County of Wythe, Virginia Financial Statements



Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION		
List of Elected and Appointed Officials		Page 1
FINANCIAL SECTION		
		0.4
Independent Auditors' Report		2-4
	<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		_
Statement of Net Position		5
Statement of Activities	2	6
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	3	7
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the		
Statement of Net Position	4	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Governmental Funds	5	9
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	6	10
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	7	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -		
Proprietary Funds	8	12
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	9	13
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	10	14
Notes to the Financial Statements		15-95
Required Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Budget and Actual:		
General Fund	11	96
Pension Plans:		
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	12	97
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -		
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		98
Schedule of Employer Contributions	14	99
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	15	100
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan-Health Insurance:		
Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Total Health Insurance OPEB		
Liability	16	101
Schedule of Changes in Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related	4 =	400
Ratios - Component Unit School Board		102
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	18	103

COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

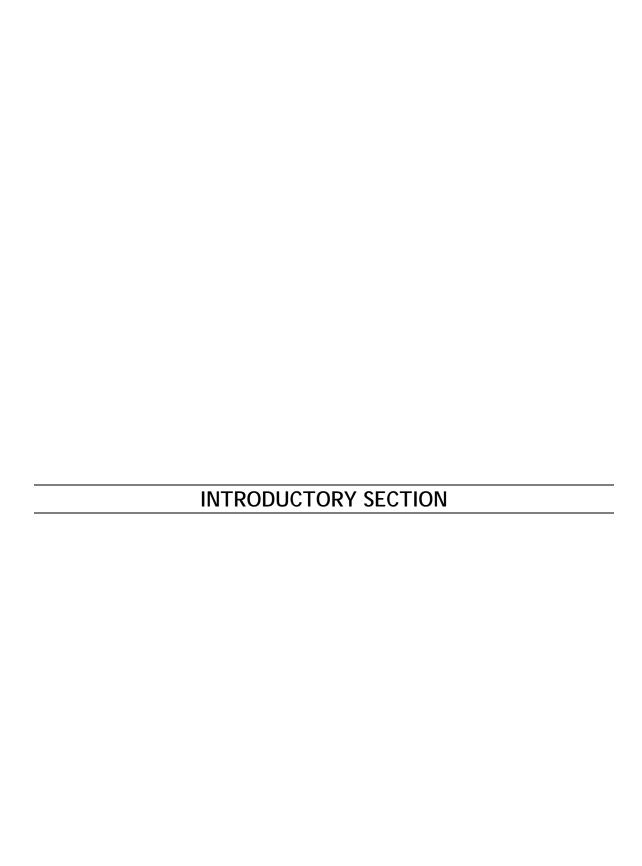
TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

Required Supplementary Information: (Continued)		
	xhibit	<u>Page</u>
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program: Schedule of Employer's Share of the Net OPEB Liability	. 19	104
Schedule of Employer Contributions		
Notes to Required Supplementary Information		106-107
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program:		
Schedule of Changes in the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)		
Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	. 22	108
Schedule of Component Unit School Board (professional) Share of Net OPEB Liability	. 23	109
Schedule of Employer Contributions		
Notes to Required Supplementary Information		
Other Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -		
Budget and Actual: Capital Projects Fund	. 26	112
Capital Frojects Fullu	. 20	112
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:		
Balance Sheet	. 27	113
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	0.0	444
Governmental Funds	. 28	114
Budget and Actual	. 29	115
badget and Netaal	. 27	110
	nedule	<u>Page</u>
Supporting Schedules:	1	11/ 101
Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds		116-121 122-126
Schedule of Experialtures - Budget and Actual - Governmental Funds	. Z	122-120
Statistical Information:	Table	<u>Page</u>
Government-wide information:		
Government-wide Expenses by Function	. 1	
Government-wide Revenues	. 2	128
General Governmental Expenditures by Function	. 3	129
General Governmental Revenues by Source	. 4	130
Property Tax Levies and Collections		131
Assessed Value of Taxable Property		132
Property Tax Rates		133
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt	^	104
Per Capita	. 8	134
Total General Governmental Expenditures	. 9	135
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COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION	
	Page
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	136-137
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	138-139
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	140-141
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	142
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	143-145



	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	
	Timothy A. Reeves, Chair	
Joe F. Hale Ryan M. Lawson Coy L. McRoberts	Martha Collins, Clerk	B. G. "Gene" Horney, Jr. Charlie G. Lester Brian W. Vaught
	COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD	
Chalmer L. Frye, Vice Chair Ann H. Manley	Tonya M. Freeman, Chair	Lee H. Johnson Stephen R. Sage
Peggy A. Wagy	Catrina Hall, Clerk	Alan C. Wilder
	SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD	
Joel Hash, Jr., Vice Chair	Patty O'Quinn, Chair	Jonathan Harman
Timothy A. Reeves	Patty O'Quinn, Clerk	Sandy Thomas
	OTHER OFFICIALS	
Clerk of the Circuit Court Judge of the General District Judge of the Juvenile & Dome Commonwealth's Attorney Commissioner of the Revenue Treasurer Sheriff Superintendent of Schools Director of Social Services County Administrator	Courtestic Relations Court	Jeremiah MusserJ.D. BoltBradley DaltonMike JonesFaye BarkerLori GuynnKeith DunaganDr. Scott L. JeffriesKimberly AyersStephen Bear





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Wythe, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wythe, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wythe, Virginia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 22 to the financial statements, in 2019, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 88 *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements.* Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 96 and 97-111 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Wythe, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

obinou, Fainer, Cox Associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2019, on our consideration of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 25, 2019



County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	June	30, 2019 Pri	imar	ry Governmer	nt			Component Unit
	Go	vernmental		usiness-type				Onit
		<u>Activities</u>	,	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>S</u>	chool Board
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,055,597	\$	5,023,412	\$	52,079,009	\$	6,298,705
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):								
Taxes receivable		1,715,082		-		1,715,082		-
Other local taxes		469,104		-		469,104		-
Accounts receivable		10,357		506,471		516,828		92,381
Due from other governmental units		1,887,988		4,255,909		6,143,897		1,062,662
Inventories		-		-		-		70,914
Prepaid items		-		-		-		623,885
Investment in land		14,029,913		-		14,029,913		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)		1,979,569		959,335		2,938,904		_
Investments		799,580		-		799,580		_
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		,						
Land		4,032,359		233,205		4,265,564		774,089
Buildings and improvements		44,437,297		-		44,437,297		9,952,311
Machinery and equipment		1,943,949		182,505		2,126,454		2,284,087
Infrastructure		1,161,219		44,860,157		46,021,376		-
Construction in progress		10,340,146		249,930		10,590,076		780,987
Total assets	\$	129,862,160	\$	56,270,924	\$	186,133,084	\$	21,940,021
Total assets		127,002,100	Ψ	00,270,721	Ψ	100,100,001	Ψ	21,710,021
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related items	\$	645,189	\$	35.738	\$	680,927	\$	3,726,309
OPEB related items	•	85,453	Ψ	3,572	Ψ	89,025	Ψ	713,802
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	730,642	\$	39,310	\$	769,952	\$	4,440,111
Total deferred outriows of resources		730,042	Ψ	37,310	Ψ	107,732	Ψ	7,770,111
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	827,023	\$	90,008	\$	917,031	\$	259,563
Construction and retainage payables		1,688,833		38,962		1,727,795		-
Salaries payable		-		-		-		3,450,249
Customer deposits		-		77,285		77,285		-
Accrued interest payable		610,553		35,088		645,641		-
Deposits held in escrow		7,000		-		7,000		-
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		3,532,726		1,294,342		4,827,068		475,649
Due in more than one year		49,456,638		23,653,034		73,109,672		40,629,327
Total liabilities	\$	56,122,773	\$	25,188,719	\$	81,311,492	\$	44,814,788
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Property taxes paid in advance	\$	97.476	\$	_	\$	97,476	\$	_
Pension related items	•	370,243	•	21,085	•	391,328	,	4,912,021
OPEB related items		310,593		12,353		322,946		990,900
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	778,312	\$	33,438	\$	811,750	\$	5,902,921
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	20,338,778	\$	20,683,428	\$	41,022,206	\$	13,791,474
Restricted:								
Law library		21,097		-		21,097		-
Property seizure		127,241		-		127,241		-
Bond covenants		-		882,050		882,050		
Courtroom security		269,594				269,594		-
Clerk's records grant		25,730		-		25,730		-
JAG		2,520		-		2,520		-
Electronic summons		252,441		-		252,441		-
Concealed weapons		68,828		-		68,828		-
School cafeterias		-		-		-		612,795
				0 500 500				
Unrestricted		52,585,488		9,522,599		62,108,087		(38,741,846)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Activities

(11,504,461) Component Unit School Board S (974,714) \$ (824,037) \$ 21,207,545 \$ (3,217,610) (2,480,497) (523,669) (988,393) (263,857) (1,870,865)(17,061,608) (29,023,389) (824,037) \$ (29,847,426) 732,185 (1,642,176)445,334 3,959,231 Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Total ↔ (824,037) \$ Primary Government Governmental Business-type Activities (974,714) \$ \$ 21,207,545 \$ (29,023,389) (523,669) (988,393) (3,217,610) (1,870,865)(17,061,608) 732,185 (263,857)(2,480,497)(1,642,176)(29,023,389)445,334 3,959,231 Activities 22,400 22,400 186,609 Contributions 209,009 **Grants and** Capital Program Revenues 1,300,828 \$ 29,237,271 277,471 1,905,344 45,833 4,500 966,124 Contributions 5,519,403 8,718,675 8.718.675 Operating **Grants and** ↔ 4,780,969 \$ 2,967,537 \$ 1,680,840 2,539 12,994 32,600 84,459 1,813,432 Charges for Services Local sales and use taxes Consumers' utility taxes Motor vehicle licenses General property taxes \$ 42,042,560 \$ 43,556,079 \$ 3,978,183 \$ \$ 1,254,724 \$ Other local taxes: General revenues: 6,803,794 2,558,930 17,061,608 612,628 1,242,975 7,390,268 1,010,793 1,642,176 \$ 39,577,896 Expenses General government administration Total governmental activities Parks, recreation, and cultural Interest on long-term debt Community development Judicial administration Fotal primary government PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities: Business-type activities: Health and welfare Functions/Programs Water and sewer COMPONENT UNIT: Public safety Public works Education School Board

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

40,218

16,398,416

2,480,225

(29, 326, 540)

4,988,963 (24,337,577)

1,568,543

422,479

1,246,516

1,145,937

(1,145,937)

2,480,225

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Total general revenues and transfers

Transfers

Net position - beginning Change in net position

Net position - ending

Payments from the County of Wythe, Virginia

Miscellaneous

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

30,169,453 1,146,064 \$ 104,779,794

\$ 31,088,077

73,691,717

72,545,653

103,211,251

30,665,598

31,415,969

16,493,424

54,790

191,010

793,923 1,357,857

16,550 46,375

100,579

16,550 46,375

147,384

38,350

38,350 191,010

147,384 793,923 1,257,278

Taxes on recordation and wills

Bank stock taxes

Hotel and motel room taxes

Restaurant food taxes

County of Wythe, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		<u>General</u>		County Capital <u>Projects</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,523,172	\$	6,532,425	\$	47,055,597
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Property taxes receivable		1,715,082		-		1,715,082
Other local taxes receivable		469,104		-		469,104
Accounts receivable		-		10,357		10,357
Due from other governmental units		1,887,988		-		1,887,988
Restricted assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		1,965,970		13,599		1,979,569
Investments		799,580		-		799,580
Land held for resale		14,029,913		-		14,029,913
Total assets	\$	61,390,809	\$	6,556,381	\$	67,947,190
LIADULTUS						
LIABILITIES	φ.	027 022	Φ.		Φ.	027 022
Accounts payable	\$	827,023	\$	-	\$	827,023
Construction and retainage payable		1,688,833				1,688,833
Deposits held in escrow	ф.	7,000	Φ.	<u>-</u>	\$	7,000
Total liabilities		2,522,856	\$	-		2,522,856
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$	1,576,860	\$	-	\$	1,576,860
Unavailable revenue-land held for resale		14,029,913		-		14,029,913
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	15,606,773	\$	-	\$	15,606,773
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted						
Law library	\$	21,097	\$	_	\$	21,097
Property seizure	•	127,241	,	_	,	127,241
Construction projects		377,138		13,599		390,737
Courtroom security		269,594		-		269,594
Clerk's records grant		25,730		_		25,730
JAG		2,520		-		2,520
Electronic summons		252,441		-		252,441
Concealed weapons		68,828		-		68,828
Committed for capital projects		2,069,550		6,542,782		8,612,332
Assigned for police activity		732,692		-		732,692
Unassigned		39,314,349		-		39,314,349
Total fund balances	\$	43,261,180	\$	6,556,381	\$	49,817,561
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	61,390,809	\$	6,556,381	\$	67,947,190

County of Wythe, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

, ,			
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds		\$	49,817,561
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$ 4,032,359		
Buildings and improvements	44,437,297		
Infrastructure	1,161,219		
Machinery and equipment	1,943,949		
Construction in progress	 10,340,146	_	61,914,970
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. These amounts are as follows:			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$ 1,479,384		
Land held for resale	 14,029,913	_	15,509,297
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ 645,189		
OPEB related items	 85,453	-	730,642
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
General obligation bonds	\$ (39,240,078)		
Literary loans	(10,018,951)		
Accrued interest payable	(610,553)		
Unamortized bond premium	(50,796)		
Compensated absences	(348,768)		
Capital lease	(265,925)		
Net OPEB liabilities	(1,215,049)		
Net pension liability	 (1,849,797)	-	(53,599,917)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ (370,243)		
OPEB related items	 (310,593)		(680,836)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	73,691,717

County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES		<u>General</u>		<u>Total</u>		
General property taxes	\$	21,183,656	\$		\$	21,183,656
Other local taxes	Ф	6,323,967	Ф	-	Φ	6,323,967
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		111,736		_		111,736
Fines and forfeitures		1,384,273		_		1,384,273
Revenue from the use of money and property		1,152,124		105,154		1,257,278
Charges for services		282,120		35,303		317,423
Miscellaneous		46,375		-		46,375
Recovered costs		627,410		100,000		727,410
Intergovernmental		11,221,300		-		11,221,300
Total revenues	\$	42,332,961	\$	240,457	\$	42,573,418
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government administration	\$	1,702,335	\$	-	\$	1,702,335
Judicial administration		1,295,561		-		1,295,561
Public safety		6,579,742		-		6,579,742
Public works		2,035,896		-		2,035,896
Health and welfare		7,519,151		-		7,519,151
Education		25,416,895		-		25,416,895
Parks, recreation, and cultural		618,432		-		618,432
Community development		760,131		-		760,131
Capital projects		3,820,623		-		3,820,623
Debt service:		. 7.4				. 7.4
Principal retirement		2,740,032		-		2,740,032
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,389,758	Φ.	-	φ.	1,389,758
Total expenditures	\$	53,878,556	\$	-	\$	53,878,556
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	•	(44 545 505)	•	040 457	•	(44,005,400)
(under) expenditures	\$	(11,545,595)	\$	240,457	\$	(11,305,138)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		/ / 0 005		4 (0) 00=		0.044.045
Transfers in	\$	648,029	\$	1,696,839	\$	2,344,868
Transfers out		(1,602,753)		(1,888,052)		(3,490,805)
Debt service principal (current refunding)		(7,493,992)		-		(7,493,992)
Proceeds of general obligation bonds		4,950,000		-		4,950,000
Proceeds of refunding bond (literary loan)		7,500,000		-		7,500,000
Proceeds of capital leases		237,172		-		237,172
Proceeds of literary loan		2,518,951		-		2,518,951
Sale of capital assets Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,980	\$	(191,213)	\$	2,980
Total other financing sources (uses)	Φ	6,760,387	Φ	(171,213)	Φ	6,569,174
Net change in fund balances	\$	(4,785,208)	\$	49,244	\$	(4,735,964)
Fund balances - beginning		48,046,388		6,507,137		54,553,525
Fund balances - ending	\$	43,261,180	\$	6,556,381	\$	49,817,561

1,146,064

County of Wythe, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (4,735,964)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlays	\$ 12,662,489	
Depreciation expense	(1,925,370)	10,737,119
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (I.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position. Disposal of assets		(76,011)
Disposal of assets		(70,011)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes		23,889
The issuance of long-term obligations (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term obligations and related items. Debt issued or incurred: Issuance of general obligation debt Issuance of refunding bond (literary loan) Issuance of capital lease	\$ (4,950,000) (7,500,000) (2,518,951) (237,172)	
Increase in accrued landfill postclosure liability Principal repayments:	74,561	
Current refunding of debt General obligation bonds and lease agreements	7,493,992 2,740,032	(4,897,538)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absenses Change in accrued interest payable Change in OPEB related items	\$ (76,835) (268,778) 20,627	
Change in pension related items	403,195	
Amortization of bond premium	16,360	94,569

