COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Prepared by:

Offices of the Superintendent and Treasurer P.O. Box 72
Bridgewater, Virginia 22812



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Organization Directory of Principal Officials	1 2
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3 – 5
Management's Discussion and Analysis	6 – 11
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of net position Statement of activities Balance sheet - governmental funds Reconciliation of the balance sheet of the governmental funds	12 13 14
to the statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance of governmental funds to the statement	15 16
of activities Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual - general fund	17 18
Statement of net position - proprietary funds Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position -	19
proprietary funds Statements of cash flow - proprietary funds Notes to financial statements	20 21 22 – 60
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of funding progress and schedule of employer contributions - other postemployment benefits Schedule of changes in the Town's net pension liability and related ratios -	61
Virginia Retirement System Schedule of Town contributions – Virginia Retirement System	62 63

Supplementary Schedules

Sch	edule of revenues, expenditures and changes		
	*	64	
		65 - 66	
		67 - 70	
		71	
		72	
		73	
		74	
		75	
	*		
		76	
		77	
		78	
	STATISTICAL SECTION		
Table	25		
		79	
		80 - 81	
		82	
		83	
	. •	84 - 85	
		86	
7		87	
8		88	
		89	
		90	
		91	
12		92	
13		93	
14	Bond coverage	94	
15	Demographic and economic statistics	95	
16	Full-time equivalent Town government employees by functions/programs	96	
Tables 1 Net position/assets by component 2 Changes in net position/assets 3 Program revenues by function/program 4 Fund balances, governmental funds 5 Changes in fund balances, governmental funds 6 Tax revenues by source, governmental funds 7 Assessed value and estimated actual value of taxable property 8 Direct and overlapping property tax rates 9 Principal property taxpayers 10 Real property tax levies and collections 11 Ratios of outstanding debt by type and general bonded debt outstanding 12 Direct and overlapping governmental activities debt 13 Legal debt margin information 14 Bond coverage 15 Demographic and economic statistics			
	COM BRIVE SECTION		
INDE	EPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL		
OVE	R FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND		
OTH	ER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL		
STA	TEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH		
GOV	YERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	97 – 98	
Scheo	Schedule of changes in revenue bonds outstanding - Industrial Development Authority STATISTICAL SECTION STATISTICAL SECTION Ables 1 Net position/assets by component 2 Changes in net position/assets 3 Program revenues by function/program 4 Fund balances, governmental funds 5 Changes in fund balances, governmental funds 6 Tax revenues by source, governmental funds 7 Assessed value and estimated actual value of taxable property 8 Direct and overlapping property tax rates 9 Principal property taxpayers 10 Real property tax levies and collections 11 Ratios of outstanding debt by type and general bonded debt outstanding 12 Direct and overlapping governmental activities debt 13 Legal debt margin information 14 Bond coverage 15 Demographic and economic statistics 16 Full-time equivalent Town government employees by functions/programs COMPLIANCE SECTION NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL DVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH		

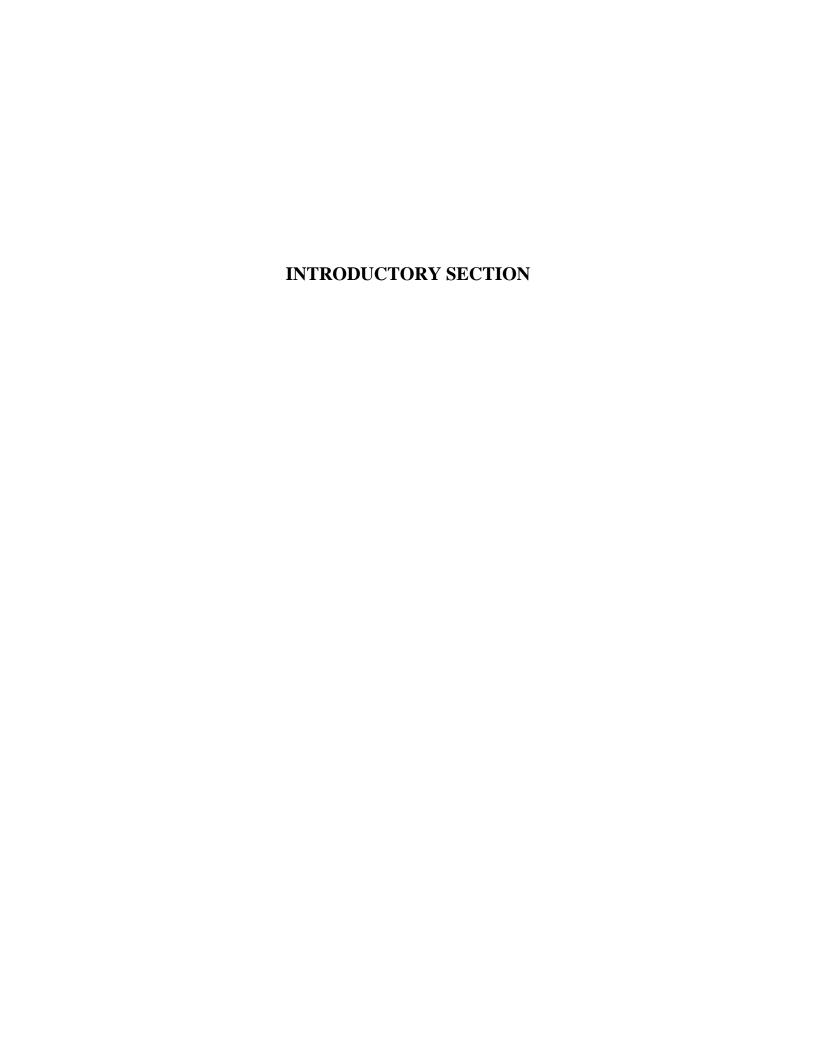
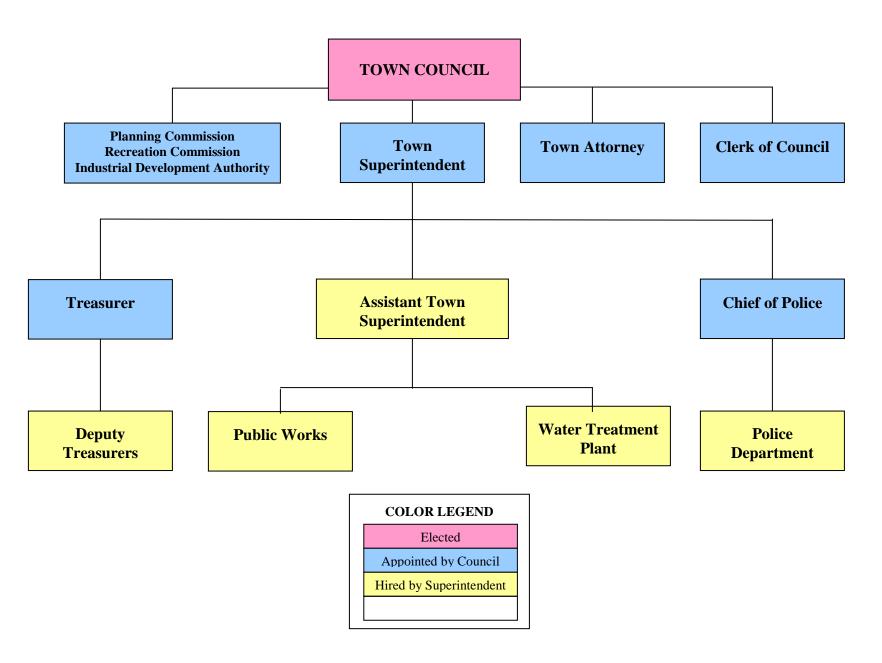


TABLE OF ORGANIZATION

Town of Bridgewater, Virginia



Directory of Principal Officials

OFFICIALS

Hallie D. Dinkel Mayor

Rosetta W. Harris Vice-Mayor

Bob F. Holton Superintendent

Cherie N. Bowen Treasurer

J. Jay Litten Town Attorney

Betsy Putney Clerk

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

A. Fontaine Canada William D. Miracle

Theodore W. Flory Steven A Schofield

Dillina W. Stickley

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF THE TOWN OF BRIDGEWATER, VIRGINIA BOARD MEMBERS

J. Donna Barber James Harper

Wesley W. Griffin Myron D. Rummel

Patrick "Red" Haile Debbie Snider

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council Town of Bridgewater, Virginia Bridgewater, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards and specifications require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the remaining aggregate fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, the Town restated net position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund to record the net position liability and related components in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 6-11 and 61-63, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules listed in the table of contents as supplementary schedules, introductory section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2015 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 21, 2015

Town of Bridgewater, Virginia Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia's (Town) financial statements provides an overview of the Town's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Total assets of the Town exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2015 by approximately \$4.6 million (net position). Of the total net position, approximately \$557,000 was an unrestricted deficit.

The Town's total net position increased approximately \$749,000 from the previous year's restated total net position.

As of June 30, 2015, the Town's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of approximately \$1,086,000, an increase of approximately \$322,000 in comparison with the prior year.

The Town's total long-term liabilities increased approximately \$844,000 during fiscal year 2015 due to a new debt issuance of \$1,055,000 for Generations Park coupled with previously scheduled debt repayments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report consists of four sections: introductory, financial, statistical, and compliance. The financial section has four components: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the required supplementary information, and supplementary schedules. The basic financial statements include the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The first government-wide statement, the Statement of Net Position, presents information on all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. This statement provides both long-term and short-term information. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial health of the Town is improving or declining. In addition, nonfinancial factors, such as a change in the Town's real estate assessment values or the condition of the Town's facilities and infrastructure, should be considered in assessing the overall financial health of the Town.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Industrial Development Authority. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

Statement of Net Position

For the most recently concluded fiscal year, the Town's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$4.6 million. Most of this total, approximately 94%, is classified as "net investment in capital assets." This reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, easements, infrastructure, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, software, and construction in progress), less any related debt still outstanding on those assets. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets would not likely be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Of the total net position, \$556,900 can be classified as an "unrestricted deficit." This significant decrease was due to general fund expenditures exceeding revenues and the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68; see Note 17 for more information. In the prior year, the Town had \$654,088 of total net position classified as "unrestricted." This is a decrease of nearly \$1.2 million over last year.

The following table presents a condensed statement of net position:

Table 1
Summary Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governm	nental	Busine	ss-type	Total Primary			
	Activ	ities	Act	ivity	Government			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,121,767	\$ 1,618,172	\$ 529,696	\$ 435,847	\$ 2,651,463	\$ 2,054,019		
Capital assets	4,414,969	3,647,245	2,403,627	2,069,662	6,818,596	5,716,907		
Total assets	6,536,736	5,265,417	2,933,323	2,505,509	9,470,059	7,770,926		
Total deferred outflows								
of resources	140,128	-	70,782	-	210,910			
Current and other liabilities	863,494	850,992	202,400	206,221	1,065,894	1,057,213		
Long-term liabilities	2,609,329	1,313,886	729,470	612,952	3,338,799	1,926,838		
Total liabilities	3,472,823	2,164,878	931,870	819,173	4,404,693	2,984,051		
Total deferred inflows								
of resources	476,582	161,638	153,287	-	629,869	161,638		
Net investment in capital assets	2,458,550	2,599,041	1,908,627	1,510,862	4,367,177	4,109,903		
Restricted net position	836,130	22,884	-	-	836,130	22,884		
Unrestricted net position	(567,221)	478,614	10,321	175,474	(556,900)	654,088		
Total net position	\$ 2,727,459	\$ 3,100,539	\$ 1,918,948	\$ 1,686,336	\$ 4,646,407	\$ 4,786,875		

Statement of Activities

Governmental Activities

Revenues: For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, revenue from governmental activities totaled \$3.5 million. Sources of revenue are comprised of many different types with taxes constituting the largest source of Town revenues in this category. In addition to real estate taxes, the Town assesses other local taxes and fees including consumer utility taxes, bank stock taxes, business license (BPOL) fees, meals tax and the Town's share of the local sales tax. In addition to taxes, the Town receives intergovernmental revenues, donations from private citizens and some revenue from renting property, such as the Doug Will Tennis Courts and space on water towers to telecommunications companies.

Expenses: Expenses for governmental activities, including interest on debt service, totaled \$3.6 million. As the table below indicates, Public Works and Public Safety, which together comprise about 61% of expenses, continue to be the Town's two largest functions in the category of governmental activities.

The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

Table 2 **Changes in Net Position** Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		* *		Primary rnment
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues:		-		<u> </u>		-
Program Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 45,083	\$ 42,796	\$3,027,811	\$ 3,014,344	\$ 3,072,894	\$ 3,057,140
Operating grants and contributions	903,598	827,902	-	-	903,598	827,902
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	300,141	67,500	300,141	67,500
Total program revenues	948,681	870,698	3,327,952	3,081,844	4,276,633	3,952,542
General revenues:						
General property taxes	576,922	554,897	-	-	576,922	554,897
Other local taxes	1,530,330	1,453,313	-	-	1,530,330	1,453,313
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	197,996	191,976	-	-	197,996	191,976
Use of money and property	87,468	90,455	-	-	87,468	90,455
Miscellaneous	160,142	32,980	38,746	42,706	198,888	75,686
Total general revenues	2,552,858	2,323,621	38,746	42,706	2,591,604	2,366,327
Total revenues	3,501,539	3,194,319	3,366,698	3,124,550	6,868,237	6,318,869
Expenses:						
General government administration	786,203	765,232	-	-	786,203	765,232
Public safety	812,586	833,948	-	-	812,586	833,948
Public works	1,369,850	1,298,405	-	-	1,369,850	1,298,405
Parks, recreation and cultural	464,969	482,013	-	-	464,969	482,013
Community and economic development	108,566	101,847	-	-	108,566	101,847
Interest	39,846	32,738	-	-	39,846	32,738
Water/Sewer/Sanitation	-	-	2,478,288	2,592,145	2,478,288	2,592,145
Stormwater Management	-	-	58,743	70,626	58,743	70,626
Total expenses	3,582,020	3,514,183	2,537,031	2,662,771	6,119,051	6,176,954
Changes in net position before						
transfers	(80,481)	(319,864)	829,667	461,779	749,186	141,915
Transfers	298,487	682,478	(298,487)	(682,478)	-	_
Change in net position	218,006	362,614	531,180	(220,699)	749,186	141,915
Net position, beginning, as restated	2,509,453	2,737,925	1,387,768	1,907,035	3,897,221	4,644,960
Net position, ending	\$ 2,727,459	\$ 3,100,539	\$1,918,948	\$ 1,686,336	\$ 4,646,407	\$ 4,786,875

Ending net position at June 30, 2014 does not match beginning net position as of July 1, 2014. This is due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. Information to restate fiscal year 2014 is not available.

Business-Type Activity

The Town has two business-type activities, the *Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund* and *Stormwater Management Fund*. These are accounted for as enterprise funds. For fiscal year 2015, total operating and non-operating revenues amounted to \$3.2 million, which is an increase of approximately \$120,000 from the prior fiscal year. Approximately 90% of water, sewer, sanitation and stormwater revenues come from charges for service. Approximately 4% of revenues come from capital grants and contributions. The remaining 6% comes from penalties and connection/availability fees.

Expenses amounted to \$2.5 million for fiscal year 2015. This is a decrease of 4.8% from the previous year and is due primarily to decreases by the regional sewer authority. Change in net position before transfers was \$830,000 in fiscal year 2015 compared to \$462,000 in fiscal year 2014, an increase of \$368,000.

The business-type activities' net position increased by approximately \$531,000 for the year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Governmental funds - The *General Fund* is the major governmental fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance decreased approximately \$563,000 resulting in a balance of approximately \$168,000.

Proprietary funds - The Town's *Enterprise Funds*, which are a type of proprietary fund, provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in greater detail. At June 30, 2015, the unrestricted net position for the enterprise funds totaled about \$10,000, which is a decrease of approximately \$165,000 from the previous year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Overall, actual revenues were less than budgeted revenue by \$344,000 largely due to transportation enhancement grants that were not received in the current year. Expenditures were less than budgeted amounts by \$959,000 primarily due to transportation projects not commencing, but it should be noted that a concentrated effort was made to reduce expenditures as much as possible without affecting service to Town residents.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Reflected in Table 3, *Changes in Capital Assets*, net capital asset balances have increased from the previous year. Capital asset additions for fiscal year 2015 totaled approximately \$1.4 million. The increase can be attributed largely to the construction progress at Generations Park.

