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BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Lou Wallace, Chairman

Oris Christian, Vice Chairman David Eaton Carl Rhea Rebecca Dye Steve Breeding Tim Lovelace

COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD

Cynthia Compton, Chairman

Kip Parsons, Vice Chairman Wayne Bostic Bob Gibson Tim Ball Linda Garrett Alex Zachwieja, Jr.

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Brain Ferguson, Chairman

Sharon Owens, Vice Chairman Lynn Ramsey Rebecca Dye Cathy Gent

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court	•
Commonwealth's Attorney	Zack A. Stoots
Commissioner of the Revenue	Randy N. Williams
Treasurer	Alicia McGlothlin
Sheriff	Steve Dye
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Kim Hooker
Director of Social Services	Patrick Brunty
County Administrator	Lonzo Lester
County Attorney	





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Russell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Russell, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Russell County Public Service Authority (PSA), which represent 30% percent, 135% percent, and 6% percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the PSA are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County of Russell, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Russell, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of Russell, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Prolina, Faver, lox associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 7, 2024, on our consideration of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia

May 7, 2024



County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

		P	rim	ary Governmer	nt	
	G	overnmental		Susiness-type		
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,771,897	s	4,131	\$	16,776,028
Cash in custody of others	~	10,771,077	7	٠,١٥١	7	10,770,020
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Taxes receivable		7,429,664		_		7,429,664
Accounts receivable		2,199,903		11,235		2,211,138
Grants receivable		_,,				-,,
Interest receivable		-		96		96
Notes receivable		-		-		-
Lease receivable		-		-		-
Lease-purchase receivable		-		-		-
Due from component unit		1,170,791		-		1,170,791
Due from other governmental units		3,217,362		-		3,217,362
Internal balances		(18,692)		18,692		-
Inventories		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		4,992,460		49,575		5,042,035
Investments		1,582		· -		1,582
Noncurrent assets:						
Net pension asset		-		-		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization):						
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized		15,087,412		-		15,087,412
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		12,157,977		1,944,439		14,102,416
Total assets	\$	63,010,356	\$	2,028,168	\$	65,038,524
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	1,516,421	\$	-	\$	1,516,421
OPEB related items		1,101,257		-		1,101,257
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	2,617,678	\$	-	\$	2,617,678
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	1,628,922	\$	17,659	\$	1,646,581
Construction payables		1,633,796		-		1,633,796
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-
Customer deposits		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		3,508,033		-		3,508,033
Accrued interest payable		216,739		-		216,739
Due to primary government		-		-		-
Deposit - land option		-		-		-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		2,154,417		28,675		2,183,092
Due in more than one year		35,315,195		448,771		35,763,966
Total liabilities	\$	44,457,102	\$	495,105	\$	44,952,207
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	4,293,925	\$	-	\$	4,293,925
Pension related items		1,325,096		2,615		1,327,711
OPEB related items		1,165,928		-		1,165,928
Lease receivable related items		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	6,784,949	\$	2,615	\$	6,787,564
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,337,114	\$	1,466,993	\$	5,804,107
Restricted:						
Coal Road		1,100,904		-		1,100,904
Asset forfeiture funds		135,010		-		135,010
Energy Lease Project		1,582		-		1,582
Debt service and bond covenants		-		49,575		49,575
ARPA		43,600		-		43,600
Opioid settlement		1,300,803		-		1,300,803
Unrestricted (deficit)		7,466,970		13,880		7,480,850
Total net position (deficit)	\$	14,385,983	\$	1,530,448	\$	15,916,431
				_		_

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Absolution Development School Board Public Service Authority ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$4,240,817 \$15,6545 \$2,97.7 Cash in custody of others 868,969 150,545 \$2,97.7 Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): "Temporary of the Cash in Custody of Cash Service Walk \$1,000 807,5 Accounts receivable 239,154 1,000 807,5 Interest receivable 6,000 4,979,450 1,600 Lease receivable 2,060,411 1,473,523 1,600 Lease receivable 4,572,41 1 1,600 Lease receivable				Co	mponent Unit	:S	
School Board Subtherity S					Industrial		Russell County
SSETS		_		D	•		Public Service
ash and cash equivalents \$ 4,240,817 \$ \$ 516,545 \$ 29,78 ash in custody of others 868,960		<u>s</u>	chool Board		Authority		Authority
Section Sect	SSETS						
Caraba C		\$		\$	516,545	\$	29,776
Taxes receivable	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		868,960		-		-
ACCOUNTS receivable 239,154 1,000 807,55 118,65							
Grants receivable .							
Interest receivable			239,154		1,000		807,995
otes receivable . 59,279 asae-pruchase receivable 4,997,450 asae-pruchase receivable 1,473,523 ue from primary government 2,060,441 ue from other governmental units 2,060,441 ue from other governmental units 192,2 ue from other governmental units 2,060,441 ue from other governmental units 192,2 wentories 457,241 ventories 457,241 sepati tems 457,241 service of security and temporal te			-		-		118,600
			-		-		-
			-				•
Left on primary government			-				
use from other governmental units 2,060,441 - - 192,28 193,28	•		-		1,4/3,523		
ternal balances ventories			2 0/0 444		-		
Material Registrates			2,060,441		-		
repaid tems estricted assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments oncurrent assets: Net pension asset Papital assets, finet of accumulated depreciation/amortization): Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortization Total assets set, not evaluated depreciation/amortization Total assets, not evaluated depreciation/amortization Total assets Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets, not evaluated depreciation/amortization Total assets Capital assets, not evaluated depreciation/amortization Total deferred outflows of resources Sension related items Solozia, 4,31 Solozia,			-		-		
Cash and cash equivalents			457.044		-		192,247
Cash and cash equivalents Investments 610.3 Investments 610.3 concurrent assets: 8 Net pension asset apital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization): 2,695,506 12,128,146 2,377,5 Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized 5,695,506 12,128,146 2,377,5 Capital assets, not of accumulated depreciation/amortization 5,77,18,797 \$ 33,060,634 \$ 30,652,7 EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8 6,326,269 \$ \$ \$ 2,214,431 2,17,7 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ \$ 2,26,4 \$	•		457,241		-		•
Investments							
Note Part			-		-		610,307
Net pension asset			-		-		
Page							
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized 5,695,506 12,128,146 2,377,5 Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization 24,156,678 13,884,691 26,451,2 Total assets \$37,718,797 \$33,060,634 \$30,652,7 EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$6,326,269 \$. \$ 206,4 ension related items \$2,312,431 . \$ 206,4 Total deferred outflows of resources \$8,638,700 \$. \$ 228,1 ABILITIES Eccounts payable \$ 339,156 \$ 19,920 \$ 622,8 Document opayables \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$. \$.			-		-		65,035
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization 24,156,678 13,884,691 26,451,2 5 37,718,797 \$ 33,060,634 \$ 30,652,7 \$ 37,718,797 \$ 33,060,634 \$ 30,652,7 \$ 30,652,7 \$ 33,060,634 \$ 30,652,7 \$ \$ 30,652,7 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$							
Total assets	•						2,377,542
PREFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pression related items \$ 6,326,269 \$. \$ \$ 206,48 Pression related items \$ 2,312,431 . \$ 21,7 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,638,700 \$. \$ \$ 228,11 IABILITIES	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization						26,451,256
Section Sect	Total assets	\$	37,718,797	\$	33,060,634	\$	30,652,758
Section related items Section	FEEDDED OUTELOWS OF DESCUIPERS						
PEB related items 2,312,431 - 21,77 Total deferred outflows of resources \$ 8,638,700 \$ - \$ 228,11 IABILITIES Ccounts payable \$ 339,156 \$ 19,920 \$ 622,8 construction payables - - - ccrued liabilities 1,091,514 4,652 23,9 ustomer deposits - - - 109,0 nearned revenue -							
Total deferred outflows of resources		\$		\$	-	\$	206,404
Mail ITIES					-	_	21,750
Caccounts payable \$ 339,156 \$ 19,920 \$ 622,82	Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	8,638,700	\$	-	\$	228,154
CCOUNTS payable S 339,156 S 19,920 S 622,82	IARII ITIES						
Section Sect		ς.	339 156	¢	19 920	¢	622 890
1,091,514	• •	,	337,130	7	17,720	,	022,070
Sustamer deposits			1 001 514		4 652		23,932
Inearned revenue			1,071,314		4,032		
Carcing dinterest payable	·		_		_		107,03
Due to primary government 970,791 200,000 Deposit - land option 35,000 Long-term liabilities: 925,461 2,018,316 820,9 Due within one year 925,461 2,018,316 820,9 Due in more than one year 44,120,536 21,330,742 14,377,5 Total liabilities \$ 47,447,458 \$ 23,970,935 \$ 16,015,9 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Series on related items \$ 81,3 Deferred revenue - property taxes \$ 5,817,808 \$ 81,3 DEED related items 1,268,613 \$ 23,6 Description of resources \$ 7,086,421 \$ 4,729,003 \$ 104,9 NET POSITION Set The Collection of resources \$ 29,585,524 \$ 4,137,302 \$ 13,761,6 Restricted: Coal Road \$ 29,585,524 \$ 4,137,302 \$ 13,761,6 Restricted: Coal Road \$ 29,585,524 \$ 4,137,302 \$ 13,761,6 Restricted: Coal Road \$ 29,585,524 \$ 4,137,302 \$ 13,761,6 Restricted: Coal Road \$ 29,585,524 \$ 2,20,2					362 305		61 570
Peposit - land option 35,000 10			970 791				01,570
Due within one year 925,461 2,018,316 820,9			970,791				
Due within one year 925,461 2,018,316 820,9			-		33,000		•
Due in more than one year			025 464		2 049 246		920 055
Total liabilities							
Seferred revenue - property taxes \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	•	_		,		_	
eferred revenue - property taxes \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ ension related items 5,817,808 - 81,3 23,6 ease receivable related items 1,268,613 - 4,729,003 - 104,9 Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 7,086,421 \$ 4,729,003 \$ 104,9 ET POSITION *** <t< td=""><td>Total liabilities</td><td>\$</td><td>47,447,458</td><td>\$</td><td>23,970,935</td><td>\$</td><td>16,015,976</td></t<>	Total liabilities	\$	47,447,458	\$	23,970,935	\$	16,015,976
Sefered revenue - property taxes S	FEERREN INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
rension related items 5,817,808 - 81,3 PEB related items 1,268,613 - 23,6 rease receivable related items - 4,729,003 Total deferred inflows of resources 7,086,421 4,729,003 5 104,9 RET POSITION Ret investment in capital assets		ć		ċ		ċ	
PEB related items		ş	E 017 000	Ş	-	Ş	91 240
Ease receivable related items					-		
Total deferred inflows of resources \$ 7,086,421 \$ 4,729,003 \$ 104,900 \$ 104,900 \$ 104,900 \$			1,200,013		4 720 002		23,007
IET POSITION let investment in capital assets \$ 29,585,524 \$ 4,137,302 \$ 13,761,6 estricted: Coal Road		_	7 007 121				101.07
et investment in capital assets \$ 29,585,524 \$ 4,137,302 \$ 13,761,6 estricted: Coal Road	Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	7,086,421	\$	4,729,003	\$	104,976
et investment in capital assets \$ 29,585,524 \$ 4,137,302 \$ 13,761,6 estricted: Coal Road	FT POSITION						
estricted: Coal Road Asset forfeiture funds Energy Lease Project Debt service and bond covenants ARPA Opioid settlement Output Debt service and bond covenants Debt service and bond covenan		¢	20 585 524	ċ	4 137 302	ċ	13 761 621
Coal Road	·	ڔ	29,303,324	٠	4,137,302	ڔ	13,701,021
Asset forfeiture funds							
Energy Lease Project555,2Debt service and bond covenants555,2ARPAOpioid settlement			-		-		
Debt service and bond covenants - 555,2 ARPA - Copioid settlement - 555,2			-		-		
ARPA Opioid settlement	3,		-		-		EEE 201
Opioid settlement			-		-		555,285
·			-		-		
mesuncted (dentit) (3/,/61,906) 223,394 388,0	·		(27 7/4 004)		222.204		200.022
	,	-		Ċ		ċ	388,032 14,759,960

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	levenue and		
						9	Primary Government		ŭ	Component Units	
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Ś	Governmental Bu	Business-type		_ <u>a</u>	Industrial Ru Development Pu	Russell County Public Service
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	4 1	Activities	Activities	Total	School Board	Authority	Authority
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:											
General government administration	\$ 1,908,544 \$	•	\$ 512,316	· \$	ب	(1,396,228) \$	\$	(1,396,228)	ı	ı	
Judicial administration	3,325,062	24,096	894,895	•		(2,406,071)	•	(2,406,071)			
Public safety	7,608,138	80,699	3,048,596	•		(4,478,843)	•	(4,478,843)			
Public works	3,330,576	233,351	55,713			(3,041,512)		(3,041,512)			
Health and welfare Education	8,017,297		7,425,550	•		(591,747)	, ,	(591, 747)			
Parks recreation and cultural	7,080,743	4 491	151 773			(564.763)		(5,060,743)			
Community development	1,256,041	11,135	234,921	166,194		(843,791)		(843,791)			
Interest on long-term debt	763,406		,			(763,406)	•	(763, 406)			
Total governmental activities	\$ 36,010,834 \$	353,772	\$ 12,323,764	\$ 166,194	s	(23,167,104) \$	\$ -	(23, 167, 104)			
Business-type activities:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		ı	ı	·	·	2 (50)	(50) 300			
Lante sewer	363,062				Λ (\$ (709,577)	(75,607)			
Sovernment Sovernment -	\$ 36,3/3,896 \$	491,227	\$ 12,323,764	5 100,194	n	(23,167,104) \$	¢ (/09,c77)	(23,392,711)			
COMPONENT UNITS:											
School Board	\$ 51,182,142 \$	2,497,242	\$ 46,746,645	٠.				S	(1,938,255) \$	\$	ı
Industrial Development Authority Russell County Public Service Authority	6,192,503	3.616.189		131.982						(6,192,503)	(494,615)
Total component units	\$ 61,617,431 \$		\$ 46,746,645	\$ 131,982				\$	(1,938,255) \$	(6,192,503) \$	(494,615)
	General revenues:										
	General property taxes	axes			s	17,408,682 \$	\$	17,408,682 \$	\$	\$	•
	Other local taxes:										
	Local sales and use taxes	e taxes				2,365,212	•	2,365,212	•	•	•
	Coat road and severance taxes	erance taxes				524 334		790, 202			
	Consumption taxes	נמאפט				69.829		69.829			
	Grantee tax	1				80,254		80,254			
	Other local taxes					346,182		346,182			
	Unrestricted reven	nes from use of n	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property			540,298		540,298	5,525	1,651,373	2,541
	Miscellaneous					239,966		239,966	499,765	7,395	•
	Payments from the County of Russell, Virginia	County of Russel	I, Virginia			. !	•		9,363,110		362,185
	Grants and contributions not i	utions not restric	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs رحنه عرب الجهادية والجهادية المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة المعالمة ا	ams		2,908,374		2,908,374		627,010	
	Galli VII sate of cap Transfers	ורמו מסספרס				(147, 476)	147.476			t/0,t/	
	Total general revenues and transfers	iues and transfer	S		s	25,336,914 \$	142,476 \$	25,479,390 \$	9,868,400 \$	2,360,352 \$	364,726
	Change in net position	uc			ş	2,169,810 \$	(83,131) \$	2,086,679 \$	7,930,145 \$		(129,889)
	Net position (deficit) - beginning	- beginning				12,216,173	1,613,579	13,829,752	(16,106,527)	8,192,847	14,889,849
	Net position (deficit) - ending	- ending			Ş	14,385,983 \$	1,530,448 \$	15,916,431 \$	(8,176,382) \$	4,360,696 \$	14,759,960

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	<u>General</u>		Coal <u>Road</u>		<u>ARPA</u>	Gover	ther nmental <u>und</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,126,538	\$	-	\$	3,551,633	\$	10,904	\$	9,689,075
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):									
Taxes receivable	7,429,664		-		-		-		7,429,664
Accounts receivable	1,438,848		11,275		-		-		1,450,123
Due from other funds	86,164		-		-		-		86,164
Due from component unit	1,170,791		-		-		-		1,170,791
Due from other governmental units	3,217,362		-		-		-		3,217,362
Restricted assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	3,897,980		1,094,480		-		-		4,992,460
Investments	 1,582		-		-		-		1,582
Total assets	\$ 23,368,929	\$	1,105,755	\$	3,551,633	\$	10,904	\$	28,037,221
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$ 774,924	\$	4,851	\$	-	\$	-	\$	779,775
Construction payables	1,633,796		-		-		-		1,633,796
Reconciled overdraft	-		-		-		12,673		12,673
Unearned revenue	-		_		3,508,033				3,508,033
Due to other funds	18,692		_		-		86,164		104,856
Total liabilities	\$ 2,427,412	\$	4,851	\$	3,508,033	\$	98,837	\$	6,039,133
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 7,438,083	Ś	-	Ś	-	\$	-	Ś	7,438,083
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement	983,640	•	_	•	_	•	-	•	983,640
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 8,421,723	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,421,723
FUND BALANCES									
Restricted:									
Coal Road	\$ -	\$	1,100,904	Ś	-	\$	-	Ś	1,100,904
Courthouse construction	2,190,190	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	2,190,190
Asset forfeiture funds	135,010		_		-		-		135,010
Energy Lease Project	1,582		-		-		-		1,582
Grant funds	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_		43,600				43,600
Opioid Settlement	317,163		-		-		-		317,163
Assigned:	,								ŕ
Sheriff Funds	47,446		-		-		-		47,446
Library Donations	57,063		-		-		-		57,063
Road Improvements	95,305		_		_		-		95,305
Law Library	63,115		_		_		-		63,115
Commonwealth Attorney	500		_		_				500
Housing	12,124		_						12,124
Health and Fitness	8,246		-		_				8,246
Other purposes	25,696		_		_				25,696
Unassigned	9,566,354		-				(87,933)		9,478,421
Total fund balances	\$ 12,519,794	\$	1,100,904	Ś	43,600	\$	(87,933)	Ś	13,576,365
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 23,368,929	Ś	1,105,755	Ś	3,551,633	Š	10,904	Ś	28,037,221
. Stat tiabilities, deterred lintons of resources, and raile batanees	 23,300,727	~	1,103,733	7	3,331,033	7	10,707	~	25,057,221

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	13,576,365
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the				
funds.				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$	15,087,412		
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		26,238,791		
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(14,080,814)		27,245,389
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	3,144,158		
Unavailable revenue - opioid settlement		983,640	•	4,127,798
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures				
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	1,516,421		
OPEB related items		1,101,257		2,617,678
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and				
telecommunications, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in				
governmental activities in the statement of net position.				6,996,128
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are				
not reported in the funds.				
Bonds and literary loans	\$	(21,082,365)		
Lease liabilities		(2,641,232)		
Finance purchases		(4,357,157)		
Unamortized premium		(98,471)		
Accrued interest payable		(216,739)		
Landfill accrued closure and postclosure liability		(338,410)		
Net OPEB liabilities		(2,991,809)		
Compensated absences		(586,039)		
Net pension liability		(5,374,129)		(37,686,351)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in				
the funds.	_			
Pension related items	\$	(1,325,096)		(0. (6 · 55 · ·
OPEB related items		(1,165,928)		(2,491,024)
Net position of governmental activities			\$	14,385,983

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		<u>General</u>		Coal <u>Road</u>		<u>ARPA</u>	Other Government F	<u>und</u>	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES									
General property taxes	\$	17,486,031	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$,,
Other local taxes		3,883,939		498,131		-		-	4,382,070
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		39,584		-		-		-	39,584
Fines and forfeitures		3,893		-		-		-	3,893
Revenue from the use of money and property		486,519		40,728		-		-	527,247
Charges for services		310,295		-		-		-	310,295
Miscellaneous		458,649		-		-		-	458,649
Recovered costs		1,915,332		-		-		-	1,915,332
Intergovernmental:									
Commonwealth		10,733,388		-		-		-	10,733,388
Federal		3,681,326		-		983,618		-	4,664,944
Total revenues	\$	38,998,956	\$	538,859	\$	983,618	\$	- \$	40,521,433
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government administration	\$	2,172,315	\$	-	\$	65,253	\$	- \$	2,237,568
Judicial administration		3,164,553		-		-		-	3,164,553
Public safety		7,592,476		-		803,330		-	8,395,806
Public works		2,693,281		274,378		36,257		-	3,003,916
Health and welfare		8,837,644		-		-		-	8,837,644
Education		6,640,312		-		-		-	6,640,312
Parks, recreation, and cultural		657,696		-		-		-	657,696
Community development		739,180		-		-		-	739,180
Nondepartmental		322,190		-		-		-	322,190
Capital projects		9,244,984		-		-		-	9,244,984
Debt service:		, , , , ,							, , , ,
Principal retirement		2,192,241		_		-		-	2,192,241
Interest and other fiscal charges		691,405		-		-		-	691,405
Total expenditures	\$	44,948,277	\$	274,378	\$	904,840	\$	- \$	46,127,495
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
(under) expenditures	\$	(5,949,321)	\$	264,481	\$	78,778	\$	- \$	(5,606,062)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out	\$	(148,743)	\$	-	\$	(41,445)	\$	- \$	(190,188)
Transfers in	•	41,445	-	-		6,267		- '	47,712
Proceeds from lease		181,819		-		, · ·		-	181,819
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	74,521	\$	-	\$	(35,178)	\$	- \$	39,343
Net change in fund balances	\$	(5,874,800)	\$	264,481	\$	43,600	\$	- \$	(5,566,719)
Fund balances - beginning	•	18,394,594	-	836,423		-		7,933)	19,143,084
Fund balances - ending	5	12,519,794	Ś	1,100,904	Ś	43,600		7,933) \$	13,576,365

County of Russell, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$	(5,566,719)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment:				
Capital outlay Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation/amortization expense	\$	9,526,822 (2,388,737) (1,729,925)		5,408,160
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			_	
Property taxes Opioid stellement funds	\$	(77,349) (218,683)	<u>-</u>	(296,032)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when obligations is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.				
Issuance of long-term obligations: Lease liabilities Principal Payments:	\$	(181,819)		
Bonds, literary loans, and notes Lease liabilities Finance purchases		1,065,713 745,228 381,300		
Decrease (increase) in estimated liability: Landfill closure and postclosure liability		(22,434)	_	1,987,988
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$	(38,975)		
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable Change in OPEB related items Amortization of bond premiums	Ţ	(88,805) (219,677) 16,804		
Change in pension related items		292,887	-	(37,766)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.				674,179
Change in net position of governmental activities			S	2,169,810
			<u> </u>	_,,

