# COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

# COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

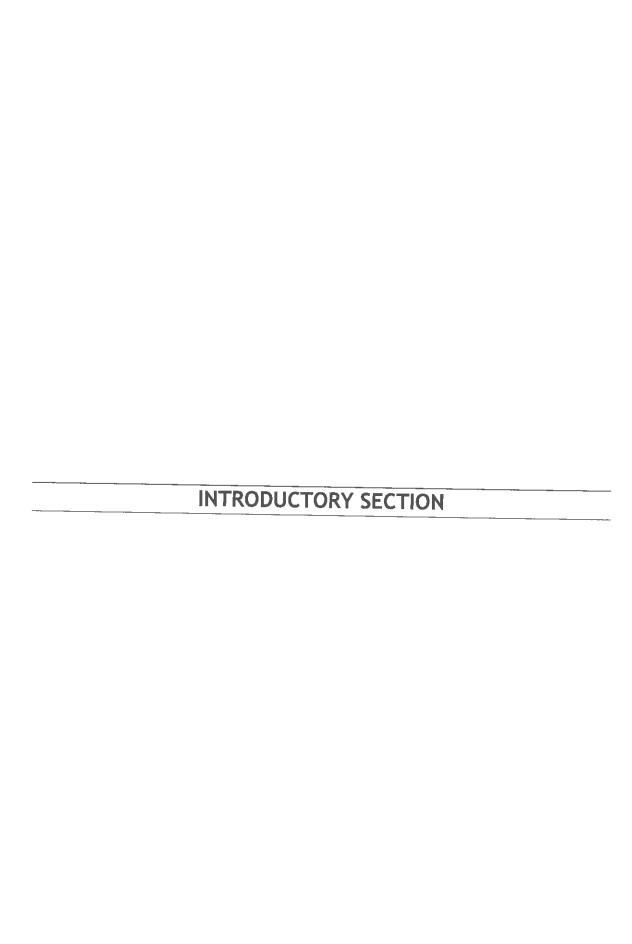
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### **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

Scott Dunn, Vice Chairman Richard McCoy Barbara Hobbs, Chair

Larry Williams Paul Baker

### **COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD**

J. Lewis Webb, Chair

Ronald B. Whitehead, Vice Chairman Drema K. McMahon

Amanda Tickle, Clerk

Joseph M. Gollehon, Jr. Eric G. Gentry

### SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

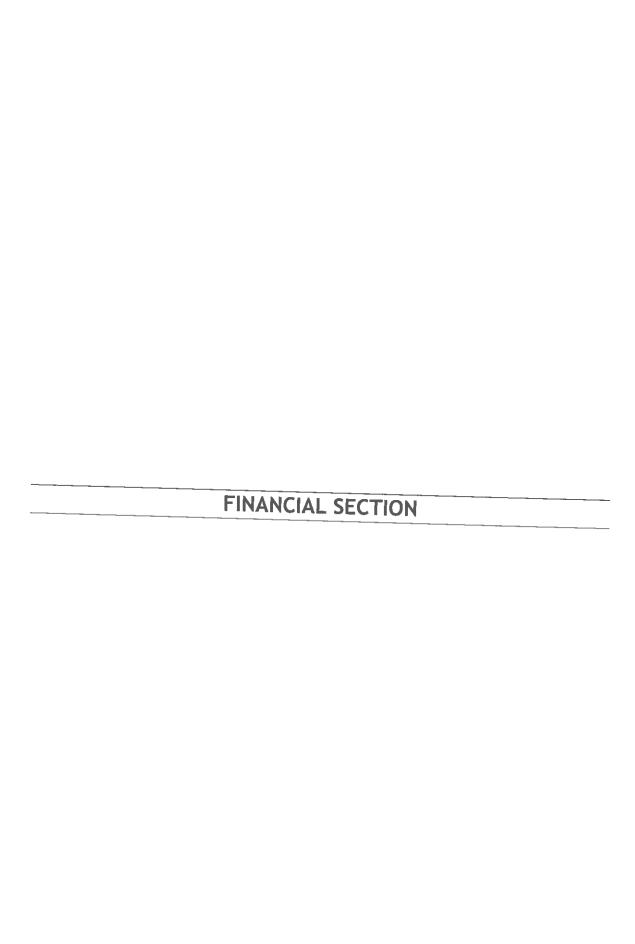
Giles Lester, Chair

Tom Spangler Barbara Hobbs Clara O'Brien

Gina Franklin Claude Wimmer Donna Collins, Clerk

### **OTHER OFFICIALS**

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Charles Eraley
Commonwealth 2 Affollies	Dobort M. Liller In
commissioner of the Revenue	ica Coroll
Treasurer	Corold W. Dunger
SHELLI TOTAL TARGET TOTAL TOTA	William At Atillians
Superintendent of Schools	WILLIAM M. MILLIFONS
Director of Social Services	Dr. Terry Arbogast, II
Director of Social Services	····· Sherri Nipper
County Administrator	Chric McKlorney
County Attorney	·····Richard Chidester



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Giles, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Giles, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedule of pension and OPEB funding progress on pages 58 and 59, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basis financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Giles, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

### Other Information (Continued)

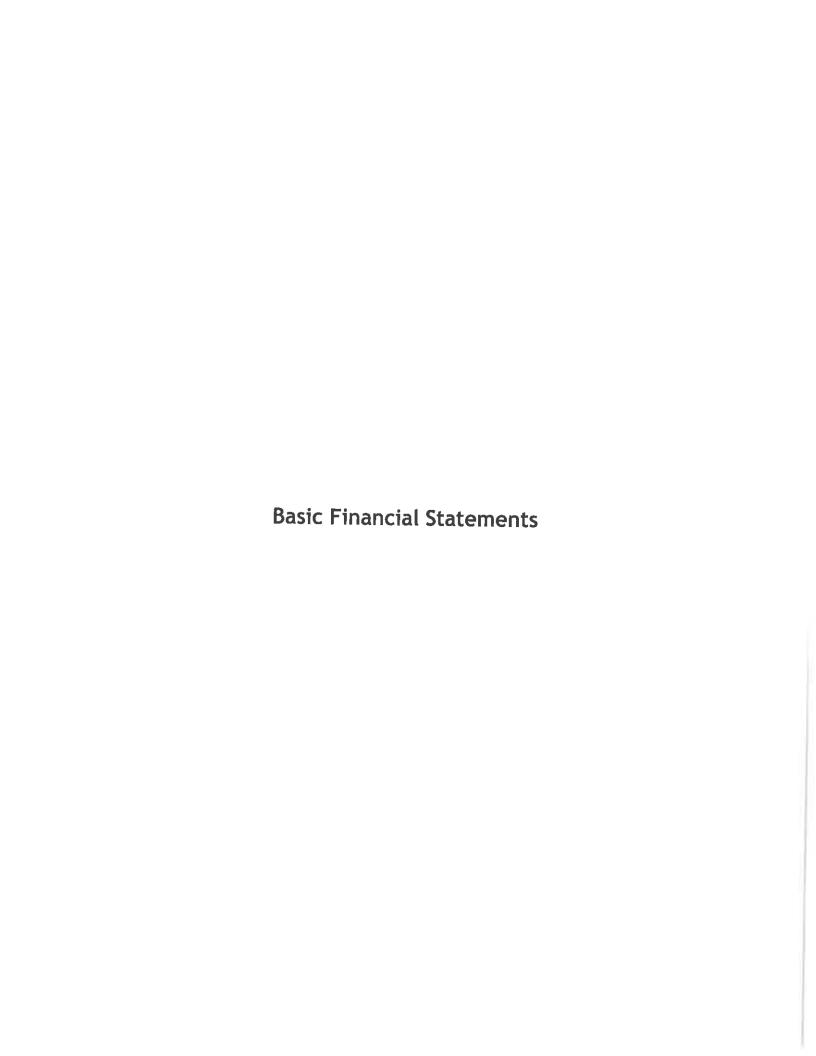
The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2014, on our consideration of County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolumoon, James, Ly Associates
Blacksburg, Virginia
December 22. 2014



### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	_			nary Governme			_	Component		Component
	(	Governmental		Business-type				Unit		Unit
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>		School Board		IDA
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,426,934	. ,	31,446		\$ 8,458,380	·	2.004.44.4		
Cash in custody of others	•	0, 120,75	· 🔻	JI,770	_	9 0,420,380	\$	_,,,,,,,,		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								81,083		
Taxes receivable		3,402,815				2 402 945				
Other local taxes receivable		78,546				3,402,815		-		
Accounts receivable		5,058		62,473		78,546		20 404		
Internal balances		1,057,898		(1,057,898		67,531		20,484		
Due from primary government		1,037,670		(1,007,090	,	**		1+		
Due from other governmental units		981,309				004 300		484		2,4
Inventories (Commodities)		701,507		- 4		981,309		696,447		
Prepaid items						- 5		48,701		
Restricted assets:								123,339		
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)										
Investments		472,766		2 4/4 572		0.00 / 000		308,087		
Notes receivable		7/2,/00		2,461,572		2,934,338		(*)		
Inventories (Land and buildings held for resale)						1.7		25		702,0
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		-		-		12		5.		1,705,48
Land		E20 E20		42.000						
Buildings and improvements		530,530		13,000		543,530		473,652		618,63
Machinery and equipment		21,684,275		400.00		21,684,275		2,488,087		8,254,20
Infrastructure		1,111,742		180,840		1,292,582		1,165,315		
Construction in progress		70 500		10,348,245		10,348,245		7.5		
Total assets	<u> </u>	79,598 37,831,471	\$	642,846	-	722,444	_	621,846		
		37,031,771	->-	12,682,524	\$	50,513,995	\$	9,018,455	\$	11,282,80
IABILITIES										
accounts payable	\$	307,854	S	81,640	ς	389,494	c	16,467	,	205 74
leconciled overdraft		96	•	-,,,,,	*	307,-174	,	10,407	þ	285,71
letainage payable		155,487		190		155,487		- 3		32,23
ccrued payroll		,		190		133,707		2.004.053		14,88
ustomers' deposits		1		21,400		21,400		2,094,853		
ccrued interest payable		196,318		72,623		268,941		5,000		
ue to component unit		2,481		72,023		•				66,197
ong-term liabilities:		_,				2,481				
Due within one year		2,334,626		244,969		2,579,595		740 5770		
Due in more than one year		25,771,377		8,328,541		34,099,918		310,779		339,997
Total liabilities	\$	28,768,143	\$		5	37,517,316		393,263	_	6,507,951
			<u> </u>	0,7 17,173	<u>~</u>	37,317,310	_	2,820,362	\$	7,246,970
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
eferred revenue - property taxes	\$	2,992,059	\$	-	\$	2,992,059			Ś	
ET POSITION										
et investment in capital assets	_									
ectivestment in capital assets estricted:	\$	94,837	\$	<b>5,133,89</b> 1	\$	5,228,728 \$	i	4,748,900	\$	2,024,895
										,,
School cafeteria prestricted		2.0.0		365				308,087		19
		5,976,432		(1,200,540)		4,775,892		1,141,106		2,010,940
Total Net Position	\$	6,071,269	Ś	3,933,351	¢	10,004,620 \$	_	6,198,093		4,035,835

