

#### Annual Financial Report

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

# COUNTY OF AMELIA, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



#### **Board of Supervisors**

#### Franklin D. Harris, Chairperson

Judy M. Jones Ralph A. Whitaker, Jr. Ellsworth J. Bennett, Vice Chairperson Carroll E. Barnard

#### **Department of Social Services**

Maude B. Scott, Chairperson

Debra Adams Carroll E. Barnard A. Taylor Harvie, III

Rebecca Morris, Vice Chairperson Marjorie Washington

#### **County School Board**

Kevin Delaney, Sr., Chairperson

Jim Ferrara, Vice Chairperson Ann B. Salster Glen Wilkerson Catherine N. Wilkinson

#### Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Marilyn L. Wilson
Commonwealth's Attorney	Lee R. Harrison
Commissioner of the Revenue	Joyce P. Morris
Treasurer	Pamela H. Conyers
Sheriff	Rick L. Walker
Director of Social Services	Martha A. Pullen
County Administrator	A. Taylor Harvie, III
Judge of the General District Court	Mayo K. Gravatt
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Valentine W. Southall, Jr.
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Jack McKinley



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#### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Amelia Amelia, Virginia

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Amelia, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Amelia, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - and Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-10, 81, and 82-87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of Amelia, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

#### Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2015, on our consideration of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia December 4, 2015

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#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of Amelia County County of Amelia, Virginia

As management of the County of Amelia, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Financial Highlights

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

< The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$19,316,347 (net position).

#### Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported expenditures and other financing uses in excess of revenues and other sources of \$467,223 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$4,719,330 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$9,621,919, a decrease of \$467,223 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,346,521, or 43% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The combined long-term obligations decreased \$1,624,511 during the current fiscal year.

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#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements,
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's nets position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of Amelia, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate school district and Industrial development authority for which the County of Amelia, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of Amelia Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has two major governmental funds - the General Fund and the County Capital Projects Fund.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Sanitary District Fund provides a centralized source for water / sewer services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and schedules of pension and OPEB funding and presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board and statements for the component unit - Industrial Development Authority. The School Board and Industrial Development Authority do not issue separate financial statements.

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#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,316,347 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

County of Amelia, Virginia's Net Position

		Governmer	ntal <i>i</i>	Activities		Business-ty	/pe	Activities		To	tals	S
	_	2015		2014	_	2015	_	2014		2015		2014
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	11,433,997 11,841,717	\$	11,801,476 12,297,027	\$_	66,733 6,411,485	\$ _	42,666 6,418,335	\$	11,500,730 \$ 18,253,202	; _	11,844,142 18,715,362
Total assets	\$_	23,275,714	\$_	24,098,503	\$_	6,478,218	\$_	6,461,001	\$	29,753,932 \$	;	30,559,504
Deferred outflows of resources												
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	393,045	\$_	-	\$_	9,954	\$	-	\$	402,999 \$		-
Current liabilities	\$	1,293,346	\$	1,124,134	\$	12,238	\$	17,241	\$	1,305,584 \$	)	1,141,375
Long-term liabilities outstanding	_	6,420,496		5,916,915		2,336,939	_	2,471,502		8,757,435		8,388,417
Total liabilities	\$	7,713,842	\$_	7,041,049	\$_	2,349,177	\$_	2,488,743	\$	10,063,019 \$	i _	9,529,792
Deferred inflows of resources												
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	14,632	Ċ	9,043	Ċ		\$	_	\$	14,632 \$		9,043
Items related to measurement of	J	14,032	Ş	7,043	۲	-	Ļ	-	ڔ	14,032 \$	)	7,043
net pension liability/asset	_	743,783		-		19,150	_	-		762,933	_	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	758,415		9,043	. <u>-</u>	19,150	_	-		777,565		9,043
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	\$	7,611,308	\$	7,717,637	\$	4,111,272	\$	3,958,251	\$	11,722,580 \$		11,675,888
Landfill		950,688		947,581		-		-		950,688		947,581
Cash proffers		386,032		372,205		-		-		386,032		372,205
Indoor plumbing		46,051		37,924		-		-		46,051		37,924
Asset forfeiture		47,090		66,285		-		-		47,090		66,285
Courthouse security		66,882		69,160		-		-		66,882		69,160
Unrestricted		6,088,451		7,837,619		8,573	_	14,007		6,097,024	_	7,851,626
Total net position	\$	15,196,502	\$	17,048,411	\$	4,119,845	\$	3,972,258	\$	19,316,347 \$		21,020,669

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

Governmental and business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$195,079 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

County of Amelia, Virginia's Changes in Net Position
--

		Governmental	Activities		Business-ty	pe /	Activities		Tot	als
		2015	2014		2015		2014		2015	2014
Revenues:						_		•		
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$	1,268,642 \$	1,292,439	\$	383,715	\$	369,072	\$	1,652,357 \$	1,661,511
Operating grants and										
contributions		3,008,010	2,838,861		-		-		3,008,010	2,838,861
Capital grants and										
contributions		-	-		191,780		103,938		191,780	103,938
General revenues:										
General property taxes		7,497,455	7,052,795		-		-		7,497,455	7,052,795
Other local taxes		1,677,527	1,567,240		-		-		1,677,527	1,567,240
Grants and other contri-										
butions not restricted		1,361,766	1,389,791		-		-		1,361,766	1,389,791
Other general revenues		157,817	296,034		-		-		157,817	296,034
Transfers	_	(401,627)	(295,257)	_	401,627		295,257		-	-
Total revenues	\$	14,569,590 \$	14,141,903	\$_	977,122	\$	768,267	\$	15,546,712 \$	14,910,170
Expenses:										
General government										
administration	\$	1,518,593 \$	1,593,468	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,518,593 \$	1,593,468
Judicial administration		752,482	776,237		-		-		752,482	776,237
Public safety		3,275,948	3,445,649		-		-		3,275,948	3,445,649
Public works		1,201,005	1,170,623		791,653		630,756		1,992,658	1,801,379
Health and welfare		1,642,741	1,670,608		-		-		1,642,741	1,670,608
Education		5,317,680	5,385,673		-		-		5,317,680	5,385,673
Parks, recreation, and										
cultural		577,018	591,491		-		-		577,018	591,491
Community development		444,668	594,582		-		-		444,668	594,582
Interest and other fiscal										
charges	_	220,003	223,135	_	-		-		220,003	223,135
Total expenses	\$	14,950,138 \$	15,451,466	\$_	791,653	\$_	630,756	\$	15,741,791 \$	16,082,222
Change in net position	\$	(380,548) \$	(1,309,563)	\$	185,469	\$	137,511	\$	(195,079) \$	(1,172,052)
Beginning of year		15,577,050	18,357,974		3,934,376		3,834,747		19,511,426	22,192,721
End of year	\$	15,196,502 \$	17,048,411	\$	4,119,845	\$	3,972,258	\$	19,316,347 \$	21,020,669

Because prior year information related to pensions was not available, the 2014 numbers have not been restated to reflect GASB 68 calculations. Therefore, beginning net position for 2015 as displayed above does not agree to ending net position for 2014.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$9,621,919, a decrease of \$467,223 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 66% of the reported fund balance constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year was \$8,573. The total increase in net position was \$185,469. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, revenues and other financing sources of the General Fund were greater than budgetary estimates by \$323,214. Expenditures and other financing uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$1,729,128, resulting in a positive variance of \$2,052,342.

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2015 was \$11,841,717 and its investment in capital assets for its proprietary operations was \$6,411,485 (both net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u> - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt outstanding of \$6,364,657. Of this amount, \$4,064,444 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue and lease/revenue bonds).

The County's bonded debt decreased by \$493,764 during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the County of Amelia, Virginia's long-term debt can be found in the notes of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

< Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2016 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2016 budget decreased by approximately 1.3%. All tax rates remained the same as in 2015.

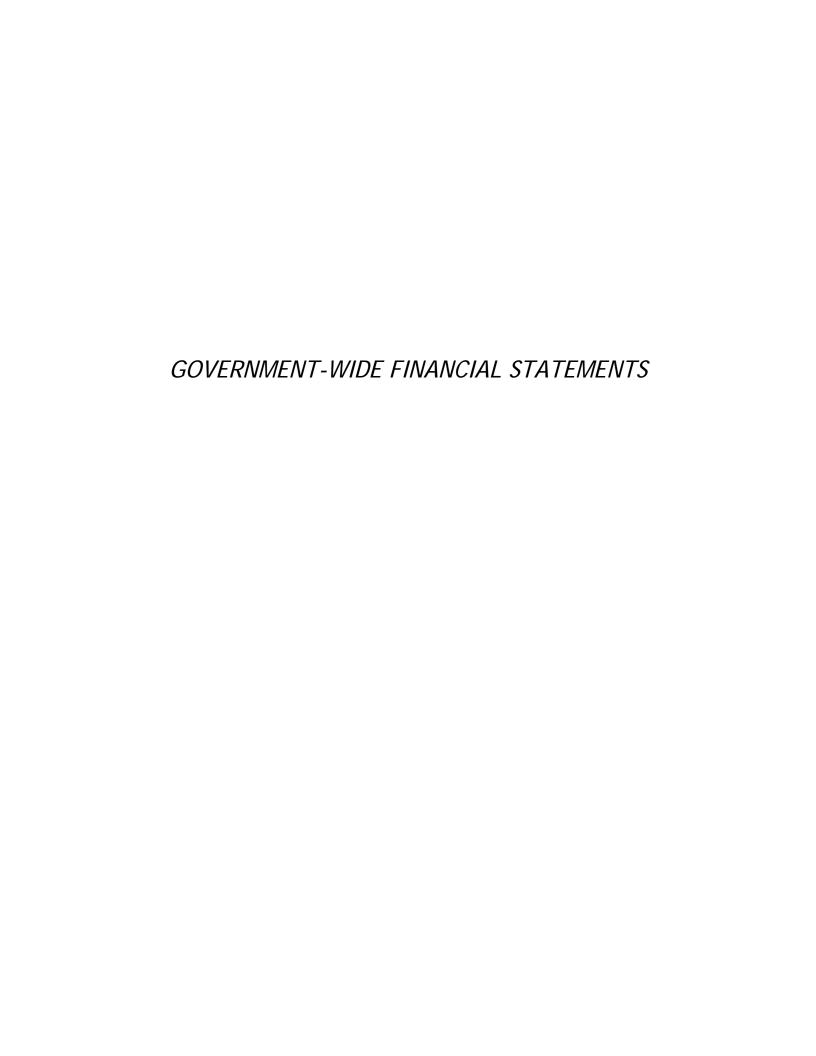
#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of Amelia, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, P.O. Box A, Amelia, Virginia 23002.











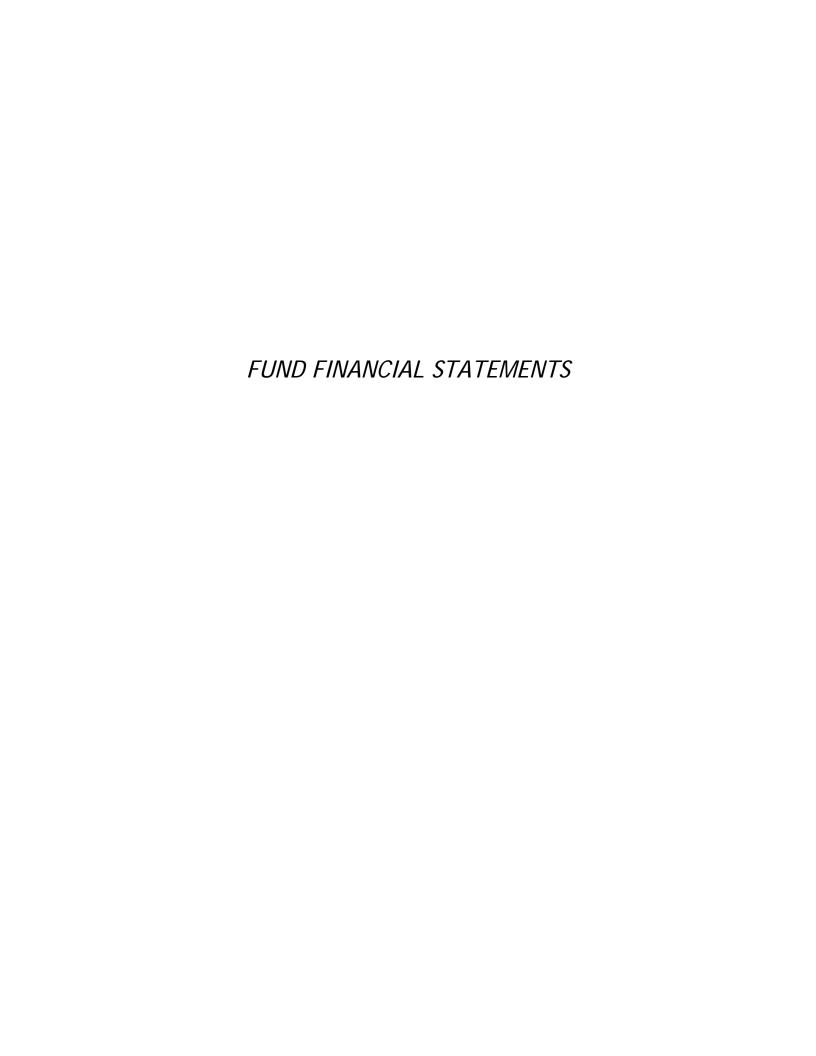
County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

