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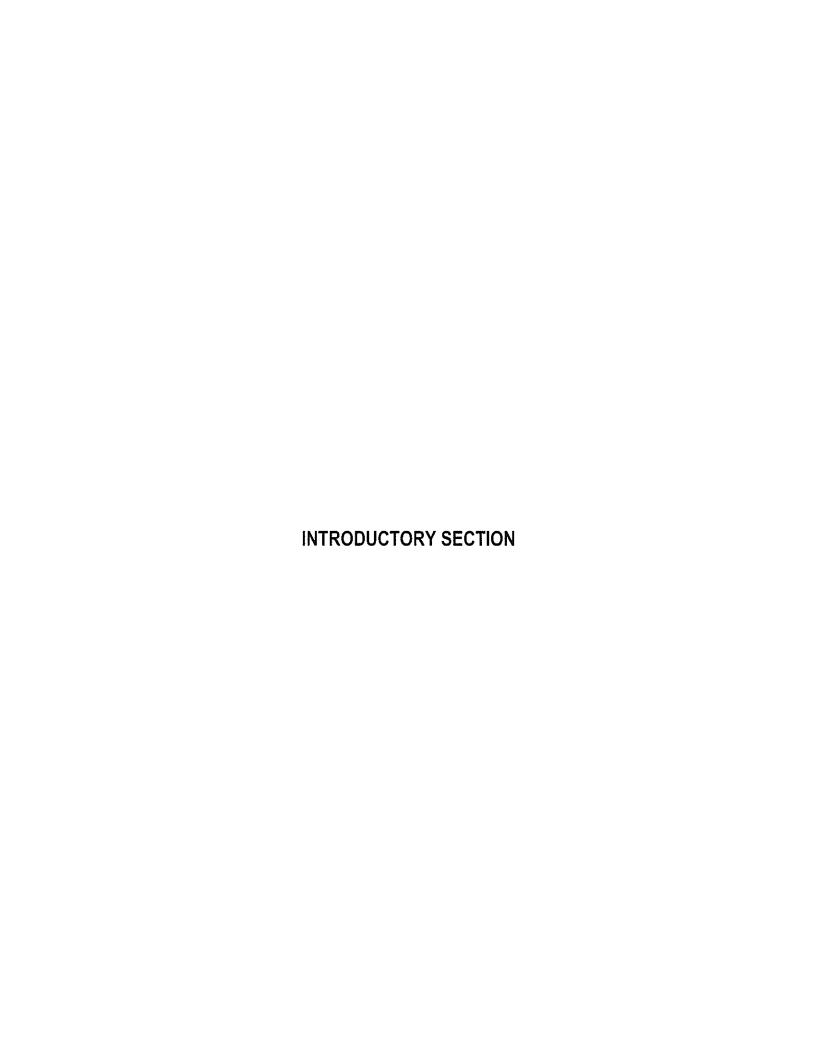
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December 20, 2012

To the Honorable Chairman, Members of the Board of Supervisors, and Citizens of Franklin County, Virginia:

We are pleased to submit Franklin County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. State law requires that all local governments have their accounts and records audited annually as of June 30 by an independent certified public accountant. This report has been prepared in accordance with the standards of financial reporting as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and the Auditor of Public Accounts for the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The CAFR was prepared with an emphasis on full disclosure of the financial activities of the County. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the government and is based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The auditing firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates has issued an unqualified opinion on the County's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012. The audit was conducted in accordance with professional standards which require that the independent auditors plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The independent auditors' report is located in the front of the financial section of this report.

Under generally accepted accounting principles, as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards board (GASB), management is required to provide a narrative that precedes the basic financial statements. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an introduction, overview and analysis of financial results for fiscal year 2011-2012, along with summaries of the government wide financial statements that follow. Management's Discussion and Analysis is contained in the financial section of this report.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Within the boundaries of Franklin County lie the independent towns of Rocky Mount and Boones Mill. The County's population at June 30, 2012 is estimated at 56,419 with a population density of 78.2 people per square mile. Franklin County is included in the Roanoke Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) that has a total population of approximately 300,000.

The Board of Supervisors is the governing body of the County with one board member representing each of the seven magisterial districts. Board members are elected to four-year terms – a Chairman and Vice-Chairman are selected annually to serve one year terms. The Board appoints a County Administrator to act as the administrative head of the County. All department heads report to the County Administrator. Five constitutional officers (Commissioner of Revenue, Commonwealth's Attorney, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Sheriff, and Treasurer) are elected by the voters of the County and, although are not accountable to the Board, do work closely with the Board, County Administrator, and other departments.

The County provides a full range of services, including public safety and law enforcement, sanitation services, planning and zoning management, recreation and cultural activities, economic development and administrative services. The Franklin County School Board is also part of this reporting entity as a component unit. The annual budget serves as the basis for financial planning and control and is prepared by fund, function, and department.

#### **Economic Conditions and Outlook**

Franklin County, the seventh largest county in size in Virginia with an area of 721 square miles, is located in southwest Virginia. By offering close proximity to all markets along the East coast, the County is an excellent location for local industries and commerce. The local economy remained fairly strong this past fiscal year compared to the national economy with an average unemployment rate of 6.2%.

Much of fiscal year 2011-2012 was spent on a number of capital projects including new landfill development, site improvements at the County's Commerce Center Industrial Park, and new cashiering and tax receivable software for the Commissioner of Revenue and Treasurer. The County continues to develop its' park system with various rehab projects being completed at a number of parks.

The future economic outlook for Franklin County looks very good. With space available in several industrial parks, a stable employment base, easy market access, low construction costs, quality work force, and excellent quality of life, Franklin County and the region is ready to continue future economic growth. In the years to come, the County will focus on diversifying the employment opportunities within the County by recruiting various technology related companies and traditional manufacturing businesses to utilize the training provided by the local schools and colleges.

#### **Major Initiatives**

During the year, the Franklin Center for Advanced Learning and Enterprise continued to expand its reach to provide employer and employee services in a "One Stop Environment". The consortium, composed of 15 partners, provides opportunities in employment, training, and education. Representatives from the local school system, colleges, government and community agencies work together to provide workforce development services to the citizens and employers of Franklin County.

Franklin County continues to place major emphasis upon the capital needs of the County School System. Construction was completed on a new Center for Energy Efficient Design (CEED). This educational center will utilize numerous eco-technologies including electricity-producing wind turbines, rainwater harvesting, and energy efficient appliances.

The County is working on various projects to improve our community. In conjunction with the Western Virginia Water Authority, a new 12-inch water line has been completed that will serve homes and businesses along the growing Route 220 Corridor. A new water line extension along Route 616 in the Westlake area of the County was also finished greatly improving public utilities in that area.

#### For the Future

In conjunction with the Western Virginia Water Authority, the County continues to plan for future expansion of the County's utilities. A wastewater treatment facility in the Westlake area of the County has been operational for several years bringing public sewer to that part of the County.

Public Safety increased its presence in the Westlake area of the County by continuing to staff the Westlake Public Safety complex, a twenty-four hour a day, seven day a week facility that houses on duty Sheriff's office and Public Safety personnel. This facility is currently housed in leased space – plans are being developed for a future building to house these operations.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

Capital Improvement Plan. The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a listing of capital needs projected over a 5-year period for County services. It is a planning document and provides a listing of projects requested by County departments and the School system. The CIP is updated annually. Projects are removed from the plan as they are completed or as priorities change. The plan is intended to assist the County Board of Supervisors in the preparation of the County budget.

General Fund Balance (Unassigned). The Board of Supervisors has adopted a policy to keep the unassigned general fund balance at a minimum of two months of general fund operating revenues. Bond rating agencies have also recommended the unassigned general fund balance be maintained at this level. The unassigned general fund balance is 20.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2012. This is an increase of

approximately \$1 million from the prior fiscal year and is the result of the County's local property tax collections being stronger than anticipated.

**Budgetary Controls.** The budget function is used as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue and Component Unit Funds. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the County Board of Supervisors. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer amounts within general governmental departments; however, the School Board and Social Services Board are authorized to transfer amounts within their total appropriated funds.

#### Other Information

Independent Audit. State statutes require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Robinson, Farmer, Cox Associates was selected by the County to perform this audit. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related OMB Circular A-133. The independent auditors' report on the general purpose financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the Financial Section of this report. The auditors reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Compliance Section.

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Franklin, Virginia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. This was the 12th consecutive year that Franklin County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

**Acknowledgements.** In closing, without the leadership and support of the Board of Supervisors of Franklin County, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

Richard E. Huff, II County Administrator

Richard E. Lyf

Vincent K. Copenhaver, CPA Director of Finance

Vincent & Copularer

#### A HISTORICAL SKETCH OF FRANKLIN COUNTY

In the 1740's, pioneers traveling by river and road from Eastern Virginia and Maryland, and Scotch-Irish and German families coming down the Carolina Road (originally known as the Great Indian Warrior Path) settled in what would become Franklin County, then the western-most county in Virginia. The County was formed in 1786 from parts of Bedford and Henry Counties by an act of the General Assembly. It was named for Benjamin Franklin, then governor of Pennsylvania, where many settlers originated.

The County lies in the western piedmont, a diverse terrain ranging from flatlands on the east to rugged peaks of the Blue Ridge on the west. The area was home to Native Americans as early as 10,000 B.C. In the 1600's an eastern Siouan tribe inhabited the region. Indian relics, arrowheads and artifacts found throughout the County remind us of the original settlers.

Since the County's early beginnings, its citizens have served as gallant soldiers in every war the U.S. has known. Notable Confederate General Jubal A. Early was born in the Red Valley community. He went to West Point for his education, represented Franklin County in the General Assembly, and served as commonwealth's attorney for many years. Another nationally known native son was Booker T. Washington, a black educator. Born a slave on a plantation near Hales Ford, Booker T. Washington founded the Tuskegee Institute in 1881. His birthplace is a national monument.

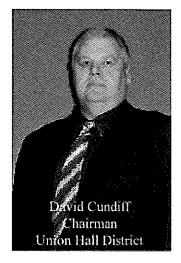
Agriculture has figured prominently in Franklin County's 200-year history, and was the occupation of most county residents until recent times. Tobacco was a leading crop in early Franklin County. Locally mined iron and copper were transported over the Carolina Road as far south as Georgia. The furnace of the Washington Ironworks, the County's oldest landmark, stands as a monument where munitions for the Revolutionary Army were manufactured. A growing animal husbandry industry established Franklin County as one of Virginia's leading dairy producers.

The late nineteenth century saw increasing industrialization. With the entry of the Norfolk and Western railroad in 1892, the Punkin Vine route through the County provided new access for industry. Tobacco factories as well as diversified wood and textile-based industries became significant components of the County's economy.

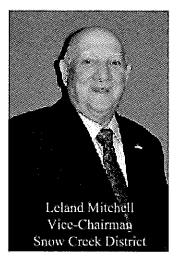
The development of 2,880 acre Philpott Lake in 1953 and 20,600 acre Smith Mountain Lake in 1966 gave rise to Franklin County's current designation as the "Land Between the Lakes and the Blue Ridge Mountain." It is an apt description for a remarkable place – a land of compelling natural beauty, economic stability, recreational abundance, and rich heritage!

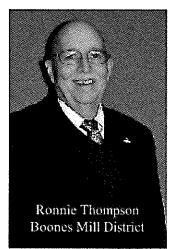
## Franklin County Board of Supervisors

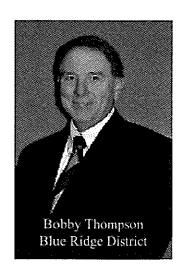
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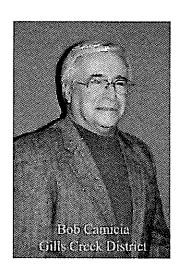


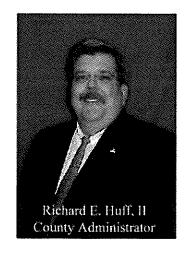


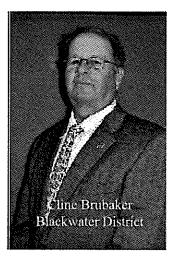


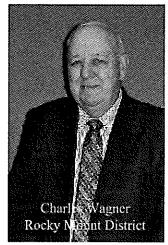












#### Franklin County Officials June 30, 2012

#### **Board of Supervisors**

David Cundiff, Chairman, Union Hall District
Leland Mitchell, Vice-Chairman, Snow Creek District
Cline Brubaker, Blackwater District
Bob Camicia, Gills Creek District
Ronnie Thompson, Boone District
Bobby Thompson, Blue Ridge District
Charles Wagner, Rocky Mount District

#### **County Administration**

#### Richard E. Huff, II, County Administrator

County Attorney	B. James Jefferson
Assistant County Administrator	
Assistant County Administrator	
Director of Finance	Vincent Copenhaver
Director of Commerce & Leisure Services	Michael Burnette
Director of Information Technology	Sandie Terry
Director of Planning	Neil Holthouser
Director of Public Safety	
Director of General Properties	Michael Thurman
Director of Solid Waste	Barry Sink
Director of Aging Services	Rose Boyd
Director of Library Services	David Bass
Director of Franklin Center	Kathy Hodges
Director of Family Resource Center	Cynthia Treadway
Director of Social Services	Deborah K. Powell
Chief Building Official	Peter Ahrens
Unit Coordinator of Va. Cooperative Extension	
Registrar	Kay Chitwood

#### **Constitutional Officers**

Clerk of the Circuit Court	Teresa Brown
Commissioner of the Revenue	Margaret Torrence
Commonwealth Attorney	
Sheriff	
Treasurer	,

#### Franklin County Social Services Board Members

Wendie W. Dungan, Union Hall District
Danny Agee, Blackwater District
Charles Wagner, Rocky Mount District/BOS Representative
Pat Strike, Boone District
Howard Ferguson, Snow Creek District
Benson Beck, Gills Creek District
Martha H. Bowling, Blue Ridge District

#### Franklin County Public Schools June 30, 2012

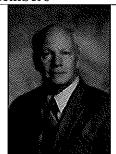
#### **School Board Members**



<u>Crystal Naff</u> Blackwater District



Edward C. Jamison
Chairman
Blue Ridge District



Bill Brush
Gills Creek District



Sarah Alexander Rocky Mount District



P.D. Hambrick
Union Hall District



Thad Montgomery
Boone District



William Helm Member at Large

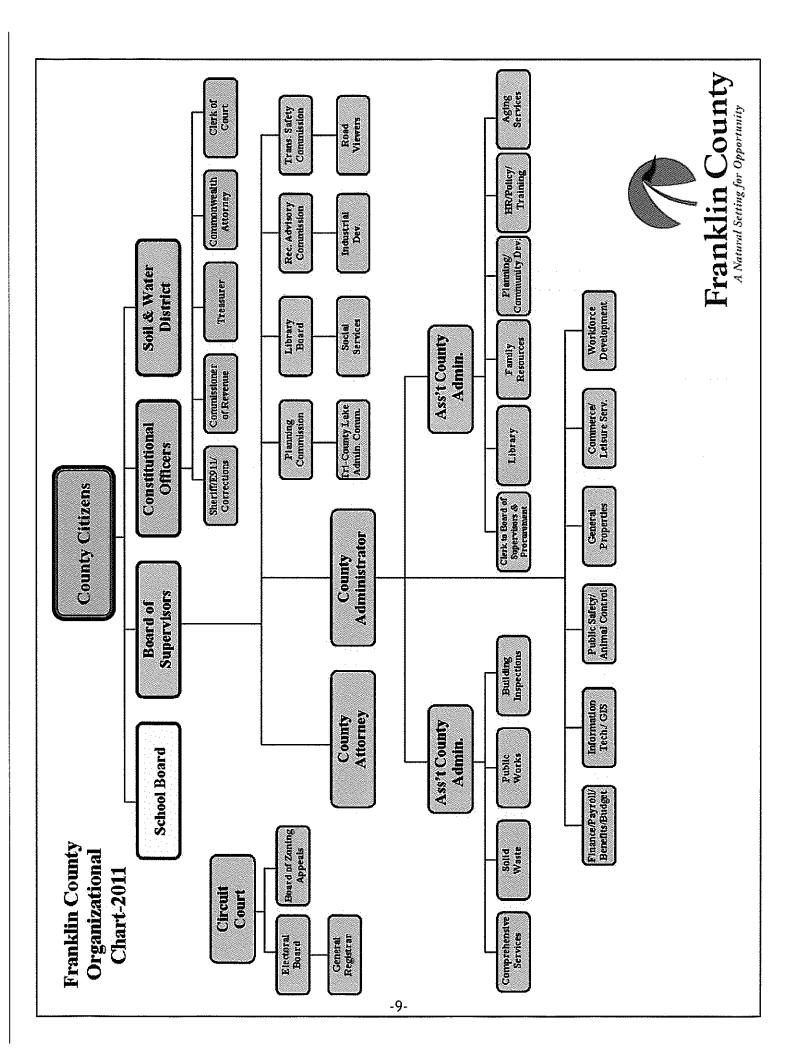


G.B. Washburn, Jr.
Vice Chair
Snow Creek District

#### **School Administration**

Dr. Charles H. Lackey, Superintendent of Schools

Assistant Superintendent	Suzanne M. Rogers
Director of Human Resources	Phillip L. Poff
Director of Business & Finance	Lee E. Cheatham, CPA
K-12 Director of Curriculum & Instruction	Keith Pennington
Coordinator of Federal Programs	Brenda McGrath
Coordinator of Testing	Elaine Hawkins
Director of Special Programs & Services	
Special Education Coordinator	Lanessa Sharp
Director of Technology Services K-12	George F. Washington
Coordinator of Student Services/Clerk	Janet J. Stockton
Supervisor of Food Services	Chuck L. Hutto
Director of Facilities & Transportation	Steven C. Oakes
Supervisor of Transportation	Donna C. Carter
Supervisor of Maintenance	Darryl K. Spencer
Coordinator of Purchasing	David M. Leffue



# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## County of Franklin Virginia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.





#### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

#### Independent Auditors' Report

#### THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Franklin, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County of Franklin, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Franklin, Virginia, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2012, on our consideration of the County of Franklin, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and Schedule of Funding Progress Defined Benefit and Healthcare Plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and

comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management's discussion and analysis and schedule of funding progress because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Franklin, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, supporting schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, the supporting schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Kolimoon, Farmer, la Associates

Blacksburg, Virginia December 19, 2012

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the County of Franklin, Virginia we offer the following discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance and overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2012

- Total net assets for governmental activities were \$64.3 million at the end of FY 2012. This figure is based on assets totaling \$106.6 million and liabilities of \$42.3 million. The liabilities amount includes a non-current component for long-term debt associated with the acquisition of assets for the County and School system. The total assets for the County also include debt financed school properties (Exhibit 1).
- During the year, the County's taxes and other revenues for governmental programs were \$103,586 more than the \$75.2 million of expenses (Exhibit 2).
- The business-type activities net assets at June 30, 2012 totaled \$2.1 million. This figure is based on total assets of \$2.1 million and liabilities of \$47.
- Total general fund revenues were more than the final budgeted amount by \$1.5 million or approximately two percent. Actual expenditures were \$10.2 million less than the final expenditure budget.
- The County's total outstanding debt at fiscal year-end remained at approximately
  the same level as in the prior year. A new estimate for landfill closure and post
  closure added \$3 million. Retirements totaled \$3.1 million. See Note 7 for
  additional information on long-term obligations.
- Component Unit net assets were \$19.7 million at the end of FY2012. Of this amount, \$20.3 million is invested in capital assets, net of related debt (An unrestricted deficit of \$886,976 is shown on the statement as well).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the general fund unassigned fund balance was approximately \$19.9 million. The Board of Supervisors has adopted a policy to keep the unassigned general fund balance at a minimum of two months of general fund operating revenues.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County of Franklin's basic financial statements which comprise three sections: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements:** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.)

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, judicial administration, public safety, health and welfare, parks and recreation, solid waste and community development. The business-type activities consist of the County's utility services.

The government-wide financial statements include the County (known as the *primary government*) as well as funds of the Franklin County School Board known as the *component unit*). Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The focus is now on the County's most significant funds, and the fund financial statements provide more information about these funds – not the County as a whole.

The County has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements report financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information in exhibits 4 and 6 explains the relationship (or difference) between them.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> – When the County charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported with the full accrual accounting method as are all activities reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. The County's enterprise fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as the government-wide business-type activities;

however, the fund financial statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The County's enterprise fund is the Utility Fund.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> – The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements.</u> The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary comparisons and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees.

#### Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

A comparative analysis of government-wide information is as follows:

#### Summary of Net Assets:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets at June 30, 2012 as

presented in the government-wide financial statements (in millions):

		nmental vities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government		•		nent Unit
	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011		
Current and other assets	\$39.3	\$37.9	\$0.9	\$0.3	\$40.2	\$38.2	\$3.1	\$3.0		
Capital assets, net	67.3	68.3	1.2	1.0	68.5	69.3	20.3	20.2		
Total assets	106.6	106.2	2.1	1.3	108.7	107.5	23.4	23.2		
Other liabilities	2.1	1.8	0.0	0.0	2.1	1.8	1.2	2.3		
Long-term liabilities	40.2	40.2	0.0	0.0	40.2	40.2	2.5	2.2		
Total liabilities	42.3	42.0	0.0	0.0	42.3	42.0	3.7	4.5		
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	40.5	38.5	1.2	1.0	41.7	39.5	20.3	20.2		
Restricted	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.00		
Unrestricted	23.5	25.5	0.9	0.3	24.4	25.8	(0.9)	(1.5)		
Total net assets	\$64.3	\$64.2	\$2.1	\$1.3	\$66.4	\$65.5	\$19.7	\$18.7		

The County's combined net assets increased from \$65.5 million to \$66.4. The increase is the result of stronger than anticipated revenues received during the fiscal year. Unrestricted net assets, the portion of net assets that can be used to finance the day-to-day activities of the County, totaled \$23.5 million. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents the amount of capital assets owned by the County. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints on asset use are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, regulators, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Business-type net assets increased from \$1.3 million to \$2.1 million as a result of transfers from governmental activities and capital grants.