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Communication   Component United Secretary				Program Revenues	92		Net (Ex	Net (Expense) Revenue and	pu.	
Charges for Grants and Covernmental Institutes   1,197,198   5,146   5,123,808   5,143,908   6,143,908				Operating	Capital	Ī	nary Government	Ses III Net Position		
The contribution to the contribution and contribution are contribled to the contribution to the contribution and contribution	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type	Total	School Board	Units
tition (10, 217 - 4, 273 - 5, 24, 269 - 5 (1, 35), 469   5 (1, 35), 469   5 (1, 35), 469   5 (1, 35), 469   5 (1, 35), 469   5 (1, 35), 469   5 (1, 35), 469   5 (1, 35), 479   6 (2, 37, 323)   6 (2, 37, 323)   6 (2, 37, 323)   6 (2, 37, 323)   6 (2, 37, 324)	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities: General government administration									
4,477,28	Judicfal administration					Ξ	₩.	(1,389,686)		N P. N.
1,007,008   30,072   3,05,359   (1,065,54)   (1,046,54)	Public sarety	4,662,815	183,351	1,106,132	04	(3,373,332)		(010,162)		0
1,046,543   1,04	Health and welfare	897,488	30,052	9,589	20	(857,847)		(857,847)		TO HE EN
1,22,703   24,055   17,350   (7,877,354)   (7,877,326)   (7,877,327,460	Education	7.837.326	1. 1	3,061,365		(1,046,543)		(1,046,543)		H 15. 15
1,173,460 S   3,215   1,273,460 S   3,216 S   1,273,460 S   1,403,462 S   1,231,723 S   1,273,513 S   1,273,713	Parks, recreation, and cultural	742,703	424.055	17 350		(7,837,326)		(7,837,326)		To the same
m debt modely by 1,122	Community development	933,299	3,215	PCC**		(301,298)		(301,298)		
Full bettyrities 5 1,25,60,186 \$ 700,289 \$ 5,001,133 \$ . \$ (16,946,764) \$ (1151,097) \$ (1151,097)	Interest on long-term debt			1		(950,004)		(930,084)		
\$ 1,737,460 \$ 531,636 \$ - \$ 54,727 \$ \$ (11,151,097) \$ (11,151,097) \$ (11,151,097) \$ (13,151,097)	i otal governmental activities	- 1			\$	(16,	in.	(16,948.764)		
\$ 25,989,145 \$ 433,615 \$ 16,931,482 \$ 5 (1151,097) \$ (1151,097) \$ (1151,097) \$ (1151,097) \$ (15,098) \$ 5 (1151,097) \$ (1151,097) \$ (15,098) \$ 5 (1151,097) \$ (15,098) \$ 6 (15,	Business-type activities: Water department									
\$ 25,989,145 \$ 433,615 \$ 16,931,482 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Total primary government	~	15			(16,948.764)		(1,151,097)		F W
\$ 25,989,145 \$ 433,615 \$ 16,931,482 \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ . \$ (8,624,048) \$ \$ (9,624,048) \$ (9,624	COMPONENT UNITS:					1	- 11	\$ (100,470,01)	×	
1,403,454   400,055   5	School Board	25,989,145			٠.					
\$ 12,392,599 \$ 833,670 \$ 16,931,482 \$	Industrial Development Authority (IDA)	- 1		•	9	A AN STALL			(8,624,048)	
taxes  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  1,279,513  241,391  5,028  206,936  76,644  76,644  76,644  76,644  76,644  76,644  76,644  776,644  776,644  775,744  1,767,544  1,768,048  1,768,	fotal component units			\$ 16,931,482	\$	\$ .		· ·	- 1	(1,003,399)
Fe taxes  1,279,513  1,388,948  1,389,502  1,389,502  1,389,502  1,389,502  1,389,313  1,488,004  1,389,004  1,389,004  1,488,093  1,480,004,502  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,093  1,489,004  1,789,093  1,480,093  1,480,09		General revenues:							11	(cretenati)
taxes  1,279,513  1,56,44  1,76,844  1,76,844  1,767,544  1,767,644  1,767,771  1,767,77		General property	taxes			12 A7K F20	1			
te taxes  1,279,513  1,279,513  241,391  241,391  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,028  7,044  7,644  7,757  43,716  1,767,544  1,767,		Other local taxes				020,071,71	'n		ς. ,	9.
taxes  taxes  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,028  5,044  76,644  76,644  76,644  776,803  757  43,716  7,828,562  ons not restricted to specific programs  1,767,544  831,795  831,795  834,1795  844,15,1795		Local Sales and	l use taxes			1.279.513	10	1 770 543		
5,028 5,684 55,684 55,684 55,684 55,684 50.28 5,028 5,028 5,028 5,028 5,028 5,028 5,644 76,644 76,644 76,644 76,644 76,6383 4,420 170,803 757 43,716 43,716 59,629 ons not restricted to specific programs 1,767,544 1,767,544 1,767,544 1,767,544 1,369,502 5 (1,369,502) 5		Consumers' util	ity taxes			241,391	00	244,751	***	V
ses       5,028       5,028       5,028         nom taxes       76,644       76,644       76,644         s from use of money and property       166,383       4,420       170,803       757         unity of Giles, Virginia       1,767,544       43,716       59,629         ons not restricted to specific programs       1,767,544       1,767,544       7,828,562         ss and transfers       5 (1,369,502)       836,215       16,415,477       7,888,948       5         g       7,440,771       4,248,233       11,689,004       6,933,193       4       6,198,093       4		Consumption to	axes			55,684	-	55 494	0 1	
ses 206,936 206,936 75,020 76,644 76,771 76,803 7757 76,804 771 76,754 77,546,771 77,689,004 6,933,193 7 4		Gross receipts	tax			5,028	1254	7,004	×	2
bom taxes  76,644  76,644  76,644  91,698  166,383  4,420  170,803  757  43,716  43,716  43,716  7,828,562  ons not restricted to specific programs  1,767,544  (831,795)  831,795  831,795  \$ (1,389,502) \$ (1,415,477 \$ 7,888,948 \$ 7,440,771  7,440,771  4,248,233  11,689,004  6,933,193  7,440,771  7,6071,269 \$ 3,933,351 \$ 10,004,620 \$ 6,198,093 \$ 4		Motor vehicle [	icenses			206,936		2,028	<del>(</del> ))	217
91,698 1 1,66,383 1 1,66,383 1 1,66,383 1 1,66,383 1 1,66,383 1 1,66,383 1 1,66,383 1 1,66,383 2 1,66,383 2 1,66,383 2 1,66,383 2 1,66,383 2 1,66,383 2 1,66,383 2 1,66,384 2 1,767,544 2 1,767,544 2 1,767,544 3 1,369,502 3 1,369,502 3 1,369,502 3 1,369,313 3 1,689,004 3		Local tax on de	spa			76,644	26	76.644		
s from use of money and property 166,383 4,420 170,803 757 43,716 59,629  unty of Giles, Virginia 7,828,562 1,767,544 (831,795) 831,795 1,767,544 (831,795) 831,795 (1,6415,477 \$ 7,888,948 \$ 7,40,771 4,248,233 11,689,004 6,933,193 4		Hotel and mote	l room taxes			91,698		91 698	63.0	Ĭ
unty of Giles, Virginia 43,716 43,716 59,629 ons not restricted to specific programs 1,767,544 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,767,54 1,588,948 \$ \$ (13,684,1384) \$ (		Unrestricted reve	nues from use o	money and prope	ţ	166,383	4,420	170.803	757	127
unfy of Giles, Vigitifia  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,767,544  1,688,948 \$\$  1,6,415,477 \$ 7,888,948 \$\$  1,40,771  1,40,771  1,689,004		MISCERIANEOUS				43,716	1*	43 716	50 230	
ons not restricted to specific programs 1,767,544 1,767,544 1,767,544 1,765,544 1,795,542 1,795,542 1,795,542 1,795,542 1,795,542 1,795,542 1,795,543 1,795,543 1,795,543 1,795,544 1,795,		Contribution from	County of Giles	, Virginía		1	2	917,51	7 878 562	16,355
sand transfers (831,795) 831,795 (1,0415,477 \$ 7,888,948 \$ 5 (1,369,502) \$ (314,882) \$ (1,684,384) \$ (735,100) \$ 7,440,771 4,248,233 11,689,004 6,933,193 4 \$ 6,071,269 \$ 3,933,351 \$ 10,004,620 \$ 6,198,093 \$ 4		Grants and contril	outions not rest	icted to specific p	rograms	1,767,544	114	1.767 544	,040,104	430,373
se and transfers \$ 15,579,262 \$ 836,215 \$ 16,415,477 \$ 7,888,948 \$ \$ (1,369,502) \$ (314,882) \$ (1,684,384) \$ (735,100) \$ \$ 7,440,771 \$ 4,248,233 \$ 11,689,004 \$ 6,933,193 \$ 4 \$ 6,071,269 \$ 3,933,351 \$ 10,004,620 \$ 6,198,093 \$ 4		Tetal				(831,795)	831,795			Z)
\$ (1,369,502) \$ (314,882) \$ (1,684,384) \$ (735,100) \$ 7,440,771 4,248,233 11,689,004 6,933,193 4 \$ 6,071,269 \$ 3,933,351 \$ 10,004,620 \$ 6,198,093 \$ 4		Total general reve	enues and transf	ers			,	1	7.888.948 ¢	AE2 370
7,440,771 4,248,233 11,689,004 6,933,193 4 \$ 6,071,269 \$ 3,933,351 \$ 10,004,620 \$ 6,198,093 \$ 4		Not see in net posit	uo .				(314,882) \$	1.	۱.	453,520
\$ 6,071,269 \$ 3,933,351 \$ 10,004,620 \$ 6,198,093 \$		Net position - begin	ning				4,248,233	11,689,004	_	4.585.904
		ייבר לספורוסו - פווסו	<u>2</u> 0			6,071,269	] ]	10,004,620 \$	1	4,035,835

The accompanying notes to the filnancial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### County of Giles, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		General	<u>lr</u>	County Capital nprovement	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,797,439		2 (20 405	_		
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	7	7,777,737	Ş	3,629,495	\$	8,426,934	
Taxes receivable		3,402,815				3 403 045	
Other local taxes		78,546				3,402,815	
Accounts receivable		5,058				78,546	
Due from other funds		1,057,898				5,058	
Due from other governmental units		981,309				1,057,898 981,309	
Restricted assets:		701,007				701,309	
Investments		_		472,766	Ś	472,766	
Total assets	\$	10,323,065	\$	4,102,261	\$	14,425,326	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	S	304 000	_		_		
Retainage payable	Ş	301,992	\$	5,862	\$	307,854	
Due to component unit		12		155,487		155,487	
Total liabilities	\$	301,992	\$	2,481 163,830	Ś	2,481 465,822	
			<u> </u>	103,030	٠,	403,622	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	3,498,867	\$		\$	3,498,867	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted							
Capital projects fund	\$		٠	2.020.424			
Unassigned	Ÿ	6,522,206	\$	3,938,431	\$	3,938,431	
Total fund balances	\$	6,522,206	Ś	3,938,431	÷	6,522,206	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	-\$	10,323,065	\$	4,102,261	\$	10,460,637	
		. 5,525,005	~	7,102,201	<del>-</del>	14,425,326	

# County of Giles, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position ar different because:	e	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$ 10,460,637
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds.  Land	,	
Construction in progress	\$ 530,530	1
Buildings and improvements	79,598	
Machinery and equipment	21,684,275	
1. It is a second	1,111,742	23,406,145
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.  Unavailable revenue - property taxes		
property taxes		506,808
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		, -
General obligation bonds	\$ (5,613,742)	
Lease revenue bonds	(19,537,401)	
Unamortized bond premium Capital lease	(1,917,731)	
	(180,865)	
Landfill accrued closure/postclosure costs  Net OPEB obligation	(177,085)	
Compensated absences	(131,133)	
Accrued interest payable	(548,046)	
and the state payable	(196,318)	(28,302,321)
Net position of governmental activities		(==,==,= <u>=</u> ;
- wastrietes		\$ 6,071,269

# County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

				County Capital		
REVENUES		<u>General</u>	<u>Ir</u>	<u>nprovement</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	9	12,485,742	2 \$			12.485.742
Other local taxes	*	1,956,894			_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		31,809				1,956,894
Fines and forfeitures		62,616				31,809 62,616
Revenue from the use of money and property		164,944		1,439		•
Charges for services		605,864		و دورا		166,383
Miscellaneous		43,716				605,864
Recovered costs		1,059,665				43,716 1,059,665
Intergovernmental:		.,007,003		-		1,009,000
Local government				29,743		20.742
Commonwealth		5,253,340		27,773		29,743
Federal		1,515,337		1.5		5,253,340
Total revenues	Ś	23,179,927		31,182	Ś	1,515,337 23,211,109
	<u> </u>			31,102		23,211,109
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	S	1,491,870	Ś	223,376	\$	1,715,246
Judicial administration	Ů	751,023	*		~	751,023
Public safety		4,794,464		64,997		4,859,461
Public works		764,931		17		764,931
Health and welfare		4,183,873				4,183,873
Education		6,107,652		-		6,107,652
Parks, recreation, and cultural		736,620		04		736,620
Community development		758,092		89,753		847,845
Nondepartmental		678,231				678,231
Capital projects				37,866		37,866
Debt service:				•		0.,000
Principal retirement		41,571		1,552,533		1,594,104
Interest and other fiscal charges		7,541		1,020,851		1,028,392
Bond issuance costs		-		34,201		34,201
Total expenditures	\$	20,315,868	\$	3,023,577	5	23,339,445
					_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	\$	2,864,059	\$	(2,992,395)	\$	(128,336)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	*1	\$	3,121,780	\$	3,121,780
Transfers out		(3,953,575)		E:		(3,953,575)
issuance of lease revenue bond		-		3,536,000		3,536,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,953,575)	\$	6,657,780	\$	2,704,205
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,089,516)	\$	3,665,385	\$	2,575,869
Fund balances - beginning	_	7,611,722		273,046		7,884,768
Fund balances - ending	\$	6,522,206	\$	3,938,431	\$	10,460,637

# County of Giles, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 2,575,869
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		
Capital asset additions		
Depreciation expense	\$ 330,012	
	 (2,223,879)	(1,893,867)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
(Increase) decrease in unavailable revenue-property taxes		(0.000)
		(9,222)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items.		
Issuance of lease revenue bond  Payments of principal:	\$ (3,536,000)	
General obligation bonds	1,112,836	
Lease revenue bonds	439,697	
Capital lease	41,571	
(Increase) decrease in landfill closure and postclosure monitoring costs	(130,234)	(2,072,130)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  (Increase) decrease in compensated absences		(=,::=,::50)
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$ (43,626)	
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable	(27,987)	
Amortization of bond premium	3,116	
-	 98,345	29,848
hange in net position of governmental activities		
ב י י ייייי פיייי פייייי פיייייי פייייייי		\$ (1,369,502)

### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2014

_	 110	 >	20		7
		_		Т	_

	_	Enterprise Fund Water Department	Component Un Industrial Development Authority		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31, <del>44</del> 6	¢		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	•	62,473	ب		
Due from primary government		02, 175		2,481	
Total current assets	\$	93,919	\$	2,481	
Restricted current assets:		,		2,701	
Investments	S	2,461,572	\$	_	
Total current assets	\$	2,555,491	\$	2,481	
Noncurrent assets:					
Lease purchase receivable, net of current portion	\$	72	\$	702,000	
Inventories (land and buildings held for resale)	*	14	ş	•	
Capital assets:				1,705,481	
Land		13,000		618,634	
Construction in progress		642,846		010,034	
Utility plant in service		14,250,901		100	
Buildings and improvements		1-1,250,701		9,493,633	
Machinery and equipment		456,786		2,423,033	
Accumulated depreciation		(4,178,602)		(1,239,424)	
Total capital assets	\$	11,184,931	\$	8,872,843	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	11,184,931	\$	11,280,324	
Total assets	\$	13,740,422	\$	11,282,805	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	81,640	\$	285,712	
Reconciled overdraft	•	0.,0.0	Ÿ	32,232	
Retainage payable		2:		14,881	
Customer deposits		21,400		17,001	
Accrued interest payable		72,623		66,197	
Due to other funds		1,057,898		00,177	
Compensated absences - current portion		28,900		2	
Bonds payable - current portion		216,069		339,997	
Total current liabilities	\$		\$	739,019	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net OPEB obligation	\$	22,365	\$	82	
Compensated absences - net of current portion	*	9,633	÷	5.5	
Bonds payable - net of current portion		8,296,543		6,507,951	
Total noncurrent liabilities	S		\$	6,507,951	
Total liabilities	\$		\$	7,246,970	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	E 133 004 4		2 02 4 000	
Unrestricted	ş	5,133,891	>	2,024,895	
Total net position	\$	(1,200,540) 3,933,351		2,010,940	
·	===	3,933,351	<u> </u>	4,035,835	

# County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Enterprise Fund Water	_	Component Unit Industrial Development
		<u>Department</u>		<u>Authority</u>
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Water revenues	\$	F04 F00		
Rental of property	þ	501,530	\$	*
Miscellaneous		42.704		400,055
Total operating revenues	É	12,386	_	16,355
and a partial of the same of t	\$	513,916	\$	416,410
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries	_	20 4 5 45		
Fringes	\$	324,542	\$	81,960
Contracted services		100,343		21,965
Repair and maintenance		36,169		4,783
Water purchase		78,379		1
Material and supplies		222,550		3.00
Insurance		111,177		) (
Miscellaneous		7,550		20,944
Utilities		92,763		1, <del>4</del> 61
Reserve capacity payment		24,288		27,641
Depreciation		16,899		==
Economic development		482,722		249,515
Total operating expenses	_	160		705,137
Total operating expenses	\$	1,497,382	\$	1,113,406
Operating income (loss)	\$	(983,466)	\$	(696,996)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		4 400		
Connection fees	\$		\$	=
Interest expense		17,720		•
Bond issuance costs		(240,078)		(258,391)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		-		(31,657)
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	(217,938)		(290,048)
mastic before contributions and transfers	\$	(1,201,404)	\$	(987,044)
Capital contributions and construction grants		54,727		436,973
Transfers in		831,795		
Change in net position	\$	(314,882)	\$	(550,071)
Net position - beginning		4,248,233		4,585,906
Net position - ending	\$		\$	4,035,835
	<u> </u>	3,733,331 .	_	4,030,030

### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Enterprise Fund Water Department	Component Unit Industrial Development Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users			
Payments to suppliers	\$	561,367 \$	416,410
Payments to employees		(529,673)	(443,288
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(417,941)	(103,925
control by (used for) operating activities	\$	(386,247) \$	(130,803
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from other funds			
Lease purchase receivable	\$	831,795 \$	-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing	_		(702,000)
activities			
	_\$	831,795 \$	(702,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of capital assets	\$	// 43 3ED) A	
Principal payments on bonds	J	(612,258) \$	
Proceeds from indebtedness		(149,557)	(223,033)
Contributions in aid of construction		54,727	781,000
Interest payments		(292,438)	436,973
Bond issuance costs		(272,430)	(311,520)
Connection fees		17,720	(31,657)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related	_	17,720	
financing activities	\$	(981,806) \$	654 742
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		((1),000) \$	651,763
Interest income			
merest medile	\$	4,420 \$	67
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			
	\$	(531,838) \$	(181,040)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		3,024,856	181,040
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	2,493,018 \$	_
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		<del></del>	<del></del>
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(983,466) \$	(696,996)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	\$	482,722 \$	249,515
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		44,551	+3
increase (decrease) in reconciled overdraft		2.	(2,481)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		20	32,232
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		2,900	19
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		60,102	295,582
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		4,674	54
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		2,270	-
Total adjustments		220	(8,655)
let cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	597,219 \$	566,193
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	(386,247) \$	(130,803)

### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Total assets	_\$61,009
	\$ 61,009
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for Social Services clients	
Total liabilities	\$ 61,009
· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 61,009

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The County of Giles, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The County's Component Units do not prepare separate financial statements.

