

FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

TOWN COUNCIL

David Whitus – Mayor Chuckie Reid – Vice Mayor

Greg Cole Donald Hunter Dan Dwyer Brian Vincent Jamie Davis Tommy Pairet

OTHER OFFICIALS

| C. Scott Davis | Town Manager |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Vacant | Assistant Town Manager |
| Carol Anne Seal | Treasure |
| Lisa Hricko | Town Clerk |
| Gary Elder | Town Attorney |
| Andy Ellington | Chief of Police |
| Dean Farmer | Fire Chie |
| Robin Atkins | Director of Public Works |
| Chris Bolt | Director of Recreation |

FINANCIAL SECTION

Financial Section contains the Basic Financial Statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Farmville, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Farmville, Virginia (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Farmville, Virginia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion of the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Matters (Continued)

Other Information (Continued)

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management, was derived from, and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2020 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia December 14, 2020

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

| |] | Component Unit | | |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Totals | Industrial Development Authority |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 2) | | | | |
| Unrestricted | \$ 860,979 | \$ 3,716,431 | \$ 4,577,410 | \$ 90,616 |
| Restricted | 2,510,494 | - | 2,510,494 | - |
| Receivables, net (Note 3) | 512,012 | 735,070 | 1,247,082 | 3,745 |
| Note receivable (Note 7) | - | 95,000 | 95,000 | 27,722 |
| Due from component unit (Note 5) Due from other governments (Note 6) | 40,747 | 407.712 | 40,747 | - |
| Prepaids | 579,114 | 407,712 6,000 | 986,826 6,000 | 8,057 |
| Inventories | 10,630 | 156,166 | 166,796 | 6,037 |
| Note receivable, long-term (Note 7) | 10,030 | 475,000 | 475,000 | 184,135 |
| Due from component unit, long-term (Note 5) | 698,364 | - | 698,364 | - |
| Capital assets: (Note 8) | 0,00,00. | | 0,0,00. | |
| Non-depreciable | 6,951,291 | 6,300,989 | 13,252,280 | _ |
| Depreciable, net | 16,079,899 | 5,991,209 | 22,071,108 | |
| Total assets | 28,243,530 | 17,883,577 | 46,127,107 | 314,275 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to other postemployment | | | | |
| benefits (Note 13) | 274,432 | 81,237 | 355,669 | - |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 829,946 | 447,097 | 1,277,043 | 3,531 |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | 236,916 | 65,308 | 302,224 | - |
| Accrued interest | 85,172 | 35,786 | 120,958 | _ |
| Due to primary government (Note 5) | - | - | - | 40,747 |
| Refundable deposits | 18,100 | 101,173 | 119,273 | - |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | | |
| Due to primary government (Note 5) | - | - | - | 698,364 |
| Net other postemployment benefit liability (Note 13) | 1,824,465 | 540,076 | 2,364,541 | - |
| Due within one year (Note 9) | 1,743,523 | 226,504 | 1,970,027 | - |
| Due in more than one year (Note 9) | 8,082,684 | 3,266,259 | 11,348,943 | |
| Total liabilities | 12,820,806 | 4,682,203 | 17,503,009 | 742,642 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to other postemployment | 205 000 | (0.040 | 266.947 | |
| benefits (Note 13) | 205,898 | 60,949 | 266,847 | |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 14,250,923 | 8,938,061 | 23,188,984 | - |
| Restricted for: | | | 4 | |
| Debt service | 1,599,213 | - | 1,599,213 | - |
| Grants and forfeiture funds | 911,281 | 4 202 (01 | 911,281 | (429.267) |
| Unrestricted | (1,270,159) | 4,283,601 | 3,013,442 | (428,367) |
| Total net position | \$ 15,491,258 | \$ 13,221,662 | \$ 28,712,920 | \$ (428,367) |

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | | | | Prog | gram Revenues | | | | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--------|--|-----------|----------------------|----|---------------|----|---|----|--------------|----------------------------|----|------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | Primary Government | | | ponent Unit | | |
| | | (| harges for | One | erating Grants | Ca | pital Grants | (| Governmental | В | usiness-Type | | | ndustrial velopment |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | | Services | | Contributions | | Contributions | ` | Activities | | Activities | Total | | uthority |
| Primary Government: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 1,770,152 | \$ | 482,762 | \$ | - | \$ | 152.156 | \$ | (1,287,390) | | | \$ (1,287,390) | | |
| Public safety Public works | 4,196,635 5,180,042 | | 388,476 394,561 | | 553,290 1,732,570 | | 153,156 | | (3,101,713) (3,052,911) | | | (3,101,713) (3,052,911) | | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | 807,018 | | 327,193 | | 7,472 | | 1,813,354 | | 1,341,001 | | | 1,341,001 | | |
| Community development | 302,476 | | 426,360 | | 7,472 | | 1,015,554 | | 123,884 | | | 123,884 | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 190,488 | | - | | _ | | _ | | (190,488) | | | (190,488) | | |
| | -,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | _ | | | | | | (2, 0, 100) | | | (===,===) | | |
| Total governmental activities | 12,446,811 | | 2,019,352 | | 2,293,332 | | 1,966,510 | | (6,167,617) | | | (6,167,617) | | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 1,777,878 | | 1,830,124 | | - | | - | | | \$ | 52,246 | 52,246 | | |
| Sewer | 1,314,541 | | 2,145,798 | | 2,000 | | - | | | | 833,257 | 833,257 | | |
| Transportation | 956,757 | | 9,934 | | 908,807 | | - | | | | (38,016) | (38,016) | | |
| Airport | 239,362 | | 80,429 | | 3,700,174 | | - | | | | 3,541,241 | 3,541,241 | | |
| Total business-type activities | 4,288,538 | | 4,066,285 | | 4,610,981 | | - | | | | 4,388,728 | 4,388,728 | | |
| Total primary government | \$ 16,735,349 | \$ | 6,085,637 | \$ | 6,904,313 | \$ | 1,966,510 | | (6,167,617) | | 4,388,728 | (1,778,889) | | |
| Component unit: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Industrial Development Authority | \$ 78,978 | \$ | 101,748 | \$ | - | \$ | 10,000 | | - | | - | - | \$ | 32,770 |
| | | | al revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | al estate and person | al proper | ty taxes | | | | 953,412 | | - | 953,412 | | - |
| | | | er taxes: | | | | | | 204.405 | | | 204 405 | | |
| | | | ocal sales and use t | axes | | | | | 394,407 | | - | 394,407 | | - |
| | | | onsumption tax onsumers' utility to | *** | | | | | 29,552 365,688 | | - | 29,552 365,688 | | - |
| | | | usiness licenses | ixes | | | | | 1,530,475 | | - | 1,530,475 | | - |
| | | | ranchise license tax | es | | | | | 193,110 | | | 193,110 | | _ |
| | | | Iotor vehicle licens | | | | | | 88,951 | | _ | 88,951 | | _ |
| | | | igarette taxes | | | | | | 211,100 | | - | 211,100 | | _ |
| | | | Ieals and lodging to | axes | | | | | 3,087,839 | | - | 3,087,839 | | - |
| | | No | ncategorical state a | nd federa | ıl aid | | | | 449,845 | | - | 449,845 | | - |
| | | Inv | estment income | | | | | | 150,650 | | 412 | 151,062 | | 5,818 |
| | | Mis | scellaneous | | | | | | 587,679 | | 386,150 | 973,829 | | - |
| | | Transi | fers | | | | | | 843,056 | | (843,056) | | | - |
| | | | Total general reven | ues and t | ransfers | | | | 8,885,764 | | (456,494) | 8,429,270 | | 5,818 |
| | | | Change in net posit | ion | | | | | 2,718,147 | | 3,932,234 | 6,650,381 | | 38,588 |
| | | Net p | osition – beginnin | g | | | | | 12,773,111 | | 9,289,428 | 22,062,539 | | (466,955) |
| | | Net p | osition – ending | | | | | \$ | 15,491,258 | \$ | 13,221,662 | \$ 28,712,920 | \$ | (428,367) |

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

| | General | Ma | Street aintenance | Gov | onmajor ernmental Fund | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|----|------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments Cash and investments – restricted | \$ 57,169 2,509,176 | \$ | 803,810 | \$ | 1,318 | \$ 860,979 2,510,494 |
| Receivables, net | | | | | | |
| Taxes | 381,560 | | - | | - | 381,560 |
| Accounts | 62,152 | | - | | - | 62,152 |
| Other | 68,300 | | - | | - | 68,300 |
| Due from component unit | 739,111 | | - | | - | 739,111 |
| Due from other governments | 579,114 | | - | | - | 579,114 |
| Inventories, net | 10,630 | | | | | 10,630 |
| Total assets | \$ 4,407,212 | \$ | 803,810 | \$ | 1,318 | \$ 5,212,340 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Refundable deposits | \$ 472,778 220,422 18,100 | \$ | 357,168 16,494 - | \$ | - - - | \$ 829,946 236,916 18,100 |
| Total liabilities | 711,300 | | 373,662 | | - | 1,084,962 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable/deferred revenue | 53,317 | | | | | 53,317 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 749,741 | | _ | | _ | 749,741 |
| Restricted | 2,509,176 | | _ | | 1,318 | 2,510,494 |
| Assigned | - | | 430,148 | | - | 430,148 |
| Unassigned | 383,678 | | | | | 383,678 |
| Total fund balances | 3,642,595 | | 430,148 | | 1,318 | 4,074,061 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | \$ 4,407,212 | \$ | 803,810 | \$ | 1,318 | \$ 5,212,340 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

