5,605,832	37,178,475	22,6′	22,612,880
	Kestatements	-						(1,068,400)		2,5/8,0/2	- 057	7,5	(7,500,227)
	Net position - beginning, as restated	nıng, as	restated				4	11,894,027					15,112,653
	Net position - ending	വര					ب	14,629,667	љ	13,033,216 \$	38,427,973	\$ 14,88	14,881,048

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Scott, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2024

		<u>General</u>	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,331,645	\$	230,401	\$	3,562,046
Investments		7,777,334		-		7,777,334
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		19,262,600		153		19,262,753
Accounts receivable		2,089,329		-		2,089,329
Due from component unit		45,803		-		45,803
Due from other governmental units		2,076,393		-		2,076,393
Prepaid items		45,136		-		45,136
Restricted assets:						202
Cash and cash equivalents	_	111,383		-	_	111,383
Total assets	\$	34,739,623	\$	230,554	\$	34,970,177
LIA DILITITE						
LIABILITIES		(22,020		240		(22.240
Accounts payable	\$	632,038	\$	210	\$	632,248
Unearned grant revenue	_	1,712,100	<u>, </u>	- 240	<u>, </u>	1,712,100
Total liabilities	\$	2,344,138	\$	210	\$	2,344,348
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	19,080,682	ċ	-	\$	19,080,682
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes	Ą	225,173	Ç	_	ڔ	225,173
Unavailable revenue - prepaid taxes Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement		647,665		_		647,665
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,953,520	\$	<u> </u>	\$	19,953,520
Total deferred liftlows of resources		17,733,320	٠		٠	17,733,320
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$	45,136	Ś	-	\$	45,136
Restricted:	,	,	•			, , ,
Emergency equipment projects		111,383		-		111,383
E-911		185,176		-		185,176
Opioid Settlement Fund		296,116		-		296,116
Asset forfeiture funds		7,702		-		7,702
Committed:						
Law library		-		2,887		2,887
Coal and roads		-		42,547		42,547
Courthouse maintenance		78,073		-		78,073
Courthouse security		88,154		-		88,154
Capital projects		-		184,910		184,910
Assigned:						
Commonwealth attorney		231,406		-		231,406
Weapons permits		27,006		-		27,006
Technology		17,694		-		17,694
Weapons permits		32,344		-		32,344
Motor vehicle violation funds		7,835		-		7,835
Excess scrap metal funds		2,340		-		2,340
Animal control funds		7,482		-		7,482
Unassigned		11,304,118				11,304,118
Total fund balances	\$	12,441,965	\$	230,344	\$	12,672,309
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	34,739,623	\$	230,554	\$	34,970,177

County of Scott, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	12,672,309
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$ 1,258,236		
Buildings and improvements	6,205,007		
Machinery and equipment	1,781,580		
Construction in progress	2,440,493		
Lease- building and improvements	1,265,946		
Lease - machinery and equipment	 507	_	12,951,769
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are unavailable in the funds.			
Unearned revenue - opioid settlement	\$ 647,665		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 1,737,297	_	2,384,962
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures, and			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ 2,588,985		
OPEB related items	 602,262	-	3,191,247
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Notes payable	\$ (321,000)		
Lease liabiltiies	(1,303,282)		
Financed purchase	(1,485,632)		
Accrued interest payable	(16,098)		
Net pension liability	(6,082,617)		
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	(1,092,245)		
Compensated absences	(635,516)		
Net OPEB liabilities	 (4,020,709)	-	(14,957,099)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ (919,087)		
OPEB related items	 (694,434)	_	(1,613,521)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	14,629,667

County of Scott, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

REVENUES		<u>General</u>	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	16,719,652	\$	_	\$	16,719,652
Other local taxes	*	3,430,982	7	698	•	3,431,680
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		44,388		-		44,388
Fines and forfeitures		170,256		-		170,256
Revenue from the use of money and property		869,746		-		869,746
Charges for services		313,717		-		313,717
Miscellaneous		923,016		2,415		925,431
Recovered costs		3,734,634		-		3,734,634
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth		8,789,327		-		8,789,327
Federal		4,927,371		-		4,927,371
Total revenues	\$	39,923,089	\$	3,113	\$	39,926,202
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	3,128,821	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,128,821
Judicial administration		2,220,699		4,771		2,225,470
Public safety		10,470,598		638		10,471,236
Public works		2,378,841		524		2,379,365
Health and welfare		6,393,933		-		6,393,933
Education		10,517,028		-		10,517,028
Parks, recreation, and cultural		732,902		-		732,902
Community development		1,811,961		-		1,811,961
Capital projects		348,151		-		348,151
Debt service:		427.094				427.094
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges		437,084 77,332		-		437,084 77,332
Total expenditures	\$	38,517,350	\$	5,933	\$	38,523,283
rotal experiences	-	30,317,330	~	3,733	<u> </u>	30,323,203
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	ć	4 405 730	¢	(2.820)	ċ	4 402 040
(under) expenditures	\$	1,405,739	\$	(2,820)	\$	1,402,919
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$		\$	50,000	\$	50,000
Transfers out	_	(50,000)		<u> </u>	_	(50,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(50,000)	\$	50,000	\$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,355,739	\$	47,180	\$	1,402,919
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported		10,956,574		183,164		11,139,738
Restatements		129,652		-		129,652
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		11,086,226		183,164		11,269,390
Fund balances - ending	\$	12,441,965	\$	230,344	\$	12,672,309

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds $\label{eq:Funds} % \begin{center} \end{center} \begin{center} \end{center}$

To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	1,402,919
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of				
Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported				
as depreciation expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment:				
Capital outlays	S	1,100,272		
Depreciation expenses	<u> </u>	(851,639)		248,633
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are				
not reported as revenues in the funds.				
Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	193,845		
Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	Ş	258,462		452,307
increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - opiolo settlement		230,402		432,307
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to				
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes				
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has				
any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts,				
and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized				
in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the				
treatment of long-term debt and related items.				
Debt issued or incurred:				
Increase in landfill closure and postclosure liability	\$	(34,893)		
Principal repayments:	Ş	(34,673)		
Financed purchase		198,184		
Notes payable		154,863		
Leases payable		84,037		402,191
Leases payable		04,037		402,191
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current				
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Decrease (increase) in compensated absences	\$	(85,124)		
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable		(14,491)		
Change in net pension liability and related items		334,023		
Change in net OPEB liabilities and related items		(4,818)		229,590
Change in net position of governmental activities		-	\$	2,735,640
5 . 5		=	•	,,

County of Scott, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2024

	Cust	Custodial Funds			
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	352,148			
Total assets	\$	352,148			
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	\$	278,337			
Total liabilities	\$	278,337			
NET POSITION Restricted - amounts held for social services clients Restricted - state income taxes Restricted - asset forfeitures pending court results	\$	53,670 197,784 100,694			
Unrestricted		(278,337)			
Total net position	\$	73,811			

County of Scott, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS			
Contributions:			
State income tax payments	\$	282,307	
Social security and welfare receipts		89,684	
Fringe benefit withholdings		2,469,837	
Asset forfeitures		210,264	
Total additions	\$	3,052,092	
DEDUCTIONS			
Fringe benefit payments	\$	2,732,195	
State income tax payments		97,061	
Remittance to state/federal asset forfeitures		169,810	
Welfare payments		58,002	
Total deductions	\$	3,057,068	
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(4,976)	
Net position - beginning, as previously reported	\$	19,866	
Restatements		58,921	
Net position - beginning, as restated	\$	78,787	
Net position - ending	\$	73,811	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Scott, Virginia conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Scott, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected seven-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units- The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Scott County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund and does not issue a separate financial statement.

The <u>Scott County Public Service Authority</u> (PSA) provides water and sewer service to residents of Scott County. The County provides support to the Authority and appoints all of the Authority's Board members. As such, the Authority is considered a component unit of the County. The Authority issues separate financial statements that may be obtained by writing to 156 Legion St, Weber City, VA 24290.

The <u>Scott County Economic Development Authority</u> (EDA), encourages and provides financing for economic development in the County. The Economic Development Authority board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Economic Development Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County provides significant funding and approves all debt issuances. As such, the Authority is considered a component unit of the County. The Authority issues separate financial statements that may be obtained by writing to 190 Beech Street, Suite 202, Gate City, VA 24251.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from the legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the current reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County's fiduciary fund is presented in the fund financial statements. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts and reports for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Social Services, Courthouse Maintenance, Courthouse Security, Opioid Settlement, E-911, Commonwealth Attorney, Weapons Permits, Motor Vehicle Violations, Excess Scrap Metal, Animal Control, Technology, Coronavirus Relief and Children's Services Act Funds.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The Fire Training Facility Fund accounts for and reports all financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities related to the Fire Training Facility and is reported as a nonmajor capital project fund.

The Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those dedicated for major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The Coal Road Improvement Fund and Law Library Fund are reported as nonmajor special revenue funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds, which include the Special Welfare Fund, Fringe Benefit Fund, State Income Tax Fund, State and Federal Asset Forfeiture Fund. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary Funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The Component Unit School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

The School Operating Fund is the primary operating fund of the School Board and accounts for and reports all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from the County of Scott, and state and federal grants. The School Operating Fund is considered a major fund of the School Board for financial reporting purposes.

The Component Unit School Board reports a major special revenue fund for School Food Service. This fund reports activities of the school cafeterias.

The Component Unit School Board reports a major special revenue fund for School Head Start. This fund reports activities of the head start activities.

The Component Unit School Board reports a major special revenue fund for School Activity. This fund reports activities of accounts held at each school and maintained by the school principal.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments consist of assets held by a trustee.

3. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, if any, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

4. Property taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on November 20th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on November 20th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance: (continued)

5. Allowance for uncollectible accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$260,966 at June 30, 2024 and is comprised entirely of property taxes.

6. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

8. Capital assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscription, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$20,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

As the County and Component Unit School Board constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance: (continued)

8. Capital assets (continued)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant equipment, lease assets, subscription assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	80
Building improvements	40-80
Vehicles	5
Office & computer equipment	7
Buses	12
Lease building and improvements	40
Lease machinery and equipment	5

9. Compensated absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with current reporting standards, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

10. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance: (continued)

11. Fund balance

The County reports fund balance in accordance with current reporting standards and has classified fund balance into the following five categories:

<u>Nonspendable</u> -items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> -items that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> -items that have been committed, modified, or rescinded by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County of Scott, Virginia considers to be the Board of Supervisors.

<u>Assigned</u> -items that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County of Scott, Virginia considers this level of authority to be the Board of Supervisors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Supervisors.

<u>Unassigned</u> -this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County of Scott, Virginia's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

12. Net position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

13. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance: (continued)

14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan, and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, Teacher HIC, and LODA OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In addition to the above OPEB plans the County, DSS, and School Board have local OPEB plans related to health insurance. Each entity allows their retirees to stay on the employer health insurance after leaving employment which generates an implicit rate subsidy. See related notes for further information.

16. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance: (continued)
 - 16. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable and tipping fees receivable are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The unavailable property tax amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30th, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. The unavailable tipping fees are comprised of uncollected tipping fees that are not available for funding of current expenditures. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments of taxes levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

17. Leases

The County leases various assets requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) with an initial value of \$20,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net position/fund balance: (continued)

17. Leases (continued)

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or lease receivable (lessor).

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The County will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease receivable.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the departmental level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, School Fund, and the Capital Projects Funds.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

B. Budgetary information (continued)

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements: (continued)

- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For fiscal year 2024, several departments exceeded appropriation including: School self-insurance, School Instruction, School Admin and Health Services, School Transportation, School Operations and Maintenance, School Capital Projects, CSA, and PSA Capital Projects. In addition, the Head Start fund did not appropriate a budget for FY24.

C. Deficit fund balance

At June 30, 2024, there were no funds with a deficit balance.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk of Debt Securities:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (continued)

The County's and School's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024 were rated by Standard & Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values									
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings								
Rated Debt IIIVestilieitis	AAAm								
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) \$	7,777,334								

Concentration of Credit Risk:

At June 30, 2024, the County did not have any investments meeting the definition requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

Interest Rate Risk:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Listed below are the County's investments subject to interest rate risk and their corresponding maturity dates.

Investment Maturities (in years)										
Investment Type	Fair Value	1 Year								
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) \$	7,777,334 \$	7,777,334								

External Investment Pool:

The value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	G	Primary overnment	Component Unit School Board			
Commonwealth of Virginia:						
Sales tax	\$	-	\$	641,065		
Local sales tax		357,989		-		
Social service		159,234		-		
CSA		125,214		-		
Shared expenses		279,304		-		
Noncategorical aid		233,015				
Other categorical aid		346,814				
Federal Government:						
Other categorical aid		361,609		2,915,151		
Social service		213,214		-		
Totals	\$	2,076,393	\$	3,556,216		

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations and Transfers:

Component unit obligations at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

	Gov	to Primary ernment/ oonent Unit	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit			
Primary Government: General Fund	\$	45,803	\$	<u>-</u>		
Component Unit: School Board	\$	<u> </u>	\$	45,803		

Interfund obligations at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

308
-
-
308

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations and Transfers: (continued)

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Fund	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out			
General Fund	\$	-	\$	50,000		
Capital Projects Fund		50,000		-		
Total	\$	50,000	\$	50,000		
School Operating Fund	\$	-	\$	1,022,340		
School Food Service Fund		89,438		-		
School Activity Fund		932,902		-		
Total	\$	1,022,340	\$	1,022,340		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2024:

,	Beginning Balance As previously reported July 1, 2023 Restatement		estatement	Beginning Balance As restated July 1, 2023			Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Issuances		Balance ne 30, 2024	
Net pension liability	\$	4,678,588	\$	-	\$	4,678,588	\$	3,092,885	\$	(1,688,856)	\$	6,082,617
Net OPEB liabilities		4,147,448		-		4,147,448		1,008,886		(1,135,625)		4,020,709
Notes payable		120,863		355,000		475,863		-		(154,863)		321,000
Financed purchases		154,816		1,529,000		1,683,816		-		(198,184)		1,485,632
Lease liabilities		6,485		1,380,834		1,387,319		-		(84,037)		1,303,282
Landfill closure and postclosure liability		1,057,352		-		1,057,352		34,893		-		1,092,245
Compensated absences		550,392		-		550,392		497,918		(412,794)		635,516
Total	\$	10,715,944	\$	3,264,834	\$	13,980,778	\$	4,634,582	\$	(3,674,359)	\$	14,941,001

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

Year Ending	Notes Payable Financed Purchase						Lease liabilities					
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		rincipal	I	nterest	
2025	\$ 31,000	\$	8,249	\$	182,514	\$	45,193	\$	80,152	\$	25,708	
2026	33,000		7,385		187,118		40,034		81,284		24,076	
2027	35,000		6,467		144,000		34,717		82,949		22,411	
2028	33,000		5,549		149,000		29,845		84,649		20,711	
2029	32,000		4,671		154,000		24,807		86,384		18,976	
2030-2034	157,000		8,436		669,000		45,441		459,205		67,595	
2035-2039	-		-		-		-		428,659		19,119	
Totals	\$ 321,000	\$	40,757	\$	1,485,632	\$	220,037	\$ 1	,303,282	\$	198,596	

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

		Implementation/	Final		Amount of				
	Interest	Issue	Maturity	Installment	Original		Total	An	nount Due
	Rates	Date	Date	Amounts	Issue	e Amount		Within One Year	
Direct Borrowings and Placements - Finance	ed Purchase	es:							
2020 Peterbilt Garbage Truck	1.27%	9/10/2021	6/30/2026	\$48,729 (b)	\$ 188,881	\$	95,632	\$	47,514
2023 E911 Radio Equipment	3.33%	5/3/2023	9/1/2032	\$155,666 - \$178,926 (a+)	1,529,000		1,390,000		135,000
Total financed purchases						\$	1,485,632	\$	182,514
Direct Borrowings and Placements - Note p	ayable:								
Scott County EDA (2017 PVNB)	2.70%	10/30/2017	10/1/2033	\$23,000-\$41,000 (a+)	\$ 500,000		321,000	\$	31,000
Lease Liabilities:									
DSS building lease	2.03%	7/1/2021	9/1/2038	\$8,780 (b)	\$ 1,532,270	\$	1,302,782	\$	79,652
Commonwealth Attorney copier lease	0.42%	8/1/2021	7/1/2024	\$500 (b)	17,890		500		500
Total lease liabilties						\$	1,303,282	\$	80,152
Other Obligations:									
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability						\$	1,092,245	\$	-
Net Pension Liability							6,082,617		-
Net OPEB Liabilities							4,020,709		-
Compensated Absences							635,516		476,637
Total Other Obligations						\$	11,831,087	\$	476,637
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	14,941,001	\$	770,303

⁽a+) annual principal installments shown does not include semi-annual interest installments

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component Unit-School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	As pre	nning Balance viously reported uly 1, 2023	statements	,	inning Balance As restated uly 1, 2023	 Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Issuances	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2024
Net pension liability	\$	23,535,320	\$ (300,299)	\$	23,235,021	\$ 11,042,435	\$ (9,487,515)	\$	24,789,941
Net OPEB liabilities		9,113,555	-		9,113,555	1,448,681	(1,958,315)		8,603,921
Lease liabilities		162,683	-		162,683	-	(15,382)		147,301
Financed purchase		1,992,000	-		1,992,000	-	(1,992,000)		-
Compensated absences		931,164	-		931,164	886,195	(698,373)		1,118,986
Capital lease issue costs		(34,480)	34,480		-	 -	 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Total	\$	35,700,242	\$ (265,819)	\$	35,434,423	\$ 13,377,311	\$ (14,151,585)	\$	34,660,149