		Р	rima	ry Governme	nt					
	Go	vernmental		usiness-type			-	Compone	nt Uı	nits
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>S</u>	chool Board		<u>IDA</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,942,646	Ś	-	\$	4,942,646	Ś	257,677	Ś	
Investments	•	1,951,064	•	-	•	1,951,064	•	-	•	7,316
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		, ,				,,				,
Taxes receivable		726,737		-		726,737		-		_
Accounts receivable		97,538		66,733		164,271		-		_
Interest receivable		79		-		79		-		3
Due from other governmental units		488,559		-		488,559		1,790,569		-
Certificate of deposit		2,276,686		-		2,276,686		-		-
Restricted assets:										
Temporarily restricted:										
Landfill funds held with trustee		950,688		-		950,688		-		-
Net pension asset		-		-		-		15,643		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								,		
Land and land improvements		2,096,507		29,463		2,125,970		367,715		25,020
Buildings and improvements		7,895,993		-		7,895,993		6,855,258		-
Utility plant in service		-		6,325,501		6,325,501		-		-
Machinery and equipment		1,798,849		56,521		1,855,370		1,275,254		-
Construction in progress		50,368		-		50,368		-		-
Total assets	\$	23,275,714	\$	6,478,218	\$	29,753,932	\$	10,562,116	\$	32,339
	===									
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension contributions subsequent to										
measurement date	¢	393,045	ć	9,954	\$	402,999	\$	1,224,579	\$	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	393,045	Ś	9,954	Ś	402,999	\$	1,224,579	Ś	<del></del>
Total deferred outflows of resources		373,043	ڔ	7,734	ڔ	402,777	ڔ	1,224,377	٠,	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	25,517	\$	1,380	\$	26,897	\$	210,088	\$	-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		1,685,724		-
Accrued interest payable		88,601		10,858		99,459		-		-
Due to other governmental units		1,179,228		-		1,179,228		-		-
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		364,647		147,802		512,449		54,452		-
Due in more than one year		6,055,849		2,189,137		8,244,986		15,978,715		-
Total liabilities	\$	7,713,842	\$	2,349,177	\$	10,063,019	\$	17,928,979	\$	-
DEFENDED INC. ON OF DESCRIPTION										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		44 (22	,		,	44.622	,			
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	14,632	\$	-	\$	14,632	\$	-	\$	-
Items related to measurement of net										
pension liability/asset		743,783	_	19,150	_	762,933	_	2,140,817		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	758,415	\$	19,150	\$	777,565	\$	2,140,817	\$	
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,611,308	ċ	4,111,272	ċ	11,722,580	ċ	8,133,519	ċ	
·	Ş	7,011,306	Ş	4,111,272	Ş	11,722,360	Ş	0,133,319	Ş	-
Restricted:		050 499				050 499				
Landfill funds held by trustees		950,688		-		950,688		-		-
Cash proffers		386,032		-		386,032		-		-
Indoor plumbing		46,051		-		46,051		-		-
Asset forfeiture		47,090		-		47,090		-		-
Courthouse security fund		66,882		0.570		66,882		- (4/, 44/, /22)		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		6,088,451	,	8,573	_	6,097,024	_	(16,416,620)	<u>,                                      </u>	32,339
Total net position	\$	15,196,502	\$	4,119,845	\$	19,316,347	\$	(8,283,101)	>	32,339

County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		_	Program Revenues	S		Net (Exp Chang	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	and on	
	•		Operating	Capital	Pri	Primary Government		Component Units	its
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for <u>Services</u>	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	School Board	IDA
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:									
General government administration	\$ 1,518,593	•	\$ 213,827	•	\$ (1,304,766)	\$	(1,304,766)		
Judicial administration	752,482	201,044	425,823	•	(125,615)		(125,615)		
Public safety	3,275,948	168,807	1,069,234	•	(2,037,907)		(2,037,907)		
Public works	1,201,005	790,518	•	•	(410,487)		(410,487)		
Health and welfare	1,642,741	•	1,182,542	•	(460,199)		(460,199)		
Education	5,317,680	•	•	•	(5,317,680)		(5,317,680)		
Parks, recreation, and cultural	577,018	108,223	50,912	•	(417,883)		(417,883)		
Community development	444,668	20	6,357		(438,261)		(438,261)		
Interest on long-term debt	220,003	•	59,315	•	(160,688)		(160,688)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 14,950,138	\$ 1,268,642	\$ 3,008,010	\$	\$ (10,673,486)	\s	(10,673,486)		
Business-type activities:	\$ 791.653	383 715		\$ 191 780		\$ (216.158) \$	(216 158)		
Total hisiness-type activities		383			.   -	(216,158)	(216,158)		
Total primary government	\$ 15,741,791	1,652	\$ 3,008,010		1	(=:0,:00)	(10,889,644)		
COMBONIENT HMITE.									
School Board	\$ 17.567.374	\$ 797,775	\$ 11.838.793					\$ (5.431.356) \$	,
Industrial Development Authority		i						(((-)	(16.273)
Total component units	\$ 17,583,647	\$ 297,225	\$ 11,838,793	\$			1	\$ (5,431,356) \$	(16,273)
							II		
	General revenues:								
	General property taxes	y taxes			\$ 7,497,455	\$ .	7,497,455	\$ -	
	Other local taxes:	S:							
	Local sales and use taxes	d use taxes			709,240	•	709,240		
	Consumers' utility taxes	lity taxes			225,874		225,874		
	Motor vehicle licenses	licenses			349,449		349,449		
	Business license taxes	e taxes			186,332	•	186,332	•	•
	Other local taxes	(es			206,632		206,632		
	Unrestricted rev	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	money and proper	ıţ	47,228		47,228	1,605	27
	Miscellaneous				110,589	•	110,589	348,703	
	Payments from Amelia County	Amelia County			•	•	•	5,053,223	
	Grants and contributions not		restricted to specific programs	ograms	1,361,766	•	1,361,766		
	Transfers				(401,627)	401,627	•	•	•
	Total general rev	Total general revenues and transfers	Ş			\$ 401,627 \$	10,694,565	\$ 5,403,531 \$	27
	Change in net position	ition			_	\$ 185,469 \$	_	\$ (27,825) \$	(16,246)
	Net position - begi	Net position - beginning, as restated			15,577,050	3,934,376		(8,255,276)	48,585
	Net position - ending	ing			\$ 15,196,502	\$ 4,119,845 \$	19,316,347	\$ (8,283,101) \$	32,339

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.





#### County of Amelia, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

		<u>General</u>		County Capital <u>Projects</u>	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,185,721	\$	250,122	\$	506,803	\$	4,942,646
Investments		2,718,210		1,439,161		70,379		4,227,750
Interest receivable		-		38		41		79
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		726,737				-		726,737
Accounts receivable		39,372		57,172		994		97,538
Due from other governmental units		488,559		-		-		488,559
Restricted assets:								
Temporarily restricted:		050 (00						050 (00
Landfill funds held with trustee	_	950,688	_	- 4 747 402			<u>,                                     </u>	950,688
Total assets	<u> </u>	9,109,287	\$	1,746,493	\$	578,217	\$	11,433,997
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	25,517	\$	_	\$	_	\$	25,517
Due to other governmental units	·	1,179,228	·	_		_	•	1,179,228
Total liabilities	\$	1,204,745	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,204,745
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	607,333	\$	-	\$	-	\$	607,333
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	607,333	\$	-	\$	-	\$	607,333
Fund balances:								
Restricted	\$	950,688	\$	_	\$	546,055	\$	1,496,743
Committed	ڔ	730,000	ڔ	1,746,493	ڔ	32,162	ڔ	1,778,655
Unassigned		6,346,521		1,740,473		32,102		6,346,521
Total fund balances	\$	7,297,209	Ś	1,746,493	\$	578,217	Ś	9,621,919
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources	٠	1,271,209	ڔ	1,740,473	ڔ	370,217	ڔ	7,021,717
and fund balances	\$	9,109,287	\$	1,746,493	\$	578,217	\$	11,433,997

## County of Amelia, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different	beca	use:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	9,621,919
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Capital assets, cost Accumulated depreciation	\$	21,968,487 (10,126,770)		11,841,717
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	592,701		
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	·	(743,783)		(151,082)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				393,045
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:				
General obligation bonds	\$	(4,064,444)		
Bond issuance premium		(165,965)		
Landfill post closure liability		(1,000,000)		
Accrued interest payable		(88,601)		
Net pension liability		(922,144)		
Compensated absences		(267,943)		(6,509,097)
Net position of governmental activities		-	Ś	15,196,502
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_	•	-, -, -,

### County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES		<u>General</u>		County Capital Projects	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	7,568,465	\$	_	\$		\$	7,568,465
Other local taxes	Ţ	1,677,527	٠	_	,	_	٠	1,677,527
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		126,237		_		_		126,237
Fines and forfeitures		183,743		_		_		183,743
Revenue from the use of money and property		46,360		367		501		47,228
Charges for services		325,917		591,800		40,945		958,662
Miscellaneous		82,742		-		27,847		110,589
Recovered costs		121,771		1,190				122,961
Intergovernmental:		,		.,				,
Commonwealth		3,595,930		-		5,162		3,601,092
Federal		767,969		-		715		768,684
Total revenues	\$	14,496,661	\$	593,357	\$	75,170	\$	15,165,188
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	1,432,482	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,432,482
Judicial administration	7	706,901	7	_	7	_	7	706,901
Public safety		3,150,170		_		3,201		3,153,371
Public works		935,226		_		3,201		935,226
Health and welfare		1,798,811		_		_		1,798,811
Education		4,724,136		-		_		4,724,136
Parks, recreation, and cultural		567,652		-		_		567,652
Community development		223,118		-		_		223,118
Capital projects		30,609		1,093,541		_		1,124,150
Debt service:		,		, ,				, ,
Principal retirement		333,893		-		-		333,893
Interest and other fiscal charges		231,044		-		-		231,044
Total expenditures	\$	14,134,042	\$	1,093,541	\$	3,201	\$	15,230,784
Excess (deficiency) of revenues ever								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	362,619	\$	(500,184)	Ċ	71,969	\$	(65,596)
(under) experiorcures		302,019	٠	(300, 104)	٠	71,707	ڔ	(03,370)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	70,715	\$	62,136	\$	-	\$	132,851
Transfers out		(463,763)		-		(70,715)		(534,478)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(393,048)	\$	62,136	\$	(70,715)	\$	(401,627)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(30,429)	ς	(438,048)	ς	1,254	ς	(467,223)
Fund balances - beginning	4	7,327,638	Ţ	2,184,541	¥	576,963	¥	10,089,142
Fund balances - beginning  Fund balances - ending	\$	7,327,030	\$	1,746,493	5	578,217	\$	9,621,919
rana batanees chaing		1,271,207	۲	1,170,773	۲	310,417	۲	7,041,717

# County of Amelia, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	Ş	(467,223)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Capital asset additions	\$ 468,083	
Depreciation expense	(792,837)	
Activity related to joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Primary Government	 (130,556)	(455,310)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	\$ (71,010)	
Decrease (increase) in items related to measurement of net pension liability	 (743,783)	(814,793)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Principal retirement on school general obligation bonds		333,893
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:		
Bond issuance premium amortization	\$ 15,088	
Decrease (increase) in compensated absences	(6,043)	
Decrease (increase) in net OPEB obligation	75,625	
Decrease (increase) in net pension liability	1,021,347	
Decrease (increase) in deferred outflows related to pension payments subsequent to the measurement date	(79,085)	
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable	 (4,047)	1,022,885
Change in net position of governmental activities	-	(380,548)

#### County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund	
		Sanitary <u>District</u>
		DISTITICE
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	\$	66,733
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Land and land improvements	\$	29,463
Utility plant in service		9,442,539
Machinery and equipment		310,303
Accumulated depreciation		(3,370,820)
Total capital assets	\$	6,411,485
Total noncurrent assets	\$	6,411,485
Total assets	\$	6,478,218
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	9,954
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	9,954
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	1,380
Accrued interest payable		10,858
Bonds payable - current portion		146,504
Compensated absences - current portion		1,298
Total current liabilities	\$	160,040
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	2,153,709
Net pension liability		23,743
Compensated absences - net of current portion		11,685
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,189,137
Total liabilities	\$	2,349,177
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$	19,150
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,150
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,111,272
Unrestricted	_	8,573
Total net position	\$	4,119,845

### County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Enterprise Fund Sanitary District	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Water and sewer revenues	\$	366,902
Penalties		12,813
Total operating revenues	\$	379,715
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Water	\$	87,774
Sewer		439,314
Depreciation		198,631
Total operating expenses	\$	725,719
Operating income (loss)	\$	(346,004)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Connection fees	\$	4,000
Interest expense		(65,934)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(61,934)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	\$	(407,938)
Capital contributions and construction grants	\$	191,780
Transfers in		401,627
Change in net position	\$	185,469
Total net position - beginning, as restated		3,934,376
Total net position - ending	\$	4,119,845

# County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		nterprise Fund Sanitary
		<u>District</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	355,648
Payments to suppliers		(418,766)
Payments to employees		(116,022)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(179,140)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING		
ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	\$	401,627
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing		
activities	\$	401,627
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital asset additions	\$	(191,781)
Principal payments on bonds		(159,871)
Capital contributions		191,780
Connection fees		4,000
Interest payments		(66,615)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(222,487)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		-
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	-
December 1954 in the control of the		_
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:	ċ	(246,004)
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	(346,004)
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$	198,631
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	Ţ	(24,067)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		2,202
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(4,322)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		1,565
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(26,295)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		19,150
Total adjustments	\$	166,864
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(179,140)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	l Pur	Agency <u>Funds</u>		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,053	\$ 45,669	
Investments		237,190	-	
Receivables:				
Interest and dividends		174	-	
Total assets	\$	248,417	\$ 45,669	
LIABILITIES				
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	-	\$ 12,794	
Performance bonds		-	22,698	
Amounts held for others		-	10,177	
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ 45,669	
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for scholarships	\$	248,417	\$ -	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

ADDITIONS	ite Purpose ust Funds
Contributions:	
Private donations	\$ 10,195
Total contributions	\$ 10,195
Investment earnings:	
Interest	\$ 3,508
Total investment earnings	\$ 3,508
Total additions	\$ 13,703
DEDUCTIONS	
Scholarships	\$ 8,819
Total deductions	\$ 8,819
Change in net position	\$ 4,884
Net position - beginning	243,533
Net position - ending	\$ 248,417

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



## Notes to Financial Statements As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

County of Amelia, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of County of Amelia, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

## Financial Statement Presentation

GASB Statement No. 34 establishes requirements and a reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The Statement was developed to make annual reports easier to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions.