| Total fund balances – governmental funds | | \$ 4,074,061 |
|---|--|------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets Accumulated depreciation | \$ 51,940,198 (28,909,008) | 23,031,190 |
| Financial statement elements related to other postemployment benefits are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Net other postemployment benefit liability Net other postemployment deferred inflows Net other postemployment deferred outflows | (1,824,465) (205,898) 274,432 | (1,755,931) |
| Certain other assets are also not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows in the funds. | | 53,317 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Bonds payable, including unamortized premiums Notes payable Compensated absences Accrued interest Landfill | (8,135,415) (692,534) (591,241) (85,172) (407,017) | |
| | | (9,911,379) |
| Total net position – governmental activities | | \$ 15,491,258 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | General | M | Street aintenance | Nonmajor vernmental Fund | | Total |
|---|-----------------|----|----------------------|--------------------------------|----|------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 940,439 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | 940,439 |
| Other local taxes | 5,901,119 | | - | - | | 5,901,119 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 104,651 | | - | - | | 104,651 |
| Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses | 90,784 | | - | - | | 90,784 |
| Revenue from use of money and property | 150,586 | | - | 64 | | 150,650 |
| Charges for services | 962,070 | | - | - | | 962,070 |
| Miscellaneous | 587,679 | | - | - | | 587,679 |
| Contributions | 647 | | - | - | | 647 |
| Recovered costs | 861,847 | | - | - | | 861,847 |
| Intergovernmental | 3,124,922 | | 1,732,570 | 5,809 | | 4,863,301 |
| Total revenues | 12,724,744 | | 1,732,570 | 5,873 | | 14,463,187 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| General government | 1,706,222 | | - | - | | 1,706,222 |
| Public safety | 4,260,729 | | - | 17,770 | | 4,278,499 |
| Public works | 4,752,685 | | 1,637,868 | - | | 6,390,553 |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | 745,950 | | - | - | | 745,950 |
| Community development | 309,124 | | - | - | | 309,124 |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal | 1,377,961 | | - | - | | 1,377,961 |
| Interest | 383,574 | | | - | | 383,574 |
| Total expenditures | 13,536,245 | | 1,637,868 | 17,770 | | 15,191,883 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (811,501) | | 94,702 | (11,897) | | (728,696) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 1,009,943 | | | | | 1,009,943 |
| Transfers out | (156,944) | | - | (9,943) | | (166,887) |
| Transiers out | (130,944) | | | (9,943) | | (100,007) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 852,999 | | | (9,943) | | 843,056 |
| Net change in fund balances | 41,498 | | 94,702 | (21,840) | | 114,360 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | |
| Beginning | 3,601,097 | | 335,446 | 23,158 | - | 3,959,701 |
| Ending | \$ 3,642,595 | \$ | 430,148 | \$ 1,318 | \$ | 4,074,061 |

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

| Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds | | \$ 114,360 |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The components of capital outlay, depreciation expense, and other various transactions involving capital assets are as follows: Outlays for capital assets Depreciation expense | \$ 2,469,399 (1,607,546) | 861,853 |
| The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (gain on disposition of assets) do not provide or use current financial resources and are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds. | | (85,204) |
| Transactions involving debt principal and cash flows relating to other long- term items are expenditures in the governmental funds, however these transactions increase or decrease long-term items in the Statement of Net Position. | | |
| Principal payments on long-term debt and notes payable Amortization of premium Change in accrued interest | 1,377,961 177,916 15,169 | 1,571,046 |
| Governmental funds report other postemployment benefits contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of other postemployment benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as other postemployment benefits expense. | | |
| Employer other postemployment benefit contributions Other postemployment benefit expense | 43,190 119,969 | 163,159 |
| Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in landfill liability | (6,804) | |
| Change in compensated absences | 86,764 | 79,960 |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | 12,973 |
| Total change in net position – governmental activities | | \$ 2,718,147 |

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | ъ. г. | | | Variances with Final Budget | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| | Budgeted Amounts Original Final | | Astual | Positive (Negative) | | |
| | Original | <u>rinai</u> | Actual | (Negative) | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | | | | | |
| Real property taxes | \$ 645,000 | \$ 645,000 | \$ 654,890 | \$ 9,890 | | |
| Public service corporation property taxes | 34,000 | 34,000 | 46,968 | 12,968 | | |
| Personal property taxes | 192,000 | 192,000 | 214,854 | 22,854 | | |
| Delinquent taxes | 3,000 | 3,000 | 18,904 | 15,904 | | |
| Interest on taxes | 3,000 | 3,000 | 966 | (2,034) | | |
| Penalties on taxes | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,857 | 857 | | |
| | 880,000 | 880,000 | 940,439 | 60,439 | | |
| Other local taxes | | | | | | |
| Local sales and use taxes | 407,695 | 407,695 | 394,407 | (13,288) | | |
| Consumption tax | 27,000 | 27,000 | 29,552 | 2,552 | | |
| Consumers' utility taxes | 370,000 | 370,000 | 365,688 | (4,312) | | |
| Business licenses | 1,493,000 | 1,493,000 | 1,530,475 | 37,475 | | |
| Franchise license taxes | 237,300 | 237,300 | 193,110 | (44,190) | | |
| Motor vehicle licenses | 75,000 | 75,000 | 88,952 | 13,952 | | |
| Cigarette taxes | 195,000 | 195,000 | 211,100 | 16,100 | | |
| Lodging taxes | 736,700 | 736,700 | 475,922 | (260,778) | | |
| Meals taxes | 2,963,500 | 2,963,500 | 2,611,913 | (351,587) | | |
| | 6,505,195 | 6,505,195 | 5,901,119 | (604,076) | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | | | | | |
| Court fines | 70,000 | 70,000 | 76,088 | 6,088 | | |
| Other fines and forfeitures | 61,220 | 26,220 | 28,563 | 2,343 | | |
| | 131,220 | 96,220 | 104,651 | 8,431 | | |
| Permits, privilege fees, and | | | | | | |
| regulatory licenses | | | | | | |
| Building permits | 50,000 | 50,000 | 55,720 | 5,720 | | |
| Other permits, licenses, and fees | 41,080 | 28,830 | 35,064 | 6,234 | | |
| | 91,080 | 78,830 | 90,784 | 11,954 | | |
| Revenue from use of money | | | | | | |
| and property | 44.5- | 40.40- | | 221 | | |
| Revenue from use of money | 13,125 | 13,125 | 21,441 | 8,316 | | |
| Rental of general property and real estate | 84,994 | 84,294 | 88,370 | 4,076 | | |
| Sale of property and equipment | 15,100 | 15,100 | 40,775 | 25,675 | | |
| | 113,219 | 112,519 | 150,586 | 38,067 | | |

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | Budgeted | l Amounts | | Variances with Final Budget Positive | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | (Negative) | | |
| REVENUES (Continued) | | | | | | |
| Charges for services Miscellaneous ICA per diem | \$ 188,882 255,000 | \$ 271,632 255,000 | \$ 206,130 210,670 | \$ (65,502) (44,330) | | |
| Sanitation fees Golf course charges Longwood Streets | 343,000 123,500 35,000 | 343,000 103,000 35,000 | 348,409 90,529 35,000 | 5,409 (12,471) | | |
| Parking meters Public works Grave openings | 40,000 5,000 10,000 | 40,000 5,000 10,000 | 32,787 12,803 25,742 | (7,213) 7,803 15,742 | | |
| Grave openings | 1,000,382 | 1,062,632 | 962,070 | (100,562) | | |
| Miscellaneous | | 226.200 | | | | |
| Payment from PE County for share of debt Setaside account reserve FM loan proceeds | 226,299 1,284,174 68,477 | 226,299 1,284,174 | 226,299 - - | (1,284,174) | | |
| Miscellaneous | 415,625 | 429,802 | 361,380 | (68,422) | | |
| Recovered costs | 1,994,575 | 1,940,275 | 587,679 | (1,352,596) | | |
| Other funds and street department Library rent Other recovered costs | 525,150 180,000 215,643 | 518,400 180,000 215,643 | 431,600 180,000 250,247 | (86,800) - 34,604 | | |
| | 920,793 | 914,043 | 861,847 | (52,196) | | |
| Contributions Other contributions | 25 | 25 | 647 | 622 | | |
| | 25 | 25 | 647 | 622 | | |
| Intergovernmental Revenue from the Commonwealth Non-categorical aid | | | | | | |
| Communication taxes Mobile home titling tax Rolling stock taxes – motor vehicle carriers tax | 441,000 1,500 100 | 441,000 1,500 100 | 430,381 285 187 | (10,619) (1,215) 87 | | |
| Auto rental tax | 65,000 | 65,000 | 59,291 | (5,709) | | |
| | 507,600 | 507,600 | 490,144 | (17,456) | | |
| Categorical aid Wireless quarterly payments Wireless 911 grant Litter control grant Law enforcement grant | 82,000 150,000 3,000 175,000 | 82,000 150,000 3,000 175,000 | 89,826 144,913 2,653 185,660 | 7,826 (5,087) (347) 10,660 | | |
| Virginia tourism brochure | 3,100 | 3,100 | 2,172 | (928) | | |

