Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2013

Town Council

Gregory N. Crowder, Mayor Ed Terry, Vice Mayor Billy Walls, Sr. Greg Yonce David Young

Town Manager

Travis D. Jackson

Town Attorney

Andrea Tolbert

Treasurer

Judith K. Bolt

Independent Auditors

Hicok, Fern, Brown & Garcia

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Certified Public Accountants

Thomas M. Hicok, CPA, CVA, CFFA James H. Fern, CPA, CVA David B. Brown, CPA Juan J. Garcia, CPA P.O. Box 821 West Main Street Abingdon, Virginia 24212-0821 (276) 628-1123 Fax: (276) 676-3000 e-mail: <u>hicokfern&co@firmcpa.com</u> Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Members of Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Hillsville, Virginia

Members of the Town Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hillsville, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Boards, Authorities and Commissions* issued by the Auditor or Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hillsville as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Hillsville's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

As disclosed in Note 1 of the financial statements, the Town of Hillsville implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63. GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows or Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, have significant impact to the Town of Hillsville's financial statements.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2013 on our consideration of the Town of Hillsville's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Hillsville's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hich Tem Brown & Lorica

Hicok, Fern, Brown & Garcia Certified Public Accountants

November 15, 2013

Certified Public Accountants

Thomas M. Hicok, CPA, CVA, CFFA James H. Fern, CPA, CVA David B. Brown, CPA Juan J. Garcia, CPA P.O. Box 821 West Main Street Abingdon, Virginia 24212-0821 (276) 628-1123 Fax: (276) 676-3000 e-mail: <u>hicokfern&co@firmcpa.com</u> Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Members of Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDEBT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of Hillsville, Virginia

Members of the Town Council:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commission, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Hillsville, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Hillsville's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Hillsville's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Hillsville's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Hillsville's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDEBT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Hillsville's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hich Tem Brown & Laria

Hicok, Fern, Brown & Garcia Certified Public Accountants

November 15, 2013

Town of Hillsville Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of June 30, 2013

As management of the Town of Hillsville ("the Town), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The Town of Hillsville's net position was \$5,737,332 as of June 30, 2013.
- Total investment in capital assets, net of related debt was \$3,643,195.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,148,043, a decrease of \$33,721 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$870,296.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town.

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through G) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are two parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements and 2) the proprietary funds statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to Financial Statements**. The notes to financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Required Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the Commonwealth of Virginia's General Statutes ("the General Statutes") also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is equal to the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

Town of Hillsville Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of June 30, 2013

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, community development, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like all other governmental entities in Virginia, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and include the General Fund and the Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG") Fund. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statements.

The Town adopts an annual budget for its General Fund as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Town Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Town Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Town Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – The Town has one kind of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity operations. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 22 of this report.

Town of Hillsville

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of June 30, 2013

Required Supplemental Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and information about expenditures of Federal awards. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 36 of this report.

Town of Hillsville's Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The Town's net position was \$5,737,332 as of June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$243,009 compared to the prior yearend. The largest portion of net position (63.5%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) and economic development, less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The Town's financial position as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 is shown in Figure 1.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position Figure 1

| | Governmental Activities | | | _ | Business-type Activities | | | | Total Primary Government | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|----|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|
| | _ | 2013 | _ | 2012 | _ | 2013 | _ | 2012 | _ | 2013 | 20 | 12 |
| Current and other assets Capital assets | \$ | 1,896,203 2,107,988 | \$ | 1,988,363 1,908,851 | \$ | 1,370,237 9,210,289 | \$ | 1,463,570 9,634,036 | \$ | 3,266,440 11,318,277 | | 51,933 42 <u>,887</u> |
| Total assets | _ | 4,004,191 | | 3,897,214 | _ | 10,580,526 | _ | 11,097,606 | _ | 14,584,717 | 14,9 | 94,820 |
| Net bond issue costs Total deferred outflows of | | | | <u> </u> | | 78,075 | | 81,441 | | 78,075 | | <u>81,441</u> |
| resources | | | | | | 78,075 | | 81,441 | | 78,075 | | 81,441 |
| Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Total liabilities | | 885,997 <u>311,757</u> <u>1,197,754</u> | | 960,231 294,887 1,255,118 | _ | 6,753,690 298,681 7,052,371 | | 6,816,942 302,751 7,119,693 | _ | 7,639,687 610,438 8,250,125 | 5 | 77,173 1 <u>97,638</u> 174,811 |
| Deferred revenue Total deferred | | 675,335 | | 721,109 | | | | | | 675,335 | 7 | 21,109 |
| inflows of resources | | 675,335 | | 721,109 | | | | | | 675,335 | 7 | 21,109 |
| Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| related debt | | 1,221,872 | | 937,723 | | 2,421,323 | | 2,780,899 | | 3,643,195 | 3,7 | 18,622 |
| Restricted | | 31,934 | | 25,978 | | - | | - | | 31,934 | | 25,978 |
| Unrestricted Total net position | \$ | 877,296 2,131,102 | \$ | <u>957,286</u> <u>1,920,987</u> | \$ | 1,184,907 3,606,230 | \$ | 1,278,455 4,059,354 | \$ | 2,062,203 5,737,332 | - | <u>35,741</u> 80,341 |

Town of Hillsville

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of June 30, 2013

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$210,115 for the year ended June 30, 2013 which compares to an increase of \$211,186 before transfers in the prior year.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$453,124 for the year ended June 30, 2013 compared to a decrease of \$436,381 for the year ended June 30, 2012. The increase in the loss was the result of lower service charges.

All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Changes in net position are shown in Figure 2.

| | | | | | Fi | igure 2 | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------------------|----|-----------|----|---------------------|-----|-----------|----|-----------|-------|-----------|
| | | Governn Activi | | 1 | | Business Activit | • • | e | | Tota | al al | |
| | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2013 | 103 | 2012 | _ | 2013 | | 2012 |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 57,187 | \$ | 39,315 | \$ | 1,061,915 | \$ | 1,103,739 | \$ | 1,119,102 | \$ | 1,143,054 |
| Operating grants and | | , | | , | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | | 75,054 | | 94,551 | | - | | - | | 75,054 | | 94,551 |
| Capital grants and | | | | - , | | | | | | , | | - , |
| contributions | | 270,591 | | 124,728 | | 4,225 | | 511 | | 274,816 | | 125,239 |
| General revenues: | | | | · · · | | , - | | | | - , | | - , |
| Property taxes | | 671,824 | | 589,502 | | - | | - | | 671,824 | | 589,502 |
| Other taxes | | 1,323,009 | | 1,470,551 | | - | | - | | 1,323,009 | | 1,470,551 |
| Interest and investment, | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| earnings | | 34,805 | | 26,542 | | 4,840 | | 13,557 | | 39,645 | | 40,099 |
| Other | | 145,513 | | 261,079 | | 30,120 | | 53,287 | | 175,633 | | 314,366 |
| Total revenue | | 2,577,983 | | 2,606,268 | | 1,101,100 | | 1,171,094 | | 3,679,083 | | 3,777,362 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 379,778 | | 498,977 | | - | | - | | 379,778 | | 498,977 |
| Public safety | | 1,051,032 | | 1,053,610 | | - | | - | | 1,051,032 | | 1,053,610 |
| Public works | | 713,735 | | 660,234 | | - | | - | | 713,735 | | 660,234 |
| Community development | | 124,637 | | 105,485 | | - | | - | | 124,637 | | 105,485 |
| Other activities | | 70,734 | | 53,460 | | - | | - | | 70,734 | | 53,460 |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 27,952 | | 23,316 | | - | | - | | 27,952 | | 23,316 |
| Water | | - | | - | | 559,511 | | 571,629 | | 559,511 | | 571,629 |
| Sewer | | | _ | | | 994,713 | | 985,846 | | 994,713 | | 985,846 |
| Total expenses | | 2,367,868 | | 2,395,082 | | 1,554,224 | | 1,557,475 | | 3,922,092 | | 3,952,557 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Increase (decrease) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| in net position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| before transfers | | 210,115 | | 211,186 | | (453,124) | | (386,381) | | (243,009) | | (175,195) |
| Transfers | | | | 50,000 | | | | (50,000) | | | | |
| Increase(decrease) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| in net position | | 210,115 | | 261,186 | | (453,124) | | (436,381) | | (243,009) | | (175,195) |
| Net position, beginning | | 1,920,987 | | 1,659,801 | | 4,059,354 | | 4,495,735 | | 5,980,341 | | 6,155,536 |
| The position, beginning | | 1,720,707 | | 1,057,001 | | 4,037,334 | | 4,475,755 | | 5,760,541 | | 0,133,330 |
| Net position, ending | <u>\$</u> | 2,131,102 | \$ | 1,920,987 | \$ | 3,606,230 | \$ | 4,059,354 | \$ | 5,737,332 | \$ | 5,980,341 |

Changes in Net Position Figure 2

Town of Hillsville Management's Discussion and Analysis As of June 30, 2013

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. Specifically, the unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund consisted of assigned funds of \$245,813 and unassigned funds of \$870,296.

At June 30, 2013, the governmental funds of the Town reported a combined fund balance of \$1,148,043.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmentwide statements but in more detail. Net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$3,606,230.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town budgeted revenue from the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century Grant in the amount of \$90,476 along with related expenses of \$331,444. Funds of \$250,728 were received during the year. Total related expenses amounted to \$331,444 during the year.

Miscellaneous revenues exceeded budget for the year in part due to the sale of the rescue squad building and increased support received for Town-sponsored events.

Expenses budgeted for the police department for the year were \$951,417. Actual expenses amounted to \$868,363. The difference primarily relates to salaries and related expenses for positions that were not staffed for the entire fiscal year.

Capital projects expenses were budgeted to be \$124,785 however only \$26,030 were expended. Amounts budgeted to capital projects expenses are reserved from year to year until needed.

Town of Hillsville

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of June 30, 2013

Capital Assets and Long-term Debt

Capital Assets. The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2013, totals \$11,318,277 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 3

| | Governn Activi | l | Business Activi | | 9 | Tot | al | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|----|------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | | 2012 | 2013 | | 2012 |
| Land | \$ 89,850 | \$ 89,850 | \$ 44,168 | \$ | 44,168 | \$ 134,018 | \$ | 134,018 |
| Land improvements | 633,009 | 306,206 | - | | - | 633,009 | | 306,206 |
| Buildings and | | | | | | | | |
| improvements | 696,987 | 725,247 | 9,098,330 | | 9,543,751 | 9,795,317 | | 10,268,998 |
| Vehicles | - | - | - | | 1,598 | - | | 1,598 |
| Equipment | 688,142 | 787,548 | 67,791 | | 44,519 | 755,933 | | 832,067 |
| Total | \$ 2,107,988 | \$ 1,908,851 | \$ 9,210,289 | <u>\$</u> | 9,634,036 | \$ 11,318,277 | \$ | 11,542,887 |

Major capital asset transactions include the following additions and disposals:

Changes in Capital Assets Figure 4

| | | Governr Activi | | al | | Business Activi | e | | Tot | al | |
|-------------------|----|-------------------|----|-----------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|----|---------|-----------|-----------|
| | _ | 2013 | _ | 2012 | | 2013 | 2012 | _ | 2013 | | 2012 |
| Land | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Land improvements | | 349,947 | | 264,861 | | - | - | | 349,947 | | 264,861 |
| Buildings and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| improvements | | 6,970 | | - | | 26,327 | 58,389 | | 33,297 | | 58,389 |
| Vehicles | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Equipment | | 22,362 | | 772,965 | | 37,119 | | | 59,481 | | 772,965 |
| Total additions | \$ | 379,279 | \$ | 1,037,826 | <u>\$</u> | 63,446 | \$ 58,389 | \$ | 442,725 | <u>\$</u> | 1,096,215 |
| Land | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Land improvements | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Buildings and | | | | | | | | | | | |
| improvements | | 22,395 | | 30,981 | | 11,077 | - | | 33,472 | | 30,981 |
| Vehicles | | - | | - | | - | - | | - | | - |
| Equipment | | - | | 389,427 | | 130 | 8,936 | | 130 | | 398,363 |
| Total disposals | \$ | 22,395 | \$ | 420,408 | \$ | 11,207 | \$ 8,936 | \$ | 33,602 | \$ | 429,344 |

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in note 6 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Town of Hillsville

Management's Discussion and Analysis *As of June 30, 2013*

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2013, the Town had total bonded debt outstanding of \$7,675,082. All debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

Outstanding Debt Installment Notes and General Obligation Bonds

| | Governmental Activities | | | | Business-type Activities | | | | Total | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----|--------------------|---------------------------------|----|-------------|----|------------------------|----|------------------------|--|
| | | 2013 | | 2012 | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2013 | | 2012 | |
| Installment notes payable | \$ | 729,897 | \$ | 807,277 163.851 | \$ - 6.788.966 | \$ | - 6.853.137 | \$ | 729,897 | \$ | 807,277 | |
| General obligation bonds Total | \$ | 156,219 886,116 | \$ | 971,128 | \$ 6,788,966 | \$ | 6,853,137 | \$ | 6,945,185 7,675,082 | \$ | 7,016,988 7,824,265 | |

The Town's total debt decreased by \$149,183 (1.9%) during the past fiscal year.