The Giles County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and does not issue a separate financial report.

The Giles County Industrial Development Authority encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Industrial Development Authority board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Industrial Development Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. The Industrial Development Authority is presented as an enterprise fund type and does not issue a separate financial report.

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County and the Counties of Bland, Carroll, Floyd, Grayson, and Wythe and the City of Radford participate in supporting the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. The monthly payment made by the County to the Regional Jail is based on the number of prisoners housed for the County. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the County paid \$966,500 for the confinement of prisoners.

### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities). Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government is broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Dare Program, the Asset Forfeiture Fund, the Comprehensive Services Fund, the Social Services Fund, the Restitution Fund, the Rev Max Fund, and the Emergency Replacement Fund.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for and reports all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital project funds consist of the County Capital Improvements Fund.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a water distribution system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the Water Department fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds (trust and agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds consist of the Special Welfare fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance

### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act").

Investments for the government, if any, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value.

### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### 3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments on June 5<sup>th</sup> and December 5<sup>th</sup>. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5<sup>th</sup>. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

# Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

### 4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$126,489 at June 30, 2014 and is comprised solely of property taxes. The allowance amounted to approximately \$225,835 for the Water department at June 30, 2014 and is comprised solely of water billings and penalties.

### 5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

### 6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 7 Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. In the water fund, no interest was capitalized during the current year or prior year.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

### 7. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

### 8. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

### 9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

### 10. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision making authority, and the formal action that is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County of Giles' policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned as they are needed.

The policy also authorizes and directs the Treasurer to prepare financial reports which accurately categorize fund balance as required by GASB Statement No. 54. The County of Giles will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 3% of the expenditures/operating revenues. The County considers a balance of less than 3% to be a cause for concern, barring unusual of deliberate circumstances.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Liabilities, and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

### 11. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2014.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30<sup>th</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup>, and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30<sup>th</sup> and amounts prepaid on the 2<sup>nd</sup> half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

### 12. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

### 13. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted—net position and unrestricted—net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted—net position to have been depleted before unrestricted—net position is applied.

### Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

### A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund), and the General Capital Projects Funds. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the County's accounting system.

### B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the following departments of the County had expenditures in excess of appropriations: Clerk of Circuit Court, Fire and Rescue, State and Local Hospitalization, and Social Services Administration.

### C. Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2014, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

### Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

### Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

### **Investments:**

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). A summary of investments of the County are listed below.

### Credit Risk of Debt Securities:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk.

The County's rated debt investments for SNAP were rated by Standard, as of June 30, 2014 and the ratings are presented below using the respective rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values							
Rated Debt Investments	Fair	Quality Ratings					
		AAAm					
SNAP	\$	2,934,338					

### External Investment Pools

The State Non-Arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

### Interest Rate Risk:

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk and had no investments subject to interest rate risk at June 30, 2014.

# Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary Government	_	Component Unit-
Commonwealth of Virginia:		Governmental		School Board
Local sales tax	\$	233,824	¢	
State sales tax	•	233,021	Ļ	443,740
Categorical aid		21,995		443,740
Shared expenses		138,695		
Non-categorical aid		184,529		2
Virginia public assistance fund	ls	70,303		*
Community services act Federal Government:		227,085		₹.
Virginia public assistance fund	s	101,844		
School grants		(*)		252,707
Categorical aid		3,034		232,707
Totals  Note 5-Component Unit Obligations:	\$_	981,309	\$_	696,447
Fund	(	Due to Primary Government/ Omponent Unit		Oue from Primary Government/ Component Unit
Primary Government:  General Fund	\$	2,481	Ş.	-
Component Unit - IDA IDA Fund	\$		\$	2,481

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 6-Interfund Transfers and Balances:

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfer	s In	Tr	ansfers Out
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$	0.25	\$	3,953,575
Water and Sewer Fund	831,	795	•	
County Capital Improvements Fund	3,121,	780		
Total	\$ 3,953,	575	\$	3,953,575
	Due Fro	m		Due To
General Fund	\$ 1,057,8	898	\$	9.00
Water and Sewer Fund		54		1,057,898
Total	\$ 1,057,8	398	\$	1,057,898

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization. The General Fund has advanced the Water Fund \$1,057,898 for the construction of capital assets with no repayment terms.

### Note 7-Long-Term Obligations:

# Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance _July_1, 2013	Increases/	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014		
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,726,578	\$ -	\$ (1,112,836)	\$ 5,613,742		
Lease revenue bonds	16,441,098	3,536,000	(439,697)	19,537,401		
Unamortized premium	2,016,076	•	(98,345)	1,917,731		
Capital lease	222,436	43	(41,571)	180,865		
Landfill postclosure liability Net OPEB obligation	46,851	130,234	365	177,085		
Compensated absences	103,146	62,159	(34,172)	131,133		
compensated absences	504,420	421,941	(378,315)	548,046		
Total	\$ 26,060,605	\$ 4,150,334	\$ (2,104,936)	\$ 28,106,003		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obl	igatio	ion Bonds Lease Reve			enue Bonds			
June 30,	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest		
2015	\$ 1,133,845	\$	288,926	\$	648,420	\$	699,027		
2016	957,771		230,725		790,992		704,819		
2017	979,507		181,478		841,289		673,428		
2018	1,002,118		131,099		889,394		637,618		
2019	760,895		79,540		1,113,029		595,682		
2020-2024	779,606		40,260		6,277,977		2,189,291		
2025-2029	==		21		5,595,639		1,053,969		
2030-2033			15		3,380,661		194,393		
Totals	\$ 5,613,742	\$	952,028	\$	19,537,401	\$	6,748,227		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government - Governmental Activities Indebtedness: (Continued)

### Details of long-term indebtedness:

General Obligation (GO) Bonds:	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment Amounts	Amount of Original <u>issue</u>	G	Balance iovernmental <u>Activities</u>	Amount Due Within One Year
General Obligation (GO) Bonds: General Obligation 2000A VPSA Bond General Obligation 2000B VPSA Bond General Obligation 1995A VPSA Bond General Obligation 1998B VPSA Bond Total General Obligation Bonds	5.10-5.27% 5.10-5.60% 4.35-5.10%	5/18/2000 11/25/2000 12/21/1995 11/19/1998 11/19/1998		\$75,000-100,000 a+ \$606,914-679,606 a+ \$191,082-196,977 a+ \$194,058-209,765 a+ \$45,782-49,488 a+	\$ 1,270,000 11,508,990 3,065,925 3,684,045 869,126		525,000 3,885,108 196,977 814,499 192,158 5,613,742	\$ 75,000 617,539 196,977 197,690 46,639
Lease Revenue Bonds: Lease Revenue Bond Series 2008A Lease Revenue Bond Series 2012C Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014C Total Lease Revenue Bonds	4.73% 2.82-4.83% 2.12%	11/20/2008 12/6/2012 6/11/2014	1/15/2024 4/1/2033 1/15/2034	\$261,697-989,344 a+	\$ 3,110,000 13,943,366 3,536,000	\$	2,319,732 13,681,669 3,536,000 19,537,401	\$ 186,000 290,420 172,000 648,420
<u>Deferred Amount:</u> Unamortized Premium						\$	1,917,731	\$ 98,345
Other Obligations:  Capital Lease (Note 8)  Landfill Postclosure Liability  Net OPEB Obligation  Compensated Absences  Total Other Obligations						\$	180,865 177,085 131,133 548,046 1,037,129	\$ <b>42,981</b> 411,035 454,016
Total Long-Term Obligations					,	\$	28,106,003	\$ 2,334,626

<sup>(</sup>a+) - annual principal installments shown; does not include semi-annual interest installments

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# Primary Government - Enterprise Fund Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balan July 1, 2	increases/ issuances		ecreases/ etirements	Balance _June 30, 2014		
Revenue bond Lease revenue bond Unamortized premium Net OPEB obligation Compensated absences	7,350 1,053 17	•	\$	10,502 29,467	\$ (11,592) (137,965) (51,387) (5,828) (27,197)	\$	298,483 7,212,088 1,002,041 22,365 38,533
Total	\$ 8,767	,510	\$	39,969	\$ (233,969)	\$	8,573,510

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bond								
June 30,	<u>Principa</u>	l Inter	Interest		Interest		rincipal		Interest
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024	\$ 11,59 11,59 11,59 11,59 11,59	91 91 91 11		\$	153,091 237,207 257,395 275,900 386,933	\$	288,296 281,945 271,954 259,904 244,903		
2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2043	57,95 57,95 57,95 57,95	7 7 7	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	2	,190,380 ,466,280 ,244,902		925,894 467,490 67,840		
Totals	\$ 298,483	\$ \$		\$ 7,	212,088	\$ 2	,808,226		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Enterprise Fund Indebtedness: (Continued)

# Details of long-term indebtedness:

Revenue Bond:	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Installment <u>Amounts</u>	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>	Balance Business-Type <u>Activities</u>	Amount Due Within One Year
Revenue Bond	0.00%	3/5/2009	3/5/2039	\$11,591 a	\$ 347,742	\$ 298,483	\$ 11,591
<u>Lease Revenue Bond:</u> Lease Revenue Bond Series 2012C	2.82-4.83%	12/6/2012	4/1/2033	\$137,950-521,955 a+	\$ 7,350,053	\$ 7,212,088	\$ 153,091
<u>Deferred Amount:</u> Unamortized Premium						\$ 1,002,041	\$ 51,387
Other Obligations: Net OPEB Obligation							
Compensated Absences Total Other Obligations						\$ 22,365 38,533	\$ 28,900
-						\$ 60,898	\$ 28,900
Total Long-Term Obligations					:	\$ 8,573,510	\$ 244,969

<sup>(</sup>a+) - annual principal installments shown; does not include semi-annual interest installments

# Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units:

# <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013		Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2014	
Net OPEB Obligation Compensated Absences	\$	268,878 466,343	\$ 604,492 297,786	\$ (583,700) (349,757)	\$	289,670 414,372
Total	\$	735,221	\$ 902,278	\$ (933,457)	\$	704,042

<sup>(</sup>a) - annual principal installments shown; no interest for this revenue bond

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

## Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units: (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness:</u> (Continued)

### Details of long-term indebtedness:

Other Obligations	 Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year		
Other Obligations:  Net OPEB obligation  Compensated absences	\$ 289,670 414,372	\$ 310,779		
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 704,042	\$ 310,779		

## <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit Industrial Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance July 1, 2013	Issuances	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
Notes Payable Lease Revenue Bonds Unamortized Premium	\$ 5,662,537 551,581 79,753	\$ == 3,355,000	\$ (2,786,701) (10,332) (3,890)	\$ 2,875,836 3,896,249 75,863
Total	\$ 6,293,871	\$ 3,355,000	\$ (2,800,923)	\$ 6,847,948

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Notes	Payab	le	Lease Revenue Bo			Bonds		
June 30,	F	Principal		Interest Principal						nterest
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	117,618 122,750 128,106 133,695 139,529	\$	120,287 115,155 109,799 104,210 98,377	\$	218,489 194,801 201,316 207,705 221,037	\$	72,996 102,177 96,896 91,319 85,378		
2020-2024 2025-2029 2030-2033		794,449 983,563 456,126		395,076 205,964 19,684		1,197,376 1,360,081 295,444	_	32 <b>7</b> ,524 150,922 18,087		
Totals	\$ 2	2,875,836	\$	1,168,552	\$	3,896,249	\$	945,299		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Units: (Continued)

## <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority indebtedness: (Continued)</u>

#### Details of long-term indebtedness:

Notes Payable:	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final <u>Maturity Date</u>	installment <u>Amounts</u>	Amount of riginal Issue	lance Business- ype Activities	Αı	nount Due with- in One Year
Notes Payable Notes Payable Total Notes Payable	4.27% 4.27%	8/12/2010 8/12/2010	7/15/2031 7/15/2031	\$103,611 a \$134,294 a	\$ 1,393,644 1,806,356	\$ 1,252,466 1,623,370 2,875,836	\$	51,224 66,394 117,618
Lease Revenue Bonds: Lease Revenue Bond Series 2012C Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014A Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014B Lease Revenue Bond Series 2014C Total Lease Revenue Bonds	2.82-4.83% 2.12% 3.93% 2.12%	12/6/2012 6/11/2014 6/11/2014 6/11/2014	4/1/2033 1/15/2029 1/15/209 1/15/2034	\$10,352-39,137 a+ \$105,000-138,000 a+ \$43,000-71,000 a+ \$29,000-42,000 a+	\$ 551,581 1,809,000 844,000 702,000	\$ 541,249 1,809,000 844,000 702,000		11,489 118,000 55,000 34,000
Deferred Amount: Unamortized Premium Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	\$ \$ \$	3,890

<sup>(</sup>a) - annual installments shown; includes interest as applicable

#### Note 9-Capital Lease:

#### **Primary Government**

The County has entered into a lease agreement to finance the acquisition of E-911 equipment. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the date of inception.

The assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

	E-9 _Equip			
Machinery and equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$_	170,718 (38,766)		
Net Capital Asset	\$_	131,952		

<sup>(</sup>a+) - annual principal installments shown; does not include semi-annual interest installments

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 9-Capital Lease: (Continued)

### Primary Government (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Year Ending		E-911
June 30,		Equipment
2015	\$	49,112
2016		49,112
2017		49,112
2018		49,112
Subtotal	\$	196,448
Less, amount		
representing interest		(15,583)
Present Value of		
Lease Agreement	\$_	180,865

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 10-Pension Plan:

#### A. Plan Description

Name of Plan:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan:

Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity:

Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as service credit in their plan.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set out below:

#### VRS - PLAN 1

- 1. Plan Overview VRS Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

- 4. Retirement Contributions Members contribute up to 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some school divisions and political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.
- 5. Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.
- 6. Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

7. Calculating the Benefit - The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

- **8.** Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.
- 10. Normal Retirement Age Age 65.

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility - Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

- **12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility** Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.
- 13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.
- 14. Eligibility For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:
  - The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
  - The member retires on disability.
  - The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
  - The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
  - The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a
    monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full
    calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 1 (CONTINUED)

**16. Disability Coverage** - Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

#### VRS - PLAN 2

- Plan Overview VRS Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a
  member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
  Employees are eligible for VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or
  their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- Eligible Members Employees are in VRS Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.
- 3. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible VRS Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 2 (CONTINUED)

- 4. Retirement Contributions Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 4.
- 5. Creditable Service Same as VRS Plan 1- Refer to Section 5.
- 6. Vesting Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 6.
- 7. Calculating the Benefit Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.
- **8. Average Final Compensation** A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.
- 10. Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age.
- 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
  - Hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.
- 12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
- 13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.
- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 15.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### VRS - PLAN 2 (CONTINUED)

**16. Disability Coverage** - Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

17. Purchase of Prior Service - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 17.

#### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

- 1. Plan Overview The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")
  - The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
  - The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
  - In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

- 2. Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:
  - State employees\*
  - School division employees
  - Political subdivision employees\*
  - Judges appointed or elected to an original term on or after January 1, 2014
  - Members in VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014
- 3. \*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
  - Members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS)
  - Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS)
  - Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

4. Retirement Contributions - A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### 5. Creditable Service

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

#### 6. Vesting

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 701/2.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### A. Plan Description (Continued)

#### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### 7. Calculating the Benefit

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 1-Refer to Section 7.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

- 8. Average Final Compensation Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 8. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
- 9. Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is 1.0%.

