

Hub of Commerce and Community Over 200 Years

Town of Farmville, Virginia

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



TOWN MANAGER'S OFFICE

C. Scott Davis, LP.D. Town Manager

Jacqueline B. Vaughan Executive Assistant

October 31, 2023

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council And the Citizens of Farmville, Virginia:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Town of Farmville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This report is submitted in accordance with Section 15.1-167 of the Code of Virginia and with Article 5, Section 23 of the Charter of the Town of Farmville, both of which require an annual independent audit and report of the financial activity of the Town. The independent certified public accounting firm of Brown, Edwards & Company, L.L.P., has audited the financial statements and supplemental schedules contained herein. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Town. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the Town. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Town's financial activities have been included.

The Reporting Entity and Services Provided

For financial reporting purposes, in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) criteria, the Town of Farmville includes funds, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities that were controlled by or were financially dependent upon the Town within the reporting period. Control of our financial dependence was determined based on the obligation of the Town to finance deficits, guarantee debt, select the governing authority, approve the budget, have authority to make a public levy and have ownership of assets. The Town of Farmville provides an extensive range of services for its citizens, including general administration, public safety, public works, planning, zoning, economic and community development, code enforcement, cemetery management, and handles water, sewer, transportation, and airport services for the benefit of its citizens.

Organization of Government

On January 15, 1798, the Virginia Legislature established the Town of Farmville. Until 1870, Farmville was governed by a board of commissioners, or trustees, appointed by the Legislature. In 1870, the Legislature authorized qualified voters in the Town to elect a mayor, nine councilmen, a sergeant, a commissioner of the revenue, a treasurer, and a keeper of the public scales. Today, the Town is organized under a Council-Manager form of government with a seven-member Town Council as the governing body. The Town Council and Mayor are popularly elected. The council is responsible for adopting an annual budget, passing ordinances, establishing policies, and appointing committees. The Town Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Town Council, for the day-to-day operations of the Town, and for appointing Town department heads.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Established in 1798 and serving as the county seat of Prince Edward County, Farmville's magnetic pull extends far beyond its 120,000-strong regional population. Its diverse shopping, historical richness, and abundant cultural, educational, and outdoor activities attract residents and numerous visitors. In recent years, in collaboration with its esteemed higher education institutions, Farmville's downtown has undergone a renaissance, imbuing the area with a vibrant college-town ambiance.

Farmville boasts a unique distinction as one of the oldest two-college towns in the nation, proudly hosting the prestigious Hampden-Sydney College, founded in 1775, and Longwood University, established in 1839. Hampden-Sydney College, a revered all-male private institution, stands six miles southwest of the town center and enrolls 1,200 students. At the same time, Longwood University, nestled in the heart of Farmville, accommodates approximately 5,000 students. Longwood, evolving from a female seminary to a fully coeducational institution in 1976, continues its expansion with recent additions such as a state-of-the-art 4500-seat convocation center, enhancing the town's academic vibrancy.

Farmville's downtown exudes an enchanting blend of historic architecture and contemporary charm, where each corner tells a story. Local businesses thrive within these storied walls, offering an enticing range of products, from locally crafted treasures to culinary delights. Notable establishments like Green Front Furniture and the Appomattox River Company draw visitors across the state, adding to the town's dynamic tapestry. The Farmville Farmers' Market, a haven for locally grown produce, delectable baked goods, and handcrafted items, beckons residents and tourists alike. Farmville's downtown pulse is meticulously preserved by "Farmville Downtown," a non-profit organization of dedicated locals, ensuring its pivotal role as the heart of the community endures through time.

Prince Edward County, home to Farmville, proudly maintains its Virginia Enterprise Zone designation, offering a wealth of state and local investment incentives. State grants, tailored explicitly for physical property improvements, are extended to businesses. These incentives aren't limited to newcomers; existing industries are equally acknowledged and rewarded.

Moreover, Farmville's allure as a tourism hub continues flourishing, attracting history enthusiasts and nature lovers alike. The town hosts the R. R. Moton Museum, an enlightening narrative of the 1951 student strike pivotal to the civil rights movement, serving as the linchpin of the Civil Rights in Education Heritage Trail.

Nature enthusiasts find solace in the expansive High Bridge Trail State Park and Sailor's Creek Battlefield, solemnly commemorating the conclusive battles of the Civil War. For camping and hiking enthusiasts, Bear Creek Lake State Park and Twin Lakes State Park stand as beckoning havens, drawing visitors from all corners of Virginia. Fishing enthusiasts are welcomed at Sandy River Reservoir, a sprawling 740-acre lake nestled in Prince Edward County, meticulously stocked and managed by the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, ensuring a serene and rewarding experience for passionate anglers. Farmville's diverse attractions continue to be a captivating destination for travelers seeking historical insights and natural splendor.

Major Initiatives and Accomplishments

- Farmville's economic trajectory continues to ascend, buoyed by strategic initiatives and accomplishments that underscore the town's commitment to progress—this fiscal year witnessed astute financial management, with the Town's Finance Director orchestrating investments in higher interest-bearing government pools, resulting in an additional revenue influx of \$416,308.89. In a bold move to invigorate economic assets.
- The Farmville Recreation Department has enriched the town's recreational landscape by introducing two exciting additions at Wilck's Lake Park: a toddler playground designed for the little ones and a forthcoming splash pad promising outdoor revelry for school-aged children during spring and summer. This venture, expected upon completion to cost approximately \$600,000, embodies Farmville's commitment to providing inclusive recreational opportunities for all ages.
- Crucial upgrades have been undertaken at our Water Treatment Plant and Wastewater Treatment Plant, reinforcing the town's commitment to environmental stewardship. Noteworthy enhancements include transitioning from chlorine gas to sodium hypochlorite, replacing oxidation tanks and generators, and installing a chemical feed pump with a 5,000-gallon storage tank. This progressive approach ensures a sustainable future for Farmville's utilities.
- In a landmark decision, the Farmville Planning Commission and Town Council collaboratively crafted and endorsed the Moton Museum Overlay District. This pivotal step paves the way for the museum's potential induction as a World Heritage Site, marking a significant milestone in Farmville's historical legacy.
- The Farmville Fire Department, dedicated to superior citizen safety, invested \$937,250 in a new pumper truck, bolstering its firefighting capabilities.
- Moreover, Farmville's unwavering commitment to fiscal responsibility shone through in engaging the expertise of ABM Building Services. Their exhaustive survey of utility and energy consumption across town properties yielded valuable recommendations, aligning Farmville's operations with cost-effective and sustainable practices.

Farmville's economic landscape is thriving, anchored in a rich tapestry of history, education, and community engagement. Through strategic investments, visionary initiatives, and a steadfast commitment to progress, Farmville continues to evolve as a beacon of opportunity, inviting residents and visitors alike to join in its journey toward a vibrant, sustainable future.

Financial Information

During the reporting period, the Town of Farmville managed its financial affairs using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and maintained its accounting records on a modified accrual basis. The Town's enterprise funds are reported on the full accrual basis, under which revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. Additional information can be found in Note 1 of this report.

During the reporting period, Town management was responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Town are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management. In addition, the Town maintained budgetary controls during the reporting period. The controls in place ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town Council. Additional information can be found in Note 1 of this report.

As demonstrated by the financial statements and supplemental schedules included in the financial section of this report, the Town has continued to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

Cash Management

Following the State code and the Town's Investment Policy, the Town invested in money market accounts, the Virginia Investment Pool, the Local Government Investment Pool, and certificates of deposits.

No other policies significantly impacted the current year's financial statements for the Town.

Other Information

<u>Independent Audit.</u> Virginia Law and the Charter of the Town of Farmville require that a Certified Public Accountant audit the financial statements of the Town. Brown, Edwards, & Company, L.L.P., has performed an annual audit of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The auditor's report is included in the Financial Section of this report. The auditor's report, as required by Government Auditing Standards, is found in the Compliance Section of this report.

<u>Awards.</u> Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Farmville, Virginia, for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the first year that the government had achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

<u>Acknowledgements</u>. The preparation of this report is a very intensive project. It could not have been accomplished without the assistance and dedication of the Finance Department staff and other personnel from various departments, who assisted in the preparation. The Mayor and Town Council continue to support our efforts to produce the best financial reports possible for our citizens. We appreciate your support in granting us the time and funding to generate this document and allowing us to submit it to the GFOA for consideration. Lastly, we would like to thank our independent auditing firm, Brown, Edwards & Company, L.L.P., for their cooperation and assistance in these efforts.

Respectfully Submitted,

C. Scott Davis, LP.D.

Town Manager

Julie A. Moore, CPA, CFE, CGFM

Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Farmville Virginia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS MEMBERS OF TOWN COUNCIL



Brian Vincent, Mayor
Term Expires: December 31, 2026
Phone: (434) 640-1017
Email: bvincent@farmvilleva.com



A.D. "Chuckie" Reid, Vice Mayor Term Expires: December 31, 2026 Phone: (434) 390-9069 Email: creid@farmvilleva.com



John Hardy, Councilman
Term Expires: December 31, 2026
Phone: (434) 547-8373
Email: jhardy@farmvilleva.com



Sallie O. Amos, Councilwoman
Term Expires: December 31, 2024
Phone: (434) 390-6294
Email: samos@farmvilleva.com



Daniel E. Dwyer, Councilman
Term Expires: December 31, 2024
Phone: (434) 390-6614
Email: ddwyer@farmvilleva.com



Donald L. Hunter, Councilman
Term Expires: December 31, 2024
Phone: (434) 392-6053
Email: dhunter@farmvilleva.com



Thomas M. Pairet, Councilman
Term Expires: December 31, 2026
Phone: (434) 603-1296
Email: tpairet@farmvilleva.com



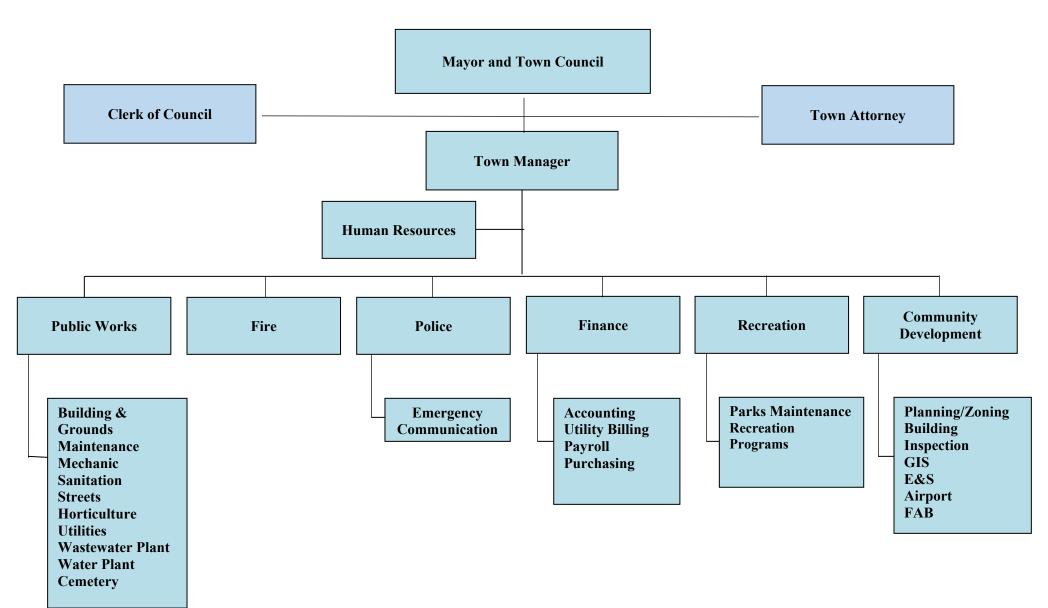
Adam Yoelin, Councilman
Term Expires: December 31, 2026
Phone: (434) 808/-8977
Email: ayoelin@farmvilleva.com



DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS MEMBERS OF TOWN COUNCIL as of June 30, 2023

Town Manager C. Scott Davis LP.D. **Assistant to the Town Manager** Jackie Vaughan **Director of Finance** Julie A. Moore Carol Anne Seal **Deputy Director of Finance Clerk of Council** Mary McKay **Town Attorney** Gary Elder **Chief of Police** Andy Ellington **Director of Public Works** Robin Atkins Fire Chief Daniel Clark **Community Development Director (Interim)** Ashley Atkins-Austin **Building Official** Phillip Moore

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



FINANCIAL SECTION

Financial Section contains the Basic Financial Statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Farmville, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Farmville, Virginia (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements (Continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Farmville's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Town of Farmville's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management, and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Farmville's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2023 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown, Edwards Company, S. L. P.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Lynchburg, Virginia October 31, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As stewards of Farmville, Virginia, we are pleased to offer this comprehensive narrative overview and analysis of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. We invite readers to consider this information alongside the detailed insights provided in our transmittal letter on pages i through v.

Financial Highlights:

- The Town's assets and deferred outflows surpassed its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by an impressive \$40,717,033, representing the net position. Within this, \$11,150,638 (unrestricted net position) stands available for fulfilling the Town's ongoing commitments to its citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net position experienced a noteworthy increase of \$4,740,109, attributable equally to the general fund operations and business-type activities.
- At the fiscal year's end, the Town's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$7,149,573, reflecting a substantial increase of \$1,064,330 compared to the previous year. Approximately 55% of this total, amounting to \$3,933,566, is available for discretionary spending (unassigned fund balance).
- The Town's overall debt decreased by a significant \$1,856,066 or 22.89% during the fiscal year, underscoring our commitment to fiscal responsibility.

Overview of the Financial Statements:

This detailed discussion and analysis introduce the Town's fundamental financial statements, which consist of three integral components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Additionally, this report incorporates supplementary information to enhance the readers' understanding.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a comprehensive overview of the Town's financial landscape, akin to private-sector businesses.

- The statement of net position offers a holistic view of the Town's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the resulting difference reported as net position. Changes in net position over time serve as indicators of the Town's financial trajectory.
- The statement of activities demonstrates how the Town's net position evolved during the fiscal year, capturing changes as soon as the underlying events occurred, regardless of the timing of cash flows. This includes reporting revenues and expenses for items that will only result in future cash flows, fostering transparency and accountability.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish between Town functions primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and those intended to recover costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities encompass general government, public safety, public works, parks, recreation, cultural, and community development, while business-type activities encompass water, sewer, transportation, and airport funds.

The Town adheres to fund accounting principles, ensuring compliance with finance-related legal requirements and reinforcing our commitment to sound financial management.

Fund Financial Statements – A fund constitutes a collection of interconnected accounts designed to manage resources set aside for particular activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, the Town employs fund accounting to uphold and demonstrate adherence to legal financial requirements. The Town's funds fall into three primary categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund – The Town's governmental funds focus on providing insights into immediate inflows, outflows, and available resources. This information aids in evaluating the Town's financial needs. Specifically, the unassigned fund balance can serve as a valuable measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the close of the fiscal year.

The Town maintains three distinct governmental funds. Details are presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the street maintenance fund, both considered major funds. The narcotics fund represents the sole non-major governmental fund.

The Town establishes an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, supported by a budgetary comparison statement illustrating compliance with this budget.

Fund balances represent the disparities between assets and liabilities in a governmental fund.

- Nonspendable fund balance comprises amounts not in spendable form or those required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted fund balance** encompasses amounts usable solely for specific purposes stipulated by external providers, such as grantors or bondholders, along with amounts restricted through enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance pertains to amounts usable only for specific purposes determined by formal action of the government's highest decision-making body.
- **Assigned fund balance** refers to amounts designated for specific purposes by the governing body or authorized official and applies to remaining resources in any governmental funds other than the general fund.
- Unassigned fund balance covers all amounts not included in other classifications for the general fund, as well as deficit fund balances in any other governmental funds.

