Roanoke River Service Authority

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017



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Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Roanoke River Service Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Roanoke River Service Authority, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Roanoke River Service Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Roanoke River Service Authority, as of June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1 through 3 and schedule of changes in the political subdivision's net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions, notes to required supplemental information, schedule of employer's share of net OPEB liability group life insurance program (GLI), schedule of employer contributions (GLI), and notes to required supplementary information (GLI) on pages 33 through 40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2018, on our consideration of the Roanoke River Service Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Roanoke River Service Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Roanoke River Service Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Creedle Jones & Alga, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Crudle, Jones & alga, P.C.

South Hill, Virginia October 15, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of June 30, 2018 and 2017

Our discussion and analysis of the Roanoke River Service Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. Please read this information in conjunction with Roanoke River Service Authority's basic financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Roanoke River Service Authority (the "Authority") presents three basic financial statements. These are: (1) Statements of Net Position; (2) Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position; and (3) Statements of Cash Flows.

Our financial position is measured in terms of resources (assets) we own and obligations (liabilities) we owe on a given date. This information is reported on the Statements of Net Position, which reflects the Authority's assets in relation to its debt to creditors. The excess of our assets over liabilities is our equity, or net position.

Information regarding the results of our operation during the years is reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. These statements show how much our overall net position increased or decreased during the years as a result of our operations and for other reasons.

Our Statements of Cash Flows disclose the flow of cash resources into and out of the Authority during the years and how we applied those funds.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Financial Position

A summary of the Authority's Statements of Net Position for 2018 and 2017 is presented below:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Assets Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$10,380,328 20,131	\$10,284,305 29,677
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$10,400,459	\$10,313,982
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,484,349	\$ 6,775,184
Deferred Inflows of Resources	52,678	3,613
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	2,192,409 1,671,023 3,863,432	2,015,509 1,519,676 3,535,185
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$10,400,459	\$10,313,982

Total net position increased by \$328,247 for the Authority in 2018 which is an increase of 9.29% from last year.

Change in Net Position

A summary of the Authority's Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for 2018 and 2017 is presented below:

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses	\$1,967,710 <u>(1,354,617)</u>	\$ 1,871,434 (1,296,154)
Net Operating Income	613,093	575,280
Non-Operating Revenue Non-Operating Expense	1,064 (285,910)	831 (297,273)
Changes in Net Position	\$ 328,247	\$ 278,838

During the year, the Authority's net operating income was \$613,093. The Authority had non-operating revenue in the form of interest income, which amounted to \$1,064. Non-operating expense in the form of interest expense totaled \$285,910. Operating expenses of \$1,354,617 included all expenses necessary to operate the water plant, predominantly salaries, utilities, chemicals, and depreciation.

Net position increased \$328,247 in 2018 as compared to an increase of \$278,838 in 2017.

Cash Flows

A summary of the Authority's Statements of Cash Flows for 2018 and 2017 is presented below:

Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cash Provided by (Used in)			
Operating activities	\$	847,049	\$ 858,937
Capital and related financing activities		(722,338)	(722,843)
Investing activities	_	1,064	831
Net Increase in Cash	\$	125,775	\$ 136,925

Cash flows from operating activities consist of receipts from customers and grants which are more than operating expenses, creating a positive cash flow of \$847,049.

Cash flows from non-operating activities net to a negative \$722,338 due to purchases of capital assets and payments on long-term debt.

During fiscal year 2018, there was an increase of \$125,775 in cash as compared to an increase of \$136,925 in 2017.

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2018, the Authority's net capital assets total \$8,630,980, a decrease of \$98,408 or 1.13% over the previous fiscal year.

Change in Capital Assets

	Balance uly 1, 2017	Additions Deletions	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ine 30, 2018
Land and improvements	\$ 268,902	\$ -	\$	268,902
Vehicles and equipment	192,264	-		192,264
Infrastructure - water system	11,570,845	 161,120		11,731,965
Total Capital Assets	12,032,011	161,120		12,193,131
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,302,623)	(259,528)		(3,562,151)
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 8,729,388	\$ (98,408)	\$	8,630,980

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2018, the Authority's long-term obligations total \$6,438,571.

