TOWN OF SOUTH BOSTON, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

COUNCIL MEMBERS AND OFFICERS

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

W.R. Snead Robert B. Hughes Tina Wyatt-Younger Winston Harrell Edward Owens . Coleman Speece Billy L. Clarke

OFFICERS

Edward Owens T. A. Daniel L. Erle Scott James Binner Alan R. Auld Steve Phillips Jane P. Jones Mayor
Town Manager
Director of Finance
Police Chief
Director of Public Works
Fire Chief
Clerk of Council

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Harris, Harvey, Neal & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of South Boston, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of South Boston, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* (Specifications), issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

2309 Riverside Drive · P.O. Box 3424 · Danville, VA 24543 · 434/792-3220 · Fax 434/792-8604

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of South Boston, Virginia, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-8 and 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of South Boston, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2014, on our consideration of the Town of South Boston, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of South Boston, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Thanis Thanney Weal & Co. LLP

Danville, Virginia November 26, 2014

Our discussion and analysis of Town of South Boston, Virginia's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. For governmental activities, fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as an agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. You can think of the Town's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Town consists of the following activity:

• Governmental activities—Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, public works, parks departments, and general administration. Property taxes, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the Town's major funds provides detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Town Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town has two kinds of funds—governmental and fiduciary—which use the following accounting approaches:

Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in the reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

• **Fiduciary funds**—The Town is responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The Town's net position increased 5.1 percent from the prior year. Our analysis below focuses on the net Position (Table 1) and changes in net Position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	<u>2014</u> <u>2013</u>						
Current and other							
assets	\$	9,750,534	\$	10,830,541			
Capital assets		8,698,710		8,618,964			
Total assets	\$	18,449,244	\$	19,449,505			
Long-term debt							
outstanding	\$	11,910,796	\$	12,979,764			
Other liabilities		946,298		1,148,729			
Total liabilities	\$	12,857,094	\$	14,128,493			
Net position:							
Invested in capital							
assets, net of debt	\$	2,414,788	\$	1,690,144			
Restricted		1,287,356		1,287,356			
Unrestricted		1,890,006	_	2,343,512			
Total net position	\$	5,592,150	\$	5,321,012			

The increase in governmental net position is due to the purchase and construction of several fixed assets and payments on long-term debt in the current year.

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>				
			2014		2013	
Revenues						
Program revenu	es					
-	Charges for					
	services	\$	259,328	\$	269,400	
	Grants and					
	contributions		3,192,207		3,944,412	
General revenue						
	Property taxes		1,642,431		1,656,631	
	Other taxes		3,967,559		3,957,661	
	Sale of cemetery lots		45,750		45,000	
	Investment		07.500		00.107	
	earnings		87,500	_	88,197	
	m . 1		0.104.555		0.061.001	
	Total revenues	_	9,194,775		9,961,301	
Program expens	ec					
1 Togram expens	General					
	government	\$	897,413	\$	939,082	
	Public safety	Ψ	3,397,873	Ψ	3,435,549	
	Public works		3,307,598		3,097,704	
	Parks, recreation,		3,307,370		3,077,704	
	and cultural		418,820		485,866	
	Community		.10,020		102,000	
	development		552,069		452,902	
	Nondepartmental		66,486		106,219	
	Landfill closure		28,657		46,034	
	Interest on long-		,,		,	
	term debt		281,439		239,070	
			<u> </u>			
	Total expenses		8,950,355		8,802,426	
Adjustment of a	stimated accumulated					
post-closure of			26,567		(611,086)	
post-crosure c	0000		20,307		(011,000)	
	Increase					
	in net position	\$	270,987	\$	547,789	
	in not position	Ψ	210,701	Ψ	5-1,107	

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities decreased 7.7 percent, while expenses increased 1.7 percent. The revenue decrease is due primarily to federal funds received in the prior year for the construction of the Halifax Dental Clinic. Expenses increased from the prior year primarily due to an increase in street paving within the public works department.

THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$5,301,633, which is 8.3 percent lower than last year. The primary reasons for the decrease were due to the principal retirement on long-term debt.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town budgets conservatively. Revenues are budgeted based on historic trends. Expenditures are budgeted based on the previous adopted levy.

The Town Council receives monthly financial statements. The Council approves budget amendments. Budget amendments are made for encumbrances, new Council directives, or adjustments such as grants received after budget approval.

Actual disbursements were \$251,014 higher than budgeted amounts. A majority of the difference is due to amounts not budgeted for Washington Coleman building which was subsequently funded with issuance of debt. Actual revenues were \$601,281 higher than budgeted amounts due to more local tax revenue received.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014, amounts to \$8,698,710 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes police and fire equipment, buildings, park facilities, and improvements. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$79,746, or 0.9 percent, above last year.

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		
Land, building, and improvements Machinery,	\$ 7,695,759	\$	7,055,731		
equipment, and vehicles	 1,002,951		1,563,233		
Totals	\$ 8,698,710	\$	8,618,964		

This year's major additions included:

Curb and gutter work, paid for with general revenue and grant revenue \$ 364,752 Washington Coleman Center, paid for with proceeds from debt issued 676,246

Debt

At year-end, the Town had \$9,657,446 in bonds and notes outstanding compared to \$10,688,173 last year - a decrease of 9.6 percent as shown in the following table.

	Governmental Activities					
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>				
General obligation bonds Notes payable	\$ 9,386,475 270,971	\$ 10,193,946 494,227				
Totals	\$ 9,657,446	\$ 10,688,173				

The Commonwealth limits the amount of general obligation debt that the Town can issue to 10.0 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the Town's corporate limits.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Capital improvement projects for the next five years include Phase II of the Landfill Gas Control and Reclamation Project, Closed Vessel Mulching System, and storm water management improvements.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

General Fund tax rates will remain the same for the 2015 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE TOWN 'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Finance Office at 436 Ferry Street, South Boston, Virginia. The Town's phone number is 434-575-4210.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	Exhibit 1	
	Go	vernmental
ASSETS	A	Activities
Cash	\$	2,964,796
Investments		231,705
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		
Taxes, including penalties		252,865
Accounts		97,817
Notes		1,017,000
Due from other governmental units		5,119,133
Inventories, at cost		67,218
Fixed assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		8,698,710
Total assets		18,449,244
LIABILITIES		
Excess of checks written over funds available		818,247
Accrued interest payable		80,322
Accounts payable		47,729
Long-term obligations:		
Due within one year		987,438
Due beyond one year		10,923,358
Total liabilities		12,857,094
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,414,788
Restricted for:		
Perpetual care:		
Expendable		255,747
Nonexpendable		767,240
Other purposes		264,369
Unrestricted		1,890,006
Total net position	\$	5,592,150

