COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
		<u>Page</u>
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		1
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis		2-3 4-18
<u> </u>	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Assets	1	19
Statement of Activities	2	20
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	21
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement		
of Net Assets	4	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –		
Governmental Funds	. 5	23
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities		24
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	. 7	25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets –		
Proprietary Funds		26
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds		27
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds		28
Notes to Financial Statements	ı	29-61
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –		
Budget and Actual:		
General Fund	. 11	62
Special Law Fund	. 12	63
Schedules of Funding Progress for VRS and OPEB	. 13	64

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

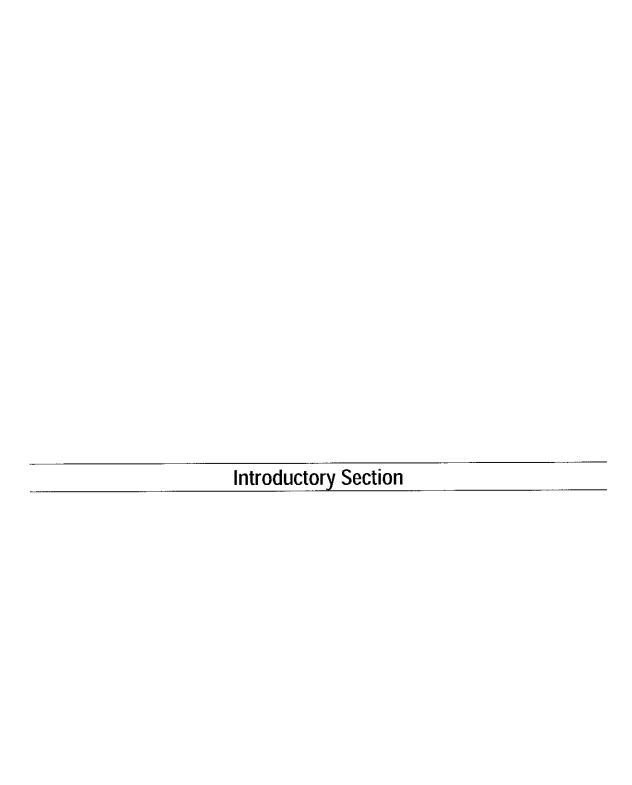
TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION:		
E	<u>xhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Supplementary Financial Statements: Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds	14	65
Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board: Combining Balance Sheet	15	66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16	67
Budget and Actual	17	68
Combining Balance Sheet – Non major Special Revenue Funds	18	69
Non major Special Revenue Funds	19	70
Supporting Schedules:	<u>iedule</u>	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues – Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	1	71-76
Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	2	77-82
Other Statistical Information:	Table	<u>Page</u>
Government-wide information:	10010	<u>. ugo</u>
Government-Wide Expenses by Function	1	83
Government-Wide Revenues Fund information:		84
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	3	85
General Governmental Revenues by Source		86
Property Tax Levies and Collections		87
Assessed Value of Taxable Property		88
Property Tax Rates	7	89
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita	8	90

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Compliance:	<u>Page</u>
·	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed	
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	91-92
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could	
Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal	
Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	93-94
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	95-96
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	97-98



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Stephen A. Bennett, Chairman

Carolyn T. Barnette, Vice Chairperson Shannon P. Cox Paige R. Morgan Suzanne T. Adcock Rickey D. May Cletus W. Nicely

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Troy Barbour, Vice Chairman William Angle Patsy McKinney Stacey Bryant, Chairman

Joe Anderson Robert A. Fridley Norman Persinger

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Dave P. Price Carole T. Gibson Sherry W. Stull, Chairman

David Bryant John G. Hudson

William Zimmerman

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	
Commissioner of the Revenue	Valerie Bruffey
Treasurer	Anna L. Fox
Sheriff	
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Sarah T. Campbell
Finance Director	Susan Myers
Director of Social Services	Becky Lane
County Administrator	John Strutner
County Attorney	



Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROTESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Alleghany, Virginia Covington, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, the major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining funding information of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the County of Alleghany, Virginia adopted the provisions of *GASB* Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, effective July 1, 2010.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2011, on our consideration of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We

have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Alleghany, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Christiansburg, Virginia

Kohimson, Farner, la associates

November 21, 2011

The management of the County of Alleghany, Virginia presents this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This document should be used in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements that are included in this document.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

In the past, the primary focus for local government financial statements has been summarized fund type information on a modified accrual basis of accounting. However, with the implementation of Statement No. 34 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for June 30, 2003, there are now government-wide statements in addition to the fund statements. One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which are the government-wide statements, report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that may help answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the full accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

These two statements report the County's net assets and the changes in them. One can think of the County's net assets - the difference between assets and liabilities - as one way to measure the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets can be one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors will need to be considered, however, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the County.

For the purposes of the government-wide statements, the County financial records are divided into two types of activities:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - Most of the County's basic services are reported here: Parks and Recreation, Law Enforcement, General Administration, Judicial Administration, Fire and Rescue, Buildings and Grounds, Health and Welfare, Education, and Community Development. Property taxes, other local taxes, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-type Activities</u> - The operation of the County's water and sanitary systems are reported here as the County charges a fee to customers to help cover all or most of the cost of the services it provides. The County adopts county-wide rates for water and sewer customers. Approximately one third of County households have public water and/or sewer.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more information about the County's most significant funds. The fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the County government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The Funds are accounting mechanisms that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funds and spending for a particular purpose. Some funds are required to be established by State and Federal law and by bond covenants. Other funds are established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to demonstrate that the government is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The County has three types of funds:

Governmental Funds - Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - Services for which the County charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long- and short-term financial information.

In fact, the County's Enterprise Fund (one type of proprietary fund) is the same as its business-type activities, but the fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flow. The County's Enterprise Fund accounts for the operation of the County's water and wastewater utility.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for Agency Funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its own operations.

This space left blank intentionally

AUDIT STRUCTURE

Reading and interpreting the audit can be a daunting task at times. Hopefully, the following guideline will help first-time users of this document.

I. Introduction

A. Transmittal Letter- A listing of County Officials.

II. Financial Section

- A. Management Discussion and Analysis-The document you are currently reading. The purpose of this document is to disclose significant financial information in a more "user friendly" manner.
- B. Government-wide statements-The new statements required by GASB No. 34. These are the Statements of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.
- C. Fund Basis Statements-These are the traditional financial statements included in governmental audits.
- D. Reconciliation of Fund Basis Statements to Government-wide Statements.
- E. Proprietary Fund Statements-For Alleghany County, this means the results of the operation of the Water and Sanitary Fund.

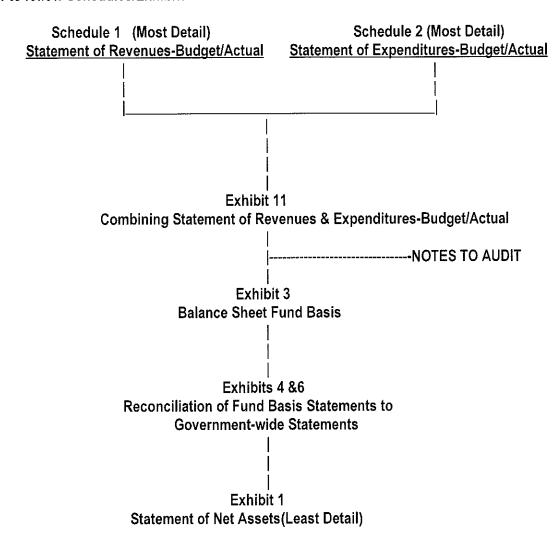
III. Notes to the Financial Statements

A. The Notes to the financial statements are perhaps the most informative part of the audit for someone seeking information. The notes include information on accounting methods, detail of debt, amounts due from other governmental units, detail of capital assets, and a number of other schedules that explain where and how certain figures are obtained.

IV. Required Supplementary Information

- A. Combining & Individual Fund Statements and Schedules- These are where the detail is kept that rolls forward into the Basic Financial Statements.
- B. Statistical Sections- Where comparative charts are presented showing the increases and decreases of revenue, expenditures, debt, property assessed values, and tax rates over a ten-year period.
- C. Compliance- Required under OMB Circular A-133, it basically reports all money received from the Federal Government including State pass through funds and a judgment is passed on whether the County has materially met the requirements of each major grant.

How to follow Schedules/Exhibits in the Audit:



This means that you can follow money that comes in for Real Estate Taxes all the way through to where it becomes part of net assets or that you can follow where money is spent for the Board of Supervisors through to where it affects net assets.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

This is the eighth year that the County of Alleghany has presented its financial statements under the new reporting model required by GASB Statement No. 34. Therefore, we are including a comparison. This reporting model changes significantly both the recording and presentation of financial data.

Statement of Net Assets

The following table reflects the condensed Net Assets:

	Summary of Net Assets				
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	
	2010	2011	2010	2011	
<u>Assets</u>					
Current and Other Assets	\$22,711,399	\$22,468,501	\$3,513,751	\$3,049,700	
Capital Assets	32,602,718	31,308,948	23,395,856	39,743,978	
Total Assets	\$55,314,117	\$53,777,449	\$26,909,607	\$42,793,678	
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities	\$3,141,415	\$2,984,735	\$3,362,701	\$1,724,659	
Long-term Liabilities	23,816,162	22,462,805	4,093,301	8,654,048	
Total Liabilities	\$26,957,577	\$25,447,540	\$7,456,002	\$10,378,707	
Net Assets					
Invested in Capital Assets					
Net of Related Debt	\$9,143,456	\$9,192,271	\$17,409,095	\$31,151,776	
Restricted Net Assets	975,909	1,201,119	9,614	9,614	
Unrestricted Net Assets	18,237,175	17,936,519	2,034,896	1,253,581	
Total Net Assets	\$28,356,540	\$28,329,909	\$19,453,605	\$32,414,971	

Financial Highlights of the Statement of Net Assets

At the close of the fiscal year, the assets of the County exceeded liabilities by \$60,744,880 (Exhibit 1). Of this amount \$19,190,100 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to creditors and citizens within each respective activity.

*Net assets of the County Governmental activities for the government-wide statements were \$28,329,909. Of this amount \$17,936,519 was unrestricted (Exhibit 1). This means that 63.31% of total assets were unrestricted. This is a decrease from FY10.

*Net assets of the County's business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 were \$32,414,971. Of this amount, \$1,253,581 is unrestricted (Exhibit 1). This means that 3.87% of the total assets were unrestricted.

Highlights of the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities reveals some interesting facts. Probably the most thought provoking is the original schedule that matches revenues and expenditures for a specific activity (Exhibit 2). It shows the specific activity versus how much revenue is generated specifically for or by that activity and how much of the general revenues are used to finance the activity. This is diametrically opposite of how traditional fund accounting has presented revenue. Fund accounting has always presented revenue by source (local, state, federal). The following table presents the program revenue generated by each major activity and the general revenue required to meet operational cost of the respective activities.

Activities - Program Revenue vs. Reliance on General Revenue as of June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2011

Activity	tivity Program Revenue		Reliance on Gen	eral Revenue
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2010	<u>2011</u>
General Administration	\$465,282	\$448,501	\$1,565,481	\$1,705,280
Judicial Administration	738,279	733,209	567,912	714,779
Public Safety	2,016,284	2,063,199	2,951,822	3,171,162
Public Works	1,095,730	339,360	2,256,131	2,434,597
Health & Welfare	2,605,070	2,374,642	822,701	973,751
Education	2,407,609	2,759,194	9,696,556	9,461,842
Parks, Recreation & Cultural	113,943	149,832	983,033	816,979
Community Development	•	-	444,648	441,036
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	-	1,038,864	993,168
Business-Type Activities	6,541,258	15,836,205	<u>-</u>	-
Totals	\$15,983,455	\$24,704,142	\$20,327,148	\$20,712,594

As can be expected General Government Administration is 79.18% supported by General Revenues. This category includes general and financial administration, taxing and collection functions, and voting functions. The 20.83%

program revenue is mostly from the Commonwealth of Virginia support of the voting function, tax collection and assessment functions.

Judicial Administration is supported 50.63% by either revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia or fines, forfeitures and fees. Activities included in this category are the court system, serving of legal documents, prosecution, magistrate, and maintaining legal records.

Public Safety is funded by the Commonwealth of Virginia for 39.41% of the total program costs. This leaves the General Fund providing 60.59% of the funding for public safety. This function includes law enforcement, correction and detention, probation, fire and rescue, animal protection, and emergency services.

On the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) local education effort is separated from the School Board activities. This chart only represents the amount of General money vs. program money that the General revenues are used to fund the local effort.

Public Works is funded by General Revenue (87.76%). These activities include refuse collection and disposal, general property upkeep, recycling, and general engineering.

Community Development activities were funded by 100% by local sources. Items included in this activity include contributions to the Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation and contributions to a number of organizations that contribute to development of the community as a whole.

Parks, Recreation and Cultural Activities is supported almost entirely by general revenues (84.5%). This include parks and recreation, senior citizens services, and contributions to various organizations that sponsor cultural activities.

Health and Welfare is primarily supported by State and Federal resources (70.92%). This includes support of the Health Department and Department of Social Services.

The financial statements show no revenue was received to help pay the cost of interest on long term debt. This includes interest on school debt, general obligation debt, and revenue debt.

All of the revenue received for the Water and Sanitary activities was entirely generated by the existence of the activity. There were both charges for services and some grants; however, they were all generated due to the existence of the Water & Sanitary System. This chart also clearly shows that revenues increased over the prior year, due to the ongoing Lower Jackson River project.

The Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) also demonstrates very clearly how the difference between expenditures and revenue leads to either an increase or decrease in net assets between years.

Statement of Activities (Condensed) as of June 30, 2010 and June 30, 2011

	Governmental Ad	ctivities	Business-Type	e Activities
	2010	2011	2010	2011
Program Revenues	\$9,442,197	\$8,867,937	\$6,541,258	\$15,836,205
General Revenues:				
General property taxes	15,715,743	15,432,192	-	-
Other local taxes	2,236,077	2,288,458	-	-
Use of Money & Property	105,447	122,851	17,686	22,096
Miscellaneous	405,274	580,811	16,731	17,876
Unrestricted grants	2,276,650	2,250,850		-
Net Transfers	45,337	-	(45,337)	-
Gain(loss) on disposal				
of Assets	127,027	10,801	-	-
Total Revenue	30,353,752	29,553,900	6,530,338	15,876,177
Total Expenditures	29,769,345	29,580,531	2,894,787	2,914,811
Change in Net Assets	584,407	(26,631)	3,635,551	12,961,366
Beginning Net Assets	27,772,133	28,356,540	15,818,054	19,453,605
Ending Net Assets	\$28,356,540	\$28,329,909	\$19,453,605	\$32,414,971

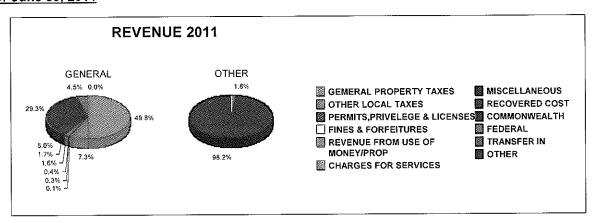
The above chart shows that for governmental activities net assets decreased by \$26,631.

There was a \$12,961,366 increase in net assets of the Water and Sanitary (business-type) activities. The majority of the increase comes from grants received related to the continuing construction of the Lower Jackson River Sewer Plant.

Highlights of the Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds. This will be a more familiar view to traditional users of government financial statements. However, there are still significant changes in these statements to meet the requirements of GASB No. 34. Except for major funds as defined by GASB No. 34, all other special funds have been included in the general fund.

Fund Revenue by Source for June 30, 2011



For the General funds, local revenue sources were 66.17% of the total revenue received, while the Commonwealth of Virginia contributed 29.32%, the Federal government contributed 4.47%, and other financing sources contributed .04%. The Other Funds category was funded entirely by local revenue. These revenue figures are presented on a source basis using modified accrual accounting as opposed to the method that is being used in the government-wide statements.

Between what was originally budgeted in the General Fund and the actual collections, there is a difference of \$266,137. This means that \$266,137 more was collected in revenue than was budgeted. This is somewhat misleading. There were many variations, some were positive, some were not. The following is a brief list of both the positive and the negative.

- Overall Property Taxes exceeded budget by \$74,776. There was a slight reduction in overall tax collections
 due to a \$.02 reduction in the real estate tax rate..
- Several revenue items were received later than expected; therefore, they will appear in next years revenue.

