

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



















TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PREPARED BY:
VALERIE L. TWEEDIE, CPA, CFE, CGFM
DIRECTOR OF FINANCE/TREASURER
TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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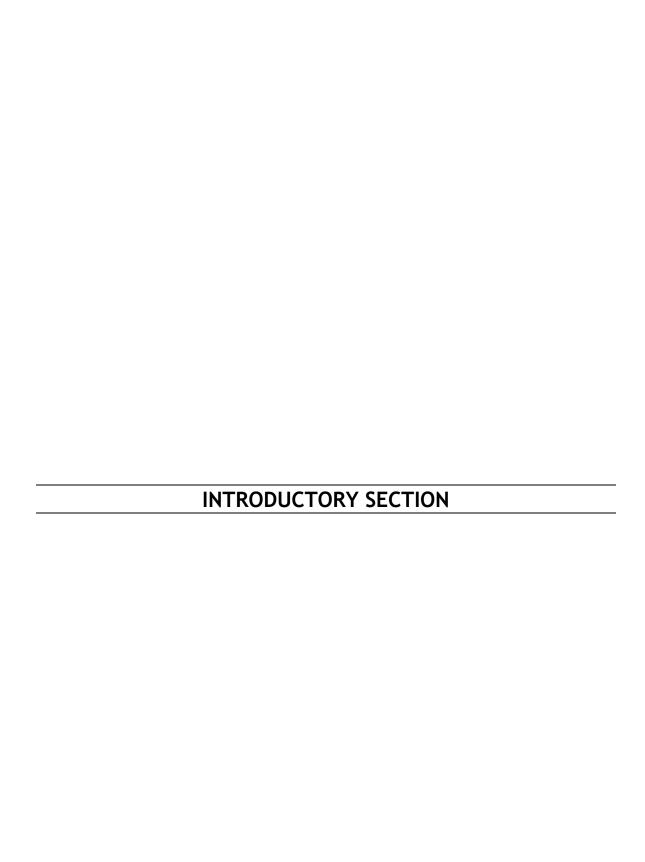
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100 East Main Street Christiansburg, VA 24073 p: (540) 382-6128 f: (540) 382-7338

November 15, 2022

The Honorable Mayor, Members of Town Council and the Citizens of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia:

Section 15.1-167 of the Code of Virginia requires an annual independent audit and report of financial activity of the Town presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, the Finance Department and Town Manager's Office hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Christiansburg. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the Town.

The Report

The Town of Christiansburg's financial statements have been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox, Associates, LLC. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Town of Christiansburg, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Town of Christiansburg's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented at the front of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Town of Christiansburg was part of a broader, federally mandated audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards as issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards are designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. These reports are contained at the end of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that immediately follows the independent auditor's report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the Government

Location, History, and Government

The Town of Christiansburg was founded and organized in 1792 and incorporated in 1833. The Town is located in Montgomery County and is the county seat. The Town has a land area of 14.6 square miles. Christiansburg is the fourth largest town in the Commonwealth of Virginia with 23,348 residents (2020 U.S. Census). The Town is empowered to levy a property tax on real properties located within its boundaries. Town residents are also citizens of and are subject to taxation by Montgomery County.

The Town of Christiansburg is organized under the Council-Manager form of government. The Town Council is the legislative body of the Town and is comprised of the Mayor and six Council Members, who enact laws, determine policies, and adopt the annual budget. The Council, including the Mayor, is elected at large for four-year overlapping terms. Town Council appoints a Town Manager who is responsible for the daily management of the Town.

For financial reporting purposes, the Town of Christiansburg includes all funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by, or are financially dependent upon, the Town. Controlled by, or financial dependence, was determined on the basis of obligations of the Town to finance deficits, guarantee debt, select the governing authority, approve the budget, have authority to make a public levy, and to have ownership of assets. The Town of Christiansburg has not identified any entities that should be reported as discretely presented component units of the Town.

Jointly governed organizations of the Town of Christiansburg that require only note disclosure presentation are the NRV Regional Water Authority, Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority, the New River Valley Passenger Rail Station Authority, the Virginia Tech-Montgomery Regional Airport Authority, the New River Valley Metropolitan Planning Organization, the New River Valley Emergency Communications Regional Authority, and the Montgomery Regional Tourism Board.

Services Provided

The Town of Christiansburg provides services for its citizens that have proven to be necessary and meaningful. Major services provided under the general government and enterprise function include: general administration, public safety, public works, planning, and recreational activities. The Town also provides and maintains water and sewer utilities, a storm water management program, and solid waste and recycling services. Montgomery County provides public school services and educational programs for the students of the Town of Christiansburg as well as courts, health department, social services programs, and animal control.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The Town's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received, and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the Town's utilities and other proprietary activities are maintained on the accrual basis.

In developing the Town's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal control structure. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance, regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Town's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

The Town Council adopts an annual budget for all funds prepared by Town management. The legally adopted budgets for the general fund, special revenue fund, permanent fund, and capital projects fund are prepared on the modified accrual basis. These budgets are reviewed by the Town Council and are formally adopted by the passage of a budget ordinance. The Director of

Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within the general fund upon request and justification from management; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Town Council.

The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the individual fund level except within the special revenue fund where the legal level of compliance is at the functional/program level. Financial reports are produced showing budget to actual expenditures by line item and are available for review by Town departmental management on an on-going basis through the Town's newly implemented Enterprise Resources Planning (ERP) software system.

Individual line items are reviewed and analyzed for budgetary compliance. Personnel expenditures are monitored and controlled at a position level and capital expenditures are monitored and controlled item by item. Revenue budgets are reviewed monthly.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented in Exhibit 10 as part of the required supplementary information. The Special Revenue, Cemetery, Capital Projects, and other funds budget-to-actual comparisons are presented in the other supplementary information in Exhibit 10 and Exhibits 21 - 27. The budgetary comparison for all Governmental Funds is presented in Schedule 1 and Schedule 2.

Local Economy

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Town of Christiansburg operates.

The Town of Christiansburg is located along the I-81 corridor in Montgomery County and is the county seat. The Town is the major retail shopping outlet for the surrounding community which includes the City of Radford and the Town of Blacksburg. The City of Radford is home to Radford University and the Town of Blacksburg is home to Virginia Tech. Each university houses a large annual student population and Virginia Tech has a popular football team which attracts thousands of visitors throughout the football season. The Town continues to work with the Montgomery County Department of Economic Development to increase its business base and industrial customers. While COVID-19 hit our local economy hard with some business closures and reductions in revenues, our meals and lodging tax revenues increased to pre COVID-19 levels in 2022. Sales tax revenue increased 14%, meals tax revenue increased 23% and lodging tax revenues increased 77%. 32% of our general fund revenues are derived from meals and lodging taxes. The Town's reserves remain stable and continues to operate within our fund balance policy.

Long-term Financial Planning

In 2020, the Town Council revisited two guiding documents: Vision 2020, established in 2009 and Destination 2022, established in 2017. At this time, Council affirmed the goals set forth in Destination 2022 which includes the following 7 goals: An Active Destination for Culture, Recreation & Entertainment; Destination for Retail, Commerce & Service; Clean and Green Healthy and Safe Community; A Town of Well informed and Engaged Citizens; Partnering with Businesses and Residents; A Sound Financial Entity; and Everyone's Hometown.

Each of these goals are considered when evaluating financial and operational issues and they are the framework under which the annual budget is established. Over the last several years the Town has been establishing new policies and procedures for various aspects of its operations to achieve these objectives. The Town Council Chambers were updated to include projectors and microphones and meetings are now live-streamed and available on-line and on the public cable channel designated for government use so that the citizens may be better informed. Furthermore, new initiatives have been made to establish more sidewalks and trails throughout the Town for recreational purposes as well as fostering an interconnected community.

Relevant Financial Policies

The annual budget serves as the Town's operations plan and is prepared in accordance with Virginia Law providing a forecast for future years' operations and capital needs. This format provides the governing body with information to assess the sustainability of ongoing operational as well as capital needs, and what changes may need to be made in the future to create a fiscally sound and sustainable plan.

Each year the budget includes new assignments of fund balance for projects and capital needs in the future. The Town has adopted a fund balance policy that sets forth best practices for the amount of unassigned fund balance to be retained and the use of those balances for nonoperational costs. These fund balances are reviewed each year and appropriate actions are taken to ensure appropriate fund balances are in place. Assignments of fund balances are determined as a part of the budget review and approval of the annual budget.

The Town invests its reserved or assigned fund balances in local banks in certificates of deposits, savings, and money market funds to provide liquidity and to guard against the risk of loss. In 2013, a number of local governments joined together to form the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP) to strengthen localities resources for investment of local government funds. The VIP is designed to follow all the current laws required for the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), managed by the Commonwealth for investment of funds by local governments. The VIP anticipates achieving higher rates of return on the funds and is more actively managed by the participants. Through periodic requests for proposals, the Town strives to increase the investment earnings on these funds.

The real estate tax rate remained unchanged in the Town for seven years and was actually reduced in 2007 from 0.144 per \$100 to a rate of 0.1126 per \$100. In 2013-2014 the tax rate was increased to .13 per \$100 and in 2015-2016 the rate was increased to .16 per \$100 and remains unchanged today. The personal property tax rate is 0.45 per \$100 and has not been changed since 1987 when the rate was reduced from 2.25 per \$100.

Citizens of Christiansburg are taxed by both the Town and Montgomery County. The County increased its real estate tax rate for 2013 from 0.87 per \$100 to 0.89 and the rate has remained at 0.89. Its personal property tax rate increased from 2.45 per \$100 in 2012 to 2.55 in 2013 and has remained unchanged to date.

The Town participates in the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) with benefits as outlined in the footnotes to the financial statements. The Town's annual contractually required contributions totaled \$1,585,282. The Town currently funds the current year requirement as well as an amortized portion of the unfunded liability. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized over a period of 30 years. The Town's net pension liability as of the last measurement date of June 30, 2021 is approximately \$4.7 million.

The Town also provides a payout of sick leave balance for personnel hired before June 30, 2011 that accrues from divesting a retiree of accrued sick leave upon retirement. The details of this plan are also described in the footnotes of the financial statements (Note 1). The balance expected to be paid out for these benefits is accrued as a part of compensated absences.

Christiansburg also provides its employees who retire from the Town with 20 years of service an amount that is to be paid into a medical reimbursement account. This other post-employment benefit is also a pay-as-you-go system and has an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$2,373,701 as of the last measurement date of June 30, 2022. This plan is more fully described in the footnotes of the financial statements (Note 9) and Exhibit 12.

Major Initiatives

The **Police Department** purchased and deployed new in-car cameras and tasers and added body cameras for patrol officers. All equipment was put into operation during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

The <u>Town</u> is in the process of implementing a new ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning) software and has gone live with its BPOL (Business, Professional and Occupational Licenses) tax, purchasing and financial modules. The new software has a Citizen Self Service (CSS) module which enables citizens to make real estate and personal property tax payments online.

The **Engineering Department** completed two large infrastructure projects during the fiscal year:

Intersection improvements for Tower Road and Arbor Drive were completed during the fiscal year. The Tower Road project added a much-needed traffic signal and the Arbor Drive project added two turn lanes to provide for better traffic flow at the intersection of Arbor Drive and Peppers Ferry Road.

The Town's **Engineering and Recreation Departments** are overseeing the construction of the Christiansburg Huckleberry Park which commenced in May of 2021 and is estimated to be completed in spring of 2023. The total cost of the project including a portion of the connector road is expected to be \$18.8 million dollars.



Awards and Acknowledgements

The **Police Department** has received the following awards and accreditations:

The Police Department is a fully accredited agency. The Department sought and received accreditation in 2000 and continues to maintain that standing. They were accredited for the 5th time in 2020 with 100% compliance. The accreditation is provided by the Virginia Law Enforcement Professional Standards Commission and requires regular reviews and recertification of the department's operations.

The Police Department continues as a Certified Crime Prevention Community. The Town has maintained this certification since 2009.

The <u>Rescue Squad</u> was recognized by the American Heart Association with the Gold Plus EMS Award for outstanding Achievements in Cardiac Care in 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021. In 2022, the Rescue Squad was awarded the Sliver Plus EMS Award.

The Gold Plus award is the program's highest achievement award and recognizes EMS agencies for providing quality, pre-hospital emergency care and implementing improvement measures for the treatment of patients who experience severe heart attacks. The Silver Plus award is for applying the most up-to-date evidence-based treatment guidelines to improve patient care and outcomes in the community they serve.

The Town <u>Recreation Department's</u> junior football team competed in the Eddie Sutphin Memorial Superbowl, the Town's 9U baseball team advanced to the state tournament and the Town's 10U boys' and 10U girls' teams both won their district tournaments.



The Recreation Department also developed and planted (with the community's help), the Town's first Community Garden.



The **Finance <u>Department</u>** was awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

Last year was the tenth year that the Town produced an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). In prior years, the Town issued General Purpose Financial Statements. The Town submitted the report to the Government Finance Officers' Association and is very pleased to announce that we again received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Christiansburg for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards and satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The Town believes its current report also conforms to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and is submitting it to the GFOA for consideration again this year.

The Town's **Finance Department**, in conjunction with the **Public Relations Department**, prepared the Town's Citizen Centric Report for which they received the Certificate of Excellence in Citizen Centric Reporting for 2021. This report is a 4-page concise executive summary of financial and performance results for the government. Copies are available at the Town Hall in the Finance Department. The Town intends to complete a similar report for 2022. The Town continues to strive to increase the level of information available to the citizens so that they may be better informed about the government's operations and activities.

We would like to express our sincere thanks to all of the staff in the Finance office and all of the department directors and staff for their assistance and support in gathering and compiling all the data and information required for this report. Their cooperation and dedication to improving the Town in every way is remarkable.

Respectfully submitted,

Valerie L. Tweedie CPA CFE CGFM

Director of Finance/Treasurer

Jaline Bluedin

Town of Christiansburg

Randy Wingfield

Town Manager

Town of Christiansburg

My Winghild



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Christiansburg Virginia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

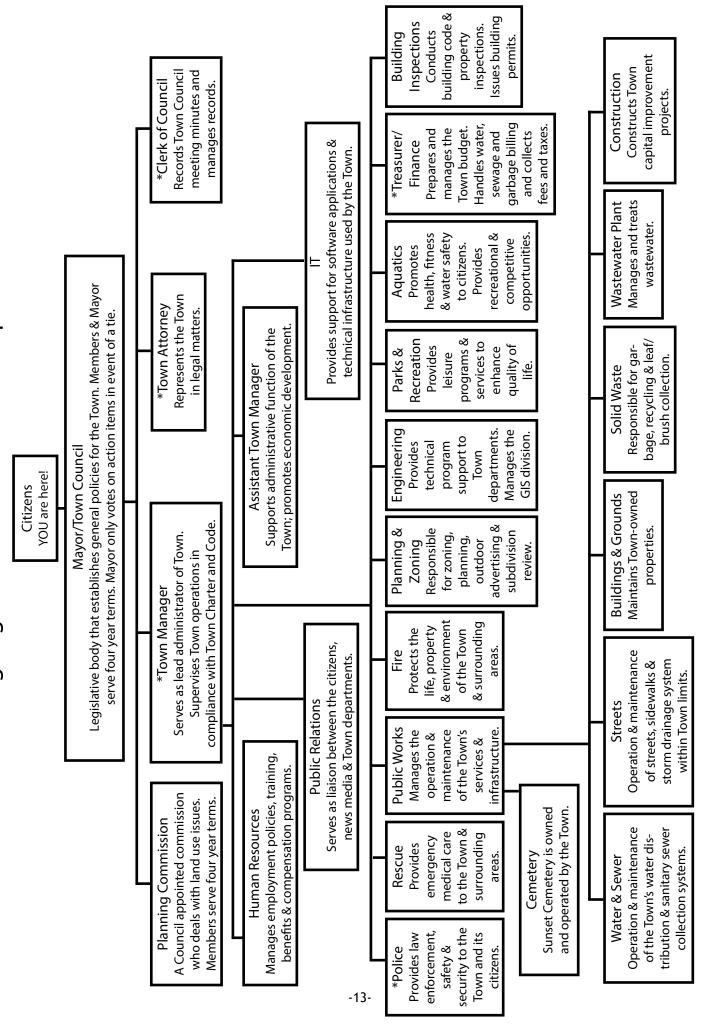
TOWN COUNCIL

D. Michael Barber, Mayor Samuel M. Bishop Johana Hicks Tanya Hockett Casey Jenkins Henry Showalter Timothy Wilson

OTHER OFFICIALS

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Town ManagerDirector of Finance/Treasurer
	Town Attorney
	Director of Engineering
	Director of Public Works
Benjamin Tripp	Director of Planning
Mark Sisson	Chief of Police
Brad Epperley	Director of Parks and Recreation
Alicia Dials	Director of Human Resources
Christina Edney	Director of Public Relations
	Director of Building Department
Terry Caldwell	Director of Aquatics
Billy Hanks	Fire and Rescue Chief

Town of Christiansburg Organizational Structure & Departmental Functions



^{*} Position appointed by Council





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Christiansburg, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2022, the Town adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to

Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Robinson, Famer, Cox Associates

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blacksburg, Virginia November 15, 2022

TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The following discussion and analysis of the Town of Christiansburg's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the Town's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's total net position increased by \$10,853,393 during the fiscal year, on the government-wide basis. The Town's total net position, on the government-wide basis, totaled \$216,075,041 at June 30, 2021. Net Position as of June 30, 2022 was \$226,928,434. Of this amount, \$35,802,077 may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$188,306,010 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$957,849 is restricted for perpetual care in the Cemetery Fund; \$1,862,498 is restricted for other purposes.
- On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the Town had expenses (including transfers) net of program revenues of \$16,143,425, which were \$10,853,393 less than the general revenues, of \$26,996,818.
- At June 30, 2022 the Town's Governmental Funds Balance Sheet reported total ending fund balances of \$46,749,536 of which \$1,033,395 was non-spendable as a part of the cemetery perpetual care fund and prepaid expenses of the general fund, \$4,965,485 was restricted by law or donor restrictions; \$12,288,958 was assigned to specific savings for future needs of the Town and \$28,461,698 was unassigned and available to meet future needs.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's financial statements present two types of statements, each with a different snapshot of the Town's finances. The focus is on both the Town as a whole (government-wide) and the fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the Town's overall financial status. The fund financials focus on the individual parts of the Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements, which present a longer-term view. Presentation of both perspectives provides the user a broader overview, enhances the basis for comparisons, and better reflects the Town's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the Town as a whole using the accrual basis of accounting, which is the method used by most private-sector enterprises. All current year revenues and expenses are reported in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements allow readers to answer the question, "Is the Town's financial position, as a whole, better or worse as a result of the year's activities?"

One of the main goals of these two statements is to report the Town's net position and changes that affected net position during the fiscal year. The change in the Town's net position, the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether the Town's financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure should also be considered in assessing the overall financial health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Town's fund-based activity is classified as follows:

<u>Governmental activities</u> - Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks and recreation, cemetery and community development. Property taxes, other local taxes, and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-type activities</u> - The Town's water and sewer operations, as well as the Town's storm water operations are reported here as the Town charges fees to customers designed to cover all or most of the cost of the services it provides.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The fund financial statements focus on the Town's most significant funds rather than fund types. The fund financial statements begin on page 28 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Town as a whole. The Town has two types of funds:

Governmental funds - Most of the Town's basic services are included in governmental funds. Fund-based statements for these funds focus on how resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for future spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and other liquid assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term overview that helps the reader determine the financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The differences between governmental activities as reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements are reconciled in Exhibits 4 and 6 on pages 29 and 31.

The Cemetery Fund (Permanent Fund) is a non-major Governmental Fund. The Town took over control of the cemetery on April 1, 2008.

The Special Revenue Fund is used in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted by contract or donor to expenditures for a specified purpose. The funds primarily come from federal, state, and county grants and specific donations to the Fire department and Rescue department.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> - When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, utilize the accrual basis of accounting, and their statements provide both short and long-term financial information.

The Town's enterprise funds (two proprietary funds), are the same as the government-wide business-type activities; however, the fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The Town's enterprise funds are the Water and Sewer Fund and the Stormwater Fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Christiansburg, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$226,928,434 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, June 30, 2022.

By far the largest portion of the Town of Christiansburg's net position (83 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and structures, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town of Christiansburg uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Christiansburg's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

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Summary of Net Position:

The following table presents a condensed summary of net position:

Summary of Net Position
As of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022
(In Thousands)

	Government		tal	Activities	Βι	ısiness-t	ype	Activities	To	tal Prima	Government	
	_	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Current and other assets	\$	62,081	\$	50,475	\$	12,058	\$	8,519	\$	74,139	\$	58,994
Capital assets, net		155,711		146,610		50,441		49,267		206,152		195,877
Total Assets	\$	217,792	\$	197,085	\$	62,499	\$	57,786	\$	280,291	\$	254,871
Deferred charge on refunding, net	\$	212	\$	231	\$	-	\$	-	\$	212	\$	231
Pension related items		3,152		1,289		529		694		3,681		1,983
OPEB related items		1,454		3,080		63		66		1,517		3,146
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	4,818	\$	4,600	\$	592	\$	760	\$	5,410	\$	2,214
Other liabilities	\$	7,120	\$	3,446	\$	1,576	\$	1,394	\$	8,696	\$	4,840
Long-term liabilities		31,187		27,989		3,547		5,223		34,734		33,212
Total Liabilities	\$	38,307	\$	31,435	\$	5,123	\$	6,617	\$	43,430	\$	38,052
Pension related items	\$	5,273	\$	130	\$	1,023	\$	96	\$	6,296	\$	226
OPEB related items		1,004		618		74		19		1,078		637
Deferred tax revenue		5,437		5,241		-		-		5,437		5,241
Lease related items		2,532		-		-		-		2,532		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	14,246	\$	5,989	\$	1,097	\$	115	\$	15,343	\$	6,104
Net investment in capital assets	\$	140,026	\$	136,939	\$	48,280	\$	46,862	\$	188,306	\$	183,801
Restricted		958		864		-		-		958		864
Unrestricted		29,073		26,458		8,591		4,952		37,664		31,410
Total Net Position	\$	170,057	\$	164,261	\$	56,871	\$	51,814	\$	226,928	\$	216,075

The Town's combined net position increased from \$216,075,041 to \$226,928,434. This increase is primarily due to the addition of several large capital projects completed in 2022. Unrestricted net position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance the day-to-day operations of the Town totaled \$35,802,077. Net investment in capital assets, represents the amount of capital assets owned by the Town, including infrastructure, net of any outstanding debt and totaled \$188,306,010 at June 30, 2022. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints on asset use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, regulators, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions. The total amount of restricted net position is \$2,820,347; \$957,849 is restricted for the use of perpetual care in the Cemetery Fund, and \$1,862,498 is restricted by law, contract or donor restrictions.

Summary of Changes in Net Position:

The following table shows the revenues and expenses of the government:

Summary of Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021 and 2022

(In Thousands)

		Governmental A	ctivities	Business-type A	activities	Total Primary Government			
	_	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:	_								
Program Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	4,692 \$	4,010 \$	13,231 \$	12,694 \$	17,923 \$	16,704		
Operating grants and contributions		5,002	7,305	-	-	5,002	7,305		
Capital grants and contributions		2,272	1,654	2,456	1,077	4,728	2,731		
General Revenues:									
Property taxes		5,211	5,167	-	-	5,211	5,167		
Other Local Taxes:									
Local sales and use tax		2,707	2,371	-	-	2,707	2,371		
Business, Professional &									
occupational license tax		3,175	2,821	-	-	3,175	2,821		
Restaurant food taxes		8,743	7,132	-	-	8,743	7,132		
Other local taxes		4,735	3,675	-	-	4,735	3,675		
Unrestricted revenues from									
use of money		286	526	-	-	286	526		
Miscellaneous		478	545	-	-	478	545		
Grants and contributions not restricted	d								
to specific programs		1,147	1,102	-	-	1,147	1,102		
Transfers		-	(174)	-	174	-	-		
Total Revenues	\$ _	38,448 \$	36,134 \$	15,687 \$	13,945 \$	54,135 \$	50,079		
Expenses									
General Government	\$	3,692 \$	3,547 \$	- \$	- \$	3,692 \$	3,547		
Public Safety	,	11,932	12,747	-	-	11,932	12,747		
Public works		9,953	7,293	-	-	9,953	7,293		
Health and Welfare		5	-	-	-	5	-,270		
Parks, Recreation and Cultural		5,306	3,857	-	-	5,306	3,857		
Community Development		1,513	1,283	-	_	1,513	1,283		
Interest and fiscal Charges		251	204	-	_	251	204		
Water and Sewer		-	-	9,677	9,909	9,677	9,909		
Stormwater		-	_	953	958	953	958		
Total Expenses	\$ <u></u>	32,652 \$	28,931 \$	10,630 \$	10,867 \$	43,282 \$	39,798		
Change in net position		5,796	7,203	5,057	3,078	10,853	10,281		
Net position, beginning		164,261	157,058	51,814	48,736	216,075	205,794		
Net position, ending	, -	170,057 \$	164,261 \$	56,871 \$	51,814 \$	226,928 \$	216,075		

The property tax classification, which comprises approximately 14% of total revenue generated by governmental activities, includes real estate taxes, the local portion of personal property taxes, machinery and tools taxes, and public service corporation taxes. Total property tax revenues totaled \$5,211,058.

Sales taxes, consumer's utility taxes, Commonwealth share of personal property taxes, business and professional occupational license taxes, prepared food and beverage taxes, transient room taxes, E-911 taxes, and cigarette taxes comprised the majority of other local taxes collected by the Town. Other taxes comprised approximately 50% of total revenues generated for governmental activities and are the largest source of revenue for the Town.

Charges for services include items such as recreational fees, fines, forfeitures, and garbage collection fees, when combined represent approximately 12% of the governmental activities revenues.

Public Safety expenses comprised approximately 37% of expenses of the governmental activities. Operations of the labor-intensive Police Department are included in this category, along with expenses of the Building Inspections, Rescue Squad, Fire Department and E-911 Call Center.