Component unit net assets increased from \$18.7 million to \$19.7 million as the result of local funding increases and federal stimulus funding.

#### **Summary of Activities:**

The following table shows the revenues and expenses of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2012 (in millions):

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Unit	
	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for Services	\$2.5	\$2.5	\$0.1	\$0.0	\$2.6	\$2.5	\$2.2	\$2.3	
Operating Grants & Contributions	11.7	12.2	0.0	0.0	11.7	12.2	45.1	43.2	
Capital Grants & Contributions	2.1	2.5	0.1	0.0	2.2	2.5	0.0	0.0	
General Revenues									
Property Taxes	45.8	45.6	0.0	0.0	45.8	45.6	0.0	0.0	
Other Taxes	7.8	7.8	0.0	0.0	7.8	7.8	0.0	0.0	
Other	6.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	7.0	0.3	0.2	
Payments from the County	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.9	31.8	
Total Revenues	75.9	77.6	0.2	0.0	76.1	77.6	77.5	77.5	
Expenses									
General Government	4.9	4.1	0.0	0.0	4.9	4.1	0.0	0.0	
Judicial Administration	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.0	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.0	
Public Safety	14.4	14.3	0.0	0.0	14.4	14.3	0.0	0.0	
Public Works	6.9	5.0	0.0	0.0	6.9	5.0	0.0	0.0	
Health and Welfare	10.4	10.4	0.0	0.0	10.4	10.4	0.0	0.0	
Education	29.9	31.8	0.0	0.0	29.9	31.8	76.5	77.2	
Parks, Recreation and Cultural	2.2	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.0	0.0	0.0	
Community Development	3.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	3.0	4.9	0.0	0.0	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	1.2	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.3	0.0	0.0	

Water	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Total Expenses	75.2	76.1	0.0	0.1	75.2	76.2	76.5	77.2
Excess or Deficiency Before Transfers	0.7	1.5	0.2	(0.1)	0.9	1.4	1.0	0.3
Transfers	(0.6)	0.0	0.6	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Change in Net Assets	0.1	1.5	0.8	(0.1)	0.9	1.4	1.0	0.3
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	64.2	62.7	1.3	1.4	65.5	64.1	18.7	18.4
Net Assets, Ending	\$64.3	\$64.2	\$2.1	\$1.3	\$66.4	\$65.5	\$19.7	\$18.7

#### Revenues

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$75.9 million, a decrease of \$1.7 million from the prior fiscal year primarily from less grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. Property tax revenues, the County's largest local revenue source, were \$45.8 million, an increase of \$0.2 million over the prior fiscal year. The County assesses all real property every four years. The most recent reassessed values were effective January 1, 2012.

Other local taxes (including sales taxes, recordation taxes, and meals taxes) were \$7.8 million, which was approximately the same amount received in FY2011. Intergovernmental revenues totaled \$11.7 million, reflecting a small decrease from the prior fiscal year.

Business-type revenues consist of charges to customers for water consumption. During FY2010, almost all of the County's water systems were transferred to the Western Virginia Water Authority - a regional provider of water and sewer services. The County receives a small amount of water revenue from a system located in one of the County's industrial parks.

Component unit revenues total \$77.5 million, including a \$29.9 million payment from the general government. Revenues showed little change from the prior fiscal year.

#### **Expenses**

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$75.2 million. Expenses contain the local county support of the school system.

Business-type activities account for the expenses of the County's small water system at the Commerce Center Industrial Park which serves approximately four commercial customers.

Education is a high priority in the Franklin County community; consequently the County contributed \$29.9 million to the operation of the Franklin County schools. This amount represented about 40% of the County's general fund expenses.

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the County's general fund reflects total fund balances of \$20.6 million, roughly an increase of ½ million from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

The County Capital Projects fund balance increased from FY2011 as general fund amounts were transferred to capital for various capital projects including the opening of a new landfill in the next several years.

Other Governmental Funds is comprised of the E911 fund. This fund balance remained basically unchanged from FY2011 to FY2012.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The County's budget is prepared in accordance with the Code of Virginia. During the year, the County amended the original budget primarily for the following purposes:

- To reappropriate grants and other revenues authorized in the prior fiscal year but not expended as of June 30, 2011.
- To re-appropriate monies to pay for commitments in the form of encumbrances established prior to June 30, 2011 but not paid by that date.
- To appropriate grants and other revenues received in the current fiscal year.

The following table presents revenues and expenditures for the General Fund only for FY2012 (in millions):

		Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	44.3	\$ 44.4	\$ 46.1
Intergovernmental		16.4	16.8	16.0
Other		11.4	11.8	12.4
Total	\$ _	72.1	\$ 73.0	\$ 74.5
Expenditures:				
Expenditures	\$	70.1	\$ 80.3	\$ 70.2
Total	-	70.1	80.3	70.2
Transfers		(2.7)	2.9	(3.6)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(0.7)	(4.5)	`0.7 <sup>′</sup>
Fund Balances – Beginning		`0.7 <sup>′</sup>	`4.5	19.9
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0.0	\$ 0.0	\$ 20.6

A discussion of the budgetary variances between the original budget and the final budget and of the variance between the final budget and the actual results follows.

The increase in comparing original budget to final budget in the revenues is found in the budget for intergovernmental revenue and other revenue. Intergovernmental revenues were increased during the year from grants being received by the County.

There is a significant increase in the final budget for expenditures over the original budget primarily due to budgeted capital expenditures not being spent during the fiscal year. These expenditures will be incurred and recognized in future years.

Actual revenues were more than anticipated due to the County collecting additional tax revenues generated by small growth in the value of all county property.

Actual expenditures were less than the final amended budget because of capital projects budgeted but not spent during the 2011-2012 fiscal year. It's the County's policy for unspent appropriated capital project budgets to carry forward into the next fiscal year so that the project may continue and be completed. In some cases, expenditures on a particular capital project may span multiple fiscal years.

#### **Capital Assets**

The following table displays the County and Schools (Component Unit) capital assets at June 30, 2012, in millions of dollars:

				ss-type ⁄ities		rimary nment	Component Unit		
	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	
Non-Depreciable Assets:									
Land	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$5.9	\$5.9	\$0.7	\$0.7	
Construction in Progress	2.6	0.9	0.0	0.0	2.6	0.9	0.3	0.0	
Other Capital Assets:									
Buildings and Systems	68.7	69.8	1.3	1.1	70.0	70.9	33.9	32.5	
Machinery and Equipment	23.0	22.3	0.0	0.0	23.0	22.3	15.4	14.5	
Accumulated Depreciation	(32.9)	(30.6)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(33.0)	(30.7)	(30.0)	(27.5)	
Totals	\$67.3	\$68.3	1.2	1.0	\$68.5	\$69.3	\$20.3	\$20.2	

The table below shows the change in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 in millions of dollars:

	Balance June 30, 2011	Net Additions/Deletions	Balance June 30, 2012
Non-Depreciable Assets:			
Land	\$6.6	\$0.0	\$6.6
Construction in Progress	0.9	2.0	2.9
Other Capital Assets:			
Buildings and Systems	103.4	0.5	103.9
Machinery and Equipment	36.8	1.6	38.4
Accumulated Depreciation	(58.2)	(4.8)	(63.0)
Totals	\$89.5	(\$0.7)	88.8

During the FY2012 budget process, the Board of Supervisors approved a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) that totaled \$3.1 million for FY2012. Various

projects have been funded in the plan and include software and hardware upgrades for the information technology department, trail, park and field development for the parks and recreation department and \$1.1 million for various school projects. Smaller projects make up the balance of the funding and include such items as fire/rescue apparatus replacement and Landfill engineering and development.

Additional detailed capital asset information can be found in Note 12 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report.

#### **Long Term Debt**

The following table displays the County and Schools (Component Unit) Outstanding Debt at June 30, 2012 and at June 30, 2011, in millions of dollars:

		mental vities		ss-type ⁄ities		rimary nment	Compor	nent Unit
	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011
General Obligation Bonds	\$25.7	\$28.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$25.7	\$28.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
Revenue Bonds	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Literary Loans	3.7	4.3	0.0	0.0	3.7	4.3	0.0	0.0
Capital Leases	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0
Landfill Closure/Post								
Closure Liability	8.7	5.7	0.0	0.0	8.7	5.7	0.0	0.0
Compensated Absences	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	1.4	0.8	0.8
Other post employment benefits	0.5	0.5			0.5	0.5	1.7	1.3
Total	\$40.2	\$40.2	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$40.2	\$40.2	\$2.5	\$2.1

Additional detailed information on long-term debt activity can be found in Notes 7 and 8 in the "Notes to Financial Statements" section of the report.

The Franklin County Board of Supervisors adopted the following debt policy on October 10, 1994:

- Financing should be considered for County assets that are designed to serve the
  citizens for a period of time in excess of five years with debt issued for a similar
  period and designed to spread the cost of the asset to all users, both current and
  future, unless a more feasible alternative exists(grants, gifts, etc.); and
- Debt issued for the purpose of financing water and sewer projects or other enterprise fund projects will primarily be supported by revenues generated by those projects; and
- 3. County debt as a percentage of assessments will not exceed 3.5%; and
- 4. The County's debt service as a percentage of general government expenditures will not exceed 10%; and
- 5. The County's debt per capita will not exceed \$1,500 per capita; and
- 6. Capital leases of longer than three (3) years duration will be included as debt for the purpose of computing the ratios expressed herein.

Franklin County maintains bond ratings of Double A Two (Aa2) from Moody's Investor's Services and Double A Minus (AA-) from Standard & Poor's.

#### **Economic Factors and Future Budgets**

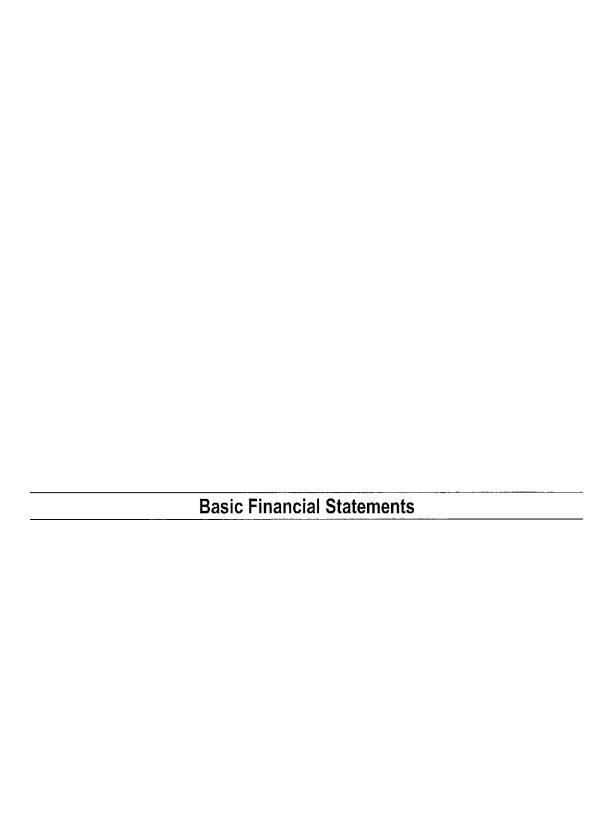
Recent trends and revenue forecasts from the Commonwealth of Virginia indicate that the State is experiencing the same economic slowdown that is impacting our national economy. Although Franklin County's population growth continues to be one of the fastest in the State of Virginia, the County is still very dependent on the State for support of the school system and constitutional officers including the Sheriff's office. Approximately 49% of total County revenues are from the State of Virginia.

Factors that are expected to impact future budgets include:

- Projected increases in health insurance premiums and retirement contribution rates assessed by the Virginia Retirement System.
- Funding for the Capital Improvement Plan.
- Uncertainty regarding the local and national economy especially including new housing starts.
- Future State funding for local Constitutional Officers and the School division.

#### **Contacting the County's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the resources it receives and their uses. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Director of Finance, 1255 Franklin Street, Suite 111, Rocky Mount, Virginia 24151, telephone (540) 483-6624. The County's website address is www.franklincountyva.org.



#### County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

		Prir	nary	Government				Component
	Ge	overnmental	В	lusiness-type				Unit
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		Total		School Board
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	S	33,735,255	S	943.858	S	34.679.113	S	_
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	ū	00 100 200	•	0.10,500	•	5 1,51 5,115	•	
Taxes receivable		2,613,184				2,613,184		_
Accounts receivable		-		556		556		
Other local taxes receivable		659.916				659,916		_
Due from other governmental units		2,005,573		-		2,005,573		2,802,781
Prepaid expenses		148,078		-		148,078		-,,
Deferred charges		144,410		_		144,410		-
Restricted assets:		,				,		
Temporarily restricted:								
Cash and cash equivalents (in custody of others)		_				_		305,255
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):								,
Land		5,876,498		_		5,876,498		725,315
Buildings		51,677,056		_		51,677,056		14,291,415
Machinery and equipment		7,065,188		_		7,065,188		5,043,983
Infrastructure		-		1,167,776		1,167,776		-
Construction in progress		2,682,882		-		2,682,882		261,973
Total assets	\$	106,608,040	S	2,112,190	\$	108,720,230	\$	23,430,722
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	S	1.520,276	S	47	S	1,520,323	Ŝ	473,783
Accrued liabilities	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	•	··-	-	-	•	675,799
Accrued interest payable		494,457		_		494,457		-
Unearned revenue		18,412				18,412		_
Long-term liabilities:						,		
Due within one year		4,145,176		_		4,145,176		638,247
Due in more than one year		36,091,692		-		36,091,692		1,901,928
Total liabilities	\$	42,270,013	\$	47	\$		\$	3,689,757
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	S	40,509,583	S	1,167,776	S	41,677,359	\$	20,322,686
Restricted for:	•	,,		.,,	•	,,		,,
E-911		51,929		-		51,929		-
Law Library		85,435		_		85 435		-
Forfeited Assets		74,818		_		74,818		-
Courthouse maintenance		83,667		-		83,667		-
School cafeteria programs				-				305,255
Unrestricted (deficit)		23,532,595		944,367		24,476,962		(886,976)
Total net assets	\$	64,338,027	S	2,112,143	\$	66,450,170	S	19,740,965

County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	venue and Assets	
			Operating	Capital			Primary Government	Com	Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Θ	Governmental Bu <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	Total	School Board
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:									
General government administration					s	(4,390,398) \$	69 I	(4,390,398) \$	•
Judicial administration	2,344,133	49,506	890.678	•		(1,403,949)	i	(1,403,949)	ı
Public safety	14,445,531	1,601,892	2,965,539	119,573		(9,758,527)	•	(9,758,527)	•
Public works	6,855,118	740,686	26,997	105,029		(5,982,406)	•	(5.982,406)	•
Health and welfare	10,430,549	19,056	7,120,878	•		(3,290,615)	•	(3,290,015)	•
Education Dodge commisse and cultural	29,873,835	100 043	170 134	, ,		(29,673,633)		(7886 690)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural	2,103,007	100,043	178,134	- 750 755		(1,600,630)	•	(1,000,030)	
Community development interest on fond-term debt	5,029,603		90,047	06/60/		(1,193,434)	• •	(1,193,434)	1 1
Total governmental activities	1 1	\$ 2,524,172	\$ 11,722,367	\$ 994,357	69	(59,948,855) \$	€	(59,948,855) \$	1
Business-type activities:	\$ 41 741	112.522	,	\$ 164,456	69	<b>.</b>	235.237 \$	235.237 \$	
Total primary government	75,231,492	\$ 2,636,694	11,722,367	1,	45	(59,948,855) \$	1 1	1 . II	
COMPONENT UNITS:					•	•	•	•	
School Board		2,206,886	45,058,618		₩	÷9	-	٠.	(29,244,675)
Total component units	\$ 76,510,179	\$ 2.206,886	\$ 45,058,618		ક્ર	<del>\$</del>	<del>.</del>	69	(29,244,675)
	General revenues:								
	General property taxes Other local taxes:	S			·	45,783,087 \$	<b>.</b>	45,783,087 \$	,
	Local sales and use taxes	e taxes				3,867,957	ı	3,867,957	•
	Consumers' utility taxes	axes				971,693		971,693	•
	Business license taxes	xex				4,585	•	4,585	•
	Utility license taxes					168,980		168,980	,
	Motor vehicle licenses	ses				1,159,789	1	1,159,789	t.
	Bank stock taxes					119,639	•	119,639	
	E-91) taxes					1,934	•	1,934	•
	laxes of recoluding and wills	ar drid wills				400,002	•	400,002	
	Rotel and motel roun taxes Restaurant food taxes	loolii taxes faxes				91,028	, ,	912,380	
	Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property	s from use of money	and property			1.139.124	,	1.139.124	
	Miscellaneous		fundand pun			541.242	,	541,242	451,094
	Payments from County of Franklin	ty of Franklin					ŀ		29,873,835
	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	ons not restricted to	specific programs			5,379,777	1	5,379,777	•
	Transfers					(555, 256)	555,256		
	Total general revenues	ss			ь				30,324,929
	Change in net assets				↔	103,586 \$	790,493 \$	894,079 \$	1,080,254
	Net assets - beginning				6	64,234,441	0 442 442 @	65,555,091	18,000,711
	Met assets - ending				9	¢ /20'000'+0	4 را (۲ ا <del>۱</del> ۵ ه	Ш	75757

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### County of Franklin, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

		<u>General</u>		County Capital  Projects		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net of allowance	\$	17,982,108	\$	15,681,488	\$	71,659	\$	33,735,255
for uncollectibles): Taxes receivable		2,613,184		_		_		2,613,184
Other local taxes receivable		659,916		-		-		659,916
Due from other governmental units		2,005,573		_		_		2,005,573
Prepaid items		148,078		-		-		148,078
Total assets	\$		\$	15,681,488	\$	71,659	\$	39,162,006
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	598,776	\$	901,770	\$	19,730	\$	1,520,276
Deferred revenue	Ψ	2,244,352	Ψ	301,770	Ψ	19,730	Ψ	2,244,352
Total liabilities	\$	2,843,128	\$	901,770	\$	19,730	\$	3,764,628
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable Restricted for:	\$	148,078	\$	-	\$	•		148,078
E-911		-		-		51,929		51,929
Law Library		85,435		-		-		85,435
Forfeited Assets		74,818		•		-		74,818
Courthouse maintenance Assigned		83,667		•		-		83,667
Debt service		210,233		_		_		210,233
Capital projects		-		14,779,718		_		14,779,718
Unassigned		19,963,500				•		19,963,500
Total fund balances	\$	20,565,731	\$	14,779,718	\$	51,929	\$	35,397,378
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	23,408,859	\$	15,681,488	\$	71,659	\$	39,162,006

## County of Franklin, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	\$ 35,397,378
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	67,301,624
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	2,225,940
Bond issuance cost are reported as an expenditure in the funds, however they are deferred and amortized in the government-wide statements	144,410
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(40,731,325)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 64,338,027

### County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

REVENUES		General		County Capital <u>Projects</u>		Other Governmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
General property taxes	\$	46,118,184	\$		\$		\$	46,118,184
Other local taxes	Ψ	7,762,533	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,934	Ψ	7,764,467
Permits, privilege fees,		1,102,000		-		1,354		1,104,401
and regulatory licenses		319,277						240.277
Fines and forfeitures		17,076		-		-		319,277
Revenue from the use of		17,070		-		-		17,076
money and property		1 120 124						4 420 404
Charges for services		1,139,124		-		-		1,139,124
Miscellaneous		2,187,819		402.270		-		2,187,819
		347,963		193,279		•		541,242
Recovered costs		609,920		-		•		609,920
Intergovernmental revenues:		10.040.005		204.057		4 447 674		45.040.000
Commonwealth		13,240,695		824,357		1,147,571		15,212,623
Federal		2,713,878		170,000		-		2,883,878
Total revenues	\$	74,456,469	\$	1,187,636	\$	1,149,505	\$	76,793,610
EXPENDITURES Current: General government administration Judicial administration Public safety	\$	4,194,731 2,310,288 12,939,398	\$	- -	\$	- - 1,126,191	\$	4,194,731 2,310,288 14,065,589
Public works		3,315,563		_		-, (20, 101		3,315,563
Health and welfare		10,670,106		-		_		10,670,106
Education		28,249,720		-		_		28,249,720
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,814,823		-		_		1,814,823
Community development		2,471,002		-		_		2,471,002
Capital projects Debt service:		-, 11 1,002		3,408,090		-		3,408,090
		2 020 604		100 000				2 000 004
Principal retirement		2,928,681		100,000		-		3,028,681
Interest and other fiscal charges	<u> </u>	1,293,215	Φ.		•	4 400 404	Φ.	1,293,215
Total expenditures	\$	70,187,527	\$	3,508,090	\$	1,126,191	\$	74,821,808
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	_		_		_			
(under) expenditures	\$	4,268,942	\$	(2,320,454)	\$	23,314	\$	1,971,802
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_				_			
Transfers in	\$	•	\$	3,078,179	\$	-	\$	3,078,179
Transfers out		(3,633,435)		-		-		(3,633,435)
Sale of capital assets		10,600		<u> -                                   </u>		•		10,600
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(3,622,835)	\$	3,078,179	\$	-	\$	(544,656)
Net change in fund balances	\$	646,107	\$	757,725	\$	23,314	\$	1,427,146
Fund balances - beginning		19,919,624		14,021,993		28,615		33,970,232
Fund balances - ending	\$	20,565,731	\$	14,779,718	\$	51,929	\$	35,397,378

