Meherrin Regional Library Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2023



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# FINANCIAL SECTION

Robin B. Jones, CPA, CFP Kimberly W. Jackson, CPA

Sherwood H. Creedle, Founder

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Trustees Meherrin Regional Library

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### Opinions

Creedle

& Associates

Jones

A Professional Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of the Meherrin Regional Library as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Meherrin Regional Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the Meherrin Regional Library, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards and specifications are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Meherrin Regional Library and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2023, the Library adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Meherrin Regional Library's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Meherrin Regional Library's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Meherrin Regional Library's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 1-5, 44-45, and 46-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2023, on our consideration of the Meherrin Regional Library's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectives of Meherrin Regional Library's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Meherrin Regional Library's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Creedle, Jones & associates, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia November 28, 2023

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the Meherrin Regional Library presents the following discussion and analysis as an overview of the Meherrin Regional Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Library's basic financial statements.

# Financial Highlights

- At the close of the fiscal year, the assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Library exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$737,169.
- For the fiscal year, revenues of the Library's governmental activities were \$739,396 and expenses amounted to \$644,286. The Library's total net position increased \$95,110.
- As of June 30, 2023, the Library's Governmental Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$110,951, an increase of \$150 in comparison with the prior year. The entire amount is available for spending at the Library's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

# OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report consists of two sections: financial and compliance.

- The <u>financial section</u> has three component parts management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements which include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements, and required supplementary information.
- The <u>compliance section</u> is required for Government Auditing Standards.

# **Government - Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Library as a whole using accounting methods similar to those found in the private sector. They also report the Library's net position and how they have changed during the fiscal year.

The first government-wide statement - the Statement of Net Position - presents information on all of the Library's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities, net position, can be used as one way to measure the Library's financial health, or financial condition. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position can be one indicator of whether the Library's financial condition is improving or deteriorating.

The second statement - the Statement of Activities - presents information using the accrual basis accounting method and shows how the Library's net position changed during the fiscal year. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are shown in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide statements are divided into the following category:

<u>Governmental Activities</u>: The Library's basic services are reported here, including cultural. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other local taxes, and Federal and State grants. Governmental Funds are included in the governmental activities.

# Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of government financial statements will find the fund financial statements more familiar. These statements provide more detailed information about the Library's most significant funds. Funds are used to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements and are used to keep track of specific sources of revenue and expenses for particular purposes. The Library has one kind of fund:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The Library's basic services are included in the Governmental Funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances remaining at year end that are available for spending. The Governmental Funds financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Library's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided with the fund's financial statements to explain the relationship (or differences).

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY AS A WHOLE

# Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position :

## **Summary of Net Position**

## As of June 30, 2023 and 2022

**Governmental Activities** 

	Governmental Activitie					
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>				
Assets Current and other assets Net capital assets	\$ 295,326 572,098	\$				
Total Assets	867,424	913,021				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	13,652	22,181				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 881,076</u>	<u>\$ 935,202</u>				
Liabilities Other liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	\$				
Total Liabilities	51,357	44,994				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	92,550	248,149				
<b>Net Position</b> Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	572,098 165,071	545,450 96,609				
Total Net Position	737,169	642,059				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	<u>\$ 881,076</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>				

# **Statement of Activities**

The following table summarizes revenues and expenses for the primary government as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

# Summary of Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities					
Revenues		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	15,488	\$	15,368		
Operating grants and contributions		629,859		652,607		
Miscellaneous		93,863		15,021		
Investment earnings		186		176		
Total Revenues		739,396		683,172		
Expenses						
Cultural - library services		644,286		606,818		
Total Expenses		644,286		606,818		
Increase in Net Position		95,110		76,354		
Beginning Net Position		642,059		565,705		
Ending Net Position	\$	737,169	\$	642,059		

Governmental activities increased the Library's net position by \$95,110. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$739,396. Operating grants and contributions comprise the largest source of these revenues, totaling \$629,859 or 85.19% of all governmental activities revenue.

Parks, recreation, and cultural expenses total \$644,286 for the fiscal year.

For the Library's governmental activities, the net expense (total cost less fees generated by the activities and program-specific governmental aid) is illustrated in the following table:

# **Net Cost of Governmental Activities**

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2	<u>.023</u>	<u>2022</u>			
	Total Cost <u>of Services</u>	Net Cost <u>of Services</u>	Total Cost <u>of Services</u>	Net Cost <u>of Services</u>		
Cultural - library services	<u>\$ 644,286</u>	<u>\$ 1,061</u>	<u>\$ 606,818</u>	<u>\$61,157</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 644,286</u>	<u>\$ 1,061</u>	<u>\$606,818</u>	<u>\$61,157</u>		

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE LIBRARY'S FUNDS

As previously stated, as of June 30, 2023, the Library's Governmental Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$110,951, an increase of \$150 in comparison with the prior year. The entire amount is available for spending at the Library's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

# **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

# **General Fund**

The following table provides a comparison of original budget, final budget, and actual revenues and expenditures in the General Fund:

### **Budgetary Comparison**

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	<u>2023</u>					2022						
Devenues		riginal Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual		Driginal <u>Budget</u>	J	Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental Operating grants and contributions Other	\$	185,712 449,533 83,588	\$	185,712 449,533 88,588	\$	180,326 449,533 109,537	\$	208,568 449,533 56,114	\$	208,568 449,533 55,999	\$	203,074 449,533 30,565
Total		718,833		723,833		739,396		714,215		714,100		683,172
Expenditures		718,833		723,833		739,246		714,215		714,100		663,256
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-		150		-		-		19,916
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$		\$	150	\$		\$		\$	19,916

Actual revenue amounts exceeded final budget amounts by \$15,563, or 2.15%, while actual expenditure amounts exceeded final budget amounts by \$15,413, or 2.13%.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

# **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2023, the Library's net capital assets total \$572,098, which represents a net increase of \$26,648 or 4.89% over the previous fiscal year-end balance.