For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

#### 10. Normal Retirement Age

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 10.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

#### 11. Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

#### 12. Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

13. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 13.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Not Applicable.

- 14. Eligibility Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2- Refer to Section 14.
- 15. Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates Refer to VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Section 15.
- **16. Disability Coverage** Eligible political subdivision and school division members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.

Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

#### 17. Purchase of Prior Service

<u>Defined Benefit Component</u> - Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2-Refer to Section 17.

<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> - Not Applicable.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### B. Funding Policy

Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to being making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the County of Giles, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 12.10% (excluding member contribution) of annual covered payroll.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to being making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2014 was 15.69% (excluding member contribution) of the annual

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Professional Employees):

The School Board's contributions for professional employees were \$1,338,453, \$1,274,429, and \$686,512, to the teacher cost-sharing pool for the fiscal years ended 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, and these contributions represented 11.66%, 11.66%, and 6.33% for 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, of current covered payroll.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2014, the County of Giles, Virginia's annual pension costs of \$541,511 and \$181,469 were equal to the County of Giles, Virginia's required and actual contributions for the County and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

Three	-Year Trend In:	form	ation					
	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC) <sup>1</sup>		Pension of APC		of APC	Pen	et sion ation
Primary Government:					OBIIS	acion		
County	6/30/2012	\$	365,444	100.00%	\$	- 8		
	6/30/2013		630,170	100.00%	•	*2		
	6/30/2014		541,511	100.00%		*:		
Discretely Presented-Component Unit:								
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2012	\$	132,884	100.00%	\$	.00		
	6/30/2013		211,329	100.00%	•	-		
	6/30/2014		181,469	100.00%		(6)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Employer portion only. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, amount shown excludes any employee portion assumed by the County and School Board.

#### **Primary Government:**

The FY 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):</u>

The FY 2014 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees, 3.75% to 6.20% per year for teachers, and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 10-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees)</u>: (Continued)

This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

#### **Primary Government:**

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 78.27% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$20,311,123, and the actuarial value of assets was \$15,897,633, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,413,490. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,016,332, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 109.89%.

### <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Instructional):</u>

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 69.49% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5,256,652, and the actuarial value of assets was \$3,652,595, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,604,054. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,085,463 and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 147.78%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

#### Note 11- Deferred Inflows of Resources:

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		<u>Unavailable</u>
Property taxes receivable	\$	3,218,065
Prepaid taxes	_	280,802
Total unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$	3,498,867

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 12-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

### Primary Government:

Land         \$ 530,530         \$ - \$         \$           Construction in progress         398,159         395,844         (714,405)           Total capital assets not being depreciated:         \$ 928,689         \$ 395,844         \$ (714,405)           Capital assets, being depreciated:         Buildings and improvements         \$ 39,001,253         \$ \$ \$         \$ \$           Machinery and equipment         2,852,754         648,573         \$ \$ \$         \$           Total capital assets being depreciated         \$ (15,385,292)         \$ (1,931,686)         \$ \$ \$           Accumulated depreciation:         \$ (2,097,392)         (292,193)         \$ \$           Total accumulated depreciated, net         \$ 24,371,373         \$ (1,575,304)         \$ \$           Total capital assets being depreciated, net         \$ 24,371,373         \$ (1,575,304)         \$ \$	mental Activities: assets, not being depreciated:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Buildings and improvements       \$ 39,001,253       \$ \$         Machinery and equipment       2,852,754       648,573         Total capital assets being depreciated       \$ 41,854,007       \$ 648,573         Accumulated depreciation:       Buildings and improvements       \$ (15,385,292)       \$ (1,931,686)         Machinery and equipment       (2,097,392)       (292,193)         Total accumulated depreciation       \$ (17,482,684)       \$ (2,223,879)         Total capital assets being depreciated, net       \$ 24,371,323       \$ (1,575,206)	truction in progress	398,159	395,844	(714,405)	79,598
Buildings and improvements  Machinery and equipment  Total accumulated depreciation  \$ (15,385,292) \$ (1,931,686) \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	ings and improvements inery and equipment	2,852,754	648,573	\$ -	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net \$ 24,371,323 \$ (1,575,306) \$ - \$	ngs and improvements nery and equipment	(2,097,392)	(292, 193)		\$ (17,316,978) (2,389,585)
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 25,300,012 \$ (1,170,463)	-				\$ 22,796,017 \$ 23,406,145

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2014

Note 12-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Business-type Activities:	 Beginning Balance	_	Increases	Dec	reases	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 13,000 109,462 122,462	\$	533,384 533,384	\$	÷	\$ 13,000 642,846 655,846
Capital assets, being depreciated: Utility plant and infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 14,250,901 377,912 14,628,813	\$	78,874 78,874	\$	进 a)	\$ 14,250,901 456,786 14,707,687
Accumulated depreciation: Utility plant and infrastructure Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (3,447,051) (248,829) (3,695,880)	\$	(455,605) (27,117) (482,722)	\$		\$ (3,902,656) (275,946) (4,178,602)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 10,932,933	\$	(403,848)	\$	_	\$ 10,529,085
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 11,055,395	\$	129,536	\$		\$ 11,184,931

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	90,439
Judicial administration		39,940
Public safety Public works		197,403
Education		5,882
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,759,417
Community development		46,495
osimilarity development	_	84,303
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	2,223,879
Business-type activities:		
Water department	\$	482,722

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 12-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:

_	 Beginning Balance	ı	ncreases	Dec	reases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 473,652	\$	-	\$	020	Ś	473,652
Construction in progress	331,074		290,772	•	: <del>*</del> /:	*	621,846
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 804,726	\$	290,772	\$	-	\$	1,095,498
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 10,926,030	\$		\$	79	\$	10,926,030
Machinery and equipment	4,273,625		131,150	*	72	¥	4,404,775
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 15,199,655	\$	131,150	\$	- 22	\$	15,330,805
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ (8,107,538)	\$	(330,405)	\$		\$	(8,437,943)
Machinery and equipment	(2,974,987)	_	(264,473)				(3,239,460)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (11,082,525)	\$	(594,878)	\$	•	\$	(11,677,403)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 4,117,130	\$	(463,728)	\$		\$	3,653,402
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,921,856	\$	(172,956)	\$		\$	4,748,900

Depreciation expense of \$594,878 was charged to education in the Statement of Activities.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

#### Note 12-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the Industrial Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:

	Beginnii Balanc	•	Increases	D	ecreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:						_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 618,	634 \$	7.50	\$		\$	618,634
Construction in progress	12,	328	3:5	•	(12,328)	*	₩
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 630,	962 \$		\$	(12,328)	\$	618,634
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 9,481,3	305 \$	12,328	\$	-	\$	9,493,633
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ (989,9	909) \$	(249,515)	\$		\$	(1,239,424)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 8,491,3	\$ \$	(237,187)	\$		\$	8,254,209
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,122,3	58 \$	(237, 187)	\$	(12,328)	\$_	8,872,843

 ${\hbox{All Depreciation of the Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority was charged to Community Development.}\\$ 

#### Note 13-Inventories/Assets Held for Resale:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:

The Industrial Development Authority has assets consisting of land and structures specifically held for resale that are not depreciated. At June 30, 2014, the value of these assets was \$1,705,481.

The following is a summary of transactions for these assets for the year ended June 30, 2014.

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Inventories/				
Assets held for resale	\$ 1,705,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,705,481

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

**JUNE 30, 2014** 

#### Note 14-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit - School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit - School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, and auto insurance with the VACO Risk Management Program. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit - School Board pay contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of the loss, deficit, or depletion of all available funds and/or excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit - School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 15-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

#### Note 16-Surety Bonds:

#### Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
Charles Fraley, Clerk of the Circuit Court	ş	550,000
Gerald W. Duncan, Treasurer		400,000
Lisa Corell, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
William M. Millirons, Sheriff		30,000

#### Note 17-Landfill Postclosure Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County landfill has been closed. Total costs for landfill postclosure are estimated to be \$177,085. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2014. Actual costs for postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill post-closure costs.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 17-Landfill Postclosure Liability: (Continued)

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

### Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care:

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of postemployment health care benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the County recognizes the cost of post-employment health care in the year when the employee services are rendered, reports the accumulating liability, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

#### A. Plan Description

The County of Giles and Giles County's Component Unit - School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County eligible retiree and spouse may receive this benefit until he/she has reaches the earlier of sixty five years of age or death. Coverage for the spouse ends at the earliest of the retiree's death, the retiree's attainment of age 65, the spouse's death, and the spouse's attainment of age 65. The School Boards coverage ends at the earlier of attainment of age 65 and death unless the participant enrolls in the Medicare supplement plan, coverage may continue for life. A spouse may continue coverage after the death of the retiree at their own cost.

For the County, to be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained age 55 and 5 years of service, or disabled with no age or service requirements. For the School Board, to be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria for those hired before July 1, 2010: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained age 65 and 5 years of service, if hired after July 1, 2010 age plus service is at least 90 or age 60 with at least 5 years of service, or disabled with no age or service. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County and School Board currently have 81 and 351 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, the County pays up to \$503.00 per month for retirees with at least 30 years of service with the County and up to \$251.50 per month for retirees with at least 20 years of service with the County. The County does not make contributions to the medical premium for retirees with less than 20 years of service.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

### Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

#### B. Funding Policy (Continued)

Retirees must pay the difference between the premium and the employer contribution. Any additional premium to cover a spouse and dependents is paid by the retiree. In addition, the School Board pays for retirees under age 65 who have at least 30 years of service with the System, the System contributes a monthly amount equal to the Retiree Only premium of the Key Advantage 500 plan (\$503.00 as of 7/1/2012). Once the retiree reaches age 65, all employer contributions stop. Retirees under age 65 who have less than 30 years of service with the System receive no contribution from the System. Retirees with under 30 years of service may enter a 30 Day Employment program. The System makes contributions for participants in the 30 Day Employment Program as though they had 30 years of service. All retirees are responsible for providing the difference between the premium and the amount contributed by the System.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County. The rates are as follows:

Medical & Dental	Anthem 500		An	them 1000	Anthem 2000		
Employee Only	\$	684.99	\$	621.64	\$	563.40	
Employee & Spouse		1,532.65		1,390.75		1,260.29	
Employee & Child		935.18		848.65		769.10	
Employee & Dependents		1,391.14		1,262.36		1,143.96	
Family		2,110.29		1,914.87		1,575,36	

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the School Board. The rates are as follows:

Medical & Dental	Key	/ Advantage 500		y Advantage Expanded		
Employee Only	\$	503.00	\$	585.00		
Employee & Spouse		931.00		1,082.00		
Employee & Dependents		931.00		1,082.00		
Family		1,358.00		1,580.00		
*The Medicare supplement plan premium is \$127.00						

The County and School Board are required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2014

## Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's and School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the County and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and School Board's net OPEB obligation:

	Primary Government						Componen		
Appual regular day of the co		General	Wat	er and Sewer		Total		hool Board	
Annual required contribution	\$	62,278	\$	10,622	\$	72,900	\$	609,700	
Interest on net OPEB obligation		3,613		616		4,229		9,411	
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(3,732)		(736)		(4,468)		(14,619)	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)  Contributions made		62,159		10,502		72,661		604,492	
		(34,172)		(5,828)		(40,000)		(583,700)	
Increase (Decrease) in net OPEB obligation		27,987		4,674		32,661		20,792	
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year Net OPEB obligation - end of year		103,146		17,691		120,837		268,878	
	\$	131,133	\$	22,365	\$	153,498	\$	289,670	

The County and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Entity	Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
County	6/30/2014	\$ 72,661	55%	\$ 153,498
County	6/30/2013	69,863	51%	120,837
County	6/30/2012	53,070	64%	86,274
School Board	6/30/2014	604,492	97%	289,670
School Board	6/30/2013	589,204	97%	268,878
School Board	6/30/2012	621,061	103%	250,474

## Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of January 1, 2013, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	Ś	755,000
Actuarial value of plan assets		733,000
	\$	(4)
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Ś	755,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	•	•
Covered parell (setting (		0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	3,957,400
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		
a haytou		19.08%

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of January 1, 2013, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	ς	6,593,500
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	•
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	Š	( F03 F00
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	ş	6,593,500
Covered payroll (active plan members)		0.00%
	\$	11,601,200
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		56.83%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, morality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

### Note 18-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Care: (Continued)

### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

As of January 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: inflations at 3.00 percent, plus productivity component of 1.25 percent, and investments rate of return at 3.50 percent, and a health care trend rate of 7.70 percent graded to 4.80 percent over 70 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at January 1, 2013 was 30 years.

## Note 19-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The School's Boards contributions to VRS were \$127,526, \$121,324, and \$65,072 for the fiscal years ended 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively, and equaled the required contributions. The School Board's contributions represented 1.11%, 1.11%, and 0.60% of annual covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively.

#### Note 20 - Commitments and Contingencies:

At June 30, 2014, the following construction commitments were outstanding:

Project Governmental Activities	 otal Due	R	etainage	Ar	Net mount Due
Eastern Elementary Renovations	\$ 155,487	\$	155,487	\$	20
Business-type Activities IDA Celanese Project	\$ 297,616	\$	14,881	\$	282,735

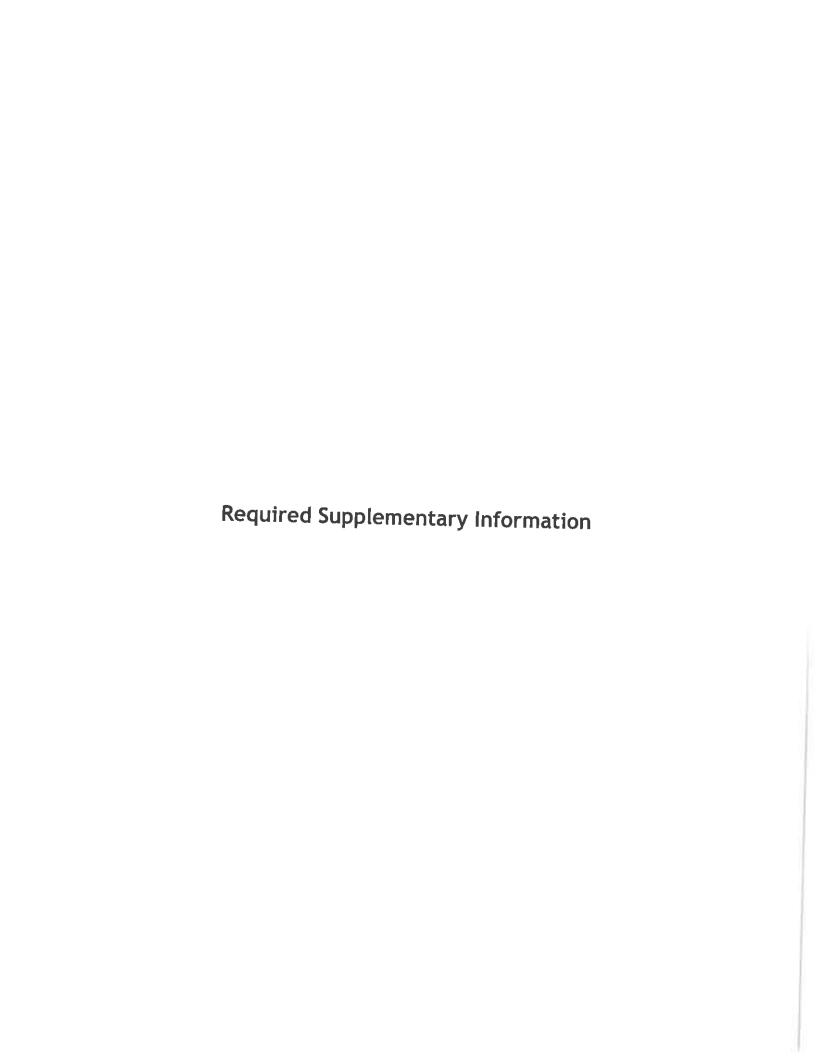
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2014

#### Note 21-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2014, there were no matters of litigation involving the County which would materially affect the County's financial position should an court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

### Note 22-Upcoming Pronouncements:

The GASB has issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions; an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27." This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 requirements of pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The County has not determined the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.