⁽b) payments include principal and interest

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Obligations:</u> (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease liabilties						
June 30,	F	Principal		nterest			
2025	\$	15,061	\$	2,794			
2026		16,097		2,457			
2027		16,958		2,096			
2028		10,795		1,793			
2029		10,404		1,596			
2030-2034		59,551		4,749			
2035-2036		18,435		265			
Totals	\$	147,301	\$	15,750			

Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rates	Implementation/ Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Installment Amounts	Amount of Original Issue	. <u>-</u>	Total Amount	nount Due in One Year
Lease Liabilities:								
Head Start building lease	1.91%	4/30/2017	11/28/2035	\$800 - \$1,100 (b)	\$179,200	\$	126,404	\$ 8,462
Head Start copier lease	2.55%	8/6/2022	7/6/2027	\$588 (b)	\$32,944		20,897	6,599
Total lease liabilities						\$	147,301	\$ 15,061
Other Obligations:								
Net pension liability						\$	24,789,941	\$ -
Net OPEB liabilities							8,603,921	-
Compensated absences							1,118,986	 839,240
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	34,660,149	\$ 854,301

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7-Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public-school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of service. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	120	69
Inactive members:		
Vested	17	8
Non-Vested	43	23
Active Elsewhere in VRS	41	6
Total inactive members	101	37
Active members	154	93
Total covered employees	375	199

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 15.35% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,303,915 and \$1,169,426 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 4.40% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Scott County School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$104,393 and \$97,240 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10-Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected ari	thmetic nominal return	8.25%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Boardcertified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% and 112%, respectively of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Primary Government

Changes in Net Pension Liability

			Р	rimary Government	
			I	ncrease (Decrease)	
		Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	35,891,917	\$_	31,213,329 \$	4,678,588
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	876,987	\$	- \$	876,987
Interest		2,419,516		-	2,419,516
Changes of assumptions		-		-	-
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		1,644,814		-	1,644,814
Contributions - employer		-		1,169,386	(1,169,386)
Contributions - employee		-		372,686	(372,686)
Net investment income		-		2,014,298	(2,014,298)
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of employee contributions		(1,848,432)		(1,848,432)	-
Administrative expenses		-		(19,897)	19,897
Other changes		-		815	(815)
Net changes	\$_	3,092,885	\$_	1,688,856 \$	1,404,029
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	38,984,802	\$_	32,902,185 \$	6,082,617

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Component Unit - School Board (nonprofessional)

		Component	0111	t School Board (Inc	קווכ	i oressionar)
			I	ncrease (Decrease)		
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	11,153,120	\$_	11,453,419	\$_	(300,299)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	198,375	\$	-	\$	198,375
Interest		744,937		-		744,937
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		106,454		-		106,454
Contributions - employer		-		94,995		(94,995)
Contributions - employee		-		122,147		(122,147)
Net investment income		-		727,887		(727,887)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(630,787)		(630,787)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(7,444)		7,444
Other changes		-		291		(291)
Net changes	\$_	418,979	\$	307,089	\$	111,890
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	11,572,099	\$	11,760,508	\$	(188,409)

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the County and Scott County School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Scott County School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Current	
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase
	_	(5.75%)	 (6.75%)	(7.75%)
County				
Net Pension Liability	\$	11,207,487	\$ 6,082,617 \$	1,945,667
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)				
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	1,169,931	\$ (188,409) \$	(1,329,751)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$969,852 and \$100,816, respectively. At June 30, 2024, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary	Gov	ernment	•	t Unit-School professional)	
	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows o Resource	f
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,147,891	\$	430,476	\$ 138,852	\$	-
Change in assumptions		137,179		-	23,531		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				488,611	-	184,01	11
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,303,915		<u>-</u>	104,393		_
Total	\$	2,588,985	\$	919,087	\$ 266,776	\$ 184,01	11

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$1,303,915 and \$104,393 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary	Component Unit School Board				
Year Ended June 30		Government	(nonprofessional)				
2025	\$	(54,461) \$	(24,490)				
2026		(200,109)	(173,766)				
2027		604,231	170,423				
2028		16,322	6,205				
2029		-	-				
Thereafter		-	-				

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by \$51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This was the General Assembly approved rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$4,290,163 and \$3,871,788 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$147.5 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Act of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a non-employer contribution. The school division's proportionate share is reflected in the School Board's Operating Grants and Contributions on the Statement of Activities.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$24,789,941 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion was 0.2453% as compared to 0.2441% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,386,130. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Component Unit-School Board (professional)				
	-	Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,129,477	\$	967,409		
Change in assumptions		-		1,611,846		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,123,815		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		194,506		345,803		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	4,290,163		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$	7,737,961	\$	2,925,058		

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

\$4,290,163 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Component Unit School Board
Year Ended June 30	_	(professional)
2025	\$	(489,114)
2026		(1,426,763)
2027		1,935,067
2028		503,550
2029		-
Thereafter		-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvements:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	acher Employee etirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 57,574,609
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	47,467,405
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 10,107,204
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	82.45%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase			
	_	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)			
School division's proportionate share of the							
VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan							
Net Pension Liability	\$	43,943,724 \$	24,789,941	\$ 9,043,956			

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 7—Pension Plans: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

			Primary	overnment		Component Unit School Board									
	•					Net Pension		Net Pension							
		Deferred		Deferred		Liability	Pension		Deferred	Deferr	ed		Liability	Pension	
		Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)	Expense		Outflows	Inflov	٧S		(Asset)	Expense	
VRS Pension Plans:	•				-			_	,				, ,		
Primary Government	\$	2,588,985	\$	919,087	\$	6,082,617	\$ 969,852	\$	- \$		-	\$	- \$	-	
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-	-		266,776	184	011		(188,409)	100,816	
School Board Professional		-		-		-	-		7,737,961	2,925	058		24,789,941	2,386,130	
Totals	\$	2,588,985	\$	919,087	\$	6,082,617	\$ 969,852	\$	8,004,737 \$	3,109	069	\$	24,601,532 \$	2,486,946	

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Primary Government:

Trimury Covernments	_	ginning Balance s Previously Reported Restatement		estatement	Beginning Balance as restated			ncreases	D	Decreases	 Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities												
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:												
Land	\$	1,258,236	\$	-	\$	1,258,236	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,258,236	
Construction in progress		1,333,511		519,367		1,852,878		622,411		(34,796)	2,440,493	
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	\$	2,591,747	\$	519,367	\$	3,111,114	\$	622,411	\$	(34,796)	\$ 3,698,729	
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:												
Buildings and improvements	\$	10,684,443	\$	-	\$	10,684,443	\$	50,985	\$	-	\$ 10,735,428	
Machinery and equipment		10,906,571		-		10,906,571		461,672		(78,775)	11,289,468	
Right-to-use lease buildings and Improvements		-		1,532,270		1,532,270		-		-	1,532,270	
Right-to-use lease machinery and equipment		17,890		-		17,890		-		-	17,890	
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$	21,608,904	\$	1,532,270	\$	23,141,174	\$	512,657	\$	(78,775)	\$ 23,575,056	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:												
Buildings and improvements	\$	(4,242,977)	\$	-	\$	(4,242,977)	\$	(287,444)	. \$	-	\$ (4,530,421)	
Machinery and equipment		(9,117,492)		-		(9,117,492)		(469,171)		78,775	(9,507,888)	
Right-to-use lease buildings and Improvements		-		(177,306)		(177,306)		(89,018)		-	(266, 324)	
Right-to-use lease machinery and equipment		(11,377)		-		(11,377)		(6,006)		-	(17,383)	
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$	(13,371,846)	\$	(177,306)	\$	(13,549,152)	\$	(851,639)	\$	78,775	\$ (14,322,016)	
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	\$	8,237,058	\$	1,354,964	\$	9,592,022	\$	(338,982)	\$	-	\$ 9,253,040	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	10,828,805	\$	1,874,331	\$	12,703,136	\$	283,429	\$	(34,796)	\$ 12,951,769	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$ 62,900
Judicial Administration	13,312
Public safety	393,276
Public works	173,038
Health and welfare	164,419
Parks, recreation, and cultural	43,329
Community development	1,365
Total depreciation expense-primary government	\$ 851,639

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 8-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

	Beginning				Ending
-	Balance	 Increases		Decreases	 Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:					
Land	\$ 1,947,912	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,947,912
Construction in progress	3,543,190	5,946,979		(3,579,355)	5,910,814
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortize	\$ 5,491,102	\$ 5,946,979	\$	(3,579,355)	\$ 7,858,726
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	\$ 59,696,755	\$ 3,637,886	\$	-	\$ 63,334,641
Machinery and equipment	32,624,769	848,170		(330,937)	33,142,002
Right-to-use lease buildings and Improvements	150,845	-		-	150,845
Right-to-use lease machinery and equipment	41,975	-		(8,981)	32,994
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$ 92,514,344	\$ 4,486,056	\$	(339,918)	\$ 96,660,482
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:					
Buildings and improvements	\$ (36,067,440)	\$ (1,541,310)	. \$	330,937	\$ (37,277,813)
Machinery and equipment	(22,003,809)	(1,384,699)		-	(23,388,508)
Right-to-use lease buildings and Improvements	(20,804)	(10,431)		-	(31,235)
Right-to-use lease machinery and equipment	(14,060)	(7,468)		8,981	(12,547)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ (58,106,113)	\$ (2,943,908)	\$	339,918	\$ (60,710,103)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, n	\$ 34,408,231	\$ 1,542,148	\$		\$ 35,950,379
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 39,899,333	\$ 7,489,127	\$	(3,579,355)	\$ 43,809,105

All depreciation above was charged to the education function of the Component Unit-School Board.

Note 9-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit-School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit-School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of building, crime, general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit-School Board remit contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit-School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 10-Commitments and Contingencies:

Commitments

At June 30, 2024, the County and School Board had the following outstanding construction commitments:

	Amount of	Amount	Accounts	Retainage
Project	Contract	Outstanding	Payable	Payable
Partial Reroofing of Rye Cove	\$ 420,200	107,356	=	16,465
FTB Fire Alarm	62,942	19,248		12,992

Contingencies

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to these provisions all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 11-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity and Deposits Company of Maryland - Surety		
Mark Bo Taylor, Clerk of the Circuit Court		200,000
Kevin Helms, Treasurer		400,000
Tammy Tiller, Commissioner of the Revenue		10,000
Jeff Eds, Sheriff		30,000
VACO Risk Management Programs		
All School Board employees - blanket	\$	250,000
VACorp - Surety		
Freda Starnes, County Administrator	\$	100,000
All General Government employees - blanket		100,000
All Social Service employees - blanket		100,000

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 12-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations required the County to place a final cover on its landfill site and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post closure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used at each balance sheet date. The \$1,092,245 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at June 30, 2024 represents the cumulative amount reported. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County expects closure on the landfill in the next few years. These estimated amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post closure care in 2024.

Note 13-Unavailable/Deferred Revenue:

Unavailable/deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

	G	overnment-wide		Balance
	Statements		Sheet	
		Governmental	Governmental	
		Activities		Funds
Unavailable property tax revenue representing				
uncollected property tax billings that are not				
available for the funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,737,297
Tax assessments due after June 30		17,343,385		17,343,385
Prepaid taxes relating to taxes due in a future period		225,173		225,173
Opioid settlement receivable				647,665
Total	\$	17,568,558	\$	19,953,520

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - County Health Insurance:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, the County administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Scott County Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment medical coverage for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The County may change, add or delete coverage as they deem appropriate and with the approval of the Board of Supervisors. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits.

A retiree eligible for post-retirement medical coverage is defined as a fill-time employee who retires directly from the County and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the County. Employees at the County are allowed to stay on the plan until the death of the employee. The employee pays 100% of the required premium.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to employees. The plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County. Retirees who have attained age 50 and worked 10 or more years for Scott County Board of Supervisors and were enrolled in the health insurance plan for at least one full year are eligible to participate in the health insurance coverage following retirement up to age 65. Retirees covered by Medicare or Disability Insurance are ineligible to remain on the standard insurance policy.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2024 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	100
Total retirees with coverage	11
Total	111

Contributions

The County currently funds postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The county does not accumulate assets in a trust. During fiscal year 2024, the County made OPEB benefit payments of \$89,559.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - County Health Insurance: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increase Rates 2.50% per year

Discount Rate 3.65% as of June 30, 2023

3.97% as of June 30, 2024

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

The County uses the standard calculation method in accordance with GASB methodology. In the valuation for the year ended June 30, 2024, the cost method used to determine OPEB liability was entry age normal level percentage of payroll. All active and former employees who are potentially eligible to receive healthcare benefits as a retiree were included in the calculations. All assumptions attempt to represent the best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. Employer future premium contribution is assumed to remain a level percentage of the total cost over time. Retirement, and termination rates are the rates used for the June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation of the Virginia Retirement System. Mortality rates were determined using the PUBH-2010 General Employees and Healthy Retiree Mortality, male and female, projected generationally using the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale. Turnover rates are derived from data maintained by the U.S. Office of Personnel Management regarding the most recent experience of the employee group covered by the Federal Employees Retirement System. Other assumptions are as follows:

Average retirement age 61 years
Salary increases 2.50 percent
Amortization period 20 years

Discount Rate

The discount rate was 3.97% for June 30, 2024 and 3.65% for June 30, 2023. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Municipal GO AA 20 Year Index.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - County Health Insurance: (continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	 Primary Government Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 3,755,515
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	125,164
Interest	133,517
Differences between expected and actual experience	(752,713)
Changes in assumptions	550,912
Benefit payments	(89,559)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfillment	(107,255)
Net changes	\$ (139,934)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 3,615,581

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

3,301,838

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.97%) or one percentage point higher (4.97%) than the current discount rate:

Discount Rate						
19	% Decrease		Current	1	% Increase	
(2.97%)		7%) (3.97%) (4.97%)		(4.97%)		
\$	3,900,716	\$	3,615,581	\$	3,355,800	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

\$

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.00%) or one percentage point higher (7.00% increasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
(5.00% decreasing	(6.00% decreasing	(7.00% decreasing
to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	to 5.00%)

3,615,581

\$

3,978,550

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 14-Other Postemployment Benefits - County Health Insurance: (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$227,102. At June 30, 2024, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ - 464,701	\$ 634,923
Total	\$ 464,701	\$ 634,923

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Primary Government		
2025	\$	(31,579)	
2026		(31,579)	
2027		(31,579)	
2028		(31,579)	
2029		(31,579)	
Therafter		(12,327)	

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - School Board Health Insurance:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, the School Board administers a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Scott County Public Schools Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The School Board provides postemployment medical coverage for retire employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The School Board may change, add or delete coverage as they deem appropriate and with the approval of the School Board. The plan does not grant retirees vested health benefits.