## County of Franklin, Virginia Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ 1,427,146

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

(993,409)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

(335,097)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

51,422

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

(46,476)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

103,586

#### County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund June 30, 2012

June 30, 2012		
	[	Enterprise
	F	Fund
		Utility
		<u>Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	943,858
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		556
Total current assets	\$	944,414
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Infrastructure	\$	1,319,774
Less accumulated depreciation		(151,998)
Total capital assets	\$	1,167,776
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$</u> \$	1,167,776
Total assets	\$	2,112,190
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	47
Total current liabilities	\$	47
Total liabilities	\$	47
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets	\$	1,167,776
Unrestricted (deficit)	•	944,367
Total net assets	\$	2,112,143
	-	

## County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	E	nterprise Fund Utility Fund
OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services:		
Water and sewer revenue	\$	6,680
Connection fees (operating)		105,842
Total operating revenues	\$	112,522
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Utilities	\$	2,584
Repairs and maintenance		53
Professional services		5,068
Depreciation		34,036
Total operating expenses	\$	41,741
Operating income (loss)	\$	70,781
Income before contributions and transfers	\$	70,781
Capital contributions	\$	164,456
Transfers in	\$	555,256
Change in net assets	\$	790,493
Total net assets - beginning		1,321,650
Total net assets - ending	\$	2,112,143

# County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	E	Enterprise Fund	
		Utility <u>Fund</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and users	\$	113,434	
Payments for materials and supplies  Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(7,855)	
iver cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u> </u>	105,579	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from other funds	\$	555,256	
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing			
activities	\$	555,256	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to utility plant	\$	(174,935)	
Capital contributions		164,456	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related			
financing activities	\$	(10,479)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		650,356	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	\$	293,502	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	943,858	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	70,781	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	\$	34,036	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		912	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(150)	
Total adjustments	_\$	34,798	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	105,579	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 123,659
Cash in custody of others	 79,651
Total assets	\$ 203,310
LIABILITIES  Amounts held for social services clients  Amounts held for citizens  Amounts held for performance bonds  Amounts held for State agency  Amounts held for library  Amounts held for inmates  Total liabilities	\$  37,520 20,225 61,530 384 4,000 79,651 203,310

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012

#### Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the County conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### A. Reporting Entity

The County of Franklin, Virginia (government) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member Board of Supervisors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended component units - None

Discretely Presented Component Units - The component unit columns in the financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

The Franklin County School Board operates the elementary and secondary public schools in the County. School Board members are popularly elected. The School Board is fiscally dependent upon the County because the County approves all debt issuances of the School Board and provides significant funding to operate the public schools since the School Board does not have separate taxing powers. The School Board is presented as a governmental fund type. The School Board does not issue separate financial statements.

#### Related Organizations - None

Jointly Governed Organizations - The County and the Counties of Roanoke and Craig and the Cities of Roanoke and Salem participate in supporting the Roanoke Valley Regional Board, an educational partnership. The governing body of this organization is appointed by the respective governing bodies of the participating jurisdictions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the Franklin County School Board contributed \$719,756. Other organizations to which the County makes appointments and contributions are listed below:

Roanoke Valley Economic Development Partnership	\$ 110,058
Piedmont Community Services	90,737
Roanoke Valley Detention Commission	164,350
Western Virginia Regional Jail	2,305,155

#### B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds, if any, are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, which are a type of fiduciary fund do not have a measurement focus and therefore do not use the economic resource measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as deferred revenues.

Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally in the month preceding receipt by the County.

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in other funds. The general fund includes the activities of the Virginia Public Assistance, Law Library, Victim Witness, Landfill Closure, Capital Outlay, Landfill Replacement, Industrial Access, Forfeited Assets, Corporate Drive, Recreation Facilities Improvements, Capital Improvements, Public Safety Capital Improvements, Library Endowment, West Franklin Industrial Access Road, Smith Mountain Lake Park State Grant, and Economic Development Set-aside Funds.

The County reports the following major capital projects funds:

The County capital projects fund accounts for and reports the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by the Proprietary Fund and the School Construction Fund. It accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital facilities.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

Proprietary funds account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to those found in private business enterprises. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

Enterprise funds account for the financing of services to the general public where all or most of the operating expenses involved are recorded in the form of charges to users of such services. Enterprise Funds consist of the Utility Fund. Activity associated with the County's water system is accounted for in the Utility Fund.

The government reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those dedicated for debt service or major capital projects) requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The E-911 Fund is reported as a non-major special revenue fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds (Trust and Agency Funds) account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Special Welfare, Road Escrow, Escrow for Soil and Erosion Control Fund, Library Fund, Fish Virginia Program and Inmate Trust and Canteen Account Funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between departments of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

# C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation: (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The County also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

# D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

## 1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

#### 2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, if any, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

# Property Taxes

Property is assessed at its value on January 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Real estate taxes are payable on December 5<sup>th</sup>. Personal property taxes are due and collectible annually on December 5<sup>th</sup>. The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

#### 4. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to approximately \$763,215 at June 30, 2012 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The County had no infrastructure that was acquired prior to the implementation of GASB 34.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component unit, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	10-40
Structures, lines, and accessories	20-40
Machinery and equipment	4-30

# D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

#### 7. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The County accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

# 8. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Fund equity

The County of Franklin, Virginia follows provisions of GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement provides fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

#### D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

#### 9. Fund equity (continued)

- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its
  highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any
  other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the
  constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent is expressed by the governing body, as discussed below.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County of Franklin, Virginia's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The County of Franklin, Virginia establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Supervisors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

#### Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

#### 11. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The consumption method is used in governmental funds to report prepaid items.

#### 12. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

#### 13. Cash in the Custody of Others:

Certain bond proceeds, held by trustee(s) pursuant to the County's bond agreements, are reported in the financial statements as cash in the custody of others.

# Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net assets-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The details of these (\$40,731,325) and (\$2,540,175) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary		Component
	Government		_	Unit
	ſr.	(DE 330 430) I	ሱ	
General obligation bonds and notes	\$	(25,339,439)	Ф	-
Literary loans payable		(3,702,750)		-
Capital leases		(163,141)		-
Premium on bond		(366,711)		-
Accrued interest payable		(494,457)		-
Landfill accrued closure and post-closure liability		(8,683,815)		-
Compensated absences		(1,415,852)		(850,995)
Other post-employment benefits	_	(565,160)	_	(1,689,180)
N. C. C. and C. and C. and C. C. and C. C. and C. and C. C. and C. C. and C. a				
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental funds to arrive at				
net assets-governmental activities	\$	(40,731,325)	\$ =	(2,540,175)

# Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of these (\$993,409) and \$167,659 differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

	_	Primary Government		Component Unit
Capital outlays  Deleted assets (net of accumulated depreciation)  Depreciation expense  Transfer of assets to School Board	\$	3,484,377 (158,524) (3,643,002) (676,260)	\$	1,680,719 (1,000) (2,188,320) 676,260
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ =	(993,409)	\$ .	167,659

# Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued):

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$51,422 difference in the primary government are as follows:

		Primary
		Government
Debt Issued or incurred:	-	
Landfill closure/post-closure care liability	\$	(2,977,259)
Principal repayments:		
General obligation debt/leases		3,028,681
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental		
activities	\$	51,422
30171100	Ψ:	31,422

# Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities (continued):

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of these (\$46,476) and (\$369,384) differences for the primary government and discretely presented component unit, respectively, are as follows:

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	-			
(Increase) decrease in compensated absences	\$	(40,257)	\$	(16,384)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest		94,907		-
Amortization of bond premium		26,980		-
Amortization of bond issuance cost		(22,106)		
(Increase) decrease in OPEB liability	_	(106,000)		(353,000)
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive				
at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	(46,476)	\$	(369,384)

### Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability:

#### A. Budgetary information

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to March 30, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The following funds have legally adopted budgets: General Fund and the School Operating Fund.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the function level. Only the Board of Supervisors can revise the appropriation for each department or category. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.

# Note 3-Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability: (Continued)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (except the School Fund), Debt Service Funds, and the General Capital Projects Funds. The School Fund and School Capital Projects Fund are integrated only at the level of legal adoption.
- 6. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 7. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units. The County's practice is to appropriate Capital Projects by Project. Several supplemental appropriations were necessary during this fiscal year.
- 8. Budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements is the revised budget as of June 30, and the original budget adopted by the Board of Supervisors.
- Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the
  expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriations, is not
  part of the County's accounting system.
- B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

There were no expenditures exceeding appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2012.

C. Deficit fund equity

At June 30, 2012, there were no funds with deficit fund equity.

# Note 4-Deposits and Investments:

#### Deposits:

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act"), Section 2.2-4400 et. Seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

Note 4-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

#### Investments:

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). As of June 30, 2012 and for the year then ended, the County did not have any investments.

# Custodial Credit Risk (Investments)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Neither the County nor its discretely presented component unit has an investment policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2012, the County and the Component Unit – School Board did not hold any investments that were subject to custodial credit risk.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments meeting the GASB 40 definition requiring concentration of credit risk disclosures that exceeded 5% of total investments.

#### Credit Risk of Debt Securities

State law limits investments in commercial paper to holdings rated by at least two of the following: Moody's Investors Service, Inc., within its NCO/Moody's rating of prime 1, by Standard & Poor's, Inc., within its rating of A-1, by Fitch Investor's Services, Inc., within its rating of F-1, by Duff and Phelps, Inc., within its rating of D-1. State law further limits investments in corporate notes and bonds to those with a rating of at least Aa by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., and a rating of at least AA by Standard & Poors, Inc. In addition, State law permits investments in Stocks, bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of the Commonwealth and those unconditionally guaranteed as to the payment of principal and interest by the Commonwealth. It is the government's policy to limit its investments to those allowed under State law.

#### Interest Rate Risk

At June 30, 2012, the County did not have any investments meeting the GASB 40 definition requiring interest rate risk disclosures.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

# Note 5-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amounts represent receivables from other governments at year-end:

		Primary Government		Component Unit- School Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:	_		_	
Local sales tax	\$	740,152	\$	-
State sales tax		-		619,463
Non-categorical aid		76,795		-
Categorical aid-shared expenses		327,637		-
Categorical aid-VPA funds		184,429		-
Categorical aid-CSA funds		457,915		-
Federal Government:				
Categorical aid-VPA funds		218,645		-
Other categorical aid		-	_	2,183,318
Totals	\$_	2,005,573	\$_	2,802,781

# Note 6-Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In		_	Transfers Out
Primary Government:				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	3,633,435
Utility Fund		555,256		-
County Capital Projects Fund	_	3,078,179	_	
Total	\$	3,633,435	\$_	3,633,435

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them, to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization. The County transfers funds to the Capital Projects Fund as funds are needed to cover capital programs of that fund. Transfers to the Utility Fund are required to cover operating expenses of the fund.

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations:

# Primary Government - Governmental Activity Obligations:

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the County for the year ended June 30, 2012.

		Balance July 1, 2011		Issuances		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2012
General Obligation	_				-		-	
Bonds and Notes	\$	27,583,770	\$	-	\$	(2,244,331)	\$	25,339,439
Premiums on bonds		393,691		-		(26,980)		366,711
Literary loans		4,316,500		-		(613,750)		3,702,750
Capital leases		333,741		-		(170,600)		163,141
Landfill closure/postclosure liability		5,706,556		2,977,259		-		8,683,815
Compensated absences		1,375,595		955,121		(914,864)		1,415,852
Other post-employment benefits	_	459,160	_	179,000		(73,000)	_	565,160
Total	\$ _	40,169,013	\$_	4,111,380	\$_	(4,043,525)	\$_	40,236,868

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		General Obligation	n Bor	nds and Notes		Literary	Fund	Loans
June 30,		Principal		Interest Princip		Interest Principal		Interest
2013 2014	\$	2,318,363	\$	945,070	\$	613,750	\$	111,083
2015		2,368,334 2,412,506		868,424 782,160		613,750 613,750		92,670 74,258
2016 2017		1,939,886 1,979,484		702,520 625,627		613,750 613,750		55,845 37,433
2018-2022		9,434,786		1,975,879		634,000		26,520
2023-2027 2028-2032		3,551,080 775,000		654,272 230,375		-		-
2033-2035	_	560,000		40,937	_		_	-
Totals	\$	25,339,439	\$	6,825,264	\$	3,702,750	\$_	397,809

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

The County has entered into capital leases for phone systems, building/planning software, and a track excavator. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and therefore have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

Total assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Phone system	\$ 257,668
Track excavator	283,891
Building/Planning software	310,486
Phone system-social services	54,978
Total assets	\$ 907,023
Accumulated Depreciation	(470,004)
Net Book Value of Assets	\$ 437,019

Present value of future minimum lease payments:

Year Ending		Capital
June 30,		Leases
2013	\$	157,304
2014	Ψ	12,609
Total minimum lease payments	\$ -	169,913
Less: amount representing interest	_	(6,772)
Present value of future minimum lease		
payments	\$_	163,141

# Note 7-Long-Term Obligations: (continued)

# <u>Primary Government - Governmental Activity Obligations:</u> Details of long-term obligations:

	Interest Rates	Issue Date	Final Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	G	Balance Governmental Activities		Amount oue Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds and Notes:								
GO bond <sup>2</sup>	5.0-5.9%	11/16/2000	2020	6,285,526	\$	3,099,927	\$	320,707
GO bond <sup>2</sup>	5.1-6.35%	5/18/2000	2021	3,400,000		1,530,000		170,000
GO bond <sup>2</sup>	4.1-5.6%	11/10/2004	2025	2,500,000		1,625,000		125,000
GO bond <sup>1</sup>	3.710%	7/13/2005	2021	6,500,000		1,708,609		170,708
GO bond <sup>2</sup>	4.225-5.1%	11/9/2006	2027	6,760,943		5,099,603		308,850
GO bond <sup>1</sup>	3.910%	12/20/2007	2023	4,253,000		3,396,500		266,369
GO bond <sup>2</sup>	3.910%	12/20/2007	2023	4,897,000		3,909,800		306,729
GO bond <sup>3</sup>	4.68%	6/12/2009	2035	2,905,000		2,780,000		65,000
Note Payable - WVCC1	0.00%	12/15/2009	2019	1,000,000		700,000		100,000
GO refunding bond <sup>1</sup>	1.615%	6/24/2010	2014	2,464,000		1,490,000		485,000
Total General Obligation Bonds and Notes					\$	25,339,439	\$	2,318,363
Literary Loans: (Bonded indebtedness) (So	hool Construction)2							
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	3/17/1997	2017	\$ 1,072,000	\$	268,000	\$	53,600
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	3/17/1997	2017	1,029,000		257,250		51,450
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	3/17/1997	2017	967,000		241,750		48,350
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	3/17/1997	2017	539,000		134,750		26,950
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	3/17/1997	2017	988,000		247,000		49,400
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	9/15/1997	2017	210,000		63,000		10,500
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	10/7/1997	2017	854,000		256,200		42,700
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	10/7/1997	2017	844,000		253,200		42,200
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	10/7/1997	2017	772,000		231,600		38,600
State Literary Fund Loan	3%	7/16/1998	2018	5,000,000		1,750,000		250,000
Total Literary Loans					\$	3,702,750	\$	613,750
Other Obligations:								
Landfill Closure/Post-closure								
Monitoring Costs	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	\$	8,683,815	\$	•
Capital Leases	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		163,141		151,174
Premiums on GO Bonds	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		366,711		-
Compensated Absences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		1,415,852		1,061,889
Other post-employment benefits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		565,160		-
Total Other Obligations					\$	11,194,679	\$	1,213,063
Total Long-term obligations					\$	40,236,868	\$	4,145,176

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Denotes debt issued for General Government Projects

For the governmental activities, landfill closure and post-closure monitoring costs, compensated absences, post employment benefits and pension obligations are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Denotes debt issued for School Construction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Denotes debt issued for Utility Assets transferred to the Western Virginia Water Authority (Operating Debt)

TOTAL TOTAL

# Note 8-Long-Term Obligations-Component Unit School Board:

# <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit-School Board Obligations:</u>

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Component-Unit School Board for the year ended June 30, 2012.

		Balance					Balance
		July 1, 2011		Issuances	Retirements		June 30, 2012
	_					-	<del>.</del>
Compensated absences	\$	834,611	\$	642,343	\$ (625,959)	\$	850,995
Other post-employment benefits		1,336,180		627,000	(274,000)		1,689,180
			-			•	
Total	\$_	2,170,791	\$	1,269,343	\$ (899,959)	\$	2,540,175

# Details of long-term obligations:

		Total Amount		Amount Due Within One Year		
Other Obligations:	_		•	**************************************		
Compensated absences	\$	850,995	\$	638,246		
Other post-employment benefits		1,689,180	_	<u> </u>		
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	2,540,175	\$_	638,246		

For the governmental activities of the discretely presented component unit-School Board, compensated absences, pension obligations and post-employment benefits are generally liquidated by the School fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

#### Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans:

## A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and employees of participating employers are automatically covered by VRS upon employment. Benefits vest after five years of service credit. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and their employer is paying into the VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior public service, active duty military service, certain periods of leave and previously refunded VRS service as credit in their plan.

VRS administers two defined benefit plans for local government employees – Plan 1 and Plan 2:

Members hired before July 1, 2010 and who have service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 1. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. They may retire with a reduced benefit early at age 55 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.

Members hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2010 and who have no service credits before July 1, 2010 are covered under Plan 2. Non-hazardous duty members are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years of service credit or when the sum of their age and service equals 90. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years of service credit.

Eligible hazardous duty members in Plan 1 and Plan 2 are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. These members include sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and hazardous duty employees of political subdivisions that have elected to provide enhanced coverage for hazardous duty service. They may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least five years of service credit. All other provisions of the member's plan apply.

The VRS Basic Benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the member's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the member's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the member's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. The retirement multiplier for eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by employer. At retirement, members can elect the Basic Benefit, the Survivor Option, a Partial Lump-Sum Option Payment (PLOP) or the Advance Pension Option. A retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit amount for members electing the Survivor Option, PLOP or Advance Pension Option or those retiring with a reduced benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

# Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

#### A. Plan Description (continued)

Retirees are eligible for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) effective July 1 of the second calendar year of retirement. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%; under Plan 2, the COLA cannot exceed 6.00%. During years of no inflation or deflation, the COLA is 0.00%. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf</a> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

# B. Funding Policy

#### **Primary Government:**

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. All or part of the 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County of Franklin, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County of Franklin, Virginia's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2012 was 9.15% of annual covered payroll.

# Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees):

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. This 5.00% member contribution may be assumed by the employer. In addition, the County of Franklin, Virginia is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The County of Franklin, Virginia's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2012 was 8.01% of annual covered payroll.

# Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

#### C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2012, the County of Franklin, Virginia's annual pension cost of \$1,060,487 and \$393,368 was equal to the County of Franklin, Virginia's required and actual contributions for the County and the School Board Non-Professionals, respectively.

#### Three-Year Trend Information

	Fiscal Year Ending		Annual Pension Cost (APC) <sup>1</sup>	Percentage of APC Contributed	Ne Pen: Oblig	sion
Primary Government:		_				
County	6/30/2010	\$	865,122	100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/2011		1,052,708	100.00%		-
	6/30/2012		1,060,487	100.00%		-
Discretely Presented-Component Unit:						
School Board Non-Professional	6/30/2010	\$	462,009	100.00%	\$	-
	6/30/2011		395,172	100.00%		-
	6/30/2012		393,368	100.00%		-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Employer portion only

The FY 2012 required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at June 30, 2009 included (a) an investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) of 7.50%, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year for general government employees and 3.50% to 4.75% for employees eligible for enhanced benefits available to law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs, and (c) a cost-of-living adjustment of 2.50% per year. Both the investment rate of return and the projected salary increases include an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the County and School Board's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The County and School Board's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2009 for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) was 20 years.

# D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

# **Primary Government:**

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 80.66% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$50,058,269, and the actuarial value of assets was \$40,375,776, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$9,682,493. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$11,460,168, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 84.49%.