Public Works expenses comprised approximately 30% of governmental activities expenses. Expenses for solid waste management, building maintenance, street paving, and street maintenance are included in the Public Works category.

Recreation expenses comprised approximately 16% of government activities expenses.

Community Development and Health & Welfare include such items as industrial development, planning district commission, planning, and engineering services.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the governmental funds reflect a total fund balance of \$46,749,536. Of this amount, \$28,461,698 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending for services, debt obligations and future capital projects. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures, which was 61%.

The General Fund balance increased by \$285,095 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 which was a decrease from the prior year due to an increase in capital expenditures from 2021 to 2022.

Local taxes generated the majority of General Fund revenue, totaling approximately \$24.6 million in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Intergovernmental revenue is the second largest source of General Fund revenues, generating approximately \$8,421,945 million in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This revenue is received from the Commonwealth and the federal government and includes street maintenance funding, law enforcement grants and ARPA Funding.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund revenues were more than the budgeted revenues by \$4,752.549. This was again primarily due to meals and lodging taxes recovering to pre-COVID 19 year levels. The two taxes exceeded the budget estimates by a combined \$3,013,856.

General Fund expenditures were less than the budgeted amount by \$2,361,255 for general operations due primarily delayed projects and asset purchases as well as department-controlled spending.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2022, the Town's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$206,152,765 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, streets and highways, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and structures, vehicles, equipment, and infrastructure. The total net increase (additions less retirements and depreciation) in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$10,277,637. This increase was primarily due to the construction of the Town's new signature park that is slated to open in 2023.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation (in Thousands)

		Government	al A	ctivities		Business-t	Activities	Total Prim	ary G	overnment	
	-	2022		2021	_	2022		2021	 2022		2021
Land	\$	8,193	\$	8,193	\$	12	\$	12	\$ 8,205	\$	8,205
Construction in progress		14,912		12,959		3,835		3,783	18,747		16,742
Building and Improvement		24,178		24,119		-		-	24,178		24,119
Machinery & Equipment		9,551		8,595		3,189		3,159	12,740		11,754
Infrastructure		98,878		92,743		43,405		42,312	142,283		135,055
Total	\$	155,712	\$	146,609	`\$ <u> </u>	50,441	\$	49,266	\$ 206,153	\$	195,875

The changes in each category of Capital Assets are presented in detail in note 7 of the notes to financial statements.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year included the following: ongoing construction of the Town's new signature park, Tower intersection improvements and signal and the Arbor Drive intersection improvement.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2022, the Town's long-term liabilities, not including compensated absences, net OPEB liability, net pension liability, bond premiums and post closure care costs payable, totaled \$20,901,917; which is comprised of \$18,740,666 related to governmental activities, and \$2,161,251 related to business-type activities. Total debt increased by \$8,596,497 during the fiscal year due to the issuance of a 9.3 million dollar bond for the Town's new signature park. The annual retirement of existing debt during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1,571,497.

The Charter of the Town of Christiansburg and Code of Virginia limits the Town's net debt to 10% of the assessed valuation of real estate within the Town limits. This limit applies to governmental activity debt as well as long-term liabilities of business-type funds which were issued as general obligations of the Town, even though those debts are expected to be paid with revenues generated by those activities. The Town's total general obligation debt of \$20,183,903 (excluding premiums) is well below the legal debt limit of \$220,187,437 (see Table 13 of Statistical Section).

Interest and fiscal charges for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 were \$251,511 of the total governmental activities expenses and \$29,409 of the enterprise expenses.

For more detailed information about long-term debt refer to note 5 in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The economic outlook during 2022 has improved over the previous year due to a continued recovery of meals and lodging taxes revenue to pre COVID-19 levels. In addition, the unemployment rate decreased from 4.2% at June 30, 2021 to 2.8% as of June 2022. The unemployment rate for the Commonwealth of Virginia at June 30, 2021 was at 2.8% as compared to the U.S. overall rate of 3.6%.

One indicator of the state of the economy is the sales tax revenue, which is directly related proportionally to the retail sales. Retail sales increased 2% over the prior year throughout the County. The Town's distribution of sales tax increased by 14% over prior years due in part to overall increase in sales tax collections and a slight reduction in the percentage of our distributive share of the sales tax collections as that distribution is based on school-age population. The Town's distributive share of local sales tax increased in 2021 by .25%. Overall, the economic indicator is that retail sales are maintaining indicating some economic stability going forward.

Meals taxes assessed by the Town increased to pre COVID 19 levels. Meals tax increased by 23%. Lodging taxes also increased to pre COVID 19 levels and increased by 23%.

Overall, these signals seem to indicate the economy in our area continues to improve post COVID-19, with small growth in the retail and real estate markets. The Town continues to have concerns with future intergovernmental revenues from both federal and state sources, declining as a result of State and Federal budget constraints, particularly as it relates to street maintenance funds and law enforcement funds.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the resources it receives and their uses. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Manager or the Director of Finance at 100 East Main Street, Christiansburg, Virginia 24073, telephone (540) 382-9519. The Town's website address is www.christiansburg.org.



Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	_			ry Governme	nt	
	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,642,114	\$	-	\$	44,642,114
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		5,360,491		-		5,360,491
Investments		5,920,939		-		5,920,939
Investments - restricted		4,639,576		-		4,639,576
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		5 (10 221				F (10 221
Taxes receivable		5,619,331		4 3/7 550		5,619,331
Accounts receivable		1,558,285		1,367,550		2,925,835
Leases receivable		2,549,530		10 (7(902		2,549,530
Internal balances		(10,676,803)		10,676,803		2 405 994
Due from other governmental units		2,392,252		13,632		2,405,884
Prepaid items		75,546		-		75,546
Capital assets not being depreciated:		0.402.447		42 500		0.205.447
Land		8,193,117		12,500		8,205,617
Construction in progress		14,911,837		3,835,036		18,746,873
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:		24.470.470				24 470 470
Buildings and improvements		24,178,470		2 400 504		24,178,470
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		8,811,215		3,188,591		11,999,806
Infrastructure		98,878,595		43,404,760		142,283,355
Intangible right-to-use assets:		720 (44				720 (44
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		738,644	_	- 400 072		738,644
Total assets	\$	217,793,139	\$	62,498,872	\$	280,292,011
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charges on refunding	\$	212,025	ċ		\$	212 025
OPEB related items	,	1,453,702	\$	63.004	Ş	212,025
Pension related items				63,004		1,516,706
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	3,152,254 4,817,981	\$	528,780 591,784	\$	3,681,034 5,409,765
Total deferred outflows of resources	,	4,017,701	٠	371,704	Ą	3,409,703
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,260,635	\$	1,057,860	ς	5,318,495
Customers' deposits	*	.,200,000	*	505,786	*	505,786
Accrued interest payable		116,610		12,280		128,890
Unearned revenues		2,742,620		-		2,742,620
Noncurrent liabilities:		, ,				, ,-
Due within one year		2,034,459		292,622		2,327,081
Due in more than one year		29,152,655		3,254,124		32,406,779
Total liabilities	\$	38,306,979	\$	5,122,672	\$	43,429,651
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	5,432,825	\$	-	\$	5,432,825
Deferred revenue - prepaid taxes		4,774		-		4,774
OPEB related items		1,003,877		73,718		1,077,595
Pension related items		5,273,334		1,022,782		6,296,116
Lease related items		2,532,381		-		2,532,381
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	14,247,191	\$	1,096,500	\$	15,343,691
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	140,026,374	\$	48,279,636	\$	188,306,010
Restricted:						
Nonexpendable:						
Cemetery		957,849		-		957,849
Expendable:						
Volunteer Fire Department		486,245		-		486,245
Lifesaving and Rescue		1,162,910		-		1,162,910
Police Department Grants		92,886		-		92,886
Recreation and Streets Grants		111,914		-		111,914
ARPA Grants		8,543		-		8,543
Unrestricted	_	27,210,229		8,591,848		35,802,077
Total net position	\$	170,056,950	\$	56,871,484	\$	226,928,434

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Poyon	y	Net (E)	Net (Expense) Revenue and	and
			Operating	Capital	Pri	Primary Government	ıt
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$ 3,692,378	s	\$	•	\$ (3,261,523)		\$ (3,261,523)
Public safety	11,931,566	1,401,205	1,080,974	129,732	(9,319,655)		(9,319,655)
Public works	9,953,474	2,021,371	3,921,427	2,142,799	(1,867,877)		(1,867,877)
Health and welfare	4,719	•	•	•	(4,719)		(4,719)
Parks, recreation, and cultural	5,306,007	837,874	•	•	(4,468,133)		(4,468,133)
Community development	1,513,463	1,344	•	•	(1,512,119)		(1,512,119)
Interest on long-term debt	251,511	•	•	•	(251,511)		(251,511)
Total governmental activities	\$ 32,653,118	\$ 4,692,649	\$ 5,002,401	\$ 2,272,531	\$ (20,685,537)		\$ (20,685,537)
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer	\$ 9.677.202	\$ 11,751,171	٠.	\$ 1,264,170		\$ 3,338,139	\$ 3,338,139
Stormwater							
Total business-type activities	\$ 10,630,540	\$ 13,231,056	\$	\$ 2,456,701		\$ 5,057,217	\$ 5,057,217
Total	\$ 43,283,658	\$ 17,923,705	\$ 5,002,401	\$ 4,729,232	\$ (20,685,537)	\$ 5,057,217	\$ (15,628,320)
	General revenues and transfers:	and transfers:					
	General property taxes	taxes			\$ 5,211,058	\$	\$ 5,211,058
	Other local taxes:						
	Restaurant food taxes	taxes			8,743,128	•	8,743,128
	Business license taxes	taxes			3,175,283	•	3,175,283
	Local sales and use taxes	use taxes			2,706,608	•	2,706,608
	Lodging taxes				1,996,828	•	1,996,828
	Bank stock taxes	S			1,017,644	•	1,017,644
	Motor vehicle licenses	senses			621,463	•	621,463
	Consumers' utility taxes	ty taxes			606,329	•	606,359
	Other local taxes	δ			493,192	•	493,192
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money	nues from use of	· money		285,122	•	285,122
	Miscellaneous				478,015		478,015
							!

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

1,147,013 26,481,713

\$ 5,796,176 \$ 5,057,217 \$ 10,853,393 164,260,774 51,814,267 216,075,041 \$ 170,056,950 \$ 56,871,484 \$ 226,928,434

26,481,713 \$

1,147,013

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Change in net position Net position - beginning Net position - ending

Total general revenues

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		<u>General</u>	ARPA <u>Fund</u>			Capital <u>Projects</u>	Go	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,514,590	\$	-	\$	=	\$	127,524	\$	44,642,114
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		-	2,752,9	955		-		2,607,536		5,360,491
Investments		5,920,939		-		=		-		5,920,939
Investments - restricted		-		-		4,639,576		-		4,639,576
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		5,619,331		-		-		-		5,619,331
Accounts receivable		1,286,552		-		-		271,733		1,558,285
Leases receivable		2,549,530		-		-		-		2,549,530
Due from other funds		-		-		-		102,745		102,745
Due from other governmental units		587,893	22,9	990		1,625,659		155,710		2,392,252
Prepaid items		75,546		-		-		-		75,546
Total assets	\$	60,554,381	\$2,775,9	945	\$	6,265,235	\$	3,265,248	\$	72,860,809
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	3,782,663	\$	-	\$	437,421	\$	40,551	\$	4,260,635
Due to other funds		9,405,272	25,4	478		1,172,814		175,984		10,779,548
Unearned revenue		696	2,741,9	924		-		-		2,742,620
Total liabilities	\$	13,188,631	\$ 2,767,4	402	\$	1,610,235	\$	216,535	\$	17,782,803
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	5,681,930	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,681,930
Unavailable revenue - EMS billings		-		-		-		109,385		109,385
Deferred revenue - prepaid taxes		4,774		_		-		-		4,774
Lease related items		2,532,381		-		-		-		2,532,381
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	8,219,085	\$	-	\$	-	\$	109,385	\$	8,328,470
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable	\$	75,546	\$	-	\$	-	\$	957,849	\$	1,033,395
Restricted	,	- ,		543	,	3,102,987	•	1,853,955	,	4,965,485
Assigned		10,609,421	-,-	-		1,552,013		127,524		12,288,958
Unassigned		28,461,698		-		-		-		28,461,698
Total fund balances	\$	39,146,665	\$ 8,!	543	\$	4,655,000	\$	2,939,328	\$	46,749,536
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	,	, -,	,-	-	,	, ,	•	, , . = •	,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
and fund balances	\$	60,554,381	\$ 2,775,9	945	\$	6,265,235	\$	3,265,248	\$	72,860,809

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$ 46,749,	536
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in				
the funds.				
Land	\$	8,193,117		
Buildings and system		24,178,470		
Machinery and equipment		8,811,215		
Infrastructure		98,878,595		
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		738,644		
Construction in progress		14,911,837	155,711,8	878
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.				
Deferred revenue-property taxes	\$	249,105		
Deferred revenue-EMS billings		109,385	358,4	490
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Pension related items OPEB related items Deferred loss on refunding	\$	3,152,254 1,453,702 212,025	4,817,	981
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ċ	(40,022,452)		
Bonds payable Net pension liability	\$	(18,022,652) (4,033,300)		
Lease liabilities		(718,014)		
Landfill liability		(574,980)		
Accrued interest payable		(116,610)		
Net OPEB liability		(4,400,879)		
Compensated absences		(3,437,289)	(31,303,	724)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore,				
are not reported in the funds.				
Pension related items	\$	(5,273,334)		
OPEB related items		(1,003,877)	(6,277,2	211)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 170,056,9	950

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES		General <u>Fund</u>		ARPA <u>Fund</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>	Go	Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
	S	5,201,754	ċ	_	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	5,201,754
General property taxes	Ş		Ş	-	Þ	-	Ş	•	Ş	, ,
Other local taxes		19,360,505		-		-		-		19,360,505
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		303,076		-		-		•		303,076
Fines and forfeitures		47,208		0.543		47 57(42.742		47,208
Revenue from the use of money and property		760,395		8,543		17,576		13,713		800,227
Charges for services		2,662,078		-		-		1,121,040		3,783,118
Miscellaneous		184,010		-		-		294,005		478,015
Intergovernmental	_	5,539,212		396,477		2,142,799		343,457		8,421,945
Total revenues	\$	34,058,238	\$	405,020	\$	2,160,375	\$	1,772,215	\$	38,395,848
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government administration	\$	3,920,416	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,920,416
Public safety		10,624,494		373,487		-		1,388,410		12,386,391
Public works		6,514,149		-		-		-		6,514,149
Health and welfare		4,719		-		-		-		4,719
Parks, recreation, and cultural		4,995,148		-		-		251,363		5,246,511
Community development		1,606,800		22,990		-		-		1,629,790
Capital projects		-		-		12,151,616		-		12,151,616
Debt service:										
Principal		1,328,668		-		-		-		1,328,668
Interest and other fiscal charges		182,702		-		-		-		182,702
Total expenditures	\$	29,177,096	\$	396,477	\$	12,151,616	\$	1,639,773	\$	43,364,962
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	\$	4,881,142	\$	8,543	\$	(9,991,241)	\$	132,442	\$	(4,969,114)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,346,241	\$	169,365	\$	5,515,606
Transfers out		(5,464,061)				-		(51,545)		(5,515,606)
Issuance of leases		868,014		-		-		-		868,014
Issuance of bonds		-		-		9,300,000		-		9,300,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	Ś	(4,596,047)	Ś	-	Ś	14,646,241	\$	117,820	\$	10,168,014
3 (,	<u> </u>	(), ,				,,		,	<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	\$	285,095	\$	8,543	\$	4,655,000	\$	250,262	\$	5,198,900
Fund balances - beginning		38,861,570		-		-		2,689,066		41,550,636
Fund balances - ending	\$	39,146,665	\$	8,543	\$	4,655,000	\$	2,939,328	\$	46,749,536

5,796,176

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,

Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 5,198,900
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital asset additions	\$	15,251,577	
Depreciation and amortization expense		(6,134,625)	9,116,952
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, a	nd		
donations) is to decrease net position.			(13,848)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	(426)	
Increase (decrease) in unavailable revenue - EMS billings		53,872	53,446
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Issuance of bonds	\$	(9,300,000)	
Issuance of leases Principal payments:		(868,014)	
Bonds payable		1,178,668	
Lease liabilities		150,000	(8,839,346)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Changes in pension and related items	\$	767,635	
Changes in OPEB and related items		(259,707)	
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences		(118,935)	
(Increase) decrease in landfill closure liability		(40,112)	
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest payable		(49,534)	
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		(19,275)	 280,072

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

June :	30, 2022			Enterprise		
				Funds		
	Wat	Water and Sewer		Stormwater		
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles	\$	1,200,754	\$	166,796	\$	1,367,550
Due from other funds		8,898,962		1,777,841		10,676,803
Due from other governmental units		- 40,000,747	,	13,632		13,632
Total current assets	\$	10,099,716	\$	1,958,269	\$	12,057,985
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets, net of depreciation:						
Land	\$	12,500	\$	-	\$	12,500
Construction in progress		3,264,496		570,540		3,835,036
Machinery and equipment		2,857,017		331,574		3,188,591
Water system		14,139,385		-		14,139,385
Waste water system		8,901,762		-		8,901,762
Waste water treatment plant		13,830,100		-		13,830,100
Stormwater system		-		6,533,513		6,533,513
Total capital assets	\$	43,005,260	\$	7,435,627	\$	50,440,887
Total noncurrent assets	\$	43,005,260	\$	7,435,627	\$	50,440,887
Total assets	\$	53,104,976	\$	9,393,896	\$	62,498,872
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB related items	\$	50,004	\$	13,000	\$	63,004
Pension related items		416,898		111,882		528,780
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	466,902	\$	124,882	\$	591,784
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	99,234	\$	23,926	\$	123,160
Customers' deposits		505,786		· -		505,786
Accrued interest payable		12,280		-		12,280
Due to Water Authority		934,700		-		934,700
Compensated absences - current portion		30,281		5,134		35,415
Bonds payable - current portion		257,207		-		257,207
Total current liabilities	\$	1,839,488	\$	29,060	\$	1,868,548
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences - net of current portion	\$	272,527	ς	46,201	ς	318,728
Bonds payable - net of current portion	*	1,904,044	*	.0,20.	*	1,904,044
Net OPEB liabilities		273,925		71,211		345,136
Net pension liability		544,631		141,585		686,216
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,995,127	\$	258,997	\$	3,254,124
Total liabilities	\$	4,834,615	\$	288,057	\$	5,122,672
DEFENDED INTO OWE OF DECOMPOSE						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,	E0 E00	,	45 340	ć	73 740
OPEB related items	\$	58,508	\$	15,210	\$	73,718
Pension related items		841,403	,	181,379	ŕ	1,022,782
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	899,911	\$	196,589	\$	1,096,500
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	40,844,009	\$	7,435,627	\$	48,279,636
Unrestricted		6,993,343		1,598,505		8,591,848
Total net position	\$	47,837,352	\$	9,034,132	\$	56,871,484
•	<u> </u>	, - ,		, ,		, , ,

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		•	Enterprise Funds	
	Wat	er and Sewer	Stormwater	
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Water and sewer service fees	\$	10,809,483	\$ -	\$ 10,809,483
Water and wastewater connection fees		650,750	-	650,750
Stormwater fees		-	1,479,885	1,479,885
Penalties and other		290,938	-	290,938
Total operating revenues	\$	11,751,171	\$ 1,479,885	\$ 13,231,056
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and wages	\$	1,537,448	\$ 395,377	\$ 1,932,825
Employee benefits		381,620	164,380	546,000
Purchase of water		3,580,823	-	3,580,823
Utilities		536,644	-	536,644
Maintenance and repairs		209,768	74	209,842
Depreciation		2,256,969	222,736	2,479,705
Materials and supplies		572,902	63,828	636,730
General and administrative		403,863	37,304	441,167
Professional services		167,756	12,439	180,195
Total operating expenses	\$	9,647,793	\$ 896,138	\$ 10,543,931
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,103,378	\$ 583,747	\$ 2,687,125
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	\$	-	\$ (57,200)	\$ (57,200)
Interest expense		(29,409)	-	(29,409)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(29,409)	\$ (57,200)	\$ (86,609)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and grants	\$	2,073,969	\$ 526,547	\$ 2,600,516
Capital contributions and construction grants		1,264,170	1,192,531	2,456,701
Change in net position	\$	3,338,139	\$ 1,719,078	\$ 5,057,217
Net position - beginning		44,499,213	7,315,054	51,814,267
Net position - ending	\$	47,837,352	\$ 9,034,132	\$ 56,871,484

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

For the fear Ended June 30, 20			Enterprise	
			Funds	
	Water and Sewer		Stormwater	
		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	11,789,805	\$ 1,487,570 \$	13,277,375
Payments to and for employees		(2,218,822)	(543,572)	(2,762,394)
Payments for goods and services		(5,304,804)	(118,999)	(5,423,803)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	4,266,179	\$ 824,999 \$	5,091,178
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interfund borrowings	\$	(3,056,061)	\$ (546,035) \$	(3,602,096)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to capital assets	\$	(939,916)	\$ (382,992) \$	(1,322,908)
Principal payments on bonds		(242,829)	-	(242,829)
Contributions in aid of construction		-	104,028	104,028
Interest payments		(27,373)	-	(27,373)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	\$	(1,210,118)	\$ (278,964) \$	(1,489,082)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$ - \$	-
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2021		-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2022	\$	-	\$ - \$	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating				
activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,103,378	\$ 583,747 \$	2,687,125
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	2,256,969	\$ 222,736 \$	2,479,705
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		19,694	7,685	27,379
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		546	-	546
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		3,677	(365)	3,312
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources related to pension		78,176	86,644	164,820
Increase (decrease) in customers' deposits		18,940	-	18,940
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(620)	(5,354)	(5,974)
Increase (decrease) in due to Water Authority		167,026	-	167,026
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(112,485)	(776)	(113,261)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(959,970)	(241,845)	(1,201,815)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liabilities		(100,747)	(16,979)	(117,726)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB		43,139	11,593	54,732
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources related to pension		748,456	177,913	926,369
Total adjustments	\$	2,162,801	\$ 241,252 \$	2,404,053
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	4,266,179	\$ 824,999 \$	5,091,178
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:				
Contributions of infrastructure by developers	\$	1,264,170	\$ 1,123,360 \$	2,387,530

TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the Town conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

A. Financial reporting entity:

The Town of Christiansburg, Virginia (the "Town") operates on a Council-Manager form of government and provides municipal services to its residents including fire and police protection, planning, engineering, inspections, public works and public utilities, parks, and general government. The Town also provides water, sewer, refuse collection, and public transit services to its citizens. The Town is the county seat of Montgomery County and has taxing powers subject to state-wide restrictions and limits. The financial statements present the Town as the primary government. A component unit is an entity for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The Town does not have any component units.

For financial reporting purposes, the Town includes all funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that are controlled by or dependent upon the Town Council. Control by, or dependence upon, the Town Council was determined on the basis of the following:

- 1. The Town's ability to designate the management or significantly control the operations of the entity.
- 2. The Town's responsibility for the fiscal matters of the entity, including the authorization of budgetary appropriations, funding of operating deficiencies, control or use of surplus funds, responsibility for debts, and control over the collections and disbursement of funds.
- 3. The scope of public services rendered by and the geographic location of the entity.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial activities of no other organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements.

The following entities are excluded from the accompanying financial statements:

Jointly Governed Organizations:

NRV Regional Water Authority

The NRV Regional Water Authority was created by a concurrent resolution of the Town and other participating governing bodies. The Authority operates and maintains a water supply system for the Town, Virginia Tech, Montgomery County PSA, and the Town of Blacksburg. Each governing body appoints one member of the five-member Board of Directors, one from each member jurisdiction and one at-large member. All indebtedness is payable solely from the revenues of the water system. Although the Town is one of the Authority's customers, the Town has no obligation for any of its indebtedness. During fiscal year 2022, the Town paid \$3,580,823 to the Water Authority and has a fiscal year end liability of \$934,700 for purchases of water.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial reporting entity: (Continued)

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u>: (Continued)

Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority

The Town is a member of the Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority (MRSWA), which was created by a joint resolution on December 14, 1994 by the Town of Blacksburg, Virginia, the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia, Montgomery County, Virginia, and Virginia Tech. The Authority is governed by a five-member board whereby the governing body of each member jurisdiction appoints one board member, and all jurisdictions jointly appoint a fifth member. The Authority, which began operation in August 1995, operates a sanitary landfill and recycling facility. Each jurisdiction provides collection of solid waste and recyclables from within its jurisdiction and delivers the collected materials to the Authority for disposal of waste in the landfill, and processing and marketing of the recyclables. All Authority operations are financed by tipping fees and the individual jurisdictions are not liable for the debt of the Authority. The MRSWA has negotiated with an adjacent Authority (New River Resource Authority) for shared use of a permitted landfill. The Town paid \$503,559 in tipping fees during fiscal year 2022.

Virginia Tech-Montgomery Regional Airport Authority

The Virginia Tech-Montgomery Regional Airport Authority (the "Airport Authority") was created by concurrent resolutions of the governing bodies of the Town of Blacksburg, Virginia, Town of Christiansburg, Virginia, Montgomery County, Virginia, and Virginia Tech. The Airport Authority is governed by a five-member board whereby the governing body of each member jurisdiction appoints one board member, and all jurisdictions jointly appoint a fifth member. The Airport Authority utilizes revenues generated by the airport and contributions by the members to fund all airport activities. The Airport Authority has bonded indebtedness. All indebtedness of the Airport Authority is payable solely from its revenues and is not an obligation of the Town. Annual support for the Authority is \$60,000 per year.