 Motor Vehicle Carriers tax is one of these items..
- There are a number of deviations in the Shared Expenses with the Commonwealth. Some were caused by the County being mandated to return \$184,711 in revenue to the Commonwealth.
- Once again the expenditure driven line items for Social Services did not reach the anticipated budget level.
 However, this means that the money was not expended for Social Services; therefore, the effect is negated by the effect on the expenditure side of the budget.
- State Sales Tax exceeded budget by \$98.237.
- Contributions from the Alleghany Foundation were over budget due to the projects that are finally

progressing.

Business Licenses did not meet budget. This is probably a reflection of the overall state of the economy.

This chart shows a comparison between FY10 and FY11revenues for the General Operating Fund. There was an overall decrease in revenue of \$643,367. This equates to a 2.02% decrease in revenues. There are two other percentages that need to mentioned. The first is the decrease in taxes. This was caused by the decrease in the real estate rate and a decrease in the Machinery & Tools tax caused by legislative changes. The other decrease is in the amount of Federal Monies received. This is because of the continuing decrease in funding from the Federal Stimulus Program.

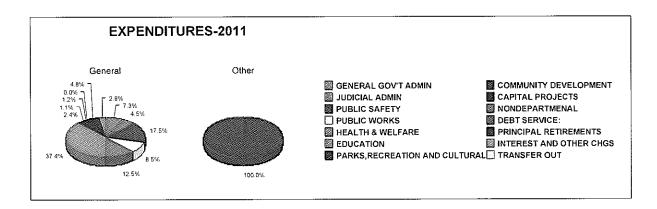
General Fund Revenue	2010 2011 Difference		Difference	% Change
General Property Taxes	\$15,629,777	\$15,524,223	(\$105,554)	-0.68%
Other Local Taxes	2,236,077	2,288,458	52,381	2.29%
Permits, Privelege Fees and Licenses	35,296	38,554	3,258	8.45%
Fines and Forfeitures	65,414	81,829	16,415	20.06%
Revenue from the Use of Money and Prop	104,819	114,937	10,118	8.80%
Charges for Services	413,300	500,783	87,483	17.47%
Miscellaneous	368,588	533,601	165,013	30.92%
Recovered Costs	1,473,856	1,548,227	74,371	4.80%
Commonwealth	9,003,162	9,141,562	138,400	1.51%
Federal	2,302,385	1,394,613	(907,772)	-65.09%
Transfers in	45,337	-	(45,337)	0.00%
Other	144,318	12,175	(132,143)	-1085.36%
Totals	\$31,822,329	\$31,178,962	(\$643,367)	

There was an increase in the revenue for Other Governmental Funds.

Other Governmental Funds	2010	2011	Difference	% Change	
Revenue from the Use of Money and Prop Miscellaneous	\$628 36,686	\$870 47,210	\$242 10,524	27.82% 22.29%	
Totals	\$37,314	\$48,080	\$10,766		

The fund basis statements are presented on a functional basis as opposed to an activity basis as in the government-wide statements. This leads to several differences. For example, principal retirement and transfers out are included in these statements. Also, these statements are still being presented on a modified accrual basis as opposed to full accrual on the government-wide statements.

Fund Expenditures by Function for June 30, 2011
Graphical Representation
Schedule 5



Public Education (37.4%), Public Safety (17.5%), and Health & Welfare (12.5%) still remain the categories where the most money is expended. General Administration (7.3%), Judicial Administration (4.5%), Public Works (8.5%), Parks and Recreation (2.4%), Community Development (1.1%), Capital Projects (1.2%) and Debt Service (2.8%) accounted for the rest of the funds spent.

The General fund spent \$10.1 million less than the amended budget (See Schedule 2). In fact, the overall expenditures for the General Fund decreased over \$1 million from FY10 to FY11. The following are some of the reasons:

- For capital budgeting and cash flow purposes, Alleghany County allows individual functions to "carry forward" unexpended budget funding in order to finance incremental parts of anticipated large purchases. This lessens the impact on tax rates in a single year. 10.
- An additional \$13,780,757.32 was reappropriated for Purchase Orders outstanding. This large amount was due to contracts on the Lower Jackson River Treatment Plant.
- Recognizing the downturn in the overall economic situation the County made a concentrated effort to either defer or eliminate spending whenever possible.
- The School Board is now retaining there excess funds...
- Capital Projects decreased this year with the completion of the Fork Farm Bridge, a lesser amount being spent on the Jackson River Scenic Trail and finishing part of the projects on the Commerce Center.

General Fund Expenditures	2010	2011	Difference	% Change
General Gov't Administration	\$2,159,776	\$2,254,023	\$94,247	4.18%
Judicial Administration	1,381,692	1,401,529	19,837	1.42%
Public Safety	5,491,365	5,419,873	(71,492)	-1.32%
Public Works	2,893,008	2,643,170	(249,838)	-9.45%
Health and Welfare	3,947,566	3,867,309	(80,257)	-2.08%
Education	11,456,205	11,573,076	116,871	1.01%
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	722,137	727,485	5,348	0.74%
Community Development	283,368	331,195	47,827	14.44%
Capital Projects	1,321,439	365,524	(955,915)	-261.52%
Nondepartmental	4,900	5,567	667	11.98%
Debt Service:	·	•		
Principal Retirements	1,441,347	1,474,351	33,004	2.24%
Interest and Other Charges	921,790	867,922	(53,868)	-6.21%
Totals	\$32,024,593	\$30,931,024	(\$1,093,569)	

Under Other Governmental Funds there was a decrease in the amount spent.

Other Governmental Funds	2010	2011	Difference	% Change
Public Safety	\$18,242	\$17,085	(\$1,157)	-6.77%
Totals	\$18,242	\$17,085	(\$1,157)	

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG TERM DEBT

Alleghany County had an investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2011 for its governmental activities of \$31,308,948. Included in the governmental activities are School Board buildings and improvements for which Alleghany County has or will pay the associated debt. In addition, the School Board had assets of \$8,775,147 that are not owned by Alleghany County. The Water and Sanitary Fund had \$39,743,978 in capital assets. These assets are predominately water and sewer lines, pump stations, and other related infrastructure. The assets in the Water and Sanitary Fund increased due to the ongoing work on the new waste water treatment plant and the work on the collection system. The primary government long term debt (excluding Compensated Absences) decreased during fiscal year 2010 (See Note 7) The Water & Sanitary Fund debt increased due to the East End Sewer Project.

		Capital Assi	l.			
		Governmental		Business-Type		Component Unit
Land	\$	3,390,078	\$	-	\$	1,018,272
Buildings and Systems		37,384,932		-		13,249,284
Machinery and Equipment		4,229,297		119,872		4,576,292
Infrastructure		0		21,698,010		-
Construction in Progress		-		26,036,410		-
Subtotal	\$ <u></u>	45,004,307	\$	47,854,292	\$ _	18,843,848
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(13,695,359)	\$	(8,110,314)	\$	(10,068,701)
Total	\$	31,308,948	\$	39,743,978	\$ _	8,775,147

		Gover Balance June 30, 2010		ntal Debt Issuances	ilas dies	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2011
GO Bonds Premium on VPSA Literary Loans Revenue Bonds Lease Revenue Bond Less: Deferred Amounts	\$	6,416,696 63,454 9,000,000 164,313 8,710,000 (895,201)	\$	- - - - -	\$	(357,465) (7,024) (750,000) (6,887) (360,000) 138,791	\$ 6,059,231 56,430 8,250,000 157,426 8,350,000 (756,410)
Totals	\$.	23,459,262 Water at	- \$ nd Sa	- anitary Debt	\$	(1,342,585)	\$ 22,116,677
Revenue Bonds	\$.	4,038,613	\$	4,886,783	\$	(333,194)	\$ 8,592,202

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

A number of factors and trends will need to be evaluated and considered with regard to the FY11-12 budget. Those are elaborated upon in the paragraphs which follow below.

The Alleghany County unemployment rate was 5.9% in August 2008, but had risen to 9.0% in January 2009 and still stood at 8.4% in March 2011. Similar increases have occurred with the Virginia and national rates. The local, state and national economies all are expected to continue to remain stagnant, despite the fact that the Commonwealth is projecting some minor improvement in its revenue situation in contrast to the past few years. It is not anticipated that this improvement in the Commonwealth's financial condition will result in the restoration of any state funding to localities that has been cut during the past three years. In fact, additional cuts in state funding are expected as the Governor and General Assembly struggle to meet rising Medicaid costs and divert revenue to meet the Governor's proposals in economic development, higher education, and transportation. While these new cuts will certainly not be as deep as those in the past few years, they will result in reduced state revenue to the County, and come on top of the reductions over the past three years.

The Alleghany Highlands region continues to experience only marginal success in replacing the jobs this area has lost since December 2005. The County and region, in partnership with the Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation (AHEDC) and the Roanoke Regional Partnership, must continue in its efforts to improve employment opportunities, both through support of existing employers and the attraction and cultivation of new employers. There is a viable effort underway, spearheaded b the Alleghany Highlands Chamber of Commerce under the provisions of a Tourism and Marketing Services Agreement between it and the County, to expand and enhance our tourism sector, and the development of a potential site for a data security and storage center in Low Moor is being actively pursued by the AHEDC. We also will continue to focus upon those industries that historically have provided the largest number of jobs in the Alleghany Highlands - wood and paper products, household and personal goods manufacturing, and health care. However, until the recession subsides and the economy recovers, we do not realistically expect to be able to generate much in the way of new business prospect activity or the expansion of existing businesses. In fact, the AHEDC's Executive Director has stated that economic prospect activity in early 2011 was slower that at any other time since he assumed his position in August 2007.

Additionally, Alleghany County is still experiencing a decline in population. The VEC has projected a decline in population from 2000 (17,171) to 2030 (15,290), and that downward rend continues to manifest itself in the County's school enrollments and enrollment projections. The local workforce population is also projected to decline at a faster pace over the next 30 years, while the number of older adults is expected to increase significantly. Income levels in the Alleghany Highlands continue to lag behind both the region and the Commonwealth.

Early, preliminary projections by the Commissioner of Revenue are that the total assessed value for real estate will grow by less than 1% (around \$6-million) of FY11-12, while personal property assessed values will only increase enough to realize an estimated increase of \$131,000 in additional tax revenue at the current tax rate. Interest income earned by the County's funds on deposit is also expected to decline significantly due to the drop in interest rates.

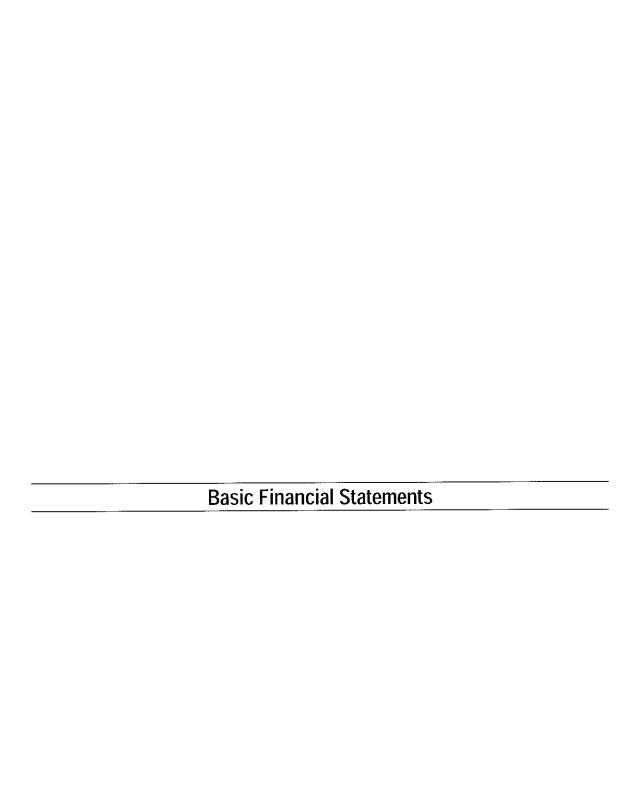
The Commonwealth's glum fiscal situation is also impacting the local budget picture. The ABC/Wine Profits

distribution from the State as been eliminated (\$15,000), and there will be another round of reductions in State Aid payments to local governments for support of the County's Constitutional Offices, Registrar, and other agencies similar in amount to those imposed those year. Cuts in State aid for education are also expected. The new LEOS mandate will continue to impact our local revenues, fuel prices are on the upswing, the cost of the County sponsored employee health insurance program is rising, and the costs of other goods and services are also increasing. The General Assembly seems poised to shift the total cost of the Line of Duty Act coverage for law enforcement, fire, and rescue personnel to localities.

Another difficult budgeting season appears to be on tap for FY 11-12, with hard decisions and choices to be made.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Alleghany County Administrator, 9212 Winterberry Avenue, Covington, VA 24426.



County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	 vice montal	ry Government	 		Component Unit
	 vernmental <u>Activities</u>	usiness-type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>		School Board
ASSETS				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,970,601	\$ 2,438,997	\$ 22,409,598	\$	3,655,378
Cash in custody of others	-	-	-		291,453
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)					
Taxes receivable	277,352	-	277,352		-
Accounts receivable	346,583	386,792	733,375		90,714
Due from other funds	815,023	(815,023)	-		
Due from primary government	-	-	-		2,287,473
Due from other governmental units	996,071	1,013,707	2,009,778		595,960
Inventories	6,860	-	6,860		10,891
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-		201,730
Deferred charges	56,011	-	56,011		•
Restricted assets:					
Temporarily restricted:					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	15,613	15,613		-
Cash and cash equivalents - debt reserve funds	-	9,614	9,614		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)					
Land	3,390,078	-	3,390,078		1,018,272
Buildings	26,561,543	-	26,561,543		5,882,317
Machinery and equipment	1,357,327	69,435	1,426,762		1,874,558
Infrastructure	-	13,638,133	13,638,133		-
Construction in progress	 _	 26,036,410	26,036,410		-
Total assets	\$ 53,777,449	\$ 42,793,678	\$ 96,571,127	\$	15,908,746
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 375,866	\$ 1,649,139	\$ 2,025,005	\$	75,154
Accrued liabilities	60,273	22,239	82,512		2,320,416
Customers' deposits	-	15,613	15,613		-
Accrued interest payable	229,795	37,668	267,463		-
Due to component unit	2,287,473	-	2,287,473		-
Deferred revenue	1 1,971	-	11,971		-
Amounts held for others	19,357	-	19,357		-
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within one year	1,767,108	358,456	2,125,564		98,105
Due in more than one year	 20,695,697	8,295,592	28,991,289		340,830
Total liabilities	\$ 25,447,540	\$ 10,378,707	\$ 35,826,247	\$	2,834,50
NET ASSETS				_	0.777 (44
Invested in capital assets, net of related deb: Restricted for:	\$ 9,192,271	\$ 31,151,776	\$ 40,344,047	\$	8,775,14
Jail Operations	122,937	_	122,937		-
CDBG Housing	7,604	-	7,604		-
Law Library	15,996	_	15,996		
Asset Forfeiture Funds	73,766	-	73,766		-
Courthouse Security	67,202	-	67,202		-
Indoor Plumbing Rehab	68,665	_	68,665		-
Emergency Repair Fund	43,704	_	43,704		
Kimstan Diversion Ditch	119,610	_	119,610		
Debt Service Reserves	77,307	9,614	86,921		-
	1,1001	0,017			
	604 328	-	604.328		-
Health insurance Unrestricted (deficit)	604,328 17,936,519	- 1,253,581	604,328 19,190,100		- 4,299,09