<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u> - GASB Statement No. 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A).

## Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including a requirement to report the government's original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Amelia (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2015.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Amelia County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

The Industrial Development Authority of Amelia County is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Industrial Development Authority does not issue a separate report.

## C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

## 1. Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund as major governmental funds.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The County reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The County Special Revenue Fund reports the operations of the proffers, IPR program, Courthouse security, Amelia County clean-up program, special library and forfeited assets funds transactions.

2. <u>Proprietary Funds</u> - account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The County's Enterprise Funds consist of the Sanitary District.

3. Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Agency Funds) - account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's Agency Funds include amounts held for others in fiduciary capacity, which include the special welfare, performance bond and A.M. radio partners funds. The County's Private Purpose Trust Funds include the following funds: Harris Scholarship, Wright Scholarship, Arnold Scholarship, Black Scholarship and N.S. Montague Scholarship.

## E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

#### F. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost. Certificates of deposit and short-term repurchase agreements are reported in the accompanying financial statements as cash and cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements.

## G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$311,610 at June 30, 2015 and is comprised of \$295,356 for property taxes and \$16,254 related to proprietary revenue.

## Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County and Component Unit School Board as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded as estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There is no capitalized interest for the year June 30, 2015.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	40
Furniture, Vehicles, and Office Equipment	5-20
Buses	10

Property, plant and equipment of the Enterprise Fund are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Sewer System	50
Sewage Treatment Plant	25
Machinery and Equipment	3-5

## I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## K. Fund Equity

The County reports fund balances in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## K. Fund Equity (Continued)

Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

				Major Capital Project Fund	Non-Major Special Revenue Fund		
				County	County	-	
		General		Capital	Special Revenue		
		Fund	_	Projects Fund	Fund		Total
Fund Balances:	•		_' '			_	_
Restricted:							
Cash Proffers	\$	-	\$	- \$	386,032	\$	386,032
Indoor Plumbing		-		-	46,051		46,051
Asset forfeiture		-		-	47,090		47,090
Courthouse security fund		-		-	66,882		66,882
Landfill funds held by trustees		950,688		-	-		950,688
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	950,688	\$	- \$	546,055	\$	1,496,743
Committed:							
Capital Improvements	\$	-	\$	1,740,912 \$	-	\$	1,740,912
Special Library		-		-	26,589		26,589
Amelia County Clean-up Program		-		-	5,573		5,573
Hindle Building Bell Fund		-		5,581	-		5,581
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	1,746,493 \$	32,162	\$	1,778,655
Unassigned	\$	6,346,521	\$	- \$	-	\$	6,346,521
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,297,209	\$	1,746,493 \$	578,217	\$	9,621,919

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## L. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

## M. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

## P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability (asset) measurement date, which will be recognized as an increase to or a reduction of the net pension asset or liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, and amounts prepaid on next year's taxes and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability (asset) are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and the changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

## Q. Adoption of Accounting Principles:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a restatement of net position, reference Note 17.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30<sup>th</sup>, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the department or category level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

## **Expenditures and Appropriations**

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following fund at June 30, 2015: County Special Revenue Fund \$ 3,201

## Note 3 - Deposits and Investments:

#### **Deposits**

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 3 - Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

## **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by <u>Standard and Poor's</u> and the ratings are presented below using the <u>Standard and Poor's</u> rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments Fair Quality Ratings									
		AAA		AAAm		AA-	 AA		AA+
Local Government Investment Pool U.S. Government Securities Money Market Fund	\$	-	\$	865,143 21,645	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Municipal/Public Bonds Corporate Debt		107,778 -		-		- 85,111	51,682 75,151		694,481 50,073
Total	\$	107,778	\$	886,788	\$	85,111	\$ 126,833	\$	744,554

## **Interest Rate Risk**

## Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	Less Than Fair Value 1 Year 1-5 Ye					
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	865,143	\$	865,143	\$	-
U.S. Government Securities Money Market Fund Municipal/Public Bonds		21,645 853,941		21,645 827,763		- 26,178
Corporate Debt		210,335		210,335		-
Total	\$	1,951,064	\$	1,924,886	\$	26,178

## **External Investment Pools**

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As the LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## *Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:*

At June 30, 2015, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board			
Other Local Governments:					
County of Amelia	\$ -	\$ 1,179,228			
Commonwealth of Virginia:					
Local sales tax	129,667	-			
Welfare	28,574	-			
Comprehensive services act	55,510	-			
Rolling stock tax	31,724	-			
Auto rental tax	340	-			
State Sales Tax	-	341,804			
Constitutional officer reimbursements	106,428	-			
Recordation tax	7,201	-			
Mobile home titling tax	10,657	-			
E-911 wireless	6,977	-			
Victim witness	8,018	-			
School resource officer grant	7,343				
Communications tax	41,561	-			
School fund grants	-	85,803			
Federal Government:					
School fund grants	-	183,734			
Local law enforcement block grant	1,874	-			
Welfare	52,685				
Total due from other governments	\$ 488,559	\$ 1,790,569			

At June 30, 2015, amounts due to other local governments are as follows:

Other Local Governments:		
Amelia County School Board	\$ 1,179,228	\$ -

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 5—Capital Assets:

## **Primary Government:**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2015
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,081,507	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ 2,096,507
Construction in progress		50,368		50,368
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 2,081,507	\$ 65,368	\$ -	\$ 2,146,875
Capital assets subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 6,476,043	\$ 23,855	\$ -	\$ 6,499,898
Machinery and Equipment	5,412,600	378,860	73,190	5,718,270
Jointly owned assets	7,847,678		244,234	7,603,444
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 19,736,321	\$ 402,715	\$ 317,424	\$ 19,821,612
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2,477,924	\$ 190,425	\$ -	\$ 2,668,349
Machinery and Equipment	3,593,536	399,075	73,190	3,919,421
Jointly owned assets	3,449,341	203,337	113,678	3,539,000
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,520,801	\$ 792,837	\$ 186,868	\$ 10,126,770
Total capital assets subject to				
depreciation, net	\$ 10,215,520	\$ (390,122)	\$ 130,556	\$ 9,694,842
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,297,027	\$ (324,754)	\$ 130,556	\$ 11,841,717

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

## **Primary Government: (Continued)**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2014	 Additions	Deletions		Ju	Balance ne 30, 2015
Business-type activities:							
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:							
Land and land improvements	\$	29,463	\$ -	\$	-	\$	29,463
Construction in progress		9,900	 		9,900		-
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$	39,363	\$ 	\$	9,900	\$	29,463
Capital assets subject to depreciation:							
Utility plant in service	\$	9,258,278	\$ 184,261	\$	-	\$	9,442,539
Machinery and equipment		292,883	 17,420		-		310,303
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	9,551,161	\$ 201,681	\$		\$	9,752,842
Accumulated depreciation:							
Utility plant in service	\$	2,936,325	\$ 180,713	\$	-	\$	3,117,038
Machinery and equipment		235,864	17,918		-		253,782
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	3,172,189	\$ 198,631	\$		\$	3,370,820
Total capital assets subject to							
depreciation, net	\$	6,378,972	\$ 3,050	\$		\$	6,382,022
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	6,418,335	\$ 3,050	\$	9,900	\$	6,411,485

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

# Component Unit - School Board

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 367,715	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 367,715
Total capital assets not subject to depreciation	\$ 367,715	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 367,715
Capital assets subject to depreciation:  Machinery and Equipment  Jointly owned assets	\$ 2,701,821 12,580,048	\$ 467,178	\$ - (244,234)	\$ 3,168,999 12,824,282
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 15,281,869	\$ 467,178	\$ (244,234)	\$ 15,993,281
Accumulated depreciation:  Machinery and Equipment  Jointly owned assets	\$ 1,682,639 5,529,392	\$ 211,106 325,954	\$ - (113,678)	\$ 1,893,745 5,969,024
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 7,212,031	\$ 537,060	\$ (113,678)	\$ 7,862,769
Total capital assets subject to depreciation, net	\$ 8,069,838	\$ (69,882)	\$ (130,556)	\$ 8,130,512
Component unit school board capital assets, net	\$ 8,437,553	\$ (69,882)	\$ (130,556)	\$ 8,498,227

# Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

expense was charged to functions, programs as rottows.	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 76,144
Judicial administration	28,953
Public safety	386,401
Public works	54,814
Health and welfare	8,010
Education	203,337
Parks, recreation and cultural	28,026
Community development	 7,152
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 792,837
Business-type activities:	
Sanitary District Fund	\$ 198,631
Total depreciation expense - primary government	\$ 991,468
Component Unit School Board	\$ 537.060

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015:

		estated Salance					Е	Balance
	Jul	y 1, 2014	Add	itions	Dele	tions	June	e 30, 2015
Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:								
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land and land improvements	\$	25,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,020
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	25,020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,020

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 6—Long-Term Obligations:

## **Primary Government:**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015: Restated **Amounts** Balance Retirements/ Balance Due Within Issuances/ July 1, 2014 June 30, 2015 One Year **Decreases Increases** Primary Government Obligations: General Fund Obligations: Incurred by County: Compensated absences \$ 261,900 32,233 26,190 267,943 \$ 26,794 \$ \$ Net OPEB obligation 75,625 75,625 Net pension liability 1,943,491 1,302,082 2,323,429 922,144 Landfill post closure liability 1,000,000 1,000,000 Total incurred by County \$ 3,281,016 \$ 1,334,315 \$ 2,425,244 \$ 2,190,087 26,794 Incurred by School Board: General obligation bonds 4,398,337 \$ \$ 333,893 \$ 4,064,444 337,853 Add deferred amounts: Bond Issuance premium 181,053 15,088 165,965 Total incurred by School Board \$ 4,579,390 \$ 348,981 \$ 4,230,409 337,853 **Total General Fund Obligations** \$ 1,334,315 \$ 2,774,225 \$ 6,420,496 364,647 Incurred by Enterprise Fund: \$ Compensated absences 11,418 \$ 2,707 1,142 \$ 12,983 \$ 1,298 Net pension liability 50,038 33,524 59,819 23,743 2,460,084 Revenue bonds 159,871 2,300,213 146,504 **Total Enterprise Fund Obligations** \$ 2,521,540 36,231 220,832 2,336,939 147,802 **Total Primary Government Obligations** \$ 10,381,946 \$ 1,370,546 2,995,057 \$ 8,757,435 512,449

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

_	Enterprise Fund Obligations						
Year Ending	Revenue Bonds						
June 30		Principal		nterest			
2016	\$	146,504	\$	67,421			
2017	•	148,593	•	63,647			
2018		150,762		59,781			
2019		153,013		55,833			
2020		160,350		51,785			
2021		162,777		47,393			
2022		130,833		43,244			
2023		137,024		40,063			
2024		143,259		36,609			
2025		144,537		32,855			
2026		150,863		29,054			
2027		37,761		25,024			
2028		38,889		23,896			
2029		40,068		22,717			
2030		41,302		21,483			
2031		42,592		20,193			
2032		43,942		18,843			
2033		45,354		17,431			
2034		46,830		15,955			
2035		35,162		14,410			
2036		36,777		12,795			
2037		38,467		1,106			
2038		40,234		9,338			
2039		42,082		7,490			
2040		44,015		5,557			
2041		46,037		3,535			
2042		52,186		1,420			
Total	\$	2,300,213	\$	748,878			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Primary Government: (Continued)**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows: (continued)

_	School Fund Obligations							
Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds							
June 30		Principal		Interest				
2016	\$	337,853	\$	216,933				
2016	Ş	342,020	Ş	210,933				
_		,		•				
2018		346,404		189,182				
2019		351,019	174,96					
2020		355,875	160,51					
2021		360,984		145,802				
2022		366,361		130,825				
2023		372,021		115,566				
2024		377,187		100,799				
2025		387,223		86,162				
2026		392,497	71,288					
2027		75,000		63,986				
Total	<u>Ş</u>	4,064,444	<u>Ş</u>	1,659,190				