Virginia General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 10% of the total assessed value of taxable real property located within that government's boundaries. The debt limit for the Town was approximately \$23.7 million as of June 30, 2013.

Additional information regarding the Town's long-term debt can be found in note 10 and schedules 9 and 10.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2014

Governmental Activities: Real estate and personal property taxes and revenues from permits and fees are expected to increase in budgeted revenue by 4%. The Town will use these increases in revenues to finance programs currently in place.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund decreased by approximately 10%. The budget for capital expenditures were decreased to account for only what the Town expects to use in the fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Manager, Hillsville, Virginia, P.O. Box 545, Hillsville, Virginia 24343, (276) 728-2128, hillsville@townofhillsville.com.

Town of Hillsville, Virginia Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2013

| | Governmental <u>Activities</u> | Business-type Activities | Total Primary <u>Government</u> |
|--|--|---|--|
| Assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Taxes, including penalties Accounts Accrued charges for services Loans Note receivable | \$ 866,256 156,248 658,198 163,227 - 47,251 3,006 | \$ 974,464 254,808 - 89,914 51,051 | \$ 1,840,720 411,056 658,198 253,141 51,051 47,251 3,006 |
| Due from other governmental units Capital assets, net Total assets Deferred Outflows of Resources | 2,017 2,107,988 4,004,191 | <u>9,210,289</u> <u>10,580,526</u> | 2,017 <u>11,318,277</u> <u>14,584,717</u> |
| Bond issuance costs (net of accumulated amortization) | | 78,075 | 78,075 |
| Accounts payable Deposits Accrued bond interest Bonds and notes payable due within one year Bonds and notes payable due in more than one year Compensated absences Total liabilities | 219,871 1,575 2,618 87,693 798,423 <u>87,574</u> 1,197,754 | 71,263 74,072 87,414 65,932 6,723,034 <u>30,656</u> 7,052,371 | 291,134 75,647 90,032 153,625 7,521,457 <u>118,230</u> 8,250,125 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Deferred revenue | 675,335 | | 675,335 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total net position | 1,221,872 31,934 <u>877,296</u> <u>\$2,131,102</u> | 2,421,323 | 3,643,195 31,934 <u>2,062,203</u> <u>\$5,737,332</u> |

Exhibit A

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| | | | | Program | 1 Revenues | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|----------|-------------|--|--|
| | | | | | erating | Capital | | Primary Government | | | | |
| | | | Charges for | | nts and | Grants and | Governmental | Business-type | | | | |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | | Services | Contributions | | Contributions | Activities | Activities | | Total | | |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Government Activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 379,77 | 3 \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ (379,778 | - \$ | \$ | (379,778) | | |
| Public safety | 1,051,032 | 2 | 56,175 | | 73,288 | 15,732 | (905,837 | - | | (905,837) | | |
| Public works | 713,73 | 5 | 1,012 | | 1,766 | 3,131 | (707,826 | | | (707,826) | | |
| Community development | 124,63 | 7 | - | | - | 251,728 | 127,091 | - | | 127,091 | | |
| Other activities | 70,734 | 1 | - | | - | - | (70,734 | | | (70,734) | | |
| Interest on long – term debt | 27,95 | | - | | - | - | (27,952 | | | (27,952) | | |
| Total government activities | 2,367,86 | | 57,187 | | 75,054 | 270,591 | (1,965,036 | | | (1,965,036) | | |
| Business – type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 559,51 | l | 434,064 | | - | 3,589 | - | (121,858) | | (121,858) | | |
| Sewer | 994,71 | | 627,851 | | - | 636 | - | (366,226) | | (366,226) | | |
| Total business – type activities | 1,554,224 | | 1,061,915 | | - | 4,225 | - | (488,084) | | (488,084) | | |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ 3,922,092</u> | <u>2</u> <u>\$</u> | 1,119,102 | <u>\$</u> | 75,054 | <u>\$ 274,816</u> | | | | (2,453,120) | | |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General property | | | | | | | 671,824 | - | | 671,824 | | |
| Sales tax | | | | | | | 55,026 | - | | 55,026 | | |
| Utility tax | | | | | | | 93,304 | - | | 93,304 | | |
| Business license | | | | | | | 290,017 | - | | 290,017 | | |
| Franchise tax | | | | | | | 20,505 | - | | 20,505 | | |
| Motor vehicle license | | | | | | | 42,068 | - | | 42,068 | | |
| Bank stock tax | | | | | | | 84,270 | - | | 84,270 | | |
| Meals tax | | | | | | | 137,660 | - | | 137,660 | | |
| Lodgings tax | | | | | | | 548,910 | - | | 548,910 | | |
| Other taxes | | | | | | | 50,000 | - | | 50,000 | | |
| Licenses and permits | | | | | | | 1,249 | - | | 1,249 | | |
| Grants and contributions not restricted to specific | programs | | | | | | -,, | - | | -,,- | | |
| Use of money and property | r · · 8- ····· | | | | | | 34,805 | 4,840 | | 39,645 | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | | | 110,288 | 29,543 | | 139,831 | | |
| Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of capital assets | | | | | | | 35,225 | 577 | | 35,802 | | |
| Transfers | | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| Total general revenues and transfers | | | | | | | 2,175,151 | 34,960 | | 2,210,111 | | |
| Change in net position | | | | | | | 210,115 | (453,124) | - | (243,009) | | |
| Net position, beginning | | | | | | | 1,920,987 | 4.059.354 | | 5,980,341 | | |
| Net position, ending | | | | | | | \$ 2,131,102 | \$ 3,606,230 | \$ | 5,737,332 | | |
| rice position, ending | | | | | | | <u>* 2,131,102</u> | <u>* 5,000,250</u> | <u>*</u> | | | |

Town of Hillsville, Virginia Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

| Investments 156,248 - 156,248 - 156,248 | | Genera Fund | l CDBG Fund | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Investments 156,248 - 156,248 | Assets | | | |
| Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): | Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 834 | ,162 \$ 32,094 | \$ 866,256 |
| | | 156 | ,248 - | 156,248 |
| Taxes, including penalties 658,198 - 658,198 | Taxes, including penalties | 658 | . 198 . | 658,198 |
| | • • | | | 163,227 |
| | | 100 | | |
| Due from other funds 160 - 160 | Due from other funds | | 160 - | 160 |
| | | | | 2,017 |
| Total assets 1,814,012 79,345 1,893,357 | Total assets | 1,814 | ,012 79,345 | 1,893,357 |
| Liabilities | Liabilities | | | |
| Accounts payable 54,597 - 54,597 | Accounts payable | 54 | ,597 - | 54,597 |
| | | 1 | | 1,575 |
| | | | | |
| Total liabilities 56,172 160 56,332 | Total liabilities | 56 | ,172 160 | 56,332 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Deferred revenue <u>641,731</u> <u>47,251</u> <u>688,982</u> | Deferred revenue | 641 | ,731 47,251 | 688,982 |
| Fund Balances | Fund Balances | | | |
| Nonspendable | Nonspendable | | | · _ |
| Restricted: | | | | |
| | | | - 31,934 | 31,934 |
| Committed | | | | |
| Assigned: Capital projects 245,813 - 245,813 | 6 | 245 | 912 | 245,813 |
| | | | | 243,813 870,296 |
| | | | | |

Town of Hillsville, Virginia Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

| | Total |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Total fund balances per Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds | \$ 1,148,043 |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because: | |
| Capital assets in government activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as fund assets. The Statement of Net Position, however, includes these assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization. | |
| Capital assets, net | 2,107,988 |
| Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the fund financial statements. Property taxes | 13,647 |
| Some receivables are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund assets. All receivables are included in the Statement of Net Position. | 3,006 |
| Note receivable net of principal payments | 5,000 |
| Some liabilities, including general governmental bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. | |
| Accounts payable (related to post employment benefits) | (165,274) |
| Accrued bond interest | (2,618) |
| Bonds and notes payable | (886,116) |
| Compensated absences Net position of governmental activities | \$ (87,574) 2,131,102 |

Town of Hillsville, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| _ | Gener Fund | | CDBG Fund | Total Governmental Activities |
|--|------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Revenues: | • • • • • | | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| General property taxes | | 6,966 \$ | - | \$ 666,966 |
| Other local taxes | | 1,760 | - | 1,271,760 |
| Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses | | 1,249 | - | 1,249 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 6,175 | - | 56,175 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | 0,000 | - | 50,000 |
| Revenue from use of money and property | | 1,820 | 1,518 | 33,338 |
| Charges for services | | 1,012 | - | 1,012 |
| Miscellaneous | 17 | 4,108 | 4,786 | 178,894 |
| Intergovernmental: | | | | |
| Federal | | 0,591 | - | 270,591 |
| State | | 5,054 | | 75,054 |
| Total revenues | 2,59 | 8,735 | 6,304 | 2,605,039 |
| Expenditures: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General government administration | 34 | 6,143 | - | 346,143 |
| Public safety | 94 | 0,735 | - | 940,735 |
| Public works | 70 | 6,857 | - | 706,857 |
| Community development | 43 | 5,810 | 348 | 436,158 |
| Non-departmental | 6 | 9,304 | - | 69,304 |
| Capital projects | 2 | 6,030 | - | 26,030 |
| Annexation expenses | | - | - | - |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 8 | 4,993 | - | 84,993 |
| Interest and finance charges | 2 | 8,540 | - | 28,540 |
| Total expenditures | | 8,412 | 348 | 2,638,760 |
| Excess (loss) of revenues over expenditures | | 9,677) | 5,956 | (33,721) |
| Other financing sources and uses: | | | | |
| Proceeds from debt | | - | - | - |
| Operating transfers in | | - | - | _ |
| Operating transfers out | | - | - | _ |
| Total other financing sources and uses | | | | |
| Excess (loss) of revenues and other sources over | | | | |
| expenditures and other uses | (3 | 9,677) | 5,956 | (33,721) |
| Fund balance, beginning | | 5,786 | 25,978 | 1,181,764 |
| Fund balance, ending | | 6.109 <u>\$</u> | 31,934 | <u>\$ 1,148,043</u> |
| i una bulunco, onomis | Ψ 1,11 | ψ | 51,757 | Ψ 1,1+0,0+5 |

Exhibit D Page 1

| Town of Hillsville, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013 | | Exhibit D Page 2 |
|---|-----------|---------------------------------|
| | | Total ernmental ctivities |
| Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds | \$ | (33,721) |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report the cost of equipment and facilities acquired as current expenditures while the governmental Statement of Activities reports depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Capital assets additions Capital assets disposals net of accumulated depreciation Depreciation expense | | 379,279 (4,693) (175,449) |
| Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but debt issues increase long – term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Principal repayments are expenditures in governmental funds, but reduce long – term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. | | |
| New debt issued Principal payments Interest accrued | | 85,012 570 |
| Certain revenues in the government-wide statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the fund financial statements. General property taxes | | 4,858 |
| Certain income receivables from the sale of assets are not due in the current period and therefore not reported as fund assets. All receivables are included in the Statement of Activities. | | (27,222) |
| Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. | | |
| Change in post employment benefits | | (25,149) |
| Change in compensated absences | | (13,370) |
| Contingency loss accrued in prior year, paid in current year Change in net position of governmental activities | \$ | <u>20,000</u> 210,115 |
| Change in het position of governmental activities | <u>\$</u> | 210,113 |

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds *June 30, 2013*

| | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | Total |
|---|---------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and equivalents | \$ 393,791 | \$ 580,673 | \$ 974,464 |
| Investments | 127,404 | 127,404 | 254,808 |
| Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) | 40,406 | 49,508 | 89,914 |
| Accrued charges for services | 23,923 | 27,128 | 51,051 |
| Total current assets | 585,524 | 784,713 | 1,370,237 |
| Capital assets | | | |
| Buildings | 3,960,557 | 11,150,130 | 15,110,687 |
| Land | 31,468 | 12,700 | 44,168 |
| Machinery and equipment | 174,856 | 131,809 | 306,665 |
| Total capital assets | 4,166,881 | 11,294,639 | 15,461,520 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | 2,254,339 | 3,996,892 | 6,251,231 |
| Net capital assets | 1,912,542 | 7,297,747 | 9,210,289 |
| Total assets | 2,498,066 | 8,082,460 | 10,580,526 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | |
| Bond issuance costs (net of accumulated amortization) | 9,511 | 68,564 | 78,075 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Current liabilities (payable from current assets): | | | |
| Accounts payable | 33,821 | 37,442 | 71,263 |
| Deposits | 37,036 | 37,036 | 74,072 |
| Accrued bond interest | 3,388 | 84,026 | 87,414 |
| Current portion of bonds | 42,521 | 23,411 | 65,932 |
| Total current liabilities (payable from current assets) | 116,766 | 181,915 | 298,681 |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | |
| Bonds (net of current portion) | 1,267,883 | 5,455,151 | 6,723,034 |
| Compensated absences | 16,623 | 14,033 | 30,656 |
| Total long-term liabilities | 1,284,506 | 5,469,184 | 6,753,690 |
| Total liabilities | 1,401,272 | 5,651,099 | 7,052,371 |
| Net Position | | | |
| Net Position: | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | 602,138 | 1,819,185 | 2,421,323 |
| Unrestricted | 504,167 | 680,740 | 1,184,907 |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 1,106,305</u> | \$ 2,499,925 | \$ 3,606,230 |
| | | | |