As of June 30, 2023, the Town's governmental funds concluded the fiscal year with an ending fund balance of \$7,149,573, marking a notable increase of \$1,064,330 compared to the previous year. Among this total, \$630,279 was nonspendable, \$1,612,932 was restricted, \$538,963 was committed, \$433,833 was assigned, and \$3,933,566 was unassigned.

To gauge the general fund's liquidity, it's pertinent to assess both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance in relation to the total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance, constituting 27.98% of total general fund expenditures, and the total fund balance, representing 47.7% of the same amount, serve as critical indicators of financial health.

Proprietary Funds – These funds mirror the functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town employs enterprise funds to account for its water, sewer, transportation, and airport operations.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are instrumental for managing resources held for external parties' benefit or for the Town's other post-employment benefit trust. Unlike governmental funds, fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because their resources cannot support the Town's own programs. The accounting principles applied to fiduciary funds are akin to those used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes offer indispensable additional information that enhances the comprehensive understanding of the data presented in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – Beyond the fundamental financial statements and accompanying notes, this report incorporates specific *required supplementary information*. This information delves into the Town's funding progress for its other post-employment benefits and outlines details regarding its pension contributions and benefits.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

In evaluating the Town's financial position, it's crucial to consider its net position, which proves to be a valuable indicator over time. At the close of the recent fiscal year, the Town's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$40,717,033.

A significant portion of the Town's net position (68.7%) represents its investment in capital assets, such as land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure. This figure is net of any related debt used to acquire these assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are essential for delivering services to citizens. It's important to note that even though the Town's investment in these assets is reported net of related debt, the resources necessary to repay this debt must be sourced from other avenues, as the capital assets themselves cannot be utilized to settle these obligations.

Additionally, a portion of the net position (3.9%) is restricted and earmarked for debt service funds, forfeiture funds, and other grant funds. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (27.4%) is available to fulfill the Town's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors. This portion provides the flexibility needed to meet various financial commitments.

The Town's Net Position

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-type					
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Total				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Current and other assets	\$ 17,687,694	\$ 11,010,941	\$ 7,458,590	\$ 6,265,056	\$ 25,146,284	\$ 17,275,997			
Capital assets	19,284,298	20,408,394	15,832,780	14,136,471	35,117,078	34,544,865			
Total assets	36,971,992	31,419,335	23,291,370	20,401,527	60,263,362	51,820,862			
Deferred outflow of resources	990,535	971,719	208,304	223,533	1,198,839	1,195,252			
Long-term liabilities	5,091,368	6,514,201	2,860,610	3,070,256	7,951,978	9,584,457			
Net pension liability	547,001	-	99,111	-	646,112	_			
Net OPEB liability	1,260,286	1,538,923	291,306	368,646	1,551,592	1,907,569			
Other liabilities	9,536,922	4,915,933	728,932	387,301	10,265,854	5,303,234			
Total liabilities	16,435,577	12,969,057	3,979,959	3,826,203	20,415,536	16,795,260			
Deferred inflows of resources	267,745	196,789	61,887	47,141	329,632	243,930			
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	15,220,292	14,875,101	12,733,171	11,189,893	27,953,463	26,064,993			
Restricted	1,612,932	3,045,457			1,612,932	3,045,457			
Unrestricted	4,425,981	1,304,650	6,724,657	5,561,823	11,150,638	6,866,474			
Total net position	\$ 21,259,205	\$ 19,225,208	\$ 19,457,828	\$ 16,751,716	\$ 40,717,033	\$ 35,976,924			

As previously mentioned, net position and assets categorized by type can serve as valuable indicators of a government's financial standing over time. For the Town, as of June 30, 2023, assets surpassed liabilities by \$40,717,033 in Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities, underscoring the Town's robust financial position.

During the current fiscal year, the Town's Total Government net position surged by \$4,740,109, marking a significant 13.2% increase. This growth was primarily propelled by a 10.6% rise in Governmental Activities' net position and a substantial 16.2% increase in net position within Business-type Activities compared to the previous year. The Town's ongoing commitment to prudent financial management extended across all its funds, encompassing the General Fund, Street Maintenance Fund, Water Fund, Sewer Fund, Transportation Fund, and Airport Fund. This meticulous approach ensures the responsible utilization of public resources, positioning the Town in a robust financial stance.

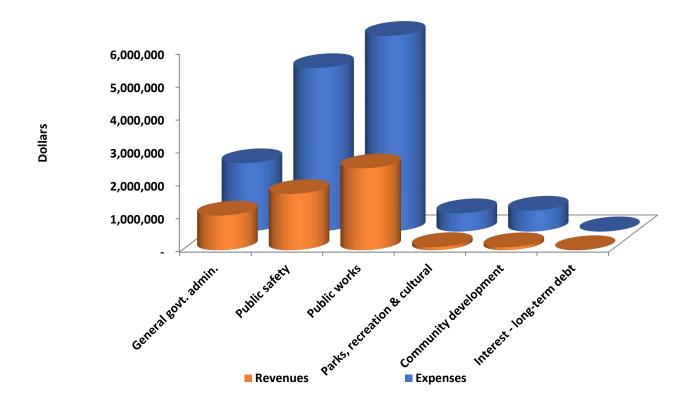
The Town's Changes in Net Position

		nmental ivities		ess-type ivities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 1,710,432	\$ 1,820,791	\$ 4,241,001	\$ 3,778,435	\$ 5,951,433	\$ 5,599,226		
contributions Capital grants and	2,684,257	2,564,086	746,028	789,016	3,430,285	3,353,102		
contributions	1,024,452	-	1,892,427	323,467	2,916,879	323,467		
General revenues								
Property taxes	1,144,960	1,065,846	-	-	1,144,960	1,065,846		
Other taxes Intergovernmental revenue	8,025,063	7,526,260	-	-	8,025,063	7,526,260		
unrestricted	70,582	104,713	_	_	70,582	104,713		
Investment earnings	516,548	121,643	23,726	620	540,274	122,263		
Other	775,110	996,391	128,856	301,693	903,966	1,298,084		
Total revenues	15,951,404	14,199,730	7,032,038	5,193,231	22,983,442	19,392,961		
Б								
Expenses	0.050.500	1 (04 005			2 072 502	1 (04 005		
General government	2,073,583	1,684,095	-	-	2,073,583	1,684,095		
Public safety	4,957,718	3,842,518	-	-	4,957,718	3,842,518		
Public works Parks, recreation, and	5,933,858	5,806,553	-	-	5,933,858	5,806,553		
cultural	557,407	804,098	_	_	557,407	804,098		
Community development	635,196	536,554			635,196	536,554		
Interest on long-term debt	9,645	66,170	_	_	9,645	66,170		
Water	2,043	00,170	1,601,511	1,481,832	1,601,511	1,481,832		
Sewer	-	-	1,276,131	923,769	1,276,131	923,769		
	-	_	826,232	803,985	826,232	803,985		
Transportation	-	-			·	·		
Airport	-	- -	372,052	354,760	372,052	354,760		
Total expenses	14,167,407	12,739,988	4,075,926	3,564,346	18,243,333	16,304,334		
Excess before transfers	1,783,997	1,459,742	2,956,112	1,628,885	4,740,109	3,088,627		
Transfers	250,000	1,082,970	(250,000)	(1,082,970)	-			
Change in net position	2,033,997	2,542,712	2,706,112	545,915	4,740,109	3,088,627		
Net position – July 1	19,225,208	16,682,496	16,751,716	16,205,801	35,976,924	32,888,297		
Net position – June 30	\$ 21,259,205	\$ 19,225,208	\$ 19,457,828	\$ 16,751,716	\$ 40,717,033	\$ 35,976,924		

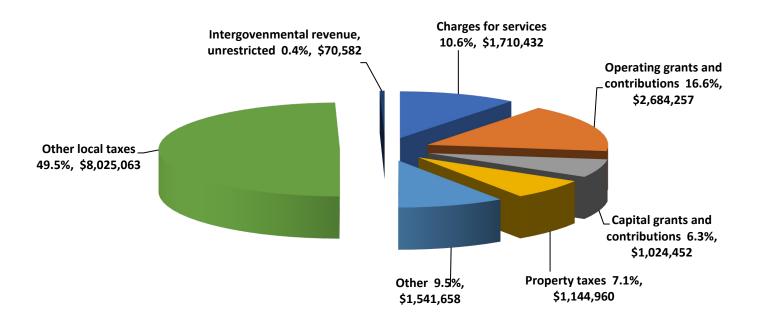
Governmental Activities - Within Governmental Activities, the Town experienced a notable boost of \$2,033,997 in net position, constituting a significant portion of the overall growth. This increase was driven by a 9.9% surge in General Revenues, primarily attributed to higher collections from meals and lodging tax, local tax revenues, investment income, and the golf course sale. The Town's total assets saw a substantial uptick of 17.7%, primarily due to the receipt of the second payment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds in FY23. However, total liabilities also increased by 26.7%, partly due to the second payment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds and the pension plan incurring a balance as of June 30, 2023.

Business-type Activities - In the realm of Business-type Activities, the Town's net position grew by \$2,706,112, a considerable leap compared to the prior year's increase of \$545,915. This significant growth was fueled by a 12.2% rise in service charges, predominantly attributed to water and sewer rate hikes implemented on July 1, 2022. Furthermore, an additional \$1.5 million was received in capital grants and contributions, primarily related to ongoing airport projects in FY23. These developments reflect the Town's robust financial strategies and effective management, ensuring sustainable growth and stability.

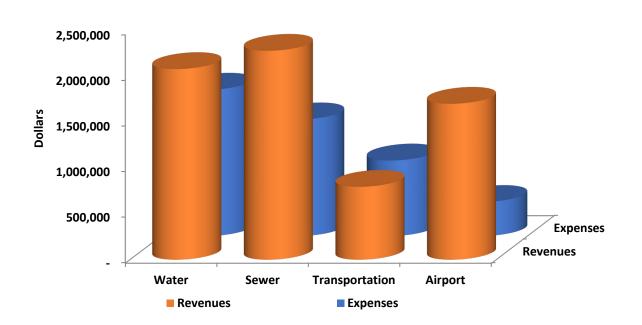
Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The Town employs fund accounting to ensure compliance with legal financial obligations and to provide a clear picture of its financial activities.

Governmental Fund – The primary focus of the Town's governmental fund is to outline short-term cash flows and available resources. This data is crucial for assessing the Town's financial needs. Specifically, the *unreserved fund balance* is a vital indicator of the government's resources available for spending at the fiscal year's end.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds revealed an ending fund balance of \$7,149,573, indicating a \$1,064,330 increase from the previous year. Of this total, approximately 55.0% or \$3,933,566 constitutes an unassigned fund balance, allowing discretionary spending by the Town. Another 7.5%, equating to \$538,963, represents the committed fund balance allocated for specific purposes. Additionally, 6.1%, or \$433,833, is assigned fund balance designated for particular purposes, and 22.6%, or \$1,612,932, is restricted fund balance, subject to specific provisions.

Comparing unassigned and total fund balances to total fund expenditures is valuable for gauging the general fund's liquidity. Unassigned fund balance accounts for 28.0% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance makes up 47.7% of the same expenditure amount. This analysis provides a comprehensive view of the Town's financial stability and ability to meet its fiscal obligations.

The \$1,060,074 increase in the general fund balance can be attributed to higher meals and lodging tax revenues in FY23 compared to the previous year. This surge was due to the full benefits realized from two new restaurants that opened at the end of FY22. The rise in lodging taxes was driven by increased economic activity, drawing more visitors to the Town, especially from local colleges and shops. Additionally, in FY23, the Town made strategic investments, including placing funds into LGIP and VIP, generating extra investment income. Part of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds was also allocated to the general fund due to the pre-payment of the fire pumper. Notable expenditures included dispatch radios and police vehicles, with a significant portion allocated to enhancing public safety in FY23.

It's worth highlighting that the general fund demonstrated self-sustainability throughout the year, reducing the need for additional transfers into the fund aligning with the Town's objectives. In contrast, the Street Maintenance fund saw a balanced financial year with a 15% increase in revenues; however, the rising costs of street paving projects offset these gains.

Proprietary Funds – The Town's proprietary funds offer a more detailed version of the information found in the government-wide financial statements.

The water fund's unrestricted net position stood at \$2,403,865, while the sewer fund's unrestricted net position reached \$3,151,047. The transportation fund held an unrestricted net position of \$919,048, and the airport fund's unrestricted net position amounted to \$250,697. The total increase in net position for enterprise funds during the fiscal year was \$2,706,112, a significant rise of \$2,160,197 or 396% compared to the previous year. Additional financial aspects related to these funds have been previously discussed in the context of the Town's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the initial budget and the final amended budget totaled \$3,496,006. Notable adjustments include:

- An increase of \$587,000 in the general governmental sector is due to the analysis of the prior year's contingency fund, which was unknown until the closeout of the previous fiscal year.
- A \$680,000 rise in public safety funds carried over from the previous year, as the money was committed but not utilized by the year-end. Additionally, the Council approved an additional \$937,250 from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds to pre-pay for a fire pumper.
- An augmentation of \$623,000 in the parks and recreation budget, sanctioned by the Council for installing a new splash pad, funded through the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

Differences between the final amended budget and the actual results totaled \$2,510,750. The key points are as follows:

- General government operational costs were \$911,000 lower than budgeted, resulting in significant savings.
- Public safety funds saw a reduction of \$327,000 due to project delays, safety initiatives, and lower operational expenses.
- Public works funds were underutilized by \$474,000 due to project timing and associated costs, leading to decreased expenditures and re-appropriation.
- Parks, recreation, and cultural expenses were \$656,000 lower than budgeted, primarily due to the incomplete construction of the splash pad.
- Community development operational costs were \$142,000 less than budgeted, contributing to the overall budget surplus.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – As of June 30, 2023, the Town's investment in capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities total \$35,117,078 (after accounting for accumulated depreciation). This encompasses land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, equipment, and infrastructure. The overall increase in capital asset investment for the current fiscal year was 1.6%, with a 5.5% decrease in governmental activities and a 12.0% increase in business-type activities. Here is a summary of the Town's capital asset investment:

The Town's	Capital Assets	
nmental	Business	s-type
vities	Activi	ties

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total			
	2023 2022			2023	_	2022	2023			2022			
Land	\$	3,484,356	\$	3,803,356	\$	683,098	\$	683,098	\$	4,167,454	\$	4,486,454	
Buildings and improvements		14,944,287		16,128,846		2,977,114		2,977,114		17,921,401		19,105,960	
Vehicles and equipment		7,766,310		6,764,699		2,241,037		2,078,693		10,007,347		8,843,392	
Infrastructure		25,937,403		25,937,403		28,825,843		28,511,246		54,763,246		54,448,649	
Construction in progress		-		-		8,596,406		6,757,122		8,596,406		6,757,122	
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(32,848,058)	_	(32,225,910)	_	(27,490,718)	_	(26,870,802)		(60,338,776)		(59,096,712)	
Total	\$	19,284,298	\$	20,408,394	\$	15,832,780	\$	14,136,471	\$	35,117,078	\$	34,544,865	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Long-term Debt and Liabilities – As of June 30, 2023, the Town's outstanding total debt and liabilities amounted to \$7,951,978. Among this sum, \$5,445,000 represents debt supported by the government's full faith and credit.