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

		Enterpri	Funds			
		Water		Sewer		
	<u>D</u>	epartment	<u>D</u>	<u>Department</u>		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,781,694	\$	3,241,718	\$	5,023,412
Accounts receivable		275,930		230,541		506,471
Due from other governmental units		4,255,909		-		4,255,909
Total unrestricted current assets		6,313,533	\$	3,472,259	\$	9,785,792
Restricted current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	943,259	\$	16,076	\$	959,335
Total restricted current assets	\$	943,259	\$	16,076	\$	959,335
Total current assets	\$	7,256,792	\$	3,488,335	\$	10,745,127
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets: Land	\$	211,245	\$	21,960	\$	233,205
Utility plant in service	Ф	37,003,616	Φ	27,211,070	Φ	64,214,686
Machinery and equipment		297,563		78,553		376,116
Accumulated depreciation		(10,283,565)		(9,264,575)		(19,548,140)
Construction in progress		112,984		136,946		249,930
Total capital assets	\$	27,341,843	\$	18,183,954	\$	45,525,797
Total noncurrent assets	\$		\$	18,183,954	\$	45,525,797
Total assets	\$	34,598,635	\$	21,672,289	\$	56,270,924
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	15,532	\$	20,206	\$	35,738
OPEB related items		1,900		1,672		3,572
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	17,432	\$	21,878	\$	39,310
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	56,913	\$	33,095	\$	90,008
Retainage payable		38,962		-		38,962
Customers' deposits		61,209		16,076		77,285
Accrued interest payable		24,768		10,320		35,088
Compensated absences - current portion		8,009		8,549		16,558
Bonds payable - current portion	_	704,835	_	572,949	_	1,277,784
Total current liabilities	\$	894,696	\$	640,989	\$	1,535,685
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$	2,669	\$	2,850	\$	5,519
Bonds payable - net of current portion	Ψ	16,879,080	Ψ	6,646,543	Ψ	23,525,623
Net pension liability		37,728		35,841		73,569
Net OPEB liabilities		24,781		23,542		48,323
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	16,944,258	\$	6,708,776	\$	23,653,034
Total liabilities	\$	17,838,954	\$	7,349,765	\$	25,188,719
Total Habilities	Ψ.	17,030,734	Ψ	7,347,703	Ψ	25,100,717
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related items	\$	12,696	\$	8,389	\$	21,085
OPEB related items	•	6,336	•	6,017	,	12,353
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	19,032	\$	14,406	\$	33,438
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NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	9,718,966	\$	10,964,462	\$	20,683,428
Restricted for bond covenants	-	882,050		-		882,050
Unrestricted		6,157,065		3,365,534		9,522,599
Total net position	\$	16,758,081	\$	14,329,996	\$	31,088,077
•	_	•			_	

County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Enterpis	se F	unds	
		Water		Sewer	
	<u>D</u>	<u>Department</u>	<u>Department</u>		 Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services:					
Water and sewer billings	\$	1,504,962	\$	1,459,054	\$ 2,964,016
Miscellaneous		3,521		-	3,521
Total operating revenues		1,508,483	\$	1,459,054	\$ 2,967,537
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services	\$	169,875	\$	190,719	\$ 360,594
Fringe benefits		48,792		53,777	102,569
Professional services		18,704		31,863	50,567
Operating expenses		450,489		292,849	743,338
Purchase of water - regional plant		439,273		-	439,273
Repair and maintenance		50,518		47,736	98,254
Depreciation		924,508		703,607	1,628,115
Total operating expenses	\$	2,102,159	\$	1,320,551	\$ 3,422,710
Operating income (loss)	\$	(593,676)	\$	138,503	\$ (455,173)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	\$	50,014	\$	50,565	\$ 100,579
Interest expense		(342,601)		(212,872)	(555,473)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(292,587)	\$	(162,307)	\$ (454,894)
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	(886,263)	\$	(23,804)	\$ (910,067)
Capital contributions and construction grants		186,609		-	186,609
Transfers in		1,304,013		54,217	1,358,230
Transfers out		(180,298)		(31,995)	(212,293)
Change in net position	\$	424,061	\$	(1,582)	\$ 422,479
Total net position - beginning	_	16,334,020		14,331,578	30,665,598
Total net position - ending	\$	16,758,081	\$	14,329,996	\$ 31,088,077

County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Water	Sewer		
	<u>D</u>	<u>epartment</u>	<u>Department</u>		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,707,033 \$	1,466,162	\$	3,173,195
Payments to suppliers	•	(929,970)	(502,550)	*	(1,432,520)
Payments to and for employees		(237,497)	(240,513)		(478,010)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	539,566 \$		\$	1,262,665
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers to other funds	\$	(180,298) \$	(31,995)	\$	(212,293)
Transfers from other funds		1,304,013	54,217		1,358,230
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	1,123,715 \$		\$	1,145,937
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Capital asset additions	\$	(182,284) \$	(128,998)	\$	(311,282)
Construction grants		(638,883)	-		(638,883)
Principal payments on bonds		(685,669)	(610,490)		(1,296,159)
Proceeds from indebtedness		-	465,229		465,229
Interest expense		(343,080)	(209,702)		(552,782)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(1,849,916) \$	(483,961)	\$	(2,333,877)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Sale (purchase) of investments	\$	253 \$	-	\$	253
Interest income		50,014	50,565		100,579
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	50,267 \$	50,565	\$	100,832
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(136,368) \$	311,925	\$	175,557
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning (including \$59,969 of restricted deposits)		2,861,321	2,945,869		5,807,190
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (including \$882,050 of restricted deposits)	\$	2,724,953 \$	3,257,794	\$	5,982,747
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(593,676) \$	138,503	\$	(455,173)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities:					
Depreciation	\$	924,508 \$	703,607	\$	1,628,115
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		197,310	6,608		203,918
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		(5,128)	3,744		(1,384)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		1,240	500		1,740
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		29,014	(130,102)		(101,088)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		2,683	(628)		2,055
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		2,877	2,714		5,591
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities		(4,683)	(4,490)		(9,173)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources	_	(14,579)	2,643		(11,936)
Total adjustments	\$	1,133,242 \$	584,596	\$	1,717,838
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	539,566 \$	723,099	\$	1,262,665

County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

		Agency <u>Funds</u>	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,010	
Total assets	\$	18,010	
LIABILITIES Amounts held for social services clients Total liabilities	\$ \$	18,010 18,010	

COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County of Wythe, Virginia ("the County") conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity:

The County of Wythe, Virginia (government) is a political subdivision governed by an elected sevenmember Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the County's discretely presented component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County.

The Wythe County School Board ("the School Board") operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Component Unit - School Board.

Related Organizations - The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations -

The Counties of Wythe and Grayson participate in supporting the Wythe/Grayson Regional Library. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$336,000 to the Library.

The Counties of Wythe and Smyth participate in supporting the Smyth/Wythe Airport Authority. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$53,720 to the Airport.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets, net of related debt; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for un-collectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenue. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Law Library Fund and the Property Seizure Fund.

The County reports the following major capital projects funds:

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. It accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water department fund and sewer department fund accounts for the activities of the County water and sewer system, which includes water distribution and sewage collections systems throughout the County.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds consist of the special welfare fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance:

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2. Investments

Money market investments, participating interest-earning investment contracts (repurchase agreements) that have a remaining maturity at time of purchase of one year or less, nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts (nonnegotiable certificates of deposit (CDs)) are measured at cost or amortized cost. Investment Pools are measured at amortized cost. All other investments, if any, are reported at fair value.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds" (i.e. the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

4. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5th.

Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

5. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$869,135 at June 30, 2019. This allowance consists of delinquent taxes in the amount of \$212,468 and delinquent water and sewer bills of \$656,667.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Inventory

Land held for resale includes land, land improvement, and infrastructure at the Progress Park located in Wythe County. This inventory is valued at original cost. Fair market value cannot be determined as comparable sites do not exist within the vicinity of the County.

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the fiscal year.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component unit, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

9. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. The School Board and Social Services department accrue payments associated with sick leave upon retirement. The County does not pay for sick leave upon retirement. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

- D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
 - 11. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Group Life Insurance - The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The GLI Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net GLI Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB, and GLI OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI Program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS GLI OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Political Subdivision and Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program - The Component Unit School Board and Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Programs were established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Teacher Employee HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Programs' OPEB, and the related OPEB expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Component Unit School Board and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Programs; and the additions to/deductions from the Component Unit School Board and VRS Teacher Employee HIC Programs' net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

13. Net Position

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

14. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

15. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable and unavailable revenue is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30th, property taxes paid in advance, and the value of land held for resale which are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Under the accrual basis, tax amounts prepaid are reported as deferred inflows are resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension liability and net OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

16. Fund Balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items and inventory or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that are restricted by external parties such as creditors or imposed by grants, law or legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that have been committed (establish, modify, or rescind) by formal action (resolution or ordinance) by the entity's "highest level of decision-making authority"; which the County considers to be the Board of Supervisors.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that have been allocated by committee action where the government's intent is to use the funds for a specific purpose. The County considers this level of authority to be the Board of Supervisors or any Committee granted such authority by the Board of Supervisors.

<u>Unassigned</u> - this category is for any balances that have no restrictions placed upon them; positive amounts are only reporting in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General Fund and the School Operating Fund
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.

Note 2-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (Continued)

A. Budgetary information (Continued)

- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project.
- 8. All budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For fiscal year 2019, certain department(s) within the general fund expenditures exceeded their appropriations as demonstrated in Schedule 2 of this report.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2019, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

A. Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit totaling \$799,580 are reported in the accompanying financial statements as investments.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

B. Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP) and the State Non-arbitrage Pool (SNAP).

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County and its discretely presented component unit has an investment policy for custodial credit risk included within the County investment policy. The County's investments at June 30, 2019 were held in the County's name by the County's custodial bank. The County's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2019 were rated by Standard and Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

County's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair (Fair Quality Ratings	
	AAAm		
Wells Fargo Advantage MM Fund	\$	815,199	
SNAP (State Non-arbitrage Pool)		13,627	
VIP (Virginia Investment Pool)		1,965,971	

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The County has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Investments subject to interest rate risk are presented below along with their corresponding maturities.

Investment Maturities (in years)

Investment Type	Fair Value	ir Value 1 Year or less	
Wells Fargo Advantage MM Fund	\$ 815,199	\$ 815,199	-
State Non-arbitrage Pool (SNAP)	13,599	13,599	-
VML/VACO Virginia Investment Pool (VIP)	1,965,971	1,965,971	-

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2019, the County did not have any investments meeting the GASB 40 definition requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

External Investment Pools

The primary government is a participant in the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP). VIP is a Section 115 governmental fund created under the Joint Exercise of Powers statute of the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide political subdivisions with an investment vehicle to pool surplus funds and to invest such funds into one or more investment portfolios under the direction and daily supervision of a professional fund manager. The VIP Trust is governed by a Board of Trustees. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above VML/VACO Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV). VML/VACO VIP allows the County to have the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month, with a five day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

The primary government is a participant in the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP) sponsored by the Virginia Treasury Board. The SNAP Program provides comprehensive investment management, accounting and arbitrage calculation services for the proceeds of tax-exempt financings of Virginia governments. The Treasury Board has hired a program/investment manager, rebate calculation agent, central depository, custodian bank, and legal counsel to manage the program and provide services to investors. The value of the positions in the external investment pools (SNAP) is the same as the value of the pool shares. As SNAP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. SNAP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

	Prin	Component Unit		
	Government		School Board	
	Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities		
Local Government:				
New River Valley Regional Water Authorit	y \$ -	\$2,558,378	\$ -	
Town of Wytheville	-	1,697,531	=	
Commonwealth of Virginia:				
Local sales tax	693,438	-	-	
Local communication tax	103,245	-	=	
State sales tax	-	-	549,193	
Categorical aid	278,918	-	=	
Non-categorical aid	21,991	-	-	
Virginia public assistance funds	143,651	-	=	
Community services act	390,268	-	=	
Federal Government:				
Virginia public assistance funds	215,330	-	=	
Categorical aid	41,147	-	513,469	
Totals	\$1,887,988	\$4,255,909	\$ 1,062,662	

The County constructed certain debt financed assets that are used by the New River Regional Water Authority and the Town of Wytheville, Virginia. The County has recorded a receivable in the Water Fund of \$4,255,909 for repayment of shared construction costs. The County bills these entities as debt service payments are due.

Note 5-Interfund Transfers/Component Unit Contributions:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out	
Primary Government:			
General Fund	\$ 648,029	\$ 1,602,753	
County Capital Projects Fund	1,696,839	1,888,052	
Water Fund	1,304,013	180,298	
Sewer Fund	54,217	31,995	
Total	\$3,703,098	\$ 3,703,098	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

There were no interfund obligations at June 30, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2019

Note 5-Interfund Transfers/Component Unit Contributions: (Continued)

Primary government contributions to component units for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

Component Unit:

School Board

\$ 15,415,872

There were no component unit obligations at June 30, 2019.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations:

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance	Increases/		Decreases/	Balance
	July 1, 2018		Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2019
Direct borrowings and placements:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 44,474,719	\$	4,950,000	\$(10,184,641)	\$ 39,240,078
GO bond premium	67,156		-	(16,360)	50,796
Literary loans	-		10,018,951	-	10,018,951
Capital leases	78,136		237,172	(49,383)	265,925
Landfill postclosure liability	74,561		-	(74,561)	-
Compensated absences	271,933		280,785	(203,950)	348,768
Net OPEB liabilities	1,466,652		172,675	(424,278)	1,215,049
Net pension liability	1,773,360		3,061,300	(2,984,863)	1,849,797
Total	\$ 48,206,517	\$	18,720,883	\$(13,938,036)	\$ 52,989,364

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Direct Borrowings and Placements

Year Ending	General Oblig	ation Bonds	Literary	y Loans		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
	_					
2020	\$ 2,699,267	\$ 1,468,483	\$ 500,948	\$ 200,379		
2021	2,767,719	1,418,844	500,948	190,360		
2022	2,834,437	1,305,153	500,948	180,341		
2023	2,890,442	1,185,909	500,948	170,322		
2024	2,317,584	1,062,440	500,948	160,303		
2025-2029	9,858,606	3,940,029	2,504,740	651,232		
2030-2034	11,809,292	2,000,394	2,504,740	400,758		
2035-2039	4,062,731	341,814	2,504,731	150,284		
Totals	\$ 39,240,078	\$12,723,066	\$ 10,018,951	\$2,103,979		

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Balance Governmental Activities	Amount Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Placements: General Obligation Bonds						
GO bond	3.1-5.35%	11/6/03	2024	\$7,435,478	\$ 2,093,861	\$ 403,679
VPSA GO bond	2.35-5.1%	11/7/02	2023	9,209,707	2,048,558	499,280
VPSA GO bond	4.255%-5.1%	10/24/06	2027	3,593,557	1,551,215	185,614
GO bond*	4.10%	3/15/10	2030	3,440,000	3,210,000	240,000
Rural Development GO bond	3.75%	12/29/10	2023	1,550,000	485,930	119,260
GO bond	2.14-3.34%	12/18/14	2035	9,063,000	7,574,273	394,769
GO bond	2.50%	12/30/15	2035	5,000,000	4,896,419	218,418
GO refunding bond	3.98%	5/31/18	2034	8,059,999	7,708,822	257,247
VML/VACO Series 2017	3.05%	12/12/17	2038	10,000,000	9,671,000	381,000
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$ 39,240,078	\$ 2,699,267
Add: Unamortized premium on	ı					
\$7,435,478 GO bond	n/a	11/6/03	2024	476,903	\$ 37,375	\$ -
\$3,593,557 GO bond	n/a	10/24/06	2027	102,414	13,421	
Total Unamortized premiums					\$ 50,796	\$ -
Total General Obligation Bonds a	ınd unamoritized	premiums			\$ 39,290,874	\$ 2,699,267
Literary Loans:						
State Literary Fund Loan	2.00%	10/1/2018	2039	7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 375,000
State Literary Fund Loan	2.00%	10/1/2018	2039	2,518,951	2,518,951	125,948
Total Literary Loans					\$ 10,018,951	\$ 500,948
Total Direct Borrowings and Placemo	ents				\$ 49,309,825	\$ 3,200,215
Other Obligations:						
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$ 348,768	\$ 261,576
Net OPEB Liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,215,049	-
Capital Leases	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	265,925	70,935
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,849,797	
Total Other Obligations					\$ 3,679,539	\$ 332,511
Total Long-term obligations					\$ 52,989,364	\$ 3,532,726

^{*} Build America Bonds - effective yield

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Governmental Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

The County's 2013 refunding bond requires that the County maintains liquidity such that on June 30 of each year, the balance of cash and cash equivalents held in the general fund shall be at least equal to forty percent (40%) of the amount of the County's general obligation debt outstanding on such date. As of June 30th, the County was in compliance with this bond covenant.

The County issued literary loan in the amount of \$7,500,000 bearing interest at a rate of 2.00%. The County used \$7,493,992 of proceeds from same for the current refunding of a 2012 GO bond issuance. The remaining proceeds were used to cover issuance costs related to the bonds.

The County's general obligation bonds and literary loans are subject to the state aid intercept program. Under terms of the program, the County's State aid is redirected to bond holders to cure any event(s) of default.