New River Valley Airport Commission

The New River Valley Airport Commission (the "Airport Commission") was created by concurrent resolutions of the governing bodies of the Towns of Christiansburg, Dublin, Pulaski, the City of Radford, and the Counties of Giles, Montgomery, and Pulaski. The Airport Commission is governed by a board whereby the governing body of each member jurisdiction appoints one board member. The Airport Commission utilizes revenues generated by the airport and contributions by the members to fund all airport activities. The Airport Authority has bonded indebtedness. All indebtedness of the Airport Authority is payable solely from its revenues and is not an obligation of the Town. The Town paid \$23,611 in contributions to the fiscal year 2022 operations.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

A. Financial reporting entity: (Continued)

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u>: (Continued)

Blacksburg/Christiansburg/Montgomery Area Metropolitan Planning Organization

The Town is a member of the Blacksburg/Christiansburg/Montgomery Area Metropolitan Planning Organization. The Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is a transportation policy-making organization serving the Blacksburg, Christiansburg, and Montgomery areas. The MPO provides the information, tools, and public input necessary to improve the performance of the transportation system of the region. Future transportation needs are addressed, giving consideration to all possible strategies and the community's vision. The Town has three members within this organization, two of which are voting members. During fiscal year 2022, the Town paid \$35,590 toward operations of the MPO.

Montgomery Regional Tourism Board

The Town is a member of the Montgomery Regional Tourism Board ("MRTB"). The MRTB functions as a joint tourism agency that serves the County of Montgomery and the Towns of Blacksburg and Christiansburg to promote tourism in the region. The Town has one member on the Board of this organization. Funding for tourism expenditures are based on the amount of funding received from hotel occupancy taxes. The Town pays 85% of 1% of the 9% transient lodging tax rate collections for the fiscal year to the MRTB. The Town retains 15% of the 1% tax for its own tourism efforts. During fiscal year 2022, the Town paid \$187,418 to the MRTB.

New River Valley Emergency Communications Regional Authority

The Town is a member of the New River Valley Emergency Communications Regional Authority (the "Communications Authority"). The Communications Authority is a regional partnership, serving the County of Montgomery, the Towns of Blacksburg and Christiansburg, and Virginia Tech. The Communications Authority provides quality and reliable 911 dispatch and emergency communication services to the community and agencies in these localities. The Town has one member on the Board of this organization. During fiscal year 2022, the Town paid \$926,379 toward operations of the Authority and an additional \$37,675 for annual LERMS maintenance.

B. Government-wide financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

B. Government-wide financial statements: (Continued)

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component unit. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense, the cost of "using up" capital assets, in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Budgetary basis of accounting

The following procedures are used by the Town in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Town Manager, in coordination with the Finance Director and the Finance Committee, prepares the budget and the Finance Committee presents it to the Town Council.
- 2. Legal notice of the public hearing is published in the newspaper at least 10 days prior to the hearing. Notice contains information as to date, place, and time, and solicits citizen attendance or written comments at the hearing with a synopsis of the budget.
- 3. The public hearing is held at least seven days (State Code 15.1-162 as amended) prior to approval of the budget.
- 4. Budget is approved at least seven days after public hearing, and no later than the beginning of the new fiscal year. Council sets tax rates for real estate and personal property.
- 5. The Town Council budget appropriations place legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. Only the Town Council can revise the appropriation for each fund. The Director of Finance is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items and departments within the general fund upon request and justification from management; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Town Council. The legal level of budgetary control has been established at the individual fund level except within the special revenue fund where the legal level of compliance is at the functional/program level.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- C. Budgetary basis of accounting (Continued)
 - 6. Notice of budget adoption and availability for viewing of adopted budget is published in a local newspaper one time, within thirty (30) days of adoption.
 - 7. The budgetary basis for all funds is in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.
 - 8. Appropriations lapse on June 30 for all Town units. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Community Development and Debt Service departments in the General Fund had expenditures in excess of their appropriations. The Lifesaving and Rescue Fund also had expenditures in excess of their appropriations. At year end no funds had deficit fund balance.
- D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the government the right to use lease assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the Town.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when received by the government.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the primary operating fund of the Town. The fund is used to account for and report for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service and interest income.

The ARPA fund is a major special revenue fund that accounts for the Town's activity related to the COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief State and Local Fiscal Relief Funds.

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues for this fund are obtained from federal and state highway funds and transfers from the General Fund. The Town funds a portion of the capital support of the fund each year. For the year ended June 30, 2022, capital support from the General Fund totaled \$5,346,241.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

The permanent fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The Town's permanent fund is used to account for the operations of the cemetery (perpetual care fund) and related interest income. The earnings can be used to maintain the community cemetery. On April 1, 2008 the Town took over control of the cemetery from the Cemetery Corporation. The Town funds a portion of the operational costs of the cemetery each year. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the operational and capital support totaled \$169,365.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

D. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (Continued)

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenues sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Town reports operating grants from the State, Federal and County Government for fire and rescue operations as well as donations to be used for specific purposes as special revenue funds. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the special revenue funds reimbursed the General Fund \$51,545 for eligible expenditures.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Town operates a water and sewer system and a stormwater system. The activities of these systems, including the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of governmental facilities and services that are supported by user charges, are accounted for in the water and sewer fund and stormwater fund.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the Town's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds, which consist of Enterprise funds, distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

- E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance:
 - 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

2. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at 100% of its fair market value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5th. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5th. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

3. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$153,154 for the General Fund, \$166,546 for the Lifesaving and Rescue Fund, and \$207,948 for the Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2022. The allowance consists of unpaid taxes in the amount of \$107,533, unpaid garbage bills of \$45,621, ambulance services of \$166,546, unpaid water/sewer bills of \$185,833, and unpaid stormwater fees of \$22,115.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease assets), the measurement of which is discussed in more detail below) or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's life is not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant, equipment, lease assets, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land Improvements	15
Buildings	25-50
Building improvements	25-50
Utility plant and equipment	15-40
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-20
Infrastructure	15-40
Leased - Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-20

7. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused compensated absences. For government-wide reporting, a liability is recorded for compensated absences when services are rendered and employees have earned the right to receive compensation for such services.

Town employees hired who qualify as VRS Plan 1 and 2 employees:

Vacation:

- Twelve days per year for less than five full years of service
- Fifteen days per year for more than five but less than ten full years of service
- Eighteen days per year for ten full years or more of service Sick leave:
- One and one-fourth days per month with unlimited accrual

Accumulated vacation leave is paid upon termination with a maximum accumulation of 32 days. All sick leave is forfeited upon termination unless termination is deemed a retirement in accordance with VRS. After five years of employment and retirement from the Town, the employee may receive full or partial payout of their sick leave, subject to limitations.

Town employees hired who qualify as VRS Hybrid Plan employees:

Vacation:

• Eighteen days per year for less than five full years of service

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
 - 7. Compensated Absences (Continued)
 - Twenty-One days per year for more than five but less than ten full years of service
 - Twenty-Four days per year for more than ten but less than fifteen full years of service
 - Twenty-Seven days per year for more than fifteen but less than twenty full years of service
 - Thirty days per year for twenty full years or more of service

Employees who qualify as Hybrid do not earn sick leave as it is incorporated in the PTO policy.

For employees who qualify as Hybrid accumulated PTO is paid upon termination as follows:

- Maximum of zero days for less than one full year of service
- Maximum of fifteen days for more than one year but less than ten full years of service
- Maximum of thirty days for more than ten years but less than twenty full years of service
- Maximum of forty-five days for more than twenty full years of service

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Service Merit Plan

The Town offers eligible retirees a monthly stipend to be deposited into a health savings account. This plan is funded on a pay as you go basis and further information is provided at Note 9.

Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For purposes of measuring the net VRS LODA OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS LODA OPEB Plan and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

10. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

11. Fund Balance

The Town reports fund balance in the following classifications which describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are either not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers:
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Town Council prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Council adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

11. Fund Balance (Continued)

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

Town Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance / resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment, which does not lapse at year end, is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by Town Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

The Town Council has approved a fund balance policy with fund balance goals. Council seeks to maintain an unassigned fund balance of between 35-40% of all expenditures in the preceding year. Expenditures shall include operating expenditures (excluding capital) of the General Fund, Cemetery Fund, and Water and Sewer Fund. If the unassigned fund balance is less than 30% a plan shall be developed to restore the reserves in an acceptable manner.

12. Restricted Assets

The Town has \$4,491,656 in restricted cash that is restricted by grants or donors and held in the Town's special revenue funds. In addition, the Town has \$868,835 in restricted cash that is restricted for use in the Town cemetery.

13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. One item is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The other item is comprised of certain items related to pension and OPEB. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

- E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)
 - 13. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th, and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, 2nd half installments levied during the fiscal year but due after June 30th and amounts prepaid on the 2nd half installments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to pension, OPEB, and leases are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

14. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

E. Assets, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, liabilities, and net position/fund balance: (Continued)

15. Leases

The Town leases various assets requiring recognition. A lease is a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset. Lease recognition does not apply to short-term leases, contracts that transfer ownership, leases of assets that are investments, or certain regulated leases.

Lessee - The Town recognizes lease liabilities and intangible right-to-use lease assets (lease asset) with an initial value of \$5,000, individually or in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease, the lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term (less any lease incentives). The lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease asset is measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The lease asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Lessor - The Town recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At commencement of the lease, the lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, reduced by any provision for estimated uncollectible amounts. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the initial amount of the lease receivable, less lease payments received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term (less any lease incentives).

Key Estimates and Judgments

Lease accounting includes estimates and judgments for determining the (1) rate used to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Town uses the interest rate stated in lease contracts. When the interest rate is not provided or the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Town uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease and certain periods covered by options to extend to reflect how long the lease is expected to be in effect, with terms and conditions varying by the type of underlying asset.
- Fixed and certain variable payments as well as lease incentives and certain other payments are included in the measurement of the lease liability (lessee) or lease receivable (lessor).

The Town monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement or modification of its leases. The Town will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) will remeasure the lease asset and liability (lessee) or the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources (lessor) if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability or lease receivable.

TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022

Note 2-Deposits and Investments:

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP).

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town's investments at June 30, 2022 were held in the Town's name by the Town's custodial bank.

Interest Rate Risk:

The Town has not adopted an investment policy for interest rate risk. Listed below are the Town's investments subject to investment rate risk and their corresponding maturity dates.

	Investment Maturities (in years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less 1 yr	1-5 yrs			
VACO/VML Virginia Investment Pool	\$ 10,560,515	\$ 10,292,939	\$ 267,576			

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Note 2-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk of Debt Securities</u>: The Town has not adopted an investment policy for credit risk. The Town's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2022 were rated by Standard + Poor's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the Standard + Poor's rating scale.

Town's Rated Debt Investments' Values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings					
		AAAm		AA+f	Total	
VACO/VML Virginia Investment Pool	\$	10,292,939	\$	267,576	\$ 10,560,515	

External Investment Pool: The primary government is a participant in the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP). VIP is a Section 115 governmental fund created under the Joint Exercise of Powers statute of the Commonwealth of Virginia to provide political subdivisions with an investment vehicle to pool surplus funds and to invest such funds into one or more investment portfolios under the direction and daily supervision of a professional fund manager. The VIP Trust is governed by a Board of Trustees. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Town has measured fair value of the above VACO/VML Investment Pool investment at the net asset value (NAV). VACO/VML VIP allows the Town to have the option to have access to withdrawal funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources, one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, and etc.).

Note 3-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

Governmental Business-type					
	Activities	A	ctivities		Total
	_				_
\$	426,428	\$	-	\$	426,428
	1,023,923		13,632		1,037,555
	161,465		-		161,465
	780,436		-		780,436
\$	2,392,252	\$	13,632	\$	2,405,884
		\$ 426,428 1,023,923 161,465 780,436	Activities Ad \$ 426,428 \$ 1,023,923 161,465 780,436	Activities Activities \$ 426,428 \$ - 1,023,923 13,632 161,465 - 780,436 -	Activities Activities \$ 426,428 \$ - \$ 1,023,923 13,632 161,465 - 780,436 -

Note 4-Interfund Activity:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Fund	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	-	\$	5,464,061	
Police Department Fund		-		51,545	
Cemetery Fund		169,365		-	
Capital Projects Fund		5,346,241		-	
Total	\$	5,515,606	\$	5,515,606	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Amounts due to or from the Water and Sewer and Stormwater Funds represent short-term interfund advances for operating and capital needs. This allows the Town to utilize one primary bank account for payment of all invoices and costs before the respective revenues are received in the given fund or program.

Fund	Due To		 Due From
General Fund	\$	9,405,272	\$ -
Water and Sewer Fund		-	8,898,962
Stormwater Fund		-	1,777,841
Vol. Fire Dept. Fund		3,415	-
Lifesaving and Rescue Fund		37,071	-
Police Fund		135,498	-
Recreation and Streets Fund		-	7,855
ARPA Fund		25,478	-
Cemetery Fund		-	94,890
Capital Projects Fund		1,172,814	-
Total	\$	10,779,548	\$ 10,779,548

Note 5-Long-term Obligations:

Governmental Activity Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Balance		Balance Increases/		Balance
	J	uly 1, 2021	Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2022
Direct Borrowings and Direct					
Placements - GO Bonds	\$	9,901,320	\$ 9,300,000	\$ (1,178,668)	18,022,652
Leases payable		-	868,014	(150,000)	718,014
Net OPEB liabilities		4,362,805	2,046,176	(2,008,102)	4,400,879
Compensated absences		3,318,354	2,607,701	(2,488,766)	3,437,289
Landfill closure/postclosure liability		534,868	40,112	-	574,980
Net pension liability		9,871,440	6,171,587	(12,009,727)	4,033,300
Total	\$	27,988,787	\$21,033,590	\$ (17,835,263)	\$ 31,187,114

For governmental activities, the above long-term obligations are generally liquidated in the General Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	D	irect Borrowi	ngs a	and Direct		
Year Ending		Placements	Lease Li	abilities		
June 30,	Principal			Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$	1,455,682	\$	273,568	\$ 177,550	\$ 5,242
2024		7,333,333		202,195	178,846	3,945
2025		1,019,099		134,346	180,151	2,640
2026		1,035,058		117,508	181,467	1,325
2027		829,111		102,737	-	-
2028-2032		3,595,875		342,576	-	-
2033-2036		2,754,494		92,514	-	-
Totals	\$	18,022,652	\$	1,265,444	\$718,014	\$ 13,152

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 5-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Governmental Activity Obligations: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

tong-term obtigations.	Total Amount	Amount Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - GO Bonds:		
\$9,999,900 general obligation refunding bond issued July 23, 2013, maturing annually with principal and interest payable semi-annually through August 1, 2034; interest rate is fixed at 1.62%	\$ 6,796,100	\$ 467,000
\$9,300,000 general obligation bond bearing interest at 1.48%, issued November 23, 2021, payable in semi-annual principal and interest installments through February 1, 2036.	8,970,122	581,136
\$3,083,000 general obligation bond bearing interest at 1.75%, issued March 16, 2021, payable in annual principal installments and semi-annual interest installments through August 1, 2029. 22% of this bond will be paid out of the general fund with the remainder to be paid out of the water and sewer fund.	610,430	72,546
\$2,014,000 general obligation bond issued September 1, 2015, maturing annually with principal and interest payable semi-annually through August 1, 2025; interest rate is fixed at 2.10%.	856,000	207,000
\$1,315,000 general obligation refunding bond issued June 23, 2016, maturing annually with principal and interest payable semi-annually through August 1, 2027; interest rate is fixed at 1.78%.	790,000	128,000
Total Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement - GO Bonds	\$ 18,022,652	\$ 1,455,682
Leases Liabilities: Body Camera Lease, \$868,014 issued on October 1, 2021, bearing interest at .73%. Annual payments of principal and interest of \$182,791 are made on October 1.	\$ 718,014	\$ 177,550
Other Obligations: Net OPEB liabilities Compensated absences Landfill closure/postclosure liability Net pension liability	\$ 4,400,879 3,437,289 574,980 4,033,300	\$ - 343,729 57,498
Total Other Obligations	\$ 12,446,448	\$ 401,227
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 31,187,114	\$ 2,034,459

TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 5-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Business-type Activity Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Enterprise Funds for the year ended June 30, 2022:

·	Balance July 1, 2021		Increases/ Issuances	Decreases/ Retirements	Balance June 30, 2022	
Direct Borrowings and Direct						
Placements - GO Bonds	\$	2,404,080	\$ -	\$ (242,829)	\$	2,161,251
Net OPEB liabilities		462,862	35,746	(153,472)		345,136
Compensated absences		467,404	237,292	(350,553)		354,143
Net pension liability		1,888,031	1,019,701	(2,221,516)		686,216
Total	\$	5,222,377	\$ 1,292,739	\$ (2,968,370)	\$	3,546,746

For the Enterprise Fund, the above long-term obligations are generally liquidated from the Water and Sewer Fund and Stormwater Fund.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings and Direct								
Year Ending		Placements - GO Bonds							
June 30,		Principal	I	nterest					
2023	\$	257,207	\$	28,060					
2024		260,465		24,488					
2025		264,382		20,866					
2026		268,167		17,192					
2027		271,819		13,466					
2028-2030		839,211		17,497					
Totals	\$	2,161,251	\$	121,569					

Note 5-Long-term Obligations: (Continued)

Business-type Activity Obligations: (Continued)

Details of long-term obligations:

-	Total Amount		nount Due in One Year
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - GO Bonds:			
\$3,083,000 general obligation bond bearing interest at 1.75%, issued March 16, 2021, payable in annual principal installments and semi-annual interest installments through August 1, 2029. 78% of this bond will be paid out of the water and sewer fund			
with the remainder paid out of the General fund.	\$ 2,161,251	\$	257,207
Total Direct Borrowing and Direct Placement - GO Bonds	\$ 2,161,251	\$	257,207
Other Obligations:			
Net OPEB liabilities	\$ 345,136	\$	-
Compensated absences	354,143		35,415
Net pension liability	686,216		-
Total Other Obligations	\$ 1,385,495	\$	35,415
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 3,546,746	\$	292,622

Arbitrage Rebate Compliance:

As of June 30, 2022, and for the year then ended, the Town was not liable for any amounts due under current rules governing arbitrage earnings.

Debt Purpose:

All of the bonds issued in either the governmental activities or business-type activities as listed above were issued for capital projects, land purchases, or refunding bonds previously issued for capital projects.

Legal Debt Margin:

The Town is subject to a debt limit that is 10 percent of the full valuation of taxable real estate. At June 30, 2022, that amount was \$240,371,340. As of June 30, 2022, the total outstanding debt applicable to the limit was \$20,183,903 which is 8.40 percent of the total debt limit.

Events of Default:

The Town's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to both governmental activities and business-type activities of \$20,183,903 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the Town is unable to make payment.

Note 6-Pension Plan:

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

Benefit Structures

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

- a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013 are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	131
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	43
Non-vested inactive members	106
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	95
Total inactive members	244
Active members	235
Total covered employees	610

TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Town's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022 was 12.30% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$1,585,282 and \$1,456,574 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net pension. The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on the VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, postretirement healthy, and disabled) Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a

modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020

Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set

separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid;

changed final retirement age

Withdrawal Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and

service decrement through 9 years of service

Disability Rates No change
Salary Scale No change
Line of Duty Disability No change
Discount Rate No change

TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Town's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally with a Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. retirement healthy, and disabled)

Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality

Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality

improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality

Improvement Scale MP-2020

Retirement Rates Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed

final retirement age from 65 to 70

Withdrawal Rates Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age

and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals

Largest 10 Hazardous Duty

Disability Rates No change
Salary Scale No change
Line of Duty Disability No change
Discount Rate No change

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Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	5.00%	1.70%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.57%	0.09%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	4.49%	0.63%
Real Assets	14.00%	4.76%	0.67%
Private Equity	14.00%	9.94%	1.39%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.29%	0.20%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.84%	0.21%
Total	100.00%		4.89%
		Inflation	2.50%
Expect	ed arithmetic	nominal return*	7.39%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year expected return of 7.39%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. These results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.94%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

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^{*}On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75% which was roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

TOWN OF CHRISTIANSBURG, VIRGINIA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the Town was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2021 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

		Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	_	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	52,214,157	\$_	40,454,686	\$_	11,759,471	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost	\$	1,436,302	\$	-	\$	1,436,302	
Interest		3,451,399		-		3,451,399	
Difference between expected and actual experience		(815,516)		-		(815,516)	
Assumption changes		2,098,378		-		2,098,378	
Contributions - employer		-		1,519,956		(1,519,956)	
Contributions - employee		-		586,672		(586,672)	
Net investment income		-		11,129,839		(11,129,839)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	5	(2,164,626)		(2,164,626)		-	
Administrative expenses		-		(27,006)		27,006	
Other changes		-		1,057		(1,057)	
Net changes	\$	4,005,937	\$	11,045,892	\$	(7,039,955)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$_	56,220,094	\$	51,500,578	\$_	4,719,516	

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the Town using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	Rate					
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	
Town's						
Net Pension Liability (Asset) \$	12,814,502	\$	4,719,516	\$	(1,881,843)	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized pension expense of \$770,400. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 178,404 \$	597,934
Change in assumptions	1,771,670	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	5,552,504
Change in proportionate shares	145,678	145,678
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,585,282	
Total	\$ 3,681,034 \$	6,296,116

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022

Note 6-Pension Plan: (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$1,585,282 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2023	\$ (497,454)
2024	(807, 350)
2025	(1,215,162)
2026	(1,680,398)
2027	-
Thereafter	-

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at https://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

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Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2022

Note 7-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:	-	_		. –		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$	8,193,117 \$	-	\$	- \$	8,193,117
Construction in progress		12,958,974	12,260,678	_	(10,307,815)	14,911,837
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	21,152,091 \$	12,260,678	\$	(10,307,815) \$	23,104,954
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	35,295,424 \$	1,071,818	\$	- \$	36,367,242
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		22,446,508	1,667,334		(32,071)	24,081,771
Infrastructure	_	140,846,755	9,691,548	_	<u> </u>	150,538,303
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	198,588,687 \$	12,430,700	\$_	(32,071) \$	210,987,316
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings and improvements	\$	(11,176,478) \$	(1,012,294)	\$	- \$	(12,188,772)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		(13,851,408)	(1,437,371)		18,223	(15,270,556)
Infrastructure	_	(48,104,118)	(3,555,590)		<u> </u>	(51,659,708)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(73,132,004) \$	(6,005,255)	. \$ _	18,223 \$	(79,119,036)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	125,456,683 \$	6,425,445	\$_	(13,848) \$	131,868,280
Intangible right-to-use assets:						
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	\$_	- \$	868,014	\$	- \$	868,014
Total intangibile right-to-use assets being depreciated	\$_	- \$	868,014	\$_	\$_	868,014
Accumulated amortization						
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	\$_	- \$	(129,370)		\$_	(129,370)
Total accumulated amortization	\$_	- \$	(129,370)	\$	\$	(129,370)
Net intangible right-to-use assets	\$_	\$	738,644	\$_	\$_	738,644
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>_</u>	146,608,774 \$	19,424,767	\$	(10,321,663) \$	155,711,878

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 7-Capital Assets: (Continued)							
		Beginning					Ending
		Balance		Increases		Decreases	Balance
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	12,500	\$	-	\$	- \$	12,500
Construction in progress		3,783,287		825,518		(773,769)	3,835,036
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$	3,795,787	\$	825,518	\$	(773,769) \$	3,847,536
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	\$	8,177,984	\$	498,388	\$	- \$	8,676,372
Utility plant and equipment		81,444,829		3,161,299		(61,841)	84,544,287
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	89,622,813	\$	3,659,687	\$	(61,841) \$	93,220,659
Accumulated depreciation:							
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	\$	(5,019,662)	\$	(468,119)	\$	- \$	(5,487,781)
Utility plant and equipment		(39,132,584)		(2,011,586)		4,643	(41,139,527)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(44,152,246)	\$	(2,479,705)	\$	4,643 \$	(46,627,308)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	45,470,567	\$_	1,179,982	\$_	(57,198) \$	46,593,351
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	49,266,354	\$_	2,005,500	\$	(830,967) \$	50,440,887

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the Town as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	172,937
Public safety		984,819
Public works		4,231,564
Parks, recreation, and cultural		745,305
	_	_
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$_	6,134,625
	-	
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	\$	2,256,969
Stormwater	_	222,736
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$_	2,479,705
	-	

Note 8-Risk Management:

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to the following: torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town employs a variety of risk management techniques, including the purchase of commercial insurance, participation in insurance pools, and self - insurance. The Town risk management programs are as follows:

Workers' Compensation - Workers' compensation insurance is provided through VACORP. During 2021-2022, total premiums paid were \$240,844. Benefits are those afforded through the State of Virginia as outlined in the Code of Virginia Section 65.2-100; premiums are based on covered payroll, job rates, and claims history.

General Liability and Other - The Town has general, automobile, property, and public officials' liability insurance through VACORP. Boiler and machinery coverage and property insurance are covered as per statement of values. Total premiums for 2021-2022 were \$387,911.

Self-Insurance - The Town established a limited risk management program for health insurance in fiscal year 2015. Premiums are paid into the health plan fund from the Town and are available to pay claims, and administrative costs of the program. During the fiscal year 2022, a total of \$1,909,944 was paid by the Town in benefits and administrative costs. The risk assumed by the Town is based on the number of participants in the program. The risk varies by the number of participants and their specific plan type (Keycare, Bluecare, etc.). Incurred but not reported claims of \$212,051 have been accrued as a liability based primarily on actual cost incurred prior to June 30 but paid after year-end. Liabilities are determined using a combination of actual claims experience and actuarially determined amounts and include incremental claim adjustment expenses and estimated recoveries. An independent contractor processes claims and the Town records a provision and liability in the government-wide statements and General Fund (current portion only) for an estimate of incurred but not reported claims. The Town has also assigned a portion of fund balance in the General Fund of \$376,681 to mitigate the risk of these claims.

Changes in the claims liability for the current and two prior fiscal years are as follows:

				Current Year			
		Balance at		Claims and			Balance at
		Beginning of		Changes in		Claim	End of
Fiscal Year	_	Fiscal Year	_	Estimates		Payments	Fiscal Year
			_		-	_	
2021-22	\$	212,051	\$	1,909,944	\$	(1,909,944) \$	212,051
2020-21		212,051		1,483,593		(1,483,593)	212,051
2019-20		212,086		1,671,636		(1,671,671)	212,051

Other - There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year and no settlements that exceeded the amount of insurance coverage during the last three fiscal years.