The Town's Outstanding Debt and Liabilities General Obligation Bonds, Capital Leases, and Liabilities

	Goveri Acti	 	Business-type Activities				Total			
	2023	 2022	 2023		2022		2023		2022	
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,050,000	\$ 4,390,000	\$ 2,395,000	\$	2,575,000	\$	5,445,000	\$	6,965,000	
Bond premium	711,667	889,583	337,800		371,579		1,049,467		1,261,162	
Finance purchases	173,000	-	-		-		173,000		-	
Notes payable	129,339	253,710	-		-		129,339		253,710	
Compensated absences	565,924	550,060	127,810		123,677		693,734		673,737	
Landfill liability	 461,438	 430,848	 -		_		461,438		430,848	
Total	\$ 5,091,368	\$ 6,514,201	\$ 2,860,610	\$	3,070,256	\$	7,951,978	\$	9,584,457	

The Town successfully reduced its total debt by \$1,632,479, marking a 17.0% decrease in the fiscal year, primarily through payments made towards bonds and notes payable. Furthermore, the Town allocated \$1,644,371 for regular debt service payments.

On July 6, 2022, the Town initiated a finance purchase agreement with a bank to acquire five police vehicles. The total financing amount was \$173,000 at an interest rate of 2.75%. Payments are made semi-annually over a five-year term.

For further details on the Town's long-term debt, please refer to Note 9 in this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town closely monitors monthly receipts in critical areas like Meals Tax, Lodging Tax, and Sales Tax to assess the local economic impact. Several revenue categories demonstrated consistent growth, leading to increased budget allocations for fiscal year 2024:

- Meals tax revenue surged by \$625,000, a notable increase of 20.8%.
- Lodging tax revenue experienced a significant rise of \$150,000, marking a 25.0% increase.
- Sales tax revenue showed a moderate increase of \$20,000, reflecting a 4.7% uptick.

The total appropriation for all funds now stands at \$25,278,812, reflecting a substantial increase of \$4,174,794 or 19.8% from the Fiscal Year 2023 Adopted Budget.

Within the General Fund Budget for the fiscal year 2024, which totals \$14,390,196, an increase of \$1,267,010 or 9.7% from the fiscal year 2023 adopted budget. This increment accommodates across-the-board pay raises for all staff and the addition of one new fire department employee. It also includes capital expenditures such as the purchase of a new leaf truck, the acquisition of five more police vehicles, and the remodeling of the train station.

The general fund's most substantial revenue category is "other local taxes," constituting 52.9% of the total, encompassing significant sources like business licenses and meal taxes. General property taxes contribute 8.0% to the overall general fund budget.

Regarding functional expenditures, the general fund dedicates 25.6% to public works and 38.0% to public safety, highlighting these areas as primary focus areas in the Town's financial planning.

Requests for Information

This financial report offers a comprehensive overview of the Town's financial status for anyone interested in understanding the government's finances. If you have inquiries about the information presented in this report or if you need further financial details, don't hesitate to get in touch with the Finance Department at the following address:

Finance Department Town of Farmville 116 North Main Street Farmville, Virginia 23901

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

			Prim	ary Governmen	t			ponent Unit
	Ge	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Totals	De	ndustrial velopment Authority
ASSETS								
Cash and investments (Note 2)								
Unrestricted	\$	5,087,569	\$	4,534,892	\$	9,622,461	\$	48,937
Restricted		7,934,546		-		7,934,546		-
Investments (Note 2)		2,245,609		2,023,166		4,268,775		-
Receivables, net (Note 3)		518,796		506,384		1,025,180		22,567
Note receivable (Note 7) Due from component unit (Note 5)		39,423		-		39,423		29,954
Due from other governments (Note 6)		333,645		196,412		530,057		-
Prepaids		2,666		190,412		2,666		-
Inventories		44,830		197,736		242,566		_
Note receivable, long-term (Note 7)		-		-				95,350
Due from component unit, long-term (Note 5)		543,360		-		543,360		´-
Long-term deposit (Note 15)		937,250		-		937,250		-
Capital assets: (Note 8)								
Non-depreciable		3,484,356		9,279,504		12,763,860		-
Depreciable, net		15,799,942		6,553,276		22,353,218		-
Total assets		36,971,992		23,291,370		60,263,362		196,808
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred outflows related to pension (Note 14)		413,399		74,904		488,303		_
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment		,		,		,		
benefits (Note 13)		577,136		133,400		710,536		
Total deferred outflows of resources		990,535		208,304		1,198,839		-
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		1,076,060		534,617		1,610,677		21,765
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		101,960		31,778		133,738		-
Accrued interest		41,538		29,661		71,199		2,016
Due to other government (Note 6)		1,980,769		-		1,980,769		-
Due to primary government (Note 5)		-		-		-		39,423
Unearned revenue		6,321,614		28,284		6,349,898		-
Refundable deposits		14,981		104,592		119,573		-
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year (Note 9)		1,584,994		249,341		1,834,335		
Due in more than one year (Note 9)		3,506,374		2,611,269		6,117,643		-
Due to primary government (Note 5)		3,300,374		2,011,209		0,117,043		543,360
Net pension liability (Note 14)		547,001		99,111		646,112		3 13,300
Net other postemployment benefit liability (Note 13)		1,260,286		291,306		1,551,592		-
Total liabilities		16,435,577		3,979,959		20,415,536		606,564
DEFENDED INELOWIC OF DECOMPOSES		-,,				-, -,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to other postemployment								
benefits (Note 13)		267,745		61,887		329,632		
		207,743		01,007		329,032		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		15,220,292		12,733,171		27,953,463		-
Restricted for:								
Debt service		1,372,393		-		1,372,393		-
Grants and forfeiture funds		240,539		-		240,539		(400.750)
Unrestricted		4,425,981		6,724,657		11,150,638		(409,756)
Total net position	\$	21,259,205	\$	19,457,828	\$	40,717,033	\$	(409,756)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Prog	ram Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
										Prima	ry Government		Comp	onent Unit
Functions/Programs Primary Government:	 Expenses		charges for Services		rating Grants Contributions		pital Grants Contributions		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	 Total	Dev	dustrial relopment uthority
Government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety Public works Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development	\$ 2,073,586 4,957,718 5,933,858 557,407 635,196	\$	1,010,032 190,228 398,217 56,622 55,333	\$	37,320 526,654 2,083,727 2,153 34,403	\$	988,836 - 35,616	\$	(1,026,234) (3,252,000) (3,451,914) (463,016) (545,460)			\$ (1,026,234) (3,252,000) (3,451,914) (463,016) (545,460)		
Interest on long-term debt	 9,643								(9,643)			 (9,643)		
Total governmental activities	14,167,408		1,710,432		2,684,257		1,024,452		(8,748,267)			(8,748,267)		
Business-type activities: Water Sewer Transportation Airport	 1,601,511 1,276,131 826,232 372,052		1,924,115 2,202,010 9,654 105,222		10,765 6,459 707,846 20,958		152,316 79,080 80,312 1,580,719			\$	485,685 1,011,418 (28,420) 1,334,847	485,685 1,011,418 (28,420) 1,334,847		
Total business-type activities	4,075,926		4,241,001		746,028		1,892,427				2,803,530	2,803,530		
Total primary government	\$ 18,243,334	\$	5,951,433	\$	3,430,285	\$	2,916,879		(8,748,267)		2,803,530	 (5,944,737)		
Component unit: Industrial Development Authority	\$ 89,409	\$	80,803	\$	-	\$	-		-		-	 -	\$	(8,606)
		Re	ral revenues: al estate and personer taxes:	onal prop	erty taxes				1,144,960		-	1,144,960		-
			ocal sales and us	e taxes					831,814		-	831,814		-
			Consumption tax Consumers' utility	tavec					28,378 378,589		-	28,378 378,589		-
			Business licenses	taxes					1,672,175		-	1,672,175		-
			ranchise license t	axes					254,629		-	254,629		-
			Motor vehicle lice	nses					95,318		-	95,318		-
			Cigarette taxes						179,850		-	179,850		-
			Meals and lodging						4,584,310		-	4,584,310		-
			ncategorical state estment income	and fede	ral aid				70,582 516,548		23,726	70,582 540,274		3,512
			in on sale of asset	te					164,646		23,720	164,646		3,512
			scellaneous	ıs					610,465		128,856	739,321		-
			fers (Note 4)						250,000		(250,000)	-		-
			Total general rev	enues and	transfers				10,782,264		(97,418)	10,684,846		3,512
			Change in net pos	sition					2,033,997		2,706,112	4,740,109		(5,094)
		Net p	osition – beginni	ing					19,225,208		16,751,716	 35,976,924		(404,662)
		Net p	osition – ending					\$	21,259,205	\$	19,457,828	\$ 40,717,033	\$	(409,756)

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

		General	<u>M</u>	Street aintenance	onmajor vernmental Fund	 Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	3,697,764	\$	1,389,805	\$ -	\$ 5,087,569
Cash and investments – restricted		7,921,511		-	13,035	7,934,546
Investments		2,245,609		-	-	2,245,609
Receivables, net						
Taxes		439,398		-	-	439,398
Accounts		51,986		-	-	51,986
Other		27,412		-	-	27,412
Due from component unit		582,783		-	-	582,783
Due from other governments		333,645		-	-	333,645
Prepaids Inventories, net		2,666 44,830			-	2,666 44,830
inventories, net		44,630			 	 44,830
Total assets	\$	15,347,604	\$	1,389,805	\$ 13,035	\$ 16,750,444
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Due to other governments Unearned grants	\$	131,384 93,264 1,980,769 6,321,614	\$	944,676 8,696 -	\$ -	\$ 1,076,060 101,960 1,980,769 6,321,614
Refundable deposits		14,981		_	_	14,981
retaindation deposits	-	11,701	•		 	 11,701
Total liabilities		8,542,012		953,372	 	 9,495,384
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable/deferred revenue		105,487				105,487
FUND BALANCES (Note 11) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		630,279 1,599,897 536,363 - 3,933,566		2,600 433,833	13,035	630,279 1,612,932 538,963 433,833 3,933,566
Total fund balances		6,700,105		436,433	13,035	7,149,573
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	15,347,604	\$	1,389,805	\$ 13,035	\$ 16,750,444

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

Total fund balances – governmental funds		\$ 7,149,573
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 52,132,356 (32,848,058)	19,284,298
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and is not reported in the funds.		937,250
Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Net other postemployment benefit liability Net other postemployment deferred inflows Net other postemployment deferred outflows	(1,260,286) (267,745) 577,136	(950,895)
Financial statement elements related to pension plan are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability Net pension outflows	(547,001) 413,399	(* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	413,399	(133,602)
Certain other assets are also not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows in the funds.		105,487
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums Notes payable Financed purchase Compensated absences Accrued interest Landfill	(3,761,667) (129,339) (173,000) (565,924) (41,538) (461,438)	(5,132,906)
Total net position – governmental activities		\$ 21,259,205

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General		Street General Maintena		Nonmajor Governmental e Fund		Total	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	1,143,875	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,143,875
Other local taxes	Ψ	7,986,132	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	7,986,132
Fines and forfeitures		155,248		_		_		155,248
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		55,483		_		_		55,483
Revenue from use of money and property		516,531		_		17		516,548
Charges for services		749,071		-		_		749,071
Miscellaneous		1,605,465		-		_		1,605,465
Contributions		17,523		-		_		17,523
Recovered costs		750,630		-		_		750,630
Intergovernmental		1,715,124		2,043,010		3,634		3,761,768
Total revenues		14,695,082		2,043,010		3,651		16,741,743
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,011,210		-		-		2,011,210
Public safety		6,206,528		-		-		6,206,528
Public works		2,980,596		2,042,405		-		5,023,001
Parks, recreation, and cultural		566,957		-		-		566,957
Community development		626,619		-		-		626,619
Debt service:								
Principal		1,464,371		-		-		1,464,371
Interest		201,727			-			201,727
Total expenditures		14,058,008		2,042,405		-		16,100,413
Excess of revenues over expenditures		637,074		605		3,651		641,330
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		172 000						172 000
Issuance of financed purchase		173,000		-		-		173,000
Transfers in		250,000		-				250,000
Total other financing sources		423,000						423,000
Net change in fund balances		1,060,074		605		3,651		1,064,330
FUND BALANCES								
Beginning		5,640,031		435,828		9,384		6,085,243
Ending	\$	6,700,105	\$	436,433	\$	13,035	\$	7,149,573

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 1,064,330
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The components of capital outlay, depreciation expense, and other various transactions involving capital assets are as follows: Outlays for capital assets Depreciation expense \$ 1,427, (1,720, 1)	
The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (gain on disposition of assets) do not provide or use current financial resources and are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.	(830,354)
Expenditure that consumed current financial resources in the general fund resulted in a long-term deposit for the rights to a future asset.	937,250
Transactions involving debt principal and cash flows relating to other long-term items are expenditures in the governmental funds, however these transactions increase or decrease long-term items in the Statement of Net Position. Principal payments on long-term debt and notes payable Issuance of financed purchase Amortization of premium Change in accrued interest Governmental funds report other postemployment benefits contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of other postemployment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as other postemployment benefits expense.	,000)
Employer other postemployment benefit contributions 112. Other postemployment expense (104,	,
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. Pension contributions Pension expense 253, (582,	,876
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in landfill liability (30,	.590)
Change in compensated absences (15,	(46,454)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	40,016
Total change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 2,033,997

