## COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

# COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

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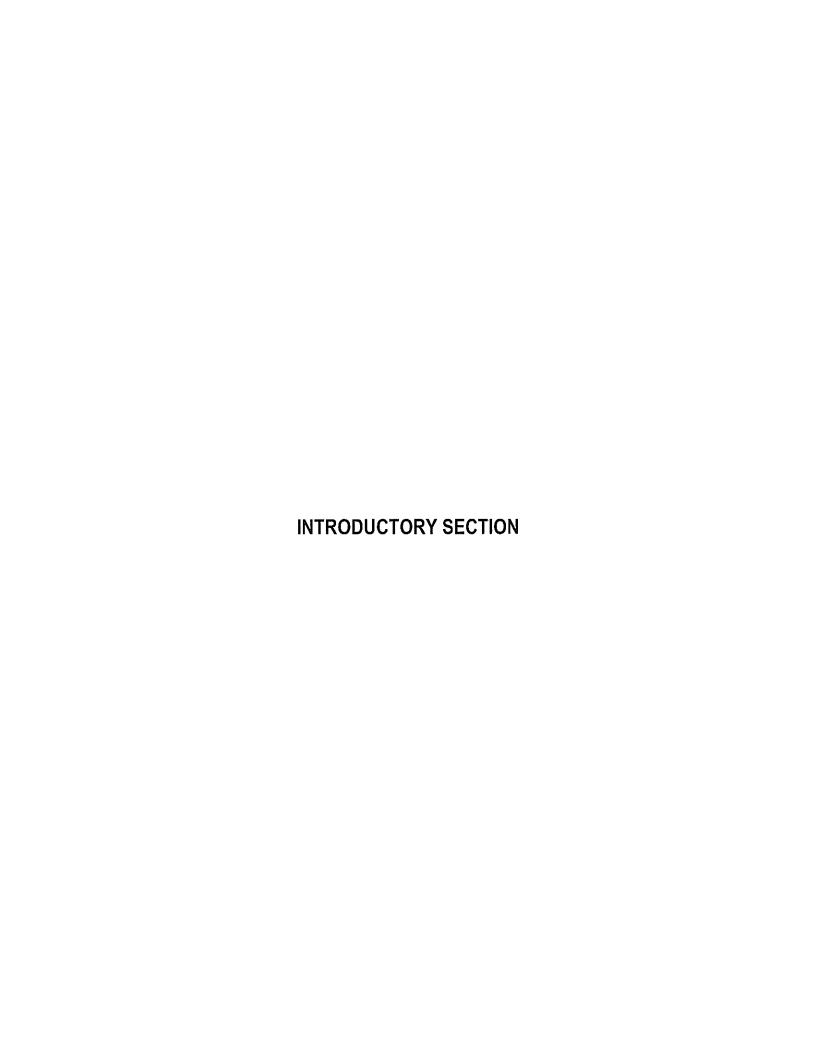
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## COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	
Paul Baker Richard McCoy	Eric Gentry, Chairman	Howard Spencer Barbara Hobbs
	COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD	
Ronald B. Whitehead Drema K. McMahon	J. B. Buckland, Chairman  Amanda Tickle, Clerk	Joseph M. Gollehon, Jr. J. Lewis Webb, Jr.
	SOCIAL SERVICES BOARD	
Tom Spangler Barbara Hobbs Clara O'Brien	Giles Lester, Chairman	Gina Franklin Claude Wimmer Donna Collins, Clerk
	OTHER OFFICIALS	
Commonwealth's Attorney Commissioner of the Revenue Treasurer Sheriff Superintendent of Schools Director of Social Services County Administrator		Phillip SteeleAnne Chambers



## ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Giles, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Giles, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Giles, Virginia as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the County of Giles, Virginia, Virginia adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, effective July 1, 2010.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2011, on our consideration of the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreement and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

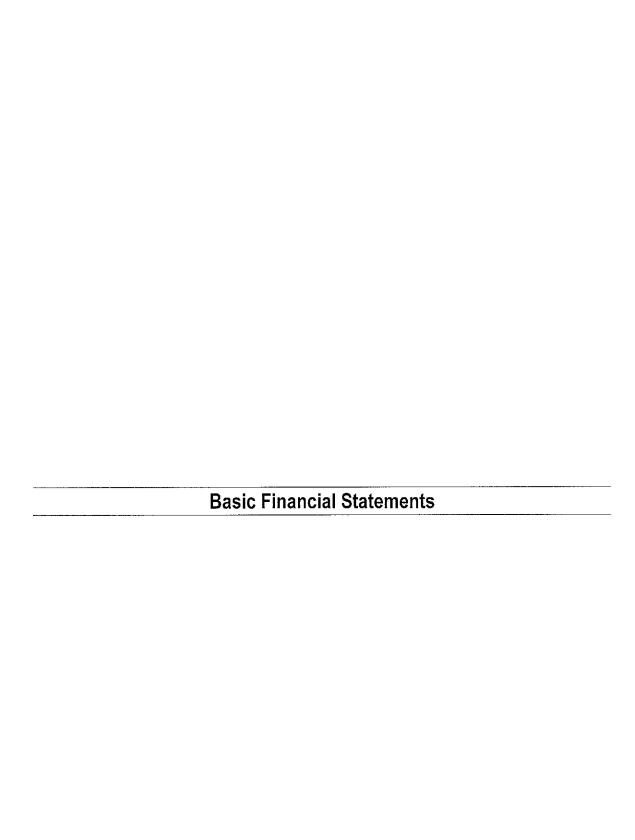
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operations, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the schedules of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the

United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion of provide any assurance on the schedules of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express and opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion of the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Giles, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary financial statements, supporting schedules, and other statistical information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The supporting schedules and other statistical information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Kolimoon, Jainer, Ly Associates Christiansburg, Virginia November 26, 2011



#### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

			Prima	ary Government				Component		Component
	Go	vernmental		usiness-type			•	Unit		Unit
		Activities	_	Activities		<u>Total</u>		School Board		IDA
100570										
ASSETS						0.400.540		0.543.534		007.111
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,168,542	\$	-	\$	3,168,542	\$	2,547,571	\$	687,111
Cash in custody of others		2,831,196		-		2,831,196		220,785		•
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):										
Taxes receivable		3,345,593		•		3,345,593		•		•
Other local taxes receivable		64,338		•		64,338		•		
Accounts receivable		10,028		146,870		156,898		150,213		•
Due from other funds		1,057,898		•		1,057,898		•		•
Due from other governmental units		730,862		200,610		931,472		772,933		-
Inventories (Commodities)		-		-		-		60,330		-
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		834,846		•
Restricted assets:										
Temporarily restricted:										
Cash and cash equivalents		717,836		19,400		737,236				•
Other assets:										
Unamortized bond issue costs		120,276		•		120,276				-
Inventories (Land and buildings held for resale)				•		-				1,788,079
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):										
Land		530.530		13,000		543,530		473,652		618,634
Buildings and system		12,810,251				12,810,251		2,551,267		5,398,029
Improvements other than buildings						,2,0,0,20		2,001,201		•
Machinery and equipment		693,055		157,979		851,034		1,606,681		
Infrastructure				11,369,393		11,369,393		.,000,00.		_
Construction in progress		13,528,916		177,287		13,706,203		750,563		3,496,958
Total assets	\$	39,609,321	\$	12,084,539	\$	51,693,860	\$	9,968,841	\$	11,988,811
LIADUTTEO										
LIABILITIES		004.057		0.000		224 442		0.4.700	•	00.044
Accounts payable	\$	881,357	\$	3,089	\$	884,446	Þ	84,763	ф	23,611
Contracts payable		-						2,071,264		•
Customers' deposits				19,400		19,400		•		
Accrued interest payable		284,558		28,031		312,589		•		93,105
Due to other funds		-		1,057,898		1,057,898		•		•
Due to other governmental units		79,210		-		79,210		•		•
Deferred revenue		2,830,388		-		2,830,388		•		•
Long-term liabilities:										
Due within one year		2,207,190		94,292		2,301,482		364,796		122,000
Due in more than one year		26,406,810		5,408,535		31,815,345		387,712		6,483,526
Total liabilities	\$	32,689,513	\$	6,611,245	\$	39,300,758	\$	2,908,535	\$	6,722,242
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	1,854,057	\$	6,251,438	\$	8,105,495	\$	5,382,163	\$	2,908,095
Restricted for:	,	, ,	•	. ,	•	, , , , , ,		, ,		
Debt reserves		717,836				717,836		-		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		4,347,915		(778,144)		3,569,771		1,678,143		2,358,474
Total net assets	\$	6,919,808	\$	5,473,294	\$	12,393,102	8	7,060,306	\$	5,266,569
TOTAL HOL WOODLO		0,010,000	Ψ	0, 1, 0,204	Ψ	10,000,102	Ť	.,000,000	_	

County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

				Program Revenues			Net (Ex Chan	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	77	
				Operating	Capital	<u>a.</u>	Primary Government		Component Units	Inits
Emetions (Drontoms	Fynonses	ď	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	School Board	IDA
ruitinous/ruodialiis	Fylian	gi	201400							
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 1,61	1,612,399 \$	11,733	\$ 249,357	· •	\$ (1,351,309)	S	(1,351,309)		
Judicial administration	4	456,903	3,995	468,363	٠	15,455		15,455		
Public safety	39.6	3,937,646	118,521	941,131	20'000	(2,827,994)		(2,827,994)		
Public works	8	382,840	88,803	8,925	•	(285,112)		(285,112)		
Health and welfare	3,46	3,467,252	•	2,536,004	•	(931,248)		(931,248)		
Education	6,11	6,117,468	•	•	•	(6,117,468)		(6,117,468)		
Parks, recreation, and cultural	10,1	1,072,522	482,853	•	367,951	(221,718)		(221,718)		
Community development	, in	346,131	3,600	•	•	(342,531)		(342,531)		
Interest on tong-term debt	12.7	1.217.615	,	•	•	(1,217,615)		(1,217,615)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 18,61	18,610,776 \$	709,505	\$ 4,203,780	\$ 417,951	\$ (13,279,540)	S	(13,279,540)		
Business-type activities:	£.	1 543 650 \$	448 618	ce.	\$ 455,300	•	\$ (639,732). \$	(639.732)		
Total pages coverment				4.203.780		\$ (13.279.540)	(639,732)	(13,919,272) \$	· .	•
		Ш					ш			
COMPONENT UNITS: School Board	\$ 20,91	20,914,609 \$		\$ 16,784,635	ss			S	(3,615,154)	
Industrial Development Authority (IDA)	38,1	1,392,445	304,093	•	•					(1,088,352)
Total component units	\$ 22,30	22,307,054 \$	1 11	\$ 16,784,635		\$	s .	S .	(3,615,154) \$	(1,088,352)
	General revenues:	nes:								
	General property laxes	perty laxes				\$ 11,722,260	€ <del>9</del>	11,722,260 \$	S	
	Other local taxes:	iner local taxes:				1 130 974		1 130 274		,
	Constimo	Coornaga, utilih tasas	lakes			240,281		240 381		•
		is unity to	YG9			100,042 1,50,031	,	50 247		•
	dunsup	Consumption taxes				10,260	•	10.750	•	
	Molosyjebiolo ligan	Gloss receipts tax Motor trobiolo licences	9			172 068		172 068		•
	ואטוסו אבו		g			2012/1	,	60 175		•
	Local lax	Local lax on deeds				00,113	•	92,046	•	
	חטופו מוטע	rotel and motel journaxes				040'00	•	050,000 039,990	023	003.60
	Unrestricted revenues from use of	revenues 1		money and property		500,002		500,009	0/9	020,70
	Miscellaneous	s .	:			462,209		462,209	193,165	•
	Contribution from County of Gilles,	ing Court	ity of Giles, Virginia	ro.		. 000			4,243,240	•
	Grants and (	วอกเสอบเกอร	is not restricted to	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		1,889,126		1,589,125		•
	transiers					15 100 171		- 15 000 304 &	3 100 201 1	97 690
	Obaga in an accordes	a revenues				15,192,171		3 000 020 1	4,437,001	71 050 832)
	Vitatige III det desets Not pecote - booippip	r deserts				5,007,177	5.415.916		928 379	6.317.401
	Net assets - Deginaling Net assets - ending	Summing of the second of the s				1	5.473.294 \$	12.393.102 \$	2,000,306 \$	5.266.569
	ואפו מפפטופ - פ	20				0,313,000	1070717		operano'r	200,001,0

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### County of Giles, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