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit 2

					Prog	gram Revenue	s			Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Position
			C	harges for		Operating Frants and		Capital		Primary Government Governmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services		ontributions		tributions		Activities
Primary government:		Ехреньев		<u>Bervices</u>	<u></u>	onti i outions	201	iti i otti oii s		rearries
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	897,413	\$	168,484	\$	295,432	\$	_	\$	(433,497)
Public safety	Ψ	3,397,873	Ψ	64,654	Ψ	613,474	Ψ	_	Ψ	(2,719,745)
Public works		3,307,598		9,644		2,138,425		_		(1,159,529)
Parks, recreation, and cultural		418,820		16,546		-		_		(402,274)
Community development		552,069		-		_		19,000		(533,069)
Nondepartmental		66,486		_		-		-		(66,486)
Landfill closure		28,657		-		125,876		-		97,219
Interest on long-term debt	_	281,439	_			<u> </u>				(281,439)
Total governmental activities	\$	8,950,355	\$	259,328	\$	3,173,207	\$	19,000	\$	(5,498,820)
			Gen	eral Revenu	es:					
			Pro	operty taxes					\$	1,642,431
			Ot	her taxes an	d rev	enues				3,967,559
			Sa	le of cemete	ry lot	s				45,750
			Ur	restricted in	ivesti	nent earnings				87,500
			То	tal general 1	even	ies				5,743,240
				Change in n	et po	sition				244,420
			Net	position - b	egini	ning				5,321,163
			Ad	justment of	estim	ated accumula	ated			
			p	ost-closure	costs				-	26,567
			Net	position - e	ending	3			\$	5,592,150

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

Exhibit 3

ASSETS		General	Go	Other vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash	\$	2,298,544	\$	666,836	\$	2,965,380
Investments		-		231,705		231,705
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Taxes, including penalties		252,865		-		252,865
Accounts		97,817		-		97,817
Notes Due from other funds		1,017,000		-		1,017,000
Due from other governmental units		62,341 1,683,320		-		62,341 1,683,320
Inventories, at cost		67,218		-		67,218
			_		_	
Total assets	\$	5,479,105	\$	898,541	\$	6,377,646
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Excess of checks written over funds available	\$	818,247	\$	-	\$	818,247
Accounts payable		47,729		-		47,729
Deferred revenue		210,037		-		210,037
Total liabilities		1,076,013				1,076,013
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories Restricted for:		-		-		-
Perpetual care				898,541		898,541
Landfill closure		495,356		696,541		495,356
Assigned to:		475,550				.,,,,,,,
Construction of capital assets		264,369		-		264,369
Unassigned:		,				
Undesignated		3,643,367		-		3,643,367
Total fund balances		4,403,092		898,541		5,301,633
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,479,105	\$	898,541		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Capital assets used in governmental activities are not finance reported in the funds. Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-pare deferred in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due a and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	ial re eriod and p	sources and, the	and, the	e, are not erefore,		8,698,710 129,714 (8,537,907)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	5,592,150
1 0						

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	G	eneral Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Exhibit 4 Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues:	Φ.	1.022.454	Φ.			1.022.555
General property taxes	\$	1,933,676	\$	-	\$	1,933,676
Other local taxes		3,931,487		-		3,931,487
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		3,122		-		3,122
Fines and forfeitures		64,654		-		64,654
Interest and investment revenue		72,816		14,684		87,500
Charges for service		26,190		-		26,190
Miscellaneous		236,943		1,115		238,058
Recovered costs		676,419		-		676,419
Sale of cemetery lots		-		45,750		45,750
Intergovernmental		2,516,049		220,214		2,736,263
Total revenues		9,461,356		281,763		9,743,119
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government administration		710,353		186,035		896,388
Public safety		3,021,200		220,214		3,241,414
Public works		3,086,669		-		3,086,669
Parks, recreation, and cultural		422,464		-		422,464
Community development		342,008		-		342,008
Nondepartmental		198,695		-		198,695
Capital projects		553,665		-		553,665
Landfill closure		18,446		-		18,446
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		1,020,261		-		1,020,261
Interest and fiscal charges		442,427		-		442,427
Total expenditures		9,816,188		406,249		10,222,437
(Deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures		(354,832)		(124,486)		(479,318)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in (out)		(163,670)		163,670		_
operating transfers in (out)		(103,070)		103,070	-	_
Total other financing sources and uses		(163,670)		163,670		-
Net change in fund balances		(518,502)		39,184		(479,318)
Fund balance at beginning of year		4,921,594		859,357		5,780,951
Fund balance at end of year	\$	4,403,092	\$	898,541	\$	5,301,633

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

]	Exhibit 5
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(479,318)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		79,747
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		4,188
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. This is the amount by which proceeds		
exceeded repayments.		634,373
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		5,430
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	244,420

TOWN OF SOUTH BOSTON, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2014

	Exh				
ASSETS	<u>A</u>	gency Fund			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,600			
Land and buildings		2,642,701			
Accounts receivable		34,797			
Total assets		2,712,098			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		2,000			
Due to other governmental units		1,234,207			
Note payable		1,475,891			
Total liabilities		2,712,098			
NET POSITION	\$	-			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of South Boston, Virginia (the primary government) is a municipal corporation governed by a seven-member council. The Town's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, and general administrative services.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the Town has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the Town has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the Town are discussed below.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The Town's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of the Governmental Activities for the Town. Fiduciary activities of the Town are not included in these statements.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the Town are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated. In the Statement of Activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Town does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Basic Financial Statements—Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The following fund types are used by the Town:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

- a. General fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

2. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and, therefore, are not available to support Town programs. The reporting focus is on net Position and changes in net position, which are reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. The Town's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (permanent and agency). These funds consist of the Cemetery Fund, which is a permanent fund and the Industrial Development Authority Fund, which is an agency fund. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual:

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual:

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Statement Amounts

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Town has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agents. Additionally, each fund's equity in the Town's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

2. Investments:

Investments, including deferred compensation funds, are stated at fair value (quoted market price or the best available estimate).

3. Allowances for Uncollectible Accounts:

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowances amounted to \$77,192 in the Governmental Activities at June 30, 2014.

4. Inventories:

Inventories in the general fund consist of expendable supplies held for the Town's use and are carried at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

5. Capital Assets:

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20–50 years
Machinery and equipment	5–10 years
Improvements	10–20 years
Other infrastructure	10–50 years

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the Town to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets. No new infrastructure assets were constructed or purchased during the year. Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to utilities), etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

6. Revenues:

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied. Subsidies and grants to proprietary funds, which finance either capital or current operations, are reported as non-operating revenue based on GASB Statement No. 33. In applying GASB Statement No. 33 to grant revenues, the provider recognizes liabilities and expenses and the recipient recognizes receivables and revenue when the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as advances by the provider and deferred revenue by the recipient.

7. Expenditures:

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Inventory costs are reported in the period when inventory items are used, rather than in the period purchased.

8. Compensated Absences:

The Town accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. The non-current portion (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

9. Bonds and Related Premiums, Discounts and Issuance Costs:

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt issuance expenditures.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50 percent to 130 percent of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the entity at year-end. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the Town or its safekeeping agent in the Town's name. Category 2 includes uninsured or unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker, or dealer bank's trust department, or safekeeping agent in the Town's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by the broker or dealer, or by its trust department, or safekeeping agent but not in the Town's name.

At year-end, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

	Category 2	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Market <u>Value</u>
*45 Shares of Common Stock – U.S. Steel Corporation Alliance U.S. Bond Fund	\$ 2,019 226,406	\$ 2,019 226,406	\$ 2,031 _229,674
Total Investments	<u>\$228,425</u>	<u>\$228,425</u>	<u>\$231,705</u>

Note: *These shares of stock were donated to the Town in a prior year.