# Note 9-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

# Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board (Non-Professional Employees)

As of June 30, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 76.94% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$17,935,655, and the actuarial value of assets was \$13,799,191, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$4,136,464. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,908,069, and ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 84.28%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

E. Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board (Professional Employees)

#### Plan Description

The Franklin County School Board contributes to the Virginia Retirement System (VRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System. VRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia (1950)</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the State legislature. The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of the most recent report may be obtained from the VRS Web site at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2011-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### **Funding Policy**

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. The employer may assume this 5.00% member contribution. In addition, the School Board is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The School Board's contribution to the statewide cost sharing pool for professional employees, not including the 5.00% member contribution, was \$2,325,721, \$1,441,558, and \$2,407,049, for the fiscal years ended 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively. Required employer contributions represented 6.33% for 2012, 3.93% for 2011, 8.81% for July 2009 through March 2010 and 0.00% for April through June 2010 of covered payroll, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

#### Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB):

From an accrual accounting perspective, the cost of post-employment health care benefits (OPEB), like the cost of pension benefits, generally should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in future years when it will be paid. In adopting the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, the County recognizes the cost of post-employment health care in the year when the employee services are rendered, reports the accumulating liability, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the County's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be phased in over 30 years, commencing with the 2009 liability.

#### **Primary Government**

#### A. Plan Description

The County of Franklin administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the County and their dependents in the health and dental insurance programs available to County employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health and dental insurance offered by the County. An eligible County retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 12 years of service with the County and the employee must have attained the age of fifty (50). The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the County Board and can be amended through Board action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

# B. Funding Policy

The County of Franklin, Virginia currently pays for post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The County of Franklin, Virginia currently has 303 employees that are eligible for the program. In addition, for retirees of the County of Franklin, Virginia, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree. The rates were as follows:

	Premiums					
Participants	Healt	Dental				
Employee	\$	441.69	\$	25.00		
Employee / Spouse		927.55		40.42		
Employee / Child		675.79		39.16		
Family		1,143,98		76.92		

The County is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) June 30, 2012

# Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (continued)

# Primary Government (continued)

# C. Annual OPEB Cost

For 2012, the County's annual contribution of \$73,000 did not equal the annual OPEB cost of \$179,000. The obligation calculation is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 180,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	18,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(19,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	179,000
Contributions made	 73,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	106,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	459,160
Net OPEB obligation - ending of year	\$ 565,160

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 were as follows:

				Percentage of		
	Fiscal		Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Ν	et OPEB
	Year Ended	OPEB Cost		Contributed	Obligation	
Ī	,					
	6/30/2010	\$	209,160	16.26%	\$	349,160
	6/30/2011	\$	169,000	34.91%	\$	459,160
	6/30/2012	\$	179,000	40.78%	\$	565,160

# D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of July 1, 2011 (the most recent valuation), was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,706,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 1,706,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 11,460,168
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	14.89%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2012

# Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (continued)

Primary Government (continued)

# D. Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

# E. Actuarial methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility. The actuarial assumptions included: inflation at 2.5%, an investment rate of return at 4.0%, and a health care trend rate of 10% graded to 5% over 10 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining closed amortization period, which at June 30, 2011, was 29 years.

#### Component Unit: School Board

# A. Plan Description

The Component Unit - Franklin County School Board administers a single-employer healthcare plan ("the Plan"). The Plan provides for participation by eligible retirees of the School Board and their dependents in the health and dental insurance programs available to School Board employees. The Plan will provide retiring employees the option to continue health and dental insurance offered by the School Board. An eligible retiree may receive this benefit until the retiree is eligible to receive Medicare. To be eligible for this benefit a retiree must have 10 years of service with the School Board and the employee must have attained the age of fifty (50). The benefits, employee contributions and the employer contributions are governed by the School Board and can be amended through Board action. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2012

# Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (continued)

Component Unit: School Board: (continued)

# B. Funding Policy

The School Board currently pays for post-retirement health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The School Board currently has 1,138 employees that are eligible for the program. In addition, for retirees of the School Board, 100 percent of premiums are the responsibility of the retiree. The rates were as follows:

	Premiums					
Participants	Health	Dental				
Employee	\$	450.90	\$	29.78		
Employee / Spouse		954.82		59.25		
Employee / Child		666.92		53.10		
Family		1,060.91		91.75		

The Board is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years.

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost

For 2012, the Board's annual contribution of \$274,000 did not equal the annual OPEB cost of \$627,000. The obligation calculation is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 628,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	54,000
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(55,000)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	627,000
Contributions made	274,000
Increase in net OPEB obligation	353,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	1,336,180
Net OPEB obligation - ending of year	\$ 1,689,180

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

# Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (continued)

Component Unit: School Board: (continued)

# C. Annual OPEB Cost (continued)

The Board's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 and the prior two years were as follows:

			Percentage of			
Fiscal		Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	1	Net OPEB	
Year Ended	Ol	PEB Cost	Contributed	(	Obligation	
6/30/2010	\$	701,180	31.52%	\$	957,180	
6/30/2011	\$	597,000	36.52%	\$	1,336,180	
6/30/2012	\$	627,000	43.70%	\$	1,689,180	

# D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of July 1, 2011 (the most recent valuation), was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 6,126,000
Actuarial value of plan assets	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 6,126,000
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 41,652,207
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	14.71%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

# Note 10-Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB): (continued)

Component Unit: School Board: (continued)

# E. Actuarial methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the projected unit of credit actuarial cost method was used. Under this method, future benefits are projected and the present value of such benefits is allocated from date of hire to date of eligibility. The actuarial assumptions included: inflation at 2.5%, an investment rate of return at 4.0%, and a health care trend rate of 10% graded to 5% over 10 years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage over the remaining closed amortization period, which at June 30, 2011, was 29 years.

#### Note 11-Deferred Revenue:

Deferred revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Deferred revenue totaling \$2,244,352 is comprised of the following:

<u>Prepaid Property Taxes</u> - Property taxes due subsequent to June 30, 2012, but paid in advance by the taxpayers totaled \$18,412 at June 30, 2012.

<u>Uncollected Taxes</u> – Property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days after year end are reflected as deferred revenues. These taxes totaled \$2,225,940 at June 30, 2012.

# Note 12-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

# Primary Government:

Trimary Governments		Beginning Balance		Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	5,876,498	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,876,498
Construction in progress		871,666		1,811,216	_			2,682,882
Total capital assets not being			_		-			
depreciated	\$	6,748,164	\$_	1,811,216	\$.	-	\$_	8,559,380
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	69,809,851	\$	310,993	\$	(1,463,614)	\$	68,657,230
Machinery and equipment		22,335,587		1,362,168		(706,639)		22,991,116
Total capital assets being			-		•		_	
depreciated	\$_	92,145,438	\$_	1,673,161	\$.	(2,170,253)	\$_	91,648,346
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	(15,850,265)	\$	(1,807,166)	\$	677,257	\$	(16,980,174)
Machinery and equipment		(14,748,304)		(1,835,836)		658,212		(15,925,928)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	(30,598,569)	\$_	(3,643,002)	\$	1,335,469	\$_	(32,906,102)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$_	61,546,869	\$_	(1,969,841)	\$.	(834,784)	\$_	58,742,244
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$	68,295,033	\$_	(158,625)	\$	(834,784)	\$	67,301,624

# COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

# Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

# Note 12-Capital Assets: (continued)

	ييسند	Beginning Balance		Increases	 Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type Activities:							
Capital assets, being depreciated:  Infrastructure  Total capital assets being	\$	1,144,839	\$_	174,935	\$ -	. \$	1,319,774
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$	1,144,839	\$_	174,935	\$ -	. \$_	1,319,774
Less: accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure	\$	(117,962)	\$	(34,036)	\$ -	\$	(151,998)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(117,962)	\$	(34,036)	\$ -	\$	(151,998)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	\$_	1,026,877	\$_	140,899	\$ _	. \$_	1,167,776
Business-type activities capital							
assets, net	\$	1,026,877	\$	140,899	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	1,167,776

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2012

# Note 12-Capital Assets: (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government administration	\$	49,306
Judicial administration		87,805
Public safety		1,185,629
Public works		891,256
Health and welfare		46,730
Education		947,855
Parks, recreation, and cultural		279,094
Community development	_	155,327
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	3,643,002
Business-type activities		
Utility fund	\$	34,036

# Note 12-Capital Assets: (continued)

Capital asset activity for the School Board for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

		Beginning						Ending
	_	Balance	_	Increases	_	Decreases	_	Balance
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	725,315	\$	-	\$		\$	725,315
Construction in progress		-		261,973		-		261,973
Total capital assets not being	-		-		•		-	
depreciated	\$_	725,315	\$_	261,973	\$_	_	\$_	987,288
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	32,470,653	\$	1,467,713	\$	-	\$	33,938,366
Machinery and equipment		14,480,046		1,271,003		(266,735)		15,484,314
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	46,950,699	\$	2,738,716	\$	(266,735)	\$_	49,422,680
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	(18,135,548)	\$	(1,511,403)	\$	-	\$	(19,646,951)
Machinery and equipment		(9,385,439)		(1,320,627)		265,735		(10,440,331)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(27,520,987)	\$	(2,832,030)	\$	265,735	\$_	(30,087,282)
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	\$_	19,429,712	\$_	(93,314)	\$	(1,000)	\$_	19,335,398
Governmental activities capital								
assets, net	\$_	20,155,027	\$	168,659	\$	(1,000)	\$_	20,322,686

All depreciation of the component-unit School Board is posted to the education function in the financial statements.

Net assets of \$676,260 (\$1,319,970 gross less accumulated depreciation of \$643,710) were transferred to the School Board from the primary government during the fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

#### Note 13-Risk Management:

The County and its component unit – School Board are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The County and its component unit – School Board participate with other localities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of general liability and auto insurance with the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County and its component unit – School Board pay the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion in which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. The County and its component unit – School Board continue to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### **Note 14-Contingent Liabilities:**

Federal programs in which the County and its component unit participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Pursuant to the provisions of this circular all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements. While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowances of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

# Note 15-Surety Bonds:

#### Primary Government:

Fidelity & Deposit Co	mpany of Mar	vland-Suretv
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. Totally a popular company of maryland carety.	
Teresa J. Brown, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 500,000
Lynda F. Messenger, Treasurer	500,000
Margaret S. Torrence, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
Bill Overton, Jr., Sheriff	30,000
All constitutional officers' employees: blanket bond	50,000
All Social Services employees-blanket bond	100,000

### Note 15-Surety Bonds: (continued)

Component Unit - School Board:

Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York:		
Charles H. Lackey, Superintendent of Schools	\$	20,000
David Leffue		20,000
Lee Cheatham		20,000
Pacific Employers Insurance Company:		
All School Board employees-blanket bond	<del></del> \$	100,000

### Note 16-Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Cost:

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site after closure. The estimated total cost necessary to close and monitor the landfill is \$9,648,683. \$8,683,815 is the estimated closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2012 based on the capacity used as of the same date. The County will recognize the remaining closure and post-closure care totaling \$964,868 over the remaining useful life of the landfill which is one year. The landfill has reached 90% of capacity and the County expects to close the landfill in 2013. This represents what it would cost to perform closure and post-closure care in 2012. Actual costs for closure and post-closure monitoring may change due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology or changes in applicable laws or regulations. The County uses the Commonwealth of Virginia's financial assurance mechanism to meet the Department of Environmental Quality's assurance requirements for landfill closure and post-closure costs.

### Note 17 – Commitments and Contingencies:

The County was involved in major construction projects during the fiscal year as presented below, along with the anticipated funding source.

Contract Amount

			CO	Heact Amount	
		utstanding at			
<u>Project</u>	Cont	ract Amount	<u>J</u>	une 30, 2012	Funding Source
New Landfill Construction	\$	5,199,700	\$	3,918,780	Local Funds
Ramsev Kitchen Renovation - School Board		647,989		301,426	Local Funds

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2012

### Note 18 - Arbitrage Rebate Compliance:

As of June 30, 2012 and for the year then ended, the County was not liable for any amounts due under current rules governing arbitrage earnings.

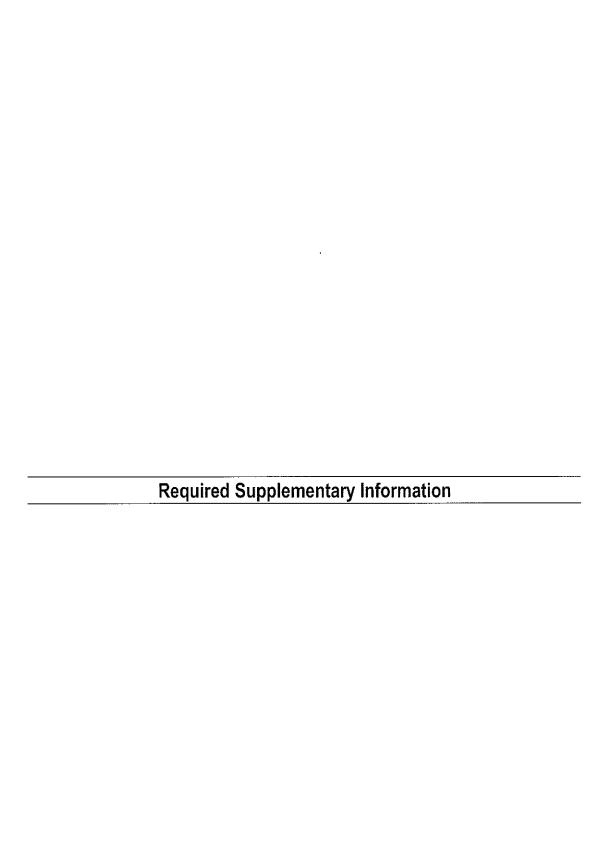
### Note 19-New Accounting Standards:

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 61*The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements. Management does not believe the impact of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements. This standard will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2013.

In June 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. The objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by providing citizens and other users of state and local government financial reports with information about how past transactions will continue to impact a government's financial statements in the future. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

In March 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. The requirements of this statement will improve financial reporting by clarifying the appropriate use of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to ensure consistency in financial reporting. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Statement No. 68 will require governments with defined benefit pension plans to disclose a "net pension liability" on their balance sheets. That liability equals the difference between the total pension liability and the value of assets set aside in a pension plan to pay benefits. The statement calls for immediate recognition of more pension expense than is currently required. This includes immediate recognition of annual service cost and interest on the pension liability, plus the effect of changes in benefit terms on the net pension liability. These standards will be effective for fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 (67) and June 30, 2015 (68). The County believes the implementation of Statement No. 68 will significantly impact the County and Component Unit School Board's net position; however no formal study or estimate of the impact of this standard has been performed.



### County of Franklin, Virginia Required Supplementary Information

### Schedule of Funding Progress Defined Benefit and Healthcare Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Valuation as of		Actuarial Value of Assets	<u>L</u> i	Actuarial Accrued iability (AAL)	Jnfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3)		Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$	40,375,776 38,740,316 37,926,618	\$	50,058,269 47,085,761 42,315,620	9,682,493 8,345,445 4,389,002	80.66% 82.28% 89.63%	\$	11,460,168 11,548,192 11,906,562	84.49° 72.27° 36.86°
cretely Presented (	Comp	onent Unit:							
nool Board Non-Pro	ofessi	onal Retirement I	Plan						
Valuation as of		Actuarial Value of Assets	<u>L</u>	Actuarial Accrued iability (AAL)	Jnfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3)	***************************************	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2009	\$	13,799,191 13,363,308 13,023,595	\$	17,935,655 17,249,917 15,456,816	4,136,464 3,886,609 2,433,221	76.94% 77.47% 84.26%	\$	4,908,069 5,120,762 5,135,329	84.28' 75.90' 47.38'
unty Healthcare Pla	an								
Valuation as of*		Actuarial Value of Assets	L	Actuarial Accrued iability (AAL)	Jnfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3)		Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010 June 30, 2008	\$	- - -	\$	1,706,000 1,596,000 1,802,000	\$ 1,706,000 1,596,000 1,802,000	0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$	11,460,168 11,548,192 11,648,075	14.899 13.829 15.479
hool Board Healthc	are P	lan							
Valuation as of*		Actuarial Value of Assets	L	Actuarial Accrued iability (AAL)	Jnfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3)		Annual Covered Payroli	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6)
(1)		(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)		(6)	(7)
June 30, 2011 June 30, 2010	\$	- -	\$	6,126,000 5,752,000	\$ 6,126,000 5,752,000	0.00% 0.00%	\$	41,652,207 41,614,357	14.719 13.829

6,636,000

6,636,000

June 30, 2008

0.00%

42,780,643

15.51%

### County of Franklin, Virginia General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgete	d An			Actual		Variance with inal Budget - Positive
DEVENUES		Original		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amounts</u>		(Negative)
REVENUES General properly taxes	\$	44,341,025	c	44,401,025	œ	40 440 404	ď	1 717 150
Other local taxes	Ф	7,413,800	Ф	7,413,800	Þ	46,118,184 7,762,533	Э	1,717,159 348.733
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		340.000		340,000		319.277		(20,723)
Fines and forfeitures		15.600		15,600		17,076		1,476
Revenue from the use of money and property		932.000		932.073		1,139,124		207,051
Charges for services		1,822,000		2,154,231		2,187,819		33.588
Miscellaneous		247.000		321,516		347,963		26,447
Recovered costs		569,613		569,613		609,920		40.307
Intergovernmental revenues:		303,013		303,013		003,320		40,501
Commonwealth		16,308,786		14,129,144		13,240,695		(888,449)
Federal		63,778		2,698,774		2,713,878		15,104
Total revenues	\$	72,053,602	\$	72,975,776	2	74,456,469	e	1,480,693
Total Tevendes	Ψ	12,000,002	Ψ	12,310,110	Ψ	74,00,400	Ψ	1,400,093
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government administration	\$	4,056,800	\$	4,791,063	\$	4,194,731	\$	596,332
Judicial administration		2,353,572		2,377,907		2,310,288		67,619
Public safety -		12,094,116		15,934,723		12,939,398		2,995,325
Public works		3,193,262		4,264,729		3,315,563		949,166
Health and welfare		11,044,533		11,374,473		10,670,106		704,367
Education		27,662,894		29,827,613		28,249,720		1,577,893
Parks, recreation, and cultural		1,773,458		2,150,612		1,814,823		335,789
Community development		2,543,538		5,051,390		2,471,002		2,580,388
Nondepartmental		787,601		223,721		· · ·		223,721
Debt service:		•		·				,
Principal retirement		3,358,781		2,928,681		2,928,681		_
Interest and other fiscal charges		1,266,049		1,418,234		1,293,215		125,019
Total expenditures	\$	70,134,604	\$	80,343,146	\$	70,187,527	\$	10,155,619
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under								
expenditures	\$	1,918,998	\$	(7,367,370)	\$	4,268,942	\$	11,636,312
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$			2,899,779	ç	_	\$	(2,899,779)
Transfers out	¥	(2,675,703)		2,055,175	ψ	(3.633,435)		(3,633,435)
Sale of capital assets		(2,010,100)		-		(3,033,433)		(3,033,435)
Total other financing sources and uses	S	(2,675,703)	\$	2,899,779	5	(3,622,835)	\$	(6,522,614)
·					,			
Net change in fund balances	\$	(756,705)	\$	(4,467,591)	\$	646,107	\$	5,113,698
Fund balances - beginning	\$	756,705		4,467,591		19,919,624		15,452,033
Fund balances - ending	\$	•		-	\$	20,565,731	\$	20,565,731

Note: All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)





#### County of Franklin, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Major Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	County Capital Projects											
		Budgeted	Amo					Variance with Final Budget Positive				
		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)				
REVENUES												
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	193,133	\$	193,279	\$	146				
Intergovernmental revenues:												
Commonwealth		-		597,731		824,357		226,626				
Federal		-		170,000	_	170,000	_	-				
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	960,864	\$	1,187,636	\$	226,772				
EXPENDITURES												
Capital projects	\$	1,781,705	\$	11,143,740	\$	3.408.090		7,735,650				
Education:	•	.,,	•	,	•	4,,		.,,				
Contribution to County School Board		340,000		418,128		-		418,128				
Total expenditures	\$	2,221,705	\$	11,661,868	\$	3,508,090	\$	8,153,778				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	\$	(2,221,705)	\$	(10,701,004)	\$	(2,320,454)	\$	8,380,550				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	\$	2,221,705	\$	-	\$	3,078,179	\$	3,078,179				
Transfers out				(3,455,035)		· · ·		3,455,035				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	2,221,705	\$	(3,455,035)	\$	3,078,179	\$	6,533,214				
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	(14,156,039)	\$	757,725	\$	14,913,764				
Fund balances - beginning	•	-	•	15,185,041	•	14,021,993	•	(1,163,048)				
Fund balances - ending	\$	•	\$	1,029,002	\$	14,779,718	\$	13,750,716				

Note: All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

### County of Franklin, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	E-911 Fund												
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES													
Other local taxes	\$	500	\$	500	\$	1,934	\$	1,434					
Intergovernmental revenues:													
Commonwealth		1,119,098		1,147,451		1,147,571		120					
Total revenues	\$	1,119,598	\$	1,147,951	\$	1,149,505	\$	1,554					
EXPENDITURES Current:													
Public safety	\$	1,119,598	\$	1,176,568	\$	1,126,191	\$	50,377					
Total expenditures	\$	1,119,598	\$	1,176,568	\$	1,126,191	\$	50,377					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	(28,617)	\$	23,314	\$	51,931					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	¢		\$		\$		\$						
	<u>\$</u> \$		\$	<u> </u>	\$ \$		<u> </u>						
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u> </u>	-	Ð	-	Þ	<del>-</del>	Ā						
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	(28,617)	\$	23,314	\$	51,931					
Fund balances - beginning	•	-		28,617		28,615		(2)					
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	51,929	\$	51,929					

Note: All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)

#### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

<u>Special Welfare</u> – The Special Welfare fund accounts for those funds belonging to individuals entrusted to the local social services agency, such as foster care children.