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2023

Julie 30, 20		Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
		Dante <u>Fund</u>	Self <u>Health Insurance</u>
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,131	\$ 7,095,495
Interest receivable		96	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		11,235	749,780
Due from other funds		18,692	-
Total current assets	\$	34,154	\$ 7,845,275
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)	\$	49,575	\$ -
Capital assets:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	1,944,439	\$ -
Total noncurrent assets	\$	1,994,014	\$ -
Total assets	\$	2,028,168	\$ 7,845,275
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	\$	-	\$ -
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	17,659	\$ 849,147
Accrued interest payable		-	-
Revenue bonds - current portion		28,675	-
Total current liabilities	\$	46,334	\$ 849,147
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Revenue bonds - net of current portion	\$	448,771	\$ -
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	448,771	\$ -
Total liabilities	\$	495,105	\$ 849,147
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	\$	2,615	\$ -
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,466,993	\$ -
Restricted for debt service and bond covenants	7	49,575	-
Unrestricted		13,880	6,996,128
Total net position	ς	1,530,448	\$ 6,996,128
rotat net position	٠	1,330,740	0,770,120

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Fund			Internal Service Fund	
	Dante			Self	
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Health Insurance</u>	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Sewer revenues	\$	137,455	\$	-	
Insurance premiums		-		7,957,650	
Total operating revenues	\$	137,455	\$	7,957,650	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Professional services	\$	34,762	\$	-	
Materials and supplies		46,708		-	
Office expenses		7,309		-	
Repairs and maintenance		92,308		-	
Insurance claims and expenses		-		7,296,522	
Depreciation		131,017		-	
Total operating expenses	\$	312,104	\$	7,296,522	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(174,649)	\$	661,128	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income	\$	-	\$	13,051	
Contribution to Castlewood PSA		(28,800)		-	
Interest expense		(22,158)		-	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(50,958)	\$	13,051	
Income (loss) before transfers	\$	(225,607)	\$	674,179	
Transfers in	\$	142,476	\$	-	
Change in net position	\$	(83,131)	\$	674,179	
Total net position - beginning		1,613,579		6,321,949	
Total net position - ending	\$	1,530,448	\$	6,996,128	

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Enterprise	Internal
		Fund	Service Fund
	-	Dante	Self
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Health Insurance</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$	119,934 \$	-
Receipts for insurance premiums		<u>.</u>	7,836,655
Payments to suppliers		(179,843)	-
Payments to employees		(2,950)	-
Payments for premiums		-	(7,280,917)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(62,859) \$	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from other funds	\$	142,476 \$	-
Net cash provided by (used) for noncapital financing			
activities	\$	142,476 \$	<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING			
ACTIVITIES			
Principal payments on bonds	\$	(27,414) \$	-
Contribution to Castlewood PSA		(28,800)	-
Interest payments		(23,403)	-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related			
financing activities	\$	(79,617) \$	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest income	\$	- \$	13,051
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	- \$	568,789
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including restricted of \$49,575)		53,706	6,526,706
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including restricted of \$49,575)	\$	53,706 \$	7,095,495
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(174,649) \$	661,128
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation	\$	131,017 \$	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		407	(120,995)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		18	-
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(17,928)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,244	15,605
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		(2,968)	-
Total adjustments	\$	111,790 \$	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(62,859) \$	555,738

FIDUCIARY FUNDS
<u>Special Welfare</u> - The Special Welfare fund accounts for those funds belonging to individuals entrusted to the local social services agency, such as foster care children.
<u>VASAP</u> - The VASAP fund accounts for those funds belonging to the Southwest Virginia Alcohol Safety Action Program. The County is the fiscal agent for this program.

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

		Custodial Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,245	
Due from other governments		14,634	
Total assets	\$	69,879	
LIABILITIES			
Cash reconcile overdraft	\$	1,889	
Accounts payable		5,187	
Total liabilities	\$	7,076	
NET POSITION Restricted for:			
Held for social services client	\$	55,245	
Held for VASAP	,	7,558	
Total net position	\$	62,803	

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2023

	 Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Special welfare collections	\$ 22,576
Interest earned	1,845
Intergovernmental	152,580
Total additions	\$ 177,001
DEDUCTIONS	
Special welfare payments	\$ 27,760
Salaries and fringes	134,738
Contractual services	400
Professional services	11,496
Utilities	2,857
Insurance	1,699
Office rent	12,000
Office supplies	1,995
Miscellaneous	4,587
Travel	2,153
Total deductions	\$ 199,685
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$ (22,684)
Net position - beginning	\$ 85,487
Net position - ending	\$ 62,803

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of Russell, Virginia is a municipal corporation governed by an elected six-member Board of Supervisors. The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the County of Russell, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations, and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is both legally and substantively separate from the government.

B. Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units

<u>Russell County School Board</u>: The School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a discrete presentation of the County Financial statements. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

Industrial Development Authority of Russell County, Virginia (IDA): The IDA encourages and provides financing for industrial development in Russell County. The financial statements of the IDA have been included because the County appoints the governing body and has made moral obligation resolutions to finance deficits of any kind or nature that may occur each year subject to annual appropriation. Complete financial statements of the IDA can be obtained in writing at 137 Highland Drive, Lebanon, VA 24266.

<u>Russell County Public Service Authority (PSA)</u>: The PSA provides water and sewer service to residents of Russell County. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County because the County appoints the governing body and has financing guarantees involving the Authority. Complete financial statements of the PSA can be obtained in writing at 137 Highland Drive, Lebanon, Virginia 24266.

C. Other Related Organizations

<u>Related Organizations</u>: The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u>: The County, in conjunction with other local jurisdictions, participates in supporting the Southwest Virginia Regional Jail and the Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board. The governing bodies of these organizations are appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. During the year, the County contributed \$2,677,869 to the Regional Jail and \$39,996 to the Community Services Board. The County does not have any ongoing financial responsibility for these Organizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u>: The government-wide Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its component units. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u>: The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants). The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the County of Russell, Virginia's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The fund financial statements provide information about the County of Russell, Virginia's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, postemployment benefits, and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease and subscription assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The government reports the following governmental funds:

A. General Fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the activities of Social Services, Dog Tag, Damage Stamp, Law Library, Knox Creek, Cannery, Health and Fitness, Housing, CSA, Litter, Valley Heights Subdivision, and Road Improvements funds. The aforementioned Funds have been merged with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

B. Special Revenue Funds:

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.

The government reports the following major special revenue funds:

- <u>Coal Road Fund</u>: This fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for improvements to roads used in conjunction with coal mining and other expenses allowable by the Code of Virginia, (1950), as amended.
- <u>ARPA Fund</u>: This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for American Rescue Plan Act Funds.

The government reports the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

- Workforce Investment Fund: This fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for workforce development benefiting the County.
- <u>CARES Fund</u>: This fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for Coronavirus Relief Funds.

2. Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary Funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

A. Enterprise Funds:

Enterprise Funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. The County operates a water treatment system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the Dante fund which is an enterprise fund.

B. Internal Service Funds:

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Internal Service Fund consists of the Self Health Insurance Fund.

3. Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds):

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Custodial funds include the Special Welfare Fund and VASAP Fund. The Special Welfare Fund includes activity of the Title XX and the SSI Fund, which have all been merged for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

F. Program Revenues:

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

G. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses:

Proprietary Funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Internal Service Funds are charges to departments for health insurance. Operating expenses for Internal Service Funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

H. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits, as well as short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in installments on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$1,545,425 at June 30, 2023. The allowance consists of delinquent property taxes.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant, equipment, lease, subscription and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

As the government constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease and subscription assets, the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increases its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible property, plant, equipment, lease assets, subscription assets, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	40
Buildings and improvements	40
Lease buildings and improvements	40
Machinery and equipment	4-30
Lease machinery and equipment	4-30
Utility plant in service	40

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (Continued)

8. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will include a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes and opioid settlement receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30th, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, opioid settlements, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

10. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

11. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (Continued)

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC, Teacher HIC, and LODA OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In addition to the VRS related OPEB, the County and School Board allows their retirees to stay on the health insurance plan after retirement. The retiree is required to pay the blended premium cost creating and implicit subsidy OPEB liability. In addition, retirees receive a monthly stipend towards their health insurance cost until the retiree is Medicare eligible.

13. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

14. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements

The County has various lease assets and subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs) requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's (a SBITA vendor's) information technology (IT) software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets (the underlying IT assets), as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange-like transaction.

Lessor

The County recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (Continued)

14. Leases and Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (Continued)

Lessee

The County recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscriptions

The County recognizes intangible right-to-use subscription assets (subscription assets) and corresponding subscription liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription, the subscription liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription liability term (less any contract incentives). The subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is measured at the initial amount of the subscription liability payments made to the SBITA vendor before commencement of the subscription term, and capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The subscription asset is amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease and subscription payments to present value, (2) lease and subscription term, and (3) lease and subscription payments.

- The County uses the interest rate stated in lease or subscription contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the County uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and subscriptions.
- The lease and subscription terms include the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease or subscription is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease or subscription incentives and certain other
 payments are included in the measurement of the lease receivable (lessor), lease liability (lessee) or
 subscription liability.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases and subscriptions. The County will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor), lease asset and liability (lessee) or the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable, lease liability or subscription liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (Continued)

15. Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance". County's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaid expenditures) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet
 the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an
 official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments,
 assignments general only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally
 have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional
 action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision-making authority and the formal action that is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

The County of Russell will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 16% of the expenditures/operating revenues (two months). The County considers a balance of less than 10% to be a cause for concern, barring unusual or deliberate circumstances.

The County considers restricted fund balance to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which restricted and unassigned, assigned, or committed fund balances are available, unless prohibited by legal documents or contracts. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned amounts are available, the County considers committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

H. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (Continued)

16. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of
 resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on
 asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All Funds of the County have legally adopted budgets with the exception of the Industrial Development Authority Fund and Agency Funds.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the departmental level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (Continued)

A. Budgetary Information (Continued)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Funds. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

At June 30, 2023, no fund had excess of expenditures over appropriations.

C. Deficit fund balance

At June 30, 2023, the CARES fund had a deficit fund balance.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporations (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard & Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). As of and for the year ending June 30, 2023, the County did not have any investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
Local Government:	-		
Southwest Virginia Regional Jail	\$	743,272 \$	-
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
Local sales tax		400,437	-
State sales tax		-	732,574
Non-categorical aid		720,610	-
Categorical aid-shared expenses		236,237	-
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		185,467	-
Categorical aid-other		326,005	-
Categorical aid-Comprehensive Services Act funds		362,622	-
Federal Government:			
Categorical aid-Virginia Public Assistance funds		226,883	-
Categorical aid-other		15,829	-
School federal programs	_	-	1,327,867
Total Amount Due from Other Governmental Units	\$_	3,217,362 \$	2,060,441

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations:

Fund		Due to Primary Government/ Component Unit	_	Due from Primary Government/ Component Unit				
Primary Government: General Fund	\$_	-	\$	1,170,791				
Component Unit:								
School Board	\$	970,791	\$	-				
IDA		200,000		-				
Total	\$_	1,170,791	\$	-				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 5-Interfund/Component-Unit Obligations: (Continued)

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Fund	_	Transfers In	_	Transfers Out
Primary Government:			_	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	148,743
Dante Fund		142,476		-
CARES Fund		-		-
ARPA Fund		6,267		-
Total	\$	148,743	\$	148,743
Fund		Due From		Due To
Primary Government:			-	
General Fund	\$	86,164	\$	18,692
Dante Fund		18,692		-
CARES Fund	_	-	_	86,164
Total	\$	104,856	\$	104,856

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2023:

		Balance July 1, 2022		Increases / Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements		Balance June 30, 2023
Direct borrowings and placements								
General obligation bonds	\$	2,996,162	\$	-	\$	(564,997)	\$	2,431,165
Literary loans		12,500		-		(12,500)		-
Revenue bonds		16,015,000		-		(279,750)		15,735,250
Locality compensation payments		3,124,417		-		(208,466)		2,915,951
Finance purchase notes		4,738,456		-		(381,300)		4,357,156
Deferred Amounts:								
Bond premiums		115,275		-		(16,804)		98,471
Total direct borrowings								
and placements	\$_	27,001,810	\$_	-	\$_	(1,463,817)	\$_	25,537,993
Other long-term obligations								
Lease liabilities	\$	3,204,641	\$	181,819	\$	(745,228)	\$	2,641,232
Landfill closure/								
postclosure liability		315,976		22,434		-		338,410
Net OPEB liabilities		3,179,970		1,902,765		(2,090,926)		2,991,809
Compensated absences		547,064		449,273		(410,298)		586,039
Net pension liability		3,751,136		3,296,674		(1,673,681)		5,374,129
Total other long-term	_						_	
obligations	\$_	10,998,787	\$_	5,852,965	\$_	(4,920,133)	\$_	11,931,619
Total	\$_	38,000,597	\$_	5,852,965	\$_	(6,383,950)	\$_	37,469,612

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Director Borrowing

Year Ending	and Placer	ment	Lease Liabilities			
June 30,	 Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2024	\$ 957,561 \$	758,894 \$	740,523 \$	90,645		
2025	826,637	667,504	730,438	55,651		
2026	1,307,301	627,683	670,826	30,872		
2027	1,350,695	581,371	211,771	14,140		
2028	1,109,704	538,517	179,737	4,610		
2029-2033	5,387,766	2,165,806	107,937	718		
2034-2038	4,729,361	1,386,468	-	-		
2039-2043	3,313,982	864,358	-	-		
2044-2048	3,756,265	501,904	-	-		
2049-2051	 2,700,250	126,946	<u> </u>			
Totals	\$ 25,439,522 \$	8,219,451 \$	2,641,232 \$	196,636		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u> (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Installment Amounts	Amount of Original Issue		Go	Balance overnmental Activities	Dι	Amount ue Within ne Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements										<u>.</u>
General Obligation Bonds:										
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2006	2027	\$147,228-197,458 a+	3	,205,190	\$	761,356	\$	183,549
General obligation bond	4.60%-5.10%	2009	2030	\$55,000-110,000 a+		,485,000		685,000		85,000
General obligation bond	3.05%-5.05%	2010	2031	\$55,000-120,000 a+		,620,000		820,000		85,000
Total General Obligation Bonds				****		,,	\$	2,266,356	\$	353,549
							÷	,,		
Revenue Bonds:										
VRA Virginia HELPS Program	1.975%-2.100%	1/14/2022	2051	\$445,000-770,000 a+	\$ 16	,015,000	\$	15,735,250	\$	-
Locality Compensation Payments:										
VRA - Moral Obligation	0.00%	2021	2041	\$25,131-174,321 a+	\$ 3	,149,548	\$	2,915,951	\$	330,961
RD - Moral Obligation	5.75%	1988	2028	\$13,063-41,261 a+		672,000		164,809		34,737
Total Locality Compensation Payments							\$	3,080,760	\$	365,698
Finance Purchase Notes:										
Energy Lease	4.60%	4/19/2017	2037	\$173,771-415,639 a-	\$ 5	,588,478	\$	4,357,156	\$	238,314
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements							\$	25,439,522	\$	957,561
Plus:										
Unamortized Premium							\$	98,471	\$	16,804
Lease Liabilities:										
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	10.44%	2021	2025	\$291 (m)	\$	13,663	\$	6,273	\$	2,974
Sheriff - 2019 RAM 2500	11.57%	2020	2025	\$357 (m)		16,342		5,565		3,834
Sheriff - 2019 Nissan Frontier	10.77%	2020	2025	\$291 (m)		13,558		4,062		3,205
Sheriff - 2019 Dodge Journey	12.90%	2020	2025	\$221 (m)		9,825		3,228		2,369
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	9.91%	2020	2025	\$368 (m)		17,521		5,501		4,057
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	9.91%	2020	2025	\$368 (m)		17,521		5,501		4,057
Sheriff - 2019 Dodge RAM 1500	9.54%	2020	2025	\$454 (m)		21,754		6,791		5,012
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	10.06%	2020	2025	\$368 (m)		17,464		5,496		4,052
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	10.06%	2020	2025	\$368 (m)		17,464		5,496		4,052
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	9.91%	2020	2025	\$369 (m)		17,564		6,154		4,001
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	9.91%	2020	2025	\$369 (m)		17,563		6,153		4,001
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	11.72%	2020	2025	\$295 (m)		13,477		5,093		3,106
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	11.72%	2020	2025	\$295 (m)		13,477		5,093		3,106
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	11.72%	2020	2025	\$295 (m)		13,477		5,093		3,106
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	11.72%	2020	2025	\$295 (m)		13,477		5,093		3,106
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	10.06%	2020	2025	\$455 (m)		21,547		7,955		4,876
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	11.72%	2020	2025	\$295 (m)		13,477		5,093		3,106
Sheriff - 2019 Dodge RAM 1500	10.57%	2020	2025	\$291 (m)		13,644		5,073		3,105
Sheriff - 2019 Dodge RAM 1500	10.57%	2020	2025	\$291 (m)		13,644		5,073		3,105
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	10.83%	2020	2025	\$291 (m)		13,562		5,305		3,068
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)		14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)		14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)		14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)		14,936		5,969		3,294

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness</u> (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness: (Continued)

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>		Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	G	Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Dι	Amount ue Within One Year
Lease Liabilities: (Continued)	0.430/	2020	2025	\$200 ()	.		F 0/0		2 204
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)		\$	5,969	\$	3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)	14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)	14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)	14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)	14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.13%	2020	2025	\$309 (m)	14,936		5,969		3,294
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.07%	2021	2025	\$310 (m)	15,009		6,775		3,235
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Charger	9.07%	2021	2025	\$310 (m)	15,009		6,775		3,235
Sheriff - 2021 Jeep Grand Cherokee	8.65%	2021	2026	\$420 (m)	23,012		14,140		4,601
Sheriff - 2022 Ford	12.88%	2022	2027	\$634 (m)	28,233		22,916		4,940
Sheriff - 2022 Ford	11.35%	2022	2027	\$689 (m)	31,737		26,048		5,598
County Admin - 2020 Chevy Tahoe	10.77%	2020	2025	\$537 (m)	25,052		7,505		5,923
Sheriff - 2021 Nissan NV200	8.65%	2022	2027	\$345 (m)	16,859		11,157		3,299
Sheriff - 2020 Chevy Tahoe	10.77%	2020	2025	\$495 (m)	23,097		6,919		5,460
Sheriff - 2020 Dodge Durango	9.91%	2020	2025	\$297 (m)	14,118		4,432		3,269
DSS - Building & Improvements	1.77%	2019	2029	\$13,582 (m)	1,494,941		878,153		148,643
County Building	2.54%	2013	2025	\$223,306-459,500 (a+)	5,086,100		1,324,220		415,820
Sheriff - 2022 Nissan Frontier	19.59%	2022	2027	\$680 (m)	26,311		23,117		3,976
Sheriff - 2023 Chevrolet Silverado 2500	46.52%	2022	2024	\$788 (m)	12,637		9,677		6,158
Sheriff - 2022 Ford Interceptor	14.43%	2023	2027	\$768 (m)	33,097		30,385		5,168
Sheriff - 2023 Ford Intercepter	13.07%	2023	2028	\$783 (m)	34,749		32,712		5,443
Sheriff - 2022 Ram 1500	38.69%	2023	2028	\$287 (m)	7,829		7,452		677
Sheriff - 2022 Dodge Durango	12.99%	2022	2027	\$702 (m)	31,210		26,600		5,280
Sheriff - 2023 Chevrolet Silverado 2500	14.36%	2023	2028	\$834 (m)	35,986		33,468		5,560
Total Lease Liabilities						\$	2,641,232	\$	740,523
Other Long-term Obligations:									
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Liability						\$	338,410	\$	-
Net OPEB Liabilities							2,991,809		-
Compensated Absences							586,039		439,529
Net Pension Liability							5,374,129		-
Total Other Long-term Obligations						\$	9,290,387	\$	439,529
Total Long-term Obligations						\$	37,469,612	\$	2,154,417

⁽a+) - annual principal installments shown; does not include semi-annual interest installments

The County's general obligation bonds/literary loans are subject to the State Aid Intercept Program. Under terms of the program, the County state aid is redirected to bond holders to cure any event(s) of default.

If an event of default occurs with the revenue bonds, the principal of the bond(s) may be declared immediately due and payable to the registered owner of the bond(s) by written notice to the County.