Change in Long-Term Debt

	Balance ıly 1, 2017	 Additions Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2018
Virginia Resources Authority - Series 2000A and 2000B	\$ 459,398	\$ (106,614)	\$ 352,784
Citizens Community Bank	465,283	(32,660)	432,623
Rural Development	5,788,438	(135,274)	5,653,164
Sheffield Financing	760	(760)	
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 6,713,879	\$ (275,308)	\$ 6,438,571

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Jeff Hinkle, Executive Director, Roanoke River Service Authority, 5419 Highway One, Bracey, Virginia 23919, telephone 434-689-7772.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2018 and 2017

June 30, 2018 and 2017	•	
	2018	2017 (Restated)
Assets and Deferred Outflows of	Resources	
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash - operations	\$ 261,871	\$ 360,785
Cash - money market	1,157,762	933,417
Cash - CCB	100,645	
Cash - Microsoft		61
Accounts receivable	178,073	
Total Current Assets	1,698,351	1,554,917
Capital Assets		
Land and improvements	268,902	268,902
Vehicles and equipment	192,264	192,264
Infrastructure - water system	11,731,965	11,570,845
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,562,151)	(3,302,623)
Net Capital Assets	8,630,980	8,729,388
Other Assets		
Net pension asset	50,997	<u> </u>
Total Assets	10,380,328	10,284,305
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred outflows - VRS OPEB group life	1,497	-
Deferred outflows - pension liability	18,634	29,677
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	20,131	29,677
Total Assets and Deferred		
Outflows of Resources	\$ 10,400,459	\$ 10,313,982
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	. and Net Position	on
Liabilities	,	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 19,672	\$ 15,971
Accrued payroll liabilities	3,106	-
Notes payable - current portion	286,060	275,338
Total Current Liabilities	308,838	291,309
Long-Term Liabilities		
Net VRS pension liability		
	-	18,334
Net VRS OPEB group life liability	23,000	•
Net VRS OPEB group life liability Notes payable - less current portion	23,000 6,152,511	27,000
		27,000 6,438,541
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	6,152,511	27,000 6,438,541
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life Deferred inflows - pension liability	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000 49,678	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life Deferred inflows - pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life Deferred inflows - pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000 49,678 52,678	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184 3,613 3,613
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life Deferred inflows - pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position Net investment in capital assets	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000 49,678 52,678 2,192,409	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184 3,613 3,613 2,015,509
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life Deferred inflows - pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000 49,678 52,678 2,192,409 1,671,023	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184 3,613 3,613 2,015,509 1,519,676
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life Deferred inflows - pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000 49,678 52,678 2,192,409	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184 3,613 3,613 2,015,509 1,519,676
Notes payable - less current portion Total Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life Deferred inflows - pension liability Total Deferred Inflows of Resources Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	6,152,511 6,175,511 6,484,349 3,000 49,678 52,678 2,192,409 1,671,023	27,000 6,438,541 6,483,875 6,775,184 3,613 3,613 2,015,509 1,519,676 3,535,185

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

		<u>2018</u>		2017 <u>Restated</u>
	Operating <u>Fund</u>	Tank Farm <u>Reimbursements</u>	Total <u>Operations</u>	Memorandum (Totals Only)
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,856,749	\$ -	\$ 1,856,749	\$ 1,791,383
Contribution from counties	27,500		27,500	27,500
Wireless communication fees	35,731		35,731	38,310
Tank farm reimbursements	,	38,434	38,434	, -
Miscellaneous	4,326		4,326	6,884
Connection fees	4,970		4,970	7,357
Total Operating Revenues	1,929,276	38,434	1,967,710	1,871,434
Operating Expenses				
Depreciation	259,528	-	259,528	258,018
Salaries	299,153	16,710	315,863	306,679
Electrical services	171,264	-	171,264	160,889
Chemicals	227,602	2,928	230,530	200,790
Professional fees	18,678	-	18,678	19,140
Payroll taxes	23,645	-	23,645	22,552
Employee insurance	48,605		48,605	44,835
Retirement and pension expense	6,410	_	6,410	18,861
Repairs and maintenance	99,110		104,597	139,656
Mileage	,	7,728	7,728	, -
Insurance	28,185	•	31,459	28,281
Engineering	895		895	770
Lab supplies and testing	34,620		34,620	15,723
Miscellaneous other expenses	17,943		17,943	14,083
Safety	14,140		14,140	11,110
Distribution expansion	1,991		1,991	3,119
Office supplies	8,241		8,241	8,683
Plant heating	9,492		9,492	4,644
Fuel	20,223		22,530	14,170
Uniforms	2,114		2,114	1,488
Cellular and mobile communications	8,484		8,484	10,268
Telephone	3,493		3,493	3,575
Postage and delivery	7,325		7,325	4,479
Raw water withdrawal	5,042		5,042	4,341
Total Operating Expenses	1,316,183	38,434	1,354,617	1,296,154
Operating Income	613,093	-	613,093	575,280
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Interest income	1,064	_	1,064	831
Interest expense	(285,910		(285,910)	(297,273)
interest expense	(203,310		(203,310)	(231,213)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(284,846	<u> </u>	(284,846)	(296,442)
Change in Net Position	328,247	-	328,247	278,838
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year (Restated)	3,535,185	<u> </u>	3,535,185	3,256,347
Total Net Position - End of Year The accompanying notes to the financial sta	\$ 3,863,432		\$ 3,863,432	\$ 3,535,185