Details of Long-Term Obligations:	Total Amount				
<u>General Fund:</u> <u>Incurred by County:</u>					
Landfill post closure liability	\$	1,000,000			
Net pension liability	\$	922,144			
Compensated absences (payable from General Fund)	\$	267,943			
Total Incurred by County	\$	2,190,087			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Primary	Government:	(Continued)
ı ı ııııaı y	OUVERTIFICATE.	(CONTINUCU)

# **Details of Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)**

General Fund: (Continued) Incurred by School Board:		Total Amount
General Obligation Bonds:		
\$5,471,508 School Bonds 2005 Series, issued November 10, 2005, maturing annually in installments of varying amounts through July 15, 2025; interest payable semi-annually at 4.057%. \$1,205,000 Qualified School Construction Bonds, issued June 29, 2010, maturing	\$	3,209,444
annually in installments of varying amounts through June 1, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at 5.31%.		855,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$	4,064,444
Bond Issuance premium		165,965
Total incurred by School Board	\$	4,230,409
Total Long-Term Obligations, General Fund	\$	6,420,496
Enterprise Fund:		
Revenue Bonds:		
2001 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, loan commitment of \$457,100, interest at 4.10%, due semi-annually through May 1, 2021.	\$	179,840
2000 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, loan commitment of \$1,368,299, interest at 0.50%, due semi-annually through March 1, 2026.		635,011
2004 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, loan commitment of \$396,385, non-interest bearing, due semi-annually through June 1, 2034.		251,043
\$900,000 Tax Revenue bond issued November 7, 2002, interest payable at 4.50%, due monthly through June 7, 2042.		774,319
2006 Virginia Water Facilities Revolving Fund, loan commitment of \$700,000, non-interest bearing, due semi-annually through November 1, 2026.		460,000
Total Revenue Bonds	\$	2,300,213
Compensated absences (payable from Enterprise Fund)	\$	12,983
Net pension liability	\$	23,743
Total Long-Term Obligations, Enterprise Fund	\$	2,336,939
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	5	8,757,435
43		-,. 5., .50

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## Component Unit - School Board:

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligation transactions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

	Ва	Restated Balance at July 1, 2014		ncreases	Decreases				Balance at June 30, 2015		Du	mounts e Within ne Year
Component Unit-School Board:												
Compensated absences	\$	73,003	\$	73,366	\$	7,300	\$	139,069	\$	13,907		
Capital lease		403,975		-		39,267		364,708		40,545		
Net pension liability	14	,880,303		1,327,126		3,404,429	1	2,803,000		-		
Net OPEB obligation		2,374,885		584,305		232,800		2,726,390				
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$ 2	2,447,888	\$	1,984,797	\$	3,683,796	\$ 1	6,033,167	\$	54,452		

Details of Long-Term Obligations:	Total
	Amount
Capital Lease:	
\$455,445 lease for the purchase of five school buses issued on August 19, 2013, due in annual installments of \$52,381 on each August 19 through 2022; interest rate of 3.25%. The cost of the school buses was \$455,445. At June 30, 2015, accumulated	
depreciation for the school buses amounted to \$91,089.	\$ 364,708
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 2,726,390
Net pension liability	\$ 12,803,000
Compensated absences (payable from General Fund)	\$ 139,069
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$ 16,033,167

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 6—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

## Component Unit - School Board:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	Component Unit-School Board Obligations			
Year Ending	Capital Lease			
June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest
2016	\$	40,545	\$	11,836
2017	7	41,864	7	10,517
2018		43,226		9,155
2019		44,632		7,749
2020		46,084		6,296
2021		47,584		4,797
2022		49,132		3,249
2023		51,641		1,650
Total	\$	364,708	\$	55,249

## Note 7—Closure and Postclosure Costs:

## Maplewood Landfill:

The currently operating solid waste landfill located in the County is owned and operated by a private company, pursuant to an agreement between the County and such company. In accordance with provisions of such an agreement, the company has agreed to comply with the financial security requirements of the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Waste Management as to the cost of closure and maintenance of such landfill for a period of 20 years following closure. Also under such landfill agreement the company is required to deposit with a third party specific funds to pay for mitigation and remediation as may be reasonably necessary as a result of its operation of the landfill. At June 30, 2015, such funds in the amount of \$950,688 are presented in the accompanying financial statements as "Cash in the custody of others."

## Old County Landfill:

The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, postclosure care and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Governmental Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VAC20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code. In addition, the County closed its landfill in January, 2005 and is liable for postclosure monitoring for a period of ten years. The amount reported as landfill postclosure liability at June 30, 2015 represents the estimated liability for postclosure monitoring of \$1,000,000 over a period of one year. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2015. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 8—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue is comprised of the following:

<u>Unavailable Property Tax Revenue</u> - Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$592,701 at June 30, 2015.

<u>Unavailable Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2015 but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$14,632 at June 30, 2015.

## Note 9—Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and all discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

## *Note 10—Litigation:*

At June 30, 2015, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

## *Note 11 —Risk Management:*

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing.

Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 12-Pension Plan:

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members")  • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.  • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.)	
		<ul> <li>In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.</li> </ul>	
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.  Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in	
The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	through April 30, 2014.  The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.  If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	UED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	*Non-Eligible Members (Cont.) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting  Defined Benefit Component:  Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit.  Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service.  Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.  Defined Contributions  Component:  Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.  Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) <u>Defined Contributions</u> <u>Component:</u> (Cont.)  Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.  • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.  • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.  • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.  Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.	
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit  Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

# Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)  Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.	
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier  Defined Benefit Component:  VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.  For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.  Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.  Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)									
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN							
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.							
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.  Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.  Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.							
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.							

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETI	REMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTIN	UED)
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
·		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.  Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.  For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.  Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

PLAN 1  PLAN 2  HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN  Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)  Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:  • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.  • The member retires on disability.  PLAN 2  HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN  Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (COL
(COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)  Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:  • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.  • The member retires on disability.  (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)  Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1  Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).  • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.  • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.  VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.						
becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.						
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service  Defined Benefit Component:  Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:  • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.  • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.  • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.  Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.						

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Plan Description (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40	42
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	10	7
Non-vested inactive members	9	25
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	25	16
Total inactive members	44	48
Active members	82	49
Total covered employees	166	139

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 10.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Contributions (Continued)

Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$402,999 and \$484,286 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 8.06% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$65,580 and \$71,139 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) were measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) were determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

#### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

#### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

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Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted
		Arithmetic	Average
		Long-Term	Long-Term
	Target	Expected	Expected
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	8.33%

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Retirement Plans will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Primary Government						
			Ind	crease (Decrease	e)		
		Total		Plan		Net	
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	
		Liability		Net Position		Liability	
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$_	12,730,508	\$_	10,736,979	\$_	1,993,529	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	452,456	\$	-	\$	452,456	
Interest		874,169		-		874,169	
Contributions - employer		-		484,286		(484, 286)	
Contributions - employee		-		187,386		(187, 386)	
Net investment income		-		1,711,486		(1,711,486)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions		(484,753)		(484,753)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(8,981)		8,981	
Other changes		-		90		(90)	
Net changes	\$	841,872	\$_	1,889,514	\$_	(1,047,642)	
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	13,572,380	\$_	12,626,493	\$_	945,887	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Component School Board (nonprofessional)							
			lr	ncrease (Decrease)	)			
		Total		Plan		Net		
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension		
		Liability		Net Position		Liability(Asset)		
		(a)	_	(b)	_	(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	3,286,956	\$_	3,037,653	\$_	249,303		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost	\$	94,280	\$	-	\$	94,280		
Interest		224,266		-		224,266		
Contributions - employer		-		71,139		(71,139)		
Contributions - employee		-		40,745		(40,745)		
Net investment income		-		474,163		(474,163)		
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(166,305)		(166,305)		-		
Administrative expenses		-		(2,580)		2,580		
Other changes		-		25		(25)		
Net changes	\$	152,241	\$	417,187	\$	(264,946)		
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$	3,439,197	\$_	3,454,840	\$_	(15,643)		

#### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate					
	_	(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
County Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,632,798	\$	945,887 \$	(467,682)		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)							
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	402,328	\$	(15,643) \$	(366,146)		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$199,577 and \$17,010 respectively. At June 30, 2015, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School					Init School		
		Primary (	Gov	ernment		Board (nor	npro	ofessional)
	-	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	762,933	\$	-	\$	210,817
Employer contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date	-	402,999		-		65,580		-
Total	\$	402,999	\$	762,933	\$	65,580	\$	210,817

\$402,999 and \$65,580 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of (increase to) the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2016	\$ (190,733)	\$ (52,704)
2017	(190,733)	(52,704)
2018	(190,733)	(52,704)
2019	(190,734)	(52,705)
Thereafter	-	-

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional)

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information regarding the plan description can be found in the first section of this note.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$1,158,999 and \$904,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$12,803,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was 0.10594% as compared to 0.10621% at June 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

#### Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,006,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	. <u>-</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	1,900,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		30,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,158,999	. <u>-</u>	
Total	\$	1,158,999	\$	1,930,000

\$1,158,999 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2016	\$ (482,000)
2017	(482,000)
2018	(482,000)
2019	(482,000)
Thereafter	(2,000)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 12-Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.95%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Weighted					
		<b>Arithmetic</b>	Average					
		Long-Term	Long-Term					
	Target	Expected	Expected					
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return					
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%					
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%					
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%					
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%					
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%					
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%					
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%					
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%					
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%					
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%					
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%					
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%					
Total	100.00%		5.83%					
		Inflation	2.50%					
*Expe	*Expected arithmetic nominal return							

<sup>\*</sup> Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 12—Pension Plan: (Continued)

## Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	18,799,000 \$	12,803,000	\$ 7,865,000			

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 13 – Surety Bonds:

The County of Amelia holds the following Surety Bonds:

	Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:	
Commonwealth Funds	
Marilyn L. Wilson, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 1,110,000
Pamela H. Conyers, Treasurer	300,000
Joyce P. Morris, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Rick L. Walker, Sheriff	30,000
Zurich Insurance Company - Surety:	
School Board Clerk and Deputy Clerk	10,000
Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company:	
All Social Services Employees	100,000
Travelers Insurance Company:	
County Board of Supervisors	250,000

#### Note 14 - Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Fund	Tr	ansfers In	Tra	nsfers Out
Primary Government: General Fund County Capital Projects Fund	\$	70,715 62,136	\$	463,763
County Special Revenue Fund		-		70,715
Total	\$	132,851	\$	534,478
Enterprise Fund	\$	401,627	\$	
Grand Total	\$	534,478	\$	534,478

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

#### A. Plan Description

Amelia County Public Schools offer eligible retirees post-retirement medical and dental coverage if they retire directly from the Schools and are eligible to receive an early or regular retirement benefit from the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). Health benefits include medical, disability and dental coverage.

## B. Funding Policy

The School Board allows retirees and their spouses to continue to participate in the School Board's medical, dental and disability coverage plans. The retiree pays 100% to all premiums. Medical and dental coverage stops at age 65 or when eligible for Medicare. Disability coverage changes to a carveout class at eligibility for Medicare and stops at age 65.

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School Board's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The School Board has elected to calculate the ARC as the normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded portion of actuarial accrued liability in compliance with GASB 45 parameters. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The estimated contributions are based on projected medical premium payments and credit for the implicit rate subsidy made during the year for the retired employees by the School Board. The following table shows the components of the School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the estimated amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the School Board's net OPEB obligation to the Retiree Health Plan:

		Component		
		Unit		
	_	School Board		
Annual required contribution	\$	589,000		
Interest on net OPEB obligation		83,121		
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(87,816)		
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	584,305		
Contributions made	_	(232,800)		
Increase in net OPEB obligation	_	351,505		
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		2,374,885		
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	2,726,390		
	_	_		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

For 2015, the School Board's contribution of \$232,800 was not equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal		Percentage of	Net		
Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB		
Ended	<b>OPEB Cost</b>	Cost Contributed	Obligation		
School Board: 6/30/2013 9 6/30/2014 6/30/2015	\$ 485,701 518,867 584,305	31.95% \$ 32.65% 39.84%	2,025,418 2,374,885 2,726,390		

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2014, the School Board's most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,712,500, all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$8,142,300, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 94.72 percent.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples included assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

#### E. Methods and Assumptions

The following simplifying assumptions were made:

Retirement age for active employees-Retirement eligible for medical benefits are assumed to occur beginning once a participant attains age 60 and completes 10 or more years of service or attains age 55 and completes 20 or more years of service. In no event is an active participant assumed to work beyond age 70.

*Mortality*-Life expectancies were based on mortality tables from the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables for males and females with a one year setback in pre-retirement for males and females.

Coverage elections - The actuary assumed that 30% of active participants who retire at age 50 or greater are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 30% of their spouses are assumed to continue their coverage into retirement. 100% of actives who become disabled (and 25% of their spouses) are assumed to continue their coverage.

Based on the historical and expected returns of the School Board's short-term investment portfolio, a discount of 3.50% was used. In addition, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2014 was thirty years.

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit:

#### A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

Employees of the County, who retire under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and are enrolled in a health insurance plan, are eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

## A. Plan Description (Continued)

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to §51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 12.