In an event of default occurs with VPSA bonds, the principal of the bond(s) may be declared immediately due and payable to the register owner of the bond(s) by written notice to the County.

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance	Increase/	Decrease/	Balance
	July 1, 2018	Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2019
Direct borrowings and placements:				
General obligation and revenue bonds	\$ 25,640,742	\$ 465,229	\$ (1,296,159)	\$ 24,809,812
General obligation bond discount	(7,320)	-	915	(6,405)
Compensated absences	20,022	17,072	(15,017)	22,077
Net OPEB liabilities	57,496	7,475	(16,648)	48,323
Net pension liability	67,978	123,836	(118,245)	73,569
Total	\$ 25,778,918	\$ 613,612	\$ (1,445,154)	\$ 24,947,376

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

<u>Details of long-term obligations</u>:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings and Placements						
Year Ending	Ge	General Obligation and Revenue Bonds					
June 30,		Principal		Interest			
2020	\$	1,277,784	\$	618,030			
2021		1,313,213		582,412			
2022		1,348,630	545,870				
2023		1,384,475 50					
2024		1,425,736		469,089			
2025-2029		4,977,724		1,839,195			
2030-2034		3,537,302		1,386,401			
2035-2039		2,930,127		960,710			
2040-2044		2,317,976		640,888			
2045-2049		2,459,635		350,301			
2050-2054		1,540,296 103,3					
2055-2056		296,914		4,393			
Totals	\$	24,809,812	\$	8,008,770			

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations</u>: (Continued)

<u>Details of long-term obligations</u>: (Continued)

	Interest	Issue	Final Maturity	Amount of Original		Balance siness-type		Amount e Within
	Rates	Date	Date	Issue		Activities	One Yea	
Direct Borrowings and Placements:								
General Obligation and Revenue Bonds								
VRA GO Bond	0.00%	2/1/14	2025	\$ 110,100	\$	31,437	\$	5,240
VRA GO Bond	0.00%	5/15/12	2033	1,369,871		892,993		68,493
VRA GO Bond***	0.65%	9/30/16	2029	2,103,600		1,973,473		102,205
Rural Development Bond	4.50%	7/24/97	2037	2,521,100		1,665,715		65,865
Rural Development Bond	4.50%	10/31/02	2042	497,100		385,403		10,349
Rural Development Bond	4.50%	10/31/02	2042	547,700		425,283		11,395
Rural Development Bond	4.125%	6/23/10	2040	1,511,260		1,376,869		22,248
Rural Development Bond*	2.375%	3/31/10	2040	1,100,000		347,513		7,823
Rural Development Bond	2.375%	6/29/11	2051	640,000		571,931		12,229
Rural Development Bond	2.375%	6/14/11	2051	3,316,000		2,967,004		63,258
Rural Development Bond	2.375%	8/11/10	2049	1,065,000		904,999		21,434
Rural Development Bond	2.125%	11/16/12	2052	1,374,000		1,260,577		26,464
Rural Development Bond	2.125%	10/7/15	2055	3,754,000	3,640,264			69,283
Rural Development Bond	2.500%	5/19/16	2056	1,358,000		1,330,347		26,024
Rural Development Bond	3.500%	5/19/16	2056	684,000		671,425		11,859
GO Bond	4.36%	12/15/05	2026	5,900,000		2,662,277		331,146
GO Bond	2.36%	12/18/14	2035	927,000		774,621		40,231
GO Bond**	2.00%	11/19/14	2020	151,809		111,958		4,419
Less: Unamortized GO Bond discount						(6,405)		-
VML/VACO Series 2017	2.25%	12/20/2017	2026	3,184,693		2,815,723	_	377,819
Total Direct Borrowings and Placements					\$	24,803,407	\$ 1	,277,784
Other Obligations:								
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	22,077	\$	16,558
Net OPEB Liabilities	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		48,323		-
Net Pension Liability	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		73,569		
Total Other Obligations					\$	143,969	\$	16,558
Total Long-term obligations					\$	24,947,376	\$ 1	,294,342

^{*} Loan issued by Carroll County PSA in the amount of \$5,000,000 with an underlying agreement that Wythe County is responsible for 7.9733% of such loan.

^{**} As of June 30, 2019, \$127,715 has been drawn down.

^{***} As of June 30, 2019, \$2,078,192 has been drawn down.

Note 6-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

Primary Government - Business-type Activities Obligations: (Continued)

<u>Details of long-term obligations</u>: (Continued)

The County's general obligation bonds are subject to the state aid intercept program. Under terms of the program, the County's State aid is redirected to bond holders to cure any event(s) of default.

In an event of default occurs with VRA bonds, the principal of the bond(s) may be declared immediately due and payable to the register owner of the bond(s) by written notice to the County.

Note 7-Long-Term Obligations - Component Unit:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2019.

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2018	Increase	Decrease	June 30, 2019
Compensated absences	\$ 614,564	\$ 480,557	\$ (460,923)	\$ 634,198
Net OPEB liabilities	10,346,500	1,030,700	(1,707,700)	9,669,500
Net pension liability	33,021,873	6,995,799	(9,216,394)	30,801,278
Total	\$ 43,982,937	\$8,507,056	\$ (11,385,017)	\$41,104,976

Details of long-term obligations:

	Balance	Amount
	Governmental	Due Within
	Activities	One Year
Other Obligations:	_	
Compensated Absences	\$ 634,198	\$475,649
Net OPEB Liabilities	9,669,500	-
Net Pension Liability	30,801,278	
Total Long-term obligations	\$ 41,104,976	\$ 475,649

Note 8-Pension Plans:

Aggregate Pension Information

The following is a summary of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, net pension liabilities, and pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019.

	Primary Government					Component Unit School Board									
•					N	let Pension		Net Pension							
		Deferred	- 1	Deferred		Liability	Pension		Deferred	D	eferred	ı	Liability		Pension
	(Outflows	_	Inflows	_	(Asset)	 Expense		Outflows		nflows		(Asset)	_	Expense
VRS Pension Plans:															
Primary Government	\$	680,927	\$	391,328	\$	1,923,366	\$ 73,955	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-	-		125,648		42,021		397,278		1,012
School Board Professional		-		-		-	-		3,600,661		,870,000	3	0,404,000		1,275,000
Totals	\$	680,927	\$	391,328	\$	1,923,366	\$ 73,955	\$	3,726,309	\$ 4	,912,021	\$ 3	0,801,278	\$	1,276,012

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of the public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by a Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. However, several entities whose financial information is not included in the primary government report, participate in the VRS plan through Wythe County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan.

Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees hired before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Benefit Structures (Continued)

- b. Employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of creditable service.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of creditable service, or when the sum of their age and service equal 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total creditable service. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.7% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.7% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 8.28% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$504,820 and \$548,796 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$1,923,366 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. In order to allocate the net pension liability to all employers included in the plan, the County is required to determine its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Contributions as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 were used as a basis for allocation to determine the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the County's proportion was 95.66% and 96.16%, respectively.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Wythe County's Retirement Plan and the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates, females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Wythe County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%
Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*	Expected arithme	tic nominal return	7.30%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 90% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate				
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	-	(8.00%)	
County's proportionate share of the					
County Retirement Plan					
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 6,190,556	\$ 1,923,366	\$	(1,634,805)	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$73,955. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Primary Government				
	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows of		Inflows of		
	Resources		Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 168,672	\$	88,115		
Change in assumptions	-		26,389		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions	7,435		18,597		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		258,227		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	504,820				
Total	\$ 680,927	\$	391,328		

\$504,820 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary
Year ended June 30	_	Government
2020	\$	86,079
2021		47,042
2022		(321,031)
2023		(27,311)
Thereafter		_

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report-pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Additional information related to the plan description, plan contribution requirements, actuarial assumptions, long-term expected rate of return, and discount rate is included in the first section of this note.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	75
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	8
Non-vested inactive members	26
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	25
Total inactive members	59
Active members	63
Total covered employees	197

Contributions

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 8.33% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$110,866 and \$116,776 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

enangee mineer energy areas as	Component School Board (nonprofessional)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)	<u></u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	6,168,187	\$_	5,755,314	\$	412,873
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	132,216	\$	-	\$	132,216
Interest		417,302		-		417,302
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		29,714		-		29,714
Contributions - employer		-		116,776		(116,776)
Contributions - employee		-		63,367		(63, 367)
Net investment income		-		418,789		(418, 789)
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(413,447)		(413,447)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(3,737)		3,737
Other changes		-	_	(368)		368
Net changes	\$	165,785	\$	181,380	\$	(15,595)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	6,333,972	\$	5,936,694	\$	397,278

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)		(8.00%)	
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)						
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,085,609	\$	397,278	\$	(183,891)	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$1,012. At June 30, 2019, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School			
	Board (nonprofessional)			
	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 14,782	\$	799	
Changes of assumptions	-		461	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		40,761	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	110,866		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$ 125,648	\$	42,021	

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$110,866 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

	Component Unit			
		School Board		
Year ended June 30	_	(nonprofessional)		
	_	_		
2020	\$	38,445		
2021		(1,481)		
2022		(59, 357)		
2023		(4,846)		
Thereafter		-		

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system).

Additional information regarding the plan description is included in the first section of this note.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 15.68% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$3,237,661 and \$3,359,679 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$30,404,000 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion was 0.2585% as compared to 0.2652% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized pension expense of \$1,275,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Component Unit School				
	_	Board (professional)			
	-	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
		of Resources	_	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,600,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		645,000	
Changes of assumptions		363,000		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		1,625,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	3,237,661	_		
Total	\$	3,600,661	\$	4,870,000	

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u> (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$3,237,661 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	•	
2020	\$	(947,000)
2021		(1,141,000)
2022		(1,636,000)
2023		(583,000)
Thereafter		(200,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

<u>Component Unit School Board (professional)</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	46,679,555
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		34,919,563
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	11,759,992
	·-	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		74.81%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

Note 8-Pension Plans: (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Rate	
	(6.00%)	 (7.00%)	 (8.00%)
School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 46,443,000	\$ 30,404,000	\$ 17,128,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 9-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,032,359	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,032,359
Construction in progress	6,980,941	12,083,263	(8,724,058)	10,340,146
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 11,013,300	\$12,083,263	\$ (8,724,058)	\$ 14,372,505
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 52,146,023	\$ 8,724,058	\$ -	\$ 60,870,081
Infrastructure	3,322,389	-	-	3,322,389
Machinery and equipment	6,196,159	579,226	(229,443)	6,545,942
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 61,664,571	\$ 9,303,284	\$ (229,443)	\$ 70,738,412
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (15,042,716)	\$ (1,390,068)	\$ -	\$ (16,432,784)
Infrastructure	(1,994,628)	(166,542)	-	(2,161,170)
Machinery and equipment	(4,386,665)	(368,760)	153,432	(4,601,993)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (21,424,009)	\$ (1,925,370)	\$ 153,432	\$ (23,195,947)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 40,240,562	\$ 7,377,914	\$ (76,011)	\$ 47,542,465
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 51,253,862	\$19,461,177	\$ (8,800,069)	\$ 61,914,970

Note 9-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Primary Government: (Continued)

Beginning						Ending
Balance	Increases		Decreases		Balance	
\$ 233,205	\$	-	\$	-	\$	233,205
1,063,830		1,528,289	(2	,342,189)		249,930
\$ 1,297,035	\$	1,528,289	\$ (2	,342,189)	\$	483,135
\$ 63,120,763	\$	1,093,923	\$	-	\$	64,214,686
323,287		52,829		-		376,116
\$ 63,444,050	\$	1,146,752	\$	-	\$	64,590,802
\$ (17,757,505)	\$	(1,597,024)	\$	-	\$	(19,354,529)
(162,520)		(31,091)		-		(193,611)
\$ (17,920,025)	\$	(1,628,115)	\$	-	\$	(19,548,140)
\$ 45,524,025	\$	(481,363)	\$	-	\$	45,042,662
\$ 46,821,060	\$	1,046,926	\$ (2	,342,189)	\$	45,525,797
\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 233,205 1,063,830 \$ 1,297,035 \$ 63,120,763 323,287 \$ 63,444,050 \$ (17,757,505)	\$ 233,205 \$ 1,063,830 \$ 1,297,035 \$ \$ 45,524,025 \$ \$	Balance Increases \$ 233,205 \$ - 1,063,830 1,528,289 \$ 1,297,035 \$ 1,528,289 \$ 63,120,763 \$ 1,093,923 323,287 52,829 \$ 63,444,050 \$ 1,146,752 \$ (17,757,505) \$ (1,597,024) (162,520) (31,091) \$ (17,920,025) \$ (1,628,115) \$ 45,524,025 \$ (481,363)	Balance Increases Defendence \$ 233,205 \$ - \$ 1,063,830 1,528,289 (2 \$ 1,297,035 \$ 1,528,289 \$ (2 \$ 63,120,763 \$ 1,093,923 \$ (2 \$ 63,420,763 \$ 1,093,923 \$ (2 \$ 63,444,050 \$ 1,146,752 \$ (2 \$ (17,757,505) \$ (1,597,024) \$ (162,520) \$ (17,920,025) \$ (1,628,115) \$ (481,363) \$ 45,524,025 \$ (481,363) \$ (481,363)	Balance Increases Decreases \$ 233,205 \$ - \$ - 1,063,830 1,528,289 (2,342,189) \$ 1,297,035 \$ 1,528,289 \$ (2,342,189) \$ 63,120,763 \$ 1,093,923 \$ - 323,287 52,829 - \$ 63,444,050 \$ 1,146,752 \$ - \$ (17,757,505) \$ (1,597,024) \$ - \$ (17,920,025) \$ (1,628,115) \$ - \$ 45,524,025 \$ (481,363) \$ -	Balance Increases Decreases \$ 233,205 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,063,830 1,528,289 (2,342,189) \$ 1,297,035 \$ 1,528,289 \$ (2,342,189) \$ \$ (2,342,189) \$ (2,342,189)<

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	50,237
Judicial administration		9,846
Public safety		298,277
Public works		297,085
Health and welfare		4,771
Education		982,544
Parks, recreation, and culture		18,596
Community development		264,014
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1	,925,370
Business type activities:		
Water and sewer	\$1	,628,115
Total depreciation expense-Primary Government	\$ 3	,553,485

Note 9-Capital Assets: (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:

	В	Beginning					Ending
	Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities:		,					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	774,089	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 774,089
Construction in progress		-		780,987		-	780,987
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	774,089	\$	780,987	\$	-	\$ 1,555,076
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 2	24,687,806	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 24,687,806
Machinery and equipment		8,731,420		521,255		-	9,252,675
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 3	33,419,226	\$	521,255	\$	-	\$ 33,940,481
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$(1	4,245,781)	\$	(489,714)	\$	-	\$ (14,735,495)
Machinery and equipment	((6,601,038)		(367,550)		-	(6,968,588)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$(2	20,846,819)	\$	(857, 264)	\$	-	\$ (21,704,083)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 1	2,572,407	\$	(336,009)	\$	-	\$ 12,236,398
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1	3,346,496	\$	444,978	\$	-	\$ 13,791,474

All depreciation of the component-unit School Board is posted to the education function in the financial statements.

Note 10-Risk Management:

The County and School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of worker's compensation with the Virginia Municipal League Pool and public officials' liability with the Virginia Association of Counties Group Self Insurance Risk Pool. The County pays an annual premium to the pools for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of the pools provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The County and School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 11-Commitments and Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no material matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

A software provider has filed a complaint against the County requesting damages of \$45,000. The County is vigorously defending this claim. The amount of payment, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated and therefore the County has not recorded a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

A civil rights case in the amount of \$200,000 has been filed against Wythe County Department of Social Services. The Wythe County Department of Social Service's insurance carrier is funding the defense of the Wythe County Department of Social Services in this claim. The amount of payment, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated and therefore no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The County and School Board had the following construction commitments at June 30, 2019:

	Original		
	Contract	Outs	standing at
Project	Amount	June	e 30, 2019
County	_	'	
George Wythe High School Renovations	\$ 12,250,000	\$	234,157
Fort Chiswell WWTP Headworks Improvements	149,000		67,595
Max Meadows Bridge Supported Pipeline Replacement	143,350		78,531
Speedwell Phase 3	461,580		99,611
Totals	\$ 13,003,930	\$	479,894

Note 12-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Company of Maryland-Surety:		
Jeremiah Musser, Clerk of the Circuit Court	- \$ 1	,500,000
Lori Guynn, Treasurer		400,000
Faye Barker, Commissioner of the Revenue		3,000
Keith Dunagen, Sheriff		30,000
Aetna Casualty and Surety - Surety:		
All social services employees: blanket bond	\$	100,000
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company-Surety:		
Stephen Bear, County Administrator	\$	2,000
Martha Collins, Administrative Secretary		2,000
Tim Spraker, Building Inspector		2,000
Component Unit - School Board:		
United States Fire Insurance Company - Surety:		
Catrina Hall, Clerk of the School Board	\$	25,000
All school board employees: blanket bond		10,000

Note 13-Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

	Government-wide Statements		Balance Sheet		
	Gov	ernmental	Governmental		
	А	ctivities	Funds		
Primary Government:					
Unavailable property tax revenue representing					
uncollected property tax billings that are not					
available for funding of current expenditures	\$	-	\$	1,479,384	
Prepaid property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2019 but paid in advance by the taxpayers		97,476		97,476	
taxpayers		77,470		77,470	
Unavailable revenue represents the proceeds of land held for resale of which are not available for funding of current expenditures		_		14,029,913	
and an arranged to the state of					
Total deferred revenue/unavailable revenue	\$	97,476	\$	15,606,773	

Note 14-Aggregate Other Postemployment Benefits Information:

The following is a summary of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, net pension liabilities, and pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2019.

