COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



PREPARED BY:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE POWHATAN, VIRGINIA



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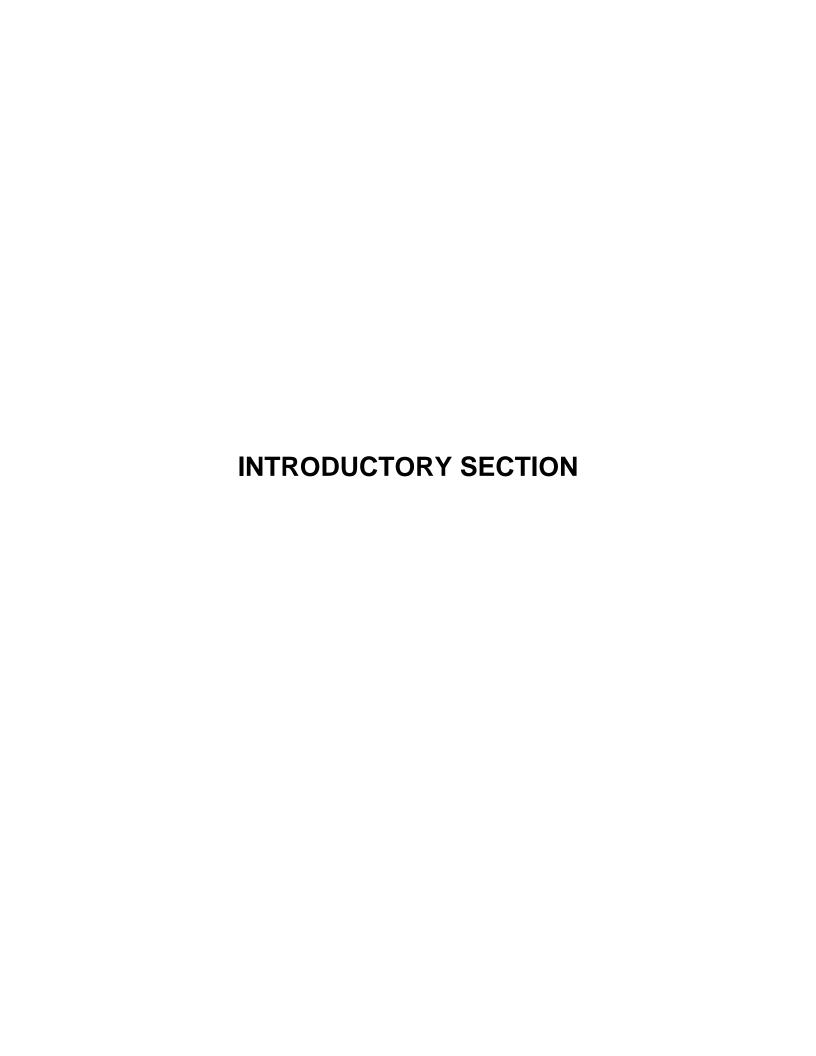
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COUNTY OF POWHATAN, VIRGINIA

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Karin M. Carmack, Chairman Michael W. Byerly, Vice Chairman

Bill L. Cox Tom E. Berry David T. Williams

SCHOOL BOARD

Kim D. Hymel, Chairman Rick Cole, Vice Chairman

Dr. James Taylor Susan Smith Valarie C. Ayers

SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD

Gay Bartlett, Chairman Mike Smith, Vice Chairman

Brad Burdette Neil Stout Lindia Cox

Karin M. Carmack

OTHER OFFICIALS

Clerk of the Circuit Court Commonwealth's Attorney

Interim Treasurer

Sheriff

Superintendent of Schools Director of Social Services Commissioner of the Revenue

Commissioner of the Nevent

County Administrator

Director of Finance – County

Assistant Superintendent for Finance, Business Operations,

Transportation, and Food Service – Schools

Teresa H. Dobbins
Richard Cox
Rebecca Nunnally
Bradford Nunnally
Dr. Eric L. Jones
Sharon Rochelle
James B. Timberlake, II
Edward N. Smither
Charla W. Schubert

Larry Johns

Board of Elections Voter Registrar Clerk of The Circuit Commonwealth's Commissioner of Revenue Treasurer Attorney Court Sheriff Constitutional Officers Superintendent of **Facilities and** Parks and Recreation Convenience Schools Grounds Utilities Center **PCPS School Board Human Resources** Fire and Rescue Information Technology **Public Works** Finance Powhatan County Citizens Administrator County **Assistant County** Administrator Inspections Planning Building Zoning Community Development Development Economic Powhatan County Government County Attorney Organizational Chart Supervisors **Board of Econ Development** Library Board of **Board of Zoning** Social Services Commission Equalization Planning Trustees Board of Appeals Board Committees **Boards and** ii

Board of Supervisors
Karin M. Carmack, Chairman
Michael W. Byerly, Vice Chairman
David T. Williams
Steve McClung
Bill L. Cox



County Administrator
Ned Smither

The County Of Powhatan

November 30, 2021

Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors and Citizens County of Powhatan Powhatan, Virginia:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of Powhatan, Virginia, (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is hereby submitted. The *Code of Virginia* requires that all local governments shall be audited annually with a report to the governing body by December 31. This report is published to fulfill that requirement.

As management, we assume full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information contained in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, we have established a comprehensive internal control framework that is established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Brown, Edwards & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor has issued an unmodified opinion on the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the Financial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is found immediately following the independent auditor's report. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. These reports are available in the Single Audit Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Profile of the County

Powhatan II lived from 1550(?) - 1618 and was the paramount Virginia Native American chief during the period of the founding of Jamestown in a land Europeans called "The New World". Jamestown (1607) had the distinction of being the first permanent English colony in the Americas. Chief Powhatan headed a tribal alliance of 32 Indian nations, known as the "Powhatan Confederacy". Its boundaries stretched from North Carolina to Washington, D.C., to the Eastern Shore region (approximately 16,000 square miles). He is popularly well-known to be the father of Pocahontas, the Pamunkey Indian child who supposedly saved the life of Captain John Smith. In early 1617 Powhatan went to the Tauxenent (Dogue) town of May-umps near the mouth of Virginia's Occoquan River. By May 1618 he died and his body may have remained with the Tauxenents until its transfer for burial in a sacred place in 1621. His interment site is believed to be in a large mound on the Pamunkey Reservation in King William County.

Profile of the County (Continued)

The first European settlers along the James River in the area west of present-day Chesterfield County were the French Huguenots in the early 1700's. Subsequently, the County was created by the Virginia General Assembly in 1777 and was named in honor of Chief Powhatan. The County of Powhatan, a community of 30,305 people and 272 square miles, is located in Virginia's Central Piedmont region between the Appomattox and James Rivers. Powhatan is twenty miles west of Richmond, the Commonwealth's capital city, and is within an easy two-hour drive to the Atlantic Ocean, Washington D.C., Colonial Williamsburg, and the Blue Ridge Mountains.



The governing body, a five-member Board of Supervisors elected by district for four-year terms, sets the policies for the County. The Board of Supervisors hires a County Administrator to act as Chief Administrative Officer. The County Administrator serves at the pleasure of the Board of Supervisors, carries out the policies established by the Board of Supervisors, and oversees the daily administration of the County. Powhatan County Public Schools (PCPS) is governed by a five-member School Board who are elected by district for four-year terms. The School Board hires the Superintendent who is the Chief Administrative Officer of PCPS. The County Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Revenue, the Commonwealth's Attorney, the Clerk of the Circuit Court and the Sheriff are elected at-large by the voters. The judges of the Circuit Court, General District Court, and the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Courts are appointed by the Virginia legislature.

The County provides a full range of municipal-type services including public safety (sheriff, fire, and EMS), health and social services, public improvements, planning, zoning and building inspections, recreation and cultural services, solid waste and recycling disposal, and general administrative services. The County also operates a public water system along the eastern portion of Andersen Highway and two wastewater treatment plants in the central and eastern parts of the County.

Profile of the County (Continued)

In accordance with the requirements of the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the County is financially accountable. The discretely presented component units qualifying for inclusion in this report is Powhatan County Public Schools (PCPS) and Powhatan County Economic Development Authority. The discretely presented component units are reported separately in the financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government and to differentiate their financial position, results of operation and cash flows from those of the primary government.

The annual operating budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit their recommended budgets to the County Administrator in January. The County Administrator uses these recommendations as the starting point for developing his proposed budget. The County Administrator presents the proposed budget to the Board of Supervisors usually by the beginning of March. The School Board presents the proposed budget for PCPS to the Board of Supervisors by mid-March. The Board of Supervisors holds public work sessions in March and April to discuss the budget. The Board of Supervisors is required to hold a public hearing and adopt a budget by May 15 for the fiscal year beginning July 1. PCPS budget is appropriated and controlled at the total budget level. The County's appropriated budget is legally controlled at the fund level. The Board of Supervisors must approve all transfers between funds. The County Administrator may make transfers of appropriations within a fund.

Local economy

The 2021 residential/commercial is 93% / 7%. For the fiscal year end (FYE) 2021, revenue from sales tax increased 14% over FYE 2020. The County's unemployment rate decreased to 3.0% in FY 2021, which is lower than the state rate of 4.3% and the national rate of 5.9%.

Long term financial planning

On June 22, 2016, Standard & Poor's affirmed the County's bond rating of AA+ and assigned a stable outlook. Standard & Poor's AA+ rating was based on their assessment of the county's strong economy, strong management conditions with what they considered "strong" financial policies and practices, very strong budgetary flexibility with a history of available reserves above 29% of expenditures, very strong liquidity, and very weak debt and contingent liabilities, which includes overall net debt at less than 3.8% of market value.

Relevant financial policies

The County believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the County to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the County maintains an unassigned General Fund Balance sufficient to fund all cash flows of the County, to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and for revenue shortfalls. Policy guidelines have established this amount at a minimum of 15% of operating revenues of the same fiscal year net of transfers. In FY2020 the County established a revenue stabilization reserve that is equal to 3% of the subsequent year general and school operating budgets less the local appropriation to the school fund. The County has also established a capital maintenance reserve within its fund balance policy where any fund balance remaining over and above the assigned fund balances is to be maintained for non-recurring needs of the County. Only the Board of Supervisors can determine these needs and authorize the use of the capital reserve fund balance.

In addition, policies and procedures are being developed or revised periodically to provide better clarification, more detail of practice, and to strengthen documentation of management.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Powhatan for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department. We wish to thank all county departments and Powhatan County Public Schools for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. The Board of Supervisors are to be commended for their support in strategically planning and managing the fiscal policies of the County.

Respectfully submitted,

Ned Smither

Ned Smither County Administrator

Director of Finance

Charle W. Schubert

Charla W. Schubert



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Powhatan Virginia

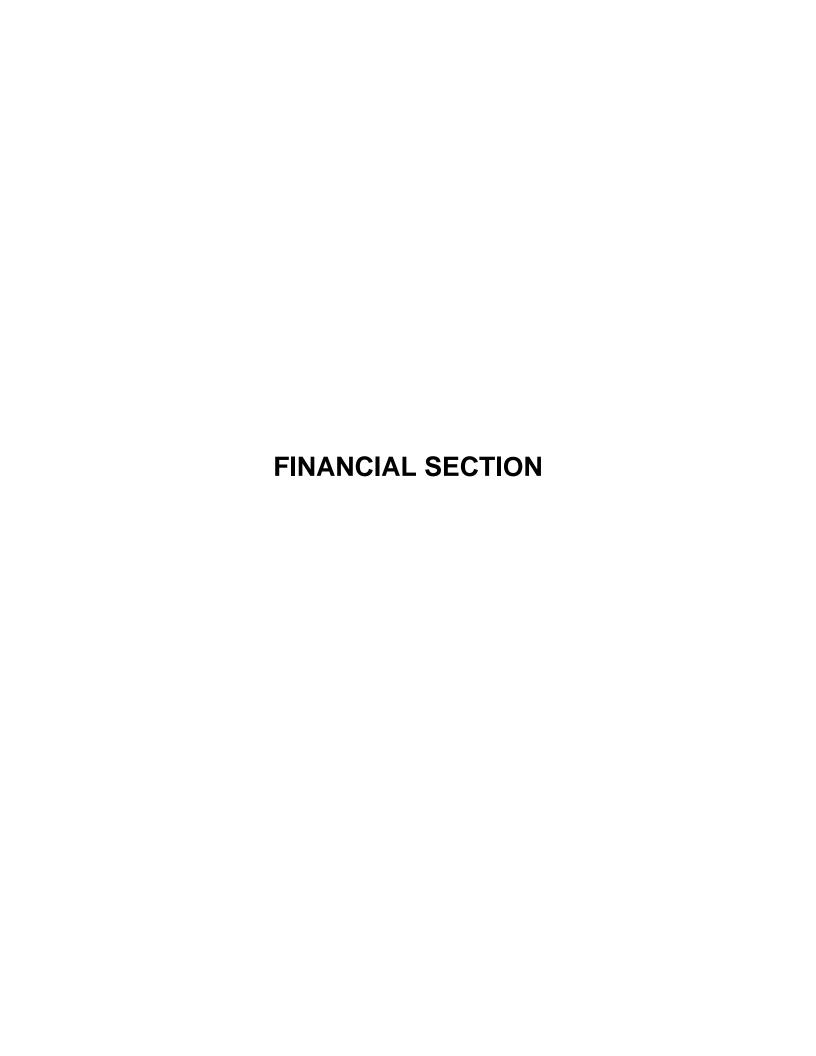
For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Powhatan, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Powhatan, Virginia (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* and *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Powhatan, Virginia, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2021 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Roanoke, Virginia November 24, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

This section of the County of Powhatan (the "County") comprehensive annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter, which can be found on pages iii-vi and with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County, on a government-wide basis excluding component units, exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$42,976,540 (net position). Of this amount, \$29,684,545 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net position, excluding component units, increased by \$12,688,612, of which the governmental activities increased \$12,284,855 and business-type activities increased by \$403,757.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41,705,486, an increase of \$4,418,804 in comparison with the prior year. The increase was due to the increase in property tax and local sales tax collections. Approximately 33% of this amount, \$13,950,906, is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$13,950,906 or 15% of total operating revenues of the general, school operating and school cafeteria funds (\$93,006,043). The County's policy is to maintain the general fund unassigned fund balance of 15% of operating revenues. General fund unassigned fund balance as a percent of operating revenues as calculated in accordance with the County's Unassigned Fund Balance Policy R-2015-62 of 15 percent is \$13,950,906. The County maintains a capital maintenance reserve for the County's capital needs. The County funds the capital maintenance reserve with fund balance in excess of the 15 percent policy less any budget carryforwards, nonspendable fund balance, transportation capital reserve, broadband capital investment reserve, economic incentive program, revenue stabilization reserve and schools capital maintenance reserve. The amount in the County capital maintenance reserve is \$10,200,491.
- The County established a revenue stabilization reserve in FY 2020. The reserve will be maintained at 3% of the total annual adopted general fund budget of the prior year, plus the non-local portion of the school operating fund budget. The Board may draw down from the reserve only if:
 - Current fiscal year third or fourth quarter forecasted general fund revenues, excluding use of prior year fund balance, decline by more than 1.5%; or
 - Subsequent fiscal year during the annual budget cycle real estate assessments are forecast to decrease more than 3% over the previous year's assessments

Withdrawals may not exceed half of the balance in the reserve in any one fiscal year and shall be used in combination with spending cuts. In the event of a draw down, the reserve must be replenished to 3% level within 3 fiscal years. The balance in the revenue stabilization fund in FY2021 is \$2,861,863.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of the County's finances using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Additionally, to assess the overall financial health of the County one must also consider non-financial factors such as changes in the County's property tax base.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government administration, judicial administration, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and cultural, community development, and education. The business-type activities are for water and sewer utilities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate school board for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for the *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15-17 of this report.

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, this measures cash and other liquid assets that can be readily converted to cash.

The County maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, County Capital Projects Fund and the Grants Fund, which are all considered to be major funds. Data for the other seven County funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund financial statements (continued)

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-21 of this report.

The County maintains one type of *Proprietary Fund.* The County uses *enterprise funds*, which are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements, to account for its water and sewer utilities. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-24 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund statement can be found on page 25 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-117 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. It also provides information on the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and health insurance to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 118-132 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 133 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

An analysis of the County's financial position with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two statements report the County's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the County's financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth and new regulations.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial standing. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$43 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A portion of the County's net position (\$13,291,995, 31% of total) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities (i.e., the County's investment in capital assets are of a permanent nature as assets acquired are generally not sold or otherwise disposed of during their useful life).

Unrestricted net position of \$27.9 million or 79% may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

The following table reflects the condensed Summary of Net Position as presented in the government-wide financial statement:

										Primary G	overr	ment				
	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Totals					Compone	nt U	nits		
		2021		2020	_	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021	_	2020
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	53,497,710 97,321,713	\$	47,072,802 94,588,885	\$	2,269,009 20,553,975	\$	2,054,133 21,070,288	\$	55,766,719 117,875,688	\$	49,126,935 115,659,173	\$	4,499,492 20,509,705	\$	4,973,239 19,959,896
Total assets	\$	150,819,423	\$	141,661,687	\$	22,822,984	\$	23,124,421	\$	173,642,407	\$	164,786,108	\$	25,009,197	\$	24,933,135
Deferred outflows of resources: Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$	1,029,635	\$	989,869	\$	24,861	\$	24,436	\$	1,054,496	\$	1,014,305	\$	4,233,982	\$	4,023,150
Difference between expected and actual experience and change in assumptions - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB		2,337,384 511,331		1,139,768 289,908		55,809 13,671		27,882 7,535		2,393,193 525,002		1,167,650 297,443		6,428,408 3,018,644		3,989,332 1,824,102
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing pool Deferred amounts on bond		-		-		-		-		-		-		104,054		166,226
refunding Total deferred outflows of resources	<u> </u>	1,200,517 5,078,867	\$	1,343,847 3,763,392	<u> </u>	768,019 862,360	\$	918,696	\$	1,968,536 5,941,227	<u> </u>	2,202,690 4,682,088	<u> </u>	13,785,088		10,002,810
Current liabilities	\$	1,736,488	\$	2,393,233	<u> </u>	301,446	\$	293,769		2,037,934	\$	2,687,002	<u> </u>	3,418,044	<u> </u>	4,810,691
Long-term liabilities:	ð		Þ		3		Þ		\$		ð		Ф		J	
Net pension liability		4,998,052		2,914,852		119,337		71,306		5,117,389		2,986,158		42,474,195		38,721,024
Other postemployment payable		3,500,276		3,101,785		80,160		69,608		3,580,436		3,171,393		21,786,331		19,794,000
Due within one year Due in more than one year		6,421,683 94,347,459		6,001,082 100,008,767		845,220 14,706,307		822,541 15,544,297		7,266,903 109,053,766		6,823,623 115,553,064		144,915 2,341,345		145,416 2,349,434
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	111,003,958	\$	114,419,719	<u> </u>	16,052,470	\$	16,801,521	\$	127,056,428	s	131,221,240	<u> </u>	70,164,830		65,820,565
Deferred inflows of resources:	_	,,		, ,,,,,	_			-, ,-	_	.,,					_	
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	200,839	\$	-	\$	4,918	\$	-	\$	205,757	\$	-	\$	924,689
pensions		341,138		527,692		8,138		12,902		349,276		540,594		2,508,909		2,549,562
Change in assumptions - pension		48,710		86,432		1,170		2,116		49,880		88,548		2,300,303		2,549,502
Difference between expected and actual experience OPEB														700 456		0.41.000
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing pool		330,927		393,620		9,250		11,101		340,177		404,721		788,456 1,141,082		941,000 1,095,751
Deferred property taxes		8,811,333		6,719,408		-		-		8,811,333		6,719,408		-		1,075,751
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	9,532,108	\$	7,927,991	\$	18,558	\$	31,037	\$	9,550,666	\$	7,959,028	\$	4,438,447	\$	5,511,002
Net position:																
Net investment in																
capital assets	\$	7,482,537	\$	4,791,306	\$		\$	5,600,088	\$	13,291,995	\$	10,391,394	\$	20,509,705	\$	19,959,896
Unrestricted (deficit)		27,879,687		18,286,063		1,804,858		1,610,471		29,684,545		19,896,534		(56,318,697)		(56,355,518

\$ 7,614,316

\$ 42,976,540

\$ 30,287,928

\$ (35,808,992)

\$ (36,395,622)

\$ 7,210,559

\$ 23,077,369

\$ 35,362,224

Total net position

The County's combined net position, which is the County's bottom line, increased by \$12,688,612 or 41.9% from the prior year. The change in the County's combined net position is a combination of a increase of \$12.3 million from the efforts of governmental activities and an increase of \$403,757 from the efforts of business-type activities. A significant portion of the increase from the efforts of the governmental activities can be attributed to an increase in collection of property taxes and local sales tax, as well as a reduction in spending across the County.

The School Board and Economic Development Authority (EDA) make up the County's component units. In FY 2021, the net position of the two component units' totals (\$35,808,992) compared to (\$36,395,622) in FY 2020. Powhatan County Public Schools, liabilities exceeded assets by \$36 million at the close of fiscal year 2021. The deficit is due to GASB Statements 68 and 75, which requires for the recording of the net pension liability and net other postemployment liabilities. The Powhatan County Public Schools net pension liability at June 30, 2021 is \$42,474,195 and net other post-employment benefits liability is \$21,786,331. The Commonwealth of Virginia requires that counties, as well as their financial dependent component units, be financed under a single taxing structure. This results in counties issuing debt to finance capital assets, such as public schools, for their component units. The capital assets of the Powhatan County Public Schools are jointly owned with the County. The County maintains ownership of the capital asset and as debt is paid a portion of the asset is transferred back to the component unit. The County also reports depreciation expense on these assets and as debt is paid a portion of the jointly owned assets are transferred back to the component unit. The EDA's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$163,354 at the close of fiscal year 2021.

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The statement of activities, which also uses the full accrual basis of accounting, illustrates the cost of governmental activities net of related revenues. It also shows the general revenue sources that fund governmental operations. The following table shows the revenue and expenses of government-wide activities:

County of Powhatan, Virginia's Statement of Activities

									Primary G	overn	ment		
	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	 То	tals		Compon	ent Units
		2021	_	2020		2021		2020	2021		2020	2021	2020
Revenues:													
Program Revenues:													
Charges for Services	\$	2,193,845	\$	2,221,910	\$	585,590	\$	608,843	\$ 2,779,435	\$	2,830,753	\$ 1,566,697	\$ 692,753
Operating Grants and Contributions		10,676,544		6,030,863		-		-	10,676,544		6,030,863	27,997,486	25,258,234
Capital Grants and Contributions		70,000		=		-		88,000	70,000		88,000	=	-
Property Taxes		46,528,921		42,858,105		-		-	46,528,921		42,858,105	-	-
Other local taxes		9,381,449		6,785,681		-		-	9,381,449		6,785,681	-	-
Grants and Contributions not													
restricted to specific programs		3,839,879		4,041,223		-		-	3,839,879		4,041,223	-	-
Other		579,852		1,012,318		5,920		4,133	 585,772		1,016,451	961,301	191,709
Total revenues	\$	73,270,490	\$	62,950,100	\$	591,510	\$	700,976	\$ 73,862,000	\$	63,651,076	\$ 30,525,484	\$ 26,142,696
Expenses:													
General government administration	\$	7,738,202	\$	4,048,390	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,738,202	\$	4,048,390	\$ -	\$ -
Judicial administration		1,360,939		1,266,314		-		-	1,360,939		1,266,314	-	-
Public safety		11,289,757		10,940,144		-		-	11,289,757		10,940,144	-	-
Public works		2,616,404		2,245,378		2,204,421		2,839,736	4,820,825		5,085,114	-	-
Health and welfare		5,174,537		4,785,157		-		-	5,174,537		4,785,157	=	-
Education		26,778,187		25,649,391		-		-	26,778,187		25,649,391	54,690,959	49,885,604
Parks, recreation, and cultural		741,691		781,264		-		-	741,691		781,264	=	-
Community development		1,082,578		1,077,207		-		-	1,082,578		1,077,207	=	-
Interest and fiscal charges		2,186,672		2,902,678				-	 2,186,672		2,902,678		
Total expenses	\$	58,968,967	\$	53,695,923	\$	2,204,421	\$	2,839,736	\$ 61,173,388	\$	56,535,659	\$ 54,690,959	\$ 49,885,604
Change in net position before													
transfers	\$	14,301,523	\$	9,254,177	\$	(1,612,911)	\$	(2,138,760)	\$ 12,688,612	\$	7,115,417	\$ (24,165,475)	\$ (23,742,908)
Transfers		(2,016,668)		(2,253,109)		2,016,668	_	2,253,109	 		-	23,887,551	22,470,546
Change in net position	\$	12,284,855	\$	7,001,068	\$	403,757	\$	114,349	\$ 12,688,612	\$	7,115,417	\$ (277,924)	\$ (1,272,362)
Net position - beginning - as restated		23,077,369		16,076,301		7,210,559		7,096,210	 30,287,928		23,172,511	(35,531,068)	(35,123,260)
Net position - ending	\$	35,362,224	\$	23,077,369	\$	7,614,316	\$	7,210,559	\$ 42,976,540	\$	30,287,928	\$ (35,808,992)	\$ (36,395,622)

Governmental activities – For fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, revenues from governmental activities (not including Capital Projects) totaled \$72.9 million, which was an increase of \$10.4 million from the prior year. Real estate tax revenues, the County's largest revenue source, real estate billing of \$35.2 million. The County's

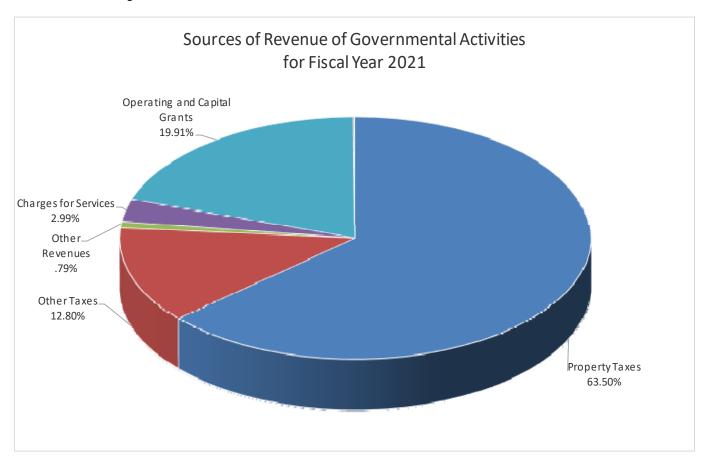
assessed real property tax base for fiscal year 2021 saw an increase of \$531 million. The increase is due to increase in new construction. The real estate tax rate was lowered to \$.85 for fiscal year 2021.

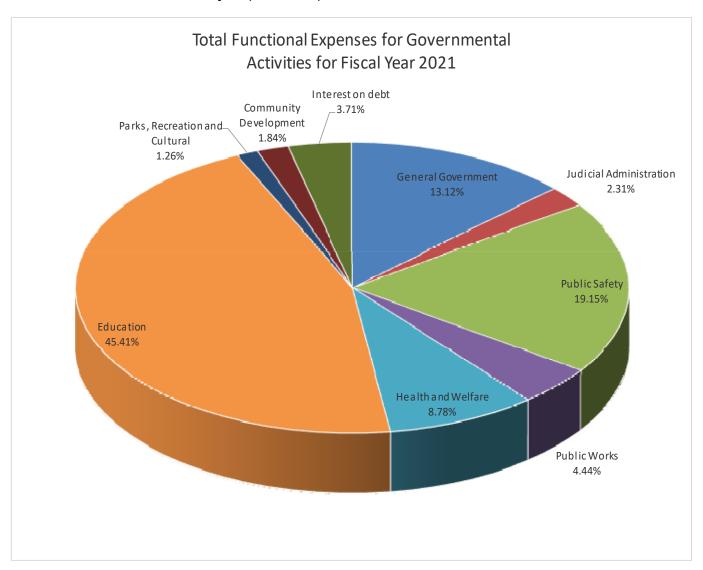
In the General Fund, the County reported current year collections of \$13.3 million in personal property taxes, the County's second largest revenue source. Of that amount, \$3.02 million was received as reimbursement from the Commonwealth of Virginia. Under the provisions of the Personal Property Tax Relief Act (PPTRA), the state's share of local personal property taxes remains stable, which is attributed to the tax rate remaining at \$3.60. The increase of \$828,647 in other taxes, which includes local sales taxes, consumer utility taxes, transient occupancy taxes and local business license taxes, is evidence that the local economy continues to grow.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, expenses relating to governmental activities (not including Capital Projects) were \$3.2 million less than planned. The decrease in spending can be contributed \$656,753 reduction of spending by Schools due to the hybrid learning, \$1.1 million of Central Virginia Transportation Authority and conservative spending by all departments in the County.