Table 3
Changes in Capital Assets
Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governn	nental		Business-type		T	Primary		
	Activ	ities		Acti	vities	3		Gover	nment
	 2015	2014		2015		2014	201	5	2014
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land and easements	\$ 1,961,169	\$1,961,169	\$	4,600	\$	4,600	\$1,965	,769	\$1,965,769
Construction in progress	780,167	16,368		19,253		370,579	799	,420	386,947
Total capital assets not									
being depreciated	 2,741,336	1,977,537		23,853		375,179	2,765	,189	2,352,716
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements	2,132,839	2,072,839		889,632		889,632	3,022	,471	2,962,471
Distribution and collection system	-	-	2	,526,685	2	,485,740	2,526	,685	2,485,740
Equipment	908,032	885,502	2	,271,517	1.	,453,925	3,179	,549	2,339,427
Software	43,137	43,137		-		-	43	,137	43,137
Infrastructure	538,121	523,050		-		-	538	,121	523,050
Vehicles	465,448	416,764		725,208		714,208	1,190	,656	1,130,972
Total capital assets being									
depreciated	 4,087,577	3,941,292	6	,413,042	5	,543,505	10,500	,619	9,484,797
Less accumulated depreciation									
and amortization:									
Buildings and improvements	1,041,258	968,228		765,424		746,681	1,806	,682	1,714,909
Distribution and collection system	-	-	1.	,592,030	1.	,536,960	1,592	,030	1,536,960
Equipment	777,061	746,453	1	,009,246		918,979	1,786	,307	1,665,432
Software	43,137	43,137		-		-	43	,137	43,137
Infrastructure	170,252	152,566		-		-	170	,252	152,566
Vehicles	382,236	361,200		666,568		646,402	1,048	,804	1,007,602
Total accumulated depreciation									
or amortization	 2,413,944	2,271,584	4	,033,268	3.	,849,022	6,447	,212	6,120,606
Total capital assets being									
depreciated or amortized, net	 1,673,633	1,669,708	2	,379,774	1.	,694,483	4,053	,407	3,364,191
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,414,969	\$3,647,245	\$2	,403,627	\$2	,069,662	\$6,818	,596	\$5,716,907

LONG-TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2015, the Town's long-term liabilities, exclusive of compensated absences and other postemployment benefits, totaled \$1.956 million for governmental activities. Additionally, \$495,000 of debt, exclusive of compensated absences and other post-employment benefits, is shown in the business-type activity category. The Town's maximum legal debt margin permitted by the Commonwealth of Virginia is approximately \$39.7 million, which is computed based on 10% of the assessed value of real estate subject to taxation less applicable outstanding bonded debt.

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation and the amount of bonded debt per capita are useful indicators of the Town's debt position. Data for the Town at June 30, 2015 are shown below:

Estimated Population	Assessed Valuation of Taxable Real Property	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Debt to Assessed Valuation	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
5,879	\$416,226,107	\$1,956,419	.0047	\$333

The net bonded debt increased approximately \$908,000, which correlates to an increase in debt per capita of \$155.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Here are some factors to consider in the fiscal year 2016 budget.

- Utilities (water, sewer, refuse, recycling, and stormwater) increase 1.7% in 2016 budget
- Revenue sharing grant to repave many streets throughout the town
- Sanitary sewer line replacement on West Bank Street
- Continuing work on Oakwood Drive bike/pedestrian improvements
- Completion of Generations Park
- Miniature Golf Course

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Town Superintendent or the Town Treasurer at 201 Green Street, Bridgewater, Virginia 22812.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

3		Component Unit Industrial						
	Gov	ernmental	Business-type				Development	
	A	ctivities	Activities		Totals	A	uthority	
ASSETS								
Cash, cash equivalents and temporary cash investments	\$	535,838	\$ -	\$	535,838	\$	15,958	
Receivables, net:		177,587			177 507			
Property taxes Trade and other accounts		77,277	407,220	,	177,587 484,497		-	
Interest		33	407,220	'	33		-	
Due from other governments		48,136	122,476		170,612		_	
Restricted cash		1,282,896	122,470		1,282,896		425,710	
Capital assets:		1,202,070			1,202,070		125,710	
Land		1,954,769	4,600)	1,959,369		79,747	
Land easements		6,400	-		6,400		-	
Buildings and improvements		2,132,839	889,632	!	3,022,471		-	
Infrastructure		538,121	-		538,121		-	
Distribution and collection systems		-	2,526,685		2,526,685		-	
Equipment		908,032	2,271,517		3,179,549		-	
Software		43,137	-		43,137		-	
Vehicles		465,448	725,208	;	1,190,656		-	
Construction in progress		780,167	19,253		799,420		200,210	
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,413,944)	(4,033,268	3)	(6,447,212)		-	
Total assets	-	6,536,736	2,933,323	,	9,470,059		721,625	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension plan		140,128	70,782		210,910		-	
LIABILITIES								
		127.201	45.000		102 202		40.004	
Accounts payable		137,284	45,999		183,283		48,904	
Accrued payroll and benefits		75,118	36,956		112,074		-	
Accrued interest		13,257	3,570		16,827		2,881	
Unearned revenue		637,835	86,000 29,875		723,835 29,875		5,491	
Customer deposits Noncurrent liabilities:		-	29,673		29,873		-	
Due within one year:								
Bonds payable		164,001	55,000	,	219,001		14,468	
Compensated absences		87,916	33,942		121,858		14,400	
Due in more than one year:		67,910	33,942	•	121,636		-	
Bonds payable		1,792,418	440,000)	2,232,418		547,545	
Compensated absences		58,610	22,627		81,237		547,545	
Net pension liability		352,196	177,901		530,097		_	
Other postemployment benefits		154,188	-		154,188		_	
Total liabilities		3,472,823	931,870)	4,404,693		619,289	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			,		<u> </u>		•	
		202 1 25						
Pension plan		303,469	153,287		456,756		-	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		173,113	-		173,113		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		476,582	153,287		629,869	-	-	
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)		2,458,550	1,908,627		4,367,177		(282,056)	
Restricted:							,	
Nonexpendable trust principal		6,000	-		6,000		-	
Cemetery maintenance		16,376	-		16,376		-	
Parks and recreation		813,754	-		813,754		425,710	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(567,221)	10,321		(556,900)		(41,318)	
Total net position	\$	2,727,459	\$ 1,918,948	\$	4,646,407	\$	102,336	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2015

						xpense) Revenue a		
	-	Program Revenues			P	rimary Government	<u>t</u>	Component Unit
Estitu/Essations/Dusamus	E	Charges	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	Tatala	Industrial Development
Entity/Functions/Programs Primary Government:	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	Authority
Governmental activities:								
General government administration	\$ 786,203	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (786,203)	•	\$ (786,203)	\$ -
Public safety	812,586	45,083	175,484	5 -	(592,019)	5 -	(592,019)	Ф -
Public works	1,369,850	45,065	728,114	-	(641,736)	_	(641,736)	-
Parks, recreation and cultural	464,969	_	726,114	_	(464,969)	-	(464,969)	-
Community and economic development	108,566	_	_	_	(108,566)	_	(108,566)	_
Interest	39,846	_	_	_	(39,846)		(39,846)	_
interest	37,040				(37,040)	-	(37,040)	
Total governmental activities	3,582,020	45,083	903,598	<u>-</u>	(2,633,339)	=	(2,633,339)	
Business-type activities:								
Water, sewer and sanitation	2,478,288	2,947,948	-	300,141	-	769,801	769,801	-
Stormwater management	58,743	79,863	-			21,120	21,120	
Total business-type activities	2,537,031	3,027,811	-	300,141		790,921	790,921	
Total primary government	\$ 6,119,051	\$ 3,072,894	\$ 903,598	\$ 300,141	(2,633,339)	790,921	(1,842,418)	
Component Unit:								
Industrial Development Authority	\$ 9,167	\$ 11,184	\$ -	\$ -		-		2,017
	General Revenue	es:						
	Taxes:							
	General pro	perty taxes			576,922	-	576,922	-
	Other local t	taxes:						
	Consumer	utility			387,647	-	387,647	-
	Meals				466,633	-	466,633	-
	Local sale				160,706	-	160,706	-
	Business 1	icense			223,970	-	223,970	-
	Other				291,374	-	291,374	-
		ntal, non-categor	rical aid		197,996	-	197,996	-
	Use of money				87,468	-	87,468	-
	Miscellaneous				160,142	38,746	198,888	-
	Transfers				298,487	(298,487)	-	
	Total general rev	enues and transf	ers, net		2,851,345	(259,741)	2,591,604	
	Cha	nge in net posit	ion		218,006	531,180	749,186	2,017
	Net position, beg				2,509,453	1,387,768	3,897,221	100,319
	Net position, end	ina			\$ 2,727,459	\$ 1,918,948	\$ 4,646,407	\$ 102,336

See Notes to Financial Statements.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

A CONTROL	- General		Permanent Fund Greenwood Cemetery Trust Fund		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash, cash equivalents and temporary	Φ.	727 020				
cash investments	\$	535,838	\$	-	\$	535,838
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts		177.507				177 507
Property taxes		177,587		-		177,587
Trade and other accounts		77,277		-		77,277
Interest		40 126		33		33
Due from other governments		48,136		22 242		48,136
Restricted cash		1,260,553		22,343		1,282,896
Total assets	\$	2,099,391	\$	22,376	\$	2,121,767
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	137,284	\$	-	\$	137,284
Accrued payroll and benefits		75,118		-		75,118
Unearned revenue		637,835		-		637,835
Total liabilities		850,237		-		850,237
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		185,113		-		185,113
Total deferred inflows of resources		185,113		-		185,113
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable: Permanent fund principal		-		6,000		6,000
Restricted for:		012754				012 754
Parks and recreation		813,754		16 276		813,754
Cemetary maintenance		92.000		16,376		16,376 82,000
Assigned: Parks and recreation Unassigned		82,000 168,287		-		82,000 168,287
Unassigned		108,287		-		108,287
Total fund balances		1,064,041		22,376		1,086,417
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,099,391	\$	22,376	\$	2,121,767

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

		nmenta nds	1
Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	1,086,417
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Governmental capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization Net capital assets	\$ 6,828,913 (2,413,944)		4,414,969
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and, therefore, are not recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds.			140,128
Other long-term assets are not available to fund current expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.			12,000
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets (obligations) are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			(154,188)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.			
General obligation bonds Compensated absences Interest payable Net pension liability	(1,956,419) (146,526) (13,257) (352,196)		
The policion intolling	(332,170)		(2,468,398)
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds.			(303,469)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	2,727,459

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2015

		_	Permanent Fund Greenwood Cemetery	Total Governmental
	Gene	ral	Trust Fund	Funds
Revenues:				
General property taxes	\$ 57	79,922	\$ -	\$ 579,922
Other local taxes	1,53	30,330	-	1,530,330
Permits		4,160	-	4,160
Fines and forfeitures	4	10,923	-	40,923
Use of money and property	8	37,976	(508)	87,468
Miscellaneous	16	50,142	-	160,142
Intergovernmental	1,10)1,594	-	1,101,594
Total revenues	3,50	05,047	(508)	3,504,539
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government administration	77	70,265	-	770,265
Public safety	87	78,516	-	878,516
Public works	1,41	8,584	-	1,418,584
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,17	74,047	-	1,174,047
Community and economic development	10	9,003	-	109,003
Debt service:				
Principal		16,785	-	146,785
Interest	3	38,437	-	38,437
Total expenditures	4,53	35,637	-	4,535,637
Revenues under expenditures	(1,03	30,590)	(508)	(1,031,098)
Other financing sources:				
General obligation bonds issued	1,05	55,000	-	1,055,000
Transfers in		98,487	-	298,487
Total other financing sources	1,35	53,487	-	1,353,487
Net change in fund balances	32	22,897	(508)	322,389
Fund balances, beginning	74	1,144	22,884	764,028
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,06	54,041	\$ 22,376	\$ 1,086,417

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Govern Fur	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ 322,389
Reconciliation of amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and amortization in the current period. Expenditures for capital assets Less: depreciation and amortization expense	\$ 910,084 (142,360)	
Excess of capital outlays over depreciation and amortization		767,724
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.		(3,000)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Debt issued:		
General obligation bonds	(1,055,000)	
Principal repayments: General obligation bonds and note payable	146,785	(908,215)
Deferred outflows of resources - pension contributions		140,128
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest Compensated absences Pension expense Postemployment benefits	(1,409) (9,301) (64,579) (25,731)	(101,020)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 218,006

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2015

Budgeted → Image	General Fund			
Revenues: General property taxes \$ 533,000 \$ 533,000 \$ 579,922 \$ 46,900 Other local taxes 1,449,000 1,449,000 1,530,330 81,330 Permits 4,000 4,000 4,160 1 Fines and forfeitures 42,000 42,000 40,923 (1,000) Use of money and property 70,000 70,000 87,976 17,900 Charges for services 68,000 - - - Miscellaneous 8,000 8,000 160,142 152,1 Intergovernmental 1,743,000 1,743,000 1,101,594 (641,400) Expenditures: Current: <				
Revenues: Separate property taxes \$ 533,000 \$ 533,000 \$ 579,922 \$ 46,90 Other local taxes 1,449,000 1,449,000 1,530,330 81,33 Permits 4,000 4,000 4,160 1 Fines and forfeitures 42,000 42,000 40,923 (1,000) Use of money and property 70,000 70,000 87,976 17,900 Charges for services 68,000 - - - - Miscellaneous 8,000 8,000 160,142 152,1 152,1 Intergovernmental 1,743,000 1,743,000 1,101,594 (641,400) Total revenues 3,917,000 3,849,000 3,505,047 (343,900) Expenditures: Current: Current: 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,500 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,500 68,500 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,400) 724,400 72,400 72,400 <				
Other local taxes 1,449,000 1,449,000 1,530,330 81,3 Permits 4,000 4,000 4,160 1 Fines and forfeitures 42,000 42,000 40,923 (1,0 Use of money and property 70,000 70,000 87,976 17,9 Charges for services 68,000 - - - Miscellaneous 8,000 8,000 160,142 152,1 Intergovernmental 1,743,000 1,743,000 1,101,594 (641,4 Total revenues 3,917,000 3,849,000 3,505,047 (343,9 Expenditures: Current: Ceneral government administration 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,2 General government administration 700,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,174,047 (337,9 Stormwater management 66,000 - - - <t< td=""><td></td></t<>				
Permits 4,000 4,000 4,160 1 Fines and forfeitures 42,000 42,000 40,923 (1,0 Use of money and property 70,000 70,000 87,976 17,9 Charges for services 68,000 - - - - Miscellaneous 8,000 8,000 160,142 152,1 Intergovernmental 1,743,000 1,743,000 1,101,594 (641,4 Total revenues 3,917,000 3,849,000 3,505,047 (343,9 Expenditures: Current: Current: Current: 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,2 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,4 Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,9 Stormwater management 66,000 - - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 <td>22</td>	22			
Fines and forfeitures 42,000 42,000 40,923 (1,000) Use of money and property 70,000 70,000 87,976 17,900 Charges for services 68,000 -				
Use of money and property 70,000 70,000 87,976 17,9 Charges for services 68,000 - - - Miscellaneous 8,000 8,000 160,142 152,1 Intergovernmental 1,743,000 1,743,000 1,101,594 (641,4 Total revenues Expenditures: Current: General government administration 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,2 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,4 Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,9) Stormwater management 66,000 - - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,9)	60			
Charges for services 68,000 - <td></td>				
Miscellaneous 8,000 8,000 160,142 152,1 Intergovernmental 1,743,000 1,743,000 1,101,594 (641,40) Total revenues 3,917,000 3,849,000 3,505,047 (343,90) Expenditures: Current: Current: 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,200 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,500 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,400) Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,90) Stormwater management 66,000 - - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,90) Debt service: 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	76			
Intergovernmental 1,743,000 1,743,000 1,101,594 (641,42) Total revenues 3,917,000 3,849,000 3,505,047 (343,93) Expenditures: Current: Current: Current: 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,240 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,500 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,400) Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,900) Stormwater management 66,000 - - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,900) Debt service: 109,003 109,003 109,003 109,003 109,003				
Total revenues 3,917,000 3,849,000 3,505,047 (343,900) Expenditures: Current: Current: Current: 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,205				
Expenditures: Current: General government administration 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,2 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,4 Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,9) Stormwater management 66,000	06)			
Current: General government administration 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,2 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,4 Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,9 Stormwater management 66,000 - - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,9 Debt service:	53)			
General government administration 700,000 700,000 770,265 70,2 Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,4 Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,9 Stormwater management 66,000 - - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,9 Debt service:				
Public safety 810,000 810,000 878,516 68,5 Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,4 Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,9 Stormwater management 66,000 - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,9 Debt service:				
Public works 2,143,000 2,143,000 1,418,584 (724,4 Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,9 Stormwater management 66,000 - - - Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,9 Debt service:	65			
Parks, recreation and cultural 457,000 1,512,000 1,174,047 (337,90) Stormwater management 66,000 -	16			
Stormwater management 66,000 Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,9) Debt service:	16)			
Community and economic development 116,000 116,000 109,003 (6,9) Debt service:	53)			
Debt service:				
	97)			
Principal 185 500 185 500 146 785 (38 7				
111101941 105,500 170,705 (50,7	15)			
Interest 28,000 28,000 38,437 10,4	37			
Total expenditures 4,505,500 5,494,500 4,535,637 (958,8	63)			
Revenues under expenditures (588,500) (1,645,500) (1,030,590) 614,9	10			
Other financing sources:				
General obligation bonds issued - 1,055,000 1,055,000 - Transfers in - 298,487 298,4	87			
Total other financing sources - 1,055,000 1,353,487 298,4				
- 1,033,000 1,333,407 270,4	07			
Net change in fund balance \$ (588,500) \$ (590,500) 322,897 \$ 913,3	97			
Fund balance, beginning 741,144				
Fund balance, ending \$ 1,064,041				

