## INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

## OF GREENSVILLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA

(A Component Unit of Greensville County, Virginia)

## FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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## INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF GREENSVILLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA (A Component Unit of Greensville County, Virginia) DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### AUTHORITY MEMBERS

James Parham, Jr., Chairman Len Hobbs, Vice-Chairman Allen M. Blackwell Timothy Gainey Theopolis Gilliam Herbert Lewis Thomas Slippy

### OTHER OFFICIALS

Natalie Slate, Secretary Gary Cifers, Treasurer



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF GREENSVILLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA EMPORIA, VIRGINIA

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia, a component unit of County of Greensville, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions,* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia, as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position, and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3-5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2021, on our consideration of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia's internal country, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia December 16, 2021

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2021

As management of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County (the "Authority") we offer this narrative overview and analysis of the financial performance and overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented herein in connection with the Authority's basic financial statements.

#### Financial Highlights for FY 2021:

The assets of the Authority exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$20,188,182.

The Authority's net position increased by \$88,732 for the current year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements:**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. Since the Authority is engaged only in business-type activities, its basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) enterprise fund financial statements, and 2) notes to the financial statements.

#### Enterprise Fund Financial Statements

The enterprise fund financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

#### **Statement of Net Position:**

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

As of June 30, 2021 and 2020						
	June 30, 2021		J	lune 30, 2020		
Current and other assets	\$	1,312,674	\$	1,170,573		
Capital assets		4,341,876		4,533,346		
Other long-term assets		18,704,190		18,732,144		
Total assets	\$	24,358,740	\$	24,436,063		
Current liabilities	\$	575,170	\$	547,589		
Long-term liabilities		3,595,388		3,789,024		
Total liabilities	\$	4,170,558	\$	4,336,613		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	552,852	\$	557,306		
Restricted		5,000		10,000		
Unrestricted	_	19,630,330		19,532,144		
Total net position	\$	20,188,182	\$	20,099,450		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	24,358,740	\$	24,436,063		

# Table 1 - Summary of Statement of Net Position

The Authority's net position increased by \$88,732 during the year as compared to an increase of \$95,214 in the prior year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority is able to report positive balances in all categories of net position. The following table shows the revenues and expenses of the Authority for the past two fiscal years:

For the Fiscal Years End	•		20	
		June 30, 2021		June 30, 2020
Revenues:	_		-	
Operating revenues	\$	455,773	\$	456,341
Other revenue		7,461	_	8,523
Total revenues	\$	463,234	\$	464,864
Expenses:				
Operating expenses (less depreciation				
and property tax rebates)	\$	39,563	\$	35,219
Depreciation		191,470		191,471
Contributions to industry		5,000		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		138,469	_	142,960
Total expenses	\$	374,502	\$	369,650
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$	88,732	\$	95,214
Net position beginning of year		20,099,450		20,004,236
Net position end of year	\$	20,188,182	\$	20,099,450

# Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

#### **Revenues:**

The Authority's total revenues decreased by \$1,630 during the current year. Operating revenues decreased \$568 from the prior fiscal year. In fiscal years 2021 and 2020 the Authority received no intergovernmental revenue from the County of Greensville.

#### Expenses:

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, total expenses increased by \$4,852 while operating expenses increased \$4,344.

#### Long-term Debt:

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had \$3,789,024 in long-term debt outstanding versus \$3,976,040 last year, a decrease of \$187,016. Reference Note 5 for additional details on the Authority's long-term debt.

#### Capital Assets and Other Investments:

The Authority's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$4,341,876 (net of accumulated depreciation). Below is a comparison of the items that makeup capital assets and other investments as of June 30, 2021 with that of June 30, 2020.

	 2021	_	2020
Land, Property and equipment (net)	\$ 4,341,876	\$	4,533,346
Net capital assets and other investments	\$ 4,341,876	\$	4,533,346

The Authority reports investment in industrial land in the amount of \$18,545,963 for fiscal year 2021 and 2020.