⁽sa) - semi-annual installments including interest, in applicable

⁽a-) - annual principal installments shown; does not include annual interest installments

⁽a) - annual principal and interest installments shown

 $[\]mbox{(m)}$ - monthly principal and interest installments shown

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Indebtedness</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	_	Balance July 1, 2022		Issuances	Retirements	_	Balance June 30, 2023
Direct borrowings and placements Revenue bonds	\$_	504,860	\$_	\$	(27,414)	\$_	477,446
Total	\$_	504,860	\$_	\$	(27,414)	\$_	477,446

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings and Placements										
Year Ending		Revenue Bonds									
June 30,	F	Principal	I	nterest							
2024	\$	28,675	\$	20,897							
2025		29,993		19,579							
2026		31,370		18,202							
2027		32,812		16,760							
2028		34,319		15,253							
2029-2033		196,742		51,118							
2034-2036		123,535		7,723							
Totals	\$	477,446	\$	149,532							

Details of long-term indebtedness:

			Final	Amount of	Balance	Amount
	Interest	Date	Maturity	Original	Business-Type	Due Within
	Rates	Issued	<u>Date</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Activities</u>	One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements						
Revenue Bonds:						
Revenue bond	4.50%	4/10/1996	2036	\$ 900,000	\$ 477,446	\$ 28,675

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	 Balance July 1, 2022	_	Increases		Decreases	Balance June 30, 2023
Lease liabilities	\$ 402,114	\$	-	\$	(135,454) \$	266,660
Net OPEB liabilities	16,305,775		2,291,234		(2,071,545)	16,525,464
Compensated absences	1,126,319		777,523		(844,739)	1,059,103
Net pension liability	 22,673,285		17,916,436	_	(13,394,951)	27,194,770
Total	\$ 40,507,493	\$	20,985,193	\$	(16,446,689) \$	45,045,997

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Lease Liabilities							
June 30,		Principal		Interest					
2024	- <u>-</u> \$	131,134	\$ \$	8,933					
2025	·	135,526		4,540					
Totals	\$	266,660	\$	13,473					

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Or	ount of riginal ssue		Total <u>Amount</u>	_	Amount Oue Within One Year
<u>Lease Liabilities:</u>									
Bus Lease	3.35%	5/13/2022	9/15/2024	\$ 4	402,114	\$	266,660	\$	131,134
Other Obligations: Net OPEB Liabilities Compensated Absences						\$	16,525,464 1,059,103	\$	- 794,327
Net Pension Liability Total Other Obligations					-	Ś	27,194,770 44,779,337	Ś	794,327
Total Long-Term Obligations					- -	\$	45,045,997	\$	925,461

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through County of Russell, Virginia and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 15.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,032,807 and \$843,088 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$5,374,129 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Credible compensation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the County's proportion was 99.0521% and 99.1811%, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in Russell County's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality
	improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit
	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest
	10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
100.00%		5.33%
	Inflation	2.50%
Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.83%
	Target Asset Allocation 34.00% 15.00% 14.00% 14.00% 6.00% 3.00%	Target Asset Allocation 34.00% 15.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 14.00% 15.00% 100.00% Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 4.44 of Return 5.71% 4.78% 4.78% 4.47% 4.47% 6.00% 3.73% 6.00% 6.55%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return or 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions: the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023 the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate				
	 1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase
	(5.75%)	_	(6.75%)	_	(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,435,575	\$	5,374,129	\$	1,235,869

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$736,946. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Primary (GO۱	vernment
	Ī	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	75,312	\$	322,151
Change in assumptions		406,040		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,002,945
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,262		2,615
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,032,807		<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	1,516,421	\$	1,327,711

\$1,032,807 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Primary
Year ended June 30	Government
2024	\$ (93,140)
2025	(541,707)
2026	(676,052)
2027	466,802
Thereafter	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	150
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	12
Non-vested inactive members	21
Long-term disability (LTD)	3
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	18
Total inactive members	54
Active members	100
Total covered employees	304

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 24.95% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$621,715 and \$508,337 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)</u> (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Component Unit-School Board (Nonprofessional)					
	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability (a)	_	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	19,232,376	\$	13,765,996	\$	5,466,380
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	182,762	\$	-	\$	182,762
Interest		1,261,509		-		1,261,509
Differences between expected and actual experience		522,744		_		522,744
Contributions - employer		-		508,338		(508,338)
Contributions - employee		_		113,516		(113,516)
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds		-		(1,675)		1,675
of employee contributions		(1,452,231)		(1,452,231)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(8,729)		8,729
Other changes		-		304		(304)
Net changes	\$	514,784	\$	(840,477)	\$	1,355,261
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	19,747,160	\$	12,925,519	\$	6,821,641

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)</u> (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1% Decrease (5.75%)				1% Increase (7.75%)	
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)						
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,989,897	\$	6,821,641	\$	5,019,631

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$652,608. At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School			
	Board (No	npro	ofessional)	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 293,470	\$	49,771	
Change in assumptions	77,880		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		411,123	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	621,715		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$ 993,065	\$_	460,894	

\$621,715 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Component Unit School Board
Year ended June 30	_	(Nonprofessional)
2024	\$	104,803
2025		(98,527)
2026		(276,334)
2027		180,514
Thereafter		-

Component Unit School Board (Professional)

Plan Description

All full time, salaries permanent (Professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$3,221,914 and \$3,179,016 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$442.4 million to the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional)</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported a liability of \$20,373,129 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion was 0.21399% as compared to 0.22165% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school division recognized pension expense of \$597,760. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board				
		(Professional)			
	_	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	_	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,404,808	
Change of assumptions		1,920,776		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,656,229	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		190,514		1,295,877	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,221,914			
Total	\$_	5,333,204	\$	5,356,914	

\$3,221,914 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (Professional)</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2024	\$ (1,038,496)
2025	(1,195,302)
2026	(2,044,644)
2027	1,032,818
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ \$	54,732,329 45,211,731 9,520,598
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		82.61%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (Professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate						
	•	1% Decrease	Cu	rrent Discount		1% Increase	
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher							
Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability	\$	36,387,968	\$	20,373,129	\$	7,333,528	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

Aggregate Pension Information

	Primary Government						Co	omponent U	nit	School Board	d		
	Deferred		Deferred		Net Pension	Pension	Deferred		Deferred		Net Pension		Pension
	Outflows		Inflows		Liability	 Expense	Outflows	_	Inflows		Liability		Expense
VRS Pension Plans:													
Primary Government	\$ 1,516,453	\$	1,327,743	\$	5,374,129	\$ 736,946	\$ - 9	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional	-		-		-	-	993,065		460,894		6,821,641		652,608
School Board Professional	-		-		-	-	5,333,204		5,356,914		20,373,129		597,760
Totals	\$ 1,516,453	\$	1,327,743	\$	5,374,129	\$ 736,946	\$ 6,326,269	\$ _	5,817,808	\$	27,194,770	\$	1,250,368

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8-Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

Plan Description

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Russell County OPEB Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees to include Medical, Dental, and Vision insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the County who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Benefits for both the retiree and their dependent spouse are provided for their respective lifetimes. If the retiree predeceases the spouse, the spouse is eligible to continue their health coverage.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Employees	143
Retirees and Spouses	3
Total	146

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Supervisors. The amount paid by the County for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$13,877.

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8-Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Discount Rate	3.65% as of June 30, 2023
	3.54% as of June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 0.50% in 2021 and 6.10% in 2022 then
	gradually declines to 3.90% in 2073 and later.
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50%
	increase for 20 or more years of service.
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 61.
Mortality Rates	The pre-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were calculated using RP-2014
	Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale
	BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are
	assumed to be service-related.
	The pre-retirement mortality rates for Public Safety Employees were calculated using RP-2014
	Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale
	BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year. 35% of deaths are assumed to be
	service-related.
	The post-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were calculated using RP-2014
	Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale
	BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase
	compounded from ages 70 to 85.
	The post-retirement mortality rates for Public Safety Employees were calculated using RP-
	2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with
	Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to
	90; females set forward 3 years.
	The post-disablement mortality rates of General Employees were calculated using RP-2014
	Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130%
	of rates.
	The post-disablement mortality rates of Publci Safety Employees were calculated using RP-
	2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years;
	unisex using 100% male.

The demographic assumptions used to determine the Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the Virginia Retirement System covering the period from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions recommended as a result of this study were adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees on April 26, 2017.

Discount Rate

The discount rates are based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index as of their respective measurement dates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8-Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	ry Government OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 760,949
Changes during Year:	
Service Cost	\$ 30,821
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	27,786
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	(7,303)
Benefit Payments	(13,877)
Net Changes	\$ 37,427
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 798,376

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65%) or one percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current discount rate:

			Rate				
	1% Decrease	Current	t Discount Rate	1%	Increase		
(2.65%)			(3.65%)	(4.65%)			
\$	867,335	\$	798,376	\$	735,168		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rates				
		Healt	thcare Cost				
1%	Decrease		Trend	1% Increase			
\$	704,655	\$	798,376	\$	907,759		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8-Primary Government Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$100,303. At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	24,348	\$ 34,074
Changes in assumptions		169,825	76,591
Total	\$	194,173	\$ 110,665

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	
2024	\$	41,526
2025		41,351
2026		14,411
2027		(12,528)
2028		(1,252)
Thereafter		-

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 9-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance:

Plan Description

The School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, the Russell County Public Schools OPEB Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Schools Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits are provided to eligible retirees to include Medical, Dental, and Vision insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Benefits for both the retiree and their dependent spouse are provided for their respective lifetimes. If the retiree predeceases the spouse, the spouse is eligible to continue their health coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 9-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	546
Retirees and Spouses	40
Total	586

Contributions

The School Board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$498,861.

Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 9-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Discount Rate	3.65% as of June 30, 2023
	3.54% as of June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 0.50% in 2021 and 6.10% in 2022 then gradually declines to 3.90% in 2073 and later.
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% for 20 or more years of service.
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 61.
Mortality Rates	The pre-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service-related.
	The pre-retirement mortality rates for Teachers were calculated using RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; 5% of deaths are assumed to be service-related.
	The post-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.
	The post-retirement mortality rates for Teachers were calculated using RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.
	The post-disablement mortality rates of General Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.
	The post-disablement mortality rates of Teachers were calculated using RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The demographic assumptions used to determine the Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2023 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the Virginia Retirement System coving the period from July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions recommended as a result of this study were adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees on April 26, 2017.

Discount Rate

The discount rates are based on the Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond GO Index as of their respective measurement dates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 9-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

		Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$_	11,856,494
Changes during Year:		
Service Cost	\$	619,913
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		432,912
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs		(100,208)
Benefit Payments		(498,861)
Net Changes	\$_	453,756
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ <u></u>	12,310,250

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65%) or one percentage point higher (4.65%) than the current discount rate:

Rate								
1% Decrease (2.65%)	Currer	nt Discount Rate (3.65%)	1	% Increase (4.65%)				
 (2.03%)		(3.0370)		(4.0370)				
\$ 13,243,808	\$	12,310,250	\$	11,429,502				

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Rates								
Healthcare Cost								
1% Decrease Trend				1% Increase				
\$	10,809,380	\$	12,310,250	\$	14,089,332			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 9-Component Unit School Board Other Postemployment Benefits-Health Insurance: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$1,646,231. At June 30, 2023, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	392,570
Changes in assumptions	_	1,563,292	. <u>-</u>	85,472
Total	\$_	1,563,292	\$_	478,042

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

0	
\$	592,044
	529,139
	(9,312)
	(9,312)
	(9,312)
	(7,997)
	

Additional disclosures on changes in School Board's total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured plan, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,984 as of June 30, 2023.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the County were \$38,583 and \$36,041 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) were \$13,959 and \$13,463 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Contributions to the GLI Plan from the Component Unit School Board (Professional) were \$108,552 and \$106,394 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$30.4 million to the Group Life Insurance Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI PLan OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$369,417 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) reported a liability of \$137,989 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

At June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (Professional) reported a liability of \$1,090,671 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability.

The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.03070% as compared to 0.03050% at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) proportion was 0.01150% as compared to 0.01220% at June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the Component Unit School Board (Professional) proportion was 0.09060% as compared to 0.09400% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$11,728. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$(3,652). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the GLI Plan OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Component Unit School Board (Professional) recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$12,604. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2023, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

						Component Unit School Board			Component Unit School Board				
		Primary (Gον	ernment		(Nonprofessional)				(Professional)			
	-	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	-	of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected													
and actual experience	\$	29,253	\$	14,820	\$	10,927	\$	5,536	\$	86,367	\$	43,755	
Changes in proportion		9,709		14,705		-		24,552		6,225		71,943	
Changes in assumptions		13,779		35,983		5,147		13,441		40,680		106,236	
Net difference between projected and actual													
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		23,083		-		8,622		-		68,151	
Employer contributions subsequent to the													
measurement date		38,583		-		13,959		-		108,552		-	
Total	\$	91,324	\$	88,591	\$	30,033	\$	52,151	\$	241,824	\$	290,085	

\$38,583, \$13,959, and \$108,552 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County's, Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional), and Component Unit School Board (Professional), respectively, contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)	Component Unit School Board (Professional)
2024	\$ (6,545) \$	(9,982) \$	(38,379)
2025	(9,019)	(8,591)	(33,586)
2026	(20,284)	(11,826)	(66,030)
2027	2,225	(2,866)	(2,814)
2028	(2,227)	(2,812)	(16,004)
Thereafter	-	-	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Teachers3.50%-5.95%Locality - General employees3.50%-5.35%Locality - Hazardous Duty employees3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For		
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a		
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020		
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set		
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;		
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all		
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and		
	service decrement through 9 years of service		
Disability Rates	No change		
Salary Scale	No change		
Line of Duty Disability	No change		
Discount Rate	No change		

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

[11	Tu 1
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased
retirement healthy, and disabled)	disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-
	2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final
	retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and
	service to rates based on service only to better fit experience
	and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,672,085
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,467,989
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,204,096
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	67.21%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.83%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75%, which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 10-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	19	% Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1	% Increase
		(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
Proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Plan Net OPEB Liability:						
County	\$	537,545	\$	369,417	\$	233,546
Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)	\$	200,791	\$	137,989	\$	87,237
Component Unit School Board (Professional)	\$	1,587,053	\$	1,090,671	\$	689,525

Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	15	70
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	1	1
Total inactive members	16	71
Active members	29	100
Total covered employees	45	171

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.25% of covered employee compensation. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 3.53% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the County to the HIC Plan were \$3,610 and \$3,410 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively. Contributions from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) to the Health Insurance Credit Plan were \$90,930 and \$87,833 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The County and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.50%-5.35% Locality - Hazardous Duty employees 3.50%-4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future
retirement healthy, and disabled)	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate
	rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final
	retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service
Withdrawat Rates	decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables.
retirement healthy, and disabled)	Increased disability life expectancy. For future
	mortality improvements, replace load with a modified
	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed
	final retirement age from 65 to 70
	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age
 Withdrawal Rates	and service to rates based on service only to better fit
Withdrawat Nates	experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top
	10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.83%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability - Primary Government

		Increase (Decrease)		
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	101,522 \$	87,633 \$	13,889
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	\$	4,001 \$	- \$	4,001
Interest		6,657	-	6,657
Differences between expected				
and actual experience		(4,800)	-	(4,800)
Assumption changes		39,201	-	39,201
Contributions - employer		-	3,411	(3,411)
Net investment income		-	334	(334)
Benefit payments		(13,789)	(13,789)	-
Administrative expenses		-	(141)	141
Other changes			8,365	(8,365)
Net changes	\$	31,270 \$	(1,820) \$	33,090
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	132,792 \$	85,813 \$	46,979

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability - Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

		Increase (Decrease)			
	_	Total HIC OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	412,443 \$	12,558 \$	399,885	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	2,493 \$	- \$	2,493	
Interest		26,772	-	26,772	
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		(6,494)	-	(6,494)	
Assumption changes		12,031	-	12,031	
Contributions - employer		-	87,833	(87,833)	
Net investment income		-	(1,383)	1,383	
Benefit payments		(36,628)	(36,628)	-	
Administrative expenses		-	(104)	104	
Other changes		<u>-</u>	1,522	(1,522)	
Net changes	\$	(1,826) \$	51,240 \$	(53,066)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	410,617 \$	63,798 \$	346,819	

Sensitivity of the County's and Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's and Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate					
		1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	_	(5.75%)	_	(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
County's Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	59,408	\$	46,979	\$	36,233	
Component Unit School Board's (Nonprofessional) Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	383,901	\$	346,819	\$	314,845	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County and Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) recognized Health Insurance Credit Plan OPEB expense of \$3,483 and \$(9,817), respectively. At June 30, 2023, the County and Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Plan from the following sources:

		5.				•		School Board		
		Primary (_	(Nonprofessional)				
	Defe	rred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
	0	f Resources		of Resources	_	of Resources		of Resources		
Differences between expected										
and actual experience	\$	2,562	\$	5,021	\$	5,779	\$	145,564		
Net difference between projected and actual										
earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		-		2,462		767		-		
Change in assumptions		31,359		-		40,429		-		
Employer contributions subsequent to the										
measurement date		3,610	_	-	_	90,930		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$	37,531	\$	7,483	\$	137,905	\$	145,564		

\$3,610 and \$90,930 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the County and Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Primary Government	 Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)
2024	\$ 7,693	\$ (37,055)
2025	7,093	(53,458)
2026	6,395	(8,879)
2027	5,257	803

Health Insurance Credit Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Plan Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by \$51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate, which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program were \$243,042 and \$238,340 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$12 million to the VRS Teacher HIC Plan. This special payment was authorized by a budget amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act, and is classified as a non-employer contribution.

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported a liability of \$2,639,735 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC was 0.21134% as compared to 0.21915% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense of \$169,166. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions.

At June 30, 2023, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	- -	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	107,600
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments	-		2,650
Change in assumptions	77,120		6,741
Changes in proportionate share and differences between actual and expected contributions	19,215		185,780
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	243,042		<u> </u>
Total	\$ 339,377	\$	302,771

\$243,042 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
	_	
2024	\$	(49,852)
2025		(44,152)
2026		(35,826)
2027		(21,888)
2028		(27,763)
Thereafter		(26,955)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For
retirement healthy, and disabled)	future mortality improvements, replace load with a
	modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set
	separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;
	changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and
	service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 1,470,891
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	221,845
Teacher Employee Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,249,046
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	 15.08%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.55%	0.20%
Total	100.00%		5.33%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return**	7.83%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

^{**}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 12—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	 1% Decrease	(Current Discount		1% Increase
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)
School division's proportionate					
share of the VRS Teacher					
Employee HIC OPEB Plan					
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 2,975,012	\$	2,639,735	\$	2,355,529

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 13-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program:

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) was established pursuant to \$9.1-400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System). Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in FY 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the System's actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers.

The specific information for LODA OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities as well as hazardous duty employees who are covered under the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) are automatically covered by the LODA Program. As required by statute, the Virginia Retirement System (the System) is responsible for managing the assets of the program.

Benefit Amounts

The LODA program death benefit is a one-time payment made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries of a covered individual. Amounts vary as follows: \$100,000 when a death occurs as the direct or proximate result of performing duty as of January 1, 2006, or after; \$25,000 when the cause of death is attributed to one of the applicable presumptions and occurred earlier than five years after the retirement date; or an additional \$20,000 benefit is payable when certain members of the National Guard and U.S. military reserves are killed in action in any armed conflict on or after October 7, 2001.

The LODA program also provides health insurance benefits. The health insurance benefits are managed through the Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM). The health benefits are modeled after the State Employee Health Benefits Program plans and provide consistent, premium-free continued health plan coverage for LODA-eligible disabled individuals, survivors and family members.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the LODA Program are governed by \$9.1-400.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the LODA Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$681.84 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and represents the pay-as-you-go funding rate and not the full actuarial cost of the benefits under the program. The actuarially determined pay-as-you-go rate was expected to finance the costs and related expenses of benefits payable during the year. Contributions to the LODA Program from the entity were \$61,195 and \$64,669 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 13-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the entity reported a liability of \$1,777,037 for its proportionate share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability. The Net LODA OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total LODA OPEB liability used to calculate the Net LODA OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The entity's proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability was based on the entity's actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions to the LODA OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the entity's proportion was 0.46960% as compared to 0.46500% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the entity recognized LODA OPEB expense of \$230,766. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the LODA OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2023, the entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	136,525	\$	332,125
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on LODA OPEB program investments		-		7,599
Change in assumptions		495,566		438,300
Change in proportionate share		84,943		181,165
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	61,195	_	-
Total	\$_	778,229	\$	959,189

\$61,195 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB resulting from the entity's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net LODA OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 13-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB will be recognized in LODA OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2024	\$	(8,219)
2025		(8,057)
2026		(7,884)
2027		(5,381)
2028		(14,232)
Thereafter		(198,382)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total LODA OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation: Locality employees	N/A
Medical cost trend rates assumption: Under age 65 Ages 65 and older	7.00%-4.75% 5.25%-4.75%
Year of ultimate trend rate Under age 65 Ages 65 and older	Fiscal year ended 2028 Fiscal year ended 2023
Investment rate of return	3.69%, including inflation*

^{*}Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.69% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 13-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 13-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Net LODA OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the LODA Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the LODA Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_LO	DA Program
Total LODA OPEB Liability	\$	385,669
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		7,214
LODA Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	378,455
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total LODA OPEB Liability		1.87%

The total LODA OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA OPEB Program's investments was set at 3.69% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS Pooled Investments 6.75% assumption. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.69% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total LODA OPEB liability was 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and that they will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by participating employers to the LODA OPEB Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 13-Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the discount rate of 3.69%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.69%) or one percentage point higher (4.69%) than the current rate:

		Discount Rate					
		1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase			
	_	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)			
County's proportionate share of the LODA							
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,028,472 \$	1,777,037 \$	1,571,335			

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

Because the LODA Program contains a provision for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate:

		Health Care Trend Rates							
	-	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing	Current (7.00% decreasing	(8	1% Increase .00% decreasing				
County's proportionate share of the LODA	-	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)		to 5.75%)				
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,497,541 \$	1,777,037	\$	2,127,849				

LODA OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LODA Program Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 14-Aggregate OPEB Information:

			Primary Go	vernment			Component Unit Scho				chool Board	Board			
		Deferred	Deferred	Net OPEB	OPEB		Deferred Outflows		Deferred		Deferred	١	Net OPEB		OPEB
	_	Outflows	Inflows	Liability	Expense				Inflows	Liability			Expense		
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 8)	c	194,173 \$	110,665 \$	798,376 \$	100,303	S	_	ć	_	c	_	Ś			
* * *	þ	174,175 \$, ,	770,370 \$,	Ç		ڔ		٠		•			
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 9)		-	-	-	-		1,563,292		478,042		12,310,250		1,646,231		
VRS OPEB Plans:															
Group Life Insurance Plan (Note 10):															
County		91,324	88,591	369,417	11,728		-		-		-		-		
School Board Nonprofessional		-	-	-	-		30,033		52,151		137,989		(3,652)		
School Board Professional		-	-	-	-		241,824		290,085		1,090,671		12,604		
County Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 11)		37,531	7,483	46,979	3,483		-		-		-		-		
Nonprofessional Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 11)		-	-	-	-		137,905		145,564		346,819		(9,817)		
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Plan (Note 12)		-	-	-	-		339,377		302,771		2,639,735		169,166		
Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program (Note 13)	_	778,229	959,189	1,777,037	230,766		-		-		-				
Totals	\$_	1,101,257 \$	1,165,928 \$	2,991,809 \$	346,280	\$	2,312,431	\$_	1,268,613	\$	16,525,464	\$	1,814,532		

Note 15-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Primary Government:

		Beginning			_	Ending
	_	Balance		Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:						
Land	\$	701,353	\$	- 5	- \$	701,353
Construction in progress		5,164,406		9,221,653	-	14,386,059
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	\$_	5,865,759	\$	9,221,653	- \$	15,087,412
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	21,149,911	\$	- 5	(4,632,954) \$	16,516,957
Lease buildings and improvements		3,361,167		-	-	3,361,167
Machinery and equipment		6,101,118		123,350	(561,589)	5,662,879
Lease machinery and equipment		515,969		181,819	-	697,788
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$_	31,128,165	\$	305,169	(5,194,543) \$	26,238,791
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	(9,646,090)	\$	(633,025)	2,591,375 \$	(7,687,740)
Lease buildings and improvements		(622,066)		(622,060)	-	(1,244,126)
Machinery and equipment		(4,764,534)		(318,277)	214,431	(4,868,380)
Lease machinery and equipment		(124,005)		(156,563)	-	(280,568)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$_	(15,156,695)	\$	(1,729,925)	2,805,806 \$	(14,080,814)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	\$_	15,971,470	\$_	(1,424,756)	(2,388,737) \$	12,157,977
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	21,837,229	\$_	7,796,897	(2,388,737)	27,245,389

During the fiscal year, the County transferred several assets to the Component Unit - School Board with an original cost of \$5,194,543 and accumulated depreciation of \$2,805,806 (net book value of \$2,388,737).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 15-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:							_	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Utility plant	\$	5,240,699 \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,240,699
Machinery and equipment		8,148		-		-		8,148
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	5,248,847 \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,248,847
Accumulated depreciation:								
Utility plant	\$	(3,165,244) \$	\$	(131,016)	\$	-	\$	(3,296,260)
Machinery and equipment		(8,147)		(1)		-		(8,148)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(3,173,391) \$	\$	(131,017)	\$_	-	\$	(3,304,408)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	2,075,456	\$	(131,017)	\$_	-	\$_	1,944,439
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$_	2,075,456	\$ <u>_</u>	(131,017)	\$_	-	\$_	1,944,439

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	30,579
Judicial administration		3,207
Public safety		256,337
Public works		163,076
Health and welfare		158,667
Education		613,653
Parks, recreation, and cultural		32,236
Community development		472,170
Total depreciation/amortization		
expense-governmental activities	\$	1,729,925
Business-type activities:		
Sewer Authority	\$ <u></u>	131,017

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 15-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land	Ċ	5,628,295	Ś		Ś		· _	5,628,295
Construction in progress	\$	7,795,752	Ç	1,428,894	Ş	- (9,157,435)	\$	67,211
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	ş	13,424,047	\$	1,428,894	\$	(9,157,435)	ş	5,695,506
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	· · ·	-	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	35,644,457	\$	14,416,132	\$	-	\$	50,060,589
Machinery and equipment		9,867,158		1,001,167		(563,639)		10,304,686
Lease machinery and equipment		402,114		-		-		402,114
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	\$	45,913,729	\$	15,417,299	\$	(563,639)	\$	60,767,389
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(25,024,603)	\$	(3,650,062)	\$	-	\$	(28,674,665)
Machinery and equipment		(7,648,157)		(715,403)		563,639		(7,799,921)
Lease machinery and equipment		(15,821)		(120,304)		-		(136,125)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$	(32,688,581)	\$	(4,485,769)	\$	563,639	\$	(36,610,711)
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	\$_	13,225,148	\$	10,931,530	\$_		\$_	24,156,678
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	26,649,195	\$	12,360,424	\$ <u>_</u>	(9,157,435)	\$_	29,852,184

During the fiscal year, the County transferred several assets to the Component Unit - School Board with an original cost of \$5,194,543 and accumulated depreciation of \$2,805,806 (net book value of \$2,388,737).