All Town employees are covered by a blanket bond in the amount of \$10,000. Additionally, the Treasurer and Town Manager are covered by surety bonds in the amount of \$100,000 each. The surety is United States Fidelity and Guaranty.

Note 8-Risk Management: (Continued)

Intergovernmental dependency - The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the Commonwealth of Virginia. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury securities.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 the Town received direct funding from the federal and state government as follows:

Law Enforcement funds	\$ 463,329
Street Maintenance funds	3,921,427
Sales Taxes	2,706,608
Non-Categorical State Aid	1,147,013
Federal and State grants	2,890,176
Total	\$ 11,128,553

Note 9-Town Health Savings Service Merit - Pay-as-you-go (OPEB Plan):

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The Town of Christiansburg, VA Service Merit (OPEB) Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the Town's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Benefits Provided

Postemployment benefits from the Service Merit Plan are provided to eligible retirees. Eligible retirees receive a Service Merit of \$10 per month for each year of service to the Town until attaining age 65 or Medicare eligibility, whichever occurs first. Upon attaining age 65 or Medicare eligibility, eligible retirees receive a Service Merit of \$100 per month for the remainder of their lifetime. Service Merit monies are deposited into the retiree's ICMA Retirement Health Savings (RHS) plan in compliance with IRS regulations. Upon death the benefits cease and are non-transferrable; however, monies already in the retiree's RHS account may be directed to a beneficiary. Employees become eligible for the Service Merit Plan when retiring directly from the Town with 20 or more years of service at retirement and meeting various Virginia Retirement System (VRS) eligibility criteria.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2022 (measurement date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active Participants	211
Inactive Participants	36
Total Participants	247

Note 9-Town Health Savings Service Merit - Pay-as-you-go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Contributions

The Town does not pre-fund benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the Town Council. The amount paid by the Town for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$79,337.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2021, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary Increases The total salary rate consists of an inflation rate of 2.50%, a

productivity component of 1.00%, and a variable component that is based on years of service, with total increases ranging from

3.25% to 4.75%

Discount Rate 3.54% for accounting and funding disclosures as of June 30, 2022

Participation Rate 100% participation is assumed.

The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale AA with males set forward 2 years (5 years for Public Safety employees) and females set back 3 years. The mortality rates for inactive and healthy retirees was RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale AA with females set back 1 year. The mortality tables for inactive and disabled retirees was RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Tables with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The date of the most recent actuarial experience study for which significant assumptions were based is not available.

Note 9-Town Health Savings Service Merit - Pay-as-you-go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index. The final equivalent single discount rate used for this year's valuation is 3.54% as of the end of the fiscal year with the expectation that the Town will continue paying the pay-go cost from operating funds.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)
	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 2,672,411
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	\$ 70,258
Interest on total OPEB liability	58,390
Changes in assumptions	(465,222)
Differences between expected and actual experience	117,201
Benefit payments	(79,337)
Net changes:	(298,710)
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,373,701

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.54%) or one percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

			Di	scount Rate		
,	19	% Decrease		Current	1	% Increase
		(2.54%)		(3.54%)		(4.54%)
,	\$	2,698,978	\$	2,373,701	\$	2,101,159

Note 9-Town Health Savings Service Merit - Pay-as-you-go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Because the Town's OPEB Plan is based on a set dollar amount instead of healthcare the trend rate has no impact on the calculation as indicated below:

Heathcare Cost Trend Rates						
19	% Decrease		Current	19	% Increase	
\$	2,373,701	\$	2,373,701	\$	2,373,701	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$127,594. At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 105,118	\$ 50,461
Change in assumptions	328,186	456,543
Total	\$ 433,304	\$ 507,004

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended J	lune 30	
2023	\$	(1,054)
2024		(1,054)
2025		(1,054)
2026		(1,220)
2027		(2,840)
Thereaft	ter	(66,478)

Additional disclosures on changes in OPEB liability, related ratios, and employer contributions can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

Note 10-OPEB - Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program:

Plan Description

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Line of Duty Act Program (LODA) was established pursuant to §9.1-400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA Program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System). Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in FY 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the System's actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers.

The specific information for LODA OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

Eligible Employees

All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities as well as and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) are automatically covered by the LODA Program. As required by statute, the Virginia Retirement System (the System) is responsible for managing the assets of the program.

Benefit Amounts

The LODA program death benefit is a one-time payment made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries of a covered individual. Amounts vary as follows: \$100,000 when a death occurs as the direct or proximate result of performing duty as of January 1, 2006, or after; \$25,000 when the cause of death is attributed to one of the applicable presumptions and occurred earlier than five years after the retirement date; or an additional \$20,000 benefit is payable when certain members of the National Guard and U.S. military reserves are killed in action in any armed conflict on or after October 7, 2001.

The LODA program also provides health insurance benefits. The health insurance benefits are managed through the Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM). The health benefits are modeled after the State Employee Health Benefits Program plans and provide consistent, premium-free continued health plan coverage for LODA-eligible disabled individuals, survivors and family members.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2022

Note 10-OPEB - Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the LODA Program are governed by §9.1-400.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the LODA Program for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$722.55 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and represents the pay-as-you-go funding rate and not the full actuarial cost of the benefits under the program. The actuarially determined pay-as-you-go rate was expected to finance the costs and related expenses of benefits payable during the year. Contributions to the LODA from the entity were \$75,507 and \$74,063 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the entity reported a liability of \$2,372,314 for its proportionate share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability. The Net LODA OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total LODA OPEB liability used to calculate the Net LODA OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The entity's proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability was based on the entity's actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions to the LODA OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 relative to the total of the actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the entity's proportion was 0.53800% as compared to 0.51410% at June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the entity recognized LODA OPEB expense \$226,550. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the LODA OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

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Note 10-OPEB - Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

LODA OPEB Liabilities, LODA OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the LODA OPEB: (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the entity reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outf of Resource		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 197,	787 \$	359,189
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on LODA OPEB program investments		-	13,737
Change in assumptions	656,	498	113,479
Change in proportionate share	153,	610	84,186
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	75,	507	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 1,083,	402 \$	570,591

\$75,507 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB resulting from the entity's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net LODA OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA OPEB will be recognized in LODA OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30		
2023	Ś	62,594
2024	*	63,226
2025		63,412
2026		63,609
2027		66,894
Thereafter		117,569

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 10-OPEB - Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total LODA OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation:

Locality employees N/A

Medical cost trend rates assumption:

Under age 65 7.00%-4.75% Ages 65 and older 5.375%-4.75%

Year of ultimate trend rate:

Under age 65 Fiscal year ended 2029 Age 65 and older Fiscal year ended 2024

Investment rate of return 2.16%, including inflation*

^{*} Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 2.16% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

Note 10-OPEB - Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally, 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Deacreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change

Note 10-OPEB - Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Net LODA OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the LODA Program represents the program's total OPEB liability, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2021, NOL amounts for the LODA Program are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	LO	DA Program
Total LODA OPEB Liability	\$	448,542
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	·	7,553
LODA Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	440,989
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total LODA OPEB Liability		1.68%

The total LODA OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA OPEB Program's investments was set at 2.16% for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS Pooled Investments 6.75% assumption. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 2.16% was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total LODA OPEB liability was 2.16%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and that they will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the rate contributed by participating employers to the LODA OPEB Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly.

Note 10-OPEB - Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program: (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate:

		Discount Rate							
	19	% Decrease		Current	1% Increase				
		(1.16%)		(2.16%)	(3.16%)				
Town's proportionate									
share of the LODA									
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,729,031	\$	2,372,314	\$	2,088,873			

Sensitivity of the Covered Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

Because the LODA Program contains a provision for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability using the health care trend rate of 7.00% decreasing to 4.75%, as well as what the covered employer's proportionate share of the net LODA OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%) or one percentage point higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate:

	Health Care Trend Rates								
	(6.00	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%)		Current 0% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%)				
Town's proportionate share of total LODA Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,946,544	\$	2,372,314	\$	2,918,239			

LODA OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LODA Program Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2021 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2021 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2021-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 11-OPEB Summary:

	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB	
		Outflows		Inflows		Liabilities		Expense
Town Health Savings Service Merit Plan (Note 9) VRS OPEB Plan:	\$	433,304	\$	507,004	\$	2,373,701	\$	127,594
Line of Duty Act Program (Note 10)		1,083,402		570,591		2,372,314		226,550
Totals	\$	1,516,706	\$	1,077,595	\$	4,746,015	\$	354,144

Note 12-Deferred/ Unavailable Revenue:

Deferred and unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis, assessments for future periods are deferred.

		Government-wide		Balance
		Statements		Sheet
	_	Governmental		Governmental
	_	Activities	_	Funds
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	¢	_	\$	249,105
available for the funding of current expenditures	ڔ	_	Ļ	249,103
Tax assessments due after June 30		5,432,825		5,432,825
Prepaid property taxes due after June 30 but paid in advance by taxpayers		4,774		4,774
Lease related items		2,532,381		2,532,381
Unavailable EMS billing revenue representing uncollected billings that are not available for the				
funding of current expenditures	_	-		109,385
	\$_	7,969,980	\$	8,328,470

Note 13-Contingencies:

In October 2002, the Town received a loan/grant of \$675,000 from the Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development for the construction of low-income housing for low income at-risk youth. The facility, Tekoa Boys Home, was to be built, run, and maintained by Community Housing Partners, Inc. (CHP). The loan is secured by this facility and will be forgiven at the end of the 20-year term provided that the original purpose continues to be met. In the event that CHP defaults on the terms of the agreement, the funds must be repaid to the Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development by the Town. During fiscal year 2010, the home was converted to other uses and the Virginia Department of Housing and Community Development has approved that change and current use.

Note 13-Contingencies: (Continued)

Federal programs in which the Town participates were audited in accordance with the provisions of Uniform Guidance. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 14-Commitments:

At June 30, 2022, the Town had the following outstanding construction commitments:

Project	Amount of Contract	Amount Outstanding	Accounts Payable				Retainage Payable
Christiansburg Park	\$ 16,814,611	\$ 7,626,176	\$	1,099,168	\$	437,421	
Hickok Street Improvements	322,470	67,936		3,884		-	
Arbor Drive-Peppers Ferry Intersection	1,195,130	427,603		252,902		-	
Roanoke Street Sidewalks	113,334	1,040		347		-	
Town Road Interestion	379,206	88,872		230		-	
College Street Drainage	300,875	298,388		2,487		-	
Total	\$ 19,125,626	\$ 8,510,015	\$	1,359,018	\$	437,421	

Note 15-Contributed Capital:

The Town received infrastructure of \$1,264,170 and \$1,123,360 in the Water and Sewer Fund and Stormwater Funds, respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 16-Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs:

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its landfill site, as well as other sites opened in the future when they stop accepting waste, and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Town is required to record a portion of these closure and postclosure costs as a long-term liability in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The Town subsequently closed the landfill and postclosure monitoring is expected to continue for ten years. The \$574,980 liability for postclosure care costs at June 30, 2022 represents the estimated liability based on the usage of 100% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The liability accrued at June 30, 2022 is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2022. Actual costs may differ from this estimate due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2022

Note 17-Fund Balances:

Note 17-Fullu Balances.		Special			
		Revenue	Cemetery	Capital Projects	
	General Fund	Funds	Fund	Fund	Total
Nonspendable:					
Perpetual care	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 957,849	\$ -	\$ 957,849
Prepaid items	75,546	-	-	-	75,546
Restricted:					
Law enforcement	-	92,886	-	-	92,886
Fire department	-	486,245	-	-	486,245
Lifesaving-rescue squad	-	1,162,910	-	-	1,162,910
ARPA grant expenditures	-	8,543	-	-	8,543
Parks and recreation	-	111,914	-	-	111,914
Unspent bond proceeds - Park bond	-	-	-	3,102,987	3,102,987
Assigned:					
Ambulance for rescue	252,716	-	-	-	252,716
Emergency serv. building	2,056,349	-	-	-	2,056,349
Ladder truck	274,686	-	-	-	274,686
Reserve for wastewater infrastructure	2,232,687	-	-	-	2,232,687
Construction of connector road	906,585	-	-	-	906,585
Public works building	735,500	-	-	-	735,500
New ERP system	1,144,805	-	-	-	1,144,805
Reserve for health insurance	376,681	-	-	-	376,681
New regional park	15,521	-	-	1,552,013	1,567,534
New retaining wall	361,527	-	-	-	361,527
Columbarium - cemetery	-	-	127,524	-	127,524
Aquatic center repairs/renov.	1,201,602	-	-	-	1,201,602
Capital projects	1,050,762	-	-	-	1,050,762
Unassigned	28,461,698	-	-	-	28,461,698
Total	\$39,146,665	\$ 1,862,498	\$ 1,085,373	\$ 4,655,000	\$46,749,536

Note 18-Litigation:

As of June 30, 2022, there is only one matter of litigation involving the Town which would materially affect the Town's financial position should a court decision on pending matters not be favorable. The Town has been sued by a construction company for \$700,721 in damages, plus interest, costs, and attorney fees. The Town has since filed a similar suit against the engineering firm for the same project. At the present time, no reasonable estimate of a liability (if any) can be made relative to this claim and accordingly no liability has been recorded in the financial statements.

Note 19-COVID-19 Funding/Unearned Revenues:

ARPA Funding:

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

In total, the Town received \$3,115,411. As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpended by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. Unspent funds in the amount of \$2,741,924 from the allocation are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

Note 20-Leases Receivable:

The following is a summary of leases receivable transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Beginning							
	Balance,	Balance, Increases/			ecreases/	Ending	Ir	iterest
	as adjusted	Issuances		Retirements		Balance	R	evenue
Leases receivable	\$ 2,909,950	\$	-	\$	(360,420)	\$ 2,549,530	\$	58,792

Lease revenue recognized during the fiscal year was \$360,420.

Details of leases receivable:

Lease Description	Start Date	End Date	Payment Frequency	Discount Rate	Ending Balance	Amount Due Within One Year
AT&T Tower Lease	6/30/2021	6/14/2025	Monthly	3.00%	\$ 46,835	\$ 15,599
T-Mobile Lease	6/30/2021	9/1/2023	Monthly	3.00%	22,202	18,983
SBA Towers	6/30/2021	8/25/2024	Monthly	2.00%	25,030	12,390
US Cellular - Warren St	6/30/2021	9/21/2025	Monthly	2.00%	43,094	13,315
US Cellular - Applewood	6/30/2021	10/3/2027	Monthly	3.00%	173,248	30,933
NRV Unwired	6/30/2021	9/26/2023	Monthly	3.00%	17,863	15,273
Verizon - Warren ST	6/30/2021	9/21/2026	Monthly	2.00%	53,136	16,418
Verizon - Woodrow	6/30/2021	3/16/2041	Monthly	3.00%	536,353	21,768
VT Aquatic Building Rental	6/30/2021	8/31/2029	Annual	1.78%	1,631,769	220,955
Total					\$ 2,549,530	\$ 365,634

There are no variable payments for any of the lease receivables above.

Note 21—Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The Town implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Statement No. 87, *Leases* requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. No restatement of beginning net position was required as a result of this implementation. Using the facts and circumstances that existed at the beginning of the year of implementation, the following balances were recognized as of July 1, 2021 related to the lease(s):

Primary Government:

		Governmental Activities		General Fund
Lessor activity:	_			
Leases receivable	\$_	2,909,950	\$	2,909,950
	=		į	
Deferred inflows of resources leases	\$_	2,909,950	\$	2,909,950

Note 22-Subsequent Events:

Subsequent to June 30, 2022, the Town entered into or amended the following contracts:

- Entered into a contract for construction and paving for Roanoke Street in the amount of \$1,048,000.
- Entered into a contract amendment with an engineering firm for the Buffalo Water Tank replacement project in the amount of \$158,950.
- Approved a contract for the purchase of four police patrol vehicles in the amount of \$154,180.
- Approved a contract for the purchase of a replacement generator in the amount of \$135,621.

Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements:

Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Note 23-Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, enhances the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from April 2022 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. It aligns the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.



Town of Christiansburg, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES		Budgeted Original	l Am	nounts Final		Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Fii	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General property taxes	\$	4,933,105	\$	4,933,105	\$	5,201,754	ς	268,649
Other local taxes	7	14,396,100	~	15,146,100	~	19,360,505	~	4,214,405
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		286,150		286,150		303,076		16,926
Fines and forfeitures		35,500		35,500		47,208		11,708
Revenue from the use of money and property		475,000		475,000		760,395		285,395
Charges for services		2,821,250		2,821,250		2,662,078		(159,172)
Miscellaneous		215,590		215,590		184,010		(31,580)
Intergovernmental:		213,370		213,370		101,010		(31,300)
Commonwealth		5,392,994		5,392,994		5,539,212		146,218
Total revenues	Ś	28,555,689	Ś	29,305,689	\$	34,058,238	\$	4,752,549
	<u> </u>				•	- 1,111)		.,,-
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government administration	\$	4,697,181	\$	4,935,003	\$	3,920,416	\$	1,014,587
Public safety		10,371,345		10,371,345		10,624,494		(253,149)
Public works		7,673,734		7,713,534		6,514,149		1,199,385
Health and welfare		4,719		4,719		4,719		-
Parks, recreation, and cultural		5,432,207		5,467,891		4,995,148		472,743
Community development		1,716,721		1,757,071		1,606,800		150,271
Debt service:								
Principal		1,039,030		1,039,030		1,328,668		(289,638)
Interest and other fiscal charges		249,758		249,758		182,702		67,056
Total expenditures	\$	31,184,695	\$	31,538,351	\$	29,177,096	\$	2,361,255
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(2,629,006)	\$	(2,232,662)	\$	4,881,142	\$	7,113,804
·	<u> </u>	, -,	•	. , , ,	<u> </u>	. ,	•	. ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(6,740,417)	\$	(6,740,417)	\$	(5,464,061)	\$	1,276,356
Issuance of leases		-		-		868,014		868,014
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(6,740,417)	\$	(6,740,417)	\$	(4,596,047)	\$	2,144,370
Net change in fund balances	\$	(9,369,423)	\$	(8,973,079)	\$	285,095	\$	9,258,174
Fund balances - beginning		9,369,423		8,973,079		38,861,570		29,888,491
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,146,665	\$	39,146,665

Note 1: GAAP serves as the budgetary basis of accounting

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia ARPA Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Original	l Am	ounts <u>Final</u>	_	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property Intergovernmental:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,543	\$	8,543
Federal		3,115,411		3,115,411		396,477		(2,718,934)
Total revenues	\$	3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$	405,020	\$	(2,710,391)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$	373,487	\$	2,741,924
Community development		-		-		22,990		-
Total expenditures	\$	3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$	396,477	\$	2,741,924
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,543	\$	31,533
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,543	\$	31,533
Fund balances - beginning	-	-	Ś	-	Ś	0 542	Ċ	- 24 E22
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\	8,543	\$	31,533

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Town OPEB For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2018 through 2022

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	70,258	\$ 68,399	\$ 50,378	\$ 55,206	\$ 58,473
Interest		58,390	58,119	78,337	79,914	73,326
Changes of assumptions		(465,222)	18,136	382,538	104,088	(102,637)
Differences between expected and actual experience		117,201	-	(72,088)	-	-
Benefit payments		(79,337)	(66,919)	(64,078)	(58,185)	(53,872)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(298,710)	\$ 77,735	\$ 375,087	\$ 181,023	\$ (24,710)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,672,411	2,594,676	2,219,589	2,038,566	2,063,276
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,373,701	\$ 2,672,411	\$ 2,594,676	\$ 2,219,589	\$ 2,038,566
	·			\$		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	12,649,789	\$ 12,328,382	11,999,939	\$ 11,514,955	\$ 10,661,914
Town's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll		18.76%	21.68%	21.62%	19.28%	19.12%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Town OPEB For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 7/1/2021 Measurement Date: 6/30/2022

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Discount Rate	3.54% as of June 30, 2022
Inflation	2.50% per year as of June 30, 2022
Salary Increase Rates	The total salary rate consists of an inflation rate of 2.50%, a productivity component of 1.00%, and a variable component that is based on years of service, with total increases ranging from 3.25% to 4.75%
Participation Rate	The assumed participation rate is 100%
Retirement Age	The average age at retirement is 65
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale AA with males set forward 2 years (5 years for Public Safety employees) and females set back 3 years. The mortality rates for inactive and healthy retirees was RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Tables projected to 2020 using Scale AA with females set back 1 year. The mortality tables for inactive and disabled retirees was RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Tables with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Employer's Share of Net LODA OPEB Liability Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2021

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)	Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total LODA OPEB Liability (6)
2021	0.5380% \$	2,372,314	N/A	N/A	1.68%
2020	0.5141%	2,153,256	N/A	N/A	1.02%
2019	0.5456%	1,957,465	N/A	N/A	0.79%
2018	0.5233%	1,641,000	N/A	N/A	0.60%
2017	0.5011%	1,317,000	N/A	N/A	1.30%

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of the employees in the OPEB plan.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2022

Date	ontractually Required ontribution (1)	 Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	 Covered- Employee Payroll * (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered - Employee Payroll (5)
2022	\$ 75,507	\$ 75,507	\$ -	\$ N/A	N/A
2021	74,063	74,063	-	N/A	N/A
2020	69,871	69,871	-	N/A	N/A
2019	73,223	73,223	-	N/A	N/A
2018	55,744	55,744	-	N/A	N/A
2017	54,042	54,042	-	N/A	N/A

^{*} The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the Program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of employees in the OPEB plan.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2017 is the first year for this presentation, only six years of data are available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information Line of Duty Act (LODA) Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Employees in the Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers with Public Safety Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability	l								
Service cost	∽	1,436,302 \$	1,404,867 \$	1,280,264 \$	1,239,714 \$	1,289,347 \$	1,280,862 \$	1,263,483 \$	1,218,068
Interest		3,451,399	3,253,776	3,118,589	2,982,616	2,872,601	2,759,557	2,767,954	2,617,701
Changes in benefit terms						15,091			
Differences between expected and actual experience		(815,516)	404,232	(166,199)	(132,342)	(270,061)	(513,834)	(2,435,426)	
Changes of assumptions		2,098,378		1,562,917	•	(239,818)	•	,	
Benefit payments		(2,164,626)	(2,105,620)	(2,179,887)	(2,115,148)	(2,075,883)	(1,747,447)	(1,684,483)	(1,694,123)
Net change in total pension liability	ا	4,005,937 \$	2,957,255 \$	3,615,684 \$	1,974,840 \$	1,591,277 \$	1,779,138 \$	(88,472) \$	2,141,646
Total pension liability - beginning		52,214,157	49,256,902	45,641,218	43,666,378	42,075,101	40,295,963	40,384,435	38,242,789
Total pension liability - ending (a)	پ	56,220,094 \$	52,214,157 \$	49,256,902 \$	45,641,218 \$	43,666,378 \$	42,075,101 \$	40,295,963 \$	40,384,435
:	ļ								
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	s	1,519,956 \$	1,263,285 \$	1,219,011 \$	1,194,090 \$	1,175,271 \$	1,434,651 \$	1,411,075 \$	1,350,284
Contributions - employee		586,672	571,472	549,979	530,617	527,321	534,433	529,905	521,352
Net investment income		11,129,839	763,892	2,529,397	2,629,672	3,910,906	561,458	1,373,398	4,047,352
Benefit payments		(2,164,626)	(2,105,620)	(2,179,887)	(2,115,148)	(2,075,883)	(1,747,447)	(1,684,483)	(1,694,123)
Administrator charges		(27,006)	(25,709)	(24,784)	(22,533)	(22,474)	(19, 100)	(18,251)	(21,472)
Other		1,057	(912)	(1,596)	(2,352)	(3,487)	(235)	(292)	213
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	Ş	11,045,892 \$	466,408 \$	2,092,120 \$	2,214,346 \$	3,511,654 \$	763,760 \$	1,611,352 \$	4,203,606
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		40,454,686	39,988,278	37,896,158	35,681,812	32,170,158	31,406,398	29, 795, 046	25,591,440
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		51,500,578 \$	40,454,686 \$	39,988,278 \$	37,896,158 \$	35,681,812 \$	32,170,158 \$	31,406,398 \$	29,795,046
Town's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	٠	4.719.516 \$	11.759.471 \$	9.268.624 \$	7.745.060 \$	7.984.566 \$	9.904.943 \$	8,889,565 \$	10,589,389
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		20	77 48%	84 18 84	83 03%	×1 71%	76.46%	77 04%	73 78%
pension nability (asset)		%10.1 k	.7.40%	%01.10	%co.co	%17.10	0.40%	01.74%	v9/:5/
Covered payroll	\$	12,328,382 \$	11,999,939 \$	11,514,955 \$	11,001,500 \$	10,699,440 \$	10,802,760 \$	10,590,336 \$	10,424,574
Town's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		38.28%	98.00%	80.49%	70.40%	74.63%	91.69%	83.94%	101.58%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Employer Contributions - Pension Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2022

				Contributions in Relation to					Contributions
Date		Contractually Required Contribution (1)*		Contractually Required Contribution (2)*		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)		Covered Payroll (4)	as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2022	- \$		\$	1,585,282	\$	- (5)	\$	12,649,789	12.53%
2021	,	1,456,574	•	1,456,574	•	-	•	12,328,382	11.81%
2020		1,263,319		1,263,319		-		11,999,939	10.53%
2019		1,222,062		1,222,062		-		11,514,955	10.61%
2018		1,194,090		1,194,090		-		11,001,500	10.85%
2017		1,175,271		1,175,271		-		10,699,440	10.98%
2016		1,434,651		1,434,651		-		10,802,760	13.28%
2015		1,411,075		1,411,075		-		10,590,336	13.32%
2014		1,359,364		1,359,364		-		10,424,574	13.04%
2013		1,348,406		1,348,406		-		10,340,538	13.04%

^{*}Excludes contributions (mandatory and match on voluntary) to the defined contribution portion of the Hybrid plan.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