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | | | | Variances with Final Budget Positive | | |
|--|------------------|--|----|--|----|--|--|---|--|
| | | Budgeted Original | Am | Final | | Actual | (Negative) | | |
| REVENUES (Continued) Intergovernmental (Continued) | | Original | | Tinai | | Actual | | regative) | |
| Categorical aid (Continued) Virginia commissions for the arts DMV and police grants Fire program VML Safety grant | \$ | 5,000 7,800 - 3,500 | \$ | 5,000 10,800 - 3,500 | \$ | - 29,924 2,000 | \$ | (5,000) (10,800) 29,924 (1,500) | |
| Miscellaneous police grant | | 40,620 | | 16,000 448,400 | | 18,968 476,116 | | 2,968 | |
| Revenue from the Federal Government Emergency service grants Police related grants | | 12,180 13,800 | | 12,180 35,420 | | 24,360 32,620 | | 12,180 (2,800) | |
| CARES funding VDEM funding VDOT Grant – miscellanous VDOT Grant – Milnwood and Buffalo Creek VDOT Grant – traffice signals | | 100,800 2,068,825 250,000 | | 100,800 2,068,825 250,000 | | 20,021 115,151 - 1,813,354 153,156 | | 20,021 115,151 (100,800) (255,471) (96,844) | |
| | | 2,445,605 | | 2,467,225 | | 2,158,662 | | (308,563) | |
| | | 3,423,225 | | 3,423,225 | | 3,124,922 | | (298,303) | |
| Total revenues | \$ | 15,059,714 | \$ | 15,012,964 | \$ | 12,724,744 | \$ | (2,288,220) | |
| EXPENDITURES Current: General government | | | | | | | | | |
| Town Council Town Manager Treasurer | \$ | 244,933 1,066,805 722,849 | \$ | 289,933 976,755 804,849 | \$ | 269,322 738,033 698,867 | \$ | 20,611 238,722 105,982 | |
| | | 2,034,587 | | 2,071,537 | | 1,706,222 | | 365,315 | |
| Public safety Police department 911 services Fire services Building inspector Animal control | | 2,860,742 1,405,093 274,141 161,964 21,513 | | 2,860,742 1,380,963 324,141 161,964 21,513 | | 2,643,148 1,210,761 251,791 136,257 18,772 | | 217,594 170,202 72,350 25,707 2,741 | |
| | | 4,723,453 | | 4,749,323 | | 4,260,729 | | 488,594 | |
| Public works Recycling department Sanitation Maintenance of highways and streets | | 104,226 960,370 2,818,916 | | 104,226 844,582 2,450,751 | | 72,556 633,326 2,619,463 | | 31,670 211,256 (168,712) | |

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | Dodosto | | | Variances with Final Budget Positive | | |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | Original | l Amounts Final | Actual | (Negative) | | |
| | Original | Filiai | Actual | (Negative) | | |
| EXPENDITURES (Continued) | | | | | | |
| Current: (Continued) | | | | | | |
| Public works (Continued) | | | | | | |
| South Street Conference Center | \$ 15,326 | \$ 15,326 | \$ 10,788 | \$ 4,538 | | |
| Surveyor | 142,059 | 142,059 | 128,240 | 13,819 | | |
| Maintenance of building and grounds Horticulturist | 1,504,499 136,685 | 1,504,499 136,685 | 1,207,740 80,572 | 296,759 56,113 | | |
| Horticulturist | 130,083 | 130,063 | 80,372 | 30,113 | | |
| | 5,682,081 | 5,198,128 | 4,752,685 | 445,443 | | |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | | | | | |
| Library | 31,511 | 31,511 | 22,785 | 8,726 | | |
| Appropriation – Library – Rent | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | - | | |
| Appropriation – Library | 63,136 | 63,136 | 63,136 | - | | |
| Golf course | 316,367 | 316,367 | 239,680 | 76,687 | | |
| Banquet room Pool | 62,770 65,017 | 62,770 | 24,473 43,648 | 38,297 21,369 | | |
| Sports arena | 58,090 | 65,017 60,368 | 30,198 | 30,170 | | |
| Wilck's Lake | 27,147 | 27,147 | 21,453 | 5,694 | | |
| Train station | 19,792 | 19,792 | 12,507 | 7,285 | | |
| Parks and recreation | 204,967 | 202,689 | 108,070 | 94,619 | | |
| | 1,028,797 | 1,028,797 | 745,950 | 282,847 | | |
| Community development | | | | | | |
| Planning and community development | 268,533 | 268,525 | 200,824 | 67,701 | | |
| Town planner | 118,131 | 118,131 | 108,300 | 9,831 | | |
| • | | | | | | |
| | 386,664 | 386,656 | 309,124 | 77,532 | | |
| Debt service: | | | | | | |
| Principal | 1,377,062 | 1,377,975 | 1,377,961 | 14 | | |
| Interest | 384,465 | 383,560 | 383,574 | (14) | | |
| | 1,761,527 | 1,761,535 | 1,761,535 | | | |
| Total expenditures | 15,617,109 | 15,195,976 | 13,536,245 | 1,659,731 | | |
| Deficiency of revenues | | | | | | |
| under expenditures | (557,395) | (183,012) | (811,501) | (628,489) | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | |
| Contingency | _ | (374,383) | _ | 374,383 | | |
| Transfers in | 1,225,000 | 1,225,000 | 1,009,943 | (215,057) | | |
| Transfers out | (667,605) | (667,605) | (156,944) | 510,661 | | |
| Total other financing sources | 557,395 | 183,012 | 852,999 | 669,987 | | |
| Net change in fund balance | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 41,498 | \$ 41,498 | | |

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

| | | | | | Ente | erprise Funds | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------------|----|------------------------|------|----------------------|----|---------------------|----|------------------------|
| | | Water | | Sewer | | nsportation | | Airport | | Total |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and investments | \$ | 1,473,248 | \$ | 1,603,807 | \$ | 445,569 | \$ | 193.807 | \$ | 3,716,431 |
| Receivables, net | - | 452,190 | • | 282,880 | - | - | - | - | - | 735,070 |
| Note receivable | | 95,000 | | - | | _ | | - | | 95,000 |
| Due from other governments | | - | | - | | 195,500 | | 212,212 | | 407,712 |
| Prepaids | | - | | 6,000 | | - | | - | | 6,000 |
| Inventories | | 112,887 | | 12,398 | | - | | 30,881 | | 156,166 |
| Total current assets | | 2,133,325 | | 1,905,085 | | 641,069 | | 436,900 | | 5,116,379 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Note receivable | | 475,000 | | - | | - | | - | | 475,000 |
| Capital assets: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-depreciable | | 159,200 | | 113,496 | | 16,050 | | 6,012,243 | | 6,300,989 |
| Depreciable, net | | 3,492,633 | | 946,833 | | 1,005,689 | | 546,054 | | 5,991,209 |
| Total noncurrent assets | | 4,126,833 | | 1,060,329 | | 1,021,739 | | 6,558,297 | | 12,767,198 |
| Total assets | | 6,260,158 | | 2,965,414 | | 1,662,808 | | 6,995,197 | | 17,883,577 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to other | | | | | | | | | | o |
| postemployment benefits | | 29,578 | | 27,370 | | 24,289 | | - | | 81,237 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | | 29,578 | | 27,370 | | 24,289 | | - | | 81,237 |
| LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | | 35,211 | | 31,895 | | 4,279 | | 375,712 | | 447,097 |
| Accrued payroll and related liabilities | | 24,550 | | 21,859 | | 16,573 | | 2,326 | | 65,308 |
| Accrued interest | | 35,786 | | 21,639 | | 10,575 | | 2,320 | | 35,786 |
| Refundable deposits | | 101,173 | | | | _ | | | | 101,173 |
| Long-term liabilities, due within one year | | 209,406 | | 10,418 | | 5,641 | | 1,039 | | 226,504 |
| Total current liabilities | | 406,126 | | 64,172 | | 26,493 | | 379,077 | | 875,868 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | _ | | | | _ | | |
| Net other postemployment benefit liability | | 196,639 | | 181,963 | | 161,474 | | _ | | 540,076 |
| Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year | | 3,197,866 | | 41,672 | | 22,566 | | 4,155 | | 3,266,259 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | 3,394,505 | | 223,635 | | 184,040 | | 4,155 | | 3,806,335 |
| Total liabilities | | 3,800,631 | | 287,807 | | 210,533 | | 383,232 | | 4,682,203 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | · <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to other | | | | | | | | | | |
| postemployment benefits | | 22,191 | | 20,535 | | 18,223 | | - | | 60,949 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | | 22,191 | | 20,535 | | 18,223 | | | | 60,949 |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted | | 297,696 2,169,218 | | 1,060,329 1,624,113 | | 1,021,739 436,602 | | 6,558,297 53,668 | | 8,938,061 4,283,601 |
| | \$ | 2,466,914 | \$ | 2,684,442 | \$ | 1,458,341 | \$ | 6,611,965 | \$ | 13,221,662 |