		Primary (Government		Component Unit School Board				
	•		Net Pension		Net Pension				
	Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension	Deferred	Deferred	Liability	Pension	
	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	Outflows	Inflows	(Asset)	Expense	
VRS OPEB Plans:									
Group Life Insurance Program									
County	\$68,554	\$ 59,309	\$ 522,299	\$ 3,826	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
School Board Nonprofessional	-	-	-	-	16,371	10,000	108,000	1,000	
School Board Professional	-	-	-	-	190,348	214,000	1,658,000	-	
Health Insurance Credit Program	-	-	-	-	15,757	1,000	132,000	12,000	
Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program	-	-	-	-	251,826	163,000	3,259,000	247,000	
County Stand-Alone Plan	20,471	263,637	741,073	35,011	-	-	-	-	
School Stand-Alone Plan	-	-	-	-	239,500	602,900	4,512,500	296,100	
Totals	\$89,025	\$ 322,946	\$1,263,372	\$38,837	\$ 713,802	\$ 990,900	\$ 9,669,500	\$ 556,100	

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, the County administers a cost-sharing defined benefit healthcare plan. Several entities participate in the defined benefit healthcare plan through the County and the participating entities report their proportionate information on the basis of a cost-sharing plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

The County administers a cost-sharing healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the County and their dependents in the health and dental insurance programs available to County employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health and dental insurance offered by the County. An eligible County retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 10 years of service with the County and the employee must have attained the age of fifty (50). Alternatively, an employee is also eligible to participate at age fifty-five (55) with 5 years of service. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the County Board and can be amended through Board action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Contributions

The Board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County Board. The amount paid by the County for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$20,471.

Total OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2019, the County reported a liability of \$741,073 for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2018. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2018 and 2017, the County's proportion was 95.66%.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.

Discount Rate 3.62%

RP-2014 Mortality Table fully generational, with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Discount Rate

The discount rate has been set equal to 3.62% and represents the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of June 29, 2018.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.62%) or one percentage point higher (4.62%) than the current discount rate:

		Rate				
	1% Decrease	Current Discount		1% Increase		
_	(2.62%)	 Rate (3.62%)	_	(4.62%)		
\$	824,487	\$ 741,073	\$	666,840		

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00%) or one percentage point higher (7.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

_	Rates					
Healthcare Cost						
	1% Decrease		Trend		1% Increase	
_	(as noted above)		(as noted above)		(as noted above)	
\$	651,822	\$	741,073	\$	846,106	

Note 15-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$35,011. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	-	\$	218,486		
Change in assumptions	-		45,151		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	20,471		<u>-</u>		
Total \$	20,471	\$	263,637		

\$20,471 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ (47, 351)
2021	(47, 351)
2022	(47, 351)
2023	(47, 351)
2024	(47, 351)
Thereafter	(26,882)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board:

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 9, the School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Wythe County Public Schools Other Postemployment Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The Component Unit School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the School Board and their dependents in the health and dental insurance programs available to School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health and dental insurance offered by the School Board. An eligible School Board retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 10 years of service with the School Board and the employee must have attained the age of fifty (50). Alternatively, an employee is also eligible to participate at age fifty-five (55) with 5 year of service. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the School Board and can be amended through Board action.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2018 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	49
Active employees	530
Total	579

Contributions

The board does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the School Board. The amount paid by the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$239,500.

Total OPEB Liability

The School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2018. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.

Discount Rate 3.62%

RP-2014 Mortality Table fully generational, with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Component Unit School Board Total OPEB Liability
Beginning Balance	\$ 5,065,500
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	197,600
Interest	183,100
Difference between expected and actual experience	(256,900)
Changes in assumptions	(437,300)
Benefit payments	(239,500)
Net changes	(553,000)
Ending Balance	\$ 4,512,500

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.62%) or one percentage point higher (4.62%) than the current discount rate:

Rate					
1% Decrease (2.62%)		Current Discount Rate (3.62%)		1% Increase (4.62%)	
\$ 4,935,400	\$	4,512,500	\$	4,127,200	

<u>Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board</u>: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00%) or one percentage point higher (7.00% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 6.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Rates						
	Healthcare Cost								
1% Decrease			Trend	1% Increase					
_	(as noted above)		(as noted above)		(as noted above)				
\$	4,017,600	\$	4,512,500	\$	5,096,400				

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$296,100. At June 30, 2019, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience \$	-	\$	223,100
Change in assumptions	-		379,800
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	239,500		-
Total \$	239,500	\$	602,900

Note 16-Other Postemployment Benefits - Health Insurance - Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

\$239,500 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB will be recognized in the OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ (91, 300)
2021	(91,300)
2022	(91,300)
2023	(91,300)
2024	(91,300)
Thereafter	(146, 400)

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Program upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for GLI Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The GLI Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The GLI Program is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and was increased to \$8,279 effective July 1, 2018.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the GLI Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the County were \$33,160 and \$33,739 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) were \$7,371 and \$7,051 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program from the Component Unit School Board (professional) were \$109,348 and \$108,031 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB

County of Wythe, Virginia Group Life Insurance Program

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$522,299 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.0344% as compared to 0.0354% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$3,826. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Group Life Insurance Program

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$108,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.0071% as compared to 0.0072% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$1,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB (Continued)

Component Unit School Board (professional) Group Life Insurance Program

At June 30, 2019, the entity reported a liability of \$1,658,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Program for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the participating employer's proportion was 0.1092% as compared to 0.1129% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$0. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Primary Government			Component l Board (nonpr		Component Unit School Board (professional)			
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,828	\$	8,609	\$	5,000 \$	1,000	\$ 81,000 \$	30,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		17,219		-	4,000	-	54,000
Change in assumptions		-		22,002		-	5,000	-	69,000
Changes in proportion		9,566		11,479		4,000	-	-	61,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	33,160		-		7,371		 109,348	
Total	\$	68,554	\$	59,309	\$	16,371 \$	10,000	\$ 190,348 \$	214,000

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB (Continued)

\$33,160, \$7,371, and \$109,348 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

		Primary Government		Component Unit School oard (nonprofessional)		Component Unit School Board (professional)
Year Ended June 30	-		-		_	SI /
2020	\$	(7,653)	\$	(1,000)	\$	(36,000)
2021		(7,653)		-		(36,000)
2022		(7,653)		-		(36,000)
2023		(2,869)		-		(21,000)
2024		1,913		-		(6,000)
Thereafter		-		-		2,000

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The assumptions include several employer groups as noted below. Mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS CAFR.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
General state employees	3.5% - 5.35%
Teachers	3.5%-5.95%
SPORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
VaLORS employees	3.5%-4.75%
JRS employees	4.5%
Locality - General employees	3.5%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees: (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

NET GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the GLI Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Group Life
		Insurance OPEB
	_	Program
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	3,113,508
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,594,773
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,518,735
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	-	
of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		51.22%

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

NET GLI OPEB Liability (Continued)

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*	Expected arithme	tic nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

				Rate		
	1%	Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1	% Increase
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
County's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	\$	682,050	\$	522,299	\$	392,203
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability	\$	141,000	\$	108,000	\$	81,000
Component Unit School Board's (professional) proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program	¢	2 147 000	¢	1 459 000	¢	1 245 000
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,167,000	\$	1,658,000	\$	1,245,000

Note 17-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GLI Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Program upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

HIC Program Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

As of the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	34
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	1
Total inactive members	35
Active members	63
Total covered employees	98

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 0.82% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) to the HIC Program were \$11,757 and \$10,843 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Net HIC OPEB Liability

The Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality - General employees 3.5%-5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of investment expenses,

including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	cted arithmet	ic nominal return	7.30%

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)				
		Total HIC OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net HIC OPEB	
		Liability (a)	Net Position (b)	Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	158,000 \$	31,000 \$	127,000	
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	\$	2,000 \$	- 9	\$ 2,000	
Interest		10,000	-	10,000	
Differences between expected					
and actual experience		5,000	-	5,000	
Contributions - employer		-	11,000	(11,000)	
Net investment income		-	2,000	(2,000)	
Benefit payments		(16,000)	(16,000)	-	
Other changes		-	(1,000)	1,000	
Net changes	\$	1,000 \$	(4,000)	5,000	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$	159,000 \$	27,000 \$	132,000	

Sensitivity of the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1%	Decrease	Curre	ent Discount	1	% Increase
	((6.00%)		(7.00%)		(8.00%)
Component Unit School Board's						
(nonprofessional)						
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	145,000	\$	132,000	\$	121,000

HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Program OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized HIC Program OPEB expense of \$12,000. At June 30, 2019, the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) HIC Program from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience S	4,000	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments	-	1,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	11,757	
Total	15,757	\$1,000

Note 18-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Program OPEB: (Continued)

\$11,757 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB will be recognized in the HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ 1,000
2021	1,000
2022	1,000
2023	-
2024	-
Thereafter	_

HIC Program Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits described below:

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee HIC Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service credit, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

HIC Program Notes

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019 was 1.20% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program were \$251,826 and \$255,531 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, respectively.

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported a liability of \$3,259,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was 0.2567% as compared to 0.2639% at June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB expense of \$247,000. Since there was a change in proportionate share measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2019, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	17,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		-		2,000	
Change in assumptions		-		28,000	
Change in proportion		-		116,000	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	251,826			
Total	\$	251,826	\$	163,000	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2019

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Program OPEB: (Continued)

\$251,826 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2020	\$ (27,000)
2021	(27,000)
2022	(27,000)
2023	(26,000)
2024	(27,000)
Thereafter	(29,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

^{*}Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2018, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ - \$	1,381,313 111,639 1,269,674
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	•	8.08%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	15.00%	9.53%	1.43%
Total	100.00%		4.80%
		Inflation	2.50%
*Expe	7.30%		

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2018 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

Note 19-Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Rate								
	1% Decrease			rent Discount		1% Increase			
		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	(8.00%)				
School division's proportionate									
share of the VRS Teacher									
Employee HIC OPEB Plan									
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$	3,640,000	\$	3,259,000	\$	2,934,000			

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2018 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2018 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2018-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 20-Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$39,490.

Note 21-Capital Leases:

The County has entered into capital leases for the purchase of election machines and police vehicles. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore have been recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Total capital assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

Election machines	\$ 150,327
Police vehicles	237,172
Total capital assets	\$ 150,327
Accumulated Depreciation	(46,400)
Net Book Value of Capital Assets	\$ 103,927

Present value of future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending	Capital
June 30,	 Lease
2020	\$ 94,014
2021	77,548
2022	61,774
2023	61,733
2024	 33,429
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 328,498
Less: amount representing interest	(62,573)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 265,925

Note 22-Adoption of Accounting Principle:

The County implemented the financial reporting provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This Statement clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. It also requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

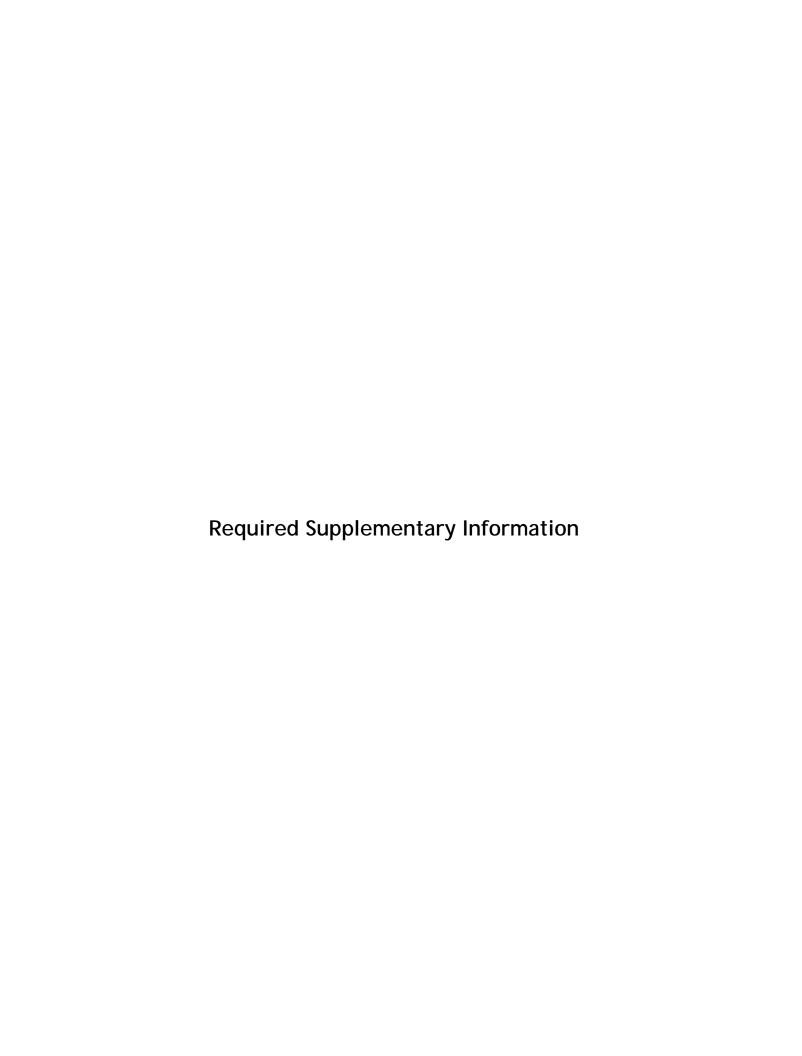
Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