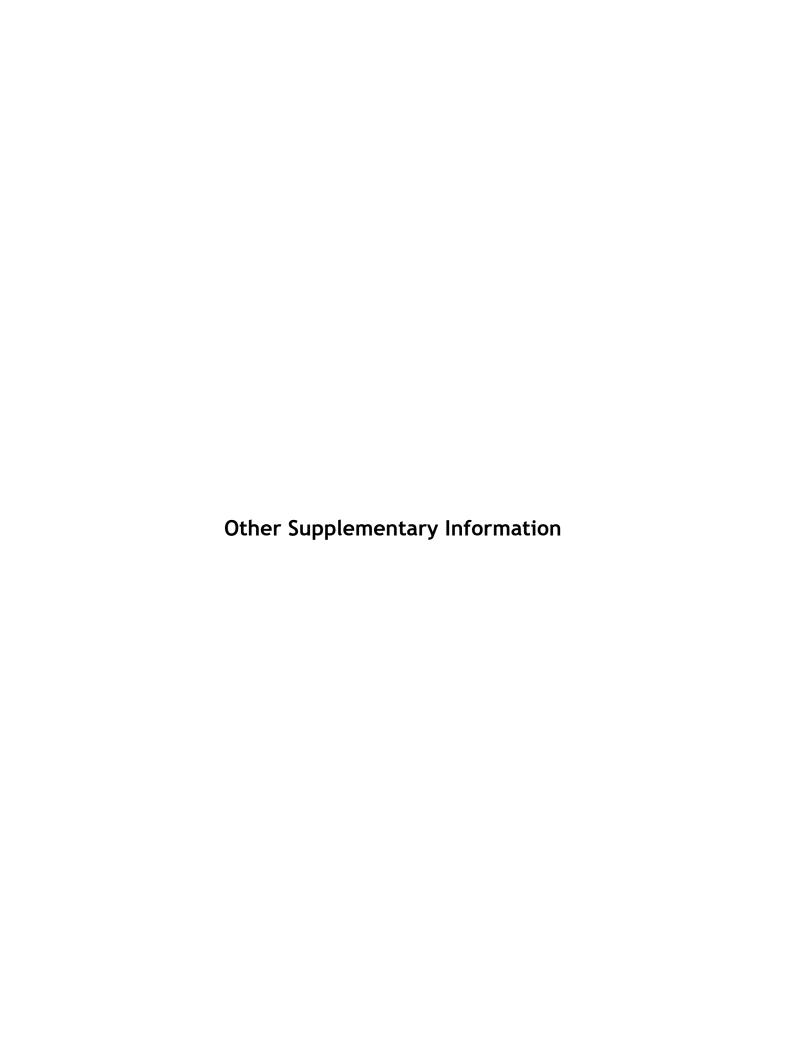
Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to Pub-2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal Rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	No change
Discount Rate	No change



Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds									ermanent Fund		
	Volunteer Fire Dept.		Lifesaving and Rescue		Police Department		Recreation and Streets		(Cemetery		
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>			<u>Total</u>
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	127,524	\$	127,524
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		489,660		1,070,079		75,766		103,196		868,835		2,607,536
Accounts receivable, net of allowance		-		271,733		-		-		-		271,733
Due from other governmental units		-		-		154,847		863		-		155,710
Due from other funds		-		-		-		7,855		94,890		102,745
Total assets	\$	489,660	\$	1,341,812	\$	230,613	\$	111,914	\$	1,091,249	\$	3,265,248
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$		\$	32,446	Ś	2,229	Ś	_	\$	5,876	\$	40,551
Due to other funds	*	3,415	*	37,071	~	135,498	7	_	*	-	*	175,984
Total liabilities	\$	3,415	\$	69,517	\$	137,727	\$	-	\$	5,876	\$	216,535
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable revenue - EMS billings	\$	-	\$	109,385	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	109,385
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	957,849	\$	957,849
Restricted		486,245		1,162,910		92,886		111,914		-		1,853,955
Assigned		-		-		-		-		127,524		127,524
Total fund balances	\$	486,245	\$	1,162,910	\$	92,886	\$	111,914	\$	1,085,373	\$	2,939,328
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	489,660	\$	1,341,812	\$	230,613	\$	111,914	\$	1,091,249	\$	3,265,248

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Special Rev	Permanent Fund Cemetery							
	Volunteer Fire Dept.		Lifesaving and Rescue				Police Department					
REVENUES		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	2,062	Ś	6,870	\$	384	Ś	473	\$	3,924	\$	13,713
Charges for services	*	-,002	*	954,720	*	-	~	-	*	166,320	*	1,121,040
Miscellaneous		157,496		119,234		13,378		3,897		-		294,005
Intergovernmental:		, ,		., -		-,-		-,				,,,,,,
Commonwealth		85,163		12,444		66,146		-		-		163,753
Federal		-		-		179,704		-		-		179,704
Total revenues	\$	244,721	\$	1,093,268	\$	259,612	\$	4,370	\$	170,244	\$	1,772,215
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Public safety	\$	130,401	\$	1,067,608	\$	190,401	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,388,410
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-		-		-		5,504		245,859		251,363
Total expenditures	\$	130,401	\$	1,067,608	\$	190,401	\$	5,504	\$	245,859	\$	1,639,773
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	\$	114,320	\$	25,660	\$	69,211	\$	(1,134)	\$	(75,615)	\$	132,442
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	169,365	\$	169,365
Transfers out		-		-		(51,545)		-		-		(51,545)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(51,545)	\$	-	\$	169,365	\$	117,820
Net change in fund balances	\$	114,320	\$	25,660	\$	17,666	\$	(1,134)	\$	93,750	\$	250,262
Fund balances - beginning		371,925		1,137,250		75,220		113,048		991,623		2,689,066
Fund balances - ending	\$	486,245	\$	1,162,910	\$	92,886	\$	111,914	\$	1,085,373	\$	2,939,328

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Volunteer Fire Department Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>.</u>	Budgeted Original	l Am	nounts <u>Final</u>	_	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,062	\$	2,062	
Miscellaneous		125,295		125,295		157,496		32,201	
Intergovernmental:									
Commonwealth		127,700		127,700		85,163		(42,537)	
Total revenues	\$	252,995	\$	252,995	\$	244,721	\$	(8,274)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public safety	\$	252,995	\$	252,995	\$	130,401	\$	122,594	
Total expenditures	\$	252,995	\$	252,995	\$	130,401	\$	122,594	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114,320	\$	114,320	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114,320	\$	114,320	
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		371,925		371,925	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	486,245	\$	486,245	

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Lifesaving and Rescue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l An	nounts			riance with nal Budget Positive
	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 6,870	\$	6,870
Charges for services	770,000		770,000	954,720		184,720
Miscellaneous	113,950		113,950	119,234		5,284
Intergovernmental:						
Commonwealth	12,000		12,000	12,444		444
Total revenues	\$ 895,950	\$	895,950	\$ 1,093,268	\$	197,318
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Public safety	\$ 1,012,181	\$	1,012,181	\$ 1,067,608	\$	(55,427)
Total expenditures	\$ 1,012,181	\$	1,012,181	\$ 1,067,608	\$	(55,427)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$ (116,231)	\$	(116,231)	\$ 25,660	\$	141,891
Net change in fund balances	\$ (116,231)	\$	(116,231)	\$ 25,660	\$	141,891
Fund balances - beginning	 116,231		116,231	1,137,250		1,021,019
Fund balances - ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,162,910	\$	1,162,910

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Police Department Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

DEVENUES	<u> </u>	Budgeted Original	Am	nounts <u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	_	\$		Ś	384	\$	384
Miscellaneous	Ş	28,402	Ş	28,402	Ş	36 4 13,378	þ	
Intergovernmental:		20,402		20,402		13,370		(15,024)
Commonwealth		132,689		132,689		66,146		(66,543)
Federal		83,243		214,670		179,704		(34,966)
Total revenues	<u> </u>	244,334	\$	375,761	\$	259,612	\$	(116,149)
rotat revenues		277,337	٠,	373,701	٠,	237,012	٠	(110,147)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	,	204 224	,	425 774	_	400 404	ċ	225 240
Public safety	\$	294,334	\$	425,761	\$	190,401	\$	235,360
Total expenditures	\$	294,334	\$	425,761	\$	190,401	\$	235,360
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	69,211	\$	119,211
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	(50,000)
Transfers out		-		-		(51,545)		(51,545)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	(51,545)	\$	(101,545)
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	_	\$	17,666	\$	17,666
Fund balances - beginning	*	_	~	_	~	75,220	7	75,220
Fund balances - ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$	92,886	\$	92,886
			т		7	, =, 550	Τ	,_,,,,

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Recreation and Streets Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u> </u>	Budgeted <u>Original</u>	l An	nounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 473	\$	473
Miscellaneous		16,000		16,000	3,897		(12,103)
Intergovernmental:							
Federal		105,000		380,000	-		(380,000)
Total revenues	\$	121,000	\$	396,000	\$ 4,370	\$	(391,630)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Public works	\$	105,000	\$	380,000	\$ -	\$	380,000
Parks, recreation, and cultural		41,000		41,000	5,504		35,496
Total expenditures	\$	146,000	\$	421,000	\$ 5,504	\$	415,496
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(25,000)	\$	(25,000)	\$ (1,134)	\$	23,866
•	<u> </u>	, ,	-	, , ,	 (, ,		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(25,000)	\$	(25,000)	\$ (1,134)	\$	23,866
Fund balances - beginning		25,000		25,000	113,048		88,048
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 111,914	\$	111,914

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Cemetery Fund

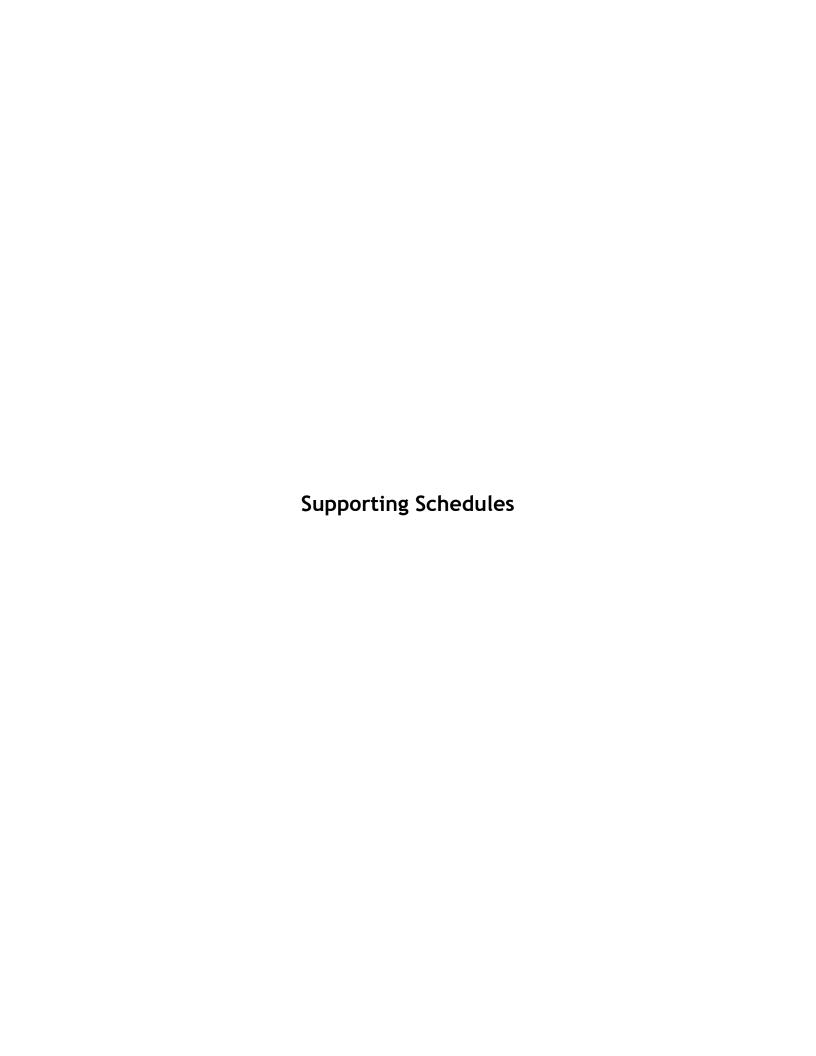
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted Original	An	nounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive <u>Negative)</u>
REVENUES							
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$ 3,924	\$	924
Charges for services		89,000		89,000	166,320		77,320
Total revenues	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	\$ 170,244	\$	78,244
EXPENDITURES Current: Parks, recreation, and cultural Total expenditures	\$	313,348 313,348	\$	313,348 313,348	\$ 245,859 245,859	\$	67,489 67,489
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	\$	(221,348)	\$	(221,348)	\$ (75,615)	\$	145,733
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 169,365	\$	169,365
Net change in fund balances	\$	(221,348)	\$	(221,348)	\$ 93,750	\$	315,098
Fund balances - beginning	-	221,348		221,348	991,623	•	770,275
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,085,373	\$	1,085,373

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Budgeted Original	l Ar	nounts <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					.= -= .		47.574
Revenue from the use of money and property Miscellaneous Intergovernmental:	\$	4,000,000	\$	4,000,000	\$ 17,576 -	\$	17,576 (4,000,000)
Commonwealth		1,613,724		1,925,236	1,525,194		(400,042)
Federal		2,726,514		2,745,972	617,605		(2,128,367)
Total revenues	\$	8,340,238	\$	8,671,208	\$ 2,160,375	\$	(6,510,833)
EXPENDITURES Capital projects Total expenditures	\$	25,558,003 25,558,003	\$	26,401,971 26,401,971	\$ 12,151,616	\$	14,250,355 14,250,355
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(17,217,765)	\$	(17,730,763)	\$ (9,991,241)	\$	7,739,522
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Issuance of bonds	\$	9,300,000	\$.,,	\$ 9,300,000	\$	-
Transfers in		7,917,765		8,430,763	5,346,241		(3,084,522)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	17,217,765	\$	17,730,763	\$ 14,646,241	\$	(3,084,522)
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	-	\$	- -	\$ 4,655,000	\$	4,655,000
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,655,000	\$	4,655,000



Real and personal PSC tax 99,600 99,600 93,170 (6 Personal property tax 804,300 804,300 963,621 159 Mobile home tax 6,025 6,025 6,813 Machinery and tools tax 300,680 300,680 328,826 28 Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,299 3	with get - e <u>ve)</u>
General property taxes: \$ 3,667,500 \$ 3,667,500 \$ 3,740,165 \$ 72 Real property tax \$ 99,600 99,600 93,170 (6 Personal property tax 804,300 804,300 963,621 159 Mobile home tax 6,025 6,025 6,813 Machinery and tools tax 300,680 300,680 328,826 28 Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,000 33,299 33	
Real property tax \$ 3,667,500 \$ 3,667,500 \$ 3,740,165 \$ 72 Real and personal PSC tax 99,600 99,600 93,170 (6 Personal property tax 804,300 804,300 963,621 159 Mobile home tax 6,025 6,025 6,813 Machinery and tools tax 300,680 300,680 328,826 28 Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,000 33,299 33	
Real and personal PSC tax 99,600 99,600 93,170 (6 Personal property tax 804,300 804,300 963,621 159 Mobile home tax 6,025 6,025 6,813 Machinery and tools tax 300,680 300,680 328,826 28 Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,299 3	
Personal property tax 804,300 804,300 963,621 159 Mobile home tax 6,025 6,025 6,813 Machinery and tools tax 300,680 300,680 328,826 28 Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,299 3	,665
Mobile home tax 6,025 6,025 6,813 Machinery and tools tax 300,680 300,680 328,826 28 Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,299 3	,430)
Machinery and tools tax 300,680 300,680 328,826 28 Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,299 3	,321
Penalties 30,000 30,000 33,299 3	788
	3,146
Interest <u>25,000</u> 25,000 35,860 10	,299
	,860
Total general property taxes \$ 4,933,105 \$ 4,933,105 \$ 5,201,754 \$ 268	3,649
Other local taxes:	
Local sales and use taxes \$ 2,200,000 \$ 2,200,000 \$ 2,706,608 \$ 506	,608
Consumers' utility taxes 570,000 570,000 606,359 36	,359
Cigarette taxes 450,000 450,000 390,585 (59	,415)
Business license taxes 2,620,000 2,620,000 3,175,283 555	,283
Consumption taxes 135,000 135,000 102,607 (32	,393)
Motor vehicle licenses 560,000 560,000 621,463 61	,463
Bank stock taxes 885,000 885,000 1,017,644 132	,644
Lodging taxes 800,100 800,100 1,996,828 1,196	,728
Restaurant food taxes 6,176,000 6,926,000 8,743,128 1,817	,128
Total other local taxes \$ 14,396,100 \$ 15,146,100 \$ 19,360,505 \$ 4,214	,405
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:	
Building permits \$ 170,000 \$ 170,000 \$ 186,556 \$ 16	,556
Zoning permits 10,500 10,500 11,205	705
Permits and other licenses 105,650 105,650 105,315	(335)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses \$ 286,150 \$ 286,150 \$ 303,076 \$ 16	,926
Fines and forfeitures:	
Court fines and forfeitures \$ 35,500 \$ 35,500 \$ 47,208 \$ 11	,708
Revenue from use of money and property:	
Revenue from use of money \$ 200,000 \$ 200,000 \$ 245,290 \$ 45	,290
	,105
	,395
Charges for services:	
	3,262
	,108)
	,344
	,006)
	,871
	,535)
	,172)

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original Final <u>Budget Budget</u>			<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)							
Miscellaneous:							
Miscellaneous	\$ 215,590	\$	215,590	\$ 184,010	\$	(31,580)	
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 23,162,695	\$	23,912,695	\$ 28,519,026	\$	4,606,331	
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Rolling stock tax	\$ 182,500	\$	182,500	\$ 262,308	\$	79,808	
Mobile home titling tax	10,000		10,000	22,306		12,306	
Telecommunication tax	750,000		750,000	633,846		(116,154)	
Personal property tax relief funds	228,553		228,553	228,553		-	
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,171,053	\$	1,171,053	\$ 1,147,013	\$	(24,040)	
Categorical aid:							
Other categorical aid:							
DJCP law enforcement grants	\$ 463,285	\$	463,285	\$ 463,329	\$	44	
Litter control grant	5,000	·	5,000	7,443	Ċ	2,443	
Street maintenance	3,753,656		3,753,656	3,921,427		167,771	
Total other categorical aid	\$ 4,221,941	\$	4,221,941	\$ 4,392,199	\$	170,258	
Total categorical aid	\$ 4,221,941	\$	4,221,941	\$ 4,392,199	\$	170,258	
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 5,392,994	\$	5,392,994	\$ 5,539,212	\$	146,218	
Total intergovernmental	\$ 5,392,994	\$	5,392,994	\$ 5,539,212	\$	146,218	
Total General Fund	\$ 28,555,689	\$	29,305,689	\$ 34,058,238	\$	4,752,549	
Special Revenue Funds:							
ARPA Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 8,543	\$	8,543	
Intergovernmental:							
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
COVID-19 Community Development Block Grant	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 22,990	\$	22,990	
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	 3,115,411		3,115,411	373,487		(2,741,924)	
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$ 396,477	\$	(2,718,934)	
Total intergovernmental	\$ 3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$ 396,477	\$	(2,718,934)	
Total ARPA Fund	\$ 3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$ 405,020	\$	(2,710,391)	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)						
Volunteer Fire Dept. Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	_\$_	-	\$ -	\$ 2,062	\$	2,062
Miscellaneous:						
Montgomery County, Virginia contributions	\$	125,295	\$ 125,295	\$ 125,295	\$	-
Other miscellaneous		-	-	32,201		32,201
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	125,295	\$ 125,295	\$ 157,496	\$	32,201
Total revenue from local sources	\$	125,295	\$ 125,295	\$ 159,558	\$	34,263
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
State Fire Programs	\$	127,700	\$ 127,700	\$ 85,163	\$	(42,537)
5			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	127,700	\$ 127,700	\$ 85,163	\$	(42,537)
Total intergovernmental	\$	127,700	\$ 127,700	\$ 85,163	\$	(42,537)
Total Volunteer Fire Department Fund	\$	252,995	\$ 252,995	\$ 244,721	\$	(8,274)
Lifesaving and Rescue Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,870	\$	6,870
Charges for services:						
EMS billings	\$	770,000	\$ 770,000	\$ 954,720	\$	184,720
Miscellaneous:						
Montgomery County, Virginia contributions	\$	103,950	\$ 103,950	\$ 103,950	\$	-
Other contributions		10,000	10,000	15,284		5,284
Total miscellaneous	\$	113,950	\$ 113,950	\$ 119,234	\$	5,284
Total revenue from local sources	\$	883,950	\$ 883,950	\$ 1,080,824	\$	196,874
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
Four for Life grants	\$	12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,444	\$	444
Total categorical aid	\$	12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,444	\$	444
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	12,000	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,444	\$	444
Total Lifesaving and Rescue Fund	\$	895,950	\$ 895,950	\$ 1,093,268	\$	197,318

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with aal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)					
Police Department Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 384	\$	384
Miscellaneous:					
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,450	\$	1,450
Other miscellaneous	 28,402	28,402	11,928		(16,474)
Total miscellaneous	\$ 28,402	\$ 28,402	\$ 13,378	\$	(15,024)
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 28,402	\$ 28,402	\$ 13,762	\$	(14,640)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Police Department grants	\$ 132,689	\$ 132,689	\$ 66,146	\$	(66,543)
Total categorical aid	\$ 132,689	\$ 132,689	\$ 66,146	\$	(66,543)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 132,689	\$ 132,689	\$ 66,146	\$	(66,543)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Bullet Proof Vest Grant	\$ 2,253	\$ 2,253	\$ 3,479	\$	1,226
Justice Assistance Grant	2,000	3,695	5,363		1,668
DMV Select Enforcement Grant	23,990	23,990	25,265		1,275
Anti-Drug Grant	55,000	55,000	15,865		(39,135)
Homeland Security Grant	 -	129,732	129,732		-
Total categorical aid	\$ 83,243	\$ 214,670	\$ 179,704	\$	(34,966)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 83,243	\$ 214,670	\$ 179,704	\$	(34,966)
Total intergovernmental	\$ 215,932	\$ 347,359	\$ 245,850	\$	(101,509)
Total Police Department Fund	\$ 244,334	\$ 375,761	\$ 259,612	\$	(116,149)

Special Revenue Funds: Continued) Recreation and Streets Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from the use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ \$. \$ \$. \$ \$. \$ \$. 473 \$ \$. 473 \$ 473 Miscellaneous: \$ 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$. 3,897 \$ \$. (12,103) \$. (12,103)									
Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000									
Revenue from the use of money \$ \$ \$ 473 \$ 473 Miscellaneous: Contributions and donations \$ 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 3,897 \$ (12,103) Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: S 16,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (11,630) Community Development Block Grant S 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ (380,000) Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 380,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (380,000) Revenue from Uscal sources: Revenue from Uscal sources: \$ 3,000 \$ 3,00									
Miscellaneous: 5 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 3,897 \$ (12,103) Total revenue from local sources \$ 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 3,897 \$ (12,103) Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Community Development Block Grant \$ \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ 380,000 Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ 380,000 Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ 380,000 Total excreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 380,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (380,000) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for grave openings		¢		¢	_	¢	473	¢	473
Contributions and donations \$ 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 3,897 \$ (12,103) Intergovernmental: \$ 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (111,630) Intergovernmental: \$ 20,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (111,630) Revenue from the federal government: \$ 20,000 \$ 380,000 \$ 0.5 \$ (380,000) Community Development Block Grant \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ 0.5 \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ 0.5 \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ 0.5 \$ (380,000) Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 380,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (380,000) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,300 \$ 3,300 \$ 3,300 \$ 3,300 \$ 9,200 \$ 9,200 \$ 9,200 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495 \$ 16,495	Revenue from the use of money			٠		٠	7/3	٠	47.5
Total revenue from local sources \$ 16,000 \$ 16,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (11,630) Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Community Development Block Grant \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ (380,000) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 \$ Charges for plots \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 72,475 \$ 47,475 \$ Charges for plots \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 17,350 \$ 13,350 \$ Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 \$ Total revenue from local sources \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 \$ 78,244 \$ 100 \$	Miscellaneous:								
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Community Development Block Grant \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 396,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (391,630) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 100,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 100,244 \$ 100,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 100,244 \$ 100,244 Total revenue fr	Contributions and donations	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$	3,897	\$	(12,103)
Intergovernmental: Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: Community Development Block Grant \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 396,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (391,630) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 100,244 \$ 78,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 100,244 \$ 100,244 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 100,244 \$ 100,244 Total revenue fr	-		46.000		44,000	,	4 270		(11 (20)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$. \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$. \$ (380,000) Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 396,000 \$. 4,370 \$ (391,630) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,224 \$ 92 Charges for services: \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,324	Total revenue from local sources	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$	4,3/0	\$	(11,630)
Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid: \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$. \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$. \$ (380,000) Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 396,000 \$. 4,370 \$ (391,630) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,224 \$ 92 Charges for services: \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,324	Intergovernmental:								
Categorical aid: \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$. \$. \$ (380,000) Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ (380,000) Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ \$ (380,000) Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 396,000 \$ \$ (380,000) Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16									
Total revenue from the federal government \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ - \$ (380,000)									
Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ - \$ (380,000)	•	\$	105,000	\$	380,000	\$	-	\$	(380,000)
Total intergovernmental \$ 105,000 \$ 380,000 \$ - \$ (380,000)		-			<u> </u>				
Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 396,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (391,630) \$ Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 72,475 \$ 47,475 Charges for niches \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 17,350 \$ 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	105,000	\$	380,000	\$	-	\$	(380,000)
Total Recreation and Streets Fund \$ 121,000 \$ 396,000 \$ 4,370 \$ (391,630) \$ Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots \$ 25,000 \$ 25,000 \$ 72,475 \$ 47,475 Charges for niches \$ 4,000 \$ 4,000 \$ 17,350 \$ 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320			405.000		200 000				(200.000)
Permanent Fund: Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$\frac{3,000}{5} \frac{3,000}{3,000} \frac{5}{3,000} \frac{5}{3,924} \frac{5}{5} \frac{924}{5} \frac{924}{5} \frac{16,495}{5} \	Total intergovernmental	\$	105,000	\$	380,000	\$	-	\$	(380,000)
Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244	Total Recreation and Streets Fund	\$	121,000	\$	396,000	\$	4,370	\$	(391,630)
Cemetery Fund: Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244	Permanent Fund:								
Revenue from local sources: Revenue from use of money and property: Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244	•								
Revenue from the use of money \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,924 \$ 924 Charges for services: Services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244	•								
Charges for services: Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244	Revenue from use of money and property:								
Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244	Revenue from the use of money	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	3,924	\$	924
Charges for grave openings \$ 60,000 \$ 60,000 \$ 76,495 \$ 16,495 Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244									
Charges for plots 25,000 25,000 72,475 47,475 Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244									
Charges for niches 4,000 4,000 17,350 13,350 Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244		\$,	\$,	\$	•	\$,
Total charges for services \$ 89,000 \$ 89,000 \$ 166,320 \$ 77,320 Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244					,		,		
Total revenue from local sources \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244									
	i otal charges for services	_\$	89,000	\$	89,000	\$	166,320	\$	//,320
	Total revenue from local sources	ς	92.000	\$	92.000	\$	170.244	s	78.244
Total Cemetery Fund \$ 92,000 \$ 92,000 \$ 170,244 \$ 78,244	. State . State . State Sources		, 2,000	7	,2,000	7	٠, ٢ . ١	~	. 3,2 . 1
	Total Cemetery Fund	\$	92,000	\$	92,000	\$	170,244	\$	78,244