Note 3. Property Taxes Receivable

Property is assessed at its value on January 1st. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Taxes are payable in one (1) installment on December 5th. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

TOWN OF SOUTH BOSTON, VIRGINIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Due From Other Governmental Units

Consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental Activities
County of Halifax:			
Contribution reimbursement	\$ 698,543	\$ -	\$ 698,543
Halifax County Service Authority	4,254,061	-	4,254,061
Local sales taxes	33,974	-	33,974
Communications tax	132,555		132,555
Total	\$5,119,133	\$ -	\$5,119,133

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
	<u>7/1/13</u>	Additions	Deletions	6/30/14	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land, buildings, and improvements Equipment	\$ 8,978,952 5,425,107	\$ 894,801 \(\frac{70,558}{}	\$ - (243,203)	\$ 9,873,753 5,252,462	
Total capital assets being depreciated	14,404,059	965,359	(243,203)	15,126,215	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	1,923,221	254,773	-	2,177,994	
Equipment	3,861,874	630,840	(243,203)	4,249,511	
Total accumulated depreciation	5,785,095	885,613	(243,203)	6,427,505	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,618,964	\$ 79,746	\$ -	\$ 8,698,710	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	12,444
Public safety		253,458
Public works		451,081
Parks, recreation, and cultural		10,782
Community development		137,878
Landfill closure		10,211
Cemetery	_	9,759
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	885,613

Note 6. Long-Term Debt

Governmental activities:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

<u>General Obligation Bond – Series 2001</u>

Year Ending	Public Improv 17.20 Percent to 82.80 Percent Land	General Fund
June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$ 60,000 60,000 65,000 65,000 70,000	\$ 23,970 20,910 17,850 14,535 11,220
2020	75,000	7,650
2021	<u>75,000</u>	3,825
Total	<u>\$470,000</u>	<u>\$99,960</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Revenue Bonds Series 2006B

On July 13, 2006, the Town of South Boston entered into a refunding bond issue of \$5,105,000, for the purpose of refunding the Town's Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2004A and to fund various public utility, street improvements, and landfill closure costs and to pay the redemption price and issuance costs related thereto. Interest is payable at 3.65 percent to 5.00 percent. Installments of principal are due annually on August 1, through August 1, 2026. Installments of interest are due on each August 1 and February 1, through August 1, 2026. 31.02 percent is allocable to the General Fund, 40.00 percent is allocable to the Landfill Closure Fund and 28.98 percent is allocable to the former Water and Sewer Fund which will be reimbursed by the Halifax County Service Authority.

`			-			Govern	ıme	ntal		Busine	ess-t	ype
						Activ	vitie	es		Acti	vitie	<u>2S</u>
						Genera	al F	und		28.98	Perc	ent
						40.00]	Perc	cent				
Year Ending]	Landfill Cl	osu	re Fund	Wat	er and Se	wer	Fund
June 30,	<u>I</u>	Principal Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>F</u>	Principal		<u>Interest</u>	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal]	<u>Interest</u>
2015	\$	220,000	\$	171,460	\$	156,235	\$	121,764	\$	63,765	\$	49,696
2016		230,000		161,953		163,337		115,013		66,663		46,940
2017		240,000		151,906		170,438		107,878		69,562		44,028
2018		250,000		141,246		177,540		100,307		72,460		40,939
2019		260,000		129,896		184,642		92,247		75,358		37,649
2020		275,000		117,858		195,294		83,698		79,706		34,160
2021		285,000		104,545		202,396		74,244		82,604		30,301
2022		300,000		90,670		213,048		64,390		86,952		26,280
2023		315,000		76,675		223,700		54,452		91,300		22,223
2024		330,000		61,840		234,353		43,916		95,647		17,924
2025		345,000		45,625		245,005		32,401		99,995		13,224
2026		360,000		28,000		255,658		19,884		104,342		8,116
2027		378,978		9,500		268,826		6,747		110,152		2,753
	\$	3,788,978	\$1	,291,174	\$2	2,690,472	\$	916,941	\$1.	,098,506	\$	374,233

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Refunding Bond - Series 2006C

On December 1, 2006, the Town of South Boston entered into a refunding bond issue of \$3,305,000, for the purpose of refunding a portion of the Town's General Obligations Bonds, Series 2000A and to pay the redemption price and issuance costs related thereto. Interest is payable at 3.80 percent to 4.74 percent. Installments of principal are due annually on October 1, through October 1, 2019. Installments of interest are due on each October 1 and April 1, through October 1, 2019. This bond will be reimbursed by the Halifax County Service Authority.

	Water and Sewer Fund						
Year Ending		Revenue Bonds					
June 30,	P	ublic Improvement Bonds					
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>				
2015	\$ 335,000	\$ 99,421	\$ 434,421				
2016	355,000	83,269	438,269				
2017	370,000	66,256	436,256				
2018	385,000	48,473	433,473				
2019	405,000	29,781	434,781				
2020	425,000	10,078	435,078				
Total	\$2,275,000	<u>\$ 337,278</u>	<u>\$2,612,278</u>				

General Obligation Refunding Bond – Series 2008

On April 17, 2008, the Town of South Boston entered into a refunding bond issue of \$1,500,000 for the purpose of refunding the Town's line of credit. Interest is payable at 4.00 percent. Installments of principal and interest are due annually on April 1, through April 1, 2018.

Year Ending	General Fund Revenue Bonds				
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total		
2015	\$158,084	\$ 26,852	\$184,936		
2016	164,408	20,528	184,936		
2017	170,984	13,952	184,936		
2018	177,824	<u>7,113</u>	184,937		
Total	<u>\$671,300</u>	<u>\$68,445</u>	<u>\$739,745</u>		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Public Improvement and Refunding Bond – Series 2013A

On June 5, 2013, the Town of South Boston entered into a refunding bond issue of \$2,246,663, for the purpose of refunding the Town's 2011 Bond Anticipation note and to reimburse the Town's costs already incurred and paid from the general fund to finance certain capital improvements of the Washington Coleman School Building. Interest is payable at 2.49 percent to 4.89 percent. Installments of principal are due annually on October 1, through October 1, 2037. Installments of interest are due on each October 1 and April 1, through October 1, 2037.

		General Obligation				
Year Ending	Public Improvement and					
June 30,		Refunding Bond				
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>			
2015	\$ 60,467	\$ 82,275	\$ 142,742			
2016	60,467	79,606	140,073			
2017	60,467	79,100	139,567			
2018	65,467	77,284	142,751			
2019	65,467	74,785	140,252			
2020-2024	367,335	334,891	702,226			
2025-2029	442,335	257,313	699,648			
2030-2034	547,335	157,655	704,990			
2035-2038	511,857	41,604	553,461			
Total	<u>\$2,181,197</u>	<u>\$ 1,184,513</u>	<u>\$3,365,710</u>			

Notes Payable

On September 6, 2011, the Town of South Boston borrowed funds in the amount of \$653,392, for the purpose of purchasing various public works vehicles and equipment. Interest is payable at 2.96 percent. Installments of combined principal and interest are due on each September 6, December 6, March 6, and June 6, through June 6, 2016.