Town of Hillsville, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| | | Water Fund | | Sewer Fund | | Total |
|--|-----------|---------------|----|---------------|----|-----------|
| Operating revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 434,064 | \$ | 627,851 | \$ | 1,061,915 |
| Miscellaneous | | 1,174 | | 4,120 | | 5,294 |
| Total operating revenues | | 435,238 | | 631,971 | | 1,067,209 |
| Operating expenses: | | | | | | |
| Personnel services | | 179,897 | | 177,070 | | 356,967 |
| Fringe benefits | | 69,510 | | 66,219 | | 135,729 |
| Contractual services | | 3,592 | | 2,837 | | 6,429 |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | 35,000 | | 15,000 | | 50,000 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 142,567 | | 347,991 | | 490,558 |
| Other | | 121,521 | _ | 169,216 | _ | 290,737 |
| Total operating expenses | | 552,087 | | 778,333 | | 1,330,420 |
| Operating loss | | (116,849) | | (146,362) | | (263,211) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | | | | | | |
| Connection fees | | 4,838 | | 5,029 | | 9,867 |
| Interest | | 2,690 | | 2,150 | | 4,840 |
| Gain (loss) on sale/retirement of fixed assets | | 340 | | 237 | | 577 |
| Other nonoperating revenues | | 8,547 | | 5,835 | | 14,382 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | (7,424) | | (216,380) | | (223,804) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | 8,991 | | (203,129) | | (194,138) |
| Loss before contributions and transfers | | (107,858) | | (349,491) | | (457,349) |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 3,589 | | 636 | | 4,225 |
| Operating transfers in | | 230 | | - | | 230 |
| Operating transfers out | | | | (230) | | (230) |
| Changes in net position | | (104,039) | | (349,085) | | (453,124) |
| Net position, beginning | | 1,210,344 | | 2,849,010 | _ | 4,059,354 |
| Net position, ending | <u>\$</u> | 1,106,305 | \$ | 2,499,925 | \$ | 3,606,230 |

Town of Hillsville, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| | | Water Fund | Sewer Fund | | Total |
|---|-----------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ | 441,483 | \$ 632,587 | \$ | 1,074,070 |
| Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services | | (143,569) | (181,998) | | (325,567) |
| Cash payments to employees for services | | (237,475) | (231,071) | | (468,546) |
| Payment in lieu of taxes | | (35,000) | (15,000) | | (50,000) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | | 25,439 | 204,518 | | 229,957 |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | | | |
| Operating transfers from (to) other funds | | 230 | (230) | | - |
| Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities | | 230 | (230) | | - |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | | | |
| Capital grants | | 3,589 | 636 | | 4,225 |
| Acquisition, construction and disposal of capital assets | | (40,110) | (22,758) | | (62,868) |
| Principal paid on bonds | | (42,521) | (21,650) | | (64,171) |
| Interest paid on bonds | | (7,464) | (217,401) | | (224,865) |
| Net cash used by capital and related financing activities | | (86,506) | (261,173) | | (347,679) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | | |
| Cash payments to purchase investments | | 250 | 250 | | 500 |
| Interest on temporary investments | | 2,690 | 2,150 | | 4,840 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | | 2,940 | 2,400 | | 5,340 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (57,897) | (54,485) | | (112,382) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 451,688 | 635,158 | | 1,086,846 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | <u>\$</u> | 393,791 | \$ 580,673 | \$ | 974,464 |
| Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided | | | | | |
| by operating activities: | | | | | |
| Operating loss | \$ | (116,849) | \$ (146,362) | <u>\$</u> | (263,211) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash | | | | | |
| provided by operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 142,567 | 347,991 | | 490,558 |
| Receivables and accrued charges for services | | (8,221) | (11,328) | | (19,549) |
| Accounts payable and deferred revenue | | (6,986) | 1,221 | | (5,765) |
| Connection fees and other income | | 13,385 | 10,864 | | 24,249 |
| Other accrued expenses | | 462 | 1,052 | | 1,514 |
| Deposits | | 1,081 | 1,080 | | 2,161 |
| Total adjustments | | 142,288 | 350,880 | | 493,168 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 25,439 | \$ 204,518 | \$ | 229,957 |

Exhibit G

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Town of Hillsville, Virginia (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB").

The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>

For financial reporting purposes, in conformity with statements of GASB, the Town includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities that are controlled by or dependent on the Council. Control by or dependence on the Town was determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the Town, obligation of the Town to finance any deficits that may occur, or receipt of significant subsidies from the Town. The Town has no component units as defined by GAAP.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A).

B. <u>Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue fund* accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Special revenue funds consist of the CDBG Fund that has been established to account for revenues received and expenditures made under the Community Development Block Grant.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the Town is that the cost of providing services to the general public be financed or recovered through user charges. Enterprise Funds consist of the Water and Sewer Funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The Town has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the Town's water and sewer function and various other functions of the Town. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the Town Manager submits to the Town Council a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department level or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Town Council. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 6. All budgets are adopted and maintained on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The original budget and budget revisions during the fiscal year are authorized at the departmental level by Town council.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all Town units.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

F. Investments

Certificates of deposits and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents. Investments in Alliance U.S. Government Bond Fund and Local Government Investment Pool are reported at market values.

G. <u>Property, Plant, and Equipment</u>

All purchased property, plant and equipment are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Depreciation for property, plant and equipment is computed over the following useful lives using the straightline method.

| Buildings and improvements | 10-40 years |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| Vehicles | 5 years |
| Equipment | 5-10 years |

Interest is capitalized on fixed assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. No interest was capitalized during the current year.

H. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable December 5th. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

I. <u>Net Position</u>

Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Restricted net position consists of assets that are restricted by the Town's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors. Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position reported in this category.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

J. Fund Balances

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance cannot be spent because of its form. Restricted fund balance has limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions. Committed fund balance is a limitation imposed by the Town Council through approval of resolutions. Assigned fund balances is a limitation imposed by a designee of the Town Council. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is the net resources in excess of what can be properly classified in one of the above four categories. Negative unassigned fund balance in other governmental funds represents excess expenditures incurred over the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the Town policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

K. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. <u>Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position,</u> Statement No. 63 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board

The Town implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This Statement provides guidance for reporting deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The requirement of this Statement will improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on the entity's net position. With the implementation of this Statement, certain terminology has changed and financial statement descriptions have changed from "net assets" to "net position". The net equity reported in the financial statements was not changed as a result of implementing the Statement and no restatement of prior balances is required.

M. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

2. Cash and Investments

<u>Cash</u>: At year-end the carrying value of the Town's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$1,840,120 and the bank balance was \$1,952,769. All of the bank balance was covered by Federal depository insurance or collateral held under the provisions of the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC Bank Insurance Fund must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury board. Savings and loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC Savings Association Insurance Fund limits. The State Treasury board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements for the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks and savings and loans.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Credit Risk: State statues require that commercial paper have a short-term debt rating of no less than "A-1" (or its equivalent) from at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and Fitch Investor's Service. Corporate notes, negotiable Certificates of Deposit and bank deposit notes maturing in less than one year must have a short-term debt rating of at least "A-1" by Standard & Poor's and "P-1" by Moody's Investors Service. Notes having a maturity of greater than one year must be rated "AA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aa" by Moody's Investors Service. The Town's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2013 are presented below using the Standard & Poor's rating scale.

| | Fair Quality Ratings | | | | Fair | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------------|----|---------|----------|---------|
| | | AAAm Unrated | | Unrated | Value | |
| Alliance U.S. Government Bond Fund Investment in Local Government | \$ | - | \$ | 123,518 | \$ | 123,518 |
| Investment Pool Total | ¢ | <u>287,538</u> 287,538 | ¢ | 122 519 | ¢ | 287,538 |
| Total | $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$ | 207,330 | Ф | 125,518 | <u>⊅</u> | 411,056 |

Concentration of Credit Risk: The Town's investments in the Alliance Bond Fund and the LGIP represented 30.0% and 70.0%, respectively, of the portfolio at June 30, 2013.

3. Note Receivable

On October 6, 2006 the Town issued a note receivable in the amount of \$56,000 for the sale of a building. The Town will receive monthly payments of principal and interest of \$284 over ten years to mature on October 6, 2016. Interest income on the note receivable for the current year was \$1,425.

4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The Town of Hillsville calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance at June 30, 2013 is composed of the following:

| General Fund, Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes | \$ | 34,855 |
|---|-----------|--------|
| Water and Sewer Funds, Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts | | 36,623 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 71,478 |
| Due From Other Governmental Units | | |

5. Due From Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governmental units at June 30, 2013 are summarized as follows:

| Carroll County, Virginia | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Court fines and forfeitures | \$ 2,017 |

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

6. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

Governmental Activities

| | | Balance Ily 1, 2012 | | Additions | | Disposals | Ju | Balance ne 30, 2013 |
|---|-----------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|
| Land (not depreciated) | \$ | 89,850 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 89,850 |
| Land improvements | | 331,675 | | 349,947 | | - | | 681,622 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 1,090,603 | | 6,970 | | 22,395 | | 1,075,178 |
| Equipment | | 1,809,009 | | 22,362 | | | | 1,831,371 |
| Total | | 3,321,137 | | 379,279 | | 22,395 | | 3,678,021 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | 1,412,286 | | 175,449 | | 17,702 | | 1,570,033 |
| Government activities capital assets, net | <u>\$</u> | 1,908,851 | <u>\$</u> | 203,830 | <u>\$</u> | 4,693 | <u>\$</u> | 2,107,988 |

Business-type Activities

| | | Balance | | | | | | Balance |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-------------|
| | July 1, 2012 | | _ | Additions | | Disposals | | ne 30, 2013 |
| Water Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| Land (not depreciated) | \$ | 31,468 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 31,468 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 3,945,307 | | 26,327 | | 11,077 | | 3,960,557 |
| Vehicles | | 51,518 | | - | | - | | 51,518 |
| Equipment | | 109,214 | | 14,124 | | _ | | 123,338 |
| Total | | 4,137,507 | | 40,451 | | 11,077 | | 4,166,881 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | 2,123,233 | | 142,183 | | 11,077 | | 2,254,339 |
| Water Fund capital assets, net | \$ | 2,014,274 | \$ | (101,732) | \$ | | \$ | 1,912,542 |
| Sewer Fund: | | | | | | | | |
| Land (not depreciated) | \$ | 12,700 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 12,700 |
| Buildings and improvements | | 11,150,130 | | - | | - | | 11,150,130 |
| Vehicles | | 18,518 | | - | | - | | 18,518 |
| Equipment | | 90,426 | | 22,995 | | 130 | | 113,291 |
| Total | | 11,271,774 | | 22,995 | | 130 | | 11,294,639 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | 3,652,012 | | 345,010 | | 130 | | 3,996,892 |
| Sewer Fund capital assets, net | \$ | 7,619,762 | \$ | (322,015) | \$ | - | \$ | 7,297,747 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

| Governmental Activities | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| General government | \$ 22,409 |
| Public safety | 119,964 |
| Public works | 13,154 |
| Community development | 19,922 |
| | <u>\$ 175,449</u> |
| Business-type Activities | |
| Water | \$ 142,183 |
| Sewer | 345,010 |
| | <u>\$ 487,193</u> |

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

7. Benefits

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

| Name of Plan: Virgin | nia Retirement System (VRS) |
|-------------------------|---|
| Identification of Plan: | Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan |
| Administering Entity: | Virginia Retirement System (System) |

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees - Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who were vested as of January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and Plan 1 members who were not vested on January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. The multiplier for Plan 2 members was reduced to 1.65% effective January 1, 2013, unless they are hazardous duty employees and their employer has elected the enhanced retirement multiplier. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

7. Benefits, continued

A. <u>Plan Description, continued</u>

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2012-annual-report.pdf or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. <u>Funding Policy</u>

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Town's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was 17.83% of annual covered payroll.

C. <u>Annual Pension Cost</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Town's annual pension cost of \$240,924 equaled their required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information

| Fiscal Year Ending | nual Pension ost (APC) | Percentage of <u>APC Contributed</u> | let Pension Obligation |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| June 30, 2013 | \$ 240,924 | 100.00% | \$ 1,429,487 |
| June 30, 2012 | 198,590 | 100.00% | 1,224,968 |
| June 30, 2011 | 184,498 | 99.51% | 1,196,731 |

The FY 2013 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2012 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% per year for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases also include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the Town's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The Town's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 29 years.