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

Cook Flows from Operating Activities		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers	\$	1,844,060	\$	1,807,913
Microsoft reimbursements		24,476		-
Other receipts		40,057		45,194
Receipts from counties		27,500		27,500
Payments for salaries and related personnel costs		(406,137)		(393,455)
Payments to suppliers	_	(682,907)		(628,215)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		847,049		858,937
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Purchases of capital assets		(161,120)		(158,839)
Payments on long-term debt		(275,308)		(266,731)
Interest expense paid on capital debt	_	(285,910)		(297,273)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities		(722,338)		(722,843)
·				, ,
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest income	_	1,064	_	831
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		1,064		831
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		125,775		136,925
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	_	1,394,503	_	1,257,578
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	1,520,278	<u>\$</u>	1,394,503
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$	613,093	\$	575,280
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
Depreciation expense		259,528		258,018
Changes in current assets and liabilities				
Receivables, net		(17,659)		9,173
Accounts payable		3,701		14,896
Accrued payroll liabilities Deferred outflows - VRS OPEB group life		3,106		(528)
Net VRS OPEB group life		(1,497) (4,000)		_
Deferred inflows - VRS OPEB group life		3,000		_
Net VRS pension liability (asset)		(69,331)		18,267
Deferred outflows - VRS pension liability		46,065		(8,725)
Deferred inflows - VRS pension liability		11,043		(7,444)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	847,049	\$	858,937

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Years Ended June 30, 2018 and 2017

■ Organization, Description of the Entity, and Its Activities

The Roanoke River Service Authority (the "Authority") was created under the authority of the Virginia Water and Waste Authorities Act, Section 15.2-5100 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, by the Towns of Boydton, LaCrosse, Brodnax, and South Hill and the Counties of Mecklenburg and Brunswick. The purpose for which the Authority was created was for the design, construction, and operation of a water distribution system including a water treatment plant to serve the citizens and communities of Mecklenburg and Brunswick Counties and to exercise such other activities as may be permitted by law.

The Authority has a Board of Directors made up of persons appointed by each member locality for a term of three years. The Board operates independently of the localities.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared in conformity with the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred through the receipt of goods and services. All supplies and materials are expensed when purchased and fixed assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Property and Equipment

Depreciation is provided principally on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pensions

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is a multiemployer, agent plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Group Life Insurance

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The Group Life Insurance Program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, and Group Life Insurance Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Group Life Insurance program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Group Life Insurance Program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Adoption of New GASB Statement

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Authority adopted the following GASB statement:

• Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefit's Other than Pensions"

The adoption of this statement had effect on the current financial statements.

2Cash Equivalents

Deposits

All cash of the Authority is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

Amount of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The Authority calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. Management estimates no allowance was required for the year ended June 30, 2018.

5 Capital Assets

The schedule below shows the breakdown of capital assets by category at June 30, 2018:

	Balaı <u>July 1,</u>		Acquired (Increased)	Disposed (Decreased)		Balance ne 30, 2018
Land and improvements	\$ 26	8,902	\$ -	\$ -	\$	268,902
Vehicles and equipment	19	2,264	-	-		192,264
Infrastructure - water system	11,57	0,845	161,120		_	11,731,965
Total Capital Assets	12,03	2,011	161,120	-		12,193,131
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,30	2,623)	(259,528)		_	(3,562,151)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 8,72	9,388	\$ (98,408)	\$ -	\$	8,630,980

Capital assets of the Authority are stated at cost. Depreciation of the cost of capital assets is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Vehicles 5 to 10 years Infrastructure and improvements 10 to 50 years



Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Political Subdivision are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

The remainder of this page is left blank intentionally.