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | | | Ente | erprise Funds | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Water | Sewer | | nsportation | Airport | Total |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,830,124 | \$ 2,145,798 | \$ | 9,934 | \$ 80,429 | \$ 4,066,285 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 611,956 | 527,069 | | 528,318 | 37,164 | 1,704,507 |
| Benefits | 182,354 | 150,633 | | 107,680 | 18,280 | 458,947 |
| Fuel | - | - | | 49,649 | 53,431 | 103,080 |
| Professional fees | 17,523 | 17,487 | | - | 2,400 | 37,410 |
| Sludge removal | 8,915 | 65,218 | | - | - | 74,133 |
| Chemicals | 75,992 | 101,187 | | - | - | 177,179 |
| Depreciation | 361,160 | 101,310 | | 203,013 | 75,293 | 740,776 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 159,034 | 90,370 | | 37,197 | 9,587 | 296,188 |
| Other charges | 34,925 | 26,095 | | - | 8,396 | 69,416 |
| Utilities | 99,887 | 138,772 | | 10,634 | 13,711 | 263,004 |
| Insurance | 19,403 | 24,069 | | 20,266 | 21,100 | 84,838 |
| General and administrative | 91,198 | 72,331 | | | | 163,529 |
| Total operating expenses | 1,662,347 | 1,314,541 | | 956,757 | 239,362 | 4,173,007 |
| Operating income (loss) | 167,777 | 831,257 | | (946,823) | (158,933) | (106,722) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | |
| (EXPENSES) | | | | | | |
| Tap income | 199,536 | 119,500 | | - | - | 319,036 |
| Rental income | 69,432 | - | | - | 6,660 | 76,092 |
| Other income (expense) | 30,700 | (1,843) | | (37,835) | - | (8,978) |
| Loss on disposition of assets | (4,116) | - | | - | - | (4,116) |
| Federal and state grants | - | 2,000 | | 672,457 | 3,692,574 | 4,367,031 |
| Other contributions | - | - | | 236,350 | 7,600 | 243,950 |
| Interest income | - | 54 | | - | 358 | 412 |
| Interest expense | (111,415) | | | | | (111,415) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | 184,137 | 119,711 | | 870,972 | 3,707,192 | 4,882,012 |
| Income (loss) before transfers | 351,914 | 950,968 | | (75,851) | 3,548,259 | 4,775,290 |
| Transfers in | _ | _ | | _ | 156,944 | 156,944 |
| Transfers out | (100,000) | (900,000) | | - | - | (1,000,000) |
| | (100,000) | (900,000) | | - | 156,944 | (843,056) |
| Change in net position | 251,914 | 50,968 | | (75,851) | 3,705,203 | 3,932,234 |
| Total net position – beginning | 2,215,000 | 2,633,474 | | 1,534,192 | 2,906,762 | 9,289,428 |
| Total net position – ending | \$ 2,466,914 | \$ 2,684,442 | \$ | 1,458,341 | \$ 6,611,965 | \$ 13,221,662 |

193,807

3,716,431

445,569

TOWN OF FARMVILLE, VIRGINIA

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

Enterprise Funds Water Sewer Transportation Airport Total **OPERATING ACTIVITIES** 9,934 \$ 1,804,172 2,334,193 \$ 80,429 4,228,728 Received from customers (189,521) (157,093)Payments to suppliers for goods and services (517,016)(541,431)(1,405,061)Payments to employees for services (585,053)(509,786)(50,668)(1,807,319)(661,812)299,667 117,657 Nonoperating revenue (expense) (55,851)6,660 368,133 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 925,011 (745,224)1,325,366 (120,672)1,384,481 NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers from other funds 156,944 156,944 (100,000)(900,000)Transfers to other funds (1,000,000)2,000 818,039 7,600 827,639 Operating grants received Net cash provided by (used in) 164,544 noncapital financing activities (100,000)(898,000)818,039 (15,417)CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets (144,490)(47,848)(3,494,817)(3,687,155)3,480,362 3,480,362 Capital contributions received Principal payments on long-term debt (160,000)(160,000)Interest payments on long-term debt (147,244)(147,244)Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (451,734) (47,848)(14,455)(514,037) INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments 54 358 412 95,000 Payments received on note receivable 95,000 Net cash provided by investing activities 95,000 54 358 95,412 Net increase in cash and 379,572 72,815 29,775 investments 468,277 950,439 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning 1,004,971 1,224,235 372,754 164,032 2,765,992

1,603,807

1,473,248

Ending

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

Enterprise Funds Water Transportation Sewer Airport Total RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) \$ 167,777 \$ 831,257 \$ (946,823) \$ (158,933) \$ (106,722)Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Depreciation 361,160 101,310 203,013 75,293 740,776 OPEB expense 130,651 84,262 89,007 303,920 Nonoperating revenue, net 299,667 117,657 386,149 (37,835)6,660 Change in operating assets and liabilities Change in receivables (28,866)188,395 159,529 Change in prepaid expenses (2,400)(2,400)11,177 Change in inventories 15,431 6,914 33,522 Change in accounts payable (18,933)(176,429)(21,316)(80,798)(55,382)Change in accrued payroll and related liabilities 1,847 8,387 28,212 4,776 43,222 Change in refundable deposits 2,914 2,914 Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities 925,011 1,325,366 (745,224)(120,672)1,384,481 SCHEDULE OF NONCASH ACTIVITIES Capital assets purchases included in accounts payable 324,810 324,810

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2020

| | Paulette Memorial Trust Fund |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ASSETS Cash | \$ 1,173 |
| NET POSITION Restricted | \$ 1,173 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

| | Paulette Memorial Trust Fund |
|--|------------------------------------|
| ADDITIONS Interest | \$ 3 |
| DEDUCTIONS | <u> </u> |
| Administrative expenses Change in net position | (262) |
| NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION Beginning | 1,435 |
| Ending | \$ 1,173 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Farmville, Virginia (the "Town"), which was founded in 1798, has a population of approximately 8,216 living within an area of 7.2 square miles. The Town is located in the heart of Virginia. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component unit, which are legally separate entities for which the Town is financially accountable.

<u>Primary Government</u>: The Town is governed under the Town Manager-Council form of government. The Town engages in a comprehensive range of municipal services, including general government administration, public safety, transportation and environmental services, planning, community development and recreation, cultural, library, and historic activities.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>: The Farmville Industrial Development Authority (the "IDA") was created as a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia by ordinance of the Town Council pursuant to provisions of the Industrial Revenue Bond Act of the *Code of Virginia* (1950), as amended. Seven directors appointed by the Town Council of Farmville govern the IDA. The Town provides the majority of the IDA's funding. The IDA operates as a component unit solely for the purpose of economic development for the Town. It is authorized to acquire, own, lease, and dispose of properties to the end that such activities may promote industry and develop trade by inducing enterprises to locate and remain in Virginia.

Complete financial statements for each of the component units may be obtained at the entities' offices:

Farmville Industrial Development Authority 116 North Main Street Farmville, Virginia 23901

Jointly governed organizations

Central Virginia Regional Library

The Library provides library services to the Town of Farmville, Virginia. The participating localities provide annual contributions for operations based on book circulation. No one locality contributes significantly more funding nor can impose its will on the organization, and there is no financial benefit/burden relationship. The Town appropriated \$63,136 in operating funds and \$180,000 for rent subsidy in fiscal year 2020. The Town has no equity interest in the Library.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities report all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. *Direct expenses* are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. *Program revenues* include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as *general revenues*.

Fund Financial Statements: The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various fund categories and fund types presented in the financial statements are described below:

Governmental fund types

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street Maintenance Fund: The Transportation Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the maintenance of the Town's streets.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Special Revenue Fund: This fund consists of the Narcotic Fund that accounts for special police activity having to do with narcotics and drug seizures and forfeitures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary fund types

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise Funds account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expense incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town's major enterprise funds consist of the Water, Sewer, Transportation, and Airport funds.

Fiduciary fund types

Paulette Memorial Trust Fund: The Paulette Memorial Trust Fund was formally used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity for the Town Employees' Retirement Plan.

Interfund Activity: During the course of operations, the Town has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements, such that only net amounts due between governmental and business-type activities are shown as internal balances.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in and out. Certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both "measurable" and "available." Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period for most non-grant revenues. Reimbursement basis grants are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements are met and are considered available if they are collected within one year of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting principally of categorical aid from federal and state agencies, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Sales, communication, and public utility taxes, which are collected by the Commonwealth of Virginia and public utilities, respectively, and subsequently remitted to the Town, are recognized as revenues and receivables when measurable and available.

Proprietary fund types utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned, including unbilled utility receivables, and expenses are recognized when incurred. Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the Town's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds, including the Private Purpose Trust Fund, utilize the accrual basis of accounting.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

• Cash and cash equivalents

All highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Receivables

Receivables are presented net of an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is calculated using historical collection data and specific account analysis.

• Inventories

Inventories in the General Fund consist of supplies, valued using the average cost method, and are reported using the consumption method, in which an expenditure is reported when the supplies are removed from inventory and used. Inventories in the Enterprise Funds consist primarily of parts held for repairs or construction, and are valued using the average cost method.

• Capital Assets

Capital outlays are recorded as capital assets to the extent the Town's capitalization threshold is met. The capitalization threshold for purchased or constructed capital assets is \$1,000. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. The Town does not capitalize historical treasures or works of art. The Town maintains many items and buildings of historical significance. The Town does not require that the proceeds from the sale of historical treasures or works of art be used to acquire other items for the collection. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives of capital assets are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in current year's operations.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

| Buildings | 10-50 years |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Furniture and other equipment | 3-25 years |
| Infrastructure | 40 years |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements that present net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. These items represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statements that present financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. These items represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Town has the following items that qualify for reporting as deferred inflows or outflows:

- Contributions subsequent to the measurement date for OPEB are always a deferred outflow;
 this will be applied to the OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.
- Differences between expected and actual experience for economic/demographic factors as well as changes in actuarial assumptions in the measurement of the total OPEB liabilities. These differences will be recognized in the OPEB expense over the expected average remaining service life of all employees provided with benefits in the plans and may be reported as a deferred inflow or outflow as appropriate.
- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet for receivables
 not collected within 45 days of year end. These amounts are deferred and recognized as
 inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only when they are due. In enterprise funds, both the expenses and the liabilities are recorded as the benefits are earned. All liabilities, current and long-term, are recorded in the government-wide statements.

Vacation and Sick Pay

The Town's policy regarding vacation and sick pay allows for a maximum carryover of 480 hours at the end of the calendar year. Unused vacation and sick pay is paid upon termination or retirement of employment up to 75% of the unused hours. Such amounts are recorded as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In proprietary funds, both the expenses and the liabilities are recorded as benefits as earned. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Each operating fund is responsible for covering its share of vacation and sick pay liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

• Long-Term Debt

For governmental fund types, bond premiums or discounts as well as issuance costs are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds and any premiums and discounts are reported as an other financing source. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. For enterprise funds and on the government-wide financial statements bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which is not materially different from the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are expensed in the year of issue.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Net position in government-wide and proprietary financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position reflects constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statutes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).