Public education continues to be one of the County's highest priorities and commitments. The County contributed \$22.5 million to public education school operations and \$6.5 million toward debt payments relating to school projects for a total contribution of \$29 million.

The following graphs illustrate by source for governmental activities, as well as illustrating expenses for each of the functional areas of governmental activities:





Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$403,757 for fiscal year 2021. Similar to the changes in net position attributable to governmental activities, changes in business-type activity net position also result from the difference between revenues and expenses. Unlike governmental activities, which primarily rely on general tax revenue to finance operations, business-type activities are financed by fees charged for goods and services provided.

The County has one enterprise fund, which provides water and wastewater services to approximately 200 customers in the County. Like all business-type activities, the Utility Fund attempts to recover much of the operating expenses it incurs to meet service demands through user fees. The primary factors affecting the Utility Fund are:

• Efforts to make the fund self-supporting have been unsuccessful; however the fund is showing improvements. The County recognizes the need to continue support of the fund through annual General Fund transfers. The budgeted transfer was \$2,016,668 in fiscal year 2021.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41.7 million, an increase of \$4.4 million in comparison with the prior year. The \$4.4 million increase can be attributed to the increase in collection of property taxes and local sales tax and a decrease in general operating spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$13.95 million, while total fund balance reached \$28.8 million. The Board of Supervisors adopted a fund balance policy to keep unassigned fund balance at a minimum of 15% of operating revenues of the same fiscal year. The fund balance in excess of 15% is assigned to capital maintenance reserve and the revenue stabilization reserve. In fiscal year 2021 the County's fund balance was 31% of fiscal year 2021 operating revenues. The excess fund balance of \$14.9 million is assigned to revenue stabilization reserve in the amount of \$2.9 million and the remainder is for capital maintenance needs of the County and Schools.

The County Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those reported by the Proprietary Fund. The County Capital Projects Fund has a fund balance of \$9.2 million, which \$8.8 million was restricted for bonded projects and \$434,343 has been assigned for future capital projects. The fund balance decreased from the prior year by \$6.7 million. This decrease is due to several large projects such as the public radio system were under way. The County made a transfer from capital maintenance reserve in the amount of \$273,000 to fund pay as you go projects from the Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan.

Proprietary funds: The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Utility Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1.8 million, which is an increase of \$194,387 from fiscal year 2020. The majority of this increase can be attributed to a reduction in debt service. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total General Fund expenditures in fiscal year 2021 came in at \$1.9 million or 3.5% below the final amended budget. Local expenditures for Education were under budget by \$656,753.

General Fund revenues exceeded budget projections in fiscal year 2021 by \$6.3 million, which can be attributed to very conservative revenue forecasting during the pandemic.

There was an increase of \$711,973 between the original General Fund budget and the final amended General Fund budget, and the major differences can be summarized as follows:

- An increase of \$629,714 can be associated with the appropriation of carryover grant balances for CSBG and balances for PGCAA.
- An increase of \$82,259 can be attributed to various minor budget changes across multiple departments.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$117.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, and machinery and equipment.

The County does not own its own roads; therefore, roads are not included in the capital assets.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The County continues the ERP upgrade and public safety radio system. The total work in progress amounted to \$7,989,157.
- The County completed several large projects, such as PMS County gymnasium upgrades, bathroom renovations and Skaggs Road building renovations.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are illustrated in the following table:

Capital Assets As of June 30, 2021 and 2020												
					Primary G	overnment						
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	To	tals	Compon	ent Units				
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020				
Land	\$ 1,550,740	\$ 1,550,740	\$ 859,030	\$ 859,030	\$ 2,409,770	\$ 2,409,770	\$ 818,851	\$ 818,851				
Construction in progress	7,989,157	2,469,776	232,417	232,417	8,221,574	2,702,193	-	-				
Buildings	15,389,010	14,686,190	19,010,230	19,505,944	34,399,240	34,192,134	-	-				
Machinery & equipment	7,331,488	7,462,252	452,298	472,897	7,783,786	7,935,149	1,226,460	1,346,139				
Jointly owned assets	65,061,318	68,419,927			65,061,318	68,419,927	18,364,394	17,694,906				
Total	\$ 97,321,713	\$ 94,588,885	\$ 20,553,975	\$21,070,288	\$ 117,875,688	\$ 115,659,173	\$20,409,705	\$ 19,859,896				

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 8 on pages 42-44 of this report.

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Capital Asset and Debt Administration (Continued)

Long-term debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total outstanding debt of \$115.3 million and details are summarized in the following table:

Long-Term Debt As of June 30, 2021 and 2020											
	Government	al Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	•	overnment tals	Compon	ent Units			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020			
Bonds Payable:											
General obligation bonds	\$ 19,054,287	\$ 20,871,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,054,287	\$ 20,871,963	\$ -	\$ -			
Revenue bonds	72,393,000	75,538,000	14,735,000	15,480,000	87,128,000	91,018,000	-	-			
Premium on bonds	6,437,564	7,058,056	777,536	849,043	7,215,100	7,907,099	-	-			
Capital leases	1,937,959	1,630,626	-	-	1,937,959	1,630,626	-	-			
Compensated absences	946,332	911,204	38,991	37,795	985,323	948,999	2,486,260	2,494,850			
Total	\$ 100,769,142	\$ 106,009,849	\$ 15,551,527	\$16,366,838	\$ 116,320,669	\$ 122,376,687	\$ 2,486,260	\$ 2,494,850			

Debt associated with governmental activities decreased \$5.3 million, which is the net amount of pay down of principal during the year. The debt associated with business-type activities decreased by \$756,507, which can be attributed to pay down of principal during the current year.

The County is not subject to a statutory debt limitation, but the County limits its debt to a net debt as a percentage of assessed value of taxable property which shall not exceed 4%. The County also limits its ratio of debt service as a percentage of governmental operating funds expenditures to 15%. The County's net tax supported debt as a percentage of assessed value was 2.37%, the net debt per capita ratio was \$3,805, and the debt payments percentage was 11.23%.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 on pages 46-50.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the County as of June 2021 was 3.0 percent, which is lower than the state rate (4.3 percent) and the national rate (5.9 percent).
- Real property taxable assessed values increased 9.6 percent from January 1, 2018 to January 1, 2020 from \$3,424,488,050 to \$3,986,923,400 due to the County's general reassessment. The County anticipates the assessments to continue to increase for new construction and this will be taken into consideration in the development of the FY 2023 Budget, which is currently underway.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, County of Powhatan, 3834 Old Buckingham Road, Suite B, Powhatan VA 23139. General information relating to the County of Powhatan is available on the County's website http://www.powhatanva.gov.





	_	Prir	mary Government	t		Component Units		
		Governmental	Business-type			School		
	_	Activities	Activities	Total	_	Board	EDA	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	34,100,731 \$	2,188,303	\$ 36,289,034	\$	3,093,743 \$	63,354	
Receivables, net (Note 5):								
Taxes		8,310,462	-	8,310,462		-	-	
Accounts		234,840	80,706	315,546		83,635	-	
Due from other governmental units (Note 6)		2,042,137	-	2,042,137		1,089,454	-	
Inventories		1 240	-	1 240		169,306	-	
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets:		1,349	-	1,349		-	-	
Temporarily restricted:								
Investments (Note 3)		8,808,191	-	8,808,191		-	_	
Capital assets (Note 8)								
Nondepreciable		9,539,897	1,091,447	10,631,344		818,851	100,000	
Depreciable, net	_	87,781,816	19,462,528	107,244,344		19,590,854	-	
Total assets	\$_	150,819,423 \$	22,822,984	\$ 173,642,407	\$	24,845,843 \$	163,354	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension contributions made subsequent								
to the measurement date (Notes 11 &12)	\$	1,029,635 \$	24,861	\$ 1,054,496	\$	4,233,982 \$	_	
Other deferred outflows -pension (Notes 11 & 12)	Ψ	2,337,384	55,809	2,393,193	Ψ	6,428,408	_	
Deferred outflows - OPEB (Notes 13 and 14)		511,331	13,671	525,002		3,018,644	_	
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing		,	-,-	,		-,,-		
pool (Note 12)		-	-	-		104,054	_	
Deferred amount on bond refundings		1,200,517	768,019	1,968,536		· -	-	
	\$	5,078,867 \$	862,360	\$ 5,941,227	\$	13,785,088 \$	-	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	859,181 \$	149,427	\$ 1,008,608	\$	1,045,586 \$	_	
Accrued liabilities	·	12,712	-	12,712	•	2,372,458	_	
Retainage payable		23,205	-	23,205		-	-	
Accrued interest payable		841,390	143,588	984,978		=	-	
Unearned revenue		-	8,431	8,431		-	-	
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year (Note 10)		6,421,683	845,220	7,266,903		144,915	-	
Due in more than one year (Note 10)		94,347,459	14,706,307	109,053,766		2,341,345	-	
Net pension liability (Notes 11 & 12)		4,998,052	119,337	5,117,389		42,474,195	-	
Net other postemployment benefits liability								
(Notes 13, 14, 15 & 17)		3,500,276	80,160	3,580,436		21,786,331	-	
Total liabilities	\$_	111,003,958 \$	16,052,470	\$ 127,056,428	\$	70,164,830 \$	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Difference between expected and actual								
experience - pension (Notes 11 & 12)	\$	341,138 \$	8,138	\$ 349,276	\$	2,508,909 \$	-	
Change in assumptions - pension (Notes 11 & 12)		48,710	1,170	49,880		-	-	
Difference between expected and actual								
experience - OPEB (Notes 13 & 14)		330,927	9,250	340,177		788,456	-	
Change in proportion - teacher cost sharing								
pool (Note 12)		-	-	-		1,141,082	-	
Deferred property taxes (Note 9)	_	8,811,333	- 10.550	8,811,333	_	- 4 400 447 6	-	
	\$_	9,532,108 \$	18,558	\$ 9,550,666	\$	4,438,447 \$	-	
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,482,537 \$	5,809,458		\$	20,409,705 \$	100,000	
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	27,879,687	1,804,858	29,684,545		(56,382,051)	63,354	
Total net position	\$_	35,362,224 \$	7,614,316	\$ 42,976,540	\$	(35,972,346) \$	163,354	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	_	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
General government administration	\$	7,738,202 \$	- \$	5,658,615 \$	-		
Judicial administration		1,360,939	208,154	658,199	-		
Public safety		11,289,757	1,715,285	1,650,945	70,000		
Public works		2,616,404	75,391	-	-		
Health and welfare		5,174,537	-	2,569,044	-		
Education		26,778,187	-	-	-		
Parks, recreation, and cultural		741,691	2,081	132,563	-		
Community development		1,082,578	192,934	7,178	-		
Interest on long-term debt		2,186,672	-	-	-		
Total governmental activities	\$	58,968,967 \$	2,193,845 \$	10,676,544 \$	70,000		
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer	\$	2,204,421 \$	585,590 \$	- \$	-		
Total business-type activities	\$	2,204,421 \$	585,590 \$	- \$	-		
Total primary government	\$ _	61,173,388 \$	2,779,435 \$	10,676,544 \$	70,000		
COMPONENT UNITS:							
School Board	\$	54,169,497 \$	1,049,292 \$	27,997,486 \$	-		
Economic Development Authority	•	521,462	517,405	-	_		
Total component units	\$ _	54,690,959 \$	1,566,697 \$	27,997,486 \$	-		
•	· =	· .					

General revenues:

General property taxes

Local sales and use tax

Consumer utility tax

Motor vehicle licenses

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Payment from Powhatan County

Transfers (Note 7)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated (Note 22)

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	P	rimary Government	rnment Component Units				
	Governmental	Business-type		School			
	Activities	Activities	Total	Board	EDA		
\$	(2,079,587) \$	- \$	(2,079,587) \$	- \$	-		
	(494,586)	-	(494,586)	-	-		
	(7,853,527)	-	(7,853,527)	-	-		
	(2,541,013)	-	(2,541,013)	-	-		
	(2,605,493)	-	(2,605,493)	-	-		
	(26,778,187)	-	(26,778,187)	-	-		
	(607,047)	-	(607,047)	-	-		
	(882,466)	-	(882,466)	-	-		
	(2,186,672)	-	(2,186,672)	-	-		
\$	(46,028,578) \$	- \$	(46,028,578) \$	- \$	-		
	<u> </u>						
\$	- \$	(1,618,831) \$	(1,618,831) \$	\$			
\$	- \$	(1,618,831) \$	(1,618,831) \$	\$			
\$	(46,028,578)	(1,618,831) \$	(47,647,409) \$	- \$			
\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	(25,122,719) \$			
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(4,057)		
\$	\$	\$	\$	(25,122,719) \$	(4,057)		
\$	46,528,921 \$	- \$	46,528,921 \$	- \$	_		
Ψ	4,541,528	-	4,541,528	_ *	_		
	629,197	_	629,197	_	_		
	1,129,381	_	1,129,381	_	_		
	3,081,343	_	3,081,343	_	_		
	194,869	_	194,869	3,041	122		
	384,983	5,920	390,903	958,138	-		
	3,839,879	-	3,839,879	=	_		
	-	_	-	23,887,551	_		
	(2,016,668)	2,016,668	_	,,	-		
\$	58,313,433 \$	2,022,588 \$	60,336,021 \$	24,848,730 \$	122		
\$	12,284,855 \$	403,757 \$	12,688,612 \$	(273,989) \$			
·	23,077,369	7,210,559	30,287,928	(35,698,357)	167,289		
\$	35,362,224 \$	7,614,316 \$	42,976,540 \$	(35,972,346) \$			
				, , ,= = 7			



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	



Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	_	General		County Capital Projects	_	Grants Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	27,666,619	\$	464,141	\$	2,907,367 \$	3,062,604	\$	34,100,731
Receivables, net:									
Taxes		8,310,462		-		-	-		8,310,462
Accounts		194,638		-		-	40,202		234,840
Due from other governmental units		1,477,532		-		66,136	498,469		2,042,137
Prepaid items		1,349		-		-	-		1,349
Restricted assets:									
Temporarily restricted:									
Investments		-		8,808,191					8,808,191
Total assets	\$	37,650,600	\$	9,272,332	\$	2,973,503 \$	3,601,275	\$	53,497,710
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	781,146	\$	30,058	\$	10,072 \$	37,905	\$	859,181
Accrued liabilities		12,712		-		-	-		12,712
Retainage payable		10,798		12,407		-	-		23,205
Total liabilities	\$	804,656	\$	42,465	\$	10,072 \$	37,905	\$	895,098
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable/deferred revenue (Note 9)	\$_	8,017,349	\$	-	\$_	2,879,777 \$		\$	10,897,126
FUND BALANCES:									
Nonspendable	\$	1,349	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,349
Restricted		,		8,795,524		83,654	2,941,382		11,820,560
Committed		_		-		· -	621,988		621,988
Assigned		14,876,340		434,343		-	-		15,310,683
Unassigned		13,950,906		_		-	_		13,950,906
Total fund balances	\$	28,828,595	\$	9,229,867	\$	83,654 \$	3,563,370	\$	41,705,486
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$-	37,650,600		9,272,332		2,973,503 \$			53,497,710
	Ť=	,,500	·	-,,502	: ' =	.,,		'=	, ,

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$	41,705,486
			•	, ,
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Capital assets, cost	\$	154,764,955		
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	(57,443,242)		97,321,713
Deferred inflows of resources (i.e. taxes levied) are not available to pay current				
period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.				2,085,793
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to)			
future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Deferred outflows of resources for employer contributions - pension	\$	1,029,635		
Deferred outflows - pension	·	2,337,384		
Deferred inflows of resources for differences between expected and actual		(0.1.1.100)		
experience - pension		(341,138)		
Deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB		(48,710) 511,331		
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(330,927)		
Net other postemployment benefits liability		(3,500,276)		
Net Pension Liability	_	(4,998,052)		(5,340,753)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Bonds and loans payable	\$	(91,447,287)		
Bond issuance premium		(6,437,564)		
Deferred charge on refundings		1,200,517		
Interest payable		(841,390)		
Capital lease obligations		(1,937,959)		(400 440 045)
Compensated absences		(946,332)	-	(100,410,015)
Net position of governmental activities			\$_	35,362,224

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		General	County Capital Projects	Grants Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$	46,429,541 \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	46,429,541
Other local taxes		7,598,321	-	-	1,783,128	9,381,449
Permits, privilege fees,						
and regulatory licenses		1,121,575	-	-	190,294	1,311,869
Fines and forfeitures		119,160	-	-	-	119,160
Revenue from the use of						
money and property		186,734	8,034	-	101	194,869
Charges for services		214,178	-	-	548,638	762,816
Miscellaneous		183,316	130,875	57,775	13,017	384,983
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Commonwealth		7,554,547	70,000	31,178	141,549	7,797,274
Federal	_	1,311,141		5,478,008	<u> </u>	6,789,149
Total revenues	\$_	64,718,513 \$	208,909 \$	5,566,961 \$	2,676,727 \$	73,171,110
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government administration	\$	3,573,166 \$	555,081 \$	4,144,310 \$	- \$	8,272,557
Judicial administration		1,180,172	22,204	14,910	1,525	1,218,811
Public safety		9,327,193	5,654,827	213,298	537,242	15,732,560
Public works		2,357,028	639,933	-	-	2,996,961
Health and welfare		5,228,724	-	-	-	5,228,724
Education		22,501,997	917,581	-	-	23,419,578
Parks, recreation, and cultural		587,876	4,750	-	-	592,626
Community development		1,016,663	-	7,178	-	1,023,841
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		5,433,060	-	-	-	5,433,060
Interest and other fiscal charges	_	3,416,638	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,416,638
Total expenditures	\$	54,622,517 \$	7,794,376 \$	4,379,696 \$	538,767 \$	67,335,356
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	\$_	10,095,996 \$	(7,585,467) \$	1,187,265 \$	2,137,960 \$	5,835,754
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$	1,137,509 \$	273,000 \$	- \$	7,687 \$	1,418,196
Transfers out		(2,296,281)	-	(1,138,583)	-	(3,434,864)
Issuance of bonds		15,927,000	-	-	-	15,927,000
Payment to escrow agent		(15,749,000)	-	-	-	(15,749,000)
Premium on issuance of bonds		(178,000)	-	-	-	(178,000)
Proceeds of capital leases		-	599,718	-	-	599,718
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,158,772) \$	872,718 \$	(1,138,583) \$	7,687 \$	(1,416,950)
Net change in fund balances	\$	8,937,224 \$	(6,712,749) \$	48,682 \$	2,145,647 \$	4,418,804
Fund balances - beginning	_	19,891,371	15,942,616	34,972	1,417,723	37,286,682
Fund balances - ending	\$	28,828,595 \$	9,229,867 \$	83,654 \$	3,563,370 \$	41,705,486

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	se:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 4,418,804
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital asset additions Allocation of jointly owned assets, net Depreciation expense	\$ 	8,732,536 (1,385,554) (4,606,998)	2,739,984
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			99,380
Governmental funds report employer pension contributions as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.			
Employer pension contributions Pension expense	\$	1,029,635 (1,915,383)	(885,748)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain or loss on sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the property sold.			(7,156)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal payments Issuance of refunding bonds Principal payments on refunding bonds Issuance of capital leases Premium on issuance of bonds Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding Amortization of premium on bonds payable	\$	5,433,060 (15,927,000) 15,749,000 (599,718) 178,000 143,330 620,492	5,597,164
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$	(35,128)	
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in interest payable		(108,589) 466,144	 322,427
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ 12,284,855

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

	E	nterprise Fund
		Water &
		Sewer
ACCETC		
ASSETS Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	2,188,303
·	Φ	
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles (Note 5) Total current assets	\$	80,706 2,269,009
	Φ	2,209,009
Noncurrent assets (Note 8):		
Capital assets:	ф	4 004 447
Nondepreciable	\$	1,091,447
Depreciable, net	<u> </u>	19,462,528
Total noncurrent assets	\$	20,553,975
Total assets	\$	22,822,984
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date (Note 11)	\$	24,861
Differences between expected and actual experience, difference between projected		
and actual earnings and changes in assumptions on pension plan investments -		
pension (Note 11)		55,809
Deferred Outflows - OPEB (Note 13) Deferred amount on bond refunding		13,671
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	768,019 862,360
Total deletted outflows of resources	Ψ	002,300
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	149,427
Accrued interest payable		143,588
Compensated absences - current portion		3,899
Deferred revenue		8,431
Bonds payable - current portion		841,321
Total current liabilities	\$	1,146,666
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	14,671,215
Compensated absences - net of current portion		35,092
Net pension liability		119,337
Other post-employment benefits payable		80,160
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	14,905,804
Total liabilities	\$	16,052,470
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Difference between expected and actual experience on pension (Note 11)	\$	8,138
Changes in assumptions - pension (Note 11)	*	1,170
Deferred Inflows - OPEB (Note 13)		9,250
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	18,558
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,809,458
Unrestricted	Ψ	1,804,858
Total net position	\$	7,614,316
	*===	. , ,
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Enterprise Fund Water & Sewer
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Water and sewer revenues	\$	365,525
Connection and reconnection fees		220,065
Miscellaneous	·	5,920
Total operating revenues	\$	591,510
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Personal services	\$	276,537
Fringe benefits		88,042
Contractual services		232,221
Other charges		469,087
Depreciation		580,062
Total operating expenses	\$	1,645,949
Operating loss	\$	(1,054,439)
NONOPERATING EXPENSES		
Interest and fiscal charges	\$	(558,472)
Total nonoperating expenses	\$	(558,472)
Loss before contributions and transfers	\$	(1,612,911)
Transfers in	\$	2,016,668
Change in net position	\$	403,757
Total net position - beginning		7,210,559
Total net position - ending	\$	7,614,316

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Enterprise Fund
		Water &
		Sewer
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	591,117
Payments to suppliers	·	(694,496)
Payments to employees		(351,767)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(455,146)
NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfers from other funds	\$	2,016,668
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	\$	2,016,668
CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Additions to capital assets	\$	(63,749)
Principal payments on bonds		(745,000)
Interest payments		(546,721)
Net cash used in capital and related		<u> </u>
financing activities	\$	(1,355,470)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	206,052
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted		1,982,251
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted	\$	2,188,303
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(1,054,439)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
used in operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	\$	580,062
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(8,824)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		6,812
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		8,431
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences and OPEB		3,761
Increase (decrease) Pension expense net of employer contributions		9,051
Total adjustments Net cash used in operating activities	\$	599,293 (455,146)
Net cash used in operating activities	Ψ	(455, 140)

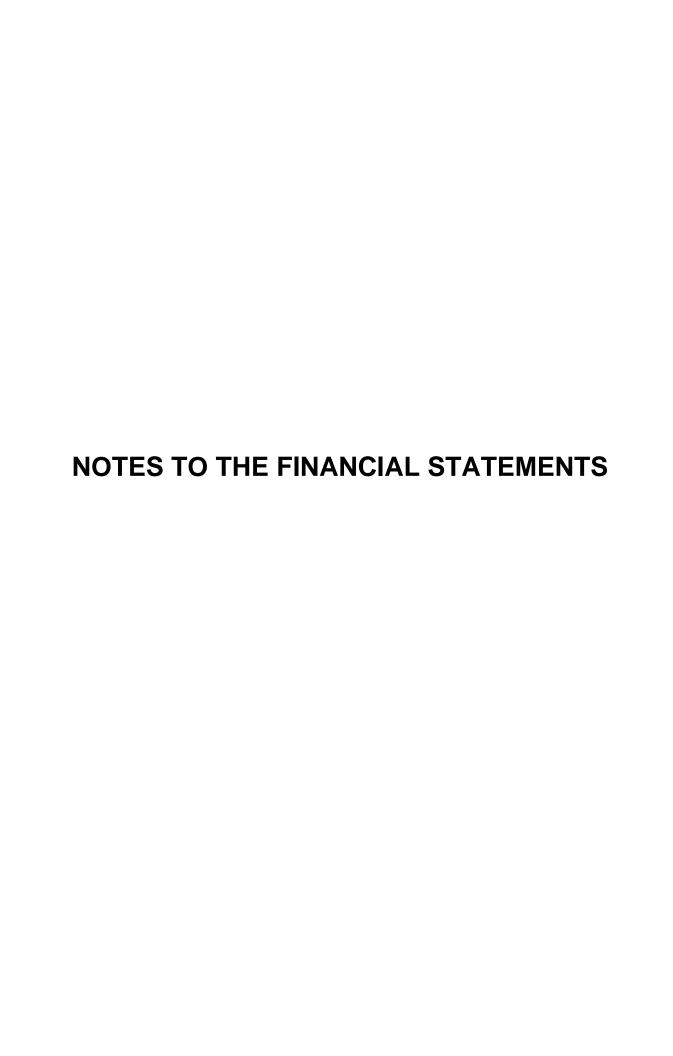
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2021

	_	Custodial Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	539,484
Total assets	\$ <u> </u>	539,484
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Social Services clients	\$	25,044
Bond escrow		514,440
Total net position	\$ -	539,484

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Custodial Funds
Additions:	_	
Member contributions	\$	125,225
Performance bonds		118,213
Total additions	\$	243,438
Deductions: Payments made to welfare recipients Total deductions	\$_ \$	142,231 142,231
Change in fiduciary net position Total net position, beginning as restated Total net position, ending	\$ _ \$ - \$	101,207 438,277 539,484







NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Powhatan, Virginia (County) is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The more significant GASB policies are described below.

B. Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position is designed to display financial position of the primary government (government and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments report all capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the statement of activities. The net position of a government is broken down into three categories – 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

Statement of Activities

The government-wide statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Statement of Activities (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Governments provide budgetary comparison information in their financial statements, including the government's original budget with a comparison of final budget and actual results.

C. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the Organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of Powhatan, Virginia (the primary government) and its component units. The discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Discretely Presented Component Units

School Board

The School Board members are elected by the citizens of Powhatan County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School does not issue a separate financial report.

Economic Development Authority

The Powhatan County Economic Development Authority (EDA) is responsible for industrial and commercial development in the County. The Authority consists of six members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County, as the County is involved in the day-to-day operations of the EDA, and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

E. Other Related Organizations

James River Juvenile Detention Commission

The James River Juvenile Detention Commission is jointly governed by the localities of Goochland, Henrico, and Powhatan. The Commission is funded primarily through monthly fees paid by the member jurisdictions for operating support which is determined annually by the Commission. The County's annual fee for fiscal year 2021 was \$259,264.

Central Virginia Waste Management Authority

The Counties of Charles City, Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, New Kent, Powhatan, and Prince George, and the Cities of Colonial Heights, Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond, and the Town of Ashland provide financial support for the Authority, which is determined annually by the Board, and appoint its governing Board, in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The County appoints one or more members to the Board. No one locality contributes more than 50% of the Authority's funding or has oversight responsibility over its operations. The County has no equity interest in the Authority. During fiscal year 2013, the County executed and renewed 6 contracts with the CVWMA. The County's contribution for fiscal year 2021 was \$14,172.