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	enue and Assets	
			Operating	Capital		Prim	Primary Government		Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	5	Governmental B <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	School Board
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:									
Government administration General government administration	\$ 2,153,781	\$ 114,372	\$ 334,129	, &9	ь	(1,705,280) \$	↔	(1,705,280) \$	1
Judicial administration	1,447,988	6,765	726,444	•		(714,779)	•	(714,779)	4
Public safety	5,234,361	88,765	1,974,434	•		(3,171,162)	•	(3,171,162)	•
Public works	2,773,957	324,372	14,988	•		(2,434,597)	ı	(7,434,597)	•
Health and welfare	3,348,393	•	2,3/4,542	•		(973,731)	•	(973,731)	, •
Education Dealer secretarion and cultural	12.221,036	7 48 338	2,739,194 68 613	32 881		(9,401,042)	, ,	(816.979)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	366,611	40,550	10,00	100,20		(610,373)		(441,036)	•
Inforest on jone-term debt	993 168					(993,168)		(993,168)	4
Total governmental activities	\$ 29,580,531	\$ 582,612	\$ 8,252,444	\$ 32,881	ω.	(20,712,594) \$	\$	(20,712,594) \$	1
Business-type activities:			ē	40 500 000	e	6	40 004 904 6	12 021 304 &	1
Water and Sewer Fund				4 12 544 744	ه اه	\$ - 00 745 GDA) &		1	
i otal primary governmeni	32,495,342	5,909,984	\$ 6.232,444	i	۱.	ᆀ	9 +60',126',21	- 11	
COMPONENT UNIT:	760 00			4	4	Ð			(11 441 943)
School Board	0007.0007	\$ 092,330	9 6	,	9 6	,	9 64	•	(11 441 943)
i otal component unit	\$ 20,057 to	087,030	a 10,705,407	9	•	•	→		(21.0)
	General revenues:								
	General property taxes	xex			69	15,432,192 \$.	15,432,192 \$	•
	Other local taxes					690 800		604 062	
	Local sales and use taxes	e taxes				084,003	1	094,003	,
	Consumers utility taxes	caxes				244 970	,	24 4 870	Ī
	business ilcense taxes	axes				104 364	•	194.364	
	Unity cuitsumption taxes Motor vahida licanese	l ldAes				27.7785		277.785	
	Restaurant food taxes	200				317 041	ı	317.041	•
	Other local taxes					228.568	,	228,568	ı
	Unrestricted revent	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	ev and property			122,851	22,096	144,947	6,711
	Miscellaneous					580,811	17,876	598,687	383,953
	Payments from the	Payments from the County of Alleghany				ı	,	•	11,563,846
	Grants and contrib	itions not restricted	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs			2,250,850	ı	2,250,850	i
	Gain on disposal of capital assets	capital assets				10,801	1	10,801	-
	Total general revenues	nes			49	20,685,963 \$	- 1	ŀ	11,954,510
	Change in net assets	"			69	(26,631) \$	12,961,366 \$	12,934,735 \$	512,567
	Net assets - beginning	Di Di				28,356,540	- 1	- 1	12,561,674
	Net assets - ending				es	28,329,909 \$	32,414,971 \$	60,744,880 \$	13,074,241

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

County of Alleghany, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

		<u>General</u>		Special Law <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS	_		_		_	10.000.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,977,152	\$	122,211	\$	19,099,363
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		077.050				077.050
Taxes receivable		277,352				277,352
Accounts receivable		343,826		2,757		346,583
Due from other funds		915,023		-		915,023 996,071
Due from other governmental units		996,071		-		6,860
Inventories	-\$	6,860 21,516,284	\$	124,968	\$	21,641,252
Total assets	<u> </u>	21,310,264	φ	124,900	Ψ	21,041,232
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	206,925	\$	2,031	\$	208,956
Accrued liabilities		60,273		-		60,273
Due to component unit		2,287,473		-		2,287,473
Deferred revenue		247,957		-		247,957
Amounts held for others		19,357		-		19,357
Total liabilities	\$	2,821,985	\$	2,031	\$	2,824,016
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable						
Inventory	\$	6,860	\$	_	\$	6,860
Restricted	,	,	·			•
Jail Operations		_		122,937		122,937
CDBG Housing		7,604		-		7,604
Law Library		15,996		-		15,996
Asset Forfeiture Funds		73,766		-		73,766
Courthouse Security		67,202		-		67,202
Indoor Plumbing Rehab		68,665		-		68,665
Emergency Repair Fund		43,704		-		43,704
Kimstan Diversion Ditch		119,610		-		119,610
Debt Service Reserves		77,307		-		77,307
Assigned						
Capital projects		1,016,671		-		1,016,671
Unassiged		17,196,914				17,196,914
Total fund balances	\$	18,694,299	\$	122,937	\$	18,817,236
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	21,516,284	\$	124,968	\$	21,641,252

County of Alleghany, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 18,817,236
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	31,308,948
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	235,986
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	604,328
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This amount is net of any corresponding unamortized bond issuance costs and deferred amounts on refundings.	(22,636,589)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 28,329,909

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		<u>General</u>	•	ecial Law <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES					•	45 504 000
General property taxes	\$	15,524,223	\$	•	\$	15,524,223
Other local taxes		2,288,458		-		2,288,458
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		38,554		-		38,554
Fines and forfeitures		81,829		-		81,829
Revenue from the use of money and property		114,937		870		115,807
Charges for services		500,783		-		500,783
Miscellaneous		533,601		47,210		580,811
Recovered costs		1,548,227		-		1,548,227
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Commonwealth		9,141,562				9,141,562
Federal		1,394,613		•		1,394,613
Total revenues	\$	31,166,787	\$	48,080	\$	31,214,867
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government administration	\$	2,254,023	\$	_	\$	2,254,023
Judicial administration	•	1,401,529	•	_	•	1,401,529
Public safety		5,419,873		17,085		5,436,958
Public works		2,643,170		•		2,643,170
Health and welfare		3,867,309				3,867,309
Education		11,573,076		_		11,573,076
Parks, recreation, and cultural		727,485		_		727,485
Community development		331,195		_		331,195
Nondepartmental		5,567		_		5,567
Capital projects		365,524		_		365,524
Debt service:		303,324				000,024
Principal retirement		1,474,351		-		1,474,351
Interest and other fiscal charges		867,922		_		867,922
Total expenditures	\$	30,931,024	\$	17,085	\$	30,948,109
France (deficiency) of revenues over						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	¢	235,763	æ	30,995	\$	266,758
(under) expenditures	\$	233,763	\$	30,990	Φ	200,700
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of capital assets	<u>\$</u> \$	12,175	\$	-	\$	12,175
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	12,175	\$	-	\$	12,175
Net change in fund balances	\$	247,938	\$	30,995	\$	278,933
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	18,446,361	Ψ	91,942	Ψ	18,538,303
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	18,694,299	\$	122,937	\$	18,817,236
i una balances - enamy	Ψ	10,034,233	Ψ	144,001	Ψ	10,011,230

County of Alleghany, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 278,933
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported	
as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(1,293,771)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(92,031)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect	
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,474,351
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(114,474)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(279,639)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (26,631)

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2011

	E	Enterprise		
	Fund			Internal
		Nater and		Service
	<u>s</u>	ewer Fund		<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,438,997	\$	871,238
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		386,792		-
Due from other governmental units		1,013,707		-
Total current assets	\$	3,839,496	\$	871,23
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:				
Customers deposits	\$	15,613	\$	-
Debt service reserves		9,614		-
Total restricted assets	\$	25,227	\$	-
Capital assets:				
Infrastructure and equipment	\$	21,698,010	\$	_
Less accumulated depreciation		(8,059,877)		_
Machinery and equipment		119,872		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(50,437)		
Construction in progress		26,036,410		-
Total capital assets	\$	39,743,978	\$	_
Total noncurrent assets	\$	39,769,205	\$	-
Total assets	\$	43,608,701	\$	871,23
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,649,139	\$	166,91
Payroll liabilities	Ψ	22,239	Ψ	100,01
Customers' deposits		15,613		_
Accrued interest payable		37,668		_
Due to other funds		815,023		100,000
		46,385		100,00
Compensated absences - current portion		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-
Bonds payable - current portion	<u> </u>	312,071 2,898,138	\$	266,91
Total current liabilities	_\$_	2,090,130	φ	200,91
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	8,280,131	\$	-
Compensated absences - net of current portior		15,461		
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	8,295,592	\$	_
Total liabilities	\$	11,193,730	\$	266,91
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	31,151,776	\$	-
•		9,614		-
Restricted for debt service		•		
Restricted for debt service Restricted for health claims		-		604,32
		- 1,253,581		604,32 -

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FOI the Year Ended 3t	 Enterprise Fund Water and Gewer Fund	Internal Service <u>Funds</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Water revenues	\$, ,	\$ -
Sewer revenues	1,533,068	-
Penalty	36,138	-
Insurance premiums	-	1,719,993
Miscellaneous	 17,876	
Total operating revenues	\$ 3,345,248	\$ 1,719,993
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and wages	\$ 506,289	\$ -
Fringe benefits	226,064	2,006,676
Professional services	29,109	
Utilities	121,270	-
Materials and supplies	223,217	-
Insurance	19,128	
Travel	8,008	
Dues and memberships	685	
Permits	16,298	
Rentals and leases	4,003	-
Repairs and maintenance	64,141	-
Purchased services	1,229,742	-
Depreciation	395,044	-
Total operating expenses	\$ 2,842,998	\$ 2,006,676
Operating income (loss)	\$ 502,250	\$ (286,683)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings	\$ 22,096	\$ _
Interest income	-	7,044
Connection fees	13,360	-
Interest expense	(71,813)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ (36,357)	\$ 7,044
Income before contributions and transfers	\$ 465,893	\$ (279,639)
Capital contributions and construction grants	 12,495,473	
Change in net assets	\$ 12,961,366	\$ (279,639)
Total net assets - beginning	19,453,605	 883,967
Total net assets - ending	\$ 32,414,971	\$ 604,328

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Tor the real Ended Suite So, 2017		Enterprise Fund Water and		Internal Service
		Sewer Fund		Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,288,959	\$	1,719,993
Payments to suppliers		(1,456,313)		-
Payments to and for employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	-\$	(709,720) 1,122,926	\$	(2,018,337) (298,344)
ivet cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u> </u>	1,122,320	Ψ	(230,344)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to other funds	_\$_	(1,133,125)	\$	-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	_\$_	(1,133,125)	\$	-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to utility plant	\$	(16,743,166)	\$	_
Principal payments on bonds	Ψ	(333,194)	•	_
Connection fees		13,360		-
Contributions in aid of construction		12,437,053		-
Proceeds from indebtedness		4,886,783		-
Interest payments		(38,483)		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related				
financing activities	\$	222,353	\$	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest and dividends received	\$	22,096	\$	7,044
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	234,250	\$	(291,300)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted		2,229,974		1,162,538
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted	\$	2,464,224	\$	871,238
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided Uused) by operating activities:	\$	502,250	\$	(286,683)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	_Ψ_	302,230	Ψ	(200,000)
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	\$	395,044	\$	_
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	•	(58,302)	,	-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		2,013		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		259,288		(11,661)
Increase (decrease) compensated absences		7,158		-
Increase (decrease) in payroll liabilities		15,475		
Total adjustments	\$	620,676	\$	(11,661)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,122,926	\$	(298,344)

County of Alleghany, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2011

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 432,504
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	 209,532
Total assets	\$ 642,036
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Amounts held for Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation Amounts held for social services clients Amounts held for Friends of Youth Amounts held for Human and Leisure Activity Amounts held for Jackson River Vocational Center Amounts held for United Fire and Rescue Association	\$ 132,004 96,698 8,160 3,389 775 295,103 100,776
Amounts held for Humane Society	 5,131
Total liabilities	\$ 642,036

COUNTY OF ALLEGHANY, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Alleghany, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Alleghany County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are appointed. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Related Organizations – The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Jointly Governed Organizations - None

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Law Library, Employee Function, IPR, Emergency Repair, Drug Asset Forfeiture, Kimstan Diversion Ditch, Courthouse Security, Fire and Rescue, CCWD and CDBG Funds. Such funds have been merged for financial reporting purposes.

The *special law fund* accounts for and reports revenues generated by the Jail that are restricted as to use.

The County reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a sewage collection and treatment system and water distribution system. The activities of these systems are accounted for in the Water and Sewer Fund.

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County government. The self-insured health insurance plan is accounted for in this fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare, Friends of Youth, Humane Society Capital Improvement, Human and Leisure Service, Jackson River Vocational Center, United Fire and Rescue Association and the Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation Fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$201,644 at June 30, 2011 and is comprised of \$137,693 in property taxes and \$63,951 in water and sewer billings.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the current or previous year.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20 - 40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20 - 65
Machinery and equipment	5 - 12

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)

7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation, sick, and holiday pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive benefits. All vacation, sick, and holiday pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent of amounts that are paid out to employees upon termination.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Fund Equity

Fund balances, presented in the governmental fund financial statements, represent the difference between assets and liabilities reported in a governmental fund. GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental funds. This new standard (implemented in 2011) has not affected the total amount of reported fund balances but has substantially changed the categories and terminology used to describe their components. GASB Statement No. 54 requires that fund balances be classified into categories based upon the type of restrictions imposed on the use of funds. The County of Alleghany, Virginia evaluated its funds at June 30, 2011 and classified fund balance into the following five categories:

Non-spendable -items that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory.

<u>Restricted</u> -items that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (Continued)
 - 9. Fund equity (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> -items that have been committed by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County of Alleghany, Virginia considers to be the Board of Supervisors.

<u>Assigned</u>-items that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County of Alleghany, Virginia considers this level of authority to be the Board of Supervisors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Supervisors.

Unassigned -this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them.

10. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net assets-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The details of these (\$22,636,589) and (\$438,935) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

	<u>G</u>	Primary overnment	Component Unit		
General obligation bonds payable	\$	(6,059,231)	\$	_	
Unamortized premium		(56,430)		-	
Accrued interest payable		(229,795)		-	
Literary loans payable		(8,250,000)		-	
Lease revenue bonds payable		(8,350,000)		-	
Less: Unamortized amount on refunding		756,410		-	
Less: Issuance costs		56,011		-	
Revenue bonds payable		(157,426)		-	
Compensated absences		(346,128)		(130,806)	
OPEB obligation		-		(308,129)	
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental					
funds to arrive at net assets-governmental activities	\$	(22,636,589)	\$	(438,935)	

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of these (\$1,293,771) and (\$424,715) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

	G	Primary overnment	Component Unit		
Capital outlays Disposal of assets Accumulated depreciation on disposed assets	\$	98,123 (73,349) 71,975	\$	289,648	
Depreciation expenses Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(1,390,520)	\$	(714,363)	

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities: (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$1,474,351 for the primary government are as follows:

		Primary overnment
Principal repayments: General obligation bond	\$	357,465
Lease revenue bond	Ψ	360,000
Revenue bond		6,886
Literary loans		750,000
Total principal repayments	\$	1,474,351
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net		
assets of governmental activities	\$	1,474,351

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities: (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these (\$114,474) and \$5,637 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

	Primary overnment	Component Unit		
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in Accrued interest (Increase) Decrease in OPEB obligation Amortization of deferred amount on refunding Amortization of bond premium	\$ 10,772 16,798 (138,791) 7,024	\$	81,193 - (75,556) - -	
Amortization of bond issuance costs Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental	 (10,277)	•	-	
funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (114,474)	\$	5,637	

Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund). The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (Continued)

A. Budgetary information (Continued)

- 5. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the
 expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is part of
 the County's accounting system.
- Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For fiscal year 2011, appropriations in each fund were sufficient to cover expenditures.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2011, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

Note 4-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 4-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk. The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2011 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or and equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings				
	AAAm				
LGIP	\$	7,509,217			

The fair value of positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government		siness-Type Activities	Component Unit School Board	
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
State sales tax	\$	427,214	\$ -	\$	-
Categorical aid, shared expenses		241,601	-		-
Other categorical aid		12,836	246,633		-
Non-categorical aid		175,014	-		-
Virginia public assistance funds		50,851	-		-
Federal government:					
Virginia public assistance funds		86,805	-		-
Categorical aid		1,750	767,074		595,960
	\$	996,071	\$ 1,013,707	\$	595,960

Note 6-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

The following balances represent amounts due between the primary government and its component unit as of June 30, 2011:

Fund	Payable	Receivable		
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$ 2,287,473	\$	-	
Component Unit - School Board:				
School Fund	\$ 	\$	2,287,473	
Totals	\$ 2,287,473	\$	2,287,473	

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011 is as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Payable	Re	eceivable
General Fund Internal Service Fund Water/Sewer Fund	\$ - 100,000 815,023	\$	915,023 <u>-</u>
Totals	\$ 915,023	\$	915,023

Note 7-Long-Term Debt:

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Literary Fund Loans			General Obligation Bonds				
June 30,		Principal		Interest	erest Principal			Interest
2012	\$	750,000	\$	165,000	\$	375,556	\$	287,807
2013		750,000		150,000		388,807		268,035
2014		750,000		135,000		407,228		248,042
2015		750,000		120,000		425,828		226,799
2016		750,000		105,000		444,617		204,603
2017-2021		3,750,000		300,000		2,510,838		666,864
2022-2026		750,000		15,000		1,308,898		161,047
2027-2031		-				197,459		4,542
				•				
Totals	_\$_	8,250,000	\$	990,000	\$	6,059,231	\$	2,067,739

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows: (Continued)

Year Ending		Revenue	Bonds Lease Revenue Bor			Bonds		
June 30,	P	rincipal	11	nterest		Principal		Interest
2012 2013	\$	6,956 7,025	\$	1,557 1,487	\$	375,000 385,000	\$	359,150 342,430
2014		7,096		1,417		410,000		324,940
2015		7,167		1,346		7,180,000		157,960
2016		7,239		1,274		-		-
2017-2021		37,297		5,266		•		-
2022-2026		39,204		3,358		-		-
2027-2031		41,209		1,353		-		-
2032		4,233		21		-	<u></u>	-
Totals	\$	157,426	\$	17,079	\$	8,350,000	\$	1,184,480

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2011.