# **Change in Capital Assets**

# Governmental Activities

	Balance July 1, 2022			Additions <u>Deletions</u>	Balance ne 30, 2023
Furniture and equipment Books	\$	284,203 1,039,043	\$	13,431 (6,522)	\$ 297,634 1,032,521
Total Capital Assets Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		1,323,246 (777,796)		6,909 19,739	 1,330,155 (758,057)
Net Capital Assets	\$	545,450	\$	26,648	\$ 572,098

# Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2023, the Library's long-term obligations total \$27,186.

		Balance July 1, 2022		Additions Deletions	Balance <u>June 30, 2023</u>		
Governmental Activities Compensated absences	<u>\$</u>	24,747	<u>\$</u>	2,439	\$	27,186	

More detailed information on the Library's long-term obligations is presented in Note 12 to the financial statements.

# NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The fiscal year 2024 proposed budget anticipates revenues and expenditures to be \$781,483, a 7.96% increase over the final fiscal year 2023 budget. Revenues are comprised primarily of contributions from counties at 57.52% and state aid comprising 29.87%. The Library's salaries continue to be the largest expenditure area at 45.91% of total expenditures.

## **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide those interested with a general overview of the Library's finances and to demonstrate the Library's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Becky S. Walker, Director, 133 West Hicks Street, Lawrenceville, Virginia 23868, telephone 434-848-2418, or visit the Library's website at <u>www.meherrinlib.org</u>.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# Exhibit 1

# Meherrin Regional Library

# Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2023

Assets	
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 111,512
Capital Assets	
Net capital assets	572,098
Other Assets	100.011
Net pension asset Total Assets	 <u>183,814</u> 867,424
	007,424
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension	F 000
OPEB	5,283 <u>8,369</u>
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 13,652
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 881,076
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 561
Due within one year	0.740
Compensated absences Due in more than one year	2,719
Net OPEB liability	23,610
Compensated absences	 24,467
Total Liabilities	51,357
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension	85,525
OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 7,025
Total Deletted innows of Resources	92,550
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	572,098 165,071
Omesincled	 105,071
Total Net Position	 737,169
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and	
Net Position	\$ 881,076

# Exhibit 2

# Meherrin Regional Library

# Statement of Activities

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		<u>Program</u>	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and <u>Changes in Net Position</u>
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>	Operating Charges for Grants and <u>Services</u> <u>Contributions</u>		Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Primary Government Governmental Activities				
Cultural - library services	\$ 644,286	<u>\$ 15,488</u>	<u>\$ 629,859</u>	\$ 1,061
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 644,286</u>	<u>\$ 15,488</u>	<u>\$ 629,859</u>	1,061
	General Rev Miscellaneou Investment o	JS	93,863 186	
	Tota	al General Rev	94,049	
	Change in Net	Position	95,110	
	Net Position -	Beginning of \	642,059	
	Net Position -	End of Year	\$ 737,169	

# Balance Sheet

As of June 30, 2023

Assets	
Cash held by County Treasurer	\$ 111,512
Total Assets	\$ 111,512
Liabilities	
Accrued payroll liabilities	\$ 561
Total Liabilities	561
Fund Belence	
Fund Balance Unassigned	 110,951
Total Fund Balance	 110,951
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 111,512

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds			\$ 110,951
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Furniture, equipment, and vehicles, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$</u>	572,098	
Total Capital Assets			572,098
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		5,283 (85,525) 8,369 (7,025)	
Total Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources			(78,898)
Liabilities applicable to the Library's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Balances of long-term liabilities affecting net position are as follows: Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension (liability) asset		(27,186) (23,610) <u>183,814</u>	
Total			 133,018
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 737,169

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

As of June 30, 2023

R	ev	en	ues	5

Operating grants and contributions Charges for services Miscellaneous Revenue from use of money and property Intergovernmental	\$ 449,533 15,488 93,863 186
Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia	165,774
Revenue from the Federal Government	 14,552
Total Revenues	739,396
Expenditures	
Cultural - library services	 739,246
Total Expenditures	 739,246
Net Change in Fund Balance	150
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 110,801
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 110,951

			Page 2
Meherrin Regional Library			
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	s in Fund Balance	es	
Year Ended June 30, 2023			
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	:	\$	150
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capitalized assets Depreciation	\$     74,424 (47,776)		
	(47,770)		26,648
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in the following accounts are as follows:			
Net pension asset Deferred inflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB Other postemployment benefits Compensated absences	(72,320) 151,444 4,155 (8,739) 210 (3,999) (2,439)		
Net Adjustment			68,312
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	95,110

Exhibit 4

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Narrative Profile

The Meherrin Regional Library (the "Library") has branches located in Emporia and Lawrenceville. The Library is governed by a ten-member Board of Trustees appointed by the Board of Supervisors in Brunswick and Greensville Counties. The Board consists of five members from Brunswick County, three members from Greensville County and two members from the City of Emporia, each serving terms of four years. The purpose of the Library is to serve as an essential public asset by providing evolving information, serving as a repository of knowledge, and promoting reading, life-long learning and enjoyment for all.