<u>Road Escrow</u> – The Road Escrow fund accounts for those funds belonging to County citizens for which road improvements are being made.

<u>Escrow Fund for Soil and Erosion Control Agreement</u> – The Soil and Erosion Control Agreement fund accounts for those funds held by the County on behalf of developers, corporations, or individuals to ensure performance under requirements set forth by the County.

<u>Library Fund</u> – The Library Fund is used to account for contributions made by donors to the Library.

<u>Fish Virginia Program</u> – The Fish Virginia Program Fund accounts for funds held on behalf of the Fish Virginia Program, which serves multiple jurisdictions in the State of Virginia

<u>Inmate Trust and Canteen</u> – The Jail Inmate Trust and Canteen fund accounts for the inmate commissary, inmate trust, and inmate monitoring funds.

### County of Franklin, Virginia Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2012

	Agency Funds           Escrow Fund           for Soil and         Inmate trust           Road         Erosion         and Canteen           Special         Escrow         Control         Fish VA         Library         Account           Welfare         Fund         Agreement         Program         Fund         Fund									<u>Total</u>				
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Cash in custody of others Total assets	s s	37,520 - 37,520	\$	20,225	S	61,530 - 61,530	\$	384	S S	4,000	S S	- 79,651 79,651	S S	123,659 79,651 203,310
LIABILITIES								***************************************						
Amounts held for social services clients Amounts held for citizens Amounts held for performance bonds Amounts held for State agency Amounts held for Library Amounts held for inmates	\$	37,520 - - - -		- 20,225 - - -	S	- 61,530 -		384	\$	- - - 4,000	\$	- - - - 79,651	S	37,520 20,225 61,530 384 4,000 79,651
Total liabilities	S	37,520	\$	20,225	S	61,530	S	384	S	4,000	\$	79,651	S	203,310

# County of Franklin, Virginia Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

				Agency	Funds	3	
	Balance July 1, <u>2011</u>		Additions		<u>De</u>	eductions	3alance lune 30, <u>2012</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents: Special Welfare Fund Road Escrow Fund Escrow Fund for Soil and Erosion	\$	27,307 19,894	\$	79,059 331	\$	68,846 -	\$ 37,520 20,225
Control Agreement Library Fund		119,868 4,000		8,776 -		67,114 -	61,530 4,000 384
Fish Virginia Program Cash in custody of others Inmate Trust and Canteen Funds		81,314		25,527 176,176		25,143 177,839	79,651
Total assets	\$	252,383	\$	289,869	\$	338,942	\$ 203,310
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others:							
Social services clients Citizens	\$	27,307 19,894	\$	79,059 331	\$	68,846 -	\$ 37,520 20,225
Performance bonds Library		119,868 4,000		8,776 -		67,114 -	61,530 4,000
State and local agency Inmates		- 81,314		25,527 176,176		25,143 177,839	 384 79,651
Total liabilities	\$	252,383	\$	289,869	\$	338,942	\$ 203,310

### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT – SCHOOL BOARD

### MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>School Operating Fund</u> - The School Operating Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for and reports the operations of the County's school system. Financing is provided by the State and Federal governments as well as contributions from the General Fund.

## County of Franklin, Virginia Balance Sheet Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2012

Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted: Cash and cash equivalents Total assets  \$ 305,25 Total assets \$ \$ 3,108,030   LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities Total liabilities  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program Sagned Total fund balances Assigned Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances  Announts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
Due from other governmental units  Restricted assets:  Temporarily restricted: Cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program Assigned Cafeteria program Assigned Total liabilities and fund balances  Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current			Operating
Restricted assets: Temporarily restricted: Cash and cash equivalents Total assets  \$ 305,25; Total assets \$ \$ 3,108,03;   LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities  Accrued liabilities  Total liabilities  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program \$ 305,25; Assigned Cafeteria program \$ 305,25; Assigned 1,653,19* Total fund balances \$ 1,958,45; Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 3,108,03;  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  \$ 1,958,45;  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,68;  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	ASSETS		
Temporarily restricted: Cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Cash and cash equivalents  Total assets  Cash and cash equivalents  \$ 3,108,03    CLIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities:  Accounts payable Accrued liabilities  Accrued liabilities  Fund balances:  Restricted Cafeteria program Cafeteria program Sasigned Cafeteria program Sasigned Total fund balances Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not due and payable in the current	Due from other governmental units	\$	2,802,781
Cash and cash equivalents Total assets  Cash and cash equivalents Total assets  ELIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities:  Accounts payable Accorned liabilities Accorned liabilities  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program Cafeteria program Sassigned Cafeteria program Sassigned Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Restricted assets:		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 473,78 Accrued liabilities 675,79 Total liabilities  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program \$ 305,25 Assigned 1,653,19 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,958,45 Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above \$ 1,958,45 Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 20,322,68 Total liabilities in the funds.	Temporarily restricted:		
Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 473,78. Accrued liabilities 675,79. Total liabilities \$ 1,149,58.  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program \$ 305,25. Assigned \$ 1,653,19. Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,958,45. Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 3,108,03.  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above \$ 1,958,45.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,68.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Cash and cash equivalents		305,255
Liabilities:  Accounts payable \$ 473,78: Accrued liabilities 675,79: Total liabilities \$ 675,79: Total liabilities \$ 1,149,58:  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program \$ 305,25: Assigned \$ 1,653,19: Total fund balances \$ 1,958,45: Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,958,45. Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 1,958,45.  Total fund balances per above \$ 1,958,45.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,68:  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Total assets	\$	3,108,036
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities  Total liabilities  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program Sassigned Total fund balances  Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
Accrued liabilities 675,799 Total liabilities \$1,149,583  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program \$305,253 Assigned 1,653,199 Total fund balances \$1,958,454 Total liabilities and fund balances \$3,108,039  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above \$1,958,454  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		r	472 702
Total liabilities \$ 1,149,58.  Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program \$ 305,25. Assigned \$ 1,653,19. Total fund balances \$ 1,958,45. Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 3,108,03.  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above \$ 1,958,45.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,686.  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		Φ	
Fund balances: Restricted Cafeteria program \$305,25 Assigned \$1,653,19 Total fund balances \$1,958,45 Total liabilities and fund balances \$3,108,030  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above \$1,958,45  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		<u>-</u>	
Restricted Cafeteria program Assigned Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  Total fund balances per above  \$ 1,958,454  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Total liabilities	Ψ	1,149,302
Cafeteria program  Assigned  Total fund balances  Total liabilities and fund balances  Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  \$ 1,958,45.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
Assigned Total fund balances \$ 1,958,456 Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  \$ 1,958,456  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Restricted		
Total fund balances Total liabilities and fund balances  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above  \$ 1,958,45  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Cafeteria program	\$	305,255
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above \$ 1,958,45.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,653,199
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit 1) are different because:  Total fund balances per above \$ 1,958,45.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current		<u>\$</u>	1,958,454
Total fund balances per above \$ 1,958,45.  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. 20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Total liabilities and fund balances		3,108,036
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
are not reported in the funds. 20,322,686  Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current	Total fund balances per above	\$	1,958,454
			20,322,686
			(2,540,175)
Net assets of governmental activities \$ 19,740,968	Net assets of governmental activities	\$	19,740,965

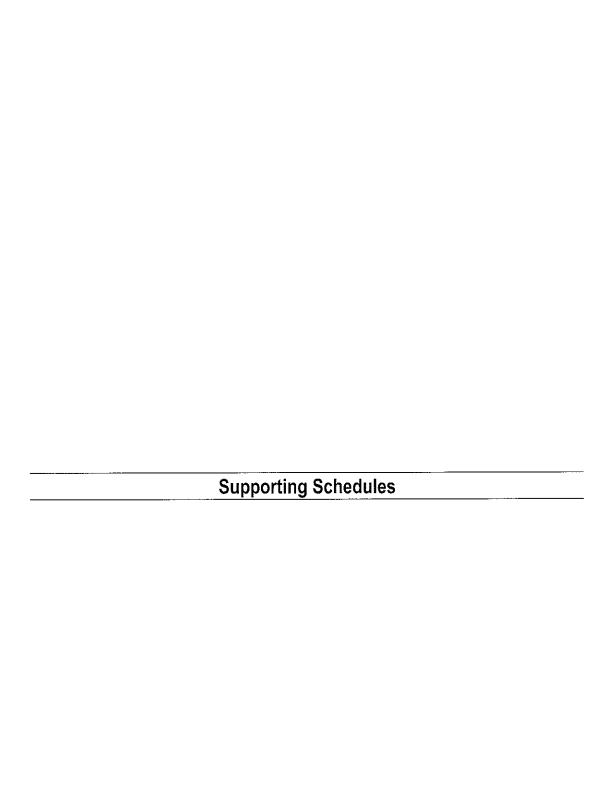
### County of Franklin, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		School Operating <u>Fund</u>
REVENUES Charges for convices	\$	2,206,886
Charges for services Miscellaneous	Ф	2,200,000 451,094
Recovered costs		1,250,232
		1,200,202
Intergovernmental revenues:  Local government		28,249,720
Commonwealth		35,875,807
		9,182,811
Federal	\$	77,216,550
Total revenues	<u> </u>	11,210,550
EXPENDITURES		
Current:	•	75 000 470
Education	<u>\$</u> \$	75,962,178
Total expenditures	\$	75,962,178
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	•	4.054.070
expenditures	\$	1,254,372
CHILD TOUR SOURCES (USES)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	æ	07.000
Sale of capital assets	\$	27,606
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	27,606
	œ	4 004 070
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,281,978
Fund balances - beginning		676,476
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,958,454
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above	\$	1,281,978
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the capital outlays exceeded		167,659
depreciation in the current period.		107,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(369,383)
Change in not accept of apparamental activities	-\$	1,080,254
Change in net assets of governmental activities	Ψ	1,000,204

### County of Franklin, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	School Operating Fund											
		Budgeted Amounts						ariance with inal Budget Positive				
		Original		Final		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)				
REVENUES												
Charges for services	\$	3,096,308	\$	3,334,208	\$	2,206,886	\$	(1,127,322)				
Miscellaneous		199,516		199,516		451,094		251,578				
Recovered costs		411,517		436,517		1,250,232		813,715				
Intergovernmental revenues:												
Local government		27,543,432		29,803,213		28,249,720		(1,553,493)				
Commonwealth		36,084,740		36,380,384		35,875,807		(504,577)				
Federal		7,034,556		8,596,323		9,182,811		586,488				
Total revenues	\$	74,370,069	\$	78,750,161	\$	77,216,550	\$	(1,533,611)				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	\$	74,375,768	\$	78,755,860	\$	75,962,178	\$	2,793,682				
Total expenditures	\$	74,375,768	\$	78,755,860	\$	75,962,178	\$	2,793,682				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	_\$	(5,699)	\$	(5,699)	\$	1,254,372	\$	1,260,071				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Sale of capital assets	\$	5,699	\$	5,699	\$	27,606	\$	21,907				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	5,699	\$	5,699	\$	27,606	\$	21,907				
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,281,978	\$	1,281,978				
Fund balances - beginning	,	-	•	-		676,476		676,476				
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,958,454	\$	1,958,454				

Note: All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).



Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	35,612,265	s	35,672,265	Ç	36,572,757	¢	900,492
Real and personal public service corporation taxes	•	720,000	Ψ	720,000	Ų	786,819	Ψ	66,819
Personal property taxes		6,266,730		6,266,730		6,794,482		527,752
Mobile home taxes		195,000		195,000		210,796		15,796
Machinery and tools taxes		513,308		513,308		521,952		8,644
Merchant's capital		584,722		584,722		652,897		68,175
Penalties		300,000		300,000		360,594		60,594
Interest		149,000		149,000		217,887		68,887
Total general property taxes	\$	44,341,025	\$	44,401,025	\$	46,118,184	\$	1,717,159
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	3,494,400	\$	3,494,400	\$	3,867,957	\$	373,557
Consumers' utility taxes		975,000		975,000		971,693		(3,307)
Business license taxes		4,400		4,400		4,585		185
Utility license taxes		225,000		225,000		168,980		(56,020)
Motor vehicle licenses		1,207,000		1,207,000		1,159,789		(47,211)
Bank stock taxes		125,000		125,000		119,639		(5,361)
Taxes on recordation and wills		450,000		450,000		452,775		2,775
Hotel and motel room taxes		98,000		98,000		91,628		(6,372)
Local probate tax		10,000		10,000		13,107		3,107
Restaurant food taxes		825,000		825,000		912,380		87,380
Total other local taxes	\$	7,413,800	\$	7,413,800	\$	7,762,533	\$	348,733
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Animal licenses	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	20,855	\$	(9,145)
Zoning and planning fees		42,000		42,000		52,909		10,909
Erosion and sediment control		20,000		20,000		15,453		(4,547)
Building permits		233,000		233,000		214,991		(18,009)
Land use application fees		15,000		15,000		13,265		(1,735)
Transfer fees		242 202	_		_	1,804	_	1,804
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	340,000	\$	340,000	\$	319,277	\$	(20,723)
Fines and forfeitures:  Court fines and forfeitures	c.	15 500	c	45 600	c	47.070	c	4.470
Total fines and forfeitures	\$	15,600 15,600	<u>\$</u> \$	15,600 15,600	<u>\$</u> 5	17,076 17,076	\$ \$	1,476
	<u> </u>	10,000	<del>-}</del>	10,000	Ð.	17,076	Þ	1,476
Revenue from use of money and property:	•	075 000	•	075 070	•	4 000 445		
Revenue from use of money	\$	875,000	Þ	875,073	\$	1,029,145	Þ	154,072
Revenue from use of property  Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	57,000 932,000	\$	57,000 932,073	œ.	109,979 1,139,124	Φ.	52,979 207,051
, , ,	_Ψ	932,000	Ψ	332,013	Ψ	1,139,124	φ	207,001
Charges for services:								
Charges for courthouse security	\$	65,000	\$	65,000	\$	59,876	\$	(5,124)
Charges for courthouse maintenance		12,000		12,000		45,185		33,185
Charges for law enforcement and traffic control		31,000		44,504		51,012		6,508
Excess Clerk of Court fees		39,000		39,000		14,110		(24,890)
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		2,500		2,500		5,215		2,715
Prisoner's board		9,000		9,000		15,377		6,377
Miscellaneous jail and inmate fees						477		477
Miscellaneous animal fees		4,500		4,500		6,380		1,880
Charges for private landfills		25,000		25,000		28,428		3,428
Charges for state of maps and codes and copies		20,000		20,000		12,989		(7,011)
Charges for emergency medical services billing		850,000		1,166,035		1,129,310		(36,725)
Charges for sanitation and waste removal Charges for parks and recreation		595,000		595,000		667,073		72,073
onaliges for parks and redeation		87,500		88,162		71,064		(17,098)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Charges for services: (Continued)					
Charges for aging services	\$	19,500 \$	19,500	19,056	\$ (444)
Charges for library		30,000	32,030	28,979	(3,051)
Charges for law library		12,000	12,000	13,105	1,105
Charges for concealed weapons permits		20,000	20,000	20,183	183
Total charges for services	\$	1,822,000 \$	2,154,231	2,187,819	\$ 33,588
Miscellaneous revenue:					
Miscellaneous	\$	247,000 \$	321,516	347,963	\$ 26,447
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	247,000 \$	321,516		\$ 26,447
December 1					
Recovered costs:	\$	205,865 \$	205,865	51,295	\$ (154,570)
Health department Court reporting fees	Ψ	60,000	60,000	48,645	(11,355)
Armory reimbursement		000,000	00,000	540	540
School resource officer		86,658	86,658	86,658	-
Office on youth			-	214,106	214,106
Advertising		-	-	508	508
Blue ridge soil and water		217,090	217,090	208,168	(8,922)
Total recovered costs	\$	569,613 \$	569,613		\$ 40,307
Total revenue from local sources	\$	55,681,038 \$	56,147,858	58,501,896	\$ 2,354,038
total revenue morn local sources	<u> </u>	33,061,030 ¥	30, 147,030	y 30,001,030	Ψ 2,004,000
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Motor vehicle carrier tax (rolling stock)	\$	37,000 \$	37,000		
Mobile home titling tax		80,000	80,000	105,166	25,166
Grantor's tax		130,000	130,000	113,992	(16,008)
Motor vehicle rental tax		28,000	28,000	36,738	8,738
Communications tax		1,295,902	1,267,549	1,183,324	(84,225)
State recordation tax		195,000	195,000	176,748	(18,252)
Personal property tax relief funds	_	2,626,618	2,626,618	2,626,618	40.4.070)
Total noncategorical aid	\$	4,392,520 \$	4,364,167	4,279,888	\$ (84,279)
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$	490,000 \$	490,000	492,977	\$ 2,977
Sheriff		2,989,000	2,989,000	3,061,348	72,348
Commissioner of revenue		150,000	150,000	143,960	(6,040)
Treasurer		140,000	140,000	141,304	1,304
Registrar/electoral board		50,000	81,489	77,519	(3,970)
Clerk of the Circuit Court		350,000	392,450	376,369	(16,081)
Reduction in State aid to localities		=	<u>-</u>	(390,993)	(390,993)
Total shared expenses	\$	4,169,000 \$	4,242,939	\$ 3,902,484	\$ (340,455)
01					
Other categorical aid:	æ	4 240 47¢   ¢	1 005 100	1 1027 044	\$ 51,561
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	4,340,476 \$	1,885,480		
Comprehensive services act		2,932,750	2,932,750	2,381,295	(551,455)
Office on youth-juvenile		21,200	21,200	21,332	132
Family resource center-family violence prevention		136,500	136,500	141,293	4,793
Family resource center-DHCD shelter grant		•	- 54 567	26,253	26,253
Four for life		- 05 000	54,567	54,567	- - 200
Asset forfeiture funds		25,000	25,000	30,390	5,390
Library grants		151,520	149,134	149,134	25.245
Workforce development grants		63,000	63,000 30,000	88,315 30,000	25,315
Parks and recreation grant		•	30,000	30,000	-

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)					
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued) Categorical aid: (Continued)					
Other categorical aid: (Continued)					
Litter control grant	\$	- \$	10,682 \$	10,682	\$ -
Animal friendly plates	Ψ	- Ψ	923	923	· -
VDA grant		-		16,315	16,315
Drug enhancement grant		36,328	36,328	12,008	(24,320)
Department of Emergency Management grant		-	70,732	70,732	` -
DCJS grant		-	62,610	2,532	(60,078)
Other categorical aid		40,492	43,132	85,511	42,379
Total other categorical aid	_\$_	7,747,266 \$	5,522,038 \$	5,058,323	\$ (463,715)
Total categorical aid	\$	11,916,266 \$	9,764,977 \$	8,960,807	\$ (804,170)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	_\$_	16,308,786 \$	14,129,144 \$	13,240,695	\$ (888,449)
Revenue from the federal government:					
Non-categorical aid:					
Payments in lieu of taxes	<u>\$</u> \$	16,750 \$	16,750 \$		
Total non-categorical aid		16,750 \$	16,750 \$	17,438	\$ 688
Categorical aid:	_	_			
Department of Health and Human Services payments	\$	- \$	2,634,996 \$		
State highway and community safety		=	-	8,630	8,630
State homeland security program		-	12 444	11,179	11,179
Temporary assistance for needy families  Domestic abuse prevention grant		12,444	12,444	41,635	(12,444) 41,635
Emergency management performance grant		34,584	34,584	41,033	(34,584)
Total categorical aid	\$	47,028 \$	2,682,024 \$		\$ 14,416
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	63,778 \$	2,698,774 \$	2,713,878	\$ 15,104
Total General Fund	\$	72,053,602 \$	72,975,776 \$	74,456,469	\$ 1,480,693
County Coulted Business French	-				
County Capital Projects Fund: Miscellaneous revenue:					
Contribution from the Town of Rocky Mount	\$	- \$	125,352 \$	125,353	§ 1
Miscellaneous	•	-	67,781	67,926	145
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	· \$	193,133 \$	<u> </u>	
Total revenue from local sources	\$	- \$	193,133 \$	193,279	\$ 146
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Categorical aid:					
Other categorical aid:	_	_			
Tobacco commission funds	\$	- \$	295,915 \$		· ·
Virginia fire programs		-	131,487	117,347	(14,140)
Public safety grants Wireless board funds		•	105,029	105,029	(63,074)
Total other categorical aid		- s	65,300 597,731 \$	2,226 824,357	\$ 226,626
•	_Ψ_	- 4			
Total categorical aid	_\$_	<u>- \$</u>	597,731 \$	824,357	\$ 226,626
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	- \$	597,731 \$	824,357	\$ 226,626