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund	Non-major Business-type Activity - Stormwater Management Fund	Total Business-type Activities	
ASSETS				
Current Assets: Accounts receivable, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts Due from other governments	\$ 398,800 122,476	\$ 8,420	\$ 407,220 122,476	
Total current assets	521,276	8,420	529,696	
Noncurrent Assets: Capital assets: Land Buildings and improvements	4,600 889,632	-	4,600 889,632	
Buildings and improvements Distribution and collection systems	2,526,685	-	2,526,685	
Equipment	2,271,517	-	2,271,517	
Vehicles	725,208	-	725,208	
Construction in progress	19,253	-	19,253	
Total capital assets	6,436,895	-	6,436,895	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(4,033,268)	-	(4,033,268)	
Total noncurrent assets	2,403,627	-	2,403,627	
Total assets	2,924,903	8,420	2,933,323	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan	70,782	-	70,782	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	39,347	6,652	45,999	
Accrued payroll and benefits	35,532	1,424	36,956	
Accrued interest	3,570	=	3,570	
Compensated absences	33,942	-	33,942	
Customer deposits	29,875	-	29,875	
Unearned revenue	86,000	=	86,000	
Bonds payable	55,000	-	55,000	
Total current liabilities	283,266	8,076	291,342	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Bonds payable	440,000	-	440,000	
Net pension liability	177,901	-	177,901	
Compensated absences	22,627	-	22,627	
Total noncurrent liabilities	640,528	-	640,528	
Total liabilities	923,794	8,076	931,870	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension plan	153,287		153,287	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	1,908,627 9,977	344	1,908,627 10,321	
Total net position	\$ 1,918,604	\$ 344	\$ 1,918,948	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund		Business-type d Activity - Stormwater		Total Business-type Activities	
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	2,943,262	\$	79,863	\$	3,023,125
Connection fees		4,686		-		4,686
Penalties		38,746		-		38,746
Total operating revenues		2,986,694		79,863		3,066,557
Operating expenses:						
Personal services		711,997		27,434		739,431
Fringe benefits		222,410		2,700		225,110
Materials, line repairs and other		499,133		28,609		527,742
Regional Sewer Authority assessment:						
Operations and maintenance		325,270		-		325,270
Debt service		485,106		-		485,106
Construction		39,206		-		39,206
Depreciation		184,246		-		184,246
Total operating expenses		2,467,368		58,743		2,526,111
Operating income		519,326		21,120		540,446
Nonoperating revenue (expense):						
Interest expense		(10,920)		-		(10,920)
Connection availability fees		177,665		-		177,665
Total nonoperating revenue, net		166,745		-		166,745
Income before capital contributions and transfers		686,071		21,120		707,191
Capital contributions		122,476		-		122,476
Transfers out		(270,734)		(27,753)		(298,487)
Change in net position		537,813		(6,633)		531,180
Net position, beginning, as restated		1,380,791		6,977		1,387,768
Net position, ending	\$	1,918,604	\$	344	\$	1,918,948

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2015

		isiness-type		Non-major		
		Activity -	ŀ	Business-type		
		erprise Fund		Activity -		TD . 1
		ater, Sewer	,	Stormwater	_	Total
	an	d Sanitation		Management		usiness-type
		Fund		Fund		Activities
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	Φ.	2 002 151	Φ.	00.050	Φ.	2004424
Receipts from customers	\$	3,003,174	\$	80,960	\$	3,084,134
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,352,331)		(23,446)		(1,375,777)
Payments to employees for services		(964,874)		(29,761)		(994,635)
Net cash provided by operating activities		685,969		27,753		713,722
Cash Flows From Noncapital and Related Financing Activities:						
Transfers out		(270,734)		(27,753)		(298,487)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(518,211)		_		(518,211)
Connection availability fees		177,665		_		177,665
Principal paid on:		177,003				177,005
General obligation bonds		(55,000)		_		(55,000)
Capital lease		(8,800)		_		(8,800)
Interest paid on outstanding debt		(10,889)		_		(10,889)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(415,235)		-		(415,235)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:						
Beginning		-		_		-
Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash						
Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating income	\$	519,326	\$	21,120	\$	540,446
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation		184,246		_		184,246
Pension expense		32,620		_		32,620
Changes in operating accounts:						
Decrease in accounts receivable		27,530		1,097		28,627
Decrease in unearned revenue		(12,000)		-		(12,000)
Decrease in deferred outflows		(70,782)		-		(70,782)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,029		5,536		10,565
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	685,969	\$	27,753	\$	713,722
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (the Town) was incorporated in 1835 and provides a wide range of municipal services contemplated by statute or charter. The Town is governed by an elected mayor and six member council.

The accounting principles of the Town conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles in the United States. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

In determining how to define the financial reporting entity, management considered all potential component units using the standards prescribed under GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and 34.* Component units include any legally separate organizations for which the Town Council is financially accountable. Financial accountability results where 1) there is fiscal dependence and a financial benefit or burden relationship, 2) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by the Town Council and a financial benefit or burden relationship, or 3) there is a voting majority of the organization's governing body appointed by Town Council and the Town Council has the ability to impose its will on the organization.

Even if financial accountability is not established, a potential component unit may still need to be reported simply because it would be misleading to exclude it.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations, and functions as an integral part of the primary government, so data from these units would be combined with data of the Town. The Town has no blended component units at June 30, 2015. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the Town.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Industrial Development Authority of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (Authority) was created as a governmental subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Town Council of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia on July 15, 1975 pursuant to the provisions of the Industrial Development and Revenue Bond Act, Title 15.2, Chapter 49, Sections 15.2-4900 et seq. (formerly Title 15.1, Chapter 33, Sections 15.1-1373, et seq.) of the *Code of Virginia* of 1950, as amended. The Authority is governed by six directors appointed by the Mayor of the Town and there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. A director is appointed to a four year term and can serve two consecutive terms. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements but is included in the Town's financial statements for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 as a discretely presented component unit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit (Continued)

The Authority is empowered, among other things, to acquire, own, lease and dispose of any of its facilities and to make loans or grants in furtherance of its purposes as set forth by law, including to promote industry and develop trade by inducing manufacturing, industrial, governmental, nonprofit and commercial enterprises and institutions of higher education to locate in or remain in the Commonwealth and further the use of its agricultural products and natural resources.

The Authority is specifically authorized to issue bonds for any of its purposes, including the payment of the cost of its facilities and the payment or retirement of bonds previously issued by it. All bonds issued by the Authority are payable solely from the revenues and receipts derived from the leasing or sale by the Authority of its facilities or any part thereof or from the payments received by the Authority in connection with its loans. In addition, depending upon the financing structure, the bonds of the Authority may be further secured by a deed of trust or other collateral documents. No bonds of the Authority shall be deemed to constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the Commonwealth of Virginia or any political subdivision thereof, including the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia.

B. <u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation</u>

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the Town) and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed. These statements distinguish between the government and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component unit for which the primary government is fiscally responsible.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds and separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund

The Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund accounts for services to the general public which are financed primarily by charges to users of those services.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Permanent Fund

The purpose of the Greenwood Cemetery Trust Fund is to account for assets of which principal may not be spent.

The Town reports the following nonmajor enterprise fund:

Stormwater Management Fund

The Stormwater Management Fund accounts for services to the general public which are financed primarily by charges to users for those services.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. *Direct expenses* are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as *general revenues*.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 75 days after year-end, except property taxes which are recognized as revenue if they have been collected within 45 days after year-end. All taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions.

C. Budgetary Data

The Town Council's fiscal control is exercised through budgeting. The Town budget is developed for informative and fiscal planning purposes only and presents an itemized listing of contemplated expenditures and estimated revenues for the ensuing fiscal year. The Town Council approves the budget after a public hearing.

The budget is prepared using the same accounting basis and practices as are used to account for and prepare the financial reports; thus, the budget presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts is presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

When the budget becomes effective at the beginning of the fiscal year, the Town Council must make appropriations before money may be expended for any budgeted item. Appropriations are made on a monthly basis and may be greater than contemplated in the annual budget. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u>

1) <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Town considers all cash accounts, which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties, and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The Town participates in a local government investment pool which is reported at the pool's share price as the investment pool is a 2a7-like pool.

2) Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are recognized as a receivable when levied and attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are due and collectible twice a year, by June 5 and December 5. That portion of the taxes receivable which is not collected within 45 days is shown as unavailable revenue. Since the Town has an enforceable lien on the property, the Town records the December 5 levy as property taxes receivable and unavailable revenue at year end. A penalty of 10% of the tax is assessed after the applicable payment date. Interest is charged to all unpaid accounts beginning July 1st and January 1st, as appropriate, at an annual rate of 10%.

3) Prepaid Items

The Town has elected to follow the purchases method for prepaid items.

Under the purchases method, the Town may recognize the entire amount of a prepayment as an expenditure of the period that payment is made. Therefore, insurance and similar services expenditures are recognized as an expenditure in the period in which payment is made and, therefore, does not appear as a prepaid item on the Balance Sheet or Statement of Net Position.

4) Restricted Cash

The Greenwood Cemetery Trust Fund's cash balance is restricted in accordance with the trust agreement.

The General Fund's restricted cash includes bond proceeds in which cash was received before expenditures have been incurred.

5) <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The Town only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the employer's fiscal year 2015 Virginia Retirement System contributions and is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, and the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u> (Continued)

5) <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, one item, unavailable revenue, which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on the Virginia Retirement System's plan investments, is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position.

6) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, infrastructure, and intangible assets, are reported in the applicable governmental, or business-type activity, or proprietary fund columns in the financial statements. Capital assets and infrastructure are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and \$15,000, respectively, and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures/expenses which materially increase values or extend useful lives are capitalized.

As allowed by GASB standards, the Town has elected not to capitalize infrastructure already in place as of June 30, 2003. Effective July 1, 2003, the Town began capitalizing infrastructure additions that meet the aforementioned capitalization requirements.

The Town's intangible assets include land easements and software. Land easements have indefinite useful lives and thus are not subject to amortization.

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20-40 years
Distribution and collection systems	20-40 years
Equipment	3-25 years
Vehicles	5 years
Infrastructure	20-30 years
Software	3 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u> (Continued)

7) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Town does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Town. Employees can earn up to 160 hours of vacation annually depending on their years of service and can accumulate up to 400 hours of vacation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General Fund is responsible for paying the liability for compensated absences for general government employees and has been used in prior years to liquidate the governmental funds' liability.

8) <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activity or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses.

9) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Town's Retirement Plan net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities and Equity</u> (Continued)

10) Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report classifications of fund balance as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact (such as the principal of a permanent fund that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact).

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, creditors, or laws and regulations of other governments), or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town's highest level of decision-making authority. The Town Council is the highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of an ordinance, prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (adoption of another ordinance) to remove or reverse the limitation.

Assigned fund balance – amounts intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily.

Unassigned fund balance – residual balance of the General Fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the Town's policy to use the most restricted funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned, as they are needed.

11) Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Loans of the Industrial Development Authority and Pass-Through Financing

Generally, the principal financing activity of the Authority reflects either a loan structure or a passthrough financing lease structure. The documentation provides for periodic payments from the borrowers to the Authority in amounts, which mirror, and are equal to, the principal and interest payments that are due to the bondholders of the Authority.

The Authority has assigned all rights to the payments to the trustees or other fiduciaries of the bondholders, and the lessees, purchasers or borrowers have assumed responsibility for all operating costs such as utilities, repairs, and property taxes. In such cases, the Authority neither receives nor disburses funds.

Although title to these properties may rest with the Authority, bargain purchase options or other lease provisions eliminate any equity interest that would otherwise be retained with the transactions. Deeds of trust collateralize outstanding bond obligations and title will pass to the lessee or purchaser when the bonds are fully paid.

Although the Authority provides a conduit to execute such transactions, it does not retain either the benefits of asset ownership or the liability for bond liquidation. Accordingly, the Authority does not recognize associated assets, liabilities, rental income, or interest expense in its financial statements for the pass-through lease.

The Authority issued bonds during the year for the construction of a building adjacent to Generations Park and added equipment to the building for a restaurant. The Authority will lease this facility to a restaurant and the rental income will be used to reimburse the Authority for project costs that were incurred prior to the issuance of the bond. The associated liabilities and assets are recognized in the Authority's financial statements.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

<u>Deposits</u>: Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et., seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk (Deposits)</u>: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposits may not be returned to the Town. The Town requires all deposits to comply with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. At year-end, none of the Town's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Investments</u>: Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

The Town has investments in the LGIP. The LGIP is a professionally managed money market fund which invests in qualifying obligations and securities as permitted by Virginia statutes. Pursuant to Section 2.2-4605 *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings. The fair value of the LGIP is the same as the value of the pool shares, i.e., the LGIP maintains a stable net asset value of \$1 per share. The LGIP has been assigned an "AAAm" rating by Standard & Poor's. All of the investments made by the Town are in LGIP and the maturity of the LGIP is less than one year.

The Town does not have a formal investment policy.

At year-end, the Town's investment balances were as follows:

	 Value
Investment in State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	\$ 489,543

Note 3. Receivables and Deferred Revenue

Receivables at June 30, 2015, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	 General Fund	Pe	ermanent Fund	Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund	Mar	rmwater nagement Fund	Totals	
Property taxes Trade and other accounts Interest	\$ 188,587 77,277	\$	- - 33	\$ 405,800	\$	- \$ 8,420 -	188,587 491,497 33	7
Gross receivables	265,864		33	405,800		8,420	680,117	,
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	 11,000		-	7,000		-	18,000)
Net receivables	\$ 254,864	\$	33	\$ 398,800	\$	8,420 \$	662,117	,

The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to \$11,000 and \$7,000 at June 30, 2015 for the General Fund and Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund, respectively.

Dain.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Receivables and Deferred Revenue (Continued)

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the General Fund and Statement of Net Position were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$	12,000	\$ _	
Advance collection of 2015-2016 taxes		_	10,913	
Assessment due December 5, net of collections		173,113	_	
Urban Construction Program funds		_	467,699	
Police Asset Forfeiture funds		_	129,602	
Other		-	29,621	
			_	
	\$	185,113	\$ 637,835	

In 2008, the Town's Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund received \$124,000 payment from a local developer for sewer connection fees associated with the development of a subdivision. Through the current fiscal year, connections in the amount of \$34,000 have been made and refunds in the amount of \$4,000 have been issued, thereby reducing the balance to \$86,000. The balance is fully refundable to the developer if the project isn't completed. Therefore, the balance has been classified as unearned revenue.

Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority

The Authority defers revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. The amount reported as unearned revenue for the Authority consists of assessments received for the last six months of the calendar year. Unearned revenue was \$5,491 at June 30, 2015.

Note 4. Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments includes the following:

General Fund:	
Federal:	
ISTEA grant	\$ 2,585
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
Local sales and communication tax	42,000
County of Rockingham:	
Court fines and fees	3,551
	\$ 48,136
Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund:	
Federal:	
Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)	\$ 96,692
Commonwealth of Virginia:	
HMGP Grant	25,784
	\$ 122,476

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	(Deletion Reclassificat		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
or amortized:							
Land	\$	1,954,769	\$	-	\$	- \$	1,954,769
Land easements		6,400		-		-	6,400
Construction in progress		16,368		763,799		-	780,167
Total capital assets, not being							
depreciated or amortized	_	1,977,537		763,799		_	2,741,336
Capital assets being depreciated							
or amortized:							
Buildings and improvements		2,072,839		60,000		-	2,132,839
Equipment		885,502		22,530		-	908,032
Software		43,137		-		-	43,137
Infrastructure		523,050		15,071		-	538,121
Vehicles		416,764		48,684		-	465,448
Total capital assets being							
depreciated or amortized		3,941,292		146,285		-	4,087,577
Less accumulated depreciation							
or amortization for:							
Buildings and improvements		968,228		73,030		-	1,041,258
Equipment		746,453		30,608		-	777,061
Software		43,137		-		-	43,137
Infrastructure		152,566		17,686		-	170,252
Vehicles		361,200		21,036		-	382,236
Total accumulated depreciation							
or amortization		2,271,584		142,360		-	2,413,944
Total capital assets being		1 660 709		2 025			1 672 622
depreciated or amortized, net	_	1,669,708		3,925		-	1,673,633
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	3,647,245	\$	767,724	\$	- \$	4,414,969
Depreciation and amortization expense was	cha	rged to funct	ion	ıs/programs	as follows:		
r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8					
Governmental activities:							
General government administration						\$	26,539
Public safety							20,433
Public works							52,798
Parks, recreation and cultural							42,590
.,							,
Total depreciation and amortization expense – governmental activities							142,360

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Capital Assets (Continued)

		Beginning Balance		Increases	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	4,600 370,579	\$	318,562	\$ - (669,888)	\$ 4,600 19,253
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		375,179		318,562	(669,888)	23,853
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Distribution and collection systems Equipment Vehicles		889,632 2,485,740 1,453,925 714,208		40,945 147,704 11,000	- - 669,888 -	889,632 2,526,685 2,271,517 725,208
Total capital assets being depreciated		5,543,505		199,649	669,888	6,413,042
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Distribution and collection systems Equipment Vehicles Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net		746,681 1,536,960 918,979 646,402 3,849,022 1,694,483		18,743 55,070 90,267 20,166 184,246	- - - - - - 669,888	765,424 1,592,030 1,009,246 666,568 4,033,268 2,379,774
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	2,069,662	\$	333,965	\$ -	\$ 2,403,627
Depreciation expense was charged to fu Business-type activities: Water Sewer Sanitation	nctio	ons/prograi	ms a	as follows:		\$ 132,555 48,711 2,980
Total depreciation expense – busin	iess-	type activi	ties			\$ 184,246
		Beginning Balance		Increases	Deletions	Ending Balance
Component Unit – IDA: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	79,747 -	\$	200,210	\$ -	\$ 79,747 200,210
Total capital assets, not being Depreciated	\$	79,747	\$	200,210	\$ 	\$ 279,957

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Total General Obligation Bonds

Note 6. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the Town's governmental activities:

	 Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Bonds and notes payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,048,204 \$	1,055,000 \$	(146,785) \$	1,956,419 \$	164,001
Compensated absences	 137,225	97,162	(87,861)	146,526	87,916
Governmental activities long- term liabilities	\$ 1,185,429 \$	1,152,162 \$	(234,646) \$	2,102,945 \$	251,917

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt exclusive of compensated absences are as follows:

Year Ending	General Ob	General Obligation Bonds					
June 30,	Principal		Interest				
2016	\$ 164,001	\$	47,998				
2017	166,347		44,468				
2018	90,691		40,945				
2019	93,099		38,538				
2020	95,513		36,122				
2021-2025	517,240		140,938				
2026-2030	356,095		74,950				
2031-2035	236,418		42,949				
2036-2040	237,015		14,011				
	\$ 1,956,419	\$	480,919				

General Obligation Bonds	
\$915,000 general obligation bond issued December 2011, due in annual installments of \$54,139 to \$73,670 through December 2026, plus interest payable annually at 2.84%	\$ 761,545
\$390,000 general obligation bond, issued June 2012, due in annual installments of \$78,000 through June 2017, plus interest payable semi-annually at 1.49%	156,000
\$1,055,000 general obligation bond, issued December 2014, due in semi-annual installments of \$15,839 to \$27,615 through December 2039, plus interest payable semi-annually at 2.29% for the first ten years then five year adjustable rate mortgage with rate caps for the remainder of the 25 year	
amortization.	 1,038,874

\$ 1,956,419

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Property tax revenues are generally used to pay off long-term debt.

