ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

County of Pulaski, Virginia Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Table of Contents

Tuble of contents		
INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
	<u>P</u> a	age
List of Elected and Appointed Officials	1	-2
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditors' Report	3	-5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	6-	-14
<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Pa</u>	<u>age</u>
Basic Financial Statements:		_
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	1	15
Statement of Activities	2	16
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	17
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds		
to the Statement of Net Position	4	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Governmental Funds	5	19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6	20
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	7	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -		
Proprietary Fund	8	22
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	9	23
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds		24
Notes to Financial Statements	2!	5-84

County of Pulaski, Virginia Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Table of Contents (continued)

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Pa</u>	age
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances -		
Budget and Actual:		
General Fund	11	85
Schedule of OPEB Funding	12	86
Schedules Related to Pension Funding:		
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	13	87
Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and		
Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)	14	88
Schedule of Employer Contributions	15	89
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	16	90
Other Supplementary Information:		
Combining and Individual Statements and Schedules:		
Nonmajor Funds - Combining Balance Sheet	17	91
Nonmajor Funds - Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balances	18	92
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Combining Schedule of Revenues,		
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual	19	93
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -		
Budget and Actual:		
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund - School Construction Fund	20	94
Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund - County CIP Fund	21	95
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	22	96
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Agency Funds	23	97
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:		
Balance Sheet	24	98
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		99
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Rudget and Actual	26	100

Table of Contents (continued) Other Supplementary Information: (continued) Page Supporting Schedules: Table Page Statistical Information: Government-Wide Information: 114 115 Fund Information: 116 117 118 119 120 Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded 121 Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to 122 **COMPLIANCE SECTION** Page Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards..... 123-124 Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 125-126 Schedule of Expenditures and Federal Awards 127-128 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs..... 129-130



	Board of Supervisors	
Charles R. Bopp, Vice Chairman	Joseph L. Sheffey, Chair	Andy McCready
Ranny E. O'Dell	Gena Hanks, Clerk	Dean K. Pratt
	County School Board	
Jeff Bain, Vice Chair Timothy Hurst	Michael Barbour, Chair	Joseph W. Guthrie
	Heather Freeman, Clerk	Frances P. Viars
	Social Services Board	
Charles Bopp	Rev. Vicki Houk, Chair	Rev. Randy Winn
Joseph L. Sheffey	Faith Chumbley, Clerk	Faye Powell
	Library Board	
	John Freeman, Chair	
Laura Walters, Vice Chair Nancy Hudson Hattie Haulsee		Robert Bopp Meagan Pratt Margaret Spradlin
	Parks Lanier	mar gar de apridatiii

Other Officials

Judge of the Circuit Court	Brett L. Geisler
Judge of the Circuit Court	Josiah T. Showalter Jr
Judge of the Circuit Court	Robert M. D. Turk
Clerk of the Circuit Court	Maetta H. Crewe
Judge of the General District Court	H. Lee Harrell
Judge of the General District Court	Randal J. Duncan
Judge of the General District Court	J.D. Bolt
Judge of the General District Court	Gino W. Williams
Clerk of the General District Court	Terri Powers
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	H. Lee Chitwood
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Robert C. Viar, Jr
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Monica D. Cox
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Bradley G. Dalton
Judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Stephanie M. Shortt
Clerk of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court	Anne Helms
Commonwealth's Attorney	K. Mike Fleenor
Commissioner of the Revenue	Trina Rupe
Treasurer	Melinda Worrell
Sheriff	James A. Davis
Superintendent of Schools	Dr. Thomas Brewster
Director of Social Services	Guy Smith
County Administrator	Peter M. Huber
County Attorney	Timothy Kirtner



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 6-14, 85, and 86-90 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Robinson Farmer, lox associates

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The discussion and analysis of the Pulaski County finances for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 (FY15) is offered as a way to broaden understanding of the County finances and the impact of those finances on services provided to Pulaski County residents. This report should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section. In accordance with GASB 34 accounting standards, this report includes all County government functions including the Board of Supervisors and the Discretely Presented Component Units School Board, Pulaski County Public Service Authority (PSA), and Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (IDA).

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2014-15

- Total net position value of the primary government was \$35.5 million at the end of FY 15 based on total assets of \$78.4 million, total liabilities of \$34 million, deferred outflows of resources of \$1.4 million, and deferred inflows of resources of 10.4 million (Exhibit 1). As noted in Exhibit 1, liabilities include total payout of long-term debt associated with school construction and remodeling, lease purchase agreements, landfill post-closure monitoring costs, compensated absences, pension liabilities, and other post employment benefits while the total assets reflect the depreciated value of existing county owned facilities.
- For FY 15 combined program and general revenues of \$49.7 million exceeded general expenditures of \$49.3 million by approximately \$0.4 million (Exhibit 2). The increase in net position is explained further in the Statement of Activities analysis of the Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole section below.
- As described in Exhibit 11, total general fund revenues were \$1.3 million or 2.6% less than the budgeted \$50.7 million revenue estimate while expenditures were \$8.4 million, or 14.8% less than the \$56.7 million budgeted expenditures (including transfers). The net change in fund balance was a decrease of \$2.7 million.
- The County's total outstanding debt for school improvements, school construction, economic
 development, compensated absences, landfill monitoring, pension liability, and other
 postemployment benefits showed a net decrease of \$4.7 million from \$34.50 million on July 1, 2014
 to \$29.76 million on June 30, 2015, due, in part, to a reduction in net pension liability of \$2.8 million
 (Note 6).
- As described in Note 17, the unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2015 for the general fund was \$9.59 million, or 8.19% of budgeted FY 15 total County General fund, other governmental funds and Component Unit, School Board operating expenditures in the amount of \$117.12 million. The Board of Supervisors has historically tried to maintain a reserve of the general fund balance of at least 10% of general, special revenue and component unit fund expenditures in order to ensure adequate cash flow throughout the budget cycle and in accordance with good management practices.
- As described in Exhibit 5, the general fund balance decreased by approximately \$2.5 million. That amount is explained further in the Analysis of the County Funds section below.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Pulaski's basic financial statements which are comprised of three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the County is improving or deteriorating when considering both financial condition and physical assets.

The statement of activities shows how the government's net position changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for items that will result in financial changes in the present and future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, education, parks, recreation and cultural, and community development. Business-type activities include the operation of the water, sewer, and refuse services by the Public Service Authority; and leasing of industrial buildings by the Industrial Development Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include the County (known as the *primary government*), as well as funds of the Pulaski County School Board, the Pulaski County Public Service Authority, and the Industrial Development Authority of Pulaski County (known as the *component units*). Financial information for component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find this portion of the audit report more familiar. The focus of this section of the audit report is on the County's most significant funds, and the fund financial statements provide more information about these funds – not the County as a whole.

The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements report financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is provided in separate exhibits (4&6) that explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported utilizing the full accrual accounting method as are all activities reported in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The County's proprietary funds consist of two internal service funds, the Health Insurance Premiums Fund and the Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund. The assets, deferred outflows of

resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds are reported in the governmental activities on the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County's fiduciary funds include Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and the Employee Flexible Benefits.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements</u> - The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

<u>Required supplementary information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary comparisons and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide information is as follows:

Summary of Net Position:

Details in the government-wide financial statements for FY 15 can be found in Exhibit 1. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions) comparing FY 14 to FY 15.

Summary of Net Position:

	Total Primary Government				Component Unit School Board			
	2	<u>2015</u>	2	2014	- 2	<u> 2015</u>	4	<u> 2014</u>
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$	29.5 48.9	\$	31.6 48.7	\$	5.7 7.9	\$	5.0 7.6
Total assets	\$	78.4	\$	80.3	\$	13.6	\$	12.6
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1.4	\$	1.4	\$	3.3	\$	2.8
Other liabilities Long term liabilities	\$	4.2 29.8	\$	3.6 35.2	\$	4.3 39.4	\$	4.1 46.2
Total liabilities	\$	34.0	\$	38.8	\$	43.7	\$	50.3
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10.4	\$	7.8	\$	6.7	\$	-
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	25.0 (0.4) 10.9	\$	24.4 0.2 10.5	\$	7.9 0.0 (41.4)	\$	6.6 0.0 (41.5)
Total net position	\$	35.5	\$	35.1	\$	(33.5)	\$	(34.9)

The County's combined net position decreased from \$35.1 million to \$35.5 million, as explained in the Statement of Activities section below. Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day activities of the County, totaled \$10.9 million. The County's net investment in capital assets represents the amount of capital assets owned by the County totaling \$25.0 million. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints on asset use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, regulators, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For example, seized asset funds are restricted so that they can be used for specific law enforcement purposes. The Component Unit School Board net position decreased by \$1.4 million, from \$34.9 million in FY14 to (\$33.5) million in FY 15. The School Board net investment in capital assets totaled \$7.9 million.

Capital Assets

The following tables display the County's and School Board's (Component Unit) capital assets at June 30, 2015, as well as the change in capital assets for FY 14 in millions of dollars:

Capital Assets:

		Total P	rima	ry		Component Unit			
		Gover	nmer	nt		School Board			
	<u>2015</u>		2	2014	<u>2015</u>		2	2014	
Non-Depreciable Assets:									
Land	\$	2.5	\$	2.5	\$	0.5	\$	0.5	
Construction in Progress		3.5		3.4		0.6		0.1	
Other Capital Assets:									
Buildings and systems		55.4		54.2		19.6		19.6	
Machinery and Equipment		13.4		12.6		8.9		8.5	
Accumulated Depreciation		(25.9)		(24.1)		(21.7)		(21.2)	
Totals	\$	48.9	\$	48.6	\$	7.9	\$	7.5	

Primary Government: Changes in Capital Assets:

Non Depresionle Assets:	Ju	alance, ine 30, <u>2014</u>	Add	<u>ditions</u>	<u>Del</u>	<u>etions</u>	Ju	lance, ne 30, 2015
Non-Depreciable Assets: Land	\$	2.5	\$	0.1	\$	(0.1)	\$	2.5
	Ψ		Ψ	• • •	Ψ	` '	Ψ	_
Construction in Progress		3.4		1.6		(1.5)		3.5
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		54.2		1.5		(0.3)		55.4
Machinery and Equipment		12.6		0.9		(0.1)		13.4
Accumulated Depreciation		(24.1)		(2.1)		0.3		(25.9)
Totals	\$	48.6	\$	2.0	\$	(1.7)	\$	48.9

Component Unit-School Board: Changes in Capital Assets:

Non-Depreciable Assets:	Ju	alance, ine 30, 2014	<u>Ad</u>	<u>ditions</u>	<u>De</u>	<u>letions</u>	Ju	llance, ine 30, 2015
Land	\$	0.5	\$	_	\$	_	\$	0.5
Construction in Progress	Ψ	0.1	Ψ	0.50	Ψ	-	Ψ	0.6
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings and systems		19.6		-		-		19.6
Machinery and Equipment		8.5		0.60		(0.20)		8.9
Accumulated Depreciation		(21.2)		(0.70)		0.20		(21.7)
Totals	\$	7.5	\$	0.4	\$	-	\$	7.9

These amounts include School Board assets presented as part of the Primary Government's capital assets because they are financed through long-term debt. Additional detailed capital asset information can be found in Note 11 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report.

Long-Term Debt

The following table displays the County and Component Unit – School Board's outstanding debt at June 30, 2015, in millions of dollars:

		Prin	nary			Component Unit				
		Gover	nmen	t		School Board				
	<u>2015</u>		<u>2015</u>		2014		<u>2015</u>		2	014
General Obligation Bonds	\$	11.5	\$	12.6	\$	-	\$	-		
Lease Revenue Note		12.1		13.1		0.0		0.0		
Notes Payable		0.2		0.3		0.0		0.0		
Unamortized Bond Premium		0.4		0.5		0.0		0.0		
Landfill Post Closure Liability		0.3		0.3		0.0		0.0		
Net OPEB Obligation		0.4		0.3		1.0		0.9		
Net Pension Liability		3.8		6.6		36.9		43.6		
Compensated Absences	1.0			0.8		1.5		1.7		
Total	\$	29.7	\$	34.5	\$	39.4	\$	46.2		

Long-term debt obligations decreased by \$11.6 million in FY15. Additional detailed information on long-term debt activity can be found in Note 6, Note 7, and Note 8 in the "Notes to Financial Statements".

Statement of Activities:

The following comparative table shows the revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for FY15 and the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 (FY14) (in millions) as show in Exhibit 2:

	Total Primary Government				Component Unit School Board			
	2	<u>2015</u>	<u>2</u>	014*	2	<u> 2015</u>	2	014*
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	0.8	\$	0.7	\$	1.6	\$	1.0
Operating grants and contributions		12.7		12.8		30.9		30.7
Capital grants and contributions		0.1		0.3		-		-
General Revenues:								
General property taxes		25.6		24.4		-		-
Other local taxes		7.1		6.8		-		-
Other		0.7		0.6		-		-
Payments from County		-		-		13.6		13.3
Total Revenues	\$	47.0	\$	45.6	\$	46.1	\$	45.0
Expenses:								
General government	\$	2.3	\$	2.7	\$	-	\$	-
Judicial administration	•	1.8	•	1.4	•	-	•	-
Public safety		8.9		8.5		-		-
Public works		3.3		1.6		-		-
Health and welfare		10.4		11.5		-		-
Education		15.0		14.3		44.7		45.5
Parks, recreation and cultural		1.6		1.4		-		-
Community development		5.2		3.0		-		-
Interest on long term debt		0.8		1.2		-		-
Total Expenses	\$	49.3	\$	45.6	\$	44.7	\$	45.5
Grants and Contributions (Not related to specific programs)		2.6		2.6		-		-
Transfers		-		-		-		-
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		35.1		39.4		(34.9)		5.5
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	35.4	\$	42.0	\$	(33.5)	\$	5.0

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 is shown as restated; however, the fiscal year 2014 amounts are not restated for the effects of GASB 68.

Revenues

For FY15, revenues from governmental funds totaled \$47 million. General property tax revenues, the County's largest revenue source, were \$25.6 million, an increase of \$1.2 million. Other local taxes (including local sales tax, communications tax, hotel and motel room taxes, and meals tax) were \$7.8 million, an increase of approximately \$1 million over FY14.

The Component Unit School Board revenues totaled \$46.1 million for FY15, an increase of \$1.1 million from June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015. Component Unit School Board state and federal revenues increased by \$0.2 million, while charges for services increased by \$0.6 million which resulted in an increase of local government transfer of \$0.3 million.

Expenses

For FY 15, expenses for primary governmental activities totaled \$49.3 million, an increase of \$3.6 million over the prior year.

Education is a very high priority in Pulaski County; consequently the Board of Supervisors contributed \$13.6 million to the operation of the Pulaski County schools excluding debt service costs. This accounts for approximately 20% of the County's total budgeted expenditures. It should also be noted that the Board of Supervisors has carried over any unused portion of the FY15 contribution to FY16 to use towards School capital improvements in the amount of \$181,475.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

For FY15, the general fund reflects a fund balance of \$13.3 million, a decrease of \$2.5 million from FY14. The following table shows a comparison of revenues and expenditures between the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 amounts for the General Fund as shown in Exhibit 5.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

			Gei	neral Fund	ł	
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	(<u>Change</u>
Revenues:						
General Property Taxes	\$	25.2	\$	24.6	\$	0.6
Other Local Taxes		7.1		6.8		0.3
Permits, Fees and Licences		0.1		0.1		-
Fines and Forfeitures		0.1		0.1		-
Revenue from Use of Money/Property		0.3		0.4		(0.1)
Charges for Services		0.6		0.5		0.1
Miscellaneous		0.4		0.1		0.3
Recovered Costs		0.9		0.8		0.1
Revenue from Commonwealth		11.1		11.6		(0.5)
Revenue from Federal Government		3.5		3.7		(0.2)
Total Revenues	\$	49.3	\$	48.7	\$	0.6
Expenditures:						
General Government Administration	\$	2.5	\$	2.3	\$	0.2
Judicial Administration		1.9	·	1.8	Ċ	0.1
Public Safety		8.6		8.3		0.3
Public Works		1.7		1.8		(0.1)
Health and Welfare		10.3		11.0		(0.7)
Education		13.6		13.3		0.3
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.5		1.5		-
Community Development		5.1		3.1		2.0
Non-Departmental		0.1		0.1		-
Principal		2.1		2.0		0.1
Interest		0.9		1.2		(0.3)
Total Expenditures	\$	48.3	\$	46.4	\$	1.9
Excess		1.0		2.3		(1.30)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3.5)		(5.7)		2.2
		(0.55)		(0.45)		0.00
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2.50)		(3.40)		0.90
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	15.8	_	19.2	_	(3.4)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	13.3	\$	15.8	\$	(2.5)

The General Fund local revenues remained fairly constant from FY14 to FY15 with an overall increase of \$0.6 million due mainly to an increase in the real estate tax collections. There were no increases in property tax rates during FY15.

The General Fund expenditures were increased by \$1.9 million due to a continued effort with economic development in Pulaski County. Overall, other expenditure categories remained fairly consistent in FY15 with FY14 figures.

All capital and school board unused appropriations from the 2014 fiscal year were carried over by the Board of Supervisors for use in FY 2015 for School capital improvements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The following table presents revenues and expenditures for the General Fund only for FY 15 (in millions):

		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$	24.0 \$	24.5 \$	25.2 \$	0.7
Other Local Taxes		7.0	7.2	7.1	(0.1)
Permits, Fees and Licenses		0.1	0.2	0.2	-
Fines and Forfeitures		0.1	0.1	0.1	-
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		0.4	0.4	0.3	(0.1)
Charges for Services		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.1
Miscellaneous		0.0	0.3	0.4	0.1
Recovered Costs		0.4	0.6	0.9	0.3
Intergovermental		12.9	13.1	11.1	(2.0)
Other		3.3	3.8	3.5	-0.3
Total	\$	48.7 \$	50.7 \$	49.4 \$	(1.3)
Expenditures and transfers:					
General Government Administration	\$	2.4 \$	3.0 \$	2.5 \$	0.5
Judicial Administration	*	1.8	1.9	1.9	0.0
Public Safety		8.3	9.2	8.6	0.6
Public Works		1.7	1.9	1.7	0.2
Health and Welfare		13.1	13.1	10.3	2.8
Education		16.0	16.5	13.6	2.9
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1.4	1.5	1.5	0.0
Community Development		1.7	6.4	5.1	1.3
Non-departmental		0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0
Debt Service		3.1	3.1	3.0	0.1
Transfers		1.7	6.1	3.6	2.5
Total	\$	51.5 \$	62.8 \$	51.9 \$	10.9

It should be noted that this schedule is shown on the budgetary basis. In comparing the original budget to the amended budget both revenues and expenditures increased with the amended budget. Most of this change can be attributed to carry-over appropriations for County construction projects, economic development projects, and unused FY14 local funding for the Component Unit – School Board. This trend will continue until building space needs are met by the renovation of the renovation of the County Administration building and the renovation of the County Garage facility.