A retiree eligible for post-retirement medical coverage is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the School and is eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the VRS. Employees applying for early or regular retirement are eligible to continue participation in the Retiree Health Plans sponsored by the County. Employees at the School are allowed to stay on the plan until the death of the employee or eligibility for Medicare coverage. The employee pays 100% of the required premium.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to employees. The plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the School Board. Retirees who have attained age 50 and worked 10 or more years for Scott County Board of Supervisors and were enrolled in the health insurance plan for at least one full year are eligible to participate in the health insurance coverage following retirement up to age 65. Retirees covered by Medicare or Disability Insurance are ineligible to remain on the standard insurance policy.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2024 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Total active employees with coverage	631
Total retirees with coverage	9
Total	640

Contributions

The School currently funds postemployment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School does not accumulate assets in a trust. During fiscal year 2024, the School made OPEB benefit payments of \$0.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - School Board Health Insurance: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation report was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increase Rates 2.50% per year

Discount Rate 3.65% as of June 30, 2023

3.97% as of June 30, 2024

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

In the actuarial valuation for the year ended June 30, 2024, the cost method used to determine OPEB liability was individual entry age normal level percent of salary. All active and former employees who are potentially eligible to receive healthcare benefits as a retiree were included in the calculations. All assumptions attempt to represent the best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan. Retirement, and termination rates are the rates used for the June 30, 2023 Actuarial Valuation of the Virginia Retirement System. Mortality rates were determined using the PUBH-2010 Teachers Employees and Healthy Retiree Mortality, male and female, projected generationally using the MP-2021 mortality improvement scale. No disability rates were assumed. Per capita claims costs include medical, dental, and prescription drug coverages and are based on the 2024 healthcare premiums provided by the School Board. It is assumed the 85% of eligible retirees will elect to receive coverage upon retirement. Spouse coverage is not available for participants that retire on or after July 1, 2009. It is assumed that 80% of active employees are married at retirement. Female spouses are assumed to be 3 years younger than their husbands. Other assumptions are as follows:

Inflation 2.50 percent Salary Increases 2.50 percent

Discount Rate

The discount rate was 3.97% for June 30, 2024 and 3.65% for June 30, 2023. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Municipal GO AA 20 Year Index.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - School Board Health Insurance: (continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	4,490,655	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		178,983	
Interest		161,847	
Differences between expected and actual experience		(395,876)	
Changes in assumptions		(113,677)	
Benefit payments		(114,015)	
Net changes	\$	(282,738)	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	4,207,917	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.97%) or one percentage point higher (4.97%) than the current discount rate:

		Di	scount Rate			
19	% Decrease		Current	1	% Increase	
(2.97%)		%) (3.97%) (4.97%)		(3.97%)		(4.97%)
\$	4,570,991	\$	4,207,917	\$	3,869,006	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.25%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

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(6.00	1% Decrease		Current	1% Increase			
	(6.00% decreasing		0% decreasing	(8.00% decreasing			
	to 3.25%)		to 4.25%)	to 5.25%)			
\$	3,761,166	\$	4,207,917	\$	4,722,423		

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - School Board Health Insurance: (continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$888,845. At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ - 334,471	\$	1,288,581 433,577	
Total	\$ 334,471	\$	1,722,158	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Cor	Component Unit					
Year Ended June 30,	S	School Board					
	,						
2025	\$	(300,199)					
2026		(300,199)					
2027		(300,199)					
2028		(292,519)					
2029		(118,667)					
Therafter		(75,904)					

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$48,135 and \$42,970 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) were \$16,794 and \$15,033 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board (Professional) were \$144,983 and \$130,428 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity's proportionate share is reflected in the (insert line-item reference) of the financial statements. The entity did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB

Primary Government

At June 30, 2024, the entity reported a liability of \$405,128 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the participating employer's proportion was 0.03378% as compared to 0.03255% at June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$26,092. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

At June 30, 2024, the entity reported a liability of \$141,759 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the participating employer's proportion was 0.01182% as compared to 0.01184% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$6,159. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

At June 30, 2024, the entity reported a liability of \$1,229,776 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the participating employer's proportion was 0.10254% as compared to 0.10292% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$44,170. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (continued)

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

			Component Unit Sch			School	Component Unit School					
	Primary Government			Board (nonprofessional)			Board (professional)					
	Deferred D		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred	
	Ou	tflows of			Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources		Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
	Re	sources										
Differences between expected	expected											
and actual experience	\$	40,462	\$	12,298	\$	14,158	\$	4,303	\$	122,825	\$	37,330
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB												
plan investments		-		16,280		-		5,697		-		49,419
Change in assumptions		8,660		28,069		3,030		9,822		26,287		85,204
Changes in proportionate share		40,304		2,864		4,192		2,619		10,920		33,694
Employer contributions subsequent												
to the measurement date		48,135		-		16,794		-		144,983		
Total	\$	137,561	\$	59,511	\$	38,174	\$	22,441	\$	305,015	\$	205,647

\$48,135, \$16,794, and \$144,983 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	rimary vernment	Sch	onent Unit ool Board rofessional)	Component Unit School Board (professional)		
2025	\$ 5,892	\$	(539)	\$	(17,744)	
2026	(7,285)		(5,037)		(54,830)	
2027	16,952		3,272		18,532	
2028	7,794		(115)		(2,916)	
2029	6,562		1,358		11,343	
Thereafter	_		_		_	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The assumptions include several employer groups. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers 3.50%-5.95% Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 	3,907,052 2,707,739 1,199,313
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	· -	69.30%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
*	Expected arithm	etic nominal return	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 16-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Discount Rate (continued)

From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate						
	1%	Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1%	Increase	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
County's proportionate							
share of the GLI Plan							
Net OPEB Liability	\$	600,526	\$	405,128	\$	247,147	
Component Unit School Board's							
(nonprofessional) proportionate							
share of the GLI Plan							
Net OPEB Liability		210,131		141,759		86,480	
Component Unit School Board's							
(professional) proportionate							
share of the GLI Plan							
Net OPEB Liability		1,822,912		1,229,776		750,221	

GLI Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): (continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	21
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	4
Total inactive members	25
Active members	97
Total covered employees	122

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's (Nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.82% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board (nonprofessional) to the HIC Plan were \$24,960 and \$22,517 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The School Board's (Nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Post-Disablement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
*	Expected arithm	etic nominal return	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

Component Unit	School Board	(nonprofess	ional)
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	_		I	ncrease (Decrease)		_
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	240,744	\$_		\$_	240,744
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	2,381	\$	-	\$	2,381
Interest		18,687		-		18,687
Benefit changes		-		-		-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(131,620)		-		(131,620)
Assumption changes		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		22,517		(22,517)
Net investment income		-		2,925		(2,925)
Benefit payments		(5,460)		(5,460)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(82)		82
Other changes		-		-		-
Net changes	\$_	(116,012)	\$	19,900	\$_	(135,912)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$_	124,732	\$_	19,900	\$_	104,832

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): (continued)

Sensitivity of the County's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's (Nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

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	Kate				
	 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
	 (5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional)					
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 123,388	\$	104,832	\$	89,043

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$(1,941). At June 30, 2024, the School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Plan from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)				
	Out	ferred flows of ources	Ir	Deferred Inflows of esources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	113,398	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		805		-	
Change in assumptions		14,774		-	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		24,960		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	40,539	\$	113,398	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional): (continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB (continued)

\$24,960 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's (Nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Component Unit School Board
Year Ended June 30	_	(Nonprofessional)
2025	\$	(20,057)
2026		(20,437)
2027		(21,450)
2028		(23,910)
2029		(11,965)
Thereafter		_

HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan were \$323,748 and \$290,782 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$4 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The entity did not record a proportionate share in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$2,919,637 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program was 0.24100% as compared to 0.24020% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$209,643. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	128,508	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		1,465		-	
Change in assumptions		67,964		2,942	
Change in proportionate share		24,292		70,533	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		323,748	· -	<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	417,469	\$_	201,983	

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (continued)

\$323,748 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Year Ended June 30		
٠		•	
	2025	\$	(29,916)
	2026		(26,973)
	2027		(10,415)
	2028		(15,820)
	2029		(19,482)
	Thereafter		(5,656)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teacher Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	1,475,471 264,054
Teacher Employee Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ _	1,211,417
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		17.90%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

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Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Asset class (strategy)	Attocation	- Nate of Retain	- Race of Recarri
Public Equity	34.00%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.60%	0.78%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.02%	0.70%
Private Equity	16.00%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4.00%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2.00%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1.00%	1.20%	0.01%
Total	100.00%		5.75%
		Inflation	2.50%
	*Expected arithm	etic nominal return	8.25%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 18- Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate		
1% Decrease	Cu	rrent Discount		1% Increase
 (5.75%)	(6.75%)			(7.75%)
\$ 3,302,436	\$	2,919,637	\$	2,595,249
\$		(5.75%)	1% Decrease Current Discount (5.75%) (6.75%)	1% Decrease Current Discount (5.75%) (6.75%)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 19-OPEB Summary:

	Primary Government				Component Unit School Board					
	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB	Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB		
	Outflows	Inflows	Liabilities	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	Liabilities	Expense		
Stand-Alone Plan					•		•			
County (Note 14)	\$ 464,701	\$ 634,923	\$ 3,615,581	\$ 227,102	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
School Board (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	334,471	1,722,158	4,207,917	40,631		
VRS OPEB Plans:										
GLI Plan (Note 16)										
County	137,561	59,511	405,128	26,092	-	-	-	-		
School Board Nonprofessional	-	-	-	-	38,174	22,441	141,759	6,159		
School Board Professional	-	-	-	-	305,015	205,647	1,229,776	44,170		
HIC Plan (Note 17)										
School Board Nonprofessional	-	-	-	-	40,539	113,398	104,832	(1,941)		
Teacher HIC Plan (Note 18)	-	-	-	-	417,469	201,983	2,919,637	209,643		
Totals	\$ 602,262	\$ 694,434	\$ 4,020,709	\$ 253,194	\$ 1,135,668	\$ 2,265,627	\$ 8,603,921	\$ 298,662		

Note 20-Self Funded Insurance:

The Scott County School Board established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the Anthem health plan account from the School Board and are available to pay claims, reinsurance, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2024, a total of \$7,020,563 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. Claims for the fiscal year totaled \$6,742,682. Incurred but not reported claims of \$277,881 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Changes in the claims liability for the current and two prior fiscal years are as follows:

		Current Year		
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance at
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
2023-24	<u> </u>	\$ 7,020,563	\$ (6,742,682)	\$ 277,881

As of June 30, 2024, the School Board held funds totaling \$592,475 for the payment of claims and costs associated with the self-health insurance program. These funds are reported as restricted cash in the accompanying financial statements.

Note 21-Adoption of Accounting Principle:

In fiscal year 2024, the County implemented Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, provides more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability for accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 22-Restatement of Beginning Balances:

The County and School Board had multiple corrections to prior year balance that impacted the modified accrual fund balance. Those items are detailed below in Exhibit A.

The County and School Board had multiple corrections to prior year balance that impacted the accrual net position. Those items are detailed below in Exhibit B.

These transactions were not recorded in the prior year financial statements but corrected through a beginning balance restatement.

Exhibit A:	General		School
		Fund	Fund
Fund Balance, July 1, 2023, as previously stated	\$	10,956,574	\$ -
Correct the State Income Tax fund to be reported as fiduciary fund		(12,057)	-
Correct taxes receivable balance		(196,752)	-
Correction to report digital radio escrow bank account and remove proceeds		773,961	-
Correct beginning ARPA deferred revenue		(357,883)	-
Correct beginning LATCF deferred revenue		(77,617)	-
Correct School Board state and federal receivables		-	2,011,954
Fund Balance, July 1, 2023, as restated	\$	11,086,226	\$ 2,011,954

		Prima	ry Go	overnment
Exhibit B:	G	overnmental		Component Unit
		Activities		School Board
Net position, July 1, 2023, as previously stated	\$	12,962,427	\$	5,605,832
Record DSS Building right to use asset, net of accumulated amortization		1,354,964		-
Record DSS Building lease liability		(1,380,834)		-
Record additional CIP amounts for Digital Radio project		519,367		-
Correct opioid revenue to recognize full receivable on full accrual		389,203		-
Record liability for debt issuance for Digital Radio project in FY23		(1,529,000)		-
Record note payable to EDA for 2017 PVNB loan that the County guarantees and pays		(355,000)		-
Reduce deferred tax adjustment by tax penalty AR		(196,752)		-
Remove capital lease issuance costs		-		(34,480)
Correct non-instructional pension to be reported as an asset rather than liability		-		600,598
Fund Balance restatements from above		129,652		2,011,954
Net position, July 1, 2023, as restated	\$	11,894,027	\$	8,183,904

Note 23-Litigation:

At June 30, 2024, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2024

Note 24-COVID-19 Pandemic Funding:

ARPA Funding

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpected by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. As of June 30, 2024 the County had received both tranches of funding and had unspent funds in the amount of \$1,703,688 which was reported as unearned revenue.

ESF Funding

The CARES Act also established the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and allocated \$30.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Education. The ESF is composed of three primary emergency relief funds: (1) a Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, (2) an Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, and (3) a Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA Act) was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and added \$81.9 billion to the ESF. In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP Act), in support of ongoing state and institutional COVID-19 recovery efforts, added more than \$170 billion to the ESF. The School Board is receiving this funding from the Virginia Department of Education on a reimbursement basis.

Note 25-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, provides users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, improves key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Scott, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Am	nounts				ariance with
		<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		Original		rillat		Amounts		(Negative)
General property taxes	Ś	16,461,569	Ś	16,596,569	Ś	16,719,652	Ś	123,083
Other local taxes	*	3,318,200	~	3,318,200	~	3,430,982	7	112,782
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		40,520		40,520		44,388		3,868
Fines and forfeitures		54,800		54,800		170,256		115,456
Revenue from the use of money and property		105,288		238,508		869,746		631,238
Charges for services		235,000		235,110		313,717		78,607
Miscellaneous		273,179		1,015,978		923,016		(92,962)
Recovered costs		2,658,192		3,183,855		3,734,634		550,779
Intergovernmental:				, ,		, ,		,
Commonwealth		8,489,950		8,782,310		8,789,327		7,017
Federal		3,468,171		3,429,736		4,927,371		1,497,635
Total revenues	\$	35,104,869	\$	36,895,586	\$	39,923,089	\$	3,027,503
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	4,958,124	\$	5,167,039	\$	3,128,821	\$	2,038,218
Judicial administration		2,702,246		2,735,201		2,220,699		514,502
Public safety		10,419,531		10,728,031		10,470,598		257,433
Public works		2,472,410		2,576,921		2,378,841		198,080
Health and welfare		6,376,076		6,376,076		6,393,933		(17,857)
Education		9,338,045		9,740,935		10,517,028		(776,093)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		632,703		748,112		732,902		15,210
Community development		1,028,560		1,053,397		1,811,961		(758,564)
Capital projects		411,476		1,021,479		348,151		673,328
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		258,306		437,084		437,084		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		87,631		87,631		77,332		10,299
Total expenditures	\$	38,685,108	\$	40,671,906	\$	38,517,350	\$	2,154,556
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	Ś	(3.580.239)	¢	(3,776,320)	¢	1,405,739	¢	5,182,059
expenditures		(3,300,237)	٠,	(3,770,320)	ڔ	1,703,737	٠,	3,102,037
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	127,660	\$	127,660	\$	-	\$	(127,660)
Transfers out		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	77,660	\$	77,660	\$	(50,000)	\$	(127,660)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(3,502,579)	\$	(3,698,660)	\$	1,355,739	\$	5,054,399
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported	\$	3,502,579	\$	3,698,660	\$	10,956,574	\$	7,257,914
Restatements		-		-		129,652		129,652
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		-		-		11,086,226		11,086,226
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,441,965	\$	16,140,625

County of Scott, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Primary Government
Pension Plans
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

			L	For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023	tes of June 30, 2014 th	rough June 30, 2023					
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	I										
Service cost	s	\$ 486,988	782,717 \$	766,851 \$	674,952 \$	625,726 \$	599,817 \$	613,499 \$	584,285 \$	621,118 \$	600,671
Interest		2,419,516	2,387,381	2,212,396	2,129,232	2,036,058	1,960,615	1,943,412	1,888,383	1,831,199	1,765,556
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,644,814	(917,105)	(541,674)	211,965	585,651	174,381	(742, 506)	(217,288)	(101,261)	
Changes in assumptions				1,220,176		928,361		(22,732)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,848,432)	(1,893,940)	(1,802,234)	(1,765,970)	(1,670,343)	(1,643,768)	(1,448,071)	(1,490,411)	(1,577,871)	(1,279,074)
Net change in total pension liability	s	3,092,885 \$	359,053 \$	1,855,515 \$	1,250,179 \$	2,505,453 \$	1,091,045 \$	343,602 \$	764,969 \$	773,185 \$	1,087,153
Total pension liability - beginning		35,891,917	35,532,864	33,677,349	32,427,170	29,921,717	28,830,672	28,487,070	27,722,101	26,948,916	25,861,763
Total pension liability - ending (a)	∽	38,984,802 \$	35,891,917 \$	35,532,864 \$	33,677,349 \$	32,427,170 \$	29,921,717 \$	28,830,672 \$	28,487,070 \$	27,722,101 \$	26,948,916
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	s	1,169,386 \$	\$ 680,268	\$ 690'862	717,233 \$	\$ 860,769	712,572 \$	693,671 \$	791,794 \$	750,456 \$	802,383
Contributions - employee		372,686	332,681	298,424	286,735	315,044	284,616	266,710	271,254	258,617	265,190
Net investment income		2,014,298	(36,802)	6,966,791	490,773	1,646,571	1,753,285	2,632,566	376,372	969,541	2,951,572
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,848,432)	(1,893,940)	(1,802,234)	(1,765,970)	(1,670,343)	(1,643,768)	(1,448,071)	(1,490,411)	(1,577,871)	(1,279,074)
Administrative expense		(19,897)	(19,859)	(17,545)	(17,090)	(16,551)	(15,378)	(15,366)	(13,659)	(13,637)	(15,914)
Other		815	733	929	(625)	(1,037)	(1,552)	(2,338)	(160)	(203)	156
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	ς.	1,688,856 \$	\$ (860,227)	6,244,160 \$	(288,898) \$	970,782 \$	1,089,775 \$	2,127,172 \$	(64,810) \$	386,903 \$	2,724,313
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		31,213,329	31,935,427	25,691,267	25,980,165	25,009,383	23,919,608	21,792,436	21,857,246	21,470,343	18,746,030
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	. ∥ ∽	32,902,185 \$	31,213,329 \$	31,935,427 \$	25,691,267 \$	25,980,165 \$	25,009,383 \$	23,919,608 \$	21,792,436 \$	21,857,246 \$	21,470,343
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	s	6,082,617 \$	4,678,588 \$	3,597,437 \$	7,986,082 \$	6,447,005 \$	4,912,334 \$	4,911,064 \$	6,694,634 \$	5,864,855 \$	5,478,573
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.40%	86.96%	89.88%	76.2%	80.12%	83.58%	82.97%	76.50%	78.84%	%29.62
Covered payroll	s	7,957,461	7,076,326	6,285,456 \$	6,112,503 \$	5,870,616 \$	5,663,894 \$	5,481,934 \$	5,433,100 \$	5,479,756 \$	5,464,930
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		76.44%	66.12%	57.23%	130.65%	109.82%	86.73%	89.59%	123.22%	107.03%	100.25%