The December 2011 bonds were issued to refinance the \$915,000 general obligation bond that was issued in December 2001 for the purchase of real property.

The June 2012 bond was issued to provide matching funds for a VDOT Revenue Sharing grant for street maintenance projects.

The December 2014 bond was issued for the construction of a facility in Generations Park.

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the Town's business-type activity:

	· ·	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-type activity:						
General obligation bonds	\$	550,000 \$	- \$	(55,000) \$	495,000 \$	55,000
Capital lease		8,800	-	(8,800)	-	-
		558,800	-	(63,800)	495,000	55,000
Compensated absences		54,152	51,404	(48,987)	56,569	33,942
Business-type activity						
long-term liabilities	\$	612,952 \$	51,404 \$	(112,787) \$	551,569 \$	88,942

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds						
June 30,		Principal	Interest				
2016	\$	55,000 \$	9,801				
2017		55,000	8,712				
2018		55,000	7,623				
2019		55,000	6,534				
2020		55,000	5,445				
2021-2024		220,000	10,890				
	\$	495,000 \$	49,005				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds

\$550,000 general obligation public improvement bond, Series 2014, issued March 2014, due in annual installment of \$55,000 through March 2024, plus interest payable semi-annually at 1.98%

\$ 495,000

Series 2014 bond was issued for the purpose of construction of a water tank adjacent to the Bridgewater Treatment Plant.

At June 30, 2015, the Town had an available legal debt margin of \$39,666,192.

The following is a summary of long-term debt activity for the Town's component unit – Industrial Development Authority:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority: Bonds and notes payable: General obligation bonds	\$ -	\$ 565,000 \$	(2,987) \$	562,013 \$	14,468
Component unit long-term liabilities	\$ -	\$ 565,000 \$	(2,987) \$	562,013 \$	14,468

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds		
June 30,	'-	Principal	Interest
2016	\$	14,468 \$	19,705
2017		15,035	19,138
2018		15,569	18,604
2019		16,121	18,052
2020		16,646	17,527
2021-2025		92,736	78,130
2026-2030		110,410	60,456
2031-2035		131,452	39,414
2036-2040		149,576	14,361
	\$	562,013 \$	285,387

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds

\$225,000 general obligation bond issued December 2014, due in semi-annual installments of \$2,886 to \$6,688 through December 2039, plus interest payable semi-annually at 3.47% for the first ten years then adjustable rate mortgage with rate caps for the remaining 15 years. The rate cap will not exceed a 2.0% adjustment at each five year period.

\$ 222,013

\$340,000 general obligation bond, issued April 2015, due in semi-annual installments of \$4,285 to \$10,107 through April 2040, plus interest payable semi-annually at 3.47% for the first ten years then adjustable rate mortgage with rate caps for the remaining 15 years. The rate cap will not exceed a 2.0% adjustment at each five year period.

340,000

Total General Obligation Bonds

\$ 562,013

The December 2014 bond was issued for the purpose of construction of a restaurant shell adjacent to Generations Park.

The April 2015 bond was issued for the purpose of improving and equipping a restaurant facility adjacent to Generations Park.

Note 7. Line of Credit

The Town renewed an unsecured line of credit on February 15, 2015 in the amount of \$250,000 which bears interest at a variable rate (3.25% at June 30, 2015). There was no outstanding balance at June 30, 2015. The line of credit matures February 2016.

Note 8. Pension Plan

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent Multiple-Employer Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Town are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1 Plan 2 Hybrid Retirement Plan

About Plan 1

Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

About Plan 2

Plan 2 is a defined plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. **Employees** are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after 2010, 1, or July their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

About the Hybrid Retirement Plan

The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (See "Eligible Members")

- The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.
- The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.
- In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1

Plan 2

Hybrid Retirement Plan

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.

Eligible Members

Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.

Hybrid Opt-In Election

Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.

The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.

If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.

Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.

Eligible Members

Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:

- Political subdivision employees.*
- Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.

*Non-Eligible Members

Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:

 Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees.

Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1 Plan 2 Hybrid Retirement Plan

Retirement Contributions

Members contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase the required 5% member contribution, but all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.

Creditable Service

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to eligibility determine their retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Retirement Contributions

Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Some political subdivisions elected to phase in the required 5% member contribution; all employees will be paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.

Creditable Service

Same as Plan 1.

Retirement Contributions

A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and employer. the Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Defined Contribution Component

Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Hybrid Plan 1 Plan 2 Retirement Plan

Vesting

Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Vesting

Same as Plan 1.

Vesting

Defined Benefit Component

Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a retirement future benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.

Defined Contribution Component

Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.

Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.

Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1 Plan 2 Hybrid Retirement Plan

Vesting (Continued) <u>Defined Contribution Component</u> (Continued)

- After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
- After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
- After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.

Distribution is not required by law until age 70 1/2.

Calculating the Benefit

The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.

An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.

Average Final Compensation

A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Calculating the Benefit

See definition under Plan 1.

Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component

See definition under Plan 1.

Defined Contribution Component

The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

Average Final Compensation

A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.

Average Final Compensation

Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.

Note 8. **Pension Plan (Continued)**

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.0%. For members that opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component Not applicable.
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Age 65. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Normal Social Security retirement age. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component Same as Plan 2. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		<u>Defined Contribution Component</u> Members are eligible to receive

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.

Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.

distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component

Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least 5 years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90. Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.

Defined Contribution Component

Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

following the unreduced retirement

eligibility date.

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Hybrid Plan 1 Plan 2 **Retirement Plan Earliest Reduced Retirement Earliest Reduced Retirement Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Eligibility Eligibility** Age 60 with at least five years (60 Age 55 with at least five years (60 **Defined Benefit Component** months) of creditable service or months) of creditable service. Members may retire with a age 50 with at least 10 years of reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) creditable service. of creditable service. Political subdivisions hazardous Political subdivisions hazardous Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. duty employees: Age 50 with at duty employees: Same as Plan 1. least five years of creditable **Defined Contribution Component** service. Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. **Cost-of-Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment Cost-of-Living Adjustment** (COLA) in Retirement (COLA) in Retirement (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment The Cost-of-Living Adjustment **Defined Benefit Component** (COLA) matches the first 3% (COLA) matches the first 2% Same as Plan 2. increase in the Consumer Price increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers Index for all Urban Consumers **Defined Contribution Component** (CPI-U) and half of any additional (CPI-U) and half of any additional Not applicable. increase (up to 4%) up to a increase (up to 2%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%. maximum COLA of 3%. **Eligibility:** Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. **Eligibility: Eligibility:** For members who retire with an Same as Plan 1. unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

from the date the monthly

benefit begins.

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Plan 1	Plan 2	Hybrid Retirement Plan
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1.	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
 The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly 		

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Hybrid Plan 1 Plan 2 Retirement Plan

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.

VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.

Disability Coverage

Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service regardless of when it was earned. purchased granted.

Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP) members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Same as Plan 1.

Disability Coverage

Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.

Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.

Purchase of Prior Service

Defined Benefit Component

Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:

- Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
- The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation.
- Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost.

Defined Contribution Component

Not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

A. Plan Description (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Number
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	18
Inactive Members:	
Vested	8
Non-vested	18
Active elsewhere in VRS	19
Total inactive members	45
Active members	49
Total covered employees	112

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by Section 51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, new employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 10.48% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by an employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$210,910 and \$212,519 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

B. Net Pension Liability

The Town's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employee's in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5 %

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension benefits.

Mortality Rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

- Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set forward 4 years and females set back 2 years.

- Post-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set forward 1 year.

- Post-disablement: RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back

3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees in the Town's retirement plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date as of June 30, 2014.

Inflation 2.5 %

Salary increases, including inflation 3.5% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation*

*Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality Rates: 60% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

- Pre-retirement: RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set back 2 years and females set back 2 years.

- Post-retirement: RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with

males set forward 1 year.

- Post-disablement: RP-2000 Disabled Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set

back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
	10.500/	C 160/	1.260/
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non-U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non-Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	100.00%		5.83%
		=	
	Inflation		2.50%
* Expected arithm	netic nominal return	· -	8.33%

^{*} Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons, the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

B. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Town's retirement plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ 7,491,391 \$	6,389,217	\$ 1,102,174
Changes for the Year:			
Service cost	239,778	_	239,778
Interest	516,842	_	516,842
Contributions – employer	-	212,519	(212,519)
Contributions – employee	-	100,101	(100,101)
Net investment income	-	1,021,390	(1,021,390)
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(215,871)	(215,871)	-
Administrative expense	-	(5,367)	5,367
Other changes	 -	54	(54)
Net changes	 540,749	1,112,826	(572,077)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$ 8,032,140 \$	7,502,043	\$ 530,097

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Town, using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	Current					
		1% Decrease (6.00%)		Discount Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)
Plan's net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,636,894	\$	530,097	\$	(387,527)

2) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS financial report. Additional financial information supporting the preparation of the VRS Political Subdivision Plan Schedules (including the unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements and required supplementary information) is presented in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR is publicly available through the About VRS link on the VRS website at www.varetire.org, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to the VRS Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Town recognized pension expense of \$97,918. The Town also reported deterred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ - 210,910	\$ 456,756 -
Total	\$ 210,910	\$ 456,756

\$210,910 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Pension Plan (Continued)

D. <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2016	\$	114,189
2017	Ψ	114,189
2018		114,189
2019		114,189

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) provided by the Town include single-employer defined benefit retiree health insurance premium plans and disability retirement benefit plans.

A retiree, eligible for the plan, is defined as a full-time employee who retires directly from the Town who has completed at least 25 years of service with the Town, or has attained the age of 65 with at least 20 years of service with the Town. Health benefits include medical, dental, and vision coverage. The Town contributes 50% towards health insurance premiums for retirees only and is dependent on if the retiree is covered under the non-Medicare plan or Medicare plan (age 65 or older). The plans were established by Town Council, and any amendments to the plans must be approved by Town Council.

The plans do not issue stand-alone financial reports.

B. Funding Policy

The Town Council establishes employer contribution rates for their plan participants. The Town Council has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

In June 2013, the Town had an actuarial valuation performed of postemployment benefits. The annual cost of OPEB under GASB Statement No. 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The pay-as-you-go cost for OPEB benefits for the Town's plan was \$13,155 and the annual benefit cost was \$38,886. The percentage of OPEB cost contributed was 33.8%.

GASB Statement No. 45 does not require prefunding of OPEB liabilities and the Town has elected not to prefund OPEB liabilities at this time. The difference between the OPEB annual expense and cash payments for OPEB benefits is treated as a liability in the financial statements when the liability is not prefunded. At June 30, 2015, the Town has recorded a liability of \$154,188 on the Statement of Net Position.

The Town is required to contribute the ARC of the employer an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years on an open basis. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB costs for the year, the estimated amount contributed for the year, and the changes in the net OPEB obligations.

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 38,800
Interest on net OPEB obligation	4,496
Adjustment to ARC	(4,410)
Annual OPEB cost	38,886
Contributions made	(13,155)
Increase in net OPEB	25,731
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	128,457
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 154,188

Trend Information

Trend information is as follows:

	Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	Net	
	Year	OPEB	Annual OPEB	OPEB	
_	Ended	Costs	Cost Contributed	Obligation	
_	June 30, 2013	\$ 36,337	41.7%	\$ 103,293	_
	June 30, 2014	37,669	33.2%	128,457	
	June 30, 2015	38,886	33.8%	154,188	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

D. Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation, the plan was not funded. The actuarial value of assets was \$-0- resulting in an unfunded actuarial liability (UAAL) of \$436,200.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made for the future. The schedules of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, present trend information that will show whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

An actuarial valuation is required to be obtained every three years.

The following table shows the funding status for the Town.

						Unfunded
						Actuarial
						Accrued
			Unfunded			Liability as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
						_
June 30, 2010 \$	- \$	452,600 \$	452,600	0.00% \$	1,858,400	24.35%
June 30, 2013	-	436,200	436,200	0.00%	1,995,500	21.86%

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 3.5% rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0%. The unfunded liability is amortized over a period of 30 years based on a level percent of payroll method on an open basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Interfund Transfers

The Town transferred \$270,734 from the Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund to the General Fund for administrative costs.

The Town transferred \$27,753 from the Stormwater Management Fund to the General Fund for administrative costs.

Note 11. Government Services Provided by Authorities

The City of Harrisonburg, the County of Rockingham, and the Towns of Bridgewater, Mt. Crawford, and Dayton entered into a guaranty agreement with the Harrisonburg-Rockingham Regional Sewer Authority (Authority) dated December 15, 1992. Under the terms of this agreement, these municipalities jointly and severally guaranteed the Authority's 2007 Sewer Revenue Bonds and 2008 Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds. In December 2007, the Authority issued \$30,000,000 Sewer Revenue Bonds to upgrade and expand its treatment plant, due in semi-annual installments of combined principal and interest of \$1,003,131 thereafter, with final maturity at September 1, 2030. The bonds currently outstanding total \$25,129,887. In June 2008, the Authority issued \$12,650,000 Sewer Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 bearing interest from 2.95% to 4.8% with final maturity at October 1, 2021. The bonds currently outstanding are \$7,337,056. In November 2008, the Authority issued \$33,219,297 Sewer Revenue Bonds, series 2008, bearing interest at 2.72%, due in semi-annual installments of combined principal and interest of \$1,187,590, with final maturity at September 1, 2030. The bonds currently outstanding are \$28,078,632. In February 2015, the Authority issued \$4,021,387 Sewer Revenue Bonds, due in semi-annual installments of combined principal and interest of \$115,954 thereafter, with a final maturity at April 1, 2036. The bonds currently outstanding total \$2,066,003.

The Town is obligated for 7.785% of the debt service.

The Authority bills the municipalities a monthly charge which includes an assessment for their respective share of the Authority's debt service, operating, and construction expenditures based on the municipality usage of the sewage treatment facilities. Based on the current average usage, the Town's assessment for the Authority's operating, capital outlay and maintenance, construction and debt service expenditures for the ensuing year will approximate \$316,000, \$37,000 and \$483,000, respectively. To obtain a copy of the audited financial statements, contact the Authority at 856 North River Road, P.O. Box 8, Mt. Crawford, Virginia, 22841.

Note 12. Major Customers

The Town has two major water and sewer customers. For the year ended June 30, 2015, water and sewer revenue from these customers was approximately \$1,185,000. There are accounts receivable from these customers of approximately \$95,000 at June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 13. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and others; and natural disasters. To reduce insurance costs and the need for self-insurance, the Town has joined with other municipalities in the Commonwealth of Virginia in several public entity risk pools that operate as common risk management and insurance programs for member municipalities. The Town is not self-insured.

The Town has coverage with the Virginia Municipal League Insurance Program (the "Pool") for all insurable risks identified by the Town. Each Pool member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The Town pays the Pool contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Pool and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Pool may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

Note 14. Contingency

Federal and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 15. Pending GASB Statements

At June 30, 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) had issued statements not yet implemented by the Town. The statements which might impact the Town are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, will improve measurement and application by state and local governments for fair value. Statement No. 72 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It will also improve the comparability of pension-related information. Statement No. 73 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, will improve financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. It also provides information for changes of OPEB liabilities from year to year. Statement No. 74 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. Pending GASB Statements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, will improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. It will also require the recognition of the entire OPEB liability and a comprehensive measure of OPEB expense. Statement No. 75 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, will improve financial reporting for state and local governments by providing greater reporting guidance to provide less variation in financial reporting. Statement No. 76 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, requires a state or local government to disclose information about tax abatement. Statement No. 77 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015.

Management has not determined the effect these new Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

Note 16. Summary Disclosure of Significant Commitments and Subsequent Events

On August 12, 2015, the Town purchased land on North Main Street for \$150,000. The land is to be used as a parking lot.

On October 13, 2015, the Industrial Development Authority approved the issuance of a revenue refunding bond up to \$4,000,000. The proceeds will benefit Bridgewater College.