		<u>General</u>		County Capital Improvements		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,168,542	\$		\$	3,168,542
Cash in custody of others		-		2,831,196		2,831,196
Receivables (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):		0.045.500				0.045.500
Taxes receivable		3,345,593		-		3,345,593
Other local taxes		64,338		•		64,338
Accounts receivable  Due from other funds		10,028		-		10,028
Due from other governmental units		1,057,898 730,862		-		1,057,898 730,862
Restricted assets:		730,602		•		730,002
Temporarily restricted:						
Cash and cash equivalents		717,836		-		717,836
Total assets	\$	9,095,097	\$	2,831,196	\$	11,926,293
	<del>-</del>	2,000,001		2,001,100	<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	272,855	\$	608,502	\$	881,357
Due to other governmental units	•	79,210		•	•	79,210
Deferred revenue		3,357,546		-		3,357,546
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		-				•
Total liabilities	\$	3,709,611	\$	608,502	\$	4,318,113
Fined between						
Fund balances:						
Restricted Conital projects fund	e		<b>ተ</b>	0.000.604	ቍ	0.000.604
Capital projects fund Debt service	\$	717 006	\$	2,222,694	\$	2,222,694 717,836
Unassigned		717,836		•		717,030
General fund		4,667,650				4,667,650
Total fund balances	\$	5,385,486	\$	2,222,694	\$	7,608,180
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,095,097	- <del>\$</del>	2,831,196	\$	11,926,293
TOTAL HADRING ON A TANK DAIGHOOD	Ψ	0,000,007	Ψ	2,001,100	Ψ	11,020,200

# County of Giles, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,608,180
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	27,562,752
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	527,158
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(28,778,282)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 6,919,808

# County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

County Capital General Improvements **Total REVENUES** General property taxes \$ 11,807,023 \$ 11,807,023 Other local taxes 1,749,017 1,749,017 Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses 26,963 26.963 Fines and forfeitures 26,837 26,837 Revenue from the use of money and property 263,178 3,491 266,669 655,705 Charges for services 655,705 Miscellaneous 462,209 462,209 Recovered costs 929,345 929,345 Intergovernmental revenues: Commonwealth 4,787,657 4,787,657 Federal 1,155,249 367,951 1,523,200 Total revenues 21,863,183 371,442 22,234,625 \$ **EXPENDITURES** Current: General government administration \$ 1,355,584 \$ 80,526 \$ 1,436,110 Judicial administration 726,488 726,488 Public safety 4,153,458 10 4,153,468 Public works 420,421 420,421 Health and welfare 3,517,234 3,517,234 Education 5,064,371 5,064,371 Parks, recreation, and cultural 744,911 744,911 261,504 1,380 Community development 262,884 Nondepartmental 696,032 696,032 Capital projects 2,278,352 2,278,352 Debt service: Principal retirement 1,043,613 13,711,457 14,755,070 interest and other fiscal charges 508,287 407,415 915,702 43,500 Bond issuance costs 43,500 18,491,903 \$ Total expenditures 16,522,640 35,014,543 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures \$ 3,371,280 (16,151,198) \$ (12,779,918)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Transfers in

Transfers out

Issuance of revenue bond

Issuance of lease revenue bond

Net change in fund balances

Fund balances - beginning

Fund balances - ending

Total other financing sources (uses)

\$

\$

\$

105,634 \$

(737,260) \$

2,634,020 \$

2,751,466

5,385,486

(842,894)

145,784 \$

(105,634)

71,142

(2,497,906) \$

4,720,600

2,222,694

13,542,000

13,653,292

251,418

(948, 528)

71,142

13,542,000

12,916,032

136,114

7,472,066

7,608,180

1,912,631

# County of Giles, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 136,114
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	1,033,381
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(84,763)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,128,332
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(300,433)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

#### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2011

ASSETS				evelopment Authority
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	687,111
Accounts receivable, net of allowances for uncollectibles		146,870		-
Due from other governmental units		200,610		
Total current assets	\$	347,480	\$	687,111
Restricted current assets:	_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,400	\$	
Noncurrent assets:				
Inventories (Land and buildings held for resale)	\$	-	\$	1,788,079
Capital assets:				
Land		13,000		618,634
Utility plant in service		13,895,392		-
Buildings and improvements		•		5,977,231
Machinery and equipment		396,524		(
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,764,544)		(579,202)
Construction in progress		177,287		3,496,958
Total capital assets	\$ \$ \$	11,717,659	\$	9,513,621
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$</u>	11,717,659	\$	11,301,700
Total assets	_\$	12,084,539	\$	11,988,811
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	3,089	\$	23,611
Customers' deposits		19,400		-
Accrued interest payable		28,031		93,105
Due to other funds		1,057,898		-
Compensated absences - current portion		25,487		-
Bonds payable - current portion		68,805		122,000
Total current liabilities	_\$	1,202,710	\$	238,716
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Bonds payable - net of current portion	\$	5,397,416	\$	6,483,526
Net OPEB obligation		2,623		-
Compensated absences		8,496		-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	5,408,535	\$	6,483,526
Total liabilities	\$	6,611,245	\$	6,722,242
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	6,251,438	\$	2,908,095
Unrestricted	<b>T</b>	(778,144)	,	2,358,474
Total net assets	\$	5,473,294	\$	5,266,569

# County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Enterprise Fund Water Department	De	nponent Unit Industrial evelopment Authority
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services:				
Water revenues	\$	399,760	\$	-
Rental of property		40.000		304,093
Penalties		40,983		-
Miscellaneous	\$	5,250 445,993	\$	304,093
Total operating revenues	<u> </u>	440,990	Φ	304,093
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries and fringes	\$	196,675	\$	69,995
Fringes		76,626		21,550
Contracted services		1,573		13,250
Repair and maintenance		153,805		478
Water purchase		255,344		-
Material and supplies		58,640		35
Insurance		5,990		19,340
Miscellaneous		51,664		250
Utilities		27,549		22,673
Depreciation		485,003		150,482
Economic development		1 010 000	Φ.	647,158
Total operating expenses	\$	1,312,869	\$	945,211
Operating income (loss)	_\$	(866,876)	\$	(641,118)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	\$	•	\$	37,520
Connection fees	·	2,625		-
Interest expense		(230,781)		(447,234)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$	(228,156)	\$	(409,714)
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	(1,095,032)	\$	(1,050,832)
Capital contributions and construction grants	\$	455,300	\$	-
Transfers in	'	697,110	,	-
Change in net assets	\$	57,378	\$	(1,050,832)
Total net assets - beginning	\$	5,415,916	\$	6,317,401
Total net assets - ending	\$	5,473,294	\$	5,266,569

#### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	-	nterprise Fund Water epartment	Component Unit Industrial Development Authority		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	439,745	\$	381,282	
Payments to suppliers		(585,794)		(1,448,176)	
Payments to employees		(272,919)		(91,545)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(418,968)	\$	(1,158,439)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers from other funds	\$	697,110	\$		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Additions to utility plant	\$	(494,061)	\$	(1,847,291)	
Principal payments on bonds		(76,214)		(3,392,474)	
Contributions in aid of construction		389,461		232,000	
Proceeds from indebtedness		114,771		3,853,000	
Interest payments		(221,796)		(507,278)	
Connection fees		2,625		-	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	\$	(285,214)	\$	(1,662,043)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	37,520	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(7,072)	\$	(2,782,962)	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning - including restricted	\$	26,472	\$	3,470,073	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending - including restricted	\$	19,400	\$	687,111	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(866,876)	\$	(641,118)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	\$	485,003	\$	150,482	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		824		77,189	
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		(7,072)		-	
Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable		(31,229) 731		5,008	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB expense Increase (decrease) compensated absences		(349)		-	
Increase (decrease) compensated absences Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(348)		(750,000)	
Total adjustments	\$	447,908	\$	(517,321)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(418,968)	\$	(1,158,439)	

#### County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2011

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 56,489
Total assets	\$ 56,489
LIABILITIES	
Amounts held for Social Services clients	\$ 56,489
Total liabilities	\$ 56,489

#### COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

# Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2011

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The County of Giles, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units – The County has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The County's Component Units do not prepare separate financial statements.

The Giles County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type and does not issue a separate financial report.

The Giles County Industrial Development Authority encourages and provides financing for industrial development in the County. The Industrial Development Authority board members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Industrial Development Authority is fiscally dependent upon the County. The Industrial Development Authority is presented as an enterprise fund type and does not issue a separate financial report.

Related Organizations – The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointment.

Jointly Governed Organizations – The County and the Counties of Bland, Carroll, Floyd, Grayson, and Wythe and the City of Radford participate in supporting the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority. The monthly payment made by the County to the Regional Jail is based on the number of prisoners housed for the County. For the year ended June 30, 2011, the County paid \$940,314 for the confinement of prisoners.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Dare Program, the Asset Forfeiture Fund, the Comprehensive Services Fund, the Social Services Fund, the Restitution Fund, the Rev Max Fund, and the Emergency Replacement Fund.

The *capital projects fund* accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. Capital project funds consist of the County Capital Improvements Fund.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The County operates a water distribution system. The activities of the system are accounted for in the water fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds consist of the special welfare fund.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the government's water function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

#### Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government, if any, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

#### 3. Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments on June 5<sup>th</sup> and December 5<sup>th</sup>. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5<sup>th</sup>. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

#### 4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$117,217 at June 30, 2011 and is comprised solely of property taxes. The allowance amounted to approximately \$52,358 for the Water department at June 30, 2011 and is comprised solely of water billings.

#### 5. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 6. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. In the water and sewer fund, no interest was capitalized during the current year or prior year.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

#### 6. Capital assets (continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years _
Buildings	40
Building improvements	40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

#### 7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

#### 8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

#### 9. Fund equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

The Board of Supervisors is the highest level of decision making authority and the formal action that is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board of Supervisors. The resolution must either be approved or rescinded as applicable, prior to the last day of the fiscal year for which the commitment is made. The amount subject to the constraint may be determined in the subsequent period.

The Board of Supervisors has authorized the County Administrator as the official authorized to assign fund balance to a specific purpose as approved by the fund balance policy.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County of Giles' policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned as they are needed.

The policy also authorizes and directs the Treasurer to prepare financial reports which accurately categorize fund balance as required by GASB Statement No. 54. The County of Giles will maintain an unassigned fund balance in the general fund equal to 3% of the expenditures/operating revenues. The County considers a balance of less than 3% to be a cause for concern, barring unusual of deliberate circumstances.

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (continued)

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

#### 10. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### 11. Restricted Assets

Proceeds of the Authority's enterprise note payable as well as amounts due the general fund from the enterprise fund are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. As of June 30, 2011, customer deposits in the amount of \$19,400 are reported as restricted assets in the water and sewer fund.

#### Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net assets-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds". The details of these \$(28,778,282) and \$(752,508) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board		
Bonds payable	\$	(8,880,621)	\$	-	
Revenue bonds		(2,668,768)		-	
Lease revenue bonds		(16,382,000)		•	
Accrued interest payable		(284,558)		•	
Other post-employment benefits		(64,781)		(266,113)	
Landfill post-closure monitoring costs		(44,988)		-	
Bond issuance cost		120,276		-	
Compensated absences		(572,842)	<del></del>	(486,395)	
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental		/·	_	/	
funds to arrive at net assets-governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	(28,778,282)		(752,508)	

## Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of these \$1,033,381 and \$69,491 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Component Unit	
	Primary	School	
	Government	Board	
Capital outlays	\$ 2,474,860	\$ 746,606	
Depreciation expense	(1,441,479)	(677,115)	
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at			
changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 1,033,381	\$ 69,491	

#### Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of these \$1,128,332 and \$(14,183) differences in the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

			Co	mponent Unit
		Primary	,	School
	G	overnment		Board
Debt issued or incurred:				
Issuance of revenue bonds	\$	(71,142)	\$	•
Issuance of lease revenue bond	(	13,542,000)		•
Other post-employment benefits		(13,063)		(14,183)
Accrued landfill closure/postclosure		(533)		-
Total debt issued or incurred	\$ (	13,626,738)	\$	(14,183)
Principal repayments:				
General obligation debt	\$	1,043,613	\$	-
Revenue bonds		76,457		-
Bond anticipation note		13,500,000		
Lease revenue bond		135,000		-
Total principal repayments	\$	14,755,070	\$	-
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances-total				
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	\$	1,128,332	_\$_	(14,183)

#### Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these \$(300,433) and \$(34,696) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

Decrease (increase) in compensated absences Decrease (increase) in accrued interest Decrease (increase) in bond issuance costs  Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive	Primary overnment	Unit School Board			
	\$ (42,020) (257,823) (590)	\$	(34,696)		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ (300,433)	\$	(34,696)		

#### Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

#### A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.

#### Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (continued)

#### A. Budgetary information (continued)

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements: (continued)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund), and the General Capital Projects Funds. The School Fund is integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure
  of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not part of the
  County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, there were no departments with expenditures in excess of appropriations.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2011, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

#### Note 4-Deposits and Investments:

#### Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). The County had no investments at June 30, 2011 or for the year then ended.

## Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Pri Gove		Component Unit-		
		Governmental	Business-type			School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:	-		•		•	
Local sales tax	\$	207,773	\$	-	\$	-
Communication sales tax		44,716		-		-
State sales tax		-		-		396,572
Categorical aid		12,645		-		4,250
Shared expenses		135,816		-		•
Non-categorical aid		5,046		•		-
Virginia public assistance funds		42,882		-		-
Community services act		200,733		-		-
Water and Sewer Grants		-		200,610		-
Federal Government:						
Virginia public assistance funds		77,807		-		-
School grants		-		-		372,111
Categorical aid		3,444	-		i	
Totals	\$.	730,862	\$.	200,610	\$	772,933

## Note 6-Interfund Transfers and Balances:

Interfund transfers and remaining balances for the year ended June 30, 2011, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In		Tra	nsfers Out
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$	105,634	\$	842,894
Water and Sewer Fund		697,110		-
County Capital Improvements Fund		145,784		105,634
Total	\$	948,528	\$	948,528
	D	ue From		Due To
General Fund	\$	4	\$	1,057,898
Water and Sewer Fund		1,057,898		-
Total	\$	1,057,898	\$	1,057,898

#### Note 6-Interfund Transfers and Balances: (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization. The General Fund advanced the Water Fund \$1,057,898 for the construction of capital assets with no repayment terms.

#### Note 7-Long-Term Debt:

## <u>Primary Government – Governmental Activity Indebtedness:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2010	uly 1, 2010 Issuances		June 30, 2011
General Obligation				
Bonds	\$ 9,924,234	\$ -	\$ (1,043,613)	\$ 8,880,621
Revenue Bonds	2,674,083	71,142	(76,457)	2,668,768
Bond Anticipation Note	13,500,000	-	(13,500,000)	-
Lease Revenue Bonds	2,975,000	13,542,000	(135,000)	16,382,000
Landfill postclosure liability	44,455	533	•	44,988
OPEB Obligation	51,718	48,480	(35,417)	64,781
Compensated absences	530,821	440,137	(398,116)	572,842
Total	\$ 29,700,311	\$ 14,102,292	\$ (15,188,603)	\$ 28,614,000

### Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (continued)

<u>Primary Government – Governmental Activity Indebtedness</u>: (continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenu	e Bonds	General Obli	gation Bonds	Lease Reve	nue Bonds
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2012	\$ 69,963	\$ 115,797	\$ 1,065,595	\$ 454,240	\$ 642,000	\$ 552,165
2013	73,204	112,556	1,088,448	400,736	698,000	496,684
2014	76,595	109,165	1,112,836	346,055	721,000	473,648
2015	80,143	105,617	1,133,845	288,926	744,000	449,807
2016	83,857	101,903	957,771	230,725	11,628,000	425,162
2017-2021	481,314	447,486	3,522,126	432,377	1,121,000	354,987
2022-2026	455,761	330,832	-	-	828,000	77,619
2027-2031	301,982	255,838	-	-	-	•
2032-2036	373,341	184,479	-	•	-	-
2037-2041	389,517	99,787	-	-	-	-
2042-2045	283,091	22,996	-	-		-
Totals	\$2,668,768	\$ 1,886,456	\$ 8,880,621	\$ 2,153,059	\$ 16,382,000	\$ 2,830,072

## COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2011

Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness: (continued)

General Obligation (GO) Bonds:	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date <u>Issued</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>		Amount of Original Issue	G	Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>		Amount Due Within One Year
General Obligation (GO) Borids.  General Obligation 2000A VPSA Bond	5.10-5.60%	5/18/2000	7/15/2020	\$	1,270,000	\$	735,000	\$	65,000
General Obligation 2000B VPSA Bond	5.10-5.27%	11/25/2000	7/15/2020	Ψ	11,508,990	Ψ	5,676,064	Ψ	587,224
General Obligation 1995A VPSA Bond	5.10-5.60%	12/21/1995	7/15/2016		3,065,925		753,694		180,156
General Obligation 1998A VPSA Bond	4.35-5.10%	11/19/1998	7/15/2018		3,684,045		1,388,327		188,697
General Obligation 1998B VPSA Bond	4.35-5.10%	11/19/1998	7/15/2018		869,126		327,536		44,518
Total GO Bonds	1.00 0.1070	1111011000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		•••,5	\$	8,880,621	\$	1,065,595
Lease Revenue Bonds:									
Lease Revenue Bond	4.73%	11/20/2008	1/15/2024	\$	3,110,000	\$	2,840,000	\$	162,000
Lease Revenue Bond	2.83%	12/13/2010	1/15/2016		13,542,000		13,542,000		480,000
Total Lease Revenue Bonds						\$	16,382,000	\$	642,000
Revenue Bonds:									
Revenue Bond	4.75%	1/26/1999	1/26/2039	\$	613,000	\$	407,578	\$	23,148
Revenue Bond	4.75%	1/26/1999	1/26/2039		469,700		311,610		17,506
Revenue Bond	4.25%	4/18/2005	4/18/2045		1,569,000		1,492,868		20,395
Revenue Bond	4.25%	4/18/2005	10/1/2025		434,669		456,712		8,914
Total Revenue Bonds						\$	2,668,768	\$	69,963
Other Obligations:									
Landfill Postclosure Monitoring Liability						\$	44,988	\$	•
OPEB Obligation							64,781		•
Compensated Absences							572,842		429,632
Total Other Obligations						\$	682,611	\$	429,632
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	28,614,000	\$	2,207,190

## Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (continued)

#### Primary Government – Enterprise Activity Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Enterprise Fund for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Balance July 1, 2010	Issuances	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2011
RD Revenue Bonds VRA Revenue Bond OPEB obligation Compensated absences	\$ 5,403,992 23,672 1,892 34,332	\$ - 114,771 2,714 25,400	\$ (76,214) - (1,983) (25,749)	\$ 5,327,778 138,443 2,623 33,983
Total	\$ 5,463,888	\$ 142,885	\$ (103,946)	\$ 5,502,827

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds				
June 30,	Principal	Interest			
2012	\$ 68,805	\$ 229,203			
2013	71,834	226,174			
2014	74,996	223,012			
2015	78,298	219,710			
2016	81,746	216,262			
2017-2021	465,998	1,024,043			
2022-2026	578,057	911,983			
2027-2031	717,095	772,945			
2032-2036	889,616	600,424			
2037-2041	1,023,485	389,662			
2042-2046	954,648	179,352			
2047-2048	323,200	12,651			
		-			
Totals	\$ 5,327,778	\$ 5,005,421			

## Note 7-Long-Term Debt: (continued)

<u>Primary Government – Enterprise Activity Indebtedness</u>: (continued)

## Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Date Issued	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	j	Amount of Original <u>Issue</u>		Original		Balance overnmental <u>Activities</u>	Amount Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds:										
Revenue Bond	4.50%	8/19/1999	8/19/2039	\$	448,700	\$	384,776	\$ 7,395		
Revenue Bond	4.50%	9/20/2002	9/20/2042		844,000		756,858	12,374		
Revenue Bond	4.38%	3/27/2008	3/27/2048		690,000		676,688	7,896		
Revenue Bond	4.38%	3/27/2008	3/27/2048		596,000		584,502	6,820		
Revenue Bond	4.13%	5/7/2008	5/7/2048		1,314,500		1,289,923	15,350		
Revenue Bond	4.25%	5/7/2008	5/7/2048		1,666,000		1,635,031	18,970		
Total Revenue Bonds						\$	5,327,778	\$ 68,805		
Other Obligations:										
Department of Health Grant-VRA Loan	0.00%	2/25/2010	(1)	\$	347,742	\$	138,443	\$ •		
OPEB Obligation							2,623	-		
Compensated Absences							33,983	25,487		
Total Other Obligations						\$	175,049	\$ 25,487		
Total Long-Term Obligations						\$	5,502,827	\$ 94,292		

<sup>(1)</sup> This interest-free loan is a Virginia Resources Authority loan that will mature thirty years after project completion. The County is in the draw-down phase.

## Note 8-Long-Term Debt-Component Units:

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	E	Balance Balance ly 1, 2010	Issuances	Retirements	3alance ne 30, 2011
OPEB Obligation Compensated absences	\$	251,930 451,699	\$ 617,483 373,470	\$ (603,300) (338,774)	\$ 266,113 486,395
Total	\$	703,629	\$ 990,953	\$ (942,074)	\$ 752,508

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2011

# Note 8-Long-Term Debt-Component Units: (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board Indebtedness: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

		Total Amount		nount Due in One Year
Other Obligations:	,			
OPEB Obligation	\$	266,113	\$	-
Compensated absences		486,395	•	364,796
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	752,508	\$	364,796

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Industrial Development Authority indebtedness:

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Component-Unit Industrial Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2011:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2010	Issuances	Retirements	June 30, 2011
	Name and the control of the control		,	
Revenue Bonds	\$ 6,145,000	\$ 3,853,000	\$ (3,392,474)	\$ 6,605,526

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and the related interest are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds					
June 30,	Principal	Interest				
2012	\$ 122,000	\$ 269,362				
2013	238,989	324,657				
2014	250,701	312,585				
2015	262,618	299,888				
2016	740,750	286,525				
2017-2021	1,385,916	1,151,966				
2022-2026	1,807,288	722,285				
2027-2031	1,797,264	191,221				
Totals	\$ 6,605,526	\$ 3,558,489				

Note 8-Long-Term Debt-Component Units: (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority indebtedness: (continued)

#### Details of long-term indebtedness:

	Interest	Date	Final	Amount of	Balance Business-	Amount Due with-
	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Issued</u>	Maturity Date	Original Issue	type Activities	<u>in One Year</u>
Notes Payable:						
Notes Payable	2.80%	12/13/2010	1/15/2016	\$ 653,000	\$ 653,000	\$ 34,000
Notes Payable	4.27%	8/12/2010	7/15/2031	1,393,644	1,348,580	-
Notes Payable	4.27%	8/12/2010	7/15/2031	1,806,356	1,747,946	-
Notes Payable	6.52%	12/12/2008	1/15/2029	3,000,000	2,856,000	88,000
Total Long-Term Obligations					\$ 6,605,526	\$ 122,000

#### Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans:

#### A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

- Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least 10 years of service credit or age 50 with at least five years of service credit.
- Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.
- Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

#### Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

#### A. Plan Description: (continued)

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70 %. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf</a> or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

#### B. Funding Policy

#### Primary Government:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2011 was 9.78% (excluding member contribution) of annual covered payroll.

## <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit – School Board (Non-Professional Employees)</u>:

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2011 was 12.55% (excluding member contribution) of the annual covered payroll.

#### Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2011, the County of Giles, Virginia's annual pension cost of \$571,396 and \$184,435 was equal to the County of Giles, Virginia's required and actual contributions for the County and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

Three-	Year Trend Int	formation			
	Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension Obligation	
	Ending	Cost (APC) <sup>1</sup>	Contributed		
Primary Government:					
County	6/30/2009	\$ 425,208	100.00%	\$ -	
	6/30/2010	420,575	100.00%	-	
	6/30/2011	571,396	100.00%	-	
Discretely Presented-Component Unit:					
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2009	\$ 197,612	100.00%	\$ -	
	6/30/2010	196,089	100.00%	-	
	6/30/2011	184,435	100.00%	-	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Employer and employee portions

#### Primary Government:

The FY 2011 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both The investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

## Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

The FY 2011 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.73% per year, and (c) 2.50% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress:

#### Primary Government:

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 80.78% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$19,130,364, and the actuarial value of assets was \$15,453,565, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$3,676,799. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,968,686, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 92.65%.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Instructional):

As of June 30, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 64.91% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$5,801,973, and the actuarial value of assets was \$3,765,865, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,036,108. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,219,349, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 166.98%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

#### Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

## E. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board</u>

#### PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES:

#### Plan Description

The Giles County School Board contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System. VRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2010-annual-report.pdf or obtained by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P. O. Box 2500, Richmond, Virginia 23218-2500.

#### **Funding Policy**

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the statute and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution to the statewide cost sharing pool for professional employees was \$982,990, \$1,322,115, and \$1,617,526 for the fiscal years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively. Employer contributions represented 3.93%, 8.93% for July 2009 through March 2010 and zero (0.00%) for April through June 2010, and 8.81% of covered payroll for the fiscal years ended 2011, 2010, and 2009, respectively.

#### Note 10-Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$3,357,546 is comprised of the following:

<u>Deferred Property Tax Revenue</u> – Deferred revenue representing uncollected tax billings not available for funding of current expenditures totaled \$3,122,458 at June 30, 2011.

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> – Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2011, but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$235,088 at June 30, 2011.