#### **Economic Factors and Review of Operations:**

Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia is an organization dedicated to industrial development within Greensville County. The Authority provides a comprehensive approach to industrial development including recruitment, planning organization and financial and legal facilitation. The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Greensville County, Virginia.

With a strategic location 75 miles southeast of Richmond, Virginia (via interstate 95) the Authority offers developed sites for industries including:

- -- Shell building
- -- Industrial land and development sites
- -- Favorable tax exempt financing and property tax relief

In addition to opportunity for future industrial prospects, the Authority has supported its existing local industries with industrial investment expenditures. Many of the Authority's development expenditures are committed to improving the infrastructure.

Additionally, there are a number of industrial prospects considering expanding or locating their business within County of Greensville, Virginia. This new business investment, supported by local leadership, will result in a significant increase in the County's tax base.

#### Contacting the Authority's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Authority's Treasurer, Greensville County Government Center located at 1781 Greensville County Circle, Emporia, VA 23847-0631.

- Basic Financial Statements -

Statement of Net Position

At June 30, 2021

### ASSETS

Current Assets:		
Cash	\$	933,269
Cash - restricted		351,452
Notes receivable (Note 3) - current portion		27,953
Total Current Assets	\$	1,312,674
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital assets:		
Buildings (net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,433,953) (Note 4)	\$	4,310,171
Land Other assets:		31,705
Investment in industrial land (Note 4)		18,545,963
Notes receivable (Note 3), net of current portion		158,227
Total Noncurrent Assets		23,046,066
	· · · ·	
Total Assets	\$	24,358,740
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	260
Unearned revenue		4,627
Accrued interest payable		30,195
Notes and bond payable (Note 5) - current portion		193,636
Payable from restricted assets: Debt service reserve held on behalf of County of Greensville		346,452
		· · · · ·
Total Current Liabilities	\$	575,170
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Notes and bond payable (Note 5) - net of current portion	\$	3,595,388
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	3,595,388
Total Liabilities	\$	4,170,558
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	552,852
Restricted for:		
Industry		5,000
Unrestricted		19,630,330
Total Net Position	\$	20,188,182

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2021

Operating Revenues:		
Lease revenue	Ş	455,747
Miscellaneous	ç	455,747
Miscellaneous	-	20
Total Operating Revenues	\$_	455,773
Operating Expenses:		
Professional fees	\$	12,644
Board member compensation		1,640
Office expenses		86
Utilities		5,884
Repairs and maintenance		7,570
Insurance		11,739
Depreciation expense	_	191,470
Total Operating Expenses	\$_	231,033
Operating Income (Loss)	\$_	224,740
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest and investment income	\$	7,461
Contributions to industry		(5,000)
Interest expense	_	(138,469)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$_	(136,008)
Change in net position	\$	88,732
Net position beginning of year		20,099,450
Net position end of year	\$	20,188,182

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

#### Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Receipts from industries	\$	455,773
Payments to vendors	Ŷ	(39,303)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	416,470
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:		
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable	\$	26,993
Contributions to industry		(5,000)
Increase (decrease) in debt service reserve held for County of Greensville, Virginia		21,452
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Noncapital Financing Activities	\$	43,445
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Interest payments	\$	(139,220)
Principal payments on indebtedness		(187,016)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(326,236)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Interest received	\$	7,461
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	141,140
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (includes restricted cash of \$335,000)		1,143,581
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (includes restricted cash of \$351,452)	\$	1,284,721
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided		
by (Used For) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	224,740
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:		
Depreciation expense		191,470
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		260
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$	416,470

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### A. Organization and Purpose:

Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County (the Authority) was organized on November 29, 1983 in accordance with Chapter 33 of Title 15.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended (the Act). The purpose of the Authority shall be to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to enable it to promote industry and develop trade by inducing manufacturing, industrial, governmental, and commercial enterprises to locate in or remain in the Commonwealth of Virginia and to further the use of its agricultural products and natural resources. The Act empowers the Authority to issue tax exempt bonds so they may acquire, improve, maintain, equip, own, lease, or dispose of properties in order that they may be able to promote industry and develop trade by inducing manufacturing and industrial enterprises to locate or remain in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Liability under the bonds may be retained by the Authority or it may be assumed by the enterprises for whom facilities are constructed. Collection of revenues pledged to liquidate the bonds may be assigned to a trustee. The revenue bonds are not deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Virginia or any municipality thereof.