Goochland-Powhatan Community Services Board

The Board was created by resolution pursuant to state statute and is considered a jointly governed organization, and therefore, its operations are not included in the County's financial statements. The counties of Goochland and Powhatan provide the financial support for the Board, which is determined annually by the Board, and appoint its governing Board in which is vested the ability to execute contracts and to budget and expend funds. The County has no equity interest in the Board, and made operating contributions of \$298,630 to the Board during fiscal year 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Other Related Organizations (Continued)

Virginia Department of Health - Chesterfield Health District

The Chesterfield Health District includes the localities of Chesterfield, Powhatan, and Colonial Heights. The County makes an annual contribution for operating support, which is based on the needs of the Department and determined annually by the Board of Supervisors. The County's contribution for fiscal year 2021 was \$192,783.

Monacan Soil and Water Conservation District

The County entered into an agreement with the District to work together in the development of effective soil and water conversation programs. The County's contribution during fiscal year 2021 was \$41,800.

Piedmont Court Services

Piedmont Court Services is an agency dedicated to enhancing public safety, reducing crime, reinforcing offender accountability, promoting lawful and productive lifestyles among offenders, and assisting the Courts in managing offenders by utilizing evidence-based practices and principles and establishing collaborative community partnerships in order to promote offender self-efficacy and to reduce recidivism. The agency is jointly governed by the following localities: Amelia, Buckingham, Charlotte, Cumberland, Lunenburg, Nottoway, Powhatan, and Prince Edward. The County made no contribution during fiscal year 2021.

Richmond Regional Planning District

The Richmond Regional Planning District Commission is a regional planning agency with major emphasis in the areas of transportation, local technical assistance and information services including demographic, economic and geographic information systems. The Commission, which was formed by local governments on August 14, 1969 under the authority of the Virginia Area Development Act, which was revised and retitled as the Regional Cooperation Act in 1995, is comprised of elected officials and citizens who address mutual problems and work out solutions for the local governments which benefit from intergovernmental cooperation. Each county within the Richmond region is required to pay annual dues, which is based on estimated population. The County's dues for fiscal year 2021 were \$18,591.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Other Related Organizations (Continued)

Maggie L. Walker Governor's School for Government and International Studies

The Maggie L. Walker Governor's School for Government and International Studies provides broad-based educational opportunities that develop gifted students' understanding of world cultures and languages, as well as their ability to lead, participate, and contribute in a rapidly changing global society. The Regional School Board is jointly governed by a representative from each of the following localities: the counties of Charles City, Chesterfield, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, King and Queen, New Kent, Powhatan, and Prince George and the cities of Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond. The County of Powhatan pays the school a set rate for each student that attends. The School Board's contribution for fiscal year 2021 was \$92,389.

Appomattox Regional Governor's School

The Appomattox Regional Governor's School for the Arts and Technology provides gifted and talented students a differentiated and rigorous education, cultivates a supportive environment that inspires unique artistic and technological visions, promotes cultural tolerance, nurtures community partnerships, and produces active, engaged citizens. This school board is jointly governed by a representative from each of the following localities: the counties of Amelia, Charles City, Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, Powhatan, Prince George, Southampton, Surry and Sussex and the cities of Colonial Heights, Franklin, Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond. The County of Powhatan pays the school a set rate for each student that attends. The School Board's contribution for fiscal year 2021 was \$72,495.

CodeRVA Regional School

The CodeRVA Regional School is an alternative program of studies that partners with private industry and institutions of higher education where students will graduate with a high school diploma and more than 400 hours of paid information technology work experience. The Regional School Board is jointly governed by a representative from each of the following localities: the counties of Chesterfield, Dinwiddie, Goochland, Hanover, Henrico, New Kent, Powhatan, Prince George, and Sussex and the cities of Hopewell, Petersburg, and Richmond. The County of Powhatan pays a pro rata portion of operating costs based on the average of the percent of average daily membership (ADM) of the students of the respective school divisions in CodeRVA as of March 30th of the preceding year. The School Board's contribution for fiscal year 2021 was \$78,400.

F. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide statement of activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property taxes, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.) The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers most revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are for assets held by the government as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting as described in the proprietary funds presentation. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the following as major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board. The General Fund is considered a major fund for government-wide reporting purposes.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The Grants Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for grants awarded to the County.

The **Proprietary Fund** accounts for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. It distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The County's major proprietary fund is the water and sewer fund.

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administration action. Special Revenue Funds consist of the following funds: Cash Proffers, State Asset Forfeiture, Federal Asset Forfeiture, Fire and Rescue, tourism and CVTA.

The *Fiduciary Funds* (Trust and Custodial Funds) account for assets held by the County unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Custodial Funds. These funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting described in the Governmental Fund Presentation. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value which approximates market; no investments are valued at cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and are described as follows.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets;
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs;
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

Receivables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis.

Real and Personal Property Tax Data

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	November 5 / June 5	June 5 / November 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County does not have any infrastructure in its capital assets since roads, streets, bridges and similar assets within its boundaries are the property of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement should be reported at acquisition value rather than fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	5-40
Utility plant in service	30-50
Machinery and equipment	3-20

Local governments in Virginia may have a tenancy in common with their school systems whenever the locality incurs a financial obligation, including capital leases, for school property which is payable over more than one fiscal year. The County reports this debt in its financial statements. The capital assets acquired by such debt are reported by the County until such time as the outstanding indebtedness is retired, at which time, the net book value is transferred to and reported by the Schools.

Compensated Absences

The County and School Board have policies to allow the accumulation and vesting of limited amounts of paid leave and sick leave until termination or retirement. Amounts of such absences are accrued when earned in the government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds when the amounts are due for payment.

Pensions and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring all financial statement elements related to pension and OPEB plans, information about fiduciary net position of the County's Plans and the additions to/deductions from the County's Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activity, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period of issuance. The face amounts of debt issued are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid expenditures in governmental funds are offset by a nonspendable fund balance.

Fund Net Position

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans, if applicable.

Restricted – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the County, using authority resolution; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the same highest level of action is taken to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned – Amounts are constrained by intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments are made by County management based on governing body direction through adoption or amendment of the budget or through ordinance or resolution.

Unassigned – Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The County Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through the adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Supervisors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The Powhatan County Board of Supervisors adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which requires the unassigned fund balance at June 30th to be at least 15 percent of operating revenues of the same fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Continued)

Net Position

Net position is the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements which present financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements which present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These items represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The County has the following items that qualify as deferred inflows or outflows:

- Deferred charge on refunding. A deferred charge on refunding is a deferred outflow which results from the
 difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and
 amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for pensions and OPEB are always a deferred outflow; this will be applied to the net pension or OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.
- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors in the measurement of the total pension or OPEB liability. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits in the plan and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments. This difference
 will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five year period and may be reported as a
 deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.
- Changes in assumptions on pension or OPEB investments. This difference will be recognized in pension or OPEB expense over the closed five year period and may be reported as a deferred outflow or inflow as appropriate.
- Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions are reported as a deferred inflow or outflow, as appropriate.
- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. The governmental funds
 report unavailable revenue from property taxes and other receivable not collected within 60 days of year
 end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts
 become available.
- Unearned revenue related to the prepayment of taxes not due until 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30th, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each fund can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 4. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 5. The Appropriations Ordinance is adopted at the fund level. Department Directors may transfer appropriations within a department within a fund. The County administrator may approve transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund. The appropriation for each fund can be revised through resolution by the Board of Supervisors.
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits:

All deposits of the primary government and its discretely presented component unit are held in banks covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments:

At June 30, all investments held by the County were in external investment pools which were considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of presentation in the basic financial statements. Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development Bank (World Bank), the Asian Development bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

Pursuant to Sec. 2.1-234.7 of the *Code*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings and the carrying value of the position in LGIP and SNAP is the same value of the pool shares (i.e., the LGIP maintains a stable net asset value of \$1 per share in accordance with GASB 79).

Credit Risk Debt Securities:

The County's investment limits investments to those allowed by the *Code of Virginia*. The County may however restrict investments beyond the limits imposed by the *Code of Virginia* as such restrictions serve the purpose of further safeguarding County funds or are in the best interest of the County.

County's Rated Debt Investme	ents' Value	s
	Fair	r Quality
Rated Debt Investments	R	atings
	,	AAAm
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	17,846

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)	
Credit Risk Debt Securities: (Continued)	
At June 30, the deposit and investment balances were as follows: Deposits:	
Demand deposits	\$ 36,927,235
Certificates of deposit	2,500,000
Cash on hand	1,050
Investments:	
LGIP	17,846
SNAP	3,489,576
Trust	 5,318,615
Total deposits and investments	\$ 48,254,322
The deposits and investments are comprised as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents - Primary Government	\$ 36,289,034
Cash and cash equivalents - Component Unit - School Board	3,093,743
Cash and cash equivalents - Component Unit - EDA Restricted assets - Primary Government	63,354
Investments	 8,808,191
Total deposits and investments	\$ 48,254,322

Restricted cash and cash equivalents is comprised of cash held for capital projects financed with debt proceeds.

Note 4. Fair Value Measurement

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Mutual Funds US Treasury Note	\$ 8,808,191	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,808,191	
	\$ 8,808,191	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,808,191	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 4. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Commercial and residential mortgage-backed securities classified in Level 3 are valued using discounted cash flow techniques. Collateralized debt obligations classified in Level 3 are valued using consensus pricing.

Note 5. Receivables

Receivables consist of the following:

Receivables consist of the following:

	-	Governmental Activities	 Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
Taxes Less: allowance for	\$	8,801,291	\$ - \$	8,801,291
uncollectible accounts		(490,829)	-	(490,829)
Net taxes receivable		8,310,462	 -	8,310,462
Accounts Receivable, net of allowance		234,840	 80,706	315,546
Total receivables, net	\$	8,545,302	\$ 80,706 \$	8,626,008

Taxes receivable represent the current and past four years of uncollected tax levies for personal property taxes and the current and past nineteen years for uncollected tax levies on real property. Governmental activities accounts receivable is comprised of amounts due for EMS billings and other local revenues. The allowances for uncollectible accounts is based on historical collection rates aging of receivable balances, and specific account analysis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 6. Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following:

		Primary Government	_	School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:	_			
State sales tax	\$	-	\$	657,900
Auto rental		5,140		-
Rolling stock tax		9,436		-
Victim witness grant		3,171		-
E-911 wireless funds		14,906		-
Comprehensive services		221,249		-
VPA funds		42,813		-
CVTA Funds		498,469		-
Communication tax		98,887		-
Constitutional officer reimbursements		171,338		-
Moped sales tax		4,841		-
Local sales tax		817,780		-
Federal Government:				
School fund grants		-		431,554
DMV grants		10,956		-
FEMA		55,180		-
Victim witness		9,517		-
CSBG funds		170		-
VPA funds		78,284		-
Total due from other governments	\$	2,042,137	\$	1,089,454

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 7. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

	_	Transfers In		Transfers Out
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,137,509	\$	2,296,281
County Capital Projects Fund		273,000		-
Grants Fund		-		1,138,583
Other Governmental Funds		7,687		-
Proprietary Funds:				
Water and Sewer Fund	_	2,016,668		
Total	\$_	3,434,864	\$_	3,434,864

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget required to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds.

Note 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year consists of the following:

		Beginning						Ending
	_	Balance	_	Increases		Decreases	_	Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,550,740	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,550,740
Construction in progress	_	2,469,776		5,804,041	_	284,660		7,989,157
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$_	4,020,516	\$_	5,804,041	\$_	284,660	\$_	9,539,897
Capital assets depreciated:			_		_		_	
Buildings	\$	25,501,460	\$	1,378,803	\$	-	\$	26,880,263
Machinery and equipment		16,317,320		1,038,634		286,812		17,069,142
Jointly owned assets	_	103,064,851		795,718	_	2,584,916		101,275,653
Total capital assets depreciated	\$_	144,883,631	\$_	3,213,155	\$_	2,871,728	\$_	145,225,058
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings	\$	10,815,270	\$	675,983	\$	-	\$	11,491,253
Machinery and equipment		8,855,068		1,162,242		279,656		9,737,654
Jointly owned assets	_	34,644,924	_	2,768,773	_	1,199,362		36,214,335
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	54,315,262	\$_	4,606,998	\$	1,479,018	\$_	57,443,242
Capital assets depreciated, net	\$_	90,568,369	\$_	(1,393,843)	\$_	1,392,710	\$_	87,781,816
Net capital assets	\$_	94,588,885	\$_	4,410,198	\$_	1,677,370	\$_	97,321,713

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:								
Capital assets not depreciated:	•	250 200	•		•		Φ.	050 000
Land	\$	859,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$	859,030
Construction in progress	_	232,417					_	232,417
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$_	1,091,447	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$	1,091,447
Capital assets depreciated:								
Utility plant in service	\$	25,987,401	\$	36,319	\$	-	\$	26,023,720
Machinery and equipment	_	669,862	_	27,430	_	-	_	697,292
Total capital assets depreciated	\$_	26,657,263	\$_	63,749	\$_	-	\$	26,721,012
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Utility plant in service	\$	6,481,457	\$	532,033	\$	-	\$	7,013,490
Machinery and equipment	_	196,965	_	48,029	_	-	_	244,994
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	6,678,422	\$_	580,062	\$_	-	\$	7,258,484
Capital assets depreciated, net	\$_	19,978,841	\$_	(516,313)	\$_	-	\$	19,462,528
Net capital assets	\$_	21,070,288	\$_	(516,313)	\$_	-	\$	20,553,975

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
General government administration \$	76,061	\$ -	\$ 76,061
Judicial administration	101,493	-	101,493
Public safety	1,258,956	-	1,258,956
Public works	100,327	-	100,327
Health and welfare	38,042	-	38,042
Education	2,768,773	-	2,768,773
Parks, recreation, and cultural	261,133	-	261,133
Community Development	2,213	-	2,213
Water and sewer		580,062	580,062
Total depreciation expense - primary government \$	4,606,998	\$ 580,062	\$ 5,187,060

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year consists of the following:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:								
Land	\$_	818,851	\$	-	\$_	-	\$_	818,851
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$_	818,851	\$_	-	\$_	-	\$_	818,851
Capital assets depreciated: Jointly owned assets Machinery and equipment	\$	26,654,850 2,604,475	\$	1,931,507 109,518	\$	- 28,087	\$	28,586,357 2,685,906
Total capital assets depreciated	\$_	29,259,325	\$_	2,041,025	\$_	28,087	\$_	31,272,263
Less accumulated depreciation: Jointly owned assets Machinery and equipment	\$_	8,959,944 1,258,336	\$	1,262,019 229,197	\$	- 28,087	\$	10,221,963 1,459,446
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	10,218,280	\$_	1,491,216	\$_	28,087	\$_	11,681,409
Capital assets depreciated, net	\$_	19,041,045	\$_	549,809	\$_	-	\$_	19,590,854
Net capital assets	\$_	19,859,896	\$_	549,809	\$_		\$_	20,409,705

School Board depreciation expense was charged to education in the amount of \$716,066. The remaining \$545,953 increase to accumulated depreciation is for depreciation taken on jointly owned assets and transferred to the Component Unit – School Board.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority

Capital asset activity for the EDA for the year consists of the following:

		Beginning					Ending
		Balance		Increases	_	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities: Capital assets not depreciated:							
Land	\$	100,000	\$		\$_	- \$	100,000
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$_	100,000	\$_	;	\$_	\$	100,000
Net capital assets	\$	100,000	\$_		\$_	\$	100,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 9. Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable/unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At year end, unavailable and unearned revenue were as follows:

	_	Unavailable	 Unearned	 Total
Property taxes	\$	2,085,793	\$ 5,640,056	\$ 7,725,849
Property taxes paid in advance		-	291,500	291,500
ARPA Funding		-	2,879,777	2,879,777
		_		 _
Totals	\$_	2,085,793	\$ 8,811,333	\$ 10,897,126

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities consist of the following:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	Within One Year	
Governmental Activities: Incurred by County:										
Compensated absences payable	\$	911,204	\$	491,419	\$	456,291	\$	946,332 \$	94,633	
Capital lease obligations		1,154,146		-		139,261		1,014,885	143,036	
Lease revenue bonds		28,466,516		-		1,157,472		27,309,044	1,221,050	
Premium on bonds	_	2,228,261		178,000		154,899	_	2,251,362	161,747	
Total incurred by County	\$_	32,760,127	\$	669,419	\$	1,907,923	\$_	31,521,623 \$	1,620,466	
Incurred by School Board:										
General obligation bonds	\$	20,871,963	\$	15,927,000	\$	17,744,676	\$	19,054,287 \$	2,139,973	
Capital lease obligations		476,480		599,718		153,124		923,074	306,298	
Lease revenue bonds		47,071,484		-		1,987,528		45,083,956	2,073,950	
Premium on bonds	_	4,829,795		-		643,593		4,186,202	280,996	
Total incurred by School Board	\$_	73,249,722	\$_	16,526,718	\$	20,528,921	\$_	69,247,519 \$	4,801,217	
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	106,009,849	\$_	17,196,137	\$	22,436,844	\$_	100,769,142 \$	6,421,683	
Business-Type Activities:	_									
Compensated absences payable	\$	37,795	\$	19,466	\$	18,270	\$	38,991 \$	3,899	
Premium on bonds		849,043		-		71,507		777,536	66,321	
Lease revenue bonds	_	15,480,000	_	-		745,000		14,735,000	775,000	
Total Business-type Activities	\$_	16,366,838	\$	19,466	\$	834,777	\$	15,551,527 \$	845,220	
Component Unit - School Board										
Compensated absences payable	\$_	2,494,850	\$_	136,826	\$_	145,416	\$_	2,486,260 \$	144,915	
Total Component Unit - School Board	\$_	2,494,850	\$_	136,826	\$_	145,416	\$_	2,486,260 \$	144,915	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Dotaile	of I	long torm	indebtedness	are ac	follows:
Details	OI I	iona-term	maebleaness	are as	IOHOWS:

Details of long-term indebtedness are	as follows:					
			Final			
	Interest	Date	Maturity		Amount of	Amount
	Rates	Issued	Date	_	Original Issue	Outstanding
Governmental Activities:						
Incurred by County:						
Lease revenue bonds						
VRA	3.83	11/2011	10/2021	\$	2,920,000	\$ 115,000
EDA	3.50	05/2015	09/2031		8,584,200	5,464,800
EDA	2.00-5.00	07/2016	10/2037		15,321,750	14,117,400
EDA	3.919	11/2018	04/2035		5,563,000	5,491,844
VRA	1.953-3.047	10/2019	04/2034		2,150,000	2,120,000
						\$ 27,309,044
Capital leases						
Fire Truck	2.02	08/2016	06/2027	\$	700,000	\$ 401,690
Fire Truck	3.34	07/2018	07/2028		786,000	613,195
						\$ 1,014,885
Incurred by School Board:						
General obligation bonds						
School improvement bond	4.62-5.00	11/2002	07/2022	\$	7,084,114	\$ 743,850
VPSA Bond	5.10	05/2004	07/2024		3,770,000	740,000
VPSA Bond	4.96-5.27	07/2008	07/2028		6,350,705	2,769,437
School improvement bond	1.30	01/2021	01/2032		15,927,000	14,801,000
						\$ 19,054,287
Capital Leases						
School Buses	3.68	02/2019	02/2023	\$	786,000	\$ 323,356
School Buses	2.20	07/2021	07/2024		599,718	599,718
						\$ 923,074
Lease revenue bonds						
EDA	3.50	05/2015	09/2031	\$	15,260,800	\$ 9,715,200
EDA	2.00-5.00	07/2016	10/2037		34,103,250	31,422,600
EDA	3.919	11/2018	04/2035		4,000,000	3,946,156
						\$ 45,083,956

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows: (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

1		la a .a al a
Lease	revenue	ponas

VRA	3.83	10/2011	10/2033	\$ 8,825,000	\$	350,000
VRA	3.125-5.125	05/2017	10/2037	3,270,000		3,225,000
VRA	4.10	11/2014	10/2036	6,075,000		4,835,000
VRA	1.951-3.047	10/2019	04/2034	6,415,000	_	6,325,000
Total Business-Type Activities					\$	14,735,000

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

	_	Coui	nty	Schools							
Year Ending		Leas Revenue	-		General Obligation Bonds				Lease and Refu		
June 30,		Principal	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2022	\$	1,221,050 \$	989,117	\$	2,139,973	\$	389,338	\$	2,073,950	\$	1,658,414
2023		1,248,641	944,610		2,163,184		328,036		2,191,359		1,578,217
2024		1,471,159	888,231		1,814,252		275,195		2,535,841		1,470,174
2025		1,551,592	819,604		1,838,121		230,818		2,659,408		1,342,907
2026		1,756,457	746,317		1,676,369		190,560		2,869,543		1,207,845
2027-2031		9,921,253	2,620,264		7,986,388		448,743		17,331,747		3,997,663
2032-2036		8,647,792	889,242		1,436,000		18,668		12,103,208		1,358,321
2037-2038		1,491,100	45,059		-		-		3,318,900		100,292
Total	\$	27,309,044 \$	7,942,444	\$_	19,054,287	\$	1,881,358	\$	45,083,956	\$	12,713,833

		Business-type Activities								
Year Ending		Lease Revenue and Refunding Bonds								
June 30,		Principal		Interest						
2022	\$	775,000	\$	513,218						
2023		805,000		481,105						
2024		830,000		453,128						
2025		875,000		423,323						
2026		900,000		391,460						
2027-2031		4,965,000		1,459,038						
2032-2036		4,680,000		542,945						
2037	_	905,000		25,056						
Total	\$	14,735,000	\$	4,289,273						

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 10. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Capital Leases

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

			Governmental
		_	Activities
School Buses		\$	1,897,350
Fire Truc	cks		1,743,998
Less:	Accumulated depreciation		(698, 198)
		_	
Total		\$	2,943,150

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Governmental Activities	 Component Unit- School Board
2022	\$	170,677	\$ 328,066
2023		170,677	328,066
2024		170,677	157,408
2025		170,677	157,408
2026		170,677	
2027-2029	_	271,547	 -
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,124,932	\$ 970,948
Less: amount representing interest	_	(110,047)	 (47,874)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,014,885	\$ 923,074

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County of Powhatan, VA (the "Political Subdivision") are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan, upon employment. This multi-employer agent plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
About Plan 1	About Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.
		 The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members
Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.	Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • Political subdivision employees*
Hybrid Opt-In Election	Hybrid Opt-In Election	Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held
VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement	Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1	January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.
Plan during a special election window held January 1 through	through April 30, 2014.	*Non-Eligible Members
April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.	Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:
members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members	If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also	Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty
returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid	eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	employees Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP)
Retirement Plan.	Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP)	must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these
Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions
Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Same as Plan 1.	A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Service Credit	Service Credit	Service Credit
Creditable service includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Same as Plan 1.	Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
		HYBRID
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting	Vesting	Vesting
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
PLANT	PLAN 2	Vesting (Continued)
		Defined Contributions Component: (Continued)
		After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.
		After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.
		After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.
		Distribution is not required, except as governed by law.
Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit
The basic benefit is determined	See definition under Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier.		See definition under Plan 1.
An early retirement reduction is		Defined Contribution Component:
applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.		The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
DI ANI 4	DI AN 2	HYBRID
PLAN 1 Average Final Compensation	PLAN 2 Average Final Compensation	RETIREMENT PLAN Average Final Compensation
A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier
VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to	VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted	Defined Benefit Component:
determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased,	VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.
	or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1.	Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable.
Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component:
		Not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
VRS: Age 65.	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component:
	Tourement age.	VRS: Same as Plan 2.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
Age ou.	Plan 1.	Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five	Defined Benefit Component:
or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.	years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90.	VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age plus service credit equals 90.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
		Defined Contribution Component:
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility
VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service	Defined Benefit Component:
or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.	credit.	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.
Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Age 50 with at least five years of	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Same as	Political subdivisions hazardous duty employees: Not applicable.
service credit.	Plan 1.	<u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component</u> :
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3%	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2%	Defined Benefit Component:
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers	increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%),	Same as Plan 2.
(CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	for a maximum COLA of 3%.	<u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component</u> :
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Not applicable.
For members who retire with an	Same as Plan 1.	Eligibility:
unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.		Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
DI ANI 4	DI AN 2	HYBRID
PLAN 1 Cost-of-Living Adjustment	PLAN 2 Cost-of-Living Adjustment	RETIREMENT PLAN Cost-of-Living Adjustment
(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement
(Continued)	(Continued)	(Continued)
Eligibility: (Continued)		,
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:
The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.		
The member retires on disability.		
The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.		
The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement (Continued)		
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Continued)		
The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage
Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted.	Employees of political subdivisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides and employer-paid comparable program for its members.
		Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service
Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service		Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:
as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit.		Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.
Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to		Defined Contribution Component:
purchase periods of leave without pay.		Not applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	County	School Board Non- Professional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries		
currently receiving benefits	50	81
Inactive members:		
Vested inactive members	16	17
Non-vested inactive members	17	24
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	38	20
Total inactive members	71	61
Active members	166	86
Total covered employees	287	228

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's and School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 11.60% and 4.91% respectively, of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$1,054,496 and \$1,014,305 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan were \$83,052 and \$69,547 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. For county's, net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50 – 5.35%

Investment rate of return

6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

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^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Mortality rates: 20% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Mortality rates: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates: females 105% of rates.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – General Employees (Continued)

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Reduce disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- Line of Duty disability increase rate from 14% to 20%
- Decrease discount rate from 7% to 6.75%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- · Reduce disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- Line of Duty disability increase rate from 14% to 15%
- Decrease discount rate from 7% to 6.75%

Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50 – 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Largest 10 - LEOS:

Mortality rates: 70% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

Largest 10 - LEOS: (Continued)

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

Mortality rates: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related.

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 -Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table RP 2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages
- Increased disability rates
- Adjusted withdrawal rate to better fit experience
- No change to salary scale
- Decrease in discount rate from 7% to 6.75%

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty:

Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table – RP 2014 projected to 2020

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty (Continued):

- Increased retirement age to 50 retirement rates, and lowered rates at older ages
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Adjusted disability rates to better fit experience
- No change in salary scale
- Decrease in Line of Duty disability rate from 60% to 45%
- Decrease discount rate from 7% to 6.75%

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long -Term Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
	Inflation		2.50%
*Expected arithmetic r	nominal return		7.14%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – Public Safety Employees (Continued)

of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations, provide a median return of 6.81%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; political subdivisions were also provided with an opportunity to use an alternate employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability - County

		Increase (Decrease)				
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a-b)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	25,904,750	\$	22,918,592	\$	2,986,158
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,106,645		-		1,106,645
Interest		1,714,336		-		1,714,336
Difference between expected and a	ctual					
experience		1,136,432		-		1,136,432
Contributions - employer		-		963,905		(963,905)
Contributions - employee		-		437,004		(437,004)
Net investment income		-		440,244		(440,244)
Benefit payments, including refunds	3					
of employee contributions		(1,014,350)		(1,014,350)		-
Administrative expense		-		(14,436)		14,436
Other changes		-		(535)		535
	Net changes	2,943,063		811,832		2,131,231
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	28,847,813	\$	23,730,424	\$	5,117,389

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) - School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan

		Increase (Decrease)			
		Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	8,787,049	\$	8,957,490 \$	(170,441)
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		165,072		-	165,072
Interest		577,057		-	577,057
Difference between expected and a	actual				
experience		(8,079)		-	(8,079)
Contributions - employer		· -		64,753	(64,753)
Contributions - employee		-		79,919	(79,919)
Net investment income		-		169,504	(169,504)
Benefit payments, including refund	s				, ,
of employee contributions		(476, 125)		(476, 125)	_
Administrative expense		-		(5,941)	5,941
Other changes		-		(198)	198
	Net changes	257,925		(168,088)	426,013
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	9,044,974	\$	8,789,402 \$	255,572

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	_	1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	_	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	. <u>-</u>	1.00% Increase (7.75%)
County net pension liability	\$ _	9,210,500	\$ _	5,117,389	\$_	1,757,028
School Board Non-Professional net pension liability (asset)	\$_	1,289,708	\$_	255,572	\$_	(616,821)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,433,850. At June 30, 2021, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,181,932	\$	349,276
Change in assumptions		500,228		49,880
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		711,033		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	1,054,496	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	3,447,689	\$	399,156

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board Non-Professional Employee Plan recognized pension expense of \$200,233. At June 30, 2021, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	· -	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	34,246
Change in assumptions		71,687		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		263,576		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	83,052		<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	418,315	\$	34,246

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 11. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

The \$1,054,496 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to Pension Expense
2022	\$ 431,543
2023	559,102
2024	567,026
2025	436,366
2026	-
Thereafter	_

The \$83,052 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school non-professional's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to Pension Expense
2022	\$ 42,404
2023	82,675
2024	91,193
2025	84,745
2026	-
Thereafter	_

Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS political subdivision retirement plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-22500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, approximately \$850 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to the School Board Non-professional plan for June 2021 accrued payroll.