#### B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2015 was .10% of annual covered payroll.

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The County is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2015, the County's contribution of \$2,720 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the preceding two years were as follows:

Fiscal		Annual	Percentage	Net OPEB		
Year		OPEB	of ARC			
Ending	С	ost (ARC)	Contributed	Obligation		
			_			
6/30/2013	\$	3,676	100.00%	\$	-	
6/30/2014		1,323	100.00%		-	
6/30/2015		2,720	100.00%		-	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	38,646
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	7,412
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	31,234
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		19.18%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$1,	396,201
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		2.24%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short- term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

#### Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (Continued)

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: (Continued)

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.0% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.5%, and a payroll growth rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at June 30, 2012 was 29 years.

## <u>Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board</u>

The School Board professional employees participate in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.19% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$82,736, \$92,903 and \$91,716, respectively and equaled the required contributions for each year.

#### Note 17-Restatement of Beginning Net Position:

The following adjustments were made to beginning net position:

	 Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities Sanitary District	_	Component-Unit School Board	Component-Unit Industrial Development Authority		
	 ACTIVITIES	-	District		3011001 Board	 Authority		
Net position as previously reported	\$ 17,048,411	\$	3,972,258	\$	6,053,863	\$ 23,565		
Capital lease	-		-		(403,975)	-		
Land and land improvements	-		-		-	25,020		
Implementation of GASB 68: Deferred outflows of resources Net pension liability	472,130 (1,943,491)		12,156 (50,038)	_ ,	975,139 (14,880,303)	 - -		
Net position as restated	\$ 15,577,050	\$	3,934,376	\$	(8,255,276)	\$ 48,585		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) As of June 30, 2015

## Note 18-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures,* will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.







## County of Amelia, Virginia General Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -		
DELEMINE		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	(	Positive <u>Negative)</u>	
REVENUES	ć	7 257 800	Ļ	7 257 000	ċ	7 5/0 4/5	Ļ	244 575	
General property taxes	\$	7,256,890	\$	7,256,890	\$	7,568,465	\$	311,575	
Other local taxes		1,613,000		1,613,000		1,677,527		64,527	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		126,700		126,700		126,237		(463)	
Fines and forfeitures		233,000		233,000		183,743		(49,257)	
Revenue from the use of money and property		90,000		90,000		46,360		(43,640)	
Charges for services		383,000		383,000		325,917		(57,083)	
Miscellaneous		104,095		104,095		82,742		(21,353)	
Recovered costs		93,850		93,850		121,771		27,921	
Intergovernmental:									
Commonwealth		3,594,127		3,594,127		3,595,930		1,803	
Federal		749,500		749,500		767,969		18,469	
Total revenues	\$	14,244,162	\$	14,244,162	\$	14,496,661	\$	252,499	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
General government administration	\$	1,481,895	\$	1,484,494	\$	1,432,482	\$	52,012	
Judicial administration	7	727,997	Y	727,936	7	706,901	7	21,035	
Public safety		3,524,493		3,514,346		3,150,170		364,176	
Public works		1,113,015		1,104,115		935,226		168,889	
Health and welfare		2,021,323		2,006,823		1,798,811		208,012	
Education		5,514,211		5,514,211		4,724,136		790,075	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		585,609		583,209		567,652		15,557	
Community development		283,506		209,506		223,118		(13,612)	
Capital projects		26,300		26,300		30,609		(4,309)	
Debt service:		20,300		20,300		30,009		(4,307)	
		333,893		333,893		333,893			
Principal retirement								- (EE1)	
Interest and other fiscal charges	Ś	230,493	\$	230,493	\$	231,044	\$	(551)	
Total expenditures	<del>-</del>	15,842,735	<b>ب</b>	15,735,326	<b>ب</b>	14,134,042	Ş	1,601,284	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	(1,598,573)	\$	(1,491,164)	\$	362,619	\$	1,853,783	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$		\$		\$	70,715	\$	70,715	
Transfers out		(591,607)		(591,607)		(463,763)		127,844	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(591,607)	\$	(591,607)	\$	(393,048)	\$	198,559	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,190,180)	\$	(2,082,771)	\$	(30,429)	\$	2,052,342	
Fund balances - beginning	•	2,190,180	·	2,082,771	•	7,327,638		5,244,867	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,297,209	\$	7,297,209	
J			*		т	,,=-,	•	, , ,=	

## County of Amelia, Virginia

## Schedule of OPEB Funding Progress - Retiree Health Care Plan and Health Insurance Credit Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

## Primary Government:

Health Insurance Credit Program Through Virginia Retirement System:

	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded			
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Actuarial			UAAL
Valuation	Assets	Liability	Accrued Liability	Funded	Covered	as % of
Date	 (AVA)	 (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
			 _		_	
6/30/2012	\$ 5,724	\$ 35,109	\$ 29,385	16.30% \$	1,286,789	2.28%
6/30/2013	6,858	34,344	27,486	19.97%	1,310,610	2.10%
6/30/2014	7,412	38,646	31,234	19.18%	1,396,201	2.24%

## Discretely Presented Component Unit:

#### School Board Retiree Health Plan:

.L
of
oll
.72%
.72%

## County of Amelia, Virginia

## Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Primary Government

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost \$		452,456
Interest		874,169
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(484,753)
Net change in total pension liability \$		841,872
Total pension liability - beginning	12	2,730,508
Total pension liability - ending (a) \$	13	3,572,380
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer \$		484,286
Contributions - employee		187,386
Net investment income	1	1,711,486
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(484,753)
Administrative expense		(8,981)
Other		90
Net change in plan fiduciary net position \$	1	1,889,514
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	10	0,736,979
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) \$	12	2,626,493
County's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)		945,887
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.03%
Covered-employee payroll \$	3	3,762,140
County's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		25.14%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## County of Amelia, Virginia

## Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2014
Total pension liability	<del>-</del>	
Service cost	\$	94,280
Interest	,	224,266
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(166,305)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	152,241
Total pension liability - beginning	·	3,286,956
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	3,439,197
	=	
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	71,139
Contributions - employee		40,745
Net investment income		474,163
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(166,305)
Administrative expense		(2,580)
Other		25
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	417,187
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,037,653
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,454,840
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(15,643)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		100.45%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	817,295
School Division's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		-1.91%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# County of Amelia, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2015\*

	_	2015
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.10594%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	;	12,803,000
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll		7,993,097
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll		160.18%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

## County of Amelia, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Contributions in Relation to						_	Employer's	Contributions as a % of	
		Contractually Required Contribution		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Dritt ibution Deficiency	ntribution Covered eficiency Employee		Covered Employee	
				Contribution (Excess)					Payroll	
Date		(1)		(2)		(3) (4)		•	(5)	
Primary Government										
2015	\$	402,999	\$	402,999	\$	-	\$	3,823,516	10.54%	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)										
2015	\$	65,580	\$	65,580	\$	-	\$	813,650	8.06%	
Component Unit School Board (professional)										
2015	\$	1,158,999	\$	1,158,999	\$	-	\$	7,993,097	14.50%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# County of Amelia, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

### Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

## Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

### Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year







COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



# County of Amelia, Virginia County Capital Projects Fund County Capital Projects Fund Palan

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budgeted	Am			Actual	Fii	ariance with nal Budget - Positive
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	500	Ś	500	Ś	367	\$	(133)
Charges for services	Ţ	540,700	٠	540,700	٠	591,800	٠	51,100
Recovered costs		340,700		340,700		1,190		1,190
Total revenues	\$	541,200	\$	541,200	\$	593,357	\$	52,157
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects	\$	1,111,500	\$	2,339,158	\$	1,093,541	\$	1,245,617
Total expenditures	\$	1,111,500	\$	2,339,158	\$	1,093,541	\$	1,245,617
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(570,300)	\$	(1,797,958)	\$	(500,184)	\$	1,297,774
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,136	\$	62,136
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	62,136	\$	62,136
Net change in fund balances	\$	(570,300)	\$	(1,797,958)	\$	(438,048)	\$	1,359,910
Fund balances - beginning	•	570,300	•	1,797,958	•	2,184,541	•	386,583
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,746,493	\$	1,746,493

# County of Amelia, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			С	ounty Special	Rev	venue Fund		
							V	ariance with
							F	inal Budget
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				Positive
		)riginal		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES	_							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	501	\$	501
Charges for services		45,000		45,000		40,945		(4,055)
Miscellaneous		-		-		27,847		27,847
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth		-		-		5,162		5,162
Federal		-		-		715		715
Total revenues	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	75,170	\$	30,170
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,201	\$	(3,201)
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,201	\$	(3,201)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	71,969	\$	26,969
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(70,715)	\$	(70,715)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(70,715)	\$	(70,715)
Net change in fund balances	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	1,254	\$	(43,746)
Fund balances - beginning	•	(45,000)		(45,000)	-	576,963		621,963
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	578,217	\$	578,217

County of Amelia, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

			Agency Funds	Funds					Private Purpose Trust Funds	e Trust Funds			
	~ <sup>,</sup> ≥I	Special <u>Welfare</u>	Performance <u>Bond</u>	A.M. Radio <u>Partners</u>	Total	<u> </u>	Harris <u>Scholarship</u>	Wright <u>Scholarship</u>	Arnold <u>Scholarship</u>	Black <u>Scholarship</u>	N.S. Montague <u>Scholarship</u>		Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,794 \$	\$ 22,698	\$ 10,177 \$	45,669	s	\$ - \$	. \$	- K 88	\$ 11,053	٠,	31 871	11,053
Receivables: Interest and dividends			•	,			-	5	163	9	n	3 8	174
Total assets	ς	12,794 \$	\$ 22,698	\$ 10,177 \$	, \$ 45,669	ς	5,095 \$	11,964 \$	188,475 \$	\$ 11,059	\$	31,824 \$	248,417
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients	٠	12,794 \$	ν	د	\$ 12,794	Ś	<b>ب</b>	<i>ς</i> ,	•	۰.	۰	٠ ,	
Performance bonds			22,698		22,698		•	•		•			
Amounts neld for otners Total liabilities	S	12,794 \$	\$ 22,698	\$ 10,177 \$	S	s	\$	\$ .	.   .	\$	S		
NET POSITION Held in trust for scholarships	٠		so.	د	Ś	٧٠	5,095 \$	11,964 \$	188,475 \$	\$ 11,059 \$		31,824 \$	248.417

# County of Amelia, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	Balance Beginning of Year	_	Additions		Deletions		Balance End of Year
Special Welfare:								
Assets:  Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,416	ċ	6 111	ċ	9,063	ċ	12,794
Cash and Cash equivalents	٠ :	13,410	Ą	6,441	٠,	9,003	۽  =	12,794
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	15,416	\$	6,441	\$	9,063	\$_	12,794
Performance Bond:								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,641	\$	57	\$	-	\$_	22,698
Liabilities:								
Performance bonds	\$	22,641	\$	57	\$	-	\$_	22,698
A.M. Radio Partners: Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,176	\$	1	\$	-	\$_	10,177
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for others	\$	10,176	\$	1	\$	-	\$ _	10,177
Totals All Agency Funds								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,233	\$	6,499	\$	9,063	\$_	45,669
Liabilities:								
Amounts held for social services clients	\$	15,416	\$	6,441	\$	9,063	\$	12,794
Performance bonds		22,641		57		-		22,698
Amounts held for others		10,176		1	\$	-		10,177
Total liabilities	\$	48,233	\$	6,499	\$	9,063	\$	45,669

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD

# County of Amelia, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2015

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Special Revenue <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	ć	72 422	ć	405 555	ć	257 /77
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governmental units	\$	72,122 1,790,569	\$	185,555	\$	257,677 1,790,569
Total assets	\$	1,862,691	\$	185,555	\$	2,048,246
rotat assets	<del>-</del>	1,002,071	7	103,333	<u> </u>	2,010,210
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	210,088	\$	-	\$	210,088
Accrued liabilities	•	1,652,603	•	33,121	•	1,685,724
Reconciled overdraft payable		-		-		-
Total liabilities	\$	1,862,691	\$	33,121	\$	1,895,812
Fund balances:						
Committed - Cafeteria	\$	-	\$	152,434	\$	152,434
Total fund balances	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	152,434	\$	152,434
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	1,862,691	\$	185,555	\$	2,048,246
Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources are not reported in the funds.	d, th	erefore,			\$	152,434
Capital assets, cost			\$	16,360,996		
Accumulated depreciation				(7,862,769)	-	8,498,227
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not rep	orted	d in the funds.				15,643
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expendit therefore, are deferred in the funds.	ures a	and,				
Items related to measurement of net pension liability						(2,140,817)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduct pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported						1,224,579
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and pay period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a supporting this adjustment:						
Compensated absences			\$	(139,069)		
Capital lease				(364,708)		
Net pension liability				(12,803,000)		
Net OPEB obligation				(2,726,390)	_	(16,033,167)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(8,283,101)