County of Wythe, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES Final Amounts Negative Name General property taxes \$ 20,489,100 \$ 20,489,100 \$ 21,183,656 \$ 6,945,55 Other local taxes \$ 20,489,100 \$ 20,489,100 \$ 21,183,656 \$ 694,55 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 60,400 \$ 70,400 111,736 41,33 Fines and forfeitures 1,250,000 1,330,000 1,384,273 5,427 Revenue from the use of money and property 672,414 672,414 1,152,124 479,71 Charges for services 304,500 304,500 282,120 (22,38 Miscellaneous 9,128,000 304,500 282,120 (22,38 Miscellaneous 9,128,000 304,500 282,120 (22,38 Revoeverd costs 9,128,000 3,91,280 8,304,457 46,375 Refederal 9,128,600 9,128,900 8,304,457 468,466 Federal 2,385,452 2,448,327 2,916,843 468,51 Total revenues 5 41,210,501 1,817,502 1,817,48		Budgeted Amounts				<u>-</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
General property taxes \$ 20,489,100 \$ 20,489,100 \$ 21,183,656 694,55 Other local taxes 5,925,000 5,925,000 6,323,967 398,96 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 60,400 70,400 111,736 41,33 Fines and forfeitures 1,250,000 1,330,000 1,384,273 54,27 Revenue from the use of money and property 672,414 672,414 1,152,124 479,71 Charges for services 304,500 304,500 282,120 (22,38 Miscellaneous 46,375 46,375 46,37 Recovered costs 995,122 1,001,697 627,410 (374,28 Intergovernmental: 2000 2,385,452 2,448,327 2,916,843 468,51 Total revenues 41,210,591 41,370,358 42,332,961 962,60 EXPENDITURES Current: 50,200 1,480,868 1,485,142 1,702,335 173,48 Judicial administration 1,820,658 1,837,212 1,7295,561 189,58	DEVENHES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>					
Other local taxes 5,925,000 5,925,000 6,323,967 398,96 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 60,400 70,400 111,736 41,33 Fines and forfeitures 1,250,000 1,330,000 1,384,273 54,27 Revenue from the use of money and property 672,414 672,414 1,152,124 479,71 Charges for services 304,500 304,500 282,120 (22,38 Miscellaneous - - - 46,375 46,375 Recovered costs 995,122 1,001,697 627,410 (374,28 Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 9,128,603 9,128,920 8,304,457 (824,46 Federal 2,385,452 2,448,327 2,916,843 468,51 Total revenues **41,210,591 *41,370,358 *42,332,961 * 962,60 EXPENDITURES **Current: *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** <t< td=""><td></td><td>¢</td><td>20 490 100</td><td>¢</td><td>20 490 100</td><td>¢</td><td>21 102 454</td><td>Ф</td><td>404 FE4</td></t<>		¢	20 490 100	¢	20 490 100	¢	21 102 454	Ф	404 FE4	
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Fines and forfeitures 1,250,000 1,330,000 1,384,273 54,27 Revenue from the use of money and property 672,414 672,414 1,152,124 479,71 Charges for services 304,500 304,500 282,120 (22,38 Miscellaneous - - 46,375 46,37 Recovered costs 995,122 1,001,697 627,410 (374,28 Intergovernmental: 2 50,200 8,304,457 (824,46 Federal 9,128,603 9,128,920 8,304,457 (824,46 Federal 2,385,452 2,448,327 2,916,843 468,51 Total revenues 41,210,591 41,370,358 42,332,961 962,60 EXPENDITURES Current:										
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Intergovernmental: Commonwealth 9,128,603 9,128,920 8,304,457 (824,46) Federal 2,385,452 2,448,327 2,916,843 468,51 Total revenues \$41,210,591 \$41,370,358 \$42,332,961 \$962,60 EXPENDITURES General government administration 1,820,658 1,875,821 1,702,335 173,48 Judicial administration 1,460,886 1,485,142 1,295,561 189,58 Public safety 7,054,324 7,395,103 6,579,742 815,36 Public works 2,190,471 2,278,707 2,035,896 242,81 Health and welfare 8,337,211 8,417,211 7,519,151 898,06 Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01			-		-					
Commonwealth 9,128,603 9,128,920 8,304,457 (824,46) Federal 2,385,452 2,448,327 2,916,843 468,51 Total revenues \$41,210,591 \$41,370,358 \$42,332,961 \$962,60 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$1,820,658 \$1,875,821 \$1,702,335 \$173,48 Judicial administration \$1,460,886 \$1,485,142 \$1,295,561 \$189,58 Public safety \$7,054,324 \$7,395,103 \$6,579,742 \$15,36 Public works \$2,190,471 \$2,278,707 \$2,035,896 \$242,81 Health and welfare \$8,337,211 \$8,417,211 \$7,519,151 \$98,06 Education \$15,393,796 \$25,507,722 \$25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural \$713,282 \$728,192 \$618,432 \$109,76 Community development \$1,063,407 \$1,181,146 \$760,131 \$421,01			995, 122		1,001,697		627,410		(374,287)	
Federal 2,385,452 2,448,327 2,916,843 468,51 Total revenues \$ 41,210,591 \$ 41,370,358 \$ 42,332,961 \$ 962,60 EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,820,658 \$ 1,875,821 \$ 1,702,335 \$ 173,48 Judicial administration \$ 1,460,886 \$ 1,485,142 \$ 1,295,561 \$ 189,58 Public safety \$ 7,054,324 \$ 7,395,103 \$ 6,579,742 \$ 815,36 Public works \$ 2,190,471 \$ 2,278,707 \$ 2,035,896 \$ 242,81 Health and welfare \$ 8,337,211 \$ 8,417,211 \$ 7,519,151 \$ 898,06 Education \$ 15,393,796 \$ 25,507,722 \$ 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 713,282 \$ 728,192 \$ 618,432 \$ 109,76 Community development \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 760,131 \$ 421,01			0.400.400						(001.110)	
EXPENDITURES Current: \$ 1,820,658 \$ 1,875,821 \$ 1,702,335 \$ 173,48 Judicial administration \$ 1,460,886 \$ 1,485,142 \$ 1,295,561 \$ 189,58 Public safety \$ 7,054,324 \$ 7,395,103 \$ 6,579,742 \$ 815,36 Public works \$ 2,190,471 \$ 2,278,707 \$ 2,035,896 \$ 242,81 Health and welfare \$ 8,337,211 \$ 8,417,211 \$ 7,519,151 \$ 898,06 Education \$ 15,393,796 \$ 25,507,722 \$ 25,416,895 \$ 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 713,282 \$ 728,192 \$ 618,432 \$ 109,76 Community development \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 760,131 \$ 421,01									(824,463)	
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration \$ 1,820,658 \$ 1,875,821 \$ 1,702,335 \$ 173,48 Judicial administration \$ 1,460,886 \$ 1,485,142 \$ 1,295,561 \$ 189,58 Public safety \$ 7,054,324 \$ 7,395,103 \$ 6,579,742 \$ 815,36 Public works \$ 2,190,471 \$ 2,278,707 \$ 2,035,896 \$ 242,81 Health and welfare \$ 8,337,211 \$ 8,417,211 \$ 7,519,151 \$ 898,06 Education \$ 15,393,796 \$ 25,507,722 \$ 25,416,895 \$ 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural \$ 713,282 \$ 728,192 \$ 618,432 \$ 109,76 Community development \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 760,131 \$ 421,010 \$ 1 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1,063,407 \$ 1,181,146 \$ 1,063,101 \$ 1										
Current: General government administration \$ 1,820,658 \$ 1,875,821 \$ 1,702,335 \$ 173,48 Judicial administration 1,460,886 1,485,142 1,295,561 189,58 Public safety 7,054,324 7,395,103 6,579,742 815,36 Public works 2,190,471 2,278,707 2,035,896 242,81 Health and welfare 8,337,211 8,417,211 7,519,151 898,06 Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	Total revenues	\$	41,210,591	\$	41,370,358	\$	42,332,961	\$	962,603	
General government administration \$ 1,820,658 \$ 1,875,821 \$ 1,702,335 \$ 173,48 Judicial administration 1,460,886 1,485,142 1,295,561 189,58 Public safety 7,054,324 7,395,103 6,579,742 815,36 Public works 2,190,471 2,278,707 2,035,896 242,81 Health and welfare 8,337,211 8,417,211 7,519,151 898,06 Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	EXPENDITURES									
Judicial administration 1,460,886 1,485,142 1,295,561 189,58 Public safety 7,054,324 7,395,103 6,579,742 815,36 Public works 2,190,471 2,278,707 2,035,896 242,81 Health and welfare 8,337,211 8,417,211 7,519,151 898,06 Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01										
Public safety 7,054,324 7,395,103 6,579,742 815,36 Public works 2,190,471 2,278,707 2,035,896 242,81 Health and welfare 8,337,211 8,417,211 7,519,151 898,06 Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	General government administration	\$		\$	1,875,821	\$		\$	173,486	
Public works 2,190,471 2,278,707 2,035,896 242,81 Health and welfare 8,337,211 8,417,211 7,519,151 898,06 Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	Judicial administration		1,460,886		1,485,142		1,295,561		189,581	
Health and welfare 8,337,211 8,417,211 7,519,151 898,06 Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	Public safety		7,054,324		7,395,103		6,579,742		815,361	
Education 15,393,796 25,507,722 25,416,895 90,82 Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	Public works		2,190,471		2,278,707		2,035,896		242,811	
Parks, recreation, and cultural 713,282 728,192 618,432 109,76 Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	Health and welfare		8,337,211		8,417,211		7,519,151		898,060	
Community development 1,063,407 1,181,146 760,131 421,01	Education		15,393,796		25,507,722		25,416,895		90,827	
	Parks, recreation, and cultural		713,282		728,192		618,432		109,760	
Capital projects 2,406,586 9,768,924 3,820,623 5.948.30	Community development		1,063,407		1,181,146		760,131		421,015	
1 1 2	Capital projects		2,406,586		9,768,924		3,820,623		5,948,301	
Debt service:	Debt service:									
Principal retirement 3,318,155 3,318,155 2,740,032 578,12	Principal retirement		3,318,155		3,318,155		2,740,032		578,123	
Interest and other fiscal charges 1,450,000 1,450,000 1,389,758 60,24	Interest and other fiscal charges		1,450,000		1,450,000		1,389,758		60,242	
Total expenditures \$ 45,208,776 \$ 63,406,123 \$ 53,878,556 \$ 9,527,56	Total expenditures	\$	45,208,776	\$	63,406,123	\$	53,878,556	\$	9,527,567	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
-	_	\$	(3,998,185)	\$	(22,035,765)	\$	(11,545,595)	\$	10,490,170	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		¢.	14 022	¢	20,022	¢	440,020	¢	<i>(</i> 10, 007	
		Þ		Þ		Þ		Þ	619,007	
			(232,047)		(322,047)				(1,280,106)	
•			2 050 000		2 050 000				(7,493,992)	
	9		3,050,000		3,050,000				1,900,000	
			-		-				237,172	
			-		-				7,500,000	
•									2,518,951	
			- 0.000.077	<u>_</u>		<u></u>		Φ.	2,980	
Total other financing sources (uses) \$ 2,833,375 \$ 2,756,375 \$ 6,760,387 \$ 4,004,01	Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,833,3/5	\$	2,756,375	\$	6,760,387	\$	4,004,012	
Net change in fund balances \$ (1,164,810) \$ (19,279,390) \$ (4,785,208) \$ 14,494,18	let change in fund balances	\$	(1,164,810)	\$	(19,279,390)	\$	(4,785,208)	\$	14,494,182	
	-								28,766,998	
	0 0	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	43,261,180	

County of Wythe, Virginia
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

Date (1)	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (NPLA) (2)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA (3)	. <u>-</u>	Covered Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the NPLA as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability (Asset) (6)
Primary Go	vernment					
2018	95.66% \$	1,923,366	\$	6,523,683	29.48%	94.30%
2017	96.16%	1,841,338		6,519,560	28.24%	94.37%
2016	96.35%	3,656,416		6,168,475	59.28%	88.53%
2015	96.42%	2,513,192		6,040,131	41.61%	92.90%
2014	96.42%	2,483,113		6,030,523	41.18%	91.69%
Component	t Unit School Board (pro	ofessional)				
2018	0.2585% \$	30,404,000	\$	20,774,929	146.35%	74.81%
2017	0.2652%	32,609,000		20,823,957	156.59%	72.92%
2016	0.2678%	37,532,000		20,401,102	183.97%	68.28%
2015	0.2741%	34,501,000		20,379,338	169.29%	70.68%
2014	0.2808%	33,939,000		18,333,516	185.12%	70.88%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component Unit School Reard (pennsofessional)

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2018

	2018	2017		2016		2015	2014
Total pension liability	 						
Service cost	\$ 132,216 \$	121,007	\$	136,260	\$	149,645	\$ 133,560
Interest	417,302	414,940		412,919		398,722	388,911
Changes of assumptions	-	(31,193)		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	29,714	(54,011)		(67,963)		90,642	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (413,447)	(420,552)	_	(484,117)	_	(388, 295)	 (376,325)
Net change in total pension liability	\$ 165,785 \$	30,191	\$	(2,901)	\$	250,714	\$ 146,146
Total pension liability - beginning	6,168,187	6,137,996		6,140,897		5,890,183	5,744,037
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 6,333,972 \$	6,168,187	\$	6,137,996	\$	6,140,897	\$ 5,890,183
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 116,776 \$	115,538	\$	133,755	\$	134,262	\$ 133,742
Contributions - employee	63,367	62,491		59,098		60,221	62,468
Net investment income	418,789	639,326		90,042		247,316	764,259
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(413,447)	(420,552)		(484,117)		(388, 295)	(376, 325)
Administrative expense	(3,737)	(3,850)		(3,593)		(3,530)	(4,237)
Other	(368)	(562)		(39)		(51)	40
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 181,380 \$	392,391	\$	(204,854)	\$	49,923	\$ 579,947
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,755,314	5,362,923		5,567,777		5,517,854	4,937,907
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 5,936,694 \$	5,755,314	\$	5,362,923	\$	5,567,777	\$ 5,517,854
School Division's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 397,278 \$	412,873	\$	775,073	\$	573,120	\$ 372,329
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.73%	93.31%		87.37%	\$	90.67%	93.68%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,355,799 \$	1,329,756	\$	1,240,650	\$	1,228,806	\$ 1,243,058
School Division's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	29.30%	31.05%		62.47%	\$	46.64%	29.95%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is unavailable. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plans
For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary (Gover	nment							
2019	\$	504,820	\$	504,820	\$	-	\$	6,376,852	7.92%
2018		548,796		548,796		-		6,523,683	8.41%
2017		553,130		553,130		-		6,519,560	8.48%
2016		709,867		709,867		-		6,168,475	11.51%
2015		700,844		700,844		=		6,040,131	11.60%
Compone	nt Ur	nit School Bo	ard	(nonprofessional	l)				
2019	\$	110,866	\$	110,866	\$	-	\$	1,415,719	7.83%
2018		116,776		116,776		-		1,355,799	8.61%
2017		115,538		115,538		-		1,329,756	8.69%
2016		133,755		133,755		-		1,240,650	10.78%
2015		134,362		134,362		-		1,228,806	10.93%
2014		133,742		133,742		-		1,243,058	10.76%
2013		125,228		125,228		-		1,162,746	10.77%
2012		138,525		138,525		-		1,565,251	8.85%
2011		135,500		135,500		-		1,531,077	8.85%
2010		128,027		128,027		-		1,572,810	8.14%
Compone	ent Ur	nit School Bo	ard	(professional)					
2019	\$	3,237,661	\$	3,237,661	\$	-	\$	20,985,461	15.43%
2018		3,359,679		3,359,679		-		20,774,929	16.17%
2017		3,028,364		3,028,364		-		20,823,957	14.54%
2016		2,853,193		2,853,193		-		20,401,102	13.99%
2015		2,946,998		2,946,998		-		20,379,338	14.46%
2014		2,137,688		2,137,688		-		18,333,516	11.66%
2013		2,372,402		2,372,402		-		20,346,501	11.66%
2012		1,215,732		1,215,732		-		19,205,877	6.33%
2011		973,244		973,244		-		24,764,478	3.93%
2010		1,586,501		1,586,501		-		18,007,957	8.81%

Current year and prior year contributions for the Primary Government and Component Unit School Board (professional) are from County and School Board records. For Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional), current year contributions are from School Board records and prior year contributions are from the VRS actuarial valuation performed each year.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015, the County information reported in the County's report included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plans June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

3,	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Largest 10 - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Increased rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability For the Measurement Dates of July 1, 2018 and 2017

Date (1)	Proportion of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset) (TOLA) (2)	-	Proportionate Share of the TOLA (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll (4)	Proportionate Share of the TOLA as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (3)/(4) (5)
2018	95.66%	\$	741,073	\$ 5,442,289	13.62%
2017	95.66%		991,422	5,837,938	16.98%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board

For the Measurement Dates of July 1, 2018 and 2017

		2018	2017
Total OPEB liability	,		
Service cost	\$	197,600	\$ 192,800
Interest		183,100	178,300
Changes in assumptions		(437,300)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(256,900)	
Benefit payments		(239,500)	(239,500)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(553,000)	\$ 131,600
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,065,500	4,933,900
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	4,512,500	\$ 5,065,500
	•		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	21,538,700	\$ 20,624,300
Component Unit School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of			
covered-employee payroll		20.95%	24.56%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - County and Component Unit School Board Health Insurance OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Primary Government

Valuation Date: 7/1/2018 Measurement Date: 7/1/2018

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.62%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	1.88% for fiscal year end 2018 (to reflect actual experience), then 6.00% for fiscal year end 2019, decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Salary Increase Rates	Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table fully generational, with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

Component Unit School Board

Valuation Date: 7/1/2018 Measurement Date: 7/1/2018

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal level % of salary
Discount Rate	3.62%
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	1.88% for fiscal year end 2018 (to reflect actual experience), then 6.00% for fiscal year end 2019, decreasing 0.50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%.
Salary Increase Rates	Salaries are assumed to increase 2.50% annually.
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Mortality Table fully generational, with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018	3 and 2017
--	------------

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	 Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)	
Primary Go	vernment					
2018	0.0344%	\$ 522,299	\$ 6,523,683	8.01%	51.22%	
2017	0.0354%	532,726	6,519,560		48.86%	
Componen	t Unit School Board (no	nprofessional)				
2018	0.0071%	\$ 108,000	\$ 1,355,799	7.97%	51.22%	
2017	0.0072%	108,000	1,329,756	8.12%	48.86%	
Componen	t Unit School Board (pro	ofessional)				
2018	0.1092%	\$ 1,658,000	\$ 20,774,929	7.98%	51.22%	
2017	0.1129%	1,699,000	20,823,957	8.16%	48.86%	

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However,

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance Program

For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

Date	Re Con	tractually equired tribution (1)	_	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	_	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary (
2019	\$	33,160	\$	33,160	\$	-	\$	6,376,851	0.52%
2018		33,739		33,739		-		6,523,683	0.52%
2017		33,958		33,958		-		6,519,560	0.52%
2016		33,034		29,918		3,116		6,168,475	0.49%
2015		32,066		29,041		3,026		6,040,131	0.48%
Compone	ent Unit S	chool Boar	d (r	nonprofessional)					
2019	\$	7,371	\$	7,371	\$	-	\$	1,417,544	0.52%
2018		7,051		7,051		-		1,355,799	0.52%
2017		6,915		6,915		-		1,329,756	0.52%
2016		5,946		5,946		-		1,240,650	0.48%
2015		5,893		5,893		-		1,228,806	0.48%
2014		5,967		5,967		-		1,243,058	0.48%
2013		5,581		5,581		-		1,162,746	0.48%
2012		4,383		4,383		-		1,565,251	0.28%
2011		4,287		4,287		-		1,531,077	0.28%
2010		3,159		3,159		-		1,572,810	0.20%
Compone	ant Unit S	chool Boar	d (r	orofessional)					
2019	\$ \$	109,348	u (, \$	109,348	\$	_	\$	21,028,211	0.52%
2017	Ψ	108,031	Ψ	108,031	Ψ	_	Ψ	20,774,929	0.52%
2017		108,289		108,289		_		20,823,957	0.52%
2016		98,014		98,014		_		20,401,102	0.48%
2015		97,823		97,823		_		20,379,338	0.48%
2014		98,598		98,598		-		18,333,516	0.54%
2013		97,639		97,639		-		20,346,501	0.48%
2012		53,739		53,739		-		19,205,877	0.28%
2011		51,733		51,733		-		24,764,478	0.21%
2010		38,152		38,152		-		18,007,957	0.21%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Prior to 2015 the County information reported in the County's reported included participants that are not reported in the County's report. Therefore, no additional data is currently available for the County. Additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Teachers