The financial statements of the Meherrin Regional Library have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant of the Library's accounting policies are described below:

## **A**. The Financial Reporting Entity

In June 1999, GASB issued Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments.* This statement, known as the "Reporting Model" statement, affects the way the Library prepares and presents financial information. State and local governments traditionally have used a financial reporting model substantially different from the one used to prepare private sector financial reports.

GASB Statement No. 34 established requirements and a reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The Statement was developed to make annual reports easier to understand and more useful to the people who use governmental financial information to make decisions and includes:

- —<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis</u>: GASB Statement No. 34 requires that financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the government's financial activities in the form of "management's discussion and analysis" (MD&A). This analysis is similar to analysis the private sector provides in their annual reports.
- —Government-wide Financial Statements: The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, including bridges and roads, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

- —<u>Statement of Net Position</u>: The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities). Governments report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and report depreciation expense – the cost of "using up" capital assets – in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.
- —<u>Statement of Program Activities</u>: The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the Library's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).
- —Budgetary Comparison Schedules: Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. The Library and many other governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons.
- <u>GASB-Required Supplementary Pension</u>: GASB issued Statement No. 68– Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions.
- —<u>GASB-Required Supplementary OPEB</u>: GASB issued Statement No. 75– Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB).

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, these financial statements present the primary government, entities for which the Library is considered to be financially accountable. The Library only reports activities for itself. It has no component units.

# B. Government - Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the Library as a whole) and fund financial statements. The focus is on both the Library as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) are reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information. The Library generally first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The Library may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) that are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Library does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the Library are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The fund statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting.

This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile the fund financial statements to the governmental column of the government-wide financial statements.

The Library applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The following is a brief description of the specific funds used by the Library in fiscal year 2023:

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds account for the expendable financial resources. The Governmental Funds utilize the modified accrual basis of accounting where the measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination as would apply to a commercial enterprise. The individual Governmental Fund is:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Library and accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Library which are not accounted for in other funds. Revenues are derived primarily from contributions from counties and state aid. The General Fund is considered a major fund for financial reporting purposes.

# C. Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All Governmental Funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet in the funds statements. Long-term assets and long-term liabilities are included in the government-wide statements. Operating statements of the Governmental Funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current position.

The fund financial statements of the General Fund are maintained and reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become measurable and available. With respect to real and personal property tax revenue and other local taxes, the term "available" is limited to collection within forty-five days of the fiscal year end. Levies made prior to the fiscal year end but which are not available are deferred. Interest income is recorded as earned. Federal and State reimbursement-type grants are recorded as revenue when related eligible expenditures are incurred. Expenditures, other than accrued interest on long-term debt, are recorded when the fund liability is incurred.

# D. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Financial Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This represents the usage of net position applicable to future periods and will be recognized as expenditures in the future period to which it applies. This category also includes amounts related to pensions and OPEB for certain actuarially determined differences projected and actual investment earnings.

The Statement of Financial Position also includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This represents an acquisition of net position applicable to future periods and will not be recognized as revenue in the future period to which it applies. Currently, this category includes amounts related to pensions and OPEB for certain actuarially determined differences between projected and actual experience, and lease deferrals.

#### E. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through the enabling legislation adopted by the Library or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

# F. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Library will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Library's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

# G. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Library will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Library's policy to consider restricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

# H. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Trustees annually adopts budgets for the various funds of the primary government. All appropriations are legally controlled at the department level for the primary Government Funds.

The budgets are integrated into the accounting system, and the budgetary data, as presented in the financial statements for all major funds with annual budgets, compare the expenditures with the amended budgets. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the major funds presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Unexpended appropriations on annual budgets lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

## Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, the recording of purchase orders, contracts, and other monetary commitments in order to reserve an applicable portion of an appropriation, is not used by the Library.

The following procedures are used by the Library in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Library Director submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

- 3. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund, function, and departmental level. The appropriation for each fund, function, and department can be revised only by the Board of Trustees.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. All appropriations lapse on June 30 for all Library funds.
- 7. Amounts shown in the accompanying financial statements represent original appropriations authorized by the Board of Trustees; any additional and supplemental appropriations authorized during the year are shown in the final budget. Certain contributions, in-kind support, and related expenditures are not budgeted items.

# I. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the Library will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

All compensated absence liabilities include salary-related payments, where applicable.

The total compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

# J. Pensions

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# K. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### L. Group Life Insurance Program

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, and Group Life Insurance Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Group Life Insurance program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Group Life Insurance Program OPEB's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## M. Health Insurance Credit Program

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple-employer. agent defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. For purposes of measuring the net Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, and the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### N. Adoption of New GASB Statements

The Library adopted the following GASB statements during the year ended June 30, 2023:

In March 2020, GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to publicprivate and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. GASB Statement No. 94 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022. The requirements of this statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 for the Library.

In May 2020, Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). GASB Statement No. 96 is effective for fiscal year ending June 15, 2022. The requirements of this statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 for the Library.

# Cash and Investments

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows for proprietary-type funds, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, money market funds, certificates of deposit, and investments with maturities of three months or less.

The Library maintains a pool of cash and investments in which each fund participates on a dollar equivalent and daily transaction basis. Interest is distributed monthly based on average monthly balances. The majority of funds in the Library's accounts are invested at all times.

## Deposits

All cash of the Library is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by FDIC.

#### Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Library had no investments at June 30, 2023.