County of Scott, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Pension Plans
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	l										
Service cost	s	198,375	184,422	196,896 \$	206,477 \$	201,089 \$	\$ 720,861	207,235 \$	216,597 \$	225,567 \$	224,506
Interest		744,937	712,152	658,574	648,756	656,863	633,629	632,999	616,205	593,502	269,002
Differences between expected and actual experience		106,454	163,777	8,734	(158,432)	(387,845)	(22,128)	(329,396)	(118,912)	(18,675)	
Changes in assumptions				305,903		261,821		(29,008)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(630,787)	(546, 431)	(575, 130)	(527,557)	(481,405)	(473,927)	(471,735)	(476,218)	(475,913)	(411,190)
Net change in total pension liability	s	418,979	513,920	594,977 \$	169,244 \$	250,523 \$	335,651 \$	10,095 \$	237,672 \$	324,481 \$	382,321
Total pension liability - beginning		11,153,120	10,639,200	10,044,223	9,874,979	9,624,456	9,288,805	9,278,710	9,041,038	8,716,557	8,334,236
Total pension liability - ending (a)	ۍ.	11,572,099	11,153,120	10,639,200 \$	10,044,223 \$	9,874,979 \$	9,624,456 \$	9,288,805 \$	9,278,710 \$	9,041,038 \$	8,716,557
Plan fiduciary net position	ļ										
Contributions - employer	s	94,995	92,032	89,819 \$	113,954 \$	113,964 \$	151,084 \$	153,075 \$	196,260 \$	197,633 \$	226,613
Contributions - employee		122,147	135,515	112,462	107,150	105,046	103,740	104,870	104,712	106,064	106,179
Net investment income		727,887	(9,415)	2,578,114	184,824	616,904	655,267	985,817	140,253	364,074	1,102,402
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(630,787)	(546, 431)	(575, 130)	(527,557)	(481,405)	(473,927)	(471,735)	(476,218)	(475,913)	(411,190)
Administrative expense		(7,444)	(7,385)	(6, 295)	(6,411)	(6,224)	(5,729)	(5,784)	(5,137)	(5,083)	(5,951)
Other		291	592	242	(216)	(388)	(582)	(874)	(09)	(6/2)	29
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	s	307,089	(335,415)	2,198,912 \$	(128,256) \$	347,897 \$	429,853 \$	765,369 \$	(40,190) \$	186,696 \$	1,018,112
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		11,453,419	11,788,834	9,589,922	9,718,178	9,370,281	8,940,428	8,175,059	8,215,249	8,028,553	7,010,441
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	∽	11,760,508	11,453,419	11,788,834 \$	9,589,922 \$	9,718,178 \$	9,370,281 \$	8,940,428 \$	8,175,059 \$	8,215,249 \$	8,028,553
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	s	(188,409)	(300, 299)	(1,149,634) \$	454,301 \$	156,801 \$	254,175 \$	348,377 \$	1,103,651 \$	825,789 \$	688,004
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total nension liability		101.63%	102.69%	110.81%	95.48%	98.41%	%98°26	96.25%	88 %1.	%28:06	92.11%
Covered pavroll	•	2.746.029	2.568.472	2.467.776 \$	2.326.127 \$	2.233.030 \$	2.174.214 \$	2.178.285 \$	2.118.205 \$	2.321.227 \$	1.661.330
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		%98°9-	-11.69%	-46.59%	19.53%	7.02%	11.69%	15.99%	52.10%	35.58%	4.14

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) VRS Teacher Retirement Plan Pension Plans

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Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (6)	82.45% 82.61% 85.46% 71.47% 73.51% 74.81%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	92% 93% 89% 151% 141%
Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	26,937,143 24,964,457 21,611,229 23,753,745 23,022,584 22,624,219
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 24,789,941 \$ 23,235,021 19,284,311 35,936,255 32,450,014 29,418,000
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.24527% 0.24405% 0.24841% 0.24690% 0.24694%
Date (1)	2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 through June 30, 2024

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gov	erni	<u>`</u>		-		_		
2024	\$	1,303,915 \$	1,303,915	\$	-	\$	8,907,830	14.64%
2023		1,169,426	1,169,426		-		7,957,461	14.70%
2022		934,075	934,075		-		7,076,326	13.20%
2021		829,680	829,680		-		6,285,456	13.20%
2020		717,233	717,233		-		6,112,503	11.73%
2019		697,098	697,098		-		5,870,616	11.87%
2018		712,516	712,516		-		5,663,894	12.58%
2017		689,936	689,936		-		5,481,934	12.59%
2016		783,453	783,453		-		5,433,100	14.42%
2015		750,270	750,270		-		5,479,756	13.69%
-		School Board (no	-					
2024	\$	104,393 \$	104,393	\$	-	\$	3,043,915	3.43%
2023		97,240	97,240		-		2,746,029	3.54%
2022		112,499	112,499		-		2,568,472	4.38%
2021		108,089	108,089		-		2,467,776	4.38%
2020		114,780	114,780		-		2,326,127	4.93%
2019		115,979	115,979		-		2,233,030	5.19%
2018		151,520	151,520		-		2,174,214	6.97%
2017		155,619	155,619		-		2,178,285	7.14%
2016		195,934	195,934		-		2,118,205	9.25%
2015		199,237	199,237		-		2,321,227	8.58%
Component	Unit	School Board (pro	ofessional)					
2024	\$	4,290,163 \$	4,290,163	\$	-	\$	26,756,040	16.03%
2023		3,871,788	3,871,788		-		26,937,143	14.37%
2022		3,625,467	3,625,467		-		24,964,457	14.52%
2021		3,514,267	3,514,267		-		21,611,229	16.26%
2020		3,281,436	3,281,436		-		23,753,745	13.81%
2019		3,159,929	3,159,929		-		23,022,584	13.73%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2019 valuation for Teachers is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*}Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

County of Scott, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
future mortality improvements, replace load with a
modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
service decrement through 9 years of service
No change
No change
No change

County of Scott, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Primary Government - County
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	s	125,164 \$	188,085 \$	188,085 \$	198,400 \$	129,912 \$	126,749 \$	129,209
Interest		133,517	152,967	81,289	81,911	124,833	65,812	41,023
Changes in assumptions		550,912	129,168	(629,812)	17,416	403,353	5,857	(522,812)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(752,713)	(224,889)	423,201	(150,634)	(513,944)		5,151
Benefit payments		(89,559)	(82,702)	(86,889)	(69,738)	(75,824)	(75,814)	(86,543)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfillment		(107,255)						
Net change in total OPEB liability	Ş	(139,934) \$	162,629 \$	(27,136) \$	77,355 \$	\$ 08,330 \$	122,604 \$	(433,972)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		3,755,515	3,592,886	3,620,022	3,542,667	3,474,337	3,351,733	3,785,705
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	3,615,581 \$	3,755,515 \$	3,592,886 \$	3,620,022 \$	3,542,667 \$	3,474,337 \$	3,351,733
Covered-employee payroll	∽	5,859,789 \$	7,957,461 \$	7,080,576 \$	6,343,213 \$	6,162,900 \$	5,870,616 \$	5,663,894
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		61.70%	47.19%	50.74%	57.07%	57.48%	59.18%	59.18%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2024

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	∽	178,983	176,293	299,406 \$	290,481 \$	345,872 \$	314,553 \$	302,833
Interest		161,847	150,660	119,558	115,074	174,417	176,389	165,926
Changes in assumptions		(113,677)	(41,176)	(525, 269)	22,913	638,975	139,188	•
Differences between expected and actual experience		(395,876)		(1,066,405)		(786,986)		•
Benefit payments			(6,630)	(6,630)	(26,680)	(55,280)	(75,910)	(99,010)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfillment		(114,015)	(91,618)	(102, 265)	(62,266)	(151,755)	(126,259)	(95,627)
Net change in total OPEB liability	⋄	(282,738)	184,529	(1,284,605) \$	339,522 \$	165,243 \$	427,961 \$	274,122
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,490,655	4,306,126	5,590,731	5,251,209	5,085,966	4,658,005	4,383,883
Total OPEB liability - ending	σ	4,207,917	4,490,655	4,306,126 \$	5,590,731 \$	5,251,209 \$	5,085,966 \$	4,658,005
Covered-employee payroll	⋄	31,042,505	24,964,457	24,964,457 \$	24,145,542 \$	24,057,773 \$	22,264,219 \$	22,624,219
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.56%	17.99%	17.25%	23.15%	21.83%	22.84%	20.59%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

County, DSS, and School Board

Valuation Date: 6/30/2024 Measurement Date: 6/30/2024

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary					
Discount Rate	3.97% as of June 30, 2024; 3.65% as of June 30, 2023					
Inflation	2.50% per year as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023					
Healthcare Trend Rate - County	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 6.00% for June 30, 2024 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% by June 30, 2032					
Healthcare Trend Rate - School Board	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 7.00% for June 30, 2024 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.25% by June 30, 2035					
Salary Increase Rates	2.50% per year					
Participation Percentage - County and DSS	It is assumed that 100% of eligible retirees and 50% of eligible spouses will elect to receive coverage upon retirement.					
Participation Percentage - School Board	is assumed that 85% of eligible retirees will elect to receive coverage upon retirement. Spouse coverage is not available for participants that retire on or after July 1, 2009.					
Retirement Age	Average retirement age was 61 as of June 30, 2024					
rtality Rates - All employees PUBH-2010 General Employees and Healthy Retiree Mortality, male and female, projected generationally using the MP-2021 mortality improven scale.						

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

		Employer's		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB	
	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB	Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB	Employer's Covered	Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total
Date	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	(3)/(4)	GLI OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2023	0.03378% \$	405,128	\$ 7,957,461	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.03255%	391,933	7,076,326	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.03072%	357,664	6,285,456	5.69%	67.45%
2020	0.02940%	490,638	6,112,503	8.03%	52.64%
2019	0.02965%	482,485	5,870,616	8.22%	52.00%
2018	0.03007%	456,000	5,663,894	8.05%	51.22%
2017	0.02986%	450,000	5,481,934	8.21%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - County Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2024

			Contributions in Relation to				Contributions
Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	- s	48,135 \$	48,135 \$; - S	8,907,830	0.54%
2023	•	42,970	42,970	<u>-</u>	•	7,957,461	0.54%
2022		38,235	38,235	-		7,076,326	0.54%
2021		34,253	34,253	-		6,285,456	0.54%
2020		31,486	31,486	-		6,112,503	0.52%
2019		30,226	30,226	-		5,870,616	0.51%
2018		29,727	29,727	-		5,663,894	0.52%
2017		28,636	28,636	-		5,481,934	0.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of School Board Nonprofessional's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

			Employer's Proportionate Share					
		Employer's			of the Net GLI OPEB			
	Employer's	Proportionate			Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary		
Date	Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)		Employer's Covered Payroll	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability		
(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	(5)	(6)		
2023	0.01182% \$	141,759	\$	2,746,029	5.16%	69.30%		
2022	0.01184%	142,565		2,568,472	5.55%	67.21%		
2021	0.01200%	139,712		2,467,776	5.66%	67.45%		
2020	0.01145%	191,082		2,326,127	8.21%	52.64%		
2019	0.01153%	187,623		2,233,030	8.40%	52.00%		
2018	0.01149%	179,000		2,174,214	8.23%	51.22%		
2017	0.01186%	175,000		2,178,285	8.03%	48.86%		

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - School Board Nonprofessional Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

		Contractually Required	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required	Contribution Deficiency		Employer's Covered	Contributions as a % of Covered
Date		Contribution (1)	Contribution (2)	(Excess) (3)		Payroll (4)	Payroll (5)
2024	- \$	16,794 \$		\$ -	- \$ -	3,109,949	0.54%
2023		15,033	15,033	-		2,783,889	0.54%
2022		13,913	13,913	-		2,568,472	0.54%
2021		13,384	13,384	-		2,467,776	0.54%
2020		12,230	12,230	-		2,326,127	0.53%
2019		11,757	11,757	-		2,233,030	0.53%
2018		11,365	11,365	-		2,174,214	0.52%
2017		11,374	11,374	-		2,178,285	0.52%

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of School Board Professional's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

				Employer's	
				Proportionate Share	
		Employer's		of the Net GLI OPEB	
	Employer's	Proportionate		Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of the	Share of the	Employer's	as a Percentage of	Net Position as a
	Net GLI OPEB	Net GLI OPEB	Covered	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Total
Date	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	(3)/(4)	GLI OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2023	0.10254% \$	1,229,776	\$ 24,153,333	5.09%	69.30%
2022	0.10292%	1,239,256	22,387,778	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.10494%	1,221,786	21,611,229	5.65%	67.45%
2020	0.10346%	1,726,578	23,753,745	7.27%	52.64%
2019	0.10391%	1,690,893	23,022,584	7.34%	52.00%
2018	0.10785%	1,603,000	18,847,785	8.50%	51.22%
2017	0.10557%	1,623,000	18,412,748	8.81%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - School Board Professional Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

		Contributions in Relation to			Contributions
Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$ 144,983		\$ -	\$ 26,756,040	0.54%
2023	130,428	130,428	-	24,153,333	0.54%
2022	120,894	120,894	-	22,387,778	0.54%
2021	117,002	117,002	-	21,611,229	0.54%
2020	110,300	110,300	-	23,753,745	0.46%
2019	105,921	105,921	-	23,022,584	0.46%
2018	104,382	104,382	-	22,585,459	0.46%
2017	104,382	104,382	-	21,797,939	0.48%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Scott, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in the School Board Nonprofessional's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2022 through June 30, 2023

		2023		2022
Total HIC OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$	2,381	\$	2,473
Interest		18,687		16,853
Differences between expected and actual experience		(131,620)		(9,904)
Changes of assumptions		-		22,912
Benefit payments		(5,460)		(4,685)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	(116,012)	\$	27,649
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		277,196		249,547
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$	161,184	\$	277,196
Plan fiduciary net position			<u></u>	
Contributions - employer	\$	22,517	¢	20,034
Net investment income	Ļ	2,925	۲	(399)
Benefit payments		(5,460)		(4,685)
Administrator charges		(82)		(68)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	19,900	¢	14,882
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	Y	36,452	Ţ	21,570
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	ş 	56,352	\$ 	36,452
ran nadalary nee position enaming (2)	*	30,332	·	36, 132
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	104,832	\$	240,744
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total				
HIC OPEB liability		34.96%		13.15%
Covered payroll	\$	2,746,029	\$	2,568,472
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of				
covered payroll		3.82%		9.37%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2022 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - School Board Nonprofessional Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2024

		Contributions in Relation to			Contributions
Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
	 		(5)		
2024	\$ 24,960 \$	24,960 \$	-	\$ 3,043,915	0.82%
2023	22,517	22,517	-	2,746,029	0.82%
2022	20,034	20,034	-	2,568,472	0.78%
2021	19,249	19,249	-	2,467,776	0.78%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2021 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2023

				Employer's	
				Proportionate Share	
		Employer's		of the Net HIC OPEB	
	Employer's	Proportionate		Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary
	Proportion of the	Share of the	Employer's	as a Percentage of	Net Position as a
	Net HIC OPEB	Net HIC OPEB	Covered	Covered Payroll	Percentage of Total
Date	Liability (Asset)	Liability (Asset)	Payroll	(3)/(4)	HIC OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2023	0.24100% \$	2,919,637	\$ 26,937,143	10.84%	17.90%
2022	0.24020%	3,000,335	24,964,457	12.02%	15.08%
2021	0.24436%	3,136,529	21,611,229	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.24234%	3,161,365	23,753,745	13.31%	9.95%
2019	0.24258%	3,175,608	23,022,584	13.79%	8.97%
2018	0.24747%	3,142,000	22,585,459	13.91%	8.08%
2017	0.25097%	3,184,000	21,797,939	14.61%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2024

		Contributions in Relation to		Contributions			
Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2024	\$	323,748	\$ 323,748	\$	-	\$ 26,756,040	1.21%
2023		290,782	290,782		-	24,031,570	1.21%
2022		270,894	270,894		-	22,387,933	1.21%
2021		261,946	261,946		-	21,611,229	1.21%
2020		253,988	253,988		-	23,753,745	1.07%
2019		243,939	243,939		-	23,022,584	1.06%
2018		246,174	246,174		-	22,585,459	1.09%
2017		219,851	219,851		-	21,797,939	1.01%

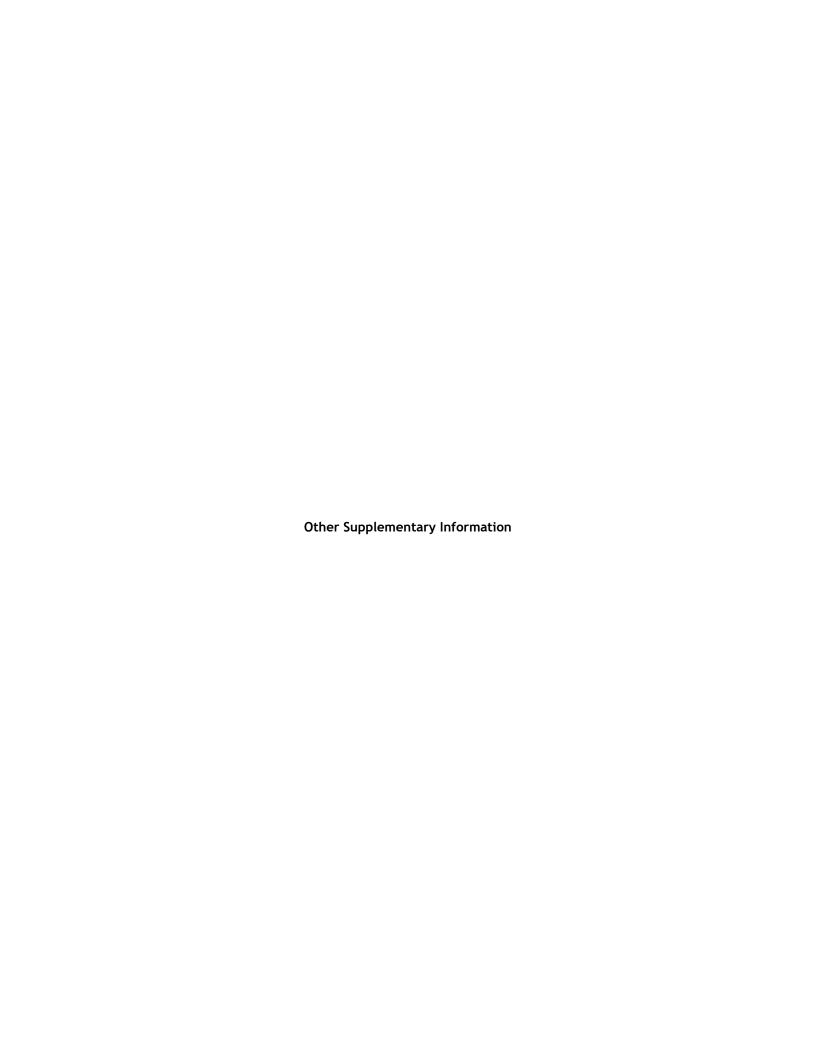
Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Scott, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change



