
PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

CHARLOTTESVILLE □ RICHMOND □ FREDERICKSBURG □ STAUNTON □ BLACKSBURG □ LOUISA



PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

(A regional detention center organized and existing pursuant to provisions of Title 66-13 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended)

MEMBERS

Ronald E. Roark, Chairman
County Administrator - County of Nottoway

Rebecca S. Carter
County Administrator - County of Buckingham

Tracy Gee
County Administrator - County of Lunenburg

Wade Bartlett
County Administrator - County of Prince Edward

Vivian Giles
County Administrator - County of Cumberland

Taylor Harvie
County Administrator - County of Amelia

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ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE COMMISSION MEMBERS
PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER
FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center, as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2016, Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application and 82 Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules related to pension funding on pages 3-6 and 35-37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2016, on our consideration of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Fawcett, Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia
November 28, 2016

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2016

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of the Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's (the Commission) financial performance provides an overview of the Commission's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read this information in conjunction with the Commission's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Commission exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,382,639 (net position). This reflects a decrease of \$126,335 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements consist of the following:

1. Statement of Net Position
2. Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
3. Statement of Cash Flows
4. Notes to Financial Statements

This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The accrual basis of accounting is used to prepare the financial statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Commission's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information showing the results of operations during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The statement of cash flows presents the flow of cash resources into and out of the Commission during the year (from operations, financing, and other sources) and how those funds were applied (payment of expenses, repayment of debt, etc.).

Notes to financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information about pensions.

Financial Analysis

Financial Position: As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Commission's financial position. In this case, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,382,639 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The financial position of the Commission continues to remain strong. This is evidenced by strong liquidity, with a quick ratio (current assets/current liabilities) of 57.6:1. The Commission's unrestricted net position decreased by 3.9% in 2016.

A comparative analysis of information is presented below:

Condensed Statement of Net Position			
		2016	2015
Current and other assets	\$	1,474,589	\$ 1,560,293
Net pension asset		166,184	174,256
Capital assets		1,864,383	1,928,288
Total assets	\$	3,505,156	\$ 3,662,837
Deferred outflows of resources	\$	32,633	\$ 28,823
Current liabilities	\$	25,608	\$ 29,942
Long-term liabilities		102,659	97,517
Total liabilities	\$	128,267	\$ 127,459
Deferred inflows of resources	\$	26,883	\$ 55,227
Net position:			
Investment in capital assets	\$	1,864,383	\$ 1,928,288
Unrestricted		1,518,256	1,580,686
Total net position	\$	3,382,639	\$ 3,508,974

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's investment in capital assets used to acquire those assets was \$1,864,383. The Commission uses these capital assets to provide incarceration services to participating localities; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Commission's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Commission has no debt obligations at June 30, 2016.

Change in Net Position: The Commission's net position decreased by \$126,335.

Financial Analysis (continued)

A comparative analysis of information is presented below:

<u>Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position</u>		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating revenues	\$ 1,153,903	\$ 994,351
Operating expenses	<u>1,165,710</u>	<u>1,095,368</u>
Net operating income (loss)	\$ (11,807)	\$ (101,017)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	\$ <u>(114,528)</u>	\$ <u>6,936</u>
Change in net position	\$ (126,335)	\$ (94,081)
Net position, beginning of year	\$ 3,508,974	\$ 3,476,317
Restatement for GASB 68	<u>-</u>	<u>126,738</u>
Net position, beginning of year	\$ <u>3,508,974</u>	\$ <u>3,603,055</u>
Net position, end of year	\$ <u><u>3,382,639</u></u>	\$ <u><u>3,508,974</u></u>

Operating revenues are defined as charges for services to participant localities and outside localities based on the number of days that juveniles are detained. Operating revenues also include block grants received from the Compensation Board to help defray salary costs and other expenses. An annual USDA reimbursement and other miscellaneous revenues are also reported as operating revenues.

Operating expenses are comprised of the direct expenses of operating the detention center. These include salaries and benefits, contractual services and other related operating costs (please reference the schedule of revenues and expenses for a complete breakdown of these charges).

Nonoperating revenues (expenses) consist of interest earnings and payments to counties. There were no other nonoperating activities to report for the Commission this year.