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 73.33% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5,360,528, and the actuarial value of assets was \$3,931,041, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,429,487. The covered payroll (annual payroll of

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

7. Benefits, continued

active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,351,232, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 105.79%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

Other Post Employment Benefits

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

The Town provides post employment benefits for retirees that meet certain criteria. These benefits include medical, dental, and vision coverage. Participants must meet one of the following criteria to be eligible for health benefits upon retirement: (i) attain age 50 with at least 10 years of service with the Town, or (ii) attain age 55 with at least 5 years of service with the Town.

In addition, employees must meet one of the following requirements to be eligible for retirement through Virginia Retirement System.

General Employees Prior Plan – All Plan 1 Members vested as of January 1, 2013:

- Attain age 50 with at least 10 years of service with VRS for a reduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 55 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for a reduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 65 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 50 with at least 30 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit.

General Employees Current Plan – All Plan 1 Members not vested as of January 1, 2013 and Members hired on or after July 1, 2010 (Plan 2):

- Attain age 60 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for a reduced pension benefit, or
- Attain 90 points (age plus service) with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit, or
- Attain Social Security Normal Retirement Age with at least 5 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit.

Public Safety Employees:

- Attain age 50 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for a reduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 60 with at least 5 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit, or
- Attain age 55 with at least 25 years of service with VRS for an unreduced pension benefit.

Retirees may elect to cover a spouse and dependents. Health benefits are offered for the lifetimes of the retiree and spouse. If the retiree predeceases the spouse, the spouse may continue coverage until the earlier of the spouse's death, remarriage, or the obtainment of health coverage not offered by the Town. If the retiree predeceases his or her dependents, then the dependents may continue medical coverage until the earlier of the dependent's death, attainment of age 26, marriage, ability to be self-supportive, or obtaining health coverage not offered by the Town.

B. Funding Policy

The retiree and spouse pay 100% of the premium cost for their elected coverage.

C. <u>Annual OPEB Cost</u>

The annual required contribution (ARC), an actuarially determined rate, represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty (30) years.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

7. Benefits, continued

The following table represents the calculation of the Net OPEB Obligation:

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, | R | Annual equired <u>ntribution</u> | erest on Net OPEB <u>bligation</u> | djustment to the ARC | Ne | et OPEF <u>Cost</u> | Actual ontribution | t OPEB ligation |
|-----------------------------------|----|--|--|-------------------------|----|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2010 | \$ | 17,900 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | 17,900 | \$ 9,409 | \$ 8,491 |
| 2011 | | 18,900 | - | - | | 18,900 | 8,410 | 18,981 |
| 2012 | | 18,900 | - | - | | 18,900 | 31,109 | 6,772 |
| 2013 | | 20,100 | 237 | (250) | | 20,087 | 26,484 | 375 |

D. <u>Funding Status and Funding Progress</u>

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and has no assets. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits for the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2013, was \$221,900, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$221,900. The estimated covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,306,900, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 16.98%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

E. <u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of plan assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

| Actuarial valuation date Actuarial cost method | 6/30/2013 Projected unit credit |
|---|--|
| Amortization method | Level percentage of payroll |
| Remaining amortization period | 30 years (open) |
| Actuarial assumptions: | |
| Investment rate of return | 3.5% annual returns net of both investment and non-actuarial administrative expenses |
| Medical cost trend assumption | <i>Health</i> : Getzen Trend Model – 7.0% graded to 4.8% over 70 years |
| Payroll growth | 3.0% per year |

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2011

8. Compensated Absences

Each Town employee earns vacation leave based on years of service up to 20 days per year after 15 years of service and sick leave at the rate of one day per month. No benefits or pay are received for unused sick leave upon termination. Accumulated vacation up to thirty days is paid upon termination. The Town has outstanding accrued vacation pay totaling \$87,574 in Governmental Activities and \$30,656 in Business-type Activities at June 30, 2013.

9. Lease Obligations (Capital and Operating)

The Town periodically leases various types of equipment under capital and operating agreements. Lease expenditures under operating lease agreements for the year ended June 30, 2013 amount to \$2,534. The Town was not a party to any capital leases at June 30, 2013.

10. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2013:

| | Amounts payable at July 1, 2012 | Increases | Decreases | Amounts payable at <u>June 30, 2013</u> | Due within one year | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|---|------------------------|--|
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | |
| Installment notes payable | \$ 807,277 | \$- | \$ 77,380 | \$ 729,897 | \$ 79,753 | |
| General obligation bonds | 163,851 | | 7,632 | 156,219 | 7,940 | |
| | <u>\$ 971,128</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 85,012</u> | <u>\$ 886,116</u> | <u>\$ 87,693</u> | |
| Business-type Activities | | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 6,853,137 | \$ - | \$ 64,171 | \$ 6,788,966 | \$ 65,932 | |
| Revenue bonds | | | _ | | | |
| | \$ 6,853,137 | \$ | <u>\$ 64,171</u> | <u>\$ 6,788,966</u> | \$ 65,932 | |

Contractual maturities for long-term debt are as follows:

| Year ending | | Governmental Activities Notes Payable and Bonds | | | | | Business-type Activities Bonds | | | |
|-----------------|------------|--|----|----------|----|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| <u>June 30,</u> | <u>P</u> 1 | Principal | | Interest | | Principal | | Interest | | |
| 2014 | \$ | 87,693 | \$ | 25,819 | \$ | 65,932 | \$ | 213,649 | | |
| 2015 | | 90,542 | | 23,010 | | 136,565 | | 204,057 | | |
| 2016 | | 93,445 | | 20,106 | | 237,229 | | 198,844 | | |
| 2017 | | 67,774 | | 17,104 | | 252,924 | | 191,587 | | |
| 2018 | | 51,155 | | 14,859 | | 258,649 | | 183,949 | | |
| 2019-2023 | | 177,557 | | 58,189 | | 1,425,360 | | 794,756 | | |
| 2024-2028 | | 202,364 | | 30,132 | | 1,634,219 | | 556,610 | | |
| 2029-2033 | | 115,586 | | 5,473 | | 1,764,085 | | 292,943 | | |
| 2034-2038 | | - | | - | | 756,472 | | 74,344 | | |
| 2039-2043 | | - | | - | | 257,531 | | 19,541 | | |
| 2044-2048 | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 886,116 | \$ | 194,692 | \$ | 6,788,966 | \$ | 2,730,280 | | |

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

10. Long-Term Debt, continued

Bond Issuance Costs

The Town has incurred the following bond issuance costs which are amortized using the interest method over the life of the respective bond. Balances at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

| | Gen | eral | Wate | <u>r</u> | Sewer | | Total |
|--|--------|------------------|---------------|--|---|---------|--|
| \$1,276,633 2008 General Obligation Bond \$4,865,000 2012A General Obligation Bond Total bond issuance costs Less accumulated amortization Unamortized balance | \$ | - - - - | 3 10 (1 | , <u>350</u> ,865 , <u>354</u>) | \$ 74,52 (5,96 <u>\$</u> 68,56 | 6 2) | 7,515 77,876 85,391 (7,316) 78,075 |
| Details of Long-Term Indebtedness | | Cov | ernmental | Buc | siness-type | | |
| Notes Payable: | | | ctivities | | ctivities | | Total |
| Installment note payable monthly including interest at 3.99%, through December 27, 2017. Unsecured. | | \$ | 155,174 | \$ | - | \$ | 155,174 |
| Installment note payable monthly including interest at 2.49%, through February 22, 2032, secured by fire truck. | | | 492,751 | | - | | 492,751 |
| Installment note payable annually including interest at 2.45%, through August 17, 2015, secured by four dodge chargers. | | | 81,972 | | - | | 81,972 |
| General Obligations Bonds: | | | | | | | |
| \$913,000 2001 General Obligation Bond, interest at 4. principal and interest payable monthly through November 30, 2042. | 5%, | | - | | 817,762 | | 817,762 |
| \$1,276,663 2008 General Obligation Bond, at no interpayable semi-annually through August 1, 2039. | est | | - | | 1,116,204 | | 1,116,204 |
| \$193,000 2008 General Obligation Bond, interest at 4. payable monthly through June 1, 2028. | 00% | | 156,219 | | - | | 156,219 |
| \$4,865,000 2012 General Obligation Bond, interest at payable semi-annually, principal payable annually through 15, 2035. | | | | | 4,855,000 | | 4,855,000 |
| Total long-term debt | | <u>\$</u> | 886,116 | <u>\$</u> | 6,788,966 | \$ | 7,675,082 |

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

11. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents a measurable inflow of resources that will be available in a future reporting period. Deferred revenue totaling \$688,982 at June 30, 2013 is comprised of the following:

Deferred Property Tax Revenue

Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$636,388.

Prepaid Property Taxes

Property taxes due subsequent to the current tax levy but paid in advance by taxpayers totaled \$5,343.

Deferred Loan Revenue

Deferred loan revenue representing uncollected loans receivable not available to fund current expenditures totaled \$47,251.

12. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amount, if any, to be immaterial.

At June 30, 2013, the Town was involved in various litigation arising out of the normal course of operations, however, in the opinion of management, there were no matters of litigation involving the Town which would materially affect the Town's financial position should any court decision or pending matter not be favorable to the Town.

13. Surety Bond Information

| Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland: | |
|---|---------------|
| Treasurer | \$ 100,000 |
| All Town employees - blanket bond | \$ 100,000 |

14. Accrued Charges for Services

The Town has adopted a bi-monthly billing cycle for most of its water and sewer customers. As a result, most customers have received services for as many as one and one-half months for which they had not been billed. These revenues are subject to accrual, and the asset represents an estimate of such charges based on subsequent bi-monthly billings. This amount is included in proprietary fund operating revenues. At June 30, 2013, Water and Sewer Fund accrued charges for services are \$23,923 and \$27,128, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

As of June 30, 2013

15. Risk of Loss

The Town is subject to risk of loss from the following events:

- ♦ Torts
- Theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets
- Job-related employee illness or injuries
- ♦ Business interruption
- Errors or omissions
- ♦ Acts of God

The risk of these losses is managed by the purchase of commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage over the past year and settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Town of Hillsville, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Schedule 1