	Balance July 1, 2010		Issuances		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2011	
General obligation bonds	\$	6,416,696	\$	_	\$	(357,465)	\$	6,059,231
Plus: Premium on issuance	Ψ	63,454	Ψ	-	Ψ.	(7,024)	7	56,430
Literary loans		9,000,000		-		(750,000)		8,250,000
Revenue bond		164,312		-		(6,886)		157,426
Lease revenue bond		8,710,000		-		(360,000)		8,350,000
Less deferred amounts:								
on refunding		(895,201)		-		138,791		(756,410)
Compensated absences		356,900		256,903		(267,675)		346,128
Total	\$	23,816,161	\$	256,903	\$	(1,610,259)	\$	22,462,805

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government – Governmental Activity Indebtedness</u>: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

Botallo et long telli muesteullees.	,	Total Amount	nount Due in One Year
\$5,000,000 General Obligation Bond (Alleghany Highlands School Project) issued March 20, 2001 bearing interest at a rate of 5.60% payable semi-annually on July 15 and January 15 through 2021. Principal payments are due annually in installments varying from \$140,000 to \$405,000.	\$	3,380,000	\$ 235,000
\$3,205,141 General Obligation Bond bearing interest at a rate between 4.225% and 5.1% payable semi-annually on July 15 and January 15 through 2026. Principal payments are due annually in installments varying from \$122,176 to \$197,459.			
		2,679,231	 140,556
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	6,059,231	\$ 375,556
Literary Loans: \$7,500,000 State Literary Loan issued January 15, 2002 due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through December 1, 2022 with interest payable at 2.00%	\$	4,125,000	\$ 375,000
\$7,500,000 State Literary Loan issued January 15, 2002 due in annual principal installments of \$375,000 through December 1, 2022 with interest payable at 2.00%		4,125,000	 375,000
Total Literary Loans	\$	8,250,000	\$ 750,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness. (Continued)		Total Amount	nount Due in One Year
Lease Revenue Bonds:	•		
\$8,885,000 revenue refunding bond issued November 23, 2004 bearing interest at 4.4% with interest payments due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th. Annual principal payments are due on December 15th in amounts varying from \$80,000 to \$410,000 through December 15th 2013. On December 15th 2014, the bond holder may demand payment in full on the bond or reset the interest rate for the balance outstanding. The re-set interest rate will be determined at the discretion of the bondholders and no parameters have been established to determine or limit same. Principal outstanding at December 15, 2014 will be \$7,180,000. This amount is considered due and payable on December 15, 2014 as the bondholder(s) may			
exercise their option to demand payment.	\$	8,350,000	\$ 375,000
Revenue Bond: \$217,000 Virginia Resource Authority bond issued November 28, 2000 for the construction of a water tank at Boiling Springs Elementary School. The bond bears interest at a rate of 1.00% payable in annual principal and interest installments of \$8,367 beginning January 1, 2003 through January 1, 2032.	\$	157,426	\$ 6,956
Other Obligations			
Compensated Absences Plus: Unamortized Premium on Issuance Less: Unamortized amount on refunding	\$	346,128 56,430 (756,410)	\$ 259,596 - -
Total Other Obligations	\$	(353,852)	\$ 259,596
Total Long-term Debt	\$	22,462,805	\$ 1,767,108

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

Primary Government - Enterprise Activity Indebtedness:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds					
June 30,		Principal		Interest		
2012	\$	312,071	\$	79,038		
2013		546,232		110,106		
2014		555,056		76,123		
2015		556,734		74,445		
2016		558,461		72,718		
2017-2021		2,433,010		335,831		
2022-2026		1,239,534		284,364		
2027-2031		739,259		233,034		
2032-2036		425,792		178,348		
2037-2041		425,890		116,385		
2042-2046		408,740		67,840		
2047-2051		391,423		19,667		
Totals	\$	8,592,202	\$	1,647,899		

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2011.

	Balance uly 1, 2010	 ssuances	Re	tirements	Balance ne 30, 2011
Revenue bonds Compensated absences	\$ 4,038,613 54,688	\$ 4,886,783 48,174	\$	(333,194) (41,016)	\$ 8,592,202 61,846
Total	\$ 4,093,301	\$ 4,934,957	\$	(374,210)	\$ 8,654,048

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

Primary Government - Enterprise Activity Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Total Amount	ount Due n One Year
Revenue Bonds:		
\$384,563 Virginia Revolving Loan Fund issued June 9, 1992, with payments due on April 1 and October 1 of \$9,654 through October 1, 2012. This is a non-interest bearing loan.	\$ 28,962	\$ 19,308
\$463,000 Rural Development Bond issued February 13, 2001, bearing interest at 4.50%. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,126 begin on August 6, 2002 and continue through 2039.	393,789	7,381
\$2,153,232 Water and Sewer System Revenue Bond issued December 17, 1999 with semi-annual installments on February 1 and August 1 in the amount of \$51,866 through February 1, 2021. This is a non-interest bearing loan.	1,037,318	103,732
\$2,429,000 Rural Development Bond issued November 9, 2010, at an interest rate of 2.25% with interest only payments due November 9, 2011 and 2012 and principal and interest payments of \$7,943 due monthly starting December 9, 2012 and continuing until October 9, 2050.	2,429,000	-
\$4,385,649 interest free Virginia Resource Authority Bond issued in 2011 with semi-annual principal payments of \$109,641 beginning August 1, 2012 and continuing until August 1, 2019. The total amount drawn down at June 30, 2011 was \$1,586,484.	1,586,484	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (Continued)

Primary Government - Enterprise Activity Indebtedness: (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness: (Continued)

	 Total Amount	ount Due n One Year
Revenue Bonds (Continued)		 -
2005 Revenue Bond not to exceed \$250,000 issued February 1, 2005, at an interest rate of 3.00%, with an interest only payment due August 1, 2005 and principal and interest payments of \$8,514 due every February 1 and August 1 beginning February 1, 2006 until February 1, 2032.	\$ 192,364	\$ 11,241
\$5,887,182 interest free Virginia Resource Authority bond issued in 2007 with semi-annual principal payments of \$85,204 due until September 1, 2028. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2011 is	2,924,285	170,409
Total Revenue Bonds	\$ 8,592,202	\$ 312,071
Other Obligations: Compensated Absences	\$ 61,846	\$ 46,385
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 8,654,048	\$ 358,456

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 8-Long-term Debt-Component Unit School Board:

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board-Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2011.

	Balance ly 1, 2010	Is	suances	Re	etirements	Balance ne 30, 2011
OPEB obligation Compensated absences	\$ 232,573 211,999	\$	152,256 77,806	\$	(76,700) (158,999)	\$ 308,129 130,806
Total	\$ 444,572	\$	230,062	\$	(235,699)	\$ 438,935

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Total Amount		Amount Due Within One Year	
Other Obligations:				
OPEB obligation	\$ 308,129	\$	-	
Compensated absences	 130,806		98,105	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 438,935	\$	98,105	

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan:

Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity:

Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least 10 years of service credit or at age 50 with at least five years of service credit.

Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.

Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be downloaded from their website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of this 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County of Alleghany, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County of Alleghany, Virginia's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2011 was 11.67% of annual covered payroll.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of this 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County of Alleghany, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County of Alleghany, Virginia's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2011 was 5.47% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2011, the County of Alleghany, Virginia's annual pension cost of \$724,765 and \$103,401 was equal to the County of Alleghany, Virginia's required and actual contributions for the County and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

Three-Year Trend Information

	Fiscal Year		Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	No Pens	
	Ending	Co	st (APC) 1	Contributed	Oblig	ation
Primary Government:						
County	6/30/2011	\$	724,765	100.00%	\$	-
·	6/30/2010		680,621	100.00%		-
	6/30/2009		682,454	100.00%		-
Discretely Presented-Component Uni	t:					
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2011	\$	103,401	100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/2010		54,792	100.00%		-
	6/30/2009		54,978	100.00%		_

¹Employer portions

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

The FY 2011 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 was 20 years.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Primary Government:

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 73.64% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$29,234,583, and the actuarial value of assets was \$21,529,425, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$7,705,158. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,239,036, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 123.50%.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 90.10% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$9,146,285, and the actuarial value of assets was \$8,240,578, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$905,707. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,882,429, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 48.11%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

E. Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES:

Plan Description

The Alleghany County School Board contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System. VRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be downloaded from their website at

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (Continued)

E. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board</u> (Continued)

PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES: (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-Annual-Report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of this 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer.

In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution to the statewide cost sharing pool for professional employees was \$519,276, \$893,563, and \$1,282,735, for the fiscal years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively. Employer contributions represented 3.93%, 6.24%(annual average), and 8.81%, of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of post-employment health care benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the School Board recognizes the cost of post-employment health care in the year when the employee services are rendered, reports the accumulating liability, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

Component Unit: School Board

A. Plan Description

The County of Alleghany's Component Unit – School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the School Board and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the School Board. An eligible School Board retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have a minimum of 15 years of service with the Virginia Retirement System. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the School Board and can be amended through School Board action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

B. Funding Policy

The School Board currently pays for post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board currently has 436 employees that are eligible for the program. In addition, for retirees of the School Board, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree. The expected rates for 2011 were as follows:

Participants	KA Expand	ed Premium	KA-1000 Premium		
Single	\$	591	\$	474	
Dual		1,093		877	
Family		1,596		1,280	

C. Annual OPEB Cost

The Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the *annual required contribution of the employer (ARC)*, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the Board's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 151,300
Interest on net OPEB obligation	9,303
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (8,347)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	 152,256
Contributions made	 76,700
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 75,556
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	232,573
Net OPEB obligation - ending of year	\$ 308,129

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2011 and the two preceding years were as follows:

	Fiscal		Annual	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost		et OPEB	
_	Year Ended	ed OPEB Cost		Contributed	Obligation		
	6/30/2011 6/30/2010 6/30/2009	\$	152,256 162,282 211,095	50% 44% 33%	\$	308,129 232,573 141,791	

Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (Continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of June 30, 2011, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,588,200
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,588,200
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 15,818,400
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	10.04%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

E. Actuarial methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility. The actuarial assumptions included: inflation at 3.75%, an investment rate of return at 4.00%, and a health care trend rate of 6.3% graded to 4.70% over 80 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at June 30, 2011, was 29 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 11-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	Gamma.			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 3,390,078	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,390,078
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 3,390,078	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,390,078
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 37,384,932	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,384,932
Machinery and equipment	4,204,523	98,123	(73,349)	4,229,297
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 41,589,455	\$ 98,123	\$ (73,349)	\$ 41,614,229
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ (9,707,013)	\$ (1,116,376)	\$ -	\$ (10,823,389)
Machinery and equipment	(2,669,801)	(274,144)	71,975	(2,871,970)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (12,376,814)	\$ (1,390,520)	\$ 71,975	\$ (13,695,359)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 29,212,641	\$ (1,292,397)	\$ (1,374)	\$ 27,918,870
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 32,602,719	\$ (1,292,397)	\$ (1,374)	\$ 31,308,948

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:			· · ·	
Capital assets, not				
being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ 9,354,165	\$ 16,752,283	\$ (70,038)	\$ 26,036,410
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	\$ 9,354,165	\$ 16,752,283	\$ (70,038)	\$ 26,036,410
Carital assets hains depresinted.				
Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$ 21,640,317	\$ 60,921	\$ (3,228)	\$ 21,698,010
Infrastructure	۶ 21,040,317 119,872	φ 00,921	Φ (3,220)	119,872
Machinery and equipment Total capital assets	113,072			119,012
being depreciated	\$ 21,760,189	\$ 60,921	\$ (3,228)	\$ 21,817,882
being depreciated	Ψ 21,100,100	Ψ 00,021	Ψ (0,220)	Ψ Ε1,011,00Ε
Less:				
Infrastructure	\$ (7,675,015)	\$ (388,090)	\$ 3,228	\$ (8,059,877)
Machinery and equipment	(43,483)	(6,954)	-	(50,437)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (7,718,498)	\$ (395,044)	\$ 3,228	\$ (8,110,314)
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	\$ 14,041,691	\$ (334,123)	\$ -	\$ 13,707,568
Business-type activities	# 00 00E 0EC	E 4C 440 4CO	e (70.030)	ው 20 742 0 79
capital assets, net	\$ 23,395,856	\$ 16,418,160	\$ (70,038)	\$ 39,743,978

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 453,256
Judicial administration	12,438
Public safety	153,034
Public works	97,838
Health and welfare	6,780
Education	647,960
Parks, recreation, and culture	17,215
Community development	 1,999
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,390,520
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer fund	\$ 395,044
Total depreciation expense-primary government	\$ 1,785,564

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 11-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

Discretely Presented Component Offic.	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	1 11 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,018,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,018,272
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 1,018,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,018,272
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 13,242,384	\$ 6,900	\$ -	\$ 13,249,284
Machinery and equipment	4,293,544	282,748	· •	4,576,292
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 17,535,928	\$ 289,648	\$ -	\$ 17,825,576
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ (6,954,231)	\$ (412,736)	\$ -	\$ (7,366,967)
Machinery and equipment	(2,400,107)	(301,627)	-	(2,701,734)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (9,354,338)	\$ (714,363)	\$ -	\$ (10,068,701)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 8,181,590	\$ (424,715)	\$ -	\$ 7,756,875
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,199,862	\$ (424,715)	\$ -	\$ 8,775,147

Note 12-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit – School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit – School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and public officials liability with the Virginia Association of Counties group self insurance risk pool and VaCoRP. Each member of each of these risk pools jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit – School Board pay VACO and VaCoRP contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pools, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pools may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit – School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

Note 13-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 14-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland - Surety:	_	
Debra N. Byer, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	103,000
Anna Fox, Treasurer		400,000
Valerie Bruffey, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Kevin Hall, Sheriff		30,000
All Constitutional Office employees: blanket bond		50,000
Additional Treasurer's Office bond		100,000
All Social Services employees: blanket bond		100,000
Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool:	_	
County Administrator's Employees	\$	250,000
Component Unit - School Board:		
VACoRP:		
All School Board employees: blanket bond	\$	250,000

Note 15-Commitments and Contingencies:

The County was involved in major construction projects during the fiscal year as presented below:

			CO	ntract Amount
			0	utstanding at
<u>Project</u>	<u>Cont</u>	ract Amount	Ţ	une 30, 2011
Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant Project(s)	\$	19,507,400	\$	3,298,566

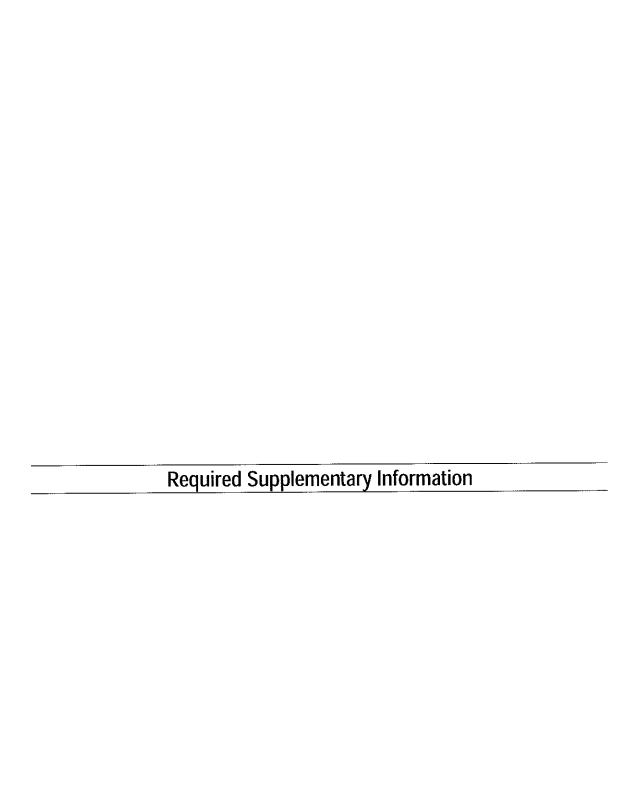
The County is also involved in a condemnation case related to an easement for a sewer force main. The County anticipates purchasing the property that is subject to the easement for approximately \$232,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

Note 16-Deferred Revenue:

Deferred (unearned) revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned revenue totaling \$247,957 is comprised of the following:

Property Taxes – Property tax revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding current expenditures of \$235,986 and prepaid taxes of \$11,971.