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023

Budgete/ Joriginal Final Positive (Negative) REVENUES Coriginal Final Actual Property Property taxes \$1,109,704 \$1,109,704 \$1,143,875 \$3,41,71 Other local taxes 6,836,025 6,836,025 7,986,132 \$1,510,70 Fines and forfeitures 970,00 97,000 \$5,248 \$5,248 Fines and forfeitures 105,723 105,723 \$16,531 410,808 Revenue from use of money 105,723 105,723 \$16,531 410,808 Charges for services 719,209 7,49,071 29,862 Miscolaneous 2,381,706 3,888,800 1,05,452 11,523 Revenue from use of money 105,723 381,802 1,05,403 11,523 Miscolaneous 6,000 1,712,001 7,907,11 29,802 Miscolaneous 72,114,00 732,586 750,603 18,044 Interpowermental 4,557,82 2,280,508 1,715,12 91,151,108 Current 2 2,2		Dudosto	1 4		Variances with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES Property taxes \$ 1,109,704 \$ 1,109,704 \$ 1,143,875 \$ 34,171 Other local taxes 6,836,025 6,836,025 7,986,132 1,150,107 Fines and forfeitures 97,000 97,000 155,248 88,248 Permits, privilege fees, and forfeitures 70,635 70,635 55,483 (15,152) Revenue from use of money 105,723 105,723 16,531 410,808 Charges for services 719,209 719,209 749,071 29,862 Miscellaneous 6,600 6,000 17,523 11,523 Contributions 6,600 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernment 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: General government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 <				Actual	
Property taxes		Original	Filiai	Actual	(Regative)
Other local taxes 6,836,025 6,836,025 7,986,132 1,150,107 Fines and forfeitures 97,000 97,000 155,248 58,248 Permits, privilege fees, and 70,635 55,483 1(15,152) Revenue from use of money 105,723 105,723 516,531 410,808 Charges for services 719,209 719,209 749,071 29,862 Miscellaneous 2,381,706 3,888,800 1,605,465 (2,283,355) Contributions 6,000 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) EXPENDITURES Current: 3 1,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: 3 2,922,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,266,528 327,102 Public wo	REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures 97,000 97,000 155,248 58,248 Permits, privilege fees, and 70,635 70,635 55,483 (15,152) Revenue from use of money 105,723 105,723 516,531 410,808 Charges for services 719,209 719,209 749,071 29,862 Miscellaneous 2,381,706 3,888,800 1,605,465 (2,283,335) Contributions 6,000 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues EXPENDITURES Current: General government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,996 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957	Property taxes	\$ 1,109,704	\$ 1,109,704	\$ 1,143,875	\$ 34,171
Permits, privilege fees, and Revenue from use of money 70,635 70,635 55,483 (15,152) Revenue from use of money 105,723 105,723 516,531 410,808 Charges for services 719,209 719,209 749,071 29,862 Miscellaneous 2,381,706 3,888,800 1,605,465 (2,283,335) Contributions 6,000 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: 2 292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 General government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600	Other local taxes	6,836,025	6,836,025	7,986,132	1,150,107
Revenue from use of money 105,723 105,723 516,531 410,808 Charges for services 719,209 719,209 749,071 29,862 Miscellaneous 2,381,706 3,888,800 1,605,465 (2,283,335) Contributions 6,000 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: 2 2,224,78 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: 1,464,824	Fines and forfeitures	97,000	97,000	155,248	58,248
Charges for services 719,209 719,209 749,071 29,862 Miscellaneous 2,381,706 3,888,800 1,605,465 (2,283,335) Contributions 6,000 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: Corrents 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 62,619 142,250 Debt service: 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Interest 13,072,752 16,568,758				55,483	
Miscellaneous 2,381,706 3,888,800 1,605,465 (2,283,335) Contributions 6,000 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: General government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: Principal 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453)				516,531	410,808
Contributions 6,000 6,000 17,523 11,523 Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: 6ereral government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642					
Recovered costs 721,400 732,586 750,630 18,044 Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current: 3,250,2478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: 8 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 1 173,000 173,000 -	Miscellaneous	2,381,706	3,888,800		(2,283,335)
Intergovernmental 475,782 2,280,508 1,715,124 (565,384) Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108)	Contributions				
Total revenues 12,523,184 15,846,190 14,695,082 (1,151,108) EXPENDITURES Current:					
Current: General government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: Principal 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - 173,000 Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)	Intergovernmental	475,782	2,280,508	1,715,124	(565,384)
Current: Current General government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: Principal 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432	Total revenues	12,523,184	15,846,190	14,695,082	(1,151,108)
General government 2,292,478 2,922,551 2,011,210 911,341 Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: Principal 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)	EXPENDITURES				
Public safety 4,651,166 6,533,630 6,206,528 327,102 Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: Principal 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)					
Public works 3,250,835 3,454,196 2,980,596 473,600 Parks, recreation, and cultural 480,180 1,223,414 566,957 656,457 Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: Principal 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)				, ,	,
Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development 480,180 742,781 1,223,414 768,869 566,957 626,619 656,457 142,250 Debt service: Principal Interest 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 201,727 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)		, ,	, ,	, ,	
Community development 742,781 768,869 626,619 142,250 Debt service: 1,461,290 1,464,824 1,464,371 453 Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)		, ,	, ,		
Debt service: Principal Interest 1,461,290 1,464,824 201,727 1,464,371 453 (453) Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)					
Principal Interest 1,461,290 1,464,824 201,727 1,464,371 453 (453) Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)		742,781	768,869	626,619	142,250
Interest 194,022 201,274 201,727 (453) Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)					
Total expenditures 13,072,752 16,568,758 14,058,008 2,510,750 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)	*				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)	Interest	194,022	201,274	201,727	(453)
over expenditures (549,568) (722,568) 637,074 1,359,642 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	Total expenditures	13,072,752	16,568,758	14,058,008	2,510,750
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - 173,000 173,000 - Issuance of lease - 173,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)					
(USES): Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)	over expenditures	(549,568)	(722,568)	637,074	1,359,642
Issuance of lease - 173,000 173,000 - Transfers in 600,000 600,000 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)					
Transfers in Transfers out 600,000 (50,432) 600,000 (50,432) 250,000 (350,000) Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)		_	173,000	173,000	_
Transfers out (50,432) (50,432) - 50,432 Total other financing sources 549,568 722,568 423,000 (299,568)		600,000			(350,000)
	Transfers out				
Net change in fund balance \$ - \$ - \$ 1,060,074 \$ 1,060,074	Total other financing sources	549,568	722,568	423,000	(299,568)
	Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,060,074	\$ 1,060,074

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Transportation	Airport	Total
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,393,218	\$ 2,005,947	\$ 990,482	\$ 145,245	\$ 4,534,892
Investments	1,011,583	1,011,583	-	-	2,023,166
Receivables, net	227,564	278,820	-	-	506,384
Due from other governments	-	-	87,783	108,629	196,412
Inventories	123,563	19,703		54,470	197,736
Total current assets	2,755,928	3,316,053	1,078,265	308,344	7,458,590
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable	275,955	263,621	16,050	8,723,878	9,279,504
Depreciable, net	3,017,329	1,047,921	586,454	1,901,572	6,553,276
Total noncurrent assets	3,293,284	1,311,542	602,504	10,625,450	15,832,780
Total assets	6,049,212	4,627,595	1,680,769	10,933,794	23,291,370
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pension	26,536	30,332	18,036	-	74,904
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits	44,043	38,763	46,106	4,488	133,400
Total deferred outflows of resources	70,579	69,095	64,142	4,488	208,304
LIABILITIES					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	250,937	139,939	36,230	107,511	534,617
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	11,258	10,440	8,876	1,204	31,778
Accrued interest	29,661	-	-	-	29,661
Unearned revenue	28,284	-	-	-	28,284
Refundable deposits	104,487	105	-	-	104,592
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	233,447	8,176	6,463	1,255	249,341
Total current liabilities	658,074	158,660	51,569	109,970	978,273
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Net pension liability	35,111	40,135	23,865	-	99,111
Net other postemployment benefit liability	96,176	84,647	100,682	9,801	291,306
Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year	2,547,692	32,703	25,853	5,021	2,611,269
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,678,979	157,485	150,400	14,822	3,001,686
Total liabilities	3,337,053	316,145	201,969	124,792	3,979,959
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to other					
postemployment benefits	20,432	17,983	21,390	2,082	61,887
Total deferred inflows of resources	20,432	17,983	21,390	2,082	61,887
		.,,,			,,
NET POSITION	250 441	101151	60 2 #0:	10.500.511	10.500.151
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	358,441	1,211,515	602,504	10,560,711	12,733,171
Omestricted	2,403,865	3,151,047	919,048	250,697	6,724,657
71	\$ 2,762,306	\$ 4,362,562	\$ 1,521,552	\$ 10,811,408	\$ 19,457,828

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water	Sewer	Transportation			
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 1,924,115	\$ 2,202,010	\$ 9,654	\$ 105,222	\$ 4,241,001	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and wages	409,078	351,556	426,349	39,969	1,226,952	
Benefits	184,409	,	103,360	21,629	461,839	
Fuel	-	-	72,687	76,793	149,480	
Professional fees	12,310	38,623		10,800	61,733	
Sludge removal	19,050	160,000	-	-	179,050	
Chemicals	93,917	109,595	-	-	203,512	
Depreciation	339,794	106,401	123,194	144,263	713,652	
Repairs and maintenance	176,321	80,858	56,172	38,671	352,022	
Other charges	29,015	24,877	12,417	5,482	71,791	
Utilities	131,291	,	10,899	15,214	326,627	
Insurance	16,401		21,154	19,231	83,804	
General and administrative	102,729		-		158,268	
Total operating expenses	1,514,315	1,276,131	826,232	372,052	3,988,730	
Operating income (loss)	409,800	925,879	(816,578)	(266,830)	252,271	
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
(EXPENSES)						
Tap income	17,000	21,000	-	-	38,000	
Rental income	65,927	-	-	5,836	71,763	
Other income	3,168	5,100	10,825	-	19,093	
Federal and state grants	10,765	6,459	539,796	13,358	570,378	
Other contributions	-	-	168,050	7,600	175,650	
Interest income	11,583	11,583	-	560	23,726	
Interest expense	(87,196	<u>-</u>	-		(87,196)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	21,247	44,142	718,671	27,354	811,414	
Income (loss) before transfers	431,047	970,021	(97,907)	(239,476)	1,063,685	
Capital contributions	152,316	79,080	80,312	1,580,719	1,892,427	
Transfers out		(250,000)			(250,000)	
	152,316	(170,920)	80,312	1,580,719	1,642,427	
Change in net position	583,363	799,101	(17,595)	1,341,243	2,706,112	
Total net position – beginning	2,178,943	3,563,461	1,539,147	9,470,165	16,751,716	
Total net position – ending	\$ 2,762,306	\$ 4,362,562	\$ 1,521,552	\$ 10,811,408	\$ 19,457,828	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Enterprise Funds Water Sewer Transportation Airport Total **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** \$ 1,927,001 2,191,204 \$ 9,654 105,222 4,233,081 Received from customers Payments to suppliers for goods and services (549,473)(645,078)(146,779)(127,280)(1,468,610)Payments to employees for services (574,957)(478,706)(511,273)(61,046)(1,625,982)26,100 5,836 Nonoperating revenue 91,571 10,825 134,332 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 894,142 1,093,520 (637,573)(77,268)1,272,821 NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to other funds (250,000)(250,000)663,912 Operating grants received 10,765 6,459 20,958 702,094 Net cash provided by (used in) 663,912 noncapital financing activities 10,765 (243,541)20,958 452,094 CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING **ACTIVITIES** Acquisition of capital assets (248,973)(96,168)(1,546,684)(246,305)(2,138,130)Capital contributions received 152,316 79,080 80,312 1,506,327 1,818,035 Principal payments on long-term debt (180,000)(180,000)Interest payments on long-term debt (123,006)(123,006)Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (396,995)(169,893)(15,856)(40,357)(623,101)INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments 11,583 11,583 560 23,726 Net increase (decrease) in cash and 519,495 691,669 10,483 (96,107)1,125,540 investments CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning 1,885,306 2,325,861 979,999 241,352 5,432,518 Ending 2,404,801 3,017,530 990,482 145,245 6,558,058 **RECONCILIATION TO EXHIBIT 8** Cash and investments \$ 1,393,218 2,005,947 \$ 990,482 \$ 145,245 4,534,892 Investments 2,023,166 1,011,583 1,011,583 990,482 2,404,801 3,017,530 145,245 6,558,058

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds									
		Water		Sewer	Tra	nsportation		Airport		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
Operating income (loss)	\$	409,800	\$	925,879	\$	(816,578)	\$	(266,830)	\$	252,271
Adjustments to reconcile operating										
income (loss) to net cash provided by										
(used in) operating activities:										
Depreciation		339,794		106,401		123,194		144,263		713,652
OPEB expense		(3,522)		(2,498)		(3,536)		(267)		(9,823)
Pension expense		22,004		23,006		16,559		-		61,569
Nonoperating revenue, net		91,571		26,100		10,825		5,836		134,332
Change in operating assets and liabilities										
Change in receivables		324		(10,911)		-		-		(10,587)
Change in inventories		(5,140)		(3,420)		-		(2,090)		(10,650)
Change in accounts payable		36,701		24,075		26,550		41,001		128,327
Change in accrued payroll and										
related liabilities		48		4,783		5,413		819		11,063
Change in refundable deposits		2,562		105		-				2,667
Net cash provided by (used in)										
operating activities	\$	894,142	\$	1,093,520	\$	(637,573)	\$	(77,268)	\$	1,272,821
SCHEDULE OF NONCASH ACTIVITIES Capital assets purchases included	¢.	202.042	e.	100.027	e.		e.	(4.720	e.	266,000
in accounts payable	\$	202,042	\$	100,027	\$	-	\$	64,739	\$	366,808

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUND June 30, 2023

	Mem	aulette orial Trust Fund
ASSETS Cash	\$	165
NET POSITION Restricted for employees	\$	165

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – CUSTODIAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Paulet Memorial Fund	Trust
DEDUCTIONS Administrative expenses	\$	420
Decrease in fiduciary net position		(420)
NET POSITION Beginning		585
Ending	\$	165

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Farmville, Virginia (the "Town"), which was founded in 1798, has a population of approximately 7,473 living within an area of 7.2 square miles. The Town is located in the heart of Virginia. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, which are legally separate entities for which the Town is financially accountable.

<u>Primary Government</u>: The Town is governed under the Town Manager-Council form of government. The Town engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety, transportation and environmental services, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, library, and historic activities.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>: The Farmville Industrial Development Authority (the "IDA") was created as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Town Council pursuant to provisions of the Industrial Revenue Bond Act of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended. Seven directors appointed by the Town Council of Farmville govern the IDA. The Town provides the majority of the IDA's funding. The IDA operates as a component unit solely for the purpose of economic development for the Town. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Virginia.

Complete financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the entities' offices:

Farmville Industrial Development Authority 116 North Main Street Farmville, Virginia 23901

Jointly governed organizations

Central Virginia Regional Library

The Library provides library services to the Town of Farmville, Virginia. The participating localities provide annual contributions for operations based on book circulation. No one locality contributes significantly more funding nor can impose its will on the organization, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship. The Town appropriated \$77,130 in operating funds and \$180,000 for rent subsidy in fiscal year 2023. The Town has no equity interest in the Library.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities report all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. *Direct expenses* are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. *Program revenues* include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements: The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various fund categories and fund types presented in the financial statements are described below:

Governmental fund types

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Maintenance Fund: Street Maintenance Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the maintenance of the Town's streets.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Special Revenue Fund: This fund consists of the Narcotic Fund that accounts for special police activity having to do with narcotics and drug seizures and forfeitures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary fund types

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise Funds account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expense incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town's major enterprise funds consist of the Water, Sewer, Transportation, and Airport funds.

Fiduciary fund types

Paulette Memorial Trust Fund: The Paulette Memorial Trust Fund was formally used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity for the Paulette Family graves.

Interfund Activity: During the course of operations, the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements, such that only net amounts due between governmental and business-type activities are shown as internal balances.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. Certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available." Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period for most non-grant revenues. Reimbursement basis grants are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met and are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting principally of categorical aid from federal and state agencies, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Sales, communication, and public utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth of Virginia and public utilities, respectively, and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables when measurable and available.

Proprietary fund types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled utility receivables, and expenses are recognized when incurred. Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

• Cash and cash equivalents

All highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

• Receivables

Receivables are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is calculated using historical collection data and specific account analysis.

Inventories

Inventories in the General Fund consist of supplies, valued using the average cost method, and are reported using the consumption method, in which an expenditure is reported when the supplies are removed from inventory and used. Inventories in the Enterprise Funds consist primarily of parts held for repairs or construction, and are valued using the average cost method.

• Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as capital assets to the extent the Town's capitalization threshold is met. The capitalization threshold for purchased or constructed capital assets is \$5,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. The Town does not capitalize historical treasures or works of art. The Town maintains many items and buildings of historical significance. The Town does not require that the proceeds from the sale of historical treasures or works of art be used to acquire other items for the collection. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives of capital assets are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in current year's operations.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	10-50 years
Furniture and other equipment	3-25 years
Infrastructure	40 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

• Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements that present net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net asset that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statements that present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These items represent an acquisition of net asset that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has the following items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows or outflows:

- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors in the measurement of the total OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in OPEB expense over the remaining service life of the employees subject to the plan, and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as applicable.
- Changes in actuarial assumptions in the measurement of the total OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in OPEB expense over the remaining service life of the employees subject to the plan, and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. This
 difference will be recognized in pension expense over a closed five-year period and may
 be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions; this will be applied to the net pension liability in the next fiscal year and is reflected as a deferred outflow.
- The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from delinquent property taxes not collected within 45 days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized in the period that the amounts become available.

• Unearned revenue

Unearned revenue consists of American Rescue Plan Act monies received in advance and not spent at year end. It also consists of lease revenue that has not been earned at year end.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only when they are due. In enterprise funds, both the expenses and the liabilities are recorded as the benefits are earned. All liabilities, current and long-term, are recorded in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

• Compensated Absences (Continued)

Vacation and Sick Pay

The Town's policy regarding vacation and sick pay allows for a maximum carryover of 480 hours at the end of the calendar year. Unused vacation and sick pay is paid upon termination or retirement of employment up to 75% of the unused hours. Such amounts are recorded as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In proprietary funds, both the expenses and the liabilities are recorded as benefits as earned. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Each operating fund is responsible for covering its share of vacation and sick pay liability.