Note 17. Prior Period Adjustment

The following adjustments were made to the beginning net position of the Primary Government and the Water, Sewer and Sanitation fund at July 1, 2014:

	Governmental Activities			
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	3,100,539		
Change in accounting principle for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 – to record the VRS net pension liability and related components		(591,086)		
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$	2,509,453		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 17. Prior Period Adjustment (Continued)

	ter, Sewer and nitation Fund	Business-Type Activities		
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ 1,679,359	\$	1,686,336	
Change in accounting principle for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 – to record the VRS net pension liability and related components	 (298,568)		(298,568)	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	\$ 1,380,791	\$	1,387,768	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

							Unf	unded
							Act	uarial
							Acc	crued
			Unfunded				Lia	bility
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial				as a Pe	ercentage
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Accrued	Fui	nded	Covered	of Co	overed
Date	Assets	Liability	Liability	Ra	atio	Payroll	Pa	yroll
June 30, 2010	\$ -	\$ 452,600	\$ 452,600		0.00%	\$ 1,858,400		24.35%
June 30, 2013	-	436,200	436,200		0.00%	1,995,500		21.86%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Fiscal Year Ended	R	Annual equired ntribution	Actual Contribution	Percent Funded	
June 30, 2013	\$	36,500 \$	15,138	41.47%	
June 30, 2014		37,600	12,505	33.26%	
June 30, 2015		38,800	13,155	33.90%	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		As of
	Ju	ne 30, 2014
Total Pension Liability		
Service cost	\$	239,778
Interest		516,842
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(215,871)
Net change in total pension liability		540,749
Total pension liability - beginning		7,491,391
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	8,032,140
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - employer	\$	212,519
Contributions - employee		100,101
Net investment income		1,021,390
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(215,871)
Administrative expense		(5,367)
Other		54
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,112,826
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		6,389,217
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	7,502,043
	\$	530,097
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.40%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,027,853
Town's net pension liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll		26.14%

Notes to Schedule:

- (1) Changes of benefit terms: There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.
- (2) **Changes of assumptions:** The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ended June, 2012:

LEOS:

Tow a. Update mortality table

- b. Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- c. Increase in rates of withdrawal
- d. Decrease in male and female rates of disability

NON-LEOS:

- a. Update mortality table
- b. Decrease in rates of service retirement
- c. Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- d. Reduce rates of salary increases by 0.25% per year
- (3) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF TOWN CONTRIBUTIONS - VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	Fiscal Year June 30, 2014		
Contractually required contribution (CRC)	\$	212,519		
Contributions in relation to the CRC		212,519		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-		
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,027,853		
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		10.48%		

Notes to Schedule:

1) Valuation date: June 30, 2014

2) Actuarilly determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20-29 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Cost-of-living adjustments 2.25%-2.50%

Projected salary increases 3.50%-5.35%, including inflation at 2.50%

Investment rate of return 7.0%, including inflation 2.50%

4) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Town will present information for those years for which information is available.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With Comparative Amounts for 2014)

	2015	2014
Revenues:		
General property taxes	\$ 579,922	\$ 542,897
Other local taxes	1,530,330	1,453,313
Permits	4,160	3,078
Fines and forfeitures	40,923	39,718
Use of money and property	87,976	90,455
Miscellaneous	160,142	32,980
Intergovernmental	1,101,594	1,019,878
Total revenues	3,505,047	3,182,319
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government administration	770,265	734,129
Public safety	878,516	825,896
Public works	1,418,584	1,245,008
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,174,047	445,772
Community and economic development	109,003	117,737
Debt service:		
Principal	146,785	216,520
Interest	38,437	34,135
Total expenditures	4,535,637	3,619,197
Revenues under expenditures	(1,030,590)	(436,878)
Other financing sources:		
General obligation bond issued	1,055,000	_
Transfers in	298,487	682,478
Total other financing sources	1,353,487	682,478
Net change in fund balance	322,897	245,600
Fund balance, beginning	741,144	495,544
Fund balance, ending	\$ 1,064,041	\$ 741,144

	 Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over		
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original		Final		Amounts	(Under)		
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real estate taxes	\$ 360,000	\$	360,000	\$	370,021	\$	10,021	
Personal property taxes	165,000		165,000		199,462		34,462	
Public service corporations property taxes	5,000		5,000		6,018		1,018	
Interest and penalties on delinquent taxes	 3,000		3,000		4,421		1,421	
Total general property taxes	 533,000		533,000		579,922		46,922	
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	160,000		160,000		160,706		706	
Consumer utility taxes	395,000		395,000		387,647		(7,353)	
Consumption taxes	25,000		25,000		24,874		(126	
Cigarette taxes	20,000		20,000		21,967		1,967	
Business license taxes	207,000		207,000		223,970		16,970	
Vehicle license taxes	87,000		87,000		82,995		(4,005	
Bank stock taxes	101,000		101,000		146,696		45,696	
Meals taxes	440,000		440,000		466,633		26,633	
Right-of-way use fee	 14,000		14,000		14,842		842	
Total other local taxes	 1,449,000		1,449,000		1,530,330		81,330	
Permits:								
Zoning, building and erosion	 4,000		4,000		4,160		160	
Fines and forfeitures	 42,000		42,000		40,923		(1,077)	
Use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	1,000		1,000		2,101		1,101	
Revenue from use of property	 69,000		69,000		85,875		16,875	
Total revenue from use of money and property	 70,000		70,000		87,976		17,976	
Charges for services:								
Stormwater management	 68,000		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous	 8,000		8,000		160,142		152,142	
Total revenue from local sources	 2,174,000		2,106,000		2,403,453		297,453	

	Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over		
Entity, Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original		Final	Amounts		(Under)	
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
Intergovernmental:							
Town of Mt. Crawford:							
Public safety	\$ 47,000	\$	47,000	\$ 46,720	\$	(280)	
Total local aid	 47,000		47,000	46,720		(280)	
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Non-categorical aid:							
Communication sales and use tax	95,000		95,000	91,495		(3,505)	
Personal property tax relief	102,000		102,000	106,120		4,120	
Other	 -		-	381		381	
Total non-categorical aid	 197,000		197,000	197,996		996	
Categorical aid:							
Litter control	3,000		3,000	3,038		38	
Law enforcement assistance	138,000		138,000	126,224		(11,776)	
Urban construction	65,000		65,000	108		(64,892)	
VML grant	-		-	2,000		2,000	
Transportation enhancement	645,000		645,000	-		(645,000)	
Street and highway maintenance	648,000		648,000	715,261		67,261	
Asset forfeiture funds	 -		-	540		540	
Total categorical aid	 1,499,000		1,499,000	847,171		(651,829)	
Total intergovernmental revenue from							
the Commonwealth	 1,696,000		1,696,000	1,045,167		(650,833)	
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
ISTEA	-		-	9,277		9,277	
Urban construction	-		-	430		430	
Total intergovernmental revenue from							
the federal government	 -		-	9,707		9,707	
Total intergovernmental revenue	 1,743,000		1,743,000	1,101,594		(641,406)	
Total General Fund	\$ 3,917,000	\$	3,849,000	\$ 3,505,047	\$	(343,953)	

								ariance with inal Budget
Fuller Found Foundation Addition and Florence		Budgeted	l Am		-	Actual		Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements Primary Government:	<u> </u>	Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Town Council:								
Personal services	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	30,155	\$	155
Fringe benefits	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	2,307	Ψ	(693)
Other charges		3,000		3,000		3,344		344
Other charges	-	3,000		3,000		3,344		
Total town council		36,000		36,000		35,806		(194)
Superintendent's office:								
Personal services		154,000		154,000		155,748		1,748
Fringe benefits		50,000		50,000		46,929		(3,071)
Other charges		15,000		15,000		2,431		(12,569)
Capital outlay		3,000		3,000		-		(3,000)
Contractual services		-		-		9,576		9,576
Total superintendent's office		222,000		222,000		214,684		(7,316)
Treasurer's office:								
Personal services		175,000		175,000		178,274		3,274
Fringe benefits		55,000		55,000		52,631		(2,369)
Other charges		16,000		16,000		4,874		(11,126)
Capital outlay		6,000		6,000		-		(6,000)
Contractual services		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		11,703		11,703
Total treasurer's office		252,000		252,000		247,482		(4,518)
Total legislative		510,000		510,000		497,972		(12,028)
General and financial administration:								
Legal		50,000		50,000		104,331		54,331
Independent auditor		40,000		40,000		44,100		4,100
Insurance and bonding		100,000		100,000		123,862		23,862
Total general and financial administration		190,000		190,000		272,293		82,293
Total general government administration		700,000		700,000		770,265		70,265

	D., 4, . 4, 4	A		A -41	ariance with Final Budget
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	 Budgeted Original	Am	Final	Actual Amounts	Over (Under)
Primary Government:	Original		Tillal	Amounts	(Older)
General Fund:					
Public safety:					
Law enforcement and traffic control:					
Police department:					
Personal services	\$ 509,000	\$	509,000	\$ 511,384	\$ 2,384
Fringe benefits	165,000		165,000	157,863	(7,137)
Vehicle operation	36,000		36,000	35,742	(258)
Other charges	65,000		65,000	17,544	(47,456)
Capital outlay	5,000		5,000	72,099	67,099
Contractual services	 -		-	38,884	38,884
Total law enforcement and traffic control	 780,000		780,000	833,516	53,516
Fire and rescue services:					
Fire department and rescue squad	 30,000		30,000	45,000	15,000
Total fire and rescue services	 30,000		30,000	45,000	15,000
Total public safety	 810,000		810,000	878,516	68,516
Public works:					
Public works department:					
Personal services	165,000		165,000	116,031	(48,969)
Fringe benefits	48,000		48,000	34,152	(13,848)
Other charges	24,000		24,000	3,091	(20,909)
Capital outlay	3,000		3,000	-	(3,000)
Contractual services	 -		-	11,826	11,826
Total public works department	 240,000		240,000	165,100	(74,900)

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Actual	ariance with inal Budget Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements	-	Original		Final	-	Amounts	(Under)
Primary Government:							
General Fund:							
Public works: (Continued)							
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:							
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:							
Personal services	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	\$	137,906	\$ (32,094)
Fringe benefits		57,000		57,000		59,599	2,599
Other charges		70,000		70,000		33,627	(36,373)
Capital outlay		35,000		35,000		20,471	(14,529)
Contractual services		60,000		60,000		107,098	47,098
Street paving		200,000		200,000		362,338	162,338
Urban construction program		40,000		40,000		538	(39,462)
T-21 project		806,000		806,000		-	(806,000)
Main street beautification		5,000		5,000		4,015	(985)
Total highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks		1,443,000		1,443,000		725,592	(717,408)
Street lights		80,000		80,000		79,457	(543)
Total maintenance of highways, streets,							
bridges and sidewalks		1,523,000		1,523,000		805,049	(717,951)
General properties:							
Personal services		190,000		190,000		178,462	(11,538)
Fringe benefits		64,000		64,000		62,311	(1,689)
Other charges		36,000		36,000		32,435	(3,565)
Capital outlay		25,000		25,000		72,410	47,410
Contractual services		65,000		65,000		102,817	37,817
Total general properties		380,000		380,000		448,435	68,435
Total public works		2,143,000		2,143,000		1,418,584	(724,416)

								ariance with inal Budget
		Budgeted	Amo			Actual		Over
Entity, Fund, Function, Activity and Elements		Original		Final		Amounts		(Under)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
Parks, recreation and cultural:	Φ.	220 000	Φ.	220.000	Φ.	224225	Φ.	4.005
Personal services	\$	230,000	\$	230,000	\$	234,336	\$	4,336
Fringe benefits		82,000		82,000		79,907		(2,093)
Other charges		48,000		48,000		47,366		(634)
Capital outlay		45,000		1,100,000		745,104		(354,896)
Contractual services		52,000		52,000		67,334		15,334
Total parks, recreation and cultural		457,000		1,512,000		1,174,047		(337,953)
Stormwater Management:								
Personal services		27,000		_		_		_
Fringe benefits		8,000		_		_		_
Other charges		21,000		_		-		_
Capital outlay		10,000		-		-		-
Total stormwater management		66,000		-		-		
Community and economic development:								
Community development:								
Personal services		26,000		26,000		21,249		(4,751)
Fringe benefits		9,000		9,000		6,272		(2,728)
Other charges		65,000		65,000		68,640		3,640
Contractual services		-		-		4,042		4,042
Total community development		100,000		100,000		100,203		203
Economic development:								
Personal services		2,000		2,000		_		(2,000)
Fringe benefits		1,000		1,000		-		(1,000)
Other charges		1,000		1,000		2,255		1,255
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		-		(10,000)
Contractual services		2,000		2,000		6,545		4,545
Total economic development		16,000		16,000		8,800		(7,200)
Total community and economic development		116,000		116,000		109,003		(6,997)
Debt service:								
Principal		185,500		185,500		146,785		(38,715)
Interest		28,000		28,000		38,437		10,437
Total debt service		213,500		213,500		185,222		(28,278)
Total General Fund	\$	4,505,500	\$	5,494,500	\$	4,535,637	\$	(958,863)

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL OUTLAYS

General Fund:	
Public safety:	
Capital outlay:	
Taurus computer equipment	\$ 10,121
Victory motorcycle	27,995
Ford car	 33,983
	 72,099
Duklia Washa	
Public Works: Capital outlay:	
2004 salt spreader	5,400
Mt. View Drive sidewalk	15,071
Air conditioning unit	5,524
N. Main St. parking lot	60,000
NEC DSX40 phone system upgrade	6,886
	92,881
Parks, recreation and cultural:	
Capital outlays:	
GMC truck	4,200
GMC truck	5,100
Generations Park	735,804
	745,104
Total General Fund	\$ 910,084
Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund:	
Water distribution:	
Capital outlay:	
Water tank	\$ 299,309
Water lines	32,463
Laser	2,600
Generator	 34,595
	368,967
Water treatment:	
Capital outlay:	
Turbidity meter	6,500
Generator	67,362
Submersible pump	 7,082
Sewer:	 80,944
Capital outlays:	
Sewer line - College field	19,253
Sewer lines	8,482
Laser	2,600
Generator	 26,965
	 57,300
Sanitation:	
Capital outlay:	5 500
GMC truck GMC truck	5,500 5,500
GIVIC HUCK	 5,500 11,000
	 11,000
Total Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund	\$ 518,211

SCHEDULE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

June 30, 2015

(With Comparative Amounts for 2014)

	;	2015	2014		
Taxes receivable: *					
General Fund:					
Real estate:					
2006	\$	- \$	171		
2007		-	268		
2008		67	335		
2009		134	401		
2010		491	741		
2011		491	1,033		
2012		590	2,246		
2013		827	3,192		
2014		2,908	2,839		
2015		2,871	_		
December billing for next fiscal year		173,113	161,638		
		181,492	172,864		
Personal property:					
2010		-	741		
2011		643	705		
2012		1,882	2,080		
2013		2,258	3,503		
2014		2,312	-		
		7,095	7,029		
Less:					
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		11,000	11,000		
Taxes receivable - General Fund	<u></u> \$	177,587 \$	168,893		

^{*} Includes 10% penalty

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE Year Ended June 30, 2015

	D	Water epartment	D	Sewer epartment		anitation epartment	Totals	
Operating revenues:		ераниен		ерагинен	Ъс	parament	Totals	
Charges for services	\$	900,035	\$	1,567,757	\$	475,470	\$ 2,943,262	
Connection fees		3,441		1,245		· -	4,686	
Penalties		20,205		18,541		-	38,746	
Total operating revenues		923,681		1,587,543		475,470	2,986,694	
Operating expenses:								
Personal services		419,823		91,150		201,024	711,997	
Fringe benefits		126,190		34,390		61,830	222,410	
Materials, line repairs and other		293,372		43,521		162,240	499,133	
Regional Sewer Authority assessment:								
Operations and maintenance		-		325,270		-	325,270	
Debt service		-		485,106		-	485,106	
Construction		-		39,206		-	39,206	
Depreciation		132,555		48,711		2,980	184,246	
Total operating expenses		971,940		1,067,354		428,074	2,467,368	
Operating income (loss)		(48,259)		520,189		47,396	519,326	
Nonoperating revenue (expense):								
Interest expense		(10,920)		-		-	(10,920)	
Connection availability fees		108,609		69,056		-	177,665	
Total nonoperating revenue, net		97,689		69,056		-	166,745	
Income before capital contributions and transfers		49,430		589,245		47,396	686,071	
Capital contributions		96,859		25,617		_	122,476	
Transfers out		(79,680)		(191,054)		-	(270,734)	
Change in net position	\$	66,609	\$	423,808	\$	47,396	\$ 537,813	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES - ACTUAL AND RATE PER 1,000 GALLONS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2015

(With Comparative Totals for 2014)