The Authority is a separate and distinct entity from County of Greensville, Virginia and is, in accordance with the Act, a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the Board of Supervisors of Greensville County, Virginia to serve a term of four years.

#### B. <u>Financial Reporting Entity:</u>

The basic criterion for including organizations within the reporting entity is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in the reporting entity. These financial statements present Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia. Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia.

#### C. <u>Basis of Accounting:</u>

Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia operates as an enterprise fund and its accounts are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded as liabilities when incurred, without regard to receipt or payment of cash. The Authority accrues revenue for services rendered but not yet billed at the end of the fiscal year.

The Authority distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering services in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2021 (continued)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

#### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### E. Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	30

- F. Other Significant Accounting Policies:
  - -- Lease and notes receivables are reported at book value utilizing the direct write-off method for uncollectible accounts. Uncollected balances have not been significant and no allowance for uncollectible accounts is recorded.
  - -- Investments are reported at amortized cost or fair value.
  - -- Other assets are reported at cost.

#### G. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2021 (continued)

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES: (continued)

#### H. Net Position:

Net position is the difference between a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation, less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

#### I. <u>Net Position Flow Assumption:</u>

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Authority does not have any deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2021.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority does not have any deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2021.

#### K. Investments:

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2021 (continued)

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS:

#### Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the Act) Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments:

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Authority has no formal investment policy addressing the various risks related to investments. The Authority has no investments as of June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 3 - NOTE RECEIVABLE:

The Authority's note receivable consists of the following at June 30, 2021:

In June 2017, the Authority loaned \$286,721 to Southern Virginia Development Corporation, Inc. ("SVDC"), a nonprofit organization. The Authority will receive 120 monthly payments from SVDC including principal and interest. The note bears interest at an annual rate of 3.5%.

Note Receivable - SVDC							
Year		Principal	_	Interest			
2022	\$	27,953	\$	6,071			
2023		28,947		5,077			
2024		29,976		4,047			
2025		31,042		2,981			
2026		32,146		1,877			
2027		33,290		733			
2028	-	2,826	_	8			
Total	\$	186,180	\$	20,794			

#### Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2021 (continued)

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL AND OTHER INDUSTRIAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases		Balance June 30, 2021
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	s	31,705 \$	- 9	-	 s	31,705
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	31,705 \$		-	Ş	31,705
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	\$	5,744,124 \$	- 9	5 -	\$	5,744,124
Accumulated depreciation		(1,242,483)	(191,470)	-		(1,433,953)
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	4,501,641 \$	(191,470)	5	\$	4,310,171
Total Capital Assets, Net	Ş	4,533,346 \$	(191,470) \$	5	Ş	4,341,876

The investment in other industrial assets is as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2020		Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021
Other Industrial Assets:	-					
Investment in industrial land	\$	18,545,963	_\$_	-	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 18,545,963
Total Industrial Assets	\$	18,545,963	\$	-	\$	\$ 18,545,963

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT:

The following table is a summary of changes in long-term debt as of June 30, 2021:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2021	Amounts Due Within One Year
Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements:					
Bond payable	\$ 3,510,000	\$ -	\$ 145,000 \$	3,365,000 \$	150,000
Notes payable	466,040	-	 42,016	424,024	43,636
Total	\$ 3,976,040	\$ -	\$ 187,016 \$	3,789,024 \$	193,636

On July 19, 2010, the Authority entered into a note payable agreement in the amount of \$825,000 with Greensville County Water and Sewer Authority for Shell Building 1. The proceeds were used to refinance the note payable agreement dated February 11, 2005 with an outstanding balance of \$820,594. Payments are due monthly in the amount of \$4,913 through July 15, 2030, interest at 5.0%. The outstanding balance of this note at June 30, 2021 is \$424,024.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2021 (continued)

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT: (continued)

On August 2, 2017, the Authority issued Series 2017B lease revenue taxable bonds in the amount of \$3,795,000. Principal is payable annually on October 1<sup>st</sup> starting October 1, 2018 through October 1, 2037 in varying amounts with interest payable semi-annually at rates from 1.774% to 4.053%. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2021 is \$3,365,000.