# County of Amelia, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES		School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	1,605	\$	_	\$	1,605
Charges for services	7	16,250	*	280,975	7	297,225
Miscellaneous		348,703		-		348,703
Recovered costs		9,000		-		9,000
Intergovernmental:						
Local government		4,664,106		55,224		4,719,330
Commonwealth		10,423,429		132,819		10,556,248
Federal Total revenues	_	799,823	,	482,722	Ċ	1,282,545
Total revenues	\$	16,262,916	\$	951,740	\$	17,214,656
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Education	\$	16,210,535	\$	863,504	\$	17,074,039
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		39,267		-		39,267
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	13,114	,	- 0/2 504	Ċ	13,114
Total expenditures	\$	16,262,916	\$	863,504	\$	17,126,420
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	-	\$	88,236	\$	88,236
Not change in fund halances	\$	_	ċ	00 224	ċ	00 224
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	Ş	-	\$	88,236 64,198	\$	88,236 64,198
Fund balances - ending	<u>S</u>		S	152,434	Ş	
	÷			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities	(Ex	hibit 2) are diff	erer	t because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above			\$	88,236		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated use reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capit exceeded depreciation in the current period. The following is a summar supporting this adjustment:  Capital asset additions  Depreciation expense  Activity related to joint tenancy assets to Component Unit from Prime	lives and outlays items	\$	467,178 (537,060) 130,556	<del>-</del> -	60,674	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financia not reported as revenues in the funds.	l res	sources are				
(Increase) decrease in items related to measurement of net pension l	iabi	lity				(2,140,817)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financi governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term of the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount	debtion, issua is this th	consumes however, has ance costs, ese amounts				20.247
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related item  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the us financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in go The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: (Increase) decrease in compensated absences Increase (decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments	e of over		\$	(66,066)		39,267
subsequent to the measurement date				249,440		
(Increase) decrease in net pension liability/asset (Increase) decrease in net OPEB obligation				2,092,946 (351,505)	-	1,924,815
Change in net position of governmental activities					\$	(27,825)

## County of Amelia, Virginia

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Operating Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			School Ope	ratii	ng Fund		
							ariance with
						F	Final Budget
	 Budgeted	l Am	ounts	-			Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,605	\$	1,605
Charges for services	17,500		17,500		16,250		(1,250)
Recovered Costs	10,000		10,000		9,000		(1,000)
Miscellaneous	312,385		312,385		348,703		36,318
Intergovernmental:							
Local government	5,513,222		5,513,222		4,664,106		(849,116)
Commonwealth	10,113,967		10,291,511		10,423,429		131,918
Federal	 806,464		1,017,768		799,823		(217,945)
Total revenues	\$ 16,773,538	\$	17,162,386	\$	16,262,916	\$	(899,470)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Education	\$ 16,721,538	\$	17,110,386	\$	16,210,535	\$	899,851
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	39,267		39,267		39,267		-
Interest and other fiscal charges	12,733		12,733		13,114		(381)
Total expenditures	\$ 16,773,538	\$	17,162,386	\$	16,262,916	\$	899,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning	-		-		-		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

## County of Amelia, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			S	chool Special	Rev	enue Fund		
								riance with
			_				Fi	nal Budget
		Budgeted	Am					Positive
	<u>(</u>	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(</u>	<u>(Negative)</u>
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	277,486	\$	277,486	\$	280,975	\$	3,489
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		-		-		55,224		55,224
Commonwealth		124,800		124,800		132,819		8,019
Federal		400,000		431,415		482,722		51,307
Total revenues	\$	802,286	\$	833,701	\$	951,740	\$	118,039
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	887,286	\$	918,701	\$	863,504	\$	55,197
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(85,000)	\$	(85,000)	\$	88,236	\$	173,236
Net change in fund balances	\$	(85,000)	\$	(85,000)	\$	88,236	\$	173,236
Fund balances - beginning		85,000		85,000		64,198		(20,802)
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	152,434	\$	152,434



# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



# County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2015

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Investments	\$ 7,316
Interest receivable	3
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land and land improvements	25,020
Total assets	\$ 32,339
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	\$ 32,339
Total net position	\$ 32,339

# County of Amelia, Virginia

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

OPERATING EXPENSES	
Other supplies and expenses	\$ 16,273
Total operating expenses	\$ 16,273
Operating income (loss)	\$ (16,273)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	\$ 27
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 27
Income (loss)	\$ (16,246)
Change in net position	\$ (16,246)
Total net position - beginning, as restated	48,585
Total net position - ending	\$ 32,339

# County of Amelia, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Component Unit - Industrial Devel

## Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Payments for operating activities  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(16,273) (16,273)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received	\$	27
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(16,246)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	23,562 7,316
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ \$	(16,273) (16,273)







Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	4,936,000	\$	4,936,000	\$	5,064,982	\$	128,982
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		209,890		209,890		200,661		(9,229)
Personal property taxes		1,913,000		1,913,000		2,098,663		185,663
Mobile home taxes		22,000		22,000		20,753		(1,247)
Machinery and tools taxes		36,000		36,000		28,692		(7,308)
Penalties		105,000		105,000		116,338		11,338
Interest		35,000		35,000		38,376		3,376
Total general property taxes	\$	7,256,890	\$	7,256,890	\$	7,568,465	\$	311,575
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	655,000	\$	655,000	\$	709,240	\$	54,240
Consumers' utility taxes		235,000		235,000		225,874		(9,126)
Consumption tax		42,000		42,000		41,471		(529)
Business license taxes		170,000		170,000		186,332		16,332
Motor vehicle licenses		345,000		345,000		349,449		4,449
Bank stock taxes		48,000		48,000		52,767		4,767
Taxes on recordation and wills		118,000		118,000		112,394		(5,606)
Total other local taxes	\$	1,613,000	\$	1,613,000	\$	1,677,527	\$	64,527
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	13,562	\$	(4,438)
Land use application fees		1,800		1,800		1,140		(660)
Transfer fees		500		500		461		(39)
Permits and other licenses		106,400		106,400		111,074		4,674
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	126,700	\$	126,700	\$	126,237	\$	(463)
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	233,000	\$	233,000	\$	183,743	\$	(49,257)
Revenue from use of money and property:						<b>.</b>		
Revenue from use of money	\$	72,000	\$	72,000	\$	28,595	\$	(43,405)
Revenue from use of property	_	18,000	_	18,000	_	17,765		(235)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$	46,360	Ş	(43,640)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	310	\$	(690)
Court costs		6,950		6,950		6,858		(92)
Courthouse maintenance fees		9,000		9,000		8,474		(526)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,800		1,800		1,969		169
Charges for other protection		1,050		1,050		1,315		265
Charges for sanitation and waste removal		223,000		223,000		198,718		(24,282)
Charges for planning and development		200		200		50		(150)
Charges for parks and recreation		130,000		130,000		100,014		(29,986)
Charges for library		10,000		10,000		8,209		(1,791)
Total charges for services	\$	383,000	\$	383,000	\$	325,917	\$	(57,083)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Miscellaneous revenue:	ċ	404.005	÷	404.005	ċ	02.742	ċ	(24, 252)
Miscellaneous	\$	104,095	\$	104,095	\$	82,742	Ş	(21,353)
Recovered costs:								
Social Services reimbursement	\$	93,850	\$	93,850	\$	121,771	\$	27,921
Total revenue from local sources	\$	9,900,535	\$	9,900,535	\$	10,132,762	\$	232,227
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Mobile home titling tax	\$	20,000	Ś	20,000	Ś	25,390	Ś	5,390
Communications tax	·	270,000	•	270,000		253,190	•	(16,810)
Rolling stock tax		62,000		62,000		31,724		(30,276)
Auto rental tax		2,500		2,500		1,745		(755)
State recordation tax		28,000		28,000		30,504		2,504
Personal property tax relief funds		1,019,213		1,019,213		1,019,213		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,401,713	\$	1,401,713	\$	1,361,766	\$	(39,947)
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	159,193	\$	159,193	\$	213,455	\$	54,262
Sheriff		733,497		733,497		724,023		(9,474)
Commissioner of revenue		90,679		90,679		89,560		(1,119)
Treasurer		85,642		85,642		84,152		(1,490)
Registrar/electoral board		42,317		42,317		35,155		(7,162)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		191,435		191,435		180,297		(11,138)
Total shared expenses	\$		\$	1,302,763	\$	1,326,642	\$	23,879
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	352,924	\$	352,924	\$	316,466	\$	(36,458)
Emergency medical services grant	·	16,000	•	16,000	•	13,964	•	(2,036)
School resource officer grant		24,476		24,476		29,371		4,895
Juvenile confinement		9,914		9,914		9,611		(303)
Litter control		7,000		7,000		6,357		(643)
Comprehensive Services Act		145,000		145,000		211,934		66,934
Wireless grant		45,000		45,000		41,672		(3,328)
Library		62,000		62,000		50,912		(11,088)
Victim-witness grant		31,137		31,137		32,071		934
Telephone grant		150,000		150,000		150,000		-
Fire programs		38,000		38,000		40,204		2,204
DMV animal friendly plates		200		200		260		60
, i								

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued) Bio solids	\$	8,000	ċ	8,000	ċ		\$	(8,000)
Other state funds	Ş	0,000	Ç	8,000	Ş	4,700	Ş	4,700
Total other categorical aid	\$	889,651	\$	889,651	\$	907,522	\$	17,871
rotat other categorical and		007,031	7	007,031	7	707,322	~	17,071
Total categorical aid	\$	2,192,414	\$	2,192,414	\$	2,234,164	\$	41,750
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,594,127	\$	3,594,127	\$	3,595,930	\$	1,803
Revenue from the federal government:								
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	729,500	\$	729,500	\$	654,142	\$	(75,358)
Local law enforcement block grant		-		-		1,874		1,874
SCAAP grant		-		-		49		49
State and community highway safety		20,000		20,000		26,046		6,046
Local emergency management performance grant		-		-		26,543		26,543
Energy efficiency loan interest	_	-	_		_	59,315		59,315
Total other categorical aid	\$	749,500	\$	749,500	\$	767,969	\$	18,469
Total categorical aid	\$	749,500	\$	749,500	\$	767,969	\$	18,469
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	749,500	\$	749,500	\$	767,969	\$	18,469
Total General Fund	\$	14,244,162	\$	14,244,162	\$	14,496,661	\$	252,499
Special Revenue Funds:								
County Special Revenue Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	501	\$	501
Charges for services:								
Courthouse security fees	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	40,945	\$	(4,055)
Missellen and annual and an annual and a					_			_
Miscellaneous revenue:  Miscellaneous	\$		\$	_	\$	27,847	¢	27,847
miscettarieous	_ →	<u> </u>	ڔ	<u> </u>	ڔ	21,041	٠	£1,0 <del>4</del> 1
Total revenue from local sources	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	69,293	\$	24,293

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)					
County Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)					
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Forfeited assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,162	\$	5,162
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Forfeited assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 715	\$	715
Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 75,170	\$	30,170
Capital Projects Fund:					
County Capital Projects Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 367	\$	(133)
Charges for services:					
Charges for sanitation and waste removal	\$ 540,700	\$ 540,700	\$ 591,800	\$	51,100
Recovered costs:					
Other recovered costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,190	\$	1,190
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 541,200	\$ 541,200	\$ 593,357	\$	52,157
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ 541,200	\$ 541,200	\$ 593,357	\$	52,157
Total Revenues - Primary Government	\$ 14,830,362	\$ 14,830,362	\$ 15,165,188	\$	334,826

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Component Unit - School Board:							
School Operating Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of property	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,605	\$	1,605
Charges for services:							
Tuition	\$ 17,500	\$	17,500	\$	16,250	\$	(1,250)
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Miscellaneous	\$ 312,385	\$	312,385	\$	348,703	\$	36,318
Miscettaneous	 312,303	ڔ	312,303	٠	340,703	٠,	30,310
Recovered costs:							
Head Start transportation	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,000	\$	(1,000)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 339,885	\$	339,885	\$	375,558	\$	35,673
Intergovernmental:							
Revenues from local governments:							
Contribution from County of Amelia	\$ 5,513,222	\$	5,513,222	\$	4,664,106	\$	(849,116)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Share of state sales tax	\$ 1,908,302	\$	1,908,302	\$	1,927,142	\$	18,840
Basic school aid	5,356,111		5,424,655		5,395,130		(29,525)
Gifted and talented	54,570		54,570		54,954		384
Special education	607,235		607,235		611,508		4,273
GED funding	7,859		7,859		7,859		-
Vocational education	110,301		110,301		111,077		776
School fringes	978,775		978,775		978,648		(127)
Social security grant	-		100,000		100,000		-
Reduced K-3	251,915		251,915		276,047		24,132
Early reading intervention	38,193		38,193		42,430		4,237
English as a second language	31,303		31,303		21,256		(10,047)
Homebound	21,458		21,458		10,609		(10,849)
CTE equipment	4,926		4,926		5,140		214
Project graduation	-		-		17,870		17,870
Technology grant	128,000		128,000		243,655		115,655
At risk	269,516		269,516		270,758		1,242
Standards of Learning algebra readiness	26,101		26,101		26,098		(3)
Remedial education - summer school	114,744		114,744		101,800		(12,944)
Remedial education	203,186		203,186		204,616		1,430
Mentor teacher program	1,472		1,472		1,581		109
Other state aid	 -		9,000		15,251		6,251
Total categorical aid	\$ 10,113,967	\$	10,291,511	\$	10,423,429	\$	131,918
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 10,113,967	\$	10,291,511	\$	10,423,429	\$	131,918