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
About Plan 1	About Plan 2	About the Hybrid Retirement Plan			
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.			
		The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.			
		The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMEN	RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
		About the Hybrid Retirement Plan (Continued) In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.			
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members			
Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.	Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • School division employees.			
Hybrid Opt-In Election	Hybrid Opt-In Election	Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held			
VRS non-hazardous duty-covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	during the election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions		
Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Same as Plan 1.	A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Service Credit	Service Credit	Service Credit
Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contributions Component:
		Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
Vesting	Vesting	Vesting		
Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE				
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN		
		Vesting (Continued) Defined Contributions Component: (Continued) • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required, except		
		as governed by law.		
Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit	Calculating the Benefit		
The basic benefit is determined using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier. An early retirement reduction is applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement plan, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.	See definition under Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation	Average Final Compensation	
A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.	
Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	Service Retirement Multiplier	
The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a	Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased, or granted	Defined Benefit Component:	
final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for members is 1.70%.	prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1,	The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.	
	2013.	For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.	
		Defined Contribution Component:	
		Not applicable.	
Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age	
Age 65.	Normal Social Security retirement age.	Defined Benefit Component:	
		Same as Plan 2.	
		Defined Contribution Component:	
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	
Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit.	Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.	Defined Benefit Component: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.	
		Defined Contribution Component:	
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility	
VRS: Age 55 with at least five	VRS: Age 60 with at least five	Defined Benefit Component:	
years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.	years (60 months) of service credit.	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.	
		<u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component</u> :	
		Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement	
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3%	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2%	Defined Benefit Component:	
increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers	any additional increase (up to 2%),		
(CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.	for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Defined Contribution Component:	
maximum GGE/(GFG/6).		Not applicable.	
Eligibility:	Eligibility:	Eligibility:	
For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	
For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.			
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:	Exceptions to COLA Effective	
The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:	Same as Plan 1.	Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
HYBRID		HYBRID	
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	RETIREMENT PLAN	
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement			
(Continue)			
(Commus)			
Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: (Continued)			
 The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a 			
monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to			
December 31) from the date the			
monthly benefit begins.			
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	
Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.	Employees of school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
		Disability Coverage (Continued) Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.	
Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	
Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$4,150,930 and \$3,953,603 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$42,218,623 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion was 0.2901% as compared to 0.2942% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$4,343,217. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 2,474,663
Change in assumptions		2,881,951	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,211,194	-
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		104,054	1,141,082
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	4,150,930	
Total	\$	10,348,129	\$ 3,615,745

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$4,150,930 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Р	Increase (Reduction) to ension Expense
2022	_ 	(325,598)
2023	·	787,547
2024		1,192,807
2025		998,716
2026		(72,018)
Thereafter		_

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

madon	2.00 /0
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50 – 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

2 50%

^{*} Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates at the age of 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates at the age of 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Update mortality rates to a more current mortality table RP-2014 projected to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Adjusted disability rates to better match experience
- No changes to salary scale
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public			
Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment			
Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
	Inflation		2.50%
*Expected arithmetic no	ominal return		7.14%

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10,2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations, provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total net pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$	51,001,855
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	36,449,229
Emloyers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ _	14,552,626
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.47%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 12. Defined Benefit Pension Plan – Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

General Information about the Teacher Cost Sharing Pool (Continued)

Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	_	1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
School Board division's proportionate share of the VRS teacher employee				
retirement plan net pension liability	\$_	61,944,202	\$ 42,218,623	\$ 25,903,076

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 **VRS** Annual Report may be downloaded from the **VRS** website http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2021, approximately \$6,898 was payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2021 accrued payroll.

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan

Plan Provisions and Benefits

In addition to providing the benefits described in Note 14, the County and School Board administers a single-employer defined healthcare plan for qualifying retired employees, their spouses and dependents. The plan's benefit levels and employer contributions are governed by the County and School Board and can be amended by the County and School Board. The Plan provides for healthcare insurance coverage for eligible retirees, their spouses and dependents.

Plan Description

Covered full-time active employees who retire directly from the County with at least 5 years of service and attain the age of 50 prior to retirement are eligible to receive postretirement health care benefits. Retirees not eligible for Medicare may elect one of the following medical options which include medical, dental, and vision coverage: Key

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability - Local Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Advantage Expanded (PPO), Key Advantage 500 (PPO), or TLC High Deductible (PPO). Retirees who are eligible for Medicare may only elect the Medicare supplement provided by Key Advantage 65 and must pay 100% of the supplement less the health insurance credit. Retirees may elect to cover a spouse and dependents.

County retirees who have at least 15 years of service with the County receive a health insurance credit with the County. Retirees receive \$4 per year of County service per month, up to a maximum of \$120 per month for their elected medical coverage from the County. The retiree must pay the remainder of the premium. County retirees who have less than 15 years of service with the County must pay 100% of the premium cost. County membership in the plan at the time of the actuarial study consisted of 156 active members with total active covered payroll of \$8,566,000 and 4 retirees.

The Powhatan County Schools retirees who attain the age of 50 with at least 5 years of service are eligible to participate in the retiree medical plan. Retirees who are age 65 and older may only participate in the Medicare Supplement and must pay 100% of the cost. The School Board pays 100% of the premium cost for retirees' single coverage. Retirees pay 100% of any additional premium for spouse and dependent coverage. Schools membership in the plan at the time of the actuarial study consisted of 532 active members with total active covered payroll of \$24,503,000 and 49 retirees. There are no financial statements issued for the OPEB plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the plan:

	County	School Board
Inactive members or their beneficiaries: Currently receiving benefits Entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4 	49
Total inactive members	4	49
Active members	156	532
Total	160	581

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$2,246,000 was measured as of July 1, 2020 and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019. The School Non-Professional employee's total OPEB liability of \$15,849,000 was measured as of July 1, 2020 and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	County	School Board
	County	Board
Inflation	2.45%	2.45%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.75%	3.75%
Healthcare cost trends rates*	10.64%	10.66%

^{*} decreasing .50% per year to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

Mortality rates: RP-2014 Mortality Table, fully generational with base year 2006, projected using two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For county employees and non-teachers, a four year set forward in age for males and a two year setback in age for females is applied. For law enforcement officers, a two year setback in age for both males and females applied. For teachers a three year setback in age applied to males and a five year set back in age is applied to females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2019 through July 30, 2020. The actuarial cost method discount rate has been set equal to 2.45% and represents the Municipal GO AA 20-year yield curve rate as of the measurement date.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

			County	 School Board
Balances at July 1, 2020	\$	3	1,847,000	\$ 13,795,000
Changes for the year:				
Service cost			107,000	605,000
Interest			61,000	442,000
Difference between expected and	actual			
experience			74,000	711,000
Assumption or other input change	s		178,000	829,000
Contributions - employer			(21,000)	(533,000)
	Net changes		399,000	2,054,000
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	S	2,246,000	\$ 15,849,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.45%) or one percentage point higher (3.45%) than the current discount rate:

			County			School Board					
	_	1.00% Decrease (1.45%)	Current Discount Rate (2.45%)	1.00% Increase (3.45%)		1.00% Decrease (1.45%)	Current Discount Rate (2.45%)	1.00% Increase (3.45%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$_	2,546,000 \$	2,246,000 \$	1,988,000	\$	17,096,000	\$15,849,000 \$	14,655,000			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (9.64%) or one percentage point higher (11.64%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	County					School Board						
		Curren	t						Current			
		Healthca	re						Healthcare			
	1.00%	Cost Tren	nd		1.00%		1.00%		Cost Trend	1.00%		
	Decrease	Rates			Increase		ecrease		Rates	Increase		
	(9.64%)	Rate (10.6	4%)	_	(11.64%)		(9.66%)	_	Rate (10.66%)	(11.64%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,010,000	\$ 2,246,	000	\$_	2,532,000	\$ 1	3,985,000	\$	15,849,000 \$	18,023,000		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and School Board employees recognized OPEB expense of \$171,000 and \$314,398, respectively. At June 30, 2021, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		County				School Board					
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	65,000	\$	289,000	\$	909,000	\$	118,000			
Change in assumptions		248,000		12,000		921,000		305,000			
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	12,672			_	314,398	. <u> </u>	<u>-</u>			
Total	\$_	325,672	\$	301,000	\$_	2,144,398	\$	423,000			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Local Plan (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

The \$12,672 and \$314,398 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County and School Board's contributions, respectively subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB Liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		County		School Board
	_	Increase	_	Increase
		(Reduction) to		(Reduction) to
Year Ending June 30,	_	OPEB Expense	_	OPEB Expense
2022	\$	(3,000)	\$	251,000
2023		(3,000)		251,000
2024		(3,000)		287,000
2025		(3,000)		388,000
2026		(3,000)		230,000
Therafter		27,000		-

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans

In addition to their participation in the pension plans offered through the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), the County and Schools also participates in various cost-sharing and agent multi-employer other postemployment benefit plans, described as follows.

Plan Descriptions

Group Life Insurance Program

All full-time, salaried permanent teachers and employees of political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance Benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.

Specific information for the GLI is available at https://www.varetire.org/members/benefits/life-insurance/basic-group-life-insurance.asp

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

All full time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

Specific information about the Teacher HIC is available at https://www.varetire.org/retirees/insurance/healthinscredit/index.asp

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC) is available for all full time, salaried employees of local government entities other than Teachers. The General Employee HIC provides all the same benefits as the Teacher HIC, except that this plan is considered a multi-employer agent plan.

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program:

Inactive members or their beneficiarie	10	
Inactive members: Vested inactive members		-
Non-vested inactive members Inactive members		-
	Total inactive members	10
Active members		64
	Total covered employees	74

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions

Contributions to the VRS OPEB programs were based on actuarially determined rates from actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rates were expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to fund any unfunded accrued liability. Specific details related to the contributions for the VRS OPEB programs are as follows:

Group Life Insurance Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-506 and 51.1-508 and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly
Total rate:	1.34% of covered employee compensation.
	Rate allocated 60/40; 0.80% employee and
	0.52% employer. Employers may elect to
	pay all or part of the employee compensation.
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$48,752
June 30, 2020 Contribution	\$47,418

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1401(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	1.21% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$301,816
June 30, 2020 Contribution	\$302,269

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Governed by:	Code of Virginia 51.1-1402(E) and may be impacted as a result of funding provided to governmental agencies by the Virginia General Assembly.
Total rate:	0.26% of covered employee compensation.
June 30, 2021 Contribution	\$9,006
June 30, 2020 Contribution	\$10,715

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liabilities were determined by actuarial valuations performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The covered employer's proportion of the net OPEB liabilities, except for LODA, were based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers.

Group Life Insurance Program

	County	School Board	Teachers
June 30, 2021 proportionate share of			
liability	\$733,788	\$138,013	\$2,051,834
June 30, 2020 proportion	0.04397%	0.00827%	0.12295%
June 30, 2019 proportion	0.04328%	0.00859%	0.12531%
June 30, 2021 expense	\$36,080	\$1,886	\$65,287

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

June 30, 2021 proportionate share of	
liability	\$3,747,484
June 30, 2020 proportion	0.28727%
June 30, 2019 proportion	0.29185%
June 30, 2021 expense	\$282,650

Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense above was related to deferred amount from changes in proportion.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Changes in net OPEB liability of the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were as follows:

		Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$	81,973	\$	32,165 \$	49,808		
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		3,109		-	3,109		
Interest		5,451		-	5,451		
Difference between expected and actual							
experience		(7,978)		-	(7,978)		
Assumption changes		-		-	-		
Contributions - employer		-		8,967	(8,967)		
Net investment income		-		697	(697)		
Benefit payments		(2,430)		(2,430)	-		
Administrative expenses		-		(76)	76		
Other changes	_			- .			
Net changes	_	(1,848)		7,158	(9,006)		
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	80,125	\$	39,323 \$	40,802		

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$4,436 related to the General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the County and Schools reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

Group Life Insurance Program

		Cou	County Teachers Schools Non-pro			Teachers		rofessional	
	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	47,066	6,591	\$	131,606	\$	18,429 \$	8,852 \$	1,239
Change in assumptions		36,698	15,322		102,615		42,843	6,902	2,882
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on									
OPEB plan investments		22,042	-		61,635		-	4,146	-
Changes in proportion		31,711	4,398		15,768		75,974	-	13,624
Employer contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date	_	48,752		_	134,342	_	<u> </u>	9,733	-
Total	\$	186,269	26,311	\$_	445,966	\$_	137,246 \$	29,633 \$	17,745

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 50,045
Change in assumptions		74,082	20,475
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
OPEB plan investments		16,607	-
Changes in proportion		6,142	139,945
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	301,816	
Total	\$	398,647	\$ 210,465

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	•	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,273	\$	11,470
Change in assumptions		1,418		1,285
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		1,364		111
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date		10,715	_	
Total	\$	14,770	\$	12,866

Group Life Insurance Program

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the County and School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Ending June 30,	 County Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense	-	Teachers Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense	 Schools Non-professional Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense
	2022	\$ 19,150	\$	17,947	\$ (1,298)
	2023	25,374		35,353	(127)
	2024	28,956		50,500	1,311
	2025	28,294		59,012	2,353
	2026	8,626		11,726	16
	Thereafter	806		(160)	(100)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Teacher Health Insurance Credit Program

Year Ending June 30,	Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense
2022	\$ (24,245)
2023	(22,598)
2024	(23,150)
2025	(21,061)
2026	(11,432)
Thereafter	(11,148)

General Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

Year Ending June 30,		Increase (Reduction) to OPEB Expense
2022	\$	(1,811)
2023	,	(1,700)
2024		(1,397)
2025		(1,439)
2026		(1,608)
Thereafter		(856)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2019, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases, including inflation:	
Locality - general employees	3.50-5.35%
Locality - hazardous duty employees	3.50-4.75%
Teachers	3.50-5.95%
Healthcare cost trend rates:	
Under age 65	7.00-4.75%
Ages 65 and older	5.375-4.75%
Investment rate of return, net of expenses,	

including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed percent above. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be the percent noted above to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

6.75%

Mortality rates used for the various VRS OPEB plans are the same as those used for the actuarial valuations of the VRS pension plans. The mortality rates are discussed in detail at Note 11.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Net OPEB Liabilities

The net OPEB liabilities represent each program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, net OPEB liability amounts for the various VRS OPEB programs are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Group Life Insurance Program	_	Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,523,937	\$	1,448,676
Plan fiduciary net position	1,855,102		144,160
Employers' net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,668,835	\$	1,304,516
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	52.64%	_	9.95%

The total liability is calculated by the VRS actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the VRS financial statements. The net OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the VRS notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Group Life Insurance and Health Insurance Credit Programs

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public			
Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment			
Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
	Inflation		2.50%
*Expected arithmetic n	ominal return		7.14%

^{*} The above allocation provides for a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected rate of return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.5%. On October 10,2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations, provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the GLI and HIC OPEB liabilities was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the employer for the OPEB liabilities will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liabilities of the County and School Board, as well as what the County and School Board's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current discount rate:

	_	1.00% Decrease (5.75%)	 Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	 1.00% Increase (7.75%)
GLI Net OPEB liability - County	\$	964,620	\$ 733,788	\$ 546,330
GLI Net OPEB liability - Teachers		2,697,294	2,051,834	1,527,661
GLI Net OPEB liability - Schools Non-professional		181,428	138,013	102,755
Teacher HIC Net OPEB liability		4,194,918	3,747,484	3,367,198
General Employee HIC Net OPEB liability		49,466	40,802	33,449

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the various VRS OPEB plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Annual Report. A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2020-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 14. Other Postemployment Benefits Liability – Virginia Retirement System Plans (Continued)

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the following amounts were payable to the Virginia Retirement System for the legally required contributions related to June 2021 payroll:

Group Life Insurance - General Employees	\$ 10,578
Group Life Insurance - School Non-professional	850
Group Life Insurance - Teachers	6,898
General Employee Health Insurance Credit	916

Note 15. Summary of Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Elements

Deferred outflows of resources - pensions:	_	Governmental Activities	-	Business-Type Activities	_	Total Primary Government
belefied outliows of resources - perisions.						
Difference between expected and actual experience - VRS	\$	1,154,369	\$	27,563	\$	1,181,932
Changes in assumptions - VRS		488,563		11,665		500,228
Difference between projected and actual earmins on plan investments		694,452		16,581		711,033
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date - VRS	_	1,029,635	-	24,861	_	1,054,496
Total deferred outflows of resources - pensions	\$	3,367,019	\$	80,670	\$_	3,447,689
		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB:			•		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience:						
Local plan	\$	63,198	\$	1,802	\$	65,000
VRS GLI		45,980		1,086		47,066
VRS HIC		1,243		30		1,273
Difference in projected and actual investment						
earnings:		04 500		500		00.040
VRS GLI		21,533		509		22,042
VRS HIC Changes in assumptions		1,332		32		1,364
Local plan		239,416		6,875		246,291
VRS GLI		35,852		846		36,698
VRS HIC		1,385		33		1,418
Changes in proportional share		.,000				.,
VRS GLI		30,979		732		31,711
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		,				,
Local plan		12,321		351		12,672
VRS GLI		47,627		1,125		48,752
VRS HIC		10,465		250	_	10,715
Total deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	\$	511,331	\$	13,671	\$	525,002

(Continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 15. Summary of Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Elements (Continued)

	-	Governmental Activities	•	Business-Type Activities	 Total Primary Government
Net Pension Liability					
VRS	\$	4,998,052	\$	119,337	\$ 5,117,389
Total net pension liability	\$	4,998,052	\$	119,337	\$ 5,117,389
Net OPEB Liability					
Local plan	\$	2,183,728	\$	62,272	\$ 2,246,000
VRS GLI		716,852		16,936	733,788
VRS HIC		39,850		952	40,802
LODA		559,846		-	559,846
Total net OPEB liability	\$	3,500,276	\$	80,160	\$ 3,580,436
		Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities	 Total Primary Government
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions:					
Difference between expected and actual experience - VRS	\$	341,138	\$	8,138	\$ 349,276
Changes in assumptions - VRS		48,710	•	1,170	 49,880

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9,308 \$

399,156

Total deferred inflows of resources - pensions \$ 389,848 \$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 15. Summary of Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Elements (Continued)

	Governmental Activities	_	Business-Type Activities	 Total Primary Government
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB:				
Difference between expected and actual				
experience:				
Local plan	\$ 280,992	\$	8,008	\$ 289,000
VRS GLI	6,439		152	6,591
VRS HIC	11,202		268	11,470
Changes in assumptions	,			,
Local plan	11,667		333	12,000
VRS GLI	14,968		354	15,322
VRS HIC	1,255		30	1,285
Net difference between projected and actual	,			,
earnings on OPEB plan investments				
VRS HIC	108		3	111
Changes in proportional share			-	
VRS GLI	4,296		102	4,398
	,	-		 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	\$ 330,927	\$	9,250	\$ 340,177
				Total
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Primary Government
Pension expense		-		
VRS	\$ 1,400,413	\$	33,437	\$ 1,433,850
Total pension expense	\$ 1,400,413	\$	33,437	 1,433,850
OPEB expense				
Local plan	\$ 166,258	\$	4,742	\$ 171,000
VRS GLI	35,247		833	36,080
VRS HIC	4,332		104	4,436
LODA	10,739		-	10,739
Total OPEB expense	\$ 3,017,402	\$	72,553	\$ 3,089,955

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Federal programs

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component unit participate may be subject to audit by the Federal Government, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

Note 17. Line of Duty Act Liability (LODA)

The County covers LODA through insurance with VACorp. They do not have an OPEB liability for current safety employees. However, prior to starting coverage with VACorp, an officer died in the line of duty and his spouse and child were grandfathered into the original State LODA plan. The County pays approximately \$8,000/year currently for health insurance for the two individuals. The spouse's insurance will be paid until she dies while the child is covered until he reaches age 26 (unless he meets the requirements as an incapacitated dependent child). The following is the calculated liability for the County at June 30, 2021:

Present value of total estimated liability at 6/30/21	\$ 559,846
Annual increase in health insurance costs:	 6.0%
Years remaining for child: Born July 2003	8
Years remaining for spouse: Approximately	37
Annual premiums paid by County for child:	8,016
Annual premiums paid by County for spouse:	\$ 11,748

Note 18. Risk Management

The County and School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurances.

The County and School Board are members of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay, and discharge any liability. Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments are based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County and School Board carry commercial insurance for all other risks of losses. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 19. Fund Balances

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

				Other	Total
		General		Governmental	Governmental
		Fund		Funds	Funds
Nonspendable:			-		
Prepaid items	\$	1,349	\$	-	\$ 1,349
Total nonspendable	\$_	1,349	\$	-	\$ 1,349
Restricted for:			-		
Cash proffers	\$	-	\$	1,068,737	\$ 1,068,737
State asset forfeiture		-		8,548	8,548
Federal asset forfeiture		-		7,696	7,696
Tourism		-		61,757	61,757
Grants		-		83,654	83,654
Fire and rescue		-		33,557	33,557
CVTA		-		1,761,087	1,761,087
Capital projects		-		8,795,524	8,795,524
Total restricted	\$_	-	\$	11,820,560	\$ 11,820,560
Committed for:			-		
Fire and rescue	\$_	-	\$	621,988	\$ 621,988
Total committed	\$_	-	\$	621,988	\$ 621,988
Assigned for:					
Capital maintenance reserve	\$	10,200,491	\$	-	\$ 10,200,491
Capital maintenance reserve - Schools		1,496,969		-	1,496,969
Revenue Stabilization Reserve		2,861,863		-	2,861,863
PCAA		107,225		-	107,225
PEG		67,675		-	67,675
FY22 Carryforwards		142,117		-	142,117
Capital projects		-		434,343	434,343
Total assigned	\$_	14,876,340	\$	434,343	\$ 15,310,683
Unassigned	_	13,950,906	-	-	 13,950,906
Total fund balance	\$_	28,828,595	\$	12,876,891	\$ 41,705,486

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 20. Local Choice Insurance Plan

The County's employees are covered by a professionally administered risk sharing program which provides health coverage for employees of the County on a cost-reimbursement basis. Dependents are covered by the program provided they pay a premium to the County. Under the program, the County's health insurance claims are separately rated from other groups, and the County's claims experience is factored into the premiums assessed in subsequent periods. However, gains and losses resulting from the County's claims experience are not settled directly with the County, but instead are shared by the pool. If the County were to exit the risk pool, it could be assessed a settlement charge that would not exceed any net loss resulting from the County's most recent claims experience. The County has no plans to exit the pool.

Note 21. Revenue Stabilization Reserve

The County established a revenue stabilization fund in FY2020. The County will maintain the reserve of 3% of the total adopted general fund budget of the prior year, plus non-local portion of the school operating fund budget. The Board may draw down the reserve only if:

- Current fiscal year Third and fourth quarter forecasted general fund revenues, excluding use of prior year fund balance, decline by more than 1.5%; or
- 2. Subsequent fiscal year During the annual budget cycle real estate assessments are forecast to decrease more than 3% over the previous year's assessments.

Withdrawals may not exceed half of the balance in the reserve in any one fiscal year and shall be used in combination with spending cuts. In the event of a draw down, the reserve must be replenished to 3% level within 3 fiscal years.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 22. Accounting Changes and Restatements

The School Division adopted Statement No. 84 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, "Fiduciary Activities," for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Statement established standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. Powhatan County Public Schools' School Activity Fund has historically been reported as a stand-alone cash-basis audited financial report.

With the implementation of Statement No. 84, the School Activity Fund was incorporated in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as a special revenue fund and reported as part of the Component Unit School Board. The School Activity Fund was reported on a modified accrual basis of accounting. There were no accruals reported as school ended early June and all revenues and expenditures were received and paid by June 30, 2021.

The restatement of the prior period net position and fund balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 increased the amounts by \$864,554. As a result, the net position/fund balance as of June 30, 2020 has been adjusted accordingly:

	 omponent Unit School Board	Component Unit School Activity Fund
As reported June 30, 2020:		
Total net position	\$ (36,562,911)	
Total fund balance	\$	-
Adjustments for June 30, 2020 items:		
Cash and cash equivalents	 864,554	864,554
As restated July 1, 2020		
Total net position	\$ (35,698,357)	
Total fund balance	 \$	864,554

Additionally, the County's custodial funds now present net position instead of "Amounts Held for Others." Total net position for all custodial funds were restated by \$438,277, as noted in Exhibit 11, as a result of a new standard.

Note 23. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective.