Restricted – includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed – includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by the Town's highest level of decision-making authority, which is the Town Council. Formal Council action includes the annual adoption of the Town's Budget Ordinance including subsequent ordinances appropriating funds and amending budgets. Although budgets lapse for legal purposes, they are intended to reflect Council's commitment of resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position (Continued)

• Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned – includes amounts intended to be used by the Town for specific purposes but which do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assignments are made through the budget process and periodic financial reviews with the joint approval of the Town Manager and the Treasurer.

Unassigned – consists of the residual amounts in the Town's General Fund.

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Treasurer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed by committed fund balance, then assigned fund balance, and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Treasurer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is considered in the best interest of the Town.

At June 30, the IDA had a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$428,367. This deficit is anticipated to be recovered through future revenues, as well as possible contributions from the Town.

E. Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing its financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent liabilities, and reported revenue, expenditures, and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

F. Budgetary Information

Prior to June 30, the Town Manager submits to Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. After a public hearing has been conducted to obtain taxpayer comments, the budget is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance prior to July 1, of each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The legal level of budgetary control is effective at the department level. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within each fund. Transfers between funds require Town Council approval.

An annual operating budget is adopted for only the General Fund. All budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Effective budgetary control is achieved for the Street Maintenance Fund on a project-by-project or per grant basis when funding sources become available.

Budgets are adopted for management control for the Enterprise Funds. The restrictions on transfer of budgeted amounts for governmental funds also apply to the Enterprise Funds.

All appropriations lapse at year end.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia*. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amount from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Investments

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank); the Asian Development Bank; the African Development Bank; "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes; banker's acceptances; repurchase agreements; the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP); and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

The Town does not have a formal investment policy addressing the various types of risks associated with investments. The Town currently holds no investments (with the exception of the Retirement Plan Fiduciary Fund). Therefore, interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk is not applicable.

Deposits and investments consist of the following:

| | Town of Farmville | Component Unit – Farmville IDA | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--|
| Petty cash | \$ 3,040 | \$ | - | |
| Deposit accounts | 7,084,864 | | 90,616 | |
| Total deposits and investments | \$ 7,087,904 | \$ | 90,616 | |
| Reconciliation of deposits and investments to Exhibit 1: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,577,410 | \$ | 90,616 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, restricted | 2,510,494 | | - | |
| Total deposits and investments | \$ 7,087,904 | \$ | 90,616 | |

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Restricted cash and cash equivalents consists of the following:

| | vernmental Activities |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Library trust | \$ 129,029 |
| Maintained as a condition of certain | |
| bond instruments | 1,599,213 |
| Grant restrictions | 734,570 |
| Capital improvements | 47,682 |
| | \$ 2,510,494 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 3. Receivables

Receivables for the individual major funds are as follows:

| | vernmental Activities | siness-Type Activities | Component Unit Farmville IDA | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------|--|
| Receivables | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 391,250 | \$ - | \$ | - | |
| Accounts | 68,692 | 694,349 | | - | |
| Other | 70,950 | 87,426 | | 3,745 | |
| Gross receivables | 530,892 | 781,775 | | 3,745 | |
| Less: allowance for uncollectible | (18,880) | (46,705) | | | |
| Net receivables | \$ 512,012 | \$ 735,070 | \$ | 3,745 | |

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At June 30, *unavailable revenue* related to taxes receivable was \$53,317.

Note 4. Transfers

Transfers between funds are as follows:

| | Transfers In | | Transfers Out | | Net Transfers | |
|---|--------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| Governmental Funds: General Fund Nonmajor governmental fund | \$ | 1,009,943 | \$ | (156,944) (9,943) | \$ | 852,999 (9,943) |
| | \$ | 1,009,943 | \$ | (166,887) | \$ | 843,056 |
| Enterprise Funds: Sewer Fund Water Fund Airport Fund | \$ | - - 156,944 | \$ | (900,000) (100,000) | \$ | (900,000) (100,000) 156,944 |
| | \$ | 156,944 | \$ | (1,000,000) | \$ | (843,056) |

Transfers from the General Fund to the Airport Fund was required to match grant funding for the Airport project.

Transfer from the Narcotics fund to the General Fund was to support ongoing projects related to public safety.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 4. Transfers (Continued)

Transfers from the water and sewer funds are received by the general fund, and represent contributions from these funds to support the Town's operations.

Note 5. Balance Between Town and Component Unit

Due to prior year deficits in operations, the Town of Farmville, Virginia has funded the Authority resources to meet its loan obligations. During the year ended June 30, 2020 operations produced an operating gain, and existing cash balances were available to fund the deficit as the Authority was able to meet its cash flow needs. As of June 30, 2020, the Authority owed the Town \$450,648. The Authority anticipates paying the "due to" down through future administrative fees collected on sponsorship of industrial bonds for area businesses.

In 2012, the Town refinanced the bonds in which the Authority shared responsibility. As of the refinance, the Authority now is responsible for 2.942% of the total proceeds to be repaid to the Town. The debt service schedule calls for semi-annual payments with interest only due each April 1 and principal and interest due each October 1 through 2033. There is no collateral for this loan.

At June 30, 2020, the balance owed to the Town from the component unit Farmville Industrial Development Authority consists of the following:

| Payables | \$ 450,648 |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Bond payments | 288,463 |
| | |
| | 739,111 |
| Less: long-term portion | (698,364) |
| | |
| Current portion | \$ 40,747 |

The annual requirements to amortize long-term bond payments and related interest are as follows:

| | Due to Town (Bond Re-Payments) | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------|----|----------|----|---------|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | 1 | Principal Inte | | Interest | | Total | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 40,747 | \$ | 13,079 | \$ | 53,826 | | | |
| 2022 | | 42,806 | | 11,130 | | 53,936 | | | |
| 2023 | | 44,718 | | 9,145 | | 53,863 | | | |
| 2024 | | 39,423 | | 7,055 | | 46,478 | | | |
| 2025 | | 31,185 | | 5,246 | | 36,431 | | | |
| 2026-2030 | | 64,724 | | 11,554 | | 76,278 | | | |
| 2031-2033 | | 24,860 | | 1,949 | | 26,809 | | | |
| | \$ | 288,463 | \$ | 59,158 | \$ | 347,621 | | | |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 6. Due From Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governments consist of the following:

| | vernmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | | |
|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|
| Federal and state funding: | | | | |
| Buffalo Creek project | \$ 402,993 | \$ | - | |
| Transportation operations | - | | 195,500 | |
| Airport construction | - | | 212,212 | |
| Utility tax | 27,704 | | - | |
| Communication tax | 71,077 | | - | |
| Other miscellaneous state and federal grants | 1,891 | | - | |
| Sales taxes | 34,796 | | - | |
| Prince Edwards County | 40,653 | | | |
| | \$ 579,114 | \$ | 407,712 | |

Note 7. Note Receivable

The Town sold land at Motley Lake for \$1,250,000 with \$300,000 due at closing, the remaining \$950,000 is payable through a note receivable. The note is payable in 10 annual installments of \$95,000 with no interest payable until March 1, 2021.

The schedule of principal payments to be received is as follows:

| Year Ending | | Wate | r Fun | ıd |
|--------------------|-----------|---------|-------|----------|
| June 30, | Principal | | | Interest |
| 2021 | \$ | 95,000 | \$ | - |
| 2022 | | 95,000 | | 16,625 |
| 2023 | | 95,000 | | 13,300 |
| 2024 | | 95,000 | | 9,975 |
| 2025 | | 95,000 | | 6,650 |
| 2026 | | 95,000 | | 3,325 |
| | \$ | 570,000 | \$ | 49,875 |

Component unit

The Authority currently has one note receivable outstanding for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 as follows:

A \$600,000 note bearing an interest rate of 2.56 % (rate of interest is 2.31% plus .25% for admin.). The loan is secured by the guarantee of the owner and his related business. The note requires interest payments semiannually in April and October and principal payments every October only. As of June 30, 2020, the balance of the note was \$211,857.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 7. Note Receivable (Continued)

Component unit (Continued)

Based on the Authority's analysis of the note at June 30, 2020, no allowance was recorded. Management evaluates the performance and payment history of the company annually in determining the required allowance.

The schedule of principal payments to be received is as follows:

| | | | Notes | s Receivable | , | |
|-------------|----|-----------|-------|--------------|----|---------|
| Fiscal Year |] | Principal |] | Interest | | Total |
| 2021 | \$ | 27,722 | \$ | 5,069 | \$ | 32,791 |
| 2022 | | 28,853 | | 4,345 | | 33,198 |
| 2023 | | 29,978 | | 3,592 | | 33,570 |
| 2024 | | 29,954 | | 2,824 | | 32,778 |
| 2025 | | 31,073 | | 2,043 | | 33,116 |
| 2026-2028 | | 64,277 | | 1,644 | | 65,921 |
| | \$ | 211,857 | \$ | 19,517 | \$ | 231,374 |