• Long-Term Debt

For governmental fund types, bond premiums or discounts as well as issuance costs are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds and any premiums and discounts are reported as an other financing source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. For enterprise funds and on the government-wide financial statements bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not materially different from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed in the year of issue.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Net position in government-wide and proprietary financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position reflects constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statutes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).

Restricted – includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by the Town's highest level of decision-making authority, which is the Town Council. Formal Council action includes the annual adoption of the Town's Budget Ordinance including subsequent ordinances appropriating funds and amending budgets. Although budgets lapse for legal purposes, they are intended to reflect Council's commitment of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

• Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned – includes amounts intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but which do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assignments are made through the budget process and periodic financial reviews with the joint approval of the Town Manager and the Finance Director.

Unassigned – consists of the residual amounts in the Town's General Fund.

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Director will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed by committed fund balance, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Director has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is considered in the best interest of the Town.

At June 30, 2023, the IDA had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$409,756. This deficit is anticipated to be recovered through future revenues, as well as possible contributions from the Town.

E. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing its financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities, and reported revenue, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

F. Budgetary Information

Prior to June 30, the Town Manager submits to Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. After a public hearing has been conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to July 1, of each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The legal level of budgetary control is effective at the department level. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within each department but not between departments or funds. Transfers between departments and funds require Town Council approval.

An annual operating budget is adopted for only the General Fund. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Effective budgetary control is achieved for the Street Maintenance Fund on a project-by-project or per grant basis when funding sources become available.

Budgets are adopted for management control for the Enterprise Funds. The restrictions on transfer of budgeted amounts for governmental funds also apply to the Enterprise Funds.

All appropriations lapse at year end.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amount from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank); the Asian Development Bank; the African Development Bank; "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes; banker's acceptances; repurchase agreements; the Virginia Investment Pool (VIP); the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP); and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The VIP, LGIP, and SNAP are not registered with the SEC but are overseen by the Treasurer of Virginia and the State Treasury Board. The fair value of the Town's position in the pools is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported within the guidelines of GASB Statement No. 79.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Town does not have a formal investment policy addressing the various types of risks associated with investments. The Town currently holds no investments (with the exception of the Retirement Plan Fiduciary Fund). Therefore, interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk is not applicable.

As of June 30th, the Town had the following deposits and investments:

			Weighted	
Туре	Fair Value	Credit Rating	Average Maturity*	Percent of Portfolio
Demand deposits	\$ 8,314,886	N/A	N/A	38.10%
LGIP	9,239,621	AAAm	0.77	42.33
Virginia Investment Pool	4,268,775	AAAm	1.83	19.56
Cash on hand	2,500	N/A	N/A	0.01
	\$ 21,825,782			100.00%

^{*}Average maturity in years

Deposits and investments consist of the following:

	 Town of Farmville	Component Unit – Farmville IDA		
Reconciliation of deposits and investments to Exhibit 1: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, restricted Investments	\$ 9,622,461 7,934,546 4,268,775	\$	48,937	
Total deposits and investments	\$ 21,825,782	\$	48,937	

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consists of the following:

	Governmental Activities
Maintained as a condition of certain bond instruments Grant restrictions	\$ 1,372,393 6,562,153
	\$ 7,934,546

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 3. Receivables

Receivables for the individual major funds are as follows:

	Governmental B Activities			siness-Type Activities	Component Unit Farmville IDA		
Receivables							
Taxes	\$	453,973	\$	-	\$	-	
Accounts		59,712		542,521		-	
Other		28,894				22,567	
Gross receivables		542,579		542,521		22,567	
Less: allowance for uncollectible		(23,783)		(36,137)			
Net receivables	\$	518,796	\$	506,384	\$	22,567	

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At June 30, 2023, *unavailable revenue* related to taxes receivable was \$105,487.

Note 4. Transfers

Transfers between funds are as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Net Transfers		
Governmental Funds: General Fund	\$ 250,000	\$	\$ 250,000		
	\$ 250,000	<u> </u>	\$ 250,000		
Enterprise Funds: Sewer Fund	\$ -	\$ (250,000)	\$ (250,000)		
	\$ -	\$ (250,000)	\$ (250,000)		

Transfers from the sewer funds are received by the general fund, and represent contributions from the fund to support the Town's operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 5. Balance Between Town and Component Unit

Due to prior year deficits in operations, the Town of Farmville, Virginia has funded the IDA resources to meet its loan obligations. During the year ended June 30, 2023, operations did not produce an operating gain, and therefore no existing cash balances were able to reimburse a portion of the deficit to the Town. The IDA owed the Town \$422,591 at June 30, 2023. The IDA anticipates paying the "Due to" down through future administrative fees collected on sponsorship of industrial bonds for area businesses.

In 2012, the Town refinanced the bonds in which the IDA shared responsibility. As of the refinance, the IDA now is responsible for 2.942% of the total proceeds to be repaid to the Town. The debt service schedule calls for semi-annual payments with interest only due each April 1 and principal and interest due each October 1 through 2033. There is no collateral for this loan.

At June 30, 2023, the balance owed to the Town from the component unit Farmville Industrial Development Authority consists of the following:

Payables	\$	422,591
Bond payments		160,192
Less: long-term portion	_	582,783 (543,360)
Current portion	\$	39,423

The annual requirements to amortize long-term bond payments and related interest are as follows:

	Due to Town (Bond Re-Payments)								
Fiscal Year		Principal		Interest	Total				
2024	\$	39,423	\$	7,055	\$	46,478			
2025		31,185		5,246		36,431			
2026		32,950		3,603		36,553			
2027		10,297		2,525		12,822			
2028		6,767		2,138		8,905			
2029-2033		39,570		5,246		44,816			
	\$	160,192	\$	25,813	\$	186,005			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 6. Due From Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following:

	vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Federal and state funding:				
Other miscellaneous taxes	\$ 17,070	\$	-	
Transportation operations	-		87,783	
Airport construction	-		108,629	
Utility tax	28,957		-	
Communication tax	57,579		-	
Other miscellaneous state and federal grants	63,416		-	
Sales taxes	78,790		-	
Prince Edwards County	 87,833		-	
	\$ 333,645	\$	196,412	

Amounts due to other governments consist of the following:

	_		vernmental Activities
Immigration Centers of America – Farmville	<u>\$</u>	5	1,980,769

Note 7. Note Receivable

Component unit

The IDA currently has one note receivable outstanding for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 as follows:

A \$600,000 note bearing an interest rate of 2.56 % (rate of interest is 2.31% plus .25% for admin.). The loan is secured by the guarantee of the owner and his related business. The note requires interest payments semiannually in April and October and principal payments every October only. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the note was \$125,304.

Based on the IDA's analysis of the note at June 30, 2023, no allowance was recorded. Management evaluates the performance and payment history of the company annually in determining the required allowance.

The schedule of principal payments to be received is as follows:

	Notes Receivable								
Fiscal Year	I	Principal		nterest	Total				
2024	\$	29,954	\$	2,825	\$	32,779			
2025		31,073		2,044		33,117			
2026		32,186		1,234		33,420			
2027		32,091		410		32,501			
	\$	125,304	\$	6,513	\$	131,817			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Capital assets, not depreciated						
Land	\$ 3,803,356	\$ -	\$ (319,000)	\$ 3,484,356		
Total capital assets, not						
depreciated	3,803,356		(319,000)	3,484,356		
Capital assets, depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	16,128,846	-	(1,184,559)	14,944,287		
Infrastructure	25,937,403	-	-	25,937,403		
Vehicles and equipment	6,764,698	1,427,164	(425,552)	7,766,310		
Total capital assets,						
depreciated	48,830,947	1,427,164	(1,610,111)	48,648,000		
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and improvements	(7,837,757)	(449,553)	707,470	(7,579,840)		
Infrastructure	(18,554,810)	(655,604)	-	(19,210,414)		
Vehicles and equipment	(5,833,342)	(615,749)	391,287	(6,057,804)		
Total accumulated						
depreciation	(32,225,909)	(1,720,906)	1,098,757	(32,848,058)		
Total capital assets,						
depreciated, net	16,605,038	(293,742)	(511,354)	15,799,942		
Governmental activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 20,408,394	\$ (293,742)	\$ (830,354)	\$ 19,284,298		

On August 10, 2022, Town Council elected to sell the golf course for \$995,000. The net book value of the assets, at the time of the sale was \$830,354. The gain of \$164,645 is presented on the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

D	Beginning	T	D	Ending		
Business-Type Activities	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance		
Capital assets, not depreciated						
Land	\$ 683,098	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 683,098		
Construction in progress	6,757,122	1,839,284	· -	8,596,406		
Total capital assets, not						
depreciated	7,440,220	1,839,284		9,279,504		
Capital assets, depreciated						
Buildings and improvements	2,977,114	-	-	2,977,114		
Infrastructure	28,511,246	314,597	-	28,825,843		
Vehicles and equipment	2,078,694	256,080	(93,737)	2,241,037		
Total capital assets,						
depreciated	33,567,054	570,677	(93,737)	34,043,994		
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings and improvements	(2,175,105)	(66,073)	-	(2,241,178)		
Infrastructure	(22,930,360)	(499,156)	-	(23,429,516)		
Vehicles and equipment	(1,765,338)	(148,423)	93,737	(1,820,024)		
Total accumulated						
depreciation	(26,870,803)	(713,652)	93,737	(27,490,718)		
Total capital assets,						
depreciated, net	6,696,251	(142,975)	<u>-</u>	6,553,276		
D						
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 14,136,471	\$ 1,696,309	\$ -	\$ 15,832,780		
1 /			: =====================================			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government administration	\$ 15,814
Public safety	461,629
Public works	1,229,375
Parks, recreation, and cultural	14,088
	\$ 1,720,906
Business-type activities	
Water fund	\$ 339,794
Sewer fund	106,401
Transportation fund	123,194
Airport fund	144,263
	\$ 713,652

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

		Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
Governmental Activities		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance	(One Year
General obligation bonds	\$	4,390,000	\$	-	\$	1,340,000	\$	3,050,000	\$	1,150,000
Bond premium		889,583		-		177,916		711,667		177,916
Financed purchases		-		173,000		-		173,000		32,822
Notes payable		253,710		-		124,371		129,339		64,927
Compensated absences		550,060		125,876		110,012		565,924		113,185
Landfill liability		430,848		30,590		-		461,438		46,144
Governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	6,514,201	\$	329,466	\$	1,752,299	\$	5,091,368	\$	1,584,994
			- 1							
		Beginning						Ending	D	ue Within
Business-Type Activities		Balance		Increases		Decreases		Balance	(One Year
General obligation bonds	\$	2,575,000	\$	-	\$	180,000	\$	2,395,000	\$	190,000
Bond premium		371,579		-		33,779		337,800		33,779
Compensated absences		123,677		28,869		24,736		127,810		25,562
•	_	-		-		-		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	3,070,256	\$	28,869	\$	238,515	\$	2,860,610	\$	249,341
	_		_		_		-		_	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Governmental activities long-term liabilities are liquidated by the general fund.

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

	Governm	ental .	tal Activities Business-Ty		ype A	Activities		T	otal		
Year Ending	General O	l Obligation Bonds			General Ob	ligati	on Bonds		General Ob	ligati	on Bonds
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2024	\$ 1,150,000	\$	126,044	\$	190,000	\$	113,775	\$	1,340,000	\$	239,819
2025	860,000		74,538		200,000		103,781		1,060,000		178,319
2026	910,000		29,181		210,000		93,275		1,120,000		122,456
2027	130,000		2,931		220,000		82,907		350,000		85,838
2028	-		-		230,000		72,675		230,000		72,675
2029-2033			-		1,345,000		177,984		1,345,000		177,984
	\$ 3,050,000	\$	232,694	\$	2,395,000	\$	644,397	\$	5,445,000	\$	877,091

Year		Governmental Activities						
Ending		Note Payable						
June 30,]	Principal	Interest					
2024 2025	\$	64,927 60,921	\$	3,419 1,432				
2026		3,491		11				
	\$	129,339	\$	4,862				

Year	Governmental Activities						
Ending	Financed Purchases						
June 30,	Principal]	Interest			
2024	\$	32,822	\$	4,306			
2025		33,632		3,392			
2026		34,556		2,455			
2027		35,507		1,492			
2028		36,483		502			
	\$	173,000	\$	12,147			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Date Issued	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue		Business-Type Activities
General Obligation Bonds Virginia Resources Authority: Refunding Series 2012A	2.125 – 5.125%	06/2012	2032	\$ 19,015,000	\$ 3,050,000	\$ 2,395,000
Notes Payable USDA Rural Development: General Improvement 2018 Benchmark Community Bank Benchmark – 7 yr Benchmark – 5 yr	3.250 3.240 2.990	05/2018 08/2018 08/2018	2025 2025 2023	94,000 300,000 286,297	\$ 28,207 95,992 5,140	
·				,	\$ 129,339	
Financed Purchase HomeTrust Bank – 5 yr	2.75	07/2022	2028	173,000	\$ 173,000	

On July 6, 2022, the Town Council approved a resolution for the Town Manager to enter a financed purchase with a bank for five police vehicles. The total amount to be financed is \$173,000 at a rate of 2.75%. Payments will be made semi-annually, with the first payment due January 1, 2023.

Note 10. Landfill Obligation

The Town closed its former landfill site in 1990. In accordance with federal and state laws, the Town placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for a minimum of ten years after closure. The Town will recognize the remaining estimated costs of closure and post-closure care of \$461,438 as the cost to finalize closure of its landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care as of June 30, 2023. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The Town is paying these costs on an annual pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 11. Fund Balances

Fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

		General Fund	M	Street aintenance Fund		onmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	44,830	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,830
Prepaids		2,666		-		-		2,666
IDA note receivable, long-term								
portion		582,783		-		-	_	582,783
Total nonspendable		630,279	. <u></u>					630,279
Restricted for:								
Unspent grant proceeds		6,799		-		-		6,799
Police		-		-		13,035		13,035
Required debt service		1,372,393		-		-		1,372,393
E911 reserve		212,810		-		-		212,810
Narcotics reserve		7,895	· —	-				7,895
Total restricted		1,599,897		-		13,035		1,612,932
Committed to:								
General government		90,477		-		-		90,477
Public safety		4,223		-		-		4,223
Public works		1,000		_		-		1,000
Community development		9,000		-		-		9,000
Recreation		431,663		-		-		431,663
Street maintenance	_	-		2,600		-	_	2,600
Total committed		536,363		2,600				538,963
Assigned to:								
Public works		-		433,833			_	433,833
Total assigned		-		433,833				433,933
Unassigned		3,933,566		-	·			3,933,566
Total fund balance	\$	6,700,105	\$	436,433	\$	13,035	\$	7,149,573

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 12. Defined Contribution Plan

Effective July 1, 1982, the Town established a defined contribution plan (the "DC Plan") for its employees. The DC Plan is administered by Ascensus. All full-time employees are eligible to become a participant on the first day of the month coinciding with or next following completion of 90 days of continuous service and the attainment of age 18. Plan provisions and contribution rates for Town and employees are established and may be amended by Town Council.

The Town's employees can contribute not less than 4% of his/her base compensation and not to exceed the maximum percentage or amount allowable by law. The Town will match the employee contribution of either 4 or 5 percent. Employees determine how their account balance is invested from a range of available options. DC Plan contributions vest ratably over a five-year period. If the employee leaves the Town before they are fully vested, part of the account balance may be forfeited. Forfeitures by policy are used to reduce the Town's contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, \$22,706, of forfeitures were used to reduce the Town's contributions.