County of Scott, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Cap	ital Projects Special Revenue					Total	
	Fir	e Training				Coal Road		Nonmajor
		Facility		Law Library	In	nprovement	Go	vernmental
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	184,910	\$	2,944	\$	42,547	\$	230,401
Receivables (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		-		153		-		153
Total assets	\$	184,910	\$	3,097	\$	42,547	\$	230,554
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	210	\$	-	\$	210
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	210	\$	-	\$	210
FUND BALANCES								
Committed:								
Capital projects	\$	184,910	\$	-	\$	_	\$	184,910
Law library	•	, -	•	2,887	•	-	•	2,887
Coal road		-		, -		42,547		42,547
Total fund balances	\$	184,910	\$	2,887	\$	42,547	\$	230,344
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	184,910	\$	3,097	\$	42,547	\$	230,554

County of Scott, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Fire	tal Projects e Training Facility		Special Re		ue Coal Road nprovement	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
REVENUES		<u>r unu</u>		<u>r unu</u>		<u>r unu</u>		<u>r unus</u>
Other local taxes	\$	_	Ś	-	\$	698	\$	698
Miscellaneous	•	_	•	2,415	•	-	7	2,415
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	2,415	\$	698	\$	3,113
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Judicial administration	\$	-	\$	4,771	\$	-	\$	4,771
Public safety		638		-		-		638
Public works		-		-		524		524
Total expenditures	\$	638	\$	4,771	\$	524	\$	5,933
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(638)	\$	(2,356)	\$	174	\$	(2,820)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	49,362	\$	(2,356)	\$	174	\$	47,180
Fund balances - beginning		135,548		5,243		42,373		183,164
Fund balances - ending	\$	184,910	\$	2,887	\$	42,547	\$	230,344

County of Scott, Virginia Capital Projects Fund - Fire Training Facility Project Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		F	ire	Training F	aci	lity Project	Fur	nd
		Budgeted Original	An	nounts Final	-	Actual Amounts	•	ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES	į	<u>Originat</u>		<u>i illat</u>		Alliounts		(Negacive)
Capital projects	\$	187,809	\$	187,809	\$	638	\$	187,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(187,809)	\$	(187,809)	\$	(638)	\$	187,171
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(137,809)	\$	(137,809)	\$	49,362	\$	187,171
Fund balances - beginning		137,809		137,809		135,548		(2,261)
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	184,910	\$	184,910

County of Scott, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Law Library Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Law Li	bra	ry Fund	
		Budgeted	A m	ounts	•	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	0	<u>riginal</u>		<u>Final</u>		Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES							
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	2,900	\$	2,415	(485)
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	2,900	\$	2,415	\$ (485)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety	\$	5,220	\$	8,120	\$	4,771	\$ 3,349
Total expenditures	\$	5,220	\$	8,120	\$	4,771	\$ 3,349
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	(5,220)	\$	(5,220)	\$	(2,356)	\$ 2,864
Net change in fund balances	\$	(5,220)	\$	(5,220)	\$	(2,356)	\$ 2,864
Fund balances - beginning		5,220		5,220		5,243	23
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,887	\$ 2,887

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Improvement

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Co	al Road Impr	ove	ement Fund		
	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES							
Other local taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	698	\$	698
Total revenues	\$ -	\$	-	\$	698	\$	698
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public works	\$ 42,525	\$	42,525	\$	524	\$	3,349
Total expenditures	\$ 42,525	\$	42,525	\$	524	\$	3,349
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$ (42,525)	\$	(42,525)	\$	174	\$	4,047
Net change in fund balances	\$ (42,525)	\$	(42,525)	\$	174	\$	4,047
Fund balances - beginning	42,525		42,525		42,373		(152)
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	42,547	\$	3,895

County of Scott, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Welfare	Fringe Benefits	State Income <u>Taxes</u>	Fe	State and ederal Asset Forfeiture	7	Fown Sales <u>Taxes</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 53,670	\$ -	\$ 197,784	\$	100,694	\$	-	\$ 352,148
Total assets	\$ 53,670	\$ -	\$ 197,784	\$	100,694	\$		\$ 352,148
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ 278,337	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 278,337
NET POSITION Restricted:								
Social services welfare	\$ 53,670	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 53,670
State income taxes		-	197,784		-		-	197,784
Asset forfeitures pending court results	-	-	-		100,694		-	100,694
Unrestricted	-	(278,337)	-		-		-	(278,337)
Total liabilities	\$ 53,670	\$ (278,337)	\$ 197,784	\$	100,694	\$		\$ 73,811

County of Scott, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

ADDITIONS	Special Welfare	Fringe Benefits	State Income <u>Taxes</u>	Fe	State and ederal Asset Forfeiture	-	Town Sales <u>Taxes</u>	<u>Total</u>
Contributions:								
State income tax payments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 282,307	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$ 282,307
Social security and welfare receipts	89,684	-	-		-		-	89,684
Fringe benefit withholdings	-	2,469,837	-		-		-	2,469,837
Asset forfeitures	 -	-	-		210,264		-	210,264
Total contributions	\$ 89,684	\$ 2,469,837	\$ 282,307	\$	210,264	\$	- 9	\$ 3,052,092
DEDUCTIONS								
Fringe benefit payments	\$ -	\$ 2,732,195	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$ 2,732,195
State income tax payments	-	-	97,061		-		-	97,061
Welfare payments	58,002	-	-		-		-	58,002
Remittance to state/federal asset forfeitures	 -	-	-		169,810		-	169,810
Total deductions	\$ 58,002	\$ 2,732,195	\$ 97,061	\$	169,810	\$	- 9	\$ 3,057,068
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$ 31,682	\$ (262,358)	\$ 185,246	\$	40,454	\$	- 9	\$ (4,976)
Net position - beginning, as previously reported	21,988	(15,979)	-		-		13,857	\$ 19,866
Restatements	-	-	12,538		60,240		(13,857)	58,921
Net position - beginning, as restated	 21,988	(15,979)	12,538		60,240		-	78,787
Net position - ending	\$ 53,670	\$ (278,337)	\$ 197,784	\$	100,694	\$	- 9	\$ 73,811

County of Scott, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board As of June 30, 2024

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Food Service <u>Fund</u>	Н	School lead Start <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,318	Ś	637,334	Ś	5,569	Ś	_	\$	649,221
Cash held at individual schools	*		~	-	*	-	~	824,833	*	824,833
Due from other funds		1,563,308		-		-		· -		1,563,308
Due from other governmental units		3,485,272		29,133		41,811		-		3,556,216
Prepaid items	_	1,017,296	_	-		10,500		-		1,027,796
Total assets	\$	6,072,194	\$	666,467	\$	57,880	\$	824,833	\$	7,621,374
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	274,650		17,040	\$	9,030	\$	-	\$	300,720
Accrued liabilities		3,987,382		141,779		-		•		4,129,16
Retainage payable		29,457		-		-		-		29,45
Due to other funds		4E 902		321,876		-		-		321,876
Due to primary government		45,803		-		-		-		45,800
Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	1,734,902 6,072,194	\$	480,695	\$	9,030	Ś		Ś	1,734,902 6,561,919
	<u> </u>									
FUND BALANCES	\$	1 017 204	ċ		\$	10,500	ċ		\$	1 027 704
Nonspendable Restricted:	\$	1,017,296	þ	-	ş	10,500	þ	-	þ	1,027,796
Head Start program						38,350				38,350
Cafeteria operations				185,772		30,330				185,772
Committed				103,772						103,772
School activities		_		-		_		824,833		824,833
Unassigned		(1,017,296)		-		-		-		(1,017,296
Total fund balances	\$	-	\$	185,772	\$	48,850	\$	824,833	\$	1,059,455
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,072,194	\$	666,467	\$	57,880	\$	824,833	\$	7,621,374
Total fund balances per above Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, the are not reported in the funds.	nerefoi	re,							\$	1,059,455
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Lease assets - buildings and improvements							\$	5,910,814 26,056,828 9,753,494		
<u> </u>								119,610		
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds.	and,							119,610 20,447	-	
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain ac	ŕ	·s,							-	43,809,105 188,409
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset	ŕ	s,							-	
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain ac such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the	tivitie						\$			188,409
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain ac such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expert therefore, are not reported in the funds.	tivitie						\$	20,447		188,409
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain ac such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expert therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the cuperiod and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences	tivitie nditure	es, and						8,004,737 1,135,668 (1,118,986)		188,409
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain ac such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period exper therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the cuperiod and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	tivitie nditure	es, and						8,004,737 1,135,668		188,409 (1,129,31) 9,140,409
Lease assets - machinery and equipment Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures therefore, are deferred in the funds. Net pension asset Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain ac such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expert therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the cuperiod and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Compensated absences Lease liabilites Net pension liability	diture	es, and					\$	8,004,737 1,135,668 (1,118,986) (147,301) (24,789,941)	-	188,409

County of Scott, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	,	School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Food Service <u>Fund*</u>	F	School lead Start <u>Fund</u>		School Activity Fund*	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	_	\$	3,716	ς		\$	_	\$	3,716
Charges for services	,	43,739	,	141,236	,		,		,	184,975
Miscellaneous		141,591		8,217		692,990		2,032,935		2,875,733
Recovered costs		600,853				-				600,853
Intergovernmental:				-						
Local government		10,447,478		-		-		-		10,447,478
Commonwealth		48,323,385		68,613		-		-		48,391,998
Federal Total revenues	\$	5,575,564 65,132,610	\$	2,750,287	\$	2,438,694 3,131,684	\$	2,032,935	\$	10,764,545 73,269,298
EXPENDITURES Current:										
Education	\$	64,040,573	Ś	3,285,705	Ś	3,086,746	Ś	2,891,389	Ś	73,304,413
Capital projects		15,836	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	15,836
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		1,992,695				14,687		-		2,007,382
Interest and other fiscal charges		73,120				3,119		-		76,239
Total expenditures	\$	66,122,224	\$	3,285,705	\$	3,104,552	\$	2,891,389	\$	75,403,870
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(989,614)	ς	(313,636)	ς	27,132	ς	(858,454)	ς	(2,134,572)
	<u> </u>	(707,011)	7	(313,030)	7	27,132	<u> </u>	(030, 131)	-	(2,131,372)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	¢	_	¢	90 429	ċ		¢	022 002	ć	1 022 240
Transfers in Transfers out	\$	(1,022,340)	\$	89,438	>	-	\$	932,902	>	1,022,340 (1,022,340)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	(1,022,340)	\$	89,438	\$		\$	932,902	\$	(1,022,340)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,011,954)	\$	(224,198)	\$	27,132	\$	74,448	\$	(2,134,572)
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported	\$	-	\$	409,970	\$	21,718	\$	750,385		1,182,073
Restatements		2,011,954				-		-		2,011,954
Fund balances - beginning, as restated	-	(2,011,954)	Ś	409,970 185,772	Ś	21,718 48,850	\$	750,385 824,833	Ś	1,182,073 (952,499)
Fund balances - ending		(2,011,754)	٠	103,772	٠	40,030	٠	024,033	7	(732,477)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit	2) ar	e different be	ecau	use:						
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above									\$	(2,134,572)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statem activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives an as depreciation expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment: Capital outlays							s	6,853,680		
Depreciation and amortization expenses							_	(2,943,908)		3,909,772
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resour governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt cons the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, howe any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these a are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Principal Payments	umes ever, costs mour	s has , nts								
Lease liabilities							\$	15,382		
Financed purchase								1,992,000		2,007,382
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of curr financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmen (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable Non-employer contribution to net pension liability Change in net pension liabilities and related items		unds.					\$	(187,822) 12,060 361,668 1,905,366		
								347,093		2,438,365
Change in net OPEB liabilities and related items										
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activit	ies, s	such as								
	ies, s	such as								(1,371,635)

 $^{{}^{\}star}\text{The School}$ Activity Fund does not require a legally adopted budget.

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Operating Fund	ing Fund			School	Head S	School Head Start Fund			School Food Service Fund	ervice Fund	
				Variance with					Variance with			>	Variance with
				Final Budget					Final Budget			_	Final Budget
	Budgeted Amounts	mounts		Positive	Budgeted	budgeted Amounts	1		Positive	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Original	FINAL		Actual	(Negative)	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	· ·	\$ - \$	\$	\$		s	٠,		•	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 3,716	\$ 3,616
Charges for services	35,000	35,000	43,739	8,739	•			•	•	275,055	275,055	141,236	(133,819)
Miscellaneous	290,925	290,925	141,591	(149,334)	•			692,990	692,990	2,500	2,500	8,217	5,717
Recovered costs	300,000	300,000	600,853	300,853					•	•			
Intergovernmental:													
Local government	9,268,495	9,671,385	10,447,478	776,093					•	•			
Commonwealth	45,496,784	48,350,519	48,323,385	(27,134)					•	84,000	84,000	68,613	(15,387)
Federal	4,991,593	5,130,229	5,575,564	445,335				2,438,694	2,438,694	2,605,000	2,605,000	2,750,287	145,287
Total revenues	\$ 60,382,797 \$, 63,778,058 \$	65,132,610 \$	1,354,552 \$		\$	\$ -	3,131,684	\$ 3,131,684	2,966,655	2,966,655	2,972,069	5,414
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Education	\$ 60,132,252 \$	63,527,513 \$	64,040,573 \$	(513,060) \$		\$		3,086,746 \$		(3,086,746) 2,866,655	2,866,655 3,285,705	3,285,705	(419,050)
Capital projects			15,836	(15,836)					•	٠			•
Debt service:													
Principal retirement	321,000	321,000	1,992,695	(1,671,695)				14,687	•	•		•	•
Interest and other fiscal charges	29,545	29,545	73,120	(43,575)	•			3,119	•	•		•	•
Total expenditures	\$ 60,482,797 \$	\$ 82,878,058 \$	66,122,224 \$	(2,244,166) \$		\$	\$	3,104,552	\$ (3,086,746)	2,866,655	2,866,655	3,285,705	(419,050)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (100,000) \$	(100,000) \$	(989,614) \$	(889,614) \$		۰s.	٠	27,132	\$ 44,938	100,000	100,000	(313,636)	(413,636)
OTUED FINANCING COLIDER VILCES													
Transfers in		\$	\$	٠,		s	٠		· •	· •	·	\$ 89,438	89,438
Transfers out	100,000	100,000	(1,022,340) \$	(1,122,340)	•			•	•	(100,000)	(100,000)	. '	100,000
Total other financing sources and uses	\$ 100,000 \$	\$ 100,000 \$	(1,022,340) \$	(1,122,340) \$		\$	\$ -		- \$	\$ (100,000)	(100,000)	89,438	189,438
Net change in fund balances	· ·	\$	(2,011,954) \$	(2,011,954) \$		s	٠,	27,132	\$ 27,13,	· •	, s	\$ (224,198)	\$ (224,198)
Fund balances - beginning, as previously reported					٠			21,718	21,718			409,970	409,970
Restatements		•	2,011,954	2,011,954	•			i	•	•	i		
Fund balances - beginning, as restated			2,011,954	2,011,954				21,718	21,718			409,970	409,970
Fund balances - ending	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		\$	\$ -	48,850	\$ 48,850	- \$ (- \$	\$ 185,772	\$ 185,772

County of Scott, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Internal Service Fund As of June 30, 2024

	ا	Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	592,475
Total assets	\$	592,475
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	480,356
Due to other funds		1,241,432
Total liabilities	\$	1,721,788
NET POSITION		
Restricted	\$	(1,129,313)
Total net position	\$	(1,129,313)

County of Scott, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Internal Service Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Insurance premiums	\$ 5,637,086
Total operating revenues	\$ 5,637,086
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Insurance claims and expenses	\$ 7,020,563
Total operating expenses	\$ 7,020,563
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,383,477)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	\$ 11,842
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 11,842
Income before contributions and transfers	\$ (1,371,635)
Change in net position	\$ (1,371,635)
Total net position - beginning	 242,322
Total net position - ending	\$ (1,129,313)