Note 8. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

| Governmental Activities | Beginning Balance | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balance |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Capital assets, not depreciated Land Construction in progress | \$ 3,803,356 1,533,019 | \$ - 1,614,916 | \$ <u>-</u> | \$ 3,803,356 3,147,935 |
| Total capital assets, not depreciated | 5,336,375 | 1,614,916 | | 6,951,291 |
| Capital assets, depreciated Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Vehicles and equipment | 15,938,524 22,440,818 7,409,674 | 132,054 267,675 454,754 | (1,654,592) | 16,070,578 22,708,493 6,209,836 |
| Total capital assets, depreciated | 45,789,016 | 854,483 | (1,654,592) | 44,988,907 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (28,870,850) | (1,607,546) | 1,569,388 | (28,909,008) |
| Total capital assets, depreciated, net | 16,918,166 | (753,063) | (85,204) | 16,079,899 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 22,254,541 | \$ 861,853 | \$ (85,204) | \$ 23,031,190 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 8. Capital Assets (Continued)

| Business-Type Activities | | Beginning Balance | | Increases | | Decreases | _ | Ending Balance |
|--|-------|----------------------|-----|-------------|----|-----------|----|----------------------|
| Capital assets, not depreciated | Ф | 602.000 | Ф | | ф | | Ф | 602.000 |
| Land Construction in progress | \$ | 683,098 1,798,264 | \$ | 3,819,627 | \$ | - - | \$ | 683,098 5,617,891 |
| Total capital assets, not | | | | | | | | |
| depreciated | _ | 2,481,362 | | 3,819,627 | | | _ | 6,300,989 |
| Capital assets, depreciated | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 2,858,139 | | - | | - | | 2,858,139 |
| Infrastructure | | 26,492,874 | | 192,338 | | = | | 26,685,212 |
| Vehicles and equipment | _ | 2,334,005 | | - | | (284,954) | _ | 2,049,051 |
| Total capital assets, | | | | | | | | |
| depreciated | | 31,685,018 | | 192,338 | | (284,954) | | 31,592,402 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | _ | (25,141,255) | | (740,776) | | 280,838 | _ | (25,601,193) |
| Total capital assets, | | | | | | | | |
| depreciated, net | | 6,543,763 | | (548,438) | | (4,116) | _ | 5,991,209 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$ | 9,025,125 | \$ | 3,271,189 | \$ | (4,116) | \$ | 12,292,198 |
| Depreciation expense was charged t | o fu | nctions/progr | ams | as follows: | | | _ | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | |
| General government administr | ratio | n | | | | \$ | | 16,075 |
| Public safety | iuiio | | | | | Ψ | | 305,434 |
| Public works | | | | | | | | 1,205,660 |
| Parks, recreation, and cultural | | | | | | | | 80,377 |
| Tarks, recreation, and cultural | | | | | | _ | | 00,577 |
| | | | | | | <u>\$</u> | | 1,607,546 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | |
| Water fund | | | | | | \$ | | 361,160 |
| Sewer fund | | | | | | * | | 101,310 |
| Transportation fund | | | | | | | | 203,013 |
| Airport fund | | | | | | _ | | 75,293 |
| | | | | | | \$ | | 740,776 |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities:

| Governmental Activities | Beginning Balance | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balance | Due Within One Year |
|--|----------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 8,050,000 | \$ - | \$ 1,160,000 | \$ 6,890,000 | \$ 1,220,000 |
| Bond Premium | 1,423,331 | - | 177,916 | 1,245,415 | 177,916 |
| Notes payable | 910,495 | - | 217,961 | 692,534 | 217,359 |
| Compensated absences | 678,005 | 48,836 | 135,600 | 591,241 | 118,248 |
| Landfill liability | 400,213 | 6,804 | · | 407,017 | 10,000 |
| Governmental activities long-term liabilities | \$ 11,462,044 | \$ 55,640 | \$ 1,691,477 | \$ 9,826,207 | \$ 1,743,523 |
| Business-Type Activities | Beginning Balance | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balance | Due Within One Year |
| | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 3,075,000 | \$ - | \$ 160,000 | \$ 2,915,000 | \$ 165,000 |
| Bond Premium | 472,916 | - | 33,779 | 439,137 | 33,779 |
| Compensated absences | 81,443 | 73,472 | 16,289 | 138,626 | 27,725 |
| Business-type activities long-term liabilities | \$ 3,629,359 | \$ 73,472 | \$ 210,068 | \$ 3,492,763 | \$ 226,504 |

Governmental activities long-term liabilities are liquidated by the general fund.

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

| | Governme | ental Activities | Business-T | ype Activities | Total | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Year Ending | General Ol | oligation Bonds | General Ob | ligation Bonds | General Obligation Bonds | | | |
| June 30, | Principal | rincipal Interest Principal | | Interest | Principal | Interest | | |
| 2021 | \$ 1,220,000 | \$ 305,650 | \$ 165,000 | \$ 138,916 | \$ 1,385,000 | \$ 444,566 | | |
| 2022 | 1,280,000 | 247,288 | 175,000 | 131,028 | 1,455,000 | 378,316 | | |
| 2023 | 1,340,000 | 188,150 | 180,000 | 122,706 | 1,520,000 | 310,856 | | |
| 2024 | 1,150,000 | 126,044 | 190,000 | 113,775 | 1,340,000 | 239,819 | | |
| 2025 | 860,000 | 74,538 | 200,000 | 103,781 | 1,060,000 | 178,319 | | |
| 2026-2030 | 1,040,000 | 32,113 | 1,160,000 | 360,600 | 2,200,000 | 392,713 | | |
| 2031-2033 | | | 845,000 | 66,241 | 845,000 | 66,241 | | |
| | | | - | - | | - | | |
| | \$ 6,890,000 | \$ 973,783 | \$ 2,915,000 | \$ 1,037,047 | \$ 9,805,000 | \$ 2,010,830 | | |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 9. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

| Year | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Ending | | Note payable | | | | | | |
| June 30, | | Principal | Interest | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 217,359 | \$ | 14,103 | | | | |
| 2022 | | 221,042 | | 10,420 | | | | |
| 2023 | | 124,385 | | 6,625 | | | | |
| 2024 | | 64,915 | | 3,418 | | | | |
| 2025 | | 61,343 | | 1,432 | | | | |
| 2026-2029 | | 3,490 | | 11 | | | | |
| | \$ | 692,534 | \$ | 36,009 | | | | |

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

| | Interest Rates | Date Issued | Final Maturity Date | Amount of Original Issue | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities |
|---|----------------|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| General Obligation Bonds Virginia Resources Authority: Refunding Series 2012A | 2.125 – 5.125% | 06/2012 | 2032 | \$ 19,015,000 | \$ 6,890,000 | \$ 2,915,000 |
| Notes Payable USDA Rural Development: | | | | | | |
| General Improvement 2016 | 2.880 | 06/2016 | 2023 | 41,000 | \$ 18,123 | |
| General Improvement 2018 Wilck Family Limited Partnership | 3.250 | 05/2018 | 2025 | 94,000 | 68,844 | |
| General Improvement | 0.000 | 03/2011 | 2021 | 551,850 | 200,000 | |
| Benchmark Community Bank | | | | | | |
| Benchmark – 7yr | 3.240 | 08/2018 | 2025 | 300,000 | 223,997 | |
| Benchmark – 5Yr | 2.990 | 08/2018 | 2023 | 286,297 | 181,570 | |
| | | | | | \$ 692,534 | |

Note 10. Landfill Obligation

The Town closed its former landfill site in 1990. In accordance with federal and state laws, the Town placed a final cover on this site and was required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for a minimum of ten years after closure. The Town will recognize the remaining estimated costs of closure and post-closure care of \$407,017 as the cost to finalize closure of its landfill. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care as of June 30, 2020. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The Town is paying these costs on an annual pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 11. Fund Balances

Fund balances are classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds.

| | | General Fund | M | Street aintenance Fund | onmajor ernmental Funds | Total |
|--|----|-----------------|----|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Nonspendable: | | 10.500 | | | | 10.500 |
| Inventories | \$ | 10,630 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ 10,630 |
| IDA note receivable, long term portion | _ | 739,111 | | - | | 739,111 |
| Total nonspendable | | 749,741 | | - | | 749,741 |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | |
| Unspent note proceeds | | 47,682 | | - | - | 47,682 |
| Police | | = | | = | 1,318 | 1,318 |
| Required debt service | | 1,599,213 | | - | - | 1,599,213 |
| Library trust | | 129,029 | | - | - | 129,029 |
| E911 reserve | | 725,358 | | - | - | 725,358 |
| Narcotics reserve | | 7,894 | | - | | 7,894 |
| Total restricted | | 2,509,176 | | - | 1,318 | 2,510,494 |
| Assigned to: | | | | | | |
| Public works | | - | | 430,148 | | 430,148 |
| Total assigned | | - | | 430,148 | | 430,148 |
| Unassigned | | 383,678 | | - | | 383,678 |
| Total fund balance | \$ | 3,642,595 | \$ | 430,148 | \$ 1,318 | \$ 4,074,061 |

Note 12. Defined Contribution Plan

Effective July 1, 1982, the Town established a defined contribution plan (the "DC Plan") for its employees. The DC Plan is administered by Ascensus. All full time employees are eligible to become a participant on the first day of the month coinciding with or next following completion of 90 days of continuous service and the attainment of age 18. Plan provisions and contribution rates for Town and employees are established and may be amended by Town Council.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 12. Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

The Town's employees can contribute not less than 4% of his/her base compensation and not to exceed the maximum percentage or amount allowable by law. The Town will match the employee contribution of either 4 or 5 percent. Employees determine how their account balance is invested from a range of available options. DC Plan contributions vest ratably over a five year period. If the employee leaves the Town before they are fully vested, part of the account balance may be forfeited. Forfeitures by policy are used to reduce the Town's contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2020, \$-0-, of forfeitures were used to reduce the Town's contributions.

At June 30, 2020, there were 96 active Town employees and a total of 110 participants, including terminated employees enrolled in the DC Plan. During the year, the Town contributed a total of \$217,424 for active employees.

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Local Plan

Plan description

In December of 2002, The Town established a "Medical Policy for Certain Retirees". The Plan is intended to provide compensation for certain retirees to assist them in obtaining retiree medical benefits. Under the Plan, eligible retirees receive periodic payments (monthly, paid quarterly) based on the Plan's benefit formula. Payments are determined at retirement based on the retiree's service; a minimum of 25 years is required to receive the benefit. Payments are made over the duration of the retiree's remaining lifetime, with payments ceasing upon the retiree's death.