The GASB issued **Statement No. 87**, *Leases* in June 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2021

Note 23. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

The GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations* in May 2019. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

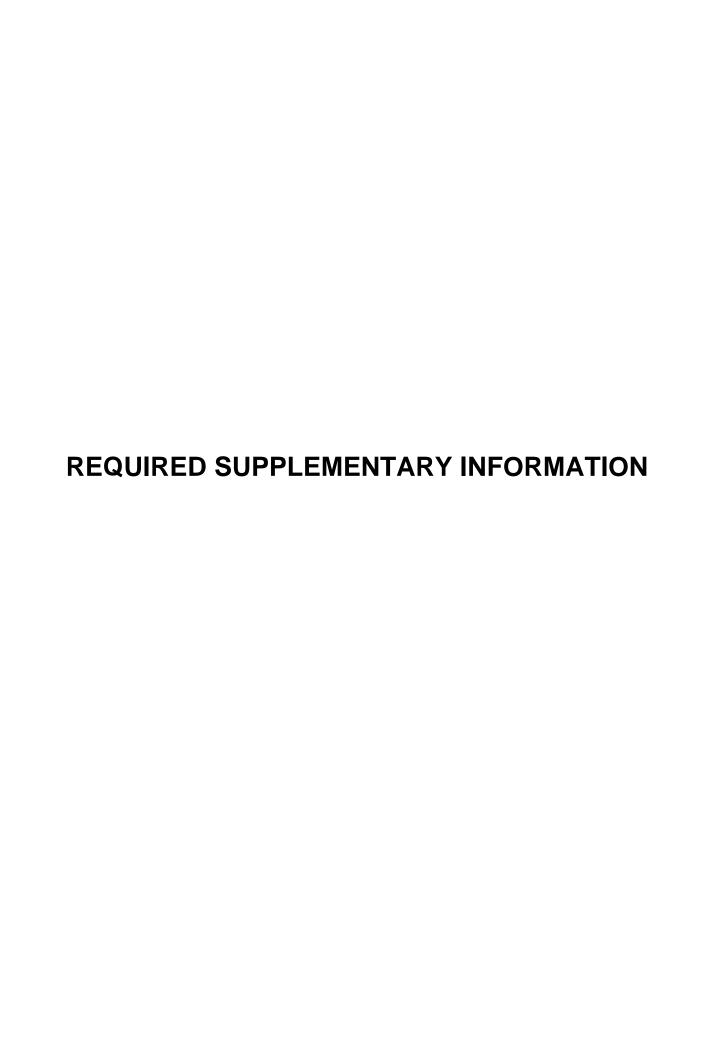
In January 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 92**, Omnibus. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. GASB 93 addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2022. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 94**, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. All other requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In May 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 96**, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In June 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 97**, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This Statement provides a more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES Conginal Final Amounts (Negative) General properly taxes \$42,215,057 \$42,215,057 \$46,429,541 \$4,214,484 Other local taxes 5678,500 5,678,500 7,598,321 1,919,821 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 734,076 173,407 119,160 10,040 Revenue from the use of money and property 179,975 179,975 186,734 6,6759 Charges for services 171,851 188,790 214,178 25,388 Miscellaneous 95,400 121,749 183,316 61,567 Intergovernmental revenues: 70 7,812,750 7,554,547 (258,203) Tederal 882,820 1,333,10 1,311,41 (21,969) Total revenues 882,820 1,333,10 4,718,153 6,325,306 EVENDITURES Public government administration 3,605,851 3,671,457 3,573,166 9,8291 Judicial administration 1,116,707 1,185,876 1,180,172 5,704 Public works 2,447,345<		Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget -	
General property taxes \$ 42,245,057 \$ 42,245,057 \$ 46,239,541 \$ 4,244,484 Other local taxes 5,678,500 5,678,500 7,598,321 1,191,821 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 734,076 734,076 1,121,575 387,499 Fines and forfeitures 129,200 129,200 11,9160 (10,040) Revenue from the use of money and property 179,975 179,975 186,734 6,759 Charges for services 95,400 121,749 181,316 61,567 Charges for services 95,400 121,749 133,316 61,567 Intergovernmental revenues: 7,99,767 7,812,750 7,554,547 (258,203) Total revenues 5,78,86,646 58,393,207 64,718,513 6,325,306 EXPENDITURES Departmental: General government administration 3,605,851 3,671,457 3,573,166 98,291 Judicial administration 1,116,707 1,185,876 1,180,172 5,704 Public safety 9,571,950			Original	_	Final	_	Actual Amounts	_	Positive (Negative)	
Other local taxes 5,678,500 7,588,321 1,919,821 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 734,076 734,076 1,121,575 387,499 Fines and forfeitures 129,200 129,200 119,160 (10,040) Revenue from the use of money and property 179,975 179,975 186,734 6,759 Charges for services 171,851 188,790 214,178 25,589 Miscellaneous 95,400 121,749 183,316 61,567 Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth 7,799,767 7,812,750 7,554,547 (258,203) Federal 882,820 1,333,110 1,311,141 (21,969) Total revenues 57,886,646 58,393,207 64,718,513 9,8291 EXPENDITURES Departmental: Ceneral government administration \$3,605,851 3,671,457 3,573,166 \$98,291 Judicial administration \$1,116,707 1,185,876 1,800,722 9,227,93 227,074 Public safety 9,571,950 9,599,267 9,32		Φ.	40.045.057	Φ	40.045.057	Φ	40,400,544	Φ	4 04 4 40 4	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 734,076 734,076 1,121,575 387,499 Fines and forfeitures 129,200 129,200 119,160 (10,040) Revenue from the use of money and property 179,975 179,975 186,734 6,759 Charges for services 95,400 121,749 183,316 61,567 Intergovernmental revenues: 7,799,767 7,812,750 7,554,547 (258,203) Commonwealth 7,799,767 7,812,750 7,554,547 (258,203) Federal 882,820 1,333,110 1,311,141 (21,969) Total revenues 57,886,846 \$58,393,207 \$64,718,513 \$6,325,306 EXPENDITURES Departmental: General government administration 3,605,851 3,671,457 3,573,166 \$98,291 Judicial administration 1,116,707 1,185,876 1,180,172 5,704 Public safety 9,571,950 9,599,267 3,227,193 272,074 Public works 2,447,345 2,417,345 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Ъ</td><td>, ,</td><td>Ъ</td><td>, ,</td><td>Ъ</td><td></td><td>Ъ</td><td></td></td<>		Ъ	, ,	Ъ	, ,	Ъ		Ъ		
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Miscellaneous									,	
Name					,		,		,	
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Federal Total revenues 882,820 1,333,110 1,311,141 (21,969) Total revenues \$ 57,886,646 \$ 58,393,207 \$ 64,718,513 \$ 6,325,306 EXPENDITURES Departmental: \$ 8,605,851 \$ 3,671,457 \$ 3,573,166 \$ 98,291 General government administration 1,116,707 1,185,876 1,180,172 5,704 Public safety 9,571,950 9,599,267 9,327,193 272,074 Public works 2,247,345 2,417,345 2,357,028 60,317 Health and welfare 4,777,142 5,406,856 5,228,724 178,132 Education 23,158,750 23,159,750 22,501,997 656,753 Parks, recreation, and cultural 618,406 631,389 587,876 43,513 Community development 1,488,636 1,425,820 1,016,663 409,157 Delt service: Principal retirement 5,632,061 5,632,061 5,433,060 199,001 Interest and other fiscal charges 3,454,204 3,454,204 3,416,638 37,566 </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>7 700 767</td> <td></td> <td>7 010 750</td> <td></td> <td>7 551 517</td> <td></td> <td>(250 202)</td>	•		7 700 767		7 010 750		7 551 517		(250 202)	
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Debt service: Principal retirement 5,632,061 5,632,061 5,433,060 199,001 Interest and other fiscal charges 3,454,204 3,454,204 3,416,638 37,566 Total expenditures \$ 55,871,052 \$ 56,583,025 \$ 54,622,517 \$ 1,960,508 Excess of revenues over expenditures \$ 2,015,594 \$ 1,810,182 \$ 10,095,996 \$ 8,285,814 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 1,137,509 \$ 1,137,509 Transfers out (2,015,594) (2,288,594) (2,296,281) (7,687) Proceeds of refunding bonds - - - 15,927,000 15,927,000 Payment to bond escrow - - (15,749,000) (15,749,000) Premium on refunding bonds - - (178,000) (178,000) Total other financing uses \$ (2,015,594) \$ (2,288,594) \$ (1,158,772) \$ 1,129,822 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning					-		,			
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Interest and other fiscal charges			5 000 004		5 000 004		F 400 000		400.004	
Total expenditures \$ 55,871,052 \$ 56,583,025 \$ 54,622,517 \$ 1,960,508 Excess of revenues over expenditures \$ 2,015,594 \$ 1,810,182 \$ 10,095,996 \$ 8,285,814 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 1,137,509 \$ 1,137,509 Transfers out (2,015,594) (2,288,594) (2,296,281) (7,687) Proceeds of refunding bonds 15,927,000 15,927,000 Payment to bond escrow - (15,749,000) (15,749,000) Premium on refunding bonds (178,000) (178,000) Total other financing uses \$ (2,015,594) \$ (2,288,594) \$ (1,158,772) \$ 1,129,822 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning - 478,412 19,891,371 19,412,959										
Excess of revenues over expenditures \$ 2,015,594 \$ 1,810,182 \$ 10,095,996 \$ 8,285,814 \$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ - \$ 1,137,509 \$ 1,137,509 Transfers out (2,015,594) (2,288,594) (2,296,281) (7,687) Proceeds of refunding bonds 15,927,000 15,927,000 Payment to bond escrow (15,749,000) (15,749,000) Premium on refunding bonds (178,000) (178,000) Total other financing uses \$ (2,015,594) \$ (2,288,594) \$ (1,158,772) \$ 1,129,822 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning - 478,412 19,891,371 19,412,959	_	_		_		_		φ-		
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Proceeds of refunding bonds - - 15,927,000 15,927,000 Payment to bond escrow - - (15,749,000) (15,749,000) Premium on refunding bonds - - (178,000) (178,000) Total other financing uses \$ (2,015,594) \$ (2,288,594) \$ (1,158,772) \$ 1,129,822 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning - 478,412 19,891,371 19,412,959		\$	- ;	\$	-	\$	1,137,509	\$	1,137,509	
Proceeds of refunding bonds - - 15,927,000 15,927,000 Payment to bond escrow - - (15,749,000) (15,749,000) Premium on refunding bonds - - (178,000) (178,000) Total other financing uses \$ (2,015,594) \$ (2,288,594) \$ (1,158,772) \$ 1,129,822 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning - 478,412 19,891,371 19,412,959	Transfers out		(2,015,594)		(2,288,594)		(2,296,281)		(7,687)	
Premium on refunding bonds - - (178,000) (178,000) Total other financing uses \$ (2,015,594) \$ (2,288,594) \$ (1,158,772) \$ 1,129,822 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning - 478,412 19,891,371 19,412,959	Proceeds of refunding bonds		-		-		15,927,000		15,927,000	
Total other financing uses \$ (2,015,594) \$ (2,288,594) \$ (1,158,772) \$ 1,129,822 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning - 478,412 19,891,371 19,412,959	Payment to bond escrow		-		-		(15,749,000)		(15,749,000)	
Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (478,412) \$ 8,937,224 \$ 9,415,636 Fund balances - beginning - 478,412 19,891,371 19,412,959	Premium on refunding bonds		-		-		(178,000)		(178,000)	
Fund balances - beginning 478,41219,891,37119,412,959	Total other financing uses	\$	(2,015,594)	\$	(2,288,594)	\$	(1,158,772)	\$	1,129,822	
Fund balances - beginning 478,41219,891,37119,412,959	Net change in fund balances	\$	- 9	\$	(478.412)	\$	8.937.224	\$	9.415.636	
		Ψ	_ `	7		~	, ,	Ψ		
	Fund balances - ending	\$		\$	-	\$	28,828,595	\$	28,828,595	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Major Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Grants Fund								
	_	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget -		
DEVENUE	_	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Miscellaneous	\$	_	\$	51,915	¢	57,775	\$	5,860		
Intergovernmental revenues:	Ψ		Ψ	01,010	Ψ	01,110	Ψ	0,000		
Commonwealth		-		68,148		31,178		(36,970)		
Federal		-		11,023,288		5,478,008		(5,545,280)		
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	11,143,351	\$	5,566,961	\$	(5,576,390)		
EXPENDITURES										
General government administration	\$	-	\$	10,270,142	\$	4,144,310	\$	6,125,832		
Judicial administration		-		43,008		14,910		28,098		
Public safety		-		837,915		213,298		624,617		
Parks, recreation, and cultural		-		16,170		-		16,170		
Community development	_	-	_	11,087	_	7,178	_	3,909		
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	11,178,322	\$	4,379,696	\$	6,798,626		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures	\$	-	\$_	(34,971)	\$_	1,187,265	\$	1,222,236		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,138,583)	\$	(1,138,583)		
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,138,583)	\$	(1,138,583)		
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(34,971)	\$	48,682	\$	83,653		
Fund balances - beginning		-		34,971		34,972		1		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	83,654	\$	83,654		

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Primary Government For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	2020		2019
Total Pension Liability			_	
Service Cost	\$	1,106,645	\$	1,003,655
Interest on total pension liability		1,714,336		1,620,934
Changes of assumptions		-		845,212
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,136,432		(222,879)
Benefit payments. Including refunds of employee contributions	_	(1,014,350)		(996,748)
Net change in total pension liability		2,943,063		2,250,174
Total pension liability - beginning	_	25,904,750	_	23,654,576
Total pension liability - ending	\$_	28,847,813	\$_	25,904,750
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_		_	
Contributions - employer	\$	963,905	\$	909,590
Contributions - employee		437,004		405,242
Net investment income		440,244		1,450,135
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(1,014,350)		(996,748)
Administrative expenses		(14,436)		(13,553)
Other changes	_	(535)	_	(915)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		811,832		1,753,751
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	22,918,592	_	21,164,841
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$_	23,730,424	\$_	22,918,592
Net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$_	5,117,389	\$_	2,986,158
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	=	82%	=	88%
Covered payroll	\$_	9,048,217	\$_	8,484,602
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	=	57%	=	35%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2014 was presented in the entitys fiscal year 2015 financial report.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

	ſ	Prin	nary Governm	ent					
			Plan Year						
_	2018		2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014
\$	1,052,239 1,521,621	\$	1,077,603 1,330,100 (204,552)	\$	1,011,102 1,254,963	\$	1,009,871 1,149,909	\$	936,336 1,042,365
_	(339,577) (634,313) 1,599,970	_	1,129,320 (558,600) 2,773,871	_	(475,334) (876,075) 914,656	_	30,886 (503,722) 1,686,944	· -	(380,988) 1,597,713
\$_	22,054,606 23,654,576	\$	19,280,735 22,054,606	\$_	18,366,079 19,280,735	\$_	16,679,135 18,366,079	\$_	15,081,422 16,679,135
\$	854,608	\$	849,179	\$	935,300	\$	873,339	\$	895,888
	386,863 1,440,147 (634,313)		416,611 2,058,465 (558,600)		470,695 288,843 (876,075)		344,134 672,630 (503,722)		335,782 1,891,730 (380,988)
_	(11,708) (1,314) 2,034,283	_	(10,985) (1,870)	_	(9,363) (120)	_	(8,366) (144) 1,377,871	_	(9,399) 99 2,733,112
\$_	19,130,558 21,164,841	\$_	2,752,800 16,377,758 19,130,558	\$_	809,280 15,568,478 16,377,758	\$ _	14,190,607 15,568,478	\$_	11,457,495 14,190,607
\$_	2,489,735	\$	2,924,048	\$_	2,902,977	\$_	2,797,601	\$_	2,488,528
_	89%	=	87%	_	85%	=	85%	=	85%
\$_	7,984,093	\$_	7,834,118	\$_	7,376,776	\$_	6,919,350	\$_	6,640,706
	31%		37%		39%		40%		37%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Component Unit School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost \$ 165,072 \$ 16	6,505
Interest on total pension liability 577,057 57	72,581
Changes of assumptions - 23	38,399
Difference between expected and actual experience (8,079)	98,308)
	13,705)
Net change in total pension liability 257,925 33	35,472
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	51,577
Total pension liability - ending \$\ 9,044,974 \\ \\$ \ \ 8,78	37,049
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
	55,899
,	79,570
,	59,118
	13,705)
•	(5,938)
Other changes (198)	(358)
	54,586
<u></u>	92,904
Plan fiduciary net position - ending \$\frac{8,789,402}{\$}\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$	57,490
Not a section 11-1-11(section of) and 1-12	70 444\
Net pension liability (asset) - ending \$\frac{255,572}{} \\$ (17)	70,441)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability 97%	102%
Covered payroll \$ 1,074,136 \$ 1,24	13,923
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-14%

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2014 was presented in the entitys fiscal year 2015 financial report.

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

PCPS Nonprofessional Employees

			Plan Year						
	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
		•	_		_	_	_	_	_
\$	164,926	\$	168,494	\$	182,662	\$	183,962	\$	189,319
	557,441		546,388		528,752		509,997		486,990
	-		36,426		-		-		-
	(18,469)		(146,382)		(41,345)		(65,172)		-
_	(431,522)		(462,531)		(373,734)		(347,988)		(347,270)
	272,376		142,395		296,335		280,799		329,039
_	8,179,201		8,036,806		7,740,471		7,459,672		7,130,633
\$	8,451,577	\$	8,179,201	\$	8,036,806	\$	7,740,471	\$	7,459,672
_		•		•		-	,	-	
•	70.000	_	70.454	•	4.47.000	•	404.040	•	400 700
\$	73,999	\$	76,154	\$	117,830	\$	124,813	\$	163,738
	82,097		83,622		85,763		90,842		91,767
	618,226		938,490		134,511		348,309		1,053,684
	(431,522)		(462,531)		(373,734)		(347,988)		(347,270)
	(5,459)		(5,606)		(4,931)		(4,833)		(5,699)
_	(546)	,	(826)		(57)	_	(75)	_	56
	336,795		629,303		(40,618)		211,068		956,276
. –	8,456,109	_	7,826,806	_	7,867,424		7,656,356		6,700,080
\$_	8,792,904	\$	8,456,109	\$	7,826,806	\$	7,867,424	\$	7,656,356
\$_	(341,327)	\$	(276,908)	\$	210,000	\$	(126,953)	\$	(196,684)
=	104%	;	103%		97%	=	102%	=	103%
\$_	1,398,335	\$	1,519,194	\$	1,620,015	\$	1,733,491	\$	1,846,701
_	-24%	;	-18%	:	13%	=	-7%	=	-11%

Schedule of Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30		Actuarially Determined Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Primary Gover	nme	ent					
2021	\$	1,054,496	\$	1,054,496	\$ -	\$ 9,090,483	11.60%
2020		1,014,305		1,014,305	-	9,048,217	11.21%
2019		951,124		951,124	-	8,484,602	11.21%
2018		882,086		882,086	-	7,984,093	11.05%
2017		864,102		864,102	-	7,834,118	11.03%
2016		942,707		942,707	-	7,376,776	12.78%
2015		878,750		878,750	-	6,919,350	12.70%
PCPS - Nonpro	fes	sional Employee	es				
2021	\$	83,052	\$	83,052	\$ -	\$ 1,044,605	7.95%
2020		69,547		69,547	-	1,074,136	6.47%
2019		65,938		65,938	-	1,243,923	5.30%
2018		78,457		78,457	-	1,398,335	5.61%
2017		80,743		80,743	-	1,519,194	5.31%
2016		122,674		122,674	-	1,620,015	7.57%
2015		163,966		163,966	-	1,733,491	9.46%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, there are only seven years available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2021	0.290% \$	42,218,623 \$	25,214,305	167.44%	71.47%
2020	0.294%	38,721,024	24,561,677	157.65%	73.51%
2019	0.294%	34,534,000	23,585,619	146.42%	74.81%
2018	0.304%	37,423,000	23,588,547	158.65%	72.92%
2017	0.303%	42,437,000	23,418,848	181.21%	68.28%
2016	0.307%	38,762,000	23,305,103	166.32%	70.68%
2015	0.307%	37,098,000	22,897,138	162.02%	51.73%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, there are only seven years available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the school division's fiscal year.

Schedule of Pension Contributions VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Contributions in Relation to			
Year Ended	Contractually Required	Actuarially Determined	Contribution Deficiency	Covered	Contributions as a Percentage of
June 30	 Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	 Payroll	Covered Payroll
2021	\$ 4,150,930 \$	4,150,930 \$	-	\$ 24,975,511	16.62%
2020	3,953,603	3,953,603	-	25,214,305	15.68%
2019	3,851,271	3,851,271	-	24,561,677	15.68%
2018	3,852,280	3,852,280	-	23,585,619	16.33%
2017	3,458,081	3,458,081	-	23,588,547	14.66%
2016	3,292,690	3,292,690	-	23,418,848	14.06%
2015	3,379,240	3,379,240	-	23,305,103	14.50%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 was the first year for this presentation, there are only seven years available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the school division's fiscal year - i.e., the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Employer's	
				Proportionate	
				Share of the Net	Plan
				OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Net
I	Employer's	Employer's		(Asset) as a	Position as a
Entity Fiscal	Proportion of the	Proportionate Share of		Percentage of	Percentage of
Year Ended	Net OPEB	the Net OPEB Liability	Covered	its Covered	the Total
June 30	Liability (Asset)	(Asset)	Payroll	Payroll	OPEB Liability
_	•	urance Credit - Teachers	*		/
2021	0.2873%	\$3,747,484	\$25,214,305	14.86%	9.95%
2020	0.2919%	3,820,600	24,561,677	15.56%	8.97%
2019	0.2912%	3,697,000	23,585,619	15.67%	8.08%
2018	0.3021%	3,833,000	23,588,547	16.25%	7.04%
Virginia Retiremer	nt System - Group Life	Insurance - General Emplo			
2021	0.0440%	\$733,788	\$9,048,217	8.11%	52.64%
2020	0.0433%	704,281	8,484,602	8.30%	52.00%
2019	0.0420%	639,000	7,984,093	8.00%	51.22%
2018	0.0425%	639,000	7,834,118	8.16%	48.86%
Virginia Retiremer	nt System - Group Life	Insurance - Teachers			
2021	0.1230%	\$2,051,834	\$25,214,305	8.14%	52.64%
2020	0.1253%	2,039,127	24,561,677	8.30%	52.00%
2019	0.1242%	1,886,000	23,585,619	8.00%	51.22%
2018	0.1293%	1,946,000	23,588,547	8.25%	48.86%
Virginia Retiremer	nt System - Group Life	Insurance - Schools			
2021	0.0083%	\$138,013	\$1,107,431	12.46%	52.64%
2020	0.0086%	139,782	1,243,923	11.24%	52.00%
2019	0.0090%	136,000	1,398,335	9.73%	51.22%
2018	0.0094%	140,000	1,519,194	9.22%	48.86%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the measurement period, which is the twelve months prior to the entity's fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll			
Virginia Retiremen	nt System - Health Ins	urance Credit - Teache	rs						
2021	\$301,816	\$301,816	\$	-	\$24,975,511	1.21%			
2020	302,269	302,269		-	25,214,305	1.20%			
2019	294,152	294,152		-	24,561,677	1.20%			
2018	289,819	289,819		-	23,585,619	1.23%			
Virginia Retiremer	nt System - Health Ins	urance Credit - Genera	l Emplo	oyees					
2021	\$10,715	\$10,715	\$	-	\$9,090,483	0.12%			
2020	8,968	8,968		-	9,048,217	0.10%			
2019	8,411	8,411		-	8,484,602	0.10%			
2018	8,381	8,381		-	7,984,093	0.10%			
Virginia Retiremer	nt System - Group Life	Insurance - General E	mploye	ees					
2021	\$48,752	\$48,752	\$	-	\$9,090,483	0.54%			
2020	47,418	47,418		-	9,048,217	0.52%			
2019	44,461	44,461		-	8,484,602	0.52%			
2018	41,901	41,901		-	7,984,093	0.52%			
Virginia Retirement System - Group Life Insurance - Teachers									
2021	\$134,342	\$134,342	\$	-	\$24,975,511	0.54%			
2020	132,632	131,577		1,055	25,214,305	0.52%			
2019	128,858	128,377		481	24,561,677	0.52%			
2018	123,755	123,755		-	23,585,619	0.52%			
Virginia Retiremer	nt System - Group Life	Insurance - Schools							
2021	\$9,733	\$9,733	\$	-	\$1,044,605	0.93%			
2020	8,923	8,923		-	1,107,431	0.81%			
2019	8,798	9,279		(481)	1,243,923	0.75%			
2018	9,068	9,068		-	1,398,335	0.65%			
Local Plan - School	ols								
2021	\$533,000	\$533,000	\$	_	\$24,503,000	2.18%			
2020	311,000	311,000	Ψ	_	24,503,000	1.27%			
2019	655,000	655,000		_	23,245,000	2.82%			
2018	655,000	655,000		_	23,053,000	2.84%			
		000,000			20,000,000	2.0170			
Local Plan - General 2021	\$21,000	\$21,000	\$		\$8,566,000	0.25%			
2021		\$21,000 4,000	φ	-	\$8,566,000 8,566,000	0.25%			
2020 2019	4,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		0.05%			
	15,000	15,000		-	7,523,000				
2018	15,000	15,000		-	7,468,000	0.20%			

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 is the first year for this presentation, therefore only four years are available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year - i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.



County of Powhatan, Virginia

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Plan Year 2020							Plan Year 2019						
	Primary Government Schools VRS Health Insurance Credit General Schools Local Plan Employees Local Plan			Primary Government VRS Heali Insurance Credit General Local Plan Employee				Schools Schools Local Pla						
Total OPEB Liability		ocai Pian	_	inployees	_	LOCAL PIAII		ocai Pian	_	inployees		LOCAI FIAII		
Service cost	\$	107,000	\$	3,109	\$	605,000	\$	119,000	\$	2,923	\$	688,000		
Interest on total OPEB liability	Ψ	61,000	Ψ	5,451	Ψ	442,000	Ψ	71,000	Ψ	5,553	Ψ	458,000		
Changes in benefit terms		01,000		3,431		442,000		7 1,000		3,333		430,000		
Difference between expected and actual experience		74,000		(7,978)		711,000		(303,000)		- (6,717)		483,000		
Changes in assumptions		178,000		(7,970)		829,000		118,000		2,036		353,000		
•		170,000		-				110,000		2,030		353,000		
Other changes		(24,000)		(0.420)		- (E22.000)		(4.000)		(2.200)		(244,000)		
Benefit payments	_	(21,000)		(2,430)		(533,000)		(4,000)		(2,308)		(311,000)		
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	399,000 1,847,000	\$	(1,848) 81,973	\$	2,054,000 13,795,000	\$	1,000 1,846,000	\$	1,487 80,486	\$	1,671,000 12,124,000		
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,246,000	\$	80,125	\$	15,849,000	\$	1,847,000	\$	81,973	\$	13,795,000		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions - employer	\$	21,000	\$	8,967	\$	533,000	\$	4,000	\$	8,411	\$	311,000		
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Net investment income		-		697		-		-		1,897		-		
Benefit payments		(21,000)		(2,430)		(533,000)		(4,000)		(2,308)		(311,000)		
Administrative expenses		-		(76)		-		-		(44)		-		
Other										(2)				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-	_	7,158	_	-		-		7,954		-		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$		\$	32,165	\$		\$		\$	24,211	\$	<u> </u>		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	39,323	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	32,165	\$	<u>-</u>		
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,246,000	\$	40,802	\$	15,849,000	\$	1,847,000	\$	49,808	\$	13,795,000		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	_	0%	_	49%	_	0%	_	0%	_	39%	_	0%		
Covered payroll	\$	8,566,000	\$	9,048,217	\$	24,503,000	\$	8,566,000	\$	3,449,198	\$	24,503,000		
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		26%		0%		65%		22%		1%		56%		

The plan years above are reported in the entity's financial statements in the fiscal year following the plan year - i.e., plan year 2017 information was presented in the entity's fiscal year 2018 financial report.

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 (plan year 2017) is the first year for this presentation, therefore only four years available.