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued) County Capital Projects Fund: (Continued) Revenue from the federal government:					
Categorical aid: Department of Mines, Minerals, and Energy Total categorical aid	<u>\$</u>	- \$ - \$	170,000 \$ 170,000 \$	170,000 170,000	\$ - \$ -
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	- \$	170,000 \$	170,000	\$
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	- \$	960,864 \$	1,187,636	\$ 226,772
Special Revenue Fund: E-911 Fund:					
Revenue from local sources: Other local taxes: E-911 laxes	\$	500 \$	500 \$	1,934	\$ 1,434
Total other local taxes	\$	500 \$	500 \$		\$ 1,434
Total revenue from local sources	\$	500 \$	500 \$	1,934	\$ 1,434
Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Noncategorical aid:					
Communication taxes  Total noncategorical aid	\$	1,054,098 \$ 1,054,098 \$	1,082,451 \$ 1,082,451 \$	1,082,451 1,082,451	\$ - \$ -
Categorical aid: Wireless board reimbursement	<u>\$</u>	65,000 \$ 65,000 \$	65,000 \$ 65,000 \$	65,120 65,120	\$ 120 \$ 120
Total categorical aid					
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	1,119,098 \$	1,147,451 \$	1,147,571	\$ 120
Total E-911 Fund		1,119,598 \$	1,147,951 \$	1,149,505	\$ 1,554
Total Primary Government	\$	73,173,200 \$	75,084,591 \$	76,793,610	\$ 1,709,019
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: Special Revenue Funds: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources: Charges for services.					
Other charges for education Cafeteria sales Payments from other localities	\$	- \$ 2,482,133 596,421	2,720,033 596,421	48,225 1,522,610 617,495	(1,197,423) 21,074
Cannery fees Total charges for services	\$	17,754 3,096,308 \$	17,754 3,334,208 \$	18,556 2,206,886	\$02 \$ (1,127,322)
Miscellaneous revenue: Miscellaneous	ę	199,516 \$	199,516 \$	451,094	\$ 251,578
Total miscellaneous revenue	\$	199,516 \$	199,516 \$	451,094	
Recovered costs: Insurance recoveries and rebates Sale of supplies Famis/Medicare reimbursement	\$	7,427 \$ - -	7,427 \$ - -	156,138 36,022 297,201	36,022 297,201
Other recovered costs Total recovered costs	\$	404,090 411,517 \$	429,090 436,517 \$	760,871 1,250,232	331,781 \$ 813,715
Total revenue from local sources	\$	3,707,341 \$	3,970,241 \$	3,908,212	

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued) Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Revenues from local governments:								
Contribution from County of Franklin, Virginia	\$	27.543.432	S	29,803,213	\$	28,249,720	ŝ	(1,553,493)
Total revenues from local governments	\$	27,543,432	\$	29,803,213	\$		\$	(1,553,493)
Categorical aid:								
Adult literacy	\$	_	\$	_	\$	262,035	\$	262,035
Adult secondary education	*		*	68,144	*	45,078	•	(23,066)
At risk four-year olds		23,576		23,576		600,098		576,522
At risk payments		556,482		556,482		557,763		1,281
Basic school aid		17.602.543		17.602.543		17.634.519		31 976
Career Tech		11,002,040		17,002,540		10,432		10,432
English as a second language		60.014		60,014		56,057		(3,957)
Early reading intervention		72,788		72,788		63,689		(9,099)
Gifted and talented		190,810		190,810		191,241		(5,03 <i>5)</i> 431
		9,082		94,082		91,028		(3,054)
GED funds						42,498		(3,034) 96
Group life		42,402		42,402		42,496 55,895		55.895
Homebound education		•						38,970
Mentor teacher program		- ED7 100				38,970		
Primary class size		597,196		597,196		623,666		26,470
Regional specialist		465.040		142,500		93,700		(142,500)
Regular foster care		165,910		165,910				(72,210)
Remedial education		483,384		483,384		484,477		1,093
Remedial summer education		117,399		117,399		137,971		20,572
Retirement fringe benefits		1,038,852		1,038,852		1,041,200		2,348
School food		41,683		41,683		42,141		458
Share of state sales tax		7,204,184		7,204,184		7,372,437		168,253
Social security fringe benefits		1,144,857		1,144,857		1,147,444		2,587
Special education		3,112,847		3,112,847		2,677,370		(435,477)
Special education - foster children		-		-		120,569		120,569
Special education-regional program						441,133		441,133
Standards of Learning algebra readiness		74,599		74,599		72,780		(1,819)
State lottery payments		-		-		226,939		226,939
Supplemental support		-		-		323,919		323,919
Technology		466,000		466,000		149,894		(316,106)
Textbook payment		171,983		171,983		172,372		389
Visually handicapped		2,509		2,509		3,645		1,136
Vocational adult education		699,510		699,510		717,481		17,971
Vocational education - equipment		•		-		14,856		14,856
Vocational occupational preparedness		-		-		26,330		26,330
National board certification		-		-		47,500		47,500
Other state funds		2,206,130		2,206,130		288,680		(1,917,450)
Total categorical aid	\$	36,084,740	\$	36,380,384	\$	35,875,807	\$	(504,577)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	36,084,740	\$	36,380,384	\$	35,875,807	\$	(504,577)

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continued)							
Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)							
School Operating Fund: (Continued)							
Revenue from the federal government:							
Categorical aid:				_	40.00.00		(0.40.405)
Adult literacy	\$	87,964		\$	483,325	Þ	(219,125)
Literacy challenge grant		12,224	12,224		16,192		3,968
National school lunch program		-	-		1,546,566		1,546,566
School breakfast program		2,107,441	2,107,441		646,942		(1,460,499)
Title I		2,224,033	2,698,376		1,997,173		(701,203)
Title II		325,000	325,000		289,148		(35,852)
Title III		11,155	13,366		13,850		484
Title VI		1,956,009	1,956,009		-		(1,956,009)
ARRA Education Technology Grant		-	40,994		40,994		-
ARRA Title 1		-	19,171		318,915		299,744
ARRA Special Education		-	322,319		365,763		43,444
ARRA Special Education pre-school		•	62,558		62,558		-
ARRA Education Jobs Funds		<u>-</u>			1,638,929		1,638,929
Title VI-B, special education flow-through		149,564	175,249		1,543,932		1,368,683
Title VI-B, special education pre-school		35,726	35,726		71,457		35,731
Vocational education		125,440	125,440		147,067		21,627
Total categorical aid	\$	7,034,556	\$ 8,596,323	\$	9,182,811	\$	586,488
Total revenue from the federal government	_\$_	7,034,556	\$ 8,596,323	\$	9,182,811	\$	586,488
Total School Operating Fund		74,370,069	\$ 78,750,161	\$	77,216,550	\$	(1,533,611)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$	74,370,069	\$ 78,750,161	\$	77,216,550	\$	(1,533,611)

For the Yea	ar Ended June 30	, 2012						
Fund, Function, Activity, and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Primary Government:								
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	329,644	\$	358,658	\$	314,800	\$	43,858
General and financial administration:								
County administrator	\$	385,359	\$	387,622	\$	385,385	\$	2,237
Risk management	•	352,210	•	347,310		335,392	Ċ	11,918
Human resources		117,882		397,642		231,038		166,604
Commissioner of revenue		490,059		463,776		450,681		13,095
Reassessment		150,000		125,000		120,931		4,069
Land use		38,563		39,624		39,132		492
		485,621		494,964		478,740		16,224
Treasurer		•		•				
Director of finance		279,276		284,915		276,715		8,200
Information technology		1,129,880		1,509,086		1,251,771		257,315
Telecommunications and Postage		50,000		45,000		41,205		3,795
Total general and financial administration	\$	3,478,850	\$	4,094,939	\$	3,610,990	\$	483,949
Board of elections:								
Registrar	\$	169,042	\$	200,512	\$	179,354	\$	21,158
Electoral board		79,264		136,954		89,587		47,367
Total board of elections	\$	248,306	\$	337,466	\$	268,941	\$	68,525
Total general government administration	\$	4,056,800	\$	4,791,063	\$	4,194,731	\$	596,332
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	92,113	S	96,502	\$	96,334	\$	168
General district court	•	8,074		19,382	•	18,527	·	855
Law library		12,000		12,000				12,000
Special magistrates		1,575		1,575		976		599
Juvenile and domestic relations court		16,650		16,650		12,857		3,793
		•						
Juvenile court services		447,735		369,035		341,414		27,621
Sheriff-courts		491,288		467,588		467,587		1
Clerk of the circuit court		605,771		666,990		650,664		16,326
Total courts	_\$	1,675,206	\$	1,649,722	\$	1,588,359	\$	61,363
Commonwealth's attorney:								
Commonwealth's attorney	_\$	678,366		728,185		721,929		6,256
Total commonwealth's attorney	\$	678,366	\$	728,185	\$	721,929	\$	6,256
Total judicial administration	\$	2,353,572	\$	2,377,907	\$	2,310,288	\$	67,619
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	3,254,037	\$	5,002,295	\$	3,725,681	\$	1,276,614
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	3,254,037		5,002,295		3,725,681	\$	1,276,614
Correction and detention:								
County operated institutions and regional jail	œ	4,941,222	ç	4,744,602	Ф	4,744,602	æ	
• •	\$	4,941,222		4,744,602				
Total correction and detention	<u> </u>	4,541,222	Φ	4,744,002	Ð.	4,744,602	Ð	-
Inspections:	_			=	_		_	<b>.</b>
Building	\$	412,954		442,712		418,112		24,600
Total inspections	\$	412,954	\$	442,712	\$	418,112	\$	24,600

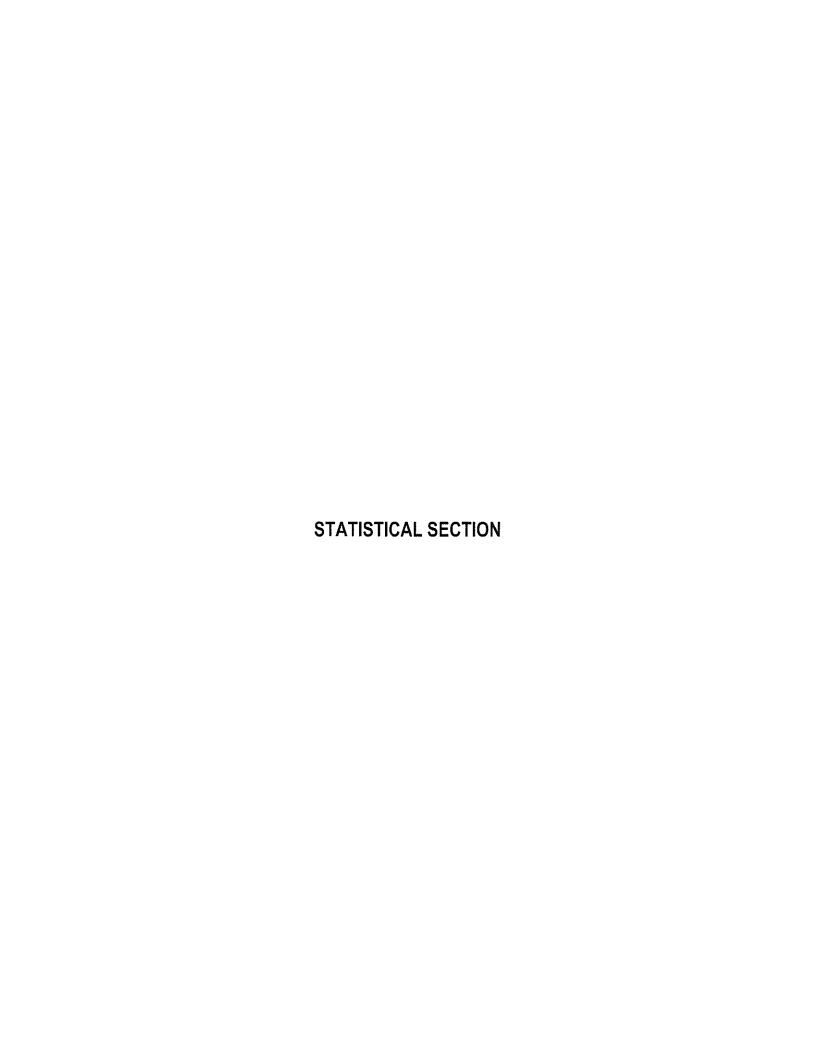
		), 2012	 -		<del></del>	/ariance with
Fund, Function, Activity, and Element		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
		<u> </u>	<u> Daugot</u>	<u> </u>		(ivegative)
Primary Government: (Continued) General Fund: (Continued)						
Public safety: (Continued)						
Other protection:						
Director of public safety	\$	2,355,404	\$ 4,516,468	\$ 2,918,304	\$	1,598,164
Animal control		256,493	330,229	234,794		95,435
Department of forestry		24,006	24,006	23,531		475
EMS career billing		683,000	700,308	700,307		1
EMS volunteer billing		167,000	174,103	174,067		36
Total other protection	\$	3,485,903	\$ 5,745,114	\$ 4,051,003	\$	1,694,111
Total public safety	\$	12,094,116	\$ 15,934,723	\$ 12,939,398	\$	2,995,325
Public works:						
Maintenance of highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks:						
Highways, streets, bridges and sidewalks	_\$_	450	450	 -	\$	450
Total maintenance of highways, streets, bridges & sidewalks	\$	450	\$ 450	\$ ٠	\$	450
Sanitation and waste removal:						
Refuse collection and disposal	\$	1,473,841	\$ 2,578,807	\$ 1,757,763	\$	821,044
Recycling program		85,868	86,350	69,054		17,296
Scale house		65,755	65,936	50,715		15,221
Public works		238,699	272,765	222,912		49,853
Total sanitation and waste removal	\$	1,864,163	\$ 3,003,858	\$ 2,100,444	\$	903,414
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:						
General properties	\$	1,100,513	\$ 1,029,758	\$ 1,006,405	\$	23,353
Mechanic		216,136	218,663	208,714		9,949
Courthouse maintenance		12,000	 12,000	=		12,000
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds	\$	1,328,649	\$ 1,260,421	\$ 1,215,119	\$	45,302
Total public works	\$	3,193,262	\$ 4,264,729	\$ 3,315,563	\$	949,166
Health and welfare:						
Health:						
Supplement of local health department	\$	330,000	 330,000	\$ 330,000		-
Total health	\$	330,000	\$ 330,000	\$ 330,000	\$	-
Mental health and mental retardation:						
Development center of Franklin	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	-
Total mental health and mental retardation	\$	50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$	
Welfare:						
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	5,555,992	\$ 5,926,669	\$ 5,878,409	\$	48,260
Youth services agency (CSA)		4,458,305	4,411,716	3,820,571	·	591,145
Family resource center		176,066	213,047	207,297		5,750
Area agency on aging		354,482	323,353	264,141		59,212
Contribution to health and welfare organizations		90,737	90,737	90,737		-
Assistance - institutions		28,951	28,951	28,951		-
Total welfare	\$	10,664,533	\$ 10,994,473	\$ 10,290,106	\$	704,367
Total health and welfare	\$	11,044,533	\$ 11,374,473	\$ 10,670,106	\$	704,367

Fund, Function, Activity, and Element	ar Ended June 3	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)							
General Fund: (Continued)							
Education:							
Other instructional costs:	•	07.000.004 0	00 007 040		00 040 700	•	4 ### 000
Contribution to County School Board Total education	<u>\$</u> \$	27,662,894 \$ 27,662,894 \$			28,249,720 28,249,720		1,577,893 1,577,893
		27,002,004 \$	20,021,010		20,240,120	Ψ	1,077,000
Parks, recreation, and cultural: Parks and recreation:							
Parks and recreation	ę	922,580 \$	1,286,870	\$	965,714	œ.	221 156
Total parks and recreation	<u>\$</u> \$	922,580 \$				\$	321,156 321,156
rotal parks and recreation		322,300 ¢	1,200,010	Ą	303,714	Ψ	321,130
Library:							
Library administration	\$	647,433 \$	628,415	\$	622,960	\$	5,455
Westlake branch library	J	203,445	235,327	*	226,149	*	9,178
Total library	\$	850,878 \$		\$	849,109	\$	14,633
Total parks, recreation, and cultural	 \$	1,773,458 \$	2 150 612	¢	1 014 000	Ġ.	225 700
rotal parks, recreation, and cultural	4	1,773,436 φ	2,150,612	φ	1,814,823	Φ.	335,789
Community development:							
Planning and community development:							
Community development	\$	544,743 \$	627,600	\$	509,162	\$	118,438
Economic development		917,840	2,993,210		745,801		2,247,409
Tourism		95,000	125,000		112,933		12,067
GIS and mapping		163,074	159,115		145,881		13,234
4-H youth		3,750	3,750		3,750		
Planning		194,847	231,483		183,605		47,878
Franklin career center		191,860	197,893		179,486		18,407
Commodity storage initiative		,	220,915		172,347		48,568
Contributions to other entities		122,129	182,129		150,617		31,512
Total planning and community development	\$	2,233,243 \$		\$	2,203,582	\$	2,537,513
Environmental management:							
Contribution to soil and water district	\$	220,240 \$	220,240	s	214,443	ę.	5,797
Total environmental management	<u>\$</u> \$	220,240 \$	220,240		214,443		5,797
Total of Manageria			LZ0,E10	Ψ_	211,110	Ψ	0,707
Cooperative extension program:							
Extension office	\$	90,055 \$	90,055	\$	52,977	\$	37,078
Total cooperative extension program	\$	90,055 \$	90,055	\$	52,977		37,078
Total community development	\$	2,543,538 \$	5,051,390	\$	2,471,002	\$	2,580,388
Nondepartmental:							
Contingencies	ę	787,601 \$	223,721	¢		\$	223,721
Total nondepartmental	<u>\$</u> \$	787,601 \$			•	\$	223,721
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	\$	3,358,781 \$	2,928,681	¢	2,928,681	ç	_
Interest and other fiscal charges	Ą	1,266,049	1,418,234	φ	1,293,215	ψ	125,019
Total debt service	\$	4,624,830 \$		\$	4,221,896	\$	125,019
Total General Fund							
rutar General nuttu	3	70,134,604 \$	80,343,146	<b>پ</b>	70,187,527	φ	10,155,619

For the Year	r Ended June 3	0, 2012						
Fund, Function, Activity, and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Primary Government: (Continued)								
County Capital Projects Fund:								
Capital projects:								
Burn building	\$	_	S	4,425	\$	4,425	\$	-
Landfill construction		50,000		7,139,399		1,647,545	Ċ	5,491,854
Recreation park development		70,000		338,488		76,986		261,502
Roof replacement projects		´-		65,080		47,830		17,250
School capital projects		1,426,705		-		•		
Commerce Center Improvements				402,181		280,822		121,359
Courthouse improvements		-		87,762		, -		87,762
Smith Park Project		110,000		110,000		-		110,000
Department of mines, minerals, and energy		· <u>-</u>		170,000		170,000		
Cental maintenance facility		10,000		167,682		· <u>-</u>		167,682
Westlake public safety center		· <u>-</u>		100,000		-		100,000
Franklin Center lower level project		-		87,875		28,334		59,541
Jail Improvements		-		101,933				101,933
Stream Mitigation		-		455,908		455,908		-
WFDC interiors		-		11,016		•		11,016
E-911 Project		-		71,850		55,706		16,144
Capital outlays		115,000		1,830,141		640,534		1,189,607
Total capital projects	\$	1,781,705	\$	11,143,740	\$	3,408,090	\$	7,735,650
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contribution to County School Board	\$	340,000	\$	418,128	\$	_	\$	418,128
Total education	\$ \$		\$	418,128	\$	-	\$	418,128
Debt service:								
Principal Payments	2	100,000	œ	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	
Total debt service	\$		\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$ \$	
Total dest service		100,000	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	100,000	Ψ	-
Total County Capital Projects Fund	\$	2,221,705	\$	11,661,868	\$	3,508,090	\$	8,153,778
Special Revenue Fund: E-911 Fund: Public safety:								
Other protection:	_	4 4/6 566			•		•	
E-911 Administration	\$	1,119,598		1,176,568		1,126,191		50,377
Total other protection	\$	1,119,598	\$	1,176,568	\$	1,126,191	\$	50,377
Total public safety	\$	1,119,598	\$	1,176,568	\$	1,126,191	\$	50,377
Total E-911 Fund	\$	1,119,598	\$	1,176,568	\$	1,126,191	\$	50,377
Total Primary Government	\$	73,475,907	\$	93,181,582	\$	74,821,808	\$	18,359,774
•								

Fund, Function, Activity, and Element	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:						
Special revenue funds:						
School Operating Fund:						
Education:						
Administration of schools:						
Administration cost	\$ 2,328,373	\$ 2,343,443	\$ 2,182,405	\$	161,038	
Total administration of schools	\$ 2,328,373	\$ 2,343,443	\$ 2,182,405	\$	161,038	
Instruction costs:	 					
Instruction cost	\$ 54,487,585	\$ 56,482,298	\$ 55,517,982	\$	964,316	
Total instruction costs	\$ 54,487,585	\$ 56,482,298	\$ 55,517,982	\$	964,316	
Operating costs:						
Pupil transportation	\$ 5,471,583	\$ 6,620,036	\$ 6,423,420	S	196,616	
Operation and maintenance of school plant	7,406,230	7,319,570	6,959,999	•	359,571	
School food and non-instructional	4,681,997	4,920,329	4,075,279		845,050	
Facilities	-	1,070,184	803,093		267,091	
Total operating costs	\$ 17,559,810	\$ 19,930,119	\$ 18,261,791	\$	1,668,328	
Total education	\$ 74,375,768	\$ 78,755,860	\$ 75,962,178	\$	2,793,682	
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 74,375,768	\$ 78,755,860	\$ 75,962,178	\$	2,793,682	