(With Comparative Totals for 2014)											Tot	als (Memora	ndun	n Only)				
		Water Dep	artn	nent		Sewer Dep	artn	nent		201	5			201	4			
		Amount		Rate Per 1,000 Gallons		Amount		ate Per 1,000 Gallons	Amount		Amount			tate Per 1,000 Gallons		Amount		ate Per 1,000 Gallons
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	900.035	ď	4.000	¢	1 567 757	¢	7 120	Φ	2 467 702	ф	11 200	ď	2 460 969	ď	11.185		
E	3	,	Э	4.088	\$	1,567,757	Э	7.120	\$	2,467,792	\$	11.208	\$	2,469,868	2			
Connection fees		3,441		0.016		1,245		0.006		4,686		0.022		562		0.003		
Penalties		20,205		0.092		18,541		0.084		38,746		0.176		42,706		0.193		
Total operating revenues		923,681		4.196		1,587,543		7.210		2,511,224		11.406		2,513,136		11.381		
Operating expenses:																		
Personal services		419,823		1.907		91,150		0.414		510,973		2.321		473,978		2.146		
Fringe benefits		126,190		0.573		34,390		0.156		160,580		0.729		183,466		0.831		
Materials, line repairs and other		293,372		1.332		43,521		0.198		336,893		1.530		352,877		1.598		
Regional Sewer Authority assessment:		*				,				,				,				
Operations and maintenance		-		_		325,270		1.477		325,270		1.477		371,632		1.683		
Debt service		_		_		485,106		2.203		485,106		2.203		503,947		2.282		
Construction		-		_		39,206		0.178		39,206		0.178		47,676		0.216		
Depreciation		132,555		0.602		48,711		0.221		181,266		0.823		176,887		0.801		
Total operating expenses		971,940		4.414		1,067,354		4.847		2,039,294		9.261		2,110,463		9.557		
Operating income (loss)		(48,259))	(0.218)		520,189		2.363		471,930		2.145		402,673		1.824		
Nonoperating revenue (expense):																		
Interest expense		(10,920))	(0.050)		_		_		(10,920)		(0.050)		(7,184)		(0.033)		
Loss on disposal of assets		(10,720)		(0.050)		_		_		(10,520)		(0.020)		(2,048)		(0.010)		
Connection availability fees		108,609		0.493		69,056		0.314		177,665		0.807		67,500		0.306		
Total nonoperating revenue, net		97,689		0.443		69,056		0.314		166,745		0.757		58,268		0.263		
Income before capital contributions and transfers	\$	49,430	\$	0.225	\$	589,245	\$	2.677	\$	638,675	\$	2.902	\$	460,941	\$	2.087		
Total water consumption:																		
Thousands of gallons		220,186	_										_	220,824				

DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY June 30, 2015

ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash, cash equivalents and temporary cash investments	\$ 15,958
Restricted cash	425,710
Total current assets	441,668
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	79,747
Construction in progress	200,210
Total capital assets	279,957
Total noncurrent assets	279,957
Total assets	721,625
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	48,904
Accrued interest	2,881
Unearned revenue	5,491
Bonds payable	14,468
Total current liabilities	71,744
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Bonds payable	547,545
Total noncurrent liabilities	547,545
Total liabilities	619,289
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(282,056)
Restricted	425,710
Unrestricted	(41,318)
Total net position	\$ 102,336

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2015

Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 11,184
Total operating revenues	11,184
Operating Expenses:	
Personal services	900
Fringe benefits	69
Contractual services	1,500
Total operating expenses	2,469
Operating income	8,715
Nonoperating Expense: Interest	6,698
Change in net position	2,017
Net Position, beginning	100,319
Net Position, ending	\$ 102,336

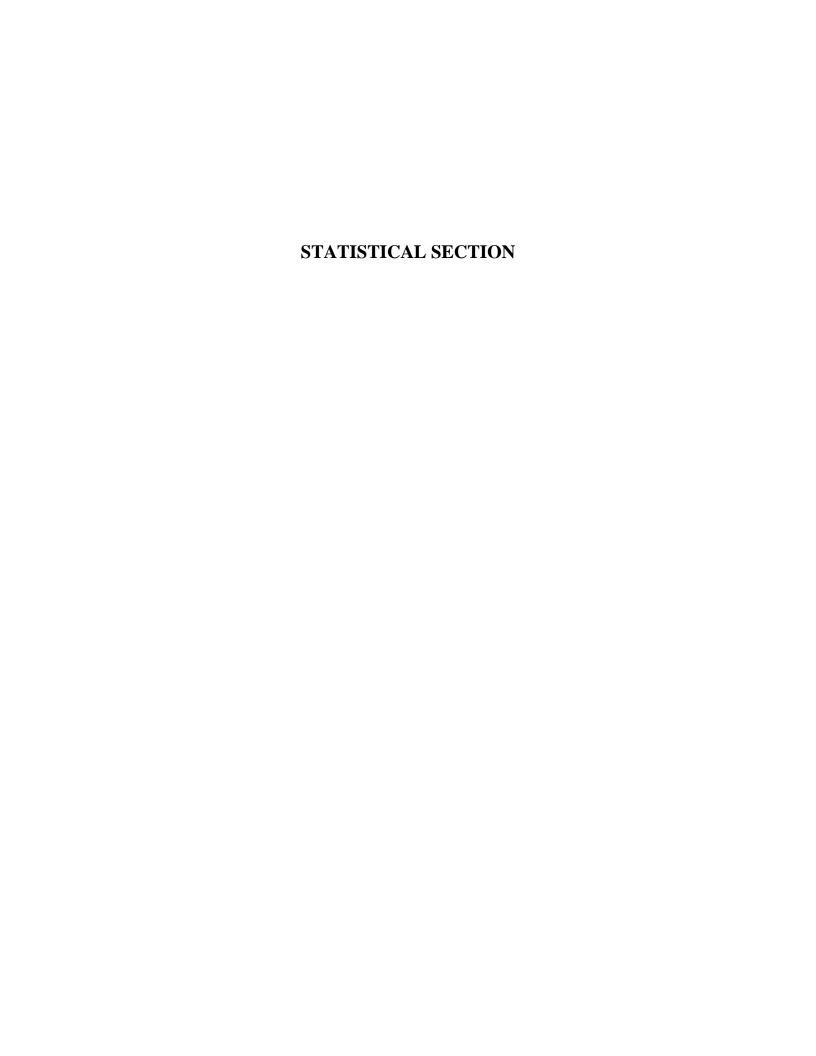
SCHEDULE OF REVENUE BONDS OUTSTANDING DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY June 30, 2015

Issued on Behalf of	Amount Issued	Date of Issue	Aggregate Outstanding Payable June 30, 2015	Stated Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Name of Trustee
Bridgewater Village, Inc Series 2003 D	\$ 2,000,000	12/23/03	\$ 112,900	various	01/01/16	SunTrust Bank
Bridgewater College - 2006	5,425,000	08/09/06	3,720,000	various	04/01/31	U S Bank
Bridgewater College - 2012	2,240,944	08/24/12	1,664,472	2.76%	08/01/22	SunTrust Bank
Bridgewater Home - Series 2013 A	4,053,540	06/05/13	3,429,918	various	06/05/26	SunTrust Bank
Bridgewater Village - Series 2013 B	3,716,890	06/05/13	3,185,906	various	06/05/27	SunTrust Bank
			\$ 12,113,196			

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN REVENUE BONDS OUTSTANDING DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY Year Ended June 30, 2015

Issued on Behalf of	Date of Issue	Outstanding July 1, 2014	(Outstanding June 30, 2015	Decrease
Bridgewater Village, Inc Series 2003 D	12/23/03	\$ 313,300	\$	112,900	\$ (200,400)
Bridgewater College - 2006	08/09/06	3,800,000		3,720,000	(80,000)
Bridgewater College - 2012	08/24/12	1,871,667		1,664,472	(207,195)
Bridgewater Home - Series 2013 A	06/05/13	3,741,729		3,429,918	(311,811)
Bridgewater Village - Series 2013 B	06/05/13	 3,451,398		3,185,906	(265,492)
Totals		\$ 13,178,094	\$	12,113,196	\$ (1,064,898)

Note: This schedule is based upon statements of the respective fiduciaries.



STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

The statistical section of the Town's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the Town's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and financial well being have changed over time.	1 - 5
Revenue Capacity	
These tables contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax, as well as other revenue sources.	6 - 10
Debt Capacity	
These tables present information to help the reader assess the	
affordability of the Town's current level of outstanding debt and the Town's	
ability to issue additional debt in the future.	11 - 14
Demographic and Economic Information	
This table offers demographic and economic indicators to help the	
reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial	
activities take place.	15
Operating Information This table contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the	
services the Town provides and the activities it performs.	16

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

Table 1

NET POSITION/ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

									Fiscal Ye	ear J	une 30,					
		2006		2007		2008		2009	2010		2011		2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities:																
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,563,151	\$	1,578,115	\$	1,764,563	\$	2,144,020	\$ 2,256,573	\$	2,409,533	\$	2,177,934	\$ 2,471,324	\$ 2,599,041	\$ 2,458,550
Restricted		18,331		19,073		20,107		20,896	21,640		22,774		22,884	22,884	22,884	836,130
Unrestricted (deficit)		717,842		449,082		255,937		(94,208)	76,087		247,986		274,804	243,717	478,614	 (567,221)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	2,299,324	\$	2,046,270	\$	2,040,607	\$	2,070,708	\$ 2,354,300	\$	2,680,293	\$	2,475,622			
Total governmental activities net position														\$ 2,737,925	\$ 3,100,539	\$ 2,727,459
Business-type activities:																
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,350,576	\$	1,351,249	\$	1,424,292	\$	1,587,711	\$ 1,578,327	\$	1,590,879	\$	1,682,446	\$ 1,763,316	\$ 1,510,862	\$ 1,908,627
Unrestricted		78,524		94,657		8,108		128,309	116,214		113,563		165,764	143,719	175,474	 10,321
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	1,429,100	\$	1,445,906	\$	1,432,400	\$	1,716,020	\$ 1,694,541	\$	1,704,442	\$	1,848,210			
Total business-type activities net position	_	-,,,		-,,	-	-,,,,,,,,,	-	-,,,,	 -,000 1,000		-,,,,,,,	_	-,0.10,-10	\$ 1,907,035	\$ 1,686,336	\$ 1,918,948
Primary government:																
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,913,727	\$	2,929,364	\$	3,188,855	\$	3,731,731	\$ 3,834,900	\$	4,000,412	\$	3,860,380	\$ 4,234,640	\$ 4,109,903	\$ 4,367,177
Restricted		18,331		19,073		20,107		20,896	21,640		22,774		22,884	22,884	22,884	836,130
Unrestricted (deficit)		796,366		543,739		264,045		34,101	192,301		361,549		440,568	387,436	654,088	 (556,900)
Total primary government net assets	\$	3,728,424	\$	3,492,176	\$	3,473,007	\$	3,786,728	\$ 4,048,841	\$	4,384,735	\$	4,323,832			
Total primary government net position	<u></u>	, ,	<u> </u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u> </u>	, ,	<u> </u>	,,.	 ,,		, ,		,,	\$ 4,644,960	\$ 4,786,875	\$ 4,646,407
														 	(2)	

⁽¹⁾ This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 63, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the use of the term 'net assets' and now refers to this measurement as 'net position.'

⁽²⁾ June 30, 2014 net position was restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 which reduced net position by \$889,654.

Table 2 Page 1

CHANGES IN NET POSITION/ASSETS Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Chauditeu)					Fiscal Year	June 30				
Concernment administration		2006	2007	2008	2009			2012	2013	2014	2015
Commental activities	Expenses:							-		-	
Public safety	•										
Public safety	General government administration	\$ 547,300 \$	558,086 \$	643,634 \$	623,112 \$	670,323 \$	687,128 \$	715,110 \$	709,603 \$	765,232 \$	786,203
Public works	5	631,004									812,586
Part	•	1,459,343	2,292,126	1,890,305	1,722,205	1,268,346	1,170,542	2,101,001	1,302,538		1,369,850
Community and ecconomic development MS, 315 MS, 31	Parks, recreation and cultural										464,969
Transport Tran	Community and economic development	86,315		107,656	119,217	99,609	171,500	90,496	111,075		108,566
Program revenue 3,253,705 4,158,241 3,921,398 3,705,157 3,306,300 3,353,875 4,252,674 3,416,543 3,514,185				115,215							39,846
Mater. sever and sanitation											3,582,020
Stormwater Management Stor	Business-type activities:										
Total purement		1,415,411	1,488,704	1,574,221	2,059,887	2,151,399	2,285,051	2,474,727	2,500,118	2,592,145	2,478,288
Total powerment	Stormwater Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70,626	58,743
Program revenue: Governmental activities: Charges for services: Servic		1,415,411	1,488,704	1,574,221	2,059,887	2,151,399	2,285,051	2,474,727	2,500,118		2,537,031
Clayer Fore Fore Fore Fore Fore Fore Fore Fo	Total government	4,669,116	5,646,945	5,495,619	5,765,044	5,457,699	5,638,926	6,727,401	5,916,661	6,176,954	6,119,051
Clay	Program revenue.										
Charges for services: Public safety 57,432 46,517 38,623 36,059 50,936 55,982 40,862 45,819 42,796	9										
Public safety 57,432 46,517 38,623 36,059 50,936 55,982 40,862 45,819 42,796 Public works 255,389 317,039 356,484 - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>											
Public works 255,389 317,039 356,484 - - - - - - - - -	2	57 /32	46 517	38 623	36.050	50.036	55 082	40.862	45.810	12 706	45,083
Operating grants and contributions: Public safety 152,711 163,197 157,503 173,053 173,053 189,271 193,197 183,947 185,342 174,442 Public works 159,181 877,658 159,181 877,658 159,653 908,566 648,682 645,070 1,259,493 668,965 653,460 Capital grants and contributions: General government administration 1	<u> </u>					30,930					45,065
Public safety		233,369	317,039	330,404	-	_	_	-	_	-	_
Public works 519,181 877,658 567,653 908,566 648,682 645,077 1,259,493 668,965 653,460 Capital grants and contributions: General government administration - - - - 85,000 - - - - Public safety - - - 122,616 - - 15,390 - - - Public works - - - 19,265 - 11,653 18,544 - Public works - - - - 19,265 - 11,653 18,544 - Public works - - - - 19,265 - 11,653 18,544 - Public works - - - - - 19,265 - 11,653 18,544 - Total government administration - - - - - - - - - - - -		152 711	162 107	157 502	172 052	180 271	102 107	192 047	195 242	174 442	175,484
Capital grants and contributions: General government administration 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,			,	,	,	,	,		728,114
General government administration		319,101	677,036	307,033	700,500	040,002	043,407	1,239,493	000,703	055,400	720,114
Public safety							95,000				
Public works		-	-	-	122 616	-		15 200	-	-	-
Total governmental activities program revenue 984,713 1,404,411 1,120,263 1,240,294 908,154 979,586 1,511,345 918,670 870,698	-	-	-	-		10.265		,	19 5 4 4	-	-
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water, sewer and sanitation Stormwater Management Capital grants and contributions: Water, sewer and sanitation Total business-type activities program revenue 2,942,790 3,379,141 3,358,418 4,026,101 3,729,907 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 3,952,542 Business-type activities: 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,694,112 2,699,253 2,653,193 2,875,705 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,653,193 2,875,705 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,785,102 2,785,102 2,785,102 2,785,807 2,821,753 2,900,470 2,961,501 2,998,344 3,081,844 2,925,42 3,917,014 3,952,542		984 713	1 404 411	1 120 263						870.698	948,681
Charges for services: Water, sewer and sanitation Vater, sewer and sanitation Stormwater Management Capital grants and contributions: Water, sewer and sanitation Water, sewer and sanitation Total business-type activities program revenue 2,942,790 3,379,141 3,358,418 4,026,101 3,729,907 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 2,935,832 2,935,832 2,653,193 2,875,705 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,935,832 2,85,102 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,935,832 2,85,102 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,85,102 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,85,102 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,85,102 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,85,102 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,944,344 2,935,832 2,85,102 2,942,777 85,796 54,000 67,500 67,500 2,942,790 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 3,952,542 Net (expense) revenue:		704,713	1,404,411	1,120,203	1,240,234	700,134	777,300	1,511,545	710,070	670,076	740,001
Water, sewer and sanitation 1,910,331 1,954,388 2,053,454 2,694,112 2,699,253 2,653,193 2,875,705 2,944,344 2,935,832 Stormwater Management - - - - - - - - - 78,512 Capital grants and contributions: Water, sewer and sanitation 47,746 20,342 184,701 91,695 122,500 247,277 85,796 54,000 67,500 Total business-type activities program revenue 1,958,077 1,974,730 2,238,155 2,785,807 2,821,753 2,900,470 2,961,501 2,998,344 3,081,844 Total government program revenue 2,942,790 3,379,141 3,358,418 4,026,101 3,729,907 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 3,952,542 Net (expense) revenue:	Business-type activities:										
Stormwater Management - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 78,512 Capital grants and contributions: Water, sewer and sanitation 47,746 20,342 184,701 91,695 122,500 247,277 85,796 54,000 67,500 Total business-type activities program revenue 1,958,077 1,974,730 2,238,155 2,785,807 2,821,753 2,900,470 2,961,501 2,998,344 3,081,844 Total government program revenue 2,942,790 3,379,141 3,358,418 4,026,101 3,729,907 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 3,952,542 Net (expense) revenue:	Charges for services:										
Capital grants and contributions: Water, sewer and sanitation 47,746 20,342 184,701 91,695 122,500 247,277 85,796 54,000 67,500 Total business-type activities program revenue 1,958,077 1,974,730 2,238,155 2,785,807 2,821,753 2,900,470 2,961,501 2,998,344 3,081,844 Total government program revenue Net (expense) revenue:		1,910,331	1,954,388	2,053,454	2,694,112	2,699,253	2,653,193	2,875,705	2,944,344	2,935,832	2,947,948
Water, sewer and sanitation 47,746 20,342 184,701 91,695 122,500 247,277 85,796 54,000 67,500 Total business-type activities program revenue 1,958,077 1,974,730 2,238,155 2,785,807 2,821,753 2,900,470 2,961,501 2,998,344 3,081,844 Total government program revenue 2,942,790 3,379,141 3,358,418 4,026,101 3,729,907 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 3,952,542 Net (expense) revenue:	Stormwater Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,512	79,863
Total business-type activities program revenue 1,958,077 1,974,730 2,238,155 2,785,807 2,821,753 2,900,470 2,961,501 2,998,344 3,081,844 Total government program revenue 2,942,790 3,379,141 3,358,418 4,026,101 3,729,907 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 3,952,542 Net (expense) revenue:	Capital grants and contributions:										
Total government program revenue 2,942,790 3,379,141 3,358,418 4,026,101 3,729,907 3,880,056 4,472,846 3,917,014 3,952,542 Net (expense) revenue:	Water, sewer and sanitation	47,746	20,342	184,701	91,695	122,500	247,277	85,796	54,000	67,500	300,141
Net (expense) revenue:	Total business-type activities program revenue	1,958,077	1,974,730	2,238,155	2,785,807	2,821,753	2,900,470	2,961,501	2,998,344	3,081,844	3,327,952
	Total government program revenue	2,942,790	3,379,141	3,358,418	4,026,101	3,729,907	3,880,056	4,472,846	3,917,014	3,952,542	4,276,633
Governmental activities (2,268,992) (2,753,830) (2,801,135) (2,464,863) (2,398,146) (2,374,289) (2,741,329) (2,497,873) (2,643,485)	Vet (expense) revenue:										
	Governmental activities	(2,268,992)	(2,753,830)	(2,801,135)	(2,464,863)	(2,398,146)	(2,374,289)	(2,741,329)	(2,497,873)	(2,643,485)	(2,633,339)
Business-type activities 542,666 486,026 663,934 725,920 670,354 615,419 486,774 498,226 419,073											790,921
Total government net expense (1,726,326) (2,267,804) (2,137,201) (1,738,943) (1,727,792) (1,758,870) (2,254,555) (1,999,647) (2,224,412)											(1,842,418)