# Compensated Absences

Library employees earn vacation and sick leave on time worked. Employees receive no accumulated sick leave upon termination. Vacation leave is paid up to a maximum of 45 days based upon the number of years of service. The Library has outstanding compensated absences totaling \$27,186 for the governmental activities.

# Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Political Subdivision are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS							
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID <u>RETIREMENT PLAN</u>					
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is ased on a member's age, service credit, and average nal compensation at retirement using a formula.		<ul> <li>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan</li> <li>The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.</li> <li>The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.</li> <li>The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.</li> <li>In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.</li> </ul>					
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is efore July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 013, and they have not taken a refund. <i>Hybrid Opt-In Election</i> YRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were llowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held anuary 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. The eligible deferred members returned to work during the lection window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not ligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. <i>Hybrid Opt-In Election</i> Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not	<i>Eligible Members</i> Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: •Political subdivision employees* •Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014					

# PLAN 1

#### Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are taxdeferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

#### Service Credit

Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

#### Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to Same as Plan 1. qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN 2 Retirement Contributions

Same as Plan 1.

Service Credit

Vesting

#### Same as Plan 1.

**HYBRID** RETIREMENT PLAN

Retirement Contributions

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

#### Service Credit

#### **Defined Benefit Component:**

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

#### **Defined Contributions Component:**

Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

#### Vesting

#### **Defined Benefit Component:**

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

#### **Defined Contributions Component:**

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

#### <u>PLAN 1</u>

# <u>PLAN 2</u>

#### HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

- •After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- •After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- •After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

#### Distribution not required, except as governed by law.

#### Calculating the Benefit

**Defined Benefit Component:** See definition under Plan 1.

#### **Defined Contribution Component:**

The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

#### Calculating the Benefit

The basic benefit is determined using the average final compensation, service credit, and plan multiplier. An early retirement reduction is applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

#### Average Final Compensation

A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

#### Service Retirement Multiplier

**VRS:** The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.

# **Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents:** The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.

**Political subdivision hazardous duty employees:** The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.

#### Average Final Compensation

A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

#### Service Retirement Multiplier

**VRS:** Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013.

Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.

**Political subdivision hazardous duty employees:** Same as Plan 1.

# Average Final Compensation

Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

#### Service Retirement Multiplier

#### **Defined Benefit Component:**

**VRS:** The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.

For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.

Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.

**Defined Contribution Component** Not applicable.

PLAN 4	RI AN O	HYBRID
<u>PLAN 1</u> Normal Retirement Age	<u>PLAN 2</u> Normal Retirement Age	<u>RETIREMENT PLAN</u> Normal Retirement Age
VRS: Age 65.	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component:
	, °	VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	<b>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:</b> Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment,
		subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component:
service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years	five years (60 months) of service credit or when	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five
of service credit.	their age plus service credit equal 90.	years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equal 90.
Political aubdivisions havardaus duty ampleyees	Political aubdivisions hererdeus duty employees	Delitical aubdivisions hazardava dutu ampleyeese
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or	<b>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:</b> Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.		Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment,
		subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility
VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of	Defined Benefit Component:
service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.	service credit.	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of service credit.	<b>Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees:</b> Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable
		Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment,
		subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3%	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2%	Defined Benefit Component:
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban	increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to $20\%$ ) for a maximum COLA of $20\%$	Same as Plan 2
Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Defined Contribution Component:
		Not applicable
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2
a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit,		
the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar		

For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.

calendar year from the retirement date.

#### Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Disability Coverage

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

#### Purchase of Prior Service

**Defined Benefit Component:** Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

• Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.

#### **Defined Contribution Component:** Not applicable

#### PLAN 2

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1

## PLAN 1

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- •The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- •The member retires on disability.
- •The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.
- •The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- •The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

#### Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

#### Purchase of Prior Service

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts towards vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1

**RETIREMENT PLAN** Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

HYBRID

# Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

# Number Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits 13 Inactive members: Vested inactive members 2 Non-vested inactive members 3 LTD Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS 5 Total inactive members 10 Active members 8 Total covered employees 31

# Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code* of *Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

If the employer used the certified rate: Meherrin Regional Library's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 2.76% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from Meherrin Regional Library were \$7,072 and \$8,067 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

#### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For Meherrin Regional Library, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

# Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation

2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return

6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rate for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Target Asset	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected
<u>Asset Class (Strategy)</u>	Allocation	Rate of Return	Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	<u>3.00%</u>	6.55%	<u>0.20%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		5.33%
	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
Expected arithmetic non	ninal return**		<u>7.83%</u>

\*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*\*On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>				
	Total		Plan		Net
	Pension		Fiduciary		Pension
	Liability	ľ	Net Position		Liability
	<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>		<u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 1,955,190	\$	2,211,324	\$	(256,134)
Changes for the Year					
Service cost	25,158		-		25,158
Interest	128,795		-		128,795
Benefit changes	-		-		-
Assumption changes	-		-		-
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	(64,988)		-		(64,988)
Contributions - employer	-		8,067		(8,067)
Contributions - employee	-		12,157		(12,157)
Net investment income	-		(2,235)		2,235
Benefit payments, including refunds	(144,560)		(144,560)		-
Administrative expenses	-		(1,393)		1,393
Other changes	 -		49		(49)
Net Changes	 (55,595)		(127,915)		72,320
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,899,595	\$	2,083,409	\$	(183,814)

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Meherrin Regional Library using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.00%	Current	1.00%	
	Decrease <u>(5.75%)</u>	Discount Rate <u>(6.75%)</u>	Increase ( <u>7.75%)</u>	
Political subdivision's				

Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$ 54,489 \$ (183,814) \$(381,745)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Meherrin Regional Library recognized pension expense of \$(65,102). At June 30, 2023, the Meherrin Regional Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred C <u>of Reso</u>		 
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 21,663
Change in assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	63,862
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,283	 <u> </u>
Total	\$	5,283	\$ 85,525

\$5,283 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Meherrin Regional Library's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

### Year Ended June 30,

2024	\$ (46,184)
2025	(25,464)
2026	(43,330)
2027	29,453
2028	-

### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 Annual Report. A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/202 2-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

### Group Life Insurance Plan

### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

### GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

### Eligible Employees

The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- City of Richmond
- City of Portsmouth
- City of Roanoke
- City of Norfolk
- Roanoke City Schools Board

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

### Benefit Amounts

The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

- Natural Death Benefit: The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- Accidental Death Benefit: The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions: In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include: Accidental dismemberment benefit

Accidental dismemberment beneti

Safety belt benefit

Repatriation benefit

Felonious assault benefit

Accelerated death benefit option

### **Reduction in Benefit Amounts**

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

### Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,984 as of June 30, 2023.

### Contributions

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% X 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the Group Life Insurance Program from the entity were \$1,384 and \$1,422 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respective ly.

In June 2022, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$30.4 million to the Group Life Insurance plan. This special payment was authorized by a Budget Amendment included in Chapter 1 of the 2022 Appropriation Act.

### GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the participating employer reported a liability of \$14,570 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2022 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the participating employer's proportion was 0.00121% as compared to 0.00135% at June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$177.Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2023, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Outflows sources	Deferred of Reso	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,154	\$	584
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments	-		910
Change in assumptions	543		1,419
Changes in proportionate share	759		2,714
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,384		<u> </u>
Total	\$ 3,840	\$	5,627

\$1,384 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

### Year Ended June 30.

2024	\$ (544)
2025	(537)
2026	(1,250)
2027	(407)
2028	(433)
Thereafter	-

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation -	
Teachers	3.50% - 5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50% - 5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses,
	including inflation

### Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

### Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

### Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

### Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality
retirement healthy, and disabled)	tables. For future mortality improvements,
	replace load with a modified Mortality
	Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan
	1; set separate rates based on experience for
	Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
	from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	age and service decrement through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

#### Net GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2022, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Ir	roup Life Isurance <u>B Program</u>
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,672,085
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,467,989
GLI Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,204,096
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		67.21%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class (Strategy)</u>	Long-Term Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected <u>Rate of Return</u>	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected <u>Rate of Return*</u>
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	<u>3.00%</u>	6.55%	<u>0.20%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		5.33%
Expected orithmetic new	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
Expected arithmetic nor	inai retum		<u>7.83%</u>

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*\*On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

### Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.00%	Decrease	Currer	nt Discount	1.00	)% Increase
	(5	<u>5.75%)</u>	<u>Rat</u>	<u>e (6.75%)</u>		<u>(7.75%)</u>
State Agency's Proportionate						
Share of the Group Life						
Insurance Program						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	21,200	\$	14,570	\$	9,211

### Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/202</u> 2-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

## 6 Health Insurance Credit Program

### Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

## POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) PLAN PROVISIONS

### Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan.

### **Benefit Amounts**

The political subdivision's Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- At Retirement For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month.
- **Disability Retirement** For employees who retire on disability or go on longterm disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- No health insurance credit for premiums paid and qualified under LODA, however, the employee may receive the credit for the premiums paid for other qualified health plans.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retire e.

### Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	3
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	-
Non-vested inactive members	-
Inactive members active elsewhere in the System	
Total inactive members	3
Active members	8
Total covered employees	11

### Contribution s

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Meherrin Regional Library's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Meherrin Regional Library to the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program were \$1,281 and \$975 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

### Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Meherrin Regional Library's net Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

### Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation Locality - General Employees Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50% - 5.35% 3.50% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment investment expenses, including inflation

### Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

### Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for male set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class (Strategy)</u>	Long-Term Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected <u>Rate of Return*</u>
Public Equity	34.00%	5.71%	1.94%
Fixed Income	15.00%	2.04%	0.31%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.78%	0.67%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.47%	0.63%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.73%	1.36%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.73%	0.22%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	<u>3.00%</u>	6.55%	0.20%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		5.33%
	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
**Expected arithmetic no	<u>7.83%</u>		

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

\*\*On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2022 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

#### Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability:

		Increase (DecreaseTotalPlanHIC OPEBFiduciaryLiabilityNet Position(a)(b)		Total HIC OPEB Liability		)	Net HIC OPEB Liability <u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	25,595	\$	21,702	\$	3,893	
Changes for the Year							
Service cost		1,891		-		1,891	
Interest		1,789		-		1,789	
Benefit changes		-		-		-	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience		1,191		-		1,191	
Assumption changes		1,661		-		1,661	
Contributions - employer		-		975		(975)	
Net investment income		-		47		(47)	
Benefit payments		(1,968)		(1,968)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(36)		36	
Other changes				399		(399)	
Net Changes		4,564		(583)		5,147	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	30,159	\$	21,119	\$	9,040	

### Sensitivity of the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Political subdivision's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	1.00%		Current	1.00%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
	<u>(5.75%)</u>		<u>(6.75%)</u>	<u>(7.75%)</u>
Political subdivision's				
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 11,984	\$	9,040	\$ 6,494

### Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Meherrin Regional Library recognized Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense \$2,490. At June 30, 2023, the Meherrin Regional Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Meherrin Regional Library's Health Insurance Credit Program from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows I of Resources		Deferred <u>of Resc</u>	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,887	\$	320
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments		-		571
Change in assumptions		1,361		507
Changes in proportionate share		-		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,281		<u> </u>
Total	\$	4,529	\$	1,398