County of Alleghany, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budgeted				Variance with Final Budget -			
	<u>Original</u> <u>Final</u>					Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Positive (<u>Negative)</u>	
REVENUES	\$	15,449,447	\$	15,449,447	\$	15,524,223	¢	74,776	
General property taxes	Ф	2,144,700	Φ	2,144,700	φ	2,288,458	Ψ	143,758	
Other local taxes		35,610		35,610		38,554		2,944	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		71,200		71,200		81,829		10,629	
Fines and forfeitures		97,150		97,150		114,937		17,787	
Revenue from the use of money and property		489,774		489,774		500,783		11,009	
Charges for services		95,021		95,021		533,601		438,580	
Miscellaneous		1,775,015		1,775,015		1,548,227		(226,788)	
Recovered costs		1,775,015		1,775,015		1,040,221		(220,700	
Intergovernmental revenues:		9,109,708		9,109,708		9,141,562		31,854	
Commonwealth Federal		1,633,025		1,633,025		1,394,613		(238,412	
Total revenues		30,900,650	\$	30,900,650	\$	31,166,787	\$	266,137	
Total revenues		30,300,000	Ψ	30,000,000	Ψ	01,100,707	Ψ	200,101	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:	r.	2,192,638	e	3,024,282	ď	2,254,023	ď.	770.259	
General government administration	\$		ф		Ф		Ф	56,673	
Judicial administration		1,422,411 5,189,574		1,458,202 5,906,511		1,401,529 5,419,873		486,638	
Public safety		2,866,491		3,084,680		2,643,170		441,510	
Public works		4,823,653		5,142,481		3,867,309		1,275,172	
Health and welfare				13.837,257		11,573,076		2,264,181	
Education		11,487,386		1,043,496		727,485		316.011	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		695,243				331,195		164,966	
Community development		280,027 383,400		496,161 1,811,333		5,567		1,805,766	
Nondepartmental		303,400		3,142,675		365,524		2,777,151	
Capital projects		-		3,142,073		305,524		2,111,151	
Debt service:		1,154,111		1,153,111		1,474,351		(321,240	
Principal retirement		920,790		921,790		867,922		53,868	
Interest and other fiscal charges	-\$	31,415,724	\$	41,021,979	\$	30,931,024	\$	10,090,955	
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	31,413,724	Ψ	41,021,010	Ψ	30,031,027	Ψ	10,000,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			•	110 101 000	_	005 700	•	40.057.000	
expenditures	\$	(515,074)	- \$	(10,121,329)	\$	235,763	\$	10,357,092	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Sale of capital assets		-	\$	-	\$	12,175	\$	12,175	
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	_	\$	-	\$	12,175	\$	12,175	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(515,074)	\$	(10,121,329)	\$	247,938	\$	10,369,267	
Fund balances - beginning	•	515,074	·	10,121,329		18,446,361		8,325,032	
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	-	\$	18,694,299	\$	18,694,299	

County of Alleghany, Virginia Special Law Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Special Law Fund								
		Budgete Original	d Am	ounts <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	_					070		470	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	700	\$	870	\$	170	
Miscellaneous		43,000		42,300		47,210		4,910	
Total revenues	_\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	48,080	\$	5,080	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Public safety	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	17,085	\$	25,915	
Total expenditures	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	17,085	\$	25,915	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$		\$	•	\$	30,995	\$	30,995	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,995	\$	30,995	
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		91,942		91,942	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	122,937	\$	122,937	

County of Alleghany, Virginia Required Supplementary Information

Schedules of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Drimory Covernments	County Retirement Plan
Primary Government	County Retirement Flair

Valuation as of			Li	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)		Jnfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)	
(1)		(2)	(3)		(4)		(5)	 (6)	(7)	
June 30, 2010	\$	21,529,425	\$	29,234,583	\$	7,705,158	73.64%	\$ 6,239,036	123.50%	
June 30, 2009		21,302,574		26,339,976		5,037,402	80.88%	6,250,856	80.59%	
June 30, 2008		20,619,899		24,860,137		4,240,238	82.94%	6,223,180	68.14%	

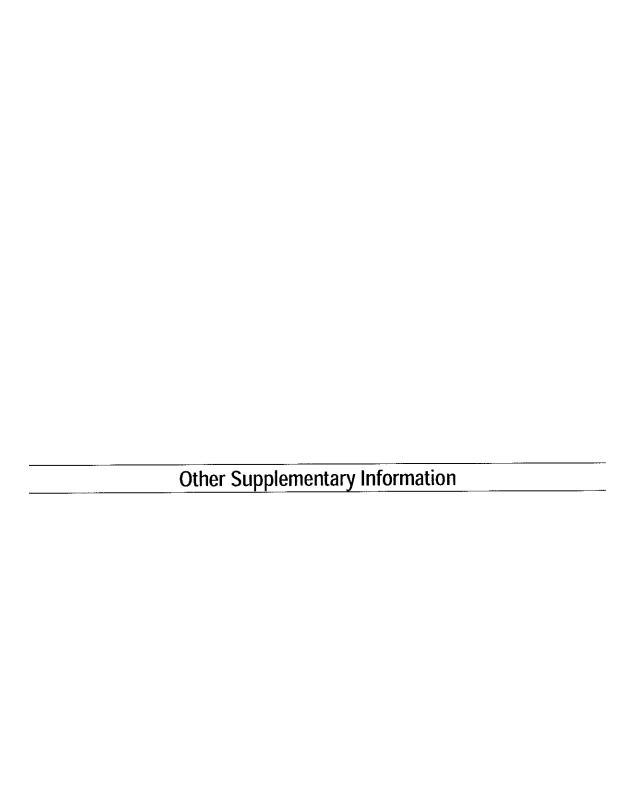
Discretely Presented Component Unit:

School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan

Valuation as of (1)	 Actuarial Value of Assets (2)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)		Infunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	 Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008	\$ 8,240,578 8,403,848 8,708,707	\$	9,146,285 8,517,572 8,193,726	\$	905,707 113,724 (514,981)	90.10% 98.66% 106.29%	\$ 1,882,429 1,914,831 2,010,548	48.11% 5.94% -25.61%

School Board Retirees Medical Plan

Valuation as of	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)		Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
(1)								 (6)	
June 30, 2011	\$	w	\$	1,588,200	\$	1,588,200	0.00%	\$ 15,818,400	10.04%
June 30, 2009		-		1,531,000		1,531,000	0.00%	17,181,200	8.91%
June 30, 2008		-		2,402,777		2,402,777	0.00%	16,482,278	14.58%



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Friends of Youth</u> – The Friends of Youth fund accounts for those funds belonging to the youth in the area for health and welfare purposes.

<u>Human and Leisure</u> – The Human and Leisure fund accounts for those funds from patrons for prepayments of recreational activities.

<u>Humane Society Capital Improvements</u> – The Humane Society Capital Improvements fund accounts for those funds held in a fiduciary capacity for the Humane Society for capital improvements.

<u>Jackson River Vocational Center</u> – The Jackson River Vocational Center fund accounts for those funds held in a fiduciary capacity for the Jackson River Vocational Center.

<u>Special Welfare</u> – The Special Welfare fund accounts for those funds belonging to individuals entrusted to the local social services agency, such as foster care children.

<u>United Fire and Rescue Association</u> – The United Fire and Rescue fund accounts for those funds held for local fire and rescue agencies.

Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation – The Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation fund accounts for those funds held in a fiduciary capacity for the Alleghany Highlands Economic Development Corporation.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2011

						Agency Funds	Funds					
	_	Friends	Human &		Humane Society		Jackson River	Snecial	United Fire	Alleghany Highlands Economic	any nds mic ment	
		Youth	Service	-	Improvements	දු ප	Center	Welfare	Association	Corporation	fion	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	ь	3,389	€	775 \$	5,131 \$		295,103 \$	8,160 \$	\$ 100,776 \$		19,170 \$	432,504
Receivables: Accounts receivable				,			ı		•	20	209,532	209,532
Total assets	မှ	3,389	s	775 \$	5,131	8	295,103 \$	8,160 \$	100,776	\$ 22	228,702 \$	642,036
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	↔	•	G	⇔	•	↔	·	,	' &	\$ 13	132,004 \$	132,004
Amounts held for AHEDC		ŧ			1		,	•	1	о	96,698	96,698
Amounts held for social services clients		,		ı	•		1	8,160	1		1	8,160
Amounts held for Friends of Youth		3,389			1		•	i	ŀ		1	3,389
Amounts held for Human and Leisure Activity		•		775	•		•	E	•		1	775
Amounts held for Jackson River Vocational Center		ı			ŀ		295,103	1	•			295,103
Amounts held for United Fire and Rescue Association		•			ı		,	1	100,776			100,776
Amounts held for Humane Society		ı			5,131		ı	1	1		ì	5,131
Total liabilities	69	3,389 \$	S	\$ 5//	5,131 \$	\$	295,103 \$	8,160 \$	\$ 100,776 \$		228,702 \$	642,036

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for and reports the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2011

June	30, 2011					
		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	C	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,456,373	\$	199,005	\$	3,655,378
Cash in custody of others		291,453		-		291,453
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):		00.744				00.744
Accounts receivable		90,714		-		90,714
Due from other funds		75,000		-		75,000
Due from primary government		2,287,473		-		2,287,473 595,960
Due from other governmental units		595,960		-		
Inventories		10,891		-		10,891
Prepaid items	<u> </u>	201,730	r	100.005	\$	201,730 7,208,599
Total assets	\$	7,009,594	\$	199,005	Ą	7,200,399
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	75,154	\$	-	\$	75,154
Accrued liabilities		2,292,410		28,006		2,320,416
Due to other funds		-		75,000		75,000
Total liabilities	\$	2,367,564	\$	103,006	\$	2,470,570
Fund balance:						
Nonspendable	\$	287,621	\$	-	\$	287,621
Committed		4,354,409		95,999		4,450,408
Total fund balances	\$	4,642,030	\$	95,999	\$	4,738,029
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,009,594	\$	199,005	\$	7,208,599
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	net asset	s (Exhibit 1) are o	differ	rent because:		
Total fund balances per above					\$	4,738,029
·						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial reare not reported in the funds.	esources	and, inerefore,				8,775,147
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ayable in	the current				(438,935)
Net assets of governmental activities					\$	13,074,241

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>	(Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	G	Total lovernmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	6.711	\$	_	\$	6,711
Charges for services	Ψ	604,142	Ψ	88,388	Ÿ	692,530
Miscellaneous		246,247		137,706		383,953
Recovered costs		115,454		-		115,454
intergovernmental revenues:		,				
Local government		11,563,846		-		11,563,846
Commonwealth		13,280,205		131,011		13,411,216
Federal		3,292,191		-		3,292,191
Total revenues	\$	29,108,796	\$	357,105	\$	29,465,901
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	\$	28,041,139	æ	484,017	Q.	28,525,156
Education	Φ	9,100	φ	404,017	φ	9,100
Capital projects Total expenditures	\$	28,050,239	\$	484,017	\$	28,534,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	1,058,557	\$	(126,912)	\$	931,645
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,058,557	\$	(126,912)	\$	931,645
Fund balances - beginning		3,583,473		222,911		3,806,384
Fund balances - ending	\$	4,642,030	\$	95,999	\$	4,738,029
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhib	oit 2)	are different be	eca	use		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above					\$	931,645
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the sta activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful live as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays ex	es an	d reported				
depreciation in the current period.						(424,715)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in gover						5,637
				,		512,567

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

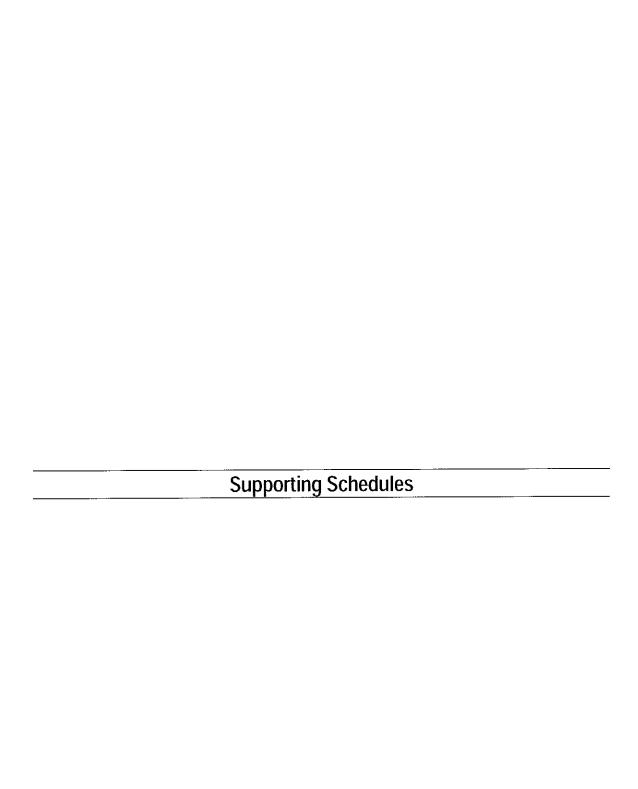
				School Ope	erati	ng Fund		
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts <u>Final</u>	•	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES			_	40.000	_	0.744	•	(0.000)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	6,711	\$	(3,289)
Charges for services		-		-		604,142		604,142
Miscellaneous		94,804		94,804		246,247		151,443
Recovered costs		109,277		109,277		115,454		6,177
Intergovernmental revenues:								0,500
Local government		11,478,156		11,478,156		11,563,846		85,690
Commonwealth		13,541,329		13,541,329		13,280,205		(261,124)
Federal		2,461,326		2,461,326		3,292,191		830,865
Total revenues	_\$_	27,694,892	\$	27,694,892	\$	29,108,796	\$	1,413,904
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	27,677,237	\$	27,677,237	\$	28,041,139	\$	(363,902)
Capital projects		410,000		410,000		9,100		400,900
Total expenditures	\$	28,087,237	\$	28,087,237	\$	28,050,239	\$	36,998
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(392,345)	\$	(392,345)	\$	1,058,557	\$	1,450,902
Net change in fund balances	\$	(392,345)	\$	(392,345)	\$	1,058,557	\$	1,450,902
Fund balances - beginning	•	392,345	•	392,345		3,583,473		3,191,128
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$		\$	4,642,030	\$	4,642,030

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2011

		Alleghany Highlands Fund		Governor's School <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	88,454	\$	110,551	\$	199,005
Total assets	\$	88,454	\$	110,551	\$	199,005
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accrued liabilities	\$	28,006	\$	-	\$	28,006
Due to other funds	Ψ	-	Ψ.	75,000	*	75,000
Total liabilities	\$	28,006	\$	75,000	\$	103,006
Fund balances:						
Committed	\$	60,448	\$	35,551	\$	95,999
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	88,454	\$	110,551	\$	199,005

County of Alleghany, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Alleghany Highlands <u>Fund</u>		Governor's School <u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES			•	00.000	•	00.000
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	88,388	\$	88,388
Miscellaneous		137,706		-		137,706
Intergovernmental revenues:						101.011
Commonwealth		_		131,011		131,011
Total revenues	_\$_	137,706	\$	219,399	\$	357,105
EXPENDITURES Current: Education	\$	288,222	\$	195,795	\$	484,017
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	_\$	(150,516)	\$	23,604	\$	(126,912)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(150,516)	\$	23,604	\$	(126,912)
Fund balances - beginning		210,964		11,947		222,911
Fund balances - ending	\$	60,448	\$	35,551	\$	95,999