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2015 2016	\$ 133,487 	\$ 6,553 <u>2,554</u>
Total	\$ 270.971	\$ 9,107

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Payable at	Plus	Less	Payable at	Due within
	7/1/13	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	<u>6/30/14</u>	One year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds and notes payable:					
Bonds-Public Improvement					
06/27/01 Issue	\$ 525,000	\$ -	\$ 55,000	\$ 470,000	\$ 60,000
07/13/06 Refunding issue	2,839,605	-	149,133	2,690,472	156,235
General obligation bonds:					
07/13/06	1,159,374	-	60,868	1,098,506	63,765
12/01/06	2,600,000	-	325,000	2,275,000	335,000
04/17/08	823,304	-	152,004	671,300	158,084
06/05/13	2,246,663	-	65,466	2,181,197	60,467
Notes payable:					
09/06/11	400,576	-	129,605	270,971	133,487
09/06/11	93,651		93,651		
Total bonds and					
notes payable	10,688,173		1,030,727	9,657,446	967,038
Other liabilities:					
Compensated absences	403,136	20,400	32,074	391,462	20,400
Landfill post-closure					
care	1,888,455		26,567	1,861,888	
Total other liabilities	2,291,591	20,400	58,641	2,253,350	20,400
Governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 12,979,764	\$ 20,400	\$ 1,089,368	\$11,910,796	\$ 987,438

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness

Governmental Activities:	Amount Outstanding
\$1,000,000 authorized and issued - Public improvement/landfill improvement bonds, issued 06/27/01, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually. 17.20 percent applies to General Fund and 82.80 percent applies to Landfill Closure Fund.	
Bonds bearing interest at 4.10 to 5.10 percent maturing on April 1, 2021	\$ 470,000
\$5,105,000 authorized and issued – General obligation bond issued 07/13/06, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually, proceeds allocated between the General Fund and Landfill Closure Fund - \$2,839,605 and Water and Sewer Fund - \$1,159,374.	
Bonds bearing interest at 3.65 to 5.00 percent maturing on August 1, 2026	2,690,472
\$5,105,000 authorized and issued – General obligation bond issued 07/13/06, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually, proceeds allocated between the General Fund - \$2,839,605 and Water and Sewer Fund - \$1,159,374. This bond will be reimbursed by Halifax County Service Authority.	
Bonds bearing interest at 3.65 to 5.00 percent maturing on August 1, 2026	1,098,506
\$3,305,000 authorized and issued – General obligation public improvement refunding bond issued 12/01/06, maturing annually with interest payable semi-annually. This bond will be reimbursed by Halifax County Service Authority.	
Bonds bearing interest at 3.80 to 4.74 percent maturing on October 1, 2019	2,275,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Details of Long-Term Indebtedness

\$1,500,000 authorized and issued - General Obligation Refunding Bond issued 04/17/08, maturing annually with interest payable annually.

Bonds bearing interest at 4.00 percent maturing on April 1, 2018	\$ 671,300
\$2,246,663 authorized and issued – General Obligation Public Improvement And Refunding Bond issued 06/05/13, maturing semi-annually.	
Bonds bearing interest at 2.49 to 4.89 percent maturing October 1. 2037	2,181,197
\$653,392 authorized note payable issued 09/06/11, maturing quarterly with principal and interest payable quarterly.	
Note bearing interest at 2.96 percent and maturing on June 6, 2016	270,971
Compensated absences: Vacation and sick leave	391,462
Landfill closure and post-closure care	1,861,888

Note 7. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The Town of South Boston, Virginia implemented GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, in fiscal year 2011. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

\$11,910,796

- Nonspendable includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to ordinances passed by the Town Council, the Town's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the Town's Council. The Town has not reported any amounts that are committed in the current year.
- Assigned includes amounts that the Town intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (continued)

• Unassigned – includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by Council or the assignment has been changed by the Mayor. Decreases to fund balance first reduce unassigned fund balance; in the event that unassigned fund balance becomes zero, then assigned and committed fund balances are used in that order.

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

A. Plan Description

The Town of South Boston, Virginia contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), an agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (System). All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and they and their employer are paying contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

Within the VRS Plan, the System administers three different benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each plan has different eligibility and benefit structures as set out in the table below:

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
About VRS Plan 1	About VRS Plan 2	About the Hybrid
VRS Plan 1 is a defined	VRS Plan 2 is a defined	Retirement Plan
benefit plan. The retirement	benefit plan. The retirement	The Hybrid Retirement Plan
benefit is based on a member's	benefit is based on a member's	combines the features of a
age, creditable service and	age, creditable service and	defined benefit plan and a
average final compensation at	average final compensation at	defined contribution plan.
retirement using a formula.	retirement using a formula.	Most members hired on or
Employees are eligible for	Employees are eligible for	after January 1, 2014 are in
VRS Plan 1 if their	VRS Plan 2 if their	this plan, as well as VRS Plan
membership date is before July	membership date is on or after	1 and VRS Plan 2 members
1, 2010, and they were vested	July 1, 2010, or their	who were eligible and opted
as of January 1, 2013.	member date is before July	into the plan during a special
	1, 2010, and they were not	election window. (See
	vested as of January 1, 2013.	"Eligible Members")

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
		The defined benefit is based on a member's age, credit- able service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
		• The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
		• In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members
Employees are in VRS Plan 1	Employees are in VRS Plan 2	Employees are in the Hybrid
if their membership date is	if their membership date is on	Retirement Plan if their
before July 1, 2012, and they	or after July 1, 2010, or their	membership date is on or after
were vested as of January 1,	membership date is before July	January 1, 2014. This include:
2013.	1, 2010, and they were not	• State employees*
	vested as of January 1, 2013.	• School division employees
Hybrid Opt In Election	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Political subdivision
VRS non-hazardous duty cov-	Hybrid Opt in Election	employees*
ered Plan 1 members were	VRS Plan 2 members were	Judges appointed or elected
allowed to make an irrevocable	allowed to make an irrevoc-	to an original term on or after
decision to opt into the Hybrid	able decision to opt into the	January 1, 2014.
Retirement Plan during a	Hybrid Retirement Plan during	• Members in VRS Plan 1 or
special election window held	a special election window held	VRS Plan 2 who elected to opt
January 1 through April 30,	January 1, through April 30,	into the plan during the
2014.	2014.	election window held January