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
projected to 2020
Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
retirement age from 70 to 73
Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each
age and service year
Lowered disability rates
No change
Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

3 3 1 3 1	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final
	retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each
	age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

3 1 3	
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014
healthy, and disabled)	projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

County of Wythe, Virginia

Schedule of Changes in the Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

	 2018	 2017
Total HIC OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000
Interest	10,000	11,000
Differences between expected and actual experience	5,000	-
Benefit payments	 (16,000)	 (16,000)
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ 1,000	\$ (3,000)
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	158,000	161,000
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 159,000	\$ 158,000
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 11,000	\$ 11,000
Net investment income	2,000	3,000
Benefit payments	(16,000)	(16,000)
Other	(1,000)	1,000
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ (4,000)	\$ (1,000)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	31,000	32,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 27,000	\$ 31,000
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 132,000	\$ 127,000
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	44.000	10 (0)
HIC OPEB liability	16.98%	19.62%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,355,799	\$ 1,329,756
Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	9.74%	9.55%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2018 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Component Unit School Board's (professional) Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 and 2017

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability (6)
2018	0.2567% \$	3,259,000	\$ 20,774,929	15.69%	8.08%
2017	0.2639%	3,347,000	20,823,957	16.07%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

County of Wythe, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2010 through June 30, 2019

<u>Date</u>	t Uni	Contractually Required Contribution (1)		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2019	\$	11,757	\$	11,757	\$	_	\$	1,415,719	0.83%
2018	Ť	10,843	Ť	10,843	,	-	,	1,355,799	0.80%
2017		11,000		11,000		-		1,329,756	0.83%
2016		9,538		9,538		-		1,240,650	0.77%
2015		9,454		9,454		-		1,228,806	0.77%
2014		9,572		9,572		-		1,243,058	0.77%
2013		8,977		8,977		-		1,162,746	0.77%
2012		12,052		12,052		-		1,565,251	0.77%
2011		11,797		11,797		-		1,531,077	0.77%
2010		18,245		18,245		-		1,572,810	1.16%
Componen	t Uni	t School Board	(pro	ofessional)					
2019	\$	251,826	\$	251,826	\$	-	\$	20,985,461	1.20%
2018		255,531		255,531		-		20,774,929	1.23%
2017		231,155		231,155		-		20,823,957	1.11%
2016		216,447		216,447		-		20,401,102	1.06%
2015		216,025		216,025		-		20,379,338	1.06%
2014		227,968		227,968		-		18,333,516	1.24%
2013		225,876		225,876		-		20,346,501	1.11%
2012		115,235		115,235		-		19,205,877	0.60%
2011		110,856		110,856		-		24,764,478	0.45%
2010		146,956		146,956		-		18,007,957	0.82%

County of Wythe, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

angest rem Educating Employers - defici	rai Employees
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-rhealthy, and disabled)	retirement Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Component Unit School Board (professional)

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change



County of Wythe, Virginia Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	 Budgeted Original	l Am	Actual <u>Amounts</u>		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$ 10,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Revenue from the use of money and property	90,700		90,700		105,154		14,454
Charges for services	124,000		44,000		35,303		(8,697)
Recovered costs	-		-		100,000		100,000
Total revenues	\$ 224,700	\$	134,700	\$	240,457	\$	105,757
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	\$ 232,647	\$	322,647	\$	1,696,839	\$	1,374,192
Transfers out	(457,347)		(457,347)		(1,888,052)		(1,430,705)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$ (224,700)	\$	(134,700)	\$	(191,213)	\$	(56,513)
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	-	\$	49,244	\$	49,244
Fund balances - beginning	-		-		6,507,137		6,507,137
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6,556,381	\$	6,556,381

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - SCHOOL BOARD MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

 $\frac{School\ Operating\ Fund}{and\ reports\ the\ operations\ of\ the\ County's\ school\ system.}$ Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

County of Wythe, Virginia Balance Sheet

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2019

		,	School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	6,298,705
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			00 001
Accounts receivable Due from other governmental units			92,381 1,062,662
Inventories (restricted for school cafeterias)			70,914
Prepaid items			623,885
Total assets		\$	8,148,547
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		\$	259,563
Salaries payable			3,450,249
Total liabilities		\$	3,709,812
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable		\$	694,799
Restricted:			
School cafeterias			541,881
Unassigned			3,202,055
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances		<u>\$</u>	4,438,735 8,148,547
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are d	ifferent because:		
Total fund balances per above		\$	4,438,735
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Land	\$ 774,089		
Buildings and improvements	9,952,311		
Machinery and equipment	2,284,087		
Construction in progress	780,987	-	13,791,474
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Pension related items	\$ 3,726,309		
OPEB related items	713,802	-	4,440,111
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Compensated absences	\$ (634,198)		
Net OPEB liabilities	(9,669,500)		
Net pension liability	(30,801,278)	-	(41,104,976)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds. Pension related items	\$ (4,912,021)		
OPEB related items	\$ (4,912,021) (990,900)		(5,902,921)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(24,337,577)
		<u> </u>	, ,

County of Wythe, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES				School Operating <u>Fund</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property			\$	54,790
Charges for services			Ψ	1,300,828
Miscellaneous				40,218
Recovered costs				496,309
Intergovernmental:				470,307
Local government				15,415,872
Commonwealth				
Federal				25,837,611
			\$	3,399,660
Total revenues			>	46,545,288
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
			¢	44 020 070
Education Conital projects			\$	44,029,870
Capital projects			ф.	76,750
Total expenditures			\$_	44,106,620
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			¢	2 420 770
expenditures			\$_	2,438,668
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
			¢	024
Sale of capital assets			<u>\$</u> \$	936 936
Total other financing sources (uses)			<u> </u>	930
Net change in fund balances			\$	2,439,604
Fund balances - beginning			Ψ	1,999,131
Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending			\$	4,438,735
Turid barances - Criding			<u>Ψ</u>	4,430,733
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different	becaus	e:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above			\$	2,439,604
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlays	\$	1,302,242		
Depreciation expense		(857,264)	_	444,978
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
Change in compensated absenses	\$	(19,634)		
Change in OPEB related items		69,946		
Change in pension related items		2,054,069	_	2,104,381
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$	4,988,963

County of Wythe, Virginia

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				School Ope	rati	ng Fund		
		Budgeted	•		riance with nal Budget Positive			
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	-	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES		<u>originar</u>		<u></u>		rotaar	2	rrogativo,
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	_	\$	_	\$	54,790	\$	54,790
Charges for services	Ť	1,409,992	•	1,409,992	•	1,300,828	,	(109,164)
Miscellaneous		53,926		53,926		40,218		(13,708)
Recovered costs		532,271		532,271		496,309		(35,962)
Intergovernmental:		,		,		,		(,,
Local government		13,100,000		13,100,000		15,415,872		2,315,872
Commonwealth		25,744,407		25,744,407		25,837,611		93,204
Federal		3,542,753		3,542,753		3,399,660		(143,093)
Total revenues	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,383,349	\$	46,545,288	\$	2,161,939
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,029,870	\$	353,479
Capital projects		-		-		76,750		(76,750)
Total expenditures	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,106,620	\$	276,729
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,438,668	\$	2,438,668
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	936	\$	936
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	936	\$	936
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	\$	2,439,604	\$	2,439,604
Fund balances - beginning	•	-		_	•	1,999,131	•	1,999,131
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,438,735	\$	4,438,735

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		nriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	12,264,100	\$	12,264,100	\$	12,440,378	\$	176,278
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		1,500,000		1,500,000		1,740,425		240,425
Personal property taxes		4,245,000		4,245,000		4,576,848		331,848
Mobile home taxes		55,000		55,000		69,475		14,475
Machinery and tools taxes		1,900,000		1,900,000		1,669,339		(230,661)
Merchant's capital taxes		375,000		375,000		375,510		510
Penalties		50,000		50,000		110,980		60,980
Interest		100,000		100,000		200,701		100,701
Total general property taxes	\$	20,489,100	\$	20,489,100	\$	21,183,656	\$	694,556
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	3,730,000	\$	3,730,000	\$	3,959,231	\$	229,231
Consumers' utility and consumption taxes		700,000		700,000		732,185		32,185
Motor vehicle licenses		330,000		330,000		445,334		115,334
Bank stock taxes		30,000		30,000		38,350		8,350
Taxes on recordation and wills		150,000		150,000		147,384		(2,616)
Hotel and motel room taxes		185,000		185,000		191,010		6,010
Restaurant food taxes		800,000		800,000		793,923		(6,077)
Admissions tax		-		-		16,550		16,550
Total other local taxes	\$	5,925,000	\$	5,925,000	\$	6,323,967	\$	398,967
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	5,288	\$	288
Land use application fees	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	1,000	Ψ	1,579	Ψ	579
Transfer fees		500		500		960		460
Building permits		50,000		50,000		44,861		(5,139)
Concealed weapons permits		-		10,000		28,329		18,329
Other permits and licenses		3,900		3,900		30,719		26,819
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	60,400	\$	70,400	\$	111,736	\$	41,336
	-							
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,314,694	\$	64,694
Electronic summons fees		-		80,000		69,579		(10,421)
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,330,000	\$	1,384,273	\$	54,273
Poyonus from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	dr.	421 420	rh.	421 420	φ	000 020	¢	47/ /10
Revenue from use of money	\$	421,420	\$	421,420	\$	898,038	\$	476,618
Revenue from use of property		250,994	^	250,994	_	254,086	Φ.	3,092
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	672,414	\$	672,414	\$	1,152,124	\$	479,710

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	oriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Charges for services:								
Charges for sheriff's fees	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	5,568	\$	4,068
Charges for animal control		3,000		3,000		6,012		3,012
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,000		1,000		5,808		4,808
Charges for courthouse security		220,000		220,000		173,087		(46,913)
Charges for law library		4,000		4,000		7,186		3,186
Charges for parks and recreation		75,000		75,000		84,459		9,459
Total charges for services	\$	304,500	\$	304,500	\$	282,120	\$	(22,380)
Total charges for services	Ψ	304,300	Ψ	304,300	Ψ	202,120	Ψ	(22,300)
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	_	\$	46,375	\$	46,375
Total miscellaneous	\$		\$		\$	46,375	\$	46,375
Total Illiscenaneous	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	40,373	Ψ	40,373
Recovered costs:								
Social services	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	127,205	\$	77,205
Crossroads		-		-		162,565		162,565
Other recovered costs		945,122		951,697		337,640		(614,057)
Total recovered costs	\$	995,122	\$	1,001,697	\$	627,410	\$	(374,287)
		·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total revenue from local sources	\$	29,696,536	\$	29,793,111	\$	31,111,661	\$	1,318,550
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	9,219	\$	4,219
Communication sales and use tax		720,000		720,000		646,971		(73,029)
Mobile home titling tax		20,000		20,000		26,484		6,484
Grantor's tax		39,000		39,000		86,665		47,665
State recordation tax		40,000		40,000		49,156		9,156
Personal property tax relief funds		1,500,814		1,500,814		1,500,814		-
Total noncategorical aid	\$	2,324,814	\$	2,324,814	\$	2,319,309	\$	(5,505)
	_						_	_
Categorical aid:								
Shared expenses:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	527,639	\$	527,639	\$	514,887	\$	(12,752)
Sheriff		1,457,919		1,457,919		1,453,822		(4,097)
Commissioner of revenue		117,905		117,905		117,889		(16)
Treasurer		117,399		117,399		117,146		(253)
Registrar/electoral board		54,000		54,000		42,436		(11,564)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		323,959		323,959		321,528		(2,431)
Total shared expenses	\$	2,598,821	\$	2,598,821	\$	2,567,708	\$	(31,113)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget Actual			Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,968,218	\$	1,968,218	\$	1,574,113	\$	(394,105)
Comprehensive Services Act program		1,725,500		1,725,500		1,415,850		(309,650)
Litter control grant		9,200		9,200		9,516		316
Fire program grant		60,000		60,000		67,637		7,637
Wireless E-911 grant		22,000		22,000		111,543		89,543
Four for life grant		34,000 4,000		34,000 4,000		29,412 4,500		(4,588) 500
Arts grant Asset forfeiture collections		4,000		4,000		14,484		14,484
VJCCA		39,740		39,740		39,741		14,404
VDOT Fund		39,740		39,740		22,400		22,400
Victim witness grant		97,310		97,310		22,400		(97,310)
Highway maintenance funds		195,000		195,000		45,833		(149,167)
VITA grant		193,000		195,000		38,404		38,404
School resource officer		50,000		50,000		31,044		(18,956)
Justice assistance grant		30,000		50,000		1,633		1,633
Other state grants				317		11,330		11,013
Total other categorical aid	\$	4,204,968	\$	4,205,285	\$	3,417,440	\$	(787,845)
rotal other categorical aid	Ψ	4,204,700	Ψ	4,203,203	Ψ	3,417,440	Ψ	(707,043)
Total categorical aid	\$	6,803,789	\$	6,804,106	\$	5,985,148	\$	(818,958)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	9,128,603	\$	9,128,920	\$	8,304,457	\$	(824,463)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Noncategorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	160,916	\$	80,916
Total noncategorical aid	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	160,916	\$	80,916
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Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,270,637	\$	2,270,637	\$	2,529,440	\$	258,803
State and Highway Safety Grants		-		62,875		62,190		(685)
Victim witness grant		-		-		89,968		89,968
Emergency management grant		-		-		20,934		20,934
Violence against women		34,815		34,815		24,918		(9,897)
Asset forfeiture funds		-		-		28,477		28,477
Total categorical aid	\$	2,305,452	\$	2,368,327	\$	2,755,927	\$	387,600
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	2,385,452	\$	2,448,327	\$	2,916,843	\$	468,516
Total General Fund	\$	41,210,591	\$	41,370,358	\$	42,332,961	\$	962,603

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fii	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Capital Projects Fund:						
County Capital Projects Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$ 83,200	\$ 83,200	\$	95,154	\$	11,954
Revenue from the use of property	7,500	7,500		10,000		2,500
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ 90,700	\$ 90,700	\$	105,154	\$	14,454
Charges for services:						
Charges for courthouse maintenance	\$ 41,000	\$ 41,000	\$	32,600	\$	(8,400)
Electronic summons fees	80,000	-		-		-
Charges for jail processing	3,000	3,000		2,703		(297)
Total charges for services	\$ 124,000	\$ 44,000	\$	35,303	\$	(8,697)
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:						
Concealed weapons permits	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Recovered costs:						
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Total recovered costs	\$ -	\$ =	\$	100,000	\$	100,000
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 224,700	\$ 134,700	\$	240,457	\$	105,757
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$ 224,700	\$ 134,700	\$	240,457	\$	105,757
Total Primary Government	\$ 41,435,291	\$ 41,505,058	\$	42,573,418	\$	1,068,360
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$	54,790	\$	54,790
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$ -	\$ -	\$	54,790	\$	54,790
Charges for services:						
Cafeteria sales	\$ 714,992	\$ 714,992	\$	651,794	\$	(63,198)
Payments from other divisions	25,000	25,000		31,960		6,960
Transportation of pupils	36,000	36,000		44,026		8,026
Dual course credits	634,000	634,000		573,048		(60,952)
Total charges for services	\$ 1,409,992	\$ 1,409,992	\$	1,300,828	\$	(109,164)
Miscellaneous:						
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,000	\$	2,000
Foundation for excellence	 53,926	53,926		38,218		(15,708)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 53,926	\$ 53,926	\$	40,218	\$	(13,708)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u> <u>Actual</u>				nriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)						
School Operating Fund: (Continued)						
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)						
Recovered costs:						
JROTC	\$ 62,271	\$ 62,271	\$	2,699	\$	(59,572)
E-rate	90,000	90,000		76,860		(13,140)
Medicaid reimbursements	300,000	300,000		310,907		10,907
CCEC reimbursements	50,000	50,000		27,833		(22,167)
Sale of supplies	-	-		2,744		2,744
Insurance recoveries	-	-		59,177		59,177
Other recovered costs	30,000	30,000		16,089		(13,911)
Total recovered costs	\$ 532,271	\$ 532,271	\$	496,309	\$	(35,962)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 1,996,189	\$ 1,996,189	\$	1,892,145	\$	(104,044)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenues from local governments:						
Contribution from County of Wythe, Virginia	\$ 13,100,000	\$ 13,100,000	\$	15,415,872	\$	2,315,872
Total revenues from local governments	\$ 13,100,000	\$ 13,100,000	\$	15,415,872	\$	2,315,872
· ·						-
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Adult secondary education	\$ 15,717	\$ 15,717	\$	16,710	\$	993
Alternative education	127,835	127,835		127,835		-
At risk four-year olds	307,845	307,845		307,845		-
At risk payments	390,062	390,062		427,749		37,687
Basic school aid	12,978,781	12,978,781		12,831,294		(147,487)
Early reading intervention	84,768	84,768		89,350		4,582
English as second language	6,456	6,456		3,497		(2,959)
Gifted and talented	134,681	134,681		133,635		(1,046)
Governor's school	26,572	26,572		26,572		-
Group life insurance instructional	53,872	53,872		53,454		(418)
Homebound education	82,331	82,331		69,501		(12,830)
Other state funds	74,082	74,082		76,645		2,563
Mentor teacher program	2,482	2,482		2,889		407
Primary class size	323,366	323,366		324,182		816
Project graduation	3,829	3,829		3,829		-
Reading recovery	32,885	32,885		29,654		(3,231)
Regional program tuition	195,737	195,737		212,715		16,978
Regular foster care	70,000	70,000		73,072		3,072
Remedial education	422,899	422,899		419,614		(3,285)
Compensation supplement	108,477	108,477		108,477		-
Remedial summer education	2,461	2,461		2,461		-
Retirement	1,718,531	1,718,531		1,705,185		(13,346)
School food	29,691	29,691		43,732		14,041
Share of state sales tax	4,392,412	4,392,412		4,461,111		68,699