Page 1

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| Revenues Orisinal Final Actual (Uniferential) General from Revenue from local sources: Revenue from local sources: S 381,600 \$ 395,616 \$ 14,016 Revenue from local sources: General property taxes \$ 381,600 \$ 395,616 \$ 14,016 Revenue from local sources: Corporation property taxes \$ 24,000 12,038 171,114 (4,826) comparity moment: 22,000 72,038 172,114 (4,826) 14,016 comparity taxes 12,038 12,010 656,666 13,328 114,114 (4,826) Dendities and text taxes 60,000 60,000 55,026 (4,974) 10,000 12,020 2,73,000 2,000,17 11,017 10,017 11,017 1 | | Bu | lget | | | Variance Favorable | | | |
|---|--|---------------|------|-----------|----|-----------------------|---------------|--|--|
| General fund: Revenue from local sources: S \$81,600 \$ \$95,616 \$ \$14,016 Real property taxes \$ \$81,600 \$ \$381,600 \$ \$95,616 \$ \$14,016 Real property taxes \$24,000 \$24,000 \$19,174 (4,826) Personal property taxes \$17,538 \$17,530 \$15,500 \$15,500 \$15,500 \$12,500 \$2,505 \$2,505 \$16,600 \$14,900 \$4,900 | Revenues | | | Final | | Actual | (Unfavorable) | | |
| Revenue from local sources: General property taxes: S $381,600$ S $395,616$ S 14.016 Real and property taxes: 24,000 24,000 24,000 24,000 19,174 (4.825) Dersonal property taxes 175,558 173,558 178,558 178,110 44,572 Machinery and took taxes 72,000 72,000 6,598 4,468 Bid debt expense 653,658 653,638 666,666 13,238 Other local taxes: 60,000 55,025 (4,974) Lossiants in these taxes 60,000 25,000 23,000 Promise learned property taxes 88,500 93,304 4,974 Assistion taxes 18,000 18,000 20,0017 17,017 Promise learner targe und vendor taxes 175,500 137,500 137,660 (1934) Hote and motel room taxes 175,500 157,500 157,500 148,000 12,21,700 (16,249) Pormise induct root taxes 50,000 50,000 50,000 | Primary government: | | | | | | · · · | | |
| General property taxes: S 381,600 S 381,600 S 395,616 S 14,016 Real property taxes 24,000 24,000 19,174 (4,826) corporation property taxes 173,538 173,538 173,538 173,538 (4,902) Pendities and interest 2,500 72,000 67,058 (4,902) Pendities and interest 2,500 72,000 67,058 (4,902) Total general property taxes 653,638 663,638 6663,665 113,328 Other local taxes: 60,000 60,000 55,026 (4,974) Consumers utility taxes 88,500 88,500 29,0017 17,017 Prancins: license taxes 18,000 44,000 42,068 (1,922) Bad bet vender taxes 100,000 44,000 42,068 (1,922) Bad stock taxes 100,000 14,270 (15,330) 107,000 (19,246) Bad bet vender toxet taxes 10,000 1,2249 249 107,500 107,500 102,100 102,100 < | General fund: | | | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes \$ \$38,600 \$ 381,600 \$ 395,616 \$ 14.016 Real and personal public service 24,000 24,000 24,000 24,000 19,174 (4326) Personal property taxes 17,538 173,538 173,538 173,538 173,153 178,110 45,72 Machinery and tools taxes 7,2000 7,2000 6,968 4,468 Bad debt expense | Revenue from local sources: | | | | | | | | |
| Real and personal public service 24,000 24,000 19,174 (4,826) Personal property taxes 173,538 173,538 173,538 173,538 (4,920) Pensonal property taxes 2,500 2,500 6,708 (4,902) Penaltics and interest 2,500 2,500 6,708 (4,902) Penaltics and interest 2,500 2,500 6,608 4,468 Inclusi asset express | | | | | | | | | |
| ecoportion property taxes 24,000 24,000 19,174 (4,820) Personal property taxes 173,538 173,538 173,110 4,572 Machinery and rook taxes 72,000 72,000 67,098 (4,902) Penalties and interest 2,500 2,508 665,638 666,5966 13,328 Other local taxes: 60,000 60,000 55,025 (4,974) Consumers utility taxes 88,500 98,304 4,804 Business license taxes 18,000 18,000 20,017 17,017 Franchise license taxes 10,000 10,000 20,0017 17,017 Pranchise license taxes 10,000 10,000 24,206 (1,922) Jank stock taxes 10,000 10,000 84,270 (1,5730) Hoted and notel room taxes 1,75,000 51,7000 54,7000 54,7000 Total other local taxes 1,000 1,000 1,217,260 (1,6240) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 1,000 1,000 1,229 249 <td></td> <td>\$ 381,600</td> <td>\$</td> <td>381,600</td> <td>\$</td> <td>395,616</td> <td>\$ 14,016</td> | | \$ 381,600 | \$ | 381,600 | \$ | 395,616 | \$ 14,016 | | |
| Personal property taxes 173,538 163,600 6,000 6,000 6,000 13,328 Other local taxes: 12,023,000 27,000 273,000 273,000 273,000 273,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 173,000 123,000 124,000 144,000 44,000 44,000 44,000 44,000 44,000 44,000 44,000 44,000 1220,102 120,102 1221,000 1221,012 | | | | | | | | | |
| Machinery and took taxes 72,000 72,000 67,098 (4,902) Penalties and interest 2,500 2,500 6,568 4,468 Bud delt expense | corporation property taxes | | | | | | , | | |
| Pendics and interest 2,500 2,500 6,968 4,468 Bid delt expense | | | | | | | | | |
| Bad debt expense | | | | | | | , | | |
| Total general property taxes 653.638 653.638 666.966 13.328 Other local taxes: | | 2,500 | | 2,500 | | 6,968 | 4,468 | | |
| Other local tases: 60,000 55,026 (4,974) Consumer utility taxes: 88,500 88,500 273,000 290,017 17,017 Pranchise license taxes and vendor taxes 273,000 273,000 290,017 17,017 Franchise license taxes 18,000 18,000 44,000 44,000 42,008 (19,73) Bans stock taxes 100,000 100,000 84,270 (15,730) 157,500 157,500 157,500 157,500 157,500 157,500 157,500 157,500 16,8400 (16,240) <td>1</td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td> 12 229</td> | 1 | | | | | - | 12 229 | | |
| | Total general property taxes | 055,058 | | 053,038 | | 000,900 | 13,328 | | |
| Consumes utility taxes 88,500 93,304 4,804 Business tionse taxes and vendo taxes 273,000 290,017 17,017 Franchise license taxes 18,000 18,000 20,505 2,505 Moor vehicle licenses 44,000 42,068 (1932) Bank stock taxes 157,500 157,500 157,660 (1934) Restaurant foot taxes 127,000 544,700 548,910 1.910 Total other local taxes 128,000 1.228,000 1.271,760 (16,240) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 10,000 1.000 1.249 249 Fines and forfeitures 17,500 56,175 38,675 38,675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50,000 50,000 - - Revenue from use of money and property: 400 4,516 4,116 Revenue from use of money and property 32,200 32,200 27,304 (4999) Total revenue from use of money and property 32,200 32,309 14,833 1,012 1,012 1,012 | Other local taxes: | | | | | | | | |
| Business license taxes and vendor taxes 273,000 273,000 290,017 171,017 Franchise license taxes 18,000 21,000 20,505 2.505 Motor vehicle licenses 14,000 44,000 42,068 (1,932) Bank stock taxes 100,000 100,000 84,270 (15,730) Intel and molel root taxes .547,000 548,200 1.221,760 (16,240) Total other local taxes .125,000 1.228,000 1.2249 .249 Fines and forfeitures .17,500 17,500 56,175 38,675 Payment in lieu of taxes .50,000 .50,000 . . Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money and property .32,300 .22,700 .31,820 (880) Total revenue from use of money and property .32,300 .22,700 | Local sales and use taxes | · · · · · | | 60,000 | | 55,026 | (4,974) | | |
| Franchise license taxes 18,000 88,000 42,005 2.505 Moor vehicle licenses 140,000 44,000 42,000 (1,932) Bank stock taxes 100,000 137,600 (15,730) 137,600 (19,240) Hotel and model room taxes 157,500 137,600 (19,240) (19,240) Restaurant food taxes 1288,000 1.271,760 (16,240) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 1,000 1,249 249 Fines and forfeitures 17,500 17,500 56,175 38,675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50,000 50,000 - - Revenue from use of money and property: 400 400 4,516 4,116 Revenue from use of money and property 32,300 32,200 27,304 (4996) Total revenue from use of money and property 32,200 32,300 27,304 (4996) Total revenue from use of money and property 32,200 27,304 (4996) Total revenue from use of money and property 32,400 31,820 (| Consumers utility taxes | 88,500 | | 88,500 | | 93,304 | 4,804 | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | 273,000 | | 273,000 | | 290,017 | 17,017 | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | , | | , | | , | , | | |
| Hotel and motel mometaxes 157,500 157,500 137,660 (19,840) Restaurnal food taxes 1.288,000 1.288,000 1.271,760 (16,240) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 1.000 1.000 1.249 249 Fines and forfeitures 17,500 56,175 38,675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50,000 50,000 - Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money and property 32,300 23,200 32,200 31,820 (889) Charges for services: - 1.012 1.012 1.012 Miscellaneous 61,319 61,319 174,108 112,789 Total revenue from local sources 2.104,157 2.104,157 2.253,090 148,933 Revenue from the federal Government: - - 1.012 1.012 1.012 Miscellaneous 61,319 61,319 1.23,83 7,333 1.248,933 Revenue from the federal Government: - - 3,349 3,349 Transportatio | | | | 44,000 | | | | | |
| Resturent food taxes $547,000$ $542,000$ $548,910$ 1.910 Total other local taxes 1.288,000 1.288,000 1.271,760 (16.240) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 1.000 1.000 1.249 249 Fines and forfeitures 17,500 17,500 56,175 38,675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50,000 50,000 - - Revenue from use of money and property: 400 400 4,516 4,116 Revenue from use of money and property 32,300 27,304 (4.996) Total revenue from use of money and property 32,200 31,820 (880) Charges for services: - - 1.012 1.012 Charges for services: - - 1.012 1.012 Total revenue from local sources 2.104,157 2.2300 12,343 3,349 Total revenue from local sources - - 3,349 3,349 Transportation equity act for the 21 ^e entury 90,476 90,476 250,728 100,252 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | | | | | | |
| Total other local taxes 1.288.000 1.271.760 (16.240) Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 1.000 1.000 1.249 249 Fines and forfeitures 17.500 17.500 56.175 38.675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50.000 50.000 - - Revenue from use of money and property: 400 400 4.516 4.116 Revenue from use of money and property 32.300 32.300 27.304 (4.996) Total revenue from use of money and property 32.200 32.200 31.820 (880) Charges for services: - - 1.012 1.012 1.012 Miscellaneous 61.319 61.319 174.108 112.789 3.349 Transportation equiv act for the 21 ^e century 90.476 90.476 90.272 160.252 Highway safety grants 5.000 5.000 12.33 7.383 1.000 1.000 1.000 Frameword form the Federal Government: 95.476 95.476 270.591 1.151.15 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | | | | | | | | |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 1.000 1.249 249 Fines and forfeitures 17.500 17.500 56.175 38.675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50.000 50.000 $$ 38.675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50.000 50.000 $$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Fines and forfeitures 17,500 17,500 56,175 38,675 Payment in lieu of taxes 50,000 50,000 Revenue from use of money and property: 400 400 4,516 4,116 Revenue from use of money and property 32,300 32,300 27,304 (4,9996) Total revenue from use of money and property 32,200 32,200 31,820 (880) Charges for sanitation and waste removal | Total other local taxes | 1,288,000 | | 1,288,000 | | 1,271,760 | (16,240) | | |
| Payment in lieu of taxes 50.000 50.000 $-$ Revenue from use of money and property: 400 400 4,516 4,116 Revenue from use of money and property 32,300 32,300 27,304 (4,996) Total revenue from use of money and property 32,200 32,200 31,820 (880) Charges for sanitation and waste removal - - 1.012 1.012 Miscellaneous 61,319 61,319 174,108 112,789 Total revenue from local sources 2.104,157 2.253,090 148,933 Revenue from the Federal Government: Byrne lustice Assistance Grant - - 3,349 3,349 Transportation equity act for the 21 st century 90,476 90,476 250,728 160,252 Highway safety grants 5,000 5,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms - - 3,131 3,131 Total revenue from the Federal Government 95,476 95,476 270,591 175,115 Noncategorical ai | Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | 1,000 | | 1,000 | | 1,249 | 249 | | |
| Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money 400 400 4.516 4.116 Revenue from use of property $32,300$ $32,300$ $27,304$ (4.996) Total revenue from use of money and property $32,200$ <t< td=""><td>Fines and forfeitures</td><td> 17,500</td><td></td><td>17,500</td><td></td><td>56,175</td><td> 38,675</td></t<> | Fines and forfeitures | 17,500 | | 17,500 | | 56,175 | 38,675 | | |
| Revenue from use of money 400 400 4,116 Revenue from use of property $32,300$ $32,300$ $27,304$ $(4,996)$ Total revenue from use of money and property $32,700$ $32,700$ $31,820$ (880) Charges for services: - - $1,012$ $1,012$ $1,012$ Miscellaneous 61,319 $61,319$ $174,108$ $112,789$ Total revenue from local sources $2,104,157$ $2,253,090$ $148,933$ Revenue from the Federal Government: - - $3,349$ $3,349$ Transportation equity act for the 21^{st} century $90,476$ $90,476$ $250,728$ $160,252$ Highway safety grants $5,000$ $5,000$ $12,383$ $7,383$ Local Government Challenge Grant - - $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $92,000$ $175,012$ $175,012$ Revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $92,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Local Go | Payment in lieu of taxes | 50,000 | | 50,000 | | 50,000 | | | |
| Revenue from use of money 400 400 4,116 Revenue from use of property $32,300$ $32,300$ $27,304$ $(4,996)$ Total revenue from use of money and property $32,700$ $32,700$ $31,820$ (880) Charges for services: - - $1,012$ $1,012$ $1,012$ Miscellaneous 61,319 $61,319$ $174,108$ $112,789$ Total revenue from local sources $2,104,157$ $2,253,090$ $148,933$ Revenue from the Federal Government: - - $3,349$ $3,349$ Transportation equity act for the 21^{st} century $90,476$ $90,476$ $250,728$ $160,252$ Highway safety grants $5,000$ $5,000$ $12,383$ $7,383$ Local Government Challenge Grant - - $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $92,000$ $175,012$ $175,012$ Revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $92,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Local Go | Revenue from use of money and property: | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from use of property Total revenue from use of money and property $32,300$ 32,700 $32,30032,700$ $32,30032,700$ $32,30031,820$ $(4,996)(880) Charges for services:Charges for sanitation and waste removal - - 1,012 1,012 MiscellaneousTotal revenue from local sources 61,3192,104,157$ $61,3192,104,157$ $174,1082,253,090$ $112,78912,833$ Revenue from the Federal Government: Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - - $3,349$ 3,349 $3,3493,349 Transportation equity act for the 21^{st} century 90,47690,476$ $90,476250,728$ $160,252160,252$ Highway safety grants $5,0005,000$ $12,3837,383$ $7,3831,000$ $1,0001,000$ FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms - - $3,1313,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $95,476$ $270,591$ $175,115$ Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Litter control $1,200$ 65,000 $65,288288$ 288288 Categorical aid: Litter control $1,200$ 1,200 $1,7665666Fire preventionTotal actegorical aid 9,2009,766$ | | 400 | | 400 | | 4.516 | 4.116 | | |
| Total revenue from use of money and property $32,700$ $32,700$ $31,820$ (880) Charges for services: Charges for sanitation and waste removal - - 1.012 1.012 Miscellaneous $61,319$ $61,319$ $174,108$ $112,789$ Total revenue from local sources $2.104,157$ $2.253,090$ $148,933$ Revenue from the Federal Government: Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - - $3,349$ $3,349$ Transportation equity act for the 21^{4} century $90,476$ $90,476$ $250,728$ $160,252$ Highway safety grants $5,000$ $5,000$ $12,383$ $7,383$ Local Government Challenge Grant - - $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $95,476$ $270,591$ $175,115$ Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Categorical aid: $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,766$ 5666 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · ·</td> <td>· · ·</td> | | | | | | · · · | · · · | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | | 32,700 | | 32,700 | | 31,820 | (880) | | |
| $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | Charges for services: | | | | | | | | |
| Total revenue from local sources $2,104.157$ $2,104.157$ $2,253.090$ 148.933 Revenue from the Federal Government: Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - - $3,349$ $3,349$ Transportation equity act for the 21^{st} century 90.476 90.476 250.728 160.252 Highway safety grants $5,000$ $5,000$ $12,383$ $7,383$ Local Government Challenge Grant - - $1,000$ $1,000$ FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms - - $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $95,476$ $270,591$ $175,115$ Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: - - $3,131$ $3,131$ Aid to localities with police department $65,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Categorical aid: - $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $8,000$ $ 566$ Total categorical aid $9,200$ | | | | | | 1,012 | 1,012 | | |
| Total revenue from local sources $2,104.157$ $2,104.157$ $2,253.090$ 148.933 Revenue from the Federal Government: Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - - $3,349$ $3,349$ Transportation equity act for the 21^{st} century 90.476 90.476 250.728 160.252 Highway safety grants $5,000$ $5,000$ $12,383$ $7,383$ Local Government Challenge Grant - - $1,000$ $1,000$ FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms - - $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $95,476$ $270,591$ $175,115$ Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: - - $3,131$ $3,131$ Aid to localities with police department $65,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Categorical aid: - $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $8,000$ $ 566$ Total categorical aid $9,200$ | NC 11 | (1.210 | | (1.210 | | 174 100 | 112 700 | | |
| Revenue from the Federal Government: Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - - 3,349 Transportation equity act for the 21 st century 90,476 90,476 250,728 160,252 Highway safety grants 5,000 5,000 12,383 7,383 Local Government Challenge Grant - - 1,000 1,000 FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms - - 3,131 3,131 Total revenue from the Federal Government 95,476 95,476 270,591 175,115 Revenue from the Commonwealth: - - - 3,000 65,000 65,288 288 Categorical aid: - - 1,200 1,766 566 Fire prevention 8,000 8,000 - - Total categorical aid - 9,200 9,766 566 Fire prevention 8,000 8,000 - - - Total categorical aid - 9,200 9,200 9,766 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth - 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | | | | | | | | | |
| Byrne Justice Assistance Grant - - 3,349 3,349 Transportation equity act for the 21^s century 90,476 90,476 250,728 160,252 Highway safety grants 5,000 5,000 12,383 7,383 Local Government Challenge Grant - - 1,000 1,000 FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms - - 3,131 3,131 Total revenue from the Federal Government 95,476 95,476 270,591 175,115 Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: - | Total revenue from local sources | 2,104,157 | | 2,104,157 | | 2,253,090 | 148,933 | | |
| Transportation equity act for the 21^{s} century $90,476$ $90,476$ $250,728$ $160,252$ Highway safety grants $5,000$ $5,000$ $12,383$ $7,383$ Local Government Challenge Grant $1,000$ $1,000$ FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $95,476$ $270,591$ $175,115$ Revenue from the Commonwealth: $95,476$ $95,476$ $270,591$ $175,115$ Revenue from the Commonwealth: $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Total noncategorical aid $65,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Categorical aid: $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $-$ Total categorical aid $9,200$ $9,200$ $9,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $-$ Total revenue from the Commonwealth $74,200$ $74,200$ $75,054$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Highway safety grants $5,000$ $5,000$ $12,383$ $7,383$ Local Government Challenge Grant $1,000$ $1,000$ FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government $95,476$ $95,476$ $270,591$ $175,115$ Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Aid to localities with police department $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Total noncategorical aid $65,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Categorical aid: Litter control $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $-$ Total categorical aid $9,200$ $9,200$ $9,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $-$ Total revenue from the Commonwealth $74,200$ $74,200$ $75,054$ 854 | | - | | - | | | | | |
| Local Government Challenge Grant1,0001,000FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms $3,131$ $3,131$ Total revenue from the Federal Government95,47695,476270,591175,115Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Aid to localities with police department $65,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Total noncategorical aid $65,000$ $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Categorical aid: Litter control $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $-$ Total categorical aid $9,200$ $9,200$ $9,766$ 566 Fire prevention $74,200$ $74,200$ $75,054$ 854 | | , | | | | | | | |
| FEMA Public Assistance Program for Severe Storms 3,131 3,131 Total revenue from the Federal Government 95,476 95,476 270,591 175,115 Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: 65,000 65,000 65,288 288 Aid to localities with police department 65,000 65,000 65,288 288 Total noncategorical aid 65,000 65,288 288 Categorical aid: | | 5,000 | | 5,000 | | | | | |
| Total revenue from the Federal Government 95,476 95,476 270,591 175,115 Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: 175,115 Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: 288 Aid to localities with police department 65,000 65,000 65,288 288 288 Total noncategorical aid: 288 288 288 Categorical aid: <td< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<> | | - | | - | | | | | |
| Revenue from the Commonwealth: Noncategorical aid: Aid to localities with police department $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Total noncategorical aid $65,000$ $65,288$ 288 Categorical aid: Litter control $1,200$ $1,200$ $1,766$ 566 Fire prevention $8,000$ $8,000$ $-$ Total categorical aid $9,200$ $9,200$ $9,766$ 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth $74,200$ $74,200$ $75,054$ 854 | | | | | | | | | |
| Noncategorical aid: 65,000 65,288 288 Aid to localities with police department 65,000 65,000 65,288 288 Total noncategorical aid 65,000 65,000 65,288 288 Categorical aid: 1,200 1,200 1,766 566 Fire prevention 8,000 8,000 - Total categorical aid 9,200 9,200 9,766 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | I otal revenue from the Federal Government | 95,476 | | 95,476 | | 270,591 | 1/5,115 | | |
| Aid to localities with police department 65,000 65,000 65,288 288 Total noncategorical aid 65,000 65,000 65,288 288 Categorical aid: 1,200 1,200 1,766 566 Fire prevention 8,000 8,000 - - Total categorical aid 9,200 9,200 9,766 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | Revenue from the Commonwealth: | | | | | | | | |
| Total noncategorical aid 65,000 65,288 288 Categorical aid: | | | | | | | | | |
| Categorical aid: 1,200 1,200 1,766 566 Litter control 1,200 8,000 - - Total categorical aid 9,200 9,200 9,766 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | | | | | | | | | |
| Litter control 1,200 1,200 1,766 566 Fire prevention 8,000 8,000 - - Total categorical aid 9,200 9,200 9,766 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | Total noncategorical aid | 65,000 | | 65,000 | | 65,288 | 288 | | |
| Litter control 1,200 1,200 1,766 566 Fire prevention 8,000 8,000 - - Total categorical aid 9,200 9,200 9,766 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | Categorical aid: | | | | | | | | |
| Total categorical aid 9,200 9,200 9,766 566 Total revenue from the Commonwealth 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | | 1,200 | | 1,200 | | 1,766 | 566 | | |
| Total revenue from the Commonwealth 74,200 74,200 75,054 854 | Fire prevention | 8,000 | | | | 8,000 | | | |
| | | | | | | | 566 | | |
| Total general fund 2,273,833 2,273,833 2,598,735 324,902 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total general fund | 2,273,833 | | 2,273,833 | - | 2,598,735 | 324,902 | | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| | | _ | _ | | | ariance | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--|
| 2 | | Buc | lget | | | Favorable | | |
| Revenues | | Original | | Final | Actual | (Ur | (favorable) | |
| Special revenue funds: | | | | | | | | |
| CDBG Fund | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue from local sources: | ¢ | 10.726 | ¢ | 10.726 | ¢ 1,510 | ¢ | (0.210) | |
| Revenue from use of property | \$ | 10,736 | \$ | 10,736 | \$ 1,518 | \$ | (9,218) | |
| Miscellaneous | | 10.726 | | 10 726 | 4,786 | | 4,786 | |
| Total revenue CDBG Fund | | 10,736 | | 10,736 | 6,304 | | (4,432) | |
| Total revenues | . <u></u> | 2,284,569 | | 2,284,569 | 2,605,039 | | 320,470 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | |
| General fund: | | | | | | | | |
| General governmental administration: | | | | | | | | |
| Legislative: | | | | | | | | |
| Town council | | 41,161 | | 41,161 | 39,643 | | 1,518 | |
| Total legislative | | 41,161 | | 41,161 | 39,643 | | 1,518 | |
| General and financial administration: | | | | | | | | |
| Clerk of council | | 15 | | 15 | 15 | | - | |
| Manager | | 259,024 | | 256,554 | 230,017 | | 26,537 | |
| Legal services | | 23,520 | | 34,530 | 32,410 | | 2,120 | |
| Independent auditor | | 20,000 | | 20,000 | 13,333 | | 6,667 | |
| Treasurer | | 630 | | 630 | 286 | | 344 | |
| Accounting | | 7,025 | | 7,325 | 7,791 | | (466) | |
| Elections | | - | | - | - | | - | |
| Risk management | | 6,955 | | 6,955 | 6,955 | | - | |
| Data processing | | 22,700 | | 22,700 | 15,693 | | 7,007 | |
| Total general and financial administration | | 339,869 | | 348,709 | 306,500 | | 42,209 | |
| Total general government administration | | 381,030 | | 389,870 | 346,143 | - | 43,727 | |
| Public safety: | | | | | | | | |
| Law enforcement and traffic control: | | | | | | | | |
| Police department | | 951,417 | | 951,417 | 868,363 | | 83,054 | |
| Fire and rescue services: | | | | | | | | |
| Fire department | | 6,653 | | 6,653 | 2,458 | | 4,195 | |
| Ambulance and rescue service | | 2,800 | | 3,533 | 3,457 | | 76 | |
| Total fire and rescue services | | 9,453 | | 10,186 | 5,915 | | 4,271 | |
| Building inspections | | 69,340 | | 69,340 | 66,457 | | 2,883 | |
| Total public safety | | 1,030,210 | | 1,030,943 | 940,735 | | 90,208 | |
| Total public safety | | 1,030,210 | | 1,030,943 | 940,733 | | 90,208 | |