\$1,281 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Meherrin Regional Library's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

### Year Ended June 30,

2024	\$ 506
2025	539
2026	364
2027	441
2028	-
Thereafter	-

### Health Insurance Credit Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2022 *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/202</u> 2-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

### Aggregate OPEB Information

	Primary Government										
		eferred utflows		eferred <u>nflows</u>		et OPEB .iability		OPEB <u>set)</u>		DPEB xpense	
VRS OPEB Plans Group Life Insurance Primary Government Health insurance Credit Program Primary Government	\$	3,840 4,529	\$	5,627 1,398	\$	14,570 9,040	\$		\$	177 2,490	
Totals	\$	8,369	\$	7,025	\$	23,610	\$	-	\$	2,667	

Risk Management

Surety Bond coverage is as follows:

Name	<u>Surety</u>				<u>mount</u>
Library Employees	Fidelity & Deposit	Com	npany	\$	10,000
	of Maryland				
<b>9</b> Local Government Contributions					
County of Brunswi	ck	\$	212,88	35	
County of Greensv	ille		136,84	48	
City of Emporia			99,80	00	
Total Lo	cal Government				
Contribu	tions	\$	449,53	33	

## **10**<sup>Expenditures</sup> of State Aid

State aid payments were budgeted and expended as follows:

	B	<b>Budgeted</b>		<u>(pended</u>	Difference	
Books and materials	\$	68,300	\$	68,047	\$	(253)
Salaries		37,200		37,134		(66)
Internet access		20,640		20,263		(377)
Equipment		5,584		5,920		336
Furniture		1,500		1,413		(87)
Supplies		6,200		6,007		(193)
Other		23,000		23,502		502
Contractual services		3,350		3,488		138
	\$	<u>\$ 165,774</u>		165,774	\$	_

### Capital Assets

Following is a summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities:

	Balance July 1, <u>2022</u>		1,			ecreases	Balance June 30, <u>2023</u>		
Furniture and equipment	\$	284,203	\$	13,431	\$	-	\$	297,634	
Books		1,039,043		60,993		67,515		1,032,521	
Total Capital Assets Less: Accumulated depreciation and		1,323,246		74,424		67,515		1,330,155	
amortization		777,796		47,776		67,515		758,057	
Net Capital Assets	\$	545,450	\$	26,648	\$	-	\$	572,098	

### **2**Long-Term Debt

### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year	<u>G</u>	overnmen	tal	Activities	
Ended June 30, 2023	I	Principal		Interest	
Compensated absent				-	
Changes in Long-Term Debt					
The following is a summary of long-term June 30, 2023:	debt ti	ansactions	of t	he Library for the year	ended
Balance				Balance	Due With

	 lance <u>1, 2022</u>	Inc	Increase Decrease			 ance <u>30, 2023</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>		
Primary Government Governmental Activities General Fund									
Compensated absences	\$ 24,747	\$	29,402	\$	26,963	\$ 27,186	\$	2,719	

### **3** Upcoming Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. This Statement will enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements in paragraphs 11–25 related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements in paragraphs 4–10 related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 – will be effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* - requires recording compensation due to employees as a liability if not paid at the date of the financial statements. The amount due should be calculated at the employee's pay rate as of the date of financials. The Statement reduces the note disclosure and excludes certain compensated absences such as parental leave, military leave, and jury duty from the calculated liability. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

### Subsequent Events

Management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to June 30, 2023 to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. Management has performed their analysis through November 28, 2023.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Variance with

### Meherrin Regional Library

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule

As of June 30, 2023

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Operating graphs and contributions	\$ 449,533	\$ 449.533	\$ 449,533	\$-
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 449,533	\$ 449,533		φ -
Intergovernmental Revenue from the Commonwealth of Virginia				
Categorical Aid Commonwealth of Virginia Aid Revenue from the Federal Government	165,774	165,774	165,774	-
Cares Act	80	80	80	-
E-rate	19,858		14,472	(5,386)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	19,938	19,938	14,552	(5,386)
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	185,712	185,712	180,326	(5,386)
Revenue from Use of Money and Property Interest income	-	-	186	186
Charges for Services				
Copies	4,000		5,868	1,868
Faxes	6,000		5,551	(449)
Computer printouts	4,500	4,500	4,069	(431)
Total Charges for Services	14,500	14,500	15,488	988
Miscellaneous In-kind	-	_	67,442	67,442
Fines and fees	1,500	1,500	1,931	431
Lost or damaged books	1,800		2,414	614
Gifts and donations	900	5,900	5,963	63
Other income	9,350		16,113	6,763
Reserve funds	55,538	55,538		(55,538)
Total Miscellaneous	69,088	74,088	93,863	19,775
Total Revenues	718,833	723,833	739,396	15,563
Expenditures				
Cultural				
Salaries and wages	356,000		346,631	9,236
Payroll taxes and fringe benefits	121,655		93,093	28,695
Administrative service/support Advertising	4,500 700		3,222 344	1,278 356
Automation system	14,100		14,770	(670)
Bookkeeping	6,500		6,500	-
Books	40,900	45,900	60,993	(15,093)
Capital outlay	46,000	,	13,047	32,953
Computer hardware	9,984		7,249	2,735
Contingency/reserve Copy machine	4,000 4,550		- 5,688	4,000 (1,138)
Dues and associations	4,330 900		1,473	(1,130)
Insurance	4,500		9,555	(5,055)
Internet access	22,640	22,640	23,558	(918)
Management software/support	10,900		11,070	(170)
Miscellaneous	2,900		9,939	(7,039)
Network administration	7,000		5,998	1,002
Non-print Office supplies	7,100 8,504		7,189 8,826	(89) (322)
Periodical subscriptions	4,100		4,512	(412)
Postage	1,500		1,548	(48)
Professional development	900		629	271
Professional fees	7,200		7,200	-
Programs and projects	3,000		4,164	(1,164)
Public relations Repairs and maintenance	1,500	1,500	1,437	63 (28 923)
Small furniture and equipment	4,500	4,500	28,923 9,198	(28,923) (4,698)
Software	16,600		14,795	1,805
Telephone	3,200		3,118	82
Utilities	-	-	33,098	(33,098)
Vehicle fuel and repairs	3,000	3,000	1,479	1,521
Total Expenditures	718,833	723,833	739,246	(15,413)