County of Scott, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Internal Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Self- Insurance <u>Fund</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts for insurance premiums	\$ 5,637,086
Payments for claims and expenses	(7,486,881)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (1,849,795)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment income	\$ 11,842
Transfers from other funds	1,241,432
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ 1,253,274
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (596,521)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	1,188,996
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 592,475
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$ (1,383,477)
provided by (used for) operating activities:	(444.545)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	\$ (466,318)
Total adjustments	\$ (466,318)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (1,849,795)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	12,052,709	Ś	12,052,709	Ś	12,149,931	Ś	97,222
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		1,116,500	·	1,116,500		990,389	·	(126,111)
Personal property taxes		2,253,475		2,253,475		2,337,451		83,976
Mobile home taxes		93,085		93,085		78,470		(14,615)
Machinery and tools taxes		452,800		587,800		622,003		34,203
Merchant's capital		258,000		258,000		223,078		(34,922)
Penalties		115,000		115,000		165,842		50,842
Interest		120,000		120,000		152,488		32,488
Total general property taxes	\$	16,461,569	\$	16,596,569	\$	16,719,652	\$	123,083
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	2,104,000	\$	2,104,000	\$	2,072,292	\$	(31,708)
Consumers' utility taxes		395,000		395,000		403,755		8,755
Meals taxes		300,000		300,000		351,389		51,389
Coal severance taxes		3,000		3,000		1,297		(1,703)
Consumption taxes		55,000		55,000		64,748		9,748
Vehicle license fees		380,000		380,000		430,195		50,195
Bank stock taxes		-		-		21,653		21,653
Taxes on recordation and wills		79,000		79,000		78,395		(605)
Hotel and motel room tax		2,200		2,200		7,258		5,058
Total other local taxes	\$	3,318,200	\$	3,318,200	\$	3,430,982	\$	112,782
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	500	\$	500	\$	338	\$	(162)
Transfer fees		800		800		795		(5)
Gun permits		16,000		16,000		19,617		3,617
Building permits		19,400		19,400		20,865		1,465
Other permits and fees		3,820		3,820		2,773		(1,047)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	40,520	\$	40,520	\$	44,388	\$	3,868
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	54,800	\$	54,800	ς	170,256	ς	115,456
court files and forfeitures		34,000	7	34,000	7	170,230	7	115,430
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	10,000	\$	143,220	\$	866,127	\$	722,907
Revenue from use of property		95,288		95,288		3,619		(91,669)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	105,288	\$	238,508	\$	869,746	\$	631,238
Charges for services:								
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	69,900	¢	77,060		60,454	¢	(16,606)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney	ڔ	40,000	ڔ	32,950		39,868	ڔ	6,918
Charges for sanitation, waste removal and recycling		70,000		70,000		83,827		13,827
Charges for parks and respection		5,000		5,000		4,781		(219)
Charges for parks and recreation		47,600		47,600		124,017		76,417
Charges for court appointed attorneys		2,500	Ċ	2,500	Ċ	770	Ċ	(1,730)
Total charges for services	\$	235,000	\$	235,110	þ	313,717	Ş	78,607

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Fina <u>Budg</u>			<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous:					_		_	
Miscellaneous	\$	181,679		00,489	\$	511,155	\$	(389,334)
Opioid settlements		-		23,989		180,905		156,916
Payment in lieu of taxes		91,500		91,500		204,191		112,691
Asset forfeiture funds		-		-	_	26,765		26,765
Total miscellaneous	\$	273,179	\$ 1,0	15,978	\$	923,016	\$	(92,962)
Recovered costs:								
EDA reimbursements	\$	35,000	\$	35,000		54,730	\$	19,730
School resource officer		498,762	5	03,225		575,385		72,160
Virtual education		1,452,181	1,7	47,106		2,111,635		364,529
Other recovered costs		672,249	8	98,524		992,884		94,360
Total recovered costs	\$	2,658,192	\$ 3,1	83,855	\$	3,734,634	\$	550,779
Total revenue from local sources	\$	23,146,748	\$ 24,6	83,540	\$	26,206,391	\$	1,522,851
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Casino tax	\$	600,000	\$ 6	25,470	¢	713,390	¢	87,920
Mobile home titling tax	Ţ	50,000		50,000	7	20,363	7	(29,637)
Rolling stock tax		130,000		30,000		153,522		23,522
State recordation tax		25,000		25,000		26,625		1,625
Personal property tax relief funds		734,025		34,025		734,026		1,023
Communications Taxes		540,000		40,000		500,176		(39,824)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,079,025		04,495	\$	2,148,102	ς .	43,607
Total Horicalegorical and		2,077,023	γ <u> </u>	04,473	7	2,140,102	7	43,007
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	649,814	\$ 7	15,004	\$	707,464	\$	(7,540)
Sheriff		1,711,366	1,7	90,537		1,751,403		(39,134)
Commissioner of revenue		159,196	1	62,053		158,916		(3,137)
Treasurer		132,432	1	72,614		152,983		(19,631)
Medical examiner		82,881		82,881		95,847		12,966
Clerk of the Circuit Court		592,560	6	28,482		628,367		(115)
Total shared expenses	\$	3,328,249	\$ 3,5	51,571	\$	3,494,980	\$	(56,591)
Other categorical aid:								
Four-for-life payments	\$	21,890	ċ	43,615	ċ	43,614	ċ	(1)
	٦	70,000		78,843	٠	78,843	٠	(1)
Fire programs Wireless E911		70,000				•		- 78,744
School resource officer		497,502		72,000 06,502		150,744 376,704		(129,798)
Children's services act		515,963		15,963		544,477		28,514
Public assistance and welfare administration		1,769,456		69,456		1,724,602		(44,854)
VDOT litter grant		20,942		21,942		22,120		178
Economic development grants		25,000		25,000		-		(25,000)
Commonwealth Opportunity Fund Grant		-		-		110,000		110,000
Other state aid		89,923		92,923	_	95,141		2,218
Total other categorical aid	\$	3,082,676	\$ 3,1	26,244	\$	3,146,245	\$	20,001
Total categorical aid	\$	6,410,925	\$ 6,6	77,815	\$	6,641,225	\$	(36,590)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	8,489,950	\$ 8,7	82,310	\$	8,789,327	\$	7,017

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental: (Continued)							
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
State and Community Highway Safety	\$ -	\$	-	\$	27,206	\$	27,206
CDBG grants	-		-		772,894		772,894
Public assistance and welfare administration	2,586,637		2,586,637		2,586,637		-
Children's services act	142,999		142,999		142,999		-
Justice assistance grant	491,810		491,810		376,105		(115,705)
Domestic violence grant	45,000		45,000		39,044		(5,956)
Victim witness grant	54,284		54,284		55,608		1,324
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	-		-		748,667		748,667
LATCF	147,441		109,006		178,211		69,205
Total categorical aid	\$ 3,468,171	\$	3,429,736	\$	4,927,371	\$	1,497,635
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 3,468,171	\$	3,429,736	\$	4,927,371	\$	1,497,635
Total General Fund	\$ 35,104,869	\$	36,895,586	\$	39,923,089	\$	3,027,503
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund: Law Library Fund: Revenue from local sources:							
Miscellaneous		,	2 222	_	2 445		(405)
Law library fees	\$ -	\$	2,900	\$	2,415	\$	(485)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$	2,900	\$	2,415	\$	(485)
Total Law Library Fund	\$ -	\$	2,900	\$	2,415	\$	(485)
Coal Road Improvement							
Revenue from local sources:							
Other local taxes							
Coal road severance taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	698	\$	698
Total revenue from local sources	\$ -	\$	-	\$	698	\$	698
Total Coal Road Improvement Fund	\$ -	\$	-	\$	698	\$	698
Total Primary Government	\$ 35,104,869	\$	36,898,486	\$	39,926,202	\$	3,027,716

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Charges for services:								
Transportation of pupils	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	43,739		8,739
Total charges for services	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$	43,739	\$	8,739
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	290,925	\$	290,925	\$	141,591	\$	(149,334)
Position I and a								
Recovered costs:	ċ	200 000	ċ	200,000	ċ	400 9E2	ċ	200 952
Medicaid reimbursements	\$	300,000	\$	300,000	\$ \$	600,853	\$	300,853
Total recovered costs	\$	300,000	\$	300,000	Ş	600,853	\$	300,853
Total revenue from local sources	\$	625,925	\$	625,925	\$	786,183	\$	160,258
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Scott, Virginia	\$	9,268,495	\$	9,671,385	\$	10,447,478	\$	776,093
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	4,723,129	Ś	5,343,136	Ś	4,494,607	\$	(848,529)
Basic school aid	,	19,620,463	•	20,192,246	•	20,766,547	•	574,301
Gifted and talented		175,688		175,688		177,510		1,822
Remedial education		830,707		830,707		818,421		(12,286)
Foster care		20,502		20,502		14,630		(5,872)
Special education		3,485,003		3,485,003		3,521,161		36,158
Textbook payment		422,864		422,864		427,251		4,387
Vocational SOQ payments		1,424,667		1,424,667		1,439,448		14,781
Vocational adult education		5,300		5,300		-		(5,300)
Homebound instruction		41,339		41,339		16,066		(25,273)
Social security fringe benefits		1,300,088		1,300,088		1,326,454		26,366
Retirement fringe benefits		3,028,215		3,028,215		3,059,634		31,419
Group life		92,635		92,635		93,596		961
GED prep program		8,203		8,203		8,173		(30)
Early reading intervention		175,707		175,707		157,530		(18,177)
Alternative education		489,801		488,099		505,672		17,573
Primary class size		839,697		839,697		801,489		(38,208)
Hold harmless		368,999		368,999		368,999		-
Special ed regional tuition		194,073		194,073		230,182		36,109
Vocation education		71,441		71,441		104,356		32,915
Salary supplement		2,838,665		3,193,155		3,227,008		33,853
Special education - foster children		5,126		5,126		33,703		28,577
At risk payments		1,693,312		1,902,776		2,986,395		1,083,619
Technology		414,000		592,914		680,510		87,596
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		141,529		141,529		128,774		(12,755)
Preschool initiative		548,908		786,090		660,487		(125,603)
At risk		1,192,662		1,053,569		166,570		(886,999)
English as a second language		41,949		41,949		49,352		7,403
Lottery proceeds		1,283,281		1,283,281		1,306,862		23,581
Other state funds	·	18,831	Ċ	841,521	Ċ	751,998	,	(89,523)
Total categorical aid	\$	45,496,784	\$	48,350,519	\$	48,323,385	\$	(27,134)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	45,496,784	\$	48,350,519	\$	48,323,385	\$	(27,134)

Discretive Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Recomportination (Continu	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fii	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Extergovermemental: Continues or Revenue from the federal government: Catagorical side:	Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical action Categorica	School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Part	Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Forest reserve funds	Revenue from the federal government:								
Title IV-B, flow-through 884,079 94,219 1,167,140 222,921 Title IV-B, flow-through 872,357 872,357 872,357 33,49 33,349 33,473 324 Title IV-B, flow-through 71,851 71,851 71,851 17,851 19,891 32,751 Student support 66,108 64,542 42,556 (23,728) Student support 65,108 64,579 195,328 22,516 School safety programs 140,500 166,232 162,323 CARE 2,346,591 2,346,591 2,346,591 5,510,229 5,575,564 5,483,33 Total categorical aid 5,4991,593 5,130,229 5,575,564 5,445,335 Total revenue from the federal government 5,032,597 5,637,808 65,132,610 3,344,531 Total revenue from the federal government 5,032,597 5,037,808 667,320,90 5,692,990 662,990 Total revenue from the federal government: 5,032,59 5,032,59 5,692,990 5,692,990 662,990	Categorical aid:								
Title VIs., flow-through 872,37 832,37 835,57 3.22 Title VIs., preschool 33,349 33,349 33,67 33,67 2,66 6,66 2,66 6,68 32,77 1,851 6,916 2,66 6,68 1,785 1,785 6,186 6,68 2,716 2,716 1,851 1,836 6,188 4,255 2,216 1,850 2,216 1,816 5,237 1,815 1,816	Forest reserve funds	\$	44,128	\$	44,128	\$	51,561	\$	7,433
Title VI-B, preschool 33,49 33,67 324 Vocational education 71,851 69,186 2,655 Improving teacher quality 125,364 125,771 153,287 27,516 Student support 66,108 66,484 42,577 40,135 2,23,69 21st Century 583,766 479,797 40,133 14,152 School safety programs 2,346,991 2,146,991 2,516,126 169,333 Total categorical aid \$ 4,991,593 \$ 5,102,29 5,575,564 \$ 445,335 Total revenue from the federal government \$ 6,382,797 \$ 63,778,598 \$ 65,122,619 \$ 445,335 Total revenue from the federal government \$ 6,382,797 \$ 5,102,299 \$ 5,755,564 \$ 445,335 Total revenue from tocal sources \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 622,990 \$ 692,990 Total revenue from tocal sources \$ 5 \$ 692,990 \$ 692,990 \$ 692,990 Total revenue from tocal sources \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 692,990 \$ 692,990 Total re	Title I		848,079		944,219		1,167,140		222,921
Vocational education 71,851 71,851 72,655 22,655 Improving teacher quality 125,376 405,797 133,287 27,516 23,928) 21st Century 56,108 46,684 42,556 23,928) 21st Century 58,076 475,797 400,133 11,623 School safety programs 2,146,591 2,146,591 2,316,192 10,6323 CARES 2,346,591 2,346,591 2,316,193 5,403,338 Total categorical aid 5,499,1933 5,130,229 5,575,564 5,445,333 Total revenue from the federal government 5,603,827,77 5,637,808 5,515,564 5,445,335 Total revenue from the federal government 5,038,775 5,038,755 5,642,990 5,642,990 Total revenue from local sources 5,038,55 5,038,55 5,642,990 5,692,990 Total revenue from local sources 5,038,55 5,038,50 5,692,990 5,692,990 Total revenue from local sources 5,038,50 5,02,290 5,692,990 5,692,9	Title VI-B, flow-through		872,357		872,357		885,579		13,222
Improving teacher quality	Title VI-B, preschool		33,349		33,349		33,673		324
Student support 66,108 4,64,84 42,556 (23,028) 21st Century 583,766 475,979 400,133 14,158 School safety programs - 149,500 166,323 1,61823 CARES 23,345,971 149,500 166,323 1,61823 Total categorical aid 5,4991,903 5,130,229 5,575,564 5,445,333 Total revenue from the federal government 5,4991,903 5,130,229 5,575,564 5,445,335 Total School Operating Fund 5,63,82,797 5,63,78,058 5,513,610 5 445,335 Revenue from local sources Total Evenue from local sources 5 5 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5 692,990 5	Vocational education		71,851		71,851		69,186		(2,665)
21st Century	Improving teacher quality		125,364		125,771		153,287		27,516
School safety programs 149,500 166,232 16,232 CARRES 2,346,591 2,346,591 2,346,591 2,516,126 16,323 Total categorical aid 5,499,1939 5,130,202 5,575,564 5,445,335 Total revenue from the federal government 6,032,797 6,032,798 5,130,202 5,575,564 5,445,335 Head Start Fund: Revenue from local sources Other miscellaneous 5 3,78,05 6,92,990 5,692,990 6,692,990 6,692,990 7,692,990 7,692,990 6,692,990 7,692,990	Student support		66,108		66,484		42,556		(23,928)
CARES 1,346,591 2,346,591 2,361,216 36,381,381,381,381,381,381,381,381,381,381	21st Century		583,766		475,979		490,133		14,154
Total categorical aid \$ 4,991,593 \$ 5,130,229 \$ 5,575,564 \$ 445,335 \$ 7 total revenue from the federal government \$ 2,4991,593 \$ 5,130,229 \$ 5,575,564 \$ 445,335 \$ 7 total School Operating Fund \$ 660,382,797 \$ 63,778,058 \$ 65,132,610 \$ \$ 1,3354,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,552 \$ 8 \$ 1,3554,	School safety programs		-		149,500		166,323		16,823
Total revenue from the federal government Total School Operating Fund Selection Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Iocal sources Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Head Start Fund Selection Final School Head Start Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Iocal sources: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Head Start Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Revenue from Upper Fund Final School Food Service Fund: Final School Food Service Fund: Final School Food	CARES		2,346,591		2,346,591		2,516,126		169,535
Total School Operating Fund S 60,382,797 S 63,778,058 S 65,132,610 S 1,354,552	Total categorical aid	\$	4,991,593	\$	5,130,229	\$	5,575,564	\$	445,335
Revenue from local sources: Miscellaneous:	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	4,991,593	\$	5,130,229	\$	5,575,564	\$	445,335
Natice N	Total School Operating Fund	\$	60,382,797	\$	63,778,058	\$	65,132,610	\$	1,354,552
Natice N	Head Start Fund:								
Miscellaneous \$ <									
Total miscellaneous S									
Total miscellaneous S	Other miscellaneous	\$	_	Ś	-	Ś	692,990	Ś	692,990
Total revenue from local sources S			-		-				
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Head Start							·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Head Start USDA Total categorical aid Total categorical aid Total categorical aid S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Total revenue from local sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	692,990	\$	692,990
Categorical aid: Head Start \$	Intergovernmental:								
Head Start	Revenue from the federal government:								
USDA	Categorical aid:								
Total categorical aid \$ - \$ - \$ 2,438,694 \$ 2,438,694 Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ - \$ 2,438,694 \$ 2,438,694 Total School Head Start Fund \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 3,131,684 \$ 3,131,684 School Food Service Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500	Head Start	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,234,846	\$	2,234,846
Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ - \$ 2,438,694 \$ 2,438,694 Total School Head Start Fund \$ - \$ - \$ 3,131,684 \$ 3,131,684 School Food Service Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Charges for services: Cafeteria services Cafeteria services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	USDA		-		-		203,848		203,848
School Fload Service Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,5	Total categorical aid	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,438,694	\$	2,438,694
School Food Service Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Charges for services: \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,438,694	\$	2,438,694
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Charges for services: \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	Total School Head Start Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,131,684	\$	3,131,684
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Charges for services: \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717									
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Charges for services: \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717									
Revenue from the use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616 Charges for services: \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717									
Total revenue from use of money and property \$ 100 \$ 100 \$ 3,716 \$ 3,616									
Charges for services: Cafeteria services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue:		<u> </u>		_					
Cafeteria services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	100	\$	100	\$	3,716	\$	3,616
Total charges for services \$ 275,055 \$ 275,055 \$ 141,236 \$ (133,819) Miscellaneous revenue: Other miscellaneous \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	Charges for services:								
Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Other miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	Cafeteria services					\$	141,236	\$	(133,819)
Other miscellaneous \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717 Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	Total charges for services	\$	275,055	\$	275,055	\$	141,236	\$	(133,819)
Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 8,217 \$ 5,717	Miscellaneous revenue:								
	Other miscellaneous	_\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	8,217	\$	5,717
Total revenue from local sources \$ 277,655 \$ 277,655 \$ 153,169 \$ (124,486)	Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	8,217	\$	5,717
	Total revenue from local sources	\$	277,655	\$	277,655	\$	153,169	\$	(124,486)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with inal Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
School Food Service Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Other categorical aid	\$ 84,000	\$ 84,000	\$ 68,613	\$	(15,387)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 84,000	\$ 84,000	\$ 68,613	\$	(15,387)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
School Food	\$ 2,605,000	\$ 2,605,000	\$ 2,750,287	\$	145,287
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 2,605,000	\$ 2,605,000	\$ 2,750,287	\$	145,287
Total School Food Service Fund	\$ 2,966,655	\$ 2,966,655	\$ 2,972,069	\$	5,414
School Activity Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Other miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,032,935	\$	2,032,935
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,032,935	\$	2,032,935
Total School Activity Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,032,935	\$	2,032,935
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 63,349,452	\$ 66,744,713	\$ 73,269,298	\$	6,524,585