#### County of Giles, Virginia General Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

							_	
	_	Budgete	ed <i>A</i>	Amounts				ariance with
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
General property taxes	Ś	11,809,982	, (	\$ 11,809,982	(	12,485,742	\$	475 740
Other local taxes	•	1,834,467		1,872,693		1,956,894	۶	675,760 84,201
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		40,947		40,947		31,809		(9,138)
Fines and forfeitures		131,200		131,200		62,616		(68,584)
Revenue from the use of money and property		251,495		258,107		164,944		(93,163)
Charges for services		630,448		697,755		605,864		(91,891)
Miscellaneous		17,855		34,483		43,716		9,233
Recovered costs		1,567,272		1,767,197		1,059,665		(707,532)
Intergovernmental:				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		.,,,		(101,552)
Commonwealth		5,306,948		5,326,360		5,253,340		(73,020)
Federal		1,083,524		1,095,963		1,515,337		419,374
Total revenues	\$	22,674,138		23,034,687	<u> </u>	23,179,927	Ċ	145,240
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		=5,001,007		23,177,727	٠	143,240
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,535,921	Ś	1,737,793	s	1,491,870	ė	245 022
Judicial administration	•	751,839	•	760,466	٠	751,023	Þ	245,923
Public safety		4,732,466		4,819,113		4,794,464		9,443 24,649
Public works		470,647		769,237		764,931		,
Health and welfare		3,793,304		3,792,135		4,183,873		4,306
Education		5,812,082		5,821,898		6,107,652		(391,738) (285,754)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		566,424		735,959		736,620		(203,754)
Community development		348,003		462,736		758,020		(295,356)
Nondepartmental		711,756		677,990		678,231		(241)
Debt service:		,		,,,,,		0,0,231		(241)
Principal retirement		41,571		41,571		41,571		5
Interest and other fiscal charges		7,541		7,541		7,541		
Total expenditures	S	18,771,554	ς	19,626,439	¢	20,315,868	Ś	(680, 420)
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		17,020,737	٧	20,313,000	<del>?</del>	(689,429)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	S	3 902 584	<	3,408,248	ċ	2 964 050	ė	/F (4 480)
	<u> </u>	3,70 <u>2,30</u> 1	<del>-</del>	3,700,270	٠,	2,004,039	<del>\$</del>	(544,189)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	Ś	(4.340.994)	S	(4,218,571)	¢	(3.053.575)	ė	244.007
		(-/ 5 / / 1)	<del>-</del>	(1)210,011)	<del>-</del>	(3,733,313)	<del>2</del>	264,996
Net change in fund balances	\$	(438,410)	Ś	(810 323)	ς	(1,089,516)	¢	(279,193)
Fund balances - beginning	*	438,410	*	810,323	4	7,611,722	Ļ	
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	6,801,399
	<u> </u>		_		<u>~</u>	J,JLL, 200	<del>-</del>	U, JZZ, ZUO

# County of Giles, Virginia Virginia Retirement System Pension and Other Postemployment Plans Schedule of Pension and OPEB Funding Progress

Primary Government:	County Retirement Plan
---------------------	------------------------

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	 Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	_	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
6/30/2013 6/30/2012 6/30/2011	\$ 15,897,633 15,606,446 15,742,049	\$ 20,311,123 20,185,445 19,507,129	\$ 4,413,490 4,578,999 3,765,080	78.27% 77.32% 80.70%	\$	4,016,332 3,700,308 3,796,561	109.89% 123.75% 99.17%

## Discretely Presented Component Unit: School Board Non-Professional Retirement Plan

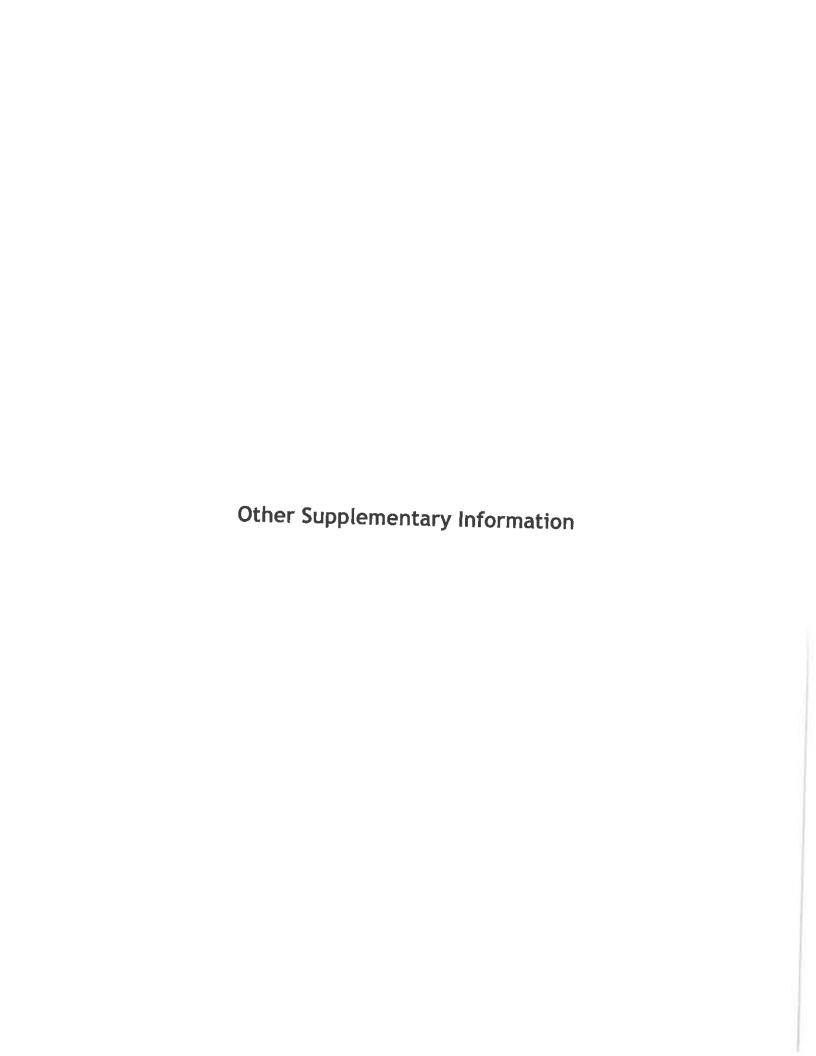
Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	_Lia	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
6/30/2013 6/30/2012 6/30/2011	\$	3,652,595 3,586,911 3,724,165	\$	5,256,652 5,830,062 5,937,702	\$ 1,604,057 2,243,151 2,213,537	69.49% 61.52% 62.72%	\$ 1,085,463 1,061,771 1,048,110	147.78% 211.27% 211.19%

### Primary Government: Other Postemployment Benefit

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL)	A	Infunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	_	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
1/1/2013 1/1/2011 1/1/2009	\$ (4) (4)	\$ 755,000 535,900 568,800	\$	755,000 535,900 568,800	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$	3,957,400 3,615,000 4,241,600	19.08% 14.82% 13.41%

## Discretely Presented Component Unit: School Board Other Postemployment Benefit

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
1/1/2013	\$ 590	\$ 6,593,500	\$ 6,593,500	0.00%	\$ 11,601,200	56.83%
1/1/2011		6,643,300	6,643,300	0.00%	11,886,000	55.89%
1/1/2009		6,200,800	6,200,800	0.00%	13,580,000	45.66%



## County of Giles, Virginia Capital Improvements Fund Cedule of Revenues Expanditures, and Change in Fired R

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Col	ınty Capital	lmį	mprovements Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts			_			Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>			Positive (Negative)	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	2	Ş	22	5	1,439	\$	1,439	
Recovered costs		-		209,919		8		(209,919)	
Intergovernmental:								, ,	
Local government	_	98				29,743		29,743	
Total revenues	_\$		\$	209,919	\$	31,182	\$	(178,737)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government administration	\$	185,000	\$	264,952	S	223,376	Ś	41,576	
Public safety		30,000		30,000	·	64,997	•	(34,997)	
Public works		150,000		254,000		±:,		254,000	
Community development		527,051		694,410		89,753		604,657	
Capital projects				*		37,866		(37,866)	
Debt service:						,		(37,000)	
Principal retirement		981,048		981,048		1,552,533		(571,485)	
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,551,500		1,541,684		1,020,851		520,833	
Bond issuance costs						34,201		(34,201)	
Total expenditures	\$	3,424,599	\$	3,766,094	\$	3,023,577	\$	742,517	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	(3,424,599)	\$	(3,556,175)	\$	(2,992,395)	\$	563,780	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		3,424,599		3,556,175	Ś	3,121,780	\$	(434,395)	
Issuance of revenue bond		100		.,,	•	3,536,000	~	3,536,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	3,424,599	\$	3,556,175	\$		\$	3,101,605	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,665,385	\$	3,665,385	
Fund balances - beginning		_	-	_	•	273,046	~	273,046	
Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	-	\$	3,938,431	\$	3,938,431	
					_			, ,	

### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Special Welfare</u> - The Special Welfare fund accounts for those funds belonging to individuals entrusted to the local social services agency, such as foster care children.

# County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2014

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	Balance <u>July 1, 2013</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2014</u>		
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 60,526	\$ 103,287	\$ (102,804)	\$ 61,009		
LIABILITIES Amounts held for Social Services clients	\$ 60,526	\$ 103,287	\$ (102,804)	\$ 61,009		

### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

School Operating Fund - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

#### County of Giles, Virginia Balance Sheet

### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

June 30, 2014

				School
				Operating
				<u>Fund</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents			9	2,991,414
Cash in custody of others			•	81,083
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):				01,003
Accounts receivable				20,484
Due from other governmental units				696,447
Inventories				48,701
Prepaid items				123,339
Restricted assets:				123,337
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)				308,087
Total assets			S	4,269,555
			Ť	1,207,333
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable			S	16,467
Accrued payroll			7	2,094,853
Retainage payable				
Total liabilities			<u> </u>	5,000 2,116,320
FIND by comme				2,110,320
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid items			\$	123,339
Inventory			*	48,701
Restricted:				40,701
School cafeteria				308,087
Committed:				1,673,108
Total fund balances			S	2,153,235
Tabel II I III				2,133,233
Total liabilities and fund balances			\$	4,269,555
			Ė	7-07,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net positio (Exhibit 1) are different because:	n			
Total fund balances per above				
The same same same same same same same sam			\$	2,153,235
Capital assets used in governmental activities are				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	,			
Land				
Construction in progress	\$	473,652		
Buildings and improvements		621,846		
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		2,488,087		
mountery, equipment, and venicles		1,165,315		4,748,900
Lang Arrest California and the				
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in				
the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Net OPEB obligation	\$	(289,670)		
Compensated absences		(414, 372)	\$	(704,042)
Net position of governmental activities				
F or Paretimicital derivities			\$ (	6,198,093
				-

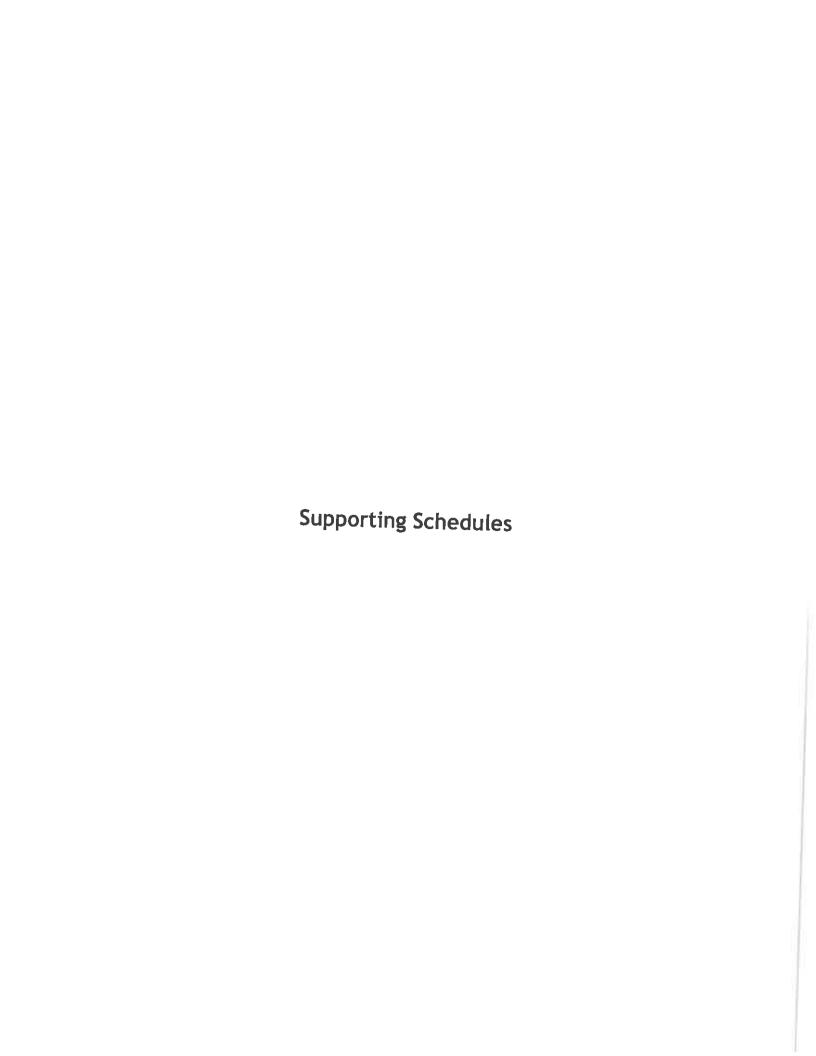
#### County of Giles, Virginia

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

	_			
REVENUES				School Operating Fund
Revenue from the use of money and property			_	
Charges for services			\$	757
Miscellaneous				433,615
Recovered costs				59,629
Intergovernmental:				266,471
Local government				
Commonwealth				6,069,145
Federal				14,964,274
Total revenues			<u> </u>	1,967,208 23,761,099
EXPENDITURES				23,701,099
Current:				
Education				
17 - 17			\$	24,354,422
Total expenditures			\$	24,354,422
Forms (A-C)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures			\$	(593,323)
Net change in fund balances			s	(593,323)
Fordballs and a second			*	(373,323)
Fund balances - beginning				2,746,558
Fund balances - ending			\$	2,153,235
Amount and I for				2,133,233
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:				
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above			\$	(593, 323)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.				
Capital asset additions	\$	421,922		
Depreciation expense		(594,878)		(172,956)
Comp overseas were to the state of		_		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	Ļ	E4 0= :		
(Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation	\$	51,971 (20,792)		21 170
-		(20,772)		31,179
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	(735 100)
				(735, 100)