Note 17-Risk Management:

The County and its Component Unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and the related Component Unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, crime and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties Risk Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and the School Board pay the Risk Pool contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its Component Unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 17-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 18-Surety Bonds:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:	
Ann S. McReynolds, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 1,010,000
Alicia McGlothlin, Treasurer	400,000
Randy N. Williams, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Steve Dye, Sheriff	30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bond	50,000
Hartford Company - Surety:	
Brooke Webb - Clerk of the School Board	\$ 10,000
All school employees: blanket bond	10,000
USF&G Insurance Co Surety:	
All Social Services employees-blanket bond	\$ 100,000

Note 19-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. The total estimated closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2023 is \$338,410. This represents the cumulative amount based on the use of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill and is based on what it would cost to perform all remaining closure and postclosure in 2023. Actual costs for closure and postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and postclosure costs.

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 20-Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred revenue/unavailable revenue represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

Government-wide		
Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	
Governmental Activities	_	Governmental Funds
\$ 3,886,032	\$	3,886,032
-		3,144,158
407,893		407,893
\$ 4,293,925	\$	7,438,083
\$	Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities \$ 3,886,032 - 407,893	Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities 3,886,032 \$

Note 21-Self Health Insurance:

The County of Russell, Virginia established a limited risk management program for health insurance. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the County and School Board and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2023, a total of \$7,360,219 was paid in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the County and School Board is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type. As of June 30, 2023, the County and School Board were exposed to risk which represents the difference between the claims to date and the ceiling liability as calculated based on enrollment levels and health plan coverage. Additional costs in excess of the ceiling liability are covered as part of the contract with the County. Incurred but not reported claims of \$849,147 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Interfund premiums are based primarily upon the insured funds' claims experience and are reported as quasi-external interfund transactions. Changes in the claims liability during fiscal year 2023 and the two preceding fiscal years were as follows:

		Current Year		
	Balance at	Claims and		Balance at
	Beginning of	Changes in	Claim	End of
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal Year
2022-23	\$ 833,542 \$	7,375,824 \$	(7,360,219) \$	849,147
2021-22	548,640	8,255,583	(7,970,681)	833,542
2020-21	550,591	6,532,274	(6,534,225)	548,640

Note 22-Moral Obligation:

During 2021, all Virginia Resource Authority (VRA) bonds were refinanced and combined into two revenue bonds. Included in the refinancing were bonds previously issued by the County of Russell, amounts issued by Castlewood Water and Sewer Authority, as well as bonds issued by the Russell County Public Service Authority (PSA). All of the bonds previously in the County's and Castlewood Water and Sewer Authority's name are now in the PSA's name.

The County signed a support agreement that requires the County to fund all debt service where revenues are not sufficient to cover the payments. The County has agreed to continue to pay the debt service for the loans originally issued in the County's name and are shown in long-term obligations as locality compensation payments.

As of June 30, 2023, the balance of those loans was \$2,915,951.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

Note 23-Commitments and Contingencies:

The County and School Board have obligated funds for the projects described below as of June 30, 2023:

	Original Contract		Amount of Amount Paid Contract as of 6/30/2023 Outstanding				ounts Payable of 6/30/2023	Retainage Payable as of 6/30/2023		
County Contracts: Courthouse Renovation Dante Depot Facility Renovation	\$	13,558,525 318,000	\$	10,532,357 132,641	\$	3,026,168 185,359	\$ 939,262 61,016	\$	526,585	
Total Contracts	\$	13,876,525	\$	10,664,998	\$	3,211,527	\$ 1,000,278	\$	526,585	

Note 24-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2023, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

Note 25-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, addresses (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, provides more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability for accounting changes and error corrections. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2021, with dates ranging from reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Implementation Guide No. 2023-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2023, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Russell, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES Actual property taxes Actual property taxes Final property taxes Actual property taxes 1 (6,00,80) 1 (6,204,15) \$ (7,486,03) \$ (1,248,80) Other local taxes 3,331,439 3,287,845 3,883,999 596,004 Flies and forelitures 57,450 3,985 3,057,168 Rices and regulatory licenses 57,450 3,985 3,057,189 Revenue from the use of money and property 120,800 120,800 486,519 3,935 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 486,619 3,937 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 488,649 3,67,799 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 488,649 3,67,799 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 488,649 3,67,799 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 488,649 3,67,797 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 488,649 3,67,797 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 488,649 3,67,792 Miscellaneous 20,852,819			Budgeted	l Am	ounts				ariance with nal Budget -
General property taxes \$ 16,600,801 \$ 16,240,515 \$ 17,486,031 \$ 1,245,880 Other local taxes 3,331,439 3,287,845 3,831,39 950,090 Fermits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 57,450 17,250 3,9584 (17,866) Fines and forfeitures 11,250 11,250 3,9584 (17,866) Revenue from the use of money and property 120,801 120,801 486,519 365,718 Charges for services 270,900 270,900 310,295 39,955 Miscellaneous 821,598 821,598 181,915,332 1,093,738 Recovered costs 821,998 821,598 18,191,333 1,193,338 1,093,734 Intergovernmental 9,452,032 9,450,032 10,733,388 1,283,356 Total revenues 9,452,032 9,450,032 10,733,388 1,283,356 Total revenues 9,452,032 9,450,032 10,733,388 1,283,356 EXPENDITURES 10 1,51,517 1,51,517 1,51,517 1,51,517 1,51,517 1,51,517<	DEVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	•	Positive (Negative)
Other local taxes 3,331,439 3,287,845 3,881,939 50,004 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 57,450 57,450 33,831 (17,866) Fines and forfettures 11,250 11,250 3,893 (7,357) Revenue from the use of money and property 120,801 120,801 486,519 30,955 Charges for services 270,900 270,900 130,295 30,375 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 458,649 367,799 Mecovered costs 821,598 821,598 10,733,388 1,093,779 Intergovernmental 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,618,326 490,008 Total revenues 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,618,326 490,008 Total revenues 5 3,194,849 3,191,378 3,649,512 5,256,761 EVERNDITURES Current EVERNDITURES Current Current 5 1,911,708 \$ 2,917,871 3,164,553 2,955,25 </td <td></td> <td>ċ</td> <td>14 400 901</td> <td>ċ</td> <td>14 240 151</td> <td>ċ</td> <td>17 494 021</td> <td>ċ</td> <td>1 245 990</td>		ċ	14 400 901	ċ	14 240 151	ċ	17 494 021	ċ	1 245 990
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 57,450 57,450 39,834 (17,866) Fines and forfeitures 11,250 11,250 3,893 (7,537) Revenue from the use of money and property 120,801 120,801 486,519 36,787 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 486,649 36,779 Recovered costs 821,598 821,598 1,915,332 1,093,734 Intergovernmental: 1 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,681,326 490,008 Commonwealth 9,452,032 9,450,032 10,733,388 1,283,356 Federal 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,681,326 490,008 Total revenues 8 2,221,877 \$ 2,273,386 \$ 2,273,215 \$ 2,956 \$ 2,565,676 EXPENDITURES Current 1 2,273,864 3,136,475 \$ 2,172,315 \$ 2,956 \$ 2,956 \$ 2,956 \$ 3,762,722 7,594,46 3,734,615 \$ 2,92,62 \$ 2,92,62 \$ 3,746,927 \$ 3,746,92 \$ 2,759,47		Ş		Ş		Ş		Ş	
Fine and forfeitures 11,250 11,250 3,833 (7,357) Revenue from the use of money and property 120,801 120,801 486,519 356,718 Charges for services 270,900 270,900 310,295 359,789 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 458,649 367,799 Recovered Cots 821,598 821,598 1,915,322 1,003,734 Intergovernmental: 7,452,032 9,450,032 10,733,388 1,283,356 Commonwealth 9,452,032 3,354,2195 3,899,956 5,456,761 Ferefare1 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,681,326 49,000 Total revenues 8 2,319,439 3,354,2195 3,899,956 5,456,761 EXPENDITURES Current Current Geneal government administration 2,131,179 3,136,477 3,164,533 2,856,24 Judicial administration 2,233,644 3,136,477 3,164,533 3,136,644 5,046,567 Geneal gove									
Revenue from the use of money and property 120,801 120,801 486,519 365,718 Charges for services 270,900 270,900 310,295 3,935 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 458,649 367,799 Recovered costs 821,598 821,598 1,915,332 1,093,734 Intergovernmental: 1 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,681,326 490,008 Federal 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,681,326 490,008 Total revenues 8 3,191,318 3,681,326 5,567,61 EXPENDITURES Expenditures Expenditures 1 1,111,708 2,201,877 2,172,315 5 29,565,67 Expenditures 1 1,191,708 2,201,877 3,164,515 5 29,565,67 Expenditures 1 1,191,708 3,136,477 3,164,515 3,12,315 31,231 31,231 31,231 31,231 31,231 31,231 31,231 4,241,415									
Charges for services 270,900 270,900 310,295 39,395 Miscellaneous 90,850 90,850 458,649 36,799 Recovered costs 821,598 821,598 1,915,332 1,093,734 Intergovernmental: 321,598 9,450,032 1,073,388 1,283,356 Federal 3,191,318 3,611,218 3,600,000 4,000,000 Total revenues 533,948,439 33,542,195 3,899,956 5,456,761 EXPENDITURES Currents Currents General government administration 2,738,646 3,136,477 3,164,553 229,562 Judicial administration 2,738,646 3,136,477 3,164,553 229,562 Judicial administration 2,821,750 3,005,594 2,477,215 3,724 Public works 2,201,877 3,164,553 229,562 Judicial administration 8,817,644 3,600,60 3,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Public works 2,221,750 3,005,55									
Miscellaneous 90,850 458,649 367,799 Recovered cots 821,598 821,598 1,915,332 1,093,73 Intergovernmental: 2 2 1,915,332 1,093,73 Foderal 3,191,318 3,191,318 3,681,326 490,008 Total revenues 5 33,948,439 3,3542,195 3,898,956 5,5456,761 EXPENDITURES Carrenter Carrenter 5 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Judicial administration \$ 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Judicial administration \$ 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Judicial administration \$ 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Dublic safety \$ 6,582,503 7,692,772 7,759,476 37,246 Public works \$ 2,821,750 \$ 3,305,594 \$ 2,693,281 312,313 Heath and welfare \$ 7,390,606 \$ 9,379,504					,				
Recovered costs Recovered costs Recovered costs Recovernmental: Recovernme			•						
Commonwealth									
Commonwealth Federal Federal Federal Total revenues 9,452,032 (3,191,318) (3,191,318) (3,681,326) (490,008) 1,283,356 (490,008) Total revenues 3,191,318 (3,191,318) (3,191,318) (3,681,326) (3,681,326) (3,681,326) 490,008 (3,191,108) EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,911,708 (3,136,476) (3,136,477) (3,164,553) (2,807,662) (3,736,464) (3,136,477) (3,164,553) (2,807,662) (3,276,674) (3,74,664) (3,74,674) (3,74,674) (3,74,674) (3,74,674) (3,74,674) (3,74,674) (3,74,674) (3,74,744) (3,74,7			021,370		021,370		1,713,332		1,075,754
Federal Total revenues 3,191,318 3,613,36 490,008 Total revenues 33,948,439 3,354,179 3,898,56 5,456,761 EXPENDITURES Corneral government administration \$1,911,708 \$2,201,877 \$2,172,315 \$29,562 Judicial administration 2,738,646 3,136,477 3,164,553 28,076 Public safety 6,582,503 7,629,722 7,592,476 37,246 Public works 2,821,750 3,005,594 2,693,281 313,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,665 648,567 657,696 (9,129 Community development 220,276 485,419 331,818 363,179 Nondepartmental 399,045 699,81 322,190 374,791 Experiences 52,290,884 1,824,360 2,192,241 367,881 Interest and other fiscal charges			9 452 032		9 450 032		10 733 388		1 283 356
Total revenues \$ 33,948,439 \$ 33,542,195 \$ 38,998,956 \$ 5,456,761 EXPENDITURES Current: \$ 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 \$ 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Judicial administration \$ 1,911,708 \$ 3,136,477 \$ 3,164,553 \$ (28,076) Public safety 6,582,503 \$ 7,629,722 \$ 7,592,476 \$ 37,246 Public works 2,821,750 \$ 3,005,594 \$ 2,693,281 \$ 312,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 \$ 9,347,054 \$ 8,837,644 \$ 509,410 Education 8,151,653 \$ 8,198,044 \$ 6,640,312 \$ 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 \$ 648,567 \$ 657,696 \$ (9,129) Community development 220,276 \$ 485,419 \$ 739,180 \$ (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 \$ 969,981 \$ 322,190 \$ 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 \$ 8,881,805 \$ 9,244,984 \$ (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 \$ 1,824,360 \$ 2,192,241 \$ (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 \$ 333,815 \$ 691,405 \$ (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 Proceeds from lease \$ 181,819 \$ 181,819 Total other financi									
EXPENDITURES Current: Current: Ceneral government administration \$ 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 \$ 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Judicial administration 2,738,646 3,136,477 3,164,553 (28,076) Public safety 6,582,503 7,629,722 7,592,476 37,246 Public works 2,821,750 3,005,594 2,693,281 312,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 691,405		\$		ς		ς		ς	
Current: General government administration \$ 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 \$ 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Judicial administration 2,738,646 3,136,477 3,164,553 (28,076) Public safety 6,582,503 7,629,722 7,592,476 37,246 Public works 2,821,750 3,005,594 2,693,281 312,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179 Debt service: 7 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,448,277 \$ 1,441,435 Cybert in the properties of the properti	Total revenues	-	33,710,137	<u> </u>	33,3 12,173	<u> </u>	30,770,730	7	3, 130,701
General government administration \$ 1,911,708 \$ 2,201,877 \$ 2,172,315 \$ 29,562 Judicial administration 2,738,646 3,136,477 3,164,553 (28,076) Public safety 6,582,503 7,629,722 7,592,476 3,7246 Public works 2,817,500 3,005,594 2,693,281 312,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: 97 333,815 43,3345 49,494,8277 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 32,960,864 46,389,715 44,948,277 1,441,458 OTHER FINANCING	EXPENDITURES								
Judicial administration 2,738,646 3,136,477 3,164,553 (28,076) Public safety 6,582,503 7,629,722 7,592,476 37,246 Public works 2,821,750 3,005,594 2,693,281 312,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$987,575 \$(12,847,520) \$(5,949,321) \$(6,898,199) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers ou	Current:								
Public safety 6,582,503 7,629,722 7,592,476 37,246 Public works 2,821,750 3,005,594 2,693,281 312,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$987,575 \$(12,847,520) \$(5,949,321) \$6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$1,000 (130,000) (148,743) (18,743)	General government administration	\$	1,911,708	\$	2,201,877	\$	2,172,315	\$	29,562
Public works 2,821,750 3,005,594 2,693,281 312,313 Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 676,966 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: 7 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 1,445 \$ 41,445,00 \$ 41,445,00 \$ 41,445,00 \$ 41,445,00 \$ 41,445,00	Judicial administration		2,738,646		3,136,477		3,164,553		(28,076)
Health and welfare 7,390,006 9,347,054 8,837,644 509,410 Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 1,444,448 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445,30 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445 \$	Public safety		6,582,503		7,629,722		7,592,476		37,246
Education 8,151,653 8,198,044 6,640,312 1,557,732 Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 2 \$ 2 \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445,00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) <td< td=""><td>Public works</td><td></td><td>2,821,750</td><td></td><td>3,005,594</td><td></td><td>2,693,281</td><td></td><td>312,313</td></td<>	Public works		2,821,750		3,005,594		2,693,281		312,313
Parks, recreation, and cultural 534,305 648,567 657,696 (9,129) Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 Transfers out \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ (148,743) \$ (18,743) Proceeds from lease \$ 2 - \$ 2 8 \$ 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ (5,874,800) <td< td=""><td>Health and welfare</td><td></td><td>7,390,006</td><td></td><td>9,347,054</td><td></td><td>8,837,644</td><td></td><td>509,410</td></td<>	Health and welfare		7,390,006		9,347,054		8,837,644		509,410
Community development 220,276 485,419 739,180 (253,761) Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 987,575 \$ (13,000) \$ (130,000) \$ (148,743) \$ (18,743) Proceeds from lease \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ (148,743) \$ 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 <td< td=""><td>Education</td><td></td><td>8,151,653</td><td></td><td>8,198,044</td><td></td><td>6,640,312</td><td></td><td>1,557,732</td></td<>	Education		8,151,653		8,198,044		6,640,312		1,557,732
Nondepartmental 399,045 696,981 322,190 374,791 Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Parks, recreation, and cultural		534,305		648,567		657,696		(9,129)
Capital projects 52,797 8,881,805 9,244,984 (363,179) Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 46,389,715 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 (12,847,520) (5,949,321) 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 5 \$ 5 \$ 41,445 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease \$ 5 \$ 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499	Community development		220,276		485,419		739,180		(253,761)
Debt service: Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ 987,575 \$ 141,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ (148,743) \$ (18,743) Proceeds from lease \$ 181,819 \$ 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,	Nondepartmental		399,045		696,981		322,190		374,791
Principal retirement 1,824,360 1,824,360 2,192,241 (367,881) Interest and other fiscal charges 333,815 333,815 691,405 (357,590) Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease 181,819 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499	Capital projects		52,797		8,881,805		9,244,984		(363,179)
State Stat	Debt service:								
Total expenditures \$ 32,960,864 \$ 46,389,715 \$ 44,948,277 \$ 1,441,438	Principal retirement		1,824,360		1,824,360		2,192,241		(367,881)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease - 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499	Interest and other fiscal charges		333,815		333,815		691,405		(357,590)
expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease 181,819 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499	Total expenditures	\$	32,960,864	\$	46,389,715	\$	44,948,277	\$	1,441,438
expenditures \$ 987,575 \$ (12,847,520) \$ (5,949,321) \$ 6,898,199 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease 181,819 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499									
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease 181,819 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499		,	007 575	÷	(42.047.520)	,	(F. 0.40, 22.4)	,	(000 400
Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499	expenditures	\$	987,575	\$	(12,847,520)	\$	(5,949,321)	\$	6,898,199
Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 41,445 \$ 41,445.00 Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out (130,000) (130,000) (148,743) (18,743) Proceeds from lease - - - 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499		\$	_	Ś	_	Ś	41,445	Ś	41.445.00
Proceeds from lease - - 181,819 181,819 Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499		*	(130,000)	7	(130,000)	*		~	•
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ (130,000) \$ (130,000) \$ 74,521 \$ 204,521 Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499			(100,000)		(100,000)				
Net change in fund balances \$ 857,575 \$ (12,977,520) \$ (5,874,800) \$ 7,102,720 Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499		\$	(130,000)	\$	(130,000)	\$		\$	
Fund balances - beginning (2,000) 13,833,095 18,394,594 4,561,499	- · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Net change in fund balances	\$	857,575	\$	(12,977,520)	\$	(5,874,800)	\$	7,102,720
Fund balances - ending \$ 855,575 \$ 855,575 \$ 12,519,794 \$ 11,664,219		_							4,561,499
	Fund balances - ending	\$	855,575	\$	855,575	\$	12,519,794	\$	11,664,219