		Pla	n Year 2018			Plan Year 2017								
	Primary G				Schools	Primary Government Schools								
<u>_ L</u>	ocal Plan	li	RS Health nsurance Credit General mployees	Schools Local Plan		_ <u>L</u>	ocal Plan	li	RS Health nsurance Credit General mployees		Schools ocal Plan			
\$	131,000 67,000	\$	3,018 4,962	\$	703,000 458,000	\$	126,000 61,000	\$	3,968 4,684	\$	678,000 441,000			
	(84,000) - (18,000)		2,428		(247,000) - (635,000)		-		(3,405)		-			
	(15,000)		(1,604)	_	(655,000)	_	(15,000)	_	(985)		(655,000)			
\$	81,000 1,765,000	\$	8,804 71,682	\$	(376,000) 12,500,000	\$	172,000 1,593,000	\$	4,262 67,420	\$1	464,000 2,036,000			
\$	1,846,000	\$	80,486	\$	12,124,000	\$	1,765,000	\$	71,682	\$1	2,500,000			
\$	15,000 - -	\$	8,381 - 1,355	\$	655,000 - -	\$	15,000	\$	8,147 - 1,341	\$	655,000 - -			
	(15,000)		(1,604) (40) (42)		(655,000)		(15,000)		(985) (32) 42		(655,000)			
\$	<u>-</u> - -	\$	8,050 16,161	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	8,513 7,648	\$	-			
\$	-	\$	24,211	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,161	\$				
\$	1,846,000	\$	56,275	\$	12,124,000	\$	1,765,000	\$	55,521	\$1	2,500,000			
_	0%	_	30%	_	0%	_	0%	_	23%	_	0%			
\$	7,523,000	\$	3,235,075	\$	23,245,000	\$	7,468,000	\$	2,993,264	\$2	3,053,000			
_	25%	_	2%	_	52%	_	24%	_	2%		54%			

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

Note 1. Changes of Benefit Terms

Pension

There have been no actuarially material changes to the Virginia Retirement System (System) benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2019, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30,2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2020. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty:

Update mortality table to RP-2014 project to 2020

- Lowered rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered in rates of disability retirement
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Largest 10 -Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 project to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Increased disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 project to 2020
- Lowered rates of retirement at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Lowered disability rates
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

(Continued) 132

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2021

Note 2. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Hazardous Duty/Public Safety Employees:

- Update mortality table to RP-2014 project to 2020
- Increased retirement rate at age 50 and lowered rates at older ages
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Teacher cost-sharing pool

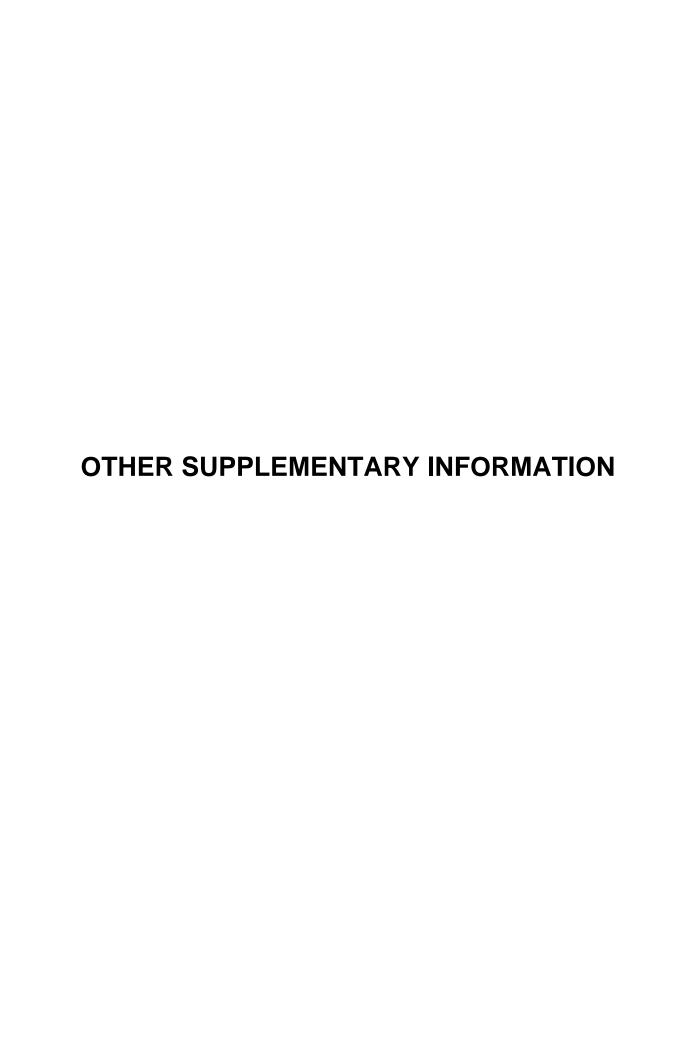
- Update mortality table to RP-2014 project to 2020
- Lowered retirement rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
- Update withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- Update disability rates to better fit experience
- No changes to salary rates
- Decrease discount rate from 7.00% to 6.75%
- Applicable to: Pension, GLI OPEB, and HIC OPEB

Note 3. Budgetary Statements

The State of Virginia requires all local governments prepare, approve, adopt and execute an annual budget. The budgeting process is based on estimates of revenues and expenditures. The County budgets are prepared on a modified-accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions in the appropriated budget approved by the Board of Supervisors. The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the fund level and thus the budget to actual comparison is presented at this level. Amounts that do not fall under function control are categorized as nondepartmental even though they may relate to a particular function.







Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual County Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES Final Amounts (Negative) Revenue from the use of money and property \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 8,034 \$ 8,034 \$ 8,034 \$ 8,034 \$ 5 \$ 6.034 Miscellaneous \$ \$ 130,875 \$ 130,875 \$ 5.08 \$ \$ 100,000 \$ 70,000 \$ 7.000 \$ \$ \$ 200,875 \$ 208,909 \$ \$ 8,034 Intergovernmental revenues: \$ \$ \$ 200,875 \$ 208,909 \$ \$ 208,909 \$ \$ 8,034 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		_	Budget	Amounts	•	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenue from the use of money and property Sevenue from the use of			Original		Final				
Miscellaneous - 130,875 130,875 - Intergovernmental revenues: - 70,000 70,000 - Total revenues \$ - \$200,875 \$208,909 \$8,034 EXPENDITURES General government administration \$ - \$3,036,260 \$555,081 \$2,481,179 Judicial administration - 407,625 22,204 385,421 Public safety - 9,228,649 5,654,827 3,573,822 Public works - 2,949,692 639,933 2,309,759 Education - 557,500 917,581 (360,081) Parks, recreation, and cultural 136,765 4,750 132,015 Community development - 100,000 - 100,000 Total expenditures * * 16,416,491 * 7,794,376 * 8,630,149 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures * * * 16,215,616 * (7,585,467) *									
Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	8,034
Commonwealth Total revenues - 70,000 (20,875) 70,000 (20,809) - EXPENDITURES General government administration \$ - \$ 3,036,260 \$ 555,081 \$ 2,481,179 Judicial administration - 407,625 22,204 385,421 Public safety - 9,228,649 5,654,827 3,573,822 Public works - 2,949,692 639,933 2,309,759 Education - 557,500 917,581 (360,081) Parks, recreation, and cultural 136,765 4,750 132,015 Community development - 100,000 - 100,000 Total expenditures * 16,416,491 7,794,376 8,630,149 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures * * \$ (16,215,616) (7,585,467) 8,630,149 DTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in * * * 273,000 * 7,994,378 5,99,718 Proceeds from capital leases - *			-		130,875		130,875		-
Total revenues \$ - \$ 200,875 \$ 208,909 \$ 8,034	•								
EXPENDITURES General government administration \$ - \$ 3,036,260 \$ 555,081 \$ 2,481,179 Judicial administration - 407,625 22,204 385,421 Public safety - 9,228,649 5,654,827 3,573,822 Public works - 2,949,692 639,933 2,309,759 Education - 557,500 917,581 (360,081) Parks, recreation, and cultural 136,765 4,750 132,015 Community development - 100,000 - 100,000 Total expenditures * 16,416,491 \$ 7,794,376 \$ 8,622,115 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures * (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) * 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - 599,718 Transfers in * 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - 599,718 Proceeds from capital leases 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) - \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 15,942,616 - 15,942,616			-				-,		-
General government administration \$ - \$ 3,036,260 \$ 555,081 \$ 2,481,179 Judicial administration - 407,625 22,204 385,421 Public safety - 9,228,649 5,654,827 3,573,822 Public works - 2,949,692 639,933 2,309,759 Education - 557,500 917,581 (360,081) Parks, recreation, and cultural 136,765 4,750 132,015 Community development - 100,000 - 100,000 Total expenditures - \$ 16,416,491 \$ 7,794,376 \$ 8,622,115 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - \$ (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - 599,718 Proceeds from capital leases 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) - \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 \$ 15,942,616 \$ - 5	Total revenues	\$_	-	\$_	200,875	\$_	208,909	\$_	8,034
Judicial administration	EXPENDITURES								
Public safety - 9,228,649 5,654,827 3,573,822 Public works - 2,949,692 639,933 2,309,759 Education - 557,500 917,581 (360,081) Parks, recreation, and cultural 136,765 4,750 132,015 Community development - 100,000 - 100,000 Total expenditures \$ - \$ 16,416,491 \$ 7,794,376 \$ 8,622,115 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ - \$ (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases - - 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	General government administration	\$	-	\$	3,036,260	\$	555,081	\$	2,481,179
Public works - 2,949,692 639,933 2,309,759 Education - 557,500 917,581 (360,081) Parks, recreation, and cultural 136,765 4,750 132,015 Community development - 100,000 - 100,000 Total expenditures \$ - \$ (16,416,491) \$ 7,794,376 \$ 8,622,115 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ - \$ (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases - - 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 - -	Judicial administration		-		407,625		22,204		385,421
Education	Public safety		-		9,228,649		5,654,827		3,573,822
Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ - \$ \frac{16,215,616}{9} \$ \frac{7,794,376}{9} \$ \frac{8,632,115}{8,632,115}\$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ - \$ \frac{(16,215,616)}{9} \$ \frac{7,585,467}{9} \$ \frac{8,630,149}{8,630,149}\$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	Public works		-		2,949,692		639,933		2,309,759
Community development - 100,000 - 100,000 Total expenditures \$ - \$ 16,416,491 \$ 7,794,376 \$ 8,622,115 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ - \$ (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases - - 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	Education		-		557,500		917,581		(360,081)
Total expenditures \$ - \$ \frac{16,416,491}{7,794,376} \\$ \frac{8,622,115}{8,622,115} \] Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ - \$ \frac{(16,215,616)}{5,242,616} \\$ \frac{(7,585,467)}{5,273,000} \\$ \frac{8,630,149}{8,630,149} \] OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases - 599,718 \frac{599,718}{599,718} \] Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ - \$ \frac{273,000}{5,273,000} \\$ \frac{872,718}{872,718} \\$ \frac{599,718}{599,718} \] Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ \frac{(15,942,616)}{5,942,616} \\$ \frac{(6,712,749)}{15,942,616} \\$ \frac{9,229,867}{15,942,616} \] Fund balances - beginning \$ - \frac{15,942,616}{15,942,616} \\$ \frac{15,942,616}{15,942,616} \\$ - \frac{15,942,616}{15,942,616} \\$ 15,94	Parks, recreation, and cultural				136,765		4,750		132,015
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ - \$ (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases - 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	Community development	_	-	_		_	-	_	100,000
expenditures \$ - \$ (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	16,416,491	\$	7,794,376	\$	8,622,115
expenditures \$ - \$ (16,215,616) \$ (7,585,467) \$ 8,630,149 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases - - 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	\$	-	\$_	(16,215,616)	\$_	(7,585,467)	\$_	8,630,149
Transfers in \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 273,000 \$ - Proceeds from capital leases 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from capital leases - - 599,718 599,718 Total other financing sources and (uses) \$ - \$ 273,000 \$ 872,718 \$ 599,718 Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 - -	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$	-	\$	273,000	\$	273,000	\$	-
Net change in fund balances \$ - \$ (15,942,616) \$ (6,712,749) \$ 9,229,867 Fund balances - beginning - 15,942,616 15,942,616 -	Proceeds from capital leases		-		-		•		599,718
Fund balances - beginning	Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$	-	\$	273,000	\$	872,718	\$	599,718
Fund balances - beginning	Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(15,942,616)	\$	(6,712,749)	\$	9,229,867
			-		, , ,				-
τττττσ <u>,===σ,==σ,σσ.</u> τ <u>σ,==σ,σσ.</u> τ	Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,229,867	\$	9,229,867

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	_	Special Revenue Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,062,604
Receivables, net:		
Accounts		40,202
Due from other governmental units		498,469
Total assets	\$	3,601,275
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	37,905
Total liabilities	\$	37,905
Fund balances:		
Restricted	\$	2,941,382
Committed		621,988
Total fund balances	\$	3,563,370
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,601,275

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES	
Other local taxes	\$ 1,783,128
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	190,294
Revenue from the use of money and property	101
Charges for services	548,638
Miscellaneous	13,017
Intergovernmental revenues:	
Commonwealth	 141,549
Total revenues	\$ 2,676,727
EXPENDITURES Judicial administration Public safety Total expenditures	\$ 1,525 537,242 538,767
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	0.407.000
expenditures	\$ 2,137,960
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	\$ 7,687
Total other financing sources and (uses)	\$ 7,687
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$ 2,145,647 1,417,723
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,563,370

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2021

	_	Cash Proffers Fund	 State Asset Forfeiture Fund	 Federal Asset Forfeiture Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,068,737	\$ 8,548	\$ 7,696
Receivables, net:				
Accounts Due from other governmental units		-	-	_
Total assets	\$	1,068,737	\$ 8,548	\$ 7,696
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$
Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ -	\$
Fund balances:				
Restricted	\$	1,068,737	\$ 8,548	\$ 7,696
Committed	_	-	 _	 -
Total fund balances	\$_	1,068,737	\$ 8,548	\$ 7,696
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,068,737	\$ 8,548	\$ 7,696

_	Tourism Fund	 Fire and Rescue Fund	. <u>-</u>	CVTA Fund	- <u>-</u>	Total
\$	59,116	\$ 655,889	\$	1,262,618	\$	3,062,604
\$ <u></u>	2,641 - 61,757	\$ 37,561 - 693,450	\$	498,469 1,761,087	\$	40,202 498,469 3,601,275
\$	-	\$ 37,905	\$	_	\$	37,905
\$	-	\$ 37,905	-	-	\$	37,905
\$	61,757	\$ 33,557	\$	1,761,087	\$	2,941,382
_	-	621,988	_	-		621,988
\$	61,757	\$ 655,545	\$	1,761,087	\$	3,563,370
\$	61,757	\$ 693,450	\$	1,761,087	\$	3,601,275

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Cash Proffers Fund		State Asset Forfeiture Fund		Federal Asset Forfeiture Fund
REVENUES						
Other local taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses Revenue from the use of money and property		190,294		-		- 8
Charges for services		_		-		0
Miscellaneous		_		13,017		_
Intergovernmental revenues:				-,-		
Commonwealth		-				
Total revenues	\$	190,294	\$_	13,017	\$_	8
EXPENDITURES						
Judicial administration	\$	_	\$	1,525	\$	_
Public safety	•	-	•	7,050	•	
Total expenditures	\$	-	\$	8,575	\$	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	\$	190,294	\$_	4,442	\$	8
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,687
Total other financing uses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,687
Net change in fund balances	\$	190,294	\$	4,442	\$	7,695
Fund balances - beginning		878,443	_	4,106		1
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,068,737	\$	8,548	\$	7,696

_	Tourism Fund		Fire and Rescue Fund		CVTA Fund		Total
\$	22,041	\$	-	\$	1,761,087	\$	1,783,128
	-		-		-		190,294
	-		93		-		101
	-		548,638		_		548,638
	-		-		-		13,017
	-		141,549		-		141,549
\$	22,041	\$	690,280	\$	1,761,087	\$	2,676,727
\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	1,525
_	-	_	530,192		-		537,242
\$_	-	\$_	530,192	\$	-	\$	538,767
\$_	22,041	\$_	160,088	\$	1,761,087	\$	2,137,960
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,687
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,687
\$	22,041	\$	160,088	\$	1,761,087	\$	2,145,647
-	39,716		495,457	•	-	·	1,417,723
\$ _	61,757	\$	655,545	\$	1,761,087	\$	3,563,370

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Fire and Rescue Fund									
	_	Budgeted Original	ıA b	mounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	_	Original		Filiai	_	Actual	_	(Negative)		
Other local taxes	\$	- 9	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_		
Revenue from the use of money and property	•	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	93	Ψ	93		
Charges for services		558,199		558,199		548,638		(9,561)		
Intergovernmental revenues:										
Commonwealth	_	129,076		141,549	_	141,549	_			
Total revenues	\$_	687,275	\$	699,748	\$_	690,280	\$_	(9,468)		
EXPENDITURES										
Public safety	\$	687,275	\$	699,748	\$	530,192	\$	169,556		
Community development	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-		
Total expenditures	\$	687,275	\$	699,748	\$	530,192	\$	169,556		
	_	<u> </u>						_		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	_		_				_			
expenditures	\$_		\$ <u> </u>	-	\$_	160,088	\$_	160,088		
Net change in fund balances	\$	- (\$	_	\$	160,088	\$	160,088		
Fund balances - beginning	*	-	•		*	495,457	•	495,457		
Fund balances - ending	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$	655,545	\$	655,545		

	CVTA Fund												
<u>-</u>	Budgete Original	ed A	Amounts Final	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
\$	-	\$	1,082,256	\$	1,761,087	\$	678,831						
	-		-		-		-						
_	-		-		-		-						
\$	-	\$	1,082,256	\$	1,761,087	\$	678,831						
\$	-	\$	- 1,082,256	\$	- -	\$	- 1,082,256						
\$	-	\$	1,082,256	\$	-	\$	1,082,256						
\$_		\$	-	\$	1,761,087	\$	1,761,087						
\$	- -	\$	-	\$	1,761,087	\$	1,761,087						
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,761,087	\$	1,761,087						

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2021

	_	Special Welfare		Bond Escrow		Total
ASSETS			_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,044	\$ <u> </u>	514,440	. \$ <u> </u>	539,484
Total assets	\$	25,044	\$	514,440	\$_	539,484
NET POSITION Restricted for:						
Social Services clients	\$	25,044	\$	_	\$	25,044
Bond escrow	•	-	•	514,440	•	514,440
Total net position	\$	25,044	\$	514,440	\$	539,484

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Special Welfare		Bond Escrow	Total
Additions:					
Member contributions	\$	125,225	\$	-	\$ 125,225
Performance bonds		-		118,213	118,213
Total additions	\$	125,225	\$	118,213	\$ 243,438
Deductions: Payments made to welfare recipients	\$_	142,231	\$_	-	\$ 142,231
Total deductions	\$_	142,231	\$_	-	\$ 142,231
Change in fiduciary net position Total net position, beginning as restated	\$_	(17,006) 42,050	\$	118,213 396,227	\$ 101,207 438,277
Total net position, ending	\$	25,044	\$	514,440	\$ 539,484



DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT SCHOOL BOARD



Combining Balance Sheet
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board
June 30, 2021

		School Operating Fund	-	School Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance	\$	2,480,875	\$	910,739	\$	3,391,614
for uncollectibles):		04.000		0.500		22.225
Accounts receivable		81,069 775,595		2,566		83,635 1,089,454
Due from other governmental units Inventories		123,500		313,859 45,806		169,306
Total assets	\$	3,461,039	\$	1,272,970	\$	4,734,009
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	969,367	\$	76,219	\$	1,045,586
Accrued liabilities		2,368,172		4,286		2,372,458
Reconciled overdraft payable Total liabilities	<u> </u>	3,337,539	\$	297,871 378,376	\$	297,871 3,715,915
. 514. 114. 114.	Ť <u> </u>	0,001,000	. *		. * .	5,: :0,0:0
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:	Φ.	100 500	•	45.000	•	100.000
Inventories Restricted	\$	123,500	\$	45,806 (59,681)	\$	169,306 (59,681)
Committed		-		854,351		854,351
Unassigned		-		54,118		54,118
Total fund balances	\$	123,500	\$	894,594	\$	1,018,094
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,461,039	\$	1,272,970	\$	4,734,009
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the states because:	ment o	of net position (Ex	xhil	bit 1) are different		
Total fund balances per above					\$	1,018,094
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	financi	al resources and	d, t	herefore, are not		20,409,705
Financial statement elements related to pensions are appli and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources for 2021 employer of Deferred outflows of resources due to changes in pr	ontribu	ıtions - pension	s	\$ 4,233,982		
between employer contributions and proportionate s						
pension				104,054		
Deferred inflows of resources for the difference between experience on pension	veen e	expected and actu	aı	(2,508,909)		
Deferred outflows for change in assumptions - pens	ion			2,953,638		
Deferred outflows - projected and actual earnings - Deferred inflows of resources due to changes in pro between employer contributions and proportionate s	portion	n and differences		3,474,770		
teacher cost sharing pension plan				(1,141,082)		
Deferred Inflows - OPEB Deferred outflows - OPEB				(788,456) 3,018,644		
Net other postemployment benefits liability				(21,786,331)		
Net pension liability				(42,474,195)	-	(54,913,885)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences pay period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	/able, a	are not due and p	oay	able in the current		
Compensated absences					_	(2,486,260)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	(35,972,346)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		School Operating Fund	;	School Special Revenue Funds		Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			_		-	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	- 9	\$	3,041	\$	3,041
Charges for services		190,368		858,924		1,049,292
Miscellaneous		324,393		633,745		958,138
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Local government		22,501,997				22,501,997
Commonwealth		23,713,583		9,701		23,723,284
Federal Total revenues	<u> </u>	2,289,493 49,019,834	_	1,984,709 3,490,120	Φ.	4,274,202 52,509,954
Total revenues	Ψ	49,019,004	Ψ —	3,490,120	Ψ_	32,309,934
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Education	\$	49,023,221	\$	3,258,011	\$	52,281,232
Total expenditures	\$	49,023,221	\$ _	3,258,011	\$	52,281,232
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	\$	(3,387)	\$	232,109	\$	228,722
5/ps//4/(4/55	Ť —	(0,00.)	Ť —		. * _	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	\$		\$	50,000	\$	50,000
Transfers out		(50,000)		-		(50,000)
Total other financing sources and uses	\$ <u> </u>	(50,000)	^{\$} _	50,000	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(53,387)	\$	282,109	\$	228,722
Fund balances - beginning - as restated	,	176,887	•	612,485	•	789,372
Fund balances - ending	\$	123,500	\$	894,594	\$	1,018,094
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of a Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. How those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and re-	e vever, i	n the statement of	acti	vities the cost of	\$	228,722
amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the		•				
Capital asset additions			9	109,518		
Depreciation expense				(229,197)		
Allocation of jointly owned assets, net			_	669,488		549,809
Governmental funds report employer pension and OPEB contribut Activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee cont as pension/OPEB expense.			veve	er, in the Statemer	nt of	
Employer pension contributions			9	4,233,982		
Pension expense				(5,242,267)		
Employer OPEB contributions				760,289		
OPEB expense			_	(1,405,534)		(1,061,110)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		e use of current fina	ncia	al resources and,		
Decrease in compensated absences					-	8,590
Change in net position of governmental activities					\$	(273,989)
					•	, -,/

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual School Operating Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				School O	pera	ting Fund		
	_	Budgete	d A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES						·	_	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	26,500	\$	26,500	\$	-	\$	(26,500)
Charges for services		281,700		281,700		190,368		(91,332)
Miscellaneous		146,950		146,950		324,393		177,443
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government		23,158,750		23,158,750		22,501,997		(656,753)
Commonwealth		23,650,639		23,650,639		23,713,583		62,944
Federal		1,325,246		2,304,878	_	2,289,493		(15,385)
Total revenues	\$	48,589,785	\$	49,569,417	\$	49,019,834	\$	(549,583)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	48,539,785	\$	49,519,417	\$	49,023,221	\$	496,196
Total expenditures	\$	48,539,785	\$	49,519,417	\$	49,023,221	\$	496,196
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$_	50,000	\$_	50,000	\$_	(3,387)	\$_	(53,387)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	-
Total other financing uses	\$	(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)	-	
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	\$	(53,387)	\$	(53,387)
Fund balances - beginning		-		-		176,887		176,887
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	123,500	\$	123,500

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit
June 30, 2021

	_	School Food Fund		School Grant Fund		School Activity Fund		Total
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net:	\$	56,388	\$	-	\$	854,351	\$	910,739
Accounts		2,566		-		-		2,566
Due from other governmental units		75,669		238,190		-		313,859
Inventories		45,806		-		-		45,806
Total assets	\$ =	180,429	\$	238,190	\$	854,351	\$	1,272,970
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	76,219	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,219
Accrued liabilities		4,286		-		-		4,286
Reconciled overdraft payable		-		297,871		-		297,871
Total liabilities	\$	80,505	\$	297,871	\$	-	\$	378,376
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	45,806	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,806
Restricted		-		(59,681)		-		(59,681)
Committed		-		-		854,351		854,351
Unassigned		54,118	_	-	_	-	_	54,118
Total fund balances	\$	99,924	\$	(59,681)	\$	854,351	\$	894,594
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	180,429	\$	238,190	\$	854,351	\$	1,272,970

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

School Cafeteria Fund		School Grants Fund		School Activity Fund		Total
	_		_			
1,218	\$	-	\$	1,823	\$	3,041
45,898		-		813,026		858,924
-		-		633,745		633,745
9,701		-		-		9,701
1,746,519		238,190		-		1,984,709
1,803,336	\$	238,190	\$	1,448,594	\$	3,490,120
1,501,343	\$	297,871	\$	1,458,797	\$	3,258,011
	\$	297,871	\$	1,458,797	\$	3,258,011
301,993	\$_	(59,681)	\$	(10,203)	\$	232,109
50,000	\$	-	\$	_	\$	50,000
50,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,000
351 993	\$	(59 681)	\$	(10.203)	\$	282,109
,	Ψ	(33,001)	Ψ	, , ,	Ψ	612,485
	\$	(59,681)	\$		\$	894,594
	Cafeteria Fund 1,218 45,898 - 9,701 1,746,519 1,803,336 1,501,343 1,501,343 301,993 50,000 50,000 351,993 (252,069)	Cafeteria Fund 1,218 \$ 45,898 - 9,701 1,746,519 1,803,336 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 301,993 \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 351,993 \$ (252,069)	Cafeteria Fund Grants Fund 1,218 \$	Cafeteria Fund Grants Fund 1,218 45,898 - 9,701 1,746,519 - 1,803,336 238,190 1,501,343 1,501,343 297,871 297,871 238,190 \$ 1,501,343 50,000 297,871 50,000 50,000 50,000 - 351,993 (252,069) (59,681) 50,681	Cafeteria Fund Grants Fund Activity Fund 1,218 - \$ 1,823 45,898 - 813,026 - - 633,745 9,701 - - 1,746,519 238,190 - 1,803,336 \$ 238,190 \$ 1,448,594 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 301,993 \$ (59,681) \$ (10,203) 50,000 \$ - \$ - 351,993 \$ (59,681) \$ (10,203) 351,993 \$ (59,681) \$ (10,203) (252,069) - 864,554	Cafeteria Fund Grants Fund Activity Fund 1,218 \$ - \$ 1,823 \$ 45,898 - 813,026 - 633,745 - 813,026 - 633,745 9,701 633,745 633,745 1,746,519 238,190 1,803,336 \$ 238,190 \$ 1,448,594 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$ 1,501,343 \$ 297,871 \$ 1,458,797 \$

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				School C	afete	eria Fund		
	_	Budgete Original	d Am			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	100	\$		\$	1,218	\$	1,118
Charges for services Intergovernmental revenues:		844,853		844,853		45,898		(798,955)
Commonwealth		25,795		25,795		9,701		(16,094)
Federal		507,373		507,373		1,746,519	_	1,239,146
Total revenues	\$	1,378,121	\$	1,378,121	\$	1,803,336	\$	425,215
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Education	\$	1,428,121	\$	1,428,121	\$	1,501,343	\$	(73,222)
Total expenditures	\$ -	1,428,121	\$ —		_	1,501,343	\$	(73,222)
	· -	.,,	· · —	,,,	· —	1,001,010		(1-0,===)
Excess of expenditures over revenues	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$_	301,993	\$	351,993
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	_
Total other financing sources	\$	50,000	\$_	50,000	\$_	50,000	\$	
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	-	\$	351,993	\$	351,993
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	(252,069)	Ψ	(252,069)
Fund balances - ending	s -		\$		\$ —	99,924	\$	99,924
	Ψ=		·		_	30,021	· ~ =	00,021

			School	Gr	ants Fund		
	Budgete Original	d A	Amounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
*	-	*	-	Ψ	-	•	-
	-		892,845		238,190		-
\$	-	\$	892,845	\$	238,190	\$	_
\$ \$	-	\$	892,845	\$	297,871		
\$	-	\$	892,845	\$	297,871	\$	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(59,681)	\$	
\$		\$		\$		\$	-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	-	\$	-	\$	(59,681)	\$	-
\$	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ (59,681)	\$	\$ -







Statement of Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority June 30, 2021

ASSETS Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 63,354
Total current assets	\$ 63,354
Noncurrent assets:	 ·
Capital assets:	
Land	\$ 100,000
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 100,000
Total assets	\$ 163,354
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 100,000
Unrestricted	63,354
Total net position	\$ 163,354