## Note 11-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Primary Government:

, initially discontinuous.	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 530,530	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 530,530
Construction in progress	11,780,947	2,251,090	(503,121)	13,528,916
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 12,311,477	\$ 2,251,090	\$ (503,121)	\$ 14,059,446
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 24,504,919	\$ 529,233	\$ -	\$ 25,034,152
Machinery and equipment	2,555,973	197,658	(62,753)	2,690,878
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 27,060,892	\$ 726,891	\$ (62,753)	\$ 27,725,030
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ (10,999,257)	\$ (1,224,644)	\$ -	\$ (12,223,901)
Machinery and equipment	(1,843,741)	(216,835)	62,753	(1,997,823)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$(12,842,998)	\$ (1,441,479)	\$ 62,753	\$(14,221,724)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 14,217,894	\$ (714,588)	\$ -	\$ 13,503,306
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 26,529,371	\$ 1,536,502	\$ (503,121)	\$ 27,562,752

Note 11-Capital Assets: (continued)

Business-type activities:

asiness type activities.								
	I	3eginning	_		_	_		Ending
		Balance	!	ncreases		Decreases		Balance
Business-Type Activities:		_				_		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:  Land	\$	13,000	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,000
Construction in progress	Ψ	838,212	Ψ	381,365	Ψ	(1,042,290)	Ψ	177,287
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	851,212	\$	381,365	\$	(1,042,290)	\$	190,287
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Utility plant and infrastructure	\$	12,853,102	\$	1,042,290	\$	-	\$	13,895,392
Machinery and equipment		367,168		29,356		<del></del>		396,524
Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$	13,220,270	\$	1,071,646	\$	-	\$	14,291,916
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Utility plant and infrastructure	\$	(2,088,811)	\$	(437,188)	\$	•	\$	(2,525,999)
Machinery and equipment		(190,730)		(47,815)				(238,545)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(2,279,541)	\$	(485,003)	\$	•	\$	(2,764,544)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$	10,940,729	\$	586,643	\$	-	\$	11,527,372
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	11,791,941	\$	968,008	\$	(1,042,290)	\$	11,717,659

# Note 11-Capital Assets: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 60,337
Judicial administration	33,965
Public safety	147,270
Public works	500
Health and welfare	6,425
Education	1,064,104
Parks, recreation, and cultural	44,575
Community development	 84,303
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,441,479
Business-type activities:	
Water department	\$ 485,003

Note 11-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 473,652	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 473,652
Construction in progress	73,051	677,512		750,563
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 546,703	\$ 677,512	\$ -	\$ 1,224,215
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	\$ 10,028,689	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,028,689
Machinery and equipment	4,060,370	69,094		4,129,464
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 14,089,059	\$ 69,094	\$ -	\$ 14,158,153
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	\$ (7,106,359)	\$ (371,063)	\$ -	\$ (7,477,422)
Machinery and equipment	(2,216,731)	(306,052)		(2,522,783)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ (9,323,090)	\$ (677,115)	\$ -	\$ (10,000,205)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 4,765,969	\$ (608,021)	\$ -	\$ 4,157,948
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,312,672	\$ 69,491	\$ -	\$ 5,382,163

Depreciation expense of \$677,115 was charged to education in the Statement of Activities.

## Note 11-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the Industrial Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land Construction in progress	\$ 465,023 2,796,540	\$ 153,611 1,429,363	\$ - (728,945)	\$ 618,634 3,496,958
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 3,261,563	\$ 1,582,974	\$ (728,945)	\$ 4,115,592
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings	\$ 5,248,286	\$ 728,945	\$ -	\$ 5,977,231
Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$ (428,720)	\$ (150,482)	\$ -	\$ (579,202)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 4,819,566	\$ 578,463	\$ -	\$ 5,398,029
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,081,129	\$ 2,161,437	\$ (728,945)	\$ 9,513,621

All Depreciation of the Component-Unit Industrial Development Authority was charged to Community Development.

#### Note 12-Assets Held for Resale:

Discretely Presented Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:

The Industrial Development Authority has assets consisting of land and structures specifically held for resale that are not depreciated. At June 30, 2011 the value of these assets was \$1,788,079.

The following is a summary of transactions for these assets for the year ended June 30, 2011.

		Ending		
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Assets held for resale	\$ 1,788,079	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,788,079

#### Note 13-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit – School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its' component unit – School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability, property, and auto insurance with the VACO Risk Management Program. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit – School Board pay contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of the loss, deficit, or depletion of all available funds and/or excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit – School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 14-Contingent Liabilities:

Federal programs in which the County and its component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

#### Note 15-Surety Bonds:

Primary Government:

Fidelity & Denosit Co.	npany of Maryland-Surety:
------------------------	---------------------------

Charles Fraley, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 550,000
Gerald W. Duncan, Treasurer	400,000
Anne Chambers, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
William M. Millirons, Sheriff	30,000

#### Note 16-Landfill Post-closure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. The County landfill has been closed. Total costs for landfill postclosure are estimated to be \$44,988. This amount is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care in 2011. Actual costs for postclosure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill post-closure costs.

#### Note 17 – Construction Commitments:

The School Board entered into a contract with Avis Construction Co. for improvements to the Giles County Technology Center totaling \$5,972,000. At year end, the amount outstanding on this contract totaled \$400,893.

The School Board entered into a contract with Amber Contracting for Eastern Elementary School renovations totaling \$6,359,612. At year end, the amount outstanding on this contract totaled \$523,911.

#### Note 18-Other Post-Employment Benefits

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of post-employment health care benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45 during the year ended June 30, 2009, the County recognizes the cost of post-employment health care in the year when the employee services are rendered, reports the accumulating liability, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

#### A. Plan Description

The County of Giles and Giles County's Component Unit – School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees and their dependents in the health insurance programs available to County and School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health insurance offered by the County and School Board. Any County eligible retiree and spouse may receive this benefit until he/she has reaches the earlier of sixty five years of age or death. Coverage for the spouse ends at the earliest of the retiree's death, the retiree's attainment of age 65, the spouse's death, and the spouse's attainment of age 65. The School Boards coverage ends at the earlier of attainment of age 65 and death unless the participant enrolls in the Medicare supplement plan. If a participant enrolls in the Medicare supplement plan, coverage may continue for life. A spouse may continue coverage after the death of the retiree at their own cost.

For the County, to be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained age 55 and 5 years of service, or disabled with no age or service requirements. For the School Board, to be eligible for this benefit a retiree must meet at least one of the following criteria for those hired before July 1, 2010: attained age 50 and 10 years of service, attained age 65 and 5 years of service, if hired after July 1, 2010 age plus service is at least 90 or age 60 with at least 5 years of service, or disabled with no age or service. The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the Board of Supervisors and the School Board and can be amended through the Board of Supervisors and the School Board action respectively. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2011

#### Note 18-Other Post-Employment Benefits: (continued)

## B. Funding Policy

The County and School Board currently pay for the post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County and School Board currently have 81 and 351 employees that are eligible, respectively, for the program. In addition, the County pays up to \$480.00 per month for retirees with at least 30 years of service with the County and up to \$240.00 per month for retirees with at least 20 years of service with the County. The County does not make contributions to the medical premium for retirees with less than 20 years of service. Retirees must pay the difference between the premium and the employer contribution. Any additional premium to cover a spouse and dependents is paid by the retiree. In addition, the School Board pays for retirees under age 65 who have at least 30 years of service with the System, the System contributes a monthly amount equal to the Retiree Only premium of the Key Advantage 500 plan (\$480.00 as of 7/1/2010). Once the retiree reaches age 65, all employer contributions stop. Retirees under age 65 who have less than 30 years of service with the System receive no contribution from the System. Retirees with under 30 years of service may enter a 30 Day Employment program. The System makes contributions for participants in the 30 Day Employment Program as though they had 30 years of service. All retirees are responsible for providing the difference between the premium and the amount contributed by the System.

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the County. The rates are as follows:

Medical & Dental	Αı	Anthem 500		them 1000	Anthem 2000		
Employee Only	\$	618.13	\$	562.68	\$	511.60	
Employee & Spouse		1,382.89		1,258.68		1,144.25	
Employee & Child		843.66		768.11		698.33	
Employee & Dependents		1,255.22		1,142.50		1,038.34	
Family		1,904.04		1,732.97		1,575.38	

Health benefits include Medical, Dental, and Vision coverage for retirees and eligible spouses/dependents. Retirees are eligible to choose one of the following medical options through the School Board. The rates are as follows:

	Key	Advantage	Κe	ey Advantage
Medical & Dental		500		Expanded
Employee Only	\$	480.00	\$	558.00
Employee & Spouse		888.00		1,032.00
Employee & Dependents		888.00		1,032.00
Family		1,296.00		1,507.00

<sup>\*</sup>The Medicare supplement plan premium is \$127.00

## Note 18-Other Post-Employment Benefits: (continued)

#### B. Funding Policy: (continued)

The County and School Board are required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed twenty nine years. The following table shows the components of the County and County School Board's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County and County School Board's net OPEB obligation:

			С	omponent Unit			
	General		W	ater and Sewer	Total		School Board
Annual required contribution	\$	48,201	\$	2,699	\$ 50,900	\$	616,100
Interest on net OPEB obligation		2,031		113	2,144		10,077
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(1,752)		(98)	(1,850)		(8,694)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		48,480		2,714	 51,194		617,483
Actual contributions		(35,417)		(1,983)	 (37,400)		(603,300)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		13,063		731	13,794		14,183
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		51,718		1,892	53,610		251,930
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	64,781	\$	2,623	\$ 67,404	\$	266,113

The County and County School Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

			Percentage of	
	Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Entity	Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation
County	6/30/2011	51,194	73%	67,404
County	6/30/2010	53,410	37%	53,610
County	6/30/2009	51,000	39%	20,000
School Board	6/30/2011	617,483	98%	266,113
School Board	6/30/2010	401,130	125%	251,930
School Board	6/30/2009	604,300	42%	351,600

## Note 18-Other Post-Employment Benefits: (continued)

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan for the County as of June 30, 2011, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 535,900
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 535,900
Funded ration (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 3,615,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	14.82%

The funded status of the Plan for the School Board as of June 30, 2011, is as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 6,643,300
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 6,643,300
Funded ration (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 11,886,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	55.89%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, morality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will present multiyear trend information, as it becomes available, about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### Note 18-Other Post-Employment Benefits: (continued)

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

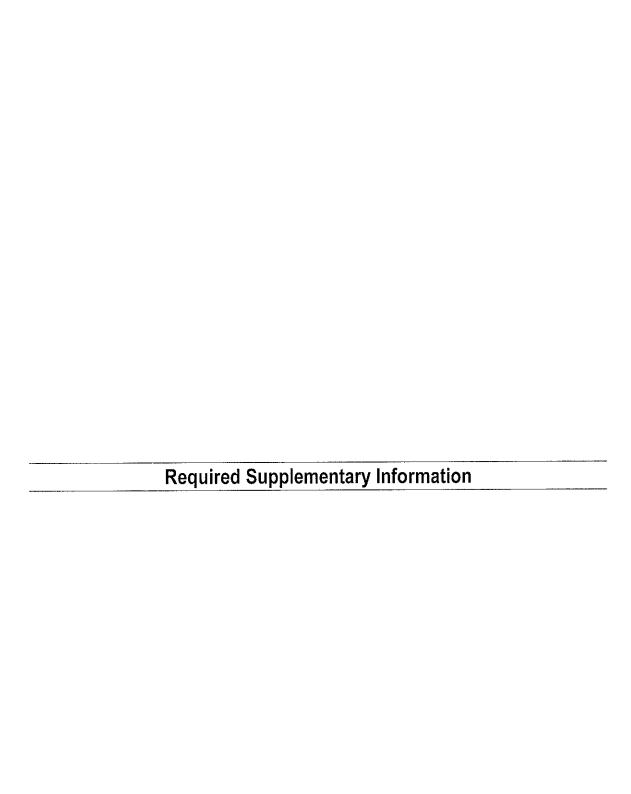
In the January 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility the actuarial assumptions included: inflations at 2.5 percent, plus productivity component of 1.25 percent, and investments rate of return at 4.00 percent, and a health care trend rate of 6.40 percent graded to 4.70 percent over 80 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining amortization period, which at June 30, 2011 was 27 years.

#### Note 19-Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)-VRS Health Insurance Credit:

The School Board participates in the Health Insurance Credit Program, a plan designed to assist retirees with the cost of health insurance coverage. This program is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). The Virginia General Assembly establishes the dollar amount of the health insurance credit for each year of creditable service.

A teacher, who retires under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service under the System and is enrolled in a health insurance plan, is eligible to receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 per year of creditable service. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for the retiree. Disabled retirees automatically receive a monthly health insurance credit of \$4 multiplied by the smaller of (i) twice the amount of their creditable service or (ii) the amount of creditable service they would have completed at age 60 if they had remained in service to that age.