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS

PLAN 1

About Plan 1

Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.

PLAN 2

About Plan 2

Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

About the Hybrid Retirement Plan

The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

- The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
- •The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
- •In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Eligible Members

Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees*
- •Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 -April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014

*Non-Eligible Members

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

•Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

PLAN 1

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Creditable Service

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN 2

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction.

Creditable Service

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Retirement Contributions

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Creditable Service

Defined Benefit Component:

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contributions Component:

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component:

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contributions Component:

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID <u>RETIREMENT PLAN</u>
		Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. •After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. •After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. •After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70 1/2.
Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier, and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.
	12	

		HYBRID
PLAN 1 Normal Retirement Age	PLAN 2 Normal Retirement Age	RETIREMENT PLAN Normal Retirement Age
VRS: Age 65.	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of creditable service.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable
		Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2
to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	to 276), for a maximum GOLA of 376.	Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable
Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		

PLAN 1

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:

- •The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.
- •The member retires on disability.
- •The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).
- •The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.
- •The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

Purchase of Prior Service

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts towards vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

PLAN 2

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:

Same as Plan 1

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.

Purchase of Prior Service

Same as Plan 1

HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN

Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component:

Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

• Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.

Defined Contribution Component:

Not applicable

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	<u>Number</u>
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Inactive members: Vested inactive members	-
Non-vested inactive members	1
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	1
Total inactive members	2
Active members	6
Total covered employees	9

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00%-member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5.00%-member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00%-member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

If the employer used the certified rate: The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 6.8% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$18,634 and \$19,395 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivisions net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including

Inflation 3.5 percent - 5.35 percent

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020: males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70-90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	year age and service through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 20%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	year age and service through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 15%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	<u>15.00%</u>	9.53%	<u>1.43%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>4.80%</u>
*Expected arithmetic	Inflation nominal return		2.50% 7.30%

*The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	<u>l</u>	<u>ncrea</u>	se (Decrease)	1	
	Total		Plan		Net
	Pension	F	iduciary		Pension
	Liability	Ne	t Position		Liability
	<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>		<u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$ 500,245	\$	481,911	\$	18,334
Changes for the Year					
Service cost	34,993		-		34,993
Interest	34,971		-		34,971
Benefit changes	-		-		-
Differences between expected			-		
and actual experience	(14,932)		-		(14,932)
Assumption changes	(30,193)		-		(30,193)
Contributions - employer	-		19,197		(19,197)
Contributions - employee	-		14,116		(14,116)
Net investment income	-		61,228		(61,228)
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,319)		(1,319)		-
Administrative expenses	-		(315)		315
Other changes	 		(56)		56
Net Changes	23,520		92,851		(69,331)
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 523,765	\$	574,762	\$	(50,997)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current	
1.00%	Discount	1.00%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
<u>(6.00%)</u>	<u>(7.00%)</u>	<u>(8.00%)</u>

Political subdivision's

Net Pension Liability \$ 31,661 \$ (50,997) \$ (118,631)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$8,845. At June 30, 2018, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred of Reso	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	15,380
Change in assumptions		-		25,235
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		9,063
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,634		
Total	\$	18,634	\$	49,678

\$18,634 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the political subdivision's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30.	
2019	\$ (12,532)
2020	(6,851)
2021	(8,770)
2022	(13,234)
2023	(7,626)
Thereafter	(665)

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position is also available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017 -annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

7Long-Term Debt

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year(s) Ending June 30.	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2019	\$ 286,060	\$ 274,905
2020	298,040	262,925
2021	253,274	250,424
2022	205,374	241,056
2023	213,909	232,522
2024-2028	1,211,267	1,020,885
2029-2033	1,276,274	752,250
2034-2038	1,519,809	445,191
2039-2043	1,174,564	89,693
	\$ 6,438,571	\$ 3,569,851