Economic Factors and Future Budgets

The primary factors affecting the financial viability of Pulaski are limited options for revenue increases, continued fluctuations in state and federal revenues, and continued slow recovery in the national economy.

<u>Limited Revenue Options</u> - Community needs and inflationary pressures require that revenues or governmental efficiencies continue to increase in order to maintain and improve the quality of public services currently enjoyed by county residents. Locally generated revenues have historically increased at a rate of approximately 3%. During FY14, the rate of increase was 6%, but there was no increase in overall local revenues for FY15. There are legal limits placed by the General Assembly on how counties can raise revenue to meet community needs. An analysis of options indicates that the primary remaining options for raising needed revenue are limited to real estate taxes and personal property taxes.

<u>State Revenues</u> - Currently, state funding is projected to account for 38%, or \$37.9 million, of the County and Component Unit School Board FY 2016 total budget, while local real estate taxes account for 39% percent of total County general fund revenues. A one percent change in state revenue results in a \$0.38 million change in the local budget, or the equivalent of a \$0.016 cent change on the real estate tax rate. Changes in State revenue have a direct impact on the financial picture of the County and on its ability to meet the needs of County residents.

Other factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- 1. A reduction in real estate property values during the FY15 reassessment.
- 2. Future anticipated GASB Statement #45 increases for currently unfunded other post employment benefits.
- 3. Future anticipated GASB Statement #68 increases in County and School pension liability through the Virginia Retirement System.
- 4. Funding for the Capital Improvement Plan will need to address office space needs, funding of joint services, and equipment replacement.
- 5. The ability to maintain increasing operational costs will be dependent on revenue growth from business activity in the County and/or finding better ways of providing community services through joint services and other innovations.
- 6. Funding of increasing healthcare costs and additional healthcare requirements in future budgets with the Affordable Care Act.
- 7. Funding of continually increasing costs for the regional jail, social services, and State mandated comprehensive services provided to certain County youth.
- 8. The County will need to invest in additional economic development initiatives including the purchase of the next industrial park and conceptualization of future "shell" buildings making possible rapid response to business and industrial needs for new facilities.
- 9. There remains a long-term need for reducing operational costs through joint services, initiatives in the provision of public safety services, tax bill collections, and improved property maintenance.
- 10. The condition of the local, regional, state, and national economies and a resulting increase in demand for services should economic conditions continue their slow improvement.

Contacting the County's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the resources it receives and their uses. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the County Administrator or the Finance Director at 143 Third Street, NW, Pulaski, Virginia 24301, telephone (540) 980-7705. The County's website address is www.pulaskicounty.org. We welcome the opportunity to present the financial status of the County to citizens, community groups, and state agencies in which the resources of the County have a direct effect on the ability to improve the quality of life, while addressing nationwide economic and social changes impacting the community.



County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	p	rimary Government			Component Units	
	÷	Governmental		School	Public Service	Industrial Development
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Board</u>	<u>Authority</u>	Authority
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	12,819,924	\$	1,898,236 \$	2,659,230 \$	-
Investments		161,507		-	-	-
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):						
Taxes		10,709,583		-	-	-
Accounts Receivable		2,598,070		-	1,550,068	9,537
Other Local Taxes and Fees		612,784		-	-	-
Capital Lease Receivable		-		-	-	6,638,010
Note Receivable		-		-	1,344,107	19,768,424
Rent Receivable		-		-	-	13,900
Prepaid Items		18,223		129,831	-	-
Due from Primary Government		-		2,258,138	-	-
Due from Other Governmental Units		2,007,967		1,481,328	-	-
Advances to Component Units		507,858		-	-	-
Restricted Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-	1,032,046	507,726
Cash and Cash Equivalents (in Custody of Others)		85,584		-	-	-
Organization Expense (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		-		-	1,743	-
Capital Assets:						
Land		2,483,711		528,360	209,854	1,179,434
Buildings and Improvements		40,440,915		4,046,216	103,841	9,334,156
Machinery and Equipment		2,505,553		2,683,608	876,813	4,716
Infrastructure		-		-	21,956,940	-
Construction in Progress		3,482,436		622,936	1,524,663	71,620
Total Assets	\$	78,434,115	\$	13,648,653 \$	31,259,305 \$	37,527,523
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charges on refunding	\$	412,065	\$	- \$	- \$	371,014
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		1,018,523		3,310,984	166,881	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,430,588	\$	3,310,984 \$	166,881 \$	371,014
LIABILITIES		4 (70 044		70/ 2// 5	F/0.07/ A	244.450
Accounts Payable	\$	1,679,214	\$	786,366 \$	569,076 \$	341,158
Accrued Wages		-		3,561,636	422 025	-
Customer Deposits		- 244 F20		-	123,835	40.007
Accrued Interest Payable		314,529		-	18,131	48,986
Due to Component Units		2,258,138		-	-	-
Long-Term Liabilities:		2 27/ 004		4 002 (4(E02 2/0	4 404 024
Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year		2,276,084		1,083,646	582,260	1,491,031
		27,488,374	_	38,315,180	11,421,070	17,789,842
Total Liabilities	\$	34,016,339	\$	43,746,828 \$	12,714,372 \$	19,671,017
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	8,195,450	\$	- \$	- \$	-
Items related to measurement of net pension liability		2,163,979		6,693,766	361,567	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	10,359,429	\$	6,693,766 \$	361,567 \$	-
NET POSITION						
	¢	24 004 542	ċ	7 991 120 ¢	12 404 042 ¢	0 000 (02
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	\$	24,994,513	\$	7,881,120 \$	13,491,013 \$	8,999,693
		(439,449)		- (41 362 077)	1,032,046	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	Ċ	10,933,871	ċ	(41,362,077)	3,827,188	9,227,827
Total Net Position	\$	35,488,935	\$	(33,480,957) \$	18,350,247 \$	18,227,520

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Program Revenue				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	evenue and t Position	
		ļ		Operating	Capital	Primary Government			Component Units	Į.
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		School Board	Public Service Authority	Industrial Development <u>Authority</u>
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:										
General Government Administration	s	2,297,377 \$	725 \$	389,183 \$	\$ -	(1,907,469)	s	\$ -	\$ -	
Judicial Administration		1,763,999	134,767	1,828,891	•	199,659			•	
Public Safety		8,960,435	275,185	2,460,281	•	(6,224,969)				
Public Works		3,355,036	99,813	619,814	٠	(2,635,409)				
Health and Welfare		10,387,390	•	7,326,196		(3,061,194)				
Education		14,981,310			•	(14,981,310)				
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,581,597	336,271	123,796	٠	(1,121,530)				
Community Development		5,180,699			106,529	(5,074,170)			•	•
Interest		780,400	•		•	(780,400)			•	
Total Primary Government	ς	49,288,242 \$	846,761 \$	12,748,161 \$	106,529 \$	(35,586,791)	\$	\$ -	\$ -	
Component Units: School Board	Ś	44,741,451 \$	1,619,575 \$	30,896,860 \$	· ·	•	S	(12,225,016) \$	S	
Public Service Authority									503.156	
Industrial Development Authority		5,160,630	492,020	655,105	•	•			<u>'</u>	(4,013,505)
Total Component Units	s	58,840,450 \$	11,553,120 \$	31,551,965 \$	\$ -		s	(12,225,016) \$	503,156 \$	(4,013,505)
	Genera	General Revenues:								
	Gene	General Property Taxes	s		S	25,590,142	s	\$	\$	
	Othe	Other Local Laxes	Tayor			3 206 440				
	3 6	Consumers' Utility Taxes	lakes			5,206,440				
	i i	Business Licenses				693,196			٠	
	S	Consumption Taxes				115,552			•	•
	W	Motor Vehicle Licenses	ses			544,991		•	•	
	Bē	Bank Stock Taxes				7,673			•	
	Ľ	Taxes on Recordation and Wills	in and Wills			146,149				
	Ĭ	Hotel and Motel Room Taxes	om Taxes			356,348				
	Re	Restaurant Food Taxes	(es			1,407,016				
	Unre	stricted Revenues	Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	and Property		268,759		18,782	37,949	
	Misce	Miscellaneous				352,115		9,415	52,359	423,775
	Рауп	Payments from Primar	Primary Government			•		13,616,057	710,240	3,488,211
	Gran	ts and Contributio	ns Not Restricted t	Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	!	2,637,132		•	•	
	ĭ	Total General Revenues	nes		5	35,968,740	\$	13,644,254 \$	800,548 \$	3,911,986
	Change	Change in Net Position			ļ\$	381,949	s	1,419,238 \$	1,303,704 \$	(101,519)
	Net Po	Net Position - Beginning, as restated	as restated		1*	35,106,986		(34,900,195)	17,046,543	18,329,039
	Net Po	Net Position - Ending			^1	35,488,935	Λ	(33,480,957) \$	18,350,247 \$	18,227,520

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

			Other	
	General		Governmental	Total
ASSETS	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	10141
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 12,672,620	\$	238,728 \$	12,911,348
Investments	108,123		53,384	161,507
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):				
Taxes	10,709,583		-	10,709,583
Other Local Taxes and Fees	612,784		-	612,784
Donations	-		-	-
Due from Other Funds	-		156,057	156,057
Due from Other Governmental Units	2,007,967		-	2,007,967
Prepaids	18,223		-	18,223
Advances to Component Units	507,858		-	507,858
Total Assets	\$ 26,637,158	\$	448,169 \$	27,085,327
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 476,749	\$	691,601 \$	1,168,350
Due to Other Funds	238,441		-	238,441
Due to Component Units	 2,258,138		-	2,258,138
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,973,328	\$	691,601 \$	3,664,929
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 10,374,679	\$	- \$	10,374,679
FUND BALANCE				
	\$ F27 001		¢	F2/ 001
Nonspendable	\$ 526,081	ċ	- \$	526,081
Restricted	85,584	>	(525,033)	(439,449)
Committed	2 505 044		281,601	281,601
Assigned	3,595,046		-	3,595,046
Unassigned	 9,082,440	<u>,</u>	- (2.42420). 6	9,082,440
Total Fund Balances	\$ 13,289,151		(243,432) \$	13,045,719
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 26,637,158	\$	448,169 \$	27,085,327

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 13,045,719
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Land \$ 2,483	•
Building and Improvements 40,440	
Machinery and Equipment 2,505	
Construction in Progress 3,482	<u>,436</u> 48,912,615
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures	
and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes \$ 2,179	,229
Items related to measurement of net pension liability (2,084,	682) 94,547
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain	
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds.	
The assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the internal	
service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,966,540
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net	
pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	998,040
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
General Obligation Bonds \$ (11,544	,066)
Lease Revenue Notes (12,127	,236)
Note Payable (246	,800)
Unamortized Bond Premiums (430	,524)
Landfill Post-Closure Monitoring Costs (259	,695)
Net pension liability (3,654	,281)
Net OPEB Obligation (403	,100)
Deferred Charges on Refunding 412	,065
Compensated Absences (960	,360)
Accrued Interest Payable (314	,529) (29,528,526)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 35,488,935

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES Funds Total General Property Taxes \$ 25,192,418 \$ 20,202,222 \$ 27,20,592 \$ 20,202,222 \$ 2
General Property Taxes \$ 25,192,418 \$ 25,192,418 Other Local Taxes 7,120,592 - 7,120,592 Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 147,521 - 3 147,521 Fines and Forfeitures 120,427 - 6 120,427 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 268,582 177 268,759 Charges for Services 578,813 - 72,257,813 - 578,813 Miscellaneous 351,965 150 352,115 Recovered Costs 932,853 - 724,556 932,853 Intergovernmental: - 932,853 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 \$ 821,282 \$ 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - \$ 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721
Other Local Taxes 7,120,592 - 7,120,592 Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 147,521 - 147,521 Fines and Forfeitures 120,427 - 120,427 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 268,582 177 268,759 Charges for Services 578,813 - 578,813 Miscellaneous 351,965 150 352,115 Recovered Costs 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmental: - - 932,853 Intergovernmental: - - - 932,853 Intergovernmental: - - - 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmental: - - - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 932,853 - 9
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses 147,521 - 147,521 Fines and Forfeitures 120,427 - 120,427 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 268,582 177 268,759 Charges for Services 578,813 - 578,813 Miscellaneous 351,965 150 352,115 Recovered Costs 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmentalt: - - 932,853 Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 \$ 821,282 \$ 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES S 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332
Fines and Forfeitures 120,427 - 120,427 Revenue from Use of Money and Property 268,582 177 268,759 Charges for Services 578,813 - 578,813 Miscellaneous 351,965 150 352,115 Recovered Costs 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmental: - - 932,853 Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 \$ 821,282 \$ 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: - - 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851
Revenue from Use of Money and Property 268,582 177 268,759 Charges for Services 578,813 - 578,813 Miscellaneous 351,965 150 352,115 Recovered Costs 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 821,282 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: S 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration \$ 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural <
Charges for Services 578,813 - 578,813 Miscellaneous 351,965 150 352,115 Recovered Costs 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 821,282 \$ 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: S 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Miscellaneous 351,965 150 352,115 Recovered Costs 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 \$ 821,282 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Recovered Costs 932,853 - 932,853 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 821,282 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: Seneral Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 \$ 821,282 \$ 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Commonwealth 11,133,128 724,556 11,857,684 Federal Government 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 Total Revenues \$ 49,384,038 \$ 821,282 \$ 50,205,320 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Federal Government Total Revenues 3,537,739 96,399 3,634,138 EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
EXPENDITURES Current: Substitution \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 \$ 2,682,677 \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 \$ 2,682,677 \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 \$ 2,682,677 \$ 2,448,681 \$ 2,448,681 \$ 2,682,677 \$ 2,682,67
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Current: General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
General Government Administration \$ 2,448,681 \$ 233,996 \$ 2,682,677 Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Judicial Administration 1,855,350 - 1,855,350 Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Public Safety 8,642,080 1,059,292 9,701,372 Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Public Works 1,744,721 1,796,699 3,541,420 Health and Welfare 10,327,829 89,840 10,417,669 Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Health and Welfare10,327,82989,84010,417,669Education13,631,332364,88413,996,216Parks, Recreation and Cultural1,462,45288,3991,550,851Community Development5,051,395181,6955,233,090
Education 13,631,332 364,884 13,996,216 Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Parks, Recreation and Cultural 1,462,452 88,399 1,550,851 Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Community Development 5,051,395 181,695 5,233,090
Non-Departmental 149,816 - 149,816
Capital Projects - 855,652 855,652
Debt Service:
Principal Retirement 2,109,205 - 2,109,205
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges 904,063 - 904,063
Total Expenditures \$ 48,326,924 \$ 4,670,457 \$ 52,997,381
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)
Expenditures \$ 1,057,114 \$ (3,849,175) \$ (2,792,061)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)
Transfers In \$ - \$ 2,810,932 \$ 2,810,932
Transfers Out (3,581,346) - (3,581,346)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) \$ (3,581,346) \$ 2,810,932 \$ (770,414)
, (-), + (,)
Net Change in Fund Balance \$ (2,524,232) \$ (1,038,243) \$ (3,562,475)
Fund Balance - Beginning 15,813,383 794,811 16,608,194
Fund Balance - Ending \$ 13,289,151 \$ (243,432) \$ 13,045,719

County of Pulaski, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are			
different because:			
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	9	\$	(3,562,475)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays Depreciation expenses	\$ 2,349,127 (2,079,946)		269,181
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Decrease (Increase) in unavailable revenue - property taxes (Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows of resources related to the measurement of the net pension liability	\$ 397,724 (2,084,682)		(1,686,958)
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligation consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Debt issued or incurred:	(2.025)		
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs Principal repayments: General obligation bonds Lease revenue notes Note payable	\$ (3,838) 1,055,863 994,511 58,831		2,105,367
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences (Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation (Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable Decrease (Increase) in net pension liability	\$ (154,843) (61,900) 116,715 2,701,194		
Increase (Decrease) in pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Increase (Decrease) in deferred charge on refunding Amortization of bond premiums Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain	(43,728) (34,338) 41,286		2,564,386
activities, such as insurance and telecommunications, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			692,448
Change in net position of governmental activities	•	\$ -	381,949
endings in the position of governmental activities	•	~ ₌	301,7-17

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2015

	ŀ	Health Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>		Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,598,070	\$	-
Investments				
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):				
Accounts Receivable		-		-
Due from Other Funds		-		82,384
Due from Other Governmental Units				
Advances to Component Units	¢	2 500 070	ċ	02.204
Total Assets	\$	2,598,070	\$	82,384
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	20,483
				20, 100
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	\$	470,299	\$	40,565
Net pension liability		-		138,396
Reconciled Overdraft		-		5,840
Total Liabilities	\$	470,299	\$	184,801
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	*		.	70 207
Items related to measurement of net pension liability	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	79,297
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	\$	2,127,771	\$	(161,231)
Total Net Position	\$	2,127,771	\$	(161,231)
		•		,

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	He	alth Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>	Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for Services:			
Information Technology Charges	\$	-	\$ 233,301
Garage Charges		-	943,943
Communication Charges		-	134,470
Other Revenues:			
Miscellaneous		-	1,709
Insurance Premiums		6,976,719	 -
Total Operating Revenues	\$	6,976,719	\$ 1,313,423
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Information Technology	\$	-	\$ 646,135
Central Garage		-	1,256,672
Communications		-	140,558
Insurance Claims and Expenses		6,324,743	-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	6,324,743	\$ 2,043,365
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	651,976	\$ (729,942)
Transfer In	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 770,414
Change in Net Position	\$	651,976	\$ 40,472
Net Position - Beginning, as restated		1,475,795	 (201,703)
Net Position - Ending	\$	2,127,771	\$ (161,231)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	He	alth Insurance Premiums <u>Fund</u>		Information Technology, Garage, and Communication Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Charges to County Department and other organizations	\$	_	\$	1,313,401
Other receipts (payments)	7	-	Ţ	1,709
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		_		(1,604,433)
Payments to employees for services		_		(481,091)
Receipts for insurance premiums		7,303,413		-
Payments for insurance premiums		(6,767,691)		_
Total cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	535,722	\$	(770,414)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers from other funds	\$		\$	770,414
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	535,722	\$	<u>-</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning, as restated	\$	2,062,348	\$	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	2,598,070	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	651,976	\$	(729,942)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash				
Provided by (used for) Operating Activities:				
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	\$	326,694	\$	84,071
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(442,948)		(1,163)
Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Liability		-		(102,761)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		79,297
(Increase) Decrease in Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		18,971
(Increase) Decrease in Due from Other Funds		-		(82,384)
Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds		-		(42,343)
Increase (Decrease) in Reconciled Overdraft		-		5,840
Total Adjustments	\$	(116,254)	\$	(40,472)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	535,722	\$	(770,414)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

ASSETS	Agency <u>Funds</u>
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 152,397
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Amounts Held for Others:	
Social Services Clients	\$ 16,813
Contractors	53,113
County Employees	 82,471
Total amounts held for others	\$ 152,397
Total Liabilities	\$ 152,397

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity:

County of Pulaski, Virginia is a political subdivision governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities, for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the County's operations.