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
		1-April 30, 2014; the plan's
The Hyrid Retirement Plan's	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	effective date for opt-in
effective date for eligible VRS	effective date for eligible VRS	members was July 1, 2014.
Plan 1 members who opted in	Plan 2 members who opted in	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
was July 1, 2014.	was July 2, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members
, was cary 1, 201	, as vary 2, 201	Some employees are not
If eligible deferred members	If eligible deferred members	eligible to participate in the
returned to work during the	returned to work during the	Hybrid Retirement Plan. They
election window, they were	election window, they were	include:
also eligible to opt into the	also eligible to opt into the	Members of the State Police
Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Officers' Retirement System (SPORS)
Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under VRS Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 1 or ORP.	Members who were eligible for an option retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under VRS Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as VRS Plan 2 or ORP.	 Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees
		Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions
Members contribute up to 5%	Same as VRS Plan 1.	A member's retirement benefit is
of their compensation each		funded through mandatory and
month to their member contri-		voluntary contributions made by
bution account through a pre-		the member and the employer
tax salary reduction. Some		to both the defined benefit and
school divisions and political		the defined contribution
subdivisions elected to phase in		components of the plan.
the required 5% member		Mandatory contributions are
contribution; all employees will		based on a percentage of the
be paying the full 5% by July 1,		employee's creditable
2016. Member contributions		compensation and are required
are tax deferred until they are		from both the member and the
withdrawn as part of a retire-		employer. Additionally, members
ment benefit or as a refund.		may choose to make voluntary

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
The employer makes a separate		contributions to the defined
actuarially determined contribu-		contribution component of the
tion to VRS for all covered		plan, and the employer is required
employees. VRS invests both		to match those voluntary contri-
member and employer contribu-		butions according to specified
tions to provide funding for the		percentages.
future benefit payment.		
Creditable Service	Creditable Service	Creditable Service
Creditable service includes active	Same as VRS Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
service. Members earn creditable		Under the defined benefit
service for each month they are		component of the plan,
employed in a covered position.		creditable service includes active
It also may include credit for		service. Members earn
prior service the member has		creditable service for each
purchased or additional		month they are employed in a
creditable service the member		covered position. It also may
was granted. A member's total		include credit for prior service
creditable service is one of the		the member has purchased or
factors used to determine their		additional creditable service the
eligibility for retirement and to		member was granted. A
calculate their retirement		member's total creditable
benefit. It also may count toward		service is one of the factors used
eligibility for the health insurance		to determine their eligibility for
credit in retirement, if the		retirement and to calculate their
employer offers the health		retirement benefit. It also may
insurance credit.		count toward eligibility for the
		health insurance credit in
		retirement, if the employer
		offers the health insurance
		credit.
		Defined Contributions Component:
		Under the defined contribution
		component, creditable service is
		used to determine vesting for
		the employer contribution
		portion of the plan.

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting	Vesting	Vesting
Vesting is the minimum length of	Same as VRS Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
service a member needs to		Defined benefit vesting is the
qualify for a future retirement		minimum length of service a
benefit. Members become		member needs to qualify for a
vested when they have at least		future retirement benefit. Members
five years (60 months) of		are vested under the defined
creditable service. Vesting means		benefit component of the Hybrid
members are eligible to qualify		Retirement Plan when they reach
for retirement if they meet the		five years (60 months) of creditable
age and service requirements for		service. VRS Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2
their plan. Members also must be		members with at least five years (60
vested to receive a full refund of		months) of creditable service who
their member contribution		opted into the Hybrid Retirement
account balance if they leave		Plan remain vested in the defined
employment and request a		benefit component.
refund.		
		Defined Contributions Component:
Members are always 100%		Defined contribution vesting refers
vested in the contributions that		to the minimum length of service a
they make.		member needs to be eligible to
		withdraw the employer contri-
		butions from the defined contri-
		bution component of the plan.
		outsing some or the plant
		Members are always 100% vested
		in the contributions that they make.
		Upon retirement or leaving covered
		employment, a member is eligible to
		withdraw a percentage of employer
		contributions to the defined contri-
		bution component of the plan,
		based on service.
		 After two years, a member is
		50% vested and may withdraw
		50% of employer contributions.
		• After three years, a member is
		75% vested and may withdraw
		75% of employer contributions.
		• After four or more years, a
		member is 100% vested and may
		withdraw 100% of employer
		contributions.
		Distribution is not required by law
		until age 70 1/2.

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit
The Basic Benefit is calculated	See definition under VRS	Defined Benefit Component:
based on a formula using the	Plan 1.	See definition under VRS Plan 1
member's average final		
compensation, a retirement		Defined Contribution
multiplier and total service credit		Component:
at retirement. It is one of the		The benefit is based on
benefit payout options available		contributions made by the
to a member at retirement.		member and any matching
		contributions made by the
An early retirement reduction		employer, plus net investment
factor is applied to the Basic		earnings on those contributions.
Benefit if the member retires		
with a reduced retirement		
benefit or selects a benefit		
payout option other than the		
Basic Benefit.		
Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation
A member's average final	A member's average final	Same as VRS Plan 2. It is used in
compensation is the average of	compensation is the average of	the retirement formula for the
the 36 consecutive months of	their 60 consecutive months of	defined benefit component of
highest compensation as a	highest compensation as a	the plan.
covered employee.	covered employee.	
Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier
The retirement multiplier is a	Same as Plan1 for service earned,	The retirement multiplier is
factor used in the formula to	purchased or granted prior to	1.0%.
determine a final retirement	January 1, 2013. For non-	
benefit. The retirement multiplier	hazardous duty members the	For members that opted into the
for non-hazardous duty members	retirement multiplier is 1.65% for	Hybrid Retirement Plan from VRS
is 1.7%. The retirement multiplier	creditable service earned,	Plan 1 or VRS Plan 2, the
for sheriffs and regional jail	purchased or granted on or after	applicable multipliers for those
superintendents is 1.85%. The	January 1, 2013.	plans will be used to calculate
retirement multiplier of eligible		the retirement benefit for
political subdivision hazardous		service credited in those plans.
duty employees other than		
sheriffs and regional jail		
superintendents is 1.7% or 1.85%		
as elected by the employer.		

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Age 65.	Normal Social Security	Defined Benefit Component:
	retirement age.	Same as VRS Plan 2.
		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced	Earliest Unreduced	Earliest Unreduced
Retirement Eligibility	Retirement Eligibility	Retirement Eligibility
Members who are not in	Members who are not in	Defined Benefit Component:
hazardous duty positions are	hazardous duty positions are	Members are eligible for an
eligible for an unreduced	eligible for an unreduced	unreduced retirement benefit
retirement benefit at age 65 with	retirement benefit when they	when they reach normal Social
at least five years (60 months) of	reach normal Social Security	Security retirement age and have
creditable service or at age 50	retirement age and have at least	at least five years (60 months) of
with at least 30 years of	five years (60 months) of	creditable service or when their
creditable service.	creditable service or when their	age and service equal 90.
	age and service equal 90.	
Hazardous duty members are		Defined Contribution
eligible for an unreduced	Hazardous duty members are	Component:
retirement benefit at age 60 with	eligible for an unreduced	Members are eligible to receive
at least five years of creditable	retirement benefit at age 60 with	distributions upon leaving
service or age 50 with at least 25	at least five years of creditable	employment, subject to
years of creditable service.	service or age 50 with at least 25	restrictions.
	years of creditable service.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Reduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
Members may retire with a	Members may retire with a	Defined Benefit Component:
reduced benefit as early as age	reduced benefit as early as age	Members may retire with a
55 with at least five years (60	60 with at least five years (60	reduced benefit as early as age
months) of creditable service or	months) of creditable service.	60 with at least five years (60
age 50 with at least 10 years of		months) of creditable service.
creditable service.		
		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment
(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Defined Benefit Component:
(COLA) matches the first 3%	(COLA) matches the first 2%	Same as VRS Plan 2.
increase in the Consumer Price	increase in the CPI-U and half of	
Index for all Urban Consumers	any additional increase (up to	Defined Contribution
(CPI-U) and half of any additional	2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Component:
increase (up to 4%) up to a		Not applicable.
maximum COLA of 5%.		
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Eligibility:
For members who retire with an	Same as VRS Plan 1.	Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS
unreduced benefit or with a reduced		Plan 2.
benefit with at least 20 years of		
creditable service, the COLA will go		
into effect on July 1 after one full		
calendar year from the retirement		
date.		
For members who retire with a		
reduced benefit and who have less		
than 20 years of creditable service,		
the COLA will go into effect on		
July 1 after one calendar year		
following the unreduced retirement		
eligibility date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:
The COLA is effective July 1	Same as VRS Plan 1.	Same as VRS Plan 1 and VRS
following one full calendar year		Plan 2.
January 1 to December 31) under any		
of the following circumstances:		
• The member is within five years of		
qualifying for an unreduced		
retirement benefit as of January 1,		
2013.		
• The member retires on disability.		
• The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability		
_		
under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP).		
• The member is involuntarily		
separated from employment for		
uses other than job		
performance or misconduct and is		
eligible to retire under the		
Work force Transition Act or the		
Transitional Benefits Program.		