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:					
Revenue from local sources:					
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Revenue from the use of money	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,576	\$	17,576
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Contributions	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000	\$ -	\$	(4,000,000)
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
VDOT revenue sharing projects	\$ 1,613,724	\$ 1,925,236	\$ 1,525,194	\$	(400,042)
Total categorical aid	\$ 1,613,724	\$ 1,925,236	\$ 1,525,194	\$	(400,042)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$ 1,613,724	\$ 1,925,236	\$ 1,525,194	\$	(400,042)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid:					
Transportation grants	\$ 2,726,514	\$ 2,745,972	\$ 617,605	\$	(2,128,367)
Total categorical aid	\$ 2,726,514	\$ 2,745,972	\$ 617,605	\$	(2,128,367)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$ 2,726,514	\$ 2,745,972	\$ 617,605	\$	(2,128,367)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 8,340,238	\$ 8,671,208	\$ 2,160,375	\$	(6,510,833)
Total Primary Government	\$ 41,617,617	\$ 43,105,014	\$ 38,395,848	\$	(4,709,166)

Funds, Functions and Departments	Original <u>Budget</u>			Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>			riance with nal Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Town Council and Town Clerk	\$	61,595	\$	61,595	\$	52,300	\$	9,295
General and financial administration:								
Town Manager	\$	872,576	\$	1,074,076	\$	945,967	\$	128,109
Legal services		110,000		110,000		75,283		34,717
Finance/Treasurer		1,830,904		1,855,226		1,295,541		559,685
Audit services		44,000		44,000		43,350		650
Human Resources		423,264		423,264		355,782		67,482
Public Relations		262,848		262,848		229,745		33,103
Information Systems		1,091,994		1,103,994		922,448		181,546
Total general and financial administration	\$	4,635,586	\$	4,873,408	\$	3,868,116	\$	1,005,292
Total general government administration	\$	4,697,181	\$	4,935,003	\$	3,920,416	\$	1,014,587
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Police	\$	7,888,264	\$	7,888,264	\$	8,459,723	\$	(571,459)
Radio shop		140,378		140,378		67,041		73,337
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	8,028,642	\$	8,028,642	\$	8,526,764	\$	(498,122)
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	1,038,165	\$	1,038,165	\$	960,082	\$	78,083
Lifesaving and Rescue Squad		817,498		817,498		710,953		106,545
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,855,663	\$	1,855,663	\$	1,671,035	\$	184,628
Inspections:								
Building	\$	487,040	\$	487,040	\$	426,695	\$	60,345
Total public safety	\$	10,371,345	\$	10,371,345	\$	10,624,494	\$	(253,149)
Public works:								
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:								
Street department	\$	4,930,897	\$	4,944,097	\$	4,105,186	\$	838,911
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collections and disposal	\$	1,644,195	\$	1,644,195	\$	1,466,914	\$	177,281
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:		4 000 4 45	÷	4 405 0 45	÷	0.40.045	,	402 402
General properties	<u>\$</u>	1,098,642	\$	1,125,242	\$	942,049	\$	183,193
Total public works	\$	7,673,734	\$	7,713,534	\$	6,514,149	\$	1,199,385

Funds, Functions and Departments		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Health and welfare:								
Welfare:								
Contribution to Area Agency on Aging	\$	4,719	\$	4,719	\$	4,719	\$	-
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Recreation department	\$	2,832,940	\$	2,832,940	\$	2,507,330	\$	325,610
Aquatic center		2,189,321		2,189,321		2,173,466		15,855
Skate board park		409,946		445,630		314,352		131,278
Total parks and recreation	\$	5,432,207	\$	5,467,891	\$	4,995,148	\$	472,743
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	5,432,207	\$	5,467,891	\$	4,995,148	\$	472,743
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Planning department	\$	295,154	Ś	305,824	Ś	265,816	Ś	40,008
Zoning administration	*	1,000	*	1,000	*	180	7	820
Planning Commission		13,200		13,200		2,105		11,095
Community development		414,724		483,524		564,152		(80,628)
Farmer's Market		9,420		9,420		5,703		3,717
Economic development		50,000		50,000		2,804		47,196
Engineering		933,223		894,103		766,040		128,063
Total planning and community development	Ś	1,716,721	\$	1,757,071	\$	1,606,800	\$	150,271
Total planning and community development		1,710,721	ڔ	1,737,071	ڔ	1,000,000	٠	130,271
Total community development	\$	1,716,721	\$	1,757,071	\$	1,606,800	\$	150,271
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,039,030	\$	1,039,030	\$	1,328,668	\$	(289,638)
Interest and other fiscal charges		249,758		249,758		182,702		67,056
Total debt service	\$	1,288,788	\$	1,288,788	\$	1,511,370	\$	(222,582)
Total General Fund	\$	31,184,695	\$	31,538,351	\$	29,177,096	\$	2,361,255
Special Revenue Funds:								
ARPA Fund:								
Public Safety:								
Other protection:								
COVID-19 protection	\$	3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$	373,487	\$	2,741,924
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Economic development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,990	\$	(22,990)
Total ARPA Fund	\$	3,115,411	\$	3,115,411	\$	396,477	\$	2,718,934

Funds, Functions and Departments	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)					
Volunteer Fire Department Fund:					
Public Safety:					
Fire and rescue services:	252 225	252 225	120 101		100 50 1
Fire department	\$ 252,995	\$ 252,995	\$ 130,401	\$	122,594
Total Volunteer Fire Department Fund	\$ 252,995	\$ 252,995	\$ 130,401	\$	122,594
Lifesaving and Rescue Fund: Public Safety:					
Fire and rescue services:					
Lifesaving and Rescue Squad	\$ 1,012,181	\$ 1,012,181	\$ 1,067,608	\$	(55,427)
Total Lifesaving and Rescue Fund	\$ 1,012,181	\$ 1,012,181	\$ 1,067,608	\$	(55,427)
Police Department Fund: Public Safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Police	\$ 294,334	\$ 425,761	\$ 190,401	\$	235,360
Total Police Department Fund	\$ 294,334	\$ 425,761	\$ 190,401	\$	235,360
Recreation and Streets Fund:					
Public Works:					
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:					
Street department	\$ 105,000	\$ 380,000	\$ -	\$	380,000
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Parks and recreation:					
Recreation department	\$ 41,000	\$ 41,000	\$ 5,504	\$	35,496
Total Recreation and Streets Fund	\$ 146,000	\$ 421,000	\$ 5,504	\$	415,496
Permanent Fund:					
Cemetery Fund:					
Parks, recreation, and cultural:					
Cultural enrichment:					
Cemetery	\$ 313,348	\$ 313,348	\$ 245,859	\$	67,489
Total Cemetery Fund	\$ 313,348	\$ 313,348	\$ 245,859	\$	67,489

Funds, Functions and Departments	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Capital Projects Fund:					
Capital projects expenditures:					
VDOT revenue sharing projects	\$ 8,893,726	\$ 9,445,953	\$ 3,658,386	\$	5,787,567
Highway planning and construction projects	201,269	201,269	109,148		92,121
Signature Park improvements	16,463,008	16,754,749	8,384,082		8,370,667
Total capital projects	\$ 25,558,003	\$ 26,401,971	\$ 12,151,616	\$	14,250,355
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 25,558,003	\$ 26,401,971	\$ 12,151,616	\$	14,250,355
Total Primary Government	\$ 61,876,967	\$ 63,481,018	\$ 43,364,962	\$	20,116,056

Statistical Section

This part of the Town of Christiansburg Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Report) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health. Information is obtained from this Report unless otherwise noted.

Contents	_	Page
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. Tables 1-6	114-120
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue sources. Tables 7-10	121-124
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Tables 11-14	125-128
Demographic and Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place. Tables 15-16	129-130
Operating Information	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and the activities it performs. Tables 17-23	131-138

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017(3)	2016	2015 (2)	2014 (1)	2013
Governmental Activities:										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 140,026,374	\$ 140,026,374 \$ 136,938,754	\$ 131,146,689	\$ 122,641,448	\$ 115,334,428	\$ 115,058,635	\$ 115,738,426	\$ 116,146,817	\$ 96,639,415	\$ 96,771,494
Restricted	2,821,347	2,561,542	3,303,017	3,057,205		2,829,791			6,516,996	6,727,355
Unrestricted	27,210,229	24,760,478	22,608,524	22,749,723	19,389,766	14,689,901	11,016,008	3,225,438	14,693,551	11,426,955
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 170,057,950	\$ 164,260,774	\$ 157,058,230	\$ 148,448,376	\$ 137,575,010	\$ 132,578,327	\$ 129,295,581	\$ 126,812,220	\$ 117,849,962	\$ 114,925,804
Business-type Activities:										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 48,279,636	48,279,636 \$ 46,862,274	\$ 45,182,974	\$ 41,904,619	\$ 38,738,098	\$ 36,457,700	\$ 33,472,929	\$ 32,160,376	\$ 30,020,184	\$ 32,585,256
Unrestricted	8,591,848	4,951,993	3,552,793	2,424,081	1,311,037	595,422	404,731	275,465	3,579,672	773,790
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 56,871,484 \$	\$ 51,814,267	\$ 48,735,767	\$ 44,328,700	\$ 40,049,135	\$ 37,053,122	\$ 33,877,660	\$ 32,435,841	\$ 33,599,856	\$ 33,359,046
Primary Government:										
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 188,306,010	\$ 188,306,010 \$ 183,801,028	\$ 176,329,663	\$ 164,546,067	\$ 154,072,526	\$ 151,516,335	\$ 149,211,355	\$ 148,307,193	\$ 126,659,599	\$ 129,356,750
Restricted	2,821,347	2,561,542	3,303,017	3,057,205	2,850,816	2,829,791				6,727,355
Unrestricted	35,802,077	29,712,471	26,161,317	25,173,804	20,700,803	15,285,323	11,420,739	3,500,903	18,273,223	12,200,745
Total primary government net position	\$ 226,929,434	\$ 216,075,041	\$ 205,793,997	\$ 192,777,076	\$ 177,624,145	\$ 169,631,449	\$ 163,173,241	\$ 159,248,061	\$ 151,449,818	\$ 148,284,850

(1) Net position was restated as of July 1, 2014. The restated balances are reflected in the ending balances for fiscal year ended 2014 as shown above. (2) Net position was restated as of July 1, 2015. The restated balances are reflected in the ending balances for fiscal year ended 2015 as shown above. (3) Net position was restated as of July 1, 2017. The restated balances are reflected in the ending balances for fiscal year ended 2017 as shown above.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

						i												
		2022		2021	2020		2019		Fisca 2018	Fiscal Year	2017	2016		2015		2014	20	2013
Expenses			l															
Governmental Activities:	·	07.0 007.0	·	2 647 200		100	7447 647	ı	2 057 503	·				2 747 600	·			077
General Government	٨	3,692,376	^			4,784,905 \$	3,112,647	^	3,037,393	^	2,924,666 \$		^	2,747,508	٨	4,605,119 \$		4,944,169
Public safety		990,186,11		12,747,192	7,920	9,926,696	9,917,232		9,438,633		8,514,939	9,216,920		8, 383, 324		8,418,230	, o	8,198,793
Public Works		9,953,474		7,292,765	10,479,180	,180	9,839,037		8,348,240		9,465,078	9,352,889	_	9,809,882		8,496,043	9,1	9,144,564
Health and Welfare		4,719		4,719	•	4,494	4,280		4,076		3,882	3,697		3,521		3,353		3,193
Parks, Recreation, and Culture		5,306,007		3,857,202	3,323,342	,342	4,600,565		4,769,414		4,971,901	4,713,745		4,803,568		5,712,596	2,1	2,154,902
Community Development		1,513,463		1,278,181	2,845	2,845,475	1,180,279		1,426,797		1,480,200	1,534,477		1,519,574		1,224,353	1,3	1,363,587
Interest on Long Term Debt		251,511		206,390	212	212,732	226,717		241,069		247,633	334,535		289,866		301,654	2	525,402
Total governmental activities expenses	۰ ا	32,653,118	S	\$ 859,83658	31,576,824	,824 \$	28,880,757	۰ ا	27,305,842	\$	27,608,299 \$	28,021,448	'∽' ∽	27,757,243	\$	26,961,368 \$		26,334,610
Business-Type Activities:																		
Water and Sewer and Stormwater	s	10,630,540	s	10,867,704 \$	10,284,603	1,603 \$	10,113,804	s	9,839,198	s	8,328,959 \$	7,479,021	S	7,319,365	s	6,843,971	9,9	6,651,445
Total business-type activities expenses	\ \	10,630,540	S	10,867,704 \$	10,284,603	\$ \$09'	10,113,804	S	9,839,198	\	8,328,959 \$	7,479,021	่∽ -	7,319,365	s	6,843,971 \$	9,9	6,651,445
Total primary government expenses	IJ	43,283,658	s	39,801,362 \$	41,861,427	,427 \$	38,994,561	۰ ح	37,145,040	\$	35,937,258 \$	35,500,469	' _∽ ' _~	35,076,608	\$	33,805,340 \$	32,9	32,986,055
Program Revenues Governmental activities:																		
Clial ges 101 Services General Government Administration	s	430,855	s	239,068 \$		255,607 \$	257,136	s	268,441	s	304,427 \$	241,749	s	231,905	s	224,381 \$		217,128
Public Works		2,021,371		1,965,452	2,007	2,007,414	1,986,954		1,584,492		1,535,759	1,672,738		1,497,715		1,439,764	1,3	1,393,075
Public Safety		1,401,205		1,292,767	1,25	1,252,710	1,176,335		1,180,664		1,215,412	1,037,404	_	158,669		147,646		
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural		837,874		752,257	918	918,537	1,025,485		1,154,377		1,178,694	1,157,044	_	1,067,981		992,090	1,0	1,021,767
Community Development		1,344		349		99/	1,470		375			•		•				
Operating grants and contributions		5,002,401		7,305,326	4,898	4,898,509	4,216,735		4,122,752		4,225,825	4,265,499	_	4,236,637		4,599,502	2	575,182
Capital grants and contributions	Į	2,272,531	ı	1,653,540	8,054,236	1,236	7,100,413	Į	1,583,117	ļ	3,058,837	779,606	ا	225	l	887,040		41,008
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	11,967,581	\$	13,208,759 \$	17,387,779	\$ 677,	15,764,528	\$	9,894,218	\$	11,518,954 \$	9,154,040	ر دا	7,193,132	s	8,290,423 \$		3,248,160
Business-Type Activities: Charges for Services	U	11 751 171	v	2 710 074	11 775 306	306	10 080 340	v	10.272.784	v	9 013 643	200 VC8	v	7 620 157	v	\$ 628 628 9		6 058 537
Storm Water	Դ	1,179,885	Դ			, 300	1,432,291	Դ	1.385.403	Դ				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Դ			,,,,,,
Capital Grants and contributions		2,456,701		1,076,694	1,479	1,479,543	1,188,695		1,177,024		973,318	95,939	_	٠				
Total business-type activities program revenues		15,687,757	S	13,771,097 \$	14,691,670	\$ 029,	13,610,335	s	12,835,211	\$	11,284,936 \$	8,920,840	ا د	7,629,157	ş	6,873,832 \$	6,9	6,958,537
Total primary government program revenues		27,655,338	∽	26,979,856 \$	32,079,449	,449 \$	29,374,863	۰ ا	22,729,429	\$	22,803,890 \$	18,074,880	'∽' ~	14,822,290	\$	15,164,255 \$	10,2	10,206,697
Net (Expense) Revenue	·	(762 307 067	·	2734 800)	144 400 045)	() ()	(45, 446, 220)	·	444 624)		2 (370 000 77)	(10 07 400)		000	2	2 (300 07)		(03 007 750)
GOVERNINENTAL ACTIVITIES Business-type activities		5,057,217	^			, 043) \$	3,496,531		2.996.013	_ ^			۰ - م	309,792				307,092
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	Ş	\$ (15,628,320)	s	\$ (12,821,506) \$	(9,781,978)	\$ (876,	(9,619,698)	s	(14,415,611)	\$	ı ~	\$ (17,425,589)	۰	(20,254,318)	\$	(18,865,464) \$	(22,7	(22,779,358)
	l		I			Ì		l										ĺ

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Fisca	Fiscal Year							
	ı	2022		2021	2020	0	2019		2018	2017	2016	91	2015		2014	20	2013
General Revenues and Other	į																
Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:																	
Taxes																	
Property	s	5,211,058	\$	5,167,035	\$ 4,94	4,941,041 \$	4,589,313	s	4,503,626	4,405,924	\$ 4,29	4,293,227 \$	3,659,388	s	3,920,803	\$ 3,1	3,129,019
Sales		2,706,608		2,371,546	2,14	2,142,903	1,600,581		1,923,415	1,891,739	1,87	1,876,235	1,810,171		1,768,371	1,5	,589,154
Prepared Meals		8,743,128		7,132,520	69'9	5,692,216	7,283,251		7,015,544	6,928,924	9,9	6,683,891	6,357,292		6,119,575	6,1	6,163,941
Transient Lodging		1,996,828		1,126,363	1,40	,405,149	1,600,581		1,642,906	1,673,548	1,5	1,547,110	1,410,294		1,286,145	1,3	,303,425
Business Licenses		3,175,283		2,820,789	2,72	2,722,613	2,603,996		2,471,309	2,443,328	2,36	2,366,398	2,236,295	Ξ	2,146,259		
Franchise		1,017,644		801,220	88	884,585	934,793		830,169	794,033	×	026,602	726,136	5	811,550		
Cigarette		390,585		379,135	47	470,310	465,833		486,156	513,200	26	562,770	554,155	Ξ	606,416		
Other		1,164,109		790,286	91.	912,646	1,449,360		742,605	911,042	6	911,798	2,026,356		2,016,969	5,4	5,454,370
Permits, fees and licenses		303,076		398,274	32	326,681	203,292		253,563	338,511	76	267,368	272,733		157,471	_	170,580
Investment earnings and unrealized gains		285,122		287,128	62	626,789	841,947		728,710	285,287	77	240,599	315,432		237,626	2	228,040
Intergovernmental		1,147,013		1,102,072	1,16	,168,304	1,206,874		1,228,927	1,257,967	1,3	,310,714	886,223		392,830	3,7	3,799,427
Fines and Forfeitures		47,208		41,475	ý	64,153	65,138						•	(2)		_	172,565
Cemetery		166,320		139,395	13	135,785	95,430		70,205	52,510	Δ,	59,092	29,565		44,515		28,930
Miscellaneous		127,731		545,312	30	305,724	1,049,206		511,172	520,429	22	521,597	1,020,334		2,212,798	m	389,461
Transfers				(175,107)									٠				
FY16 Restatement to beginning balances												. (3)	20,510,874				
Special items													•			5	(136,728)
Total Governmental activities	s	26,481,713	٠	22,927,443	\$ 22,798,899	\$ 668'8	23,989,595	<u>۰</u>	22,408,307	\$ 22,016,442	\$ 21,35	21,350,769 \$	41,815,248		21,721,328	\$ 22,2	22,292,184
Business-Type activities:																	
Grants in Aid of Construction	s		s		\$			s		•	\$	٠.	124,735	s	53,489	\$	45,971
Miscellaneous		•		ı			•		•	•			171,143		157,460	_	156,046
FY16 Restatement to beginning balances		•					•			•			(220,676)	_			
Transfers	ļ	•		175,107				,					•	ļ			
Total business-type activities	s		s	175,107	s			\$		•	\$	\$	75,202	\$	210,949	\$ 2	202,017
Total primary government	φ	26,481,713	s	23,102,550	\$ 22,798,899	\$ 668'8	23,989,595	φ.	22,408,307	\$ 22,016,442	\$ 21,35	21,350,769 \$	41,890,449	 ∽	21,932,277	\$ 22,4	22,494,201
Changes in Net Position:																	
Governmental activities	s	5,796,176	s		\$ 8,60	8,609,854 \$	•	s	4,996,683	\$ 5,927,097	\$ 2,48	2,483,361 \$	21,251,137	ب	3,050,383	2)	(794,266)
Business type activities	,	5,057,217		3,078,500	4,40	4,407,067	3,496,531		2,996,013	2,955,977	ļ	1,441,819	384,994	.1	240,810	2	509,109
Total primary government	ς, l	10,853,393	s.	10,281,044	\$ 13,016,921	6,921 \$	14,369,897	ر د	7,992,696	\$ 8,883,074	3,92	3,925,180 \$	21,636,131	ا د	3,291,193	\$ (2	(285, 157)

 ⁽¹⁾ Previously included in Other Taxes
 (2) Recorded as "Charges for Services - Program" beginning in fiscal year 2014
 (3) A significant portion of this restatement is related to adding infrastructure assets constructed by VDOT for the Town in prior years.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

											_	Fiscal Year								
		2022	! !	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2	2016		2015(2)	2	2014		2013
General Fund			! !		l				l		l									
Nonspendable	s	75,546 \$	s	150,587	s	405,909	s	150,868	s	135,279	s	126,291	,,	130,844	s	93,355	\$	26,974	٠.	85,792
Asssigned		10,609,421		11,445,904		10,102,734		10,319,877		9,193,654		4,371,279	'n	742,702		3,814,143	κ	3,482,088	(*)	3,114,299
Unassigned		28,461,698		27,265,079		25,132,831		24,950,794		23,179,082		23,982,472	19,	510,248		16,889,399	4	14,606,954	17	12,060,646
Total General Fund	\$ 	39,146,665	٠,	38,861,570 \$		35,641,474	\$	35,421,539	S	32,508,015	Ş	28,480,042 \$; 23,	23,383,794		20,796,897	\$ 18,	18,116,016	31	15,260,737
All Other Governmental Funds																				
Nonspendable	s	957,849 \$	s	864,099	s	804,673	s	727,610	s	684,430	s	648,463 \$		566,654	s	522,364	s	484,446	٠,	433,263
Restricted		4,965,485		1,697,443		2,498,344		2,329,595		2,166,386		2,181,328	-,	1,974,493		1,964,871	Ť	1,505,228		1,737,118
Assigned		1,679,537		127,524		127,524		125,570		152,393								1,574		(2,315)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	<u>۰</u>	7,602,871 \$		2,689,066		3,430,541	\$	3,182,775	Ş	3,003,209	Ş	2,829,791	, 2,	2,541,147	Ş	2,487,235	\$	1,991,248	[]	2,168,066
Grand Total All Governmental Fund Balances \$ 46,749,536 \$ 41,550,636	S.	16,749,536	ا ا	41,550,636	01	39,072,015	٠٠, د	38,604,314	\$	35,511,224	<u>۰</u>	31,309,833	, 25,5	25,924,941	\$ 2	23,284,132	\$ 20,	20,107,264	17,	17,428,803