Blended Component Units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. The component units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The <u>Pulaski County School Board</u> operates the elementary and secondary schools in the County. School Board members are elected by popular vote. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue a separate report.

The <u>Pulaski County Public Service Authority</u> provides water, sewer, and garbage service to County residents. The Public Service Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County has issued several bonds payable by the Authority. In addition, the County Board of Supervisors appoints the Board of Directors. A copy of the Public Service Authority's report can be obtained from the Public Service Authority.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

A. Financial Reporting Entity: (continued)

The <u>Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority</u> encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. In addition, the Authority's Board is appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. A copy of the Industrial Development Authority's report can be obtained from the Industrial Development Authority.

Related Organizations - The County Board appoints board members to outside organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary comparison schedules demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. It is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the GASB 34 reporting model, governments provide budgetary comparison information in their annual reports, including the original budget and a comparison of final budget and actual results.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines, and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state, and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Virginia Public Assistance, Prepaid Taxes, Comprehensive Services Act funds, and Debt Service funds for both the County and School Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

The County reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than those dedicated for debt service or major capital projects. The Tornado Relief Fund and Highway Maintenance Fund are reported as a nonmajor special revenue funds.

The School CIP fund is reported as one of the County's nonmajor *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major school capital projects.

The County CIP fund is reported as another of the County's nonmajor *capital projects fund*. The fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to be used for the acquisition and construction of major County capital projects as well as acquisitions of other types of capital assets.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds (Proprietary funds) account for and report the financing of goods and services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The internal service funds consist of the Information Technology, Garage, and Communications Service Fund and the Health Insurance Premiums Fund.

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. The Special Welfare, Performance Bond, and Employee Benefit Flexible Funds are reported as agency funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Pulaski County School Board reports the following major fund:

The School Operating Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the public school system. Revenues are derived primarily from charges for services, appropriations from County of Pulaski, Virginia and state and federal grants.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/ Fund Balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the County, as well as for its component unit school board, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

2. Receivables and Payables (continued)

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the following year if they remain unpaid. Real estate taxes are payable on June 5th and December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on October 15th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

4. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$729,009 at June 30, 2015 and is comprised solely of real estate taxes delinquent for 20 years and personal property taxes delinquent for 5 years.

5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

6. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather that when purchased.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	20-40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	4-30

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of contributions to the pension plan made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability next fiscal year. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability are reported as deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, change in assumptions, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. For more detailed information on these items, reference the pension note.

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

11. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

12. Fund Balance

The County of Pulaski, Virginia reports fund balance in accordance with GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that have been committed (establish, modify, or rescind) by formal action by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County of Pulaski, Virginia considers to be the Board of Directors.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County of Pulaski, Virginia considers this level of authority to be the Board of Directors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> - this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The County's highest decision making level is the Board of Supervisors. Action from the Board of Supervisors is required to commit or release funds from commitment.

The County's Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved within the County fund balance policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 1- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance: (continued)

13. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

14. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

E. Adoption of Accounting Principles

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of the above Statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. These Statements establish standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures related to pensions. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed. The requirements of these Statements will improve financial reporting by improving accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. The implementation of these Statements resulted in a restatement of net position, as detailed in Note 18.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary Information:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to April 1st, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All non-fiduciary funds have legally adopted budgets.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the functional level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's subcategories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and the General Capital Projects Fund. The School Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a modified accrual basis.
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 2- Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations:

There were no departments with an excess of expenditures over appropriations for 2015.

C. Deficit Fund Balance:

At June 30, 2015, the County CIP fund and the School CIP fund had deficit fund balances.

Note 3- Deposits and Investments:

Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board.

Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank of Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Custodial Credit Risk: (Investments)

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2015 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Value							
Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings						
		Aaam					
LGIP	\$	108,123					
SNAP		53,384					

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 3- Deposits and Investments: (continued)

External Investment Pools:

The State Non-arbitrage Pool (SNAP) is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool, Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), is the same as the value of the pool shares. As this pool is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Note 4- Due From Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Primary Government		ponent Unit- chool Board
Local governments			
Town of Dublin	\$	3,570	\$ -
Pulaski County IDA		7,858	
Commonwealth of Virginia:			
State sales tax		563,885	830,138
Communication sales tax		134,829	-
Non-categorical aid		78,837	-
Categorical aid-shared expenses		268,675	-
Categorical aid-other		26,843	-
Categorical aid-VPA funds		167,986	-
Categorical aid-CSA funds		506,880	-
Federal Government:			
Categorical aid-VPA funds		248,604	-
Categorical aid-other		-	 651,190
Totals \$;	2,007,967	\$ 1,481,328

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 5- Interfund Balances and Transfers:

Fund		Due to	Due from		
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	2,496,579	\$	-	
County Construction Fund		-		-	
School Construction Fund		-		113,184	
Internal Services Fund		-		82,384	
Tornado Relief Fund		-		42,873	
Component Units:					
School Fund		-		2,258,138	
Total	\$	2,496,579	\$	2,496,579	
	Т	ransfers in	Tr	ansfers out	
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,810,932	
School Construction Fund		258,371		-	
County Construction Fund		2,552,561		-	
Internal Service Fund		770,414		770,414	
Total	\$	3,581,346	\$	3,581,346	

Details of due from component unit amounts are as follows:

Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority:

During fiscal year 1990-91, \$500,000 was advanced to the Authority for construction of a building for Renfro, Inc. This advance was made with no repayment terms.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government- Governmental Activities Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2015.

	_	Balance 7/1/2014, as restated		Increases/ Issuances		Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2015
General obligation bonds	\$	12,599,929	\$	-	\$	(1,055,863) \$	11,544,066
Lease revenue notes		13,121,747		-		(994,511)	12,127,236
Note payable		305,631		-		(58,831)	246,800
Unamortized bond premiums		471,810		-		(41,286)	430,524
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs		255,857		3,838		-	259,695
Net OPEB obligation		341,200		100,400		(38,500)	403,100
Net pension liability		6,596,632		3,572,785		(6,376,740)	3,792,677
Compensated absences	_	805,517		758,981		(604,138)	960,360
Total	\$_	34,498,323	\$	4,436,004	\$	(9,169,869) \$	29,764,458

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obl	igat	ion Bonds		Lease Re	ven	ue Notes			Note	Pay	able	
June 30,	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest		P	rinc ipal		Int	erest
2016	\$ 1,069,098		438,269	\$	1,009,705	\$	383,800	•	\$	59,958		\$	4,263
2017	1,082,882		394,752		1,024,794		354,650			61,105			3,116
2018	1,101,761		350,728		1,049,371		324,667			62,273			1,657
2019	1,115,736		306,194		1,064,637		293,849			63,464			755
2020	1,125,049		261,723		1,089,314		262,194			-			-
2021-2025	3,664,540		757,327		4,310,937		865,090			-			-
2026-2030	2,385,000		243,649		2,578,478		179,283			-			-
Totals	\$ 11,544,066	\$	2,752,642	\$	12,127,236	\$	2,663,533	\$		246,800	\$		9,791

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 6- Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
GO bond	4.975-5.85%	11/16/2000	2021 \$	754,241	\$ 254,618 \$	40,472
VPSA GO bond	2.35-5.1%	11/7/2002	2023	10,915,000	4,360,000	545,000
GO bond	3.175-4.05%	1/13/2010	2030	7,465,000	6,060,000	315,000
GO bond	1.81%	4/16/2014	2020	1,035,536	869,448	168,626
Subtotal GO bonds					\$ 11,544,066 \$	1,069,098
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	11/7/2002	2023	436,841	174,737	21,842
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	1/13/2010	2030	40,136	29,098	2,007
Total general obligation bonds					\$ 11,747,901 \$	1,092,947
Lease revenue notes:						
School lease revenue note	5.10%	5/15/2008	2029	5,255,000	\$ 4,195,000 \$	210,000
School lease revenue note	2.47-3.25%	12/6/2013	2027	5,725,159	5,344,903	388,232
Lease revenue note	2.47-3.25%	12/6/2013	2027	321,054	299,730	21,771
School lease revenue note	2.05%	12/6/2013	2021	2,680,534	2,287,603	389,702
Subtotal lease revenue notes					\$ 12,127,236 \$	1,009,705
Unamortized bond premium	n/a	5/15/2008	2029	348,754	226,689	17,438
Total lease revenue notes					\$ 12,353,925 \$	1,027,143
Note Payable						
Note Payable	1.900%	4/30/2012	2019 \$	420,000	\$ 246,800 \$	59,958
Other obligations:						
Landfill post-closure						
monitoring costs	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 259,695 \$	-
Net OPEB obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	403,100	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3,792,677	-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	960,360	96,036
Total other obligations					\$ 5,415,832 \$	96,036
Totals					\$29,764,458\$	2,276,084

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 7- Long-Term Obligations- Component Unit School Board:

Discretely Presented Component Unit- School Board-Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2015.

		Balance 7/1/2014,			Balance
		as restated	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2015
	-			 	
Net OPEB obligation	\$	903,600	\$ 241,100	\$ (110,200) \$	1,034,500
Net pension liability		43,632,076	3,625,409	(10, 338, 020)	36,919,465
Compensated absences	_	1,710,695	 1,017,187	 (1,283,021)	1,444,861
	_			 _	
Total	\$	46,246,371	\$ 4,883,696	\$ (11,731,241) \$	39,398,826

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue	Go	Governmental Activites		e Within e Year
Other obligations:								
Net OPEB obligation	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	1,034,500	\$	-
Net pension liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		36,919,465		-
Compensated absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		1,444,861	1,0	083,646
Total other obligations				\$		39,398,826 \$	1,0	083,646

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County of Pulaski and the Component Unit - Pulaski County Public Service Authority ("PSA") are automatically covered by the County of Pulaski Retirement Plan upon employment. The Plan includes employees of entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, and is therefore a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

All full-time, salaried permanent (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the Pulaski County School Board Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the System along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below.									
	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN							
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.							

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RE	TIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONT	INUED)				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
About Plan 1 (Cont.)	About Plan 2 (Cont.)	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Cont.) • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.				
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees* • School division employees • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.				

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)								
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN						
Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Hybrid Opt-In Election (Cont.) The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Political subdivision employees who are covered						
If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees. Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.						
Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions and school divisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.						

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Creditable Service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.				

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.)	Vesting (Cont.) Defined Contributions Component: (Cont.) Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.			
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1.			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.)	Calculating the Benefit (Cont.) <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.			
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.			
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.			
than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.		<u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Not applicable.			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.			
duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.			
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.			
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.			
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)						
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN				
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility (Cont.)				
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: 50 with at least	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.				
five years of creditable service.		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.				
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.				

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)							
PLAN 1	PLAN 1 PLAN 2 HYBRID RETIREMENT P						
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Cont.)					
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.					

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before	Disability Coverage Employees of political subdivisions and School divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.			
becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.			
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.	Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plans administered by VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The County of Pulaski and the PSA's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.09% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan were \$1,018,523 and \$1,081,222 for the County and \$166,881 and \$175,351 for the PSA for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2015, the County and PSA reported liabilities of \$3,792,677 and \$615,090 for their proportionate shares of the net pension liability. The County and PSA's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County and PSA are required to determine their proportionate shares of the net pension liability. Creditable compensation as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 was used as a basis for allocation to determine the County and PSA's proportionate shares of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2014 and 2013, the County's proportion was 81.24% and 81.39%, respectively. At June 30, 2014 and 2013, the PSA's proportion was 13.35% and 13.20%, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County of Pulaski and PSA's Retirement Plan and the Pulaski County Public Schools Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the County of Pulaski's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Pulaski County and PSA Retirement Plan, Pulaski County Public Schools Retirement Plan, and the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County and PSA's Proportionate Shares of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County and PSA's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County and PSA's proportionate shares of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)		
County's proportionate share of the County Retirement Plan					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	8,836,929	3,792,677	(407,208)		
PSA's proportionate share of the					
County Retirement Plan					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1,433,192	615,090	(66,042)		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County and PSA recognized pension expenses of \$441,246 and \$68,022, respectively. At June 30, 2015, the County and PSA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

						Compone	nt Unit	
		Primary 0	90	/ernment		Pulaski County PSA		
	•	Deferred		Deferred	-	Deferred	Deferred	
		Outflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of	Inflows of	
	_	Resources	_	Resources		Resources	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	
Change in assumptions		-		-		-	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,163,979		-	361,567	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,018,523		-		166,881	-	
Total	\$	1,018,523	\$	2,163,979	\$	166,881 \$	361,567	

\$1,018,523 and \$166,881 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County and PSA contributions subsequent to the measurement date, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Primary		omponent Unit
Year ended June 30		Government	Pu	laski County PSA
2016	\$	(540,995)	\$	(90,392)
2017		(540,995)		(90, 392)
2018		(540,995)		(90, 392)
2019		(540,994)		(90,391)
Thereafter		-		-
Total	\$_	(2,163,979)	\$	(361,567)

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	72
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	10
Non-vested inactive members	57
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	16
Total inactive members	83
Active members	111
Total covered employees	266

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 9.00% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u> (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$218,739 and \$245,465 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

Changes in Net Pension Liability		Componer		chool Board (non crease (Decrease		essional)
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2013	\$	9,583,439	\$_	8,209,363	\$	1,374,076
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest	\$	259,384 653,059	\$	-	\$	259,384 653,059
Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income		- - -		245,465 123,727 1,281,760		(245,465) (123,727) (1,281,760)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other changes Net changes	\$ <u></u>	(508,058) - - - 404,385		(508,058) (6,966) 68 1,135,996	\$ <u></u>	6,966 (68) (731,611)
Balances at June 30, 2014	\$ <u></u>	9,987,824	\$_	9,345,359	\$	642,465

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate		
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)			
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	1,905,053	642,465	(411,767)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$83,620. At June 30, 2015, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$	-
Change in assumptions	-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		569,766
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	218,739	_	
Total	\$ 218,739	\$	569,766

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$218,739 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	(nonprofessional)
2016	\$	(142,441)
2017		(142,441)
2018		(142,441)
2019		(142,443)
Thereafter	_	<u> </u>
Total	\$	(569,766)

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

Each School Division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 14.50% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the Teacher Retirement Plan was 18.20%. This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of \$51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended the contributions were funded at 79.69% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$3,092,245 and \$2,563,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported a liability of \$36,277,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the school division's proportion was 0.30019% as compared to 0.30675% at June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the school division recognized pension expense of \$2,706,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School			
	Board (professional)			
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	- \$	-		
Change in assumptions	-	-		
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	-	5,384,000		
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions	-	740,000		
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	3,092,245			
Total Ş	3,092,245	6,124,000		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$3,092,245 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		School Board
Year ended June 30		(professional)
	_	
2016	\$	(1,510,000)
2017		(1,510,000)
2018		(1,510,000)
2019		(1,510,000)
Thereafter		(84,000)
Total	\$	(6,124,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 3 years and females set back 5 years

Post-Retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set back 2 years and females set back 3 years

Post-Disablement: RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 1 year and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for 3 through 9 years of service
- Decrease in rates of disability
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)			
School division's proportionate						
share of the VRS Teacher						
Employee Retirement Plan						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	53,269,000	36,277,000	22,287,000			

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 8-Pension Plan: (continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

A. Plan Description

The Pulaski Post-Retirement Medical Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County. The Plan provides health insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. To be eligible, employees must meet the age and service criteria for immediate retirement benefits under VRS, which requires that the employee be age 50 with 10 years of service or permanently, totally disabled and injured in the line of duty. Additionally, the employee must be of full-time status in VRS and must be covered by the active plan at the time of retirement or disability. The benefit provisions, including employer and employee contributions, are governed by the County and can be amended through County action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The County establishes employer medical contribution rates for all medical plan participants as part of the budgetary process each year. The County also determines how the plan will be funded each year, whether it will be partially funded or fully funded in the upcoming fiscal year.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the County. For fiscal year 2015, the County and School Board contributed (implicit subsidy) \$27,200 and \$110,200, respectively, for current costs of the Plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

B. Funding Policy (continued)

For retirees of both the County and School Board, 100 percent of premiums for both the employee and spouse are the responsibility of the retiree. Coverage under the plan ceases when the employee reaches age 65. Premiums under the Plan are shown below:

		County		School Board			
	POS	PPO	Dental	POS	PPO	Dental	
Employee Only	\$ 581	\$ 767	\$ 22	\$ 583	\$ 801	\$ 22	
Employee and Spouse	1,157	1,680	37	1,191	1,614	37	
Employee and Child	1,123	1,534	42	1,136	1,568	42	
Family	1,609	22,215	67	1,632	2,249	67	

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's and School Board's net OPEB obligation:

	School					
		County		Board		Total
Annual required contribution	\$	86,800	\$	242,700	\$	329,500
Interest on net OPEB obligation		13,600		36,000		49,600
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(16,300)		(37,600)		(53,900)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		84,100		241,100		325,200
Contributions made (implicit subsidy)		(22,200)		(110,200)		(132,400)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		61,900		130,900		192,800
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		341,200		903,600		1,244,800
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	403,100	\$ [′]	1,034,500	\$	1,437,600

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's and School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

			Percentage of		
Fiscal		Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	N	et OPEB
Year Ended	OF	PEB Cost	Contributed	0	bligation
County:					
6/30/2015	\$	84,100	26%	\$	403,100
6/30/2014		78,600	43%		341,200
6/30/2013		75,600	31%		296,300
School Board:					
6/30/2015		241,100	46%	1	1,034,500
6/30/2014		324,000	69%		903,600
6/30/2013		315,300	61%		803,200

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan (County and School Board combined) as of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, was as follows:

	County	School Board	Total
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,008,800 \$	2,694,800 \$	3,703,600
Actuarial value of plan assets	-	-	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,008,800 \$	2,694,800 \$	3,703,600
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 8,554,101 \$	22,850,508 \$	31,404,609
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	11.79%	11.79%	11.79%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 9- Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0 percent investment rate of return per annum. An annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8 percent initially, reduced by decrements of 0.5 percent until an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent is reached. Dental costs are assumed to increase 8 percent initially, decreasing by 0.5 percent yearly until and ultimate rate of 4.5 percent is reached. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at July 1, 2014, was 30 years.

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit:

County:

A. Plan Description

The County participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is an agent and cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service. The credit amount and eligibility differs for state, school division, political subdivision, local officer, local social services department and general registrar retirees.

An employee of the County, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$1.50 per year of creditable service up to a maximum monthly credit of \$45. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive the maximum monthly health insurance credit of \$45.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

County: (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by Title 51.1, Chapter 14 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. The VRS actuarially determines the amount necessary to fund all credits provided, reflects the cost of such credits in the applicable employer contribution rate pursuant to \$51.1-145, and prescribes such terms and conditions as are necessary to carry out the provisions of the health insurance credit program. VRS issues separate financial statements as previously discussed in Note 8.

B. Funding Policy

As a participating local political subdivision, the County is required to contribute the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate was 0.23% of covered payroll.