The School Board is required to contribute, at an actuarially determined rate, the entire amount necessary to fund participation in the program. The current rate is .60% of annual covered payroll. The School Board's contributions to VRS for the year ended June 30, 2011 was \$66,046 and equaled the required contributions.



# County of Giles, Virginia General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

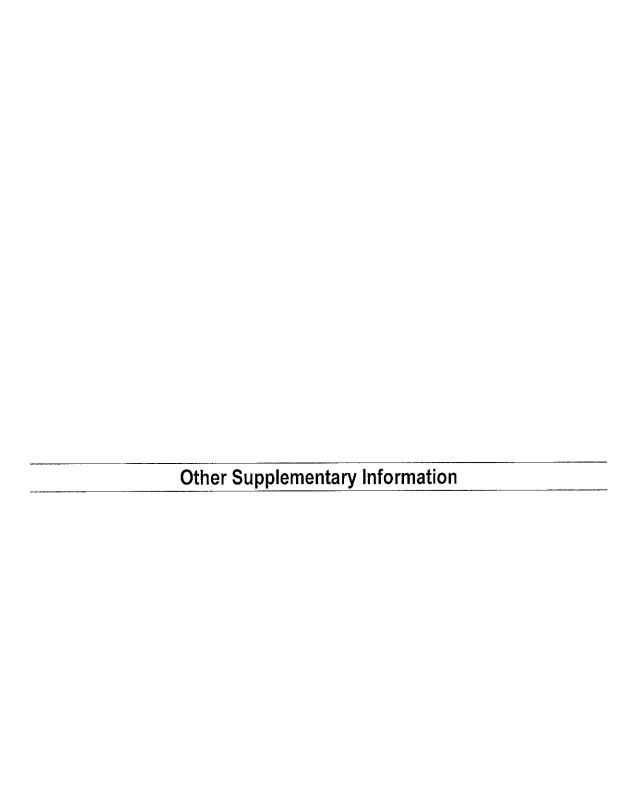
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual		/ariance with inal Budget - Positive
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES								
General property taxes	\$	10,957,803	\$	10,957,803	\$	11,807,023	\$	849,220
Other local taxes		1,535,124		1,567,333		1,749,017		181,684
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		36,700		36,700		26,963		(9,737)
Fines and forfeitures		19,600		19,600		26,837		7,237
Revenue from the use of money and property		314,695		318,090		263,178		(54,912)
Charges for services		630,366		851,716		655,705		(196,011)
Miscellaneous		73,852		79,840		462,209		382,369
Recovered costs		604,836		924,030		929,345		5,315
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		4,543,587		4,902,447		4,787,657		(114,790)
Federal		1,165,515		1,215,515		1,155,249		(60,266)
Total revenues	\$	19,882,078	\$	20,873,074	\$	21,863,183	\$	990,109
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety Public works Health and welfare Education Parks, recreation, and cultural Community development Nondepartmental Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges Total expenditures	\$	1,313,528 711,220 4,101,922 397,602 3,319,814 5,258,548 586,751 252,522 279,339 1,083,289 527,611 17,832,146	\$	1,430,398 739,601 4,261,750 456,182 3,535,500 5,258,548 759,054 263,568 696,726 1,083,289 527,611 19,012,227	\$	1,355,584 726,488 4,153,458 420,421 3,517,234 5,064,371 744,911 261,504 696,032 1,043,613 508,287 18,491,903	\$	74,814 13,113 108,292 35,761 18,266 194,177 14,143 2,064 694 39,676 19,324 520,324
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	2,049,932	\$	1,860,847	\$	3,371,280	\$	1,510,433
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	145,416	\$	106,550	\$	105,634	\$	(916)
Transfers out	Ψ	(2,381,212)	Ψ	(2,153,261)		(842,894)	Ψ	1,310,367
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning Fund balances - ending	\$	(185,864) 185,864	\$	(185,864) 185,864	\$	2,634,020 2,751,466 5,385,486	\$	2,819,884 2,565,602 5,385,486
i una palances - enuing	Φ	-	Ψ		Ψ	J,000,400	φ	0,000,400

# County of Giles, Virginia Required Supplementary Information

#### Schedules of OPEB and Pension Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Valuation as of		Actuarial Value of Assets	Lia	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)	A/	nfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3)		Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covere Payroll (4)/(6
(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)
6/30/2010 6/30/2009 6/30/2008	\$	15,453,565 15,618,012 15,668,869	\$	19,130,364 17,365,436 16,167,885	\$	3,676,799 1,747,424 499,016	80.78% 89.94% 96.91%	\$	3,968,686 3,933,172 3,998,422	92.65% 44.43% 12.48%
cretely Present	ed Comp	oonent Unit: Schoo	Board	l Non-Profession	nal Retir	ement Plan				
Valuation as of (1)		Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	<u>Li</u> i	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	A.	nfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)		Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covere Payroli (4)/(6 (7)
6/30/2010 6/30/2009 6/30/2008	\$	3,765,865 3,864,977 3,974,174	\$	5,801,973 5,321,145 5,067,106	\$	2,036,108 1,456,168 1,092,932	64.91% 72.63% 78.43%	\$	1,219,349 1,218,448 1,245,199	166.98% 119.51% 87.77%
mary Governme	ent: Oth	er Post Employmer	nt Bene	efit (1)						
Valuation as of (1)	<del></del>	Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	<u>Li</u>	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	AA	Infunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)		Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covere Payroll (4)/( (7)
1/1/2011 1/1/2009	\$	-	\$	535,900 568,800	\$	535,900 568,800	0.00% 0.00%	\$	3,615,000 4,241,600	14.82% 13.41%
17172005					f	nt Danost (4)				
	ted Com	ponent Unit: Schoo	l Board	d Other Post Em	ірюуте	nt Benent (1)				
cretely Present Valuation as of	ted Com	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL)		Infunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3)	4144	Annual Covered Payroll	% of Cover Payroll (4)/(
cretely Present	ted Com	Actuarial Value of		Actuarial Accrued		Infunded AL (UAAL)	Assets as %		Covered	UAAL as a % of Covere Payroli (4)/( (7)

<sup>(1)</sup> Information has only been available for 2 year.



## County of Giles, Virginia Capital Projects Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

				Capital Impre	ove	nents Fund		
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget -
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	•	\$	3,491	\$	3,491
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Commonwealth		2,974,831		2,974,831		-		(2,974,831)
Federal		600,000		969,622		367,951		(601,671)
Total revenues		3,574,831	\$	3,944,453	\$	371,442	\$	(3,573,011)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	•	CE 000	•	00.500	•	20.500		
General government administration Public safety	\$	55,000	\$	83,526 270	\$	80,526	\$	3,000
Community development		2,531,894		2,311,175		10		260
Capital projects		1,974,831		5,425,052		1,380 2,278,352		2,309,795
Debt service:		1,974,001		3,423,032		2,210,332		3,146,700
Principal retirement		460,383		460,383		13,711,457		(13,251,074)
Interest and other fiscal charges		252,102		556,380		407,415		148,965
Bond issuance costs				-		43,500		(43,500)
Total expenditures	\$	5,274,210	\$	8,836,786	\$	16,522,640	\$	(7,685,854)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	(1,699,379)	\$	(4,892,333)	\$	(16,151,198)	\$	(11,258,865)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,699,379		1,429,696	\$	145,784	\$	(1,283,912)
Transfers out		-,000,0.0			Ψ	(105,634)	Ψ	(105,634)
Issuance of revenue bond		•		-		71,142		71,142
Issuance of lease revenue bond		_		_		13,542,000		13,542,000
Total other financing sources and uses	\$	1,699,379	\$	1,429,696	\$	13,653,292	\$	12,223,596
Net change in fund balances	\$		\$	(3,462,637)	æ	(2,497,906)	\$	በር ለ ፓጋ4
Fund balances - beginning	Ψ	_	φ	3,462,637	Ψ	4,720,600	Φ	964,731 1,257,963
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	0,702,007	\$	2,222,694	\$	2,222,694
	<u> </u>		Ψ		Ψ	2,222,007	Ψ	£, £££, U ∪ <del>1</del>

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

# County of Giles, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2011

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash in custody of others	\$	2,547,571
Receivables (net of allowance		220,785
for uncollectibles):		
Accounts receivable		150,213
Due from other governmental units		772,933
Inventories		60,330
Prepaid items		834,846
Total assets	\$	4,586,678
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Contracts payable Total liabilities	\$	84,763 2,071,264 2,156,027
Fund balances: Committed Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ \$ \$	2,430,651 2,430,651 4,586,678
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because	e:	
Total fund balances per above	\$	2,430,651
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		5,382,163
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		(752,508)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	7,060,306

# County of Giles, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		School
		Operating
		Fund
REVENUES		
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	670
Charges for services		514,820
Miscellaneous		193,165
Recovered costs		218,215
Intergovernmental revenues:		
Local government		5,055,703
Commonwealth		13,646,751
Federal		3,137,884
Total revenues	\$	22,767,208
EVDENDITUDEO		
EXPENDITURES Current:		
Education	¢	21,965,893
Total expenditures	<del>\$</del>	21,965,893
Total oxponutation	Ψ	21,000,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)		
expenditures	\$	801,315
	***************************************	
Net change in fund balances	\$	801,315
Fund balances - beginning		1,629,336
Fund balances - ending	\$	2,430,651
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because	ν,	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because	<i>;</i> .	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	\$	801,315
		·
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of		
activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported		
as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded		
depreciation in the current period.		69,491
The becomes of lower board white a trivial allowers by a first and		
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes		
the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has		
any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs,		
premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect		
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		/1// 102\
of these differences in the freatment of long-term debt and related items.		(14,183)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(34,696)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	821,927

# County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

				School Op	erat	ing Fund		
	-	Budgeted Original	l Am	-	•	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	150	\$	150	\$	670	\$	520
Charges for services		574,650		574,650		514,820		(59,830)
Miscellaneous		758,365		758,365		193,165		(565,200)
Recovered costs		669,520		707,577		218,215		(489,362)
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Local government		5,249,880		5,249,880		5,055,703		(194,177)
Commonwealth		14,612,356		14,612,356		13,646,751		(965,605)
Federal		1,781,040		2,434,219		3,137,884		703,665
Total revenues	\$	23,645,961	\$	24,337,197	\$	22,767,208	\$	(1,569,989)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	23,645,961	\$	24,337,197	\$	21,965,893	\$	2,371,304
Total expenditures	\$	23,645,961	\$	24,337,197	\$	21,965,893	\$	2,371,304
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	-	\$	_	\$	801,315	\$	801,315
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	_	\$	801,315	\$	801,315
	Ф	•	φ	20 057	φ	·	φ	
Fund balances - beginning	Ф.	*	Φ.	38,057		1,629,336	ф	1,591,279
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	38,057	\$	2,430,651	\$	2,392,594



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes	\$	5,609,376	\$	5,609,376	\$ 5,688,229	\$	78,853
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		872,767		872,767	1,019,667		146,900
Personal property taxes  Mobile home taxes		1,332,342		1,332,342	1,627,239		294,897
Machinery and tools taxes		51,922		51,922 2,827,094	45,870		(6,052)
Merchant's capital		2,827,094 174,302		174,302	3,078,313 160,566		251,219 (13,736)
Common carrier		174,002		174,002	7,499		7,499
Penalties		90,000		90,000	99,084		9,084
Interest		20,000		-	80,556		80,556
Total general property taxes	\$	10,957,803	\$	10,957,803	\$ 11,807,023	\$	849,220
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes	\$	950,000	\$	950,000	\$ 1,130,274	\$	180,274
Consumers' utility taxes		237,307		237,307	240,381		3,074
Consumption taxes		48,500		48,500	52,314		3,814
Gross receipts tax		16,500		16,500	10,759		(5,741)
Motor vehicle licenses		140,000		140,000	172,068		32,068
Local tax on deeds		67,817		67,817	60,175		(7,642)
Hotel and motel room taxes	_	75,000	_	107,209	 83,046		(24,163)
Total other local taxes	\$	1,535,124	\$	1,567,333	\$ 1,749,017	\$	181,684
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:							
Animal licenses	\$	8,100	\$	8,100	\$ 6,296	\$	(1,804)
Land use application fees		700		700	879		179
Transfer fees		-		-	541		541
Variance and rezoning fees		4,100		4,100	3,600		(500)
Building permits		23,800		23,800	 15,647	_	(8,153)
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		36,700	\$	36,700	\$ 26,963	\$	(9,737)
Fines and forfeitures:							
Court fines and forfeitures		19,600	\$	19,600	\$ 26,837	\$	7,237
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from use of money	\$	256,000	\$	256,000	\$ 190,450	\$	(65,550)
Revenue from use of property	_	58,695		62,090	 72,728		10,638
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	314,695	\$	318,090	\$ 263,178	\$	(54,912)
Charges for services:							
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control	\$	13,306	\$	15,485	\$ 12,768	\$	(2,717)
Charges for courthouse maintenance		11,340		11,340	26,801		15,461
Charges for US forest patrols		8,500		8,500	7,850		(650)
Charges for processing arrest fee		1,536		1,536	1,348		(188)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		894		894	1,403		509
Charges for nonconsecutive jail and blood test/dna fees		281		281	405		124
Charges for law library Charges for copies		3,153 3,800		3,153 3,800	2,051 3,435		(1,102)
Charges for courtroom security fee		41,773		64,730	47,370		(365) (17,360)
Charges for PSA billings		43,083		58,968	62,002		3,034
Charges for parks and recreation		325,000		472,773	302,820		(169,953)
Charges for wellness center fees		173,000		197,531	180,033		(17,498)
Other charges for services		4,700		12,725	7,419		(5,306)
Total charges for services	\$	630,366	\$	851,716	\$ 655,705	\$	(196,011)
Miscellaneous revenue:							
Miscellaneous	\$	73,852	\$	79,840	\$ 462,209	\$	382,369
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			 		