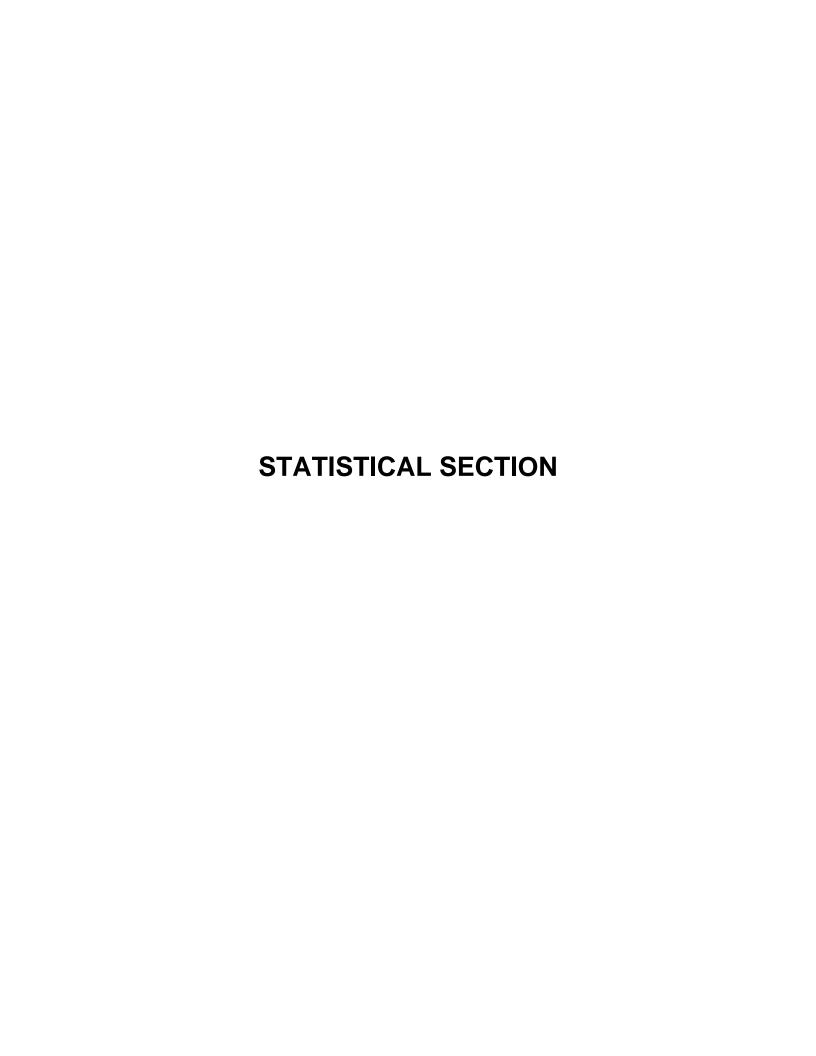
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services:	
Contributions from local governments	\$ 517,405
Total operating revenues	\$ 517,405
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Contractual services	\$ 437
Other charges	3,183
Business Grants	517,842
Total operating expenses	\$ 521,462
Operating income (loss)	\$ (4,057)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest earnings	\$ 122
Change in net position	\$ (3,935)
Total net position - beginning	 167,289
Total net position - ending	\$ 163,354

Statement of Cash Flows
Discretely Presented Component Unit - Economic Development Authority
For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts for local government contributions Payments for operating activities	\$	517,405 (521,462)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(4,057)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends received	\$	122
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	122
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(3,935)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	67,289 63,354
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	Φ.	(4.057)
Operating loss	\$	(4,057)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(4,057)





This part of the County of Powhatan, Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Table</u>
Financial Trends These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate revenues through property, sales taxes, and other means.	5-8
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	9-11
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparison over time and with other governments.	12-14
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	15-16

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year. The County implemented Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

County of Powhatan, Virginia
Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

						Fiscal Year				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,482,537	\$ 7,482,537 \$ 4,791,306 \$		\$ 8,923,387	390,493 \$ 8,923,387 \$ 4,734,695	s	\$ (1,310,668)	973,723 \$ (1,310,668) \$ (2,085,394) \$ (1,962,152) \$ 1,028,903	\$ (1,962,152)	\$ 1,028,903
Restricted	•	•	•	81,367	158,598	321,055	327,708	29,239	321,995	920,754
Unrestricted	27,879,687	27,879,687 18,286,063	15,681,310	10,541,242	13,425,357	15,376,342	15,013,626	16,540,825	14,037,219	9,697,400
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 35,362,224 \$ 23,077	\$ 23,077,369	\$ 16,071,803	\$ 19,545,996	\$ 18,318,650	\$ 16,671,120	\$ 14,030,666	\$ 14,484,670	\$ 12,397,062	\$11,647,057
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,809,458	\$ 5,600,088	\$ 5,927,158	\$ 3,707,241	\$ 2,745,687	\$ 2,364,754	\$ 1,004,989	\$ 5,809,458 \$ 5,600,088 \$ 5,927,158 \$ 3,707,241 \$ 2,745,687 \$ 2,364,754 \$ 1,004,989 \$ 1,044,804 \$	\$ 786,715 \$	\$ (341,364)
Restricted	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	72,357	124,789
Unrestricted	1,804,858	1,610,471	1,169,052	905,237	973,944	975,370	462,308	(324,475)	(109,529)	781,779
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 7,614,316 \$ 7,210,559	\$ 7,210,559	\$ 7,096,210	\$ 4,612,478	\$ 3,719,631	\$ 3,340,124	\$ 1,467,297	\$ 720,329	\$ 749,543	\$ 565,204
Primary Government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 13,291,995	\$13,291,995 \$10,391,394	\$ 6,317,651	\$ 12,630,628	\$ 6,317,651 \$12,630,628 \$ 7,480,382	\$ 3,338,477	\$ (305,679)	\$ 3,338,477 \$ (305,679) \$ (1,040,590) \$ (1,175,437) \$	\$ (1,175,437)	\$ 687,539
Restricted	•			81,367	158,598	321,055	327,708	29,239	394,352	1,045,543
Unrestricted	29,684,545	29,684,545 19,896,534	16,850,362	11,446,479	14,399,301	16,351,712	15,475,934	16,216,350	13,927,690	10,479,179
Total Primary government net position	\$ 42,976,540 \$ 30,287,928	\$ 30,287,928	\$ 23,168,013	\$ 24,158,474	\$ 22,038,281	\$ 20,011,244	\$ 20,011,244 \$ 15,497,963	\$ 15,204,999	\$15,204,999 \$13,146,605	\$ 12,212,261

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 as adopted in fiscal year 2018. Information for previous years is unavailable.

County of Powhatan, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

· •											
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
ш С	Expenses Governmental activities										
•	General government administration	\$ 7,738,202	\$ 4,048,390	\$ 3,443,815	\$ 3,138,027	\$ 3,387,951	\$ 3,328,472	\$ 2,904,327	\$ 2,913,719	\$ 2,693,439	\$ 3,490,938
	Judicial administration	1,360,939	1,266,314	1,142,211	1,106,339	875,808	1,003,570	882,082	915,308	924,281	928,312
	Public safety	11,289,757	10,940,144	10,372,753	9,340,671	8,623,661	7,886,373	7,614,265	7,386,351	7,198,186	7,245,597
	Public works	2,616,404	2,245,378	4,351,097	2,437,663	2,444,844	2,063,389	1,905,609	1,715,947	1,716,111	1,547,932
	Health and welfare	5,174,537	4,785,157	4,553,531	4,630,373	4,250,646	4,645,176	4,254,575	4,079,149	3,859,387	3,491,003
	Education	26,778,187	25,649,391	31,265,269	26,750,913	25,587,129	24,668,341	23,858,180	24,091,342	23,514,070	26,859,832
	Parks, Recreation and cultural	741,691	781,264	748,581	724,464	1,430,798	896,021	672,746	881,707	932,155	990,848
	Community development	1,082,578	1,077,207	1,042,770	839,715	975,494	888,803	952,532	784,157	599,847	1,119,888
	Interest and other fiscal charges	2,186,672	2,902,678	3,651,825	3,457,468	4,479,930	2,279,924	2,490,147	2,664,241	2,841,131	3,539,775
_	Total governmental activities	\$ 58,968,967	\$ 53,695,923	\$ 60,571,852	\$ 52,425,633	\$ 52,056,261	\$ 47,660,069	\$ 45,534,463	\$ 45,431,921	\$ 44,278,607	\$ 49,214,125
ш	Business-type activities	6	0000				6				
	Water and Sewer		7,003								
_	Total business-type activities	\$ 2,204,421	\$ 2,839,736	\$ 2,500,998	\$ 2,409,265	\$ 2,584,881	\$ 2,381,909	\$ 2,564,546	\$ 2,439,900	\$ 2,562,295	\$ 2,165,702
		000 04 470 000	0 20 20 0 0 0	020 020 050	¢ 54 004 000	0 17 0 44 440	044 040	4000000	47 074 004	040 000	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	i otai primary government expenses	901,173,300	800,000,000 ¢	000,270,000	\$ 34,034,030	\$ 54,041,142	\$ 50,04 I,97 o	\$ 40,039,009	447,071,021	\$ 40,040,302	450,876,164
. 0	Program Revenues Governmental activities										
	Charges for services:								,		
	Judicial administration	\$ 208,154	\$ 211,306	\$ 246,764	\$ 223,978	\$ 228,999	\$ 171,772	\$ 145,738	↔	\$ 227,140	\$ 242,548
	Public sarety	1,715,285	05,080,1	1,482,303	1,417,962	1,239,297	1,111,495	503,314	.,	511,473	393,652
	Public works	75,391	46,513	81,1/1	785,587	55,006	47,508	54,6/4		38,953	26,252
	Parks, recreation and cultural	2,081	17,751	20,354	21,787	19,165	17,658	24,394	30,176	29,175	35,226
	Community development	192,934	250,090	203,708	165,573	192,732	461,414	939,943	828,425	607,558	343,493
	Operating grants and contributions	10,676,544	6,030,863	5,058,728	4,961,763	4,723,745	4,761,155	4,377,081	4,374,567	3,969,854	3,899,879
	Capital Grants and contributions	70,000	•	101,639	636,597	•	32,161	212,050	•	•	
	Total governmental activities	\$ 12,940,389	\$ 8,252,773	\$ 7,194,727	\$ 7,493,247	\$ 6,458,944	\$ 6,603,163	\$ 6,317,194	\$ 5,996,735	\$ 5,384,153	\$ 4,973,050
ш	Business-type activities Charges for services:										
	Water and Sewer Capital grants and contributions	\$ 585,590	\$ 608,843	\$ 640,352 1,999,558	\$ 595,446	\$ 465,893	\$ 329,569	\$ 514,988	\$ 272,633	\$ 388,990	\$ 531,205
	Total business-type activities	\$ 585,590	\$ 696,843	\$ 2,639,910	\$ 929,243	\$ 465,893	\$ 629,569	\$ 514,988	\$ 272,633	\$ 388,990	\$ 531,205
	Total primary government revenues	¢ 13 525 979	\$ 8 949 616	4 0834637	\$ 8 422 490	\$ 6 924 837	¢ 7 232 732	¢ 6 832 182	8 6 269 368	\$ 5773143	\$ 5504 255
	oral pinnary government revenues	\$ 10,020,01 ¢	,0,0		Ш	Ш	201,202,1 \$	Ш		Ш	Ш

County of Powhatan, Virginia Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Unaudited

						Fiscal Year				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Net (Expense)/Revenue		0								
Governmental activities	\$ (46,028,578)	\$ (45,443,150)	\$ (53,377,125)	\$ (44,932,386)	\$ (45,597,317)	\$ (41,056,906)	\$ (39,217,269)	\$ (39,435,186)	\$ (38,894,454)	\$ (44,241,075)
Dusiness-type activities	(1,00,010,1)	(2, 142,093)	130,912	(1,400,022)	(2,093,900)	(1,001,743)	(2,049,340)	(4, 101, 201)	(2,173,303)	(1,034,497)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (47,647,409)	\$ (47,586,043)	\$ (53,238,213)	\$ (46,412,408)	\$ (47,691,305)	\$ (42,658,649)	\$ (41,266,817)	\$ (41,602,453)	\$ (41,067,759)	\$ (45,875,572)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	let Position									
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 46,528,921	\$ 42,858,105	\$ 41,283,660	\$ 39,678,897	\$ 39,416,185	\$ 36,470,425	\$ 35,172,302	\$ 35,253,633	\$ 33,447,832	\$ 34,499,496
Other local taxes	9,381,449	6,785,681	5,961,295	5,746,070	5,527,619	5,049,536	4,702,903	4,250,661	4,960,172	4,200,076
Investment earnings	194,869	464,783	567,025	482,100	282,759	241,763	405,979	283,313	239,006	427,933
Miscellaneous	384,983	547,535	354,793	323,649	346,297	359,404	212,904	356,148	182,694	171,550
Non-categorical aid from the Commonwealth	3,839,879	4,041,223	4,077,493	4,090,925	4,117,081	4,176,115	4,087,845	4,147,231	3,178,838	3,226,864
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets	•	•	•		•	•	•	(390,698)	(6,854)	•
Transfers	(2,016,668)	(2,253,109)	(2,341,334)	(2,422,675)	(2,445,094)	(2,599,883)	(2,871,782)	(2,321,178)	(2,357,229)	(2,091,529)
Special item		•		•		•	(305,880)	•	•	•
Total governmental activities	\$ 58,313,433	\$ 52,444,218	\$ 49,902,932	\$ 47,898,966	\$ 47,244,847	\$ 43,697,360	\$ 41,404,271	\$ 41,579,110	\$ 39,644,459	\$ 40,434,390
Business-type activities	•		,			,	,			
Investment earnings	·	\$ 290	·	99	N S	·	·	\$ 51	\$ 415	\$ 57,284
Miscellaneous	5,920	3,843	3,486	2,397	28,399	5,210	11,765	•	•	
Transfers	2,016,668	2,253,109	2,341,334	2,422,675	2,445,094	2,599,883	2,871,782	2,321,178	2,357,229	2,091,529
Total business-type activities	\$ 2,022,588	\$ 2,257,242	\$ 2,344,820	\$ 2,425,138	\$ 2,473,495	\$ 2,605,093	\$ 2,883,547	\$ 2,321,229	\$ 2,357,644	\$ 2,148,813
Total primary government	\$ 60,336,021	\$ 54,701,460	\$ 52,247,752	\$ 50,324,104	\$ 49,718,342	\$ 46,302,453	\$ 44,287,818	\$ 43,900,339	\$ 42,002,103	\$ 42,583,203
Changes in Net Position	4 12 284 855	\$ 7.001.068	\$ (3 474 193)	2 966 580	\$ 1.647.530	\$ 2 640 454	\$ 2 187 002	\$ 2 143 924	\$ 750.005	(3,806,685)
Business-type activities	403,757			+						
Total primary government	\$ 12,688,612	\$ 7,115,417	(990,461)	\$ 3,911,696	\$ 2,027,037	\$ 3,643,804	\$ 3,021,001	\$ 2,297,886	\$ 934,344	\$ (3,292,369)

County of Powhatan, Virginia
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

						Fiscal Year				
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
General fund	4 370 &	3 730	1 533	81 688	1 060	3 530	3 0 18	\$ 7.078	3/1 802	¥
Assigned	040,1 010,040	9	7 20	7	7	2	280			ı '
Unassigned	13,950,906	13.037.130	12.450.049	12,031.431	11.767.232	11.370.950	11.043,610	13.877.646	12.445.947	13.177.977
Total general fund	\$28,828,595	\$ 19,891,371	\$ 16,747,204	\$15,703,832	\$ 16,245,494	\$ 14,945,384	\$ 14,745,307	\$13,881,694	\$ 12,480,839	\$ 13,177,977
All other governmental funds Restricted reported in:										
Debt service funds	↔	• 9	↔	. ↔	↔	. ↔	↔	. ↔	\$ 8,892	↔
Capital projects funds	8,795,524	13,957,819	17,930,464	17,752,884	42,809,069	1	ı	29,239	313,103	911,927
Grants funds	83,654	•	1	•	1	•	•	•	•	•
Special revenue funds	2,941,382	959,143	778,276	622,264	866,609	1,154,183	1,886,597	1,856,589	705,391	423,141
Committed for:										
Special revenue funds	621,988	493,552	346,094	292,691	73,812	174,737	i	1	•	i
Assigned for:										1
Debt service	1 0	' 100	•	•	•	1 10	' 10	' L	1 1	8,827
Capital projects	434,343	1,979,397	•	1	1	2,099,137	1,610,407	883,385	1,151,845	•
Unassigned, reported in:										
Capital projects funds	•	•	2,836,404	(1,395,958)	(352,397)	•	•	•	•	(207,318)
Total all other governmental										
funds	\$ 12,876,891	\$12,876,891 \$17,389,911 \$21,891,238	\$21,891,238	\$ 17,271,881	\$43,140,422 \$ 3,428,057	\$ 3,428,057	\$ 3,497,004	\$ 3,497,004 \$ 2,769,213 \$ 2,179,231	\$ 2,179,231	\$ 1,136,577
Total fund balances	\$41,705,486	\$41,705,486 \$37,281,282 \$38,638,442	\$ 38,638,442	\$32,975,713	\$ 59,385,916	\$59,385,916 \$18,373,441	\$ 18,242,311	\$18,242,311 \$16,650,907	\$14,660,070 \$14,314,554	\$ 14,314,554

County of Powhatan, Virginia
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)
Unaudited

Revenues General property taxes Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and licenses	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
and licenses										
and licenses										
Other local taxes Permits, privilege fees and licenses	46,429,541	\$ 42,741,454	\$ 41,583,636	\$ 39,648,166	\$ 39,177,351	\$ 36,848,788	\$ 35,326,867	\$ 34,940,715	\$ 33,503,021	\$ 34,583,227
Permits, privilege fees and licenses	9,381,449	6,785,681	5,961,295	5,746,071	5,527,619	5,049,536	4,702,903	4,250,661	4,960,172	4,200,076
Fines and Forfeitures	1,311,869	1,306,569	1,056,937	966,725	806,460	1,014,230	937,270	842,474	620,832	706,921
וווכא מוומ ו סוומומומא	119,160	122,886	151,244	144,612	163,083	102,778	102,410	111,173	137,224	162,505
Revenue from use of money &										
property	194,869	464,783	567,025	482,100	282,759	241,763	405,979	283,313	239,007	239,587
Charges for services	762,816	792,455	826,179	783,550	765,656	692,839	688,383	668,521	656,243	203,745
Miscellaneous	384,983	547,535	354,793	323,649	346,297	359,404	212,904	356,148	182,694	171,550
Intergovernmental:										
Commonwealth of Virginia	7,797,274	7,733,325	7,805,434	8,277,653	7,518,564	7,685,397	7,790,247	7,497,107	6,417,248	6,270,174
rnment	6,789,149		1,432,426	1,411,632	1,322,262	1,284,034		1,024,691	731,443	856,569
Total revenues	73,171,110	\$ 62,833,449	\$ 59,738,969	\$ 57,784,158	\$ 55,910,051	\$ 53,278,769	\$ 51,053,692	\$ 49,974,803	\$ 47,447,884	\$ 47,394,354
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,										
Experiumres General government administration	8 272 557	\$ 4 125 429	2 513 818	\$ 3 337 073	3 487 696	\$ 3 202 111	\$ 2881108	\$ 2706 558	\$ 2833088	\$ 3 027 100
	1 218 811									
Dublic Sofety	1,210,011	19 047 067	1,030,032	3,213,040	922,334	921,330	7 561 202	6 034 690	6 767 013	6 704 062
Public Salety	13,732,300	13,017,007	12,509,044	0,602,500	9,009,393	0,040,300	7,301,393	0,934,009	0,707,013	0,704,005
Public works	7,990,901	700,010	2,690,480	3,864,509	2,807,888	2,190,038	2,130,239	1,040,877	1,600,243	1,552,820
Health and welfare	5,228,724	4,766,253	4,527,283	4,603,678	4,491,257	4,773,276	4,285,753	4,069,400	3,771,576	3,482,258
Education	23,419,578	23,560,273	27,898,229	45,667,822	36,076,976	22,857,727	21,269,134	20,708,851	19,990,590	19,097,840
Community development	592,626	1,990,759	1,040,054	637,865	1,240,664	884,335	852,728	767,675	565,729	770,541
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,023,841	1,077,634	586,062	831,338	987,254	718,560	543,079	659,704	709,339	1,092,280
Capital projects	•	•	•	549	617	939,474	123,070	920,622	769,227	1,816,496
Debt service							:		!	
Principal	5,433,060	5,616,782	5,231,381	4,949,677	4,756,685	4,184,966	4,046,946	3,861,164	3,742,429	3,520,544
r fiscal charges		- 1		4,061,420						
Total Expenditures	67,335,356	\$ 62,529,609	\$ 62,876,257	\$ 81,771,685	\$ 68,516,933	\$ 51,131,926	\$ 48,021,226	\$ 46,143,998	\$ 44,781,139	\$ 45,335,039
Revenues over (under) expenditures \$	5.835.754	\$ 303,840	\$ (3.137.288)	\$ (23.987.527)	\$ (12.606.882)	\$ 2.146.843	\$ 3.032.466	\$ 3.830.805	\$ 2.666.745	\$ 2.059.315
ı				(10, 10, 10, 1)	(100,000,00)					
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in \$	1,418,196	\$ 2,609,338	\$ 1,944,338	\$ 2,684,130	\$ 2,545,726	\$ 4,169,095	\$ 3,864,804	\$ 7,616,992	\$ 8,414,123	· \$
Transfers out	(3,434,864)	(4,862,447)	(4,285,672)	(5,106,805)	(4,990,820)	(6,768,978)	(6,736,586)	(9,938,170)	(10,771,352)	(2,091,529)
Proceeds from capital lease	599,718	•	1,578,350		700,000	584,170	47,942	481,210	36,000	•
Issuance of bonds	15,927,000	597,510	9,563,000	•	49,425,000	•	26,162,052	•	•	2,920,000
Bond issuance premium	(178,000)	•	•	•	5,939,451	•	•	•	•	369,490
Payments to refunding escrow agent	(15,749,000)	•	•	•	•	•	(25,586,845)	1	1	(4,905,315)
Bond issuance costs	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	(63,011)
	•	1								
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,416,950)	\$ (1,655,599)	\$ 8,800,016	\$ (2,422,675)	\$ 53,619,357	\$ (2,015,713)	\$ (2,248,633)	\$ (1,839,968)	\$ (2,321,229)	\$ (2,082,764)
Special Item	•	•	•	•	•	•	807,571	•	•	•
-										
Net change in fund balances \$	4,418,804	\$ (1,351,759)	\$ 5,662,728	\$ (26,410,202)	\$ 41,012,475	\$ 131,130	\$ 1,591,404	\$ 1,990,837	\$ 345,516	\$ (23,449)
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	14.90%	18.20%	17.15%	17.17%	18.13%	13.83%	15.95%	15.23%	15.72%	15.79%

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fisca	l Year 2021		Fisca	l Year 2012	
	ı	Percentage o	f	ı	Percentage of	F
		Total County	•		Total County	
	Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable	
	Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed	
Taxpayer	Value	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank
Walmart	\$ 10,387,100	0.27%	1	\$ -	0.00%	
Carnes, W.S. et al	8,131,900	0.21%	2	8,768,900	0.23%	5
Scott Timberland Co PL	7,239,600	0.19%	3	-	0.00%	
Goddard, LLC	6,193,200	0.16%	4	-	0.00%	
Powhatan Shoppes at South Creek	5,754,700	0.15%	5	8,317,000	0.22%	6
Weaver Land & Timber, LLC	5,529,400	0.14%	6	-	0.00%	
BTG Pactual OEF Property 2 LP	5,523,100	0.14%	7	-	0.00%	
Knight Nelson G	5,130,800	0.13%	8	-	0.00%	
Powhatan Properties Land & Lumber	4,632,000	0.12%	9	6,195,700	0.16%	9
AWN Union Street LLC	4,312,800	0.11%	10	-	0.00%	
Riverton Associates Et ALS	-	0.00%		15,473,100	0.41%	1
Ranson, R.F. et Als	-	0.00%		12,038,200	0.32%	2
VSGA Foundation INC	-	0.00%		11,471,000	0.30%	3
Milhaus Corp	-	0.00%		9,188,700	0.24%	4
Central VA Bank	-	0.00%		6,962,400	0.18%	7
Reeds Landing Corp	-	0.00%		6,488,300	0.17%	8
Willis, JR	-	0.00%	-	6,016,000	0.16%	10
\$						
	62,834,600	1.62%		\$ 90,919,300	2.41%	

Source: Powhatan County Commissioner of Revenue Department

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes levied			Collected V			Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	for the fiscal year (original levy)	Adjustments	Total adjusted levy	Amount	Percentage of Original Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy
2021	\$ 46.397.758	\$ 158.537	\$ 46,556,295	\$ 39,090,337	84.25%	¢	\$39,090,337	83.96%
2021	39.465.437	1.236.003	40.701.440	33,535,555	84.97%	6,306,864	39.842.419	97.89%
2019	38.841.290	1,230,003	40,701,440	33.885.007	87.24%	6.041.110	39,926,117	99.25%
2019	40.262.459	258.394	40.520.853	34.046.398	84.56%	6,342,396	40.388.794	99.67%
2017	37.761.947	738.114	38.500.061	32.985.684	87.35%	5.426.064	38.411.748	99.77%
2017	35.202.596	693.565	35.896.161	30.591.755	86.90%	5,228,632	35.820.387	99.79%
2015 (3)	34.387.967	473.541	34.861.508	29.585.924	86.04%	5,220,032	34.797.785	99.82%
2014 (2)	20.444.760	(172.019)	- , ,	16.173.898	79.11%	4.048.288	20.222.186	99.75%
2013	35,684,848	(3,034,661)	-, ,	30,590,404	85.72%	2,044,471	32,634,875	99.95%
2012 (1)	39,309,998	(5,085,755)		32,421,232	82.48%	1,789,683	34,210,915	99.96%

Source: Treasurer's Office and Commissioner of the Revenue

⁽¹⁾ In FY 2012, the County implemented twice a year collections for personal property taxes. This resulted in an additional levy and collection of one half of the annual personal property tax in FY 2012.

⁽²⁾ In FY2014, the County did a short year for real estate and therefore the levy was half of a normal levy in order for the real estate levies to agree to the budget cycle.

⁽³⁾ The collection rate appears low due to second half of personal property is not due until FY2016

Assessed and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate	Less: Tax-Exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value Real Estate	Direct Tax Rate	Personal Property and Mobile Homes	Machinery and Tools	Public Service	Total
		(2)		(1)			(3)	
2021	\$ 4,379,883,500	\$328,274,425	\$4,051,609,075	0.85	\$377,504,062	\$ 31,432,110	\$105,153,403	\$ 4,565,698,650
2020	3,854,983,400	334,508,375	3,520,475,025	0.88	319,259,251	12,452,345	111,818,049	3,964,004,670
2019	3,770,803,200	332,508,550	3,438,294,650	0.88	325,965,234	11,078,665	105,919,123	3,881,257,672
2018	3,648,382,900	328,081,450	3,320,301,450	0.885	311,016,713	29,452,658	99,314,822	3,760,085,643
2017	3,608,906,400	328,439,700	3,280,466,700	0.90	293,254,816	10,716,720	100,109,095	3,684,547,331
2016	3,358,068,300	310,856,450	3,047,211,850	0.90	284,396,673	9,111,300	97,808,766	3,438,528,589
2015	3,300,165,350	308,499,100	2,991,666,250	0.90	262,062,264	9,428,908	97,811,452	3,360,968,874
2014	3,337,208,023	309,617,800	3,027,590,223	0.90	248,273,253	10,543,520	93,715,317	3,380,122,313
2013	3,353,554,725	313,338,300	3,040,216,425	0.90	236,952,333	9,885,765	88,634,309	3,375,688,832
2012	3,324,413,600	313,414,300	3,010,999,300	0.90	220,342,803	9,330,975	87,019,206	3,327,692,284

Source: Commissioner of Revenue Department

Notes:

Real property is the County's primary local source revenue. Assessment information also included above for other property taxes.

- (1) Tax rate per \$100 of assessed value of real property. See Table 6 for other tax rates.
- (2) Source, Real Estate Assessments from Commissioner of Revenue.
- (3) Public Service Corporation property assessments performed by the State Corporation Commission.

Direct Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Public	Service		
Tax Year	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery & Tools	Personal Property
2021	0.79/0.85	3.60	3.60	3.60
2020	0.88	3.60	3.60	3.60
2019	0.88	3.60	3.60	3.60
2018	0.885	3.60	3.60	3.60
2017	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60
2016	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60
2015	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60
2014	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60
2013	0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60
2012	0.77/0.90	3.60	3.60	3.60

Notes: Per \$100 assessed value. There are no overlapping property tax rates with other governments.