County of Russell, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - Coal Road Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts			riance with al Budget -
REVENUES	<u>.</u>	Original		<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	<u>(</u>	Positive Negative)
Other local taxes Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$ 498,131 40,728	\$	348,131 40,728
Total revenues	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$ 538,859	\$	388,859
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public works	\$	150,000	\$	294,279	\$ 274,378	\$	19,901
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	(144,279)	\$ 264,481	\$	408,760
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	-	\$	(144,279) 144,279	\$ 264,481 836,423	\$	408,760 692,144
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,100,904	\$	1,100,904

County of Russell, Virginia Special Revenue Fund - ARPA Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				- Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental:	_		1 00/ 0/0		002 (10		(442.250)	
Federal	\$	- \$	1,096,968		983,618		(113,350)	
Total revenues	\$	- \$	1,096,968	\$	983,618	\$	(113,350)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	- \$	1,096,968	\$	65,253	\$	1,031,715	
Public safety		-	-		803,330		(803,330)	
Public works		-	-		36,257		(36,257)	
Total expenditures	\$	- \$	1,096,968	\$	904,840	\$	192,128	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	- \$	-	\$	78,778	\$	78,778	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	- \$	-	\$	(41,445)	\$	(41,445)	
Transfers in		-	-		6,267		6,267	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	- \$	-	\$	(35,178)	\$	(35,178)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	- \$	-	\$	43,600	\$	43,600	
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	- - \$	-	Ś	43,600	Ś	43,600	
Tana batanees ename	7	٠,		7	13,000	7	13,000	

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Pension Plans

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPL (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (6)
imary Government	- County Retirement Plan				
2022	99.0521% \$	5,374,129	\$ 6,608,888	81.32%	86.24%
2021	99.1811%	3,751,136	6,234,472	60.17%	90.25%
2020	99.1463%	7,641,214	6,303,680	121.22%	78.56%
2019	99.0170%	5,923,033	6,020,423	98.38%	86.16%
2018	99.2670%	4,411,185	6,123,587	72.04%	84.04%
2017	99.2986%	4,976,088	4,808,206	103.49%	77.80%
2016	98.6202%	6,835,305	5,467,426	125.02%	77.80%
2015	99.1179%	5,970,089	5,368,165	111.21%	80.39%
2014	99.1179%	5,782,839	5,440,419	106.29%	80.53%
omponent Unit Scho	ool Board (professional)				
2022	0.21399% \$	20,373,129	\$ 19,697,485	103.43%	82.61%
2021	0.22165%	17,206,905	19,381,708	88.78%	85.46%
2020	0.22620%	32,910,764	19,575,194	168.12%	71.47%
2019	0.22271%	29,309,901	18,519,029	158.27%	73.51%
2018	0.22864%	26,888,000	18,374,518	146.33%	74.81%
2017	0.22904%	28,167,000	17,982,879	156.63%	72.92%
2016	0.23491%	32,921,000	17,914,579	183.77%	68.28%
2015	0.23337%	29,373,000	17,363,701	169.16%	70.68%
2014	0.23360%	28,229,000	17,083,236	165.24%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) County of Russell, Virginia Pension Plans

16,781,228 17,005,212 (1,191,112) 1,132,997 261,697 20,402 2015 (1,123,037) 17,005,212 17,021,192 228,855 1,151,059 (240,897) 2016 32,003 (1,186,620) 577,180 17,021,192 17,598,372 241,584 1,149,952 340,261 2017 17,598,372 17,825,852 \$ 222,182 1,189,675 21,651 (1,206,028) 2018 For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2022 215,965 1,200,584 376,115 447,422 (1,349,305) 890,781 17,825,852 18,716,633 2019 18,716,633 19,147,231 \$ 218,448 1,219,062 305,989 (1,312,901) 2020 19,147,231 19,232,376 \$ 203,236 1,240,763 (305,011) 477,264 (1,531,107) 85,145 2021 19,232,376 19,747,160 (1,452,231) 182,762 1,261,509 522,744 2022 Differences between expected and actual experience Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a) Changes of assumptions Total pension liability Benefit payments

Service cost Interest (1,083,833)

263,958 1,116,022

2014

16,485,081

Dan fidurisary not profition										
Contributions - employer	s	508,338 \$	518,030 \$	456,975 \$	447,436 \$	443,319 \$	450,897 \$	460,715 \$	425,544 \$	423,435
Contributions - employee		113,516	116,995	126,061	123,611	125,060	127,268	128,274	120,010	130,388
Net investment income		(1,675)	3,038,825	226,668	772,746	860,829	1,325,272	187,821	515,108	1,629,758
Benefit payments		(1,452,231)	(1,531,107)	(1,312,901)	(1,349,305)	(1,206,028)	(1,186,620)	(1,123,037)	(1,191,112)	(1,083,833)
Administrator charges		(8,729)	(8,189)	(8,164)	(8,244)	(7,790)	(8,059)	(7,361)	(7,577)	(9,166)
Other		304	282	(262)	(485)	(755)	(1,167)	(82)	(108)	98
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(840,477) \$	2,134,836 \$	(511,623) \$	(14,241) \$	214,635 \$	707,591 \$	(353,670) \$	(138,135) \$	1,090,668
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		13,765,996	11,631,160	12,142,783	12,157,024	11,942,389	11,234,798	11,588,468	11,726,603	10,635,935
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		12,925,519	13,765,996 \$	11,631,160 \$	12,142,783 \$	12,157,024 \$	11,942,389 \$	11,234,798 \$	11,588,468 \$	11,726,603
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	6,821,641 \$	5,466,380 \$	7,516,071 \$	\$ 058,22,890	5,668,828 \$	5,655,983 \$	5,786,394 \$	5,416,744 \$	5,054,625
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total										
pension liability		65.46%	71.58%	%97.09	64.88%	68.20%	%98.79	%00.99	68.15%	%88.69
Covered payroll	\$	2,488,198 \$	2,520,032 \$	2,670,960 \$	2,601,655 \$	2,610,768 \$	2,147,811 \$	2,648,956 \$	2,434,577 \$	2,612,301
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		274.16%	216.92%	281.40%	252.68%	217.13%	263.34%	218.44%	222.49%	193.49%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gov	ernm	ent							
2023	\$	1,032,807	\$	1,032,807	\$	-	\$	7,083,721	14.58%
2022	•	843,088		843,088	Ċ	-	·	6,608,888	12.76%
2021		798,031		798,031		-		6,234,472	12.80%
2020		719,102		719,102		-		6,303,680	11.41%
2019		681,397		681,397		-		6,020,423	11.32%
2018		760,630		760,630		-		6,123,587	12.42%
2017		718,233		718,233		-		4,808,206	14.94%
2016		807,684		807,684		-		5,467,426	14.77%
2015		794,360		794,360		-		5,368,165	14.80%
Component	Unit	School Board (noi	npro	fessional)					
2023	\$	621,715	\$	621,715	\$	-	\$	2,575,914	24.14%
2022		508,337		508,337		-		2,488,198	20.43%
2021		518,031		518,031		-		2,520,032	20.56%
2020		457,296		457,296		-		2,670,960	17.12%
2019		447,435		447,435		-		2,601,655	17.20%
2018		443,320		443,320		-		2,610,768	16.98%
2017		457,088		457,088		-		2,147,811	21.28%
2016		464,892		464,892		-		2,648,956	17.55%
2015		425,544		425,544		-		2,434,577	17.48%
2014		424,238		424,238		-		2,612,301	16.24%
Component	Unit	School Board (pro	fess	sional)					
2023	\$	3,221,914	\$	3,221,914	\$	-	\$	20,086,093	16.04%
2022		3,179,016		3,179,016		-		19,697,485	16.14%
2021		3,135,782		3,135,782		-		19,381,708	16.18%
2020		3,005,168		3,005,168		-		19,575,194	15.35%
2019		2,854,000		2,854,000		-		18,519,029	15.41%
2018		2,958,000		2,958,000		-		18,374,518	16.10%
2017		2,607,000		2,607,000		-		17,982,879	14.50%
2016		2,503,615		2,503,615		-		17,914,579	13.98%
2015		2,509,000		2,509,000		-		17,363,701	14.45%
2014		1,991,484		1,991,484		-		17,083,236	11.66%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015, VASAP's information was consolidated in the County's totals and presented in the County report. Therefore, sufficient information to allocate the prior year balances is not available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*}Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information **Pension Plans**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	ς	30,821 \$	39,498 \$	38,376 \$	14,265 \$	15,523 \$	16,038
Interest		27,786	17,805	17,351	13,941	14,342	13,000
Changes in assumptions		(7,303)	(103,909)	3,530	434,635	11,569	(11,427)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses			36,224	•	(88,594)	•	
Benefit payments		(13,877)	(26,812)	(15,649)	(7,461)	(17,342)	(18,508)
Net change in total OPEB liability	s	37,427 \$	(37,194) \$	43,608 \$	366,786 \$	24,092 \$	(897)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		760,949	798,143	754,535	387,749	363,657	364,554
Total OPEB liability - ending	 	798,376 \$	760,949 \$	798,143 \$	754,535 \$	387,749 \$	363,657
Covered-employee payroll	v٠	6,388,552 \$	6,388,552 \$	6,096,747 \$	6,096,747 \$	6,190,566 \$	6,190,566
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.50%	11.91%	13.09%	12.38%	6.26%	5.87%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Valuation Date: 7/1/2021 Measurement Date: 6/30/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

${\it Methods \ and \ assumptions \ used \ to \ determine \ OPEB \ liability:}$

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal, level percentage of pay
Discount Rate	3.65% as of June 30, 2023
	3.54% as of June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	The healthcare trend rate assumption starts at 0.50% in 2021 amd 6.10% in 2022 then gradually declines to 3.90% in 2073 and later.
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate starts at 5.35% for 1 year of service and gradually declines to 3.50% increase for 20 or more years of service.
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 61.
Mortality Rates	The pre-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are assumed to be service-related.
	The pre-retirement mortality rates for Public Safety Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year. 35% of deaths are assumed to be service-related.
	The post-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.
	The post-retirement mortality rates for Public Safety Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.
	The post-disablement mortality rates of General Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.
	The post-disablement mortality rates of Publci Safety Employees were calculated using RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2023

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	Ş	619,913 \$	529,129 \$	436,250	\$ 229,725 \$	226,831 \$	235,586
Interest		432,912	255,859	256,452	277,894	297,553	275,959
Changes in assumptions		(100,208)	103,942	39,380	4,554,327	201,429	(205,110)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses			(62,179)		(1,076,097)		
Benefit payments		(498,861)	(569,865)	(597,551)	(457,831)	(496,549)	(490,936)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	453,756 \$	256,886 \$	134,531	\$ 3,528,018 \$	229,264 \$	(184,501)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		11,856,494	11,599,608	11,465,077	7,937,059	7,707,795	7,892,296
Total OPEB liability - ending	φ	12,310,250 \$	11,856,494 \$	11,599,608	\$ 11,465,077 \$	7,937,059 \$	7,707,795
Covered-employee payroll	•	22,919,616 \$	22,919,616 \$	21,427,078	\$ 21,427,078 \$	20,503,347 \$	20,503,347
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of							
covered-employee payroll		53.71%	51.73%	54.14%	53.51%	38.71%	37.59%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - School OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Valuation Date: 7/1/2021 Measurement Date: 6/30/2023

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

normal, level percentage of pay
of June 30, 2023
of June 30, 2022
thcare trend rate assumption starts at 0.50% in 2021 and 6.10% hen gradually declines to 3.90% in 2073 and later.
ry increase rate starts at 5.35% for 1 year of service and declines to 3.50% for 20 or more years of service.
age age at retirement is 61.
-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were d using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set ear, 85% of rates; females setback 1 year. 25% of deaths are to be service-related.
retirement mortality rates for Teachers were calculated using White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy t Rates at ages 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; aths are assumed to be service-related.
t-retirement mortality rates for General Employees were d using RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set I year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded s 70 to 85.
retirement mortality rates for Teachers were calculated using White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy t Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 th 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% compounded from ages 75 to 90.
t-disablement mortality rates of General Employees were d using RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale 0; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.
-disablement mortality rates of Teachers were calculated using Disabled Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% for males and females.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)
Primary Gov	ernment					
2022	0.0307% \$	369,417	\$	6,674,213	5.53%	67.21%
2021	0.0305%	354,521		6,285,948	5.64%	67.45%
2020	0.0309%	515,504		6,357,959	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.0308%	500,384		6,028,822	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.0325%	494,000		6,184,666	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.0309%	465,000		5,704,306	8.15%	48.86%
Component	Unit School Board (nonprofess	sional)				
2022	0.0115% \$	137,989	\$	2,493,223	5.53%	67.21%
2021	0.0122%	142,390		2,524,311	5.64%	67.21%
2020	0.0130%	216,949		2,675,341	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.0133%	216,264		2,604,399	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.0138%	210,000		2,629,348	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.0144%	216,000		2,654,927	8.14%	48.86%
Component	Unit School Board (profession	al)				
2022	0.0906% \$	1,090,671	\$	19,702,646	5.54%	67.21%
2021	0.0940%	1,094,065		19,400,731	5.64%	67.21%
2020	0.0953%	1,589,734		19,605,574	8.11%	52.64%
2019	0.0945%	1,537,278		18,519,029	8.30%	52.00%
2018	0.0966%	1,468,000		18,376,099	7.99%	51.22%
2017	0.0978%	1,471,000		18,034,586	8.16%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date	_	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary Gov	ernn	nent							
2023	\$	38,583	\$	38,583	\$	-	\$	7,144,963	0.54%
2022	·	36,041	•	36,041	·	-	٠	6,674,213	0.54%
2021		33,944		33,944		-		6,285,948	0.54%
2020		33,061		33,061		-		6,357,959	0.52%
2019		31,276		31,276		-		6,028,822	0.52%
2018		32,161		32,161		-		6,184,666	0.52%
2017		29,665		29,665		-		5,704,306	0.52%
2016		26,515		26,515		-		5,524,027	0.48%
2015		26,057		26,057		-		5,428,571	0.48%
2014		26,130		26,130		-		5,443,723	0.48%
Component	Unit	School Board (nor	pro	fessional)					
2023	\$	13,959	\$	13,959	\$	-	\$	2,585,052	0.54%
2022		13,463		13,463		-		2,493,223	0.54%
2021		13,631		13,631		-		2,524,311	0.54%
2020		13,912		13,912		-		2,675,341	0.52%
2019		13,543		13,543		-		2,604,399	0.52%
2018		13,673		13,673		-		2,629,348	0.52%
2017		13,806		13,806		-		2,654,927	0.52%
2016		12,715		12,715		-		2,648,956	0.48%
2015		11,849		11,849		-		2,468,575	0.48%
2014		12,548		12,548		-		2,614,141	0.48%
_			_						
-		School Board (pro		·				20.402.245	0.540/
2023	\$	108,552	\$	108,552	\$	-	\$	20,102,265	0.54%
2022		106,394		106,394		-		19,702,646	0.54%
2021		104,764		104,764		-		19,400,731	0.54%
2020		101,949		101,949		-		19,605,574	0.52%
2019		96,000		96,000		-		18,519,029	0.52%
2018		95,556		95,556		-		18,376,099	0.52%
2017		93,780		93,780		-		18,034,586	0.52%
2016		86,114		86,114		-		17,940,378	0.48%
2015		83,384		83,384		-		17,371,656	0.48%
2014		82,222		82,222		-		17,129,577	0.48%

County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Hadata to Dub 2010 muhib anatas santaitu tahina kasanas disahilitu.
Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability
life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with
a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
No change
No change
No change
No change

County of Russell, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Primary Government
Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability							
Service cost	s	4,001 \$	2,042 \$	2,044 \$	1,956 \$	1,884 \$	1,785
Interest		6,657	6,453	6,959	7,056	7,367	7,343
Changes of assumptions		39,201	543		2,217		(1,681)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(4,800)	3,616	(2,855)	2,390	(4,641)	•
Benefit payments		(13,789)	(13,469)	(13,811)	(8,828)	(9, 286)	(4,926)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$	31,270 \$	(815) \$	(7,663) \$	4,791 \$	(4,676) \$	2,521
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		101,522	102,337	110,000	105,209	109,885	107,364
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	ss	132,792 \$	101,522 \$	102,337 \$	110,000 \$	105,209 \$	109,885
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	s	3,411 \$	2,966 \$	2,670 \$	2,788 \$	4,374 \$	3,731
Net investment income		334	19,218	1,702	5,480	6,182	9,214
Benefit payments		(13,789)	(13,469)	(13,811)	(8,828)	(9,286)	(4,926)
Administrator charges		(141)	(200)	(149)	(117)	(141)	(148)
Other		8,365		(1)	(7)	(472)	472
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(1,820) \$	8,515 \$	\$ (6,589)	(684) \$	\$ 29	8,343
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		87,633	79,118	88,707	89,391	88,734	80,391
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	, ∞	85,813 \$	87,633 \$	79,118 \$	88,707 \$	89,391 \$	88,734
Employer's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	s	46,979 \$	13,889 \$	23,219 \$	21,293 \$	15,818 \$	21,151
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		64.62%	86.32%	77.31%	80.64%	84.97%	80.75%
Covered payroll	s	1,311,667 \$	1,191,154 \$	1,285,580 \$	1,327,521 \$	1,562,251 \$	1,332,239
Employer's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		3.58%	1.17%	1.81%	1.60%	1.01%	1.59%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability							
Service cost	s	2,493 \$	3,775 \$	8,474 \$	\$ 980'8	9,113 \$	12,000
Interest		26,772	43,658	18,119	19,598	18,227	17,000
Changes of benefit terms			·	33,639		ı	
Changes of assumptions		12,031	5,340	84,784	20,714		(42,000)
Differences between expected and actual experience		(6,494)	(270, 374)	18,268	202	(1,089)	
Benefit payments		(36,628)	(33,506)	(34,855)	(35,194)	(33,696)	(34,000)
Other						(5,145)	
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\ \$	(1,826) \$	(251,107) \$	128,429 \$	13,711 \$	(12,590) \$	(47,000)
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning		412,443	663,550	535,121	521,410	534,000	581,000
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)		410,617 \$	412,443 \$	663,550 \$	535,121 \$	521,410 \$	534,000
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	s	87,833 \$	88,957 \$	32,853 \$	32,001 \$	31,329 \$	32,000
Net investment income		(1,383)	213				•
Benefit payments		(36,628)	(33,506)	(34,855)	(35,194)	(33,696)	(34,000)
Administrative expense		(104)	(49)				
Other		1,522	ı			(495)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	s	51,240 \$	55,615 \$	(2,002) \$	(3,193) \$	(2,862) \$	(2,000)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		12,558	(43,057)	(41,055)	(37,862)	(35,000)	(33,000)
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	√	63,798 \$	12,558 \$	(43,057) \$	(41,055) \$	(37,862) \$	(35,000)
Employer's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	s	346,819 \$	399,885 \$	\$ 706,607	576,176 \$	559,272 \$	269,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability		15.54%	3.04%	-6.49%	.7.67%	-7.26%	-6.55%
Covered payroll	s	2,488,198 \$	2,520,032 \$	2,670,960 \$	2,601,655 \$	2,610,768 \$	2,645,183
Employer's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		13.94%	15.87%	26.46%	22.15%	21.42%	21.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date Primary Gov		Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2023	\$	3,610	\$	3,610	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,444,100	0.25%
2022	7	3,410	~	3,410	~	_	~	1,311,667	0.26%
2021		3,097		3,097		-		1,191,154	0.26%
2020		2,700		2,700		-		1,285,580	0.21%
2019		2,763		2,763		-		1,327,521	0.21%
2018		4,374		4,374		-		1,562,251	0.28%
2017		3,736		3,736		-		1,332,239	0.28%
2016		3,572		3,572		-		1,190,516	0.30%
2015		3,321		3,321		-		1,106,909	0.30%
2014		757		757		-		1,081,402	0.07%
Component	Unit S	school Board (nor	pro	fessional)					
2023	\$	90,930	\$	90,930	\$	-	\$	2,575,914	3.53%
2022		87,833		87,833		-		2,488,198	3.53%
2021		88,957		88,957		-		2,520,032	3.53%
2020		32,853		32,853		-		2,670,960	1.23%
2019		32,001		32,001		-		2,601,655	1.23%
2018		31,329		31,329		-		2,610,768	1.20%
2017		31,742		31,742		-		2,645,183	1.20%
2016		25,165		25,165		-		2,648,956	0.95%
2015		23,128		23,128		-		2,434,577	0.95%
2014		15,413		15,413		-		2,612,301	0.59%

County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 though June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

. In good ten I county I mptoyers a constant I mptoyers								
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020							
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all							
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service							
Disability Rates	No change							
Salary Scale	No change							
Line of Duty Disability	No change							
Discount Rate	No change							

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2022	0.21134% \$	2,639,735	\$	19,697,485	13.40%	15.08%
2021	0.21915%	2,812,941		19,381,708	14.51%	13.15%
2020	0.22330%	2,912,854		19,575,194	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.22079%	2,890,356		18,519,029	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.22715%	2,884,000		18,370,145	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.22781%	2,890,000		17,978,510	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2023

Date	 Contractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2023	\$ 243,042	\$	243,042	\$ -	\$ 20,086,093	1.21%
2022	238,340		238,340	-	19,697,485	1.21%
2021	234,519		234,519	-	19,381,708	1.21%
2020	234,902		234,902	-	19,575,194	1.20%
2019	222,000		222,000	-	18,519,029	1.20%
2018	225,953		225,953	-	18,370,145	1.23%
2017	199,561		199,561	-	17,978,510	1.11%
2016	189,859		189,859	-	17,911,244	1.06%
2015	183,923		183,923	-	17,351,215	1.06%
2014	189,622		189,622	-	17,083,023	1.11%

County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	No change

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net LODA OPEB Liability Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

				Employer's Proportionate Share	
Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)	Covered- Employee Payroll *	of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll (3)/(4)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total LODA OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2022	0.46960% \$	1,777,037	N/A	N/A	1.87%
2021	0.46500%	2,050,611	N/A	N/A	1.68%
2020	0.50110%	2,098,894	N/A	N/A	1.02%
2019	0.53769%	1,929,157	N/A	N/A	0.79%
2018	0.50337%	1,578,000	N/A	N/A	0.60%
2017	0.50108%	1,317,000	N/A	N/A	1.30%