⁽¹⁾ Modified accrual basis of accounting(2) As restated

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015 (3)	2014	2013
Revenues											
Taxes	·	727	7	4 000	37.0 7.2	200	200	, , , , , ,	000 0		
Property	٨	5,201,754	0,136,600	4,903,679	4,366,835	4,515,381	4,3/6,/41	4,333,618	3,389,4/1		
Dronged Mosts		2,706,606	2,3/1,340	6,142,703	7 283 254	7 045 544	1,071,737	1,070,233	1,010,171	1,706,371	1,367,134
Transient Lodging		1 996 828	1 126 363	1 405 149	1,400 581	1,642,906	1 673 548	1 547 110	1 410 294	1 286 145	1 303 425
Business License		3.175,283	2.820,789	2.722.613	2.603.996	2.471.249	2.443,328	2.366.398			
Franchise		1,017,644	801,220	884,585	934,793	830,169	794,033	709,970		(2) 811,550	
Cigarette		390,585	379,135	470,310	465,833	486,156	513,200	562,770			•
Other		1,330,429	1,369,430	1,304,661	1,403,225	1,334,874	1,205,662	1,238,258		2,	5,454,370
Permits, fees and licenses		303,076	398,274	326,681	203,292	253,563	338,511	267,369	272,733	157,471	170,580
Revenues from use of property		515,105	239,068	573,870	314,565	268,441		217,650	231,905	224,381	217,128
Investment earnings		285,122	287,128	308,526	784,518	460,269	285,287	264,698	315,432	237,628	228,040
Charges for services		3,616,798	3,377,809	3,666,936	3,813,151	3,537,227	3,475,354	3,406,325	2,565,697	2,431,854	2,414,843
Intergovernmental		8,421,945	10,060,938	14,121,049	8,657,642	6,934,796	8,542,629	6,355,819	5,305,125	4,992,332	4,415,617
Fines and forfeitures		47,208	41,475	64,153	65,138	85,653	76,994	95,980	158,669	147,646	172,565
Cemetery		166,320	139,395	135,785	95,430	70,205	96,401	97,512	29,565	44,515	28,930
Miscellaneous Total Revenues Governmental Funds	S	478,015 38,395,848	545,312	441,509	1,049,206	511,172	520,429 \$ 33,162,780	525,798	994,841	942,622	389,461
7											
Expenditures	v	2 020 446	5 525 624	2 404 404	\$ 23.47 703	2 070 6 3	2 057 420	07 2 7 40	3 400 325	2 2 207 464	5 024 703
Dublic Cafett		3,720,410	44 364 030	·	3,347,703			70,700,749			
Public safety		12,386,391	14,361,929	10,922,253	10,434,334	9,930,025	9,229,494	10,199,486	8,14/,492	7,857,842	7,720,095
Hoalth and Wolfero		4 7 19	1,10,25+,0	7,832,090	0,137,333	4 076	2 887	3 697	2,530,341	3 353	3 103
Parks. Recreation, and Culture		5.246.511	4.095.676	4.016.155	4.677.645	4.299.063	2,002	4.915.799	4.001.327	3.848.610	3.786.915
Community Development		1.629.790	1.465,902	2,972,615	1.285,445	1.440,216	1,451,493	1.521,739	1,519,444	1,251,397	1.349.522
Capital Outlay		12,151,616	3,682,507	11,444,878	5,850,521	2,484,701	2,408,073	565,978	2,838,508	5,059,998	6,325,556
Debt Service											
Principal retirement		1,328,668	835,700	822,340	807,980	792,840	785,580	560,440	767,100	900,000	575,000
Interest and fiscal charges		182,702	183,657	197,612	211,601	227,828	235,783	272,569	276,924	207,461	536,163
Bond issuance cost											
Total Expenditures Governmental Funds	`	43,364,962	\$ 33,593,274	\$ 39	\$ 32,758,942	\$ 28,139,629	\$ 28,189,032	\$ 29,939,507	\$ 25,284,891	\$ 26,516,888	\$ 27,451,936
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	s	(4,969,114)	\$ 2,653,728	\$ 467,701	\$ 3,093,090	\$ 4,201,391	-	\$ 609,894	\$ 3,299,247	\$ 971,657	\$ (1,793,269)
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)											
Insurance Recoveries	s						,		\$ 195	\$ 27,075	
Issuance of Debt				•				2,014,000		1,654,400	
Issuance of Refunding Debt			678,920					1,315,000		9,394,900	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent								(1,298,086)		(9,369,569)	
Other financing use - current refunding			(678,920)						•	•	
Transfers (to) from:											
General fund		(5,464,061)	(2,266,868)	(£)	2,605,161	1,115,378	1,278,030	641,662		155,317	722,746
Cemetery Fund		169,365	159,191		(142,927)	(209,721)	(291,288)	(231,393)		(123, 761)	(170,438)
Capital Projects		5,346,241	2,101,235	3,39	(2,459,198)	(905,657)	(986,742)	(410,269)	(459,065)		
Special Revenue Funds		(51,545)	(168,665)	2,036	(3,036)						(552,308)
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	v		\$ (175,107)	.			. 	\$ 2,030,914	\$ 195	\$ 1,706,806	
Special Items											
Transfer of funds from(to) other organizations	ر د			, s	·	, S	.		·	·	\$ (136,728)
Net Changes in Fund Balance Increases (Decreases)	s	(4,969,114)	\$ 2,478,621	\$ 467,701	\$ 3,093,090	\$ 4,201,391	\$ 4,973,748	\$ 2,640,808	\$ 3,299,442	\$ 2,678,463	\$ (1,929,997)
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital											
expenditures		4.84%	3.41%	3.85%	4.09%	3.98%	3.96%	2.84%	4.65%	3.76%	5.26%

⁽¹⁾ Modified accrual basis of accounting (2) Previously included in Other Taxes (3) As restated

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia General Government Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Business-Type Activities Water and Sewer	13,231,056	12,694,403	13,212,127	12,421,640	11,658,187	10,311,618	8,824,901	7,800,301	7,031,292	7,114,583
A Total	38,395,848 \$	36,247,002	40,164,625	35,852,032	32,341,020	33,467,207	30,549,401	26,634,158	25,629,122	24,884,950
Inter- governmental	8,421,945 \$	10,060,938	14,121,049	8,657,642	6,934,796	8,542,629	6,355,819	4,250,618	3,947,753	3,821,443
Miscellaneous	478,015 \$	545,312	441,509	1,049,206	511,172	520,429	525,798	164,506	203,229	270,265
Charges for Services	3,783,118 \$	3,517,204	3,802,721	3,908,581	3,607,432	3,475,354	3,503,837	2,565,697	2,431,854	2,414,843
Revenues from Use of Money and Property	800,227 \$	526,196	882,396	1,099,083	728,710	589,714	482,348	511,764	431,073	413,751
Fines and Forfeitures	47,208 \$	41,475	64,153	65,138	85,653	76,994	95,980	158,669	147,646	172,565
Permits, Privilege Fees, and Regulatory Licenses	303,076 \$	398,274	326,681	203,292	253,563	338,511	267,369	272,733	157,471	170,580
Other Local Taxes	19,360,505 \$	16,001,003	15,622,437	16,302,255	15,704,313	15,546,835	14,984,632	15,120,700	14,755,286	14,510,890
General Property Taxes	5,201,754 \$	5,156,600	4,903,679	4,566,835	4,515,381	4,376,741	4,333,618	3,589,471	3,554,811	3,110,613
Fiscal Year P	\$	2020-2021	2019-2020	2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014	2012-2013

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia General Government Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	43,364,422	33,593,274	39,696,924	32,758,942	28,139,629	28,189,032	29,930,507	23,232,256	24,325,332	26,132,987
Capital Outlay	12,151,616 \$	3,682,507	11,444,878	5,850,521	2,484,701	2,408,073	565,978	1,645,765	3,582,482	5,589,922
Debt Service	1,511,370 \$	1,019,357	1,019,952	1,019,581	1,020,668	1,021,363	863,892	1,044,024	839,241	1,111,163
Community Development	1,629,790 \$	1,461,183	2,972,615	1,285,445	1,440,216	1,451,493	1,512,739	1,519,444	1,251,397	1,349,522
Parks, Recreation, and Culture	5,246,511 \$	4,095,676	4,016,155	4,677,645	4,299,063	4,471,939	4,915,799	3,811,821	3,699,923	3,636,842
Health and Welfare	4,179 \$	4,719	4,494	4,280	4,076	3,882	3,697	3,521	3,353	3,193
Public Works	6,514,149 \$	5,432,072	5,832,096	6,139,353	5,890,243	6,645,359	6,801,167	5,330,341	5,358,991	5,137,107
Public Safety	12,386,391 \$	14,361,929	10,922,253	10,434,334	9,930,025	9,229,494	10,199,486	7,477,105	7,292,489	7,283,535
General Administration	3,920,416 \$	3,535,831	3,484,481	3,347,783	3,070,637	2,957,429	5,067,749	2,400,235	2,297,456	2,021,703
Fiscal Year	2021-2022 \$	2020-2021	2019-2020	2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014	2012-2013

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Last Ten Fiscal Years

					במזר ובוו וזרמו ובמוז					
									Real	Real Estate
										Montgomery
				Machinery						County
	Calendar	Real	Personal	and		Public Utility	Utility	Total Assessed	Total	Overlapping
Fiscal Year	Year	Estate	Property	Tools	Mobile Homes	Unequalized	Equalized	Value	Direct Rate(1)	Rate (1)
2021-2022	2021 \$	5 2,403,713,400	\$ 279,601,491 \$	74,045,350	\$ 4,893,500	\$ 58,069,128	\$ 320,307 \$	3, 2,820,643,176	0.16	0.89
2020-2021	2020	2,329,701,100	257,747,915	74,744,429	4,436,800	61,080,839	406,038	2,728,117,121	0.16	0.89
2019-2020	2019	2,275,989,200	246,125,337	75,125,937	4,479,300	58,819,155	287,609	2,660,826,538	0.16	0.89
2018-2019	2018	2,111,895,400	229,745,017	70,762,114	4,319,281	54,189,773	221,168	2,471,132,753	0.16	0.89
2017-2018	2017	2,098,098,800	224,494,664	67,407,095	4,278,500	53,659,680	143,400	2,448,082,139	0.16	0.89
2016-2017	2016	2,035,888,480	213,349,806	64,732,027	3,835,440	52,854,027	175,579	2,370,835,359	0.16	0.89
2015-2016	2015	2,024,104,291	193,280,940	62,480,906	3,674,240	52,133,700	193,316	2,335,867,393	0.16	0.89
2014-2015	2014	2,013,143,620	199,319,596	61,964,189	3,817,340	49,944,236	212,391	2,328,401,372	0.13	0.89
2013-2014	2013	1,991,227,235	182,742,592	58,797,381	3,754,580	47,981,238	251,828	2,284,754,854	0.13	0.89
2012-2013	2012	1,964,857,942	169,222,259	58,217,830	3,711,380	46,414,195	131,577	2,242,555,183	0.1126	0.87
		Property	Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Years							
				Machinery						
	Calendar	Real	Personal	, bue		Public Utility	Uhility			

		Equalized	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45
	Public Utility		s									
	Publi	Unequalized	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.13	.13	.1126
j			s									
		Mobile Homes	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.13	.13	.1126
		<	s									
Machinery	and	Tools	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45
			<i>چ</i>									
	Personal	Property	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45	.45
			s									
	Real	Estate	91.	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.16	.13	.13	.1126
			s									
	Calendar	Year	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
		Fiscal Year	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020	2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014	2012-2013

(1) Per \$100 of assessed value

NOTE: Real property is assessed at full market value. Real property assessments are made by the Commissioner of Revenue of Montgomery County for concurrent use of the County and the Town. Property is reassessed every four years. Public Service Corporations are assessed by the State Corporation Commission. Both Real Estate and Public Service rates are \$.16.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Ta	axes Levied	Collected with Fiscal Year of		Co	llections	Total Collections	To Date
Fiscal		for the		Percentage	in S	ubsequent		Percentage
Year	F	iscal Year	 mount (1)	of Levy	Y	ears (2)	 Amount	of Levy
2021-2022	\$	5,295,951	\$ 5,065,291	95.64%	\$	83,644	\$ 5,148,935	97.22%
2020-2021		5,083,927	4,892,164	96.23%		165,891	5,058,055	99.49%
2019-2020		4,914,016	4,817,471	98.04%		87,444	4,904,915	99.81%
2018-2019		4,552,194	4,452,406	97.81%		76,593	4,528,999	99.49%
2017-2018		4,460,824	4,374,999	98.08%		91,409	4,466,408	100.13%
2016-2017		4,368,110	4,271,079	97.78%		70,726	4,341,805	99.40%
2015-2016		4,283,977	4,174,249	97.44%		16,171	4,190,420	97.82%
2014-2015		3,292,944	3,178,960	96.54%		62,638	3,241,599	98.44%
2013-2014		3,743,915	3,661,201	97.79%		37,507	3,698,708	98.79%
2012-2013		3,292,944	3,246,188	98.58%		49,878	3,296,066	100.09%

⁽¹⁾ Includes payments received from the Commonwealth of Virginia for Personal Property Tax Relief Act.

⁽²⁾ Includes refunds issued for overpayments and corrections.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fise	cal Year 20	22	Fisca	al Year 20	13
Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Assessed Value
Roger Woody	\$ 100,032,500	1	4.16% \$	59,885,700	1	3.05%
Shelor Properties	54,679,600	2	2.27%	58,410,700	2	2.97%
Appalachian Power	34,348,950	3	1.43%	24,460,658	4	1.24%
Christiansburg Market Place (now NRV Market Place)	29,842,800	4	1.24%	12,475,200	8	0.63%
BVA Spradline LLC NRV Investments (was BRE RC New River VA	27,754,200	5	1.15%			
LLC)	23,000,000	6	0.96%			
Denstock Peppers Ferry LLC	20,100,000	7	0.84%			
Milestone Development LLC	19,857,900	8	0.83%			
Centro Heritage Spradling Farm			0.00%	23,791,300	5	1.21%
Rockstep Christiansburg LLC	17,400,000	9	0.72%			
PR Financing			0.00%	57,205,100	3	2.91%
Wal-Mart	16,694,000	10	0.69%	15,461,400	6	0.79%
Backcountry.com				14,432,300	7	0.73%
Harvey Hubble Inc				10,498,500	9	0.53%
Dayton Hudson				10,013,100	10	0.51%
Verizon VA, Inc.				9,054,141	11	0.46%
Norfolk & Western		_		6,994,785	12	0.36%
	\$ 343,709,950	=	14.30% \$	302,682,884		15.40%

Source: Montgomery County Commissioner of Revenue

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Water and Sewer Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

							Fiscal Year					
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	_	2013
WATER INSIDE TOWN LIMITS 4,000 OR LESS 2,000 OR LESS*	s	\$	\$	φ. (∽	\$	\$ 11.00	21.00	\$ 19.00	۶ 4	18.00 \$	17.00
1,000 UK LESS PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 96,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 49,000 PER THOUSAND FOR ALL OVER 50,000		7.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	8.00 00.00		5.90	5.50		4.90	4.60
PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 48,000° PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 5,900,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 2,950,000°							6.14	5.90 3.50 3.50	3.20		2.90	2.60
OUTSIDE TOWN LIMITS 4,000 OR LESS 2,000 OR LESS*	s				\$	\$	\$	31.50	\$ 28.50	\$	27.00 \$	25.50
PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 96,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 49,000		15.00	15.00	15.00	13.50	12.00		8.85	8.25		7.35	9.90
PER THOUSAND FOR ALL OVER 50,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 48,000° PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 5,900,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 2,950,000°		11.25	11.25	11.25	10.13	9.00	9.21	8.85 5.25 5.25	4.80		4.35	3.90
<u>SEWER</u> INSIDE TOWN LIMITS 0-4,000 2,000 OR LESS* 1,000 OR LESS	~	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 15.00	30.00	\$ 28.00	∽	28.00 \$	27.00
PER THOUSAND FOR ALL OVER 1000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 96,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 48,000		10.25	10.25	10.25	10.25	10.25	8.50	8.50	8.50		7.50	7.20
PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 5,900,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 2,950,000*							8.50	8.50	8.50		7.50	7.20
OUTSIDE TOWN LIMITS 0-4,000 2,000 OR LESS 1,000 OR LESS	v,	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	13.50	\$ 22.50	45.00	\$ 42.00	· ·	42.00 \$	40.50
PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 96,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 48,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 48,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 5,990,000 PER THOUSAND FOR NEXT 5,950,000		0000	0.50	00.00	00:00	00.00	12.75	12.75 12.75 12.75 12.75	12.75	- -	11.25	10.80
GARBAGE INSIDE TOWN LIMITS BIMONTHLY INSIDE TOWN LIMITS MONTHLY*	s	\$	\$	\$ 22.00	\$ 22.00	\$	\$		\$ 34.00	•	34.00 \$	33.00
OUTSIDE TOWN LIMITS BIMONTHLY OUTSIDE TOWN LIMITS MONTHLY*		25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	25.50	51.00	51.00		51.00	49.50

• Late in 2016 the Town changed its billing cycle from bimonthly to monthly. Rates and usage amounts were 1/2 of the previous amounts. Minimum usage went from 4000 to 2000 gallons on a monthly basis and the rate was also reduced to 1/2 of the bimonthly rate. 2017 Water Sewer Rate study conducted and new rate calculations and minimums were instituted beginning July 1, 2017 2019 the town added curbside recycling and increased rates for garbage service.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Net Bonded Debt per Capita	892.50	544.13	628.90	703.01	786.73	876.52	964.90	947.01	1,029.89	814.79
	\$									
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	.0045:1	.0045:1	.0053:1	.0064:1	1:1200.	.0082:1	1:1000.	1:0089:1	1:20097:1	.0078:1
Net Bonded Debt	20, 183, 903	12,305,400	14,086,663	15,821,162	17,511,722	19,360,672	21,172,839	20,649,474	22, 176, 561	17,483,842
ess Jeb rvić sni	\$									
Gross Bonded Debt	20,183,903	12,305,400	14,086,663	15,821,162	17,511,722	19,360,672	21,172,839	20,649,474	22,176,561	17,483,842
	Ş									
Assessed Value of All Taxable Property (In Thousands)	2,820,643	2,728,117	2,660,827	2,471,133	2,448,082	2,370,835	2,335,867	2,328,401	2,284,755	2,242,555
	\$									
Population (1)	22,615	22,615	22,399	22,505	22,259	22,088	21,943	21,805	21,533	21,458
Fiscal Year	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020	2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014	2012-2013

(1) Population data is derived from the Weldon Cooper Center UVA, which approximates populations for Towns between census'. 2020 data is from the U.S. Census Bureau.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Per	Capita	*	*	*	701	781	873	964	945	1,019	810
		Percentage	Personal	Income	*	*	*	1.81%	2.07%	2.42%	2.77%	2.79%	3.15%	2.64%
		Δ.	Total Primary	Government	\$ 20,183,903	12,305,400	14,086,663	15,821,162	17,511,722	19,360,672	21,172,839	20,649,474	22,176,561	17,483,842
	GO Bonds	2021	Refunding	Bond	\$ 2,161,251	2,404,080	•							•
oe Activities	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements - GO Bonds	1998 VA	Revolving	Loan Fund	s	•	•	•		201,533	395,812	583,098	763,642	937,687
Business-Type Activities	wings and Dire	2001 VA		Loan Fund	\$	•	708,563	1,392,962	2,054,022	2,692,539	3,309,280	3,904,989	4,480,383	5,036,155
	Direct Borro		2014 General	Obligation Bond	s	•	2,641,080	2,868,840	3,090,360	3,306,420	3,516,240	3,720,600	3,720,600	•
			Bond	Premiums	٠						5,747	48,587	52,636	28,685
		2021	Refunding	Bond	\$ 610,430 \$	678,920	•							
		2004B		Bond	, S		•	•		•			275,000	9,340,000
		2007	Revenue	Bond	· ·		•		٠	90,000	180,000	1,480,000	1,560,000	1,635,000
ş	ments - GO Bonds	2022 General	Obligation	Bond	\$ 8,970,122									
Governmental Funds	nd Direct Place	2016 General	Obligation	Bond		911,000	1,031,000	1,149,000	1,264,000	1,285,000	1,315,000			
Gove	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements	2015 General 2016 General 2022 General		Bond	\$ 856,000 \$	1,059,000	1,258,000	1,453,000	1,644,000	1,831,000	2,014,000			
	Direc	2014 General Obligation	Improvement Obligation	Bond	,	•	•	•		•	275,000	577,900	605,000	
		.014 General	Obligation	Bond	· ·		744,920	809,160	871,640	932,580	991,760	1,049,400	1,049,400	
		2014 Revenue 2014 General Obligation	Bond	Refunding	\$ 6,796,100	7,252,400	7,703,100	8,148,200	8,587,700	9,021,600	9,170,000	9,284,900	9,394,900	
		1995 General 2	Obligation	Note	· •								275,000	535,000
	•			Fiscal Year	2021-2022	2020-2021	2019-2020	2018-2019	2017-2018	2016-2017	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014	2012-2013

Notes:
Population data (See Table 11)
Personal Income data (See Schedule 14)
** Data not available
(1) Advance refunded this debt on 6-23-2016

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

Legal Debt Limit: Calculation for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022	or the Fis	cal Year Ended June 3	30, 2022								
10% of assessed value of taxable real estate (1)	tate (1)		\$	2,403,713,400 \$	240,371,340						
	Less: [Bor Legal r	Less: Debt applicable to limit Bonds payable Legal margin for creation of additional debt	additional debt	, 	20,183,903						
(1) Includes assessed value of Public Service Corporation Real Estate.	vice Corp	oration Real Estate.									
						Fiscal Year					
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Debt limit	s	240,371,340 \$	232,970,110 \$	227,598,920 \$	211,189,540 \$	211,189,540 \$ 215,175,848	208,874,251	207,623,799 \$	207,623,799 \$ 206,308,786 \$ 203,920,847 \$	203,920,847 \$	201,127,214
Total net debt applicable to limit		20,183,903	12,305,400	14,086,663	15,821,162	17,511,722	19,360,672	21,172,839	20,649,474	22,176,561	11,510,000

5.72%

10.88%

10.01%

10.20%

9.27%

8.14%

7.49%

6.19%

5.28%

8.40%

Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit

\$ 181,744,286 \$ 189,617,214

\$ 185,659,312

186,450,960

189,513,579

\$ 197,664,126

195,368,378

213,512,257

220,664,710

\$ 220,187,437 \$

Legal debt margin

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt At June 30, 2022

Governmental Unit:	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Amount Applicable to Primary Government
County of Montgomery	\$ 235,173,536	22%	\$	51,738,178
Subtotal, overlapping debt			\$	51,738,178
Town of Christiansburg direct debt			-	20,183,903
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	71,922,081

Sources: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each government unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the Town. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the Town of Christiansburg. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	Population (1)	Total Personal Income in Thousands of Dollars (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2022	**	**	**	2.90%
2021	22,615	**	**	3.90%
2020	22,399	4,600,702	39,422	6.60%
2019	22,557	4,526,103	\$ 38,756	3.20%
2018	22,432	4,400,507	37,730	3.50%
2017	22,178	4,177,039	36,125	4.30%
2016	21,969	4,013,920	34,754	4.50%
2015	21,840	3,889,162	33,933	4.20%
2014	21,761	3,700,434	32,318	5.90%
2013	21,587	3,482,004	30,623	6.50%
2012	21,480	3,419,328	30,430	6.80%

Notes:

- (1) Data derived from Weldon Cooper statistical analysis for Towns in Virginia.
- (2) Data is for Montgomery County and Radford City as this data is not available for Towns. Data derived from the Bureau of Economic Anaylis. Christiansburg is the County seat for Montgomery County.
- (3) Data is for Montgomery County and Radford City as this data is not available for Towns. Data derived from the Bureau of Economic analysis.
- (4) Unemployment data is as of June 30 and derived from Virginia Employment Commission (VEC).

^{**} Data not yet available

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal Year 2022		Fiscal Year 2013	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Number of Employees	Rank
Montgomery County School Board	1,000 and over employees	1	1,000 and over employees	1
MOOG Inc.	1,000 and over employees	2	NA	
New River Valley Community Services	500 to 999 employees	3	NA	
Shelor Motor Mile, Inc.	250 to 499 employees	4	250 to 499 employees	7
County of Montgomery	250 to 499 employees	5	250 to 499 employees	4
Corning Glass Works	250 to 499 employees	6	250 to 499 employees	6
Echosphere Corporation (Dish Network)	250 to 499 employees	7	500 to 999 employees	2
Town of Christiansburg	250 to 499 employees	8	251 to 499 employees	3
Wal-Mart	250 to 499 employees	9	250 to 499 employees	5
Backcountry.com Inc	250 to 499 employees	10	NA	3
Hubbell Lighting	100 to 249 employees	11	100 to 249 employees	9
Food Lion	100 to 249 employees	12	250 to 499 employees	,
Lowes Home Centers, Inc.	100 to 249 employees	13	100 to 249 employees	11
Starbucks Coffee	100 to 249 employees	14	NA	11
Target Corp.	100 to 249 employees	15	100 to 249 employees	13
Gillmann Services Inc	100 to 249 employees	16	NA	13
Community Housing Partners	100 to 249 employees	17	250 to 499 employees	8
•	100 to 249 employees	17	100 to 249 employees	o 14
The Home Depot	• •	19	NA	14
Elwood Staffing Services Inc	100 to 249 employees			
Postal Service	100 to 249 employees	20	NA	
Carillion Healthcare	100 to 249 employees	21	NA	
McDonald's	100 to 249 employees	22	NA 	
Crestline Hotels & Resorts	100 to 249 employees	23	NA	
National Bank of Blacksburg	100 to 249 employees	24	less than 50 employees	21
Cracker Barrel Old Country Store	100 to 249 employees	25	100 to 249 employees	12
Chipotle Mexican Grill	100 to 249 employees	26	NA	
Panera Bread	NA		NA	
Jimmy John's	NA		50 to 99 employees	16
Red Lobster and The Olive Garden	NA		100 to 249 employees	10
First National Bank (Stellar One)	NA		less than 50 employees	22
Texas Roadhouse	NA		50 to 99 employees	18
Comprhensive Computer Solutions	NA		50 to 99 employees	17
Belk's	NA		50 to 99 employees	15
C&S Door	NA		less than 50 employees	19
Sears and Robuck	NA		less than 50 employees	20
Source: Virginia Employment Commission	1			

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Full-time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal `	Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
<u>Function</u>										
General Administration										
Town Manager's office	3.5	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Planning	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.5	3.0	3.0
Treasurer/Finance	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	11.0	11.0
Human Resources	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5
Public Relations	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	1.5	1.5	1.5
Information Technology	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
Public Safety										
Police	67.5	69.5	69.5	69.5	69.0	68.0	74.0	73.0	73.5	73.5
Fire	5.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.5	1.5
Rescue	18.2	9.0	8.2	8.2	6.8	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.5	3.5
Public Works										
Maintenance	10.0	10.0	10.5	10.5	9.0	6.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Sanitation	7.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.0	10.0	11.0	11.0	11.0	11.0
Streets	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	37.0	40.0	36.0	36.0	36.0	35.0
Water	21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	30.0	24.0	36.0	36.0	36.0	36.0
Plant Operations	22.0	22.0	22.5	22.5	14.0	14.0	11.0	11.0	10.5	10.5
Engineering	12.0	13.0	14.6	14.6	13.0	12.0	11.0	11.0	9.0	10.0
Building Inspections	5.0	4.0	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0
Parks and Recreation	26.2	26.4	25.5	25.5	25.5	24.0	24.7	23.2	23.0	27.0
Aquatics	21.6	19.1	28.8	28.8	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0
Cemetery	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0
Totals	286.0	276.5	287.1	288.0	286.8	273.0	281.7	278.2	333.5	333.5
Fire Department Volunteers	40.0	40.0	40.0	40.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	37.0	36.0
Rescue Department Volunteers	50.0	50.0	57.0	92.0	95.0	95.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0