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| Expenditures | | Bu | lget | | | | Variance Favorable | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|------|-----------|-----------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| - | 0 | riginal | | Final | | Actual | | favorable) | |
| Public works: | | | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks: | ¢ | 207 200 | ¢ | 200 200 | ¢ | 205.267 | ¢ | (4.0(7) | |
| General engineering/administration | \$ | 287,300 | \$ | 280,300 | \$ | 285,267 | \$ | (4,967) | |
| Highway, street, bridge and sidewalk maintenance | | 37,400 | | 37,400 | | 15,440 30,640 | | 21,960 2,360 | |
| Street lights Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges | | 33,000 | | 33,000 | | 50,040 | | 2,300 | |
| and sidewalks | | 357,700 | | 350,700 | | 331,347 | | 19,353 | |
| Sanitation and waste removal: | | | | | | | | | |
| Refuse disposal | | 349,284 | | 351,734 | | 351,934 | | (200) | |
| refuse disposa | | 517,201 | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | (200) | |
| Maintenance of buildings and grounds: | | | | | | | | | |
| General properties | | 20,430 | | 23,380 | | 23,576 | | (196) | |
| Total public works | | 727,414 | | 725,814 | | 706,857 | | 18,957 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | |
| General fund: | | | | | | | | | |
| Community development: Planning and community development: | | | | | | | | | |
| Community development | | 153,830 | | 110.539 | | 97,075 | | 13,464 | |
| Economic development | | 9,000 | | 9,000 | | 7,291 | | 1,709 | |
| Transportation equity act of the 21 st century | | 90,476 | | 331,444 | | 331,444 | | 1,705 | |
| Total community development | | 253,306 | - | 450,983 | | 435,810 | | 15,173 | |
| | | 200,000 | | 1000700 | | 1001010 | | 1011/0 | |
| Non-departmental | | 93,050 | | 98,865 | | 69,304 | | 29,561 | |
| Capital projects | | 336,250 | | 124,785 | | 26,030 | | 98,755 | |
| Annexation expenses | | | | | | | . <u> </u> | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal retirement | | 84,837 | | 85,007 | | 84,993 | | 14 | |
| Interest and fiscal charges | | 28,707 | | 28,537 | | 28,540 | | (3) | |
| Total debt service | | 113,544 | | 113,544 | | 113,533 | | 11 | |
| Total aspend fund | | 2 024 904 | | 2 024 804 | | 2,638,412 | | 206 202 | |
| Total general fund | | 2,934,804 | | 2,934,804 | | 2,038,412 | | 296,392 | |
| Special revenue funds: | | | | | | | | | |
| CDBG fund: | | | | | | | | | |
| Community development | | 34,847 | - | 34,847 | | 348 | | 34,499 | |
| | | 0.000 (51 | | 0.000 (51 | | 2 (20 7 (0 | | 220.001 | |
| Total expenditures | | 2,969,651 | | 2,969,651 | | 2,638,760 | | 330,891 | |
| Excess revenues over expenditures | | (685,082) | | (685,082) | | (33,721) | | 651,361 | |
| Other financing sources and uses | | | | | | | | | |
| Proceeds from debt | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Operating transfers in | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Operating transfers out | | - | | - | | - | | - | |
| Carryover balances | | 685,082 | | 685,082 | | | | (685,082) | |
| Total other financing sources and uses | | 685,082 | | 685,082 | | | | (685,082) | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other | | | | | | | | | |
| sources over expenditures and other uses | <u>\$</u> | | \$ | | | (33,721) | \$ | (33,721) | |
| Fund halance havinning | | | | | | 1 101 764 | | | |
| Fund balance, beginning | | | | | ¢ | 1,181,764 | | | |
| Fund balance, ending | | | | | <u>\$</u> | 1,148,043 | | | |