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of the employees in the OPEB plan. However, when volunteers and part-time employees make up a significant percentage of the employer's members in the plan, the employer may determine that covered-employee payroll is misleading and, therefore, not applicable for disclosure.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2017 is the first year for this presentation, only three years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 through June 30, 2023

Date	ontractually Required Contribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	_	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered - Employee Payroll (5)
2023	\$ 61,195	\$	61,195	\$	-	N/A	N/A
2022	64,669		64,669		-	N/A	N/A
2021	64,020		64,020		-	N/A	N/A
2020	68,106		68,106		-	N/A	N/A
2019	72,164		72,164		-	N/A	N/A
2018	53,616		53,616		-	N/A	N/A
2017	54,041		54,041		-	N/A	N/A
2016	47,993		47,993		-	N/A	N/A

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of employees in the OPEB plan. However, when volunteers and part-time employees make up a significant percentage of the employer's members in the plan, the employer may determine that covered-employee payroll is misleading and, therefore, not applicable for disclosure.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2016 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

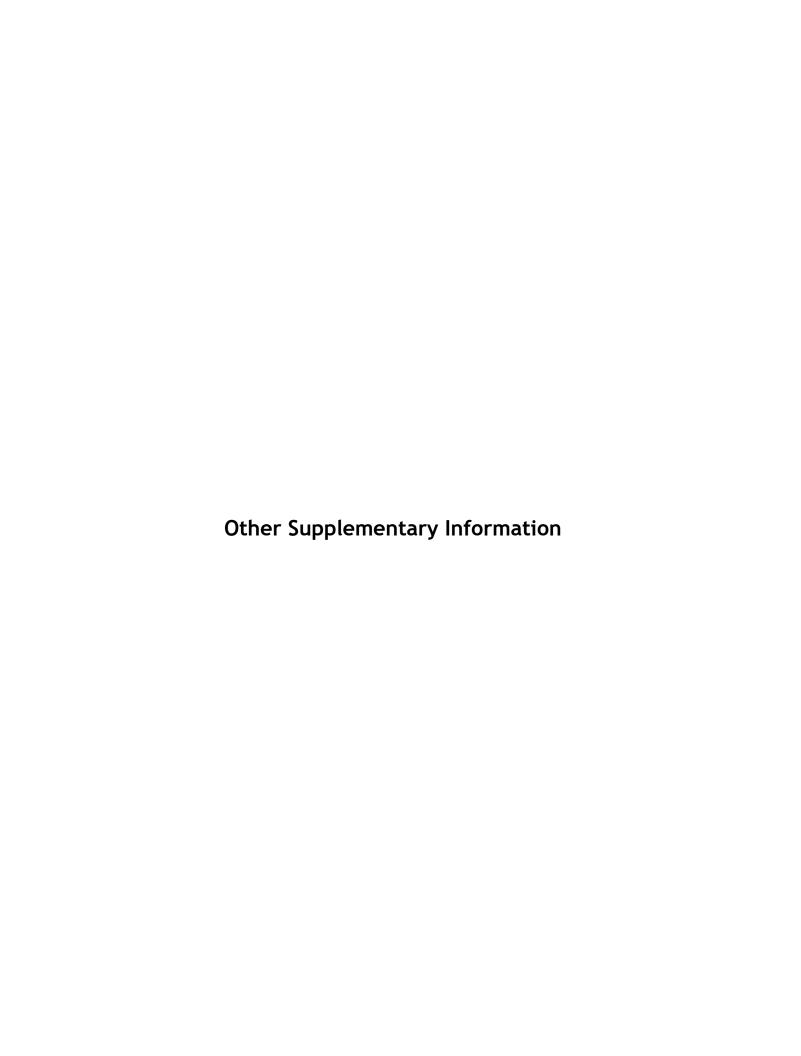
County of Russell, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Employees in the Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change



County of Russell, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds - Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

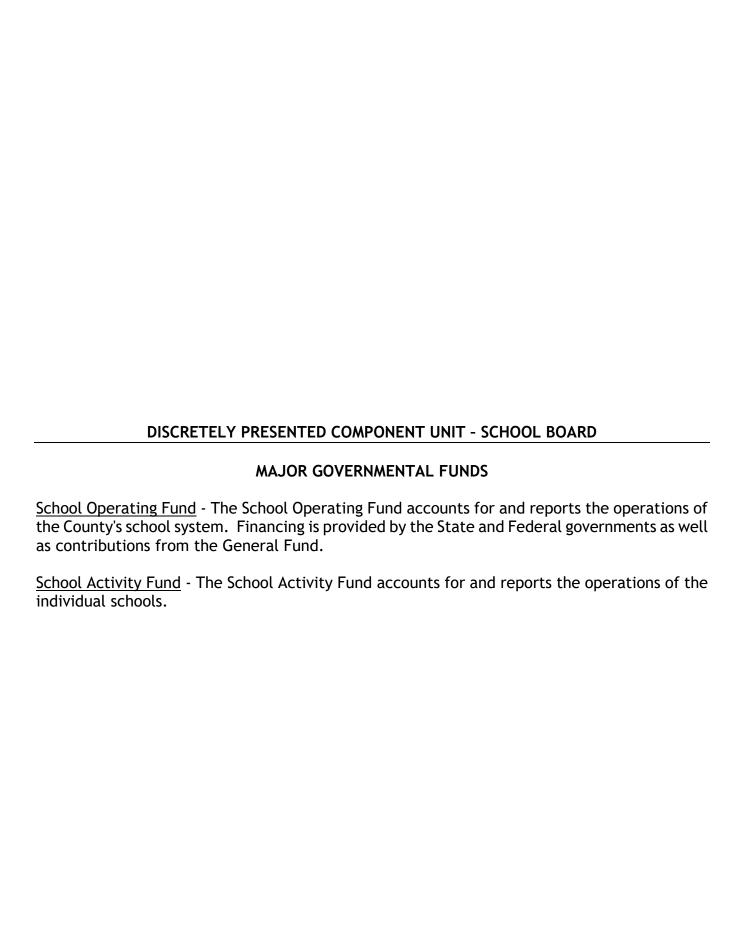
	ipecial Velfare	VASAP	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 55,245	\$ -	\$ 55,245
Due from other governments	-	14,634	14,634
Total assets	\$ 55,245	\$ 14,634	\$ 69,879
LIABILITIES			
Cash reconcile overdraft	\$ -	\$ 1,889	\$ 1,889
Accounts payable	-	5,187	5,187
Total liabilities	\$ -	\$ 7,076	\$ 7,076
NET POSITION			
Restricted for:			
Held for social services client	\$ 55,245	\$ -	\$ 55,245
Held for VASAP	-	7,558	7,558
Total net position	\$ 55,245	\$ 7,558	\$ 62,803

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Russell, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2023

	 Special Welfare	VASAP	Total
ADDITIONS			
Special welfare collections	\$ 22,576	\$ -	\$ 22,576
Interest earned	1,845	-	1,845
Intergovernmental	-	152,580	152,580
Total additions	\$ 24,421	\$ 152,580	\$ 177,001
DEDUCTIONS			
Special welfare payments	\$ 27,760	\$ -	\$ 27,760
Salaries and fringes	-	134,738	134,738
Contractual services	-	400	400
Professional services	-	11,496	11,496
Utilities	-	2,857	2,857
Insurance	-	1,699	1,699
Office rent	-	12,000	12,000
Office supplies	-	1,995	1,995
Miscellaneous	-	4,587	4,587
Travel	-	2,153	2,153
Total deductions	\$ 27,760	\$ 171,925	\$ 199,685
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$ (3,339)	\$ (19,345)	\$ (22,684)
Net position - beginning	\$ 58,584	\$ 26,903	\$ 85,487
Net position - ending	\$ 55,245	\$ 7,558	\$ 62,803

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



County of Russell, Virginia Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2023

	(School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>		Total School <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS	ć	4 2 40 947	¢		ċ	4 2 40 847
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,240,817	>	-	\$	4,240,817
Cash in custody of others		-		868,960		868,960
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		454 225		02.020		220.454
Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units		156,325 2,060,441		82,829		239,154 2,060,441
Prepaid items		457,241		-		457,241
Total assets	\$	6,914,824	\$	951,789	\$	7,866,613
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	300,558	\$	38,598	\$	339,156
Accrued liabilities		1,091,514		-		1,091,514
Due to primary government Total liabilities	\$	970,791 2,362,863	Ċ	38,598	\$	970,791 2,401,461
Total Habilities	_	2,302,003	ڔ	30,370	٠	2,401,401
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid items	\$	457,241	\$	-	\$	457,241
Restricted:				042.404		- 042 404
School activity fund		1 905 404		913,191		913,191 1,805,606
School construction Committed:		1,805,606				1,000,000
Textbook purchases		5,583		_		5,583
Regional Adult Education		262,510		_		262,510
School food		2,021,021		-		2,021,021
Total fund balances	\$		\$	913,191	\$	5,465,152
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,914,824	\$	951,789	\$	7,866,613
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different becau	se:					
Total fund balances per above					\$	5,465,152
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized			\$	5,695,506		
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized				60,767,389		
Accumulated depreciation/amortization				(36,610,711)		29,852,184
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Pension related items			\$	6,326,269		
OPEB related items				2,312,431	_	8,638,700
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Lease liabilities			\$	(266,660)		
Compensated absences			•	(1,059,103)		
Net OPEB liabilities				(16,525,464)		
Net pension liability				(27,194,770)		(45,045,997)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						
Pension related items			\$	(5,817,808)		
OPEB related items			_	(1,268,613)	-	(7,086,421)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(8,176,382)

County of Russell, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Name			School Operating Fund		School Activity Fund*		Total School Fund
Newbeuse form the use of money and property \$ 1,5,25 \$ 1,5,25 \$ 1,20,20 \$ 1,20,2	REVENUES		<u>i unu</u>		<u>i unu</u>		<u>i und</u>
Miscellaneous Miscellaneou	Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	5,525	\$	-	\$	5,525
Recover doors 1902	Charges for services		116,281		2,380,961		2,497,242
Intergourmental Local government 1	Miscellaneous				-		
Local governmental \$1,80,720 \$1,80,720 \$2,80,720 \$3,00,7	Recovered costs		360,329		-		360,329
Commonwealth Salotta, 1987	•		===				
February					-		
Total revenues 6 54,089,265 5 2,389,561 5 5,679,7226 EXENDITUES Literation					-		
Expension Content Co		S		ς	2.380.961	\$	
Content	, otal 10 feliado		3 1,007,203		2,555,75.	<u> </u>	30, 0,220
Education	EXPENDITURES						
Principal retirement 135,45	current:						
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges 135,454 17,662 17	Education	\$	52,250,572	\$	2,289,198	\$	54,539,770
Trotal expenditures Trotal ex	Debt service:						
Trotal expenditures Trotal ex	Principal retirement		135,454		-		135,454
Total expenditures S 52,393,688 S 2,289,188 S 54,682,886 Coxcess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures S 1,695,777 S 91,763 S 1,787,340 tect change in fund balances S 1,695,777 S 91,763 S 1,787,340 tect change in fund balances - beginning 2,856,384 821,428 3,677,812 und balances - ending 2,856,384 821,428 3,677,812 und balances - ending S 5,455,756 S 913,191 S 5,465,752 und balances - ending S 5,455,756 S 913,191 S 5,465,752 und balances - ending S 5,455,756 S 913,191 S 5,465,752 und balances - total governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above dechange in OPER dechange	Interest and other fiscal charges		7,662		-		7,662
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 1,695,577 S 91,763 S 1,787,340		Ś		Ś	2.289.198	Ś	-
expenditures	Total experiences		32,373,000		2,207,170	<u> </u>	3 1,002,000
tet change in fund balances tet change in fund balances - beginning und balances - beginning 2,856,384 2,856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,384 2,2856,385 2,495,1951 5,465,152 2,496,215 2,494,215 2,286,237 2,288,737 2,382,739 2,382,737 2	excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
und balances - beginning und balances - beginning und balances - ending 2,856,384 821,428 3,677,812 und balances - ending 2,856,384 821,428 3,677,812 4 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,551,961 \$ 913,191 \$ 5,465,152 4,561,962 \$ 5 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,962 \$ 1,787,340 4,561,96	expenditures	\$	1,695,577	\$	91,763	\$	1,787,340
tund balances - beginning 2,856,384 821,428 3,677,812 1,000 balances - ending 2,856,384 821,428 3,677,812 1,000 balances - ending 2,856,384 821,428 3,677,812 1,000 balances - ending 3,677,812 1,000 balances - ending 6,4551,500 balances - total governmental funds - per above 8 1,787,340 balances - total governmental funds - per above 9 1,787,340 bovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the detail of furns supporting this adjustment. Capital outlays 9 5 2,494,215 2,388,737							
rund balances - ending Sumulation balances - ending Sumulation balances - ending Sumulation balances - ending Sumulation balances - total governmental activities (Exhibit 2) are different because let change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - per above Sumulation balances - total governmental funds - per above Sumulation balances - per above Sumula	let change in fund balances	\$, ,	\$	91,763	\$	1,787,340
industrial properties for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because let change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above seet is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the detail friems supporting this adjustment. Capital outlays Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation/amortization expense 10,679,963) 2,24,42,15 Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) 2,388,737 Depreciation/amortization expense 2,388,737 Depreciation/amortization expense 3,202,989 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the epayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of cutivities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Payments of principal: Lease liabilities 135,454 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the unds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan \$ 946,630 \$ 52,959 999,589 The issuance of the principal of long-term debt and related items. Payments of principal: Lease liabilities 135,454 Revenues in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore remote reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences (B 67,216 Change in DPEB related items (B 65,705) A 1,804,773							
set change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those sessets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment. Capital outlays Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation/amortization expense The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the epayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds, Neither ransaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of current of principal: Lease liabilities 135,454 Leavenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the unds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan ome expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore ree not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences S 67,216 Change in OPEB related items Change in pension related items 1,804,773	fund balances - ending	\$	4,551,961	\$	913,191	\$	5,465,152
Sovernmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those isssets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the detail of items supporting this adjustment. Capital outlays Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation/amortization expense Che issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the epayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither ransaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of incitivities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Payments of principal: Lease liabilities 135,454 Revension in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the unds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan State non-employer contribution to the PEB plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan State non-employer contribution to	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because						
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Reversion of assets back to the School Board (net) Depreciation/amortization expense The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Payments of principal: Lease liabilities Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the unds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Change in OPEB related items Change in pension related items 2,388,737 (1,679,963) 3,202,989 3,20	assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the deta of items supporting this adjustment.			Ś	2.494.215		
Depreciation/amortization expense (1,679,963) 3,202,989 The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither ransaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Payments of principal: Lease liabilities Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Change in OPEB related items (855,705) Change in pension related items 3,202,989 3	· · · · · ·			*			
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repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Payments of principal: Lease liabilities Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Change in OPEB related items Change in pension related items Change in pension related items The principal in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences S 67,216 Change in OPEB related items Change in pension related items 1,804,773						•	
Lease liabilities 135,454 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. State non-employer contribution to the pension plan \$ 946,630 \$ 52,959 \$ 999,589 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences \$ 67,216 \$ Change in OPEB related items (855,705) \$ Change in pension related items 1,804,773	repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neith transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discount and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement activities. The amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	er s,					
State non-employer contribution to the pension plan State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Change in OPEB related items Change in pension related items State non-employer contribution to the PeB plan \$ 946,630 \$52,959 999,589 67,216 (855,705) Change in pension related items (855,705) 1,804,773							135,454
State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan 52,959 999,589 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Change in OPEB related items (855,705) Change in pension related items 1,804,773	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9					
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Change in OPEB related items (855,705) Change in pension related items 1,804,773				\$			
rer not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Change in OPEB related items Change in pension related items	State non-employer contribution to the OPEB plan			_	52,959	-	999,589
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences\$ 67,216Change in OPEB related items(855,705)Change in pension related items2,593,262		e					
Change in OPEB related items (855,705) Change in pension related items 2,593,262 1,804,773				,	(7.24)		
Change in pension related items 2,593,262 1,804,773				\$			
							1 004 773
thange in net position of governmental activities \$ 7.930.145	Change in pension related items				2,393,262	-	1,804,773
	hange in net position of governmental activities					\$	7,930.145

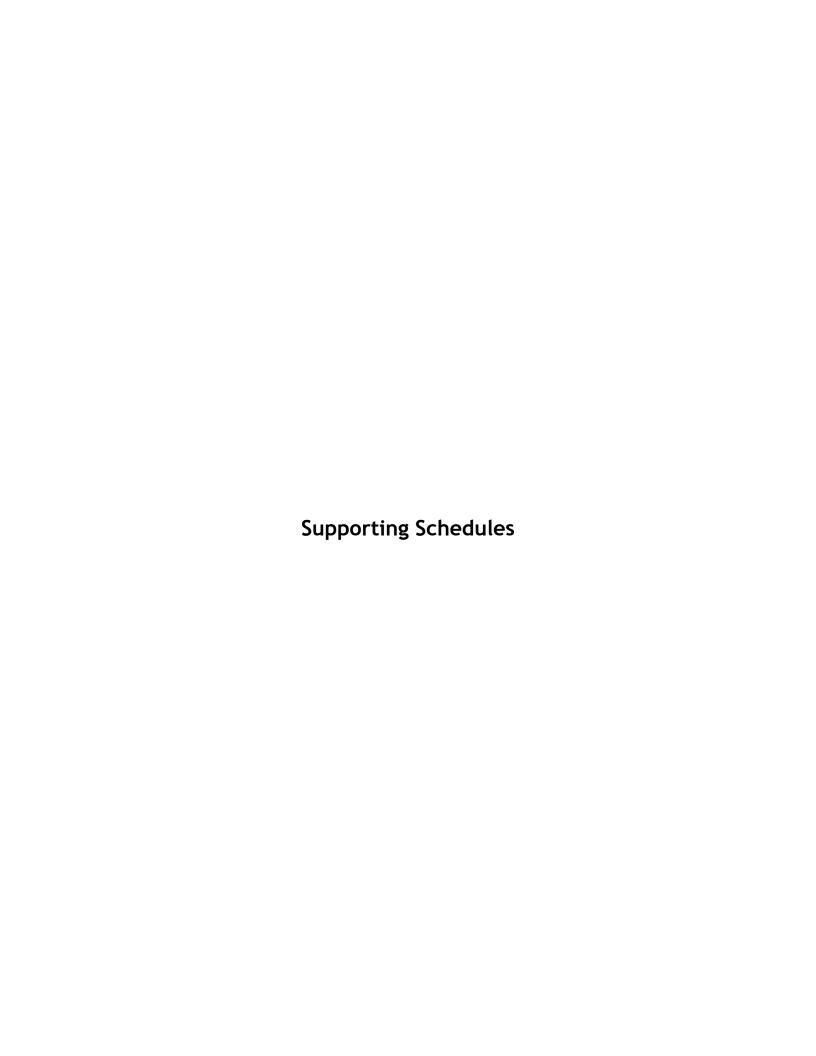
*The School Activity Fund does not require a legally adopted budget

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		School Operating Fund											
		Dudgata	1 4					ariance with inal Budget Positive					
		Budgeted	Amo			A 1							
DEVENUES.		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)					
REVENUES					,	F F2F		(475)					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,525	\$	(475)					
Charges for services		209,554		209,554		116,281		(93,273)					
Miscellaneous		350,000		350,000		499,765		149,765					
Recovered costs		119,500		119,500		360,329		240,829					
Intergovernmental:		7.040.450		7 040 450		700		(4 557 730)					
Local government		7,918,452		7,918,452		6,360,720		(1,557,732)					
Commonwealth		36,149,931		36,149,931		36,048,795		(101,136)					
Federal		11,284,465	ć	11,284,465	,	10,697,850	ċ	(586,615)					
Total revenues	<u> </u>	56,037,902	\$	56,037,902	\	54,089,265	\	(1,948,637)					
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Education	\$	56,031,902	\$	56,031,902	\$	52,250,572	\$	3,781,330					
Debt service:													
Principal retirement		-		-		135,454		(135,454)					
Interest and other fiscal charges		6,000		6,000		7,662		(1,662)					
Total expenditures	\$	56,037,902	\$	56,037,902	\$	52,393,688	\$	3,644,214					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)													
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,695,577	\$	1,695,577					
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,695,577	Ś	1,695,577					
Fund balances - beginning	*	_	•	_	,	2,856,384	,	2,856,384					
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,551,961	\$	4,551,961					
•			•		•	, , -	·	, ,					