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fit	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:	•	0 005 100	_	0.005.400		0.050.050		400.054
Real property taxes	\$	6,235,402	Þ	6,235,402	\$	6,356,356	Þ	120,954
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		642,513		642,513		663,154		20,641 47,560
Personal property taxes		1,658,236		1,658,236		1,705,796 24,119		-
Mobile home taxes		24,596 6,783,000		24,596 6,783,000		6,639,846		(477) (143,154)
Machinery and tools taxes		75,700		75,700		91,444		15,744
Penalties		30,000		30,000		43,508		13,508
Interest Total general property taxes	\$	15,449,447	\$	15,449,447	\$	15,524,223	\$	74,776
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	637,000	\$	637,000	\$	694,063	\$	57,063
Consumers' utility taxes		272,000		272,000		261,758		(10,242)
Probate taxes		2,500		2,500		4,340		1,840
Business license taxes		375,000		375,000		314,879		(60,121)
Utility consumption taxes		175,200		175,200		194,364		19,164
Motor vehicle licenses		270,000		270,000		277,785		7,785
Taxes on recordation and wills		38,000		38,000		70,325		32,325
Hotel and motel room taxes		70,000		70,000		152,966		82,966
Restaurant food taxes		305,000		305,000		317,041		12,041
Cell phone tax			_		Φ	937	r	937
Total other local taxes	\$	2,144,700	\$	2,144,700	\$	2,288,458	\$	143,758
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:		0.000	•	0.000	•	0 775		(005)
Animal licenses	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	8,775	\$	(225)
Land use application fees		500		500 575		336 504		(164) (71)
Transfer fees		575 2,425		2,425		2,779		354
Zoning and subdivision fees Erosion and sediment control		2,423		2,423		2,773		27
Permits and other licenses		22,850		22,850		25,873		3,023
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	35,610	\$	35,610	\$	38,554	\$	2,944
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	71,200	\$	71,200	\$	81,829	\$	10,629
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	71,200	\$	71,200	\$	81,829	\$	10,629
Revenue from use of money and property:					_		_	
Revenue from use of money	\$	91,950	\$	91,950	\$	110,387	\$	18,437
Revenue from use of property	<u></u>	5,200	æ	5,200	Ĉ	4,550	r	(650)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	97,150	<u>\$</u>	97,150	Ф	114,937	\$	17,787
Charges for services:	•	40.004	c	40.004	e	4 004	¢	(0 EDO)
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	10,324	Ф	10,324	Ф	1,824 16,918	Þ	(8,500) (1,082)
Charges for courthouse maintenance		18,000 300		18,000 300		71		(229)
Sale of publications and maps						99,407		(20,493)
Charges for Commonwealth's Atterney		119,900 850		119,900 850		2,094		1,244
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		5,000		5,000		5,112		112
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		200,000		200,000		229,989		29,989
Charges for sanilation and waste removal		4,100		4,100		4,451		351
Charges for copies		41,000		41,000		48,338		7,338
Charges for parks and recreation		4,500		4,500		4,671		171
Charges for law library Charges for courthouse security		75,800		75,800		77,465		1,665
Charges for other services		10,000		10,000		10,443		443
Total charges for services	-\$	489,774	\$	489,774	\$	500,783	\$	11,009
Total dialges for services	_ 		~	.00,77	-		7	,250

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budg</u> et		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive Vegative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous revenue:		00.004	٠	62.024	ď	36,080	œ	(25,941)
Miscellaneous	\$	62,021 15,000	ф	62,021 15,000	Þ	20,563	φ	5,563
Donations Sale of surplus		18,000		18,000		8,043		(9,957)
Westvaco grant		10,000		10,000		60,000		60,000
Sale of supplies		_		_		35		35
Alleghany Foundation contributions		-		_		408,880		408,880
	\$	95,021	\$	95,021	\$	533,601	\$	438,580
Recovered costs:								
Care of prisoners	\$	182,369	\$	182,369	\$	191,124	\$	8,755
Co-payment for medical charges		4,000		4,000		6,301		2,301
Circuit court-joint operations		1,714		1,714		1,714		-
Program income IPR		31,275		31,275		2,412		(28,863)
LOA County reimbursement		21,055		21,055		15,636		(5,419)
Health department		1,500		1,500		1,500 78,541		10,541
Bath county-jail		68,000 6,337		68,000 6,337		3,683		(2,654)
Covington-magistrate, probation		0,337		0,331		53,047		53,047
Clifton Forge E911		762,060		762,060		535,199		(226,861)
Covington-welfare AHSD resource officer		74,309		74,309		333,133		(74,309)
General government		602,796		602,796		602,796		(, ,,000)
General District Court postage		4,900		4,900		6,541		1,641
Title XX		2,000		2,000		1,752		(248)
Gis grant		-		-		34,900		34,900
Other recovered costs		12,700		12,700		13,081		381
Total recovered costs	\$	1,775,015	\$	1,775,015	\$	1,548,227	\$	(226,788)
Total revenue from local sources	_\$_	20,157,917	\$	20,157,917	\$	20,630,612	\$	472,695
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:		00.070		20.070	•		•	(00.070)
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	62,070	\$	62,070	\$	40.070	\$	(62,070)
Mobile home titling tax		10,000		10,000		10,072 19,256		72 19,256
State recordation tax		418,000		418,000		438,045		20,045
Communication taxes Additional tax on deeds		14,010		14,010		28,892		14,882
Personal property tax relief funds		1,610,808		1,610,808		1,610,808		1-7,002
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,114,888	\$	2,114,888	\$	2,107,073	\$	(7,815)
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	356,292	\$	356,292	\$	368,184	\$	11,892
Sheriff		1,895,133		1,895,133		2,018,062		122,929
Commissioner of revenue		112,115		112,115		143,334		31,219
Treasurer		93,440		93,440		128,408		34,968
Medical examiner		200		200		-		(200)
Registrar/electoral board		41,130		41,130		38,267		(2,863)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		279,259		279,259		358,260		79,001
Reduction in State Aid	\$	2,777,569	\$	2,777,569	\$	(184,711) 2,869,804		(184,711) 92,235
Total shared expenses	Ψ	2,111,009	Ψ	2,111,008	Ψ	2,000,004	Ψ	32,233
Other categorical aid:		_			_		_	
Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	757,788	\$	757,788	\$	595,712	\$	(162,076)
Comprehensive services act		656,453		656,453		573,758		(82,695)
Wireless E-911 grant		-				38,867		38,867
Drug asset forfeiture revenue		5,750		5,750		46,146		40,396

Community development grant 71,000 71,000 62,613 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Categorical aid: (Continued:) Emergency medical Services \$ 18,000 \$ 17,524 \$	General Fund: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued!)	Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued) Emergency medical services \$ 18,000 \$ 17,524 \$ 18,000 \$ 17,524 \$ 18,000 \$ 17,524 \$ 18,000 \$ 17,524 \$ 13,337 \$ 13,337 \$ 13,337 \$ 13,337 \$ 13,337 \$ 13,337 \$ 25,381 \$ 25,313 \$ 25,313 \$ 25,313 \$ 25,313 \$ 25,313 \$ 25,313 \$ 25,313 \$ 25,323 \$ 25,333 \$ 25,333	Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Emergency medical services \$18,000 \$ 11,524 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$									
IPR funds 5,563 5,663 11,337 25,		\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	17,524	\$	(476)
SNAP- loan subsidy	Community development grant		71,000		71,000				(8,387)
Litter control grant 9,601 9,601 14,988 5 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	IPR funds		5,563		5,563				5,774
Fire services grant Performing arts grant 5,000 35,000 5,000	SNAP- Ioan subsidy		-		~				257,861
Performing arts grant S.000 S.00	Litter control grant		9,601		9,601				5,387
State sales tax 2,403,096 2,403,096 2,501,333 98 Bike grant -			35,000		35,000		38,546		3,546
State sales tax 2,403,096 2,403,096 2,501,333 98	Performing arts grant		5,000		5,000		5,000		
Hold harmless reversion (actual distributed to shared expenses)			2,403,096		2,403,096		2,501,333		98,237
Hold harmless reversion (actual distributed to shared expenses)	Bike grant		-		-		1,000		1,000
Cliner state grants			100,000		100,000		-		(100,000)
Total other categorical aid \$ 4,217,251 \$ 4,217,251 \$ 4,164,865 \$ (5) Total categorical aid \$ 6,994,820 \$ 6,994,820 \$ 7,034,489 \$ 33 Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 9,109,708 \$ 9,109,708 \$ 9,141,562 \$ 3 3			150,000		150,000		-		(150,000)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 9,109,708 \$ 9,109,708 \$ 9,141,562 \$ 3 3		\$		\$	4,217,251	\$	4,164,685	\$	(52,566)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 9,109,708 \$ 9,109,708 \$ 9,141,562 \$ 3 3	Total categorical aid	\$	6.994.820	\$	6.994.820	ŝ	7.034.489	\$	39,669
Revenue from the federal government: Payments in lieu of taxes									31,854
Payments in lieu of taxes	Total revenue from the Commonwealth	3	9,109,700	Ф	9,109,700	Φ	9, 141,302	φ	31,034
Categorical aid: Welfare administration and public assistance	Revenue from the federal government:							_	
Welfare administration and public assistance \$ 1,527,515 \$ 1,527,515 \$ 1,193,835 \$ (33) \$ (33) \$ (33) \$ (34) \$	Payments in lieu of taxes	_\$_	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	143,777	\$	43,777
T-21 trail grant -	Categorical aid:								
State and community highway safety 5,510 5,510 5,510 5,510 () Total categorical aid \$1,533,025 \$1,533,025 \$1,250,836 \$280 Total revenue from the federal government \$1,633,025 \$1,633,025 \$1,394,613 \$230 Total General Fund \$30,900,650 \$30,900,650 \$31,166,787 \$260 Special Revenue Fund: Special Law Fund: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$-\$ 700 \$870 \$100 Total revenue from use of money and property \$-\$ 700 \$870 \$100 Miscellaneous revenue: Vending machine collections \$31,500 \$30,700 \$34,255 \$100 Jail commissary collections \$31,500 \$30,700 \$34,255 \$100 Jail commissary collections \$4,500 \$4,500 \$2,180 \$100 Total miscellaneous revenue \$43,000 \$42,300 \$47,210 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$48,080 \$100 Total revenue from local sources \$43,000 \$43,000 \$40,00	Welfare administration and public assistance	\$	1,527,515	\$	1,527,515	\$		\$	(333,680)
Bulletproof vest grant 5,510 5,510 - () Total categorical aid \$ 1,533,025 \$ 1,533,025 \$ 1,250,836 \$ (28) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,633,025 \$ 1,633,025 \$ 1,394,613 \$ (23) Total General Fund \$ 30,900,650 \$ 30,900,650 \$ 31,166,787 \$ 26) Special Revenue Fund: Special Law Fund:	T-21 trail grant		-		-		32,881		32,881
Total categorical aid \$ 1,533,025 \$ 1,533,025 \$ 1,250,836 \$ (28) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,633,025 \$ 1,633,025 \$ 1,394,613 \$ (23) Total General Fund \$ 30,900,650 \$ 30,900,650 \$ 31,166,787 \$ 260 Special Revenue Fund: Special Law Fund: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Total revenue from use of money and property \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Miscellaneous revenue: Vending machine collections \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Jail commissary collections \$ 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections \$ 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	State and community highway safety		-		-		24,120		24,120
Total revenue from the federal government \$ 1,633,025 \$ 1,633,025 \$ 1,394,613 \$ (23) Total General Fund \$ 30,900,650 \$ 30,900,650 \$ 31,166,787 \$ 26) Special Revenue Fund: Special Law Fund: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$	Bulletproof vest grant								(5,510)
Total General Fund \$ 30,900,650 \$ 30,900,650 \$ 31,166,787 \$ 260	Total categorical aid	\$	1,533,025	\$	1,533,025	\$	1,250,836	\$	(282,189)
Special Revenue Fund: Special Law Fund: Revenue from use of money and property. \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Miscellaneous revenue: \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Vending machine collections \$ 7,000 \$ 7,100 \$ 10,775 \$ Jail commissary collections 7,000 \$ 7,100 \$ 10,775 \$ Work release collections 4,500 \$ 45,00 \$ 2,180 \$ (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,633,025	\$	1,633,025	\$	1,394,613	\$	(238,412)
Special Law Fund: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Total revenue from use of money and property \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Miscellaneous revenue: Vending machine collections \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Jail commissary collections 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	Total General Fund	\$	30,900,650	\$	30,900,650	\$	31,166,787	\$	266,137
Special Law Fund: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Miscellaneous revenue: \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Vending machine collections \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Jail commissary collections 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	Special Revenue Fund:								
Revenue from use of money and property: \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Revenue from the use of money Total revenue from use of money and property \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Miscellaneous revenue: \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Vending machine collections \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Jail commissary collections 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	· ·								
Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$	· F								
Total revenue from use of money and property \$ - \$ 700 \$ 870 \$ Miscellaneous revenue: Vending machine collections \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Vending machine collections 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$, , ,	\$	-	\$	700	\$			170
Vending machine collections \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Jail commissary collections 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$			-	\$	700	\$	870	\$	170
Vending machine collections \$ 31,500 \$ 30,700 \$ 34,255 \$ Jail commissary collections 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	Miscellaneous revenue:								
Jail commissary collections 7,000 7,100 10,775 Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$		\$	31.500	\$	30,700	\$	34,255	\$	3,555
Work release collections 4,500 4,500 2,180 (Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	•	*		•		•		•	3,675
Total miscellaneous revenue \$ 43,000 \$ 42,300 \$ 47,210 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 43,000 \$ 43,000 \$ 48,080 \$	•								(2,320)
		\$		\$		\$		\$	4,910
	Total revenue from local sources	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	48,080	\$	5,080
Total Opesical Law 1 unit									5,080
Total Primary Government \$ 30,943,650 \$ 30,943,650 \$ 31,214,867 \$ 27	·								271,217

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	S	10.000	\$	10,000	\$	6,711	\$	(3,289)
Total revenue from use of money and property	<u>\$</u> _\$	10,000	\$_	10,000	\$	6,711	\$	(3,289)
Charges for services:								
Charges for education	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,015	\$	8,015
Cafeteria sales		-		-		584,999		584,999
Use of buses and facilities		-		_		11,128		11,128
Total charges for services	\$	_	\$	-	\$	604,142	\$	604,142
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous	<u>\$</u> \$	94,804	\$	94,804	\$	246,247	\$	151,443
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	94,804	\$	94,804	\$	246,247	\$	151,443
Recovered costs:	•	ar 000	•	65,000	ė	33,076	œ	(31,924)
Erate	\$	65,000	Ф		Φ	82,378	Φ	
Other recovered costs	•	44,277	-	44,277 109,277	\$	115,454	\$	38,101 6,177
Total recovered costs	\$	109,277	\$	109,277	Φ	110,404	Ŷ	0,177
Total revenue from local sources	_\$_	214,081	\$	214,081	\$	972,554	\$	758,473
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Revenues from local governments:	_			44 170 450	•	44 500 040	•	05.000
Contribution from County of Alleghany, Virginia	\$_	11,478,156		11,478,156	<u>\$</u>	11,563,846		85,690
Total revenues from local governments	\$	11,478,156	\$	11,478,156	\$	11,563,846	\$	85,690
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid: Categorical aid:								
Basic school aid	\$	9,047,524	\$	9,047,524	s	8,973,405	S	(74,119)
Remedial summer education	•	52,125	۳	52.125	•	32,713	•	(19,412)
Regular foster care		135,013		135,013		64,477		(70,536)
GED prep program		7,859		7,859		7,859		-
Gifted and talented		96,436		96,436		96,356		(80)
Remedial education		239,991		239,991		239,820		(171)
Special education		1,277,095		1,277,095		1,276,188		(907)
Textbook payment		112,581		112,581		112,507		(74)
Vocational standards of quality payments		244,277		244,277		244,103		(174)
Vocational adult education				2,		5,494		5,494
Social security fringe benefits		578,550		578,550		578,139		(411)
Retirement fringe benefits		342,844		342,844		342,601		(243)
Governor's school grant		129,556		129,556		56,097		(73,459)
Early reading intervention		33,388		33,388		35,773		2,385
School food		28,736		28,736		24,284		(4,452)
Mental health initiative		63,769		63,769		50,458		(13,311)
Special education - foster children		-		-		25,376		25,376
Homebound		43,397		43,397		33,298		(10,099)
At risk payments		225,095		225,095		224,842		(253)
Board certifications				-		12,500		12,500