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the Authority:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
Details of Long-Term Indebtedness	July 1, 2017	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	June 30, 2018	One Year
Virginia Resources Authority Series 2000A issued November 27, 2000 for \$200,344; payable in semi-annual installments of \$3,454 at 0% interest for 30 years.	\$ 90,541	\$ -	\$ 6,707	\$ 83,834	\$ 6,707
0% interest for 50 years.	φ 90,541	Φ -	\$ 0,707	5 63,634	\$ 0,707
Virginia Resources Authority Series 2000B issued November 27, 2000 for \$1,523,853; payable in semi-annual installments of \$59,891 at					
4.25% interest for 20 years.	368,857	-	99,907	268,950	104,199
Citizens Community Bank unsecured loan dated October 21, 2015 for \$497,142; payable in annual installments of \$46,724 at 2.99% interest for 13 years.	465,283	-	32,660	432,623	33,793
United States Department of Agriculture Series 2001A - Rural Development issued November 2, 2001 for \$7,135,000; payable interest only for first 25 months then monthly installments of \$32,750 for 456 months at 4.50% interest.	5,788,438	-	135,274	5,653,164	141,361
Sheffield Financing dated August 28, 2013 for the purchase of a Dixie Chopper Lawnmower payable over 48 months with monthly payments of \$253.31 and zero interest.	760		760		
	\$6,713,879	\$ -	\$275,308	\$ 6,438,571	\$ 286,060

Net Investment in Capital Assets

The "net investment in capital assets" amount reported on the Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 is determined as follows:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cost of capital assets	\$12,193,131	\$12,032,011
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(3,562,151)	(3,302,623)
Book value	8,630,980	8,729,388
Less: Capital related debt	(6,438,571)	(6,713,879)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 2,192,409	\$ 2,015,509

Commitments and Contingencies

If applicable, federal programs in which the Authority participates were audited as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by the audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

↑ Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority joined together with other local governments in Virginia to form the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for participating local governments. The Authority pays an annual premium to the pool for substantially all of its insurance coverage. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The Authority continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

1 Litigation

At June 30, 2018, there were no matters of litigation involving the Authority which would materially affect the Authority's financial position should any court decision or pending matter not be favorable to the Authority.

1 9 Group Life Insurance Program

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OBEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

Eligible Employees

The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- City of Richmond
- City of Portsmouth
- City of Roanoke •

City of Norfolk • Roanoke City Schools Board

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage end for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

- **Natural Death Benefit** The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.
- Accidental Death Benefit The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:

Accidental dismemberment benefit

Safety belt benefit

Repatriation benefit

Felonious assault benefit

Accelerated death benefit option

Reduction in Benefit Amounts

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of creditable service, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living statute. This amount is increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment and is currently \$8,111.

Contributions

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.31% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.79% (1.31% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.52% (1.31% X 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 0.52% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the Group Life Insurance Program from the entity were \$1,497 and \$1,468 for the years ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively.

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the entities reported a liability of \$23,000 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2017 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the participating employer's proportion was .00155% as compared to .00153% at June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$-0-. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2018, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred of Reso		Deferred of Res	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB program investments		-		-
Change in assumptions		-		1,000
Changes in proportionate share		-		1,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,497		
Total	\$	1,497	\$	3,000

\$1,497 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30.

2019	\$ (1,000)
2020	(1,000)
2021	(1,000)
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	_

Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including inflation -	
General state employees	3.5 percent - 5.35 percent
Teachers	3.5 percent - 5.95 percent
SPORS employees	3.5 percent - 4.75 percent
VaLORS employees	3.5 percent - 4.75 percent
JRS employees	4.5 percent
Locality - General employees	3.5 percent - 5.35 percent
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.5 percent - 4.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of investment expenses,
	including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

Mortality rates - General State Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 25%

Mortality rates - Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Health Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

Mortality rates - SPORS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

Mortality rates - VaLORS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

Mortality rates - JRS Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set back 1 year, 85% of rates; females set back 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females set back 1 year with 1.5% compounding increase from ages 70 to 85.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 115% of rates; females 130% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

Mortality rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

Mortality rates - Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at
	older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%

Net GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2017, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Group Life Insurance <u>OPEB Program</u>	
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$	2,942,426	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,437,586	
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,504,840	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability		48.86%	

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	40.00%	4.54%	1.82%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.69%	0.10%
Credit Strategies	15.00%	3.96%	0.59%
Real Assets	15.00%	5.76%	0.86%
Private Equity	<u>15.00%</u>	9.53%	<u>1.43%</u>
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>4.80%</u>
*Expected arithmeti	Inflation c nominal return		<u>2.50%</u> 7.30%

* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.30%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.83%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2019 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current	
1.00%	Discount	1.00%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)

Employer's proportionate share of the Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB liability

\$ 30,000 \$ 23,000 \$ 18,000

Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2017 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2017 -annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

13^{Restatement}

The net position of the Business-type activities at June 30, 2017 has been restated to reflect the cumulative effect resulting from the implementation of GASB Statement #75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployement Benefits Other Than Pensions. The following reflects the effects of this new accounting standard.