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule 1

Page 3

Defined Pension Benefit Plan

| Actuarial Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets | | Value of Accrued | | | | Jnfunded AAL (UAAL) | Funded Ratio | Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|--------------|--------|---------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| June 30, 2003 | \$ | 2,348,820 | \$ | 2,369,816 | \$ 20,996 | 99.11% | \$ 952,225 | 2.20% | | | | |
| June 30, 2004 | | 2,428,712 | | 2,809,894 | 381,182 | 86.43 | 1,002,692 | 38.02 | | | | |
| June 30, 2005 | | 2,521,819 | | 3,283,990 | 762,171 | 76.79 | 994,211 | 76.66 | | | | |
| June 30, 2006 | | 2,709,975 | | 3,249,292 | 539,317 | 83.40 | 1,043,540 | 51.68 | | | | |
| June 30, 2007 | | 3,101,229 | | 3,365,135 | 263,906 | 92.16 | 1,072,855 | 24.60 | | | | |
| June 30, 2008 | | 3,499,708 | | 3,761,551 | 261,843 | 93.04 | 1,155,275 | 22.66 | | | | |
| June 30, 2009 | | 3,612,256 | | 4,294,349 | 682,093 | 84.12 | 1,187,085 | 57.46 | | | | |
| June 30, 2010 | | 3,712,486 | | 4,909,217 | 1,196,731 | 75.62 | 1,139,353 | 105.04 | | | | |
| June 30, 2011 | | 3,848,064 | | 5,073,032 | 1,224,968 | 75.85 | 1,211,372 | 101.12 | | | | |
| June 30, 2012 | | 3,931,041 | | 5,360,528 | 1,429,487 | 73.33 | 1,351,232 | 105.79 | | | | |

Analysis of the dollar amounts of net position available for benefits, pension benefit obligations, and unfunded pension benefit obligations in isolation can be misleading. Expressing the net position available for benefits as a percentage of the pension benefit obligations provides one indication of funding status on a going-concern basis. Analysis of this percentage over time indicates whether the plan is becoming financially stronger or weaker. Generally, the greater this percentage, the stronger the plan. Trends in unfunded pension benefit obligations and annual covered payrolls are affected by inflation. Expressing the unfunded pension benefit obligations as a percentage of annual covered payrolls approximately adjusts for the effects of inflation and aids analysis of progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Generally, the smaller the percentage, the stronger the plan.

Post Employment Benefit Plan

| Actuarial Valuation Date | ActuarialActuarialValue ofAccruedAssetsLiability (AAL) | | - | nfunded AAL UAAL) | Funded Ratio | I | Estimated Covered Payroll | UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|----|-------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------|
| June 30, 2010 June 30, 2013 | \$ | - | \$ | 158,800 221,900 | \$ | 158,800 221,900 | 0.00% 0.00 | \$ | 1,238,800 1,306,900 | 12.82% 16.98 |

Information is only available for the years presented.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

| Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ <u>Program Title/</u> | Federal CFDA Number | Grant/ Contract Agreement Numbers | Period Ended | Federal Expenditures | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Department of Justice: <u>Pass-through payments:</u> <u>Department of Criminal Justice Services</u> Local Law Enforcement Block Grant | 16.738 | 12-N1048LO11 | 12/31/2012 | \$ 3,349 | | |
| <u>Department of Transportation:</u> <u>Pass-through payments:</u> <u>Department of Motor Vehicles</u> Highway Safety Grant Highway Safety Grant | 20.600 20.600 | SC-2012-52294-4672 SC-2013-53386-5101 | 09/30/2012 09/30/2013 | 3,613 9,534 | | |
| <u>Department of Transportation:</u> <u>Pass-through payments:</u> <u>Virginia Department of Transportation</u> Safe, Accountable, Flexible, Efficient Transportation Equity Act: A Legacy for Users | 20.205 | EN01-237-112, PE101, RW201, C501 | | 276,185 | | |
| National Endowment for the Arts: Pass-through payments: Virginia Commission for the Arts Local Government Challenge Grant | 45.025 | | 06/30/13 | 1,000 | | |
| Department of Homeland Security <u>Pass-through payments:</u> <u>Virginia Department of Emergency Management</u> Virginia Severe Storms and Straight-line Winds (Derecho) Declaration | 97.036 | FEMA-4072-DR-VA | 01/27/2013 | 3,767 | | |
| <u>Department of Health and Human Services</u> : <u>Pass-through payments</u> : <u>Virginia Department of Health</u> Oral Disease Prevention Total | 93.283 | U58DP002857/ 702Q332158 | 07/31/2013 | <u>3,589</u> <u>\$ 301,037</u> | | |

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal rewards includes the federal grant activity of the Town and is presented using the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Changes in Net Position

Last Nine Fiscal Years¹

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----|-------------|
| | _ | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | | 2005 |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net position, beginning | \$ | 1,920,987 | \$ | 1,659,801 | \$ | 1,840,322 | \$ | 1,920,821 | \$ | 1,968,740 | \$ | 1,841,907 | \$ 1,688,767 | \$ 1,593,663 | \$ | 1,544,136 |
| Revenues | | 2,577,983 | | 2,656,268 | | 2,058,454 | | 2,150,642 | | 2,067,521 | | 2,424,002 | 2,190,668 | 1,967,112 | | 1,980,666 |
| Expenses | | (2,367,868) | | (2,395,082) | | (2,127,242) | | (2,231,141) | | (2,115,440) | | (2,297,169) | (2,037,528) | (1,872,008) | | (1,931,139) |
| Prior period adjustment | | - | | - | | (111,733) | | - | | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| Net position, ending | \$ | 2,131,102 | \$ | 1,920,987 | \$ | 1,659,801 | \$ | 1,840,322 | \$ | 1,920,821 | \$ | 1,968,740 | \$ 1,841,907 | \$ 1,688,767 | \$ | 1,593,663 |
| Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net position, beginning | \$ | 4,059,354 | \$ | 4,495,735 | \$ | 4,600,876 | \$ | 4,756,512 | \$ | 4,567,640 | \$ | 4,519,178 | \$ 4,567,893 | \$ 4,160,035 | \$ | 4,375,289 |
| Revenues | | 1,101,100 | | 1,121,094 | | 1,579,275 | | 1,562,805 | | 1,612,598 | | 1,445,116 | 1,391,196 | 1,814,527 | | 1,290,532 |
| Expenses | | (1,554,224) | | (1,557,475) | | (1,645,749) | | (1,718,441) | | (1,423,726) | | (1,396,654) | (1,439,911) | (1,406,669) | | (1,505,786) |
| Prior period adjustment | | - | | - | | (38,667) | | - | | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| Net position, ending | \$ | 3,606,230 | \$ | 4,059,354 | \$ | 4,495,735 | \$ | 4,600,876 | \$ | 4,756,512 | \$ | 4,567,640 | \$ 4,519,178 | \$ 4,567,893 | \$ | 4,160,035 |
| Primary Government | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net position, beginning | \$ | 5,980,341 | \$ | 6,155,536 | \$ | 6,441,198 | \$ | 6,677,333 | \$ | 6,536,380 | \$ | 6,361,085 | \$ 6,256,660 | \$ 5,753,698 | \$ | 5,919,425 |
| Revenues | | 3,679,083 | | 3,777,362 | | 3,637,729 | | 3,714,597 | | 3,680,119 | | 3,869,118 | 3,581,864 | 3,781,639 | | 3,271,198 |
| Expenses | | (3,922,092) | | (3,952,557) | | (3,772,991) | | (3,950,732) | | (3,539,166) | | (3,693,823) | (3,477,439) | (3,278,677) | | (3,436,925) |
| Prior period adjustment | | - | | - | | (150,400) | | - | | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| Net position, ending | \$ | 5,737,332 | \$ | 5,980,341 | \$ | 6,155,536 | \$ | 6,441,198 | \$ | 6,677,333 | \$ | 6,536,380 | \$ 6,361,085 | \$ 6,256,660 | \$ | 5,753,698 |

1 Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.

Revenues by Function

Last Nine Fiscal Years¹

| | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital grants and contributions | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,993 | \$ - |
| Public Safety | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 56,175 | 38,982 | 26,949 | 48,537 | 24,519 | 43,469 | 30,191 | 18,489 | 16,893 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 73,288 | 93,328 | 104,241 | 98,742 | 107,981 | 98,018 | 102,834 | 90,651 | 79,224 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 15,732 | 30,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 1,012 | 333 | 495 | 148 | 57 | - | 88 | 3,975 | 5,825 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 1,766 | 1,223 | 1,461 | 1,267 | 1,602 | 1,645 | 1,358 | 1,598 | - |
| Capital grants and contributions | 3,131 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Community Development | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | - | - | - | - | - | - | 38,959 | 12,842 | 9,838 |
| Operating grants and contributions | - | - | 1,000 | - | 1,775 | 33,936 | 87,698 | 11,442 | - |
| Capital grants and contributions | 251,728 | 94,728 | - | - | - | 199,321 | - | - | - |
| General Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| General property taxes | 671,824 | 589,502 | 620,904 | 624,193 | 636,319 | 631,457 | 625,738 | 661,491 | 677,212 |
| Meals tax | 548,910 | 597,745 | 460,031 | 489,913 | 479,827 | 503,135 | 439,500 | 424,634 | 399,692 |
| Other local taxes | 772,850 | 871,245 | 779,294 | 794,882 | 721,088 | 733,458 | 624,908 | 628,224 | 544,050 |
| Licenses and permits | 1,249 | 1,561 | 1,234 | 1,442 | 1,177 | 2,742 | 2,989 | 2,006 | 1,143 |
| Use of money and property | 34,805 | 26,542 | 34,511 | 39,176 | 38,691 | 56,410 | 66,063 | 55,363 | 38,736 |
| Miscellaneous | 110,288 | 258,861 | 78,334 | 53,492 | 56,433 | 79,746 | 68,491 | 52,404 | 208,053 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets | | 35,225 | 2,218 | - | - | (1,948) | 24,788 | 12,050 | - |
| Transfers | | 50,000 | (50,000) | (1,150) | | 15,877 | 89,801 | | |
| Total governmental | | | | | | | | | |
| activities revenues | <u>\$ 2,577,983</u> | <u>\$ 2,656,268</u> | <u>\$ 2,058,454</u> | <u>\$ 2,150,642</u> | <u>\$ 2,067,521</u> | <u>\$ 2,424,002</u> | <u>\$ 2,190,668</u> | <u>\$ 1,967,112</u> | <u>\$ 1,980,666</u> |
| Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 434,064 | \$ 442,525 | \$ 492,129 | \$ 456,253 | \$ 499,015 | \$ 480,067 | \$ 486,669 | \$ 499,374 | \$ 432,994 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 3,589 | 511 | - | - | 275,000 | 48,750 | 1,250 | - | - |
| Sewer | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | 627,851 | 661,214 | 659,169 | 828,198 | 759,485 | 821,304 | 802,224 | 827,531 | 684,794 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 636 | - | 246,871 | 220,475 | 15,000 | - | 69,187 | 403,465 | 84,510 |
| General Business-type Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Use of money and property | 4,840 | 13,557 | 20,590 | 41,550 | 36,548 | 56,103 | 74,146 | 21,042 | 22,479 |
| Miscellaneous | 29,543 | 53,153 | 110,516 | 19,369 | 29,067 | 38,892 | 47,521 | 63,115 | 65,755 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets | | 577 | 134 | - | (4,190) | (1,517) | - | - | - |
| Transfers | | (50,000) | 50,000 | 1,150 | | | (89,801) | | |
| Total business-type | | | | | | | | | |
| activities revenues | <u>\$ 1,101,100</u> | <u>\$ 1,121,094</u> | <u>\$ 1,579,275</u> | <u>\$ 1,562,805</u> | <u>\$ 1,612,598</u> | <u>\$ 1,445,116</u> | <u>\$ 1,391,196</u> | <u>\$ 1,814,527</u> | <u>\$ 1,290,532</u> |

¹ Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.