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with nal Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	723,152	_	746,195	\$	745,351	\$	844
Total legislative	\$	723,152	\$	746,195	\$	745,351	\$	844
General and financial administration:								
County Administrator	\$	271,891	\$	276,672	\$	267,298	\$	9,374
Legal services		254,165		272,013		199,046		72,967
Auditing and financial consulting		87,000		94,500		70,269		24,231
Commissioner of the Revenue		371,446		409,325		383,831		25,494
Reassessment		-		-		9,037		(9,037)
Treasurer		333,989		369,589		332,822		36,767
Central accounting		145,632		146,895		145,036		1,859
Info Systems Manager		274,608		342,980		336,124		6,856
Central purchasing		171,737		173,139		171,807		1,332
CARES Expenses		-		-		3,467		(3,467)
ARPA Expenses		1,994,877		1,994,877		168,846		1,826,031
Total general and financial administration	\$	3,905,345	\$	4,079,990	\$	2,087,583	\$	1,992,407
Decad of electrons								
Board of elections:	¢	424 240	ċ	4.44.20.4	ċ	445 445	ċ	25.040
Electoral board and officials	\$	134,310	þ	141,294	Þ	115,445	þ	25,849
Registrar		195,317	_	199,560	_	180,442		19,118
Total board of elections	\$	329,627	\$	340,854	\$	295,887	\$	44,967
Total general government administration	\$	4,958,124	\$	5,167,039	\$	3,128,821	\$	2,038,218
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	81,795	\$	96,738	\$	85,484	\$	11,254
General district court		6,831		6,831		5,777		1,054
Special magistrates		2,025		2,025		1,666		359
Juvenile and domestic relations court		275,700		275,700		275,524		176
Clerk of the circuit court		813,572		860,659		837,345		23,314
Total courts	\$	1,179,923	\$	1,241,953	\$	1,205,796	\$	36,157
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	1,522,323	\$	1,493,248	\$	1,014,903	\$	478,345
Total judicial administration	\$	2,702,246	\$	2,735,201	\$	2,220,699	\$	514,502
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Community work program	\$	335,397	\$	360,169	\$	360,065	\$	104
Sheriff		4,561,761		4,597,177		4,361,845		235,332
Operation cease fire		-		53,500		53,232		268
Courtroom security		143,713		143,713		59,302		84,411
Central dispatcher		1,200,822		1,223,362		974,687		248,675
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	6,241,693	\$	6,377,921	\$	5,809,131	\$	568,790
			-	· · ·	-		-	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Volunteer fire department	\$	463,500	\$	472,343	\$	472,343	\$	-
Volunteer rescue services		281,890		438,615		420,996		17,619
Forest fire services		20,000		20,000		19,728		272
SW VA Emergency Medical contribution		3,300		3,300		3,300		-
Total fire and rescue services	\$	768,690	\$	934,258	\$	916,367	\$	17,891
Correction and detention:								
Regional jail	\$	2,414,507	\$	2,414,507	\$	2,789,656	\$	(375,149)
Total correction and detention	\$	2,414,507	\$	2,414,507	\$	2,789,656	\$	(375,149)
Inspections:								
Building Official	\$	185,080	\$	186,689	\$	169,888	\$	16,801
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	154,124	\$	154,868	\$	132,208	\$	22,660
Medical examiner		500		500		400		100
Emergency services		31,001		31,226		24,816		6,410
ARPA Expenses		546,484		546,484		546,484		-
Litter control		77,452		81,578		81,648		(70)
Total other protection	\$	809,561	\$	814,656	\$	785,556	\$	29,100
Total public safety	\$	10,419,531	\$	10,728,031	\$	10,470,598	\$	257,433
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Waste collection	\$	532,099	\$	590,935	\$	607,366	\$	(16,431)
Solid waste sites		306,869		339,223		337,468		1,755
Transfer station		934,578		936,408		778,238		158,170
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,773,546	\$	1,866,566	\$	1,723,072	\$	143,494
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	698,864	\$	710,355	\$	655,769	\$	54,586
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	698,864	\$	710,355	\$	655,769	\$	54,586
Total public works	\$	2,472,410	\$	2,576,921	\$	2,378,841	\$	198,080
Health and welfare: Health:								
Health Department	\$	255,957	\$	255,957	\$	255,957	\$	-
			-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-			
Mental health and mental retardation: Mental health	\$	184,122	s	184,122	s	184,122	Ś	_
		107,122	7	107,122	7	10-1,122	7	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Health and welfare: (Continued)								
Welfare:								
Social Services Department	\$	4,910,747	\$	4,910,747	\$	4,801,777	\$	108,970
MECO Program		40,000		40,000		40,000		-
Children Services Act (CSA)		985,250		985,250		1,107,958		(122,708)
ARPA Expenses		-		-		4,119		(4,119)
Total welfare	\$	5,935,997	\$	5,935,997	\$	5,953,854	\$	(17,857)
Total health and welfare	\$	6,376,076	\$	6,376,076	\$	6,393,933	\$	(17,857)
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Mountain Empire Community College	\$	69,550	\$	69,550	\$	69,550	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		9,268,495		9,671,385		10,447,478		(776,093)
Total education	\$	9,338,045	\$	9,740,935	\$	10,517,028	\$	(776,093)
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Parks and recreation	\$	291,773	Ś	414,065	Ś	401,061	Ś	13,004
Recreation	•	137,880	•	130,997	•	128,791	·	2,206
Total parks and recreation	\$	429,653	\$	545,062	\$	529,852	\$	15,210
Library:								
Lonesome Pine Regional Library	\$	203,050	\$	203,050	\$	203,050	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	632,703	\$	748,112	\$	732,902	\$	15,210
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Lenowisco Planning District	\$	46,464	\$	46,464	\$	44,972	\$	1,492
Contributions to EDA		710,342		720,430		711,330		9,100
Capital contributions to Public Service Authority		-		-		772,894		(772,894)
Chamber of commerce		8,500		8,500		8,358		142
Tourism		131,597		146,346		149,857		(3,511)
Total planning and community development	\$	896,903	\$	921,740	\$	1,687,411	\$	(765,671)
Environmental management:								
Soil and Water Conservation District	\$	44,500	\$	44,500	\$	44,500	\$	-
Cooperative extension program:								
VPI extension service	\$	87,157	\$	87,157	\$	80,050	\$	7,107
Total community development	\$	1,028,560	\$	1,053,397	\$	1,811,961	\$	(758,564)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)					
Capital projects:					
Digital radio equipment	\$ -	\$ 749,600	\$ 120,233	\$	629,367
LATCF vehicle	147,441	186,622	178,211		8,411
Other capital projects	 264,035	 85,257	 49,707		35,550
Total capital projects	\$ 411,476	\$ 1,021,479	\$ 348,151	\$	673,328
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	\$ 258,306	\$ 437,084	\$ 437,084	\$	_
Interest and other fiscal charges	87,631	87,631	77,332		10,299
Total debt service	\$ 345,937	\$ 524,715	\$ 514,416	\$	10,299
Total General Fund	\$ 38,685,108	\$ 40,671,906	\$ 38,517,350	\$	2,154,556
Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund:					
Law Library Fund:					
Judicial administration:					
Courts:					
Law library	\$ 5,220	\$ 8,120	\$ 4,771	\$	3,349
Total Law Library Fund	\$ 5,220	\$ 8,120	\$ 4,771	\$	3,349
Coal Road Improvement Fund					
Public works:					
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges, sidewalks:					
Maintenance of Highways, etc	\$ 42,525	\$ 42,525	\$ 524	\$	42,001
	 ·	·			
Total Coal Road Improvement Fund	\$ 42,525	\$ 42,525	\$ 524	\$	42,001
Capital Projects Fund:					
Fire Training Facility Fund:					
Community development:					
Fire and rescue services:					
Capital projects	\$ 187,809	\$ 187,809	\$ 638	\$	187,171
Total Fire Training Facility Fund	\$ 187,809	\$ 187,809	\$ 638	\$	187,171
Total Primary Government	\$ 38,920,662	\$ 40,910,360	\$ 38,523,283	\$	2,387,077
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board School Operating Fund: Education:					
Administration of schools:					
Administration and health	\$ 10,503,839	\$ 11,746,201	\$ 3,208,018	\$	8,538,183
Instruction costs:					
Instruction	\$ 34,438,060	\$ 36,177,128	\$ 45,052,253	\$	(8,875,125)
					_

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Education: (Continued)								
Operating costs:	,	2 507 075	Ļ	2 577 000	ċ	2 224 5/7	Ļ	242 222
Pupil transportation	\$	2,587,975	\$	2,577,900 11,054,484	\$	2,334,567	\$	243,333
Operation and maintenance of school plant Technology		10,295,456 2,306,922		1,971,800		11,816,136 1,629,599		(761,652) 342,201
Total operating costs	\$	15,190,353	Ċ	15,604,184	\$	15,780,302	¢	(176,118)
Total operating costs		13,170,333	٠,	13,004,104	٠,	13,760,302	٠	(170,110)
Total education	\$	60,132,252	\$	63,527,513	\$	64,040,573	\$	(513,060)
Capital projects:								
School capital projects	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,836	\$	(15,836)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	321,000	\$	321,000	\$	1,992,695	\$	(1,671,695)
Interest and other fiscal charges		29,545		29,545		73,120		(43,575)
Total debt service	\$	350,545	\$	350,545	\$	2,065,815	\$	(1,715,270)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	60,482,797	\$	63,878,058	\$	66,122,224	\$	(2,244,166)
Special Revenue Fund: School Head Start Fund: Education: Operating costs:								
Operation of Head Start program	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,086,746	\$	(3,086,746)
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,687	\$	(14,687)
Interest and other fiscal charges		-		-		3,119		(3,119)
Total debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	17,806	\$	(17,806)
Total School Head Start Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,104,552	\$	(3,086,746)
School Food Service Fund: Education:								
Operating costs								
School food services	\$	2,866,655	\$	2,866,655	\$	3,285,705	\$	(419,050)
Total education	\$	2,866,655		2,866,655	\$	3,285,705	\$	(419,050)
Total 21st Century Learning Center Fund	\$	2,866,655	\$	2,866,655	\$	3,285,705	\$	(419,050)
School Activity Fund: Education:								
Instructional services:								
Other instructional services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,891,389	\$	(2,891,389)
Total School Activity Fund	\$	-	\$		\$	2,891,389	\$	(2,891,389)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	63,349,452	\$	66,744,713	\$	75,403,870	\$	(8,641,351)



County of Scott, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

- - -	lotal	20,708,157	22,439,349	23,703,205	21,879,240	24,411,102	23,634,207	28,384,037	27,733,484	27,977,195	33,908,235
Interest on Long-	erm Debt	166,287 \$	16,839	20,520	22,445	15,172	11,621	11,043	7,531	8,229	91,823
•	Development	469,393 \$	722,162	1,431,416	700,142	1,204,173	892,454	1,128,393	1,220,836	648,646	1,754,778
Parks, tecreation,	and Cultural	586,106 \$	580,329	557,932	536,129	485,168	495,506	572,794	571,633	598,986	639,715
_ ,	Education ar	4,570,655 \$	6,032,073	5,713,754	5,728,155	5,471,300	5,298,850	6,077,971	6,252,956	5,592,456	8,405,393
Health and	wetrare	4,044,983 \$	4,335,919	4,522,110	4,425,952	5,208,536	5,016,594	4,812,702	5,235,284	5,760,297	6,526,632
Public	Works	2,462,624 \$	1,883,363	1,950,740	1,949,880	2,039,394	2,060,910	1,867,152	2,143,775	2,573,009	2,585,638
Public	sarety	5,001,154 \$	5,661,223	6,176,490	5,406,502	6,694,106	6,420,735	7,549,671	7,256,587	7,838,764	9,399,349
Judicial	Administration	1,276,741 \$	1,338,635	1,339,480	1,289,241	1,280,684	1,364,659	1,510,361	1,603,433	1,766,138	2,073,993
	Administration A	2,130,214 \$	1,868,806	1,990,763	1,820,794	2,012,569	2,072,878	4,853,950	3,441,449	2,870,337	2,430,914
Fiscal	Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

County of Scott, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>a</u>	ROGI	PROGRAM REVENUES	ES			Ü	GENERAL REVENUES	ņ				
I				Operating	Capital	 						Grants and Contributions	and Itions	
	Cha	Charges		Grants	Grants		General	Other	Revenues from			Not Restricted	ricted	
Fiscal	ť	for		and	and		Property	Local	Use of Money			to Specific	ific	
Year	Sen	Services	ပိ	Contributions	Contributions		Taxes	Taxes	and Property	Miscellaneous	neous	Programs	ıms	Total
2014-15	۰	420,610	s	5,727,098	\$	s	10,625,340 \$	3,134,530	\$ 96,357	φ.	162,528	\$	974,367 \$	21,140,830
2015-16		401,843		5,997,490	•		11,019,378	3,140,302	97,508	_	160,482	36	929,280	21,746,283
2016-17		392,263		6,789,493	•		11,742,865	3,262,651	106,678	÷	147,455	6	938,462	23,379,867
2017-18		401,667		6,307,599	•		11,816,476	3,301,761	102,176	2.	248,350	7	792,744	22,970,773
2018-19		379,022		7,360,560	•		11,758,514	3,291,038	99,256	-	189,830	1,0	,062,266	24,140,486
2019-20		456,019		8,653,689	•		12,915,555	3,369,427	118,605	2.	242,376	86	983,847	26,739,518
2020-21		546,294		9,136,679	•		13,084,173	3,453,211	83,813	7	758,994	6	951,442	28,014,606
2021-22		632,509		10,791,896	•		13,523,696	3,556,995	104,861	9	618,461	6	994,560	30,222,978
2022-23		607,166		9,787,046	•		17,392,361	3,962,790	21,041	2.	232,717	1,59	,591,924	33,595,045
2023-24		531,980		10,641,718	926,878	~~	16,913,497	3,431,680	866,127	1,1	,183,893	2,1	.,148,102	36,643,875