<u>Note:</u> A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2080 hours per year (including holiday, vacation, and sick leave). Full-time employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2080.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					_	Fiscal Year				
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Government Building/zoning permits issued	1,212	1,567	1,717	1,617	1,449	2,019	1,436	198	1,738	1,546
Building inspections	4,643	5,035	5,226	6,226	5,131	4,986	3,905	3,282	2,726	
Conditional use permits approved Rezoning regulacts approved	Σ ~	/1	י ע	10	5 P	۰ -	љ «	- 6	w t	n w
Streets approved for vacation			2	2		2	, ,			. 4
Amendments to Town Code/Ordinances	•	. 4		. 2	6	2	2	æ	9	. 51
Public Safety										
Police										
Criminal offenses	1,217	1,499	2,364	2,724	2,490	2,241	1,955	2,133	2,346	2,494
Traffic warrants	1,817	1,326	2,073	3,370	3,210	3,505	4,043	5,211	5,817	7,306
Parking violations Patrol miles driven	546 309	562 515	183	797 8082	143	15/	149	88	445	88
מנוסל וווונכס מו אכזו	20,010	0.000	1,4		200,000	200,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	052,10	2000	25,00
Fire										
Christiansburg calls answered	277	612	491	558	575	208	505	416	484	549
County calls answered	357	355	356	432	407	398	323	317	320	336
Total calls answered	934	296	847	066	982	906	828	733	804	882
Rescue										
Christiansburg calls answered	3,227	3,141	3,056	3,614	3,376	3,349	2,883	2,792	2,596	2,575
County calls answered	1,666	1,386	1,455	1,119	1,097	1,214	1,141	1,195	1,1/4	1,139
local calls arbwered	4,693	4,527	4,511	4,/33	4,4/3	4,363	4,024	3,98/	3,770	4.7.4
Public Works										
January in tone	7 305	7 00 3	6 780	6 637	7 9 9 7	8 075	00 07 07	7 089	8 671	0 575
Spring and fall cleanup in tons	0.66,1	570,1	0,780	750,0	1,55,1	6,72	6,185	,009	- 70,0	7,743
Junk	592.31	678.53	438.45	754.89	893.00	741.34	856.56	631.12	592.46	393.66
Leaves	659.02	619.62	653.76	558.42	749.88	599.50	870.75	865.75	530.25	821.00
Brush	383.86	398.73	299.33	276.04	385.00	290.06	307.29	446.00	367.64	182.46
Recycling in pounds *****										
Papers	na 2007	na 7 226 000	na 770 000	na מאד וידר ר	na 4,4,4,0	1/8,/60	110,980	095,580	614,980	624,660
Single Stream cardboard	209,746	8 920	106,000	152.860	1,124,240					
Containers	na	na	na	na	na	1,110,360	1,018,440	471,960	415,940	385,860
Total pounds recycled	211,966	2,234,920	2,376,000	2,424,620	1,315,960	1,289,120	1,129,420	1,157,520	1,030,920	1,010,520
Streets	į		1	!	!	;	;	;	;	!
Principal/minor arterial lane miles	44.71	44.71	44.79	45.42	44.45	46.93	46.93	46.93	46.93	45.75
Collector/local etreate lane miles	17.10	17.10	720 68	725.60	203 04	204.03	206.03	15.90	204 03	15.51
Collector/local streets center lane miles	114.44	114.73	114.95	112.97	101.42	102.83	102.83	102.83	102.83	101.15
Sidewalks installed new and replaced in linear feet	6.927	6.789	3.178	5.016		2.715	,	٠	570	912
Storm drains installed in linear feet	7,901	2,562	2,373	2,565	3,000	1,952		874	1,620	128
Street lights installed	ī.		40		27	80	7	12	16	33
Street signs new	92	224	218	62	53	45	40	37	49	99
Street signs repaired or replaced	186	64	134	288	327	184	164	202	168	120
Total street signs	6,854	6,789	6,565	6,347	6,285	6,232	6,187	6,147	6,110	6,061
Water										
New water services installed, net of removed	94	104	190	32	25	92	70	74	70	88
Total water customers in Town	10,335	10,241	10,137	9,947	9,915	9,890	9,825	9,724	9,650	9,580
New water services installed Out of Town		ν <u>τ</u>	10	4/4/	, ,	0 1	0 7	4 10	9 60	6 10
Total water services out of Town	10 040	10 825	10 718	10 518	10 439	10 407	10 336	203	10 151	10 075
ו חלמן אמרבו זבן אורכז זון מווח כתר כן וכאיון	1,7,01	1,000	0,7,0	2,01	70,40	, or	20,00	10,427	5.	2,0,01

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
<u>Function Frogram</u> Water consumption in gallons Town System	813.821.910	755.363.301	773.589.063	810.839.670	776.903.788	753.035.713	996,710,692	559.161.576	824.099.330	521.310.359
Montgomery County PSA	93,426,333	90,158,504	87,685,297	91,748,150	80,502,800	81,528,160	63,279,923	34,907,969	54, 700, 580	97,164,800
Total water consumption	907, 248, 243	845,521,805	861,274,360	902,587,820	857,406,588	916,092,033	1,123,270,538	594,069,545	878,799,910	618,475,159
New water mains installed in linear feet	10,157	4,777	4,601	7,457	810	9,951	1,855	2,314	12,542	1,727
Cumulative water mains, feet	849,311	840,490	836, 564	838,099	830,642	829,832	819,881	818,026	815,712	803,170
Cumulative water mains, miles	160.85	159.18	158.44	158.73	157.32	157.17	155.28	154.93	154.49	152.13
Sewer										
New service installed in Town, net of service removed	16	102	47	99	121	134	101	74	78	87
Accumulative services in Town	6,685	9,594	9,401	9,354	9,288	6,167	9,033	8,932	8,858	8,780
New sewer service installed Out of Town	•		•		9	S	4	2	9	6
Accumulative services Out of Town	48	48	139	139	139	133	128	124	122	116
iotal sewel services ili aliu Out ol Towil	5,7,5	2,042	2,740	5,473	174.7	000,7	2,101	0,00,	0,700	0,630
New Sanitary Sewer Gravity Mains installed in linear feet	5,547	5,391	6,053	1,855	4,488	6,581	2,152	2,152	1,858	3,015
New Sanitary Sewer Force Mains installed in linear feet	142	•	•	•			•		•	390
Total sewer system lines in linear feet Total sewer system lines in miles	896,207	889,515	883,165	879,409	877,554 166.20	873,066	866,485	810,599	808,447	806,589
Waste Water Troatment Dlant										
Gallons collected and treated	998.600.000	1.391.800.000	1.088.600.000	1.227.100.000	972,000,000	968.000.000	1.066,000.000	846.000.000	845.000.000	901.000.000
Average number of gallons treated per day	2,735,890	3,813,151	2,982,466	3,361,918	2,663,014	2,652,055	2,920,548	2,317,808	2,315,068	2,468,493
Parks and Recreation										
Number of programs offered										
Youth and community	65	37	53	95	94	103	91	105	94	100
Adult and community	240	182	226	235	238	258	196	210	202	214
Youth athletic	44	40	39	20	47	47	47	47	46	46
Adult athletic	28	10	30	28	28	27	27	22	23	18
Senior citizen	185	130	148	170	155	169	136	160	169	162
Special population	7 7	n 0	71 02	- 1	5 5	4 6	10	0 0	1 0	n •
Toutil special events	97	0 00	19	2. 1.	2 6	2 ≪		0 ^	~ 00	0 «
Senior citizen special events	1 1	, =	24	27	2 5	. 4	. 41	, 41	0 6	27
Clubs	. 0	. •	0	i °	4	<u>.</u> m	-	; -	: m	2
Active Memberships	3,451	1,664	3,575	5,032	*	‡	‡	*	‡	*
Membership Scans	55,717	37,711	61,222	96,303	:	‡	‡	‡	‡	*
Day Pass Attendence	‡	‡	756	938	* *	**	*	*	‡	*
Aquatics ***										
Membership packages sold										
Resident	1,895	937	202	860	278	392	493	457	275	458
Non resident	945	551	783	781	902	240	1,147	515	314	390
Day passes sold	9,714	4,747	14,367	27,558	29,605	30859	34,025	36,397	28,836	31,274
Birthday parties	4 ;	7	= 1	91	220	206	206	199	271	315
Competitive meets	95.0	30	35	34	32	30	87	23	87 7	57 75
Number of classes	7,201	1, 142	516	450	1,0,1	767	3/1	7/7	/67	707
Cemetery ****	,	!	i	;	1	;	i	;	;	;
Burials	84	87	% %	59	57	59	26	82	93	101
Cremations	70	5 9	77	- 9	18	17	8 C	6 6	C	, o
Lots sold	6, 6	60 7),	4,	37	38	37	2	79	99
	71	r	n	7	Þ	r				

Modes:

 Covid 19 restrictions in place inhibited many programs participation rates.
 The Aquatic Center opened in July of 2010.
 The Aquatic Center opened in July of 2010.
 The Aquatic Center opened in July and 2017.
 The Aquatic Center opened in July and Ago in fy 2017.
 In 1017-2018 the Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority moved to single stream recycling so data in now collected differently then in years past.

 Source: Data obtained from Town Department Heads

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Capital Asset and Infrastructure Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	ar				
Function/Program	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public Safety										
Law Enforcement Vehicles Patrol	37	37	35	35	35	35	35	26	26	26
Law Enforcement Vehicles detective and vice	14	4	14	4	4	4	4	12	12	12
Law Enforcement Vehicles ERT and Special operations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	13	13	13
Law Enforcement Vehicles Administrative	9	9	9	5	5	5	5	4	4	4
Fire Fighting Apparatus	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7
Fire Response Vehicles	∞	∞	8	∞	∞	∞	∞	9	9	9
Medical Rescue Ambulances	9	9	9	9	9	9	5	2	2	2
Medical Rescue Extraction Vehicles	٣	3	3	3	3	٣	4	3	3	٣
Medical Rescue Response Vehicles other	4	4	4	4	4	2	9	∞	∞	∞
Public Works										
Sanitation										
'L Trash Collection Vehicles	5	5	5	5	2	5	5	4	5	5
1 ∕2 treets										
Principal/minor arterial lane miles	44.71	44.71	44.79	45.42	44.45	46.93	46.93	46.93	46.93	45.75
Collector/local streets lane miles	228.67	229.23	229.60	225.30	203.04	206.03	206.03	206.03	206.03	202.98
Traffic lights	16	15	15	13	12	12	12	18	18	18
Street lights	1,838	1,838	1,838	1,798	1,798	1,771	1,763	1,756	1,744	1,750
Parks and Recreation										
Indoor Aquatic Center	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Recreation Center	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	~
Parks mini parks, large and community	4	4	<u>+</u>	4	4	<u>+</u>	4	13	13	13
Trails (miles)	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	4	4	4
Business Type Activities Water and Sewer										
Water Mains (miles)	160.85	159.18	158.44	158.73	157.32	157.17	155.28	154.93	154.49	152.13
Sewer Mains (miles)	169.74	168.47	167.27	166.55	166.20	165.35	164.11	153.52	153.11	146.72

Source: Data obtained from Town Department Heads

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Proprietary Fund Business-type Activities Water and Sewer Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

				7.7.7.7							Ī
						Fiscal Year					
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Operating Revenues											
Charges for Services:											
Water and Sewer Service Fees	s	10,809,483 \$	10,089,551 \$	10,447,273 \$	9,714,709 \$	9,198,252 \$	7,588,435 \$	7,920,865 \$	7,085,257 \$	6,513,234 \$	6,531,903
Water and Wastewater Connection Fees		650,750	809,945	1,113,597	1,023,015	829,947	1,147,510	694,270	543,901	360,598	426,634
Penalties and Other		290,938	319,580	214,433	251,625	244,585	177,697	209,766	171,143	157,460	156,046
Total Operating Revenues	s	11,751,171 \$	11,219,076 \$	11,775,303 \$	10,989,349 \$	10,272,784 \$	8,913,642 \$	8,824,901 \$	7,800,300 \$	7,031,292 \$	7,114,583
Operating Expenses											
Salaries and Wages	s	1,537,448 \$	1,885,467 \$	1,626,191 \$	1,646,623 \$	1,670,012 \$	1,637,894 \$	1,574,646 \$	1,898,115 \$	1,831,465 \$	1,616,818
Employee Benefits		381,620	721,408	558,622	411,641	547,824	536,071	532,323	256,803	183,657	218,388
Water Authority Purchases		3,580,823	3,187,618	3,186,715	3,258,342	2,640,812	1,950,183	1,821,897	1,639,458	1,410,462	1,541,555
Utilities		536,644	493,318	545,476	492,809	487,310	513,363	532,195	352,364	384,717	315,547
Repairs and Maintenance		209,768	244,322	285,180	279,640	210,220	195,282	185,580	164,164	173,824	158,658
Depreciation and Amortization		2,256,969	2,210,899	2,110,060	2,083,552	1,936,624	1,911,711	1,810,513	1,747,846	1,700,218	1,643,954
Materials and Supplies		572,902	556,568	535,851	555,039	563,148	479,715	478,304	605,214	604,381	514,909
General and Administrative		403,863	529,384	488,585	483,109	417,809	499,554	307,104	384,284	331,204	419,074
Professional Services		167,756									
Total Operating Expenses	s	9,647,793 \$	9,828,984 \$	9,336,680 \$	9,210,755 \$	8,473,759 \$	7,723,773 \$	7,242,562 \$	7,048,248 \$	6,619,929 \$	6,428,903
Operating Income (Loss)	s	2,103,378 \$	1,390,092 \$	2,438,623 \$	1,778,594 \$	1,799,025 \$	1,189,869 \$	1,582,339 \$	752,052 \$	411,363 \$	685,680
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)											
Interest and Fiscal Charges Rond Issuance Costs	s	(29,409) \$	(79,925) \$	(108,515) \$	(135,092) \$	(168,772) \$	(203,738) \$	(236,459) \$	(271,118) \$	(197,523) \$	(222,543)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	s	(29,409) \$	(79,925) \$	(108,515) \$	(135,092) \$	(168,772) \$	(203,738) \$	(236,459) \$	(271,118) \$	(224,043) \$	(222,543)
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	s.	2,073,969 \$	1,310,167 \$	2,330,108 \$	1,643,502 \$	1,630,253 \$	986,131 \$	1,345,880 \$	480,934 \$	187,321 \$	463,137
Capital Contributions Transfers In (Out)		1,264,170	680,745	955,180	199,884	520,000	483,510	95,939	124,736	53,490	45,971
Change in Net Position	s	3,338,139 \$	2,163,649 \$	3,285,288 \$	1,843,386 \$	2,150,253 \$	1,469,641 \$	1,441,819 \$	\$ 029,670	240,811 \$	509,108
Net Position, Beginning	s	44,499,213 \$	42,335,564 \$	39,050,276 \$	37,206,890 \$	35,347,301 \$	33,877,660 \$	32,656,517 \$	33,599,856 \$	33,359,045 \$	32,001,591
Prior Period Adjustment			•			(290,664)			(1,549,009)		848,346
Net Position, Ending	s	47,837,352 \$	44,499,213 \$	42,335,564 \$	39,050,276 \$	37,206,890 \$	35,347,301 \$	33,877,660 \$	32,656,517 \$	33,599,856 \$	33,359,045

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Expenses and Bond Payments Last Ten Fiscal Years

704,598 222,543 489,016 57,528 1,541,555 22,641 52,778 317,201 132,023 152,860 462,424 88,511 99,401 60,517 563,514 73,088 135,743 665,379 72,349 193,505 45,362 763,239 309,799 130,471 704,598 1,616,818 218,388 1,547,555 315,547 158,658 1,643,954 514,909 419,074 7,356,043 1,483,198 2013 1,831,465 \$ 183,657 702,525 58,221 1,410,462 25,644 46,236 357,654 155,440 590,433 77,686 108,391 62,904 569,912 104,226 538,507 47,750 250,682 64,684 772,652 344,715 95,091 2,882,112 729,816 1,410,462 384,717 173,824 1,700,218 604,381 331,202 729,816 7,547,265 ,623,733 2014 1,898,115 \$
256,804
1,639,458
352,364
164,163
1,747,847
605,214
384,284 501,699 78,565 102,372 53,303 586,172 127,421 587,981 62,534 230,703 66,138 794,948 358,380 121,973 808,435 115,705 1,639,458 19,289 44,722 366,727 119,413 8,075,305 3,249,451 755,938 271,118 ,576,141 2015 1,698,197 \$
408,772
1,821,897
532,195
185,580
1,810,513
478,304
307,104 444,539 \$ 128,181 103,877 70,861 451,616 1154,658 1119,408 529,123 \$ 121,811 416,766 75,051 802,870 124,648 51,664 724,535 (158,780 1,821,897 11,552 39,668 556,027 198,998 136,032 8,575,303 ,647,489 987,355 1,085,487 247,254 2016 1,637,894 \$
536,071
1,950,183
195,282
197,710
479,715
307,090
192,463
1,020,841
203,738 458,735 \$ 154,455 205,585 87,135 538,678 102,698 83,346 29,881 \$ 29,881 641,837 234,975 1,950,183 31,544 41,102 578,158 150,093 537,322 146,641 276,234 67,045 794,874 226,924 60,845 162,582 776,051 98,271 244,790 105,467 8,948,350 2017 Fiscal Year 1,670,148 \$
547,690
2,640,812
354,065
184,307
1,936,623
642,517
445,971
51,626
1,020,840
168,772 492, 522 162, 529 108, 851 79, 523 495, 581 1128, 625 1121, 155 15, 826 15, 826 15, 826 1604, 612 519,846 168,507 198,540 66,576 831,496 303,787 101,192 35,800 829,904 86,509 657,780 216,654 2,640,812 46,674 38,208 609,546 210,105 223,624 190,936 9,663,371 2018 1,646,623 \$
411,641
3,258,342
402,809
279,640
2,083,552
555,040
355,224
129,182
882,580
135,092 518,470 \$ 130,422 92,524 109,253 532,297 123,310 112,410 8,324 1,627,010 \$ 626,910 154,474 3,258,342 10,275 74,427 644,912 250,321 166,604 47,454 201,583 68,144 5,503,446 501,243 126,745 390,010 95,960 906,343 181,409 74,910 73,404 680,997 66,948 10,228,425 2019 1,626,191 \$
558,623
3,186,715
58,674
390,386
2,110,060
464,784
392,394
62,051
912,199 10,367,678 \$ 426,742 149,354 96,586 133,526 568,071 104,846 760,072 261,663 3,186,715 10,161 102,874 658,279 250,895 227,760 76,024 3,697,026 147,606 438,727 153,986 883,710 109,043 125,366 62,051 684,399 583,570 2020 1,885,467 \$
721,408
3,187,618
493,318
244,322
2,210,899
556,568
393,571
135,816
708,693
79,925 494,077 \$ 196,468 97,684 82,267 663,270 116,499 107,720 23,360 1,781,345 \$ 10,617,475 \$ 897,671 331,338 3,187,618 17,095 94,227 663,270 340,266 216,740 15,994 141,713 51,152 493,719 193, 602 378, 539 67, 828 884, 360 99, 803 69, 111 96, 462 28, 773 ,879,047 2021 673,780 \$
176,815
3,580,823
10,222
85,597
665,224
282,505
179,505
24,829
22,409
22,409 493,999 \$ 129,222 105,737 90,188 1,491,639 113,814 115,565 39,018 2,621,182 \$ 369,669 \$
75,583
420,685
33,983
100,106
176,846
66,793
98,132 1,537,448 \$
381,620
3,580,823
2,0644
209,768
2,256,969
572,902
403,863
167,756
242,829
29,409 9,920,031 1,341,797 2022 Waste Water Treatment Plant Totals Waste Water Treatment Plan Waste Water Operations Waste Water Totals Water Totals Water Totals Depreciation & amortization Depreciation & amortization Depreciation & amortization Depreciation & amortization Salaries, wages, payroll taxes, and retirement Fringe benefits - insurance Fringe benefits - insurance Fringe benefits - insurance payroll taxes, and Water Authority purchases payroll taxes, and payroll taxes, and Fringe benefits - insurance Water Authority purchases Materials & supplies General & administrative Bond payments- principal Bond payments- interest Bond payments- principal Bond payments- interest General & administrative General & administrative Bond payments- principal General & administrative 3 and payments- interest Salaries, wages, Salaries, wages, Repairs & maintenance Salaries, wages, Repairs & maintenance Repairs & maintenance Repairs & maintenance Materials & supplies Materials & supplies Materials & supplies retirement retirement Personal service -Professional fees Professional fees Professional fees Professional fees Personal service Personal service Utilities Utilities

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Expenses and Bond Payments Breakdown For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Waste Water
	Total	Water	Waste Water	Treatment Plant
Personal service - Salaries, wages, payroll taxes,		_		
and retirement	\$ 1,537,448 \$	673,780	493,999	369,669
Fringe benefits - insurance	381,620	176,815	129,222	75,583
Water Authority purchases	3,580,823	3,580,823	-	-
Utilities	536,644	10,222	105,737	420,685
Repairs & maintenance	209,768	85,597	90,188	33,983
Depreciation & amortization	2,256,969	665,224	1,491,639	100,106
Materials & supplies	572,902	282,242	113,814	176,846
General & administrative	403,863	179,505	157,565	66,793
Professional fees	167,756	30,606	39,018	98,132
Bond payments- principal	242,829	242,829	-	-
Bond payments- interest	29,409	29,409	-	-
Totals	\$ 9,920,031 \$	5,957,052 \$	2,621,182	1,341,797

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Proprietary Fund Business-type Activities Storm Water Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

					Fisc	al Ye	ear			
	_	2022	_	2021	 2020	_	2019	_	2018	2017
Operating Revenues										
Charges for Services:										
Storm water monthly fees	\$	1,437,097	\$	1,475,327	\$ 1,436,821	\$	1,388,141	\$	1,350,405	\$ 1,366,949
Storm water maintenance & transfer fees		42,788			-		32,210		29,226	30,319
Penalties and Other					-		11,940		5,772	708
Total Operating Revenues	\$	1,479,885	\$	1,475,327	\$ 1,436,821	\$	1,432,291	\$	1,385,403	\$ 1,397,976
Operating Expenses										
Salaries and Wages	\$	395,377	\$	443,758	\$ 408,163	\$	325,690	\$	282,376	\$ 167,432
Employee Benefits		164,380		210,707	173,663		129,947		84,439	25,831
Depreciation and Amortization		222,736		206,672	153,691		122,341		99,164	34,143
Materials and Supplies		63,902		54,627	67,348		56,543		49,758	73,338
General and Administrative		37,304		39,599	31,697		73,387		30,154	100,704
Professional Services		12,439		3,429	4,846		60,049		650,776	-
Total Operating Expenses	\$	896,138	\$	958,792	\$ 839,408	\$	767,957	\$	1,196,667	\$ 401,448
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	583,747	\$	516,535	\$ 597,413	\$	664,334	\$	188,736	\$ 996,528
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)										
Interest and Fiscal Charges	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-	-		-		-	-
Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets		(57,200)		-	-		-		-	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	(57,200)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	\$	526,547	\$	516,535	\$ 597,413	\$	664,334	\$	188,736	\$ 996,528
Capital Contributions		1,192,531		395,949	524,363		988,811		657,024	489,808
Transfers In (Out)		-		2,370	-		-		-	-
Change in Net Position	\$	1,719,078	\$	914,854	\$ 1,121,776	\$	1,653,145	\$	845,760	\$ 1,486,336
Net Position, Beginning	\$	7,315,054	\$	6,400,200	\$ 5,278,424	\$	3,625,279	\$	2,040,405	\$ -
Prior Period Adjustment		-		-	-		-		739,114	554,069
Net Position, Ending	\$	9,034,132	\$	7,315,054	\$ 6,400,200	\$	5,278,424	\$	3,625,279	\$ 2,040,405

⁽¹⁾ The Stormwater fund was created at the beginning of fiscal year 2017 annual data will be presented going forward.





ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Christiansburg, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Robinson, Famer, Cox associates

November 15, 2022



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Christiansburg, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Town of Christiansburg, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance (Continued)

Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Christiansburg, Virginia's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Resociates

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number			Ex	Federal penditures
Department of Justice:						
Direct payments:						
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	Not applicable			\$	3,479
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services:						
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	18DJBX0728			\$	5,363
Total Department of Justice					\$	8,842
Department of Homeland Security:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Emergency Management:						
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2020-SS-00096-S01			\$	129,732
Department of Transportation:						
Pass Through Payments:						
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles:						
Highway Safety Cluster:						
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FOP-2022-52348-22348	\$	2,040		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	FSC-2022-52349-22349	_	11,606		12.44
Subtotal Highway Safety Cluster					\$	13,646
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2022-52322-22322				11,619
Virginia Department of Transportation:						
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster:						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	U000-154-249	\$	588,986		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	EN20-154-251		8,898		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	EN20-154-252		11,833		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	EN18-154-236		7,888	_	447.405
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster						617,605
Total Department of Transportation					\$	642,870
Department of Treasury:						
Direct payments:						
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027	Not applicable			\$	373,487
Department of Housing and Urban Development:						
Direct payments:						
CDBG-Entitlement Grants Cluster:						
COVID-19 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	Not applicable			\$	22,990
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards					\$	1,177,921

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town of Christiansburg, Virginia.

Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 -- De Minimis Cost Rate

The Town did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as it typically only requests direct costs for reimbursement.

Note 4 -- Subrecipients

The Town did not have any subrecipients during 2022.

Note 5 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements:

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the Town's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues and other reconciling items per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:

Special Revenue Funds	\$ 576,181
Equitable sharing funds received but not spent	(15,865)
Capital Projects Fund	 617,605
Total expenditures of federal awards per basic financial statements	\$ 1,177,921

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing #

		=
21.027	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	
Dollar threshold used to dist and Type B programs	inguish between Type A	\$750,000

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Yes

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

There are no financial statement findings to report.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

Town of Christiansburg, Virginia Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no prior audit findings.