Note 1: School Board appropriations occur at the fund level



### **Statistical Section**

Contents	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends  These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	1 - 5
Revenue Capacity  These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	6 - 9
Debt Capacity  These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue debt in the future.	10 - 13
Demographic and Economic Information  These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	14 - 15
Operating Information  These tables contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relate to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	16 - 18

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Net Assets by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

						1	;			
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2002	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,286,336	19,273,442	19,561,806	16,592,783	17,067,811	24,045,244	33,598,908	37,125,995	38,512,330	40,509,583
Restricted	•	134,201	200,123	174,252	6,853,227	211,128	159,656	295,455	202,014	295,849
Unrestricted	18,036,357	17,381,645	21,556,678	32,261,985	28,812,760	31,307,246	24,972,606	25,245,759	25,520,097	23,532,595
Total governmental activities net assets	34,322,693	36,789,288	41,318,607	49,029,020	52,733,798	55,563,618	58,731,170	62,667,209	64,234,441	64,338,027
Business-Ivne activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	•	551,803	628,315	1,547,373	1,724,684	3,027,372	1,640,981	1,056,539	1,026,877	1,167,776
Restricted	•	4	•	1	•	4	•	•	•	•
Unrestricted		(315,892)	1,667,338	1,758,683	1,916,298	1,303,504	721,629	296,579	294,773	944,367
Total business-type activities net assets	•	235,911	2,295,653	3,306,056	3,640,982	4,330,876	2,362,610	1,353,118	1,321,650	2,112,143
Primary government										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,286,336	19,825,245	20,190,121	18,140,156	18,792,495	27,072,616	35,239,889	38, 182, 534	39,539,207	41,677,359
Restricted	•	134,201	200,123	174,252	6,853,227	211,128	159,656	295,455	202,014	295,849
Unrestricted	18,036,357	17,065,753	23,224,016	34,020,668	30,729,058	32,610,750	25,694,235	25,542,338	25,814,870	24,476,962
Total primary government nel assets	34,322,693	37,025,199	43,614,260	52,335,076	56,374,780	59,894,494	61,093,780	64,020,327	65,556,091	66,450,170

Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses										
Governmental activities: General government	2,715,918	2.991.740	3 004 469	3 463 168	4 157 343	4 042 082	4 027 157	3 934 191	4 171 457	4 851 681
Judicial administration	1,628,330	1.891,174	1,970,309	3,326,151	2,160,555	2.475,749	2,670,402	2,354,044	2,327,750	2,344,133
Public safety	6,997,025	7,759,941	8,205,130	8,464,171	10,347,921	12,508,248	12,737,913	14,444,078	14,252,682	14,445,531
Public works	1,609,720	1,290,295	2,012,628	986,891	1,982,292	3,370,469	3,135,781	5,397,533	4,966,247	6,855,118
Health and welfare	5,772,246	7,107,058	7,486,945	8,070,657	9,732,455	9,324,129	9,952,103	10,201,556	10,367,270	10,430,549
Education	21,540,338	21,027,314	23,380,369	24,078,623	28,332,013	25,784,294	29,621,387	27,011,085	31,797,712	29,873,835
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,045,509	976,713	1.078,612	1,284,696	1,656,664	1,916,529	2,310,267	2,132,551	2,013,395	2,165,867
Community development	3,363,765	2,545,117	1,706,253	1,887,256	3,873,631	4,757,659	5,190,199	5,126,182	4,875,629	3,029,603
Interest on long-term debt	1,084,452	988,256	943,084	1,274,457	1,435,334	1,161,205	1,541,431	1,496,120	1,313,522	1,193,434
Total governmental activities expenses	45,757,303	46,577,608	49,787,799	52,836,070	63,678,208	65,340,364	71,186,640	72,097,340	76,085,664	75,189,751
Business-type activities: Water		480,817	60,868	413,450	581,355	428,708	2,630,752	615,957	606'95	41,741
Total business-type activities expenses		480,817	60,868	413,450	581,355	428,708	2,630,752	615,957	56,909	41,741
Total primary government expenses	45,757,303	47,058,425	49,848,667	53,249,520	64,259,563	65,769,072	73,817,392	72,713,297	76,142,573	75,231,492
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charces for services:										
General government		30	183,138	•	45,684	22,205	16,548	22,775	13,445	12,989
Judicial administration	43,924	380,442	313,868	788,901	200,374	154,556	122,518	144,054	111,612	49,506
Public safety	56,304	451,852	508,486	463,421	1,317,116	1,297,973	1,276,255	1,561,354	1,466,223	1,601,892
Public works	685,487	811,993	919,688	920,146	947,685	891,595	665,917	637,029	776,572	740,686
Health and welfare	56,059	184,900	180,009	19,005	25,398	22,513	16,737	22,198	16,986	19,056
Education	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
Parks, recreation and cultural	45,783	72,615	84,531	86,633	85,315	140,640	114,806	107,936	103,406	100,043
Community development	18,382	149,187		293,449	286,174	195,433	97,971	1		
Uperating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	8,351,11/	9,471,293	9,288,324	10,348,984	11,965,531	12,126,502	12,047,519	11,858,743	12,230,679	11,722,367
Total governmental activities program revenues	9.227.056	12,115,016	12,310,062	13.332.956	15.727.545	18,584,915	16.361.664	16,613,243	17,180,421	15.240.896
Business-type activities: Charges for services:										
Water		6,325	37,496	333,003	145,464	466,359	190,471	26,031	8,096	112,522
Capital grants and contributions		158,600	915,400	422,022	141,761	18,200	63,055		Ì	164,456
Total business-type activities program revenues	•	164,925	952,896	755,025	287,225	484,559	253,526	26,031	8,096	276,978
Total primary government program revenues	9,227,056	12,279,941	13,262,958	14,087,981	16,014,770	19,069,474	16,615,190	16,639,274	17,188,517	15,517,874

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Changes in Net Assets Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Net (expense) / revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	(36,530,247)	(34,462,592) (315,892)	(37,477,737) 892,028	(39,503,114)	(47,950,663) (294,130)	(46,755,449) 55,851	(54,824,976) (2,377,226)	(55,484,097) (589,926)	(58,905,243) (48,813)	(59,948,855) 235,237
Total primary government net expense	(36,530,247)	(34,778,484)	(36,585,709)	(39,161,539)	(48,244,793)	(46,699,598)	(57,202,202)	(56,074,023)	(58,954,056)	(59,713,618)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental activities: Taxes										
Property taxes	22,839,897	23,919,026	28,631,256	30,887,533	32,824,967	34,255,431	43,374,361	42,935,336	45,616,322	45,783,087
Local sales and use taxes	•	3,468,199	3,795,054	4,163,629	4,242,805	4,153,451	3,742,268	3,634,351	3,795,733	3,867,957
Taxes on recordation and wills		474,457	917,206	993,726	842,747	658,226	581,797	507,081	513,861	465,882
Motor vehicle licenses taxes	•	1,195,147	1,237,090	1,265,605	1,279,225	1,270,653	1,227,296	1,207,504	1,182,088	1,159,789
Consumers' utility taxes	•	2,412,622	2,427,461	2,468,539	1,715,239	964,500	969,161	970,934	972,419	971,693
Business licenses laxes	•	3,922	3,394	4,261	4,998	4,697	4,444	4,440	3,829	4,585
Other local taxes	8,437,529	1,640,641	1,758,704	2,078,429	2,975,802	3,789,514	3,522,927	1,342,836	1,297,445	1,294,561
Permits, privilege fees and regulatory licenses	443,193	•	ŧ	•	i	•	j			
Unrestricted grants and contributions Unrestricted revenues from use	3,330,174	3,462,993	2,973,473	3,579,663	5,351,267	3,241,483	3,134,606	5,483,807	5,463,983	5,379,777
of money and properly	444,966	325,696	610,065	1,293,731	2,532,079	1,520,629	1,578,534	1,064,806	1,071,595	1,139,124
Miscellaneous	635,270	578,287	793,590	1,122,032	356,373	345,570	257,613	1,849,101	572,545	541,242
Transfers	36,045	(271,507)	(1.140,237)	(643,621)	(347,878)	(599,373)	(400,479)	419,940	(17,345)	(555,256)
Total governmental activities	36,167,074	37,209,483	42,007,056	47,213,527	51,777,624	49,604,781	57,992,528	59,420,136	60,472,475	60,052,441
Business-type activities: Unrestricted grants and contributions					137,663				,	
Transfers		271,507	1,140,237	643,621	347,878	599,373	400,479	(419,940)	17,345	555,256
Unrestricted revenues from use										
of money and property	•	1000000	27,477	25,207	21,332	15,158	8,481	374	,	,
Total business-type activities	-	271,507	1,167,714	668,828	506,873	614,531	408,960	(419,566)	17,345	555,256
Total primary government	36,167,074	37,480,990	43,174,770	47,882,355	52,284,497	50,219,312	58,401,488	59,000,570	60,489,820	60,607,697
Change in Not Assets Governmental activities	(363,173)	2,746,891	4,529,319	7,710,413	3,826,961	2,849,332	3,167,552	3,936,039	1,567,232	103,586
Business-type activities		(44,385)	2,059,742	1,010,403	212,743	670,382	(1,968,266)	(1,009,492)	(31,468)	790,493
Total primary government	(363,173)	2,702,506	6,589,061	8,720,816	4,039,704	3,519,714	1,199,286	2,926,547	1,535,764	894,079

2. Beginning in 2010, communications tax is classified as revenue from the Commonwealth

# COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
J	General fund Reserved Unreserved Nonspendable Restricted Assigned	18.756,057	11.379 19,026,439	33,436 23,649,911	85,811 35,092,881	221,133 31,908,499	211,128 17,790,397	159,656 16,769,417	19,872,220	- - 173,399 92,994	- 148,078 243,920 210,233
	Unassigned		•		i.	*			3	19,653,231	19,963,500
r =	Total general fund	18,756,057	19,037,818	23,683,347	35,178,692	32,129,632	18,001,525	16,929,073	19,872,220	19,919,624	20,565,731
	All other governmental funds Reserved Uneserved reported in:	•	122,822	2,237,117	88,441	6,632,094	•	5,049,690	295,455	•	•
- <del>9</del> 1-	Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Darticled monated in	288,363 1,129,671	627,965	- 556,871	1 1		14,127 21,980,834	51,955 11,665,266	46,367 13,037,850		, ,
	Special revenue funds Assimed reported in:	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	28,615	51,929
	Capital projects funds	1	-	-	-	•	•			14,021,993	14,779,718
1.5	Total all other governmental funds	1.418,034	750,787	2,793,988	88,441	6,632,094	21,994,961	16,766,911	13,379,672	14,050,608	14,831,647

Provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 (GASB 54) were implemented in the 2011 fiscal year.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Note: FY 2006 and prior years include the Component Unit School Board

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues	22 200 547	22 728 713	000 202 00	20.040.206	20 707 664	23 750 103	49 000 044	40 546 486	AC 277 ASA	10 110 101
Other local layer	8 437 520	0.107.02	10 138 000	30,010,300	11 060 816	33,729,192	45,268,214	7 667 146	7 765 375	40,110,104 7.76.4.467
One local taxes	676,164,0	8, 184, 900	606,000,01	10,974,109	010,000,11	10,041,041	580,740,01	7,007,140	6/69/7	104,407,1
Permits, privilege lees and regulatory licenses	443,193	535,856	920,366	164,826	000,188	5/3,664	413,46/	359,451	111,868	319,277
rines and forteitures	5,488	26,594	23,516	16,968	16,378	10,772	10,082	15,002	13,032	17,076
Revenue from use of money and properly	459,049	335,508	626,119	1,319,687	2,532,079	1,520,629	1,578,534	1,064,806	1,071,595	1,139,124
Charges for services	2,267,154	2,968,197	3,164,906	3,628,164	2,199,868	2,140,479	1,887,203	2,120,893	2,116,101	2,187,819
Miscellaneous	1,117,340	1,100,148	1,329,195	1,750,210	371,305	345,570	257,613	1,849,101	572,545	541,242
Recovered costs	656,811	1,194,949	907,568	1,782,271	731,213	905,027	744,082	646,857	683,734	609,920
Intergovernmental:										
Commonwealth	36,231,910	38,803,598	42,650,111	45,471,082	14,723,153	15,740,896	13,002,863	13,120,657	16,918,858	15,212,623
rederai	6,452,040	7,229,534	8,668,290	9,135,829	3,432,981	3,360,587	4,182,655	4,156,767	3,237,302	2,883,878
Total revenues	78,870,131	85,118,185	96,714,960	105,661,612	68,466,857	69,167,857	75,413,606	73,515,845	78,015,087	76,793,610
Expenditures										
General government administration	2,707,339	2,971,402	3,491,287	3,591,991	3,939,015	3,532,252	3,678,190	3,703,759	4,254,794	4,194,731
Judicial administration	1,692,142	1,929,484	2,014,628	2,082,436	2,214,118	2.517,127	2,647,224	2,406,096	2,273,717	2,310,288
Public safety	7,093,902	7,956,964	8,012,239	10,499,222	11,125,314	11,504,555	13,619,580	13,705,018	13,035,802	14.065,589
Public works	1,723,695	2,131,223	2,024,491	2,567,643	3,763,333	2,324,278	2,759,763	3,293,949	3,722,272	3,315,563
Health and welfare	5,851,028	7,083,647	7,472,930	8,383,152	9,685,059	9,772,706	10,188,370	10,357,762	10,854,862	10,670,106
Education	52,026,264	54,975,876	61,488,183	66,045,924	25,640,822	25.084.849	26,734,619	26,058,965	30,813,204	28.249.720
Parks, recreation and cultural	1,224,957	2,393,733	2,019,168	1,616,131	2.300.706	1,643,257	2.056,206	1.868.801	1,733,929	1.814.823
Community development	3,545,022	2.963.825	1,818,675	1,765,265	8.510.072	2.415.467	5.447.836	2.044.767	3,021,430	2.471.002
Nondepartmental					40 097	58 879	77.718		135	,
Capital projects	778,025		619,332	3,265,505	521,917	10,981,071	12,784,491	9,752,250	3,084,911	3,408,090
Debt service										
Principal	2,233,556	1,985,865	1,806,075	1,848,143	2,076,767	6,004,140	2,753,602	2,960,922	3,122,020	3,028,681
Interest and other fiscal charges Bond Issuance costs	1,126,740	1,026,506	961,179	1,035,008	1,232,658	1,364,839	1,582,736 73,424	1,602,618 58,250	1,362,326	1,293,215
Total expenditures	80,002,670	85,418,525	91,728,187	102,700,420	71,049,878	77,272,519	84,403,759	77,813,157	77,279,402	74,821,808
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,132,539)	(300,340)	4,986,773	2.961.192	(2.583.021)	(8.104.662)	(8.990.153)	(4.297.312)	735.685	1.971.802
					7, 30, 50, 51, 51	(2001)	(20,100,10)	(1)		
Uner financing sources (uses)		204 400	040	100	177	500	0.00	0 0	0	0100
Transfers out	•	(875,692)	4 10,279	(1.450.895)	(1.442.325)	(7 592 674)	/ 633,676 /8 //36 357)	7,363,633	2,737,191)	3,076,179
Bonds and notes issued	•	-	2,689,762	6,500,000	6,573,600	9,938,795	2,905,000	1,109,000		(001:000:0)
Premium on debt issuance		r		•	187,343		130,152		•	1
Capital leases	•	272,235	234,024	234,332	•	Ť	54,978	•	•	' 6
Sale of capital assets	•	•		-	-	k		•		10,600
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	728	1,783,549	6,090,713	6,413,065	9,339,422	2,689,651	1,528,940	(17,345)	(544,656)
Net change in fund balances	(1,132,539)	(299.612)	6.770.322	9.051.905	3.830.044	1.234.760	(6.300.502)	(2.768.372)	718.340	1,427,146
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4%	4%	3%	3%	5%	13%	%9	7%	6%	%9
Total Dobl Sonico Evacaditum	305036	170 010 0	136 737 6	2 002 464	2 200 405	7 380 070	4 996 999	4 694 700	404 246	200 400 4
Total Debt Service Experioritres  Total Governmental Non-capital Expenditures	3,300,290 75,864,349	3,012,371	88,341,601	2,683,131 96,551,764	5,309,425 67,218,536	58,853,370	4,335,338 67,209,506	4,621,790 64,479,541	4,484,346 69,710,145	4,321,896 67,015,535

Table 5

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Local sales and use Tax	Consumer Utility Tax	Communications Tax(1)	Motor Vehicle License Tax	Record- ation and Wills Tax	Business License Tax	Total
2012	45,783,087	3,867,957	971,693	2,265,775	1,159,789	465,882	4,585	54,518,768
2011	45,277,434	3,795,733	972,419	2,312,774	1,182,088	500,736	3,829	54,045,013
2010	42,515,165	3,634,351	1,254,157	2,324,280	1,207,504	497,231	4,440	51,437,128
2009	43,289,214	3,742,268	969,161	2,314,629	1,227,296	581,797	4,444	52,128,809
2008	33,729,192	4,153,451	964,500	2,547,497	1,270,653	658,226	NA	43,323,519
2007	32,707,564	4,242,805	1,715,239	1,092,401	1,279,225	842,747	NA	41,879,981
2006	30,818,386	4,163,629	1,880,168	-	1,265,605	993,726	NA	39,121,514
2005	28,585,380	3,795,054	2,231,212	-	1,237,090	917,206	NA	36,765,942
2004	23,728,713	3,468,199	2,220,250	-	1,195,147	474,457	NA	31,086,766
2003	22,799,617	3,219,293	1,963,300	-	1,161,540	406,001	NA	29,549,751

<sup>1.</sup> The first year for communications tax was 2007.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

										Assessed Value as a	Percentage of	Actual Value	100.00%	103.18%	103.59%	103.30%	106.97%	101.58%	100.99%	103.64%	102.24%	102.93%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	8,493,026,694 8,406,494,817	8,363,776,434	8,292,525,331	6,026,055,132	5,559,899,532	5,299,579,776	5,039,051,965	3,650,736,628	3,502,242,241	Estimated Actual	Taxable	Value	8,492,757,485	8,147,764,905	8,074,239,188	8,027,547,143	5,633,589,940	5,473,576,675	5,247,621,108	4,862,156,452	3,570,721,262	3,402,529,942
Public Service	163,682,723 151,199,948	162,132,199	148,209,734	97,234,892	102,235,038	116,612,320	123,952,019	114,165,109	114,645,858	Total	Direct Rate	(Weighted Average)	0.57	0.57	0.54	0.55	0.63	0.64	0.64	0.62	0.73	0.73
Machinery & Tools	87,420,378 85,551,282	83,369,833	77,815,711	74,111,761	62,916,661	60,749,046	51,162,556	55,576,183	53,638,744	Machinery	and Tools	Tax Rate	09.0	09.0	09.0	09.0	0.54	0.54	09.0	0.54	0.54	0.54
Merchants' Capital	61,116,302 58,454,412	63,385,820	68,422,417	70,569,752	76,847,910	65,344,989	56,610,940	55,518,495	53,583,066	Merchants'	Capital	Tax Rate	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08
Personal Property	466,053,799 452,339,636	448,673,632	502,466,388	472,049,385	510,854,136	471,380,050	424,712,961	405,063,547	390,942,638	Personal	Property	Tax Rate	2.04	2.04	1.89	1.89	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67	1.67
Real Estate/ Mobile Homes	7,714,753,492	7,606,214,950	7,495,611,081	5,312,089,342	4,807,045,787	4,585,493,371	4,382,613,489	3,020,413,294	2,889,431,935	Real Property	Total Direct	Tax Rate	0.48	0.48	0.46	0.46	0.53	0.53	0.53	0.52	09:0	09:0
Fiscal	2012	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003		Fiscal	Year	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003

Source: Commissioner of Revenue

Property Tax Rates (1)
Direct and Overlapping Governments
Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Overlappi	
		Dire	ct Rates			Town of Ro	cky Mount
Fiscal Years	Real Estate	Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Merchant's Capital	Total Direct Rate Weighted Average	Real Estate	Personal Property
2012	0.48	2.04	0.60	1.08	0.57	0.12	0.51
2011	0.48	2.04	0.60	1.08	0.57	0.12	0.51
2010	0.46	1.89	0.60	1.08	0.54	0.12	0.51
2009	0.46	1.89	0.60	1.08	0.55	0.12	0.51
2008	0.53	1.67	0.54	1.08	0.63	0.12	0.51
2007	0.53	1.67	0.54	1.08	0.64	0.14	0.51
2006	0.53	1.67	0.60	1.08	0.64	0.14	0.51
2005	0.52	1.67	0.54	1.08	0.62	0.11	0.51
2004	0.60	1.67	0.54	1.08	0.73	0.12	0.51
2003	0.60	1.67	0.54	1.08	0.73	0.12	0.51

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value

Source: Franklin County Commissioner of Revenue, Town of Rocky Mount Finance Department

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and the Period Nine Years Prior