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of OPEB under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, is based on the annual required contribution (ARC). The locality is required to contribute the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

For 2015, the County's contribution of \$9,841 was equal to the ARC and OPEB cost. The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years is as follows:

	-	Annual	Percentage	Net
	O	PEB Cost	of APC	OPEB
Fiscal Year Ending		(APC)	Contributed	Obligation
County:				
June 30, 2013	\$	10,252	100%	-
June 30, 2014		10,252	100%	-
June 30, 2015		9,841	100%	-

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

County: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

	(County
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	224,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$	146,600
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	77,400
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		65.45%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 4	4,537,070
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		1.71%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future and reflect a long-term perspective. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used included techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The entry age normal cost method was used to determine the plan's funding liabilities and costs. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.00% investment rate of return, compounded annually, including an inflation component of 2.50%, and a payroll growth rate of 3.00%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining open amortization period at July 1, 2013 was 30 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 10- Other Postemployment Benefits - VRS Health Insurance Credit: (continued)

Professional Employees - Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board

A. Plan Description

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

B. Funding Policy

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is 1.06% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$226,548, \$244,147, and \$244,217, respectively and equaled the required contributions.

Remaining portion of this page left blank intentionally.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 11- Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

capital asset activity for the year en		Beginning	as as rollows.		
		Balance,			Ending
Primary Government:		as restated	Increases	Decreases	Balance
•	-	as restateu	increases	Decreases	Dalatice
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:		0 505 050 6	25 224 4	(=0.4.10)	0 400 744
Land	\$	2,527,073 \$	35,281 \$	(78,643) \$	2,483,711
Construction in progress	_	3,429,357	1,620,963	(1,567,884)	3,482,436
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	\$	5,956,430 \$	1,656,244 \$	(1,646,527) \$	5,966,147
	_			· ·	_
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	54,238,472 \$	1,498,338 \$	(348,801) \$	55,388,009
Machinery and equipment		12,611,513	967,072	(135,803)	13,442,782
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	66,849,985 \$	2,465,410 \$	(484,604) \$	68,830,791
	-				
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	(13,745,027) \$	(1,424,868) \$	222,801 \$	(14,947,094)
Machinery and equipment		(10,417,954)	(655,078)	135,803	(10,937,229)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(24,162,981) \$	(2,079,946) \$	358,604 \$	(25,884,323)
	-				
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	\$	42,687,004 \$	385,464 \$	(126,000) \$	42,946,468
	-				
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$	48,643,434 \$	2,041,708 \$	(1,772,527) \$	48,912,615
·	-	 `.	 `.		

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government administration	\$	241,974
Judicial administration		1,299
Public safety		659,256
Public works		25,207
Health and welfare		19,708
Education		985,094
Parks, recreation and cultural		122,606
Community development		24,802
	_	

Total depreciation expense-governmental activities \$2,079,946

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 11- Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance,						Ending
		as restated		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Component Unit:	-						-	
School Board:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	528,360	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$	528,360
Construction in progress	_	101,285		521,651		-		622,936
Total capital assets not being						_		
depreciated	\$_	629,645	\$_	521,651	\$_	- 9	\$_	1,151,296
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	19,637,575	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$	19,637,575
Machinery and equipment	_	8,513,658		551,643		(191,654)	_	8,873,647
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	28,151,233	\$_	551,643	\$_	(191,654)	\$_	28,511,222
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	(15,323,861)	\$	(267,498)	\$	9	\$	(15,591,359)
Machinery and equipment	_	(5,895,066)		(486,627)	_	191,654		(6,190,039)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(21,218,927)	\$	(754,125)	\$	191,654	\$_	(21,781,398)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$_	6,932,306	\$_	(202,482)	\$_	- 9	\$_	6,729,824
School Board capital								
assets, net	\$_	7,561,951	\$_	319,169	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_	7,881,120

Remaining portion of this page left blank intentionally.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 12- Risk Management:

The County and its component unit- School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit- School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Association of Counties (VACO). Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit- School Board pay the VACO contributions and assessments based upon classification and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit- School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 13- Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Remaining portion of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 14- Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety		
Maetta H. Crewe, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$	145,000
Melinda Worrell, Treasurer		500,000
Trina Rupe, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
James A. Davis, Sheriff		30,000
The above constitutional officers' employees - blanket bond		50,000
All Social Services employees - blanket bond		100,000
VACo Risk Management Programs	_	
All County employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000
United States Fidelty and Guaranty	_	
Peter M. Huber, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Componenet Unit - School Board:		
VACo Risk Management Programs	_	
All School Board employees - blanket bond	\$	250,000

Note 15- Landfill Liability:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County closed its landfill at Cloyd's Mountain in 1989. At June 30, 2015, the total post-closure care liability (which represents the 7 years remaining) was \$259,695 representing what it would cost to perform all post-closure care in fiscal year 2014. Actual costs for both post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The County demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure, post-closure care through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of environmental Quality in accordance with section 9VA C20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 16- Unavailable Revenue:

Unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Unavailable revenue totaling \$10,374,679 is comprised of the following:

	Governme Stater		Balance Sheet			
	Government	al Activities	Gove	ernmental Funds		
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$	2,179,229		
2nd half assessments due in December 2015		8,011,167		8,011,167		
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2015 but paid in advance by taxpayers		184,283		184,283		
	\$	8,195,450	\$	10,374,679.00		

Remaining portion of this page left blank intentionally.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 17- Fund Balance Classifications:

	Ger	neral Fund
Nonspendable:		
Prepaids	\$	18,223
Restricted:		
Commonwealth Attorney Seized Assets	\$	27,469
Sheriff Seized Assets		11,987
Community Corrections		46,128
Total Restricted	\$	85,584
Assigned:		
Outstanding Encumbrances 06/30/15 - Various Departments	\$	111,707
E-911 GIS Mapping Equipment		59,493
Court Services Unit CE Richardson Grant		1,857
Emergency Management HazMat Equipment		2,460
Sheriff Equipment		22,901
Visitor's Center Advertising		19,363
Transfer to Capital Improvements Fund		2,744,938
Transfer to REMSI		117,581
Transfer to School Capital Fund		181,475
Transfer to IDA Fund		284,973
Transfer to Internal Service Fund		48,298
Total Assigned	\$	3,595,046
Unassigned:		
10% (Original FY 2016 Budget) Reserve Fund Balance	\$	9,458,664
Unassigned		131,634
-	\$	9,590,298
Total Fund Balance	\$	13,289,151

Remaining portion of this page left blank intentionally.

Note 17- Fund Balance Classifications: (continued)

	Other			
	Go۱	/ernmental		
		Funds		
Restricted:				
School Construction	\$	(435,332)		
County Construction		(89,778)		
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$	(525,110)		
Committed:				
Tornado Clean up and assistance	\$	59,518		
NRCC Entrance		222,083		
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	281,601		
Total Fund Balance	\$	(243,509)		

Note 18 - Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance/Net Position:

	Inf	formation		
	Te	Technology,		
	Ga	rage, and		
surance	Com	munication		
ns Fund	_ Ser	vice Fund		
152,028	\$	-		
676,233))	-		
-		(241,157)		
-		39,454		
475,795	\$	(201,703)		
tal	Compo	nent Unit-		
6	Scho	ool Board		
,940		5,019,744		
,233)		-		
,632)		(43,632,076)		
,222		2,808,465		
,996)		301,866		
,315)		601,806		
,986		(34,900,195)		
,	315)	,315)		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 19- Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, amends the definitions of fair value used throughout GASB literature to be consistent with the definition and principles provided in FASB Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The requirements of this Statement that address accounting and financial reporting by employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016, and the requirements of this Statement that address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. The requirements of this Statement for pension plans that are within the scope of Statement 67 or for pensions that are within the scope of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. This Statement is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

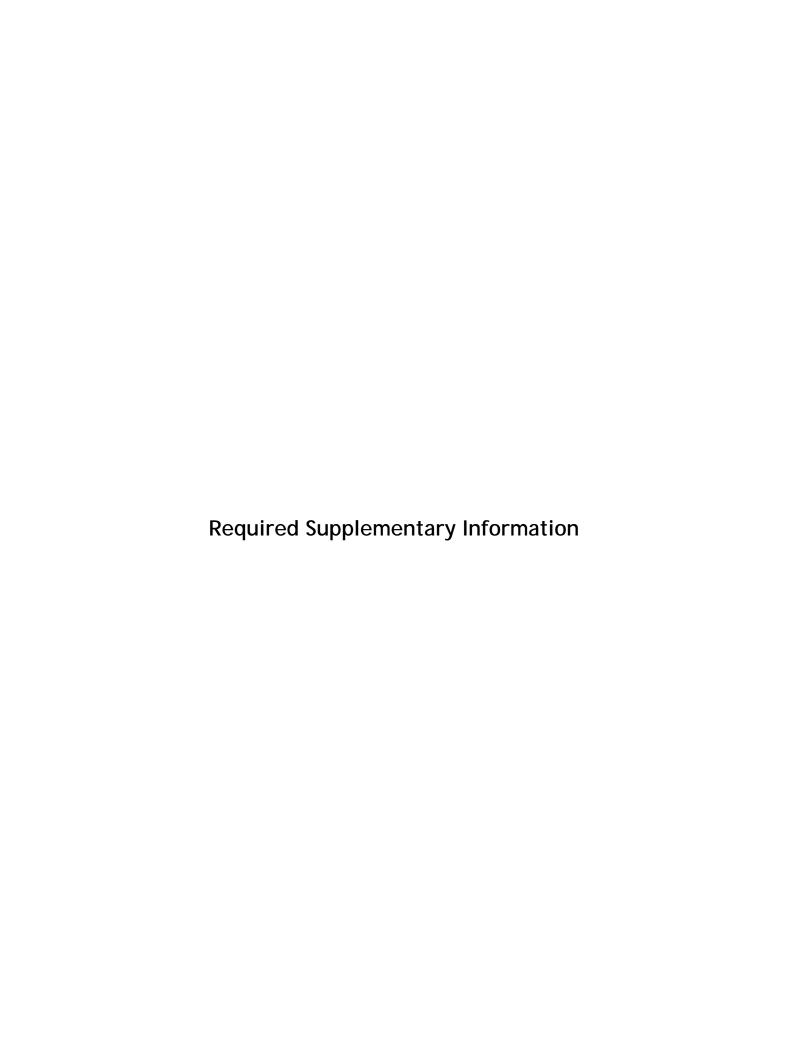
Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2015

Note 19- Upcoming Pronouncements: (continued)

Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, objective is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment—the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2015, and should be applied retroactively. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.

Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures, will increase the disclosure of tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement improve financial reporting by giving users of financial statements essential information that is not consistently or comprehensively reported to the public at present. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. No formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.



County of Pulaski, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Amounts					Astusl	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Final Budget <u>Pos (Neg)</u>
REVENUES		Original		<u>ı ınaı</u>		Amounts		Fos (Neg)
General Property Taxes	\$	23,984,000	\$	24,494,756	\$	25,192,418	\$	697,662
Other Local Taxes	7	7,039,500	~	7,198,947	~	7,120,592	7	(78,355)
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses		137,700		143,965		147,521		3,556
Fines and Forfeitures		92,900		104,965		120,427		15,462
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		414,500		414,500		268,582		(145,918)
Charges for Services		442,170		527,166		578,813		51,647
Miscellaneous		43,750		261,194		351,965		90,771
Recovered Costs		432,489		648,267		932,853		284,586
Intergovernmental:		,		, -		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,
Commonwealth		12,872,224		13,140,571		11,133,128		(2,007,443)
Federal Government		3,256,282		3,773,813		3,537,739		(236,074)
Total Revenues	\$	48,715,515	\$	50,708,144	\$	49,384,038	\$	(1,324,106)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:	ċ	2 425 450	¢	2 070 527	ċ	2 449 794	¢	E20 04E
General Government Administration	\$	2,435,450	>	, ,	\$	2,448,681	\$	530,845
Judicial Administration		1,767,802		1,865,677		1,855,350		10,327
Public Safety		8,326,230		9,152,001		8,642,080		509,921
Public Works		1,676,315		1,871,719		1,744,721		126,998
Health and Welfare		13,099,279		13,073,099		10,327,829		2,745,270
Education		16,050,870		16,548,516		13,631,332		2,917,184
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		1,378,487		1,510,131		1,462,452		47,679
Community Development		1,670,251		6,449,278		5,051,395		1,397,883
Non-Departmental Debt Service:		257,229		124,573		149,816		(25,243)
Principal Retirement		2,824,937		2,828,757		2,109,205		719,552
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		307,873		308,038		904,063		(596,025)
Total Expenditures	\$	49,794,723	\$	56,711,315	\$	48,326,924	\$	8,384,391
Total Experiareares		17,771,723	<u> </u>	30,711,313		10,320,721		3,301,371
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(1,079,208)	\$	(6,003,171)	\$	1,057,114	\$	7,060,285
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers Out	\$	(1,652,517)	Ś	(6,097,744)	Ś	(3,581,346)	Ś	2,516,398
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(1,652,517)		(6,097,744)		(3,581,346)		2,516,398
N. Cl	<u></u>	(2.724.725)	<u>_</u>	(42, 400, 645)	<u>_</u>	(2.524.222)	^	0.577.700
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,731,725)	\$	(12,100,915)	\$	(2,524,232)	\$	9,576,683
Fund Balance - Beginning	_	2,731,725	_	12,100,915	<u>,</u>	15,813,383	_	3,712,468
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,289,151	\$	13,289,151

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of OPEB Funding For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Primary Government: Post-Retirement Medical Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actual Value Asse (2)	of	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) (3)	Unfunded A (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)		Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$ 1,008,800	\$ 1,008,80	0.009	% \$	8,554,101	11.79%
July 1, 2012		-	944,000	944,00	0.009	6	7,018,201	13.45%
July 1, 2010		-	1,557,770	1,557,7	70 0.009	6	8,082,191	19.27%

School Board: Post-Retirement Medical Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)		,	Actuarial Accrued bility (AAL) (3)	Unfunded A (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3) (5)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4) / (6) (7)
July 1, 2014	\$	-	\$	2,694,800	\$ 2,694,80	0.00%	\$ 22,850,508	11.79%
July 1, 2012		-		3,900,000	3,900,00	0.00%	29,736,727	13.12%
July 1, 2010		-		4,338,412	4,338,41	2 0.00%	22,509,012	19.27%

Primary Government: Virginia Retirement System - Health Insurance Credit

Actuarial Valuation Date (1)	-	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	I	Accrued Dility (AAL)	((UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded (2)/((5)	(3)	 Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL % of Co Payroll (7	(4) / (6)
June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013	\$	146,600 137,189	\$	224,000 224,512	\$	77,400 87.323		65.45% 61.11%	\$ 4,537,070 4,327,776		1.71% 2.02%
June 30, 2012		130,799		208,234		77,435		62.81%	4,062,440		1.91%

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2015

Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	Proportionate Share of the NPL	Covered Employee Payroll	Proportionate Share of the NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Primary Government - 2014	County of Retirement I 81.2400%		\$ 8,225,333	46.11%	80.64%
Component Unit Publi	c Service Authority				
2014	13.3500%	\$ 615,090	\$ 1,351,652	45.51%	82.50%
Component Unit School		,	\$ 21,994,715	164.94%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*} The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

COUNTY OF PULASKI Exhibit 14

Schedule of Components of and Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		2014
Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	259,384
Interest		653,059
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-
Changes in assumptions		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(508,058)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	404,385
Total pension liability - beginning		9,583,439
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	9,987,824
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	245,465
Contributions - employee		123,727
Net investment income		1,281,760
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(508,058)
Administrative expense		(6,966)
Other		68
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ <u> </u>	1,135,996
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		8,209,363
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	9,345,359
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	642,465
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		
pension liability		93.57%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,474,506
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of		
covered-employee payroll		25.96%
ostered employee payron		25.70/0

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll (5)
Primary Gov	ernm		-		-	(-)	•		
2015	\$	1,018,523	\$	1,018,523	\$	-	\$	\$ 8,471,149	12.02%
Component	Unit I	Public Service A	uth	ority					
2015	\$	166,881	\$	166,881	\$	-	\$	\$ 1,392,046	11.99%
Component	Unit :	School Board (no	npı	rofessional)					
2015	\$	218,739	\$	218,739	\$	-	\$	\$ 2,434,851	8.98%
Component	Unit :	School Board (pr	ofe	ssional)					
2015	\$	3,092,245		3,092,245	\$	-	\$	\$ 21,994,715	14.06%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Pulaski Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability



County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

		Special Rev	/enu	ue Fund		Capital Pr	ojec	ts Funds	
	_	Tornado		Highway	_	School		County	
		Relief Fund		Maintenance Fund		CIP Fund		CIP Fund	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	16,645	\$	222,083	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 238,728
Investments		-		-		53,384		-	53,384
Due from Other Funds		42,873		-		113,184		-	156,057
Total Assets	\$	59,518	\$	222,083	\$	166,568	\$	-	\$ 448,169
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities									
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	601,823	\$	89,778	\$ 691,601
Total Liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	601,823	\$	89,778	\$ 691,601
Fund Balances:									
Restricted:									
Construction	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(435,255)	\$	(89,778)	\$ (525,033)
Committed:									
Tornado cleanup and assistance		59,518		-		-		-	59,518
NRCC entrance		-		222,083		-		-	222,083
Unassigned:		-		-		-		-	-
Total Fund Balances	\$	59,518	\$	222,083	\$	(435,255)	\$	(89,778)	\$ (243,432)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	59,518	\$	222,083	\$	166,568	\$	-	\$ 448,169

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Special R	evei	nue Funds	Capital Pro	jec	ts Funds	
	Tornado		Highway	 School		County	
	Relief Fund		<u>Maintenance</u>	CIP Fund		CIP Fund	<u>Total</u>
REVENUES							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$	100	\$ 77	\$	-	\$ 177
Miscellaneous	-		150	-		-	150
Intergovernmental:							
Commonwealth	-		606,985	-		117,571	724,556
Federal Government	96,399		-	-		-	96,399
Total Revenues	\$ 96,399	\$	607,235	\$ 77	\$	117,571	\$ 821,282
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government Administration	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	233,996	\$ 233,996
Public Safety	-		-	-		1,059,292	1,059,292
Public Works	-		1,051,906	-		744,793	1,796,699
Health and Welfare	2,989		-	-		86,851	89,840
Education	-		-	-		364,884	364,884
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	-		-	-		88,399	88,399
Community Development	-		-	-		181,695	181,695
Capital Projects	-		-	855,652		-	855,652
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,989	\$	1,051,906	\$ 855,652	\$	2,759,910	\$ 4,670,457
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ 93,410	\$	(444,671)	\$ (855,575)	\$	(2,642,339)	\$ (3,849,175)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 258,371	\$	2,552,561	\$ 2,810,932
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 93,410	\$	(444,671)	\$ (597,204)	\$	(89,778)	\$ (1,038,243)
Fund Balance - Beginning	(33,892)		666,754	161,949		-	794,811
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 59,518		222,083	\$ (435,255)	\$	(89,778)	\$ (243,432)