Table 2 Page 2

CHANGES IN NET POSITION/ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ju	ne 30,				
	 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General revenues and other changes in net assets:										
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
General property	\$ 621,574 \$	601,368 \$	598,321 \$	589,737 \$	557,891 \$	560,335 \$	538,464 \$	506,468 \$	554,897 \$	576,922
Consumer utility and communications sales and use	342,871	377,027	426,005	371,762	359,461	274,780	393,629	386,397	385,779	387,647
Meals	298,498	308,256	307,594	311,681	320,339	360,040	347,099	396,659	446,307	466,633
Local sales and use	160,187	160,944	170,441	166,599	131,990	162,442	168,211	247,769	160,076	160,706
Business license	153,042	155,113	163,835	172,228	180,397	172,147	199,905	206,776	217,335	223,970
Other	234,803	182,881	179,599	188,645	206,966	206,814	218,073	252,002	243,816	291,374
Intergovernmental, non-categorical aid	112,377	108,522	103,602	108,229	98,614	198,644	195,902	198,768	191,976	197,996
Use of money and property	60,472	101,835	96,664	89,428	88,035	77,000	81,329	68,678	90,455	87,468
Miscellaneous	12,550	14,393	36,564	31,159	22,238	52,583	17,505	20,335	32,980	160,142
Transfers	516,090	490,437	712,847	465,496	715,807	635,497	376,541	476,324	682,478	298,487
Total governmental activities	2,512,464	2,500,776	2,795,472	2,494,964	2,681,738	2,700,282	2,536,658	2,760,176	3,006,099	2,851,345
Business-type activities:										
Miscellaneous	19,411	21,217	35,407	23,196	23,974	29,979	33,535	36,923	42,706	38,746
Transfers	(516,090)	(490,437)	(712,847)	(465,496)	(715,807)	(635,497)	(376,541)	(476,324)	(682,478)	(298,487)
Total business-type activities	(496,679)	(469,220)	(677,440)	(442,300)	(691,833)	(605,518)	(343,006)	(439,401)	(639,772)	(259,741)
Total primary government	 2,015,785	2,031,556	2,118,032	2,052,664	1,989,905	2,094,764	2,193,652	2,320,775	2,366,327	2,591,604
Changes in net assets:										
Governmental activities	243,472	(253,054)	(5,663)	30,101	283,592	325,993	(204,671)			
Business-type activities	45,987	16,806	(13,506)	283,620	(21,479)	9,901	143,768			
Total primary government	\$ 289,459 \$	(236,248) \$	(19,169) \$	313,721 \$	262,113 \$	335,894 \$	(60,903)			
Changes in net position:							d.	262.202 #	262.614 ф	210.006
Governmental activities							\$	262,303 \$	362,614 \$	218,006
Business-type activities							_	58,825	(220,699)	531,180
Total primary government							\$	321,128 \$	141,915 \$	749,186

- (1) Net (expense) revenue is the difference between the expenses and program revenues. This difference indicates the degree to which a function or program is supported with its own fees and program-specific grants versus its reliance upon funding from taxes and other general revenues. Numbers in a parentheses are net expenses indicating that expenses were greater than program revenues and, therefore, general revenues were needed to finance that function or program. Numbers without parentheses are net revenues, demonstrating that program revenues were more than sufficient to cover expenses.
- (2) Sanitation activities and accounts were transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities during fiscal year 2009.
- (3) In fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented the Auditor of Public Accounts' requirement that communication sales and use tax be reported as non-categorical state aid instead of other local taxes as previously reported.
- (4) This table reports financial information based on the accrual basis of accounting. The Town implemented GASB Statement No. 63, the new reporting standard, in fiscal year 2013. This standard eliminated the use of the term 'net assets' and now refers to this measurement as 'net position.'

Table 3

PROGRAM REVENUES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

					Fisc	al Year June	30,					
Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009		2010	2011	2012	2013	2014		2015
Governmental activities:												
General government administration	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 85,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Public safety	210,143	209,714	196,126	331,728		240,207	249,179	240,199	231,161	217,238		220,567
Public works	774,570	1,194,697	924,137	908,566		667,947	645,407	1,271,146	687,509	653,460		728,114
Total governmental activities	 984,713	1,404,411	1,120,263	1,240,294		908,154	979,586	1,511,345	918,670	870,698		948,681
Business-type activities:												
Water, sewer and sanitation	1,958,077	1,974,730	2,238,155	2,785,807		2,821,753	2,900,470	2,961,501	2,998,344	3,003,332	3	,248,089
Stormwater management	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	78,512		79,863
Total business-type activities	1,958,077	1,974,730	2,238,155	2,785,807		2,821,753	2,900,470	2,961,501	2,998,344	3,081,844	3	,327,952
Total government	\$ 2,942,790	\$ 3,379,141	\$ 3,358,418	\$ 4,026,101	\$	3,729,907	\$ 3,880,056	\$ 4,472,846	\$ 3,917,014	\$ 3,952,542	\$ 4	,276,633

⁽¹⁾ Sanitation activities and accounts were transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities during fiscal year 2009.

⁽²⁾ During fiscal year 2011, the general government received a land donation from the Industrial Development Authority of the Town of Bridgewater for economic development purposes.

Table 4

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		I	Fiscal	l Year June 30),		
	 2006	2007		2008		2009	2010
General Fund:							
Reserved	\$ 168,488	\$ 588,888	\$	14,836	\$	45,305	\$ 11,817
Unreserved	646,156	95,392		362,480		(18,849)	217,297
Total General Fund	\$ 814,644	\$ 684,280	\$	377,316	\$	26,456	\$ 229,114
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Reserved	\$ 18,331	\$ 19,073	\$	20,107	\$	20,896	\$ 21,640
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 18,331	\$ 19,073	\$	20,107	\$	20,896	\$ 21,640
			Fisca	l Year June 30),		
	 2011	2012		2013		2014	2015
General Fund:							
Restricted	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 813,754
Assigned	-	-		-		-	82,000
Committed	10,000	10,000		10,000		10,000	-
Unassigned	 427,550	483,281		485,544		731,144	168,287
Total General Fund	\$ 437,550	\$ 493,281	\$	495,544	\$	741,144	\$ 1,064,041
All Other Governmental Funds:							
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Nonspendable	6,000	6,000		6,000		6,000	6,000
Restricted	16,774	16,884		16,884		16,884	16,376
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 22,774	\$ 22,884	\$	22,884	\$	22,884	\$ 22,376

⁽¹⁾ In fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which effectively changed the classifications used to report fund balances. The terms reserved and unreserved are no longer used to describe fund balance. Fund balance is now classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Table 5 Page 1

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year June	e 30,								
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues:										
General property taxes	\$ 624,574	\$ 605,368	\$ 600,321	\$ 585,737	\$ 556,891	\$ 558,335	\$ 541,464	\$ 509,468	\$ 542,897	\$ 579,922
Other local taxes	1,189,401	1,184,221	1,247,474	1,210,915	1,199,153	1,176,223	1,326,917	1,489,603	1,453,313	1,530,330
Permits	8,043	4,268	3,534	4,021	7,070	4,144	3,425	2,965	3,078	4,160
Fines and forfeitures	49,389	42,249	35,089	32,038	43,866	51,838	37,437	42,854	39,718	40,923
Use of money and property	60,472	102,577	97,698	89,428	88,035	77,000	81,329	68,678	90,455	87,468
Charges for services	254,808	316,297	355,450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	12,550	14,393	36,564	31,159	22,238	52,583	17,505	20,335	32,980	160,142
Intergovernmental	784,269	1,149,377	828,758	1,189,848	936,567	1,037,248	1,639,342	1,053,075	1,019,878	1,101,594
Total revenues	2,983,506	3,418,750	3,204,888	3,143,146	2,853,820	2,957,371	3,647,419	3,186,978	3,182,319	3,504,539
Expenditures:										
General government administration	539,929	547,504	627,972	595,075	618,210	646,078	674,207	676,800	734,129	770,265
Public safety	607,560	668,459	763,730	714,718	730,825	725,534	835,013	767,068	825,896	878,516
Public works	1,497,100	2,480,241	1,817,252	1,843,837	1,233,689	1,127,277	2,090,014	1,311,656	1,245,008	1,418,584
Parks, recreation and cultural	421,087	535,619	505,561	429,787	356,422	400,891	389,595	461,846	445,772	1,174,047
Community and economic development	86,315	93,392	107,656	119,217	99,236	170,291	90,406	109,124	117,737	109,003
Debt service:										
Principal	165,051	167,945	281,183	220,275	229,674	229,965	230,266	291,996	216,520	146,785
Interest and fiscal charges	112,195	108,649	120,311	100,327	98,169	83,262	48,618	42,549	34,135	38,437
Total expenditures	3,429,237	4,601,809	4,223,665	4,023,236	3,366,225	3,383,298	4,358,119	3,661,039	3,619,197	4,535,637
Revenues under expenditures	(445,731)	(1,183,059)	(1,018,777)	(880,090)	(512,405)	(425,927)	(710,700)	(474,061)	(436,878)	(1,031,098)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	516,090	490,437	712,847	480,019	715,807	635,497	376,541	476,324	682,478	298,487
Issuance of debt	85,000	563,000	-	50,000	-	-	390,000	-	_	1,055,000
Issuance of short-term debt	· =	300,000	-	-	295,000	-	-	-	_	-
Payment of short-term debt	-	(300,000)	-	-	(295,000)	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources, net	601,090	1,053,437	712,847	530,019	715,807	635,497	766,541	476,324	682,478	1,353,487
Net change in fund balances	\$ 155,359	\$ (129,622)	\$ (305,930)	\$ (350,071)	\$ 203,402	\$ 209,570	\$ 55,841	\$ 2,263	\$ 245,600	\$ 322,389

Table 5
Page 2

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

						Fiscal Year	· Jun	e 30,				
	,	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures:												
Total debt service	\$	277,246	\$ 276,594	\$ 401,494	\$ 320,602	\$ 327,843	\$	313,227	\$ 278,884	\$ 334,545	\$ 250,655	\$ 185,222
Total expenditures	\$	3,429,237	\$ 4,601,809	4,223,665	4,023,236	3,366,225	\$	3,383,298	\$.,,	\$ 3,661,039	\$ 3,619,197	\$,,
Less: capital outlay		(165,868)	(446,863)	(215,429)	(389,155)	(68,265)		(7,657)	(76,643)	(151,506)	(60,365)	(910,084)
Noncapital expenditures	\$	3,263,369	\$ 4,154,946	\$ 4,008,236	\$ 3,634,081	\$ 3,297,960	\$	3,375,641	\$ 4,281,476	\$ 3,509,533	\$ 3,558,832	\$ 3,625,553
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		8.50%	6.70%	10.02%	8.82%	9.94%		9.28%	6.51%	9.53%	7.04%	5.11%

⁽¹⁾ The amounts used for capital outlay were obtained from the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

Table 6

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

General

(Unaudited)

		General																		
	I	Property																		
	I	ncluding					Local													
Fiscal Year		Interest	C	Consumer			Sales	1	Bank	Cable		Ri	ght-of-way	Business	Motor	Co	mmunication			
June 30,	an	d Penalty		Utility	Co	onsumption	and Use	5	Stock	Franchise	Meals		Use Fee	Licenses	Vehicle	Sa	ales and Use	C	Cigarette	 Totals
2006	\$	624,574	\$	342,871	\$	25,698	\$ 160,187	\$	80,628	\$ 35,105	\$ 298,498	\$	15,444	\$ 153,042	\$ 77,928	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,813,975
2007		605,368		272,288		25,416	160,944		63,694	42,601	308,256		15,232	155,113	78,539		62,138		-	1,789,589
2008		600,321		327,288		25,649	170,441		61,822	-	307,594		15,047	163,835	77,081		98,717		-	1,847,795
2009		585,737		275,634		25,298	166,599		71,495	-	311,681		15,032	172,228	76,820		96,128		-	1,796,652
2010		556,891		266,268		24,493	131,990		89,615	-	320,339		17,404	180,397	75,454		93,193		-	1,756,044
2011		558,335		274,780		25,108	162,442		108,360	-	360,040		15,158	172,147	58,188		-		-	1,734,558
2012		541,464		393,629		24,594	168,211		95,393	-	347,099		13,171	199,905	84,915		-		-	1,868,381
2013		509,468		386,397		24,672	247,769		101,619	-	396,659		14,082	206,776	87,377		-		24,252	1,999,071
2014		542,897		385,779		24,893	160,076		107,330	-	446,307		13,978	217,335	75,473		-		22,142	1,996,210
2015		579,922		387,647		24,874	160,706		146,696	-	466,633		14,842	223,970	82,995		-		21,967	2,110,252
Change																				
2006-2015		-7.15%		13.06%		-3.21%	0.32%		81.94%	-100.00%	56.33%		-3.90%	46.35%	6.50%		0.00%		100.00%	16.33%

⁽¹⁾ Beginning January 1, 2007, the Commonwealth of Virginia began collecting Consumer Utility and Cable Franchise taxes on behalf of the Town. This revenue is shown as Communication Sales and Use through June 30, 2010.

⁽²⁾ In fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented the Auditor of Public Accounts' requirement that Communication Sales and Use Tax be reported as non-categorical state aid instead of other local taxes as described in Note 1.

Table 7

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year June 30,	Residential Property	Public Service Corporation	Nontaxable	Total Assessed Value	Т	Cotal Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	otal Direct Γax Rate	Actual Taxable Value	Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2006	\$ 309,706,143	\$ 4,510,700	\$ 140,592,650	\$ 454,809,493	\$	314,216,843	16.85%	\$ 0.08	\$ 314,216,843	100.00%
2007	371,380,054	5,015,995	161,751,100	538,147,149		376,396,049	19.79%	0.08	376,396,049	100.00%
2008	373,604,271	5,261,795	162,528,650	541,394,716		378,866,066	0.66%	0.08	378,866,066	100.00%
2009	375,779,954	4,870,702	162,774,050	543,424,706		380,650,656	0.47%	0.08	380,650,656	100.00%
2010	382,695,690	5,088,222	175,783,800	563,567,712		387,783,912	1.87%	0.08	387,783,912	100.00%
2011	389,052,878	5,795,586	189,175,750	584,024,214		394,848,464	1.82%	0.08	394,848,464	100.00%
2012	392,261,009	5,829,251	189,573,100	587,663,360		398,090,260	0.82%	0.08	398,090,260	100.00%
2013	395,914,725	5,912,756	191,489,150	593,316,631		401,827,481	0.94%	0.09	401,827,481	100.00%
2014	405,446,028	6,131,545	197,048,600	608,626,173		411,577,573	2.43%	0.09	411,577,573	100.00%
2015	409,796,273	6,429,834	200,667,200	616,893,307		416,226,107	1.13%	0.09	416,226,107	100.00%

- (1) Real and personal property tax assessments are made by the Commissioner of the Revenue for the County of Rockingham, Virginia for current use of the County and Town property. Real and personal property taxes of public service corporations are assessed by the State Corporation Commission.
- (2) Town assesses taxes at 100% of total assessed value.
- $(3) \ \ Reassessments\ effective\ January\ 1,\ 2006,\ 2010\ and\ 2014.$
- (4) The total direct tax rate is per \$100 of assessed value.