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Title I grants to local educational agencies	\$	286,053	\$	412,480	\$	296,645	\$	(115,835)
Special education-grants to states		400,888		428,789		422,545		(6,244)
Vocational education - basic grants to states		28,496		29,814		13,688		(16,126)
Special education - preschool grants		12,595		12,607		12,607		-
Improving teacher quality state grants		66,495		122,141		54,338		(67,803)
Other federal revenue	<u> </u>	11,937 806,464	Ċ	11,937	ċ	799,823	ċ	(11,937)
Total categorical aid	\$	600,404	\$	1,017,768	\$	799,623	\$	(217,945)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	806,464	\$	1,017,768	\$	799,823	\$	(217,945)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	16,773,538	\$	17,162,386	\$	16,262,916	\$	(899,470)
School Special Revenue Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Charges for services:								
Cafeteria sales	\$	277,486	\$	277,486	\$	280,975	\$	3,489
Total revenue from local sources	\$	277,486	\$	277,486	\$	280,975	\$	3,489
Intergovernmental:								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Amelia	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,224	\$	55,224
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	13,083	\$	13,083	\$	20,315	\$	7,232
Textbook payments		111,717		111,717		112,504		787
Total categorical aid	\$	124,800	\$	124,800	\$	132,819	\$	8,019
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	124,800	\$	124,800	\$	132,819	\$	8,019
Payanua from the foderal government:								
Revenue from the federal government:  Categorical aid:								
School food program grant	\$	400,000	¢	400,000	¢	451,307	¢	51,307
Commodities	ڔ	400,000	ڔ	31,415	٠	31,415	٠	51,507
Total categorical aid	\$	400,000	\$	431,415	\$	482,722	\$	51,307
Total categorieal and		100,000		131,113	~	102,722	<u> </u>	31,307
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	400,000	\$	431,415	\$	482,722	\$	51,307
Total School Special Revenue Fund	\$	802,286	\$	833,701	\$	951,740	\$	118,039
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	17,575,824	\$	17,996,087	\$	17,214,656	\$	(781,431)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	164,561	\$	171,189	\$	130,862	\$	40,327
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	416,306	\$	413,106	\$	388,594	\$	24,512
Legal services		76,400		76,400		76,307		93
Commissioner of revenue		244,725		241,425		250,368		(8,943)
Independent Auditor		39,900		39,900		39,900		-
Treasurer		279,219		281,690		283,097		(1,407)
Other general and financial administration		133,226		133,226		154,035		(20,809)
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,189,776	\$	1,185,747	\$	1,192,301	\$	(6,554)
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	32,195	\$	32,195	\$	21,381	\$	10,814
Registrar		95,363		95,363		87,938		7,425
Total board of elections	\$	127,558	\$	127,558	\$	109,319	\$	18,239
Total general government administration	\$	1,481,895	\$	1,484,494	\$	1,432,482	\$	52,012
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	10,500	ς	10,500	ς	2,557	ς	7,943
General district court	*	23,890	7	23,890	~	20,718	7	3,172
Special Magistrates		1,000		1,000		225		775
Sheriff - court services unit		18,532		18,532		15,082		3,450
Sheriff - courtroom security		41,795		41,795		42,545		(750)
Victim and witness assistance		33,091		32,291		32,816		(525)
Law library		3,765		3,765		3,378		387
Clerk of the circuit court		292,717		289,517		283,720		5,797
Total courts	\$	425,290	\$	421,290	\$	401,041	\$	20,249
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	302,707	\$	306,646	\$	305,860	\$	786
Total judicial administration	\$	727,997	\$	727,936	\$	706,901	\$	21,035
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,894,206	Ś	1,880,659	Ś	1,802,389	Ś	78,270
School resource officer	•	58,520	•	57,720	•	58,350	*	(630)
911 System		472,816		469,516		350,989		118,527
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,425,542	\$	2,407,895	\$	2,211,728	\$	196,167
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	203,678	ς	203,678	ς	204,155	Ś	(477)
Ambulance and rescue services	7	62,900	Ţ	63,100	ų	62,864	Y	236
Total fire and rescue services	\$	266,578	\$		\$	267,019	\$	(241)
TOTAL THE AND TESCHE SELVICES		200,376	٧	200,770	٠	207,019	7	(241)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u> <u>E</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Correction and detention:								
Payments to Regional Jail	\$	420,000	\$	420,000	\$ 327,827	\$	92,173	
Payments to Juvenile Detention Center		28,000		28,000	11,325		16,675	
Total correction and detention	\$	448,000	\$	448,000	\$ 339,152	\$	108,848	
Inspections:								
Building	\$	134,127	\$	133,327	\$ 81,408	\$	51,919	
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	147,059	\$	146,959	\$ 140,081	\$	6,878	
Emergency services		103,067		111,267	110,702		565	
Medical examiner		120		120	80		40	
Total other protection	\$	250,246	\$	258,346	\$ 250,863	\$	7,483	
Total public safety	\$	3,524,493	\$	3,514,346	\$ 3,150,170	\$	364,176	
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Streetlights	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$ 4,401	\$	1,099	
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse disposal	\$	270,566	\$	268,966	\$ 252,573	\$	16,393	
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	836,949	\$	829,649	\$ 678,252	\$	151,397	
Total public works	\$	1,113,015	\$	1,104,115	\$ 935,226	\$	168,889	
Health and welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	145,480	\$	145,480	\$ 114,469	\$	31,011	
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Crossroads	\$	66,000	\$	66,000	\$ 66,000	\$	-	
Welfare:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,461,754	\$	1,447,254	\$ 1,223,841	\$	223,413	
Area agency on aging		787		787	787		-	
Comprehensive services act		344,036		344,036	391,821		(47,785)	
Social services board		3,266		3,266	1,893		1,373	
Total welfare	\$	1,809,843	\$	1,795,343	\$ 1,618,342	\$	177,001	
Total health and welfare	\$	2,021,323	\$	2,006,823	\$ 1,798,811	\$	208,012	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Education:								
Other instructional costs:		222		222				(2.047)
Contributions to Community College	\$	989	\$		\$	4,806	\$	(3,817)
Contribution to County School Board	_	5,513,222		5,513,222		4,719,330		793,892
Total education	\$	5,514,211	\$	5,514,211	\$	4,724,136	\$	790,075
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Supervision of parks and recreation	\$	281,531	\$	281,531	\$	256,297	\$	25,234
Library:								
Library administration	\$	304,078	\$	301,678	\$	311,355	\$	(9,677)
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	585,609	\$	583,209	\$	567,652	\$	15,557
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning and zoning	\$	153,515	\$	153,515	Ś	103,114	Ś	50,401
Economic development	•	22,550	•	22,550	•	16,180	•	6,370
Total planning and community development	\$	176,065	\$	176,065	\$	119,294	\$	56,771
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water conservation district	\$	12,900	\$	12,900	\$	12,900	\$	
Flood and erosion control		12,287		12,287		9,534		2,753
Total environmental management	\$	25,187	\$	25,187	\$	22,434	\$	2,753
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	82,254	\$	8,254	\$	81,390	\$	(73,136)
Total community development	\$	283,506	\$	209,506	\$	223,118	\$	(13,612)
Capital projects:								
SCAAP grant project	\$	_	\$		\$	49	\$	(49)
Technology grant project	~	25,000	7	25,000	7	27,687	Ψ.	(2,687)
IPR program		1,000		1,000		2,800		(1,800)
Other capital projects		300		300		73		227
Total capital projects	\$	26,300	\$	26,300	\$	30,609	\$	(4,309)
a contract to the same	-	-,	•	,		,	•	( ', )

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fii	oriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	333,893	\$	333,893	\$	333,893	\$	- (554)
Interest and other fiscal charges	\$	230,493	\$	230,493	\$	231,044 564,937	ć	(551)
Total debt service	_\$	564,386	þ	564,386	Ş	304,937	\$	(551)
Total General Fund	\$	15,842,735	\$	15,735,326	\$	14,134,042	\$	1,601,284
County Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety: Sheriff:								
Forfeited assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,201	\$	(3,201)
Total County Special Revenue Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,201	\$	(3,201)
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Projects Fund: Capital projects expenditures:								
School projects	\$	383,000	\$	383,000	\$	259,651	\$	123,349
County capital projects	_	728,500	_	1,956,158		833,890		1,122,268
Total capital projects	\$	1,111,500	\$	2,339,158	\$	1,093,541	\$	1,245,617
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	1,111,500	\$	2,339,158	\$	1,093,541	\$	1,245,617
Total Primary Government	\$	16,954,235	\$	18,074,484	\$	15,230,784	\$	2,843,700
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Administration, health, and attendance	\$	1,279,613	\$	1,279,613	\$	1,268,372	\$	11,241
Instruction costs		12,473,342		12,862,190		12,002,191		859,999
Pupil transportation		1,501,947		1,501,947		1,585,937		(83,990)
Operation and maintenance of school plant		1,466,636		1,466,636		1,354,035		112,601
Total education	\$	16,721,538	\$	17,110,386	\$	16,210,535	\$	899,851
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	39,267	\$	39,267	\$	39,267	\$	-
Interest and other fiscal charges		12,733		12,733		13,114		(381)
Total debt service	\$	52,000	\$	52,000	\$	52,381	\$	(381)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	16,773,538	\$	17,162,386	\$	16,262,916	\$	899,470

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)					
Special Revenue Funds:					
School Special Revenue Fund:					
Education:					
School food services	\$ 725,569	\$ 725,569	\$ 715,945	\$	9,624
Purchase of textbooks	161,717	161,717	116,144		45,573
Commodities	 -	31,415	31,415		-
Total School Special Revenue Fund	\$ 887,286	\$ 918,701	\$ 863,504	\$	55,197
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 17,660,824	\$ 18,081,087	\$ 17,126,420	\$	954,667







County of Amelia, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	17,052,771	15,753,376	14,775,508	15,123,404	14,718,534	15,046,671	15,761,860	15,984,489	16,082,222	15,741,791
Sanitary District	622,158 \$	671,291	675,262	687,074	679,436	604,609	621,784	593,906	630,756	791,653
Interest on Long- Term Debt	428,536 \$	445,116	363,098	325,999	91,538	310,451	271,437	235,972	223,135	220,003
Community Development	2,909,130 \$	1,311,153	403,372	325,028	249,971	248,281	192,626	527,242	594,582	444,668
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	393,684 \$	475,837	489,571	521,866	520,951	544,177	543,833	611,009	591,491	577,018
Education	6,742,450 \$	5,266,265	5,509,457	5,323,104	4,756,806	5,380,927	5,653,776	5,355,124	5,385,673	5,317,680
Health and Welfare	1,384,064 \$	1,651,508	1,792,303	1,777,720	1,815,222	1,839,393	1,699,946	1,876,664	1,670,608	1,642,741
Public Works	\$ 000,008	1,903,456	1,128,387	1,344,358	894,193	948,197	1,515,809	1,024,339	1,170,623	1,201,005
Public Safety	1,812,286 \$	2,024,485	2,368,075	2,716,067	3,486,512	2,701,541	2,857,590	3,288,315	3,445,649	3,275,948
Judicial Administration	608,725 \$	598,360	687,057	698,653	812,424	678,883	730,856	765,573	776,237	752,482
General Government Administration Ac	\$ 1,261,738 \$	1,405,905	1,358,926	1,403,535	1,411,481	1,727,212	1,674,203	1,706,345	1,593,468	1,518,593
Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