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)									
School Operating Fund: (Continued)									
Intergovernmental: (Continued)									
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)									
Categorical aid: (Continued)		770 457		770 457		770 444		((0.11)	
Social security fringe benefits	\$	778,457	\$	778,457	\$	772,411	\$	(6,046)	
State lottery payments		904,743		904,743		973,265		68,522	
Industry certification		7,500		7,500		9,657		2,157	
Special education		1,107,079		1,107,079		1,098,481		(8,598)	
Special education - foster children		53,574		53,574		90,079		36,505	
Algebra readiness		53,260		53,260		55,687		2,427	
National board certification		10,000		10,000		10,000		-	
Technology resource		388,000		388,000		388,000		- (0.407)	
Textbook payment		271,221		271,221		269,115		(2,106)	
Vocational education - adult		2,819		2,819		2,959		140	
Vocational occupational preparedness		32,483		32,483		71,717		39,234	
Vocational standards of quality payments	ф.	549,499	\$	549,499	Φ.	545,232	\$	(4,267)	
Total categorical aid	\$	25,744,407	Þ	25,744,407	\$	25,837,611	Þ	93,204	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	25,744,407	\$	25,744,407	\$	25,837,611	\$	93,204	
Revenue from the federal government:									
Categorical aid:									
Forest reserve funds	\$	66,781	\$	66,781	\$	74,718	\$	7,937	
Title I		995,192		995,192		899,629		(95,563)	
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		871,276		871,276		814,686		(56,590)	
Title VI-B, preschool		28,260		28,260		30,340		2,080	
Vocational education		72,000		72,000		1,398		(70,602)	
National school food program		910,000		910,000		984,626		74,626	
School breakfast program		310,000		310,000		365,948		55,948	
Improving teacher quality		153,606		153,606		151,093		(2,513)	
Rural and low income schools		70,000		70,000		47,106		(22,894)	
Summer food		40,000		40,000		23,116		(16,884)	
Title IV student support and academic enrichment grants		25,638		25,638		7,000		(18,638)	
Total categorical aid	\$	3,542,753	\$	3,542,753	\$	3,399,660	\$	(143,093)	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	3,542,753	\$	3,542,753	\$	3,399,660	\$	(143,093)	
Total School Operating Fund	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,383,349	\$	46,545,288	\$	2,161,939	

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	232,174	\$	251,962	\$	247,930	\$	4,032
Total legislative	\$	232,174	\$	251,962	\$	247,930	\$	4,032
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	344,109	\$	354,109	\$	333,947	\$	20,162
Commissioner of revenue		291,682		291,682		280,047		11,635
Treasurer		343,061		367,861		331,942		35,919
Financial administration		241,287		241,287		222,125		19,162
Mapping		20,700		20,700		18,460		2,240
Public information office		68,903		68,903		66,825		2,078
Technology		113,863		113,863		87,781		26,082
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,423,605	\$	1,458,405	\$	1,341,127	\$	117,278
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	77,703	\$	77,703	\$	29,463	\$	48,240
Registrar	Ψ	87,176	Ψ	87,751	Ψ	83,815	Ψ	3,936
Total board of elections	\$	164,879	\$	165,454	\$	113,278	\$	52,176
Total general government administration	\$	1,820,658	\$	1,875,821	\$	1,702,335	\$	173,486
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	49,423	\$	60,085	\$	57,008	\$	3,077
General district court		10,250		10,250		9,022		1,228
Juvenile and domestic relations court		9,457		10,337		8,867		1,470
Magistrates		1,630		1,630		1,002		628
Clerk of the circuit court		484,026		484,026		443,664		40,362
Commissioner of accounts		6,200		6,200		6,200		-
Courtroom security		241,057		241,057		145,292		95,765
Law library		12,600		12,600		8,629		3,971
Total courts	\$	814,643	\$	826,185	\$	679,684	\$	146,501
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	646,243	\$	658,957	\$	615,877	\$	43,080
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	646,243		658,957		615,877	\$	43,080
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Total judicial administration	\$	1,460,886	\$	1,485,142	\$	1,295,561	\$	189,581
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,311,490	\$	3,480,182	\$	3,421,300	\$	58,882
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	3,311,490	\$	3,480,182	\$	3,421,300	\$	58,882

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public safety: (Continued)								
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	409,270	\$	502,670	\$	233,303	\$	269,367
Consolidated dispatch		622,358		629,272		398,082		231,190
Ambulance and rescue services		191,859		257,621		163,139		94,482
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,223,487	\$	1,389,563	\$	794,524	\$	595,039
Correction and detention:								
Jail	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,517,658	\$	(17,658)
Probation office		2,300		2,300		1,748		552
Total correction and detention	\$	1,502,300	\$	1,502,300	\$	1,519,406	\$	(17,106)
Inspections:	_				_			
Building	\$	102,537		102,537		95,871	\$	6,666
Total inspections	\$	102,537	\$	102,537	\$	95,871	\$	6,666
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	176.336	\$	177,851	\$	145,877	\$	31,974
Medical examiner	,	500	•	500	•	320	•	180
Wireless E-911 grant		38,165		38,165		34,621		3,544
Emergency services		85,584		89,584		73,889		15,695
VAVWA Law enforcement		42,045		42,045		40,628		1,417
PAF		25,800		29,702		9,189		20,513
Victim witness program		98,418		100,512		90,327		10,185
School resource officer		447,662		442,162		353,790		88,372
Total other protection	\$	914,510	\$	920,521	\$	748,641	\$	171,880
Total public safety	\$	7,054,324	\$	7,395,103	\$	6,579,742	\$	815,361
Public works:								
Engineering:								
Engineering	\$	129,155	\$	129,155	\$	126,393	\$	2,762
Total engineering	\$	129,155	\$	129,155	\$	126,393	\$	2,762
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	1,440,108	\$	1,440,108	\$	1,428,561	\$	11,547
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,440,108	\$	1,440,108		1,428,561	\$	11,547
								·
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:	_		_		_			
Courthouse building	\$	351,069	\$	391,069	\$	238,215	\$	152,854
County administrative building		156,100		156,100		131,638		24,462
Sixth Street building		2,045		2,045		1,653		392
Building and grounds maintenance		56,758		104,994		100,571		4,423
Library building		48,261		48,261		5,209		43,052
Spiller annex building Fairview house building		500 5,650		500 5,650		- 3,277		500 2,373
Other properties		825		825		3,277		2,373 446
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	621,208	\$	709,444	\$	480,942	\$	228,502
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Total public works	\$	2,190,471	\$	2,278,707	\$	2,035,896	\$	242,811

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Health and welfare:								
Health:		250.020	Φ.	250.020		250.020	Φ.	
Supplement of local health department	\$	358,938	\$		\$	358,938	\$	
Total health	\$	358,938	\$	358,938	\$	358,938	\$	
Mental health and mental retardation:								
Community services board	\$	148,135	\$	148,135	\$	148,135	\$	_
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	148,135	\$	148,135	\$	148,135	\$	
		. 10/100	<u> </u>	1107100		1.07.00		
Welfare:								
Public assistance	\$	7,798,424	\$	7,878,424	\$	6,984,114	\$	894,310
Family resource center		3,750		3,750		-		3,750
District III coop		27,964		27,964		27,964		-
Total welfare	\$	7,830,138	\$	7,910,138	\$	7,012,078	\$	898,060
Total health and welfare	\$	8,337,211	\$	8,417,211	\$	7,519,151	\$	898,060
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contributions to Community College	\$	43,796	\$	53,391	\$	53,391	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board		13,100,000		13,100,000		15,415,872		(2,315,872)
School Construction		2,250,000		12,354,331		9,947,632		2,406,699
Total education	\$	15,393,796	\$	25,507,722	\$	25,416,895	\$	90,827
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Recreation Commission	\$	170,708	\$	171,208	\$	136,268	\$	34,940
Rural Retreat Lake campground		106,380		116,228		85,069		31,159
Rural Retreat Lake swimming pool		42,703		43,503		24,616		18,887
Ager Park		15,824		18,824		13,729		5,095
Sheffey Recreation Center		37,817		37,817		19,793		18,024
Max Meadows ball park		3,850		4,612		2,957		1,655
Total parks and recreation	\$	377,282	\$	392,192	\$	282,432	\$	109,760
Library:	¢.	227 000	Φ.	227, 000	ф	227,000	¢	
Contribution to regional library	\$	336,000		336,000		336,000		
Total library	\$	336,000	\$	336,000	\$	336,000	\$	-
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	713,282	\$	728,192	\$	618,432	\$	109,760
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning commission	\$	89,715	\$	89,715	\$	87,775	\$	1,940
Regional water		249,967		249,967		-	,	249,967
Contributions to Crossroads				10,000		-		10,000
Wythe county joint IDA		236,900		236,900		236,900		-
Appalachian Regional Expo				133,619		91,366		42,253
Regional tourism		22,500		25,500		25,007		493
•		,		-,		-,		

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Community development: (Continued)								
Planning and community development: (Continued)								
Smyth/Wythe airport commission	\$	53,720	\$	53,720	\$	53,720	\$	-
Virginia Industrial Advancement		335,380		306,500		201,278		105,222
Total planning and community development		988,182	\$	1,105,921	\$	696,046	\$	409,875
Environmental management:								
Contribution to soil and water district	\$	6,120	\$	6,120	\$	6,120	\$	-
Total environmental management	\$	6,120	\$	6,120	\$	6,120	\$	-
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	69,105	\$	69,105	\$	57,965	\$	11,140
Total cooperative extension program	\$	69,105	\$	69,105	\$	57,965	\$	11,140
Total community dayslanment	¢	1 042 407	\$	1 101 144	¢	740 121	¢	421 015
Total community development	\$	1,063,407	Ф	1,181,146	\$	760,131	\$	421,015
Capital projects: (1)								
Progress park improvements and land purchase	\$	48,086	\$	78,086	\$	16,696	\$	61,390
Road construction		249,000		999,131		295,927		703,204
EXPO Center		-		3,785,993		2,715,174		1,070,819
Other capital projects		2,109,500		4,905,714		792,826		4,112,888
Total capital projects		2,406,586	\$	9,768,924	\$	3,820,623	\$	5,948,301
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	3,318,155	\$	3,318,155	\$	2,740,032	\$	578,123
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,450,000		1,450,000		1,389,758		60,242
Total debt service	\$	4,768,155	\$	4,768,155	\$	4,129,790	\$	638,365
Total General Fund	\$	45,208,776	\$	63,406,123	\$	53,878,556	\$	9,527,567
Total Primary Government	\$	45,208,776	\$	63,406,123	\$	53,878,556	\$	9,527,567
(1) Budgeted within departmental budgets								
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education: Administration of schools:								
Administration and health services	\$	1,336,313	\$	1,336,313	\$	1,371,608	\$	(35, 295)
Total administration of schools	\$	1,336,313		1,336,313	\$	1,371,608	\$	(35,295)
Instruction costs								
Instruction costs:	\$	32,656,820	¢	22 654 020	¢	21 405 220	¢	1 161 600
Technology instruction	Ф	1,464,112	Φ	32,656,820 1,464,112	Ф	31,495,220 1,653,465	Ф	1,161,600 (189,353)
Total instruction costs	\$	34,120,932	\$	34,120,932	\$	33,148,685	\$	972,247
Total Histi uction costs	Φ	J4, 12U, 7JZ	φ	J4, 120, 732	φ	33,140,003	Ψ	712,241

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fii	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)								
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Education: (Continued)								
Operating costs:								
Pupil transportation	\$	2,662,364	\$	2,662,364	\$	3,003,831	\$	(341,467)
Operation and maintenance of school plant		4,259,057		4,259,057		4,450,986		(191,929)
Total operating costs	\$	6,921,421	\$	6,921,421	\$	7,454,817	\$	(533,396)
School food services: Administration of school food program	\$	2,004,683	\$	2,004,683	\$	2,054,760	\$	(50,077)
Total school food services	\$	2,004,683	\$	2,004,683	\$	2,054,760	\$	(50,077)
Total school food services	Φ	2,004,003	φ	2,004,003	φ	2,034,700	φ	(30,077)
Total education	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,029,870	\$	353,479
Capital projects:								
School capital projects	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,750	\$	(76,750)
Total capital projects	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,750	\$	(76,750)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,383,349	\$	44,106,620	\$	276,729



County of Wythe, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	43,556,079	39,250,195	39,445,560	39,363,851	38,009,041	35,154,854	38,191,885	36,804,059	36,183,856	32,084,822
Water/Sewer Department	\$ 1,010,793 \$ 1,642,176 \$ 3,978,183 \$ 43,556,079	3,799,874	3,625,177	3,318,125	3,650,586	3,403,181	3,519,922	3,295,194	3,039,478	2,570,803
Interest on Long- Term Debt	\$ 1,642,176 \$	1,107,291	1,134,619	1,217,966	1,164,014	1,256,115	1,284,699	1,425,958	1,491,857	1,402,162
Parks, Recreation, Community and Cultural Development	\$ 1,010,793	571,414	1,132,949	1,407,644	968'628	533,516	787,448	492,238	340,134	1,005,579
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	\$ 612,628	909'809	587,212	546,211	553,381	533,197	610,551	626,033	501,448	525,341
Education	17,061,608	14,282,432	14,076,234	14,417,669	14,166,892	12,134,257	14,422,799	12,836,648	13,486,880	9,430,330
Health and Welfare	2,558,930 \$ 7,390,268 \$ 17,061,608	7,483,031	7,059,375	6,796,270	6,604,731	6,223,639	6,468,123	7,058,798	6,792,651	6,611,511
Public Works	3 2,558,930 \$	2,319,128	2,421,854	2,227,414	2,306,367	1,960,842	2,419,128	2,289,730	2,260,019	2,256,629
Public Safety	\$ 6,803,794 \$	6,351,152	5,933,755	6,054,094	6,237,978	6,416,496	6,372,381	6,180,621	6,044,161	5,730,414
Judicial Administration	1,242,975 \$	1,295,981	1,397,035	1,415,646	1,092,798	1,136,607	1,119,156	1,086,359	1,113,061	1,121,160
General Government Administration Ac	1,254,724 \$	1,436,286	2,077,350	1,962,812	1,352,398	1,557,004	1,187,678	1,512,480	1,114,168	1,430,893
Fiscal Go Year Adn	2018-19 \$	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

County of Wythe, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years

	PR	PROGRAM REVENUES	JES		ЭĒ	GENERAL REVENUES	JES		
I								Grants and	
		Operating	Capital					Contributions	
	Charges	Grants	Grants	General	Other	Unrestricted		Not Restricted	
Fiscal	for	and	and	Property	Local	Investment		to Specific	
Year	Services	Contributions	Contributions Contributions	Taxes	Taxes	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs	Total
2018-19	\$ 4,780,969	2018-19 \$ 4,780,969 \$ 8,718,675 \$	\$ 209,009	\$ 21,207,545	\$ 6,323,967 \$	\$ 1,357,857 \$	\$ 46,375	\$ 2,480,225 \$	45,124,622
2017-18	5,169,249	8,557,870	1,973,133	19,774,868	6,268,739	1,185,342	403,052	2,541,688	45,873,941
2016-17	5,393,714	8,309,992	1,097,712	18,926,937	5,908,026	1,101,874	292,421	2,459,363	43,490,039
2015-16	4,957,694	7,877,176	824,304	18,844,528	5,796,378	1,104,094	326,712	2,475,547	42,206,433
2014-15	4,879,094	7,434,357	1,611,079	17,470,264	5,869,453	1,054,365	525,963	2,502,844	41,347,419
2013-14	4,568,488	7,498,457	1,909,241	17,303,112	5,448,614	1,393,622	642,961	2,525,329	41,289,824
2012-13	4,743,836	7,955,016	2,282,618	16,817,889	5,483,817	1,342,421	437,423	2,568,029	41,631,049
2011-12	4,244,008	7,596,199	1,289,131	16,761,296	6,101,266	1,439,970	569,158	1,721,897	39,722,925
2010-11	4,740,137	8,417,319	4,017,436	16,413,526	5,875,452	1,165,451	211,242	1,715,976	42,556,539
2009-10	4,238,317	7,546,764	1,470,916	16,239,400	5,784,144	1,001,236	368,416	1,747,887	38,397,080