Exhibit 5 Page 2

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive <u>(Negative)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> -	150	<u>\$ 150</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			110,801	
Fund Balance - End of Year			<u>\$ 110,951</u>	

### Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

For the Plan Years Ended June 30

	2022	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability												
Service cost	\$ 25,158	\$ 18,848	\$	24,163	\$	22,537	\$ 18,707	\$ 25,667	. ,	. ,	\$	28,877
Interest Changes in benefit terms	128,795	123,351		118,341		114,064	105,197	103,425	97,198	92,364		86,008
Difference between expected and actual experience	(64,988)	1.141		8,400		2,122	41,500	(42,044)	(5,809)	(26,274)		_
Changes of assumptions	-	13,444		-,		49,762	-	(24,928)	,			-
Benefit payments	(144,560)	(58,029)		<u>(95.340)</u>		(34,204)	(43.263)	(30.356)	(28,709)	(24,080)		(24,085)
Net change in total pension liability	(55,595)	98,755		55,564		154,281	122,141	31,764	89,790	71,373		90,800
Total pension liability - beginning	<u>1.955.190</u>	1.856.435		1.800.871		1.646.590	<u>1.524.449</u>	<u>1.492.685</u>	1.402.895	<u>   1.331.522 </u>		.240.722
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>\$1,899,595</u>	\$1,955,190	\$	1,856,435	\$	1,800,871	\$1,646,590	\$1,524,449	\$1,492,685	\$1,402,895	<u>\$1</u>	,331,522
Disc. (idealized and institute												
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer	\$ 8.067	\$ 8,538	¢	2,460	¢	2,934	\$ 10,669	\$ 11,397	\$ 22,661	\$ 22,452		\$29,170
Contributions - employee	12,157	φ 0,538 12,984	Ψ	12,939	Ψ	13,700	12,364	12,951	13,801	<sup>3</sup> 22,432 13,673		13,356
Net investment income	(2,235)	481,912		30,622		115,128	119,506	177,988	25,364	62,468		183,168
Benefit payments	(144,560)	(58,029)		(95,340)		(34,204)	(43,263)	,		(24,080)		(24,085)
Refunds of contributions	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-
Administrator charges	(1,393)	(1,202)		(1,241)		(1,129)	( , ,	( ,	· · ·	(831)		(962)
Other	49	45		(40)		(73)	(107)	(159)	(11)	(14)		9
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(127,915)	444,248		(50,600)		96,356	98,141	170,806	32,234	73,668		200,656
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	2,211,324	1,767,076		1,817,676		1,721,320	1,623,179	1,452,373	1,420,139	1,346,471	_	,145,815
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$2,083,409</u>	\$2,211,324	\$	1,767,076	\$	1,817,676	\$1,721,320	\$1,623,179	\$1,452,373	\$1,420,139	<u>\$</u> 1	,346,471
Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending (a - b)	<u>\$ (183,814)</u>	<u>\$ (256,134)</u>	\$	89,359	\$	(16,805)	<u>\$ (74,730)</u>	<u>\$ (98,730)</u>	\$ 40,312	<u>\$ (17,244)</u>	\$	(14,949)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total												
Pension liability	109.68%	113.10%		95.19%		100.93%	104.54%	106.48%	97.30%	101.23%		101.12%
Covered payroll	\$ 263,399	\$ 279,138	\$	273,594		\$287,629	\$254,449	\$259,015	\$276,902	\$275,135	9	\$267,121
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-69.79%	-91.76%		32.66%		-5.84%	-29.37%	-38.12%	14.56%	-6.27%		-5.60%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Political Subdivisions Retirement Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through 2023

Date	Re	ractually quired tribution (1)*	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)*	Co De	Contribution Employer's Deficiency Covered (Excess) Payroll (3) (4)		Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
2023	\$	7,072	\$ 7,072	2 \$	-	\$	256,223	2.76%
2022		8,067	8,067	,	-		263,399	3.06%
2021		8,538	8,538	3	-		279,138	3.06%
2020		3,502	3,502	2	-		273,594	1.28%
2019		2,934	2,934	ł	-		287,629	1.02%
2018		10,669	10,669	)	-		254,449	4.19%
2017		11,397	11,397	,	-		259,015	4.40%
2016		22,734	22,661		73		276,902	8.21%
2015		22,589	22,452	<u>)</u>	137		275,135	8.16%
2014		29,170	29,170	)	-		267,121	10.92%

\* Includes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

### For Reference Only:

Column 1 - Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll

Column 2 – Employer contributions as referenced in Covered Payroll & Contributions report on VRS website