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:			_		_		_	
Real Property Tax	\$, ,	\$	8,150,000	\$	8,316,727	Ş	166,727
Real and Personal PSC Tax		2,095,000		2,095,000		1,692,574		(402,426)
Personal Property Tax Mobile Home Tax		4,031,000 102,500		3,670,350 102,500		4,935,359 78,131		1,265,009 (24,369)
Machinery and Tools Tax		941,301		941,301		1,028,750		87,449
Merchants Capital		55,000		55,000		45,678		(9,322)
Mineral Tax		812,000		812,000		891,379		79,379
Penalties		140,000		140,000		216,784		76,784
Interest		274,000		274,000		280,649		6,649
Total general property taxes	\$	16,600,801	\$	16,240,151	\$	17,486,031	\$	1,245,880
Other local taxes:								
Local Sales and Use Tax	\$	2,138,089	\$	2,094,495	\$	2,365,212	\$	270,717
Consumers' Utility Tax		514,000		514,000		524,331		10,331
Consumption Taxes		67,500		67,500		69,829		2,329
Coal Severance Tax		185,000		185,000		498,131		313,131
Bank Stock Tax		15,250		15,250		32,840		17,590
Grantee tax		110,000		110,000		80,254		(29,746)
Cigarette Tax		122,000		122,000		96,625		(25,375)
Taxes on Recordation and Wills		26,500		26,500		42,033		15,533
Food and Meals tax		153,100		153,100		174,684		21,584
Total other local taxes	\$	3,331,439	\$	3,287,845	\$	3,883,939	\$	596,094
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,044	\$	44
Building permits		54,500		54,500		34,151		(20,349)
Other permits and other licenses Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	1,950 57,450	\$	1,950 57,450	\$	4,389 39,584	\$	(17,866)
E. 16.69								<u> </u>
Fines and forfeitures: Court fines and forfeitures	\$	11,250	\$	11,250	\$	3,893	\$	(7,357)
		<u> </u>		•				
Revenue from use of money and property:		20.004	,	20.004	,	453.044	,	422.445
Revenue from use of money	\$	30,801	\$	30,801	\$	453,916	\$	423,115
Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	32,603 486,519	\$	(57,397) 365,718
Chausa far annian								
Charges for services: Charges for sanitation and waste removal	\$	195,000	\$	195,000	\$	226,778	¢	31,778
Charges for courthouse security	7	27,000	7	27,000	7	25,164	7	(1,836)
Charges for cannery operations		25,000		25,000		6,746		(18,254)
Charges for commonwealth attorney		6,500		6,500		10,329		3,829
Charges for courthouse maintenance		6,500		6,500		6,573		73
Charges for jail and inmate fees		5,000		5,000		13,862		8,862
Charges for district court		-		-		3,151		3,151
Charges for library		3,700		3,700		4,491		791
Clerk's collections		-		-		10,616		10,616
Other charges for services		2,200		2,200		2,585		385
Total charges for services	\$	270,900	\$	270,900	\$	310,295	\$	39,395
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous revenue	\$	90,850	\$	90,850	\$	112,103	\$	21,253
Sale of property/surplus		-		-		64,631		64,631
Valley Heights revenue		-		-		8,018		8,018
Opioid settlement		-		-		273,897		273,897
Total miscellaneous	\$	90,850	\$	90,850	\$	458,649	\$	367,799
Recovered costs:								
Social services	\$	279,918	\$	279,918	\$	48,184	\$	(231,734)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Recovered costs: (Continued)	,	420 700	,	420 700	,	24/ 207	_	225 547
School resource officer Insurance recoveries	\$	120,780	\$	120,780	\$	346,297	>	225,517 110,261
Industrial recoveries		65,000		65,000		110,261 72,577		7,577
Other Recovered Costs		355,900		355,900		1,338,013		982,113
Total recovered costs	\$	821,598	\$	821,598	\$	1,915,332	\$	1,093,734
Total revenue from local sources	\$	21,305,089	\$	20,900,845	\$	24,584,242	\$	3,683,397
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:			_		_			
Motor vehicles carriers' tax	\$	134,500	\$	134,500	\$	132,096	\$	(2,404)
Mobile home titling tax		80,000		80,000		113,802		33,802
Motor vehicle rental tax Communications tax		1,750 655,000		1,750 655,000		2,609 597,394		859 (57,606)
State recordation tax		15,000		15,000		377,374		(15,000)
Personal property tax relief act funds		1,437,003		1,437,003		1,437,003		(13,000)
Casino		-, .57,005		-,, ,		625,470		625,470
Other noncategorical		2,000		-		-		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,325,253	\$	2,323,253	\$	2,908,374	\$	585,121
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	427,347	\$	427,347	\$	426,905	\$	(442)
Sheriff		1,703,228		1,703,228		1,707,564		4,336
Commissioner of revenue		177,934		177,934		179,625		1,691
Treasurer		144,145		144,145		143,718		(427)
Registrar/electoral board		44,764		44,764		74,731		29,967
Clerk of the Circuit Court Total Shared Expenses	\$	462,456 2,959,874	\$	462,456 2,959,874	\$	391,812 2,924,355	\$	(70,644)
Other categorical aid:								
Victim witness grant	\$	66,400	\$	66,400	\$	32,203	\$	(34,197)
E911 grant	·	-	•	-	•	151,180	•	151,180
GIS		2,900		2,900		100		(2,800)
E911 state funds		52,000		52,000		105,295		53,295
Asset forfeiture funds		-		-		4,267		4,267
Fire Program Funds		90,000		90,000		84,680		(5,320)
Library grants		113,367		113,367		114,867		1,500
Litter control grants		12,800		12,800		19,456		6,656
Public assistance		2,341,438		2,341,438		2,260,122		(81,316)
Comprehensive services act		1,400,000		1,400,000		1,808,740		408,740
School resource officer		88,000		88,000		141,093		53,093
Health department		-		-		2,487		2,487
Emergency management grant		-		-		9,975		9,975
Other state funds		-		-		166,194		166,194
Total other categorical aid	\$	4,166,905	\$	4,166,905	\$	4,900,659	\$	733,754
Total categorical aid	\$	7,126,779	\$	7,126,779	\$	7,825,014	\$	698,235
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	9,452,032	\$	9,450,032	\$	10,733,388	\$	1,283,356
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
DMV ground transportation safety grant	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$		\$	(2,000)
Forfeited Assets		-		-		68		68
CDBG grants		-		-		234,921		234,921
Law enforcement grants		2,500		2,500		7,757		5,257
Violence against women		25,600		25,600		26,653		1,053

Receivant Funds: (Continued) Receivant Funds: (Continued) Receivant From the federal government: (Continued) Receivant From the sederal government Revenue from the sed from from from from from from from from	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the federal government: (Continued) Categorical aid: (Continued) Emergency management grants \$ 7,800 \$ 6,734 \$ (1,066) \$ (1	General Fund: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued) S 7,800 s 7,800 s 5,780 s 1,006 s	Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Emergency management grants \$ 7,800 \$ 6,734 \$ 1,066 Victim witness grant 3 1,53,418 3,153,418 3,013,902 109,916 Public assistance 3,153,418 3,153,418 3,153,418 3,013,902 109,916 Comprehensive services act 3,153,418 3,153,418 3,153,418 3,013,902 149,002 ARPA 5,31,91,318 5,31,91,318 5,3681,326 5,490,008 Total categorical aid 5,31,91,318 5,31,91,318 5,3681,326 5,490,008 Total General Fund 5,33,948,439 5,33,91,318 5,3681,326 5,490,008 Total General Fund 5,33,948,439 5,31,91,318 5,3681,326 5,490,008 Special Revenue Funds Coal road Evenue Funds Special Revenue Funds 5,150,000 5,150,000 5,498,131 5,348,131 Revenue from use of money and property: 8,250,200 5,150,000 5,338,859 5,388,859 Revenue from the use of money 5,150,000 5,150,000 5,338,859 5,388,8	Revenue from the federal government: (Continued)								
Victim witness grant 43,975 43,975 Public assistance 3,153,418 3,153,418 3,043,002 (109,516) Comprehensive services act 26,858,4 268,858,4 268,858,6 ARPA ************************************	Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Public assistance 3,153,418 3,153,418 3,043,902 (109,151) Comprehensive services act 2 2 268,654 268,654 ARPA 3,191,318 3,3191,318 3,191,318 3,081,326 2,490,008 Total categorical aid 3,191,318 3,3191,318 3,3681,326 2,490,008 Total General Fund 33,948,439 3,3542,195 38,998,956 5,456,761 Special Revenue Funds: Coal Road Fund: Revenue from local sources: Other local taxes Coal road taxes 5 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 498,131 \$ 348,131 Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 Total revenue from local sources \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 Total Coal Road Fund \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 Total Categorical aid: \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) <	Emergency management grants	\$	7,800	\$	7,800	\$	6,734	\$	(1,066)
Comprehensive services act ARPA 2 268,854 (48,462) 268,854 (48,462) 48,462 (48,462) 48,462 (48,462) 48,462 (48,462) 48,402 (48,402) 49,0008 49,0008 40,0	Victim witness grant		-		-		43,975		43,975
ARPA	Public assistance		3,153,418		3,153,418		, ,		(109,516)
Total categorical aid S 3,191,318 S 3,191,318 S 3,681,326 S 490,008	·		-		-		•		
Total revenue from the federal government S 3,191,318 S 3,191,318 S 3,681,326 S 490,008 Total General Fund S 33,948,439 S 33,542,195 S 38,998,956 S 5,456,761 Special Revenue Funds: Coal Road Fund: Revenue from local sources: Other local taxes: Coal road taxes S 150,000 S 150,000 S 498,131 S 348,131 Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			-		-				
Total General Fund \$ 33,948,439 \$ 33,542,195 \$ 38,998,956 \$ 5,456,761 Special Revenue Funds: Coal Road Fund: Revenue from local sources: Other local taxes: Coal road taxes \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 498,131 \$ 348,131 Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ \$ 5 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 Total revenue from local sources \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 Total Coal Road Fund \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 ARPA Fund: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: American Rescue Act \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 983,618 \$ \$ (113,350) Total categorical aid \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 983,618 \$ \$ (113,350) Total revenue from the federal government \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total categorical aid	\$	3,191,318	\$	3,191,318	\$	3,681,326	\$	490,008
Special Revenue Funds: Coal Road Fund: Revenue From local sources:	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	3,191,318	\$	3,191,318	\$	3,681,326	\$	490,008
Coal Road Fund: Revenue from local sources: 0ther local taxes: \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 498,131 \$ 348,131 Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 2 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total General Fund	\$	33,948,439	\$	33,542,195	\$	38,998,956	\$	5,456,761
Coal road taxes \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 498,131 \$ 348,131 Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 2	Coal Road Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$,	450.000	,	450.000	,	400 424	,	240.424
Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ - \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 388,859 <td>Coal road taxes</td> <td>-></td> <td>150,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>150,000</td> <td>\$</td> <td>498,131</td> <td>\$</td> <td>348,131</td>	Coal road taxes	->	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	498,131	\$	348,131
Revenue from the use of money \$ - \$ - \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 40,728 \$ 388,859 <td>Revenue from use of money and property:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenue from use of money and property:								
Total revenue from local sources \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 Total Coal Road Fund \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 ARPA Fund: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: American Rescue Act \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total categorical aid \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	40.728	\$	40.728
Total Coal Road Fund \$ 150,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 538,859 \$ 388,859 ARPA Fund: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: American Rescue Act \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total categorical aid \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)	,						10,1 = 0	•	,
ARPA Fund: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: American Rescue Act Total categorical aid Total revenue from the federal government Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) \$ 1 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) \$ 1 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)	Total revenue from local sources	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	538,859	\$	388,859
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: American Rescue Act Total categorical aid Total revenue from the federal government Total ARPA Fund S - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)	Total Coal Road Fund	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	538,859	\$	388,859
Categorical aid: American Rescue Act \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total categorical aid \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)	ARPA Fund:								
American Rescue Act \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total categorical aid \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)	Revenue from the federal government:								
Total categorical aid \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)									
Total revenue from the federal government \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350) Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)	American Rescue Act	\$	-	\$	1,096,968	\$	983,618	\$	(113,350)
Total ARPA Fund \$ - \$ 1,096,968 \$ 983,618 \$ (113,350)	Total categorical aid	\$	-	\$	1,096,968	\$	983,618	\$	(113,350)
	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	-	\$	1,096,968	\$	983,618	\$	(113,350)
Total Primary Government \$ 34,098,439 \$ 34,789,163 \$ 40,521,433 \$ 5,732,270	Total ARPA Fund	\$	-	\$	1,096,968	\$	983,618	\$	(113,350)
	Total Primary Government	\$	34,098,439	\$	34,789,163	\$	40,521,433	\$	5,732,270

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	\$	-	\$	_	\$	25	ċ	25
Revenue from the use of money	\$	6,000	þ	6,000	þ		Þ	25 (500)
Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,500 5,525	\$	(500)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	-,		-,	<u> </u>	-,-	<u> </u>	(- /
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	66,641	\$	16,641
Tuition payments		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Drivers Ed fees		14,000		14,000		10,980		(3,020)
Regional Adult Education		138,554		138,554		38,660		(99,894)
GED Testing fees		2,000		2,000		-		(2,000)
Total charges for service	\$	209,554	\$	209,554	\$	116,281	\$	(93,273)
Miscellaneous:								
Other miscellaneous	\$	350,000	\$	350,000	\$	499,765	\$	149,765
	<u> </u>	, -	-	, .				<u> </u>
Recovered costs:					_	.== ==-		
Insurance recoveries	\$	-	\$		\$	155,708	\$	155,708
Extra duties revenue		23,000		23,000		5,858		(17,142)
Dual Enrollment		25,000		25,000		18,970		(6,030)
Sale of Equipment and Supplies		10,000		10,000		6,310		(3,690)
Other recovered costs		61,500	,	61,500	_	173,483		111,983
Total recovered costs	\$	119,500	\$	119,500	\$	360,329	\$	240,829
Total revenue from local sources	\$	685,054	\$	685,054	\$	981,900	\$	296,846
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Russell, Virginia	\$	7,918,452	\$	7,918,452	\$	6,360,720	\$	(1,557,732)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	7,918,452	\$	7,918,452	\$	6,360,720	\$	(1,557,732)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	4,861,633	\$	4,861,633	\$	5,102,816	\$	241,183
Basic Aid	•	14,064,450	•	14,064,450	•	12,985,441	•	(1,079,009)
Remedial summer education		212,346		212,346		413,043		200,697
Regular foster care		11,423		11,423		13,165		1,742
Gifted and talented		137,587		137,587		134,365		(3,222)
Remedial education		547,848		547,848		535,015		(12,833)
Special education		1,553,487		1,553,487		1,517,097		(36,390)
Textbook payment		331,160		331,160		323,403		(7,757)
Career and Technical Education		89,478		89,478		5,372		(84,106)
Alternative education		1,089,906		1,089,906		1,089,906		-
Elementary Alternative Education		1,986,418		1,986,418		2,500		(1,983,918)
Algebra readiness		84,585		84,585		75,757		(8,828)
Mentor teacher program		3,708		3,708		3,942		234
Social security fringe benefits		885,563		885,563		864,819		(20,744)
Group life		62,540		62,540		61,075		(1,465)
Retirement fringe benefits		2,061,310		2,061,310		2,013,025		(48,285)
Supplemental support		886,891		886,891		866,425		(20,466)
Early reading intervention		177,723		177,723		137,592		(40,131)
Adult Education		31,489		31,489		31,489		-
Homebound education		17,574		17,574		52,029		34,455
Vocation education		798,504		798,504		779,882		(18,622)
At risk payments		2,275,138		2,275,138		2,221,590		(53,548)
Primary class size		752,733		752,733		761,350		8,617
Technology		362,000		362,000		502,540		140,540
Jobs for Virginia Graduates		25,000		25,000		60,000		35,000
Industry Certification Costs		4,341		4,341		3,103		(1,238)
At risk four-year olds		623,626		623,626		-		(623,626)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)	
School Operating Fund: (Continued)	
Intergovernmental (Continued)	
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)	
Categorical aid: (Continued)	
School Food \$ 98,278 \$ 98,278 \$ 36,516 \$. , , ,
English as a second language 23,349 23,349 15,177	(8,172)
Project graduation 11,785 11,785 11,785	-
Hold harmless for rebench 596,815 596,815 596,815	-
Payment in lieu of sales tax 291,027 291,027 291,027	-
School construction grant - 1,986,418	1,986,418
Skilled trades program - 125,000	125,000
Hold harmless for calc tool - 488,346	488,346
GED prep programs 77,632 77,572	(60)
Lottery payments 1,014,314 1,014,314 986,946	(27,368)
Tobacco Commission 30,000 30,000 2,371	(27,629)
Additional assistance preschool 609,158	609,158
Plugged in Virginia 12,671	12,671
Adult literacy 67,510 67,510 67,511	1 704
Special education-foster care 13,781	13,781
Virginia preschool initiative - 51,298	51,298
Other state funds 760 760 119,662 Total categorical aid \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,048,795 \$ 3	118,902
Total categorical aid \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,048,795 \$	\$ (101,136)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,149,931 \$ 36,048,795 \$	\$ (101,136)
Revenue from the federal government:	
Categorical aid:	
Basic Adult Education \$ 319,192 \$ 319,192 \$ 305,674 \$	\$ (13,518)
Title I 1,137,716 1,137,716 1,063,644	(74,072)
Special Education 939,162 939,162 1,013,636	74,474
Title VI-B, preschool 236,118 236,118 49,380	(186,738)
Vocational education 88,975 88,975 90,289	1,314
School Food Program 1,857,675 1,857,675 2,544,917	687,242
Improving teacher quality 160,409 160,409 72,706	(87,703)
Title IV part A 82,662 82,662 126,950	44,288
21st century grant 1,569,498 1,569,498 1,947,448	377,950
Rural and low income schools 7,328	7,328
Education stabilization funds 4,893,058 4,893,058 2,832,428	(2,060,630)
Public health crisis 64,005	64,005
ARPA - 392,449	392,449
Emergency connectivity funds 186,996	186,996
Total categorical aid \$ 11,284,465 \$ 11,284,465 \$ 10,697,850 \$	\$ (586,615)
Total revenue from the federal government \$ 11,284,465 \$ 11,284,465 \$ 10,697,850 \$	\$ (586,615)
Total School Operating Fund \$ 56,037,902 \$ 56,037,902 \$ 54,089,265 \$	\$ (1,948,637)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: General government administration:								
Legislative: Board of supervisors	\$	182,700	\$	201,824	\$	202,643	\$	(819)
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	366,143	\$	386,210	\$	386,774	\$	(564)
Independent auditor		68,250		68,250		23,850		44,400
Commissioner of the revenue		359,667		435,937		449,573		(13,636)
Real estate assessor		124,150		124,150		119,291		4,859
Treasurer		435,471		502,782		505,590		(2,808)
Procurement		170,541		239,044		245,737		(6,693)
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,524,222	\$	1,756,373	\$	1,730,815	\$	25,558
Board of elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	41,958	\$	78,047	\$	68,884	\$	9,163
General Registrar		162,828		165,633		169,973		(4,340)
Total board of elections	\$	204,786	\$	243,680	\$	238,857	\$	4,823
Total general government administration	\$	1,911,708	\$	2,201,877	\$	2,172,315	\$	29,562
Judicial administration: Courts:								
Circuit Court	\$	92,600	\$	92,600	\$	79,815	\$	12,785
General District Court		16,590		16,590		11,915		4,675
Clerk's Office		598,803		608,084		617,892		(9,808)
Sheriff Courts		1,059,652		1,366,627		1,389,119		(22,492)
Victim and Witness Assistance		59,330		65,130		66,005		(875)
Law Library		-		1,222		1,222		-
Total courts	\$	1,831,475	\$	2,156,110	\$	2,171,809	\$	(15,699)
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	907,171	\$	980,367	\$	992,744	\$	(12,377)
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	907,171	\$	980,367	\$	992,744	\$	(12,377)
Total judicial administration	\$	2,738,646	\$	3,136,477	\$	3,164,553	\$	(28,076)
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	2,633,859	\$	3,129,655	\$	3,246,062	\$	(116,407)
Dare program		3,000		3,000		-		3,000
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,636,859	\$	3,132,655	\$	3,246,062	\$	(113,407)
Fire and rescue services:								
Volunteer Fire Departments	\$	292,100	\$	380,978	\$	415,792	\$	(34,814)
Ambulance Rescue Squad		189,875		209,875		209,870		5
Total fire and rescue services	\$	481,975	\$	590,853	\$	625,662	\$	(34,809)
Correction and detention:								
Operation of Jail	\$	2,324,385	\$	2,676,791	\$	2,677,869	\$	(1,078)
Probation Office		208,332		208,332		151,814		56,518
Total correction and detention	\$	2,532,717	\$	2,885,123	\$	2,829,683	\$	55,440
Inspections:								
Building inspector	\$	138,833	\$	171,377	\$	169,942	\$	1,435
Total inspections	\$	138,833	\$	171,377	\$	169,942		1,435
	-	. 50,000	7	,	7	, , , 12	7	.,.55

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Other protection:								
Forestry Service	\$	12,239	\$	12,239	\$	12,239	\$	-
Enhanced 911		561,640		561,640		455,628		106,012
Medical Examiner		400		400		320		80
Emergency Services		118,180		118,180		91,721		26,459
Animal Control Total other protection	\$	99,660 792,119	\$	157,255 849,714	\$	161,219 721,127	\$	(3,964) 128,587
Total other protection		772,117	7	047,714	~	721,127		120,307
Total public safety	\$	6,582,503	\$	7,629,722	\$	7,592,476	\$	37,246
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill	\$	1,879,979	\$	2,013,744	\$	1,754,287	\$	259,457
Litter Coordinator		-		50,079		51,436		(1,357)
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,879,979	\$	2,063,823	\$	1,805,723	\$	258,100
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	941,771	\$	941,771	\$	887,558	\$	54,213
Total public works	\$	2,821,750	\$	3,005,594	\$	2,693,281	\$	312,313
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Health Department	\$	369,175	Ś	369,175	Ś	369,175	\$	-
	<u> </u>		T		-		•	
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Cumberland Mountain Community Services Board	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	39,996	\$	4
Welfare:								
Social services	\$	5,494,856	\$	6,278,197	\$	5,713,772	\$	564,425
Comprehensive Services Act		1,400,000		2,573,707		2,629,365		(55,658)
Appalachian Agency for Senior Citizens		85,975		85,975		85,336		639
Total welfare	\$	6,980,831	\$	8,937,879	\$	8,428,473	\$	509,406
Total health and welfare	\$	7,390,006	\$	9,347,054	\$	8,837,644	\$	509,410
Education:								
Other instructional costs:					_			
Contributions to County School Board	\$	7,918,452	\$	7,918,452	\$	6,360,720	\$	1,557,732
SVCC Contribution	_	233,201	ċ	279,592	ċ	279,592	ċ	4 FF7 722
Total education	\$	8,151,653	\$	8,198,044	\$	6,640,312	\$	1,557,732
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Recreation Park	\$	88,500	\$	135,702	\$	136,937	\$	(1,235)
Conference Center		68,373		73,335		74,739		(1,404)
Total parks and recreation	\$	156,873	\$	209,037	\$	211,676	\$	(2,639)
1.9 horasina								
Library: Public Library	\$	377,432	¢	439,530	¢	446,020	¢	(6,490)
Fublic Library		377,432	٠	437,330	٠	440,020	٠	(0,490)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	534,305	\$	648,567	\$	657,696	\$	(9,129)
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning Commission	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	13,850	\$	3,150
Community Development		26,250		26,250		28,118		(1,868)