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)							
Recovered costs:							
School resource officer	\$	227,750 \$	•	\$	219,650	\$	(9,320)
Health insurance recoveries		99,384	99,384		132,033		32,649
Health department and Social Services		14,000	14,000		75,545		61,545
DMV license agent reimbursement		28,000	28,000		27,334		(666)
PSA recovered costs		57,852	57,852		43,579		(14,273)
Bicentennial Celebration					162		162
Other recovered costs	_	177,850	495,824		431,042	_	(64,782)
Total recovered costs		604,836 \$	924,030	\$	929,345	\$	5,315
Total revenue from local sources	\$	14,172,976 \$	14,755,112	\$	15,920,277	\$	1,165,165
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Noncategorical aid:							
Motor vehicle carriers' tax	\$	105,000 \$		\$	117,031	\$	12,031
Mobile home titling tax		34,000	34,000		6,333		(27,667)
Animal friendly plates		245	245		259		14
Motor vehicle rental tax		-	•		1,672		1,672
State recordation tax		37,362	37,362		33,233		(4,129)
Communications sales taxes		250,306	250,306		263,603		13,297
Personal property tax relief funds		1,227,860	1,227,860		1,227,860		<u> </u>
Total noncategorical aid		1,654,773 \$	1,654,773	\$_	1,649,991	\$	(4,782)
Categorical aid:							
Shared expenses:							
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	225,030 \$	231,530	\$	241,822	\$	10,292
Sheriff		886,869	886,869		816,519		(70,350)
Commissioner of revenue		113,524	113,524		115,774		2,250
Treasurer		94,612	94,612		95,789		1,177
Registrar/electoral board		35,770	35,770		37,794		2,024
Clerk of circuit court		209,579	221,015		226,541		5,526
Total shared expenses	\$	1,565,384 \$	1,583,320	\$	1,534,239	\$	(49,081)
Other categorical aid:							
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	598,818 \$	598,818	\$	630,925	\$	32,107
State and Local Foster Care	*	-		•	4,115	*	4,115
Comprehensive Services Act program		644,431	867,753		851,949		(15,804)
Litter control grant		-	8,925		8,925		-
Hazmat revenue		30,000	39,847		7,154		(32,693)
Juvenile justice		12,068	17,253		9,185		(8,068)
Two-for-Life		•	16,923		16,923		•
Asset Forfeiture					7,552		7,552
Fire programs			52,462		28,491		(23,971)
Records Preservation			7,260				(7,260)
911 wireless grant		38,113	55,113		38,208		(16,905)
Total other categorical aid	\$	1,323,430 \$		\$	1,603,427	\$	(60,927)
rotal outogonous aid		.,0=0,100 4	.,50,,007	<u> </u>	-10001.51	<del>.</del>	120,000)
Total categorical aid	_\$_	2,888,814 \$	3,247,674	\$	3,137,666	\$	(110,008)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_\$_	4,543,587	4,902,447	\$	4,787,657	\$	(114,790)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)							
Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government:							
Non-categorical aid:							
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$	39,135	\$	39,135
· • <b>,</b> · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del> .				,	· · · · ·	
Categorical aid:							
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	995,633 \$	995,633	\$	1,022,978	\$	27,345
Public assistance and welfare administration - ARRA			-		26,037		26,037
State and community highway safety grants		10,000	10,000		16,939		6,939
Community facility block grant		•	50,000		50,000		-
Justice assistance grants - ARRA		-	-		160		160
Forest reserve		159,882	159,882		<u> </u>		(159,882)
Total categorical aid	\$	1,165,515 \$	1,215,515	\$	1,116,114	\$	(99,401)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,165,515 \$	1,215,515	\$	1,155,249	\$	(60,266)
Total General Fund	\$	19,882,078 \$	20,873,074	\$	21,863,183	\$	990,109
Capital Projects Fund:							
County Capital Improvements Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:							
Revenue from the use of money	\$	- \$	•	\$	3,491	\$	3,491
Total revenue from local sources	\$	- \$	-	\$	3,491	\$	3,491
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Courthouse renovations	\$	94,831 \$	94,831	\$	•	\$	(94,831)
Economic development grants		2,600,000	2,600,000		•		(2,600,000)
New River walking trail		280,000	280,000				(280,000)
Total categorical aid	\$	2,974,831 \$	2,974,831	\$	-	\$	(2,974,831)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_\$_	2,974,831 \$	2,974,831	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	(2,974,831)
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:							
TEA-21 grant	\$	600,000 \$	969,622	\$	367,951	\$	(601,671)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	600,000 \$	969,622	\$	367,951	\$	(601,671)
Total County Capital Improvements Fund	_\$_	3,574,831 \$	3,944,453	\$	371,442	\$	(3,573,011)
Total Primary Government	\$	23,456,909 \$	24,817,527	\$	22,234,625	\$	(2,582,902)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:							
Special Revenue Funds:							
School Operating Fund:							
Revenue from local sources:							
Revenue from use of money and property:	*	_					
Revenue from the use of money	\$	- \$		\$	670	\$	670
Revenue from the use of property		150	150	•			(150)
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	150 \$	150	\$	670	\$	520

Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)								
Charges for services:								
Charges for education	\$	67,500	\$	67,500	\$	9,524	\$	(57,976)
Cafeteria sales		500,000		500,000		493,016		(6,984)
Transportation of pupils		650		650		-		(650)
Other charges for services	\$	6,500		6,500	Φ.	12,280	Φ.	5,780
Total charges for services	<u> </u>	574,650	\$	574,650	\$	514,820	Ф	(59,830)
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Miscellaneous	_\$_	758,365	\$	758,365	\$	193,165	\$	(565,200)
Recovered costs:								
Rebates and refunds	\$	669,520	\$	707,577	\$	218,215	\$	(489,362)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	2,002,685	\$	2,040,742	\$	926,870	\$	(1,113,872)
	-							<del></del>
Intergovernmental revenues:								
Revenues from local governments:  Contribution from County of Giles, Virginia		5.249.880		5.249.880	¢	5,055,703	œ	(194,177)
Contribution from County of Glies, Virginia		3,248,000		3,243,000	Ψ	3,033,703	Ψ	((34,177)
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:								
Share of state sales tax	\$	2,230,731	\$	2,230,731	\$	2,321,922	\$	91,191
Basic school aid		8,194,607		8,194,607		7,507,971		(686,636)
Remedial summer education		24,241		24,241		28,281		4,040
Regular foster care		2,786		2,786		2,293		(493)
Gifted and talented Remedial education		84,247 204,065		84,247 204,065		81,949 198,498		(2,298) (5,567)
School food		7,309		7,309		18,599		11,290
Special education		1,376,244		1,376,244		1,318,466		(57,778)
Textbook payment		98,363		98,363		95,680		(2,683)
Vocational education - occupational/technology		•				38,066		38,066
Vocational standards of quality payments		417,490		417,490		406,102		(11,388)
Vocational adult education		58,941		58,941		13,514		(45,427)
Social security fringe benefits		527,947		527,947		513,546		(14,401)
Retirement fringe benefits		447,649		447,649		304,121		(143,528)
Group life fringe benefits		18,722		18,722		18,211		(511)
Early reading intervention  Homebound education		42,437		42,437		46,904 19,121		4,467 19,121
Primary class size		194,864		194,864		182,248		(12,616)
Technology		2,600		2,600		2,326		(274)
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		33,384		33,384		25,236		(8,148)
Vocational education - equipment		4,500		4,500		4,599		99
E-rate		60,000		60,000		60,549		549
At risk payments		169,317		169,317		164,705		(4,612)
GED prep program		7,859		7,859		7,859		•
English as a second language		•		-		2,778		2,778
VPSA technology grants		180,000		180,000		75,855		(104,145)
Hold Harmless		118,743		118,743		120,083		1,340
Virginia medical assistance		405.040		405.040		4,250		4,250
Other state funds	-	105,310	•	105,310	φ.	63,019	đ	(42,291)
Total categorical aid		14,612,356	\$	14,612,356	Φ	13,646,751	Ф	(965,605)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	14,612,356	\$	14,612,356	\$	13,646,751	\$	(965,605)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	-	ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued) Intergovernmental revenues: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government: Categorical aid:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$		\$	_	\$	1.324	\$	1,324
Federal land use	•	12,257	*	12.257	•	109,834	•	97,577
Literacy challenge grant		8,000		8,000		,		(8,000)
Educational technology - ARRA				· •		3,866		3,866
Title I		550,000		550,000		366,946		(183,054)
Title I - ARRA						84,418		84,418
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		590,000		590,000		432,977		(157,023)
Title VI-B, special education flow-through - ARRA						344,298		344,298
State fiscal stabilization funds - ARRA		-		653,179		938,569		285,390
Vocational education		50,000		50,000		67,650		17,650
Safe and drug free schools		8,000		8,000				(8,000)
Title II		123,000		123,000		118,269		(4,731)
Special Education - preschool		14,783		14,783		17,805		3,022
Special Education - preschool - ARRA		-		•		20,202		20,202
National school lunch program		342,749		342,749		514,126		171,377
School breakfast program		82,251		82,251		117,600		35,349
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,781,040	\$	2,434,219	\$	3,137,884	\$	703,665
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	_\$_	23,645,961	\$	24,337,197	\$	22,767,208	\$	(1,569,989)

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fina F	iance with al Budget - Positive legative)
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	118,004	\$	118,903	\$	117,072	\$	1,831
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	260,422	\$	275,656	\$	273,147	\$	2,509
Legal services		27,000		32,000		28,248		3,752
Commissioner of revenue		333,548		334,157		305,126		29,031
Land use		9,429		9,429		9,232		197
Treasurer		321,073		402,096		370,664		31,432
PSA billing and collection		50,233		64,338		60,630		3,708
Department of motor vehicles		51,779		51,779		51,347		432
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,053,484	\$	1,169,455	\$	1,098,394	\$	71,061
Board of elections:								
Registrar	_\$	142,040	\$	142,040	\$	140,118	\$	1,922
Total general government administration	\$	1,313,528	\$	1,430,398	\$	1,355,584	\$	74,814
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	22,154	\$	23,654	\$	22,990	\$	664
General district court		17,631		17,631		16,244		1,387
Magistrate		1,500		1,500		1,016		484
Juvenile and domestic court		18,303		23,488		22,529		959
Clerk of the circuit court		349,042		366,238		362,209		4,029
Law library		6,556		4,556		3,664		892
Total courts	\$	415,186	\$	437,067	\$	428,652	\$	8,415
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	296,034	\$	302,534	\$	297,836	\$	4,698
Total judicial administration	\$	711,220	\$	739,601	\$	726,488	\$	13,113
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	2,103,435	\$	2,202,763	\$	2,171,042	\$	31,721
Criminal justice training		12,600	•	13,915	•	13,465		450
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	2,116,035	\$	2,216,678	\$	2,184,507	\$	32,171
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire and rescue	\$	164,172	\$	238,862	\$	237,437	\$	1,425
GIS system development	•	86,868	•	84,368	,	83,092		1,276
Ambulance service		275,000		257,568		257,568		•
Total fire and rescue services	\$	526,040	\$	580,798	\$	578,097	\$	2,701
. 9101 110 9114 155555 551 1755		,				·		