County of Scott, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	58,289,734	58,255,525		64,397,381	68,915,458	68,745,626	83,931,076	82,121,412	99,015,353	103,463,839
Debt	Service	602,794 \$	197,063	275,305	294,746	302,086	210,519	296,830	218,133	220,556	2,598,037
Capital	Projects	⋄									348,151
Community	Development	441,873 \$	465,292	1,446,435	742,627	1,204,173	1,027,110	1,117,462	1,224,969	975,229	1,811,961
Parks, Recreation,	and Cultural	531,985 \$	520,613	518,862	501,347	498,299	502,884	503,843	534,161	567,673	732,902
	Education (2)	41,643,575 \$	41,474,323	43,367,620	46,990,301	49,321,529	50,345,498	60,490,300	58,998,215	74,569,701	73,373,963
Health and	Welfare	\$ 4,109,408 \$	4,413,669	4,522,147	4,597,897	5,243,861	4,983,091	4,705,416	5,319,246	5,783,684	6,393,933
Public	Works	2,227,647	1,993,743	2,335,041	2,077,353	1,999,959	1,866,250	1,849,809	2,752,910	3,099,947	2,379,365
Public	Safety	\$ 5,675,137 \$	5,969,416	6,527,005	5,906,279	7,123,849	6,525,785	8,586,289	7,568,928	8,357,333	10,471,236
Judicial	Administration		1,372,808							1,817,622	
General Government	Administration A	, 1,755,280 \$	1,848,598	1,935,305	1,917,215	1,907,891	1,940,635	4,922,460	3,876,498	3,623,608	3,128,821
Fiscal	Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) County of Scott, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	58,272,421	58,221,350	58,714,321	62,135,427	64,770,472	67,778,144	79,316,959	80,830,797	93,811,677	102,748,022
Inter- governmental (2)	37,625,174 \$	37,548,062	38,194,440	40,815,533	43,972,066	45,924,945	50,216,273	57,242,789	65,530,241	72,873,241
Recovered Costs go	713,887 \$	405,993	473,862	475,787	423,009	409,599	523,893	423,754	683,962	4,335,487
R Miscellaneous	896,774 \$	683,993	235,362	802,274	765,405	746,027	7,411,947	1,244,258	997,407	3,801,164
Charges for Services M	4,771,809 \$	5,267,550	4,244,690	4,638,469	4,150,416	3,977,310	4,139,107	4,200,278	5,301,177	498,692
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	98,042 \$	98,088	112,743	106,768	102,277	121,359	83,813	104,861	21,041	873,462
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 005,900 \$	199,654	215,584	215,765	199,723	286,854	350,277	375,348	329,294	170,256
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	61,121 \$	72,092	64,099	72,744	75,281	70,389	72,687	72,074	75,152	44,388
Other Local Taxes	3,134,530 \$	3,140,302	3,262,651	3,301,761	3,291,038	3,369,427	3,453,211	3,556,995	3,962,790	3,431,680
General Property Taxes	10,768,184 \$	10,805,616	11,907,890	11,706,326	11,791,257	12,872,234	13,065,751	13,610,440	16,910,613	16,719,652
Fiscal Year	2014-15 \$	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Scott, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent	Taxes to	Tax Levy	10.85%	11.20%	8:63%	6.58%	10.01%	11.02%	11.88%	7.83%	9.49%	12.87%
Outstanding	Delinquent 	Taxes (1)	1,200,771	1,234,448	1,181,403	1,171,569	1,181,771	1,337,387	1,454,115	1,345,288	1,599,481	2,180,181
Percent of Total Tax	Collections	to Tax Levy	94.69%	95.39%	93.53%	92.95%	88.96	103.24%	104.04%	77.11%	97.94%	100.93%
Total	Tax	Collections	\$ 10,483,977	10,511,987	11,479,256	11,368,621	11,432,920	12,531,736	12,738,636	13,249,530	16,510,713	17,095,348
Delinquent	Tax	Collections (1)	, 489,003	492,442	556,300	552,705	454,922	485,531	585,534	737,932	632,048	488,790
Percent		Collected	90.28% \$	90.93%	80.08	88.43%	93.02%	99.24%	89.76%	72.82%	94.19%	85.05%
Current		Collections (1)	\$ 9,994,974	10,019,545	10,922,956	10,815,916	10,977,998	12,046,205	12,153,102	12,511,598	15,878,665	16,606,558
Total		Levy (1, Z)	\$ 11,071,423 \$ 9,994,974	11,019,480	12,272,869	12,231,360	11,801,705	12,138,819	12,243,780	17,182,640	16,858,055	16,937,085
	Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Adjusted for tax supplements and exonerations

County of Scott, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Ma	rsonal Property, chinery & Tools, rchants' Capital,	Pu	blic Utility (1)		
Fiscal	Real		and Mobile	Re	eal Estate and		
Year	Estate (2) (4)		Homes (3)	Per	sonal Property		Total
2014-15	\$ 1,193,119,123	\$	197,694,447	\$	85,038,615	\$	1,475,852,185
2015-16	1,194,843,423		189,039,770		130,723,205		1,514,606,398
2016-17	1,230,983,823	193,464,087			136,533,946		1,560,981,856
2017-18	1,224,046,823		189,872,988		127,349,589		1,541,269,400
2018-19	1,105,352,532		244,177,009	122,193,132			1,471,722,673
2019-20	1,169,383,316		261,769,088		131,018,709		1,562,171,113
2020-21	1,178,748,185		267,783,507		131,018,709		1,577,550,401
2021-22	1,368,394,107		331,044,871		163,509,698		1,862,948,676
2022-23	1,590,279,900		313,106,937		146,461,703		2,049,848,540
2023-24	1,555,703,500		285,098,309		127,545,841		1,968,347,650

⁽¹⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

⁽²⁾ Includes minerals.

⁽³⁾ Includes business property.

⁽⁴⁾ Original assessments presented above.

Table 7
County of Scott, Virginia
Property Tax Rates (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Machinery		
Fiscal	Real		Personal		and	I	Merchant's
Year	Estate		Property		Tools		Capital
2014-15	\$ 0.69	\$	1.40	\$	0.72	\$	0.72
2015-16	0.69		1.40		0.72		0.72
2016-17	0.74		1.40		0.72		0.72
2017-18	0.74		1.40		0.72		0.72
2018-19	0.74		1.40		0.72		0.72
2019-20	0.69		1.40		0.72		0.72
2020-21	0.69		1.40		0.72		0.72
2021-22	0.80		1.65		1.15		0.72
2022-23	0.77		1.65		1.15		0.72
2023-24	0.77		1.65		1.15		0.72

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Scott, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands)	Gross Bonded Debt (2)		Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2014-15	23,177	\$ 1,475,852	\$	- \$	-	0.00%	\$ -
2015-16	23,177	1,514,606		-	-	0.00%	-
2016-17	23,177	1,560,982		-	-	0.00%	-
2017-18	23,177	1,541,269		-	-	0.00%	-
2018-19	23,177	1,471,723		-	-	0.00%	-
2019-20	23,177	1,562,171		-	-	0.00%	-
2020-21	21,566	1,577,550		-	-	0.00%	-
2021-22	21,419	1,862,949		-	-	0.00%	-
2022-23	21,476	2,049,849		-	-	0.00%	-
2023-24	21,476	1,968,348		-	-	0.00%	-

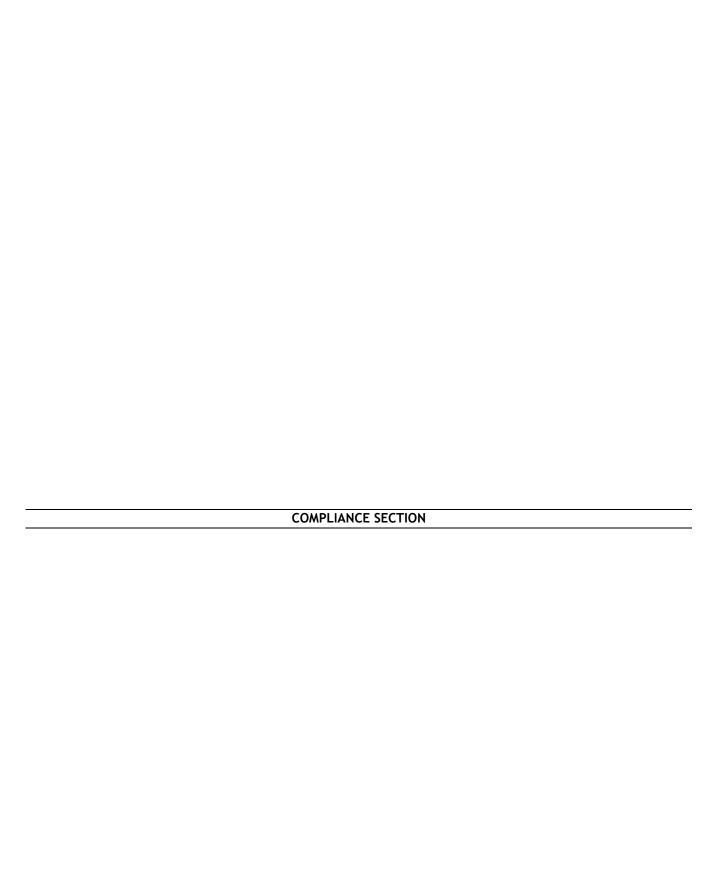
⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, secured notes payable, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, financed purchases, and compensated absences.

County of Scott, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (3)

Fiscal				Total Debt	G	Total General overnmental	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental
Year	Principal	incipal Interest		Service	E	Expenditures	Expenditures
2022-23 2023-24	\$ 212,131 437,084	\$	8,425 77,332	\$ 220,556 514,416	\$	99,015,353 103,463,839	0.22% 0.50%

- (1) Includes General and Special Revenue Funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
- (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.
- (3) Only two years available





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Virginia Gate City, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Scott, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Scott, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 3, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Scott, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Scott, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001, 2024-002, and 2024-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Scott, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2024-004.

County of Scott, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on County of Scott, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County of Scott, Virginia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

April 3, 2025



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Scott, Virginia Gate City, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Scott, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Scott, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The County of Scott, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County of Scott, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Scott, Virginia's and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Scott, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Scott, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Scott, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Scott, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Scott, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Scott, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Scott, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-005. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on County of Scott, Virginia's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Scott, Virginia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Robinson, James, Cox associates

April 3, 2025

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	·				
		Pass-through			
Fodoral Crantor/State Dass Through Crantor/	Federal	Entity Identifying			Federal
Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	ALN	Number			penditures
			_		<u> </u>
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Direct Payments:					
Head Start Cluster:					
Head Start	93.600	Not applicable		\$	2,234,846
Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Social Services:					
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950122, 0950123		\$	6,563
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400123, 0400124			318,534
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500123, 0500124			1,466
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600423, 0600424			75,222
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900122, 0900123			287
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000123, 1000124			469,969
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.674	9150122, 9150123			6,413
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160122, 9160123			573
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540123, 0540124			5,127
Medicaid Cluster:					
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200123, 1200124			451,645
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100123, 1100124			294,660
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120123, 1120124			407,052
Adoption and Legal Guardianship Incentive Payments	93.603	130120, 130122			882
CCDF Cluster:					
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760123, 0760124			70,515
Title IV-E Prevention Program	93.472	1140123, 1140124			6,017
Guardianship Assistance	93.090	1110123, 1110124			421
Elder Abuse Prevention Interventions Program	93.747	8000321			3,501
Total Department Health and Human Services-pass through				\$	2,118,847
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$	4,353,693
Total Department of Health and Human Services				,	4,333,073
Department of Agriculture: Direct Payments:					
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	Not applicable		\$	430,025
Pass Through Payments:					
Child Nutrition Cluster:					
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: Food Distribution (Note C)	10.555	Not available	\$ 154,294		
	10.555	Not available	3 134,294		
Virginia Department of Education:	40 FFF	A DE 444.000	74 202		
School Nutrition Program (SNP) Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	APE411080	71,383		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	APE402540 APE40253	1,468,208 \$ 1,693,885 582,912		
School Breakfast Program	10.553				
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582 10.559	APE40252	93,925	ċ	2 400 205
Summer Food Service Program for Children COVID-19 Pandemic EBT		APE603020, APE603030 DOE865560	29,583	٠,	2,400,305
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.649				3,256
	10.579	DOE86804			120,549
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster: Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	APE438410			51,561
Virginia Department of Social Services: SNAP Cluster:					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010123, 0010124			
State Administrative matching draits for the Supplemental Natition Assistance Program	10.501	0040123, 0040124			578,212
Table 1994 (Arthur				,	2 502 000
Total Department of Agriculture				\$	3,583,908
Department of Justice:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:				_	
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	15POVC22GG00681ASSI		\$	55,608
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	15PBJA23GG03038MUMU			5,779
COVID-19 Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	20VDBX0141			45,066
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	15JOVW23GG00605STOP			39,044
Total Department of Justice				\$	145,497
					5,-177

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal ALN	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	_	Federal Expenditures
Department of Treasury:				
Direct Payments:				
Local Assistance and Tribal Consistency Fund	21.032	Not applicable		\$ 178,211
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	Not applicable	\$ 748,667	
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Social Services:				
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	9122222	32,577	
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice:	24 027	No. and Table	225 240	
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Not available	325,260	
Virginia Department of Education:	24 027	ADE 45277	74 274 6 4 47	7 770 4 477 770
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	APE45277	71,274 \$ 1,17	7,778 1,177,778
Total Department of Treasury				\$ 1,355,989
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and community highway safety program	20.600	BPT-2024-54029-24029		\$ 10,832
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	ENF_AL-2024-54028-24028		16,374
Total Department of Transportation				\$ 27,206
Appalachian Regional Commission:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:	22.222			å 205./25
Appalachian Area Development	23.002	HCD49301		\$ 395,635
Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development:				
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster:				
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	120928		\$ 377,259
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Education:				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE600310, APE600311		\$ 69,186
School Safely National Activities	84.184	APE45285		166,323
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	APE60565		490,133
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	APE602810		42,556
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	APE614800		153,287
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) III	84.425U	APE501830, APE501930, APE601710, APE601730		2,444,852
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	84.010	APE429010		1,167,140
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	APE430710	\$ 88	5,579
Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE625210		3,673 919,252
-F	05	20232.0		-,
Total Department of Education				\$ 5,452,729
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 15,691,916

County of Scott, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Scott, Virginia and its discretely presented component unit - School Board under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity indentifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.

Note C -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2024, the Scott County School Board had food commodities totaling \$0 in inventory.

Note D -- Subrecipients

The County did not have any subrecipients during 2024.

Note E -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	4,927,371
Total primary government	\$	4,927,371
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	5,575,564
School Food Service Fund		2,750,287
School Head Start Fund	_	2,438,694
Total Component Unit School Board	\$	10,764,545
Total expenditures of federal awards per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$	15,691,916

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

ALN	ALN Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.553/10.555/10.559/ 10.558	Child Nutrition Cluster	
10.561	State Admin Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	
21.027	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	
84.425	COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund	
84.010	Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes

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Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2024-001 - Material Weakness

Criteria: An auditee should have sufficient controls in place to produce financial statements in

accordance with applicable standards. Furthermore, reliance on the auditor to propose adjustments necessary to comply with reporting standards is not a component of such

controls.

Condition: The financial statements as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to

comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed

adjustments that were material to the financial statements.

Cause: The County and School Board do not have proper controls in place to detect and correct

adjustments in closing their year end financial statements.

Effect: There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements

will not be prevented or detected by the County's or School Board's internal controls over

financial reporting.

Recommendation: The County and School Board should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the

fiscal year and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are

accurately presented for audit going forward.

Management's Response: The County and School Board will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for the

fiscal year and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made

prior to final audit fieldwork next year.

2024-002 - Material Weakness

Criteria: The County should have sufficient monitoring procedures to mitigate certain internal control

risks. These procedures include providing accurate and timely monthly reports to the Board of Supervisors. A completed and reviewed bank reconciliation is a vital piece of ensuring the

overall accuracy of information provided to the Board.

Condition: The County hired a consultant to update bank reconciliations through June 2024 for the audit

but subsequent months remain unreconciled.

Cause: The County changed accounting software in July 2023 and bank reconciliations have not been

completed timely since that implementation.

Effect: There is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will

not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2024-002 - Material Weakness (Continued)

Recommendation: We recommend the County and the Treasurer's office implement steps to catch up the bank

reconciliations and ensure they are done monthly prior to the end of the following month.

Management's Response: The County will continue to work to improve its financial closing process in order to improve

timeliness going forward.

2024-003 - Material Weakness

Criteria: Controls should be in place to ensure that grant funds are requested for reimbursement in a

timely manner in accordance with the matching principle.

Condition: The School Board is not submitting reimbursement requests for federal grant programs in a

timely manner.

Cause: The School Board does not have adequate staffing to ensure that reimbursement requests are

filed in a timely manner.

Effect: There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements

will not be prevented or detected by the School Board's internal controls over financial

reporting.

Recommendation: The School Board should review its processes to see if there are any efficencies that can be

gained with the current staff to ensure that reimbursement requests are filed timely.

Management's Response: The School Board agrees with the finding and recommendation, but with the current staffing

feels that is is unable to implement the above recommendation.

2024-004 - Material Noncompliance

Criteria: The School Board is required to ensure all expenditures have the necessary appropriation

budgeted prior to incurring the expenditure.

Condition: The Headstart Department does not have a fiscal year budget that is appropriated by the

Board of Supervisors. However, the School Board processes all payroll, accounts payable,

and is a fund of the School Board financial statements.

Cause: Headstart believed they were exempt from the appropriation laws.

Effect: The Headstart Department may not be in compliance with the Code of Virginia § 22.1-91.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings (Continued)

2024-004 - Material Weakness (Continued)

Recommendation: Headstart should begin to include it's budget in a fiscal year format for the School Board to

approve and send to the Board of Supervisors for approrpriation annually.

Management's Response: Headstart will begin to include it's budget in a fiscal year format for the School Board to

approve and send to the Board of Supervisors for approrpriation annually.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2024-005 - School Nutrition Cluster (10.553/10.555/10.556/10.559/10.582)

Agency: Department of Agriculture

Federal Award

APE40253 - 2024, APE41111 - 2024, APE40254- 2024, APE41106 - 2024, APE41108 - 2024

Number/Year:

Program & ALN: School Nutrition Cluster (10.553/10.555/10.556/10.559/10.582)

Pass-through Entities: Virginia Department of Education

Compliance Requirement: Reporting

Finding Type: Noncompliance

Criteria: The School Board must submit monthly claims for reimbursement for meals served to eligible

students.

Condition: The School Board submitted claims for the February 2024 reimbursement that were

inaccurate.

Context: There are 13 schools that submit reimbursement each month of the school year. We

reviewed 26 school submissions out of the 130 annual submissions and noted 2 errors.

Questioned Costs: There are likely questioned costs of \$124,430 (consisting of \$24,886 in known questioned

costs) related to under claiming school nutrition reimbursements.

Cause: Reimbursements require manual data entry and amounts were requested in error.

Effect: The School Board requested reimbursement for less meals than actually served.

Recommendation: We recommend the School Board implement a review process to ensure the manually entered

meal counts agree to the supporting documentation.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned

The School Board will implement a review process to ensure the manually entered meal counts agree to the supporting documentation.

Corrective Action:

County of Scott, Virginia Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

No prior year findings reported.