Table 8

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Т	ax Ra	tes - Tow	'n		Tax Rates - Rockingham County							Tax Rates - Combined							
Fiscal Year	Real Property		Pe	Personal		chinery	Real		Personal		Ma	chinery	Real		Personal		Machinery				
June 30,			Property		and Tools		Property		Property		and Tools		Property		Property		and Tools				
2006	\$	0.08	\$	0.75	\$	0.75	\$	0.58	\$	2.80	\$	2.55	\$	0.66	\$	3.55	\$	3.30			
2007		0.08		0.75		0.75		0.58		2.80		2.55		0.66		3.55		3.30			
2008		0.08		0.75		0.75		0.60		2.80		2.55		0.68		3.55		3.30			
2009		0.08		0.75		0.75		0.60		2.80		2.55		0.68		3.55		3.30			
2010		0.08		0.75		0.75		0.60		2.80		2.55		0.68		3.55		3.30			
2011		0.08		0.75		0.75		0.60		2.80		2.55		0.68		3.55		3.30			
2012		0.08		0.75		0.38		0.64		2.85		2.55		0.72		3.60		2.93			
2013		0.09		0.75				0.64		2.85		2.55		0.73		3.60		2.55			
2014		0.09		0.75		-		0.64		2.85		2.55		0.73		3.60		2.55			
2015		0.09		0.75		-		0.66		2.90		2.55		0.75		3.65		2.55			

- (1) These rates are per \$100 of assessed value for real estate and personal property.
- (2) The Commonwealth of Virginia has no limitations on local tax rates.
- (3) Real property taxes are due in semi-annual installments by June 5 and December 5, and become delinquent thereafter.
- (4) No discounts are allowed for early payment.
- (5) Residents of incorporated towns in the Commonwealth of Virginia are subject to real property and personal property taxes levied by the town and the county where they reside.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2015			2006	
			Percentage of Total Town			Percentage of Total Town
	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	 Value	Rank	Value
Bridgewater Retirement Village	\$ 45,693,100	1	11.17%	\$ 37,314,000	1	10.50%
Tiben Limited Company (Marshall's)	18,565,100	2	4.54%	18,928,900	2	5.33%
Perdue Farms, Inc.	5,133,900	3	1.26%	10,034,800	3	2.82%
French, Larry B and Pamela	4,950,900	4	1.21%	2,747,600	4	0.77%
Heatwole Construction	2,868,300	5	0.70%	-		-
North Grove Rentals, LLC	2,119,000	6	0.52%	-		-
Ashby 28, LLC	1,833,100	7	0.45%	1,356,000	8	0.38%
Parkside, LLC	1,680,000	8	0.41%	-		-
A Bird in Hand Land, LLC	1,598,900	9	0.39%	-		-
Newland Enterprises	1,594,300	10	0.39%	-		-
Scarlet Maple Farms	-		-	1,877,800	5	0.53%
Bridgewater Division of Ethan Allen	-		-	1,670,200	6	0.47%
Good Printers, Inc.	-		-	1,540,900	7	0.43%
Shickel Machine Shop	-		-	1,260,700	9	0.35%
Hi-Acres Farm	 -			1,083,600	10	0.30%
Total	\$ 86,036,600		21.04%	\$ 77,814,500		21.88%

Table 10

REAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Collected Within the

				Fiscal Year of		_		Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year June 30,	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year			Amount	Percentage of Levy	Su	lections in bsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2006	\$	264,883	\$	261,948	98.89%	\$	2,935	\$	264,883	100.00%	
2007		297,141		295,905	99.58%		1,236		297,141	100.00%	
2008		299,908		293,160	97.75%		6,748		299,908	100.00%	
2009		303,025		298,634	98.55%		4,269		302,903	99.96%	
2010		307,056		302,094	98.38%		4,678		306,772	99.91%	
2011		312,031		305,715	97.98%		5,869		311,584	99.86%	
2012		314,036		309,769	98.64%		3,820		313,589	99.86%	
2013		335,295		330,693	98.63%		3,929		334,622	99.80%	
2014		362,129		357,687	98.77%		2,773		360,460	99.54%	
2015		367,506		363,278	98.85%		-		363,278	98.85%	

Table 11

General

General

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE AND GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities					Percentage of				Bonded Debt Outstanding		Percentage of Actual	Bonded Debt Outstanding			
		General						a		Per Capita Debt				General		Taxable		Debt		
Fiscal Year	(Obligation				Revenue				Capital		Personal	Per		Obligation		Value of	Per		
June 30,	Bonds Note		Bonds			Note Lease		Lease	Total		Income	С	apita	Bonds		Property	Capita			
2006	\$	2,059,450	\$	85,000	\$	710,550	\$	3,240	\$	169,880	\$	3,028,120	2.04%	\$	559	\$	2,059,450	0.66%	\$	380
2007		2,470,175		69,330		625,325		-		144,619		3,309,449	2.14%		613		2,470,175	0.66%		458
2008		2,205,300		53,022		540,100		-		171,177		2,969,599	1.76%		547		2,205,300	0.58%		407
2009		1,806,625		50,000		588,675		149,049		129,295		2,723,644	1.64%		502		1,806,625	0.47%		333
2010		1,586,350		40,601		458,850		110,143		85,092		2,281,036	1.38%		421		1,586,350	0.41%		293
2011		1,366,075		30,911		329,025		69,858		32,380		1,828,249	1.06%		324		1,366,075	0.35%		242
2012		1,535,800		20,920		199,200		47,279		-		1,803,199	0.97%		319		1,535,800	0.39%		272
2013		1,264,724		-		62,500		-		35,200		1,362,424	0.71%		241		1,264,724	0.31%		224
2014		1,048,204		-		550,000		-		8,800		1,607,004	N/A		273		1,048,204	0.25%		178
2015		1,956,419		-		495,000		-		-		2,451,419	N/A		417		1,956,419	0.47%		333

- (1) Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.
- (2) Population and personal income data can be found in table 15.
- (3) See table 7 for property value data.
- (4) Excludes debt issued by IDA.

Table 12

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	(Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Rockingham County, Virginia	\$	92,621,470	2.73%	\$ 2,528,566
Town Direct Debt				 1,956,419
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 4,484,985

Note:

(1) Overlapping debt is not bonded debt of the Town on either a direct or contingent basis, but represents the share of debt of overlapping governmental entities which the residents of the Town are obligated to pay through direct tax levies and charges for services of these respective governmental entities. The debt of Rockingham County, Virginia is a direct general obligation debt of the County which provides facilities that benefit all County residents including those of incorporated towns.

Table 13

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year June 30,													
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015				
Legal debt margin	\$ 31,421,664	\$ 37,560,242	\$ 46,013,039	\$ 46,203,768	\$ 38,778,391	\$ 39,484,846	\$ 39,809,026	40,182,748	\$	41,157,757	\$ 41,622,611				
Total net debt applicable to limit	2,144,450	2,539,505	2,258,322	1,856,625	1,626,951	1,396,986	1,556,720	1,264,724	1,264,724		1,956,419				
Available legal debt margin	\$ 29,277,214	\$ 35,020,737	\$ 43,754,717	\$ 44,347,143	\$ 37,151,440	\$ 38,087,860	\$ 38,252,306	38,918,024	\$	40,109,553	\$ 39,666,192				
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	6.82%	6.76%	4.91%	4.02%	4.20%	3.54%	3.91%	3.15%	ó	2.55%	4.70%				
Legal debt margin calculation for f Assessed value of real estate Debt limit (10% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: Net direct debt outstanding	·	\$ 416,226,107 \$ 41,622,611 1,956,419	:	Summary of outs Gross bonded Less: enterpris	debt		\$ 2,451,419 495,000 \$ 1,956,419								
Available legal debt margin		\$ 39,666,192	ŧ												

Note:

(1) Section 15.1-176 of 1950 *Code of Virginia*, as amended, limits to 10% the assessed valuation of the real estate subject to taxation as the amount of debt which can be issued by the Town. Debt includes any bonds or other interest bearing obligations including existing indebtedness. Excluded from the debt margin calculation are bonds payable from enterprise funds issued under Article VII Section 10(a)(2) of the *Constitution of Virginia*.

Table 14

BOND COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Water, Sewer and Sanitation Fund

				,		- 11						
Utility	ity Net											
Service	ervice Operating			Available					Total			
Charges	Expenses		Revenue		Principal		Interest		Totals		C	overage
\$ 1,977,488	\$	1,237,573	\$	739,915	\$	85,225	\$	32,676	\$	117,901	\$	6.28
1,995,947		1,297,008		698,939		85,225		37,397		122,622		5.70
2,273,562		1,369,202		904,360		85,225		33,825		119,050		7.60
2,802,941		1,787,157		1,015,784		129,825		44,556		174,381		5.83
2,845,727		1,890,241		955,486		129,825		30,362		160,187		5.96
2,930,449		2,038,042		892,407		129,825		21,694		151,519		5.89
2,990,240		2,240,339		749,901		129,825		14,975		144,800		5.18
2,981,267		2,267,085		714,182		136,700		7,830		144,530		4.94
2,978,538		2,386,931		591,607		62,500		7,184		69,684		8.49
2,986,694		2,283,122		703,572		55,000		10,920		65,920		10.67
\$	\$ 1,977,488 1,995,947 2,273,562 2,802,941 2,845,727 2,930,449 2,990,240 2,981,267 2,978,538	Service Charges \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,995,947	Service Charges Operating Expenses \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,237,573 1,995,947 1,297,008 2,273,562 1,369,202 2,802,941 1,787,157 2,845,727 1,890,241 2,930,449 2,038,042 2,990,240 2,240,339 2,981,267 2,267,085 2,978,538 2,386,931	Service Charges Operating Expenses \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,237,573 \$ 1,995,947 1,297,008 2,273,562 1,369,202 2,802,941 1,787,157 2,845,727 1,890,241 2,930,449 2,038,042 2,990,240 2,240,339 2,981,267 2,267,085 2,978,538 2,386,931	Service ChargesOperating ExpensesAvailable Revenue\$ 1,977,488\$ 1,237,573\$ 739,9151,995,9471,297,008698,9392,273,5621,369,202904,3602,802,9411,787,1571,015,7842,845,7271,890,241955,4862,930,4492,038,042892,4072,990,2402,240,339749,9012,981,2672,267,085714,1822,978,5382,386,931591,607	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,237,573 \$ 739,915 \$ 1,995,947 1,297,008 698,939 2,273,562 1,369,202 904,360 2,802,941 1,787,157 1,015,784 2,845,727 1,890,241 955,486 2,930,449 2,038,042 892,407 2,990,240 2,240,339 749,901 2,981,267 2,267,085 714,182 2,978,538 2,386,931 591,607	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue Principal \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,237,573 \$ 739,915 \$ 85,225 1,995,947 1,297,008 698,939 85,225 2,273,562 1,369,202 904,360 85,225 2,802,941 1,787,157 1,015,784 129,825 2,845,727 1,890,241 955,486 129,825 2,930,449 2,038,042 892,407 129,825 2,990,240 2,240,339 749,901 129,825 2,981,267 2,267,085 714,182 136,700 2,978,538 2,386,931 591,607 62,500	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue Description \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,237,573 \$ 739,915 \$ 85,225 \$ 1,995,947 1,297,008 698,939 85,225 \$ 2,273,562 1,369,202 904,360 85,225 \$ 2,802,941 1,787,157 1,015,784 129,825 \$ 2,845,727 1,890,241 955,486 129,825 \$ 2,930,449 2,038,042 892,407 129,825 \$ 2,990,240 2,240,339 749,901 129,825 \$ 2,981,267 2,267,085 714,182 136,700 \$ 2,978,538 2,386,931 591,607 62,500	Service ChargesOperating ExpensesAvailable RevenuePrincipalDebt Service\$ 1,977,488\$ 1,237,573\$ 739,915\$ 85,225\$ 32,6761,995,9471,297,008698,93985,22537,3972,273,5621,369,202904,36085,22533,8252,802,9411,787,1571,015,784129,82544,5562,845,7271,890,241955,486129,82530,3622,930,4492,038,042892,407129,82521,6942,990,2402,240,339749,901129,82514,9752,981,2672,267,085714,182136,7007,8302,978,5382,386,931591,60762,5007,184	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue Debt Service Principal \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,237,573 \$ 739,915 \$ 85,225 \$ 32,676 \$ 1,995,947 \$ 1,297,008 698,939 85,225 37,397 \$ 2,273,562 \$ 1,369,202 904,360 85,225 33,825 \$ 2,802,941 \$ 1,787,157 \$ 1,015,784 \$ 129,825 \$ 44,556 \$ 2,845,727 \$ 1,890,241 \$ 955,486 \$ 129,825 \$ 30,362 \$ 2,930,449 \$ 2,038,042 \$ 892,407 \$ 129,825 \$ 21,694 \$ 2,990,240 \$ 2,240,339 \$ 749,901 \$ 129,825 \$ 14,975 \$ 2,981,267 \$ 2,267,085 \$ 714,182 \$ 136,700 \$ 7,830 \$ 2,978,538 \$ 2,386,931 \$ 591,607 \$ 62,500 \$ 7,184	Service ChargesOperating ExpensesAvailable RevenueDebt Service\$ 1,977,488\$ 1,237,573\$ 739,915\$ 85,225\$ 32,676\$ 117,9011,995,9471,297,008698,93985,22537,397122,6222,273,5621,369,202904,36085,22533,825119,0502,802,9411,787,1571,015,784129,82544,556174,3812,845,7271,890,241955,486129,82530,362160,1872,930,4492,038,042892,407129,82521,694151,5192,990,2402,240,339749,901129,82514,975144,8002,981,2672,267,085714,182136,7007,830144,5302,978,5382,386,931591,60762,5007,18469,684	Service Charges Operating Expenses Available Revenue Debt Service \$ 1,977,488 \$ 1,237,573 \$ 739,915 \$ 85,225 \$ 32,676 \$ 117,901 \$ 1,995,947 \$ 1,297,008 698,939 85,225 37,397 122,622 \$ 2,273,562 1,369,202 904,360 85,225 33,825 119,050 \$ 2,802,941 1,787,157 1,015,784 129,825 44,556 174,381 \$ 2,845,727 1,890,241 955,486 129,825 30,362 160,187 \$ 2,930,449 2,038,042 892,407 129,825 21,694 151,519 \$ 2,990,240 2,240,339 749,901 129,825 14,975 144,800 \$ 2,981,267 2,267,085 714,182 136,700 7,830 144,530 \$ 2,978,538 2,386,931 591,607 62,500 7,184 69,684

- (1) Utility service charges includes all revenues of the fund except gains on sales of capital assets, developer donated assets, capital grants, and transfers in.
- (2) Operating expenses are exclusive of depreciation, amortization, interest expense, losses on sales of capital assets, and transfers out.
- (3) Sanitation accounts were transferred from the general government to the proprietary fund during fiscal year 2009.

Table 15

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

					(2)		
				Pe	r Capita	(3)	
Calendar	(1)	Personal			ersonal	Unemploymen	ıt
Year	Population		Income	I	ncome	Rate	
2006	5,413	\$	148,202,527	\$	27,379	2.7%	
2007	5,399		154,352,011		28,589	2.7%	
2008	5,424		168,442,320		31,055	3.5%	
2009	5,424		166,370,352		30,673	6.4%	
2010	5,420		165,044,420		30,451	6.3%	
2011	5,644		173,197,428		30,687	5.9%	
2012	5,644		186,240,712		32,998	5.5%	
2013	5,644		192,832,904		34,166	5.0%	
2014	5,879		(4)		(4)	4.5%	
2015	5,879		(4)		(4)	4.6%	

- (1) Population estimates obtained from the United States Bureau of the Census for years 2006 through 2015.
- (2) This information is not maintained for Towns. The amounts used are for the County of Rockingham, Virginia, which the Town lies within. The County obtained its information from the Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (3) This information is not maintained for Towns. The amounts used are for the County of Rockingham, Virginia, which the Town lies within. The County obtained its information for years 2006 through 2009 from the Virginia Employment Commission Harrisonburg/Rockingham County Branch; 2010 through 2015 information was obtained from the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics for Rockingham County.
- (4) Information was not available.

Table 16

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year June 30, Function/Program General government administration: Legislative: Superintendent's office Treasurer's office Public safety: Law enforcement and traffic control Public works: Public works department Maintenance General properties Parks, recreation and cultural Water, Sewer and Sanitation: Administration Transmission Purification Sewer maintenance Sanitation Total

⁽¹⁾ Sanitation activities and accounts were transferred from governmental activities to business-type activities during fiscal year 2009.

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council Town of Bridgewater, Virginia Bridgewater, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bridgewater, Virginia (Town) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as 2015-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Town's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. We did not audit the Town's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PBMares, LLP

Harrisonburg, Virginia November 21, 2015

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2015

FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT AS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

A. Significant Deficiency in Internal Control

2015-001 Financial Statement Presentation

Based on the adjustments made during the Town's annual audit, it does not appear that the Town's management is able to draft financial statements, including all footnotes and disclosures, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, including the implementation of GASB Statements, without assistance. Management provides this information for year-end adjustments and management is provided all year-end journal entries made during the audit, which are verified by management and posted to the Town's general ledger. Once the financial statements have been drafted, management is able to verify that all balances and disclosures are accurate and complete.

Management's Response

The Town of Bridgewater is not in a position to hire a full-time, in-house Certified Public Accountant at this time, nor will we be able to do so in the near future. It appears this would be required in order to remedy the above noted deficiency.