		Governme	ntal Activities		Business-Type Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	State Literary Loans	Capital Leases	Revenue Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2021	\$ 19,054,287	\$ -	\$ 1,937,959	\$ 78,810,054	\$ 15,512,536	\$ 115,314,836	N/A	3,805
2020	20,871,963	-	1,630,626	82,596,056	16,329,043	121,427,688	N/A	4,066
2019	22,931,149	-	2,065,820	85,752,035	17,145,426	127,894,430	0.046%	4,313
2018	24,773,645	250,000	912,548	79,428,022	18,014,546	123,378,761	0.046%	4,230
2017	26,583,521	500,000	1,230,787	82,525,574	16,853,248	127,693,130	0.043%	4,465
2016	28,386,157	750,000	810,956	30,111,820	17,403,438	77,462,371	0.065%	2,724
2015	30,168,352	1,000,000	331,795	32,001,274	18,029,553	81,530,974	0.060%	2,867
2014	32,384,741	1,250,000	397,123	33,550,334	18,387,924	85,970,122	0.053%	3,022
2013	34,568,717	1,500,000	25,689	35,133,665	18,884,676	90,112,747	0.047%	3,174
2012	37,106,830	1,750,000	-	37,779,197	19,353,098	95,989,125	0.039%	3,415

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

			nded Debt Out	_	
Fiscal Year				Net Bonded Debt to	
Ended		Assessed	Gross	Assessed	
June 30	Population	Taxable Value	Bonded Debt	Value	Per Capita
		(1)	(2)		_
2021	30,305	\$4,565,698,650	\$ 19,054,287	0.42%	629
2020	29,867	3,964,004,670	20,871,963	0.53%	699
2019	29,652	3,881,257,672	22,931,149	0.59%	773
2018	29,166	3,760,085,643	25,023,645	0.67%	858
2017	28,601	3,684,547,331	27,083,521	0.74%	947
2016	28,442	3,438,528,589	29,136,157	0.85%	1,024
2015	28,442	3,360,968,874	31,168,352	0.93%	1,096
2014	28,451	3,380,122,313	33,634,741	1.00%	1,182
2013	28,394	3,375,688,832	36,068,717	1.07%	1,270
2012	28,110	3,327,692,284	38,856,830	1.17%	1,382

Notes: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Assessed taxable value is combination of real and other personal property per Table 7.

⁽²⁾ Includes all long-term general obligation debt, bonded anticipation notes and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Debt Management Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Policy (1)	15.00%	4.00%
Fiscal Year	Debt Service To Expenditures	Net Tax Supported Debt To Assessed Value
	(2)	(3)
2021	11.23%	2.37%
2020	13.25%	2.86%
2019	13.17%	3.06%
2018	13.20%	3.02%
2017	13.11%	3.23%
2016	11.17%	2.16%
2015	11.39%	2.34%
2014	12.06%	2.47%
2013	12.20%	2.63%
2012	11.73%	2.75%

⁽¹⁾ Policy was 12% and 4.50% prior to FY 2016

⁽²⁾ Expenditures are made up of the General fund, Other Governmental funds, School Operating fund, School Cafeteria fund, Water and Sewer fund less transfers to the School Fund. Includes all debt from Table 9 less premiums.

⁽³⁾ Assessed taxable value is combination of real and other personal property per Table 7.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Total Personal Income*	Per Capita Personal Income*	Unemployment Rate %	School Enrollment
2021	30,305	N/A	N/A	3.00%**	4,076
2020	29,867	N/A	N/A	4.80%	4,247
2019	29,652	1,737,874,068	58,609	2.60%	4,227
2018	29,166	1,667,624,382	57,177	2.90%	4,222
2017	28,601	1,573,369,611	55,011	3.50%	4,208
2016	28,442	1,436,036,580	50,490	3.50%	4,312
2015	28,442	1,396,644,410	49,105	4.30%	4,157
2014	28,451	1,292,984,146	45,446	4.60%	4,205
2013	28,394	1,193,002,304	42,016	5.30%	4,222
2012	28,110	1,049,065,200	37,320	5.40%	4,786

n/a - information is not yet available

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Labor Statistics, Weldon Cooper Center

^{* 2020} and 2021 information not yet available. 2019 data is used for calculations and will be updated next year

^{** 2021} Unemployment Rate % is as of 07/01/2021

		2021		2012				
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total Employment**	Employees	Rank	% of Total Employment**		
Powhatan County School Board	500-999	1	N/A	_	_	N/A		
Deep Meadow Correctional Center	250-499	2	N/A	_	_	N/A		
County of Powhatan	100-249	3	N/A	_	_	N/A		
Walmart	100-249	4	N/A	_	_	N/A		
Food Lion	100-249	5	N/A	50-99	3	N/A		
Mid Atlantic Steel Erecto Inc	100-249	6	N/A	-	_	N/A		
Eagle Tele Services Inc	100-249	7	N/A	-	-	N/A		
Retail Execution East, LLC	50-99	8	N/A	-	-	N/A		
Colony Construction	50-99	9	N/A	50-99	1	N/A		
Moslow Wood Products	20-49	10	N/A	20-49	6	N/A		
MP Barden & Sons	-		N/A	50-99	2	N/A		
Mcdonalds	-		N/A	50-99	4	N/A		
TDU Concrete Inc	-		N/A	50-99	5	N/A		
Central Virginia Bank	-		N/A	20-49	7	N/A		
Mill Quarter	-		N/A	20-49	8	N/A		
On the Go Concrete	-		N/A	20-49	9	N/A		
Sheetz	-		N/A	20-49	10	N/A		

Source: Virginia Employment Commission

Data for 2021: Community Profile Data for 2012: 1st Quarter 2012

^{*} Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages (QCEW)

^{**}The Virginia Employment Commission is precluded from disclosing the actual number of employees per the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act - Title V of Public Law 107-347.

Department	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
County Administration										
County Administrator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy County Administrator/Comm Dev Dir Sr. Executive Assistant	1	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	1 1	1	-	- 1	- 1
Executive Associate	-	-	_	_	1	1	1	1	-	-
Executive Secretary		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Total County Administrator	2	2	2	2	3	4	3	2	2	3
Grants Administration Grants Coordinator	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Finance										
Director of Finance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
HR Benefits and Training Coordinator HR and Accounting Analyst	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	1	1	1
Accounting Manager	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1	1	_
Budget Manager	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Budget Accountant	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accountant Accounting Analyst	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1	1	- 1
Total Finance	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3
Human Resources										
HR Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
HR Analyst Total Human Resources	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 2	1 2		-	- 1	- 1	- 1	-	
				- '	'	'	'	ı		
Information Technology Director of IT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
IT Network Manager	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
IT Systems Administrator	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
IT Specialist	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	-
Communications and IT Specialist IT Technician	1	1	1	1	1	- 1	-	-	-	-
Total Information Technology	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	
County Attorney										
County Attorney	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
Paralegal Total County Attorney		-	-	1	1	1	1	1 2	1	1
·				- 1	- 1	- 1	ı			2
Facilities Management									4	4
Facilities Assistant Facilities/Groundskeeper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	1 1
General Services Supervisor	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	1	1
Maintenance Worker									2	2
Total Facilities Management	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5

Department	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Public Works										
Director of Public Works	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_
Administrative Associate Public Works	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_
Recreation Program Coordinator	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_
Facilities Manager	_	-	-	-	-	_	1	1	_	_
Facilitites and Grounds Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_	_
Administrative Assistant Facilities	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1	_	_
Administrative Assistant Public Works	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_	_
Building Supervisor - HVAC	-	_	-	_	_	-	1	1	_	-
Facilities Supervisor	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	_	-
Grounds Supervisor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	-
Maintenance Worker III	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	_	-
Maintenance Worker II	5	5	4	4	4	4	4	3	_	_
Maintenance Worker I	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	1	_	-
Utilities Manager	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	-
Utilities Operations Supervisor	-	_	-	_	_	-	1	1	_	-
Utilities Operations Superintendant	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	_	-
Utilities Operator	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	-	-
Utilities Maintenance Technician	-	_	-	1	1	1	_	-	-	-
Convenience Center Supervisor	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	-
Convenience Center Operator III	-	_	-	_	_	-	1	1	_	-
Convenience Center Lead Operator	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	-	-	-
Convenience Center Operator	1	2	2	2	2	2	_	-	-	-
Convenience Center Operator II	-	_	-	-	_	-	1	1	-	-
Convenience Center Operator I	-	_	-	-	_	-	1	1	-	-
Total Public Works	22	23	22	23	23	23	22	19	-	-
Building Inspections										
Building Official	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	1	1
Building Inspector	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4
Secretary	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	1	1
Plans Reviewer	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	1	2
Total Building Inspections	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	8
Commonwealth's Attorney										
Commonwealth's Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy Commonwealth's Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant Commonwealth's Attorney	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administrative Assistant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Commonwealth's Attorney	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3
Commissioner of the Revenue										
Commissioner of the Revenue	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chief Deputy Commissioner	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy COR II	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Deputy COR III	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Total Commissioner of Revenue	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Economic Development										
Economic Development Director	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
Assistant County Administrator	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Economic Development Program Manager	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Economic Development	2	2	2	2	1	_	_	_	_	1

Department	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Fire Administration										
Chief of Fire and Emergency Medical Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1
Administrative Associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Administrative Associate - Fire and Rescue	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	_	-
Administrative Assistant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Lieutenant	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Firefighter/EMT	10	10	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-
Total Fire Administration	13	14	10	8	8	2	2	2	1	2
Library										
Library Director	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Librarian	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Library Systems Technician	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Library Clerk II	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Library Administrative Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-		-
Library Assistant	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Total Library	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	2
Planning										
Planning Director	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	1
Planner II	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	2	2
Planner I	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	1	1
Administrative Assistant	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Office Manager	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	1	1
Zoning Administrator	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	1	1
GIS Coordinator	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	1	1
Erosion and Sediment Control Inspector	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1
Total Planning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	8
Planning and Community Development										
Planning and Community Development					1			4		
Director of Community Development	1	1	- 1	- 1	1	-	-	1	-	-
Planning Director	2	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development Technician	2	2	2	ı	ı	-	1	1	-	-
Administrative Associate Community Dev.	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
Planning Manager	1	1	- 1	1	1	-	ı	1	-	-
Principal Planner	'	ı	ı	ı	ı	- 1	-	-	-	-
Planning and Zoning Manager	1	- 1	- 1	1	1	1 1	1	1	-	-
Environmental Coordinator	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	-	•	-	-
Zoning Administrator	- 1	1	- 1	1	1	1	1 1	1 1	-	-
Planner I/Code Enforcement Inspector Planner II	1	1	1	1	1	ı	Į	ı	-	-
Erosion and Sediment Technician	'	ı	ı	ı	ı	-	1	1	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	ı	1	-	-
Erosion and Sediment Inspector	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-
Planning/Zoning Specialist Planning/Zoning Technician	-	-	-	-	-	1	Į	ı	-	-
GIS Coordinator	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-
	-	1	- 1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Duilding Official	1		- 1	ı	- 1	I	I	- 1	-	-
Building Official	1	-	2	2	2	2	4	4		
Building Inspector	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	-	-
Building Inspector Building Plan Reviewer	-	-	2 1	2 1	2 1	1	1 1	1 1	-	-
Building Inspector Building Plan Reviewer Building Permit Technician	2	2	_			_	1 1 -	i 1 -	- - -	-
Building Inspector Building Plan Reviewer Building Permit Technician Building Inspections Permit Specialist	2 1 -	2 1 -	1 - -	1 - -	1 - -	1	- 1	1 - 1	- - -	- - - -
Building Inspector Building Plan Reviewer Building Permit Technician	2 1 -	2	_			1 1 -	1 1 - 1 12	i 1 -	- - - -	- - - -
Building Inspector Building Plan Reviewer Building Permit Technician Building Inspections Permit Specialist Total Planning and Community Developmer	2 1 -	2 1 -	1 - -	1 - -	1 - -	1 1 -	- 1	1 - 1	- - - -	- - - - -
Building Inspector Building Plan Reviewer Building Permit Technician Building Inspections Permit Specialist Total Planning and Community Developmer Registrar Director of Elections	2 1 -	2 1 -	1 - -	1 - -	1 - -	1 1 -	- 1	1 - 1	- - - - -	- - - - -
Building Inspector Building Plan Reviewer Building Permit Technician Building Inspections Permit Specialist Total Planning and Community Developmer	2 1 11	2 1 - - 11	1 - - 11	1 - - 10	1 - - 10	1 1 - 12	1 12	1 13	- - - - - 1	- - - - - 1

Department	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Treasurer										
Treasurer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy Treasurer II	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Deputy Treasurer III	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	2
Chief Deputy Treasurer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Treasurer	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Comprehensive Services										
Children's Service Act Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_	_
Coordinator	-	_	_	_	-	-	1	1	-	1
Total Comprehensive Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1
Clerk of the Circuit Court										
Clerk of the Circuit Court	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Chief Deputy Clerk	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_	_
Deputy Clerk IV	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1	1	1
Deputy Clerk II	3	3	3	3	3	3				-
Deputy Clerk	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	1	1
Total Clerk of the Circuit Court	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	3	3
Utilities										
Utilities/General Services Director	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1
Manager, WWTP	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		1
Utilities Engineer	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	1
WWTP Operator	_	_			_	_			3	3
Total Utilities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6
Parks and Recreation Parks and Recreation Director		_	_	_	_	_		1	1	1
Tarks and Necreation Director								'		
Sheriff										
Office Manager	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Administrative Associate - Sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Administrative Assistant Court Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Civil Clerk II	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Sergeant	10	8	10	7	7	8	4	4	5	5
Lieutenant	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
First Sergeant	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Deputy	18	17	13	23	22	22	20	20	19	21
Corporal	5	6	6	-	-	-	6	6	5	5
Victim Witness	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Chief Deputy	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Undersheriff	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Captain	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
IT Technician	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Sheriff Systems Technician	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Crime Analyst	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Senior Detective	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Detective	2	2	3	4	4	4	2	2	2	2
Sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total Sheriff	44	43	42	43	42	42	41	42	50	53

Department	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Public Safety Communications										
Director of Public Safety Communications	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety Communications Operations Mgr	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Dispatcher	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	8	10
Public Safety Communications Officers	9	9	9	12	11	11	-	-	-	-
Dispatch Manager	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1
Communications Supervisor	4	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Dispatch Supervisor Total Communications	15	13	13	14	13	12	10	1 10	1 10	12
Total Communications	10	13	13	14	13	12	10	10	10	12
Victim Witness										
Victim Witness Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Total Victim Witness Coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Convenience Center Supervisor Attendant Total Convenience Center	- - -	1 2 3	1 2 3							
Animal Control										
Sergeant-Animal Control	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Corporal - Animal Control	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deputy-Animal Control	1	1	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2
Animal Control Technician II	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Secretary		-	-	-	-		1	1	1	1_
Total Animal Control	4	4	4	4	5	5	4	4	4	4
Total full-time positions	153	152	145	145	143	137	131	129	121	136

Source: Powhatan County Human Resources Department

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Sheriffs Office (1)										
Traffic citations	1,548	2,227	2,322	2,236	2,712	2,076	1,092	1,456	1,788	2,344
Criminal arrests	325	432	729	933	961	825	858	816	684	663
Calls for service	21,077	23,725	24,343	23,762	24,568	17,610	16,416	17,452	17,987	19,549
Calls dispatched	21,077	23,725	24,343	23,762	24,568	17,610	16,416	17,452	17,987	19,549
Calls dispatched for traffic	833	715	806	979	888	842	700	703	833	717
Criminal warrants served	875	1,128	1,030	1,146	1,022	1,035	1,009	996	918	862
Civil warrants and traffic notices	7,329	8,096	10,009	12,046	13,358	13,062	8,146	8,037	8,223	8,966
Fire and Rescue (2)										
Calls dispatched for fire/rescue	3,069	3,030	3,186	3,366	3,569	3,280	2,935	1,419	1,448	1,432
Community Development (3)										
Site plans reviewed	9	9	13	13	8	6	6	14	3	9
Rezoning Cases	10	6	10	10	13	24	6	3	1	4
CUP's	7	7	10	9	6	10	13	9	8	5
Subdivisions	7	7	8	9	7	3	3	2	3	3
Inspections	8,406	9,095	8,261	7,266	7,432	6,226	5,172	6,031	5,361	5,207
Refuse Collection (4)										
Refuse collected (tons per year)	6,807	6,495	6,682	6,611	6,673	6,562	6,390	6,514	6,395	6,112
Number of refuse sites	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1
Recyclables Collected (tons per year)	1,394	1,099	1,088	1,068	1,051	1,027	1,249.17	926.16	772.39	703.40
Parks, recreation and cultural (5)										
Tournaments - Baseball	-	-	1	-	1	2	4	-	*	*
Tournaments - Softball	2	8	8	7	5	6	4	2	*	*
Tournaments - Disc Golf	1	1	-	1	1	2	2	-	*	*
Special Olympics Tournaments	-	1	2	2	2	2	2	-	*	*
Benefit Tournaments	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	*	*
School Tournaments	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	_	_
School Camps	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	*	*
League Tournaments League Camps	5 4	3 5	3 7	4 8	4 7	2 6	1	-	*	*
Trail Runs	4	ວ 1	2	o 1	1	1	ა 1	1 1	*	*
Leagues/Organizations	12	12	12	12	12	10	10	10	*	*
League Players	3,472	3,490	3,502	3,510	3,340	2,290	2,235	2,120	*	*
	0,472	0,400	0,002	0,010	0,040	2,200	2,200	2,120		
Library (6)	02 777	07 206	105 000	100 744	104 200	104 060	100 750	101 064	00.470	106 001
Materials circulated	83,777	87,296	105,029	100,741	104,288	104,262	102,758	101,264	99,479	106,801
Library patrons - registered borrowers	15,959	15,508	14,930	13,980	13,372	21,067	20,716	19,710	19,203	18,243
Education (7)										
Total employees		613	606	633	634	637	632	634	634	663
Tb	616									
Teachers	318	318	316	318	317	313	316	320	322	323
Students					317 4,208	313 4,312	316 4,157	320 4,205	322 4,222	323 4,786
	318	318	316	318						

^{*} Information not available

Sources

- (1) Sheriff's Office
- (2) Fire and Rescue Department
 (3) Building Inpsections and Planning Department
- (4) Department of Public Works
- (5) Recreeation Department (6) Library
- (7) Powhatan County Public Schools(8) Department of Finance

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

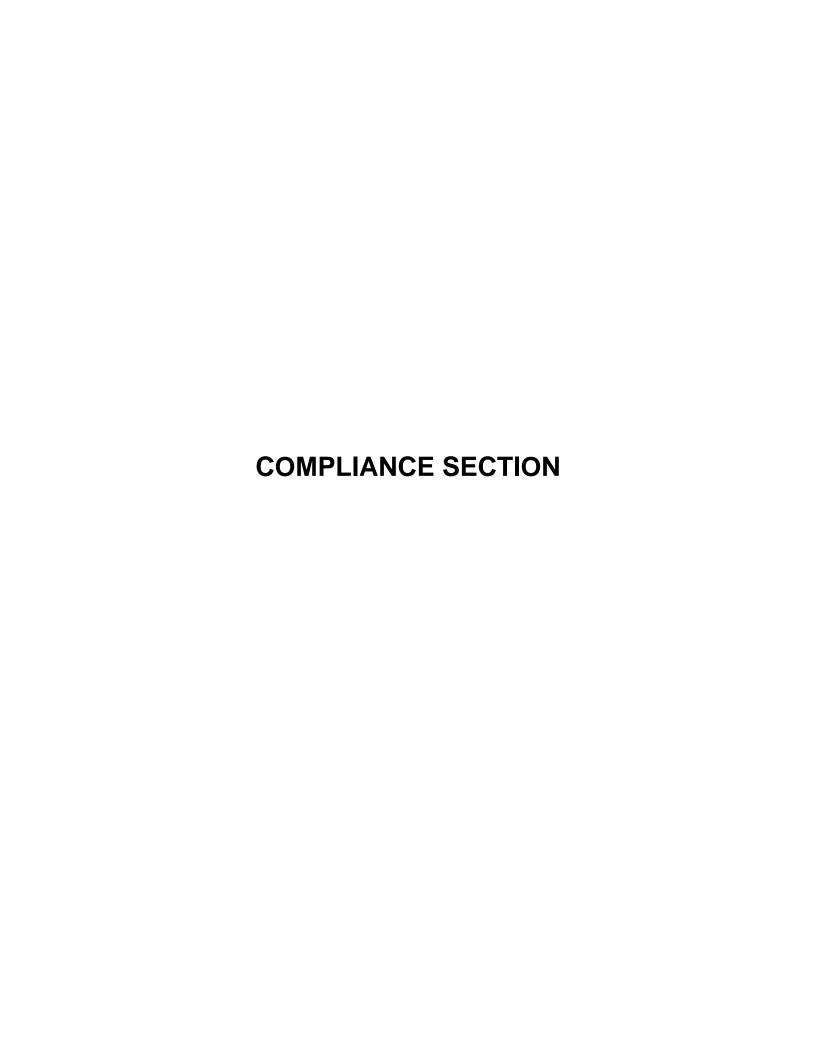
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Sheriff's Office (1)										
Patrol vehicles	56	52	52	52	48	47	50	50	50	49
Fire and Rescue (2)										
Companies	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Rescue Vehicles	9	8	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	11
Fire Apparatus	36	35	35	36	37	32	29	28	28	29
Parks and recreation (3)										
Parks maintained	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sports complexes maintained	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	_	-
Park/Complex acreage	233	233	233	233	212	212	212	212	212	212
Trails (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	1.8	1.8	1.37	1.37
Fields Maintained	27	27	27	27	27	25	*	*	*	*
Library (4)										
Facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Utilities (5)										
Water										
Daily average consumption (gallons)	158,145	165,003	207,002	188,586	206,510	171,224	167,400	193,942	162,898	168,017
Connections	127	121	113	107	103	96	93	80	76	71
Sewer										
Average daily sewage treatment Dutoy	48	43	44	46	43	48	46	344	37	33
Average daily sewage treatment										
Fighting Creek	42	30	40	34	31	39	32	29	28	39
(thousands of gallons)										
Connections	242	235	207	194	180	164	157	145	130	121
Education - Number of Schools (6)										
Elementary Schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Jr High Schools	-	-	_	_	_	1	1	1	1	1
Middle Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
High Schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works (7)										
Buildings	25	25	24	24	24	23	23	23	22	22
Parking lots	21	21	20	19	19	18	18	18	18	18
Pump Stations/Cell Towers	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Water Tank	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1

^{*} Information not available

Sources

⁽¹⁾ Sheriff's Office
(2) Fire and Rescue Department
(3) Recreation Department
(4) Library
(5) Department of Public Works
(6) Powhatan County Public Schools
(7) Department of Public Works









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Powhatan, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns*, and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Powhatan, Virginia (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 24, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Powhatan, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Powhatan, Virginias's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, the terms, and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of Powhatan, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Roanoke, Virginia November 24, 2021

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2021

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the County's compliance wither certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants as shown below:

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia:

Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Local Retirement Systems
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Sheriff Internal Controls
Comprehensive Services Act
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act

State Agency Requirements:

Education
Social Services
Fire Programs Aid to Localities

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal program selected for testing.

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/	Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity	Amounts Passed Thru to	Cluster	Federal
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Identifying Number	Sub-recipients	Amounts	Expenditures
- rogram or oracio. This			Cus roo.p.oo	7	
Department of Health and Human Services: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:					
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	APE40274		\$	44,198
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services:					
Community services block grant	93.569	N/A			115,047
COVID - 19 - Community services block grant	93.569	N/A			81,846
Promoting safe and stable families	93.556	0950115/0950116			14,354
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400115/0400116			198,514
Refugee and entrant assistance - state administered					
programs	93.566	0500115/0500116			131
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600415/0600416			11,170
Child care mandatory and matching funds of the child care					
development fund	93.596	0760115/0760116			18,405
Chafee education and training vouchers program	93.599	N/A			7,208
Child welfare services - state grants	93.645	0900115/0900116			73
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100115/1100116			114,634
Adoption assistance	93.659	1120115/1120116			87,352
Social services block grant	93.667	1000115/1000116			69,714
Chafee foster care independence program	93.674	9150115/9150116			9,760
Children's health insurance program	93.767	0540115/0540116			2,461
Medical assistance program	93.778	1200115/1200116		\$ 208,859	
Total Medicaid Cluster					208,859
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$	983,726
Department of Agriculture:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Agriculture:	40.555			# 50 500	
Food DistributionSchool	10.555	N/A		\$ 59,563	
Department of Education:	40.550	A DE 40000		474	
School breakfast program	10.553	APE40263		171	
National school lunch program	10.555	APE40264		1,987	
COVID - 19 - Summer Food Service Program Total Child Nutrition Cluster Department of Social Services:	10.559	APE60302		1,684,798	1,746,519
State administrative matching grants for the		0010115/001011/			
supplemental nutrition assistance program	10.561	0040115/0040116		\$ 278,913	
Total SNAP Cluster	10.501	0040115/0040116		\$ 270,913	278,913
Total Department of Agriculture				\$	2,025,432
Department of Justice:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Service:					
Crime victims assistance	16.575	CJS7601601		\$	38,428
Total Department of Justice				\$	38,428
Department of Treasury:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Office of the Attorney General:					
COVID - 19 - Coronavirus relief fund	21.019	N/A		\$	
COVID - 19 - Coronavirus relief fund Broadband	21.019	N/A			939,442

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Amounts Passed Thru to Sub-recipients	Cluster Amounts	Federal Expenditures
Department of Treasury (continued): Pass Through Payments (continued): Department of Elections:					
COVID - 19 - Coronavirus relief fund	21.019	116912			54,272
Total Department of Treasury				\$	5,364,536
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Pass Through Payments: Federal Emergency Management Agency 2018 Assistance to firefighters grant	97.044	N/A		\$	149,692
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				\$	
Department of Transportation: Pass Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: National Priority Safety Program State and highway safety Total Highway Safety Cluster	20.616 20.600	M6OT-20-50134 FSC-20-50135		\$ 9,330 8,721 \$	18,051
Total Department of Transportation				\$	18,051
Department of Defense: Direct Payments: ROTC	12.xxx	N/A		\$	26,183_
Department of Education: Pass Through Payments: Department of Education:	84.010	APE42901		\$	268,575
Title I grants to local educational agencies Special education-grants to states	84.027	APE42901 APE43071		\$ 900,173	200,575
Special education-grants to states Special education - preschool grants Total Special Education Cluster	84.173	APE62521		31,471	931,644
Career and technical education – basic grants to states Comprehensive school reform demonstration	84.048 84.330	APE60031 APE60957			39,260
American Rescue Plan ESSER II COVID - 19 - Coronavirus relief fund	84.425 21.019	N/A APE60177			238,190 979,632
Total Department of Education				\$	2,457,301
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards				\$	11,063,349

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditure of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with the basis of accounting used by County of Powhatan, Virginia. The schedule includes all known federal funds expended by the County for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Requirements for Federal Awards.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the presentation of the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (a) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Requirements for Federal Awards,* wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (b) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	1,300,131
Special Revenue Funds:		
Grants fund		1,019,395
Fire and rescue fund		19,235
Total primary government	\$	2,338,761
Component Unit Public Schools:		
School Operating Fund	\$	1,442,486
School Cafeteria Fund	_	584,651
Total component unit public schools	\$	2,027,137
Total federal expenditures per basic financial		
statements	\$ _	4,365,898
Total for done I come and thomas in on the Cooks do less of Form and thomas		
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures	Φ	44.000.040
of Federal Awards	Φ =	11,063,349

Note 4 - De Minimus Indirect Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

Note 5 - Outstanding Loan Balances

At June 30, 2021, The County had no outstanding loan balances requiring disclosure.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2021

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements were disclosed.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings relating to the major programs**.
- 7. The programs tested as major were:

Name of Program	Assistance Listing #
Child Nutrition Cluster	
School Breakfast Program	10.553
National School Lunch Program	10.555
Summer Food Service COVID	10.559
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

C. FINDINGS AND OUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

D. FINDINGS - COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

None.

COUNTY OF POWHATAN

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