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Community development: (Continued)							
Planning and community development: (Continued)							
Industrial Development Authority	\$	7,500 \$		\$	7,500	\$.
PSA Contributions		-	195,890		472,218		(276,328)
Cumberland Plateau		35,000	35,000		35,000		-
Regional Housing		1,800	1,800		1,800		-
Highway Safety Commission		4,200	4,750		4,750		-
Canneries		25,000	47,703		48,903		(1,200)
Tourism	-	6,000	52,000	,	51,636		364
Total planning and community development	\$	122,750 \$	387,893	\$	663,775	\$	(275,882)
Environmental management:		40 F00 . Ċ	40 500	,	7 500	,	2 000
Soil and Water Conservation	\$	10,500 \$	10,500	\$	7,500	\$	3,000
Cooperative extension program: VPI Extension	,	מ ארא דע	07.02/	¢	67,905	¢	10 124
YFI LALEISION	<u>\$</u>	87,026 \$	·		·		19,121
Total community development	\$	220,276 \$	485,419	\$	739,180	\$	(253,761)
Nondepartmental:							
Nondepartmental	\$	399,045 \$		\$	322,190		374,791
Total nondepartmental	\$	399,045 \$	696,981	\$	322,190	\$	374,791
Capital projects:							
Courthouse restoration project	\$	- \$, ,	\$	8,893,014	\$	(158,514)
Other capital projects		52,797	147,305		351,970		(204,665)
Total capital projects	\$	52,797 \$	8,881,805	\$	9,244,984	\$	(363,179)
Debt service:							
Principal payments	\$	1,824,360 \$		\$	2,192,241	\$	(367,881)
Interest Expense		333,815	333,815		691,405	,	(357,590)
Total debt service	\$	2,158,175 \$	2,158,175	\$	2,883,646	\$	(725,471)
Total General Fund	\$	32,960,864 \$	46,389,715	\$	44,948,277	\$	1,441,438
Special Revenue Funds:							
Coal Road Fund:							
Public works:							
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:		.= *			07 / 070		
Virginia coalfield	\$	150,000 \$	294,279	\$	274,378	\$	19,901
Total Coal Road Fund	\$	150,000 \$	294,279	\$	274,378	\$	19,901
ARPA Fund:							
General government administration:							
General and financial administration:							
Other general and financial administration	\$	- \$	1,096,968	\$	65,253	\$	1,031,715
Public safety:							
Law enforcement and traffic control:							
Sheriff	\$	- \$	-	\$	803,330	\$	(803,330)
Public works:							
Sanitation and waste removal:							
Litter Coordinator	\$	- \$	-	\$	36,257	\$	(36,257)
Total ARPA Fund	\$	- \$	1,096,968	\$	904,840	\$	192,128
Total Primary Government	<u> </u>	33,110,864 \$	47,780,962	Ċ	46,127,495	Ċ	1,653,467
Total Frimary Government	3	33,110,004 \$	47,700,702	ڔ	40,127,493	Ļ	1,033,407

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:						
School Operating Fund:						
Education:						
Administration of schools:						
Administration and health services	\$ 2,428,658	\$ 2,428,658	\$	2,639,395	\$	(210,737)
Instruction costs:						
Instructional costs	\$ 34,435,353	\$ 34,435,353	\$	33,265,272	\$	1,170,081
Technology	1,873,936	1,873,936		2,235,807		(361,871)
Total instruction costs	\$ 36,309,289	\$ 36,309,289	\$	35,501,079	\$	808,210
Operating costs:						
Pupil transportation	\$ 3,338,854	\$ 3,338,854	\$	3,364,754	\$	(25,900)
Operation and maintenance of school plant	5,337,721	5,337,721		6,573,655		(1,235,934)
Food service and non-instructional	2,007,453	2,007,453		2,539,735		(532,282)
Facilities	6,609,927	6,609,927		1,631,954		4,977,973
Total operating costs	\$ 17,293,955	\$ 17,293,955	\$	14,110,098	\$	3,183,857
Total education	\$ 56,031,902	\$ 56,031,902	\$	52,250,572	\$	3,781,330
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	\$ -	\$ -	\$	135,454	\$	(135,454)
Interest and other fiscal charges	 6,000	6,000	•	7,662		(1,662)
Total School Operating Fund	\$ 56,037,902	\$ 56,037,902	\$	52,393,688	\$	3,644,214



County of Russell, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	36,373,896	36,291,932	34,463,205	32,885,300	30,875,751	34,169,288	35,494,048	32,689,577	31,861,030	33,337,001
Sewer Authority	363,062 \$	299,989	317,087	367,504	351,058	388,981	454,634	441,642	430,426	403,848
Interest on Long- Term Debt	763,406 \$	619,729	304,508	546,107	487,606	499,803	515,428	342,729	385,445	457,095
Community Jevelopment	1,256,041 \$	885,795	2,647,011	924,518	935,883	957,043	992,839	1,025,246	1,023,371	1,687,428
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	721,027 \$	505,537	601,351	650,254	548,374	583,009	552,562	481,145	514,678	546,171
R. Education ar	9,080,743 \$	10,503,873	7,311,793	8,533,863	6,531,101	8,613,945	9,519,958	7,744,464	7,596,324	8,943,324
Health and Welfare (1)	8,017,297 \$	7,491,558	9,078,839	7,178,554	8,165,010	9,191,297	9,535,001	8,926,570	8,115,359	7,169,883
Public Works	3,330,576 \$	4,049,727	3,844,745	3,075,914	3,217,305	3,262,221	3,152,142	3,547,942	3,725,640	4,381,728
Public Safety	7,608,138 \$	6,244,012	6,455,538	6,860,358	6,222,716	6,409,699	6,395,713	5,999,917	6,352,397	6,005,354
Judicial Administration	3,325,062 \$	2,904,085	2,024,412	2,847,235	2,461,521	2,259,365	2,290,688	2,080,921	1,945,227	2,039,186
General Government dministration Adn	1,908,544 \$	2,787,627	1,877,921	1,900,993	1,955,177	2,003,925	2,085,083	2,099,001	1,772,163	1,702,984
Fiscal Go Year Adm	2022-23 \$	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

را) 2018-2019 the Workforce Investment Board became it's own entity, Southwest Virginia Workforce Development Board. 5 9

County of Russell, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

Con Con 1	Operating Grants and contributions	Capital				GENERAL INLY LINGLS			
Con Con 2 \$ 7.7 \$	ating ints nd butions	Capital					Grants and		
Con. 7 \$ 11	ants hd butions				Unrestricted		Contributions		
Con 5.7 \$	nd butions	Grants	General	Other	Revenue from		Not Restricted		
Con	butions	and	Property	Local	use of Money		to Specific	Gain on Sale of	
∽		Contributions	Taxes (1)	Taxes	and Property	Miscellaneous	Programs	Asset	Total
	12,323,764 \$	166,194	\$ 17,408,682	\$ 4,382,070	\$ 540,298	\$ 239,966	\$ 2,908,374	\$ -	38,460,575
	10,908,468		12,256,262	4,355,271	116,235	1,457,633	2,253,930	408,650	32,188,450
,	13,856,417		17,403,606	3,370,558	176,347	153,770	2,274,529	6,391	37,828,360
_	9,864,066		17,746,273	3,035,109	184,588	333,504	2,403,842		34,086,764
	0,134,066	20,000	17,541,471	3,250,496	282,315	210,687	2,422,355		34,389,170
1	1,391,778		17,446,217	3,390,189	254,538	233,890			35,603,537
_	1,862,113		17,065,361	3,297,225	185,677	91,300			35,409,421
_	0,616,989	61,200	15,198,122	3,781,925	223,008	180,343	2,501,627		32,993,803
468,117 9,6	9,648,228	•	15,762,013	4,635,427	257,108	226,621	2,553,497		33,551,011
	8,991,231	320,311	15,749,617	4,873,857	359,952	86,115	2,562,116		33,388,926

(1) For fiscal year 2021-22, the County increased allowance to write-off company taxes related to lawsuit.

County of Russell, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

70,249,134 68,611,177 67,289,189 65,792,171 64,636,204
1,893,421 1,935,190 1,747,721 1,946,577 1,810,023
158,828 147,991 515,527 112,482 112,027
1,083,779 1,008,002 1,048,554 1,046,895 1,701,241
566,272 522,426 468,670 480,741 507,694
42,484,928 40,397,495 39,874,115 39,320,723 38,945,001
9,601,443 9,950,089 9,209,141 8,354,018 7,412,261
3,331,380 3,480,788 3,529,620 3,962,315 4,500,894
6,554,101 7,012,800 6,914,427 6,839,477 5,955,754
2,397,387 2,326,471 2,193,822 2,011,601 2,039,720
2,177,595 1,829,925 1,787,592 1,717,342 1,651,589
2017-18 2016-17 2015-16 2014-15 2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and the operating fund of its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes Capital Projects. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.
(3) 2018-2019 the Workforce Investment Board became it's own entity, Southwest Virginia Workforce Development Board.

County of Russell, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

) Total	s								67,690,154	
	Inter-	governmental (2)	\$ 62,144,977	60,554,518	56,166,892	47,792,348	46,905,798	46,735,222	46,597,608	44,977,461	44,426,079	41,977,914
	Recovered	Costs	2,275,661	1,453,739	1,276,983	2,048,827	2,240,716	1,531,418	1,651,000	1,607,321	1,338,279	1,121,491
		Aiscellaneous	958,414 \$	601,109	521,223	520,344	446,681	534,953	342,528	426,624	472,339	307,398
	Charges for	_	2,807,537 \$	2,198,574	1,499,241	698,549	720,026	710,045	684,981	676,644	776,757	803,470
במאר ופון וואכמו ופמוא	Revenue from the Use of Money and	Property	532,772 \$	118,366	176,674	182,583	281,848	259,642	186,397	223,772	251,962	352,852
Fast	Fines and	Forfeitures	3,893 \$	10,279	5,524	6,885	13,545	16,708	18,804	14,136	2,334	31,151
	Permits, rrivilege Fees, Regulatory	Licenses	39,584 \$	43,484	42,459	47,900	43,183	68,668	32,009	30,258	40,342	40,292
	Other Pr Local		4,382,070 \$	4,355,271	3,370,558	3,035,109	3,250,496	3,390,189	3,297,225	3,781,925	4,635,427	4,873,857
	General Property	Taxes	; 17,486,031 \$	16,579,875	16,671,668	16,065,093	15,901,393	16,390,872	17,415,482	15,071,101	15,746,635	16,011,500
	Fiscal	Year	\$ 2022-23 \$	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes Capital Projects. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Russell, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to	24.29%	50.49%	45.76%	41.25%	32.66%	24.90%	20.61%	23.60%	21.60%	22.22%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1-2)	5,049,117	9,786,415	8,505,640	7,729,993	6,126,347	4,476,207	3,734,590	4,096,565	3,823,404	3,914,585
Percent of Total Tax Collections	88.65% \$	89.06	94.76%	91.42%	90.33%	%69.96	101.47%	92.49%	94.39%	%0.96
Total Tax Collections	18,425,601	17,576,722	17,614,929	17,132,715	16,941,457	17,380,497	18,387,170	16,057,144	16,710,720	16,917,604
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	1,344,501 \$	888,027	1,316,051	1,141,973	1,063,006	1,377,820	1,946,062	1,312,236	994,555	895,532
Percent of Levy	2.18% \$	86.10%	84.68%	85.33%	84.66%	89.02%	90.73%	84.93%	88.77%	%36.06
Current Tax Collections (1)	17,081,100	16,688,695	16,298,878	15,990,742	15,878,451	16,002,677	16,441,108	14,744,908	15,716,165	16,022,072
Total Tax I ew (1)	20,785,705	19,383,902	18,589,131	18,740,791	18,755,991	17,975,777	18,121,006	17,361,249	17,704,326	17,616,878
Fiscal	2022-23 \$	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. (2) For fiscal year 2021-22, before property taxes related to lawsuit were written off. For fiscal year 2022-23, taxes related to lawsuit have been removed.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property County of Russell, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	\$ 2,259,309,196	2,201,505,126	2,196,618,127	2,203,640,180	2,099,254,270	2,130,856,787	2,100,993,238	2,064,360,248	2,067,206,175	2,153,705,151
	Public	Service (2)	294,767,036	313,809,472	325,134,394	324,047,377	251,848,360	288,824,827	265,575,303	243,897,231	240,244,298	315,700,293
	Mobile	Homes	13,869,588 \$	13,798,248	15,425,782	15,473,918	21,270,790	20,380,636	20,726,176	21,377,908	21,500,580	21,820,581
	Merchant's	Capital	7,935,384 \$	7,795,479	8,983,665	7,482,353	5,701,488	5,992,268	5,716,770	5,876,008	6,084,205	6,061,014
Machinery	and	Tools	61,850,609 \$	66,103,456	59,279,207	59,906,364	54,399,602	56,429,665	57,050,690	58,791,092	71,451,300	92,212,643
	Personal	Property	444,965,106 \$	362,600,380	351,564,264	355,435,332	340,126,676	321,810,049	327,638,704	298,654,470	300,976,802	297,609,286
	Real	Estate (1)	1,435,921,473 \$	1,437,398,091	1,436,230,815	1,441,294,836	1,425,907,354	1,437,419,342	1,424,285,595	1,435,763,539	1,426,948,990	1,420,301,334
	Fiscal	Year	2022-23 \$	2021-22	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14

⁽¹⁾ Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value. (2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission-includes all property types.

County of Russell, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (2)	Personal Property	Machinery & Tools	Merchant's Capital	Mobile Homes
2022-23	\$ 0.63	\$ 1.95	\$ 1.95	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.63
2021-22	0.63	1.95	1.95	0.65	0.63
2020-21	0.63	1.95	1.95	0.65	0.63
2019-20	0.63	1.95	1.65	0.65	0.63
2018-19	0.63	1.95	1.65	0.65	0.63
2017-18	0.63	1.95	1.65	0.65	0.63
2016-17	0.63	1.95	1.65	0.65	0.63
2015-16	0.63	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.63
2014-15	0.63	1.65	1.65	0.65	0.63
2013-14	0.56/0.63	1.65	2.00	0.65	0.56

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

^{(2) 2}nd half due December/1st half due June of fiscal year.

County of Russell, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	,	Assessed Value (in ousands) (2)	Gross Bonded Debt (3)	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2022-23	25,781	\$	2,259,309	\$ 18,001,606	\$ 18,001,606	0.80% \$	698
2021-22	25,781		2,201,505	18,826,051	18,826,051	0.86%	730
2020-21	25,781		2,196,618	3,806,495	3,806,495	0.17%	148
2019-20	28,897		2,203,640	4,580,219	4,580,219	0.21%	159
2018-19	28,897		2,099,254	4,975,292	4,975,292	0.24%	172
2017-18	28,897		2,130,857	5,953,218	5,953,218	0.28%	206
2016-17	28,897		2,100,993	6,906,780	6,906,780	0.33%	239
2015-16	28,897		2,064,360	7,930,656	7,930,656	0.38%	274
2014-15	28,897		2,067,206	8,951,609	8,951,609	0.43%	310
2013-14	28,897		2,153,705	9,955,282	9,955,282	0.46%	345

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

Excludes financed purchases, locality compensation payments, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

⁽²⁾ Real property assessed at 100% of the fair market value.

⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, literary fund loans and revenue bond for the courthouse.

County of Russell, Virginia
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded
Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 9

Fiscal Year		Total Debt Service		Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2022-23	\$	2,883,646	\$	85,204,677	3.38%
2021-22	•	2,508,151	•	84,747,790	2.96%
2020-21		1,787,375		77,555,761	2.30%
2019-20		1,744,622		70,179,962	2.49%
2018-19		2,066,840		70,514,116	2.93%
2017-18		1,893,421		70,249,134	2.70%
2016-17		1,935,190		68,611,177	2.82%
2015-16		1,747,721		67,289,189	2.60%
2014-15		1,946,577		65,792,171	2.96%
2013-14		1,810,023		64,636,204	2.80%

⁽¹⁾ Includes all governmental funds of the Primary Government and funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Russell, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Russell, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 7, 2024. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Russell County Public Service Authority (PSA), as described in our report on County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Russell, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-01 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Russell, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Russell, Virginia's Response to Findings

Prolina, Faver, lox associates

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on County of Russell, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Russell, Virginia's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

May 7, 2024



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Supervisors County of Russell, Virginia Lebanon, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. County of Russell, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, County of Russell, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, *and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of County of Russell, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County of Russell, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on County of Russell, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of Russell, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Russell, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Prolina, Faver, lox associates

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

May 7, 2024

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number					Federal penditures
Department of Health and Human Services:	<u> </u>		•				
Pass Through Payments:							
Department of Social Services:	03.000	1110122 1110122					427
Guardianship Assistance	93.090 93.472	1110122, 1110123 1140122, 1140123				\$	137 5,579
Title IV-E Prevention Program Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400122, 0400123					372,167
remporary Assistance for Needy Families	73.330	0950121, 0950122, 0950221,					3/2,10/
Mary Lee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program	93.556	0960122					44,563
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State/Replacement Designee Administered Programs	93.566	0500122, 0500123					1,742
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600422, 0600423					76,032
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program (ETV)	93.599	9160121, 9160122					1,901
CCDF Cluster							
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the							
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760122, 0760123					85,659
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900121, 0900122					590
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100122, 1100123					521,934
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120122, 1120123					665,447
Social Services Block Grant John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to Adulthood	93.667 93.674	1000122, 1000123 9150121, 9150122					581,452 8,376
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540122, 0540123					2,837
Medicaid Cluster	73./0/	0340122, 0340123					2,037
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200122, 1200123					321,076
Department of Education:	75.770	1200122, 1200123					321,070
COVID-19 Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency							
Response: Public Health Crisis Response	93.354	APE402970000					64,005
Nesponser Fastic Fledich Chisis Nesponse	75.551	711 E 10277 0000					0.,003
Total Department of Health and Human Services						S	2,753,497
4							
Department of Agriculture:							
Pass Through Payments:							
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
Department of Agriculture:							
National School Lunch Program - Food Distribution (Note 3)	10.555	Not available	\$ 227,602				
Providence of Education							
Department of Education:		APE402540000; APE411060000;					
Necessia Cale and the cale Decession	40.555	APE402540000; APE4110600000; APE411080000	4 5/7 000	•	4 705 405		
National School Lunch Program	10.555		1,567,893	\$	1,795,495		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	APE402530000; APE411100000			514,064		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	60302, 60303			78,761	\$	2,388,320
Department of Education:							
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	DOE865560000					3,135
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	APE700270000; APE700280000					116,312
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	DOE868040000					37,150
,							,
Department of Social Services:							
SNAP Cluster							
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental		0010122; 0010123; 0040122;					
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	40123					622,971
Total Department of Agriculture						S	3,167,888
Total Separement of Agriculture						<u>-</u>	3,107,000
Department of Treasury:							
Direct Payments:							
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Not applicable		\$	946,712		
Pass Through Payments:							
Department of Housing and Community Development:							
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	22IRFPG13			48,462		
Department of Social Services:							
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	9122222			293		
Tourism:	24.00				45.000		
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	Not available			15,000		
Department of Education: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	APE600540000			392,449	\$	1,402,916
COTID 17 Coronavirus State and Eccat riseat recovery rands	21.027	AI 20003-10000		_	372,447	-	1,402,710
Total Department of Treasury						\$	1,402,916
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						<u> </u>	.,,
Department of Justice:							
Direct Payments:							
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	Not applicable				\$	16,610
Pass Through Payments:							
Department of Criminal Justice Services:		15JOVW21GG00568STOP:					
Visit and American West of Front Local Control	47 500	15JOVW21GG005685TOP; 15JOVW22GG00455STOP				_	24 452
Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588	Not available				\$	26,653
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Crime Victim Assistance	16.738	20V2GX0048					7,757
Crime victim Assistance	16.575	2072GX0048					43,975
Total Department of Justice						\$	94,995
							,,,,,
Department of Education:							
Pass Through Payments:							
Department of Education:							
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	APE428010000; APE611110000				\$	305,674
Title I: Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	APE429010000					1,063,644
Special Education Cluster:							
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	APE402870000; APE430710000		\$	1,013,636		
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	APE625210000; APE402860000			49,380		
Total Special Education Cluster	_				_		1,063,016
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	APE600310000; APE600311005					90,289
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	APE605650000					1,947,448
Rural Education	84.358	APE434810000					7,328
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	04.34=	ADE(4.4000000					70 70
(formerly Improving Teacher Quality State Grants)	84.367	APE614800000					72,706

County of Russell, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program Cluster or Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number			Federal penditures
Department of Education: (continued)					
Pass Through Payments: (continued) Department of Education: (continued)					
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	APE602810000			126,950
Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021-Emergency	01.121	AI 2002010000			120,730
Assistance for Non-Public Schools (CRRSA EANS)	84.425R	APE501930000; APE601730000	\$ 28,485		
American Rescue Plan-Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	APE501930000; APE601730000	2,803,943		2,832,428
Total Department of Education				\$	7,509,483
Department of Housing and Urban Development:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grant/State's Program					
and Non-Entitlement Grants In Hawaii	14.228	CAMS 191436		\$	234,921
Institute of Museum and Library Services:					
Pass Through Payments:					
The Library of Virginia:					
Grants to States	45.310	0000118903		\$	21,906
Department of Homeland Security:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Emergency Management:					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	EMP-2021-EP-00004		\$	6,734
Federal Communications Commission:					
Direct Payments: Emergency Connectivity Fund Program	32.009	Not applicable		c	186,996
Linergency Connectivity Fund Flogram	32.007	пос аррисане		,	100,770
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$	15,379,336

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of County of Russell, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Russell, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Russell, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
 (3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursement.

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, Russell County, Virginia had food commodities totaling \$227,602 in inventory.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements: Primary government: General Fund 3,681,326 Less: Asset forfeiture funds (68) Plus: Equitable sharing program difference 16,610 ARPA Fund 983,618 4,681,486 Total primary government 10,697,850 School Operating Fund 15,379,336 Total expenditures of federal awards per the basic financial statements

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR

Section 200.516(a)? No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
21.027	COVID 19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	
84.425	COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Funds (ESSER Funds)	
84.287	Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish betward Type B programs:	ween Type A	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		No

County of Russell, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2023	-001
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Criteria: Identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not

detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness

exists.

Condition: The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary

adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Cause: The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and correct errors in

closing their year-end financial statements.

Effect: There is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's

financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the

County's internal controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation: The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2023 and

develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately

presented for audit.

Management's Response: The County Administrator will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments

for 2023 and will develop a plan of action with the Treasurer to ensure that all

adjusting entries are made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.

County of Russell, Virginia

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

2022-001	
Condition:	The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
Recommendation:	The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2022 and develop a plan to ensure the trial balances and related schedules are accurately presented for audit.
Current Status:	Finding 2022-001 was repeated in the current year as 2023-001.
2022-002	
Condition:	On its report ending March 31, 2022, the County reported that it had obligated and expended all of the amount it was awarded (\$5,164,019). The County's books showed it had expended only \$709,700.
Recommendation:	The County should try to amend the reports to accurately show amounts expended.
Current Status:	Finding 2022-002 was corrected in the current year.