County of Pulaski, Virginia
Normajor Special Revenue Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Tornado Relief Func	lief Fund			至	Highway Maintenance Fund	ance Fund				Total	tal	
		Budget Amounts	onnts		Variance with	Bu	Budget Amounts	ts		Variance with		Budget Amounts	ounts		Variance with
		Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neq)	Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget Pos (Neg)	O	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES											ļ		Ì		
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	s	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$ -	\$ -	100 \$	100	s	\$	\$	100 \$	100
Miscellaneous									150	150				150	150
Intergovernmental:															
Commonwealth							,	484,108	606,985	122,877			484,108	606,985	122,877
Federal Government			192,798	96,399	(96,399)								192,798	66,366	(96,399)
Total Revenues	s	\$ -	374,918 \$	\$ 66,399 \$	(278,519)	\$	\$ -	484,108 \$	607,235 \$	123,127	s	\$ -	859,026 \$	703,634 \$	(155,392)
EXPENDITURES:															
Current:															
Public Works	s	\$	\$	\$	•	\$	\$ -	1,066,739 \$	1,051,906 \$	14,833	s	\$	1,066,739 \$	1,051,906 \$	14,833
Health and Welfare			18,045	2,989	15,056		,		•	•		•	18,045	2,989	15,056
	\$	\$ -	18,045 \$	2,989 \$	15,056	\$. \$	1,066,739 \$	1,051,906 \$	14,833	s	\$ -	1,084,784 \$	1,054,895 \$	29,889
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)															
Expenditures	s	\$.	356,873 \$	93,410 \$	(263,463)	\$	\$ -	(582,631) \$	(444,671) \$	137,960	s	\$ -	(225,758) \$	(351,261) \$	(125,503)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)															
Transfers In	s	\$	\$.	\$.		s	\$.	582,631 \$	\$.	(582,631)	s	\$	582,631 \$	\$ -	(582,631)
Transfers Out			(356,873)		356,873					•			(356,873)		356,873
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	s	\$ -	(356,873) \$	\$ -	356,873	\$	\$ -	582,631 \$	\$ -	(582,631)	\$	\$ -	225,758 \$	\$ -	(225,758)
Net Change in Fund Balance	s	\$	\$	93,410 \$	93,410	s	\$	\$	(444,671) \$	(444,671)	s	\$	\$	(351,261) \$	(351,261)
Fund Balance - Beginning				(33,892)	(33,892)		,		666,754	666,754		,		632,862	632,862
Fund Balance - Ending	s	\$ -	\$ -	59,518 \$	59,518	\$	\$ -	\$ -	222,083 \$	222,083	s	\$ -	\$ -	281,601 \$	281,601

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-School Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budge	t Am	ounts		Variance with		
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Final Budget Pos (Neg)		
REVENUES								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	- \$	77	\$ 77		
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	- \$	77	\$ 77		
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	3,745,565 \$	855,652	\$ 2,889,913		
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	3,745,565 \$	855,652	\$ 2,889,913		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	(3,745,565) \$	(855,575)	\$ 2,889,990		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$		\$	345,565 \$	258,371	\$ (87,194)		
Proceeds of Indebtedness		-		3,400,000	-	(3,400,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	3,745,565 \$	258,371	\$ (3,487,194)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	- \$	(597,204)	\$ (597,204)		
Fund Balance - Beginning	*	-	-	-	161,949	161,949		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	- \$	(435,255)	\$ (435,255)		

County of Pulaski, Virginia Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund-County CIP Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget
		<u>Original</u>		Final		Amounts		Pos (Neg)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	1,612,713	\$	117,571	\$	(1,495,142)
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$	1,612,713	\$	117,571	\$	(1,495,142)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government Administration	\$	220,332	\$	1,008,101	\$	233,996	\$	774,105
Public Safety		335,000		2,124,747		1,059,292		1,065,455
Public Works		71,000		1,578,712		744,793		833,919
Health and Welfare		-		887,000		86,851		800,149
Education		370,000		364,884		364,884		-
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		10,000		365,933		88,399		277,534
Community Development		170,000		350,870		181,695		169,175
Total Expenditures	\$	1,176,332	\$	6,680,247	\$	2,759,910	\$	3,920,337
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(1,176,332)	\$	(5,067,534)	\$	(2,642,339)	\$	2,425,195
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	\$	1,176,332	\$	5,067,534	\$	2,552,561	\$	(2,514,973)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(89,778)	\$	(89,778)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ċ	-	Ċ	(90.779)	Ċ	(90.779)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(89,778)	Ş	(89,778)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

		Agency Funds			
ASSETS	Special <u>Welfare</u>	Performance Bond	Employee Flexible Benefits	_	<u>Total</u>
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 16,813	\$ 53,113	\$ 82,471	\$	152,397
Total Assets	\$ 16,813	\$ 53,113	\$ 82,471	\$	152,397
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Amounts Held for Others:					
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 16,813	\$ -	\$ -	\$	16,813
Performance Bond Fund	-	53,113	-		53,113
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	-	-	82,471		82,471
Total amounts held for others	\$ 16,813	\$ 53,113	\$ 82,471	\$	152,397
Total Liabilities	\$ 16,813	\$ 53,113	\$ 82,471	\$	152,397

County of Pulaski, Virginia Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

ASSETS	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2015	
Current Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 20,361	\$	42,976	\$ 46,524	\$ 16,813
Performance Bond Fund	115,665		2,690	65,242	53,113
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	80,666		36,904	35,099	82,471
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 216,692	\$	82,570	\$ 146,865	\$ 152,397
Total Assets	\$ 216,692	\$	82,570	\$ 146,865	\$ 152,397
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Amounts Held for Others:					
Special Welfare Fund	\$ 20,361	\$	42,976	\$ 46,524	\$ 16,813
Performance Bond Fund	115,665		2,690	65,242	53,113
Employee Flexible Benefits Fund	80,666		36,904	35,099	82,471
Total amounts held for others	\$ 216,692	\$	82,570	\$ 146,865	\$ 152,397
Total Liabilities	\$ 216,692	\$	82,570	\$ 146,865	\$ 152,397

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT- SCHOOL BOARD

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund of the County. The Cafeteria and Governor's School Funds have been merged for reporting purposes.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

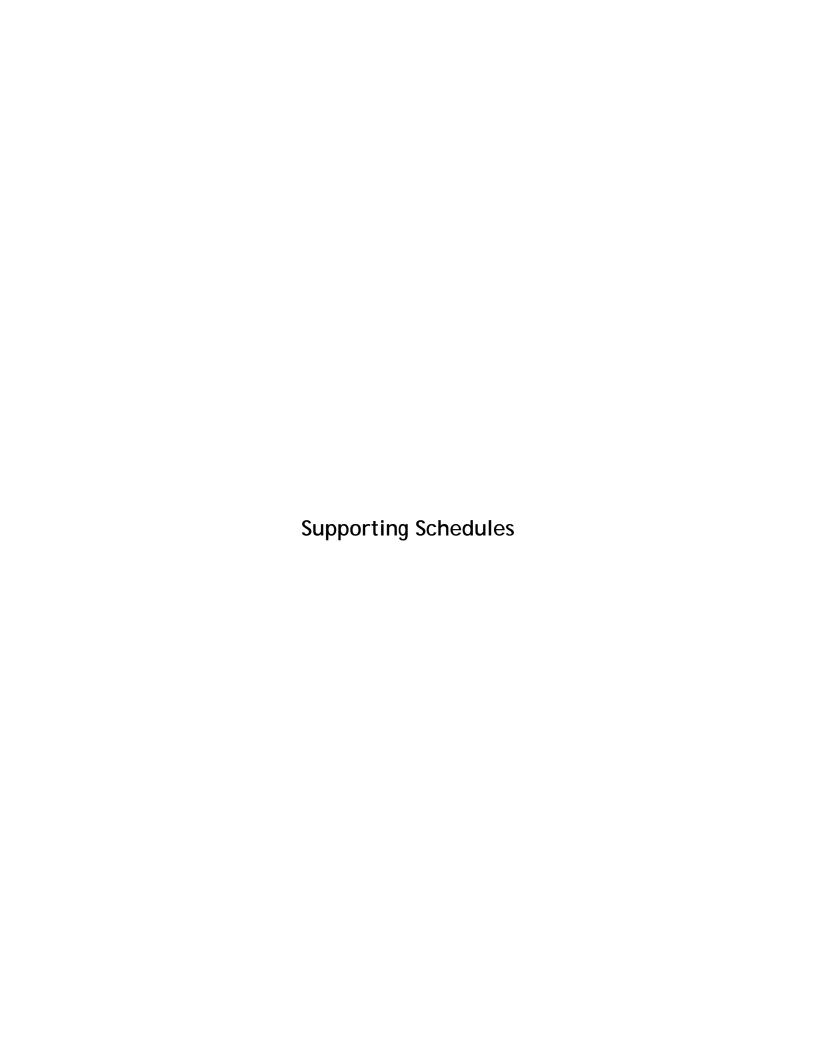
		O	School perating Fund
ASSETS			,
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	1,898,236
Prepaid items			129,831
Due from Primary Government			2,258,138
Due from Other Governmental Units			1,481,328
Total Assets		\$	5,767,533
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable		\$	786,366
Accrued Wages			3,561,636
Total Liabilities		\$	4,348,002
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable		\$	129,831
Committed		٠	•
		-	1,289,700
Total Fund Balances		\$ \$	1,419,531
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		<u> </u>	5,767,533
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1) are different because:			
Total fund balances - per above		\$	1,419,531
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$ 528,360		
Building and System	4,046,216		
Machinery and Equipment	2,683,608		
Construction in Progress	 622,936	_	7,881,120
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.			
Items related to the measurement of the net pension liability			(6,693,766)
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be a reduction in the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			3,310,984
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences and net OPEB obligation are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated Absences	\$ (1,444,861)		
Net Pension Liability	(36,919,465)		
Net OPEB Obligation	 (1,034,500)	-	(39,398,826)
Net position of governmental activities - component unit school board		\$	(33,480,957)

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

			School Operating Fund
REVENUES	·		_
Revenue from Use of Money and Property		\$	18,782
Charges for Services			1,619,575
Miscellaneous			9,415
Recovered Costs			761,226
Intergovernmental:			
Local Government			13,616,057
Commonwealth			26,322,189
Federal Government		<u>^</u>	4,574,671
Total Revenues		\$	46,921,915
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
Education		\$	46,478,144
Total Expenditures		\$	46,478,144
Total Experiences	•	7	10, 17 0, 1 1 1
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures		\$	443,771
Net Change in Fund Balance		\$	443,771
Fund Balance - Beginning			975,760
Fund Balance - Ending	;	\$	1,419,531
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:			
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds - per above		\$	443,771
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlay Depreciation	\$ 1,073,294 (754,125)		319,169
Down and the Control of Address that the advantage of Control of C			
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
(Increase) Decrease in deferred inflows related to the measurement of the net pension liability			(6,693,766)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.	245 024		
(Increase) Decrease in compensated absences	\$ 265,834		
(Increase) Decrease in net pension liability	6,712,611		
Increase (Decrease) in deferred outflows related to pension payments			
subsequent to measurement date	\$ 502,519		
(Increase) Decrease in net OPEB obligation	 (130,900)		7,350,064
Change in net position of governmental funds - component unit school board		, —	1,419,238
enange in net position of governmental rands component and school board		´ =	1,717,230

County of Pulaski, Virginia Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Amounts						Variance with
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts	Final Budget Pos (Neg)
REVENUES							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	12,658	\$	14,658	\$	18,782	\$ 4,124
Charges for Services		1,202,821		1,734,121		1,619,575	(114,546)
Miscellaneous		67,000		264,491		9,415	(255,076)
Recovered Costs		1,184,638		754,713		761,226	6,513
Intergovernmental:							
Local Government		13,303,870		13,797,531		13,616,057	(181,474)
Commonwealth		26,390,008		26,577,774		26,322,189	(255,585)
Federal Government		5,263,841		5,759,259		4,574,671	(1,184,588)
Total Revenues	\$	47,424,836	\$	48,902,547	\$	46,921,915	\$ (1,980,632)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Education	\$	47,424,836	\$	48,902,547	\$	46,478,144	\$ 2,424,403
Total Expenditures	\$	47,424,836	\$	48,902,547	\$	46,478,144	\$ 2,424,403
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	443,771	\$ 443,771
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	443,771	\$ 443,771
Fund Balance - Beginning		975,760		975,760		975,760	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	975,760	\$	975,760	\$	1,419,531	\$ 443,771



und, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
rimary Government:								
eneral Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
General Property Taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	15,365,000	\$	15,365,000	\$	15,571,081	\$	206,081
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		800,000		800,000		868,364		68,364
Personal property taxes		4,300,000		4,740,328		5,119,295		378,967
Mobile home taxes		30,000		43,878		44,860		982
Machinery and tools taxes		3,100,000		3,122,150		3,127,748		5,598
Airplane taxes		29,000		29,000		22,402		(6,598)
Penalties		170,000		170,000		186,207		16,207
Interest		150,000		176,735		196,528		19,793
Collection fees	<u> </u>	40,000	\$	47,665	\$	55,933	\$	8,268
Total General Property Taxes	_ \$	23,984,000	Ş	24,494,756	þ	25,192,418	Ş	697,662
Other Local Taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	3,200,000	\$	3,200,000	\$	3,206,440	\$	6,440
Consumers' utility taxes		658,000		658,000		643,227		(14,773)
Business licenses		600,000		693,196		693,196		-
Consumption taxes		98,500		109,145		115,552		6,407
Motor vehicle licenses		570,000		570,000		544,991		(25,009)
Bank stock taxes		28,000		28,000		7,673		(20,327)
Taxes on recordation and wills		170,000		225,606		146,149		(79,457)
Hotel and motel room taxes		365,000		365,000		356,348		(8,652)
Restaurant food taxes		1,350,000		1,350,000		1,407,016		57,016
Total Other Local Taxes	\$	7,039,500	\$	7,198,947	\$	7,120,592	\$	(78,355)
Denvite Divilere Fore and Denvite and Linear								
Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses:	ć	27 000	Ļ	27 000	ċ	27 407	ć	(E03)
Animal licenses	\$	27,000 400	\$	27,000	\$	26,497	\$	(503)
Land use application fees Transfer fees		1,000		400 1,000		679 1,055		279 55
Zoning and subdivision permits		7,800		8,400		9,223		823
Erosion and sediment control permits		1,500		1,500		650		(850)
Building permits		100,000		105,665		109,417		3,752
Total Permits, Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	\$	137,700	\$	143,965	\$	147,521	\$	3,556
,		,	T	,		,	-	2,000
Fines and Forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	88,700	\$	99,675	\$	114,811	\$	15,136
Interest on local fines		4,200		5,290		5,616		326
Total Fines and Forfeitures	\$	92,900	\$	104,965	\$	120,427	\$	15,462
Decrees from the of the record Decrees								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:	ć	200.000	,	200.000	,	242.047	,	(4.47.004)
Revenue from use of money	\$	390,000	\$	390,000	\$	242,016	\$	(147,984)
Revenue from use of property Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	24,500 414,500	\$	24,500 414,500	\$	26,566 268,582	\$	2,066 (145,918)
Total Nevenue Ironi ose of money and Property		717,300	٠,	717,300	-	200,302	٠,	(143,710)
Charges for Services:								
Charges for clerk copies	\$	7,700	\$	8,746	\$	8,889	\$	143
Charges for courthouse maintenance		20,000		20,000		19,791		(209)
Charges for courthouse security		80,000		80,000		86,465		6,465
Fees of Sheriff		3,500		4,082		4,499		417
Share of seized property		-		10,712		10,712		-
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		4,000		5,495		5,451		(44)
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees		6,200		7,481		6,772		(709)
Concealed handgun permits		10,000		10,000				

	ne Fiscal Year Ende	a sunc so, zo	10					
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Revenue from Local Sources: (continued)								
Charges for Services: (continued)								
Charges for parks and recreation	\$	228,500	\$	265,700	\$	311,906	\$	46,206
Sale of maps and publications		1,000		1,000		255		(745)
Town tax book preparation		470		470		470		-
Charges for animal pound		8,000		9,284		9,540		256
Charges for landfill		50,000		80,022		80,022		-
Charges for library		22,800		24,174		24,365		191
Total Charges for Services	\$_	442,170	\$	527,166	\$	578,813	\$	51,647
Miscellaneous:								
Contribution from IDA	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,860	\$	10,860
Miscellaneous		43,750		261,194		341,105		79,911
Total Miscellaneous	\$	43,750	\$	261,194	\$	351,965	\$	90,771
Recovered Costs:								
Administrative fees	\$	83,000	\$	91,893	\$	77,159	\$	(14,734)
Airport recoveries	•	180,201	•	180,201	•	192,696	*	12,495
Juror costs		6,500		10,110		9,120		(990)
Circuit court secretary		12,250		12,250		12,250		-
CSA recoveries						75,512		75,512
Insurance recoveries		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Parks and recreation		-,		13,000		100,423		87,423
Public safety recoveries		129,916		129,916		382,960		253,044
Health department recoveries		7,500		7,500		-		(7,500)
Hazardous material response		7,500		7,500		1,699		1,699
Other recoveries		8,122		198,397		81,034		(117,363)
Total Recovered Costs	\$	432,489	\$	648,267	\$	932,853	\$	284,586
		-		-		•		
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$_	32,587,009	\$	33,793,760	\$	34,713,171	\$	919,411
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical Aid:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	47,257	\$	(2,743)
Mobile home titling tax		30,000		30,000		27,203		(2,797)
Motor vehicle rental tax		2,500		5,091		5,156		65
Grantor's tax		110,000		116,966		114,908		(2,058)
State recordation tax		-		-		78,251		78,251
Telecommunication taxes		830,000		830,000		821,390		(8,610)
Personal property tax relief funds		1,594,000		1,594,000		1,594,529		529
Funds returned to Commonwealth		-		(79,234)		(78,060)		1,174
Total Noncategorical Aid	\$	2,616,500	\$	2,546,823	\$	2,610,634	\$	63,811
Categorical Aid:								
Shared Expenses:								
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	615,848	\$	615,848	\$	637,703	\$	21,855
Sheriff		1,700,000		1,707,616		1,760,166		52,550
Commissioner of the Revenue		130,000		130,000		130,344		344
Treasurer		109,000		109,000		107,417		(1,583)
Registrar/Electoral Board		43,085		43,085		41,034		(2,051)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		342,606		373,920		377,765		3,845
Total Shared Expenses	\$	2,940,539	\$	2,979,469	\$	3,054,429	\$	74,960
·								