Expenses by Function

Last Nine Fiscal Years¹

Governmental Activities

| Fiscal <u>Year</u> | ~ | Jeneral vernment | Public Safety | Public Works | | - | Community Development | | Interest on Long-term Debt | | Other | Total |
|-----------------------|----|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------|----|--------------------------|----|----------------------------------|----|---------|-----------------|
| 2005 | \$ | 319,300 | \$ 737,394 | \$ | 653,597 | \$ | 96,208 | \$ | 23,093 | \$ | 101,547 | \$ 1,931,139 |
| 2006 | | 328,740 | 779,039 | | 584,537 | | 142,955 | | 21,503 | | 15,234 | 1,872,008 |
| 2007 | | 352,284 | 817,209 | | 619,046 | | 195,064 | | 19,864 | | 34,061 | 2,037,528 |
| 2008 | | 361,530 | 829,491 | | 634,583 | | 367,439 | | 18,200 | | 85,926 | 2,297,169 |
| 2009 | | 375,016 | 874,222 | | 653,526 | | 121,117 | | 22,496 | | 69,063 | 2,115,440 |
| 2010 | | 403,329 | 924,227 | | 704,297 | | 148,363 | | 24,347 | | 26,578 | 2,231,141 |
| 2011 | | 383,544 | 891,421 | | 666,183 | | 133,299 | | 19,834 | | 32,961 | 2,127,242 |
| 2012 | | 498,977 | 1,053,610 | | 660,234 | | 105,485 | | 23,316 | | 53,460 | 2,395,082 |
| 2013 | | 379,778 | 1,051,032 | | 713,735 | | 124,637 | | 27,952 | | 70,734 | 2,367,868 |

Business-type Activities

| Fiscal <u>Year</u> | Water | | | Total |
|-----------------------|---------------|----|-----------|-----------------|
| 2005 | \$ 527,989 | \$ | 977,797 | \$ 1,505,786 |
| 2006 | 505,164 | | 901,505 | 1,406,669 |
| 2007 | 548,564 | | 891,347 | 1,439,911 |
| 2008 | 500,547 | | 896,107 | 1,396,654 |
| 2009 | 525,368 | | 898,358 | 1,423,726 |
| 2010 | 706,820 | | 1,011,621 | 1,718,441 |
| 2011 | 640,918 | | 1,004,831 | 1,645,749 |
| 2012 | 571,629 | | 985,846 | 1,557,475 |
| 2013 | 559,511 | | 994,713 | 1,554,224 |

1 Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.

Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property and Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Assessed Valuation

| | | | | Public | Utility | Supplements/ | |
|-------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|
| Fiscal | Real | Personal | Machinery | Real | Personal | Abatements/ | |
| <u>Year</u> | Estate | Property | and Tools | Estate | Property | Exemptions | Total |
| 2004 | \$ 105,207,889 | \$ 21,119,375 | \$ 29,706,850 | \$ 6,417,872 | \$ 18,700 | \$ - | \$ 162,470,686 |
| 2005 | 141,685,200 | 20,594,015 | 25,549,348 | 12,687,171 | 25,262 | (585,807) | 199,955,189 |
| 2006 | 142,839,700 | 20,241,180 | 23,104,060 | 11,740,823 | 16,346 | (654,623) | 197,287,486 |
| 2007 | 144,563,200 | 20,317,179 | 13,419,325 | 9,422,584 | - | (968,600) | 186,753,688 |
| 2008 | 145,258,500 | 20,592,155 | 12,347,300 | 9,185,501 | - | (842,678) | 186,540,778 |
| 2009 | 178,476,300 | 23,079,670 | 11,535,210 | 10,805,994 | - | (770,560) | 223,126,614 |
| 2010 | 180,090,666 | 27,993,675 | 10,291,190 | 10,325,571 | - | (733,629) | 227,967,473 |
| 2011 | 180,566,500 | 26,956,320 | 9,317,500 | 9,529,213 | - | (625,413) | 225,744,120 |
| 2012 | 181,942,500 | 23,827,370 | 10,251,670 | 14,449,401 | | (1,158,789) | 229,312,152 |
| 2013 | 225,995,700 | 25,949,900 | 9,309,765 | 10,552,720 | 24,836 | (1,578,631) | 270,254,290 |

Source: Carroll County, Virginia Commissioner of Revenue

Property Tax Rates (per \$100 assessed value)

| | | | | | | | | Public | Utility | |
|--------|----|-------|----------|----------|--------|-----|------|--------|----------|---------|
| Fiscal | | Real | | Personal | | ery | Real | | Personal | |
| Year | E | state | <u> </u> | operty | and To | ols | | Estate | P | roperty |
| 2004 | \$ | .23 | \$ | .70 | \$ | .70 | \$ | .23 | \$ | .70 |
| 2005 | | .20 | | .70 | | .70 | | .20 | | .70 |
| 2006 | | .20 | | .70 | | .70 | | .20 | | .70 |
| 2007 | | .22 | | .72 | | .72 | | .22 | | .72 |
| 2008 | | .22 | | .72 | | .72 | | .22 | | .72 |
| 2009 | | .18 | | .72 | | .72 | | .18 | | .72 |
| 2010 | | .18 | | .72 | | .72 | | .18 | | .72 |
| 2011 | | .18 | | .72 | | .72 | | .18 | | .72 |
| 2012 | | .18 | | .72 | | .72 | | .18 | | .72 |
| 2013 | | .18 | | .72 | | .72 | | .18 | | .72 |

Schedule 8

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Nine Fiscal Years¹

| | | Taxes Levied | | Collected the Fiscal of the L | Year | Co | llections | | Total Collection | ons to Date | | |
|--------|----|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|---------------|------------------|----|--------------------|-------------|---------------|--|
| Fiscal | f | | for the Fiscal | | | Percent of | in Subsequent | | | | Percent of | |
| Year | | Year | A | amount ² | Levy | | Years | Α | mount ² | Levy | | |
| 2005 | \$ | 669,560 | \$ | 653,946 | 97.67% | \$ | 11,996 | \$ | 665,942 | 99.46% | | |
| 2006 | | 608,431 | | 595,080 | 97.80 | | 10,221 | | 605,301 | 99.49 | | |
| 2007 | | 574,415 | | 558,702 | 97.26 | | 13,375 | | 572,077 | 99.59 | | |
| 2008 | | 571,355 | | 560,103 | 98.03 | | 8,524 | | 568,627 | 99.52 | | |
| 2009 | | 586,016 | | 573,313 | 97.83 | | 9,220 | | 582,533 | 99.41 | | |
| 2010 | | 614,436 | | 599,261 | 97.53 | | 9,950 | | 609,211 | 99.15 | | |
| 2011 | | 600,035 | | 582,719 | 97.11 | | 9,063 | | 591,782 | 98.62 | | |
| 2012 | | 594,107 | | 579,967 | 97.62 | | 6,768 | | 586,735 | 98.76 | | |
| 2013 | | 674,452 | | 653,541 | 96.90 | | n/a | | 653,541 | 96.90 | | |

1 Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.

2 Exclusive of penalties and interest.

Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Nine Fiscal Years¹

| | | I | Percentage | | | | | |
|----------------|----|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|----|--------------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | _ | General Obligation Bonds | Installment Notes | | ebt Total | | | of Actual Property Value |
| 2005 | \$ | 216,940 | \$ | 370,700 | \$ | 587,640 | | 0.29% |
| 2006 | | 195,641 | | 347,353 | | 542,994 | | 0.28 |
| 2007 | | 173,641 | | 323,060 | | 496,701 | | 0.27 |
| 2008 | | 150,941 | | 297,814 | | 448,755 | | 0.24 |
| 2009 | | 312,555 | | 271,508 | | 584,063 | | 0.26 |
| 2010 | | 281,578 | | 244,084 | | 525,662 | | 0.23 |
| 2011 | | 249,527 | | 215,646 | | 465,173 | | 0.21 |
| 2012 | | 163,851 | | 807,277 | | 971,128 | | 0.42 |
| 2013 | | 156,219 | | 729,897 | | 886,116 | | 0.33 |
| | | B | usine | ess-type Activiti | ies | | | Total |
| Fiscal | | Water | | Sewer | | | | Primary |
| Year | | Bonds | | Bonds | | Total | G | overnment |
| 2005 | \$ | 312,022 | \$ | 6,462,096 | \$ | 6,774,118 | \$ | 7,361,758 |
| 2006 | | 293,238 | | 6,260,427 | | 6,553,665 | | 7,096,659 |
| 2007 | | 272,787 | | 6,107,666 | | 6,380,453 | | 6,877,154 |
| 2008 | | 252,312 | | 5,950,297 | | 6,202,609 | | 6,651,364 |
| 2009 | | 1,190,095 | | 5,784,897 | | 6,974,992 | | 7,559,055 |
| 2010 | | 1,449,610 | | 5,611,291 | | 7,060,901 | | 7,586,563 |
| 2011 | | 1,381,943 | | 5,429,569 | | 6,811,512 | | 7,276,685 |
| 2012 | | 1,352,925 | | 5,500,212 | | 6,853,137 | | 7,824,265 |
| 2013 | | 1,310,404 | | 5,478,562 | | 6,788,966 | | 7,675,082 |

1 Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Nine Fiscal Years¹

| | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Debt limit ² Amount of debt applicable | \$ 23,654,842 | \$ 19,639,190 | \$ 19,009,571 | \$ 19,041,624 \$ | \$ 18,928,229 \$ | 15,444,400 \$ | 15,398,578 \$ | 15,458,052 \$ | 15,437,237 |
| to limit Legal debt margin | 7,675,082 \$15,979,760 | 7,824,265 \$11,814,925 | 7,276,685 \$11,732,886 | 7,586,563 \$ 11,455,061 | 7,559,055 \$ 11,369,174 \$ | 6,651,364 8,793,036 \$ | 6,877,154 8,521,424 \$ | 7,096,659 8,361,393 \$ | 7,361,758 8,075,479 |
| Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit | 32% | 40% | 38% | 40% | 40% | 43% | 45% | 46% | 48% |

1 Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.

2 10% of real estate assessed value.

Population, Personal Income and Unemployment Rate

Latest Available Information¹

| Year | Population | Household Median Income ² | | | Per Capita Personal Income ² | Unemployment Rate | |
|------|------------|--|--------|----|---|----------------------|--|
| 2007 | 2,849 | \$ | 27,148 | \$ | 16,663 | 6.6% | |
| 2010 | 2,622 | | 34,240 | | 17,942 | 10.9% | |
| 2011 | 2,681 | | n/a | | n/a | 10.6% | |
| 2012 | 2,704 | | 40,213 | | 17,823 | 8.6% | |
| 2013 | 2,709 | | 30,922 | | 18,070 | 8.4% | |

1

Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.

Unemployment rate and income is for Carroll County, Virginia which includes the Town of Hillsville, Virginia. The unemployment rate and income for the Town of Hillsville, Virginia was not readily available.

Principal Employers *Current Year*

| Employer | Employees | Rank |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------|
| Bucyrus Caterpillar | 100-299 | 1 |
| Mt. Rogers Ind. & Dev. Center | 100-299 | 2 |
| Magnolia Manufacturing Co. | 200 | 3 |
| Barker MicroFarads | 100-199 | 4 |
| Mohawk Industries | 108 | 5 |
| APAC-Virginia | 20-49 | 6 |
| Salem Stone Corporation | 20-49 | 7 |
| Turman Sawmill | 20-49 | 8 |
| F&M Construction | 20-49 | 9 |
| Goad Lumber Company | 1-19 | 10 |
| Blue Ridge Concrete | 1-10 | 11 |

Full-time Equivalent Government Employees by Function

Last Eight Years¹

| | Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30, | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 | | | |
| General government | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Management | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Finance | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | |
| Building | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Officers | 12 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | | | |
| Civilians | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Refuse collection | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | |
| Other public works | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | | | |
| Water | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | | | |
| Wastewater | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | | | |

1 Data is not readily available for years prior to the adoption of SGAS No. 34 and 44.