## County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

	School Operating Fund												
								ariance with					
		Budgete	d Aı	mounts			Positive						
PD/PNI/FG		Original		Final	_	<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)					
REVENUES													
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	150	\$	150	\$	757	\$	607					
Charges for services		464,650		464,650		433,615		(31,035)					
Miscellaneous		59,528		69,036		59,629		(9,407)					
Recovered costs		107,229		107,229		266,471		159,242					
Intergovernmental:													
Local government		5,803,318		5,813,134		6,069,145		256,011					
Commonwealth		15,184,133		15,184,133		14,964,274		(219,859)					
Federal		1,729,364		1,729,364		1,967,208		237,844					
Total revenues	\$	23,348,372	\$	23,367,696	\$	23,761,099	\$	393,403					
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Education	\$	23,818,372	\$	23,837,696	\$	24,354,422	\$	(516,726)					
Total expenditures	\$	23,818,372	\$	23,837,696	Ś	24,354,422	Š	(516,726)					
					_	- 1,50 1, 122	<del>-</del>	(310,720)					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)													
expenditures	\$	(470,000)	\$	(470,000)	\$	(593,323)	\$	(123,323)					
Net change in fund balances	\$	(470,000)	\$	(470,000)	S	(593,323)	\$	(123,323)					
Fund balances - beginning		470,000	-	470,000	•	2,746,558	*	2,276,558					
Fund balances - ending	- \$	-	\$		\$	2,153,235	Ś	2,153,235					
			<u>*</u>		7	لالكرددارة	٠	4,100,400					



	1444 041)	0 00, 2017						
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes								
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	\$	-,, ,		5,672,374	£ \$	5,874,589	9 5	202,215
Personal property taxes		930,636		930,636	i	969,44	I	38,805
Mobile home taxes		1,695,569		1,695,569	)	1,940,936	5	245,367
Machinery and tools taxes		43,490		43,490	)	42,386	<b>i</b>	(1,104)
Merchant's capital		3,134,009		3,134,009		3,350,158	,	216,149
Common carrier		162,334		162,334		171,486	1	9,152
Penalties		16,500		16,500		6,684	!	(9,816)
Interest		95,470		95,470		84,516		(10,954)
		59,600		59,600		45,546		(14,054)
Total general property taxes	\$	11,809,982	\$	11,809,982	\$	12,485,742	Ś	675,760
Other local taxes:							<u> </u>	5,7,00
Local sales and use taxes								
	\$	1,201,830	\$	1,201,830	\$	1,279,513	\$	77,683
Consumers' utility taxes		240,889		240,889		241,391	·	502
Consumption taxes		51,644		51,644		55,684		4,040
Gross receipts tax		10,948		10,948		5,028		(5,920)
Motor vehicle licenses		211,500		211,500		206,936		(4,564)
Local tax on deeds		57,976		57,976		76,644		18,668
Hotel and motel room taxes		59,680		97,906		91,698		(6,208)
Total other local taxes	\$	1,834,467	\$	1,872,693	\$	1,956,894	\$	84,201
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	_	<b>-</b>						
Land use application fees	\$	5,447	\$	5,447	\$	4,885	\$	(562)
Transfer fees		500		500		280		(220)
Variance and rezoning fees		3,000		3,000		576		(2,424)
Building permits		0		0		2,935		2,935
Other permits and other licenses		32,000		32,000		22,708		(9,292)
		137		790		425		425
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	40,947	\$	40,947	\$	31,809	\$	(9,138)
Fines and forfeitures:						-		
Court fines and forfeitures								
additines and forfettures	\$	131,200	\$	131,200	\$	62,616	\$	(68,584)
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	¢	200.000	_					
Revenue from use of property	\$	208,000	>	208,000	\$	122,658	\$	(85,342)
Total revenue from use of money and property	-	43,495		50,107		42,286		(7,821)
the war also of money and property	\$	251,495	5_	258,107	\$	164,944	\$	(93,163)
Charges for services:								
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	7 /74 /		40.050			_	
Charges for courthouse maintenance	Þ	7,476	>	10,250	\$	8,207	\$	(2,043)
Charges for processing arrest fee		30,000		30,000		30,052		52
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,800		1,800		2,121		321
Charges for nonconsecutive jail and blood test/dna fees		2,729		2,729		2,701		(28)
Charges for law library		400		400		3,686		3,286
•		2,300		2,300		1,696		(604)

					_		_	
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								<del></del>
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Charges for services: (Continued)								
Charges for copies								
Charges for courtroom security fee		\$ 4,000		\$ 4,000		\$ 5,05°	! \$	1,051
Charges for PSA billings		54,000		90,615		61,396	á	(29,219)
Charges for parks and recreation		52,493		66,739	7	49,592	2	(17,147)
Charges for US forest patrols		287,200		291,333	3	251,355	i	(39,978)
Charges for wellness center fees		6,550		6,550	)	7,075	j	525
Other charges for services		175,000	)	175,000	)	172,700	1	(2,300)
Total charges for services	_	6,500	_	16,039		10,232		(5,807)
Lorar charges for selvices		630,448	\$	697,755	\$	605,864	\$	(91,891)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous								
macetaneous		17,855	. \$	34,483	\$	43,716	\$	9,233
Recovered costs:								
School resource officer								
Health insurance recoveries	\$	257,670	\$	259,342	\$	243,082	\$	(16,260)
		149,000		149,000		139,900		(9,100)
Health department and Social Services		29,700		34,726		190,923		156,197
DMV license agent reimbursement		28,678		28,678		29,823		1,145
PSA recovered costs		112,494		112,494		97,116		(15,378)
Bicentennial Celebration		-				20		20
Other recovered costs		989,730		1,182,957		358,801		(824, 156)
Total recovered costs	\$	1,567,272	\$	1,767,197	\$	1,059,665	Ś	(707,532)
Total revenue from local sources	s	16,283,666	¢	16,612,364	ċ			
	_	,,	~	10,012,304	-	16,411,250	<u>\$</u>	(201,114)
intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	125,000	Ś	125,000	\$	130,983	è	5.002
Mobile home titling tax	•	15,000	•	15,000	4	12,676	Ģ	5,983
Animal friendly plates		215		215		244		(2,324)
Motor vehicle rental tax		1,300		1,300		2,401		29
State recordation tax		39,500		39,500		53,628		1,101
Communications sales taxes		260,602		260,602				14,128
Personal property tax relief funds		1,227,860		1,227,860		254,525 1,227,860		(6,077)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,669,477	ς	1,669,477	Ś	1,682,317	ċ	42.040
		.,,	<u>-</u>	1,007, 177	Ψ.	1,002,317	<b>&gt;</b>	12,840
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	282,372	ς.	292,195	ė	202 442	ċ	(0 700)
Sheriff	*	949,926	~	949,926	Þ	283,462	Þ	(8,733)
Commissioner of revenue		109,498		109,498		954,705		4,779
Treasurer		97,494		97,494		110,881		1,383
Registrar/electoral board		39,079		•		98,257		763
Clerk of circuit court		219,089		39,079 219,089		36,689		(2,390)
Total shared expenses	\$		\$ .		-	235,999	^	16,910
•		1,077,400	\$	1,707,281	<u>\$</u>	1,719,993	>	12,712

					_			
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>				<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	Ś	700,047	¢	700,047				
State and Local Foster Care	•	7 00,017	્	700,047	•		•	,,,,,,,,
Comprehensive Services Act program		958,074		958,074		6,470		6,470
Litter control grant		8,033		17,622		866,041		(92,033)
Hazmat revenue		15,000		15,000		9,589		(8,033)
Juvenile justice		8,729		8,729		0.242		(15,000)
Two-for-Life		16,503		16,503		9,243		514
Asset Forfeiture		. 0,000		10,303		16,469		(34)
Fire programs		27,247		27,247		8,559		8,559
Circuit court records grant		52		27,247		31,396		4,149
911 wireless grant		43,330		43,330		34,367		34,367
Other categorical aid		163,050		163,050		42,870		(460)
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,940,013		949,602	Ś	7,042 1,851,030	ć	(156,008)
Total catalog de la co			,	,002	_	1,051,030	<del>-</del>	(98,572)
Total categorical aid	_\$_	3,637,471	\$ 3,	656,883	\$	3,571,023	\$	(85,860)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	5,306,948	\$ 5,3	326,360	\$	5,253,340	\$	(73,020)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Non-categorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes								
	\$	49,524	<u>\$</u>	49,524	\$	85,227	\$	35,703
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration		4 070 000	<b>.</b>					
Comprehensive Services Act program	\$	1,020,000	\$ 1,0	20,000	\$	1,203,397	\$	183,397
Tourism enhancement grant				-		166,473		166,473
State and community highway safety grants		44.000		9,679		17,350		7,671
Forfeited assets		14,000	•	16,760		13,984		(2,776)
Total categorical aid	-	. 004.000 - 4		74		28,906		28,906
	<del>-\$</del>	1,034,000 \$	1,04	6,439	<u> </u>	1,430,110	\$	383,671
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 1	,083,524 \$	1,09	5,963 \$		1,515,337	\$	419,374
Total General Fund	ć an	474 430 +	00					
	\$ 22	,674,138 \$	23,03	4,687 \$	2.	3,179,927	\$	145,240

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Orlginal <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:						Needat		(Negacive)
County Capital Improvements Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$							
	_3		- \$		- \$	1,439	9 \$	1,439
Recovered costs:								
Other recovered costs	\$		- \$	700.044				
_			- 3	209,919	\$		- \$	(209,919
Total revenue from local sources	\$		- \$	209,919		4 45-		
Intercourse				207,717	\$	1,439	\$	(208,480
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from Giles County School Board	\$		- \$		\$	29,743	ė	20.74
Total Carrel of the co	_					47,743		29,743
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$		- \$	209,919	\$	31,182	ċ	(470 727
Total Diverse o	=-		_ <u></u>		_	31,102	<del>-</del>	(178,737
Total Primary Government	\$	22,674,138	\$ 2	23.244.606	¢	23,211,109	ė	(33,497
School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:  Revenue from the use of money  Revenue from the use of property	\$		<sub>9</sub> \$		\$	505	\$	505
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property		150		150		252		<b>505</b>
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property	\$		\$ \$		<b>\$</b>		\$	· <del>-</del>
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property Charges for services:		150		150		252		102
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education		150 150	\$	150 150	\$	252 757	\$	102 607
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales	\$	150	\$	150 150 7,500	\$	7,239	\$	102 607 (261)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils	\$	150 150 7,500	\$	150 150 7,500 450,000	\$	7,239 426,376	\$	102 607 (261) (23,624)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services	\$	7,500 450,000	\$	7,500 450,000 650	\$	7,239	\$	(261) (23,624) (650)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils	\$	7,500 450,000 650	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500	\$	7,239 426,376	\$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500	\$	7,239 426,376	\$	(261) (23,624) (650)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue:	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500	\$	7,239 426,376	\$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500	\$	7,239 426,376 433,615	\$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500) (31,035)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue:	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$	7,239 426,376	\$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous	\$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$	7,239 426,376 433,615	\$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500) (31,035)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous  Recovered costs: Rebates and refunds	\$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$	7,239 426,376 433,615	\$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500) (31,035)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous  Recovered costs:	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650 59,528	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650 69,036	\$ \$	7,239 426,376 433,615 59,629	\$ \$ \$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500) (31,035) (9,407)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous  Recovered costs: Rebates and refunds  Total revenue from local sources	\$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650 59,528	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650	\$ \$	7,239 426,376 433,615	\$ \$ \$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500) (31,035)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous  Recovered costs: Rebates and refunds  Total revenue from local sources  ergovernmental:	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650 59,528	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650 69,036	\$ \$	7,239 426,376 433,615 59,629	\$ \$ \$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500) (31,035) (9,407)
Revenue from the use of money Revenue from the use of property Total revenue from use of money and property  Charges for services: Charges for education Cafeteria sales Transportation of pupils Other charges for services Total charges for services  Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous  Recovered costs: Rebates and refunds  Total revenue from local sources	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650 59,528	\$ \$ \$	7,500 450,000 650 6,500 464,650 69,036	\$ \$	7,239 426,376 433,615 59,629	\$ \$ \$	(261) (23,624) (650) (6,500) (31,035) (9,407)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	į	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>			Fin	riance with oal Budget Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)									
School Operating Fund: (Continued)									
Intergovernmental: (continued)									
Revenue from the Commonwealth:									
Categorical aid:									
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,544,036	\$ 2	2,544,036	\$ :	2.469.87	'n	\$	(74,216)
Basic school aid		7,652,875		,652,875		7,656,08		*	3,212
Remedial summer education		20,355		20,355		19,66			(690)
Regular foster care		26,999		26,999		9,30			(17,691)
Gifted and talented		82,371		82,371		81,91			(453)
Remedial education		234,579		234,579		233,28			(1,291)
School food		18,113		18,113		20,04			1,927
Special education		1,162,149	1	,162,149	1	,155,75			(6,395)
Textbook payment		160,677	•	160,677	,	159,79			
Vocational education - occupational/technology		96		100,077		45,570			(884) 45 574
Vocational standards of quality payments		406,484		406,484		404,247			45,576 (3.33 <b>7</b> )
Vocational adult education		60,318		60,318		21,610			(2,237) (38,708)
Social security fringe benefits		512,134		512,134		509,315			
Retirement fringe benefits		990,944		990,944		851,233			(2,819)
Group life fringe benefits		32,232		32,232		32,055			(139,711)
Early reading intervention		38,713		38,713		56,931			(177)
Homebound education		6,270		6,270		14,268			18,218
Virginia preschool initiative		74,399		74,399		•			7,998
Primary class size		240,657		240,657		74,399			(4.480)
Technology		210,007		2-10,037		239,477			(1,180)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		32,640		32,640		2,465 37,303			2,465
Vocational education - equipment		7,100		7,100		•			4,663
Preschool		343,054		7,100 343,054		4,725			(2,375)
E-rate		60,000	,	60,000		149,164			(193,890)
Special education - foster children		00,000		00,000		106,173			46,173
At risk payments		197,346				61,634			61,634
GED prep program		7,859		197,346		196,197			(1,149)
English as a second language		7,007		7,859		7,859			2.044
VPSA technology grants		206,000	-	104 000		3,044			3,044
Supplemental support		200,000	4	206,000		50,788			(155,212)
Other state funds		65,829		65,829		192,823			192,823
Total categorical aid	\$ 15		Ć 15 1		C 140	97,315	-		31,486
•	7 13,	107, 133	اردا د	04, 133	\$ 14,5	64,274	- 5		(219,859)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 15,	184,133	\$ 15,1	84,133	\$ 14,9	64,274	\$		(219,859)
evenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
Schools and roads	\$	12 504	¢	13 504 - 1		nn =44			45.45
Literacy challenge grant	4	13,581 8,000	ş	13,581	>	82,760	\$		69,179
Title I		494,000	4	8,000	-	3.4 504			(8,000)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		194,000 190,000		94,000		34,591			40,591
· , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	770,000	4	90,000	5	14,237			24,237