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	ai Ended Jun	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Public Safety: (Continued)								
Correction and detention:					_		_	
New River Valley Regional Jail	\$	1,003,247	\$	963,247	\$	940,314	\$	22,933
NRV juvenile detention		25,111		24,408	_	24,408		
Total correction and detention	\$	1,028,358	\$	987,655	\$	964,722	\$	22,933
Inspections:								
Building official	\$	177,786	\$	187,336	\$	176,335	\$	11,001
Other protection:								
Animal control	\$	2,236	\$	2,236	\$	-	\$	2,236
Medical examiner		500		300		260		40
Emergency services		600		17,161		17,083		78
Haz-mat services		33,584		40,682		13,178		27,504
Probation office		675		675		337		338
School Resource Officer		191,660		191,660		187,836		3,824
US forest service		6,500		10,895		10,836		59
Law enforcement grants		17,948		25,674		20,267		5,407
Total other protection	\$	253,703	\$	289,283	\$	249,797	\$	39,486
Total public safety	_\$	4,101,922	\$	4,261,750	\$_	4,153,458	\$	108,292
Public works:  Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:  Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	_\$	150	\$		\$	-	\$	
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill monitoring	\$	74,860	\$	51,860	\$	40,206	\$	11,654
Weed control	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ	11,001
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	77,860	\$	54,860	\$	43,206	\$	11,654
		,,,,,,,	<u> </u>		*	70,-00	<u> </u>	
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds: General properties	\$	319,592	\$	401,322	\$	377,215	\$	24,107
• •								
Total public works	\$	397,602	\$	456,182	\$	420,421	\$	35,761
Health and welfare:								
Health: Supplement of local health department	\$	121,000	\$	121,000	\$	121,000	\$	
	<del></del>							
Mental health and mental retardation:	œ	51.450	φ	E1 4E0	œ	E1 4E0	ď	
Community services board		51,450	<b>D</b>	51,450	ф	51,450	ф	<u></u>
Welfare:							-	
Comprehensive services	\$	977,578	\$	1,200,900	\$	1,244,462	\$	(43,562)
Welfare administration and public assistance		2,034,353		2,034,353		1,975,402		58,951
Fairview home		16,762		14,279		14,279		•
NRVSS nutrition program		8,930		6,571		7,329		(758)
NRV disability services board		1,275		1,275		1,275		•
New River community action		13,680		13,680		13,680		
Free clinic of the NRV, Inc.		8,000		8,000		8,000		-

# County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Health and welfare: (Continued)								
Welfare: (Continued)								
Women's resource center	\$	5,358	\$	5,358	\$	5,358	\$	-
Area agency on aging		7,324		7,324		7,324		-
Senior center		72,259		70,165		66,530		3,635
Literacy volunteers of America		445		445		445		-
State and local hospitalization		1,400	_	700		700		- 10.000
Total welfare	\$	3,147,364	\$	3,363,050	\$	3,344,784	\$	18,266
Total health and welfare	_\$	3,319,814	\$	3,535,500	\$	3,517,234	\$	18,266
Education:								
Educational costs:								
Contributions to Community College	\$	8,668	\$	8,668	\$	8,668	\$	
Contribution to County School Board	_	5,249,880		5,249,880	_	5,055,703		194,177
Total education	\$	5,258,548	\$	5,258,548	\$	5,064,371	\$	194,177
Parks, recreation, and cultural:								
Parks and recreation:								
Swimming pool	\$	-	\$	72,906	\$	71,595	\$	1,311
Golf course		207,171		230,407		230,624		(217)
Castle Rock operations		118,549		151,422		141,665		9,757
Castle Rock 19th Hole		470.004		15,029		14,447		582
Wellness center		173,361		201,620		198,910		2,710
Other recreation and cultural enrichment  Total parks and recreation	\$	58,420 557,501	\$	58,420 729,804	\$	58,420 715,661	\$	14,143
Total partie and todownor.						,	•	
Library:					_		_	
Contribution to county library	\$	29,250	\$	29,250	\$	29,250	\$	•
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	_\$_	586,751	\$	759,054	\$	744,911	\$	14,143
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
County planner	\$	79,213	\$	79,213	\$	78,510	\$	703
Planning commission		20,226		27,826		27,043		783
Zoning Board		538		538		60		478
Other community development		76,264		76,114		76,114		-
Total planning and community development	\$	176,241	-\$	183,691	\$	181,727	\$	1,964
Environmental management:								
Contributions to soil and water districts	\$	8,600	\$	8,600	\$	8,600	\$	-
Cooperative extension program:								
Extension office	\$	67,681	\$	71,277	\$	71,177	\$	100
Total community development	\$	252,522	\$	263,568	\$	261,504	\$	2,064

# County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>	ï	Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Nondepartmental: Fringe benefits and fuel charges	_\$_	279,339	\$	696,726	\$	696,032	\$	694
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	1,083,289	\$	1,083,289	\$	1,043,613	\$	39,676
Interest and other fiscal charges		527,611		527,611		508,287		19,324
Total debt service	\$	1,610,900	\$	1,610,900	\$	1,551,900	\$	59,000
Total General Fund	\$	17,832,146	\$	19,012,227	\$	18,491,903	\$	520,324
Capital Projects Fund: County Capital Improvements Fund: General and financial administration: Information Technology	_\$	55,000	\$	83,526	\$	80,526	\$	3,000
Public Safety:								
GIS system	\$		\$	270	\$	10	\$	260
Total Public Safety	\$	-		270	\$	10	\$	260
Community development:								
Planning and community development:								
Economic development	\$	2,531,894	\$	2,309,795	\$		\$	2,309,795
Bostic site improvements		•		1,380		1,380		
Total community development	_\$	2,531,894	\$	2,311,175	\$	1,380	\$	2,309,795
Capital projects expenditures:								
Courthouse renovations	\$	94,831	\$	105,362	\$	105,362	\$	400.000
Hospital project		100,000		100,000				100,000
TEA 21		600,000		969,656		307,286 150		662,370
Walking trail		280,000		280,000		1,865,554		279,850 2,104,480
School improvements  Total capital projects	\$	900,000 1,974,831	\$	3,970,034 5,425,052	\$	2,278,352	\$	3,146,700
Debtacada	-							
Debt service:	\$	460,383	¢	460,383	Q	13,711,457	\$	(13,251,074)
Principal retirement Interest and other fiscal charges	Ф	252,102	φ	556,380	φ	407,415	Ψ	148,965
Bond issuance costs		232,102		330,000		43,500		(43,500)
Total debt service	\$	712,485	\$	1,016,763	\$	14,162,372	\$	(13,145,609)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	5,274,210	\$	8,836,786	\$	16,522,640	\$	(7,685,854)
Total Primary Government	\$	23,106,356	\$	27,849,013	\$	35,014,543	\$	(7,165,530)

# County of Giles, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Fund, Function, Activity and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final Budget	<u>Actual</u>	Fi	eriance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Special revenue funds: School Operating Fund: Education:					
Instruction costs:					
Instruction costs	\$ 15,500,445	\$ 17,567,273	\$ 15,113,935	\$	2,453,338
Operating costs: Attendance and health services Pupil transportation Operation and maintenance of school plant Facilities Technology Total operating costs	\$ 807,818 1,128,998 2,557,739 2,500,000 1,142,261 8,136,816	\$ 827,007 1,203,158 2,499,963 50,000 1,092,695 5,672,823	\$ 795,342 1,158,848 2,290,273 539,958 921,661 5,706,082	\$	31,665 44,310 209,690 (489,958) 171,034 (33,259)
School food services: Administration of school food program	\$ 8,700	\$ 1,097,101	\$ 1,145,876	\$	(48,775)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 23,645,961	\$ 24,337,197	\$ 21,965,893	\$	2,371,304



County of Giles, Virginia Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Total	15,325,631	16,399,110	16,691,118	17,186,153	17,885,270	20,450,532	19,057,266	24,446,672	20,154,426
Water Department	636,834 \$	844,229	789,851	92,7366	1,065,923	1,137,390	1,595,807	1,530,169	1,543,650
Interest on Long- Term Debt	929,402 \$	939,397	878,240	813,501	862,168	807,477	834,439	1,261,108	1,217,615
Non- departmental	ь I	•	50,028	18,787		•	ı	•	•
Community Development (2)	723,227 \$	757,170	704,970	287,666	343,283	1,571,574	323,454	5,036,422	346,131
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural D	508,176 \$	705,021	664,241	758,113	896,860	813,781	839,706	861,434	1,072,522
Education	6,854,139 \$	7,142,510	6,509,380	6,330,274	5,671,104	6,903,898	5,765,131	6,222,250	6,117,468
Health and Welfare	1,548,907 \$	1,817,039	1,958,813	2,645,705	2,622,010	2,874,710	3,058,974	3,069,055	3,467,252
Public Works	480,564 \$	423,687	309,003	415,498	22999	549,638	476,772	438,175	382,840
Public Safety	2,511,217 \$	2,497,636	3,053,312	3,305,443	3,556,881	3,584,867	3,856,862	3,764,801	3,937,646
Judicial Administration	306,622 \$	302,697	494,331	518,247	592,293	672,928	703,829	705,573	456,903
General Government Administration A	69 09	969,724	1,278,949	1,135,553	1,308,071	1,534,269	1,602,292	1,557,685	1,612,399
Fiscal G Year Ac	69	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11

(1) Information has only been available for 9 years.
(2) Includes a contribution of \$4,375,511 to the Giles Industrial Development Authority in support of the hospital infrastructure projects.

County of Giles, Virginia Government-Wide Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

TOOM TEVENOES		W			GENE	GENERAL REVENUES			1	
Operating Capital					Permits,				Grants and Contributions	
Grants	Gener	Gener	a	Other	Privilege Fees,	Fines	Unrestricted		Not Restricted	
and and Property	Prope	Prope	ity Str	Local		and	Investment		to Specific	
Contributions Contributions Tax		Lax	es	Taxes		Forfeitures	Earnings	Miscellaneous	Programs	Total
3,292,119 \$ - \$	↔		7,682,628 \$	1,684,627 \$	40,764 \$	14,108	177,721	\$ 55,768	\$ 1,513,779 \$	14,991,090
	19 1	_	0,581,091	1,763,972	,	•	184,495	40,600	1,480,707	17,841,32
342,440			9,380,467	1,850,521	72,326	26,428	158,976	50,507	1,571,776	17,162,939
	68		9,499,802	1,859,770	r	t	263,587	23,245	1,595,836	18,163,379
51,714	-	_	0,266,359	1,723,520	•	•	286,779	20,244	1,664,325	19,878,400
_	37	•	10,606,003	2,044,328		•	308,607	37,991	1,478,463	21,672,376
221,660	<b>+</b>	Ξ	1,050,675	1,912,001	٠	•	372,250	994,633	1,585,670	21,811,064
1,285,122 496,558 1	58 1	_	1,187,893	1,664,585		•	317,919	35,136	1,585,229	20,758,610
			200 000					000	0000	SCY PUP CC

(1) Information has only been available for 9 years.

County of Giles, Virginia General Governmental Expenditures by Function (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	27,846,604	27,998,326	28,545,031	31,005,879	32,687,848	35,563,169	37,059,932	37,836,593	42,855,599	49,646,381
	€9									
Debt Service (4)	2,822,734	2,126,586	1,887,947	1,928,747	2,187,188	2,528,409	1,999,896	2,053,898	2,749,942	15,714,272
	\$			<b>∞</b>	7	_	7	2	2	2
Non- departmental				50,02	18,78	17,75	59,63	352,01	406,302	696,03
3	\$ 0	2	55	9	2	7	2	9	9	4
Community	574,59	714,952	788,83	710,30	297,00	288,15	1,254,20	257,52	4,961,68	262,88
O A	69									
Parks, Recreation, and Cultural	504,810	451,505	663,784	626,606	721,535	872,465	790,006	795,081	818,511	744,911
a Re	↔									
ducation (2)	17,814,083	18,746,705	18,904,815	20,416,339	21,107,344	22,508,015	23,755,018	24,734,563	24,034,314	21,974,561
ш	\$									
Health and Welfare	1,602,412	1,542,032	1,900,396	1,971,352	2,752,848	2,611,276	2,869,119	3,058,680	3,269,547	3,517,234
I	€9									
Public Works	381,730	486,605	419,791	344,450	420,545	971,197	488,472	441,893	559,201	420,421
	€>									
Public Safety	2,535,100	2,562,807	2,507,233	3,218,254	3,431,264	3,797,384	3,573,864	3,849,643	3,833,304	4,153,468
	€									
Judicial Administration	603,146	484,329	477,789	494,331	528,047	637,024	663,594	695,441	702,042	726,488
Ą	€9									
General Government Administration	1,007,999	882,805	994,441	1,245,466	1,223,288	1,331,494	1,606,123	1,597,862	1,520,756	1,436,110
PA G	69									
Fiscal Year	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units. Excludes non-operating capital project expenditures (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.
(3) FY 2009-10 includes a contribution of \$4,375,511 to the Giles Industrial Development Authority in support of the hospital infrastructure projects
(4) FY 2010-11 includes refunded bond anticipation note of \$13,500,000

County of Giles, Virginia General Governmental Revenues by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total	27,916,478	27,617,708	30,779,065	31,539,253	33,874,831	37,901,154	37,881,599	41,458,013	39,662,680	39,946,130
Inter- governmental (2)	16,607,995 \$	16,274,402	16,449,051	18,787,643	20,266,978	23,980,577	23,060,256	24,797,393	24,099,204	23,095,492
Recovered Costs	528,075	382,546	693,752	201,823	245,886	177,498	391,456	433,831	1,102,753	1,147,560
liscellaneous	146,451 \$	147,286	141,366	198,805	230,459	227,636	121,344	1,444,646	119,031	655,374
Charges for Services M	\$ 29,357	824, 165	971,658	1,042,762	1,180,146	1,232,174	1,189,193	1,331,462	1,241,049	1,170,525
Revenue from the Use of Money and Property	386,727 \$	179,506	185,345	159,606	264,206	287,670	308,607	339,722	333,007	267,339
Fines and M	6,972 \$	14,108	25,765	26,428	31,181	28,553	24,264	20,192	29,833	26,837
Permits, rivilege Fees, Regulatory Licenses	<del>93</del>	40,764	50,968	72,326	50,460	54,433	45,065	76,669	31,477	26,963
P Other Privi Local Re Taxes Li	1,638,430 \$	1,684,627	1,763,972	1,850,521	1,859,770	1,723,520	2,044,328	1,912,001	1,664,585	1,749,017
General Property Taxes	7,685,429 \$	8,070,304	10,497,188	9,199,339	9,745,745	10,189,093	10,697,086	11,102,097	11,041,741	11,807,023
Fiscal P	2001-02 \$	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	5008-09	2009-10	2010-11

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Units. (2) Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit.