At June 30, 2023, there were 21 active Town employees and a total of 77 participants, including terminated employees enrolled in the DC Plan. During the year, the Town contributed a total of \$49,154 for active employees.

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Local Plan

Plan description

In December of 2002, The Town established a "Medical Policy for Certain Retirees" through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan is intended to provide compensation for certain retirees to assist them in obtaining retiree medical benefits. Under the Plan, eligible retirees receive periodic payments (monthly, paid quarterly) based on the Plan's benefit formula. Payments are determined at retirement based on the retiree's service; a minimum of 25 years is required to receive the benefit. Payments are made over the duration of the retiree's remaining lifetime, with payments ceasing upon the retiree's death. On September 20, 2021, the Town elected to freeze the plan and not allow any new employees to enter the plan. Only permanent full-time employees who have completed at least one year of employment as of June 30, 2021 are eligible. Retirees as of June 30, 2021, will have grandfathered benefits and will continue to receive their quarterly benefits, without change, for the remainder of their lifetime.

The Plan does not have any assets accumulated in a trust.

Benefits provided

The Town provides \$250 per month, plus \$10 per month for each year of credit service in excess of 25. Payments are made quarterly to participants for the retiree's lifetime.

Employees covered by benefit terms

The number of participants at June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Retirees currently receiving benefits	13
Active employees	82
Total	95
(Continued)	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Local Plan (Continued)

Total OPEB liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$1,551,592 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2022.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases, including inflation 4.00%

Actuarial funding method Entry Age Normal, level % of pay

Discount rate 3.54% Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates: RP-2006, generational Scale MP-2021 for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022.

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate.

Changes in the total OPEB liability

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,907,569
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	37,310
Interest	37,839
Differences between expected	
and actual experience	9,218
Assumption or other input changes	(128,864)
Benefit payments	(311,480)
Net changes	(355,977)
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 1,551,592

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Local Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.54%) or one percentage point higher (3.54%) than the current discount rate:

	 1.00% Decrease (2.54%)		Current Discount Rate (3.54%)		1.00% Increase (4.54%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,629,353	\$	1,551,592	\$	1,480,751	

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$119,606. At June 30, 2023, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of Resources]	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	561,384 12,082 137,070	\$	233,128 96,504
	\$	710,536	\$	329,632

The \$137,070 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the new OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	to	ncrease o OPEB Expense
2024	\$	44,457
2025	,	44,457
2026		44,457
2027		44,457
2028		44,457
Thereafter		21,549

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by the VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This multi-employer cost-sharing is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the "System") along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are available at:

- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan1.asp,
- https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/defined-benefit/plan2.asp,
- https://www.varetirement.org/hybrid.html.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023 was 7.81% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$291,192 and \$231,907 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

Net pension liability

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For political subdivisions, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability for General Employees and Public Safety Employees with hazardous duty benefits, in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Inflation	2.50%
General Employees – Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 - 5.35%
Public Safety Employees with hazardous duty benefits – Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates: General employees -15 to 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Public Safety Employees -45% to 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related. Mortality is projected using the applicable Pub-2010 Mortality Table with various set backs or set forwards for both males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

General Employees – Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Updated mortality table; adjusted retirement rates; adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service; no change to disability rates; no change to salary scale; no change to line of duty disability; and no change to discount rate.

Public Safety Employees – Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty and All Others (Non 10 Largest): Update mortality table; adjusted retirement rate to better fit experience and increased final retirement age to 70; decreased rates of withdrawal; no change to disability rates; no changes to salary scale; no change to line of duty disability; and no change to discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00 %	5.71 %	1.94 %
Fixed Income	15.00	2.04	0.31
Credit Strategies	14.00	4.78	0.67
Real Assets	14.00	4.47	0.63
Private Equity	14.00	9.73	1.36
MAPS – Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00	3.73	0.22
PIP – Private Investment Partnership	3.00	6.55	0.20
Total	100.00 %		5.33 %
	Inflation		2.50 %
*Expected arithr	7.83 %		

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.83%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 6.72%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions, political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in the fiscal year 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2022 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in net pension liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a) – (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$		\$		\$	
Changes for the year:						
Interest		(21)		-		(21)
Change in benefit terms		3,791,841		-		3,791,841
Contributions – employer		-		201,076		(201,076)
Contributions – employee		-		3,078,681		(3,078,681)
Net investment income		-		(135,664)		135,664
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(628)		(628)		-
Administrative expenses		-		1,541		(1,541)
Other changes				74		(74)
Net changes		3,791,192		3,145,080		646,112
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	3,791,192	\$	3,145,080	\$	646,112

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		1.00% Decrease (5.75%)]	Current Discount ate (6.75%)		1.00% Increase (7.75%)
Political subdivision's net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	1,252,723	\$	646,112	<u>\$</u>	149,241

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$650,077. At June 30, 2023, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	In	eferred flows of esources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	197,111	\$	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		291,192		
	\$	488,303	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 14. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (Continued)

The \$291,192 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the political subdivision's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	to	Addition Pension Expense
2024	\$	49,278
2025	•	49,278
2026		49,278
2027		49,277
2028		-
Thereafter		_

Pension plan data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plans is also available in the separately issued VRS 2022 *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* (Annual Report). A copy of the 2022 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2022-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Note 15. Long-Term Deposit

On January 11, 2023, the Town Council approved to prepay for a new fire pumper, in the amount of \$937,250. This fire pumper is not expected to be received by the Town for thirty-six months. Therefore, this is being shown as a long-term deposit on the Statement of Net Position.

Note 16. Property Taxes

Real and property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis. The Counties provide the Town with the assessed value as of January 1 for real and personal property. Real estate taxes are payable December 15. The real estate tax rate was \$0.13 and \$0.12 per \$100 of assessed value for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Personal property taxes are payable on December 15. The personal property tax rate was \$1.50 per \$100 for both 2023 and 2022. A penalty of 10% for late payment and interest at the rate of 10% per annum, is charged on unpaid balances. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 17. Risk Management

The Risk Management programs of the Town are as follows:

General liability and other

The Town purchases insurance coverage for exposure related to property, general, boiler and machinery, flood, accident, and automobile liability from Virginia Aisle Sharing Association Programs. The Town's property and contents are insured up to a limit of approximately \$67,000,000. The Town maintains an additional \$1,000,000 umbrella policy over all forms of liability insurance. The Town's Public Officials and Law Enforcement Liability coverages, with a \$1,000,000 limit for each, are provided through a policy with the Commonwealth of Virginia. Total premiums for fiscal year 2023 were \$323,564.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee dishonesty and employee health and accident insurance. The Component Unit Farmville IDA carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town has a Surety Bond on the Finance Director of \$50,000 and all other town employees a blanket bond of \$50,000.

Note 18. Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes disallowances, if any, would not be material to the financial position of the Town.

Note 19. Incentive Grants

In fiscal year 2018, the IDA, in conjunction with the Town of Farmville, entered into a performance agreement with Hotel Weyanoke LLC. The IDA and other parties agreed to provide certain cash incentives to Hotel Weyanoke LLC provided the Hotel meets the capital investment set forth in the agreement. During fiscal year 2023, the Hotel was considered in compliance with performance requirements to date.

Note 20. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following statements which are not yet effective:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2023

Note 20. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

In April 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 99**, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63 are effective upon issuance. The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 100**, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2022, the GASB issued **Statement No. 101**, *Compensated Absences*. This statement updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences and amends certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

Note 21. Subsequent Events

On July 12, 2023, the Town Council approved a resolution for the Town Manager to enter a finance purchase with a bank to purchase four police vehicles and a leaf truck. The total amount to be financed is \$505,000 at a rate of 3.65%. Payments will be made semi-annually, with the first payment due January 1, 2024.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS June 30, 2023

	Plan Year
	2022
Total Pension Liability Changes in benefit terms Interest on total pension liability Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ 3,791,841 (21) (628)
Net change in total pension liability	3,791,192
Total pension liability – beginning	-
Total pension liability – ending	3,791,192
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer Contributions – employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expenses Other	201,076 3,078,681 (135,664) (628) 1,541 74
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	3,145,080
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	
Plan fiduciary net position – ending	3,145,080
Net pension liability — ending	\$ 646,112
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	83%
Covered payroll	\$ 2,947,021
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	22%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year -i.e., plan year 2022 information was presented in the Town's fiscal year 2023 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2023 (plan year 2022) was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2023

Year Ended		etuarially etermined ntribution	in I Ac De	ntributions Relation to etuarially etermined ntribution	Def	ribution iciency xcess)	mployer's Covered Payroll	Contributio as a Percents of Covered Payroll	age
2023 \$ 291,192 2022 231,907		\$	291,192 231,907	\$	- -	\$ 3,700,025 2,947,021	7.87 7.87	%	

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2022 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the Town's fiscal year -i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same period.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – LOCAL PLAN June 30, 2023

	Primary Government													
	_	2023	2022			2021		2020		2019		2018		
Total OPEB Liability														
Service cost	\$	37,310	\$	42,010	\$	30,159	\$	100,864	\$	100,555	\$	72,280		
Interest on total OPEB liability		37,839		63,995		82,003		73,834		67,336		70,354		
Changes of benefit terms		-		(1,057,554)		-		-		-		-		
Difference between expected														
and actual experience		9,218		(16,877)		(12,176)		(41,031)		4,980		(88,368)		
Changes in assumptions		(128,864)		8,604		502,675		340,906		(110,151)		(81,438)		
Benefit payments		(311,480)		(56,620)		(43,190)		(35,761)		(35,760)		(39,240)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		(355,977)		(1,016,442)		559,471		438,812		26,960		(66,412)		
Total OPEB liability – beginning		1,907,569		2,924,011		2,364,540		1,925,728		1,898,768		1,965,180		
Total OPEB liability – ending	\$	1,551,592	\$	1,907,569	\$	2,924,011	\$	2,364,540	\$	1,925,728	\$	1,898,768		
Covered payroll		4,384,729	\$	4,279,768	\$	4,671,745	\$	5,336,985	\$	5,052,986	\$	5,113,418		
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		35%		45%		63%		44%		38%		37%		

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 is the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – LOCAL PLAN June 30, 2023

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	De E	ctuarially termined mployer ntribution	E	Actual mployer ntribution	D	ntribution eficiency (Excess)	 Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll			
Local Plan											
2023	\$	116,186	\$	137,070	\$	(20,884)	\$ 4,384,729	3.13 %			
2022		124,368		311,480		(187,112)	4,279,768	7.28			
2021		176,367		56,620		119,747	4,671,745	1.21			
2020		158,722		43,190		115,532	5,336,985	0.81			
2019		210,477		35,760		174,717	5,425,989	0.66			
2018		179,144		35,760		143,384	5,052,986	0.71			

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified MortalityImprovement Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service.
- No change to disability rates.
- No change to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

Largest 10 – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified MortalityImprovement Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70.
- Decreased withdrawal rates.
- No change to disability rates.
- No change to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2023

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified MortalityImprovement Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all.
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service.
- No change to disability rates.
- No changes to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified MortalityImprovement Scale MP-2020.
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70.
- Decreased withdrawal rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Largest 10 Hazardous Duty.
- No change to disability rates.
- No change to salary scale.
- No change to line of duty rates.
- No change to discount rate.

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Farmville's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	Table
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the Town's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	5-7
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.	8-9
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	10-11
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the Town's operations and resources to help the reader understand how its financial information relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs.	12-14

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 **Governmental activities** Net investment in capital assets \$ 15,220,292 \$ 14,637,694 \$ 14,637,694 \$ 14,250,923 \$ 12,008,984 \$ 10,423,203 9,060,557 8,387,436 7,194,234 6,549,621 Restricted 1,612,932 3,045,457 2,607,539 2,510,494 2,060,160 259,171 Unrestricted 4,425,981 (390,333)1,542,057 (562,737)(1,270,159)(1,296,033)242,475 (564,121)(2,234,399)Total governmental activities net position \$ 19,225,208 \$ 16,682,496 \$ 15,491,258 \$ 12,773,111 \$ 10,682,374 \$ 9,303,032 \$ 7,997,103 \$ 21,259,205 \$ 6,630,113 \$ 4,315,222 **Business-type activities** Net investment in capital assets \$ 12,733,171 \$ 11,189,894 \$ 11,242,435 8,938,061 5,477,209 \$ 3,745,537 \$ 3,601,983 3,559,383 \$ 5,438,956 \$ 5,739,414 Restricted 380,041 Unrestricted 4,963,366 6,724,657 5,561,822 4,283,601 3,812,219 3,067,887 2,951,527 2,842,922 1,226,107 171,101 Total business-type activities net position \$ 6,290,556 \$ 16,751,716 \$ 16,205,801 \$ 13.221.662 \$ 9,289,428 6,813,424 6,553,510 \$ 6,402,305 \$ 6,665,063 Primary government Net investment in capital assets \$ 27,953,463 \$ 25,827,588 \$ 25,880,129 \$ 23,188,984 \$ 17,486,193 \$ 14,168,740 \$ 12,662,540 \$ 11,946,819 \$ 12,633,190 \$ 12,289,035 Restricted 1,612,932 3,045,457 2,607,539 2,510,494 2,060,160 380,041 3,327,058 Unrestricted 11,150,638 7,103,879 4,400,629 3,013,442 2,516,186 3,194,002 2,452,589 661,986 (2,063,298)Total primary government

\$ 22,062,539

\$ 17,495,798

\$ 15,856,542

\$ 14,399,408

\$ 13,295,176

\$ 10,605,778

\$ 28,712,920

Note: GASB Statements No. 68 and 75 were adopted in fiscal year 2015 and 2018, respectively. Prior years were not restated for the impact of these statements.