Net Position, Business-type Activities

Balance at June 30, 2017, as originally reported	\$3,562,185
Net OPEB adjustment at June 30, 2017	27,000
Balance at June 30, 2017, as restated	\$3,535,185

✓ Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through October 15, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The Authority, in conjunction with the County of Mecklenburg, Virginia, is in the final stages of an agreement with a customer for a tank farm. The County of Mecklenburg, Virginia has funded the costs of this tank farm and transfer of the assets will be forthcoming. Management has determined there are no other subsequent events to be reported in the accompanying financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u> 2014</u>
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$	34,993	\$ 33,432	\$ 31,958	\$ 31,639
Interest		34,971	30,755	26,868	23,125
Changes of benefit terms		-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(14,932)	(2,646)	(1,988)	-
Changes in assumptions		(30,193)	-	-	-
Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(1,319)	(1,318)	(1,296)	(1,278)
Net change in total pension liability		23,520	60,223	55,542	53,486
Total pension liability - beginning	_	500,245	440,022	384,480	330,994
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u>\$</u>	523,765	\$500,245	\$440,022	\$384,480
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	19,197	\$ 20,748	\$ 20,110	\$ 21,481
Contributions - employee		14,116	13,982	13,554	13,194
Net investment income		61,228	8,799	18,773	50,917
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,319)	(1,318)	(1,296)	(1,278)
Administrative expense Other		(315) (56)	(252) (3)	(221) (5)	(243) 3
	_				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		92,851	41,956	50,915	84,074
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	481,911	439,955	389,040	304,966 Table 248
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$</u>	574,762	<u>\$481,911</u>	\$439,955	\$389,040
Political subdivision's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$</u>	(50,997)	<u>\$ 18,334</u>	<u>\$ 67</u>	<u>\$ (4,560)</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total					
Pension liability		109.74%	96.33%	99.98%	101.19%
Covered payroll	\$	285,221	279,629	273,133	263,889
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-17.88%	6.56%	0.02%	-1.73%
covered payron		-17.00%	0.50%	0.0270	-1.7570

Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 through 2018

Date	R	tractually equired ntribution (1)	Re Con R	ributions in lation to tractually equired ntribution (2)	Defic (Ex	ibution ciency cess) (3)	C	nployer's overed Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
2018	\$	18,634	\$	18,634	\$	_	\$	287,927	6.80%
2017		19,395		19,395		-		285,221	6.80%
2016		20,748		20,748		-		279,629	7.42%
2015		20,167		20,167		-		273,133	7.42%
2014		21,481		21,481		-		263,889	8.14%
2013		20,849		20,849		-		256,136	8.14%
2012		16,197		16,197		-		217,996	7.43%
2011		17,015		17,015		-		229,006	7.43%
2010		10,694		10,694		-		183,435	5.83%
2009		10,403		10,403		-		178,440	5.83%

For Reference Only:

Column 1 - Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll

Column 2 – Actual employer contribution remitted to VRS
Column 4 – Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this is a fairly new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 is not material.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

Largest 10 - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 20%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
	l '
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final
	retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each
	year age and service through 9 years of
	service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 15%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance Program For the Year Ended June 30, 2018*

	<u>2018</u>
Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset	0.00153%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	23,000
Employer's Covered Payroll	287,927
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	7.99%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year of presentation, only one year of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

^{*}The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

For the Years Ended June 30, 2009 through 2018

Date	Re	tractually equired stribution (1)	Rela Conti Re	outions in ation to ractually quired ribution (2)	Contribut Deficien (Excess (3)	су	C	nployer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll (5)	ıs
2018	\$	1,497	\$	1,497	\$	_	\$	287,927	0.52	%
2017		1,468		1,468		-		285,221	0.52	%
2016		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	
2015		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	
2014		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	
2013		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	
2012		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	
2011		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	
2010		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	
2009		n/a		n/a	n/a			n/a	n/a	