		Fiscal Year 2012	2012	Fiscal Year 2003	r 2003
		2012		2003	
		Assessed	% of Total	Assessed	% of Total
Taxpayer	Type Business	Valuation (Millions)	Assessed Valuation	Valuation (Millions)	Assessed Valuation
Appalachian Power Company	Electric Utility	86	1.15%	61	1.88%
Central Telephone Company	Telephone Utility	48	0.57%	35	1.08%
Franklin Real Estate Company	Real Estate	48	0.57%		%00'0
Branch Banking & Trust Co	Real Estate	41	0.48%		%00.0
Willard Construction Company	Construction	27	0.32%	9	0.19%
Lake Watch LLC	Real Estate	23	0.27%		%00'0
RKL Holdings	Real Estate	19	0.22%		%00'0
Bayview Holdings LLC	Real Estate	16	0.19%		%00'0
Windstar Properties LLC	Real Estate	13	0.15%	80	0.25%
Wal Mart	Retail	10	0.12%	6	0.28%
Rocky Mount Development Co.	Real Estate	•	0.00%	17	0.52%
MW Manufacturers Inc.	Manufacturing	•	0.00%	8	0.25%
Trinity Packaging	Manufacturing	•	0.00%	9	0.19%
Norfolf Southern	Railroad	1	0.00%	9	0.19%
Fleetwood Homes of Virginia	Manufacturing	•	0.00%	5	0.15%
		343	4.04%	161	5.81%

Source: Franklin County Commissioner of Revenue

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected within the Fiscal	in the Fiscal			
	Total Tax	Year of the Levy	ne Levy	Collections	Total Collections to Date	ns to Date
Fiscal Year	Levy for Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	45,722,994	44,161,795	96.59%		44,161,795	96.59%
2011	45,237,044	43,561,279	96.30%	808,696	44,369,975	98.08%
2010	42,642,755	41,035,249	96.23%	1,149,130	42,184,379	98.93%
2009	43,103,676	41,569,680	96.44%	1,256,468	42,826,148	99.36%
2008	36,542,153	35,370,019	%67.96	1,010,233	36,380,252	99.56%
2007	35,220,150	34,085,239	96.78%	980,634	35,065,873	99.56%
2006	33,219,244	32,075,823	96.56%	989,229	33,065,052	99.54%
2002	30,889,511	29,883,296	96.74%	853,356	30,736,652	99.51%
2004	26,061,495	25,699,189	98.61%	210,279	25,909,468	99.42%
2003	24,944,600	24,233,719	97.15%	559,432	24,793,151	99.39%

Source: Commissioner of Revenue, County Treasurer's office

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per Canita (1)	Capita (1)	518	573	634	673	718	665	262	513	508	496
	Percentage	of Personal	III allicolli	0.11%	0.10%	0.09%	0.09%	0.08%	0.08%	0.09%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
	Total	Primary	Government	29,205,330	32,234,012	35,356,032	37,207,953	39,074,239	35,289,583	30,936,651	26,188,462	25,392,913	24,406,543
e Activities		Capital	Ledses	1	1	1	t	ı	ı	ı		ı	ı
Business-Type Activities	General	Obligation Bonds	Spinos	1	1	1	•	2,135,700	2,285,700	2,429,600	2,567,600	2,700,000	ı
		Capital	Leases	163,141	333,741	548,397	789,682	963,751	326,557	454,046	397,165	410,338	484,727
Governmental Activities		Literary	rulia Edalis	3,702,750	4,316,500	4,930,250	5,544,000	6,157,750	6,771,500	7,385,250	8,072,000	8,792,200	9,512,400
Governm	General	Obligation Bonds and Notes	Donds and Notes	25,339,439	27,583,771	29,877,385	30,874,271	29,817,038	25,905,826	20,667,755	15,151,697	13,490,375	14,409,416
'	•	Fiscal	rears	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in note 7 in the notes to the financial statements. (1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 14

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Bonded Debt	Less: Amounts Reserved for Debt Service	Gross and Net Bonded Debt (3)	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (2)	Net Bonded Debt per Capita (1)
2012	29,042,189	-	29,042,189	0.34%	514.76
2011	31,900,271	-	31,900,271	0.38%	567.37
2010	34,807,635	-	34,807,635	0.42%	624.55
2009	36,418,271	-	36,418,271	0.44%	658.75
2008	36,938,539	-	36,938,539	0.61%	678.43
2007	33,003,883	-	33,003,883	0.59%	622.28
2006	28,507,051	-	28,507,051	0.54%	548.47
2005	23,223,697	•	23,223,697	0.46%	455.36
2004	22,282,575	-	22,282,575	0.61%	445.54
2003	23,921,816	-	23,921,816	0.68%	486.54

<sup>(1)</sup> Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics - Table 13

<sup>(2)</sup> See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Table 6

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bonded debt, Literary Fund Loans, excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2012

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)		Estimated Share of everlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes: Town of Rocky Mount Subtotal, overlapping debt	5,578,368	100%	<u>\$</u>	5,578,368 5,578,368
County of Franklin, direct debt			\$	29,042,189
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	34,620,557

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This table estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping government's that is borne by the residents and businesses of the County of Franklin. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the Town's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the Town's total taxable assessed value.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

1	***************************************	- Language								
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Debt limil	288,943,194	302,041,329	438,261,349	458,549,337	480,704,579	531,208,934	749,561,108	760,621,495	765,894,954	771,475,349
Total net debt applicable to limit	25,685,437	23,921,816	22,282,575	23,223,697	28,507,051	32,677,326	36,938,539	34,807,635	31,900,271	29,042,189
Legal debl margin	263,257,757	278,119,513	415,978,774	435,325,640	452,197,528	498,531,608	712,622,569	725,813,860	733,994,683	742,433,160
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	8.89%	7.92%	5.08%	5.06%	5.93%	6.15%	4.93%	4.58%	4.17%	3.76%

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2012

7,714,753,492	771,475,349 29,042,189 742,433,160	201,201,21
Assessed value of real estate	Debt limit (10% of total assessed value) Net debt applicable to limit	בפלמו מפוני ווימולוויו

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population	Per Capita Personal Income	Total Personal Income (thousands)	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2012	56,419 \$	32,626 \$	1,840,735	40	7,080	6.20%
2011	56,225	31,096	1,748,378	40	7,069	6.40%
2010	55,732	30,701	1,711,035	40	7,200	7.50%
2009	55,284	32,145	1,777,109	40	7,166	8.40%
2008	54,447	31,133	1,695,115	40	7,283	4.70%
2007	53,037	29,081	1,542,380	40	7,305	3.80%
2006	51,976	27,675	1,438,454	40	7,194	2.80%
2005	51,001	27,068	1,380,475	40	7,150	3.60%
2004	50,012	25,701	1,285,355	Not Available	7,125	3.60%
2003	49,167	25,011	1,229,737	**	7,114	4.50%

Souce: Weldon Cooper Center, Annual school report - prepared by the County School Board, www.fedstats.gov Bureau of Economic Analysis

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fis	cal Year	2012	Fis	cal Year 2	2003
Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	% of Total County Employment
Franklin County Public Schools	1,395	1	4.99%	1,292	1	5.40%
MW Manufacturers, Inc	800	2	2.86%	1,200	2	5.02%
Wal-Mart	400	3	1.43%	400	3	1.67%
Ferrum College	325	4	1.16%			
Franklin County	308	5	1.10%	251	7	1.05%
Trinity Packaging, Inc.	300	6	1.07%			
Ronile. Inc.	300	7	1.07%	257	6	1.07%
Carilion Franklin Memorial Hospital	270	8	0.97%	270	5	1.13%
Uttermost Company	168	9	0.60%	233	8	0.97%
Mod-U-Kraf Homes, Inc.	125	10	0.45%			
Fleetwood Homes of Virginia				229	9	0.96%
Cooper Wood Products				308	4	1.29%
Newbold Corporation				144	10	0.60%
Totals	4,391		15.71%	4,584		19.16%

Source: Individual companies

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Table 16

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2003	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General Government Legislative General and financial administration	1 30	1 30	- 5	1 34	1 34	1 36	1 36	1 24	34	1 34
Judicial Administration Courts Clerk of Court Commonwealth Attorney	01 01 9	<del>1</del> 6 8	13 7	13	11 10 7	£ £ 8	<del>2</del>	11 8	£ 0 8	5 t e
Public Safety Sheriffs department Correction and Detention Building inspections Animal control Public Safety E911	54 26 3 3 4 4 8 8 8	54 26 6 8 8 8	41 26 7 3 13 14	43 27 7 3 16	44 32 8 4 4 14	41 35 8 4 4 14	38 37 7 4 4 14	36 36 7 24 14	34 39 7 3 24 15	39 4 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Public Works Solid Waste General buildings and grounds Public Works Health and Welfare Department of social services CSA	£ 4 & - a	£ 4 £ + 0	61 2 2 4 3	<u>4</u> 70 60 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	6 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	65 4 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	16 4 4 7 622	52 4 4 7 5 58 5 6 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7	15 7 3 3 5 9	5 r c 25 c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
Aging Services Aging Services Recreation and Cultural Parks and recreation Library	on ∕u	26 ~ 20	on √0	ാന യയ	2 2 2 9	0.4 6.8	2 2 2 8	2 2 8	2 2 28	2 2 8
Community Development GIS and Mapping Economic Development Work Force Consortium Planning	2 5 255	2 5 264	2 8 8 277	2 8 8 290	2 1 1 3 3 1 1 3 3 2 1	2 1 1 3 3 27 327	2 1 3 9 322	306	2 3 308	314

Source: Franklin County Adopted Budgets

ating Indicators by Functio

Operating Indicators by Function	
Last Nine Fiscal Years	
(Information not available prior to June 30, 2004)	

Table 17

					Fisc	al Year			
Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General and financial administration Commissioner of Revenue:									-
Personal Property tax assessments Finance: GFOA award for CAFR Information Technology:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	98,719 Yes	106,470 Yes	171,742 Yes	NoI Available Yes
Tech support (In Days) Voter Registrar:	11.4	9.3	4.5	4.5	3	5	5	5	5
Number of Registered Voters	28,020	29,769	30,170	31,413	31,892	34,003	34,034	34,406	35,026
Judicial Administration Clerk of Court:									
Criminal Cases Commenced Deeds Recorded		1,902 15,808	1,927 14,234	1,817 12,736	1,704 11,033	2,250 10,832	2,070 11,280	1,661 9,581	1,517 9,789
Public safety									
Sheriffs department: calls for service	15,000	15,707	16,000	26,047	19,501	18,877	19,237	20,768	21,837
Fire and rescue: number of fire calls		1,074	1,298	1,225	1,348	1,115	1,309	1,462	1,729
Number of rescue calls	<b>-</b> .	3,509	4,057	4,254	4.679	5,989	4,947	5,123	5,540
Fire Investigations	54	81	118	165	182	132	96	200	157
Building inspections: Permits issued Total Value of Permits	1,656	1,569	1,552	1,358	1,018	1,042 133,737,342	974 58,752,602	980 60,857,340	1,029 54,910,190
Public works									
Landfill: Refuse collected (tons) Mulch Recycled (tons)	60,652	59,698	61,866	61,367	59,842 1,888	55,491 1,463	49,355 1,331	54,398 1,227	52,908 1,349
Health and Welfare									
Social Services: Children in Foster Care					98	88	77	95	94
SNAP Applications On-going Medicaid Participants					1,774 6,154	2,072 6,767	2,422 7,021	2,282 7,189	2,226 9,931
On going Modelad Fastoparits					0,134	0,707	1,021	7,105	9,951
CSA: Case Load - Number of Children	132	167	177	242	260	279	284	280	256
Aging Services:									
Transportation Clients		490	894	1,104	572	553	614	621	618
Culture and recreation									
Parks and recreation:	4.406	4 500	4.055	4.700	4.500	E 740	5.440	E 454	£ 050
Sports registration/classes Shelter reservations	4,406 269	4,566 283	4,655 250	4,700 252	4,566 283	5,746 301	5,449 358	5,451 268	5,350 278
Park Acreage	692	692	692	692	692	696	696	696	696
Library:				**-		0.00	554	300	000
Program Altendance					22,806	24,928	25,700	25,987	24,871
Circulation					180,738	191,267	233,626	230,280	236,758
Community development									
Planning and Community Development: Zoning permits issued					816	941	714	1,165	1,251
Component Unit - School Board									
Education:	2 245	0.407	9 500	2 500	2.005	4 200	4.000	4.470	2.000
Local expenditures per pupil	3,245	3,407	3,523	3,569	3,995	4,326	4,203	4,478	3,990

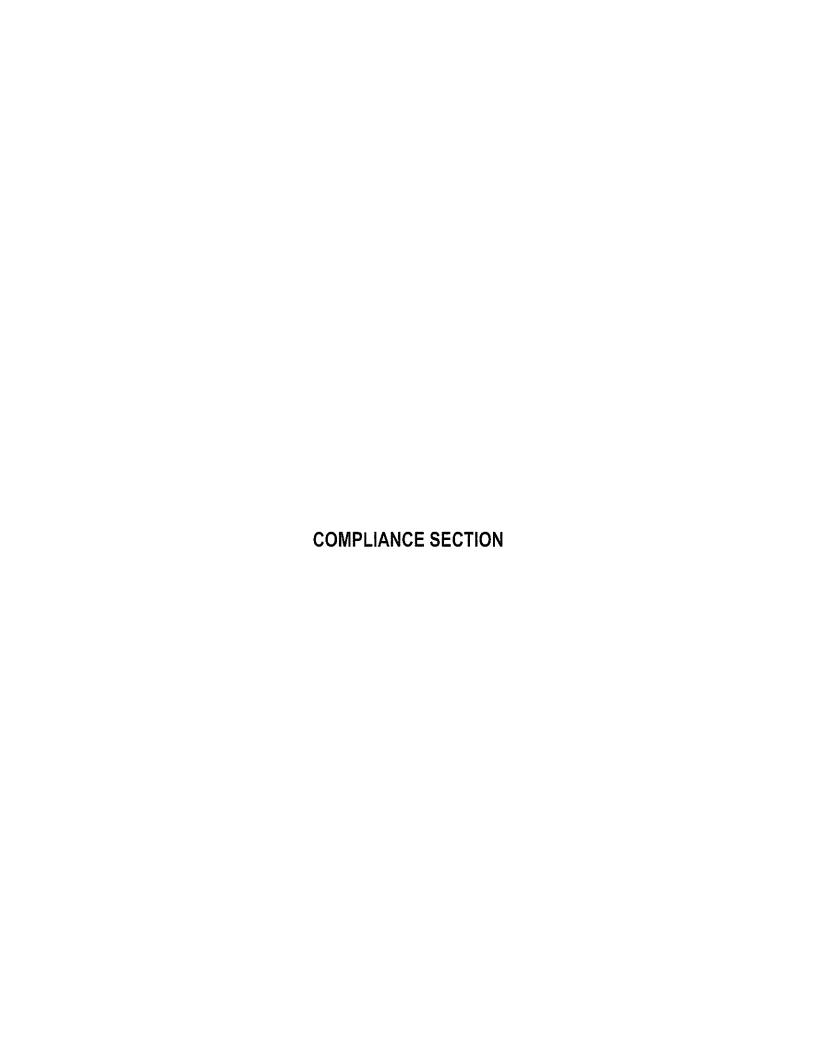
Source: Individual county departments and the Franklin County School Board

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General government Administration buildings	-	<del></del>	-	F	-	-	4	_	₩.	-
Judicial Administration Courthouses	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	fore	£~	₹***	<del>/-</del>	ŝm	<del>-</del>	₹~	<del>-</del>
Public safety Sheriffs department: Patrol units	28	58	58	28	58	58	58	28	58	28
Building inspections: Vehicles	ည	വ	ស	ស	9	9	. 9	မ	9	9
Animal control: Vehicles	ო	ო	ю	ო	ო	ო	ო	ო	က	က
Public Safety: Fire Stations	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Public works Landfill: Collection Trucks Green Box Sites	7 74	7 4 4 7 4	7 74	7 74	7 74	7 74	7 47	7 74	7 47	7 74
Health and welfare Department of Social Services: Vehicles	œ	∞	ω	∞	ω	æ	ω	10	12	55
Culture and recreation Parks and recreation: Parks Libraries	<b>6</b> ←	o ←	o ←	თ ←	თ ←	6 8	5 0	6 2	o 0	<b>0</b> N
Component Unit - School Board Education: Schools School buses	14	14	14 162	14 162	14 162	14 162	14	15 162	15 162	15 162

Source: Individual county departments



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPAN'

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

# THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Franklin, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County of Franklin, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the County of Franklin, Virginia, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Franklin, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Franklin, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Franklin, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Franklin, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Franklin, Virginia in a separate letter dated December 19, 2012.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kolimson, Farner, Ly associates

Blacksburg, Virginia December 19, 2012

# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

# THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF FRANKLIN, VIRGINIA

# Compliance

We have audited the County of Franklin, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County of Franklin, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The County of Franklin, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Franklin, Virginia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Franklin, Virginia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Franklin, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County of Franklin, Virginia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Franklin, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

# Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County of Franklin, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Franklin, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Franklin, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent,

or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Blacksburg, Virginia

Kolimoon, Farner, la associates

December 19, 2012

# County of Franklin, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program (or Cluster) Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		E	Federal xpenditures
Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Social Services:	02.556	0050440/0050444		s	9,021
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.556 93.558	0950110/0950111 0400111		3	423,180
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs	93.566	0500110/0500111			744
Low Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600410/0600411			22,779
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster - Child Care and Development Block grant	93.575	0770110			114,538
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster - Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds	93.596	0760110/0760111			94,224
Chafee Education and Training Vouchers Program	93.599	9160110			17,605
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900110/0900111			946
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120110/1120111			277,277
Social Services Block Grant	93.667 93.674	1000110/1000111			290,618 16,251
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program Foster Care - Title IV-E	93,658	9150110/9150111 1100110/1100111			650,481
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540110/0540111			12,806
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	1200110/1200111			266,087
Total Department of Social Services				\$	2,196,557
Total Department of Health and Human Services				\$	2,196,557
Department of Agriculture:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster-Food Distribution (Note C)	10.555	40623	\$ 194,086		
Department of Education:					
Child Nutrition Cluster-National school lunch program	10.555	40623	1,352,480	S	1,546,566
Child Nutrition Cluster-School breakfast program	10.553	40591			646,942
Department of Social Services:	40.504	2240440/0040442			100 100
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	0010110/0040110			438,439
Total Department of Agriculture				<u>s</u>	2,631,947
Department of Energy					
Pass Through Payments:					
Virginia Department of Mines, Minerals and Energy ARRA-Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program	81.128	NA		S	170,000
Total Department of Energy					170,000
Department of Justice:					· ·
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Criminal Justice Services:					
Violence against women formula grants	16.588	10WFAX0041		\$	41,635
Total Department of Justice				\$	41,635
Department of Housing and Urban Development:					
Pass Through Payments:					
Department of Housing and Community Development: Community Development Block Grant	14.228	50797		\$	164,456
	17.220	30731			
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development				<u> </u>	164,456
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Pass Through Payments:					
Pass Through Payments.  Department of Emergency Management:					
State Homeland Security Program	97.073	52707/52708		\$	11,179
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				\$	11,179

#### County of Franklin, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program (or Cluster) Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Transportation:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Motor Vehicles:			
Alcohol Open Container Requirements	20.607	52208	\$ 8,630
Total Department of Transportation			\$ 8,630
Department of Defense			
Direct Payments:			
Payments to states in fieu of real estate taxes	12.112	NA	\$ 17,438
Total Department of Defense			\$ 17,438
Department of Education:			
Pass Through Payments:			
Department of Education:			
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	42801	S 483,325
Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title I, Part A Cluster)	84.010	42901	1,997,173
Special Education_Grants to States (IDEA Cluster)	84.027	73071	1,543,932
Career and Technical Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	61095	147,067
Special Education_Preschool Grants (IDEA Cluster)	84.173	87063A	71,457
Educational Technology State Grants (Educational Technology State Grants Cluster)	84.318	61600	16,192
ARRA-Educational Technology Grant (Educational Technology State Grants Cluster)	84.386	60897	40,994
English language acquisition grants	84.365	60509/60512	13,850
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants ARRA Special Education - grants to states (IDEA Cluster)	84.367 84.391	61480 61245	289,148
ARRA Special Education - grants to states (IDEA Cluster) ARRA Special Education - Preschool grants (IDEA Cluster)	84.391 84.392	61245 61247	365,763
ARRA - Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies (Title 1, Part A Cluster)	64.392 84.389	42913	62,558 318.915
ARRA-Education Jobs Funds	84.410	62700	1,638,929
ANION-Education Jobs   drigs	04.410	02700	1,030,929
Total Department of Education			\$ 6,989,303
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 12,231,145

#### Note A-Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of Franklin, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2012. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of Franklin, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the County of Franklin, Virginia.

# Note B-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

(2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note C-Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

# Note D-Relationship to Financial Statements

Federal expenditures, revenues and capital contributions are reported in the County's basic financial statements as follows:

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:		
Primary government:		
General Fund	\$	2,713,878
Utility Fund		164,456
Capital Projects Fund		170,000
Total primary government:	S	3,048,334
Component Unit Schools:		
School Operating Fund	<u>_\$</u>	9,182,811
Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	_\$	12,231,145

# County of Franklin, Virginia

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2012

# Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133,

Section .510 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

CFDA #	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
04.440	

84.410 84.010/84.389 84.027/84.173/84.391/84.392 81.128 ARRA - Education Jobs Fund
Title 1, Part A Cluster - including ARRA funds
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) - including ARRA funds
ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Grant Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs

\$366,934

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

# County of Franklin, Virginia

# Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2012 (continued)

# Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported

# Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There are no federal award findings and questioned costs to report.

# Section IV - Status of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings in the prior fiscal year that related to federal programs.