For the Fish	cai rear Ende	a June 30, 20	15					
Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Intergovernmental: (continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)								
Other Categorical Aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,797,219	\$	2,797,219	\$	2,027,544	\$	(769,675)
Comprehensive Services Act (CSA)	*	3,267,570	*	3,267,570	*	2,142,307	*	(1,125,263)
DMV animal friendly plates		500		643		679		36
Commission on the arts		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Victim's assistance grant		122,813		130,181		31,624		(98,557)
Litter control grant		12,000		12,829		12,829		(70,007)
Library grant		118,673		118,673		118,796		123
Pretrial services grant		812,212		813,423		813,423		.25
Fire programs		65,000		134,833		143,498		8,665
Virginia Juvenile Commission Crime Control		28,608		28,608		21,321		(7,287)
Domestic violence DCJS grant		40,000		40,000		40,000		(7,207)
Public safety answer grant		44,990		44,990		43,583		(1,407)
DEQ grant		600		600		19		(581)
DCJS Equipment Communication Grant		-		30,997		.,		(30,997)
2012 SHSP Citizens Corporation Grant		_		5,800		_		(5,800)
DCJS School Resource Officer		_		176,848		56,843		(120,005)
Other categorical aid		_		6,065		10,599		4,534
Total Other Categorical Aid	\$	7,315,185	\$	7,614,279	\$	5,468,065	\$	(2,146,214)
-								<u> </u>
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	12,872,224	\$	13,140,571	\$	11,133,128	\$	(2,007,443)
Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Noncategorical Aid:								
Payment in lieu of taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	26,498	\$	26,498
Categorical Aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	3,239,378	\$	3,239,378	\$	3,156,345	\$	(83,033)
CDBG grants	,	3,237,370	7	309,080	٠	106,529	7	(202,551)
Emergency management preparedness grant		16,904		16,904		22,704		5,800
State and community highway safety		10,704		55,189		20,402		(34,787)
Victim witness				33,107		94,873		94,873
Other categorical aid		-		153,262		110,388		(42,874)
Total Categorical Aid	\$	3,256,282	\$	3,773,813	\$	3,511,241	\$	(262,572)
Total Categorical Ala		3,230,202	-	3,773,013	7	3,311,241	-	(202,372)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	3,256,282	\$	3,773,813	\$	3,537,739	\$	(236,074)
Total General Fund	\$	48,715,515	\$	50,708,144	\$	49,384,038	\$	(1,324,106)
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:								
Tornado Relief Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Recovered Costs:								
Town of Pulaski, Virginia	\$	-	\$	182,120	\$	-	\$	(182,120)
Total Decrease from Local Common			ć	402,420	ć		ć	(402, 420)
Total Revenue from Local Sources	_ \$	-	\$	182,120	\$	-	\$	(182,120)
Revenue from the Federal Government:								
Categorical Aid:								
Tornado UNOS Grant	\$	-	\$	192,798	\$	96,399	\$	(96,399)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	192,798	\$	96,399	\$	(96,399)
Total Tornado Relief Fund	\$	-	\$	374,918	\$	96,399	\$	(278,519)
			-	,,,,		, -, -,	- 7	(=: 5,5.7)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		. 3		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)							
Highway Maintenance Fund							
Revenue from Local Sources:							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 100	\$	100
Miscellaneous:							
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 150	\$	150
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical Aid:							
Other Categorical Aid:							
VDOT	\$	-	\$	484,108	\$ 399,985	\$	(84,123)
NRCC New Road Entrance		-		-	207,000		207,000
Total Other Categorical Aid	\$	-	\$	484,108	\$ 606,985	\$	122,877
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	484,108	\$ 606,985	\$	122,877
Total Highway Maintenance Fund	\$	-	\$	484,108	\$ 607,235	\$	123,127
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	-	\$	859,026	\$ 703,634	\$	(155,392)
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:							
School Construction Fund:							
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 77	\$	77
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 77	\$	77
Total School Construction Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 77	\$	77
County CIP Fund:							
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Other Categorical Aid:							
E-911 wireless grant	\$	-	\$	150,000	\$ 117,571	\$	(32,429)
VDOT grants		-		587,394	-		(587,394)
Other categorical aid		-		875,319	-		(875,319)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	1,612,713	\$ 117,571	\$	(1,495,142)
					447 574	,	(4.405.442)
Total County CIP Fund	\$	-	\$	1,612,713	\$ 117,571	\$	(1,495,142)
Total County CIP Fund Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	\$	-	\$	1,612,713	\$ 117,571	\$	(1,495,142)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:								
School Operating Fund:								
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Revenue from Use of Money and Property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	10,258	\$	12,258	\$	14,882	\$	2,624
Revenue from use of property		2,400		2,400		3,900		1,500
Total Revenue from Use of Money and Property	\$	12,658	\$	14,658	\$	18,782	\$	4,124
Charges for Services:								
Charges for education	\$	144,500	\$	144,500	\$	204,134	\$	59,634
Cafeteria sales		1,058,321		1,058,321		785,649		(272,672
Tuition and payments from other divisions		-		531,300		629,792		98,492
Total Charges for Services	\$	1,202,821	\$	1,734,121	\$	1,619,575	\$	(114,546
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	67,000	\$	264,491	\$	9,415	\$	(255,076
Recovered Costs:								
Medicaid reimbursements	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	11,731	\$	(48,269
Insurance recoveries	7	-	7	-	7	150	7	150
Joint services reimbursements		242,532		242,532		261,798		19,266
Salary reimbursements		87,500		87,500		132,774		45,274
School activity reimbursements		125,000		125,000		57,328		(67,672
Other recoveries		214,400		239,681		297,445		57,764
Total Recovered Costs	\$	1,184,638	\$	754,713	\$	761,226	\$	6,513
Total Revenue from Local Sources	\$	2,467,117	\$	2,767,983	\$	2,408,998	\$	(358,985
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from Local Governments:								
Contribution from County of Pulaski, Virginia-General Fund	\$	13,303,870	\$	13,797,531	\$	13,616,057	\$	(181,474
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical Aid:								
At risk four-year olds	\$	305,287	\$	305,287	\$	305,783	\$	496
At risk payments		488,709	·	488,709		484,950	·	(3,759
Adult Education		6,164		6,164		, <u>-</u>		(6,164
Basic school aid		13,296,535		13,296,535		13,165,117		(131,418
Career technology education		43,522		43,522		6,405		(37,117
Early reading intervention		91,714		91,714		87,346		(4,368
English as a second language		12,441		12,441		13,728		1,287
Gifted and talented		139,426		139,426		138,349		(1,077
GLI instructional		53,397		53,397		52,985		(412
Governor's School		369,718		449,718		401,247		(48,471
Homebound education		56,818		56,818		29,586		(27,232
		50,0.0		15,717		15,717		(27,232
ISAEP		15,717		13,717				4,292
		-		-		4,292		
ISAEP		15,717 - 18,934		18,934		4,292		(18,934
ISAEP Mentor teaching program		-				4,292 - 2,500		
ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail		-				-		2,500
ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus		-				2,500		2,500 6,459
ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus Preschool social services		- 18,934 - -		- 18,934 - -		2,500 6,459		2,500 6,459 4,267
ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus Preschool social services Primary class size		- 18,934 - -		- 18,934 - -		2,500 6,459 641,128		2,500 6,459 4,267 26,915
ISAEP Mentor teaching program Special education jail National board certified teacher bonus Preschool social services Primary class size Project graduation		18,934 - - 636,861		18,934 - - 636,861		2,500 6,459 641,128 26,915		(18,934 2,500 6,459 4,267 26,915 (4,260 (21,621

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: (continued)				
School Operating Fund: (continued)				
Intergovernmental: (continued)				
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (continued)				
Categorical Aid: (continued)				
School food	47,901	91,316	57,182	(34,134)
Share of state sales tax	4,614,907	4,614,907	4,657,449	42,542
Social security	839,521	839,521	833,039	(6,482)
Special education	1,901,531	1,901,531	1,886,848	(14,683)
Special education - foster care	2,934	2,934	9,576	6,642
Standards of learning algebra readiness	69,449	69,449	60,604	(8,845)
Textbook payment	285,520	285,520	283,233	(2,287)
Vocational education-equipment	-	-	7,707	7,707
Vocational occupational preparedness	-	-	36,066	36,066
Vocational standards of quality payments	355,981	355,981	353,232	(2,749)
VPSA technology grant	310,000	284,000	258,000	(26,000)
VTSF Virginia tobacco settlement	59,100	59,100	50,329	(8,771)
VA workplace readiness skills	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,320	\$ 4,320
Race to GED grant	-	44,351	44,351	-
Plugged in VA grant	-	46,000	45,900	(100)
Math and science teacher recruitment	 -	-	23,000	23,000
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 26,390,008	\$ 26,577,774	\$ 26,322,189	\$ (255,585)
Total Revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 26,390,008	\$ 26,577,774	\$ 26,322,189	\$ (255,585)
Revenue from the Federal Government:				
Categorical Aid:				
Forest reserve funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,887	\$ 19,887
Advanced placement grant	-	-	661	661
Gear up access Virginia	-	58,436	-	(58,436)
Title I	1,299,981	1,397,836	1,099,811	(298,025)
Title VI-B, special education	1,819,730	1,467,281	1,068,123	(399,158)
Title VI-B, pre-school - ARRA	31,761	31,761	21,183	(10,578)
Vocational education	80,951	80,951	86,633	5,682
Title III, LEP	1,840	1,840	-	(1,840)
Title II, Part A-Teacher quality grant	326,983	338,794	203,525	(135,269)
Title IV, Part 21	354,245	663,003	543,137	(119,866)
School food	1,348,350	1,348,350	1,447,781	99,431
School food-Summer program	-	-	83,930	83,930
Other	 -	371,007	-	(371,007)
Total Categorical Aid	\$ 5,263,841	\$ 5,759,259	\$ 4,574,671	\$ (1,184,588)
Total Revenue from the Federal Government	\$ 5,263,841	\$ 5,759,259	\$ 4,574,671	\$ (1,184,588)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$ 47,424,836	\$ 48,902,547	\$ 46,921,915	\$ (1,980,632)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of Supervisors	\$	139,301	\$	195,366	\$	185,640	\$	9,726
General and Financial Administration:								
County Administrator	\$	300,697	\$	439,906	\$	400,500	\$	39,406
Assistant County Administrator		181,347		53,761		52,134		1,627
County Attorney		35,570		30,870		32,212		(1,342)
Operations		124,823		125,405		124,932		473
Independent Auditor		73,000		110,121		66,001		44,120
Commissioner of the Revenue		496,126		445,778		446,641		(863)
Treasurer		493,793		495,023		491,895		3,128
Management Services		189,038		182,574		182,897		(323)
Director of Finance		148,076		148,076		151,157		(3,081)
Other General and Financial Administration		95,900		173,225		156,657		16,568
Total General and Financial Administration	\$	2,138,370	\$	2,204,739	\$	2,105,026	\$	99,713
Board of Elections:								
Electoral Board	\$	62,091	\$	62,606	\$	62,269	\$	337
Registrar	·	95,688	·	516,815		95,746	·	421,069
Total Board of Elections	\$	157,779	\$	579,421	\$	158,015	\$	421,406
Total General Government Administration	\$	2,435,450	\$	2,979,526	\$	2,448,681	\$	530,845
Judicial Administration: Courts:								
Circuit Court	\$	65,130	¢	65,415	¢	65,292	Ċ	123
General District Court	٠	2,800	Ą	6,240	Ą	5,791	۲	449
Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court		3,190		5,549		5,001		548
Clerk of the Circuit Court		583,012		633,992		635,733		(1,741)
Law Library		6,000		6,000		5,275		725
Victim's Witness Assistance		142,765		150,133		153,332		(3,199)
Domestic Relations Legal Services		40,000		43,334		43,333		(3,177)
Women's Resource Victims Assistance		22,440		22,440		22,440		
Total Courts	\$	865,337	\$	933,103	\$	936,197	\$	(3,094)
Commonwealth's Attornacy								
Commonwealth's Attorney:	Ļ	002 445	ċ	022 574	ċ	010 453	ć	42 424
Commonwealth's Attorney	\$	902,465	Ş	932,574	÷ ·	919,153	Ş	13,421
Total Judicial Administration	\$	1,767,802	\$	1,865,677	\$	1,855,350	\$	10,327
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,464,397	\$	3,499,663	\$	3,459,622	\$	40,041

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)				
General Fund: (continued)				
Public Safety (continued)				
Fire and Rescue Services:				
E-911	\$ 763,510	\$ 1,176,184	\$ 760,184	\$ 416,000
Wireless E-911	24,000	24,000	8,600	15,400
Forest Fire Protection	9,212	9,212	8,661	551
Fire Department	-	1,754	1,754	-
Volunteer Fire Departments	227,745	315,205	309,354	5,851
Western Virginia EMS	17,482	17,482	7,352	10,130
Contribution to REMSI	117,581	117,581	117,581	-
Total Fire and Rescue Services	\$ 1,159,530	\$ 1,661,418	\$ 1,213,486	\$ 447,932
Correction and Detention:				
Regional Jail Payments	\$ 2,101,293	\$ 2,257,708	\$ 2,259,058	\$ (1,350)
Court Services	6,200	8,863	5,884	2,979
Pretrial Services Grant	290,762	352,035	328,599	23,436
NRV Juvenile Detention Home	112,795	112,795	112,746	49
Community Corrections	 521,450	514,917	520,718	(5,801)
Total Correction and Detention	\$ 3,032,500	\$ 3,246,318	\$ 3,227,005	\$ 19,313
Inspections:				
Building Inspections	\$ 215,176	\$ 237,470	\$ 238,322	\$ (852)
Code Enforcement	 70,796	70,796	70,534	262
Total Inspections	\$ 285,972	\$ 308,266	\$ 308,856	\$ (590)
Other Protection:				
Animal Control	\$ 268,347	\$ 294,736	\$ 296,138	\$ (1,402)
Medical Examiner	500	887	787	100
Emergency Management	 114,984	140,713	136,186	4,527
Total Other Protection	\$ 383,831	\$ 436,336	\$ 433,111	\$ 3,225
Total Public Safety	\$ 8,326,230	\$ 9,152,001	\$ 8,642,080	\$ 509,921
Public Works:				
Sanitation and Waste Removal:				
General Engineering	\$ 144,033	\$ 125,269	\$ 121,061	\$ 4,208
Landfill	100,100	114,118	103,843	10,275
Clean Community Council	 33,073	33,073	24,821	8,252
Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	\$ 277,206	\$ 272,460	\$ 249,725	\$ 22,735
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:				
General Properties	\$ 887,011	\$ 1,079,715	\$ 1,056,685	\$ 23,030
Cleaning Services	172,395	177,511	177,330	181
NRV Salaries and Benefits Reimbursement	192,854	192,854	163,035	29,819
NRV Airport Maintenance Contribution	96,849	96,849	96,849	-
Property cleanup	 50,000	52,330	 1,097	 51,233
Total Maintenance of General Buildings and Grounds	\$ 1,399,109	\$ 1,599,259	\$ 1,494,996	\$ 104,263
Total Public Works	\$ 1,676,315	\$ 1,871,719	\$ 1,744,721	\$ 126,998

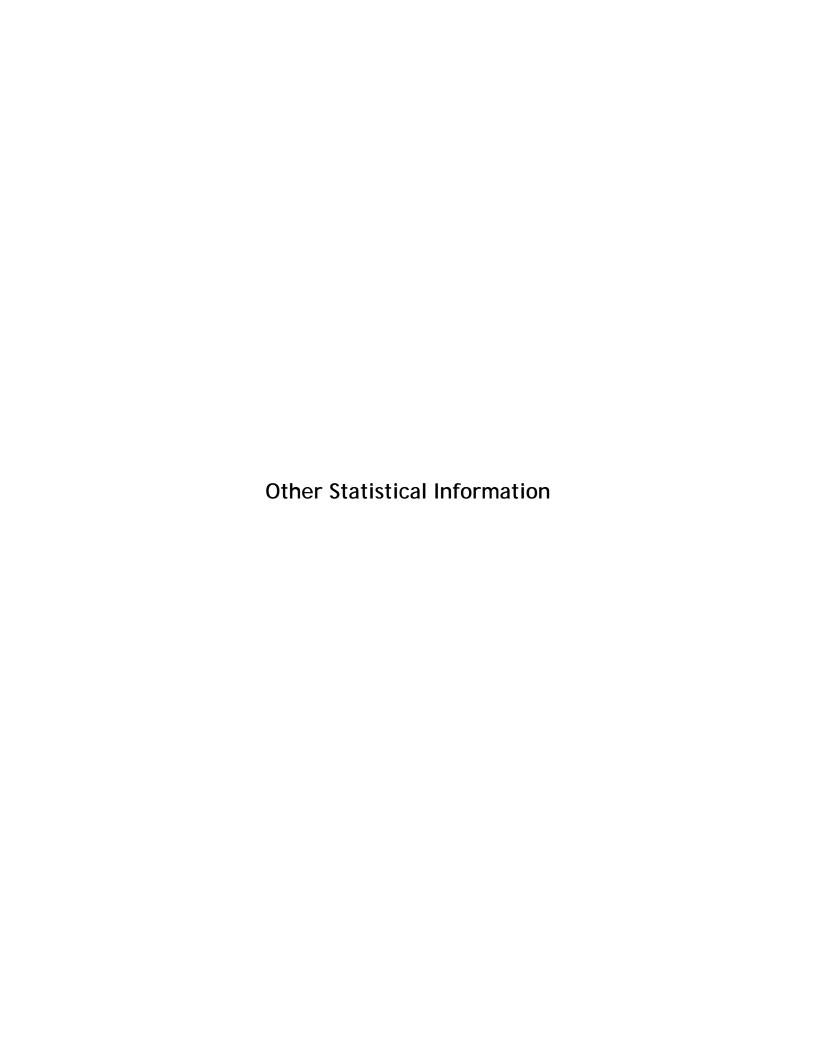
Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
General Fund: (continued)								
Health and Welfare:								
Health:								
Supplement of Local Health Department	\$	325,563	\$	325,563	\$	325,563	\$	-
Mental health and mental Retardation:								
Community Services Board	\$	90,489	\$	90,489	\$	90,489	\$	
Welfare:								
Public Assistance	\$	3,146,445	Ś	3,146,445	Ś	2,540,634	Ś	605,811
Welfare Administration	•	78,054	*	78,054	*	28,809	•	49,245
Comprehensive Services Act-Administration		4,229,463		4,229,463		3,393,086		836,377
Comprehensive Services Act		4,671,240		4,597,633		3,348,367		1,249,266
Area Agency on Aging		16,546		16,546		16,546		1,247,200
Office on Youth		125,941		138,687		134,943		3,744
Feeding America		1,500		1,500		1,500		3,744
Pulaski Area Transit		62,000		62,000		62,000		_
		54,285		54,285				-
New River Community Action				•		54,285		-
NRV Disability Services		12,645		12,645		12,645		- (2)
Virginia Juvenile Commission on Crime		68,622		71,869		71,872		(3)
Fairview District Home		88,096		88,098		88,097		1
Brain Injury Services of SWVa		2,000		2,000		2,000		-
RSVP Program		13,530		13,530		13,530		-
Big Brothers/Sisters Mentoring Program		35,000		35,000		35,000		-
Beans and Rice		7,000		7,000		7,000		-
Children's Advocacy Program		1,250		1,250		1,250		-
NRV Cares		4,600		4,600		4,600		-
Free Clinic of Pulaski County		27,000		27,000		27,000		-
Commission on Children and Families		29,760		61,192		61,113		79
Contributions to Other Local Organizations		8,250		8,250		7,500		750
Total Welfare	\$	12,683,227	\$	12,657,047	\$	9,911,777	\$	2,745,270
Total Health and Welfare	\$	13,099,279	\$	13,073,099	\$	10,327,829	\$	2,745,270
Education:								
Other Instructional Costs:								
Contribution to New River Community College	\$	15,275	\$	15,275	\$	15,275	\$	-
Contribution to Pulaski County School Board		16,035,595		16,533,241		13,616,057		2,917,184
Total Education	\$	16,050,870	\$	16,548,516	\$	13,631,332	\$	2,917,184
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:								
Parks and Recreation:								
Parks	\$	30,411	\$	23,170	\$	20,739	Ś	2,431
Recreation	*	376,064	7	418,277	7	409,832	7	8,445
Friends of Claytor Lake		37,425		123,855		124,147		(292)
Randolph Park		248,158		243,818		227,053		16,765
Claytor Lake Celebration		10,000		23,190		17,190		6,000
Total Parks and Recreation	\$	702,058	\$	832,310	\$	798,961	¢	33,349
ו טנמנ ו מות מות תכנו במנוטוו	٠	102,030	٧	032,310	٠	770,701	٠	JJ,J 4 7