Benefits provided

The town provides \$250 per month, plus \$10 per month for each year of credit service in excess of 25. Payments are made quarterly to participants for the retiree's lifetime.

Employees covered by benefit terms

The number of participants at June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| Retirees currently receiving benefits | 12 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|
| Active employees | 126 |
| | |
| Total | 138 |

Total OPEB liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$2,364,541 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Local Plan (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases, including inflation 3.00%

Actuarial funding method: Entry Age Normal, level % of pay

Discount rate 3.50% Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Mortality rates: RP-2014, generational Scale MP-2019 for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019.

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate.

Changes in the total OPEB liability

| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 1,925,728 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Changes for the year: | |
| Service cost | 100,864 |
| Interest | 73,834 |
| Differences between expected | |
| and actual experience | (41,031) |
| Assumption or other input changes | 340,906 |
| Benefit payments | (35,760) |
| Net changes | 438,813 |
| Balance at June 30, 2020 | \$ 2,364,541 |

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current discount rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 13. Other Postemployment Benefits – Local Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate (Continued)

| | 1.00% Decrease (2.50%) | Current Discount Rate (3.50%) | 1.00% Increase (4.50%) | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Total OPEB liability | \$ 2,754,289 | \$ 2,364,541 | \$ 2,048,910 | | |

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$185,720. At June 30, 2020, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | O | Deferred utflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|---|----|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Change in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date | \$ | 306,820 5,659 43,190 | \$ | 158,317 108,530 | |
| | \$ | 355,669 | \$ | 266,847 | |

The \$43,190 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the Town's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the new OPEB liability in the year ending June 20, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | (Reduction) to OPEB Expense | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 10,879 | | | |
| 2022 | | 10,879 | | | |
| 2023 | | 10,879 | | | |
| 2024 | | 10,879 | | | |
| 2025 | | 10,879 | | | |
| Thereafter | | (8,763) | | | |

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 14. Property Taxes

Real and Property taxes are levied on a calendar year basis. The Counties provide the Town with the assessed value as of January 1 for real and personal property. Real estate taxes are payable December 15. The real estate tax rate was \$0.12 per \$100 of assessed value for both 2020 and 2019.

Personal property taxes are payable on December 15. The personal property tax rate was \$1.50 per \$100 for both 2020 and 2019. A penalty of 10% for late payment and interest at the rate of 10% per annum, is charged on unpaid balances. The Town bills and collects its own property taxes.

Note 15. Risk Management

The Risk Management programs of the Town are as follows:

General liability and other

The Town purchases insurance coverage for exposure related to property, general, boiler and machinery, flood, accident and automobile liability from Virginia Municipal League Insurance Programs. The Town's property and contents are insured up to a limit of approximately \$67,000,000. The Town maintains an additional \$1,000,000 umbrella policy over all forms of liability insurance. The Town's Public Officials and Law Enforcement Liability coverages, with a \$1,000,000 limit for each, are provided through a policy with the Commonwealth of Virginia. Total premiums for fiscal year 2020 were \$398,182.

The Town continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including employee dishonesty and employee health and accident insurance. The Component Unit Farmville IDA carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town has a Surety Bond on the Treasurer of \$50,000 and all other town employees a blanket bond of \$50,000.

Note 16. Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. Management believes disallowances, if any, would not be material to the financial position of the Town.

Note 17. Incentive Grants

In fiscal year 2018, the Authority, in conjunction with the Town of Farmville, entered into a performance agreement with Hotel Weyanoke LLC. The Authority and other parties agreed to provide certain cash incentives to Hotel Weyanoke LLC provided the Hotel meets the capital investment set forth in the agreement. During fiscal year 2020, the Hotel was considered in compliance with performance requirements to date.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. New Accounting Standards

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued the following Statements which are not yet effective. The effective dates below are updated based on **Statement No. 95**, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance* due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The GASB issued **Statement No. 84**, *Fiduciary Activities* in January 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

The GASB issued **Statement No. 87**, *Leases* in June 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

The GASB issued **Statement No. 90**, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61* in August 2018. This Statement improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 18. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

The GASB issued **Statement No. 91**, *Conduit Debt Obligations* in May 2019. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

In January 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 92**, *Omnibus*. This Statement enhances comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improves the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 93**, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2022. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

In March 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 94**, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement improves financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In May 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 96**, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

In June 2020, the GASB issued **Statement No. 97**, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This Statement provides a more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans, while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. Certain requirements of this Statement are effective immediately and others for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management has not determined the effects these new GASB Statements may have on prospective financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

Note 19. COVID-19 Impact

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The Town's operations are heavily dependent on the ability to raise taxes, assess fees, and access the capital markets. The outbreak will have a continued material adverse impact on economic and market conditions, triggering a period of global economic slowdown. This situation has depressed the tax bases and other areas in which the Town received revenue during fiscal year 2020. As such, the Town's financial condition and liquidity may be negatively impacted for the fiscal year 2021.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude the pandemic will have on the Town's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management is actively monitoring the impact of the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, suppliers, industry, and workforce. Given the daily evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the Town is not able to estimate the effects of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – LOCAL PLAN June 30, 2020

| | Primary Government | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|-------|-----------|----|-----------|
| | 2020 | | 2019 | | | 2018 |
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 10 | 00,864 | \$ | 100,555 | \$ | 72,280 |
| Interest on total OPEB liability | 7 | 73,834 | | 67,336 | | 70,354 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (4 | 11,031) | | 4,980 | | (88,368) |
| Changes in assumptions | 34 | 10,906 | (| (110,151) | | (81,438) |
| Benefit payments | (3 | 35,760) | | (35,760) | | (39,240) |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 43 | 38,813 | | 26,960 | | (66,412) |
| Total OPEB liability – beginning | 1,92 | 25,728 | 1, | ,898,768 | | 1,965,180 |
| Total OPEB liability – ending | \$ 2,36 | 54,541 | \$ 1, | ,925,728 | \$ | 1,898,768 |
| Covered payroll | \$ 5,33 | 36,985 | \$ 5, | ,052,986 | \$ | 5,113,418 |
| Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 44% | | 38% | | 37% |

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since fiscal year 2018 is the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS – LOCAL PLAN June 30, 2020

| Entity Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | De E | ctuarially etermined mployer ntribution | Eı | Actual mployer atribution | D | ntribution eficiency Excess) | mployer's Covered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentag of Covered Payroll | ntage ed |
|---|---------|--|----|---------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|---|---|-------------|
| Local Plan 2020 2019 2018 | \$ | 158,722 210,477 179,144 | \$ | 43,190 35,760 35,760 | \$ | 115,532 174,717 143,384 | \$ 5,336,985 5,425,989 5,052,986 | 0.81 % 0.66 0.71 | % |

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2018 was the first year for this presentation, no earlier data is available. Additional years will be included as they become available.

The covered payroll amounts above are for the entity's fiscal year – i.e. the covered payroll on which required contributions were based for the same year.

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COMPLIANCE SECTION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

| Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Emergency Management Emergency Management Performance Grants Disaster Grants – Public Assistance Total Department of Homeland Security Department of Treasury Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Virginia Department of Motor Vchicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements Total Department of Transportation Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice S 6,027,881 Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice | Federal Grantor/Pass – Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title | Federal CFDA Number | Federal Expenditures |
|--|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Virginia Department of Emergency Management Emergency Management Performance Grants Disaster Grants – Public Assistance 70.042 70.042 8 24,360 90,009 Total Department of Homeland Security 115,269 Department of Treasury Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act 21.019 20.021 Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 3,397,022 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 16.607 15.03 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 16.467 | Department of Homeland Security | | |
| Emergency Management Performance Grants Disaster Grants – Public Assistance Total Department of Homeland Security Department of Treasury Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements Total Department of Transportation Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice Airchard Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 | Pass Through Payments | | |
| Disaster Grants – Public Assistance 97.036 90,909 Total Department of Homeland Security 115,269 Department of Treasury Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act 21.019 20,021 Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 3,397,022 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice | Virginia Department of Emergency Management | | |
| Total Department of Homeland Security Department of Treasury Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program Airport Improvement of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Virginia Department of Rural Areas Pinghay Planning and Construction Cluster Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements Direct Payment Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice Afortal Department of Justice Formula Grants for Rural Areas Alea Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Alea Grant Program Alea G | Emergency Management Performance Grants | 97.042 | \$ 24,360 |
| Department of Treasury Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act 21.019 20,021 Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Pilghway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice 6,467 | Disaster Grants – Public Assistance | 97.036 | 90,909 |
| Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act 21.019 20,021 Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Pinghway Planning and Construction Cluster Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements Department of Transportation Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Formula Grants Frogram Formula Grants Fro | Total Department of Homeland Security | | 115,269 |
| Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act 21.019 20,021 Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 3,397,022 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 40,509 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice | Department of Treasury | | |
| Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.607 5.93 5.964 Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5.964 | Pass Through Payments | | |
| Department of Transportation Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 3,397,022 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 40.509 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Virginia Department of the Treasury/Prince Edward County, Virginia | | |
| Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 3,397,022 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Coronavirus Relief Fund – CARES Act | 21.019 | 20,021 |
| Direct Payment Airport Improvement Program 20.106 3,397,022 Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Department of Transportation | | |
| Pass Through Payments Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice | 1 | | |
| Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation Formula Grants for Rural Areas Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.509 482,796 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Airport Improvement Program | 20.106 | 3,397,022 |
| Formula Grants for Rural Areas 20.509 482,796 Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Pass Through Payments | | |
| Highway Planning and Construction Cluster 20.205 1,966,511 Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Virginia Department of Rail and Public Transportation | | |
| Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.607 503 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Formula Grants for Rural Areas | 20.509 | 482,796 |
| Open Container Requirements 20.607 39,795 Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Highway Planning and Construction Cluster | 20.205 | 1,966,511 |
| Total Department of Transportation 5,886,124 Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles Alcohol | | |
| Department of Justice Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Open Container Requirements | 20.607 | 39,795 |
| Direct Payment Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Total Department of Transportation | | 5,886,124 |
| Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program 16.607 503 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Department of Justice | | |
| Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program 16.738 5,964 Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Direct Payment | | |
| Total Department of Justice 6,467 | Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program | 16.607 | 503 |
| · | Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program | 16.738 | 5,964 |
| Total Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 6,027,881 | Total Department of Justice | | 6,467 |
| | Total Expenditures of Federal Awards | | \$ 6,027,881 |

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2020

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Federal Expenditures includes the activity of all federally assisted programs for the Town of Farmville, Virginia and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, as described in Note 1 to the Town's basic financial statements. All federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on this schedule.