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
• The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.	TEMVE	RETIREMENT LETTY
Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned purchased or granted. Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted. Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement. VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.	Disability Coverage Eligible political subdivision and school division (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. State employees (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.
		Hybrid members (including VRS Plan 1 and VRS Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP or VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

VRS	VRS	HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service
Members may be eligible to	Same as VRS Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
purchase service from previous		Same as VRS Plan 1.
public employment, active duty		
military service, an eligible period		Defined Contribution
of leave or VRS refunded service as		Component:
creditable service in their plan. Prior		Not Applicable.
creditable service counts toward		
vesting, eligibility for retirement		
and the health insurance credit.		
Only active members are eligible		
to purchase prior service. When		
buying service, members must		
purchase their most recent period		
of service first. Members also may		
be eligible to purchase periods of		
leave without pay.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2013-annual-report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary toward their retirement. The employer may assume this 5.00% member contribution. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. In addition, the Town of South Boston, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the *Code of Virginia* and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Town's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was 16.90% of annual covered payroll.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2014, the Town of South Boston's, Virginia's annual pension cost of \$505,794 was equal to the Town's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2011 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.00%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% per year for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year for Plan 1 employees and 2.25% for Plan 2 employees. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases also include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the Town of South Boston, Virginia's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. Town of South Boston, Virginia's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2011 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 30 years.

Three-Year Trend Information for the Town of South Boston

Fiscal Year Ending			Net Pension Obligation
June 30, 2012	\$ 488,932	100%	\$ -
June 30, 2013	507,518	100%	-
June 30, 2014	505,794	100%	-

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The most recent actuarial valuation date was as of June 30, 2013 which shows 100.00% of the annual pension costs contributed. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$19,339,878 and the actuarial value of assets was \$14,097,229, resulting in the plan being underfunded in the amount of \$5,242,649. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,023,468, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 173.40%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented below as required supplemental information (RSI) presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Town of South Boston

	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
			Unfunded			
		Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Accrued			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
<u>Date</u>	<u>Assets</u>	(AAL)	(UAAL)	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Payroll</u>
June 30, 2011	\$13,821,420	\$17,954,132	\$ 4,132,712	76.98%	\$2,662,941	155.19%
June 30, 2012	13,634,353	18,601,219	4,966,866	73.30%	2,835,179	175.19%
June 30, 2013	14,097,229	19,339,878	5,242,649	72.89%	3,023,468	173.40%

Note 9. Contingent Liabilities

The Town participates in federally-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs for and including the year ended June 30, 2014, and previous years have been conducted by the grantors or their representatives.

Note 10. Industrial Development Authority

The Industrial Development Authority of the Town of South Boston was created on July 15, 1977, as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth with such public and corporate powers as are set forth in the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act, Chapter 33, Title 15.1 Code of Virginia. The Authority was created for the specific purpose of promoting and developing commercial, industrial, and manufacturing enterprises and encouraging employment within the boundaries of the Town. The seven members of the Board of Directors are all appointed by Town Council.

The law authorizes the Authority to issue industrial development bonds to qualified applicants after approval by the Town Council. The bonds do not constitute indebtedness of either the Town or the Commonwealth and are secured solely by the assets of the commercial organizations on whose behalf the bonds are issued. The Town assumes no responsibility for the day-to-day operating expenses of the Authority; such expenses are financed by fees charged to the commercial enterprises. Beginning in the year ended June 30, 1991, the Town started acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Authority, which is now included as an Agency Fund in these financial statements.

Note 11. Legal Compliance

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any of the Government Fund types.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Surety Bonds

VML –
Erle Scott – Director of Finance \$350,000
VML –
Blanket Bond – All Town Employees 250,000
Forgery Bond – All Town Employees 250,000

Note 13. Government Services Provided by Authorities/Organizations

The Town also participates with Halifax County in the Regional Library. During the year, the Town contributed \$75,000 to the Library.

Note 14. Municipal Solid Waste Landfill

State and federal laws and regulations require the county to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post closure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Town records a liability for a portion of these closure and post closure care costs in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. Closure of the County's landfill site is complete. The \$1,861,888 reported as landfill post closure care liability at June 30, 2014, represents the cumulative amount reported based on the use of 100% percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all post closure care in 2014. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulation. The Town intends to fund these costs from tipping fee revenues and from any fund accumulated for this purpose. The Town demonstrates financial assurance for potential corrective action costs of \$303,765. The Town also has demonstrated financial assurance requirements for closure and post closure care, and corrective action costs through the submission of a Local Government Financial Test to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 9VA-20-70 of the Virginia Administrative Code.

Note 15. Transfer of Water and Sewer Fund

On June 30, 2007 a comprehensive agreement was made between the Town of South Boston, Virginia, the Town of Halifax, Virginia, the County of Halifax, Virginia and the Halifax County Service Authority. These localities concluded that a full service water and wastewater authority would be the best vehicle for ensuring the citizens of the localities the most reliable means of providing water and wastewater treatment.

The localities agreed to sell, assign, transfer, convey, and deliver to the Authority all real property and equipment, together with any easements or any other interests in land owned by the localities, personal property, cash, securities, software, inventories, intangible assets, and accounts receivable, including amounts on deposit. The authority agreed to assume the liabilities and obligations of the localities. The authority also agreed to pay to the Town of South Boston the amount of negative cash position payments as of the date of the agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. Transfer of Water and Sewer Fund (Continued)

The debt that was transferred to the Authority remains in the name of each locality and the Authority pays the localities five working days before the due date of the payment. A receivable has been recorded to offset the debt payments.

The effective date of the agreement was January 1, 2008.