\$ 32,888,297

net position

\$ 40,717,033

\$ 35,976,924

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year

						I Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 2,073,586	\$ 1,684,093	\$ 1,352,402	\$ 1,770,152	\$ 1,756,338	\$ 1,626,421	\$ 1,268,384	\$ 1,130,394	\$ 1,221,787	\$ 1,063,691
Public safety	4,957,718	3,842,517	4,188,808	4,196,635	4,410,817	3,857,548	3,689,104	3,704,042	3,507,564	3,614,517
Public works	5,933,858	5,473,818	5,393,613	5,180,042	5,629,684	4,787,285	4,715,205	4,787,649	3,231,753	5,936,059
Parks, recreation, and cultural	557,407	804,098	727,358	807,018	769,387	712,379	711,172	709,046	1,336,638	798,331
Community development	635,196	536,554	539,396	302,476	207,375	120,107	552,862	168,503	167,328	144,554
Interest on long-term debt	9,643	66,173	125,569	190,488	250,577	294,042	341,457	396,283	447,743	484,632
interest on long-term debt	9,043	00,173	125,509	190,466	230,377	294,042	341,437	390,283	447,743	404,032
Total governmental activities	14,167,408	12,407,253	12,327,146	12,446,811	13,024,178	11,397,782	11,278,184	10,895,917	9,912,813	12,041,784
Business-type activities:										
Water	1,601,511	1,481,832	1,523,020	1,777,878	1,703,026	1,753,615	1,720,283	1,661,545	1,672,254	1,879,262
Sewer	1,276,131	923,769	989,720	1,314,541	1,156,837	1,343,341	1,083,365	1,112,301	1,003,647	1,099,508
Transportation	826,232	803,985	822,803	956,757	868,109	350,860	511,157	531,677	434,805	474,960
Airport	372,052	354,760	263,541	239,362	270,286	859,744	825,437	792,463	797,575	834,157
1	,					,				
Total business-type activities expense	4,075,926	3,564,346	3,599,084	4,288,538	3,998,258	4,307,560	4,140,242	4,097,986	3,908,281	4,287,887
Total primary government expenses	18,243,334	15,971,599	15,926,230	16,735,349	17,022,436	15,705,342	15,418,426	14,993,903	13,821,094	16,329,671
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	1,010,032	1,058,276	432,339	482,762	491,529	279,366	273,406	258,803	223,874	247,655
Public safety	190,228	121,681	278,870	388,476	481,067	105,125	57,714	49,268	89,891	249,315
Public works	398,217	357,366	404,970	394,561	393,354	555,445	592,470	571,422	473,612	407,252
Parks, recreation, and cultural	56,622	203,865	317,456	327,193	382,240	184,759	173,712	159,096	149,824	136,527
Community development	55,333	79,603	301,384	426,360	329,710	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	2,684,257	2,564,086	2,725,061	2,293,332	2,230,159	2,246,006	2,485,956	2,397,893	2,892,308	1,854,031
Capital grants and contributions	1,024,452	-	124,500	1,966,510	407,624	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities						•				
program revenues	5,419,141	4,384,877	4,584,580	6,279,194	4,715,683	3,370,701	3,583,258	3,436,482	3,829,509	2,894,780

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Ticoo.	Voor

_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
ē	\$ 1,924,115	\$ 1,640,884	\$ 1,421,662	\$ 1,830,124	\$ 1,963,912	\$ 2,076,228	\$ 2,049,053	\$ 1,858,746	\$ 1,947,473	\$ 1,813,190
Sewer	2,202,010	1,948,111	2,014,722	2,145,798	2,396,191	2,242,577	2,276,987	2,252,416	2,254,390	2,124,650
Transportation	9,654	8,951	8,061	9,934	11,016	129,320	145,322	153,152	199,654	232,572
Airport	105,222	180,489	120,783	80,429	84,368	10,625	10,801	11,086	9,091	9,067
Operating grants and contributions	746,028	789,016	3,536,613	4,610,981	2,854,768	1,283,556	837,420	915,893	972,562	850,544
Capital grants and contributions	1,892,427	323,467						-		
Total business-type activities										
program revenues	6,879,456	4,890,918	7,101,841	8,677,266	7,310,255	5,742,306	5,319,583	5,191,293	5,383,170	5,030,023
Total primary government										
program revenues	12,298,597	9,275,795	11,686,421	14,956,460	12,025,938	9,113,007	8,902,841	8,627,775	9,212,679	7,924,803
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	(8,748,267)	(8,022,376)	(7,742,566)	(6,167,617)	(8,308,495)	(8,027,081)	(7,694,926)	(7,459,435)	(6,083,304)	(9,147,004)
Business-type activities	2,803,530	1,326,572	3,502,757	4,388,728	3,311,997	1,434,746	1,179,341	1,093,307	1,474,889	742,136
Total primary government net expense	(5,944,737)	(6,695,804)	(4,239,809)	(1,778,889)	(4,996,498)	(6,592,335)	(6,515,585)	(6,366,128)	(4,608,415)	(8,404,868)
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Position										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	1,144,960	1,065,846	973,186	953,412	904,140	935,432	867,326	881,944	849,256	804,662
Sales taxes	831,814	860,016	441,979	394,407	392,110	-	-	-	-	-
Meals and lodging tax	4,584,310	4,178,102	3,428,216	3,087,839	3,576,772	_	_	_	_	_
Utility tax	378,589	367,121	368,421	365,688	380,347	-	_	=	-	_
Other local taxes	2,230,350	2,121,021	1,962,885	2,053,188	2,080,674	6,106,842	5,757,202	5,351,170	5,174,286	5,152,335
Intergovernmental revenue, unrestricted	70,582	104,713	268,664	449,845	562,135	557,752	745,675	745,074	746,890	741,095
Unrestricted investment earnings	516,548	121,643	88,375	150,650	21,251	342,525	15,819	13,962	9,505	8,234
Gain on disposition of assets	164,646	-	-	-	16,680	-	-	-	-	-
Other	610,465	663,656	615,940	587,679	446,492	581,382	540,431	666,266	471,073	453,254
Transfers	250,000	1,082,970	786,138	843,056	1,170,161	1,273,215	1,074,402	1,168,009	1,147,185	1,171,099
Total governmental activities	10,782,264	10,565,088	8,933,804	8,885,764	9,550,762	9,797,148	9,000,855	8,826,425	8,398,195	8,330,679

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year

							1 1500	**1													
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	2016		2015			2014	
Business-type activities:																					
Investment earnings	\$	23,726	\$	620	\$	569	\$	412	\$	2,327	\$	71,686	\$	1,583	\$	619	\$	556	\$	2,992	
Gain on disposition of assets		-		-		-		-		24,779		-		-		-		-		-	
Other		128,856		301,693		266,951		386,150		262,137		26,697		44,683		(188,675)		46,247		66,163	
Transfers		(250,000)		(1,082,970)		(786,138)		(843,056)		(1,170,161)		(1,273,215)		(1,074,402)		(1,168,009)		(1,147,185)		(1,171,099)	
Total business-type activities		(97,418)		(780,657)		(518,618)		(456,494)		(880,918)		(1,174,832)		(1,028,136)		(1,356,065)		(1,100,382)		(1,101,944)	
Total primary government		10,684,846		9,784,431		8,415,186		8,429,270		8,669,844		8,622,316		7,972,719		7,470,360		7,297,813		7,228,735	
Changes in Net Position																					
Governmental activities		2,033,997		2,542,712		1,191,238		2,718,147		1,242,267		1,770,067		1,305,929		1,366,990		2,314,891		(816,325)	
Business-type activities		2,706,112		545,915		2,984,139		3,932,234		2,431,079		259,914		151,205		(262,758)		374,507		(359,808)	
Total primary government	\$	4,740,109	\$	3,088,627	\$	4,175,377	\$	6,650,381	\$	3,673,346	\$	2,029,981	\$	1,457,134	\$	1,104,232	\$	2,689,398	\$	(1,176,133)	

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Post-GASB 54 2016 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2015 2014 General Fund Nonspendable 630,279 689,793 705,475 749,741 771,326 27,237 \$ 20,174 30,039 \$ 30,968 37,487 Restricted 1,599,897 3,036,073 2,816,786 2,509,176 2,037,002 Committed 536,363 169,718 104,214 1,183,138 Assigned Unassigned 3,933,566 1,744,447 758,042 383,678 688,555 2,681,248 3,596,155 2,900,951 2,357,467 1,097,756 \$ 3,601,097 Total general fund \$ 4,280,303 \$ 3,642,595 \$ 3,891,623 \$ 3,616,329 \$ 2,388,435 All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 7,297 4,330 Restricted 13,035 9,384 878 1,318 23,158 Committed 2,600 4,466 433,833 430,148 335,446 21,845 15,423 14,512 252,916 801,313 Assigned 431,362 666,336 Unassigned 362,296 104,732 (18,437)(6,491)Total all other governmental funds 449,468 445,212 667,214 431,466 358,604 384,141 120,155 (3,925)252,916 806,449

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year

Revenues Taxes \$ 9,130,007 \$ 8,606,501 \$ 7,148,138 \$ 6,841,558 \$ 7,334,043 \$ 7,006,395 \$ 6,622,384 \$ 6,210,800 \$ 6,039,310 \$ 6,023,207 Permits, privilege fees, and licenses 55,483 79,633 88,338 104,651 131,043 128,456 110,645 81,771 55,750 52,734 Fines and forfeitures 155,248 111,416 80,629 90,784 99,656 105,125 57,714 49,268 89,891 106,972 Revenue from use of money and property 516,548 121,643 88,375 150,650 132,413 342,525 208,508 358,102 163,133 217,300 Charges for services 749,071 894,858 859,257 962,070 1,042,549 891,114 928,943 907,550 791,560 881,043 Other 1,622,988 676,614 618,662 588,326 512,935 581,382 347,742 326,421 319,076 300,351 Recovered costs 750,630 734,884 509,297 861,847 <th></th>	
Taxes \$ 9,130,007 \$ 8,606,501 \$ 7,148,138 \$ 6,841,558 \$ 7,334,043 \$ 7,006,395 \$ 6,622,384 \$ 6,210,800 \$ 6,039,310 \$ 6,023,207 Permits, privilege fees, and licenses 55,483 79,633 88,338 104,651 131,043 128,456 110,645 81,771 55,750 52,734 Fines and forfeitures 155,248 111,416 80,629 90,784 99,656 105,125 57,714 49,268 89,891 106,972 Revenue from use of money and property 516,548 121,643 88,375 150,650 132,413 342,525 208,508 358,102 163,133 217,300 Charges for services 749,071 894,858 859,257 962,070 1,042,549 891,114 928,943 907,550 791,560 881,043 Other 1,622,988 676,614 618,662 588,326 512,935 581,382 347,742 326,421 319,076 300,351 Recovered costs 750,630 734,884 509,297 861,847 714,490 844,173 572,485 495,363 482,375 578,651 Intergovernmental 3,761,768 2,655,841 3,312,999 4,863,301 3,096,349 2,803,758 3,231,631 3,142,967 3,639,198 2,595,126	
Permits, privilege fees, and licenses55,48379,63388,338104,651131,043128,456110,64581,77155,75052,734Fines and forfeitures155,248111,41680,62990,78499,656105,12557,71449,26889,891106,972Revenue from use of money and property516,548121,64388,375150,650132,413342,525208,508358,102163,133217,300Charges for services749,071894,858859,257962,0701,042,549891,114928,943907,550791,560881,043Other1,622,988676,614618,662588,326512,935581,382347,742326,421319,076300,351Recovered costs750,630734,884509,297861,847714,490844,173572,485495,363482,375578,651Intergovernmental3,761,7682,655,8413,312,9994,863,3013,096,3492,803,7583,231,6313,142,9673,639,1982,595,126Total revenues16,741,74313,881,39012,705,69514,463,18713,063,47812,702,92812,080,05211,572,24211,580,29310,755,384	
Fines and forfeitures 155,248 111,416 80,629 90,784 99,656 105,125 57,714 49,268 89,891 106,972 Revenue from use of money and property 516,548 121,643 88,375 150,650 132,413 342,525 208,508 358,102 163,133 217,300 Charges for services 749,071 894,858 859,257 962,070 1,042,549 891,114 928,943 907,550 791,560 881,043 Other 1,622,988 676,614 618,662 588,326 512,935 581,382 347,742 326,421 319,076 300,351 Recovered costs 750,630 734,884 509,297 861,847 714,490 844,173 572,485 495,363 482,375 578,651 Intergovernmental 3,761,768 2,655,841 3,312,999 4,863,301 3,096,349 2,803,758 3,231,631 3,142,967 3,639,198 2,595,126	
Revenue from use of money and property 516,548 121,643 88,375 150,650 132,413 342,525 208,508 358,102 163,133 217,300 Charges for services 749,071 894,858 859,257 962,070 1,042,549 891,114 928,943 907,550 791,560 881,043 Other 1,622,988 676,614 618,662 588,326 512,935 581,382 347,742 326,421 319,076 300,351 Recovered costs 750,630 734,884 509,297 861,847 714,490 844,173 572,485 495,363 482,375 578,651 Intergovernmental 3,761,768 2,655,841 3,312,999 4,863,301 3,096,349 2,803,758 3,231,631 3,142,967 3,639,198 2,595,126 Total revenues 16,741,743 13,881,390 12,705,695 14,463,187 13,063,478 12,702,928 12,080,052 11,572,242 11,580,293 10,755,384	
Charges for services 749,071 894,858 859,257 962,070 1,042,549 891,114 928,943 907,550 791,560 881,043 Other 1,622,988 676,614 618,662 588,326 512,935 581,382 347,742 326,421 319,076 300,351 Recovered costs 750,630 734,884 509,297 861,847 714,490 844,173 572,485 495,363 482,375 578,651 Intergovernmental 3,761,768 2,655,841 3,312,999 4,863,301 3,096,349 2,803,758 3,231,631 3,142,967 3,639,198 2,595,126 Total revenues 16,741,743 13,881,390 12,705,695 14,463,187 13,063,478 12,702,928 12,080,052 11,572,242 11,580,293 10,755,384	
Other 1,622,988 676,614 618,662 588,326 512,935 581,382 347,742 326,421 319,076 300,351 Recovered costs 750,630 734,884 509,297 861,847 714,490 844,173 572,485 495,363 482,375 578,651 Intergovernmental 3,761,768 2,655,841 3,312,999 4,863,301 3,096,349 2,803,758 3,231,631 3,142,967 3,639,198 2,595,126 Total revenues 16,741,743 13,881,390 12,705,695 14,463,187 13,063,478 12,702,928 12,080,052 11,572,242 11,580,293 10,755,384	
Recovered costs 750,630 734,884 509,297 861,847 714,490 844,173 572,485 495,363 482,375 578,651 Intergovernmental 3,761,768 2,655,841 3,312,999 4,863,301 3,096,349 2,803,758 3,231,631 3,142,967 3,639,198 2,595,126 Total revenues 16,741,743 13,881,390 12,705,695 14,463,187 13,063,478 12,702,928 12,080,052 11,572,242 11,580,293 10,755,384	
Intergovernmental 3,761,768 2,655,841 3,312,999 4,863,301 3,096,349 2,803,758 3,231,631 3,142,967 3,639,198 2,595,126 Total revenues 16,741,743 13,881,390 12,705,695 14,463,187 13,063,478 12,702,928 12,080,052 11,572,242 11,580,293 10,755,384	
Total revenues 16,741,743 13,881,390 12,705,695 14,463,187 13,063,478 12,702,928 12,080,052 11,572,242 11,580,293 10,755,384	
	Intergovernmental
Expanditures	Total revenues
	Evnenditures
General government 2,011,210 1,915,428 1,487,855 1,706,222 1,824,893 1,649,556 1,446,809 1,238,189 1,226,827 1,333,456	•
Public safety 6,206,528 4,137,077 4,040,582 4,278,499 4,281,007 4,740,871 3,621,635 3,517,725 3,323,188 3,717,209	
Public works 5,023,001 4,645,234 4,165,401 6,390,553 5,728,424 4,562,796 4,401,900 5,224,775 4,272,535 4,391,492	
Parks, recreation, and cultural 566,957 762,384 633,613 745,950 1,066,504 1,381,310 814,647 756,146 1,479,487 933,302	
Community development 626,619 607,762 533,814 309,124 204,082 120,107 552,862 168,603 167,328 144,554	
Debt service: 020,017 007,702 533,014 507,124 204,062 120,107 532,002 100,003 107,326 144,334	
Principal 1,464,371 1,501,042 1,437,781 1,377,961 1,320,982 1,225,476 1,028,807 977,892 932,795 897,700	
Interpat 1,404,371 1,501,042 1,457,761 1,577,901 1,320,962 1,225,470 1,026,607 977,092 932,793 697,700 Interest 201,727 257,707 319,331 383,574 439,610 471,957 519,375 571,307 625,659 662,548	1
interest 201,727 257,707 519,551 503,574 439,010 471,957 517,575 571,507 025,039 002,540	interest
Total expenditures 16,100,413 13,826,634 12,618,377 15,191,883 14,865,502 14,152,073 12,386,035 12,454,637 12,027,819 12,080,261	Total expenditures
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Excess (deficiency) of revenues
under expenditures 641,330 54,756 87,318 (728,696) (1,802,024) (1,449,145) (305,983) (882,395) (447,526) (1,324,877)	
(1-0,000) (1-0,000) (1-0,000) (1-0,000)	
Other Financing Sources	Other Financing Sources
Proceeds from borrowing 586,297 645,850 41,000	Proceeds from borrowing
Issuance of financed purchase 173,000	Issuance of financed purchase
Transfers in 250,000 1,180,153 900,000 1,009,943 1,540,496 1,783,385 1,259,029 1,274,481 2,325,022 2,081,212	Transfers in
Transfers out - (97,183) (113,862) (166,887) (370,335) (510,170) (184,627) (106,472) (1,177,837) (910,113)	Transfers out
Total other financing sources 423,000 1,082,970 786,138 843,056 1,756,458 1,919,065 1,115,402 1,168,009 1,147,185 1,171,099	Total other financing sources
Total other infancing sources 725,000 1,002,770 700,130 075,030 1,730,730 1,717,003 1,113,702 1,100,009 1,147,103 1,171,099	Total other inialients sources
Net change in fund balances \$\\ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	Net change in fund balances
Debt service as a percentage of	Debt service as a percentage of
noncapital expenditures 11.35% 13.04% 14.52% 13.85% 13.61% 13.96% 13.26% 13.82% 13.97% 13.27%	

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	(Public Service Corporation Real Estate		Public Service Corporation Personal Property		Total Assessed Value	Total Tax Rate Real Estate (1)	Total Tax Rate Personal Property
2023	\$ 662,030,769	\$ 18,812,032	\$	38,303,243	\$	575,484	\$	719,721,528	0.13	1.50
2022	657,218,462	41,354,373		38,842,669		491,925		737,907,429	0.13	1.50
2021	592,297,500	15,948,133		37,052,240		407,971		645,705,844	0.12	1.50
2020	554,025,833	14,513,007		34,165,889		440,486		603,145,215	0.12	1.50
2019	541,808,640	12,814,121		30,633,396		420,512		585,676,669	0.12	1.50
2018	525,065,080	13,173,051		29,544,666		291,846		568,074,643	0.12	1.50
2017	514,708,670	13,899,200		28,973,750		290,918		557,872,538	0.12	1.50
2016	509,662,986	13,945,399		27,959,562		253,641		551,821,588	0.12	1.50
2015	505,184,482	14,770,476		27,676,804		231,225		547,862,987	0.12	1.50
2014	502,983,846	14,308,327		27,240,159		262,566		544,794,898	0.12	1.50

Notes: Property is assessed at full market value. Properties are reassessed once every four years.