De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

The Town did not elect to utilize the 10 % de minimis indirect cost rate

Subrecipient Monitoring

The Town provided no amounts to subrecipients during fiscal year 2020.

Outstanding Loan Balances

At June 30, 2020, the Town had no outstanding loan balances requiring continuing disclosure.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Farmville, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits for Counties, Cities, and Towns* and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards, and Commissions*, issued by the Auditor of the Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Farmville, Virginia (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2020-001, 2020-002, and 2020-003 that we considered to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, as item 2020-004.

Town of Farmville, Virginia's Response to Findings

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards Kompany, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia December 14, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council Town of Farmville, Virginia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Farmville, Virginia's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Town's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, the terms, and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town of Farmville, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town of Farmville, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Brown, Edwards & Company, S. L. P.

Lynchburg, Virginia December 14, 2020

SUMMARY OF COMPLIANCE MATTERS June 30, 2020

As more fully described in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia
Budget and Appropriation Laws
Cash and Investment Laws
Conflicts of Interest Act
Debt Provisions
Procurement Laws
Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act
Fire Program Aid

State Agency Requirements
Urban Highway Maintenance

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Compliance Supplement for Single Audits of State and Local Governments

Provisions and conditions of agreements related to federal programs selected for testing.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an **unmodified opinion** on the financial statements.
- 2. **Three material weaknesses** related to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. **No instances of noncompliance** material to the financial statements, or other matters, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. **No significant deficiencies** relating to the audit of the major federal award programs was reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs expresses an **unmodified opinion**.
- 6. The audit disclosed **no audit findings relating to the major program**.
- 7. The major programs of the Town are:

| Name of Program | CFDA # |
|-----------------------------------|--------|
| Airport Improvement Grant | 20.106 |
| Highway Planning and Construction | 20.205 |

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The Town of Farmville was **not** determined to be a **low-risk auditee**.

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

2020-001: Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

Condition:

There is a lack of segregation of duties between employees.

- Employees who prepare the bank reconciliations also have the ability to process cash and write manual checks.
- Employees who prepare the accounts receivable billings also collect the money and have the ability to post cash receipts in the accounts receivable subledger.
- The employee who processes payroll also has the ability to edit the master employee/payroll file, can generate payroll checks and record payroll expenses to the general ledger.
- The Treasurer has access to cash receipts prior to being recorded, prepares the deposits and takes deposit to the bank, and has access to change utility charges on individual accounts.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

Criteria:

The Town should maintain proper segregation of duties between employees.

Cause:

The Town lacks sufficient staff to properly segregate their duties.

Effects:

No one employee should have access to both physical assets and the related accounting records, or to all phases of a transaction. A lack of segregation of duties increases the exposure of the Town to various risk such as an increased risk of errors or fraud that may go undetected due to the involvement of only one person performing these functions.

Recommendations:

We recommend the Town take steps to eliminate performance of conflicting duties where possible. For those areas where this is not feasible, we recommend the Town take steps to implement effective compensating controls.

Management's Response:

The Town will continue to evaluate our internal procedures to see how we can utilize current staff in different capacities to reduce some of the concerns associated with segregation of duties.

2020-002: Adjustments (Material Weakness)

Condition:

The Town did not post journal entries, which were deemed material to the financial statements, in order for them to be presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Criteria:

Journal entries must be made to properly reflect the Town's financial status at year end.

Cause:

Town staff did not take proper steps to ensure that these entries were recorded at year-end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

2020-002: Adjustments (Material Weakness) (Continued)

Effects:

Not posting these journal entries could mislead users of the financials as to the actual financial condition of the Town.

Recommendations:

We recommend reconciliations of all significant assets and liability accounts especially at year end, and rigorous analysis of variances and grant related activity.

Management's Response:

Town staff will work to ensure all significant assets and liabilities accounts will be reviewed and reconciled at year end for variances. Any adjustments found will be recorded and explained.

2020-003: Information Technology (Material Weakness)

Condition:

During review of the Information Technology controls for the Town we noted several areas where there is a lack of controls or a lack of segregation of duties.

Criteria:

The following Information Technology lack of controls were noted:

- Information Technology is not evaluated for risk.
- The application server is located in the Treasurer's office.
- There is no formal security policy.
- The Treasurer has application administrator access.
- The Town does not use formal access requests to provision or de-provision access to the network or financial application.
- The Treasurer has access to process financial transactions as well as provision access privileges. In addition, the five to six front office staff that interact with the public share login information to access desktop applications for collections, etc.
- The Treasurer is notified of terminations for financial application access. For network access to be disabled, CXE must be notified to take such action. There is no formal access request form for terminations.
- The passwords for the financial application are only required to be 3 or 4 characters in length and do not enforce complexity. In addition, the Active Directory passwords are required to be 6 characters in length with 24 passwords remembered and locks out the account after 5 unsuccessful login attempts. However, complexity is not enabled and there is no password expiration.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

B. FINDINGS – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT (Continued)

2020-003: Information Technology (Material Weakness) (Continued)

Cause:

The Town has not had their Information Technology system evaluated in the past.

Effects:

The lack of Information Technology controls exposure the Town to various risks including:

- No checks and balances of users or data.
- The Town would be unaware of proper procedures were no place to reduce data loss.
- Access to the Town's system.
- Breach to system.
- Ransom and malware attacks.

Recommendations:

We suggest the Town implement the following control consideration:

- The Town should conduct a formal IT risk assessment at least annually.
- The Town should move the application server to a separate, secure room with dedicated environmental equipment and with access limited to IT staff only.
- The Town should formally document information security and acceptable use policies and procedures.
- IT should be responsible for application administration and the Treasurer's access to provision application accounts be removed.
- The Town should develop a formal means for communicating provision and de-provision access requests.
- The Treasurer should not have access to process financial transactions as well as provision access privileges. The 5 or 6 front office staff that interact with the public should NOT share login information to access desktop applications for collections, etc.
- The Treasurer is notified of terminations for financial application access. For network access
 to be disabled, CXE must be notified to take such action. A formal access request form for
 terminations should be made.
- The passwords for the financial application should enforce complexity. Also, the Active Directory passwords are required to be 6 characters in length with 24 passwords remembered and locks out the account after 5 unsuccessful login attempts. However, complexity should be enabled and there should be password expiration.

Management's Response:

The Town will review its information technology policies and procedures to ensure appropriate controls are in place.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS June 30, 2020

C. FINDINGS – COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

2020-004: Commonwealth of Virginia Disclosure Statements

Condition:

One statement of economic interest form was not filed by the individual out of the thirty-two filers listed by the Town.

Criteria:

Per requirements set forth by the Commonwealth of Virginia, statements of economic interest are to be filed by February 1, 2020.

Cause:

Individual would not return his completed statement.

Effects:

The Town cannot review the filing to ensure the individual has no economic interest conflicts.

Recommendation:

Steps should be taken to ensure that these statements are filed and in a timely manner.

Management's Response:

The Town will ensure all these statements are filed in a timely manner.

D. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2020

2019-001: Segregation of Duties (Material Weakness)

Condition:

There is a lack of segregation of duties between employees.

- Employees who prepare the bank reconciliations also have the ability to process cash and write manual checks.
- Employees who prepare the accounts receivable billings also collect the money and have the ability to post cash receipts in the accounts receivable subledger.
- The employee who processes payroll also has the ability to edit the master employee/payroll file, can generate payroll checks and record payroll expenses to the general ledger.
- The Treasurer has access to cash receipts prior to being recorded, prepares the deposits and takes deposit to the bank, and has access to change utility charges on individual accounts.

Recommendations:

We recommend the Town take steps to eliminate performance of conflicting duties where possible. For those areas where this is not feasible, we recommend the Town take steps to implement effective compensating controls.

Current Status:

See current year finding 2020-001 for planned corrected action.

2019-002: Adjustments (Material Weakness)

Condition:

The Town did not post journal entries, which were deemed material to the financial statements, in order for them to be presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Recommendations:

We recommend reconciliations of all significant assets and liability accounts especially at year end, and rigorous analysis of variances and grant related activity.

Current Status:

See current year finding 2020-002 for planned corrected action.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS June 30, 2020

2019-003: Information Technology (Material Weakness)

Condition:

During review of the Information Technology controls for the Town we noted several areas where there is a lack of controls or a lack of segregation of duties.

Recommendations:

We suggest the Town implement the following control consideration:

- The Town should conduct a formal IT risk assessment at least annually.
- The Town should move the application server to a separate, secure room with dedicated environmental equipment and with access limited to IT staff only.
- The Town should formally document information security and acceptable use policies and procedures.
- IT should be responsible for application administration and the Treasurer's access to provision application accounts be removed.
- The Town should develop a formal means for communicating provision and de-provision access requests.

Current Status:

See current year finding 2020-003 for planned corrected action.

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