Note 16. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 26, 2014, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR FUNDS GENERAL FUND

For the Year ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit 7

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
General property taxes	\$ 1,808,432	\$ 1,808,432	\$ 1,933,676	\$ 125,244	
Other local taxes	3,713,100	3,713,100	3,931,487	218,387	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	650	650	3,122	2,472	
Fines and forfeitures	56,050	56,050	64,654	8,604	
Interest and investment revenue	71,881	71,881	72,816	935	
Charges for service	16,800	16,800	26,190	9,390	
Miscellaneous	220,000	220,000	236,943	16,943	
Recovered costs	721,574	721,574	676,419	(45,155)	
Intergovernmental	2,251,440	2,251,440	2,516,049	264,609	
Total revenues	8,859,927	8,859,927	9,461,356	601,429	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government administration	720,356	720,356	710,353	10,003	
Public safety	3,111,702	3,111,702	3,021,200	90,502	
Public works	2,864,452	2,864,452	3,086,669	(222,217)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	431,103	431,103	422,464	8,639	
Community development	256,031	541,031	342,008	199,023	
Nondepartmental	235,419	235,419	198,695	36,724	
Capital projects	674,408	674,408	553,665	120,743	
Landfill closure	25,900	25,900	18,446	7,454	
Debt service:				,	
Principal retirement	1,020,261	1,020,261	1,020,261	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	442,570	442,570	442,427	143	
Total expenditures	9,782,202	10,067,202	9,816,188	251,014	
(Deficiency) of revenues					
(under) expenditures	(922,275)	(1,207,275)	(354,832)	852,443	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Long-term debt issued	200,000	200,000	-	(200,000)	
Operating transfers (out)	(152,133)	(152,133)	(163,670)	(11,537)	
Transfer to reserve funds	874,408	1,159,408		(1,159,408)	
Total other financing sources	922,275	1,207,275	(163,670)	(1,370,945)	
Net change in fund balances			(518,502)		
Fund balance at beginning of year			4,921,594		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 4,403,092		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

Exhibit 8

			Pern	nanent Fund		
ASSETS	Virginia Alcohol Safety Action <u>Program Fund</u>		Perpetual <u>Care</u>		Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	
Cash Investments	\$	-	\$	666,836 231,705	\$	666,836 231,705
Total assets	\$		\$	898,541	\$	898,541
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	
Fund balances: Reserved for:			4	000 544	Φ	000 541
Perpetual care	\$	-	\$	898,541	\$	898,541
Total fund balances		-		898,541		898,541
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	-	\$	898,541	\$	898,541

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit 9

	Specia	al Revenue	Pern	nanent Fund	
	Virginia Alcohol Safety Action <u>Program Fund</u>			Perpetual <u>Care</u>	l Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:					
Interest and investment revenue	\$	-	\$	14,684	\$ 14,684
Miscellaneous		-		1,115	1,115
Sale of cemetery lots		-		45,750	45,750
Intergovernmental		220,214			220,214
Total revenues		220,214		61,549	 281,763
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government administration		-		186,035	186,035
Public safety		220,214		-	220,214
Capital projects					
Total expenditures		220,214		186,035	 406,249
(Deficiency) of revenues (under)					
expenditures				(124,486)	 (124,486)
Other financing sources:					
Operating transfers in				163,670	 163,670
Total other financing sources				163,670	 163,670
Net change in fund balances		-		39,184	39,184
Fund balance at beginning of year				859,357	 859,357
Fund balance at end of year	\$	_	\$	898,541	\$ 898,541

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATISTICAL SECTION

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	C	General				Parks,										
Fiscal	Go	vernment	Public	Public	Public Recreation,		Community			Non-		Capital	Landfill		Debt	
Year	Adm	ninistration	<u>Safety</u>	Works	an	and Cultural Deve		evelopment	D	<u>Departmental</u>		Projects	9	<u>Closure</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
2004-05	\$	544,979	\$ 2,327,236	\$ 2,167,014	\$	264,723	\$	194,811	\$	481,761	\$	1,732,274	\$	103,658	\$ 395,532	\$ 8,211,988
2005-06		593,914	2,646,892	2,355,010		281,472		234,450		533,280		791,194		120,043	338,795	7,895,050
2006-07		635,986	2,607,644	2,769,804		292,189		750,620		607,628		1,109,188		124,527	2,127,067	11,024,653
2007-08		586,128	2,712,575	2,394,312		334,193		638,104		345,140		123,214	1	1,603,757	729,642	9,467,065
2008-09		622,052	2,822,703	2,608,782		377,574		1,010,935		333,224		31,159		396,495	1,360,500	9,563,424
2009-10		599,453	2,734,042	2,631,000		384,692		266,502		166,964		376,842		105,922	1,354,666	8,620,083
2010-11		615,168	2,923,180	2,336,213		447,727		384,136		205,051		777,864		72,815	1,335,556	9,097,710
2011-12		623,122	3,202,458	3,456,263		483,269		156,176		189,012		1,677,154		60,757	1,837,146	11,685,357
2012-13		800,712	3,053,360	3,805,801		472,571		258,682		242,818		1,538,958		35,822	2,716,871	12,925,595
2013-14		710,353	3,021,200	3,086,669		422,464		342,008		198,695		553,665		18,446	1,462,688	9,816,188

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Permits,							
			Privilege		Revenues					
	General	Other	Fees, and		From Use of					
Fiscal	Property	Local	Regulatory	Fines and	Money and	Charges for		Recovered	Inter-	
<u>Year</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	<u>Licenses</u>	<u>Forfeitures</u>	Property	<u>Service</u>	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Costs	Governmental	<u>Total</u>
2004-05	\$ 1,480,956	\$ 2,694,764	\$ 7,222	\$ 46,057	\$ 141,344	\$ 696,956	\$ 382,359	\$ 340,109	\$ 1,790,305	\$ 7,580,072
2005-06	1,540,197	3,065,260	8,840	50,365	186,238	807,019	265,332	357,186	1,909,638	8,190,075
2006-07	1,707,983	3,181,531	7,927	35,199	211,391	970,955	154,812	354,119	2,343,684	8,967,601
2007-08	1,704,069	3,505,014	3,815	46,077	226,259	259,832	189,452	215,131	2,509,093	8,658,742
2008-09	1,791,271	3,573,451	3,700	63,986	111,938	26,521	329,838	815,230	3,066,444	9,782,379
2009-10	1,776,489	3,548,211	2,962	69,452	101,570	20,484	242,219	751,537	2,178,925	8,691,849
2010-11	1,888,643	3,640,816	3,528	57,985	68,703	18,948	308,994	819,953	2,877,105	9,684,675
2011-12	1,878,613	3,895,332	2,192	63,370	52,633	22,158	359,085	1,159,212	2,608,069	10,040,664
2012-13	1,982,751	3,922,316	2,170	63,969	84,326	26,390	253,118	674,822	3,266,002	10,275,864
2013-14	1,933,676	3,931,487	3,122	64,654	72,816	26,190	236,943	676,419	2,516,049	9,461,356