County of Amelia, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal for services         Centributions					Total			16,206,025	16,117,437	16,479,766	16,068,175	15,542,471	15,253,053	15,125,334	14,910,170	15,546,712
Charges         Capital         General         Other         Unrestricted           Charges         Grants         Grants         General         Other         Unrestricted           for         and         Property         Local         Investment           Services         Contributions         Contributions         Taxes         Farmings         Miscellaneous           \$ 1,997,712         \$ 2,415,452         \$ 3,305,181         \$ 4,947,171         \$ 1,827,066         \$ 371,962         \$ 192,077           \$ 1,997,712         \$ 2,415,452         \$ 3,305,181         \$ 4,947,171         \$ 1,928,552         445,461         220,952           2,359,605         3,451,119         298,875         7,030,195         1,928,522         445,461         202,393           2,094,499         2,915,375         807,277         6,698,182         1,477,885         165,993         499,684           2,188,018         2,841,920         -         6,744,873         1,515,784         155,628         270,166           2,188,018         2,977,173         -         6,790,813         1,545,825         72,655         448,747           1,661,511         2,838,861         103,938         7,052,795	Contributions	Contributions	Vot Restricted	to Specific	Programs	4 400 753	1,404,133	1,564,894	1,125,567	1,100,355	1,409,280	1,394,339	1,302,212	1,319,015	1,389,791	1,361,766
Charges         Capital         General         Other         Unrestricted           for         and         Property         Local         Investment           for         and         Property         Local         Investment           services         Contributions         Contributions         Taxes         Earnings           \$ 1,997,712         \$ 2,415,452         \$ 3,305,181         \$ 4,947,171         \$ 1,827,066         \$ 371,962			_		scellaneous	402 047	¢ //0,761	220,952	202,393	249,316	499,684	270,166	447,314	418,947	238,788	110,589
PROGRAM REVENUES           Charges         Capital         General         Other Local Local Property           for and and Services         Contributions         Contributions         Taxes         Taxes           \$ 1,997,712         \$ 2,415,452         \$ 3,305,181         \$ 4,947,171         \$ 1,827,066           \$ 2,375,618         \$ 2,709,422         1,147,138         5,671,144         1,917,890           \$ 2,356,605         3,451,119         298,875         7,030,195         1,802,647           \$ 2,944,99         2,915,375         807,277         6,698,182         1,477,885           \$ 2,885,986         2,841,920         -         6,790,813         1,536,883           \$ 1,866,133         2,977,173         -         6,935,586         1,545,825           \$ 1,661,511         2,838,861         103,938         7,052,795         1,567,240			Unrestricted	Investment				598,967	445,461	177,654	165,993	157,628	145,893	72,655	57,246	47,228
PROGRAM REVENUES  Operating Capital  Charges Grants Grants Grants for and and Pr.  Services Contributions Contributions T  2,375,618 2,709,422 1,147,138 2,325,618 2,709,422 1,147,138 2,369,605 3,451,119 298,875 2,094,499 2,915,375 807,277 2,885,986 2,873,695 - 2,188,018 2,841,920 - 1,856,133 2,977,173 - 1,661,511 2,838,861 103,938			Other	Local	Taxes	2 220 700 1	¢ 000,770,1	1,917,890	1,928,252	1,802,647	1,477,885	1,515,784	1,536,883	1,545,825	1,567,240	1,677,527
PROGRAM REVENUES  Charges Grants Grants for and a Services Contributions 2,375,618 2,415,452 \$ 3 2,425,393 3,066,731 2,369,605 3,451,119 2,985,986 2,873,695 2,188,018 2,841,920 1,856,131 2,838,861			General	Property	Taxes	2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	\$ 4,941,171 \$	5,671,144	6,607,770	7,030,195	6,698,182	6,444,873	6,790,813	6,935,586	7,052,795	7,497,455
Charges for Services \$ 1,997,712 \$ 2,375,618 2,369,605 2,094,499 2,885,986 2,188,018 1,856,1351 1,661,511	Capital	Capital	Grants	and	Contributions	7000	101,505,5	1,147,138	315,870	298,875	807,277		•		103,938	191,780
Charges for Services \$ 1,997,712 \$ 2,375,618 2,369,605 2,094,499 2,885,986 2,188,018 1,856,1351 1,661,511	Operating	Operating	Grants	and	Contributions	7 446	764,614,7	2,709,422	3,066,731	3,451,119	2,915,375	2,873,695	2,841,920	2,977,173	2,838,861	3,008,010
Fiscal Year 2006 2007 2009 2010 2011 2013 2013			Charges	for	Services	2 674 400 4	. 711,186,1 \$	2,375,618	2,425,393	2,369,605	2,094,499	2,885,986	2,188,018	1,856,133	1,661,511	1,652,357
				Fiscal	Year	7000	2000	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

County of Amelia, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1,3) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	29,498,394	24,653,339	25,721,869	26,936,879	25,839,623	25,355,679	25,951,917	25,543,209	26,806,164	26,503,724
Debt Service	8,182,236 \$	1,134,783	1,074,412	1,054,984	839,444	1,143,205	1,130,651	914,774	574,486	554,937
Community Development	451,760 \$	579,612	332,632	286,564	247,792	243,549	183,166	237,288	218,855	223,118
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural D	381,973 \$	441,577	459,017	481,688	483,716	504,480	509,979	542,486	559,957	567,652
Education (2)	5 14,824,680 \$	16,414,605	16,958,325	17,873,586	17,079,267	16,119,943	16,649,493	15,657,464	17,374,335	17,131,226
Health and Welfare	1,382,828	1,683,597	1,847,996	1,758,681	1,904,574	1,910,023	1,797,756	1,977,788	1,756,550	1,798,811
Public Works	859,455 \$	864,947	834,031	840,320	845,838	870,518	967,369	924,280	908,605	935,226
Public Safety	1,678,458 \$	1,782,975	2,209,536	2,562,844	2,356,051	2,348,926	2,405,642	2,909,683	3,183,966	3,153,371
Judicial Administration	579,120 \$	567,154	658,002	670,119	688,476	650,030	699,394	734,217	744,907	706,901
General Government Administration Ac	\$ 1,157,884 \$	1,184,089	1,347,918	1,408,093	1,394,465	1,565,005	1,608,467	1,645,229	1,484,503	1,432,482
Fiscal Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.(3) Excludes Capital projects funds.

County of Amelia, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1,3) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total	25,986,539	27,348,181	28,004,650	29,066,354	27,920,563	24,774,004	24,789,527	25,537,143	26,303,445	27.067.157
Inter-	governmental (2)	16,693,674 \$	16,464,227	16,012,997	17,402,818	17,435,709	14,949,513	15,291,661	15,133,598	15,759,010	16.208.569
Recovered	Costs gov	4,214 \$	123,456	78,899	76,020	98,310	97,683	144,445	99,449	103,171	130.771
	Miscellaneous	312,187 \$	455,153	461,219	484,877	411,488	474,876	157,735	622,934	651,655	459.292
Charges for	Services	1,421,134 \$	1,812,712	2,230,052	1,926,092	1,684,498	687,777	616,760	698,425	633,895	664.087
Revenue from the Use of Money and	Property	338,991 \$	569,894	417,688	164,920	162,726	154,225	146,300	75,085	58,215	48.466
Fines	Forfeitures	93,811 \$	135,033	181,238	189,075	16,793	195,651	197,161	239,194	178,515	183,743
Permits, Privilege Fees, Regulatory	Licenses	325,205 \$	278,754	229,741	160,747	162,489	118,036	95,413	101,037	126,466	126.237
Other F Local	Taxes	1,827,066 \$	1,917,890	1,928,252	1,802,647	1,477,885	1,515,784	1,536,883	1,545,825	1,567,240	1,677,527
General Property	Taxes	4,970,257 \$	5,591,062	6,464,564	6,859,158	6,470,665	6,580,459	6,603,169	7,021,596	7,225,278	7 568 465
_		s									
Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.(3) Exludes Capital projects funds.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years County of Amelia, Virginia

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to	1 dX Levy 4.75%	6.16%	7.34%	10.08%	11.04%	10.51%	9.42%	9.34%	8.51%	7.75%
Outstanding Delinquent	1 axes (1,2) 283,428	401,659	555,846	802,921	857,670	825,695	739,827	746,545	721,829	678,119
Percent of Total Tax Collections	99.20% \$	100.14%	97.35%	97.48%	95.18%	95.28%	95.46%	%98.86	%89.66	99.81%
Total Tax	5, 5,920,378	6,525,277	7,368,298	7,764,513	7,393,018	7,488,099	7,494,931	7,902,847	8,454,896	8,732,396
Delinquent Tax	5 141,510 ¢	•	121,509	308,749	348,244	354,971	307,049	300,840	402,725	263,113
Percent of Levy	5 %83% \$	97.72%	95.75%	93.60%	%0.70%	%92'06	91.55%	62.09%	94.93%	%08.96
Current Tax	\$ 5,778,868		7,246,789	7,455,764	7,044,774	7,133,128	7,187,882	7,602,007	8,052,171	8,469,283
Total Tax	\$ 5,967,840 S	6,516,385	7,568,823	7,965,477	7,767,156	7,859,093	7,851,275	7,994,316	8,482,046	8,749,109
Fiscal	1eal 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

(1) Exclusive of penalties, interest and land redemptions.(2) Includes four years of taxes.

Assessed Value of Taxable Property County of Amelia, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total	66,233 \$ 760,632,830	1,098,591,893	1,121,887,928	1,152,202,931	1,141,155,754	1,148,694,916	1,156,874,153	1,128,458,804	1,136,547,581	1,138,127,995
y (2)	Personal	Property	66,233	87,140	67,140	56,317	71,586	88,878	125,536	133,467	103,815	76,930
ltility			ş									
Public Utility (2)	Real	Estate	24,079,559	34,862,647	33,199,987	27,805,662	28,550,898	31,821,143	34,085,222	41,703,478	43,125,143	40,299,622
			s									
	Mobile	Homes	5,670,344	4,970,850	4,679,150	4,674,650	4,598,725	4,572,825	4,558,450	4,652,575	4,671,300	4,793,250
			ş									
	Machinery	and Tools	2,668,400	3,710,075	6,706,940	7,977,175	4,308,775	3,930,550	3,527,050	3,022,375	2,550,475	2,902,825
			ş									
	Personal	Property	68,605,683	72,543,560	74,590,525	84,271,167	70,391,917	70,483,734	69,302,288	71,999,188	74,570,663	75,562,866
			Ş									
	Real	Estate (1)	\$ 659,542,611 \$	982,417,621	1,002,644,186	1,027,417,960	1,033,233,853	1,037,797,786	1,045,275,607	1,006,947,721	1,011,526,185	1,014,492,502
	Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate is assessed at 100% of fair market value. (2) Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

Table 7
County of Amelia, Virginia
Property Tax Rates (1)

Fiscal Year	Rea	al Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Mobile Homes
2006	\$		\$ 3.50	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.52
2007 2008		0.39 0.43	3.50 4.00	1.00 1.00	0.39 0.43
2009 2010		0.43 0.43	4.00 4.00	1.00 1.00	0.43 0.43
2010		0.43	4.00	1.00	0.43
2012 2013		0.43 0.47	4.00	1.00 1.00	0.43
2013		0.47	4.15 4.15	1.00	0.47 0.47
2015		0.49	4.15	1.00	0.49

Last Ten Fiscal Years

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

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Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded	Debt per	Capita	099	616	570	524	428	474	424	373	347	320
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to	Assessed	Value	\$ %6.0	0.64%	0.58%	0.52%	0.48%	0.52%	0.46%	0.42%	0.39%	0.36%
Net	Bonded	Debt	7,523,488	7,021,136	6,501,943	5,972,445	5,431,725	6,013,866	5,378,040	4,729,103	4,398,337	4,064,444
Gross	Bonded	Debt (3)	7,523,488 \$	7,021,136	6,501,943	5,972,445	5,431,725	6,013,866	5,378,040	4,729,103	4,398,337	4,064,444
	Assessed	Value (2)	\$ 760,632,830 \$	1,098,591,893	1,121,887,928	1,152,202,931	1,141,155,754	1,148,694,916	1,156,874,153	1,128,458,804	1,136,547,581	1,138,127,995
		Population (1)	11,400	11,400	11,400	11,400	12,690	12,690	12,690	12,690	12,690	12,690
	Fiscal	Year	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015

<sup>(1)</sup> Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service for the 2000 and 2010 Census counts.

Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/post-closure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences. (2) From Table 6. (3) Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans.





# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Amelia Amelia, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Amelia Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise County of Amelia, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 4, 2015.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of Amelia Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Amelia, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

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December 4, 2015

# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To The Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Amelia Amelia, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of Amelia, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Amelia, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of Amelia, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of Amelia, Virginia's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Amelia, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of Amelia, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Amelia, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia December 4, 2015

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# County of Amelia, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	ederal enditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950114/0950115	\$ 10,015
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400114/0400115	135,130
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500114/0500115	186
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600414/0600415	13,311
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and			
Development Fund	93.596	0760114/0760115	21,169
Chafee Education and Training Voucher Program	93.599	9160114/9160115	2,689
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900114/0900115	828
Foster care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100114/1100115	49,214
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120114/11201115	19,697
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000114/1000115	74,372
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150114/9150115	718
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540114/0540115	4,548
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200114/1200115	167,504
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 499,381
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	77501-52740/52749	\$ 26,543
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Food Distribution	10.555	17901-45707	\$ 31,415
Department of Education:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	17901-45707	304,172
Total CFDA# 10.555	10.555	17901-45707	\$ 335,587
School Breakfast Program	10.553	17901-40591	\$ 147,135
Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental			
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010114/0010115	\$ 154,761
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 637,483

# County of Amelia, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures		
Department of Treasury					
Pass Through Payments:					
Commonwealth of Virginia Attorney General's Office:					
Forfeited assets	21.xxx	N/A	\$	715	
Department of Justice:					
Direct payments:					
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	N/A	\$	49	
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	39001-51100		1,874	
Total Department of Justice			\$	1,923	
Department of Transportation:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Motor Vehicles:					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	60507-54427	\$	26,046	
Department of Education:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Education:					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	17901-42901-42999	\$	296,645	
Special Education Cluster:					
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	17901-43071-61234		422,545	
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	17901-62521		12,607	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	17901-61095		13,688	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	17901-61480		54,338	
Total Department of Education			\$	799,823	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	1,991,914	

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

#### County of Amelia, Virginia

# Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Amelia, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Amelia, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Amelia, Virginia.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received or disbursed.

# Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	767,969
Special Revenue Fund		715
Total primary government	\$	768,684
Component Unit School Board:		
School Operating Fund	\$	799,823
School Special Revenue Fund		482,722
Total Component Unit School Board	\$	1,282,545
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$_	2,051,229
Less: Federal interest rate subsidy not included in Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards	_	(59,315)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards	\$_	1,991,914

# County of Amelia, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

# Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:		unmodified	<u>d</u>
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	✓	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	✓	_no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	<b>√</b>	_no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes	✓	none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance			
for major programs:		<u>unmodified</u>	<u>1</u>
Any findings disclosed that are required to be			
reported in accordance with section 510(a) of			
Circular A-133?	yes		_no
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Pr	ogram or Clı	<u>uster</u>
10.553/10.555	Child Nutrition	on Cluster	
84.027/84.173	Special Educat	ion Cluster	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A			
and type B programs:	\$300,0	000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes		_no
Section II - Financial Statement Findings			
None			
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs			
None			

# County of Amelia, Virginia Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings For the year ended June 30, 2015

There were no prior year findings.