⁽¹⁾ Per \$100 of assessed value.

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL UTILITY CUSTOMERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	Fisc	cal Year 2	2023	Fis	cal Year 2	2014 1	
Customer	Revenue	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Electrical Revenue	Revenue	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Electrical Revenue	
Longwood University	\$ 525,094	1	29.67 %	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Longwood Univ R/E Foundation	331,877	2	18.76	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Piedmont Regional Jail	284,215	3	16.06	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Centra Southside Hospital	142,908	4	8.08	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Farmville Health & Rehab	88,748	5	5.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Holly Manor Snf Operations LLC	88,036	6	4.98	N/A	N/A	N/A	
UR-OZBP Farmville Lots LLC	83,695	7	4.73	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Hampden Sydney College	83,260	8	4.71	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Parkview Gardens	77,576	9	4.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Cumberland County	 64,119	10	3.61	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total revenue	\$ 1,769,528	;	100.00 %				

Source: Town's Public Utility Billing System (Edmunds)

¹ This information is not available due to database change at the Town.

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Year Taxes			Collected Fiscal Yea	within the r of the Levy	Collections		Total Collections to Date			
Ended June 30,		for the scal Year	1	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years			Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2023	\$	860,640	\$	842,051	97.84 %	\$	541	\$	842,592	97.90 %	
2022		854,384		843,454	98.72		8,028		851,482	99.66	
2021		710,757		700,307	98.53		8,604		708,911	99.74	
2020		664,831		654,895	98.51		7,887		662,782	99.69	
2019		650,170		641,393	98.65		8,034		649,427	99.89	
2018		630,078		619,682	98.35		2,872		622,554	98.81	
2017		617,650		608,262	98.48		9,388		617,650	100.00	
2016		611,596		602,544	98.52		6,911		609,455	99.65	
2015		606,221		597,674	98.59		7,335		605,009	99.80	
2014		603,581		595,493	98.66		6,338		601,831	99.71	

Source: Tax Records of the Town. (The Tax Collection Percentage Report)

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

					1 1304	ı ı caı				
	2022	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Debt limit	\$ 71,972,153	\$ 71,232,884	\$ 64,570,584	\$ 60,314,522	\$ 58,567,667	\$ 56,807,464	\$ 55,787,254	\$ 55,182,159	\$ 54,786,299	\$ 54,479,490
Total net debt applicable to limit	5,445,000	7,218,710	8,420,000	9,805,000	11,125,000	12,390,000	13,600,000	14,755,000	15,860,000	16,915,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 66.527.153	\$ 64.014.174	\$ 56,150,584	\$ 50,509,522	\$ 47.442.667	\$ 44,417,464	\$ 42,187,254	\$ 40.427.159	\$ 38,926,299	\$ 37,564,490
24gm atov margin	Ψ 00,027,100	\$ 0.,01.,17.	\$ 50,150,500.	\$ 00,000,022	ψ .,, <u>2,007</u>	Ψ,,	ψ ·:2,107,20 ·	ψ,,	\$ 20,220,233	ψ <i>51</i> ,001,100
Total net debt applicable to the limit	7.57%	10.13%	13.04%	16.26%	19.00%	21.81%	24.38%	26.74%	28.95%	31.05%
as a percentage of debt limit	7.3770	10.1370	13.0470	10.20%	19.00%	21.8170	24.3870	20.7470	28.9370	31.0376

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023

Assessed value	\$ 719,721,528
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	\$ 71,972,153
Less debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	 (5,445,000)
Legal debt margin	\$ 66,527,153

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Gene	eral Bonded Debt				0	ther Governme	ıtal A	ctivities Debt	
Fiscal Year	Governmental tivities General Obligation Bonds	Business-Type General Obligation Bonds		 Total General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Value of Taxable Property	Per Capita ⁽²⁾		Bond Premium		Other Debt	
2023	\$ 3,050,000	\$	2,395,000	\$ 5,445,000	0.76 %	372	\$	711,667	\$	302,339	
2022	4,390,000		2,575,000	6,965,000	0.94	472		889,583		253,710	
2021	5,670,000		2,750,000	8,420,000	1.30	758		1,067,499		474,753	
2020	6,890,000		2,915,000	9,805,000	1.63	1,006		1,245,415		692,534	
2019	8,050,000		3,075,000	11,125,000	1.90	1,160		1,423,331		910,495	
2018	9,165,000		3,225,000	12,390,000	2.18	1,435		1,601,247		530,180	
2017	10,230,000		3,370,000	13,600,000	2.44	1,539		1,779,163		44,806	
2016	11,250,000		3,505,000	14,755,000	2.67	1,624		1,957,079		12,613	
2015	12,225,000		3,635,000	15,860,000	2.89	1,760		2,134,995		15,505	
2014	13,155,000		3,760,000	16,915,000	3.10	1,882		2,312,911		18,300	

	 Business-T	ype A	ctivities			
Fiscal Year	Revenue Bonds	Bond Premium		Total Primary Government	Per Capita ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾
1 cai	 Dollus	-	1 Tellium	 Government	Сарна	Theome
2023	\$ -	\$	337,800	\$ 6,796,806	378	*
2022	-		371,579	8,479,872	394	1.84 %
2021	-		405,358	10,367,610	438	1.42
2020	-		439,137	12,182,086	467	1.53
2019	-		472,916	13,931,742	452	1.49
2018	-		506,695	15,028,122	474	1.54
2017	-		540,474	15,964,443	499	1.66
2016	-		574,253	17,298,945	501	1.68
2015	-		608,032	18,618,532	519	1.78
2014	-		641,811	19,888,022	535	1.92

^{*} Unavailable

 $^{^{(1)}}$ See Table 10 for population and per capita personal income information.

⁽²⁾ Per Capita is calculated using the total General Debt less externally restricted cash for debt divided by population.

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended ⁽¹⁾	Population (2)	Total Personal Income (3)	 Per Capita Personal Income ⁽³⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽⁴⁾
2023	7,230	(5)	(5)	5.0 %
2022	7,473	\$ 697,704,000	\$ 21,455	4.9
2021	7,202	697,704,000	30,880	4.8
2020	7,188	697,704,000	30,461	6.4
2019	7,846	697,704,000	30,401	3.7
2018	7,872	697,704,000	30,732	3.8
2017	7,831	697,704,000	30,149	4.8
2016	8,140	697,704,000	29,857	5.3
2015	8,169	672,890,000	29,162	6.2
2014	8,229	636,603,000	27,919	7.5

⁽¹⁾ Population is based on fiscal years ending June 30. Per Capita Income and unemployment figures are as of December 31.

 $^{^{(2)}}$ Source: Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service, Demographics Research Group as of July 1, 2014.

⁽³⁾ Source: www.fedstats.gov. Town of Farmville is included in the statistics for Prince Edwards County.

⁽⁴⁾ Source: VEC, Local Area Unemployment Statistics, VirginiaLMI.com. Town of Farmville is included in the statistics for Prince Edwards County.

⁽⁵⁾ Information currently not available.

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	Fis	cal Yea	r 2023	Fiscal Year 2014 ¹			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Town Employment	
Longwood University	800	1	26.08 %	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Centra Health	733	2	23.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Walmart	380	3	12.39	N/A	N/A	N/A	
ICA	247	4	8.05	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Holly Manor SNF Operations	208	5	6.78	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Aramark	171	6	5.57	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Prince Edward County	167	7	5.44	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Town of Farmville	150	8	4.89	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Steps	115	9	3.75	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Greenfront	97	10	3.16	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	3,068		100.00 %				

Source:

^{**} Total Town Employment 2020 https://datausa.io/profile/geo/farmville-va

¹ This information is not available due to database change at the Town.

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Vear

					Fiscal Y	ear				
-	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Function/Program										
General government										
Executive	3	2	2	2	3	4	4	2	2	2
Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Finance	12	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11
Planning (Comm Dev)	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6
Recreation (Golf/rec)	0	5	5	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Police										
Officers	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Civilians	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Dispatch	18	14	13	11	14	14	14	13	12	14
Fire	2	0	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public works	43	40	36	34	42	41	41	43	42	42
Parks and Recreation	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Solid waste	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Water	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Wastewater	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Transportation	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Airport _	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	134	127	123	118	132	133	134	133	131	133

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Function/Program General government: Fleet: Pieces of equipment maintained	314	308	306	305	310	312	311	313	309	312
Building permits issued Building permits construction value	216 \$ 6,272,695	127 \$ 3,796,205	381 \$ 9,322,184	176 \$ 7,502,132	265 \$10,377,251	327 \$71,761,724	372 \$19,582,751	352 \$30,266,246	304 \$18,124,371	256 \$15,454,071
Public safety: Police: Physical arrests Parking violations Traffic violations Fire: Emergency responses	366 1,108 3,679 1,237	257 951 1,630 731	205 899 1,981 1,155	257 561 1,307 884	364 1,001 2,056 1,082	481 633 1,891 615	508 777 1,423 426	394 323 946 398	465 221 1,064 388	609 641 1,267
Public works: Refuse collection: Brush Refuse collected (tons per day) Recyclables collected (tons per day) Leaves	4.15 13.10 1.83 3.43	4.25 13.58 1.01 3.51	3.89 13.65 1.02 3.37	4.17 13.17 0.92 3.44	4.48 13.90 1.08 3.29	3.54 13.37 1.06 2.63	3.44 14.34 1.07 2.63	4.71 13.45 0.99 3.66	5.41 13.21 0.96 3.66	5.46 13.09 1.08 3.66
Other public works: Street resurfacing (miles)	7.02	10.36	5.24	3.56	2.98	2.28	8.21	6.66	4.68	7.28
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation: Park acreage owned by the Town-Developed	209.81	209.81	209.81	209.81	209.81	209.81	209.81	209.81	209.81	209.81
Water: Number of customer accounts Volume pumped (million gallons per day average)	2,903 794,774	2,851 927,750	2,825 908,310	2,815 894,123	2,809 1,075,866	2,795 1,058,658	2,790 1,010,712	2,783 1,083,863	2,780 1,111,890	2,775 1,115,553
Sewer: Number of customer accounts Waste/Water treated (million gallons per day average)	2,801 0.97	2,735 1.03	2,730 1.17	2,750 1.35	2,780 1.36	2,742 1.39	2,740 1.25	2,703 1.38	2,695 1.45	2,690 1.44

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSET AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2022 2017 2016 2015 2023 2021 2020 2019 2018 2014 Function/Program Public safety: Law enforcement vehicles 30 24 20 20 21 20 20 20 20 18 Fire stations 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Public works: Primary streets (lane miles) 30.36 30.36 30.36 30.36 30.76 32.76 32.76 33.71 33.71 30.76 Secondary streets (lane miles) 82 82.00 82.00 82.00 83.60 83.60 81.60 81.60 82.88 82.88 Streetlights 651 651 649 647 647 635 651 647 635 635 Parks, recreation, and cultural: 7 7 7 7 Parks/athletic fields 7 7 7 7 7 7 Water and sewage: Water treatment plants 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Water mains (miles) 66.55 66.88 66.55 66.55 66.55 66.55 66.55 66.55 63.08 63.08 Storm sewers (miles) 60.96 60.96 60.96 60.96 60.96 60.96 60.96 60.96 60.96 60.96 Sanitary sewers (miles) 64.50 64.50 64.50 64.50 64.50 64.50 64.50 64.50 64.50 64.50

Note:

Parks/Rec list found on Town website Acreage found on PE County website-taxes THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY BLANK

COMPLIANCE SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass – Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Homeland Security		
Pass Through Payments		
Virginia Department of Emergency Management		
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	\$ 21,765
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	15,400
Total Department of Homeland Security		37,165
Department of Treasury		
Direct Payment		
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	1,409,672
Department of Transportation		
Direct Payment		
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	1,572,324
Pass Through Payments		
Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation		
COVID-19 – Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	408,583
Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol		
Speed grant	20.607	22,630
Open Container Requirements	20.607	14,475
Total Department of Transportation		2,018,012
Department of Justice		
Direct Payment		
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	31,709
Total Department of Justice		31,709
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 3,496,558

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2023

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Expenditures includes the activity of all federally assisted programs for the Town of Farmville, Virginia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1 to the Town's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

The Town did not elect to utilize the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

Subrecipient Monitoring

The Town provided no amounts to subrecipients during fiscal year 2023.

Outstanding Loan Balances

At June 30, 2023, the Town had no outstanding loan balances requiring continuing disclosure.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Farmville, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Farmville, Virginia (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia October 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Farmville, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Farmville, Virginia's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Town's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Town complied in all material respects with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Farmville, Virginia and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal documentation of the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town's federal programs.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Town's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Town's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Town's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia October 31, 2023

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2023

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia
Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Fire Program Aid

State Agency Requirements
Urban Highway Maintenance

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2023

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies and no material weaknesses** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs was reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings relating to the major program**.
- 7. The major programs of the Town are:

Name of Program	Assistance Listing #
Airport Improvement Program	20.106
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The Town of Farmville was **not** determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.
- B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

None.

D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2023

2022-001: Information Technology (Material Weakness)

Condition:

During review of the Information Technology controls for the Town we noted several areas where there is a lack of controls or a lack of segregation of duties.

Recommendations:

We suggest the Town implement the following control consideration:

- The Town should conduct a formal IT risk assessment at least annually.
- The Town should document its IT policies, standards, and procedures including information security policy.
- The Town should identify and document compensating controls for the Finance Director's administrative access and ability to provision financial system accounts.
- Provisioning and de-provisioning account access processes should be included in IT procedures documentation.

Current Status:

The comment is no longer applicable.

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