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source  Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) intergovernmental: (continued)		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	/ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: (Continued) Vocational education Summer food service program Title II Special Education - preschool National school lunch program Total categorical aid	\$	44,000 123,000 14,783 542,000	\$ 44,000 123,000 14,783 542,000	\$ 38,773 16,427 110,658 14,876 654,886	\$ (5,227) 16,427 (12,342) 93 112,886
Total Caregorical and	_\$_	1,729,364	\$ 1,729,364	\$ 1,967,208	\$ 237,844
Total revenue from the federal government	\$_	1,729,364	\$ 1,729,364	\$ 1,967,208	\$ 237,844
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 2	23,348,372	\$ 23,367,696	\$ 23,761,099	\$ 393,403

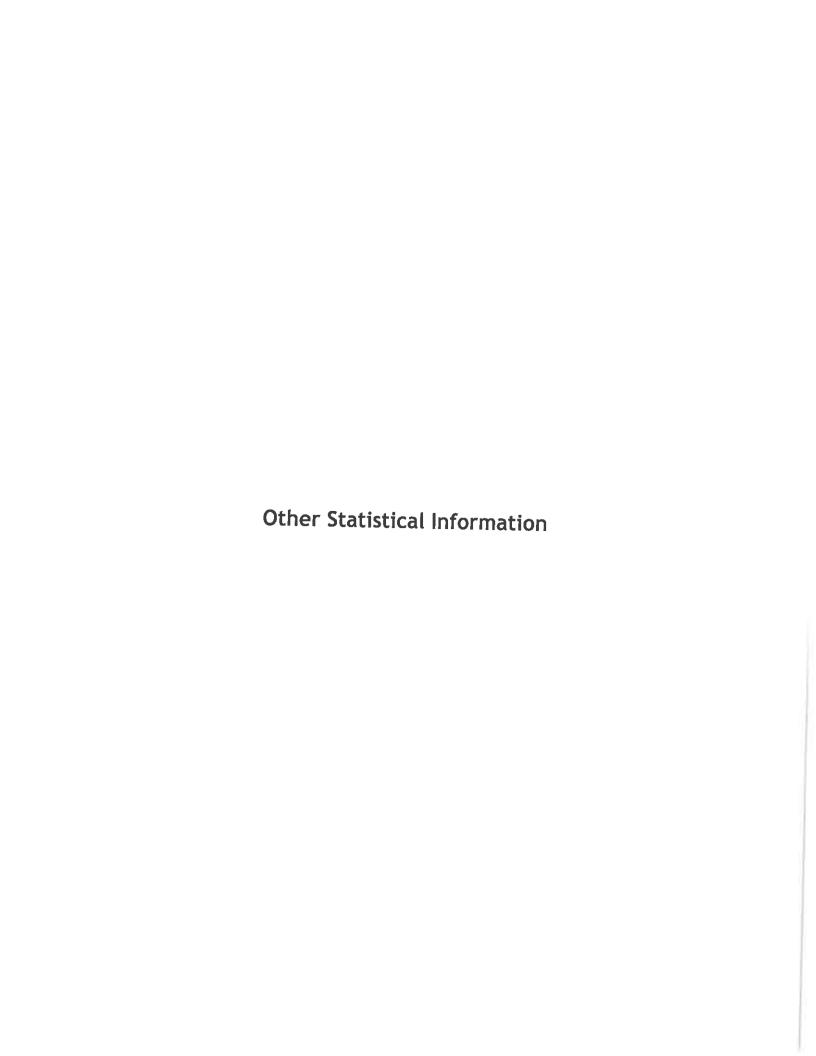
					_			
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Ac</u> tual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors								
2001 d 01 3upe: ¥13015		117,404	\$	140,433	} .	134,91	4 \$	5,519
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	s	302.040		777.040				
Legal services	Ş	,		-		,		3,744
Commissioner of revenue		32,000		49,792		49,248		544
Assessor		313,249		313,249		307,025		6,224
Land use		250,000		250,000		102,204		147,796
Treasurer		9,211		9,211		8,305		906
PSA billing and collection		355,648		466,163		391,825		74,338
Department of motor vehicles		53,993		78,735		75,019		3,716
Total general and financial administration	_	54,112		54,112		53,994		118
, ocas seneral and imancial administracion	_\$	1,270,261	<u>\$</u>	1,449,104	\$	1,211,718	<b>\$</b>	237,386
Board of elections:						_		
Registrar								
1.021971 (1)	<u>.</u> \$	148,256	\$	148,256	\$	145,238	\$	3,018
Total general government administration	_\$	1,535,921	\$	1,737,793	\$	1,491,870	s	245,923
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	19,954	\$	29,928	\$	28,860	\$	1,068
General district court		6,299		6,299		5,692		607
Magistrate		100		187		187		2
Juvenile and domestic court		21,802		11,802		7,164		4,638
Clerk of the circuit court		356,318		350,818		353,773		(2,955)
Law library		6,556		6,556		4,039		2,517
Total courts	\$	411,029	\$	405,590	\$	399,715	\$	5,875
Commonwealth's attacks								
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	340,810	\$	354,876	\$	351,308	\$	3,568
Tabel field to be to the								
Total judicial administration	\$	751 <u>,</u> 839	\$	760,466	\$	751,023	\$	9,443
Public enfert.								
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	2,379,868	\$	2,439,039	\$	2,419,470	\$	19,569
Criminal justice training		13,000		20,400		20,400		160
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,392,868	\$	2,459,439	\$		\$	19,569
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire and rescue	-							
	\$	166,833	\$	167,223	\$	215,088	\$	(47,865)
GIS system development		95,063		113,316		112,984		332
Ambulance service		304,167		277,990		277,990		
Total fire and rescue services	\$	566,063	\$	558,529	\$	606,062	\$	(47,533)
			-					

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Ganaral Funds (Cantilana II)								
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public Safety: (Continued)  Correction and detention:								
New River Valley Regional Jail	\$	1,015,848	\$	995,848	\$	966,500	S	29,348
NRV juvenile detention		107,333		107,333		107,333		87
Total correction and detention	\$	1,123,181	\$	1,103,181	\$	1,073,833	\$	29,348
Inspections;								
Building official		_						
buttoning official	_\$_	218,343	\$	218,343	\$	214,306	\$	4,037
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	2 22/		2.024	_			
Medical examiner	Þ	2,236	\$	2,236	\$	-	\$	2,236
Emergency services		500		500		340		160
Inmate work program		46,600		46,600		65,504		(18,904)
Haz-mat services		102,075		142,901		140,343		2,558
School Resource Officer		15,684		8,684		5,224		3,460
US forest service		241,268		245,680		221,705		23,975
Law enforcement grants		7,500		14,112		10,578		3,534
•		16,148		18,908		16,699		2,209
Total other protection	\$	432,011	\$	479,621	\$	460,393	\$	19,228
Total public safety	\$	4,732,466	\$	4,819,113	\$	4,794,464	\$	24,649
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks								
Manual of second strates and statewarks	_\$	150	\$	150	\$	-	\$	150
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill monitoring	\$	82,860	c	43,360	ċ	40.035	,	3 335
Weed control	•	3,000	7	3,000	,	40,025	Þ	3,335
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	85,860	5	46,360	c	2,999	_	2.224
		05,000	7	70,300	<del>?</del>	43,024	\$	3,336
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	384,637	ė	772 777	_	77.4 607		
	<del></del>	304,037	\$	722,727	\$	721,907	\$	820
Total public works	\$	470,647	\$	769,237	\$	764,931	\$	4,306
Health and welfare:			-					
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	123,500	\$	123,500	\$	123,500	\$	-
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	_		_					
Section of Sections and	\$	51,450	\$	51,450	\$	51,450	\$	-

		,					_	
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								<u> </u>
Health and welfare: (Continued)								
Welfare:								
Comprehensive services								
Welfare administration and public assistance		\$ 1,382,339		.,,		\$ 1,486,910	\$	(104,571)
Fairview home		2,096,065		2,096,06		2,387,625	i	(291,560)
NRVSS nutrition program		18,084		18,08		18,084	ļ	
NRV disability services board		8,930		7,93		5,245		2,685
New River community action		1,275		1,27		1,275		7.2
Women's resource center		13,680		13,680	)	13,680		3.6
Free clinic of the NRV, Inc.		5,358		5,358		5,358		20
Area agency on aging		8,000		8,000	)	8,000		54
Senior center		7,324		7,324		7,324		-
Literacy volunteers of America		75,204		76,435	i	74,727		1,708
State and local hospitalization		445		445		445		72
NRV cares		1,400		1.0		230		7.0
Total welfare		250		250	_	250		-
. Same Manda	_\$	3,618,354	\$	3,617,185	\$	4,008,923	\$	(391,738)
Total health and welfare	5	3,793,304	\$	3,792,135	-	4 402 072	_	
		5,775,504	<del>-</del>	3,772,133	\$	4,183,873	\$	(391,738)
Education:								
Educational costs:								
Contributions to Community College	S	8,764	ς	8,764	ė	9.744	•	
Contribution to County School Board	*	5,803,318	•	5,813,134	J	8,764 6,098,888	>	(20E 75.4)
Total education	\$	5,812,082	\$	5,821,898	\$	6,107,652	\$	(285,754)
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Swimming pool			_					
Golf course	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	2,215	\$	7,785
Castle Rock operations		197,896		302,564		291,203		11,361
Wellness center		63,097		63,097		59,498		3,599
Boat ramp		183,761		248,628		234,456		14,172
Other recreation and cultural enrichment		#1.				37,579		(37,579)
Total parks and recreation		82,420	_	82,420		82,419		1
	_\$_	537,174	\$	706,709	\$	707,370	\$	(661)
Library:								
Contribution to county library	\$	29,250	\$	29,250	¢	29,250	ć	
Total parks, recreation, and cultural		,	-		4	47,430	·	<del></del>
rotal parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	566,424	\$	735,959	\$	736,620	\$	(661)
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
County planner	\$	71,907	c	81 AEE	c	70.044		
Planning commission	7	20,026	٠	81,055	Þ	79,911	8	1,144
Contribution to IDA		136,504		18,026		16,451		1,575
Zoning Board		538		136,504 538		436,974		(300,470)
Tourism				97,906		252		286
Other community development		42,407				97,906		4 505
Total planning and community development	<u></u>	271,382	_	52,086		50,501		1,585
•		~ 1 1 3 0 2 3		386,115	2	681,995 \$		(295,880)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Community development: (Continued)								
Environmental management:								
Contributions to soil and water districts	9	8.94	0 \$	8,940	) \$	8,700	c	240
	_					0,700	- 4	240
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	_9	67,68	1 \$	67,681	\$	67,397	\$	284
Total community development	\$	348,00	3 \$	462,736	-	750.000	_	
		310,00	, ,	402,730	\$	758,092	\$	(295,356)
Nondepartmental:								
Fringe benefits and fuel charges	_\$	711,75	5 \$	677,990	\$	678,231	\$	(241)
Debt service:				-				
Principal retirement		44 57						
Interest and other fiscal charges	\$	41,571	-	41,571	5	41,571	\$	-
Total debt service	<u>-</u>	7,541 49,112		7,541 49,112	-	7,541		
		72) ( 12	. 3	47,112	\$	49,112	\$	
Total General Fund	\$	18,771,554	\$	9,626,439	\$ 2	20,315,868	\$	(689,429)
Capital Projects Fund:								
County Capital Improvements Fund:								
General and financial administration:								
Information Technology	\$	135,000	c	210,000	_	440 === 4	_	
TANIF project	•	50,000	÷	54,952	Þ	168,724	>	41,276
Total general and financial administration	\$	185,000	\$	264,952	5	54,652 223,376	S	300 41,576
Public Safety:							*	71,070
Radio system		20.000	_					
•	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	64,997	\$	(34,997)
Public Works:								
County wide signage	\$	75,000	5	- 2	\$		\$	
Telephone system		75,000	•		~		Ş	
Roof NEMS		,		254,000		16		254,000
Total Public Works	\$	150,000	\$		\$		\$	254,000
Community development:								,,,,,,
Planning and community development:								
Economic development		240.054						
Bluff City Landing	\$	310,851	\$	476,662	Ş	63,472	5	413,190
Whitt River Bend Park Landing		100,000		101,548		500		101,048
DGIF boat ramps		100,000 16,200		100,000		25 704		100,000
Total community development	\$	527,051	S	16,200	-	25,781		(9,581)
•		327,031	4	694,410	\$	89,753 \$	-	604,657
Capital projects:								
Engineering fees	\$	_	\$	- :	5	37,866 \$		(37,866)
						, +		(,500)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund: (Continued)								
County Capital Improvements Fund: (Continued)								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	Ś	981,048	ς	981,048	c	1,552,533	è	(F74 40F)
Interest and other fiscal charges	•	1,551,500	•	1,541,684		1,020,851	þ	(571,485)
Bond issuance costs		1,551,500		1,541,004		34,201		520,833
Total debt service	\$	2,532,548	\$	2,522,732	\$		\$	(34,201)
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	\$	3,424,599	\$	3,766,094	\$	3,023,577	5	742,517
Total Primary Government	\$	22,196,153	\$	23,392,533	\$	23,339,445	\$	53,088
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Instruction costs:								
Instruction costs	\$	15,728,613	\$	16,443,945	\$	16,388,784	\$	55,161
Operating costs:								
Attendance and health services	\$	924,229	s	924,229	ς.	941,819	c	(17,590)
Pupil transportation		1,190,860	•	1,256,925	٠	1,434,839	7	(17,390)
Operation and maintenance of school plant		2,387,758		2,387,758		3,052,683		(664,925)
Facilities		400,000		253,657		248,882		4,775
Technology		1,179,981		1,179,981		1,191,755		(11,774)
Total operating costs	\$	6,082,828	\$	6,002,550	\$	6,869,978	\$	(867,428)
School food services:						-		
Administration of school food program	\$	2,006,931	\$	1,391,201	\$	1,095,660	\$	295,541
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 2	3,818,372	\$ 2	23,837,696	\$ 2	24,354,422	\$	(516,726)



County of Giles, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 222225 52225 5225 5255 5255 5255 5255
Water Department	\$ 1,737,460 1,791,446 1,633,876 1,533,169 1,595,807 1,137,390 1,065,923 957,366 789,851
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 961,132 1,338,211 1,109,865 1,217,615 1,261,108 834,439 807,477 862,168 813,501 878,240
Non- departmental	\$ 18,787 50,028
Community Non- Development (1) departmental	933,299 803,350 427,820 346,131 5,036,422 323,454 1,571,574 343,283 287,666 704,970
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 742,703 \$ 741,059
Education	\$ 7,837,326 7,869,352 6,418,750 6,117,468 6,222,250 5,765,131 6,903,898 5,671,104 6,330,274 6,509,380
Health and Welfare	\$ 4,107,908 3,742,017 3,815,866 3,467,252 3,069,055 3,058,974 2,874,710 2,622,010 2,645,705 1,958,813
Public Works	\$ 897,488 595,826 433,301 382,840 438,175 476,772 549,638 966,677 415,498 309,003
Public Safety	5, 4,662,815 5,055,111 3,858,811 3,937,646 3,764,801 3,856,862 3,584,867 3,556,881 3,305,443 3,053,312
Judicial	810,317 704,273 749,059 456,903 705,573 703,829. 672,928 592,293 518,247
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	\$ 1,697,198 \$ 1,040,876
Fiscal	2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2006-07 2006-07

(1) FY 2009-10 includes a contribution of \$4,375,511 to the Giles Industrial Development Authority in support of the hospital infrastructure projects.