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as for	ollows:

	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements								
		VRA	17B		GCWSA				
		Shell Buildi	Building 2 Expansion			Shell Building 1			
	_	Principal		Interest	- ·	Principal		Interest	
2022	\$	150,000	\$	119,003	\$	43,636	\$	15,318	
2023		155,000		115,231		45,319		13,635	
2024		160,000		111,022		47,067		11,887	
2025		160,000		106,430		48,882		10,072	
2026		165,000		101,479		50,767		8,187	
2027		175,000		96,090		52,725		6,229	
2028		180,000		90,289		54,758		4,196	
2029		185,000		83,798		56,870		2,084	
2030		190,000		76,694		24,000		565	
2031		200,000		69,309		-		-	
2032		205,000		61,646		-		-	
2033		215,000		53,699		-		-	
2034		225,000		45,073		-		-	
2035		235,000		35,755		-		-	
2036		245,000		26,033		-		-	
2037		255,000		15,906		-		-	
2038	_	265,000		5,370		-		-	
Total S	\$_	3,365,000	\$	1,212,827	\$	424,024	\$	72,173	

#### NOTE 6 - SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LEASES:

The Authority entered into a lease agreement with an industry for warehouse storage space on June 16, 2002. The lease agreement is for 15,000 square feet of the former Emporia Garment Building and 20,000 square feet of storage space. On February 10, 2016 the Authority entered into a revised lease agreement whereby the Authority will receive monthly rent in the amount of \$3,750 starting March 1, 2016 through December 1, 2023. Additionally, the lease agreement provides for an additional payment of \$877 per month commencing March 1, 2016 and payable through February 1, 2021. Total lease revenue received under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$55,524.

Notes to Financial Statements At June 30, 2021 (continued)

#### NOTE 6 - SIGNIFICANT OPERATING LEASES: (continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2001, the Authority began leasing the Southside Community Corrections Building to the Southside Community Correction Program. The term of the lease was to be for a period of twenty years beginning January 1, 2001 and continuing through December 31, 2020. During fiscal year 2021, the lease was extended for five years, through December 31, 2025. Lease terms provide for monthly rent of \$2,033. Total lease revenue received under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$23,646.

The Authority entered into a lease agreement with an existing industry effective June 2018. The term of the lease is equal to the term of the Authority's debt repayment schedule 2017B bond which is a period of 20 years. The monthly rent amount is equal to the sum of the Authority's debt service on the aforementioned bond, the cost of property insurance, and other expenses. Total lease revenue received under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$275,832.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the Authority began leasing the Skippers Road Industrial Building to an industry. The term of the lease is to be indefinite commencing January 1, 2009 and can be terminated by either party with written notice. The monthly payments as of June 30, 2021 are \$7,500. Total lease revenue received under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$90,000.

In addition to the lease agreements for the various industrial buildings, the Authority entered into lease agreements with two separate hunt clubs. The agreements provide for annual rent to be paid by the hunt clubs for lease of land owned by the Authority.

#### NOTE 7 - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS:

From time to time, the Authority has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the Authority, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any matter for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

#### NOTE 8 - TRANSACTIONS WITH COUNTY OF GREENSVILLE:

The County of Greensville ("County") provides office space, accounting and other administrative functions to the Authority at no cost.

- Compliance -



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF GREENSVILLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA EMPORIA, VIRGINIA

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities*, *Boards*, *and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County Virginia and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2021.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Industrial Development Authority of Greensville County, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates

Charlottesville, Virginia December 16, 2021