Primary Government: (continued) Prim	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Paris, Recreational and Cultural: (continued) Cultural Enrichment:	Primary Government: (continued)								
Cultural Enrichment: S 22,000 \$ 22,000 \$ 22,000 \$ 22,000 \$	General Fund: (continued)								
Fine Arts Center \$ 2,000 \$ 2,2000 \$ 2,2000 \$ 2,000	Parks, Recreational and Cultural: (continued)								
Historical Landmarks	Cultural Enrichment:								
Friends of the Pulaskil Theater Round the Mountain 5,000 5,000 5,000 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7 1 Total Cultural Enrichment \$ 40,616 \$ 40,618 \$ 40,633 \$ 62,71 \$ 62,71 Library Administration \$ 517,140 \$ 518,514 \$ 512,243 \$ 62,288 \$ 62,288 \$ 62,288 \$ 110,615 \$ 8,088 \$ 635,813 \$ 637,187 \$ 622,888 \$ 14,402,452 \$ 47,676 \$ 635,813 \$ 637,187 \$ 622,888 \$ 14,402,452 \$ 47,676 \$ 635,813 \$ 15,402,452 \$ 47,676 \$ 635,813 \$ 11,501,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 47,676 \$ 635,813 \$ 11,501,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 47,676 \$ 635,813 \$ 11,511,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 47,676 \$ 635,813 \$ 13,710,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 47,676 \$ 635,813 \$ 1,511,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 1,476,952 \$ 1,476,952 \$	Fine Arts Center	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	\$	22,000	\$	-
Round the Mountain 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 7,616 1	Historical Landmarks		6,000		6,000		6,000		-
Commemorative Items 18 17 1 Total Cultural Enrichment \$ 40,616 \$ 40,634 \$ 40,633 \$ 1 Library: \$ 517,140 \$ 518,514 \$ 512,243 \$ 6,271 Library State Aid 118,673 1118,673 110,615 8,068 Total Library \$ 635,813 \$ 637,187 \$ 622,858 \$ 14,372 Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural \$ 1,378,487 \$ 1,510,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 47,679 Community Development: \$ 1,378,487 \$ 1,510,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 47,679 Planning and Community Development: \$ 92,188 \$ 15,479 \$ 13,765 \$ 1,714 Economic Development 734,307 596,376 829,786 (233,410) Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 6 233,021 829,786 (233,410) Chamber of Commerce 10,5001 115,334 829,786 (233,410) 15,344 15,252 14,614 14,614 14,614 14,614 14,614 14,614 14,614 14,614 14,614	Friends of the Pulaski Theater		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Total Cultural Enrichment S	Round the Mountain		7,616		7,616		7,616		-
Library Library Administration \$ 517,140 \$ 518,514 \$ 512,243 \$ 6,271 \$ 6,075 \$ 7,075 \$ 7	Commemorative Items		-		18		17		1
Library Administration	Total Cultural Enrichment	\$	40,616	\$	40,634	\$	40,633	\$	1_
Library Administration	Library:								
Total Library State Aid Total Library S. 633,813 S. 637,187 S. 622,858 S. 14,202 S. 633,813 S. 637,187 S. 622,858 S. 14,202 S. 633,813 S. 637,187 S. 622,858 S. 14,202 S. 633,813 S. 637,187 S. 622,858 S. 637,878 S. 622,858 S. 637,878 S. 622,858 S. 637,878 S. 63		\$	517,140	\$	518,514	\$	512,243	\$	6,271
Total Library S		·	-	•		•	-	•	· ·
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural \$ 1,378,487 \$ 1,510,131 \$ 1,462,452 \$ 47,679		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Community Development:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	,-	<u> </u>	, .	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,
Planning and Community Development S 92,188 S 15,479 S 13,765 S 1,714	Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$	1,378,487	\$	1,510,131	\$	1,462,452	\$	47,679
Community Development \$ 92,188 \$ 15,479 \$ 13,765 \$ 1,714 Economic Development 734,307 596,376 829,786 (233,410) Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Industrial Park Maintenance 635 635 113 522 Visitors' Center 105,001 115,334 83,720 31,614 Planning and Zoning 121,499 121,801 103,750 18,051 NRV Planning District Commission 29,530 29,530 29,530 29,530 - Baskerville Housing Project - 29,530 29,530 - 5,700 NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 6,400 700 5,700 NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,434 1,959 181 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 Tourism 5,200 5,189 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,62 393,823 394,516	Community Development:								
Economic Development 734,307 596,376 829,786 (233,410) Chamber of Commerce 10,000 10,000 10,000 - Industrial Park Maintenance 635 635 113 522 Visitors' Center 105,001 115,334 83,720 31,614 Planning and Zoning 121,499 121,801 103,750 18,051 NRV Planning District Commission 29,530 29,530 29,530 29,530 - Baskerville Housing Project 6,400 6,400 700 5,700 NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,434 1,959 I 81 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 - NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,434 1,959 I 81 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 - NBV Competitive Expension Polluski County IDA 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 12,500 15,500,41 5,6336,289	Planning and Community Development:								
Chamber of Commerce 10,000 31,614 10,000 10,000 31,614 10,614 10,000	Community Development	\$	92,188	\$	15,479	\$	13,765	\$	1,714
Industrial Park Maintenance	Economic Development		734,307		596,376		829,786		(233,410)
Visitors' Center 105,001 115,334 83,720 31,614 Planning and Zoning 121,499 121,801 103,750 18,051 NRV Planning District Commission 29,530 29,530 29,530 29,530 - Baskerville Housing Project 6,400 6,400 700 5,700 NR Highland 6,400 6,400 700 5,700 NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,434 1,959 I 81 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Tourism 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,262 393,823 394,516 (693) Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,337,630 Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community De	Chamber of Commerce		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Planning and Zoning 121,499 121,801 103,750 18,051 NRV Planning District Commission 29,530 29,530 29,530 - Baskerville Housing Project - 239,021 84,449 154,572 NR Highland 6,400 6,400 700 5,700 NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,434 1,959 1 81 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Tourism - 84,547 - 84,547 Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,262 393,823 394,516 (693) Total Planning and Community Development \$ 12,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,397,630 Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 13,397,833 Extension Office \$ 10,7573 \$ 100	Industrial Park Maintenance		635		635		113		522
NRV Planning District Commission 29,530 29,530 29,530	Visitors' Center		105,001		115,334		83,720		31,614
Baskerville Housing Project 239,021 84,449 154,572 NR Highland 6,400 6,400 700 5,700 NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,843 1,959 1 81 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Tourism 84,547 84,547 84,547 Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,262 393,823 394,516 (693) Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,337,630 Environmental Management: \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 5 Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 10,000 \$ 100,009 \$ 25 25 </td <td>Planning and Zoning</td> <td></td> <td>121,499</td> <td></td> <td>121,801</td> <td></td> <td>103,750</td> <td></td> <td>18,051</td>	Planning and Zoning		121,499		121,801		103,750		18,051
NR Highland 6,400 6,400 700 5,700 NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,434 1,959 I 81 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Tourism - 84,547 - 84,547 Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,262 393,823 394,516 (693) Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,337,630 Environmental Management: \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 1,397,630 Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community Development \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ -6,209 (25,243) Revenue Refunds \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 76,209	NRV Planning District Commission		29,530		29,530		29,530		-
NRV Competitiveness Center 28,400 30,393 28,434 1,959 I 81 Corridor Coalition 5,000 5,000 5,000 - Tourism - 84,547 - 84,547 Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,262 393,823 394,516 (693) Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,397,630 Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community Development \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ Revenue Refunds -< 50,966	Baskerville Housing Project		-		239,021		84,449		154,572
181 Corridor Coalition	NR Highland		6,400		6,400		700		5,700
Tourism 3.000000000000000000000000000000000000	NRV Competitiveness Center		28,400		30,393		28,434		1,959
Contribution to Pulaski County IDA 291,819 4,687,950 3,354,896 1,333,054 Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,262 393,823 394,516 (693) Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,397,630 Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ - Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community Development \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ - Revenue Refunds - 50,966 76,209 (25,243)	I 81 Corridor Coalition		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Contribution to Pulaski County PSA 125,262 393,823 394,516 (693) Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,397,630 Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community Development \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ Revenue Refunds 5 0,966 76,209 (25,243)	Tourism		-		84,547		-		84,547
Total Planning and Community Development \$ 1,550,041 \$ 6,336,289 \$ 4,938,659 \$ 1,397,630	Contribution to Pulaski County IDA		291,819		4,687,950		3,354,896		1,333,054
Environmental Management: Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ Cooperative Extension Program: Extension Office \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community Development \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ Revenue Refunds \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 76,209 (25,243)	Contribution to Pulaski County PSA		125,262		393,823		394,516		(693)
Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Extension Office \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ Revenue Refunds - 50,966 76,209 (25,243)	Total Planning and Community Development	\$	1,550,041	\$	6,336,289	\$	4,938,659	\$	1,397,630
Contribution to Soil and Water District \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ 12,637 \$ Cooperative Extension Program: \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Extension Office \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ Revenue Refunds - 50,966 76,209 (25,243)	Environmental Management:								
Extension Office \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community Development \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ 6,209 \$ 6,249,278 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607	Contribution to Soil and Water District	\$	12,637	\$	12,637	\$	12,637	\$	
Extension Office \$ 107,573 \$ 100,352 \$ 100,099 \$ 253 Total Community Development \$ 1,670,251 \$ 6,449,278 \$ 5,051,395 \$ 1,397,883 Non-Departmental: Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ - Revenue Refunds - 50,966 76,209 (25,243)	Cooperative Extension Program:								
Non-Departmental: \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ - Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 75,607 \$ - Revenue Refunds - 50,966 76,209 (25,243)		\$	107,573	\$	100,352	\$	100,099	\$	253
Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ - Revenue Refunds 50,966 76,209 (25,243)	Total Community Development	\$	1,670,251	\$	6,449,278	\$	5,051,395	\$	1,397,883
Other Non-Departmental \$ 257,229 \$ 73,607 \$ 73,607 \$ - Revenue Refunds 50,966 76,209 (25,243)	Non-Departmental:								
Revenue Refunds - 50,966 76,209 (25,243)	,	\$	257,229	\$	73,607	\$	73,607	\$	-
	·		-				•		(25,243)
	Total Non-Departmental	\$	257,229	\$	124,573	\$	149,816	\$	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Debt Service:								
Principal Retirement	\$	2,824,937	\$	2,828,757	\$	2,109,205	\$	719,552
Interest and Other Fiscal Charges		307,873		308,038		904,063		(596,025)
Total Debt Service	\$	3,132,810	\$	3,136,795	\$	3,013,268	\$	123,527
Total General Fund	\$	49,794,723	\$	56,711,315	\$	48,326,924	\$	8,384,391
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:								
Tornado Relief Fund:								
Health and Welfare:								
Welfare:								
Tornado relief cleanup	\$	-	\$	18,045	\$	2,989	\$	15,056
Total Tornado Relief Fund	\$	-	\$	18,045	\$	2,989	\$	15,056
Highway Maintenance Fund: Public Works:								
Streets and Highways:								
NRCC New Road Entrance	\$	_	\$	1,066,739	\$	1,051,906	ς	14,833
The termout in the te			<u> </u>	.,000,707	<u> </u>	1,001,700	*	,000
Total Highway Maintenance Fund	\$	-	\$	1,066,739	\$	1,051,906	\$	14,833
Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$	-	\$	1,084,784	\$	1,054,895	\$	29,889
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:								
School Construction Fund:								
Capital Projects:								
Dublin Elementary School	\$	-	\$	3,640,000	\$	838,264	\$	2,801,736
Miscellaneous		-		105,565		17,388		88,177
Total Capital Projects	\$	-	\$	3,745,565	\$	855,652	\$	2,889,913
Total School Construction Fund	\$	-	\$	3,745,565	\$	855,652	\$	2,889,913
County CIP Fund:								
General Government Administration:								
General and Financial Administration:								
Communications	\$	55,000	\$	103,372	Ś	81,668	Ś	21,704
Property Assessment	*	150,000	*	150,000	*	144,250	~	5,750
Equalization Board		. 55,550		8,079		8,078		3,730
Total General Government Administration	\$	220,332	\$	1,008,101	\$	233,996	\$	774,105
Dublic Cafeby								
Public Safety								
Law Enforcement and Traffic Control:	¢	120.000	¢	4 072 005	ć	054.304	ć	124 540
Sheriff	\$	130,000	>	1,072,905	>	951,386	>	121,519

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)				
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds: (continued)				
County CIP Fund: (continued)				
Fire and Rescue Services:				
Volunteer Emergency Operations	\$ -	\$ 9,585	\$ 9,585	\$ -
Volunteer Fire Departments	 195,000	1,030,411	96,475	933,936
Total Fire and Rescue Services	\$ 195,000	\$ 1,039,996	\$ 106,060	\$ 933,936
Inspections:				
Building Inspection	\$ -	\$ 1,846	\$ 1,846	\$
Total Public Safety	\$ 335,000	\$ 2,124,747	\$ 1,059,292	\$ 1,065,455
Public Works:				
Sanitation and Waste Removal:				
General Engineering	\$ -	\$ 99,000	\$ 55,762	\$ 43,238
Total Sanitation and Waste Removal	\$ -	\$ 99,000	\$ 55,762	\$ 43,238
Maintenance of Highways, Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks:				
Maintenance	\$ -	\$ 391,210	\$ 32,474	\$ 358,736
Maintenance of General Building and Grounds:				
General Properties	\$ 71,000	\$ 1,088,502	\$ 656,557	\$ 431,945
Total Public Works	\$ 71,000	\$ 1,578,712	\$ 744,793	\$ 833,919
Health and Welfare: Welfare:				
Public Assistance	\$ -	\$ 887,000	\$ 86,851	\$ 800,149
Education:				
Other Instructional Costs:				
School Buses	\$ 370,000	\$ 364,884	\$ 364,884	\$
Parks, Recreational and Cultural:				
Parks and Recreation:				
Recreation	\$ 10,000	\$ 247,135	\$ 5,690	\$ 241,445
Friends of Claytor Lake	-	5,170	5,170	-
Loving field	-	88,220	77,539	10,681
Total Parks and Recreation	\$ 10,000	\$ 351,783	\$ 88,399	\$ 263,384
Total Parks, Recreation and Cultural	\$ 10,000	\$ 365,933	\$ 88,399	\$ 277,534

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		Variance with Final Budget- Pos (Neg)
Primary Government: (continued)								
Nonmajor Capital Project Fund: (continued)								
County CIP Fund: (continued)								
Community Development:								
Planning and Community Development:								
Planning and Zoning	\$	-	\$	27,702	\$	11,695	\$	16,007
Contribution to REMSI		170,000		170,000		170,000		-
Total Community Development	\$	170,000	\$	350,870	\$	181,695	\$	169,175
Total County CIP Fund	\$	1,176,332	\$	6,680,247	\$	2,759,910	\$	3,920,337
Total Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	\$	1,176,332	\$	10,425,812	\$	3,615,562	\$	6,810,250
Total Primary Government	\$	50,971,055	\$	68,221,911	\$	52,997,381	\$	15,224,530
Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Administration of schools:								
Administration of schools. Administration, health and attendance	\$	2,266,683	ċ	2,433,862	\$	2,282,896	ċ	150,966
Administration, health and attendance	<u> </u>	2,200,003	Ç	2,433,602	Ç	2,202,090	Ç	130,900
Instructional:								
Instruction	\$	33,243,528	\$	33,984,548	\$	31,891,152	\$	2,093,396
Other operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	2,271,269	\$	2,263,853	\$	2,242,850	\$	21,003
Operation and maintenance of school plant		5,094,489		5,151,905		5,068,228		83,677
Food services		2,479,230		2,522,645		2,574,024		(51,379)
Technical resources		2,069,637		1,993,637		1,843,691		149,946
Facilities		-		552,097		575,303		(23,206)
Total other operating costs	\$	11,914,625	\$	12,484,137	\$	12,304,096	\$	180,041
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board	\$	47,424,836	\$	48,902,547	\$	46,478,144	\$	2,424,403



County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General						Parks,		Interest	
Fiscal	Government	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	on Long-	
Year	Administration	Administration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education	and Cultural	Development	Term Debt	Total
2014-15	\$ 2,297,377	\$ 1,763,999 \$	8,960,435 \$	3,355,036 \$	\$ 062,382,390 \$	14,981,310	1,581,597	5, 180,699 \$	780,400 \$	49,288,242
2013-14	2,674,206	1,444,538	8,526,040	1,601,211	11,482,125	14,300,540	1,424,232	3,023,726	1,210,907	45,687,525
2012-13	3,029,596	1,663,626	8,279,912	2,457,115	11,585,645	12,845,614	1,676,018	1,872,699	1,135,681	44,545,906
2011-12	2,733,560	1,594,599	8,092,547	1,701,286	11,078,762	14,686,128	1,457,169	7,503,176	1,145,941	49,993,168
2010-11	2,354,362	1,598,836	7,767,882	1,631,480	10,646,521	12,492,540	1,461,399	4,730,543	938,678	43,622,241
2009-10	2,227,515	1,548,396	7,995,638	1,480,384	11,030,808	10,321,494	1,345,770	5,006,587	1,661,533	42,618,125
2008-09	2,645,693	1,483,884	6,411,555	1,426,527	10,201,396	13,587,527	1,411,956	3,808,164	1,289,490	42,266,192
2007-08	2,232,051	1,292,617	7,349,363	208,747	9,705,772	12,024,573	1,405,132	1,642,552	1,378,323	37,239,130
2006-07	2,103,757	1,238,375	7,335,947	682,855	8,562,139	10,531,127	1,411,041	963,542	764,711	33,593,494
2005-06	1,796,526	1,122,413	7,157,316	1,265,365	8,297,944	11,595,909	1,352,900	4,467,301	922,029	37,732,750