Operating revenues increased by \$159,552 in 2016. This reflects the increase in USDA grant funding during the year. The overall increase in operating costs was due to salary increases as well as rising health insurance costs.

Cash Flows: A comparative analysis of information is presented below:

<u>Condensed Statement of Cash Flows</u>		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 41,404	\$ (58,649)
Cash flows provided by (used for) noncapital and related financing activities	(120,000)	-
Cash flows provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(10,579)	-
Cash flows provided by (used for) investing activities	<u>120,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,825	\$ (58,649)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>294,700</u>	<u>353,349</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u><u>325,525</u></u>	\$ <u><u>294,700</u></u>

Financial Analysis (continued)

Cash flows from operating activities are comprised of operating revenues combined with expenses for personnel, benefits and payments to operating suppliers.

Cash flows from capital and related financing activities include the purchase of capital assets and principal and interest payments on debt. In fiscal year 2016, the Commission purchased one capital asset and had no debt transactions.

Cash flows from investing activities include interest and investment earnings. All interest earned in fiscal year 2016 was related to three 12 month certificates of deposit, which do not meet the definition of cash equivalents. These interest earnings increased the balance of certificates and therefore are not reflected in the cash flow statement.

Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities includes payments of \$20,000 to each participating locality for repayment of county commission building fund monies.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets - The Commission's capital assets as of June 30, 2016 amounted to \$1,864,383 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, equipment, and furniture and fixtures. The change in capital assets is related to depreciation expense as well as the purchase of a boiler.

Additional information on the Commission's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Long-term debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission had no long-term debt outstanding.

Summary

As demonstrated above, the financial position of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center is measured in terms of resources (assets and deferred outflows) we own and obligations (liabilities and deferred inflows) we owe on a given date. Our strong liquidity and conservative management of debt shows our financial position to be strong and secure, with a stable economic outlook.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's finances for all those with an interest in the Commission's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Superintendent, 701 Industrial Park Rd., Farmville, Virginia 23901.

- Basic Financial Statements -

Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

ASSETS**Current assets:**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	325,525
Certificates of deposit		1,074,921
Interest receivable		5,220
Due from other governmental units		61,517
Prepaid items		7,406
Total current assets	\$	<u>1,474,589</u>

Noncurrent assets:

Net pension asset	\$	<u>166,184</u>
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		
Land	\$	809
Buildings and improvements		1,846,422
Equipment		17,152
Total capital assets	\$	<u>1,864,383</u>
Total noncurrent assets	\$	<u>2,030,567</u>
Total assets	\$	<u>3,505,156</u>

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$	<u>32,633</u>
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LIABILITIES**Current liabilities:**

Accounts payable	\$	9,634
Payroll liability		4,567
Compensated absences, current portion		11,407
Total current liabilities	\$	<u>25,608</u>

Noncurrent liabilities:

Compensated absences, noncurrent portion	\$	<u>102,659</u>
Total liabilities	\$	<u>128,267</u>

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	\$	<u>26,883</u>
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NET POSITION

Investment in capital assets	\$	1,864,383
Unrestricted		1,518,256
Total net position	\$	<u>3,382,639</u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Year Ended June 30, 2016

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 546,225
Intergovernmental	<u>607,678</u>
Total operating revenues	\$ <u>1,153,903</u>
Operating expenses:	
Personnel costs	\$ 685,221
Fringe benefits	157,087
Contractual services	33,500
Other charges	215,419
Depreciation	<u>74,483</u>
Total operating expenses	\$ <u>1,165,710</u>
Net operating income (loss)	\$ <u>(11,807)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):	
Interest income	\$ 5,472
Payments to counties	<u>(120,000)</u>
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ <u>(114,528)</u>
Change in net position	\$ (126,335)
Net position, beginning of year	<u>3,508,974</u>
Net position, end of year	\$ <u><u>3,382,639</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center

Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended June 30, 2016

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,155,904
Payments to suppliers	(253,705)
Payments to and for employees	<u>(860,795)</u>
Total cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ <u>41,404</u>
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:	
Payments to counties	\$ <u>(120,000)</u>
Total cash flows provided by (used for) noncapital and related financing activities	\$ <u>(120,000)</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	
Purchase of capital assets	\$ <u>(10,579)</u>
Total cash flows provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$ <u>(10,579)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Sale of investments	\$ <u>120,000</u>
Total cash flows provided by (used for) investing activities	\$ <u>120,000</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,825
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>294,700</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ <u><u>325,525</u></u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (11,807)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Depreciation	74,483
Changes in assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:	
Due from other governmental units	2,001
Net pension asset	8,072
Deferred outflows of resources	(3,810)
Accounts payable	(4,786)
Payroll liability	(119)
Compensated absences	5,714
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>(28,344)</u>
Total cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ <u><u>41,404</u></u>

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Organization and Purpose

The Counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway and Prince Edward entered into an agreement dated July 1, 1998 to develop, construct, operate and maintain a regional juvenile detention center pursuant to the provisions of Title 66-13 et seq. of the Code of Virginia (1950) as amended. The cost of construction of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center (the Commission), including the planning, design and construction expenses was divided equally among the six member localities.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Commission has determined that it is a related organization to the Counties of Amelia, Buckingham, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway and Prince Edward in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 14. The Commission is a legally separate organization whose members are appointed as follows: one member from each of the six participating localities. (Currently each member is the County Administrator of the participating locality.) Since the respective Boards of Supervisors cannot impose its will on the Commission and since there is no potential financial benefit or burden in the relationship, the Boards of Supervisors are not financially accountable for the Commission. Accordingly, the Commission is not considered a component unit of the participating counties.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

A. Basis of Accounting

The Commission utilizes the enterprise fund method of accounting for financial reporting purposes. Enterprise fund accounting uses the accrual basis of accounting where revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses include the cost of providing services and comprise administrative and depreciation expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

B. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Commission's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

C. Investments

Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) are measured at amortized cost in accordance with GASB 79. All other investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at book value utilizing the direct write-off method for uncollectible accounts. Uncollected balances have not been significant and no allowance for uncollectible accounts is recorded.

E. Capital Assets

To the extent the Commission's capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is met, capital outlays are recorded as capital assets and depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. All land, buildings and vehicles are recorded regardless of dollar amount. Construction-in-progress is depreciated upon completion.

The following estimated useful lives are used to depreciate assets:

Buildings and improvements	30-40 years
Vehicles, furniture and other equipment	5-10 years

All capital assets are valued at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated.

F. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Commission has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to the net pension asset next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Commission has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

G. Compensated Absences

The Commission's employees earn annual leave (vacation pay) in varying amounts and can accumulate annual leave based on length of service. All employees earn sick pay in the same manner as annual leave, based on length of service. Four hours per pay period are earned up until 5 years of service, at which time it increases to five hours per pay period. Maximum annual leave accumulation hours are the hours allowable at the time of separation or at the end of any calendar year.

Employees terminating their employment are paid, by the Commission, their accumulated annual leave up to the maximum limit. Unused sick leave is not paid at the date of separation.

H. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Commission's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Commission's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Net Position

Net position is the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

K. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Commission will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Commission's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

A budget is prepared for informational and fiscal planning purposes. None of the participating entities are required to approve the budget. The budget is adopted as a planning document and is not a legal control on expenses. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

M. Adoption of Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*

The Commission implemented the provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Statement generally requires investments to be measured at fair value. The Statement requires the Commission to use valuation techniques which are appropriate under the circumstances and are either a market approach, a cost approach or an income approach. The Statement establishes a hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value. There was no material impact on the Commission's financial statement as a result of the implementation of Statement No. 72.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*

The Commission early implemented provisions of the above Statement during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68*. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

NOTE 3 - FISCAL AGENT

The Treasurer of County of Nottoway, Virginia is the fiscal agent for the operating funds of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

At June 30, 2016, the Commission had no investments.

NOTE 5 - INTEREST RECEIVABLE

Interest receivable amounted to \$5,220 at June 30, 2016. This amount represents interest accrued on certificates of deposit.