Column 4 - Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2021, except for the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

### All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Plan (GLI) For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2022

	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 14,570	\$ 15,718 \$	\$ 23,531	\$ 23,921	\$ 21,000	\$ 21,000
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.00121%	0.00135%	0.00141%	0.00147%	0.00134%	0.00140%
Employer's Covered Payroll	263,399	279,138	289,181	287,629	254,449	259,015
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	5.53%	5.63%	8.14%	8.32%	8.25%	8.11%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	67.21%	67.45%	52.64%	52.00%	51.22%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2022 is the sixth year of presentation, only six years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### For Reference Only

The Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability for the VRS Group Life Insurance Program for each year is presented on page 132 of the VRS 2022 Annual Report.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Group Life Insurance OPEB Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through 2023

Date	Re	ractually quired ribution (1)	Rela Contr Rec Contr	outions in tion to actually quired ribution (2)	Defic (Exc	bution iency cess) 3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)		Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
2023	\$	1,384	\$	1,384	\$	-	\$	256,223	0.54%	
2022		1,422		1,422		-		263,399	0.54%	
2021		1,507		1,507		-		279,138	0.54%	
2020		1,504		1,504		-		289,181	0.52%	
2019		1,496		1,496		-		287,629	0.52%	
2018		3,333		3,333		-		254,449	1.31%	
2017		3,393		3,393		-		259,015	1.31%	
2016		3,285		3,285		-		276,902	1.19%	
2015		3,274		3,274		-		275,135	1.19%	
2014		3,179		3,179		-		267,121	1.19%	

### For Reference Only:

Column 1 - Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll

Column 2 – Employer contributions as referenced in Covered Payroll & Contributions report on VRS website

Column 4 - Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - GLI OPEB

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2021, except for the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

### Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net HIC OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Total HIC OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$ 1,89	91 3	\$ 269	\$ 383	\$ 348	\$ 299	\$ 1,150
Interest	1,78	39	1,593	1,587	1,563	1,251	1,266
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,19		1,769	(662)	(515)	3,548	-
Changes of assumptions	1,66		(919)	-	560	-	(2,346)
Benefit payments	<u>(1.96</u>	_	(1.421)	<u>(1.016)</u>	<u>(553)</u>	(707)	<u>136</u>
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	4,56		1,291	292	1,403	4,391	206
Total HIC OPEB liability - beginning	25,59		24.304	24,012	22,609	<u>18,218</u>	18.012
Total HIC OPEB liability - ending (a)	<u>\$ 30,15</u>	59	<u>\$ 25,595</u>	\$ 24,304	\$ 24,012	\$ 22,609	<u>\$ 18,218</u>
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 97	75	\$ 1,032	\$ 1,012	\$ 1,064	\$ 1,552	\$ 1,580
Net investment income		47	4,562	344	1,043	1,025	1,385
Benefit payments	(1,96	68)	(1,421)	(1,016)	(553)	(707)	136
Administrator charges	(:	36)	(53)	(34)	(23)	(25)	(25)
Other	39	99			<u>(1</u> )	(67)	62
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(58	33)	4,120	306	1,530	1,778	3,138
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	21,70	)2	17,582	17,276	15,746	13,968	10,830
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<b>\$ 21,1</b> 1	9	\$ 21,702	\$ 17,582	\$ 17,276	\$ 15,746	\$ 13,968
Political subdivision's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	<mark>\$ 9,0</mark> 4	10	\$ 3,893	\$ 6,722	<u>\$6,736</u>	\$ 6,863	\$ 4,250
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	70.03	3%	84.79%	72.34%	71.95%	69.64%	76.67%
Covered payroll	\$ 263,39	99	\$279,138	\$ 273,594	\$287,629	\$254,449	\$259,015
Political subdivision's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	3.43	3%	1.39%	2.46%	2.34%	2.70%	1.64%

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Health Insurance Credit - Political Subdivisions

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through 2023

Date	Re	ractually quired ribution (1)	Rela Contr Rec	outions in tion to actually quired ribution (2)	Defic (Ex	ibution ciency cess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)		Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	
2023	\$	1,281	\$	1,281	\$	-	\$	256,223	0.50%	
2022		975		975		-		263,399	0.37%	
2021		1,033		1,033		-		279,138	0.37%	
2020		1,012		1,012		-		273,594	0.37%	
2019		1,064		1,064		-		287,629	0.37%	
2018		1,552		1,552		-		254,449	0.61%	
2017		1,580		1,580		-		259,015	0.61%	
2016		1,634		1,634		-		276,902	0.59%	
2015		1,623		1,623		-		275,135	0.59%	
2014		1,576		1,576		-		267,121	0.59%	

### For Reference Only:

Column 1 - Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll

Column 2 – Employer contributions as referenced in Covered Payroll & Contributions report on VRS website

Column 4 - Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - HIC OPEB

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**Changes of benefit terms** – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2021, except for the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

# **COMPLIANCE SECTION**

Robin B. Jones, CPA, CFP Kimberly W. Jackson, CPA

Sherwood H. Creedle, Founder

Creedle Jones & Associates

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Virginia Society of Certified Public Accountants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Meherrin Regional Library

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities of Meherrin Regional Library, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Meherrin Regional Library's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Meherrin Regional Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Meherrin Regional Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Meherrin Regional Library's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies is may exist that were not identified.

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### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Meherrin Regional Library's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Creedle, Jones & associates, P.C.

Creedle, Jones & Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

South Hill, Virginia November 28, 2023