County of Pulaski, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Total	49,670,191	48,159,285	47,305,818	45,113,221	43,871,773	46,387,726	43,266,070	41,565,045	39,547,185	36,521,917
	ı				S									
	Grants and Contributions	Not Restricted	to Specific	Programs	2,637,132 \$	2,651,916	3,572,616	2,514,364	1,040,960	2,631,288	2,143,390	1,863,623	1,868,491	2,014,456
					S									
				Miscellaneous	352,115	127,828	118,247	391,985	394,290	208,630	526,812	18,634	57,658	85,237
sən					S									
General Revenues		Unrestricted	Investment	Earnings	268,759	405,155	433,446	379,141	329,563	297,227	540,453	1,498,977	1,167,434	678,035
					S									
		Other	Local	Taxes	7,120,592	6,839,403	6,581,448	6,523,924	5,617,664	5,171,842	6,565,919	6,775,619	6,580,583	5,972,264
					Ş									
		General	Property	Taxes	25,590,142	24,368,213	23,279,472	21,993,777	21,623,192	21,173,271	20,175,233	19,521,565	18,839,172	17,049,730
					Ş									
		Capital	Grants and	Contributions	106,529	268,452	366,974	72,633	1,766,976	3,682,304	•	•	81,476	168,817
					Ş									
Program Revenues		Operating	Grants and	Contributions	12,748,161	12,782,630	12,238,191	12,511,682	11,842,138	12,010,339	12,077,362	11,410,564	10,311,656	9,904,124
Pro					Ş									
		Charges	for	Services	846,761	715,688	715,424	725,715	1,256,990	1,212,825	1,236,901	476,063	640,715	649,254
					Ś									
			Fiscal	Year	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General						Parks,				
Fiscal	Government	Judicial	Public	Public	Health and		Recreation,	Community	Non-	Debt	
Year	Administration	Administration	Safety	Works	Welfare	Education (2)	and Cultural	Development	Departmental	Service (3)	Total
2014-15	\$ 2,682,677	\$ 1,855,350	\$ 9,701,372	\$ 3,541,420	\$ 10,417,669	\$ 46,858,303	\$ 1,550,851	\$ 5,233,090	\$ 149,816	\$ 3,013,268	\$ 85,003,816
2013-14	2,760,506	1,763,092	10,944,572	3,190,606	11,523,164	46,534,079	1,825,172	3,350,445	62,946	3,235,756	85,190,338
2012-13	3,022,341	1,658,842	8,687,200	2,945,057	11,833,951	46,184,157	1,779,669	1,987,979	48,676	3,392,643	81,540,515
2011-12	2,290,446	1,620,149	8,029,761	1,812,147	11,360,061	46,334,107	1,604,803	7,635,743	•	3,366,806	84,054,023
2010-11	2,127,956	1,581,628	7,775,675	1,542,354	10,859,550	44,568,538	1,547,452	4,840,124	•	3,185,949	78,029,226
2009-10	1,982,852	1,547,625	7,370,735	1,408,091	11,192,888	47,643,617	1,397,056	5,571,584	•	11,032,436	89,146,884
2008-09	2,583,215	1,479,967	7,241,921	1,468,888	10,394,049	48,062,018	1,550,851	5,233,090	149,816	3,293,977	81,457,792
2007-08	2,121,307	1,330,527	7,030,814	1,268,510	9,669,237	46,646,147	1,399,957	1,596,685	•	2,634,931	73,698,115
2006-07	2,102,862	1,270,573	7,521,231	1,142,631	8,532,401	45,176,749	1,336,274	1,025,802	•	2,003,993	70,112,516
2002-06	1,760,609	1,123,294	6,704,826	1,099,401	8,386,534	42,441,597	1,425,356	4,371,013	7,818	2,295,970	69,616,418

Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.
 Debt service increased in fiscal year 2009-10 due to repayment of the IDA lease revenue note in the amount of \$7,735,000.

County of Pulaski, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

- - -	10tal \$ 83.511.101	82,289,717	82,953,591	80,114,614	78,044,227	83,647,907	80,803,971	77,172,571	74,841,403	68,890,317
Inter-	10vernmentar (2) 46.388.687	46,426,984	47,237,838	47,272,325	45,719,285	52,933,326	49,182,768	46,144,874	45,088,763	41,256,945
Š	gove S	+								
Recovered	5 1.694.079	2,064,141	3,557,119	1,829,882	1,853,759	1,947,692	1,558,694	1,219,985	1,523,869	1,087,512
H S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Miscellaneous \$ 361.530	188,158	130,309	430,075	529,614	222,348	536,379	26,151	337,750	248,459
Charges for	S 2.198.388	1,477,261	1,618,580	1,706,348	1,594,988	1,528,819	1,551,254	1,567,349	1,571,533	1,546,531
Revenue from the Use of Money and	710perty 287.464	420,047	445,996	398,689	340,570	311,542	562,575	1,540,511	804,624	443,408
Fines	\$ 120.477 \$	97,337	72,758	35,874	37,738	31,439	24,895	34,685	46,158	41,858
Permits, rivilege Fees, Regulatory	LICEIISES 147.571	137,443	135,413	129,393	692,279	664,789	708,997	704,918	125,564	131,295
i <u>r</u>	<i>•</i>	٠								
Other Local	1 dxes \$ 7,120,592	6,839,403	6,581,448	6,523,924	5,617,664	5,171,842	6,565,919	6,775,619	6,580,583	5,972,264
General Property	1 dxes \$ 25,192,418	24,638,943	23,174,130	21,788,104	21,658,330	20,836,110	20,112,490	19,158,479	18,762,559	18,162,045
Fiscal	7 eal 2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

12.76% 10.76% 11.95% 12.19% 11.45%	2,970,797 2,468,936 2,571,593 2,400,211 2,356,776 2,529,481	97.10% 96.43% 98.89% 96.02% 97.40%	22,611,815 22,119,536 21,280,960 18,899,756 20,055,980 19,592,282	540,891 82,243 120,144 80,471 629,228 507,414	94.78% 96.07% 98.33% 95.61% 94.34%	22,070,924 22,037,293 21,160,816 18,819,285 19,426,752 19,084,868	23,286,597 22,938,080 21,519,644 19,683,092 20,591,949 20,067,829
12.76% 10.76%	2,970,797 2,468,936	97.10% 96.43%	22,611,815 22,119,536	540,891 82,243	94.78% 96.07%	22,070,924 22,037,293	23,286,597 22,938,080
10.88%	2,612,718	97.14%	23,322,705	761,290	93.97%	22,561,415	24,009,139
9.72%	2,434,494	97.23%	24,351,615	160,657	%6:96	24,190,958	25,044,163
11.71%	2,978,078	101.03%	25,686,316	1,332,766	95.79%	24,353,550	25,423,667
12.82%	\$ 3,428,552	98.53%	\$ 26,348,279	\$ 1,404,834	93.27%	\$ 24,943,445	\$ 26,742,150
Tax Levy	Taxes (1)	to Tax Levy	Collections	Collections (1)	Collected	Collections (1)	Levy (1)
Taxes to	Delinquent	Collections	Тах	Тах	of Levy	Тах	Тах
Percent of Delinquent	Outstanding	Percent of Total Tax	Total	Delinquent	Percent	Current	Total

(1) Includes penalty and interest.

Assessed Value (1) of Taxable Property County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	\$ 3,249,254,941	3,486,548,688	3,338,064,909	3,203,389,711	3,225,183,793	2,817,068,574	2,548,425,287	2,474,426,378	2,365,443,021
Public Service (2)	\$ 141,855,487	134,148,506	132,152,095	132,610,234	129,791,012	91,287,377	95,857,158	104,176,431	104,039,526
Merchants' Capital (3)	s		•	•	1	1	5,330,647	5,089,159	5,202,461
Machinery and Tools	\$ 208,708,502	187,946,761	173,603,157	186,011,482	182,554,833	127,627,258	174,231,700	177,909,011	153,283,772
Personal Property and Mobile Home	\$ 299,330,652	309,328,321	283,251,757	277,054,341	285,048,023	311,944,879	288,718,297	273,746,922	288,658,112
Real Estate	\$ 2,599,360,300	2,771,466,000	2,749,057,900	2,607,713,654	2,627,789,925	2,286,209,060	1,984,287,485	1,913,504,855	1,814,259,150
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2013-14 2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2002-06

Assessments at 100% of fair market value.
 Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.
 The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

County of Pulaski, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Mobile Homes	0.64	0.59	0.59	0.54	0.54	0.50	0.50	0.62	0.62	0.62
	ب									
Merchants' Capital (6)	,							4.80	4.80	4.80
20										
Machinery and Tools	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
	۰									
Personal Property	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.14	2.00	2.00	2.00
	φ.									
Real Estate	0.59/0.64	0.59	0.54/0.59	0.54	0.54	0.50/0.54	0.62/0.50	0.62	0.62	0.62
	ب									
Fiscal Year	2014-15 (5)	2013-14	2012-13 (4)	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10 (3)	2008-09 (2)	2007-08	2006-07	2002-06

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value.

(2) Real estate rates decreased from \$0.62 to \$0.50 beginning with the first half 2009.

(3) Real estate rates increased from \$0.50 to \$0.54 beginning with the first half 2010.

(4) Real estate rates increased from \$0.54 to \$.59 beginning with the first half 2013
(5) Real estate rates increased from \$0.59 to \$.64 beginning with the first half 2015
(6) The County stopped collecting merchants' capital taxes in fiscal year 2008-09.

Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per	Capita 679	738	692	829	889	940	1,005	1,053	898	441
B B	J .	`								
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed	Value 0 73%	0.76%	0.77%	0.87%	0.97%	1.02%	1.25%	1.45%	1.23%	0.65%
Net Bonded	Debt \$ 23 671 302	25,721,676	26,807,252	28,919,439	30,994,428	33,006,407	35,315,701	36,984,070	30,478,933	15,478,557
Gross	Debt (3)	25,7721,676	26,807,252	28,919,439	30,994,428	33,006,407	35,315,701	36,984,070	30,478,933	15,478,557
Assessed Value (in	Thousands) (2)	3,401,343	3,486,549	3,338,065	3,203,390	3,225,184	2,817,069	2,548,425	2,474,426	2,365,443
; :	Population (1)	34,872	34,872	34,872	34,872	35,127	35,127	35,127	35,127	35,127
Fiscal	Year 2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06

⁽¹⁾ Bureau of the Census.

⁽²⁾ Assessments at 100% of fair market value.

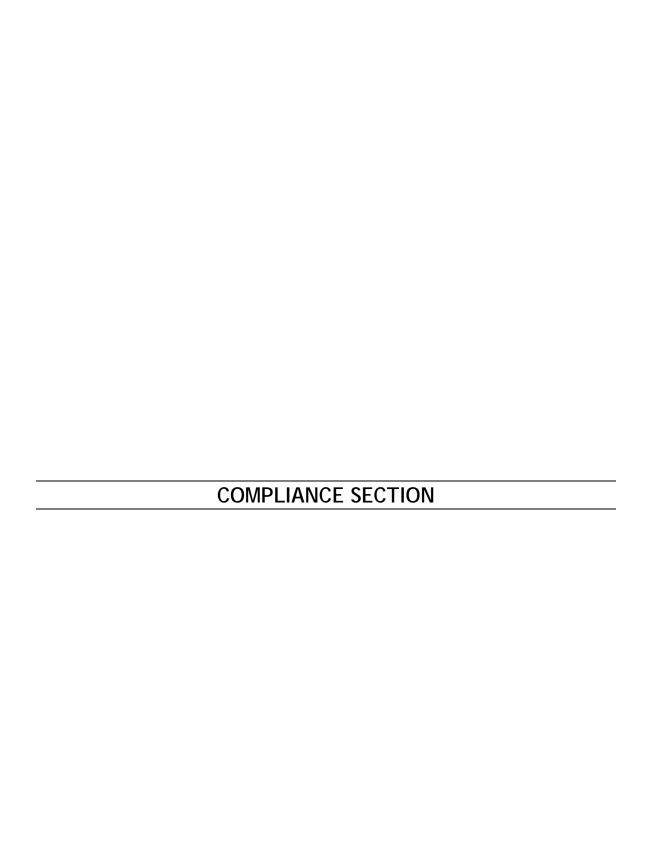
⁽³⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill post-closure monitoring, capital lease and compensated absences.

Table 9

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental County of Pulaski, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years Expenditures (1)

Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures	3.54%	3.71%	4.16%	4.01%	4.08%	12.38%	4.04%	3.58%	2.86%	3.30%
Total General Governmental Expenditures	\$ 85,003,816	85,190,338	81,540,515	84,054,023	78,029,226	89,146,884	81,457,792	73,698,115	70,112,516	69,616,418
Total Debt Service	\$ 3,013,268	3,157,011	3,392,643	3,366,806	3,185,949	11,032,436	3,294,568	2,634,931	2,003,993	2,295,970
Interest	\$ 904,063	1,114,718	1,222,812	1,291,818	1,091,238	1,590,316	1,536,795	1,365,481	805,564	722,096
Principal	\$ 2,109,205	2,042,293	2,169,831	2,074,988	2,094,711	9,442,120	1,757,773	1,269,450	1,198,429	1,573,874
Fiscal Year	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08	2006-07	2002-06

(1) Includes Primary Government (excluding School Construction) and its Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board.



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Pulaski, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses [2015-001].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Pulaski, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Pulaski, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson Farmer, lox associates

County of Pulaski, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Pulaski, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia February 25, 2016

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Honorable Members of The Board of Supervisors County of Pulaski, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

County of Pulaski, Virginia's basic financial statements include the operations of the Pulaski County Public Service Authority and the Pulaski County Industrial Development Authority, which received federal awards which are not included in the schedule during the year ended June 30, 2015. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Public Service Authority and Industrial Development Authority because a separate audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 was performed for each entity.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Pulaski, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Pulaski, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Pulaski, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia February 25, 2016

Roleinson Farmer, lox associates

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Federal	Pass Through Entity	
Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:			
Pass through Payments:			
Department of Social Services:			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	90545	\$ (688)
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	90116, 90117, 90118, 90236 90237, 90238, 90378	82,703
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	90249, 90360	31,540
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	90109, 90110, 90111, 90112 90127, 90229, 90230, 90231 90232, 90247, 90366, 90409	460,445
		90411, 90412, 90413	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	90113, 90233, 90413, 90713	806
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	90114, 90115, 90234, 90235	53,582
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	90251	3,349
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	90105, 90106, 90107, 90209	673,842
		90225, 90226, 90227, 90253 90258, 90405, 90406, 90407 90636, 90637, 90639, 90658	
		90705, 90706, 90707, 90733 90738	
Adoption Assistance	93.659	90108, 90214, 90228, 90408 90606, 90708	546,930
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	90120, 90122, 90123, 90240 90242, 90243, 90262, 90306 90312, 90322, 90339, 90340	316,601
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	90254	9,463
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	90102, 90222, 90402, 90702	15,300
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	90101, 90146, 90213, 90221 90266, 90401, 90446, 90701 90746	515,062
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	90353	2,408
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 2,711,343
Department of Agriculture:			
Pass through Payments:			
Department of Agriculture:			
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	Unknown	\$ 83,930
National School Lunch Program (Note 3) (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	40623	\$ 117,935
Department of Education:			
National School Lunch Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	40623	987,739 1,105,674
School Breakfast Program (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.553	40591	342,107
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841	19,887
Department of Social Services:			
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	90103, 90104, 90212, 90223 90224, 90403, 90404, 90703	\$ 445,002
Total Department of Agriculture		90704	\$ 1,996,600
Department of Justice:			
Pass through Payments:			
Department of Criminal Justice Services: Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	09VAGX0007	\$ 94,873
Department of Transportation:			
Pass-through payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:	20.700	DC 2044 E4202 4224	ć 20.402
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	RS - 2011 51382 4324	\$ 20,402

County of Pulaski, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/State Pass Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Education:	Number	Number	Experiultures
Pass through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Title I: Grants to Local Education Agencies	84.010	42892, 42901	\$ 1,099,811
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	43071	1,068,123
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	62521	21,183
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095	86,633
Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	60565	543,137
Advanced Placement Program	84.330		661
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	61480	203,525
Total Department of Education			\$ 3,023,073
Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Pass through Payments:			
Department of Housing and Community Development:			
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	50797	\$ 313,316
Department of Labor:			
Pass through Payments:			
Virginia Community College System:			
Workforce Investment Act Cluster:			
WIA Adult Program	17.258	Not available	\$ 834,797
WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278	Not available	747,648
WIA Youth Activities	17.259	Not available	889,998
Total Department of Labor			\$ 2,472,443
Department of Homeland Security:			
Pass through Payments:			
Department of Emergency Management:			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	52749	\$ 22,704
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 10,654,754

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of County of Pulaski, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2015. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of County of Pulaski, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of County of Pulaski, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2015, the County had no food commodities in inventory.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in this Schedule, the County provided federal away	ards to subrecipients as follows:		
WIA Adult Program	17.258	\$	834,797
WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	17.278		747,648
WIA Youth Activities	17.259		889,998
Total Workforce Investment Act Cluster		s	2.472.443

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Tornado Relief Fund Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Planning District Commission Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Primary Government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund 96,399 2,472,443 2,6498 76,080,083	Frinary dovernment.	
Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Planning District Commission Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Primary Government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund 2,472,443 (26,498 6,080,083	General Fund	\$ 3,537,739
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes Total Primary Government Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund (26,498 5,080,083 5,080,083 5,4,574,671	Tornado Relief Fund	96,399
Total Primary Government \$ 6,080,083 Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund \$ 4,574,671	Add: Direct Payments to New River Valley Planning District Commission	2,472,443
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund \$ 4,574,671	Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(26,498)
School Operating Fund \$ 4,574,671	Total Primary Government	\$ 6,080,083
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Component Unit School Board:	
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$\frac{10,654,754}{2}\$	School Operating Fund	\$ 4,574,671
	Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 10,654,754

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies)?

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	
84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster	
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	
14.228	Community Development Block Grans/State's program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	
93.778	Medical Assistance Program	
84.010	Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies	
93.667	Social Services Block Grant	

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs

\$319,643

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2015

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2015-001

Criteria:

Per auditing standards, an auditee should have sufficient expertise in the selection and application of accounting principles used in the preparation of the annual financial report. In addition, the auditee should have sufficient internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Furthermore, reliance on the auditors to post such transactions is not a component of the auditee's internal controls.

Condition: The County's trial balance and government-wide supporting schedules required significant

adjustments that were made by the auditors.

Cause of Condition: Historically, the County has relied heavily on the auditors to assist with adjustments from fund

based statements to the government-wide statements.

Effect of Condition: There is more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements

will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation: Management should continue to implement and follow review procedures in order to make

adjustments in an accurate and timely manner.

Management's Response: Management is dedicated to complying with the concepts set forth by auditing standards and will

make efforts in the future to eliminate material errors from its adjusted trial balance and government-wide supporting schedules. Additionally, a consultant has been hired to assist with this process and, as the consultant becomes more familiar with the County, management expects

that significant audit adjustments will not be necessary.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.