County of Giles, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy	8.63%	7.42%	7.32%	6.70%	7.48%	6.26%	7.15%	6.39%	7.42%	%21%
Outstanding Delinguent Taxes (1,3)	742,381	675,333	864,214	683,140	810,565	713,456	846,963	780,033	907,800	867,642
Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	102.03% \$	99.71%	97.38%	100.02%	99.72%	%20.66	99.43%	%08'66	99.05%	100.26%
Total Tax Collections	8,773,242	9,079,247	11,491,875	10,201,237	10,799,479	11,284,811	11,782,254	12,179,804	12,117,377	12,855,243
Delinquent Tax Collections (1,2)	287,528 \$	190,888	206,023	230,567	200,067	254,477	183,512	179,820	257,289	467,536
Percent of Levy Collected Co	\$ %69.86	97.62%	95.63%	97.76%	97.88%	96.84%	94.89%	98.33%	96.95%	96.61%
Current Tax Collections (1)	8,485,714	8,888,359	11,285,852	9,970,670	10,599,412	11,030,334	11,598,742	11,999,984	11,860,088	12,387,707
Total Tax Levy (1,2)	8,598,450 \$	9,105,199	11,801,618	10,199,386	10,829,309	11,390,695	11,849,315	12,204,375	12,233,089	12,821,899
Fiscal Year	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11

(1) Exclusive of penalties and interest.(2) Includes amounts paid under the Personal Property Tax Relief Act.(3) Amounts have not been reduced for taxes deemed uncollectible under audit.

# County of Giles, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes (1)	Machinery and Tools(3)	Public Utilities (2)	Merchants Capital(3)	Common Carrier	Total
2001-02 2002-03 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2006-07 2007-08	\$ 568,786,656 578,462,264 594,426,300 601,714,100 823,399,650 1,017,262,300 1,026,272,400	\$ 74,443,349 77,109,638 145,914,008 144,669,995 153,098,989 161,819,004 160,653,821	\$ - 244,668,902 241,355,915 244,180,466 245,025,208 266,799,376	\$ 124,832,020 120,510,492 124,364,016 112,196,011 143,721,688 132,978,340 136,065,449	\$ - 17,017,905 18,773,208 18,890,372 19,756,981 20,388,269	\$	\$ 768,062,025 776,082,394 1,126,391,131 1,118,709,229 1,383,291,165 1,576,841,833 1,610,179,315
2008-09 2009-10 2010-11	1,049,284,251 1,052,823,700 1,056,729,200	165,541,200 149,667,307 161,035,270	279,614,150 297,610,968 304,393,326	132,446,151 179,729,561 187,241,026	22,641,189 20,849,657 19,526,928	3,014,800	1,649,526,941 1,700,681,193 1,731,940,550

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate and personal property is assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

<sup>(3)</sup> Information not available prior to 2003-04 fiscal year.

# County of Giles, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year (2)		Real Estate (3)		Personal Property (2)		Machinery and Tools		Merchant's Capital		Common Carrier
2001-02	\$	0.59	\$	8.75	\$	8.75	\$	0.60	\$	_
2001-02	Ψ	0.64	Ψ	8.75	Ψ	8.75	Ψ	0.50	Ψ	-
2003-04		0.67		1.85		0.88		0.90		-
2004-05		0.72		1.85		0.90		0.75		-
2005-06		0.59		1.85		0.95		0.75		•
2006-07		0.63		1.85		0.95		0.75		-
2007-08		0.63		1.89		0.99		0.79		-
2008-09		0.52		1.89		0.99		0.79		•
2009-10		0.52/0.54		1.89		0.99		0.79		-
2010-11		0.54		1.91		1.01		0.81		1.01

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Prior to 2001-02, tax rates were applied against a percentage of the assessed value. Since 2001-02 tax rates are applied to 100% of the assessed value.

<sup>(3)</sup> Mobile home tax rates are the same as the real estate rate.

# County of Giles, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Assessed Value (in thousands) (2)	Gross and Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2001-02	16,657	\$ 768,062	\$ 19,660,841	2.56%	\$ 1,180
2002-03	16,657	776,082	18,510,872	2.39%	1,111
2003-04	16,657	1,126,391	17,388,564	1.54%	1,044
2004-05	16,657	1,118,709	16,592,150	1.48%	996
2005-06	16,657	1,383,291	17,031,551	1.23%	1,022
2006-07	16,657	1,576,842	15,782,580	1.00%	948
2007-08	16,657	1,610,179	14,694,109	0.91%	882
2008-09	16,657	1,649,527	16,791,312	1.02%	1,008
2009-10	16,657	1,700,681	29,073,317	1.71%	1,745
2010-11	17,286	1,731,941	27,931,389	1.61%	1,616

- (1) Center for Public Service at the University of Virginia.
- (2) Real property assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonds, lease revenue bonds, notes payable, and literary fund loans. Excludes landfill closure/post-closure care liability, revenue bonds payable, capital leases, and compensated absences.

# County of Giles, Virginia Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Governmental Expenditures (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Principal (2)	Interest	Total Debt Service	Total General Governmental Expenditures	Ratio of Debt Service to General Governmental Expenditures
2001-02	\$ 1,349,465	\$ 1,473,269	\$ 2,822,734	\$ 27,846,604	10.14%
2002-03	1,168,979	957,607	2,126,586	27,998,326	7.60%
2003-04	1,142,093	743,954	1,886,047	28,545,031	6.61%
2004-05	963,446	965,301	1,928,747	31,005,879	6.22%
2005-06	1,256,453	930,735	2,187,188	32,687,848	6.69%
2006-07	1,544,893	911,100	2,455,993	35,563,169	6.91%
2007-08	1,189,703	810,193	1,999,896	37,059,932	5.40%
2008-09	1,215,308	838,590	2,053,898	37,836,593	5.43%
2009-10	1,381,345	1,368,597	2,749,942	42,855,599	6.42%
2010-11	14,755,070	959,202	15,714,272	49,646,381	31.65%

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Capital Projects funds of the Primary Government and Special Revenue funds of the Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> FY 2010-11 includes refunded bond anticipation note.



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards* 

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Giles, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications of Audits for Counties, Cities and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not necessarily designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness (reference 2011-1).

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Giles, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County of Giles, Virginia's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. We did not audit the County of Giles, Virginia's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Giles, Virginia in a separate letter dated November 26, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Robinson, Fainer, La Associates Christiansburg, Virginia

# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Supervisors County of Giles, Virginia Pearisburg, Virginia

### Compliance

We have audited the County of Giles, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. The County of Giles, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Giles, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Giles, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Giles, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Giles, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Giles, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

# **Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the County of Giles, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Giles, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christiansburg, Virginia November 26, 2011

Robinson, Farner, la associates

# COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/ State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title		Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Direct Payments:				
Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities	10.760	Not applicable	\$	254,690
Community Facilities Loan/Grant Program	10.766	Not applicable		121,142
Pass Through Payments:				
State Department of Agriculture:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Food Distribution-Schools (Note 3)	10.555	Not applicable		89,046
National School Lunch Program	10.555	40623		425,080
National School Lunch Program Subtotal				514,126
Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010110,0010111,		183,752
		0040110,0040111		
ARRA - State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010110,0010111,		4,681
		0040110,0040111		
Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	40591		117,600
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	43841		109,834
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,305,825
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Social Services:				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	0950110,0950111	\$	14,614
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400110,0400111		173,750
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500110,0500111		369
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600410,0600411		11,558
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster:				
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	0770110		54,945
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.596	0760110,0760111		54,506
ARRA - Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.713	0740109,0780109		4,941
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160110,9160111		6,056
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900110,0900111		690
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100110,1100111		234,204
ARRA - Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100110,1100111		13,295
Foster Care - Title IV-E Subtotal				247,499
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120110,1120111		49,403
ARRA - Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120110,1120111		3,120
Adoption Assistance Subtotal		·		52,523
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000110,1000111		119,537
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	9150110,9150111		3,779
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540110,0540111		5,584
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200110,1200111		110,231
Total Department of Health and Human Services		,	\$	860,582

#### COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor/ State Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Catalog Number	Entity Identifying Number	Dis	Federal bursements
US DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Virginia Compensation Board:				
ARRA - Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	09SUB9033	\$	160
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Title I; Part A Cluster:				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	42901	\$	366,946
ARRA - Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.389	42913		84,418
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
Special Education-Grants to States	84.027	43071		432,977
ARRA-Special Education-Grants to States	84.391	61245		344,298
Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.392	62521		17,805
ARRA-Special Education-Preschool Grants	84.174	61247		20,202
Career and Technical Education: Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095		67,650
ARRA - Education Technology State Grants	84.386	60897		3,866
ARRA - State Fiscal Stabilization Funds - Education State Grants	84.394	62532		938,569
Improving Teacher Quality-State Grants	84.367	61480		118,269
Total Department of Education			\$	2,395,000
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Education:				
Payments in Lieu of Real Estate Taxes	12.112	42845	\$	1,324
US DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION:				
Pass Through Payments:				
Department of Motor Vehicles:				
Highway planning and construction (TEA-21)	20.205	EN01-279-113	\$	367,951
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	154AL-2010 50280 3900/ SC-2011 51326 4268		16,939
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			S	4,947,781

#### Note 1 -- Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Giles County, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2011. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Giles County, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Giles County, Virginia.

#### Note 2 -- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 -- Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2011 Giles County, Virginia had food commodities totaling \$60,330 in inventory.

#### COUNTY OF GILES, VIRGINIA

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 4 -- Relationship to the Financial Statements: Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows: Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements: Primary government: General Fund 1,523,200 Water Fund - Contributions in Aid of Construction 254,690 Total primary government 1,777,890 Component Unit Schools: 3,137,884 School Operating Fund Total Federal Expenditures per Basic Financial Statements 4,915,774 \$ 4,947,781 Federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards 39,135 Payments in lieu of taxes Federal debt proceeds (71,142) 4,915,774 Total Federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

# County of Giles, Virginia

# Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2011

### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Yes

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Nο

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #
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## Name of Federal Program or Cluster

20.205

Highway Planning and Construction (TEA-21)

84.394

ARRA, State Fiscal Stabilization Funds-Education State Grants

84.010/84.389

Title I; Part A Cluster

84.027/84.391/84.173/84.392

Special Education Cluster (IDEA)

93.658

Foster Care-Title IV-E

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B programs:

\$300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

# County of Giles, Virginia

# Schedule of Findings, Responses and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2011

### Section II - Financial Statement Findings

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Criteria: A key concept of internal controls is the segregation of duties. No one employee should have

access to both accounting records and related assets.

Condition: The County (including Social Services) and the School Board lack proper segregation of duties

> over the following functions: Collections in the Treasurer's office, Accounts Payable and Payroll at the County; Accounts Payable and Payroll at the School Board; and Accounts Payable and

Payroll in the Department of Social Services.

Cause of Condition: The County, Social Services, and School Board lack the funding to fully support a completely

segregated finance department.

Effect of Condition: There is more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements

will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal controls over financial reporting.

Recommendation: Management should further try to segregate duties amongst current staff to help alleviate risk

created by improper segregation of duties.

Management's

Management acknowledges that internal controls over the functions listed above lack proper Response: segregation of duties; however, to alleviate same would require additional staff. Due to cost

constraints, the County and School Board have decided not to address the aforementioned

internal control deficiency.

### Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.