County of Wythe, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Totals	\$ 82,569,304	81,854,749	68,969,052	68, 209, 994	66,540,396	70,146,883	72,044,942	78,478,934	68,975,549	65,125,244
Capital Projects	\$ 3,897,373	5,858,262	2,269,432	2,239,793	1,866,662	8,046,916	5,731,661	3,094,561	7,407,413	1,565,615
Debt Service	4,129,790	11,816,639	3,792,409	3,880,823	3,640,919	2,968,668	6,582,063	13,408,608	3,540,547	3,307,881
Non- Jepartmental	•	1		1	1	1			1	162,427
Community Non- Development Departmental	\$ 760,131 \$	499,811	489,361	988,124	539, 507	377, 251	588, 539	3,144,429	321,127	809, 283
Parks, Recreation & Cultural	\$ 618,432	589,712	568,641	535,211	539,507	517,575	628,288	634,687	490,075	541,329
Education (2)	\$ 54,030,893	43,931,720	43,535,284	42,053,220	41,971,276	40,863,572	40,333,239	40,136,400	37,673,890	41,660,550
Health and Welfare	\$ 7,519,151 \$	7,669,206	7,234,170	6,991,520	6,813,281	6,252,476	6,542,255	7,210,950	960'506'9	6,714,792
Public Works	\$ 2,035,896	1,987,056	1,915,022	1,905,660	1,985,530	1,978,276	2,127,453	2,050,075	1,998,963	2,055,263
Public Safety	1,295,561 \$ 6,579,742	6,422,831	5,723,203	6,125,887	6,201,763	6,326,660	6,711,245	6,077,487	7,821,789	5,683,068
Judicial Administration	\$ 1,295,561	1,380,955	1,437,378	1,523,426	1,176,799	1,136,912	1,118,560	1,085,673	1,113,471	1,120,632
General Judicial Administration Administration	\$ 1,702,335 \$	1,698,557	2,004,152	1,966,330	1,805,152	1,678,577	1,681,639	1,636,064	1,703,178	1,504,404
Fiscal Year	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

(1) Includes General and Capital Projects Funds of the Primary Government and Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) County of Wythe, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	5 62,481,534	60,671,038	58,881,761	68,744,274	68,272,783	66,089,845	65,700,791	64,289,782	68,110,840	67,043,009
Inter- governmental (2)	29,237,271 \$ 62,481,534	28,414,328	28,064,662	38,488,738	39,056,478	37,008,850	37,331,804	35,874,279	40,077,460	40,008,871
AOD	↔									
Recovered Costs	1,223,719	1,336,262	978,447	1,259,319	1,168,853	1,578,479	1,183,146	1,019,784	1,592,502	898,874
	↔									
Miscellaneous	86,593	599,810	260,990	556,491	703,672	695,482	495,944	620,535	270,860	410,546
2	\$ 12	69	88	80	72	0,	32	34	22	32
Charges for Services	1,618,251	1,753,069	1,547,688	1,624,708	1,260,761	1,424,470	1,387,282	1,427,734	1,368,655	1,429,685
	↔	~	_	01	.0	.0	.0	~	_	.0
Revenue from use of Money and Property	1,312,068	1,134,598	1,050,864	1,017,302	976,595	1,256,176	1,192,266	1,264,808	1,032,789	907,156
	↔		_	~		0.1	~	_	_	
Fines and Forfeitures	1,384,273	1,465,260	1,692,160	1,399,738	1,612,103	1,403,682	1,486,658	1,379,334	1,347,286	1,299,841
	↔	~	_	~	_	~	_	_	~	2
Permits Privilege Fees and Regulatory Licenses	111,736	118,142	127,247	77,292	68,301	101,343	76,747	115,217	81,452	96,092
	\$ 2	68	9;	8	33	4		90	2	4
Other Local Taxes	6,323,967		5,908,026	5,796,378	5,869,453	5,448,614	5,483,817	6,101,266	5,875,452	5,784,144
	↔	_				_				_
General Property Taxes	\$ 21,183,656 \$	19,580,830	18,951,683	18,524,308	17,556,567	17,172,749	17,063,127	16,486,825	16,464,384	16,207,800
a			4	٠,٠	10	_	~	C '	_	_
Fiscal Year	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

(1) Includes General and Capital Projects Funds of the Primary Government and includes discretely presented Component Unit School Board.

(2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

Property Tax Levies and Collections County of Wythe, Virginia

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	7.56%	8.14%	7.63%	8.31%	8.09%	8.41%	%96°L	9.11%	8.35%	9.11%
Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (2)	\$ 1,585,301	1,585,301	1,431,921	1,547,751	1,398,648	1,434,679	1,324,184	1,499,609	1,373,871	1,460,821
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	99.54% \$	99.30%	99.54%	%96.76	%11%	%80.66	100.89%	98.83%	98.59%	99.84%
Total Tax Collections	572,654 \$ 20,871,975	19,327,063	18,688,830	18,247,141	17,250,082	16,909,315	16,778,924	16,277,231	16,212,923	16,006,082
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)		451,463	473,797	465,647	612,697	479,991	514,040	380,655	312,712	513,352
Percent of Levy Collected	96.81% \$	%86.96	97.02%	95.46%	96.22%	96.27%	%08.76	96.52%	%69.96	%89.96
Current Tax Collections (1)	20,968,362 \$ 20,299,321	18,875,600	18,215,033	17,781,494	16,637,385	16,429,324	16,264,884	15,896,576	15,900,211	15,492,730
Total Tax Levy (1)	20,968,362	19,463,749	18,774,651	18,627,762	17,290,714	17,066,280	16,630,536	16,469,488	16,445,210	16,032,364
Fiscal Year	2018-19 \$	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest. Reduced by tax sharing payments.(2) Delinquent balances include penalites.

County of Wythe, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Real Estate/	Personal	Public Service	Total
Year	Mobile Homes	Property	Companies	
2018-19	\$ 2,350,208,822	\$ 477,594,738	\$ 322,166,589	\$ 3,149,970,149
2017-18	2,335,399,637	478,348,830	310,470,506	3,124,218,973
2016-17	2,282,641,328	474,626,902	260,499,067	3,017,767,297
2015-16	2,274,033,452	475,988,249	229,662,169	2,979,683,870
2014-15	2,269,613,917	482,753,439	205,805,120	2,958,172,476
2013-14	2,269,183,693	480,753,909	198,369,106	2,948,306,708
2012-13	2,259,165,524	478,834,582	187,095,907	2,925,096,013
2011-12	2,260,390,881	471,509,420	159,110,024	2,891,010,325
2010-11	2,249,458,695	471,521,559	156,715,339	2,877,695,593
2009-10	2,210,517,580	500,123,110	162,428,985	2,873,069,675

⁽¹⁾ Assessed at 100% of fair market value.

County of Wythe, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate/ Mobile Homes	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools			Merchant's Capital		
2018-19	\$ 0.54	\$ 2.32	\$	1.50	\$	0.56		
2017-18	0.49	2.32		1.50		0.56		
2016-17	0.49	2.27		1.50		0.56		
2015-16	0.49	2.27		1.50		0.56		
2014-15	0.44	2.27		1.50		0.56		
2013-14	0.44	2.27		1.50		0.56		
2012-13	0.44	2.08		1.50		0.56		
2011-12	0.44	2.08		1.50		0.56		
2010-11	0.44	2.08		1.50		0.56		
2009-10	0.43	2.08		1.50		0.56		

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

County of Wythe, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Рор	ulation (1)	Gross Assessed Value	Во	Gross and Net nded Debt (2)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
	·						
2018-19	\$	28,754	\$ 3,149,970,149	\$	74,062,436	2.35%	2,576
2017-18		29,235	3,124,218,973		70,108,141	2.24%	2,398
2016-17		29,235	3,017,767,297		62,473,464	2.07%	2,137
2015-16		29,235	2,979,683,870		61,034,667	2.05%	2,088
2014-15		29,235	2,958,172,476		61,787,459	2.09%	2,113
2013-14		29,235	2,948,306,708		61,811,256	2.10%	2,114
2012-13		29,235	2,925,096,013		55,704,496	1.90%	1,905
2011-12		29,235	2,891,010,325		57,445,157	1.99%	1,965
2010-11		29,235	2,877,695,593		51,005,571	1.77%	1,745
2009-10		29,235	2,873,069,675		45,521,384	1.58%	1,557

⁽¹⁾ United States Bureau of the Census

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, landfill closure/postclosure care liability, capital leases, and compensated absences.

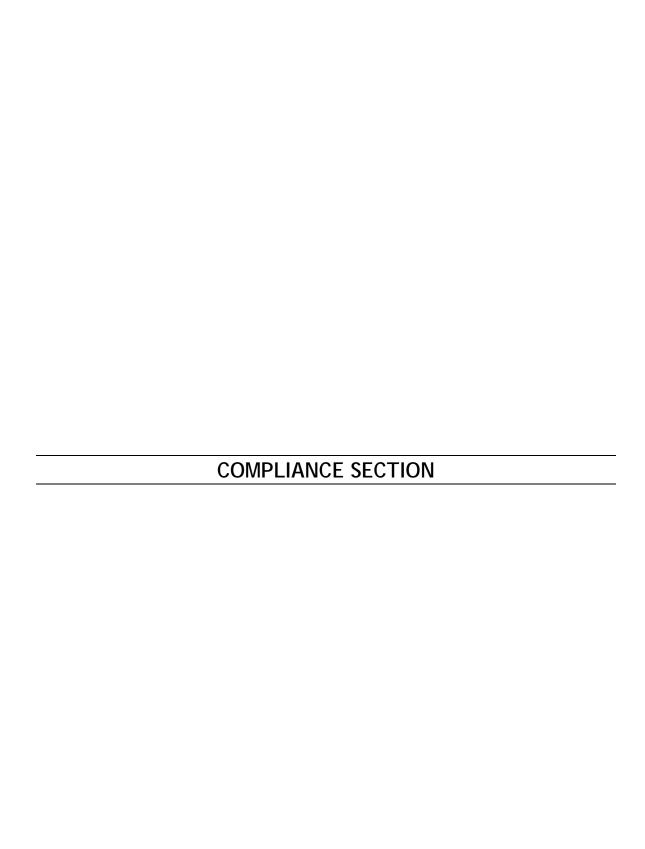
County of Wythe, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures (2)	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2018-19 (3)	\$ 10,234,024	\$ 1,389,758	\$ 11,623,782	\$ 82,569,304	14.078%
2017-18 (3)	10,651,394	1,165,245	11,816,639	81,854,749	14.436%
2016-17	2,592,749	1,199,660	3,792,409	68,969,052	5.499%
2015-16	1,898,541	951,619	2,850,160	76,437,104	3.729%
2014-15	2,362,227	1,278,692	3,640,919	66,486,269	5.476%
2013-14	1,725,738	1,242,930	2,968,668	70,146,883	4.232%
2012-13 (3)	5,165,301	1,416,762	6,582,063	72,044,942	9.136%
2011-12 (3)	11,944,430	1,464,178	13,408,608	78,478,934	17.086%
2010-11	1,990,809	1,549,738	3,540,547	68,975,549	5.133%
2009-10	1,822,011	1,485,870	3,307,881	65,125,244	5.079%

⁽¹⁾ Includes General fund of the Primary Government and the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

⁽²⁾ Includes capital project expenditures.

⁽³⁾ Includes early redemption of the County's bonds.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Wythe, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Wythe, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Wythe, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2019-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Wythe, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

County of Wythe, Virginia's Response to Findings

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Association

County of Wythe, Virginia's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. County of Wythe, Virginia's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 25, 2019



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Wythe, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Wythe, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Wythe, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County of Wythe, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County of Wythe, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Wythe, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Wythe, Virginia's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County of Wythe, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County of Wythe, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Wythe, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

linear, Farmer, Cox Associates

November 25, 2019

COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Pass-through		
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Entity		
State Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying		Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number		Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Direct Payments:	40.7/0			
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	Not applicable		\$ 1,401,126
Pass Through Payments:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
State Department of Agriculture:				
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	Not available	\$ 23,116	ı
Food Distribution (Note C)	10.555	Not available	\$ 113,487	
Department of Education:				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623	871,139 984,626	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591	365,948	_
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				1,373,690
Department of Social Services:				
SNAP Program Cluster:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the				
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010118/0010119/0040118/0040119		441,527
-	10.501			111,027
Department of Education:				
Forest Service School and Roads Cluster:	40 //5	400.44		74.740
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841		74,718
Total Department of Agriculture				\$ 3,291,061
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950117/0950118		\$ 22,115
TANF Cluster:	70.000	07001177 0700110		Ψ 22,110
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400118/0400119		306,767
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500118/0500119		211
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600418/0600419		49,888
CCDF Cluster:	70.000	000011070000117		17,000
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770119		(2,889)
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160117/9160118		7,686
Stephanie Tubbs Jones - Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900118		375
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000118/1000119		315,000
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150118/9150119		7,381
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540118/0540119		10,440
Medicaid Cluster:				,
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200118/1200119		495,990
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the				
Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760118/0760119		54,209
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100118/1100119		290,862
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120118/1120119		529,878
Total December and of the lith and there are Conde				A 2 007 012
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$ 2,087,913
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Office of the Virginia Attorney General:				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	LEMPGFY14 201604018945		\$ 20,934
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	50326		\$ 45,307
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA):				
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	Not available		16,883
Total Department of Transportation				\$ 62,190

COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

		Pass-through	
Federal Grantor/	Federal	Entity	
State Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:			
Direct Payments:			
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	Not applicable	\$ 28,477
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Criminal Justice Services:			
Violence Against Women - Formula Grants	16.588	46500	24,918
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	15-R9570VW14 - VICT	89,968
Total Department of Justice			\$ 143,363
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Career and Technical Education-Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095	\$ 1,398
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	61480	151,093
Rural Education	84.358	43481	47,106
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	899,629
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	73071	\$ 814,686
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.173	62521	30,340
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			845,026
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	Not available	7,000
Total Department of Education			\$ 1,951,252
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			\$ 7,556,713

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

COUNTY OF WYTHE, VIRGINIA

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note A -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the County of Wythe, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Wythe, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of Wythe, Virginia.

Note B -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- (3) The County did not elect the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate because they only request direct costs for reimbursements.

Note C -- Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note D -- Subrecipeints

The County did not have any subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Note E -- Outstanding Balance of Federal Loans

The County has received federal funding through loans. At June 30, 2019, the outstanding balances of these loans were:

\$ 15,685,746

Note F -- Relationship to the Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Primary government:

General Fund - Intergovernmental	\$ 11,221,300
Less: Payments in Lieu of Taxes	(160,916)
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	(8,304,457)
Water and Sewer Fund Grants	152,894
Water and Sewer Fund Loans	1,248,232
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund - Intergovernmental	44,653,143
Less: Revenue from Local Governments	(15,415,872)
Less: Revenue from the Commonwealth	 (25,837,611)
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 7,556,713

County of Wythe, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR section,

200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA # Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.760 10.553/10.555/10.559 84.027/84.173 93.778 Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities
Child Nutrition Cluster
Special Education Cluster
Medical Assistance Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs: \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

County of Wythe, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2019-001	Material Weakness
Criteria:	Per AU-C Section 265, identification of a material adjustment to the financial statements that was not detected by the entity's internal controls indicates that a material weakness may exist.
Condition:	The County's financial statements required material adjusting entries by the Auditor to ensure such statements complied with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.
Cause of Condition:	The County failed to identify all year end accounting adjustments necessary for the books to be prepared in accordance with current reporting standards.
Effect of Condition:	There is a reasonable possibility that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The County's closing process improved significantly over prior years as current staff continues to gain an understanding of the year-end closing process and related reconciliations and adjustments that are necessary. Staff should review the current year adjusting entries and consider same during the next fiscal year close.
Management's Response:	The County has reduced its reliance on external consultants and current staff have a good understanding of the County's books and accounting processes. It is anticipated that the number of audit adjustments will continue to decrease in future periods.
2019-002	Significant Deficiency
Criteria:	A key concept of internal controls is the segregation of duties. No one employee should have access to both accounting records and related assets.
Condition:	A proper segreagation of duties has not been established over collections in the Treasurer's Office or over the payroll and accounts payable functions at the School Board.
Cause of Condition:	Limited staffing and resources
Effect of Condition:	There is reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.
Recommendation:	The Locality should review tasks performed by accounting personnel and revise same as necessary to create a proper segregation of duties.
Management's Response:	Management will review controls in relation to current staffing levels and consider implementing compensating controls to address audit concerns.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

County of Wythe, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2018-001 is recurring in fiscal year 2019 as finding 2019-001.

Finding 2018-002 is recurring in fiscal year 2019 as finding 2019-002.