NOTE 6 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Per Diem:

Amelia County	\$ 3,000
Brunswick County	10,920
Buckingham County	17,025
Cumberland County	1,125
Greensville County	3,770
Lunenburg County	2,925
Nottoway County	6,375
Prince Edward County	8,925
Other	130

USDA:

Reimbursement	7,322
Total	<u>\$ 61,517</u>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2015	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 809	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 809
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 809	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 809
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,901,676	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,901,676
Vehicles	39,494	-	-	39,494
Equipment	32,997	10,579	-	43,576
Furniture and fixtures	1,138	-	-	1,138
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 2,975,305	\$ 10,579	\$ -	\$ 2,985,884
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 982,845	\$ 72,409	\$ -	\$ 1,055,254
Vehicles	39,494	-	-	39,494
Equipment	24,349	2,075	-	26,424
Furniture and fixtures	1,138	-	-	1,138
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,047,826	\$ 74,484	\$ -	\$ 1,122,310
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 1,927,479	\$ (63,905)	\$ -	\$ 1,863,574
Net capital assets	\$ 1,928,288	\$ (63,905)	\$ -	\$ 1,864,383

Depreciation expense for the year totaled \$74,484.

NOTE 8 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Commission accrued the liability arising from outstanding compensated absences. The Commission has outstanding vacation and compensation time pay totaling \$114,066 at June 30, 2016. Of this amount 10% or \$11,407 is estimated as a current obligation.

Balance, July 1, 2015	\$ 108,352
Increase (decrease)	5,714
Balance, June 30, 2016	\$ 114,066

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Commission are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the Code of Virginia, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members")</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p> <p>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p> <p>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Political subdivision employees* Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. <p>*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.</p>	<p>Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.</p>	<p>*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.</p>
<p>Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p>	<p>Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>	<p>Vesting Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Vesting <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	<p>Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.)</u> Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. <p>Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.</p>
<p>Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.</p>
<p>Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.</p>
<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.</p> <p>For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.</p> <p>Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.</p> <p>Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)</p> <p>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.</p> <p>For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 2.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. 	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.</p> <p>Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>
<p>Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p>

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2015-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	0
Non-vested inactive members	3
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	<u>3</u>
Total inactive members	6
Active members	<u>12</u>
Total covered employees	<u>19</u>

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The Commission's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 6.08% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Commission were \$32,633 and \$29,301 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Asset

The Commission's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Commission's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Commission's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class (Strategy)</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>	<u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>5.83%</u>
		Inflation	<u>2.50%</u>
		*Expected arithmetic nominal return	<u>8.33%</u>

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Commission Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Asset

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Asset (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ 755,544	\$ 929,800	\$ (174,256)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$ 56,087	\$ -	\$ 56,087
Interest	52,664	-	52,664
Differences between expected and actual experience	(4,220)	-	(4,220)
Contributions - employer	-	29,031	(29,031)
Contributions - employee	-	23,826	(23,826)
Net investment income	-	44,159	(44,159)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(6,398)	(6,398)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(549)	549
Other changes	-	(8)	8
Net changes	\$ 98,133	\$ 90,061	\$ 8,072
Balances at June 30, 2015	\$ 853,677	\$ 1,019,861	\$ (166,184)

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 9 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension asset of the Commission using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Commission's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate		
		(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center				
Net Pension Asset	\$	(30,975) \$	(166,184) \$	(277,267)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$8,759. At June 30, 2016, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 3,490
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	23,393
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	32,633	-
Total	\$ 32,633	\$ 26,883

\$32,633 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Commission's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase to the Net Pension Asset in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2017	\$ (10,030)
2018	(10,030)
2019	(10,029)
2020	3,776
2021	(570)
Thereafter	-

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016 (continued)

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Commission carries insurance.

The Commission is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The Commission pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The Commission continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. For the previous three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

NOTE 11 - LITIGATION

At June 30, 2016, there were no matters of litigation involving the Commission which would materially affect the Commission's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable.

NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, management of the Commission has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 28, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

- Required Supplementary Information -

Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Asset and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2016

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$ 56,087	\$ 52,093
Interest	52,664	46,894
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(4,220)	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	<u>(6,398)</u>	<u>(26,723)</u>
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 98,133	\$ 72,264
Total pension liability - beginning	<u>755,544</u>	<u>683,280</u>
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u><u>\$ 853,677</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 755,544</u></u>
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 29,031	\$ 37,651
Contributions - employee	23,826	22,874
Net investment income	44,159	124,261
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(6,398)	(26,723)
Administrative expense	(549)	(635)
Other	<u>(8)</u>	<u>6</u>
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 90,061	\$ 157,434
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>929,800</u>	<u>772,366</u>
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u><u>\$ 1,019,861</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 929,800</u></u>
Commission's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (166,184)	\$ (174,256)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	119.47%	123.06%
Covered payroll	\$ 481,931	\$ 456,299
Commission's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-34.48%	-38.19%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center

Schedule of Employer Contributions
Year Ended June 30, 2016

Date	Contractually Required Contribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2016	\$ 32,633	\$ 32,633	\$ -	\$ 536,731	6.08%
2015	29,301	29,301	-	481,931	6.08%
2014	37,553	37,553	-	456,299	8.23%
2013	36,846	36,846	-	447,701	8.23%
2012	30,016	30,016	-	447,326	6.71%
2011	31,277	31,277	-	466,131	6.71%
2010	27,111	27,111	-	501,128	5.41%
2009	26,076	26,076	-	481,989	5.41%
2008	26,778	26,778	-	457,738	5.85%
2007	25,826	25,826	-	441,473	5.85%

PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2016

In 2015, Covered Employee Payroll (as defined by GASB 68) included the total payroll for employees covered under the pension plan whether that payroll is subject to pension coverage or not. This definition was modified in GASB Statement No. 82 and now is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. The ratios presented use the same measure.

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 are not material.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

- Other Supplementary Information -

Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Budget and Actual
Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Amounts	
Operating revenues:				
Local charges and other per diems	\$ 503,934	\$ 503,934	\$ 546,225	\$ 42,291
Reimbursement of salaries and fringes	548,975	548,975	575,015	26,040
Juvenile accountability block grant	40,000	40,000	32,663	(7,337)
Total operating revenues	\$ 1,092,909	\$ 1,092,909	\$ 1,153,903	\$ 60,994
Operating expenses:				
Salaries	\$ 622,307	\$ 622,307	\$ 685,221	\$ (62,914)
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	190,950	190,950	157,087	33,863
Advertising	350	350	-	350
Buildings and grounds	1,500	1,500	2,325	(825)
Cable	1,000	1,000	985	15
Clothing	2,000	2,000	1,664	336
Contingencies	1,000	1,000	616	384
Electricity/heating	35,000	35,000	31,309	3,691
Extermination	-	-	636	(636)
Fuel	45,000	45,000	20,142	24,858
Furniture and equipment	-	-	2,988	(2,988)
Insurance	19,702	19,702	19,551	151
Janitorial, kitchen and laundry supplies	10,500	10,500	13,197	(2,697)
Maintenance/repair to equipment	20,000	20,000	32,105	(12,105)
Meal expense	35,000	35,000	47,096	(12,096)
Medical contractual	25,000	25,000	25,000	-
Medical (residents)	-	-	1,315	(1,315)
Medical supplies	1,000	1,000	1,366	(366)
Miscellaneous	-	-	1,543	(1,543)
Office supplies	5,000	5,000	6,312	(1,312)
Other supplies	300	300	156	144
Personal supplies	2,500	2,500	1,846	654
Postage	1,000	1,000	1,489	(489)
Professional services	-	-	8,500	(8,500)
Refuse collection	1,500	1,500	1,588	(88)
Telephone	10,000	10,000	12,873	(2,873)
Training	1,000	1,000	1,187	(187)
Uniforms	1,300	1,300	2,369	(1,069)
Vehicle costs	2,000	2,000	2,088	(88)
Water/sewer	8,000	8,000	8,673	(673)
Depreciation	-	-	74,483	(74,483)
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,042,909	\$ 1,042,909	\$ 1,165,710	\$ (122,801)
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ (11,807)	\$ (61,807)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,472	\$ 5,472
County Commission Expense	-	-	(120,000)	(120,000)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (114,528)	\$ (114,528)
Change in net position	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ (126,335)	\$ (176,335)
Net position, beginning of year	(50,000)	(50,000)	3,508,974	3,558,974
Net position, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,382,639	\$ 3,382,639

- Compliance -

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

TO THE COMMISSION MEMBERS
PIEDMONT REGIONAL JUVENILE DETENTION CENTER
FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Piedmont Regional Juvenile Detention Center's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Fawcett, Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia
November 28, 2016