County of Giles, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	\$ 22,703,262 21,982,069 21,655,471 22,124,435 20,758,610 21,811,064 21,672,376 19,878,400 18,163,379 17,162,939
	Gain on Sale of Assets	14,027
	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	43,716       \$ 1,767,544       \$         47,256       1,875,527       24,655       1,695,160         162,209       1,689,126       35,136       1,585,229         194,633       1,585,670       37,991       1,478,463         20,244       1,664,325       20,244       1,595,836         23,245       1,571,776       50,507       1,571,776
	Miscellaneous	\$ 43,716 47,256 24,655 462,209 35,136 994,633 37,991 20,244 23,245 50,507
EVENUES	Unrestricted Investment Earnings	\$ 170,803 237,267 275,397 266,669 317,919 372,250 308,607 286,779 263,587
GENERAL REVENUES	Fines and Forfeitures	26,428
	Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	5 72,326
	Other Local Taxes	\$ 1,956,894 1,919,216 1,746,202 1,749,017 1,664,585 1,912,001 2,044,328 1,723,520 1,859,770 1,850,521
	General Property Taxes	\$ 12,476,520 12,073,980 11,877,251 11,722,260 11,187,893 11,050,675 10,606,003 10,266,359 9,499,802 9,380,467
S	Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ 54,727 113,826 170,824 873,251 496,558 221,660 1,848,937 51,714 274,568 342,440
PROGRAM REVENUES	Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 5,001,133 4,493,402 4,539,944 4,203,780 4,285,122 4,388,647 4,295,126 4,884,180 3,736,766 2,959,790
PR.	Charges for Services	\$ 1,231,925 1,207,568 1,326,038 1,158,123 1,186,168 1,285,528 1,052,921 981,279 909,805 749,708
ı	Fiscal Year	2013-14 \$ 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2005-06 2004-05

General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) County of Giles, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 41,586,856 40,914,919 37,637,365 36,146,381 42,855,599 37,836,593 37,059,932 35,563,169 32,687,848 31,005,879
Debt Service	\$ 2,656,697 \$ 41,586,856 2,620,748 40,914,919 2,912,690 37,637,365 2,214,272 36,146,381 2,749,942 42,855,599 2,053,898 37,836,593 1,999,896 37,059,932 2,528,409 35,563,169 2,187,188 32,687,848 1,928,747 31,005,879
Non- departmental	\$ 678,231 880,871 743,593 696,032 406,302 352,012 59,637 17,751 18,787 50,028
Parks, Recreation, Community Non-Education (2) and Cultural Development (3) departmental	\$ 847,845 721,978 344,123 262,884 4,961,680 257,520 1,254,203 288,154 297,002 710,306
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 736,620 704,999 743,801 744,911 818,511 795,081 790,006 872,465 721,535
Education (2)	\$ 24,392,929 23,806,787 22,398,858 21,974,561 24,034,314 24,734,563 23,755,018 22,508,015 21,107,344 20,416,339
Health and Welfare	\$ 4,183,873 3,851,966 3,865,490 3,517,234 3,269,547 3,058,680 2,869,119 2,611,276 2,752,848 1,971,352
Public Works	\$ 764,931 599,672 421,212 420,421 559,201 441,893 488,472 971,197 420,545 344,450
Public Safety	4,859,461 5,562,669 4,011,209 4,153,468 3,833,304 3,849,643 3,573,864 3,797,384 3,797,384 3,218,254
General Government Judicial Administration Administration	\$ 751,023 \$ 752,773 706,626 726,488 702,042 695,441 663,594 637,024 528,047 494,331
General Government Administration	\$ 1,715,246 1,412,456 1,489,763 1,436,110 1,520,756 1,597,862 1,606,123 1,331,494 1,223,288 1,245,466
Fiscal	2012-13 (5) 2012-13 (5) 2011-12 2010-11 (4) 2009-10 2007-08 2006-07 2006-07 2006-06 2006-06

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. Excludes non-operating

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board and contribution from School Board to the Capital Improvements Fund.
(3) FY 2009-10 includes a contribution of \$4,375,511 to the Giles Industrial Development Authority in support of the hospital infrastructure projects.
(4) Debt service excludes refundings of \$15,659,156.
(5) Debt service excludes bond refundings of \$15,659,156.

County of Giles, Virginia
General Governmental Revenues by Source (1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	40,873,320 40,502,624 39,512,329 39,946,130 39,662,680 41,458,013 37,881,599 37,901,154 33,874,831 31,539,253
Inter- governmental (2)	\$ 23,700,159 \$ 23,403,966 23,110,381 23,095,492 24,099,204 24,797,393 23,060,256 23,980,577 20,266,978 18,787,643
Recovered	\$ 1,326,136 1,529,023 1,174,262 1,147,560 1,102,753 433,831 391,456 177,498 245,886
Miscellaneous	\$ 103,345 93,685 123,361 655,374 119,031 1,444,646 121,344 227,636 230,459 198,805
Charges for Services	1,039,479 1,059,533 1,150,905 1,170,525 1,241,049 1,331,462 1,189,193 1,232,174 1,180,146
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	\$ 167,140 \$ 236,113 275,735 267,339 333,007 339,722 308,607 287,670 264,206 159,606
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 62,616 105,492 31,194 26,837 29,833 20,192 24,264 28,553 31,181 26,428
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	\$ 31,809 50,540 42,986 26,963 31,477 76,669 45,065 54,433 50,460
Other Local Taxes	1,956,894 1,919,216 1,746,202 1,749,017 1,664,585 1,912,001 2,044,328 1,723,520 1,859,770 1,859,770
General Property Taxes	\$ 12,485,742 12,105,056 11,857,303 11,807,023 11,041,741 11,102,097 10,697,086 10,189,093 9,745,745 9,199,339
Fiscal	2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2006-07 2004-05

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Giles, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	6.01% 5.81% 6.46% 6.77% 7.42% 6.39% 7.15% 6.26% 6.26%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,3)	\$ 816,733 763,561 835,655 867,642 907,800 780,033 846,963 713,456 810,565
Percent of Total Tax Collections	99.99% 100.41% 103.21% 100.26% 99.05% 99.43% 99.07% 99.72%
Total Tax Collections	\$ 13,577,289 13,193,619 13,350,365 12,855,243 12,117,377 12,179,804 11,782,254 11,284,811 10,799,479
Delinquent Tax Collections (1,2)	\$ 497,647 714,599 946,344 467,536 257,289 179,820 179,820 254,477 200,067 230,567
Percent of Levy Collected	96.32% 94.97% 95.90% 96.61% 98.33% 97.88% 97.76%
Total Current  Tax Tax  Levy (1,2) Collections (1)	\$ 13,079,642 12,479,020 12,404,021 12,387,707 11,860,088 11,999,984 11,598,742 11,598,742 11,030,334 10,599,412 9,970,670
Total Tax Levy (1,2)	\$ 13,579,232 \$ 13,079,642 13,140,195 12,479,020 12,934,608 12,404,021 12,821,899 12,387,707 12,233,089 11,860,088 12,204,375 11,999,984 11,849,315 11,598,742 11,390,695 11,030,334 10,829,309 10,599,412 10,199,386 9,970,670
Fiscal	2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2005-06 2004-05

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.

(2) Includes amounts paid under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act. (3) Amounts have not been reduced for taxes deemed uncollectible under audit.

#### County of Giles, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes (1)	Machinery and Tools	Public Utilities (2)	Merchants Capital	Common Carrier	Total
2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2005-06	\$ 1,074,270,400 1,067,749,700 1,059,889,900 1,056,729,200 1,052,823,700 1,049,284,251 1,026,272,400 1,017,262,300	172,917,073 163,705,613 161,035,270 149,667,307 165,541,200 160,653,821 161,819,004	\$ 331,472,131 310,297,932 310,267,438 304,393,326 297,610,968 279,614,150 266,799,376 245,025,208	\$ 177,534,468 179,625,302 171,001,017 187,241,026 179,729,561 132,446,151 136,065,449 132,978,340	\$ 21,314,565 20,571,130 19,974,892 19,526,928 20,849,657 22,641,189 20,388,269 19,756,981	\$ 661,782 703,448 1,638,533 3,014,800	\$ 1,782,498,914 1,751,864,585 1,726,477,393 1,731,940,550 1,700,681,193 1,649,526,941 1,610,179,315 1,576,841,833
2004-05	823,399,650 601,714,100	153,098,989 144,669,995	244,180,466 241,355,915	143,721,688 112,196,011	18,890,372 18,773,208	87	1,383,291,165 1,118,709,229

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate and personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

#### County of Giles, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Rea	al Estate (2)	 Personal Property	_	Machinery and Tools	Merchant's Capital	Common Carrier
2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2009-10 2008-09 2007-08 2006-07	\$	0.54/0.56 0.54 0.54 0.54 0.52/0.54 0.52 0.63	\$ 1.91 1.91 1.91 1.91 1.89 1.89	\$	1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01 0.99 0.99	\$ 0.81 0.81 0.81 0.79 0.79	\$ 1.01 1.01 1.01 1.01
2005-06 2004-05		0.63 0.59 0.72	1.85 1.85 1.85		0.95 0.95 0.90	0.75 0.75 0.75	8 2 8

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Mobile home tax rates are the same as the real estate rate.

# County of Giles, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (	2)	Gross and Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2013-14 2012-13 2011-12 2010-11 2009-10	17,286 17,286 17,286 17,286 16,657	\$ 1,782,4 1,751,8 1,726,4 1,731,9 1,700,6	665 77 41 81	25,151,143 25,183,752 26,182,991 27,931,389 29,073,317	1.41% 1.44% 1.52% 1.61% 1.71%	\$ 1,455 1,457 1,515 1,616 1,745
2008-09 2007-08 2006-07 2005-06 2004-05	16,657 16,657 16,657 16,657 16,657	1,649,5 1,610,1 1,576,8 1,383,2 1,118,7	79 42 91	16,791,312 14,694,109 15,782,580 17,031,551 16,592,150	1.02% 0.91% 1.00% 1.23% 1.48%	1,008 882 948 1,022 996

- (1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.
- (2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.
- (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonds and lease revenue bonds of the Primary Government-Governmental Activities. Excludes landfill closure/post-closure care liability, net opeb obligation, and capital leases of the Primary Government-Governmental Activities and all debt of the Primary Government-Business-type Activities and Component Units.

# County of Giles, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal (2)	Interest	 Total Debt Service		Total General overnmental penditures (1)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2013-14	\$ 1,594,104	\$ 1,028,392	\$ 2,622,496	\$	41,586,856	6.31%
2012-13	1,299,525	1,321,223	2,620,748	•	40,914,919	6.41%
2011-12	1,772,087	1,140,873	2,912,960		37,637,365	7.74%
2010-11	1,255,070	959,202	2,214,272		36,146,381	6.13%
2009-10	1,381,345	1,368,597	2,749,942		42,855,599	6.42%
2008-09	1,215,308	838,590	2,053,898		37,836,593	5.43%
2007-08	1,189,703	810,193	1,999,896		37,059,932	5.40%
2006-07	1,544,893	911,100	2,455,993		35,563,169	6.91%
2005-06	1,256,453	930,735	2,187,188		32,687,848	6.69%
2004-05	963,446	965,301	1,928,747		31,005,879	6.22%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Table 3 for excluded refunding amounts.



### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Giles, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of Giles, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2014.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Giles, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Giles, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness [2014-001].

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Giles, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### County of Giles, Virginia's Response to Findings

County of Giles, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Giles, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kolumoon, James, Ly Associates
Blacksburg, Virginia
December 22, 2014

### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Giles, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Giles, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Giles, Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Giles, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Giles, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rollimoon, James, Ly Associates
Blacksburg, Virginia
December 22, 2014

#### COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/ State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	E	Federal xpenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				·
Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
State Department of Agriculture:				
Food Distribution-Schools (Note 3)	10.555	Not applicable	ė	07.734
	10,555	Not applicable	\$	87,739
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623		476,805
National School Lunch Program Subtotal				564,544
School Breakfast Program	10 EE2	40504		
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.553	40591		90,342
	10.559	Not applicable		16,427
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010113,0010114,		182,113
		0040113,0040114		102,113
Department of Education:		0010110,0010111		
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841		82,760
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	936,186
EPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			-	730,100
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.556	0950113	Ş	13,369
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.558	0400113,0400114		181,029
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.566	0500113,0500114		1,095
	93.568	0600413,0600414		20,168
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.596	0760113,0760114		30,449
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.645	0900113,0900114		1,370
Adoption Assistance	93.658	1100113,1100114		316,600
,	93.659	1120113,1120114		156,549
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000113,1000114		297,110
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150113,9150114		4,087
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540113,0540114		5,476
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200113,1200114		160,455
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	1,187,757
PARTMENT OF JUSTICE:				
irect Payments:				
Department of Criminal Justice Services:				
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	Not applicable	\$	28,906
PARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
ass Through Payments:				
epartment of Education:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	43004		E3 / 50 ·
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	04.010	42901	\$	534,591
Special Education-Grants to States	94 027	43034		
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.027	43071		514,237
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.173	62521		14,876
Improving Teacher Quality-State Grants	84.048	61095		38,773
, and among state digital	84.367	61480		110,658

#### COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Federal Grantor/ State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Catalog Number	Entity Identifying Number	<b>Federal</b> Disbursement:
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:			Disparse literate
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	SC-2013-53305-5020 SC-2014-54228-5476 AL-2013-53307-5022	\$ 13,98
Highway Planning and Construction (TEA-21)	20.205	AL-2013-53307-3022 AL-2014-54235-5483 Not applicable	17,35
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 31,33
APPALACHIAN REGIONAL COMMISSION: Direct Payments: Appalachian Area Development	23.002	Not applicable	\$ 31,33 \$ 54,72
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		not applicable	\$ 3,452,04

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Giles, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Giles, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Giles, Virginia.

#### Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2014, Giles County, Virginia had food commodities totaling \$87,739 in inventory.

#### Note 4 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements: Primary government: General Fund 1,515,337 Less: Payments in lieu of taxes (85,227)Water Department Fund - Contributions in Aid of Construction 54,727 Total primary government 1,484,837 Component Units: School Board 1,967,208 Total Federal Expenditures per Basic Financial Statements 3,452,045 Federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 3,452,045

#### County of Giles, Virginia

#### **Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs** Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I - Sum	mary of	Auditors'	Results
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<u>Financial Statements</u>

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Yes

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

No

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510 (a)?

No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553/10.555/10.559

84.010

84.027/84.173

93.658

**Child Nutrition Cluster** 

Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education Cluster (IDEA)

Foster Care - Title IV-E

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs:

\$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

#### County of Giles, Virginia

#### Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

#### 2014-001

Criteria:

Per Statement of Auditing Standards 115 (SAS 115), identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness exists.

Condition:

The financial statements, as presented for audit, did not contain all necessary adjustments to comply with generally accepted principles (GAAP). As such, the auditor proposed adjustments that were material to the financial statements.

Cause of Condition:

The County does not have proper controls in place to detect and correct misstatements in closing their year end financial statements. This comment was caused by the omission of the issuance of the new lease revenue bond series 2014 that affected the Primary Government and the Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority.

Effect of Condition:

There is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation:

The County should review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2014 and develop a plan to ensure that trial balances and related schedules are presented accurately for audit.

Management's Response:

The County will review the auditors' proposed audit adjustments for 2014 and will develop a plan of action to ensure that all adjusting entries are made prior to final audit fieldwork next year.

#### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

#### Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Financial Statement Finding 2013-1 was corrected in current year; however, 2013-2 is recurring in the current year as 2014-001.