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Percent of Total Tax		Percent of
	Total	Current	Percent	Delinquent (1)		Collections	Outstanding	Delinquent
Fiscal	Tax (1)	Tax (1)	of Levy	Tax (2)	Total Tax	To Tax	Delinquent	Taxes to
Year	<u>Levy</u>	Collections	Collected	Collections (3)	Collections	<u>Levy</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	Tax Levy
2004-05	\$ 1,219,445	\$ 1,155,372	94.75	\$ 36,034	\$ 1,191,406	97.70	\$ 105,075	8.62
2005-06	1,214,858	1,155,353	95.10	36,101	1,191,454	98.07	107,976	8.89
2006-07	1,416,779	1,325,674	93.57	21,415	1,347,089	95.08	157,187	11.09
2007-08	1,407,515	1,306,462	92.82	58,264	1,364,726	96.96	185,537	13.18
2008-09	1,506,577	1,385,602	91.97	61,074	1,446,676	96.02	248,010	16.46
2009-10	1,436,986	1,331,415	92.65	73,770	1,405,185	97.79	243,219	16.93
2010-11	1,468,948	1,356,554	92.35	96,283	1,452,837	98.90	268,652	18.29
2011-12	1,500,446	1,386,699	92.42	86,838	1,473,537	98.21	268,369	17.89
2012-13	1,516,431	1,417,036	93.45	74,709	1,491,745	98.37	286,129	18.87
2013-14	1,528,779	1,435,629	93.91	129,787	1,565,416	100.24	233,725	15.29

ASSESSED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 4

Fiscal	Real	Personal	Mobile	1	Machinery		Real		Personal	•
<u>Year</u>	Estate	Property	<u>Homes</u>	and Tools		Estate		Property		<u>Total</u>
2004-05	\$ 398,105,607	\$ 50,425,000	\$ 1,140,360	\$	2,105,400	\$	17,575,314	\$	203,760	\$ 469,555,441
2005-06	430,632,481	41,899,500	1,079,700		2,256,400		16,674,730		180,519	492,723,330
2006-07	366,171,492	41,656,000	1,072,600		2,560,800		17,810,306		180,519	429,451,717
2007-08	434,775,650	41,215,825	1,067,600		2,658,000		17,822,407		191,164	497,730,646
2008-09	486,915,503	41,815,600	985,400		2,706,500		18,470,335		257,001	551,150,339
2009-10	492,542,837	36,742,900	960,300		2,693,100		19,662,785		325,169	552,927,091
2010-11	496,514,382	37,885,100	858,300		2,724,600		20,147,486		277,351	558,407,219
2011-12	498,617,530	39,511,825	810,500		2,558,600		20,253,247		374,136	562,125,838
2012-13	475,693,486	41,394,725	797,900		2,190,600		22,388,621		1,143,392	543,608,724
2013-14	478,470,015	42,286,900	711,200		2,706,300		23,338,048		834,549	548,347,012

PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Public U	Jtility
Real	Personal	Mobile	Machinery	Real	Personal
Estate	Property	<u>Homes</u>	and Tools	Estate	<u>Property</u>
0.19	1.42	0.19	0.31	0.19	1.42
0.19	1.42	0.19	0.31	0.19	1.42
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
0.19	2.00	0.19	0.31	0.19	2.00
	0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19 0.19	Estate Property 0.19 1.42 0.19 1.42 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00 0.19 2.00	Estate Property Homes 0.19 1.42 0.19 0.19 1.42 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19	Estate Property Homes and Tools 0.19 1.42 0.19 0.31 0.19 1.42 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31	Estate Property Homes and Tools Estate 0.19 1.42 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 1.42 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19 0.19 2.00 0.19 0.31 0.19

NOTE: Public service corporation assessments and tax rates are regulated by the State Corporation Commission.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 5

				<u>Less:</u>		Ratio of	
		Assessed		Debt		Net	
		Value of		Payable		Bonded	Net
		All Taxable	Gross	From	Net	Debt to	Bonded
Fiscal		Property	Bonded	Enterprise	Bonded	Assessed	Debt per
<u>Year</u>	Population (1)	(In Thousands)	<u>Debt (2)</u>	Revenues	<u>Debt</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Capita</u>
2004-05	8,491	\$ 469,555	\$ 10,726,420	128,352	10,598,068	.023:1	1,248
2005-06	8,491	492,723	10,077,125	117,167	9,959,958	.020:1	1,173
2006-07	8,491	429,104	11,502,400	105,645	11,396,755	.027:1	1,342
2007-08	8,491	497,730	12,110,113	93,774	12,016,339	.024:1	1,415
2008-09	8,491	551,150	11,382,754	81,544	11,301,210	.021:1	1,331
2009-10	8,491	552,927	10,631,221	68,945	10,562,276	.019:1	1,244
2010-11	8,142	558,407	9,840,862	55,965	9,784,897	.017:1	1,202
2011-12	8,142	562,126	10,730,485	-	10,730,485	.019:1	1,318
2012-13	8,142	543,609	10,688,173	-	10,688,173	.017:1	1,312
2013-14	8,142	548,347	9,657,446	-	9,657,446	.019:1	1,186

NOTE: (1) Tayloe Murphy Institute at the University of Virginia

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation debt.

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2014

Schedule 6

The Constitution of the Commonwealth of Virginia authorizes a town in Virginia to issue bonds secured by a pledge of its full faith and credit, subject to a limitation. Certain classes of indebtedness may be excluded, such as: revenue anticipation notes maturing in one year or less and referendum-approved general obligation bonds payable from a specified revenue producing undertaking for as long as the undertaking is self-supporting.

Assessed value of taxable real property (as of January 1, 2014)		\$ 548,347,012
Legal debt limit (10% of assessed value)		\$ 54,834,701
Gross debt issued and outstanding	\$ 9,657,446	
Less deduction for self-supporting revenue bonds	 	
Total net debt chargeable to current debt limit		 9,657,446
Current debt-incurring capacity		\$ 45,177,255

STATEMENT OF THE TREASURER'S ACCOUNTABILITY June 30, 2014

		Schedule 7
Assets held by the Treasurer:		
Cash on hand	\$	1,304
Cash in banks:		
Checking: SunTrust Bank Carter Bank and Trust		2,306,891 656,601
Investments: Common stock – 45 shares of U. S. Steel Corporation Alliance U. S. Bond Fund		1,713 229,992
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	3,196,501
Liabilities of the Treasurer:		
Balance of Town Funds	<u>\$</u>	3,196,501
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	3,196,501

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF SOUTH BOSTON AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2014

	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ly 01, 2013	<u>A</u>	Additions	<u>r</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Ju</u>	Balance ne 30, 2014
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	11,930	\$	224,921	\$	202,251	\$	34,600
Land and buildings								
(net of accumulated depreciation)		2,697,933		2,475		57,707		2,642,701
Accounts receivable	_	39,365				4,568		34,797
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	2,749,228	\$	227,396	\$	264,526	\$	2,712,098
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	2,000
Due to other governmental units		1,164,831		69,376		-		1,234,207
Note payable	_	1,583,397				107,506		1,475,891
Total liabilities	\$	2,749,228	\$	70,376	\$	107,506	\$	2,712,098

COMPLIANCE SECTION



HHNCCo.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Town Council Town of South Boston, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of South Boston, Virginia, as of and for the year ended, June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of South Boston, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of South Boston, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of South Boston, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of South Boston, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of South Boston, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Thanis Thaney Weal & Co. LLP

Danville, Virginia November 26, 2014