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Project graduation	\$	-	\$	-	\$	260	\$	260
Primary class size		186,059		186,059		177,356		(8,703)
Technology		334,000		334,000		356,914		22,914
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		34,219		34,219		36,603		2,384
Group life insurance		21,428		21,428		21,413		(15)
At risk four-year olds		235,470		235,470		188,376		(47,094)
Career and Technical Education		54,509		54,509		36,277		(18,232)
Mentor teacher program		2,155		2,155		3,491		1,336
English as a second language		15,253		15,253		12,287		(2,966)
Other state funds		-		-		10,938		10,938
Total categorical aid	\$	13,541,329	\$	13,541,329	\$	13,280,205	\$	(261,124)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_\$_	13,541,329	\$	13,541,329	\$	13,280,205	\$	(261,124)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Federal land use	\$	179,337	\$	179,337	\$	173,543	\$	(5,794)
Title I		497,810		497,810		580,555		82,745
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		525,525		525,525		700,300		174,775
Title VI-B, special education pre-school		21,153		21,153		13,360		(7,793)
Vocational education		48,529		48,529		44,887		(3,642)
Drug free schools		_		-		5,830		5,830
Title II - Part A		141,651		141,651		137,485		(4,166)
Title I - ARRA		-				150,387		150,387
Special education - ARRA		_		_		275,603		275,603
State stabilization funds		420,861		420,861		409,434		(11,427)
School food program		626,460		626,460		789,319		162,859
Enhancing education through technology		-		-		11,488		11,488
Total categorical aid	\$	2,461,326	\$	2,461,326	\$	3,292,191	\$	830,865
Total Categorical aid	<u>-Ψ</u>		Ψ					
Total revenue from the federal government	_\$_	2,461,326	\$	2,461,326	_\$_	3,292,191	\$_	830,865
Total School Operating Fund	<u>\$</u>	27,694,892	\$	27,694,892	\$	29,108,796	\$	1,413,904
Non major Special Revenue funds:								
Alleghany Highlands Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$	137,706	\$	137,706
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	137,706		137,706
Total revenue from local sources	_\$_	-	\$	-	\$	137,706	\$	137,706
Total Alleghany Highlands Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	137,706	\$	137,706

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with aal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)						
Non major Special Revenue funds: (Continued) Governor's School Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Charges for services:					_	
Tuition	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 88,388	\$	88,388
Total charges for services	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 88,388	\$	88,388
Total revenue from local sources	_\$		\$ -	\$ 88,388	\$	88,388
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Categorical aid:						
Governor's school grant	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 56,097	\$	56,097
Technology funds		-	-	 74,914		74,914
Total categorical aid	_\$		\$ -	\$ 131,011	\$	131,011
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 131,011	\$	131,011
Total Governor's School Fund	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 219,399	\$	219,399
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	27,694,892	\$ 27,694,892	\$ 29,465,901	\$	1,771,009

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:									
General government administration:									
Legislative:	•	400 700	œ	254.005	0	250.467	¢.	100 600	
Board of supervisors		106,782	\$	351,095	D	250,467	4	100,628	
General and financial administration:									
County administrator	\$	801,569	\$	1,002,811	\$	789,283	\$	213,528	
Personnel		16,911		29,374		16,982		12,392	
Legal services		30,000		39,690		39,689		1	
Special legal services		500		20,815		11,450		9,365	
Commissioner of revenue		309,904		319,941		312,499		7,442	
Reassessment		50,000		150,309		309		150,000	
Automotive motor pool		336,800		337,101		297,922		39,179	
Treasurer		377,287		497,530		366,569		130,961	
Audit services		45,000		62,855		41,511		21,344	
Technology department		11,650		102,320		17,018		85,302	
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,979,621	\$	2,562,746	\$	1,893,232	\$	669,514	
Board of elections:									
	\$	71,447	s	75,653	\$	75,379	\$	274	
Registrar	Ψ	34,788	Ψ	34,788	Ψ	34,945	Ψ	(157)	
Electoral board and officials	\$	106,235	\$	110,441	\$	110,324	S	117	
Total board of elections	_Ψ	100,200	Ψ	110,111	Ψ	TTO,OET	Ψ		
Total general government administration	_\$	2,192,638	\$_	3,024,282	\$	2,254,023	\$	770,259	
Judicial administration:									
Courts:									
Circuit court	\$	76,322	\$	76,476	\$	73,351	\$	3,125	
General district court		15,972		17,435		16,987		448	
Special magistrates		4,575		4,575		3,441		1,134	
Sheriff		422,759		422,632		395,316		27,316	
Law library		4,500		4,850		4,791		59	
Clerk of the circuit court		417,988		440,954		421,881		19,073	
Total courts	\$	942,116	\$	966,922	\$	915,767	\$	51,155	
Commonwealth's attorney:									
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	480,295	\$	491,280	\$	485,762	\$	5,518	
Total commonwealth's attorney	<u>\$</u>	480,295	\$	491,280	-	485,762	\$	5,518	
total commonwealth's alterney									
Total judicial administration	_\$	1,422,411	\$	1,458,202	\$	1,401,529	\$	56,673	
Public safety:									
Law enforcement and traffic control:								10	
Sheriff	\$	1,636,952	\$	1,721,261	\$	1,557,142	\$	164,119	
Crime prevention		12,000		16,399		14,399		2,000	
COPS Technology Grant		-		467,650		261,568		206,082	
National forest patrol		9,151		9,151		4,079		5,072	
DARE program		50,869		50,869		30,995		19,874	
School resource officer		92,815		92,815		83,232		9,583	
Crime stoppers		3,500		3,500		-		3,500	
• •									

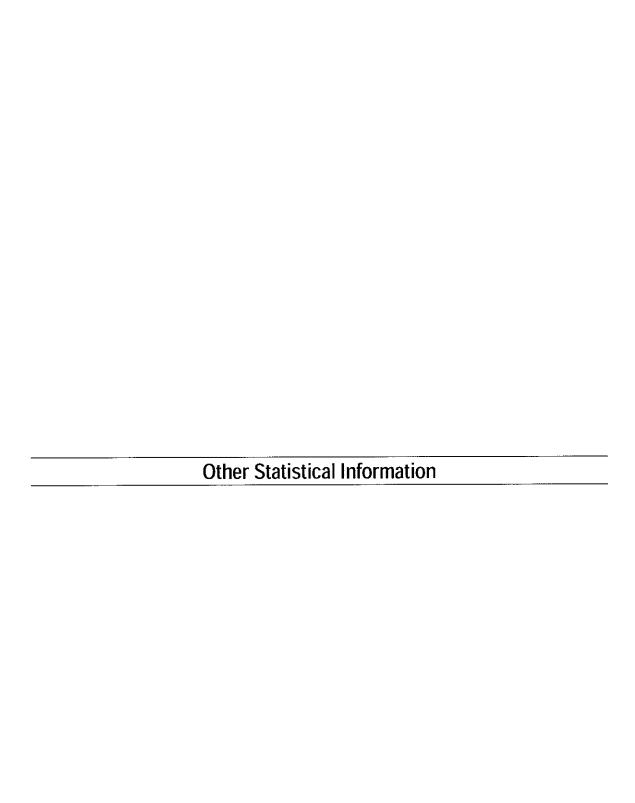
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Law enforcement and traffic control: (Continued)	e	46.004		45.004	Φ	15,204	•	
Radar transportation	\$	15,204 1,000	Þ	15,204 1,000	Ф	1,000	Φ	-
Drug task force		5,800		15,900		13,578		2,322
Drug asset forfeiture Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,827,291	\$	2,393,749	\$	1,981,197	\$	412,552
Total law emorcement and frame control	Ψ	1,027,201	Ψ	2,000,740		1,001,101	<u> </u>	712,002
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire departments	\$	74,000	\$	74,000	\$	73, 9 87	\$	13
Volunteer fire departments		293,700		293,700		289,204		4,496
Emergency services		300		300		208		92
Ambulance and rescue services		261,692		261,692		260,692		1,000
Sara III Emergency Council		250		250		204		46
United fire and rescue association		264,100		292,290		270,920		21,370
Total fire and rescue services	\$	894,042	\$	922,232	\$	895,215	\$	27,017
Correction and detention:								
Sheriff-correction and detention	\$	1,810,951	\$	1,813,852	\$	1,806,327	\$	7,525
Probation	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,000	•	3,277	•	1,723
Juvenile diversion		0,000		4,816		4,545		271
Courthouse security		76,700		80,800		81,518		(718)
VJCCA grant		3,617		3,617		3.617		-
Total correction and detention	\$	1,896,268	\$	1,908,085	\$	1,899,284	\$	8,801
Inspections:								
Building	\$	114,789	\$	129,767	s	116,111	\$	13,656
Total inspections	\$	114,789		129,767	ŝ	116,111	\$	13,656
Total Inspections		,						
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	60,960	\$	64,652	\$	61,390	\$	3,262
Animal protection		71,509		73,909		71,664		2,245
Medical examiner		400		400		180		220
E-911		324,315		413,717		394,832		18,885
Total other protection	\$	457,184	\$	552,678	\$	528,066	\$	24,612
Total public safety	\$	5,189,574	\$	5,906,511	\$	5,419,873	\$	486,638
Duk Barrandan								
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:	\$	755,201	•	862,338	¢	666,125	¢	196,213
Refuse collection	Ψ	1,206,224	ψ	1,218,798	Ψ	1,136,004	Ψ	82,794
Refuse disposal		47,983		53,500		47,694		5,806
General engineering Multiflora Rose program		47,303		18,815		1,207		17,608
, •		58,471		58,471		57,563		908
Recycling program Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	2,067,879	\$	2,211,922	\$	1,908,593	\$	303,329
rotal salitation and maste removal	Ψ	2,007,079	Ψ	L,L 1,0LL	Ψ	1,000,000	Ψ	300,023
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General maintenance	\$	234,794	\$	219,721	\$	205,853	\$	13,868
General properties		563,818		653,037		528,724		124,313
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	798,612	\$	872,758	\$	734,577	\$	138,181
Total public works	\$	2,866,491	\$	3,084,680	\$	2,643,170	\$	441,510

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued) Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	163,917	\$	166,917	\$	159,944	\$	6,973
Total health	\$	163,917		166,917	\$	159,944	\$	6,973
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	70,413		70,413		70,413		
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	70,413	\$	70,413	\$	70,413	\$	_
Welfare:								
Administration	\$	1,761,767	\$	1,762,922	\$	1,660,995	\$	101,927
Public assistance		1,615,235		1,615,235		766,249		848,986
Emergency repair fund		11,126		15,903		9,615		6,288
Indoor plumbing rehabilitation fund		102,275		322,122		63,657		258,465
Free clinic		9,000		9,000		9,000		-
TAP		5,775		5,775		5,775		-
Tax relief for the elderly		131,000		131,000		109,995		21,005
Safehomes, Inc.		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Board of public welfare		3,600		3,600		3,500		100
Comprehensive services		921,249		1,005,689		985,816		19,873
Other welfare		12,037		12,037		11,787		250
CDBG-housing boiling springs		11,259		16,868	_	5,563	_	11,305
Total welfare	_\$	4,589,323	\$	4,905,151	\$	3,636,952	\$	1,268,199
Total health and welfare	_\$	4,823,653	\$	5,142,481	\$	3,867,309	\$	1,275,172
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Dabney S. Lancaster Community College	\$	9,230	\$	9,230	\$	9,230	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		11,478,156		13,828,027		11,563,846		2,264,181
Total education	\$	11,487,386	\$	13,837,257	\$_	11,573,076	\$	2,264,181
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:	_	400.000	•	224 424	•	405.005	•	400 400
Human and leisure services	\$	488,300	\$	601,134	\$	465,005	3	136,129
Scenic trail		19,188		249,607		69,725		179,882
Clifton little league		9,000		9,000		9,000		-
Covington little league		9,000		9,000		9,000		-
Salvation Army community center		25,000		25,000		25,000		-
Iron gate recreation Total parks and recreation	\$	2,000 552,488	\$	2,000 895,741	\$	2,000 579,730	\$	316,011
rotal pains and recitation	<u> </u>	002,700	Ψ	000,741	*	310,130	¥	0.0,011
Cultural enrichment:	œ	£ 700	¢	5,700	ę	5,700	¢	_
Alleghany concert series	\$	5,700 1,800	Φ	1,800	Φ	1,800	Ą	-
Alleghany crafts		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Arts grant	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$	12,500	\$	
Total cultural enrichment	_φ	ιζίζΟΟ	ψ	12,000	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element General Fund: (Continued)	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)								
Parks, recreation, and cultural: (continued)								
Library:								
Contribution to regional library	\$	112,000	\$	117,000	\$	117,000	\$	-
Contribution to Clifton library		18,255		18,255		18,255		-
Total library	\$	130,255	\$	135,255	\$	135,255	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	695,243	\$	1,043,496	\$	727,485	\$	316,011
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Community development	\$	69,365	\$	76,470	\$	76,470	\$	
Economic development		125,015		279,165		124,278		154,887
Boards and commissions		22,153		17,032		14,641		2,391
Tourism initiative		0		60,000		60,000		-
Jackson River Enterprises		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Chamber Indust.		10,700		10,700		10,700		-
Total planning and community development	\$	242,233	\$	458,367	\$	301,089	\$	157,278
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water district	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	-
Total environmental management	\$ \$	2,500		2,500	\$	2,500		-
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	35,294	\$	35,294	\$	27,606	\$	7,688
Total cooperative extension program	\$	35,294	\$	35,294	\$	27,606	\$	7,688
Total community development	<u>\$</u>	280,027	\$	496,161	\$	331,195	\$	164,966
Nondepartmental:								
Contingencies	\$	383,400	\$	1,811,333	\$	5,567	\$	1,805,766
Total nondepartmental	\$	383,400		1,811,333	\$	5,567	\$	1,805,766
Capital projects:								
Other capital projects	\$	-	\$	401,157	\$	48,330	\$	352,827
Bridge Construction		_		1,062,730		-		1,062,730
Jackson River Scenic Trail		_		1,498,279		211,609		1,286,670
Courthouse Heating/Cooling		-		1,900		-		1,900
Gateway Improvements		-		52,850		49,168		3,682
Commerce Center Improvements		-		125,759		56,417		69,342
Total capital projects	\$	-	\$	3,142,675	\$	365,524	\$	2,777,151
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,154,111	S	1,153,111	\$	1,474,351	\$	(321,240
Interest and other fiscal charges	*	920,790	•	921,790		867,922		53,868
Total debt service	\$	2,074,901	\$	2,074,901	\$	2,342,273		(267,372

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Special Revenue Fund:								
Special Law Fund:								
Public safety: Correction and detention:								
Sheriff	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	17,085	\$	25,915
V1001111								
Total public safety	_\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	17,085	\$	25,915
Total Special Law Fund	\$	43,000	\$	43,000	\$	17,085	\$	25,915
Total Primary Government	\$	31,458,724	\$	41,064,979	\$	30,948,109	\$	10,116,870
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration of schools:			_			4.000.000	•	400 404
Administration	\$	1,391,042			\$	1,222,938	_	168,104
Total administration of schools	\$	1,391,042	\$	1,391,042	\$	1,222,938	\$	168,104
Instruction costs:	•	00 042 044	e	20,213,244	æ	20,338,096	\$	(124,852
Instruction costs Total instruction costs	<u>\$</u> \$	20,213,244	\$ \$		<u>φ</u> \$	20,338,096	\$	(124,852
Fotal Mistraction Costs		20,2.0,2	<u> </u>					
Operating costs:								
Attendance and health services							_	
Pupil transportation	\$	1,930,597	\$	1,930,597	\$	1,818,519	\$	112,078
Operation and maintenance of school plant		3,454,034		3,454,034		3,315,013		139,021
School food and other non-instructional costs (1)		688,320		688,320		1,346,573		(658,250
Total operating costs	\$	6,072,951	\$	6,072,951	\$	6,480,105	\$	(407,154
Total education	\$	27,677,237	\$	27,677,237	\$	28,041,139	\$	(363,902
Capital projects:								
School capital projects	_\$_	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	9,100	\$	400,900
Total School Operating Fund	\$	28,087,237	\$	28,087,237	\$	28,050,239	\$	36,998
(1) Includes Cafeteria Funds held by the School System not subject to appropriate the control of	priation.							
Non major Special Revenue funds: Alleghany Highlands Fund: Education:								
Instruction costs:	•		ė	174,729	¢	288,222	¢	(113,49
Instruction costs	<u>\$</u> \$		- \$		<u>э</u> \$	288,222		(113,49
Total instruction costs	<u> </u>	-	Ψ					
				474 700		555 555	٠	1440.40
Total education	\$	-	\$	174,729	\$	288,222	Φ	(113,49

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	_	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Continued) Non major Special Revenue funds: (Continued) Governor's School Fund: Education:								
Instruction costs: Instruction costs	\$	-	\$ 43,060	\$	195,795	\$	(152,735)	
Total education	<u>\$</u>		\$ 43,060	\$	195,795	\$	(152,735)	
Total Governor's School Fund	\$	-	\$ 43,060	\$	195,795	\$	(152,735)	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	28,087,237	\$ 28,305,026	\$	28,534,256	\$	(229,230)	