For Reference Only

Column 1 – Employer contribution rate multiplied by the employer's covered payroll Column 2 – Actual employer contribution remitted to VRS Column 4 – Employer's covered payroll amount for the fiscal year

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - GLI OPEB

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2016 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2016:

General State Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increase rate from 14% to 25%

Teachers

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70-75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change

SPORS Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 85%

VaLORS Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP- 2014 projected to 2020 and reduced margin for future improvement in accordance with experience
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 50% to 35%

JRS Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Decreased rates at first retirement eligibility
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	Removed disability rates
Salary Scale	No change

Largest Ten Locality Employers – General Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 20%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

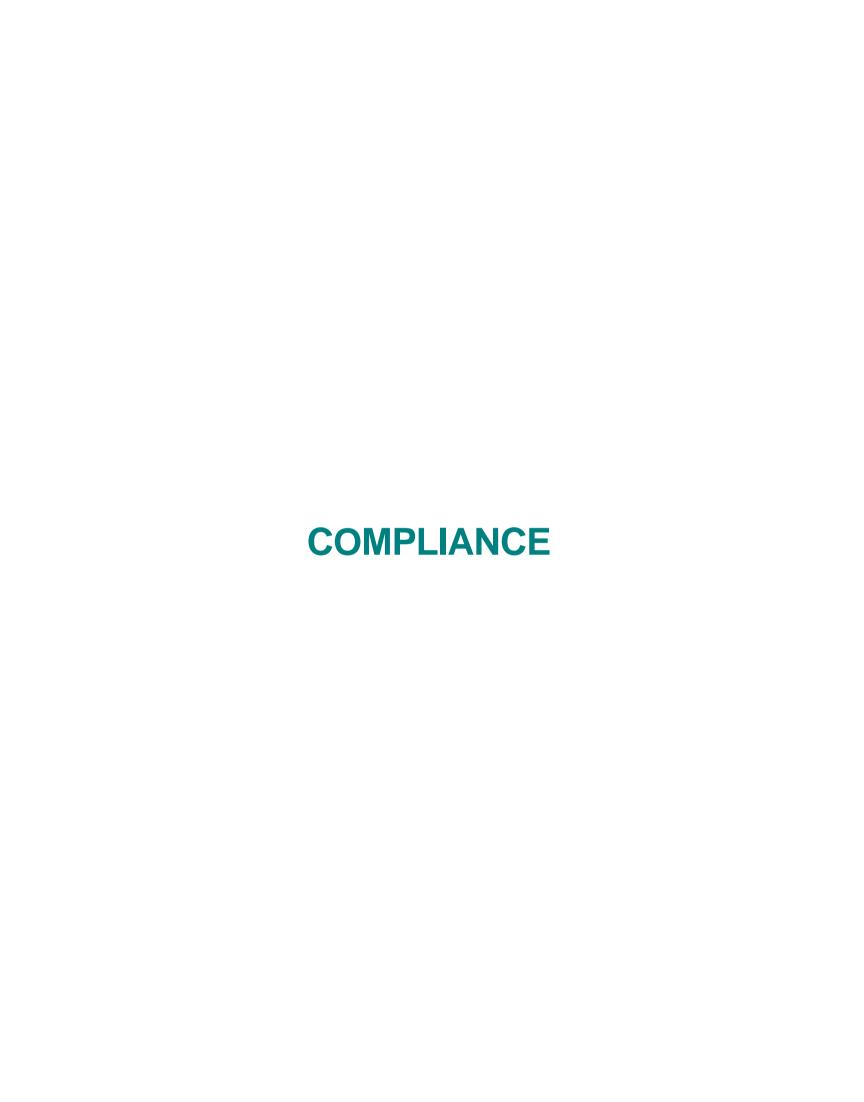
Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and
	extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14% to 15%

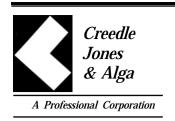
Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit
	experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Increased disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 60% to 70%

Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers – Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-	Update to a more current mortality table – RP-
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at
	older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60% to 45%





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Roanoke River Service Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Roanoke River Service Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Roanoke River Service Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Roanoke River Service Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Roanoke River Service Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Roanoke River Service Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Roanoke River Service Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Creedle Jones & Alga, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Creedle, Jones & alga, P.C.

South Hill, Virginia October 15, 2018