County of Alleghany, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

Total	32,495,342	33,664,132	34,180,948	29,070,802	32,018,073	30,586,862	29,703,696	32,792,326	28,403,762
Nater and Sewer Fund	2,914,811 \$	2,894,787	3,466,944	2,753,856	2,803,885	2,693,096	2,871,058	2,760,325	2,641,615
Interest on Long- Term Debt	993,168 \$	1,038,864	1,089,090	1,127,499	1,118,940	1,059,960	1,040,587	1,144,992	1,220,328
Community Development	441,036 \$	444,648	394,485	398,708	566,417	346,712	348,755	237,173	411,679
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	3 966,811 \$	1,096,976	632,214	871,908	815,503	685,254	1,013,934	678,133	709,358
Education	12,221,036	12,104,165	12,026,801	9,418,334	12,116,812	12,138,025	11,496,939	15,456,561	11,232,613
Health and Welfare	3,348,393 \$	3,427,771	3,368,123	3,850,210	3,486,881	3,708,541	3,429,803	3,355,734	2,904,632
Public Works	2,773,957 \$	4,351,861	4,970,152	3,095,922	2,682,973	2,608,586	2,444,495	2.863.864	2,639,084
Public Safety	5.234.361 \$	4.968,106	4,898,840	5,159,785	5,035,940	4,291,821	4.001,622	3.547,689	4,016,680
Judicial Administration	1.447.988 \$	1,306,191	1.346.124	1,254,663	1,274,576	1,148,669	1,072,819	1 022 758	987,466
General Government dministration A	2 153 781 \$	2,030,763	1.988 175	1 139 917	2,116,146	1.906.198	1.983.684	1 725 097	1,640,307
Fiscal C Year A	2010-11 \$	2009-10	2008-09	2002.02	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03

(1) information has only been available for 9 years.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Nine Fiscal Years (1)

	Total	45,430,077	36,884,090	35,878,969	33,029,820	33,093,621	30,959,167	29,413,110	28,751,478	28,543,254
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	2,250,850 \$	2,276,650	2,069,500	1,978,185	1,883,621	2,124,891	1,808,437	3,877,280	1,868,853
	Niscellaneous_	609,488 \$	549,032	387,588	261,246	511,837	94,650	135,079	208,111	162,732
VENUES	Unrestricted Investment Earnings A	144.947 \$	123,133	385,533	1,016,766	1,083,794	743,785	714,908	617,121	788,104
GENERAL REVENUES	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	,	,	,	1	,	•	,	1	31,884
	Other F Local Taxes	2.288.458 \$	2,236,077	2,698,807	2,596,051	2,740,541	2,630,493	2,507,668	2,358,610	2,351,651
	General Property Taxes	15 432 192 \$	15,715,743	15,222,115	14,784,476	13,910,364	13,523,707	13,027,305	12,867,835	12,581,390
		€.	+							
	Capital Grants and Contributions	12 541 714	4.287.265	2,037,436	205,853	22,000	47,887	53,553	44,000	315,048
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and Contributions	8 252 444 \$	8.234.495	9,514,955	8,768,681	9,510,905	8,455,946	8,023,711	5,978,417	7,824,689
PROGR	Charges for for Services Co	3 000 087	3.461.695	3,563,035	3,418,562	3,430,559	3,337,808	3.142.449	2,800,104	2,618,903
	Fiscal	2010-11 \$	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03

(1) Information has only been available for 9 years.

County of Alleghany, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	47,918,519	51,592,962	53,629,614	51,363,553	49,128,659	46,547,741	44,618,026	49,329,688	40,972,698	58,940,835
Capital Projects	374,624 \$	2,796.318	3,278,167	1,603,967	1,072,176	1,261,348	518,698	4.523,850	151,142	4.770.482
Debt Service	2,342,273 \$	2,363,137	2,386,317	2,413,924	2,140,387	2,210,765	2,265,660	2,237,340	2,323,902	16,390,098
Nondepartmental	\$,567 \$	4,900	5,899	3,399	11,457	3,400	11,143	92,913	1	•
Community Development No	331,195 \$	283,368	330,719	413,787	344,520	346,424	354,098	3,274,530	475,601	491,020
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 727,485 \$	722,137	673,801	899,577	792.850	703,633	1,017,330	656,083	699,092	504,638
Education (2)	28,534,386 8	29,531,453	31,120,417	30,648,576	29,026,101	27,022,943	26,366,999	24,770,372	24,013,390	24,624,125
Health and Welfare	3.867.309 \$	3,947,566	4.038.254	3,948,507	4.221,685	4,554,268	4,162,455	4.037,469	3,584,122	3,556.847
Public Works	2.643.170 \$	2.893,008	2.965.524	2,726,625	2.761.932	2.527.065	2,584,635	2.423.638	2,546,543	2,413,216
Public Safety	5.436.958 \$	5.509.607	5.324.926	5.292.272	5.435.110	4.754.993	4.307.543	4.275.606	4,261,820	3,386,547
Judicial Aministration	1.401.529 \$	1.381.692	1.403.618	1.372.032	1 274 637	1 149 383	1.089.904	1.031.022	993,440	1,003,176
General Government Administration Ao	64	2 159 776	2 101 972	2 040 887	2.047.804	2 013 519	1 939 561	2 006.865	1.923.646	1,800,686
Fiscal G Year Ao	₩	2009-10	5008-00	2002-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Boar (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit

County of Alleghany, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	49,116,922	51,959,602	54,490,775	51,723,053	51,011,511	46,999,430	44,768,533	41,516,531	43,209,635	40,828,841
Inter- governmental (2)	27,239,582 \$	30,002,302	32,209,250	29,672,297	29,482,016	26,372,308	25,119,419	22,427,132	24,589,936	20,842,086
Recovered Costs	1,663,681	1,701,036	1,856,032	1,535,807	1,677,282	1,579,547	1,581,968	1,529,539	1,453,022	2,786,703
Aiscellaneous	964,764 \$	1,068,168	822,185	715,685	633,081	823,290	634,201	626,710	565,304	1,353,615
Charges for Services Mis	1,193,313 \$	1,097,179	1,277,105	1,284,749	1,188,289	1,096,609	999,256	1,021,491	931,650	862,534
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	122,518 \$	124,353	383,246	1,025,818	1,143,332	805,833	737,705	571,592	700,758	697,404
Fines and Forfeitures	81,829 \$	65,414	64,653	57,561	91,907	121,343	96,463	72,500	52,376	19,219
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	38,554 \$	35,296	50,661	45,274	49,435	46,829	36,171	41,356	31,884	45,288
Other F Local Taxes	2,288,458 \$	2,236,077	2,698,807	2,596,051	2,740,541	2,630,493	2,507,668	2,358,610	2,351,651	2,172,499
General Property Taxes	15,524,223 \$	15,629,777	15,128,836	14,789,811	14,005,628	13,523,178	13,055,682	12,867,601	12,533,054	12,049,493
Fiscal Year	2010-11 \$	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Boarc (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit

County of Alleghany, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	2.25%	2.89%	2.87%	2.50%	2.54%	2.07%	2.05%	2.75%	2.37%	2.48%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1)	386,161	489,646	476,050	405,837	392,420	313,244	296,513	394,847	333,098	338,764
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	100.76% \$	100.80%	%06'66	100.17%	100.24%	100.38%	89.57%	99.81%	99.73%	%90'.26
Total Tax Collections	17,263,701	17,100,419	16,591,206	16,287,757	15,512,529	15,157,668	14,385,413	14,343,089	14,028,196	13,282,025
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	\$ 263,622 \$	248,198	225,844	156,974	186,484	128,373	189,244	176,161	95,051	71,086
Percent of Levy Collected	99.22%	99.33%	98.54%	99.21%	99.03%	99.53%	98.26%	98.58%	%90'66	96.54%
Current Tax Collections (1)	17.000.079	16,852,221	16,365,362	16,130,783	15,326,045	15,029,295	14,196,169	14,166,928	13,933,145	13,210,939
Total Tax Levy (1)	17.133.525 \$	16,965,119	16,607,536	16,259,572	15,475,568	15,100,276	14,448,057	14,371,021	14,065,879	13,684,499
Fiscal Year	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03	2001-02

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. Includes PPTRA revenue from the Commonwealth.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	 Public Utility (2)	Total
2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07	\$ 1,177,769,900 1,173,850,600 1,166,472,100 1,146,371,600 779,733,400	\$ 61,240,685 59,061,239 64,321,098 63,346,720 63,121,433	\$ 116,208,339 116,248,580 106,864,932 102,823,797 107,628,289	\$ 103,422,277 \$ 100,012,946 89,128,617 101,263,931 72,453,464 77,104,632	\$ 1,458,641,201 1,449,173,365 1,426,786,747 1,413,806,048 1,022,936,586 1,047,187,792
2005-06 2004-05 2003-04 2002-03 2001-02	800,128,832 719,997,400 760,415,509 751,356,895 742,652,969	62,950,052 59,102,948 58,305,407 59,634,758 57,081,537	107,004,276 103,481,737 102,447,186 97,573,176 97,254,692	83,253,702 93,503,935 91,201,544 75,925,803	965,835,787 1,014,672,037 999,766,373 972,915,001

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

⁽²⁾ Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission (includes real estate and personal property).

County of Alleghany, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Mobile Home	Machinery and Tools
2010-11	\$ 0.64	\$ 5.95	\$ 0.64	\$ 5.95
2009-10	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95
2008-09	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95
2007-08	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95
2006-07	0.72	5.95	0.72	5.95
2005-06	0.69	5.95	0.69	5.95
2004-05	0.67	5.95	0.67	5.95
2003-04	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95
2002-03	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95
2001-02	0.66	5.95	0.66	5.95

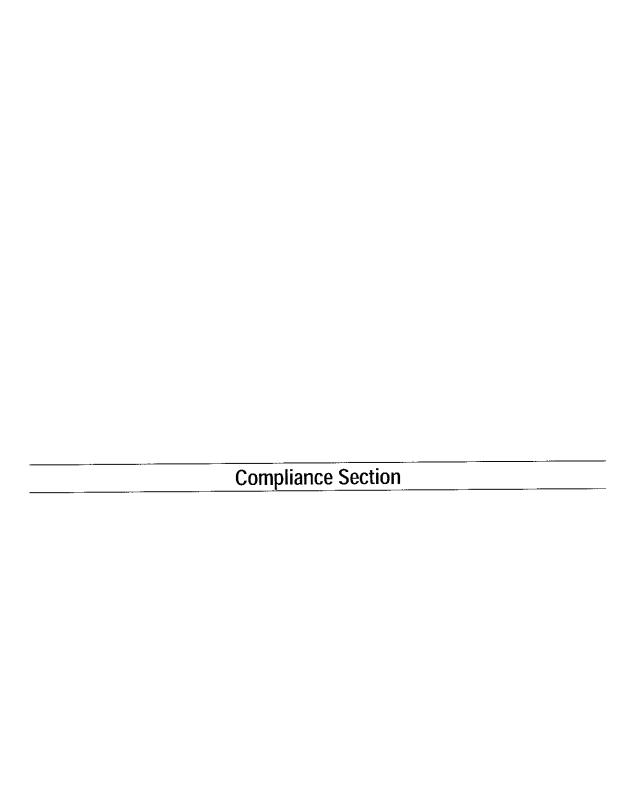
⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Alleghany, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands)	Gross Bonded Debt (2)	 Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	 Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2010-11	16,250	\$ 1,458,641	\$ 22,659,231	\$ 22,659,231	1.55%	\$ 1,394
2009-10	17,215	1,449,173	24,291,009	24,291,009	1.68%	1,411
2008-09	17,215	1,426,787	25,732,356	25,732,356	1.80%	1,495
2007-08	17,215	1,413,806	27,140,846	27,140,846	1.92%	1,577
2006-07	17,215	1,022,937	28,504,706	28,504,706	2.79%	1,656
2005-06	17,215	1,047,188	26,526,182	26,335,000	2.51%	1,530
2004-05	17,215	965,836	27,727,733	27,530,000	2.85%	1,599
2003-04	17,215	1,014,672	27,470,000	27,470,000	2.71%	1,596
2002-03	17,215	999,766	28,605,000	28,605,000	2.86%	1,662
2001-02	17,215	972,915	29,455,000	29,455,000	3.03%	1,711

⁽¹⁾ Population per the Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Also includes lease revenue bonds which will be repaid using taxpayer dollars. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CLETHTIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Alleghany, Virginia Covington, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County of Alleghany, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Alleghany, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Alleghany, Virginia in a separate letter dated November 21, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Robinson, Farmer, la Associates

Christiansburg, Virginia November 21, 2011

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CIRTHIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROLESSIONAL HMITTO HABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Alleghany, Virginia Covington, Virginia

Compliance

We have audited the County of Alleghany, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The County of Alleghany, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Alleghany, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Alleghany, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Alleghany, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Alleghany, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Alleghany, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christiansburg, Virginia November 21, 2011

Kokimson, James, Cy Associates

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011				
Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures
Program of Ordace Trace				<u> </u>
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services.	93.556	93556	\$	20.811
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.558	93558	Φ	240,378
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.566	93566		479
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.568	93568		19,159
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Child Care and Development Block Grant - (Child Care Cluster)	93.575	93575		35,527
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund - (Child Care Cluster)	93.596	93596		68.974
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers	93.599	93599		4,034
Child Welfare Services - State Grants	93.645	93645		990
Foster Care - Title IV-E (Foster Care Cluster)	93.658	93658	82,923	
ARRA - Foster Care - Title IV-E. (Foster Care Cluster)	93.658	93658	_ 980_	83,903
Adoption Assistance	93.659	93659		39,831
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	93.659	93659		2,505
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	93667		199,898
ARRA - Child care and Development Block Grant (Child Care Cluster)	93.713	93713		3,119
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	93767		7,929
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	93778		172.404
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	93674	_	3,192
Total Department of Health and Human Services			_\$	903,133
Department of Agriculture:				
Direct Payments:				1 500 050
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities - ARRA	10.781	NA	<u>\$</u>	4,569,052
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Agriculture.				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	11.559	na		15.294
Secure payments for States and Counties Containing Federal Land	10.665	43841		173,543
Department of Agriculture.				
Food Distribution (Note C)	10.555	40623	\$ 83,545	
Department of Education.				
National school lunch program	10.555	40623	544,757	628,302
Department of Education.				
National school breakfast program	10.553	40591		145,779
Department of Social Services.				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	10561	288,782	
ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	10561	1,920	290,702
Total Department of Agriculture - pass-through payments				1,253,620
Total Department of Agriculture			_s	5,822,672
Department of the Interior				
Direct Payments:			_	
Payment in lieu of taxes	15.226	na	_\$	143,777
Total Federal Emergency Management Agency			_\$	143,777
Environmental Protection Agency:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Health.				
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	VCWSTM 005	_\$	6,992,042
Total Control of Destroine Assessed			\$	6,992,042
Total Environmental Protection Agency			<u></u>	0,552,042

County of Alleghany, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

For the Year Ended Jun Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		Federal penditures
Department of Transportation:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles.	20.600	59105	\$	24,120
State and community highway safety program	20.000	29102	Φ	24,120
Department of Conservation and Recreation.	00.040	***		22 004
Recreational Trails Program	20.219	NA		32,881
Total Department of Transportation			\$	57,001
Department of Education:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education.	84.010	42892	\$	580,555
Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies (Title 1 Cluster)	84.389	42092 42913	Φ	150,387
ARRA - Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies (Title 1 Cluster)	84.027	60180		700,300
Special Education - Grants to States (Special Education Cluster)	84.391	61245		262,464
ARRA - Special Education - Grants to States (Special Education Cluster)	84.392	61247		13,139
ARRA - Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster)	84.173	61136		13,360
Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster) Safe and Drug-free Schools and Communities - State Grants	84.186	60518		5.830
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Funds - Education State Grants	84.394	62532		409,434
Education Technology State Grants	84.318	61600		11,488
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	61490		182,372
Total Department of Education			\$	2,329,329
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	16,247,954

Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Alleghany, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2011. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Alleghany, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of Alleghany, Virginia.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87. Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note C -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note D -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:		
Primary government:		4 004 040
General Fund	\$	1,394,613
Water and Sewer Fund Grants		9,132,094
Water and Sewer Fund Loans		2,429,000
Primary Government	_\$_	12,955,707
Component Unit School:	•	0.000.404
School Operating Fund	\$	3,292,191
Add: Surplus Commodities	_	56_
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	<u>\$</u>	16,247,954

County of Alleghany, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 501(a) of OMB Circular A-133

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Ass	sistance Program		
10.561	ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program			
66.458	Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds, Recovery Act			
84.010/84.389	Title 1, Part A Cluster			
84.027/84.391/84.392/84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
10.781	Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities -	ARRA		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish and Type B programs	between Type A	\$487,439		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	?	Yes		

County of Alleghany, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2011

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings in the prior fiscal year that related to federal programs.